

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1800.

STUTGARD, September 29.

THE battle which was expected to take place in Switzerland for the last four months, has at last been fought on the 25th and 26th instant, but the fate of Switzerland seems not to have been decided by it in favour of the Austrians. Field-marshal Suwarrow intended, it is said, to occupy the whole line of Tavetsch, join general Hotze's left wing, and then make a general attack. Massena having received information of this, was before hand with him, by attacking in different points. The attack near Zurich was led by him in person, where he fell upon the allies with superior numbers. This deranged, in some degree, the order of battle of the Austrians, and a division of general Hotze's corps was defeated. The village of Tavetsch, which general Rosenberg had entered on the 24th, with 6000 men, to join the Austrians, and about 4000 Grison peasants, is situated in the bailiwick of Disentis, in the upper part of the Grison country, near one of the sources of the Rhine, in a very wild part of the country.

Another letter.

We are informed that the battle in Switzerland was at first attended by various success, but that in the canton of Glarus, on the Linth, and near Zurich, the event was such that the whole position of the Imperial army has been forced back. Colonel Plunket and other officers have been made prisoners of war by general Lecourbe. Where field-marshal Suwarrow was on the day of battle is not known here; at least he had neither arrived at Zurich, nor with general Hotze. The Lake of Constance was entirely covered with magazines which were removing from Switzerland, and the roads leading to Constance, Arbon, and Rorschach, are crowded with fugitives. A part of Hotze's corps has been surrounded. It is hoped that the Imperialists will not retreat farther back than the Thur.

PHILADELPHIA, December 24.

The senate yesterday sent the following letter of condolence to the president of the United States, by a committee of its members, to which the president returned the annexed answer.

To the PRESIDENT of the UNITED STATES.

The senate of the United States respectfully take leave, Sir, to express to you their deep regret for the loss of your country sustains in the death of general George Washington.

This event, so distressing to all our fellow-citizens, must be peculiarly heavy to you, who have long been associated with him in deeds of patriotism. Permit us, Sir, to mingle our tears with yours: on this occasion it is manly to weep. To lose such a man at such a crisis is no common calamity to the world: our country mourns her father. The Almighty Disposer of human events has taken from us our greatest benefactor and ornament. It becomes us to submit with reverence to him, who "maketh darkness his pavilion."

With patriotic pride we review the life of our Washington, and compare him with those of other countries who have been pre-eminent in fame. Ancient and modern names are diminished before him. Greatness and guilt have too often been allied; but his fame is whiter than it is brilliant. The destroyers of nations stood abashed at the majesty of his virtue. It reproved the intemperance of their ambition and darkened the splendour of victory. The scene is closed, and we are no longer anxious lest misfortune should fully his glory; he has travelled on to the end of his journey and carried with him an increasing weight of honour; he has deposited it safely, where misfortune cannot tarnish it, where malice cannot blot it. Favoured of Heaven, he departed without exhibiting the weakness of humanity: magnanimous in death, the darkness of the grave could not obscure his brightness.

Such was the man whom we deplore, thanks to God, his glory is consummated; Washington yet lives on earth in his spotless example—his spirit is in Heaven.

Let his countrymen consecrate the memory of the heroic general, the patriotic statesman, and the virtuous sage: let them teach their children never to forget that the fruits of his labours, and his example are their inheritance.

PRESIDENT'S ANSWER.

Gentlemen of the senate,

I receive with the most respectful and affectionate sentiments, in this impressive address, the obliging expressions of your regret, for the loss our country has sustained, in the death of her most esteemed, beloved and admired citizen.

In the multitude of my thoughts and recollections on this melancholy event, you will permit me only to say, that I have seen him in the days of adversity, in the face of the scenes of his deepest distress and most try-

ing perplexities; I have also attended him in his highest elevation and most prosperous felicity; with uniform admiration of his wisdom, moderation and constancy.

Among all our original associates, in that memorable league of the continent in 1774, which first expressed the sovereign will of a free nation in America, he was the only one remaining in the general government. Although, with a constitution more enfeebled than his, at an age when he thought it necessary to prepare for retirement I feel myself alone, bereaved of my last brother; yet I derive a strong consolation from the unanimous disposition, which appears in all ages and classes, to mingle their sorrows with mine, on this common calamity to the world.

The life of our WASHINGTON cannot suffer by a comparison with those of other countries, who have been most celebrated and exalted by fame. The attributes and decorations of royalty, could have only served to eclipse the majesty of those virtues, which made him, from being a modest citizen, a more resplendent luminary. Misfortune, had he lived, could hereafter have sullied his glory only with those superficial minds, who, believing that characters and actions are marked by success alone, rarely deserve to enjoy it. Malice could never blast his honour, and envy made him a singular exception to her universal rule—For him, self he had lived enough, to life and to glory. For his fellow-citizens, if their prayers could have been answered, he would have been immortal. For me, his departure is at a most unfortunate moment. Trusting, however, in the wise and righteous dominion of Providence over the passions of men, and the results of their councils and actions, as well as over their lives, nothing remains for me, but HUMBLE RESIGNATION.

His example is now complete, and it will teach wisdom and virtue to magistrates, citizens and men, not only in the present age, but in future generations, as long as our history shall be read. If a Trojan found a Pliny, a Marcus Aurelius can never want Biographers, Eulogists or Historians.

JOHN ADAMS.

United States,  
December 23d, 1799.

Yesterday in the house of representatives, Mr. Marshall made a report in part from the joint committee appointed to consider a suitable mode of commemorating the death of general Washington.

He reported the following resolutions:

*Resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That a marble monument be erected by the United States at the capital of the city of Washington, and that the family of general Washington be requested to permit his body to be deposited under it, and that the monument be so designed as to commemorate the great events of his military and political life.*

*And be it further resolved, That there be a funeral procession from congress hall to the German Lutheran church, in memory of general GEORGE WASHINGTON, on Thursday, the 26th inst. and that an oration be prepared at the request of congress to be delivered before both houses that day; and that the president of the senate, and speaker of the house of representatives, be desired to request one of the members of congress to prepare and deliver the same.*

*And be it further resolved, That it be recommended to the people of the United States, to wear crape on their left arm as mourning, for thirty days.*

*And be it further resolved, That the president of the United States be requested to direct a copy of these resolutions to be transmitted to Mrs. Washington, assuring her of the profound respect congress will ever bear to her person and character, of their condolence on the late affecting dispensation of Providence, and en- treating her assent to the interment of the remains of general Washington in the manner expressed in the first resolution.*

*And be it further resolved, That the president of the United States be requested to issue his proclamation, notifying to the people throughout the United States the recommendation contained in the third resolution.*

These resolutions passed both houses unanimously.

## THE THEATRE

Last evening joined in the public testimony of regret for the loss of America's hero. The house, which was "full to overflowing," displayed a scene calculated to impress the mind with the utmost solemnity and sorrow. The pillars supporting the boxes were encircled with black crape, the chandeliers were decorated with the insignia of woe, and the audience, particularly the female part, appeared covered with the badges of mourning. About 7 o'clock, the band struck up "Washington's March," after which, a solemn dirge was played, when the curtain slowly rising, discovered a tomb in the centre of the stage in the

Grecian style of architecture, supported by trusses. In the centre of it was a portrait of the General, encircled by a wreath of oak leaves; under the portrait a sword, shield and helmet, and the colours of the United States. The top was in the form of a pyramid, in the front of which appeared the American Eagle, weeping tears of blood for the loss of her General and holding in her beak a scroll, on which was inscribed "A NATION'S TEARS."

The sides of the stage were decorated with black banners, containing the names of the several states of the Union, in golden letters, over which mourning trophies were suspended. A Monody was recited by Mr. Wignell, accompanied with the following airs. The tragedy of the Roman Father, which concluded the performances of the evening, gave general satisfaction.

## AIRS IN THE MONODY.

### AIR I.

SLOWLY strike the solemn bell,  
Nature found thy deepest knell.  
Power of music! touch the heart,  
Nature there will do her part.  
God of melancholy, come!  
Pensive o'er the hero's tomb.  
In saddest strains, his loss deplore,  
With piercing cries rend every shore,  
For WASHINGTON is now no more.

### AIR II.

GLORY, bring thy fairest wreath,  
Place it on thy hero's urn;  
Mercy, in soft accents breathe  
"He never made this bosom mourn."  
By virtue here attend,  
Bending o'er his sacred earth;  
Gratitude thy influence lend,  
Make us feel his mighty worth.

### AIR III.

Hold not back the sacred tear,  
Give to him the sigh sincere  
Who living, lived for all.  
Sorrow take the solemn hour!  
Prostrate to thy melting power,  
Let humble mortals fall.  
Come fable goddess, take the soul  
Devoted to thy dark control;  
Come take our hearts and press them deep,  
Angels may joy, but man must weep.

December 25.

On the morning of the 19th October, (says a New-York paper) a post-office express was received in London, from the duke of York, the contents of which had not been made public at the date of our latest papers. It was reported, however, that another engagement had taken place in Holland in which the French were defeated with great loss.

## NAPPER TANDY,

And his associates, were said in the London Herald of the 18th, to be hourly expected at the Nore. They were put on board the Zenophon, British frigate, the 18 of that month, but owing to contrary winds, the vessel did not leave Hamburg till the 12th.

## [OFFICIAL.]

Extract of a letter from captain Murray of the frigate Insurgent, dated the 14th November 1799, off Disa-da.

"On the 12th I fell in with the Adams, in sight of Disa-da, and hearing that two French frigates were expected at Guadaloupe every day, we determined to cruise together for some days. This day at 5 A. M. discovered two sail to windward, to which we gave chase; the Adams after the one to windward, and the Insurgent after the other, which we soon overhauled. She proved to be an English brig of 14 guns captured yesterday by a French privateer, the one which the Adams is now pursuing, and which she is gaining on fast. The brig had 21 Frenchmen on board, and 5 of her former crew, including two gentlemen passengers, very badly wounded, I dispatch her instantly for Martinico, on account of the wounded, and before I can inform you of the result of the chase by the Adams."

December 27.

Yesterday was observed in this city as a day of mourning for the loss of the father of our country. Business was suspended, the citizens appeared in the habiliments of grief—and the tones of the deep muffled bells ascended on high—while Philadelphia paid a merited tribute of respect to our beloved WASHINGTON, by pompous funeral honours—and genuine grief.

At the dawn of day, sixteen guns were fired in quick succession, and one gun at each half hour till sunset. At noon the bier was received by the troops formed in line, presenting their arms, and the officers, drums and colours saluting, after which the procession formed and moved to the German Lutheran



Church in the following order—Minute guns firing at distance.

Trumpeter,  
Playing a dead march.  
A detachment of captains Wharton and M'Kean's troops—  
Standards of the troops in the centre, covered with black crape.

General Macpherson  
AND  
His aid-de-camp.  
Militia legion of Pennsylvania,  
Marching by platoons in inverted order, with arms reversed—Standards covered with black crape.

M'Pherson's Blues,  
Marching by platoons in inverted order, with arms reversed—Standards covered with black crape.

Captain Singer's troop.  
Swords drawn—marching in open file, in inverted order, standard and music in mourning.

Capt. Leiper's Troop.  
Swords drawn—marching in open file, in inverted order, standard and music in mourning.

Capt. Morrell's Troop.  
Swords drawn—marching in open file, in inverted order, standard and music in mourning.

Capt. Dunlap's troop.  
Swords drawn—marching in open file, in inverted order, standard and music in mourning.

County Troop.  
Swords drawn—marching in open file, in inverted order, standard and music in mourning.

Militia officers,  
Officers of the navy.  
Thirty-three clergymen—with white scarfs.

A white horse covered with black crape, with saddle, holsters and pistols—white and black plumes on his head.

Major Jackson Major Touffard

Major Hopkins Major Moylan

Enj. Stoddard Jas. M'Henry

Marshal of the United States,  
In deep mourning with a white wand encircled with black crape.

Serjeant at arms of the senate of the United States,  
With a white wand encircled with black crape.

President and secretary of the senate, and members of the senate, two and two.

With white scarfs, tied in a bow on the left shoulder—in the centre of the bow, a rose of black ribbon.

Serjeant at arms of the house of representatives,  
With a white wand encircled with black crape.

Speaker and clerk of the house of representatives, and members of the house of representatives, two and two.

With white scarfs, tied in a bow on the left shoulder—in the centre of the bow, a rose of black ribbon.

Heads of departments.  
Judiciary of the United States.

American commissioners under the 6th article of the British treaty, with their agent.

American commissioners under the treaty with Spain.  
Post-master-general and comptroller of treasury.

Auditor and treasurer.  
Register and commissioner of revenue.

Purveyor and commissary of military stores.  
Deputy post-master-general and accountants of war and navy.

Collector, naval officer and Surveyor of the port of Philadelphia, Society of Cincinnati.

Officers of the army, navy and militia, not on duty.  
Mayor and recorder of the city.

Aldermen.  
Members of the select and common councils.

Citizens.  
On the arrival of the front platoon at the church, the procession halted. The troops in front of the bier formed in line; and opening their ranks, made an avenue, through which the bier and remainder of the procession passed—the troops leaning on their arms reversed.

As the procession entered the church, the solemn peals of the deep toned organ impressed the mind with the utmost solemnity, and well prepared it for the mournful occasion; and, when the orator of the day painted in glowing colours the illustrious deeds and virtues of the deceased, the public grief burst into unrestrained lamentation.

When he had ceased to speak, the mournful sounds of the organ again "softened the soul to all the tender feelings of woe," while the following lines were chaunted by the Thespian choir.

MISS HUNTLY.  
1st.—*Serious air and chorus:*  
Columbia's sons may now lament,  
Their spear is broke, their bow no bent,  
Their glory fled;  
Amongst the dead great WASHINGTON lies,  
For ever closed his eyes.

Glorious hero! may thy grave  
Peace and honour ever have;  
After all thy pains and woes,  
Rest eternal, sweet repose!

Bring the laurels, bring the bays,  
Strew his hearth, and strew the ways.

DA CAPO

MR. DARLEY.  
His glorious deeds inspired my tongue,  
Whilst airs of joy from thence did flow,  
To sorrows now I tune my song  
And set my harp to notes of woe.

MISS BROADHURST.  
1st.  
Sad, sad are the tidings rumour tells,  
A grateful people mourn his end;  
Amidst the brave and just he dwells,  
His country's father and its friend.

2d.  
With honour crowned, mature in age,  
He fell the wonder of mankind;  
Laden with laurels left the stage,  
Nor leaves alas his like behind.

3d.  
Seated in bliss supreme on high,  
O! Spirit dear attend our prayer,  
Our guardian angel still be nigh,  
Make thy lov'd land thy Heav'nly care.

MRS. OLDMIXON.  
4th.  
Angels ever bright and fair,  
Take, Oh take him to your care;  
Speed to your own courts his flight,  
Clad in robes of virgin white,  
Angels ever bright and fair,  
Take, Oh take him to your care.

MR. CARR.  
5th.  
Lord remember thy people,  
Make us to know thy ways;  
O guide our tongues with meekness,  
Daily to sing thy praise.

MRS. WARRELL.  
Pious orgies, pious airs,  
Decent sorrows decent prayers,  
Will to the Lord ascend;  
And move his pity,  
And regain his love.

CHORUS.  
His body is buried in peace,  
But his name liveth evermore.

When the chaunting had ceased, the bier was borne to its destined spot amidst solemn martial music and the repeated volleys of musquetry. After which the troops forming again in line, returned to their respective parades in proper order.

By the PRESIDENT  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,  
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the congress of the United States "in honour of the memory of general GEORGE WASHINGTON," have this day "Resolved, that it be recommended to the people of the United States, to wear crape on the left arm, as mourning, for thirty days;" and "That the president of the United States be requested to issue a proclamation, notifying to the people throughout the United States, the said recommendation:"

Now therefore, I JOHN ADAMS, president of the United States, do hereby proclaim the same accordingly.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States, at Philadelphia, the twenty-fourth day of December, in the year of our Lord, one (L. S.) thousand seven hundred and ninety nine, and of the independence of the United States the twenty-fourth.

JOHN ADAMS.

By the president,  
TIMOTHY PICKERING.

Secretary of State.

Annapolis, January 2.

On the death of  
GENERAL GEORGE WASHINGTON.

COLUMBIANS mourn, the brightest star is gone,  
That e'er on earth in brilliant rays hath shone,  
By Heaven sent to break oppression's band,  
And spread sweet freedom o'er Columbia's land;

To free mankind, and let them all at rest,  
And plant his virtues in each mortal's breast.  
His example taught us that patriotic pride,  
When freedom is the aim, let virtue be the guide;

The poor, the sick, the blind, the lame,  
Could rouse his pity, and his friendship claim;  
No afflicted son, borne down with grief,  
E'er sought his presence, but soon found relief;

In short, the world can not his equal shew,  
And Heav'n alone doth all his merits know.  
Hard is our fate that he should yield to death,  
That manly frame, that pure unfulfilled breath.

Go then, thou hero, to the realms above,  
Go and enjoy thy Maker's purest love;  
Go where thy deeds a just return will meet,  
Go and receive that bright, that glorious seat

Prepar'd by Angels for that Washington,  
Columbia's father, and Heav'n's adopted son;  
Go where, at thy approach, the Angels rise,  
And lively shouts of joy echo thro' the skies;

Go, use thy influence with thy parent, God,  
To save thy country from oppression's rod;  
To inspire mankind with merits like thine own,  
A love for freedom, and to virtue prone.

By his  
BENJAMIN  
GOVERNOR  
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Annapolis, No

NOTICE  
IS hereby given, that the subscriber intends to pe  
tition the next Cecil county court, pursuant to  
the act, entitled, An act for marking and bounding  
lands, for a commission to bound and mark the fol  
lowing tracts of land, lying at the Head of Little Bo  
nemia, in Cecil county, and being the property of  
the Roman Catholic clergy, viz. St. XAVIERUS, St.  
IGNATIUS, part of WORSEL MANOR, part of WOOD  
BRIDGES, and part of ASKMORE.

FRANCIS BEESTON, Agent for the cor  
poration of the Roman Catholic clergy.  
December 24, 1799.

Notice is hereby given,  
TO all persons having claims against the estate of  
JOHN BULLEN, late of the city of Anna  
polis, deceased, to appear on the eighteenth day of  
February next, at Mr. JAMES WHARF's tavern, in  
the said city, between the hours of ten and twelve,  
A. M. with their claims against the deceased, pro  
perly authenticated, at which time the assets then in  
hand will be divided among, and paid to, the several  
creditors of the deceased, in such proportion and man  
ner as the law directs.

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator  
with the will annexed.  
Annapolis, January 2, 1800.

Two Dollars Reward.  
RAN away from the subscriber, on the 15th of  
October, 1799, an apprentice lad by the name  
of GEORGE CRANDEL, a carpenter by trade.  
Whoever will take him up and bring him home, shall  
receive the above reward, paid by

ISAAC HOLLAND.  
N. B. I do forewarn all persons from harbouring  
or employing the said apprentice at their peril.  
Annapolis, January 1, 1800.

THERE is at the plantation of THOMAS  
SMITH, living on the Head of Severn river,  
near col. Hammond's mill, in Anne-Arundel county,  
taken up as strays, two young COWS, the one a black,  
with a white face; the other a black and white, both  
marked with a crop and slit in each ear. The owner  
may have them again on proving property and paying  
charges.

Mr. Genere  
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentle  
men of Annapolis, that he resides now in this  
city, and will open his DANCING SCHOOL on  
the 3d of January, at the Ball room.

Mr. Genere will introduce a variety of new coti  
lons and ornamental steps. He returns his thanks to  
those who have already favoured him with their pa  
tronage. Those ladies and gentlemen who have not  
yet confided to him the tuition of their children, may  
rest assured, that the greatest care and attention shall  
be paid with respect to their decorum, that regular  
and accomplishing part of the art of dancing.

Ladies, if required, will be waited on.

To the Voters of Anne-Arundel county and City of  
Annapolis.

Gentlemen,  
OBSERVING that a number of persons are to be  
candidates at the next ensuing election, for the of  
fice of sheriff for this county, and having acted for  
several years past as a deputy under that commission,  
and, I trust, with some degree of reputation to my  
self, and satisfaction to the public, I therefore now  
take the liberty to solicit your suffrages for that office,  
and should I be so fortunate as to meet with the ap  
probation of a majority of the freemen of my native  
county, I can assure them, that no exertions on my  
part shall be wanting to do justice to the office, and  
the public in general.

I am, respectfully,  
Your very humble servant,  
HENRY HOWARD, of JOHN.

December 24, 1799.

By the COMMITTEE OF CLAIMS.  
THE COMMITTEE OF CLAIMS will sit every day,  
during the present session, from nine o'clock in  
the morning until three in the afternoon.

By order,  
S. MAYNARD, Clk.

By the COMMITTEE OF GRIEVANCES and COURTS  
of JUSTICE.  
THE COMMITTEE OF GRIEVANCES and COURTS  
of JUSTICE will sit from nine o'clock every  
morning until three o'clock in the afternoon.

By order,  
J. F. HARRIS, Clk.



By his EXCELLENCY  
BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire.  
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.  
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Legislature of this State penetrated with regret for the death of the illustrious patriot general George Washington, and zealous to express their high respect and veneration for his eminent virtues and distinguished services to his country, have, by a resolution unanimously assented to on the 17th instant, requested me to appoint, by proclamation, a day of mourning, humiliation and prayer, throughout this State, and to recommend it to the citizens thereof to assemble in their respective places of worship, to testify, in the most public manner, their veneration for his memory, and to derive, from the just eulogiums of his meritorious services, the best motives for the imitation of his virtues.

And, whereas I entirely accord with the honourable legislature in the measure proposed, and am anxious to co-operate with them in paying this tribute of grateful respect to the merits and long tried patriotism of our deceased fellow citizen, I have therefore thought proper to recommend and advise, and do hereby recommend and advise accordingly, that the eleventh day of February next be observed throughout this State as a day of mourning, humiliation and prayer for the deceased—that the citizens on that day give into mourning, and abstaining, as far as may be, from their secular occupation, devote the time to the sacred duties of religion—that they call to mind the virtues, public services, and unshaken patriotism of the deceased, and admiring endeavour to emulate them—that they implore the Most High God to supply his loss, by inspiring them with a love of true liberty and pure religion, and by dispensing the blessings of peace and knowledge throughout the land—and that he would grant to the people of this and the United States, that the wisdom and virtues of a Washington may never cease to influence and direct our public councils.

Given in the council chamber, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this eighteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,  
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

ORDERED, by his excellency the Governor, that the foregoing proclamation be published every day, until the 12th of February next, in the Federal Gazette at Baltimore, the Maryland Gazette at Annapolis, Mr. Cowan's paper at Balton, the Rights of Man at Frederick town, the Washington Spy at Harpers town, and in Green, English, and Co. paper at George-town.

By order,  
NINIAN PINKNEY.

### William Caton,

TAKES leave to inform the public, that he intends, on the first of April next, to open tavern in that well known house formerly kept by Mr. GEORGE MANN, and now by Mr. JAMES WHARFE in the city of Annapolis, and assures them, that he will always keep an assortment of the best liquors, and good waiters; and he will use his utmost exertions to give complete satisfaction, hopes for, and solicits the patronage and encouragement of a generous public.

He has rented that elegant and commodious house now occupied by Mrs. MANN, where gentlemen, after the above mentioned time, may be accommodated in a private manner, separate from the tavern, by the year, month, week or day, and he pledges himself to those who think proper to honour him with their custom, that nothing shall be wanted on his part to merit their favours.

### Patowmack Company.

THE Stockholders are earnestly desired to attend a general meeting at the Union Tavern, in George town, on Monday the 20th January next, on business of the first importance to this useful improvement of finishing the navigation and locks at the Great Falls on Patowmack river.

The president and directors are anxious to contract for a number of black labourers by the year, and any one of the subscribers will be ready to receive proposals immediately for the year ensuing, having obtained the sanction and aid of the State of Maryland; they have no doubt of being able to make punctual payment for all their contracts.

JAMES KEITH, President,  
JOHN MASON,  
WILLIAM H. DORSEY,  
JOHN LAIRD,  
JOSIAS CLAPHAM, } Directors.

George-town, December 10, 1799.

### Gottlieb J. Grammar,

At the sign of the Pennsylvania Farmer, lately occupied by Mr. A. GOLDBER, in West-street.

RESPECTFULLY acquaints his friends, and the public, that he has opened a house of entertainment, and has provided good liquors, good tables, &c. &c. and hopes, from his assiduity, and attention to please, to give satisfaction to all who will favour him with their custom.

Annapolis, November 21, 1799.

### JUST PUBLISHED, And for sale at the Printing-Office, The Baltimore Repository; For the year 1800, CONTAINING.

An Almanack; Government of the United States; List of Congress; Departments of State, Treasury, War, Navy, and Judiciary, with an account of what is important in each; Federal Courts of Law; Army and Navy of the United States; Mint Establishment; List of Post towns, &c. Times of receiving and closing the Mails at Philadelphia and Baltimore; Abstract of the Revenue Law, list of Duties, Tonnage, Drawbacks, Bounties, &c. Abstract of the Stamp Act, with a list of Stamp Duties; Duties payable on Domestic Articles; An act to value property and an act to lay a direct tax, &c. Officers of the Revenue; Ministers, Consuls, &c. to and from the United States; Alien and Sedition Laws; Appropriations by Congress for 1799; An account of the Corporation of the City of Baltimore; Banks and Insurance Companies, &c. in ditto; Government of the State of Maryland, with a list of the General Assembly; Militia Law of ditto, abridged; Several useful Tables, And a great variety of other interesting matter.

### English Education.

THE citizens of Annapolis, and its vicinity, are hereby respectfully informed, that the subscriber proposes opening a SCHOOL immediately after New year, in a convenient situation in town, where he proposes instructing youth of both sexes, on a liberal plan, the various branches of useful knowledge usually taught in the English language: among which will be taught the English language grammatically, arithmetic, book keeping, geometry, trigonometry, with their application to other branches of the mathematics, geography and history, with lessons on morals and the various ties of social and civil life.

Those gentlemen and ladies who would wish to become the patrons of this school, are most respectfully informed, that the subscriber has opened a subscription for the reception of their patronage at the house of Mr. McGuire, and at the office of the Maryland Gazette, where their names will be received with thanks, by their most humble servant,

PHILIP CURRAN.

December, 1799.

In CHANCERY, December 21, 1799.

ORDERED, That THOMAS HARWOOD, an insolvent debtor, of Calvert county, by indictment, hath been prevented from attending here this day, agreeably to order, do appear in the chancery office, on the 18th day of February next, for the purpose of taking, in presence of his creditors, the oath by law required for delivering up his property, and that, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in Maryland Gazette, before the 5th day of January next, he give notice to his creditors to appear in the said office for the purpose of recommending a person to be trustee for their benefit.

Tell. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cor. Can.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne Arundel county, near South river church, a negro girl named SALL, about seventeen years of age, of a dark complexion, about five feet high, when spoken to has a down look, she has a small scar on her left arm, and one of her feet appears to be larger than the other; her cloathing was an old cotton jacket and petticoat, and an old yarn petticoat. Whoever takes up and secures said negro, shall receive a REWARD of SIX DOLLARS paid by

VINCENT LUSBY.

November 7, 1799.

To the citizens of St Mary's, Charles, and Calvert counties.

Gentlemen,

THE next election of electors of the president and vice-president of the United States, two of the most elevated and responsible offices under the general government being not far distant; feeling a solicitude for the issue, and a continuance of those blessings every class of the community have felt under our present happy constitution, and the wife and virtuous administration under it; being persuaded the political sentiments of the citizens of the first district of Maryland are in union with my own on this interesting business, I have thought proper to offer myself a candidate for the next election of electors, to represent you in the election of president and vice president; should I have the honour of meeting your approbation, I shall use my best endeavours to discharge the important trust with honesty and integrity.

I am, with high respect,

Gentlemen,

Your most obedient servant,

EDMUND PLOWDEN.

December 9, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on 3d December, a negro man named SAUL, about 23 or 25 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, yellowish complexion, his cloathing a blue over jacket, striped under jacket, and gray coating overalls; says he was bought from major SAMUEL CHAPMAN, of Charles county, by Messrs. WELLBORN and BLAKE, of North-Carolina. His owners are desired to pay charges and take him away, or he will be sold agreeably to law for prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of  
Charles county.

December 5, 1799.

### For SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, called BEALL'S PLANTATION, and BATEMAN'S FIELD (being part of Snowden's Reputation Supported), containing by survey five hundred and seventy-six and an half acres, two hundred and thirty-nine of which are wood land, heavily timbered with chestnut and white oak; the remainder is cleared land, and has lain idle a number of years. The entire is well watered by springs, and a large stream that runs nearly through the centre of it.

This plantation is well adapted for corn, wheat, and particularly tobacco; is a most pleasing and desirable situation, and capable of great improvement, at a small expense. It is situated on the Head of South river, Anne-Arundel county, about three miles from navigable water, twelve from the city of Annapolis, twenty-five from Baltimore city, twenty-four from George-town, and about seven miles from the inspection houses of Indian Landing and Queen-Anne.

The terms will be made known by application to WILLIAM HARWOOD, Esq; Annapolis, or to the subscriber.

SAMUEL BRANDAM,  
at Dr. Wm. P. Mathews,  
Baltimore.

October 23, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on the 26th of August, a negro man by the name of ROBERT LOVELESS, about 28 or 30 years old, five feet nine inches high, flat nose, middling hollow eyes, a small scar on his right hand, apparently by a burn, another on his left leg, several marks on his back, a remarkable scar on the right side of his upper lip, and a small one on his forehead; his cloathing was a blue cloth coat, with a single row of yellow metal buttons, a blue kersey waistcoat, striped cotton trousers, spotted cotton hose, Irish linen shirt, good coarse shoes, and an old felt hat. When committed he said he was free, and was from Louisa county, Virginia, had a forged pass signed THOMAS CROWDY; he since says he is lately from the service of a certain PARK STREET, about seven miles from Hanover Court-house, Virginia, but does not acknowledge himself a slave. His owner (if any) is desired to release him within two months from the above date, or he will be sold agreeable to law for prison fees, &c.

NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of  
Prince-George's county.

September 10, 1799.

### City of Baltimore.

An Ordinance to authorise a LOTTERY, to raise a sum of money to be applied to the defraying of the expenses of conveying pure wholesome water into the city of Baltimore, and of distributing it into the different parts thereof.

BE it enacted and ordained by the mayor and city council of Baltimore, That the following be a scheme of a lottery, to raise a sum of money to be applied to the defraying the expenses of conveying water into the city of Baltimore, and distributing the same through the city.

### S C H E M E.

1 prize of 10,000 dolls.	making 10,000 dolls.
1 do. of 5000 do.	5000 do.
1 do. of 3000 do.	3000 do.
4 do. of 1000 do.	4000 do.
4 do. of 500 do.	2000 do.
20 do. of 200 do.	4000 do.
100 do. of 100 do.	10,000 do.
115 do. of 50 do.	5750 do.
150 do. of 20 do.	3000 do.
4 do. of 1000 do.	4000 do.

To be paid to the possessors of the four

numbers first out of the wheel, on

the last day's drawing, at which

time there shall not be less than five

hundred numbers undrawn,

9,000 prizes, of 3 dollars each

making 28,800 do.

450 dollars allowed in part of the

expenses of the lottery, 450 do.

10,000 tickets, at 8 dollars each, 80,000 do.

Six dollars will be demanded at the time of sale for

each ticket.

Prizes to be paid in ten days after the drawing is

finished, subject to a deduction of twelve and one half

per centum.

Such prizes as are not demanded within six months

after the drawing is finished, of which public notice

shall be given, will be considered as relinquished for

the use of the corporation.

The subscribers being appointed commissioners to

carry into effect the above scheme of a lottery, do hereby

give notice, That they have given security and taken

the oath prescribed by law, for the faithful perform-

ance of their trust, and are now ready to dispose of

tickets at their respective places of residence, and hope

from the great utility of pure and wholesome water for

preserving the health of the city, that the public will

encourage the scheme, so as to enable them to com-

plete the drawing much earlier than the time allowed

by law.

JOSEPH BIAYS,

CHRISTOPHER JOHNSON, } Commissioners.

WILLIAM CLEMM,

The commissioners have the pleasure to say this lottery will commence drawing next month.

Nov. 16.

### To be SOLD,

THE HOUSE and LOT, now occupied by JOHN GWINN, Esq; in Annapolis. For terms inquire of

JAMES WHARFE.



**JUST RECEIVED,**  
From LEE's and Co. Patent and Family Medicine  
store Baltimore, and for sale by  
**GIDEON WHITE, Annapolis.**  
**DR. HAMILTON's celebrated**  
**WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.**

The astonishing success which has constantly attended the administration of this medicine, emboldens the proprietor to offer a return of the purchase money whenever the desired effects are not produced. Indeed a single instance of their failure has not come to his knowledge, where the printed directions have been followed.

A tenth part of the evidence already detailed to the public, is sufficient to convince even the most prejudiced, that this medicine is so certain in its operation, and so salutary in its effects, as to claim the highest degree of confidence from the afflicted, or those otherwise interested in the cure or prevention of all disorders of the stomach and bowels, especially those resulting from worms.

The proprietor offers to the inspection of every applicant, a list of cures with the particulars, longer he is persuaded than any one will be at the trouble of reading.

#### AFFIDAVIT OF RECENT CURES.

**MICHAEL DUFFEY**, residing at No. 47, Wilkes Street, Fell's Point, in the city of Baltimore, voluntarily maketh oath, that the following statement is just and true.

In the beginning of May last, my three children, a boy of seven, and two girls, the one five and the other three years of age, were taken very ill, nearly at the same time, of a common fever, as I then supposed; but was soon convinced the disorder was caused by worms—they were frequently troubled with convulsion fits, and violent startings in their sleep, and with almost continual vomiting and purging, particularly the youngest. I made immediate application to a physician of the first reputation, and his medicines were administered with a confidence of success which only increased our disappointment. The children grew daily worse, and I was absolutely without hopes of their recovery. The youngest soon appeared almost devoid of animation, and scarcely an inhabitant of this world. In this distressing moment, I was told that HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES had performed many cures in cases equally desperate—I immediately purchased a box, and gave each of them a dose, which in a few hours produced the most desirable effects; the eldest voided a great number of very large worms, and the second, thousands of small ones, many of them not a quarter of an inch long—in the youngest they seemed to be consumed, and had the appearance of skins and of slimy matter. I repeated the dose agreeable to the paper of direction and they all speedily recovered a good state of health, which they still enjoy, though five months have nearly elapsed since they were on the borders of the grave, and the death of the whole appeared to be inevitable.

Sworn before me this 26th day of Sept. 1799.  
J. SMITH.

#### HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

*Celebrated for*  
Evacuating superfluous bile, and preventing its morbid secretion—removing obstinate coliciveness, and restoring lost appetite.

#### INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

Thousands can testify of their being cured by these drops, after the bark and every other medicine has proved ineffectual; and not one in an hundred has had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not half a bottle.

#### DR. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

#### CHURCH'S GENUINE COUGH DROPS,

*A sovereign, speedy and effectual remedy in*  
Head-aches, Sore throats,  
Catarrhs, Wheezings,  
Shortness of breath, Congealed phlegm,  
Ticklings in the throat, Spitting of blood,  
Tightness of the chest, Soreness of the breast and  
Hooping cough, Stomach, &c. &c.  
*Asthma and consumptions,*  
And all disorders of the breasts and lungs.

#### ESSENCE OF MUSTARD.

FOR the cure of rheumatism, gout, rheumatic gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white-swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, acute and chronic rheumatism.  
(Prepared in pills, and in a fluid state for external use.)  
This remedy has performed more cures in the complaints than all the medicines ever before made public—it eminently contains the medicinal properties of mustard, concentrated in a small compass, and entirely divested of the impurities so abundant in its crude state—the virtues of other powerful anti-rheumatic are combined with it, and render its efficacy unequalled.

#### THE PILLS

strengthen the tone of the stomach, remove cold or windy complaints, promote the circulation of the blood, and insensible perspiration, and by throwing off the redundant humours of the body in this salutary manner, effectually relieve the most inveterate rheumatism, gout, palsy, dropsy, &c.

#### THE FLUID ESSENCE

from its warm and penetrating nature, excels every other application for sprains, bruises, chilblains, numbness, weakness of the joints, white-swellings, pains of the back, and rheumatic complaints of every description.

A single bottle or box (or both, as the case may require) will prove a complete remedy in slight or recent complaints, and has never been known to fail, when verified in, to effect a permanent cure in any case whatever.

#### SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH,

*Warranted an infallible and immediate cure at once using*  
Being the most speedy, effectual, and pleasant remedy ever offered to the public, and for the satisfaction of the timorous, the proprietor maketh oath, that his ointment doth not contain a single particle of mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its composition, and may be used with the most perfect safety by pregnant women and on infants newly born.

#### PATENT INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,

For the cure of  
*Veneral complaints of every description.*

An extensive trial of near four years has proved the Vegetable Specific to be effectual in expelling the venereal virus, however deeply rooted in the constitution, and has restored health to many who have been brought to the grave, by the improper administration of mercury. Within this period upwards of four thousand patients have experienced its salutary effects.

With the medicine is given a description of the symptoms which obtain in every stage of the disease, with copious directions for their treatment, so as to accomplish a perfect cure in the shortest time, and with the least inconvenience possible.

Those who wish to purchase any of the above articles are cautioned against the imposition of inferior medicines, and to inquire for them only of Mr. Gideon White.

Wholesale purchasers allowed a liberal profit by addressing to Rd. Lee, and Co. Baltimore.

#### SETH SWEETSER,

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public, and his customers in particular, for past favours, and hopes they will still continue to favour him with their custom, as he still carries on the business in all its branches in the neatest and most fashionable manner.

N. B. I have just received, from Boston, a quantity of the best sole leather and shoe thread, and a few barrels of New-England-stuff-shoes, all of which I will sell on moderate terms. S. S.  
November 5, 1799.

#### CHARLES FARIS,

Clock and Watch-Maker,

HAS received an assortment of warranted capped and jewelled and plain silver WATCHES, and a variety of other articles in his line, which he will sell at the most reduced prices.

N. B. The highest price given for old silver.

COMMITTED to my custody as runaways, two men, one committed the 24th of November, by the name of THOMAS COOK, who says that he belongs to JACOB MILLER, of Baltimore city; he is a dark mulatto, about 5 feet 9 inches high, and well made, about 21 or 22 years of age, and has a scar under his left eye; his clothing is a blue pea jacket, light coloured cloth coat, mixed calmer jacket, brown buckler trousers, striped cotton and silk stockings, call skin shoes, and white furred hat, and sundry other cloaths. The other a negro, committed the 7th of December, by the name of ANTHONY, who says that he is the property of GIBSON KITTLES, of Frederick county; he is about 30 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, and well made, has a scar over his right eye; his clothing is an old black hat, Kersey jacket, osabrig shirt, corded cloth breeches, blue yarn stockings, and coarse shoes. Their masters are desired to take them away in two months from their several dates, or they will be sold for their prison fees and other expenses, according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff  
of Anne-Arundel county.

December 9, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as runaways, two negro men, one by the name of STEPHEN JOHNSON, committed on the 17th of August, who says that he is free born, he is about 19 or 20 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, and chunky built, has a scar on his upper lip and a great many scars on his back, occasioned by the whip; his clothing is an osabrig shirt and trousers, and an old woollen cap. The other committed on the 26th of August, by the name of WILL NORRIS, who says that he was set free by William Darnall, of St. Mary's county, he is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and stout made, has a scar on his right hand; his clothing is a new wool hat, striped swandown jacket, osabrig shirt and trousers, old shoes, with nails in the soles. Their masters are desired to take them away in two months from their several dates, or they will be sold for their prison fees and other expenses, according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff  
of Anne-Arundel county.

September 2, 1799.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good pinner, and, in fact, undertands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, Jr.

February 8, 1798.

#### WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printer hereof.

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks to the public, and his customers in particular, for past favours, and hopes they will still continue to favour him with their custom.

He takes this method to inform them that he has removed from his store in Corn-hill-street to a large brick house opposite the market, next door to Mr. Jonathan Pinkney's, where he has opened, and now offers for sale, an assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable to the present and approaching season, among which are,

Superfine and coarse broad clothes,	Mens brown thread and cotton hose,
Drab plains & flannels,	Womens cotton ditto,
Stuffs of various kinds,	Mens fine and coarse hats,
Best white ticklenburgs & brown hempen linens,	Brooms and scrubbing brushes,
Russia sheeting,	Blacksmith's files assorted,
5-4 Irish ditto,	Spinning cotton,
Yard wide Irish linens,	Sein twine,
Irish and Dutch dowlas,	Osnabrig & whited brown threads,
Corded dimities,	Best shoe thread in 2 balls,
Ginghams,	Coloured, stitching and nuns thread,
Plain & striped nankeens,	Twists & sewing silk, and an assortment of earthen ware.
Striped & white cottons,	
Stamped calicoes and chintzes,	
Stamped linens and bor- dered book muslin hand- kerchiefs,	

#### ALSO, GROCERIES,

Best fouchong and hyson- skin teas,	Best Liverpool salt,
Brown & loaf sugars,	Beacon,
Coffee & molasses,	Herrings by the barrel.

with a number of other articles too tedious to enu-  
merate, all of which he is determined to sell at the most  
reduced prices for cash, and on the usual credit to his  
punctual customers.

ABSALOM RIDGELY.

Annapolis, July 24, 1799.

#### TAKE NOTICE,

THE subscriber having been much injured and deprived of the amusements of gunning on his farms on the Head of Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, for several years past, by a number of persons who have made a practice of hunting thereon for the benefit which they derive from marketing of the game killed on my said farms, these are therefore to forewarn all persons from hunting within my enclosures, on the farms aforesaid, with either dog or gun, those that hunt therein after this notice will have the law out in force against them immediately. by  
w 7  
November 28, 1799  
P. HAMMOND.

#### JAMES WILLIAMS

Has just imported, in the ship ALEXANDRIA, from LONDON, and the schooner BROTHERS, from the WEST-INDIES,

SUNDRY articles of MERCHANDISE, which he offers for sale, at the most reduced prices, for cash, or short credit, viz.

Ten boxes Irish linens, assorted, from 1/3 to 4/6 sterling cost; fine Irish and white Russia sheeting; 20 cwt. patent shot, assorted, from No. 1 to 7; 50 cwt. white lead, in oil; best porter and double Gloucester cheese; 60 boxes white and brown Havana sugar; a few barrels best green coffee; 50 boxes best Spanish segars.

Also on hand, a few pipes three years old Cognac and Bourdeaux brandy, of the first quality, and about eight tons of well assorted cordage, and white rope.

November 19, 1799.

THE subscriber has for SALE, looking glasses of different sorts, wire fenders, bellows with mahogany boards, walking sticks, gauging rods, billiard tables, wood saws, trunks, and various articles of household furniture, at the most moderate prices.

JOHN SHAW.

December 1, 1799.

#### ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

(LVth YEAR.

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# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, JANUARY 9, 1800.

U L M, October 5.

HE English minister, Mr. Wickham, arrived here to-day. With much difficulty he escaped the French, who fired upon his carriage. He was forced to leave behind him at Zurich his whole equipage, and a considerable sum of money. The Imperialists have now quit the whole of Switzerland on the other side of the Rhine.

October 6.

A courier arrived this morning, with intelligence that the French have crossed the Rhine near Durlach.

ASCHAFFENBURG, October 6.

On the 4th inst. the French favoured by the night and a fog, attacked the Imperialists and troops of the elector, together with the armed peasants from Mentz and Cassel, where they had lately received considerable reinforcements. Our troops made the bravest resistance, but the enemy being superior to them in infantry, and cavalry particularly, they were at length forced to give way to them. The enemy having received more reinforcements, though driven to flight several times, and though every inch of ground was fought for, advanced farther from Hattersheim against Sindling and Hoechst, where our troops had resolved to make a stand near the Nied, and used every exertion to prevent the enemy from crossing that river.

FRANCFORT, October 3.

Yesterday the French troops quitted our city again, and partly returned to Cassel, partly marched towards Konigslein, to cut off the retreat of those German troops who have advanced into the Rhinegau. They have, however, made a hasty retreat under the command of the electoral major Goerger, and have not only not left a single man, but even carried off from the French at Hamburg, 12 oxen, 260 sheep, and 40 hogs, and made 36 prisoners.

All accounts agree in stating, that the poor country people have suffered much by the French during their last incursion.

From our city they have again demanded a contribution of 250,000 crowns, threatening that, in case of refusal, 10,000 French troops should enter the city. Our magistrates firmly answered—that they could not prevent the troops from entering, but they most refuse any contribution whatever. The French chief commissary, Benaud, was present at the senate house; but the magistrates adhering strictly to their resolution, the French desisted from their demand; and it is said that the French general Laroche, and commissary Benaud, had satisfied themselves with a present of 200 Carlinas.

STUTTGART, October 1.

His Imperial majesty has appointed general Meias, commander-in-chief in Lombardy, and general Kray commander-in-chief of the army in Italy.

Letter from his royal highness the archduke Charles.

Head quarters, Donaueschingen, October 7.

"The unfortunate occurrences in Switzerland being already sufficiently known, I shall confine myself at present merely to giving the outlines of them, and state the events which have taken place since.

"On the 25th ult. the Russian corps under the command of lieutenant-general Korsakow, on the Linth, and the column of field-marshal-lieutenant Hotze, on the Linth, near Uznach, were defeated by the enemy. The former corps retreated, by way of Eggenau, to the right bank of the Rhine, and the column of field-marshal-lieutenant Hotze, on the 26th by St. Gall, into the district of Voralberg.

"Field-marshal prince Suwarrow was at Usteren, and general Auffenberg, at Steig, on the 25th.

"On the 26th, field-marshal-lieutenant Lincken defeated the enemy, and took prisoners two battalions, of 1300 men, with the whole of the staff and other officers, and two standards of colours. On the 28th he advanced to Glarus; but not being able to open a communication, either to the right or the left, he saw himself under the necessity to withdraw to the Grison country on the 29th.

"Field-marshal Suwarrow, and the brigade of general Auffenberg having advanced as far as Switz on the 28th, arrived at Glarus on the 1st of October, but not being able to effect a junction with any other corps, field-marshal Suwarrow was obliged to march to the Grison country.

"Field-marshal Suwarrow has, however, according to a circular letter which has been received this morning, defeated the enemy near Glarus and taken 1000 prisoners. At the same time, the column of the Imperial Russian general Rosenberg made 1000 of the enemy prisoners near Mitten, and took several pieces of cannon; the enemy's loss in killed and wounded on this occasion, was likewise very considerable.

(Signed)

"CHARLES, archduke, &c. &c."

STRASBURG, October 9.

Official bulletin of the general staff of the army.

The army of the Rhine has retaken Mannheim and Francfort. The enemy have left 300 men. Ten thousand peasants who rose in a mob have thrown down their arms. Among the prisoners is a whole company of Cossacks. We once more are in possession of the whole line of Mentz, Mannheim, and Francfort.

PARIS, October 17.

A telegraphic dispatch announced at 5 o'clock in the evening of the 15th inst. that Holland was entirely evacuated by the Russians and Austrians. The information is certain.

Buonaparte arrived yesterday, at 7 in the morning, his lady and brothers who had gone to meet him, misled him by having taken a different road. Citizen Barras went to see him as soon as his arrival was known. He went the same day at 4 o'clock to the directory; but having much need of repose after so long and rapid journey, he had a particular audience of the directory this day.

The English troops since the affair of the 17th Vendemiaire, are shut up in their old intrenchments, where they are in much want of both ammunition and provisions, that they have been obliged to send back the prisoners which they have taken. They have demanded twenty-four hours to embark, which request has been denied them. It appears that general Brune is disposed to make them surrender by capitulation; one of the conditions of which will be the restoration of the fleet that surrendered in the Texel. It is believed they cannot maintain their station more than three days. Adverse winds have, for five days, prevented all attempts at embarkation, and also any supplies from reaching them.

The misunderstanding between the Russians and English increases daily, which has occasioned many duels. It is reported that the duke of York was for some time a prisoner to the Russians; but rescued by the English cavalry. Such are our last accounts.

We are assured that the destination of general Lavaux is changed, and that he goes to St. Domingo instead of Guadaloupe.

The army of Massena in Switzerland, consists of 85,000 men.

Extra of a letter from the Hague, dated October 13.

Four thousand Russians and 2500 English have been killed, and 2400 Russians taken prisoners. The municipality of Amsterdam have published this day that the remainder of the Russian army, to the number of 6000, have deserted to the French, after having killed several English officers. A whole regiment of Cossacks, who would not join them, were cut in pieces. We have taken 56 pieces of cannon, and a great quantity of baggage.

The French consul at Genoa, has given in his resignation.

Two thousand six hundred conscripts, composing the contingent of the Lower Seine, are now assembled at Dieppe. They are completely organized, and only wait the signal to fly to the defence of their country.

We learn from Cadix, that the plague has entirely disappeared at Fez, Mequines and Rabat, but that it still rages at Morocco and Mogadore. Three brothers of the emperor have fallen victims to it.

The 6th of this month a new bishop was installed in the cathedral church at Notre Dame. The assembly was numerous, especially in females. The bishop Royer delivered a discourse, wherein he returned thanks to Heaven for our successes.

KINGSTON (Jam.) November 7.

By the vessel from Martinique we are informed that a Guinea ship not a quarter loaded, had arrived there, and brought accounts that three French frigates had appeared on the coast; that they were double armed, and had taken the whole of our factories on the gold coast, and destroyed the shipping, to the amount of upwards of sixty sail; they were then to proceed to the coast of Angola.

November 8.

It gives us extreme pleasure to find that the honourable house of assembly have, in consequence of the most gallant behaviour of captain Hamilton, of the Surprise frigate, in cutting out the Hermione, out of Porto Cavallo, voted the sum of three hundred guineas to purchase a sword.

NEW-YORK, December 31.

Extra of a letter from a gentleman in Montreal, to his friend in this city, dated

"Montreal, Dec. 14, 1799.

"Sir,

"Soon after you left this, the 41st regiment came here, and brought with them a fever which has alarmed us a good deal; no less than 230 of them being sick, and numbers dying daily. We have had pretty severe weather, and yet it does not seem to

check its progress. Some of the inhabitants of the town have fallen a sacrifice to the disease, particularly Dr. Graham of Quebec and Dr. Gould of this place. I am afraid we shall not be much better than New-York next summer."

Extra of a letter from St. Sebastians, dated October 16th, 1799.

"It appears that France is at open war with the people of Hamburg, and that their envoy at Paris has received orders to quit the territory of the republic."

ANNAPOLIS, January 9.

On Friday last the general assembly of this state adjourned, the house of delegates to the first Monday in October, and the senate to the first Monday in November next, after having passed the following laws:

- No. 1. An ACT to authorize and empower the levy court of Dorchester county to assess and levy annually a sum of money for the support of Eithier Kenner.
2. An ACT to settle and ascertain the salary of the members of the council for the ensuing year.
3. An ACT to authorize and empower the levy court of Dorchester county to assess and levy annually a sum of money for the support of Philemon Brooke.
4. An ACT for the relief of William Dent Beall, of Montgomery county.
5. A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act relating to the public roads in Somerset county.
6. An ACT to empower the levy court of Dorchester county to appoint a constable for the town of Cambridge.
7. An ACT to empower the justices of the levy court of Charles county to assess and levy annually a sum of money for the purpose therein mentioned.
8. An ACT to authorize and empower the levy court of Montgomery county to assess and levy annually a sum of money for the support of Ruth Glaze.
9. An ACT to revive and aid the proceedings of the orphans court of Calvert county.
10. An ACT to revive the proceedings of the orphans court of Harford county.
11. An ACT to correct a mistake in an act, entitled, An act for the relief of Andrew Buchanan, and to confirm all proceedings had, or hereafter to be had, under said act and a certain deed of trust therein referred to.
12. An ACT to repeal an act, entitled, An act to prevent the exportation of flour not merchantable from Georgetown, in Frederick county.
13. An ACT to prevent the going at large of swine and poultry in the town of New Market, in Frederick county.
14. An ACT for the relief of Robert Elliott, of Talbot county.
15. An ACT for the benefit of Richard Ross and William Ross, of Prince George's county.
16. An ACT to incorporate a company for the purpose of cutting and making a canal between the river Delaware and Chesapeake bay.
17. A further supplement to the act, entitled, An act for making the river Susquehanna navigable from the line of this state to tide water.
18. An ACT for the more effectual preservation of the breed of wild deer in Somerset and Dorchester counties.
19. An ACT to release the heirs, executors and administrators, and the securities, of Charles Beckwith, late of Montgomery county, deceased, from a contract therein mentioned.
20. An ACT to authorize and empower the levy court of Montgomery county to assess and levy annually a sum of money for the support of Michael O'Daniel.
21. An ACT for the benefit of Joseph Bouze, of Worcester county.
22. A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the Maryland insurance company.
23. An ACT for the adjournment of Prince-George's county court.
24. An ACT to empower the justices of the levy court of Anne Arundel county to assess and levy a sum of money for the purpose therein mentioned.
25. An ACT respecting the sheriff of Talbot county.
26. An ACT for the relief of Tristram Dalton, of the city of Washington.
27. An ACT to lay out a road from the Morgantown road, on the ridge between Aia Beall's and William Coddington's, to the Virginia line, near the lands of John Forrest.
28. An ACT to make public a certain road in Talbot county.
29. An ACT to prevent assignees from suing by attachment or privilege.
30. An ACT to pay the civil list and other expences of civil government.



31. A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the opening of Second street in the city of Baltimore.  
32. An ACT respecting the public roads in Washington county.  
33. An ACT to prevent swine and geese going at large in Liberty town, in Frederick county.  
34. A Supplement to an act, entitled, An act authorizing the justices of the levy court in Queen Anne's county to levy a sum of money for the building of a prison in the said county, and to regulate the same.  
35. An ACT for the relief of James Roney, of Somerset county.  
36. An ACT for the relief of Gilbert Murdock, of the city of Annapolis.  
37. An ACT to authorize Charles Giffaway, of Montgomery county, to alter part of a road therein mentioned.  
38. An ACT to authorize and empower the levy court of Anne Arundel county to assess and levy annually a sum of money for the purpose therein mentioned.  
39. An ACT respecting the poor house of Baltimore county.  
40. An ACT for the relief of James Brown and William Thompson, of Charles county, Frederick Koonce, of Prince George's county, and John Kelly, of Montgomery county.  
41. An ACT for the relief of Thomas Hewitt, of Prince George's county.  
42. An ACT to prevent the going at large of swine in the town of Lower Marlborough, in Calvert county.  
43. An ACT for laying out two roads to Exeter mills, in Caroline county.  
44. An ACT to incorporate a society for the maintenance and education of poor female children, by the name of The Benevolent Society of the City and County of Baltimore.  
45. An ACT to authorize and empower the levy court of Cecil county to assess and levy annually a sum of money for the support of John Maloy.  
46. An ACT to explain the law respecting hawkers and peddlers.  
47. An ACT declaring a road leading to a fork of Conwago road in Baltimore county a public highway.  
48. An ACT to confirm an act, entitled, An act to alter, abolish and repeal, certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.  
49. A Supplement to an act, entitled, An act to direct descents.  
50. An ACT to regulate elections.  
51. An ACT to repair the public gaol in Saint Mary's county.  
52. An ACT to establish the salaries of the judges of the court of appeals.  
53. An ACT to incorporate the Roman catholic congregation in Cob Neck, in Charles county.  
54. An ACT to open a road from the turnpike road leading towards Hanover at or near the widow Mortar's tavern, to intersect the York turnpike road at or near Benedict Hurl's tavern.  
55. An ACT to make permanent and to continue the acts of assembly therein mentioned.  
56. An ACT to establish an academy at Easton, in Talbot county.  
57. An ACT to authorize the laying out a public road from Thomas Underhill's mill to intersect the road leading from John Neale's to John Cox's, in Harford county.  
58. An ACT to provide for the administration of justice in cases of crimes and misdemeanors in the city and county of Baltimore.  
59. An ACT to appoint commissioners to examine, survey and lay out the several roads therein mentioned.  
60. An ACT for the benefit of John Shewman, of Washington county.  
61. An ACT for the punishment of horse-stealers and other offenders.  
62. An ACT to authorize and empower the justices of the levy court of Prince-George's county to pull down the repository of the records of the register of wills in said county.  
63. An ACT to lay out and open a public road in the upper part of Queen Anne's county.  
64. An ACT to lay out certain roads from Andrew Gore and James Cooper's mill, in Baltimore county.  
65. An ACT to enlarge the powers of the trustees of the poor in the several counties therein designated.  
66. An ACT to authorize certain commissioners to lay off a town in Prince-George's county by the name of Vans-Ville.  
67. A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act to erect a town in Talbot county.  
68. A Further act to establish and confirm certain acts done by persons holding offices of trust or profit under the government of the United States.  
69. An ACT to enable the justices of Anne-Arundel county court to license and regulate a public ferry over South-river, in said county.  
70. An ACT relating to the public roads in Queen-Anne's county.  
71. An ACT for the relief of John Johnson, of Washington county.  
72. A Further supplement to an act, entitled, An act to freighten and amend the public roads in Harford county, and for other purposes.  
73. A Supplement to an act, entitled, An act to facilitate the draining of land in the several counties therein mentioned.  
74. A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in Allegany county.  
75. An ACT for the more effectual preventing of forgery, and to make it felony to steal bonds, notes, or other securities for the payment of money.

76. A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act to regulate elections.  
77. An ACT to change the name of Clement Holliday Waring to the name of Clement Holliday.  
78. An ACT to lay out, alter and confirm, certain roads in Allegany county.  
79. An ACT to prevent unnecessary delay and expense, and for the further advancement of justice, in the court of chancery.  
80. An ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred.  
81. An ACT relating to the public roads in Kent county.  
82. An ACT for appointing a wreck-master in Worcester county.  
83. An additional supplementary act to the act to regulate public ferries.  
84. An ACT relating to certain public roads in Anne-Arundel county.  
85. An ACT to vest certain powers in the corporation of George-town, in Montgomery county.  
86. An ACT to restrain sheriffs and others from summoning appraisers in certain cases.  
87. An additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act to regulate the inspection of tobacco.  
88. An ACT for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.  
89. An ACT to aid and revive the proceedings of the court of appeals.  
90. A Further supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the better administration of justice in the several counties of this state.  
91. An ACT relating to coroners and sheriffs.  
92. An ACT for the payment of the journal of accounts.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and customers, that he has removed to the tannery in the city of Annapolis, lately occupied by Mr. JOHN HYDE, where he means to carry on the tanning business in all its various branches. He is now prepared to receive hides to tan from those who will please to favour him with their custom, and tan the same on the following terms to wit: Hides at fifteen shillings each, kip skins at eleven shillings and three-pence each, calf skins at five shillings and seven-pence half-penny.

The subscriber, from a long experience in the business, flatters himself that his work will be rendered pleasing to his customers.

WALTER W. NORMAN.

N. B. As I have just begun business no credit will be given.  
Annapolis, January 1, 1800.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of St. Mary's county, Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of CLEMENT GARDINER, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 23d December, 1799.

THOMAS GARDINER, Administrator.

### NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next Cecil county court, pursuant to the act, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, for a commission to bound and mark the following tracts of land, lying at the Head of Little Bohemia, in Cecil county, and being the property of the Roman Catholic clergy, viz. ST. XAVIERUS, ST. IGNATIUS, part of WORSEL MANOR, part of WOODBRIDGE, and part of ASKMORE.

FRANCIS BRESTON, Agent for the corporation of the Roman Catholic clergy.  
December 24, 1799.

### Notice is hereby given,

TO all persons having claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, to appear on the eighteenth day of February next, at Mr. JAMES WHARFE's tavern, in the said city, between the hours of ten and twelve, A. M. with their claims against the deceased, properly authenticated, at which time the assets then in hand will be divided among, and paid to, the several creditors of the deceased, in such proportion and manner as the law directs.

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator with the will annexed.  
Annapolis, January 2, 1800.

### Two Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 15th of October, 1799, an apprentice lad by the name of GEORGE CRANDEL, a carpenter by trade. Whoever will take him up and bring him home, shall receive the above reward, paid by

ISAAC HOLLAND.  
N. B. I do forewarn all persons from harbouring or employing the said apprentice at their peril.  
Annapolis, January 1, 1800.

THERE is at the plantation of THOMAS SMITH, living on the Head of Severn river, near col. Hammond's mill, in Anne-Arundel county, taken up as strays, two young COWS, the one a black, with a white face; the other a black and white, both marked with a crop and slit in each ear. The owner may have them again on proving property and paying charges.

### Mr. Genere's

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Annapolis, that he resides now in this city, and will open his DANCING SCHOOL on the 3d of January, at Mr. Wharfe's.

Mr. Genere's will introduce a variety of new evolutions and ornamental steps. He returns his thanks to those who have already favoured him with their patronage. Those ladies and gentlemen who have not yet confided to him the tuition of their children, may rest assured, that the greatest care and attention shall be paid with respect to their decorum, that necessary and accomplishing part of the art of dancing. Ladies, if required, will be waited on.

To the Voters of Anne-Arundel county and City of Annapolis.

Gentlemen, OBSERVING that a number of persons are to be candidates at the next ensuing election, for the office of sheriff for this county, and having acted for several years past as a deputy under that commission, and, I trust, with some degree of reputation to myself, and satisfaction to the public, I therefore now take the liberty to solicit your suffrages for that office, and should I be so fortunate as to meet with the approbation of a majority of the freemen of my native county, I can assure them, that no exertions on my part shall be wanting to do justice to the office, and the public in general.

I am, respectfully,

Your very humble servant,

HENRY HOWARD, of Jones.

December 24, 1799.

By his EXCELLENCY  
BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire,  
GOVERNOR of MARYLAND.

### A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Legislature of this State, penetrated with regret for the death of the illustrious patriot general George Washington, and zealous to express their high respect and veneration for his eminent virtues and distinguished services to his country, has, by a resolution unanimously assented to on the 17th instant, requested me "to appoint, by proclamation, a day of mourning, humiliation and prayer, throughout this state, and to recommend it to the citizens thereof to assemble in their respective places of worship, to testify, in the most public manner, their veneration for his memory, and to derive, from the just eulogiums of his meritorious services, the best motives for the imitation of his virtues."

And, whereas I entirely accord with the honourable legislature in the measure proposed, and am anxious to co-operate with them in paying this tribute of grateful respect to the merits and long tried patriotism of our deceased fellow-citizen, I have therefore thought proper to recommend and advise, and do hereby recommend and advise accordingly, that the eleventh day of February next be observed throughout this state as a day of mourning, humiliation and prayer—that the citizens on that day go into mourning, and abstaining, as far as may be, from their secular occupation, devote the time to the sacred duties of religion—that they call to mind the virtues, public services, and unshaken patriotism of the deceased, and admiring endeavour to emulate them—that they implore the Most High God to supply his loss, by inspiring them with a love of true liberty and pure religion, and by dispensing the blessings of peace and knowledge throughout the land—and that he would grant to the people of this and the United States, that the wisdom and virtues of a Washington may never cease to influence and direct our public councils.

Given in the council chamber, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this eighteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,  
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

ORDERED, by his excellency the Governor, that the foregoing proclamation be published every day, until the 12th of February next, in the Federal Gazette at Baltimore, the Maryland Gazette at Annapolis, Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of Man at Frederick town, the Washington Spy at Hagerstown, and in Green, English, and Co. paper at George-town.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration de bonis non on the personal estate of JOHN HENRY MACCUBBIN, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 23d day of May next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 6th day of November, 1799. Baltimore.

N. BRICE.

Suits will be commenced by the next court against such debtors to the above estate, who neglect or refuse to make immediate payment so

OF TRACTS and not residents of due for the year seven respectively chargeable now due and unpaid, liable for, or chargeable

### Persons Named

Abraham Arthur  
Henry Boorer  
William Bell  
William Bell, John  
and Thos. Jones  
Thomas J. Beatty  
Blackburn and Brent  
Charles Beatty  
James Beatty

Jeremiah Barry

Thomas Burgefs  
Leonard Bevins  
James Blair  
William Birkerslaff  
Archibald Chisholm  
George Cooke  
William Cooke

Richard Cabus  
Margaret Chew  
Joseph Compton

William Clark  
Davidson and Muir  
Peter Engles

George Every  
Benjamin Edwards  
Jacob Folk  
George French  
Gilbert Faulkner  
Uriah Forrest

William Fitzhugh,  
John Fitzhugh  
George French

Peregrine Fitzhugh  
Frederick Gramma

George Graham

Samuel Godman

Nathan Gregg

Thomas Hanlon

Laurence Hensel  
Henry Hoover  
Ester Johnson

Thomas Johnson  
son  
Thomas Johnson

Edward Jones  
Thomas Johnson,  
John C. Jones

Denton Jacques  
Henry Kemp  
Christopher Neal

A list of lots with  
belong, the ta-  
half-penny, es-  
oned.  
William Amc  
William Amc  
William Alex  
William Alex  
Charles Boyle  
Catherine Boy  
Samuel Beck  
Aquila Brown  
William Berry  
Archibald Ch  
Peter Cuffman

931, 1928, 13  
1928, 245, 18  
485, 3045, 13  
1000, 3345, 33  
344, 1330, 27



# A L I S T

OF TRACTS and LOTS of LAND in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon respectively due for the year seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same, the taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for, or chargeable with, the payment of the same.

Randolph B. Latimer

Persons Names.	Names of Land.	(Amt. Tax)
Abraham Arthur	House and lot town of Cumberland	5
Henry Boorer	House and ditto ditto	2 6
William Bell	Williamson's Discovery	1 2 3
William Bell, John Steinmiz and Thos. Jones	Clifton and Sportsman's Fields	1 1 2
Thomas J. Beatty	1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Blackburn and Brent	8 lots ditto ditto	13 4
Charles Beatty	Jacob's Ladder	8 4
James Beatty	Refurvery on Elk Lick	8 3
	The Request	2 10
	Joseph's Polly	1 5
	Lost Grove	9
Jeremiah Barry	That's All	12 3
	Milly's Chance	10 6
	Chance	3 8
Thomas Burgefs	Timber Plenty	2 5
Leonard Bevins	Part of Sugar Bottom	1 7 9
James Blair	Part of I am Lost	4 8
William Birkerstaff	Bickerstaff's Beginning	4 3
Archibald Chisholm	Refurvery on Shawny War	1 6 4
George Cooke	Bottom	2 10
William Cooke	Stoney Ridge	10 10
	Deer Park	4 2 6
	Muchado about Nothing	17
Richard Cabus	House and lot in Western Port	2 6
Margaret Chew	10 lots town of Cumberland	8 4
Joseph Compton	Yanky Hill	3 1 1
	Two Yanky's	2 1
William Clark	Small Glade	3 4
Davidson and Muir	William and Mary	5 11 3
Peter Engles	Part of Mount Airy	11
	What you Please	4
George Every	Coal Mine	1 5
Benjamin Edwards	12 lots town of Cumberland	2 11
Jacob Folk	Part of Mount Nebo	9 3
George French	Honey Isle	12 1
Gilbert Faulkner	(Name unknown)	3 9
Uriah Forrest	Orme's Mistake	7 4 1
	Orme's Trouble	6 8
	The General's Wish	12 3
	13 lots in Western Port	8 4
	1 ditto ditto	2 6
William Fitzhugh, sen.	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 15 7
John Fitzhugh	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 15 7
George French	Walnut Bottom	2 1 8
	Castle Hill	1 9
	Deer Park	3
	Cresap's Prospect	14 8
Peregrine Fitzhugh	1 Beatty's Plains	1 18
Frederick Grammar	White Oak Elats	5 11
	Walnut Ridge	2 9
	Little Worth	3 1
George Graham	Grammar's Discovery	5 2 1
	Chance	2 10
Samuel Godman	Royal Charlotte	5 11 2
	Mount Hope	2 4 1
	Water Works	9 10
Nathan Gregg	New Addition	5 8
Thomas Hanlon	Walnut Level	7
	Dogwood Plains	8 4
	Horle Lick	11 2
Laurence Hensel	House and lot town of Cumberland	5
Henry Hoover	Hoffman's Prospect	1 7
Esler Johnson	Three Springs	4 7
	Covent Garden	4 13 4
	Mount Pleasant	3 9 6
	The Grove	1 9 5
	Kindness	6 12
	Addition to Policy	8 7 1
	(Name unknown)	2 10
Thomas Johnson & Baker Johnson	Squirrel Neck	5 9
Thomas Johnson	Part of Mount Airy	6
	Promised Land	3 6 8
	Thomas and Anne	4 3 4
	Peace and Plenty	3 2 6
	Part of Spruce Spring	2 8
Edward Jones	Half of Granary	9 3
Thomas Johnson, of Thos.	The Glades	16 6
John C. Jones	Part of Sugar tree Camp	5 7
	Clear Meadows	2 10
	Horle Pasture	6 6
Denton Jacques	Bottom	2 10
Henry Kemp	1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Christopher Keathoofer	1 house and lot in ditto	5
	1 lot in ditto	10

Henry Menadier  
Ebenexer Mackey  
Daniel Menadier  
James M'Pherson  
Honor Martin  
James Martin

Lenox Martin

Luther Martin

Lewis Neth

John Orme

John Orr

James O'Quia

William Port

William Potts

Raphael Peale

Pearfall and Rogers

Walter Roe

Abalom Ridgely

Anthony Rentzel

John Ritchie

Richard Ridgely

Jacob Storm

George Smith

Gustavus Scott

Hugh Scott

Selby and Cookes

William and Joseph Scott

Samuel Selby, 3d

Michael Schnabley

Benjamin Stoddert

Abel Sargent

Joseph Selby

James Smith

John Templeman

Francis Thomas

Joseph Tomlinson

John Williams

John Watts

George West

Conrad Young

Savage Ridge	2
Glade Farm	9 2 1
Buck Ridge	5 7
Small Meadows	13 19 2
Hunting Ground	7 4
Buck Bones	1 7 10
Rich Glade	6 4
Lilly of the Valley	1 10 6
Partnership	1 8 4
The Vale	3 4
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Refurvery on Hampstead Park	10 7 1
Vineyard	5 9
Duncan's Mistake	4 7 1
Sally's Choice	1 9
Blooming Plains	13 11
Hope	5 8
Sugar Cove	6 8
Addition to Seven Springs	2 5
Hope Well United	10 5
Addition to Seven Springs	5 9
Dry Hill	1 8
Part of Fox Chase	2 2
Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	1 7 10
1 Beatty's Plains	5 14
Mill Seat	7 10
Felicity	6 9
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Sparkling Camp	6 5
House and lot in Selby's Port	3 2
Price's Choice	1 12 11 1
Hinche's Discovery	2 1 8
Half of Granary	9 3
Half of Sanca Panca	3 4
Bull Pasture	2 4
Dunghill	1 5 11 1
Ridgely's first attempt Amended	2 7
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Potts Adventure	2 1 8
Constitution Vale	11 1
Addition to Hunting Ground	19 8
Rich Glade	11 4
Potatoe Garden	10 6
Elk Lick	5 8
Friendship's Refurvery	9 8 1
Part of Nothing	1 10 1
Godman's Disappointment	4 8 1
Smith's Fields	1 4
Governor's Neglect	1 8 8
Rooby's Delight	15 6
Orme's Attention	1 5 2
Chestnut Grove	17
Now or Never	1 2 1
2484	2 7
Hard Struggle	1 5 11
Ashby's Discovery	2 15 6 1
Grimes Point	15 6
Bear Creek Meadows	12 4
Wm. and Joseph's Amendment	4 1
White Oak Point	8
Locust Ridge Refurvery	1 7
Refurvery on Recourle	2 1 1
Castle Hill	1 7 1
1 lot in town of Cumberland	7 1
Part of Auin's Purchase	1 8
Mount Pifgah	1 6 2
Rooby's Delight & Ray's Discovery	1 7 11
New Carthage	4
Orme's Discovery	12 7 1
Mount Pleasant	19 11 1
Orme's Choice	10 6
Pleasant Ridge	7 10
Park	4 14 10
Mount Altua	19 11 1
The Diadem	1 15 4
Mill Seat	2 10
Pink of Allegany	5 17 4
First Venture	5 7
Republic	3 14 5 1
Addition	11 11
Caledonia	12 11
2 houses and lots in Western Port	10
8 lots in ditto	6 8
5 acres land	1 1 1
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Chance	1 9
Mill Seat	7 9
Refurvery on lot No. 346	1
Nancy's Pleasure Ground	1 8 1
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
1 ditto ditto	1 3
Lyon's Prospect	2 6
1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
House and lot ditto	5
Independence	12 2
Honest Miller	3 9

Archibald Golder 1124.  
Elisba Hall 197, 1305.  
John Hamm 1386.  
Thomas B. Hugo 1784.  
Thomas Johnston 404 lots numbers unknown.  
Elisba Jarrett 135, 21, 4036, 1935, 56, 131, 932.  
Randolph B. Latimer 3896, 3897, 3898, 3899, 3900, 1, 2, 2441, 2442, 2460, 2463, 897.  
William Maley 1293, 3115, 1294.  
Luther Martin 2734, 2672, 2670, 2661.  
Henry Myers 188.  
Richard Mackubin 2128, 2140, 2141, 2142, 3338, 3341, 3342, 3343, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614.  
James R. Morris 11, 1142.  
Gilbert Murdoch 885, 931.  
John Neile 458, 1621, 1182, 192, 95.  
Lewis Neth 2542, 2091.  
Greenberry Neale 1558.  
Samuel Norwood 1603, 4096, 4097.

A list of lots with the persons names to whom they belong, the taxes on which said lots is eight-pence half-penny, each, unless where otherwise mentioned.  
William Ames 340.  
William Amos 1071.  
William Alexander & K. Long 1042.  
William Alexander 113.  
Charles Boyles 1/8.  
Catherine Boyer 298, 315, 326.  
Samuel Beckwith 12.  
Aquila Brown 480.  
William Berryman 1877.  
Archibald Chisholm 226, 80, 4094, 3127, 4034.  
Peter Cuffinave 2473, 4, 5, 6, 1388, 1773, 52.  
931, 1928, 1304, 1044, 1618, 1787, 1203, 2019.  
1943, 245, 1861, 3039, 966, 894, 1780, 3027.  
486 3045, 1353, 1842, 231, 1048, 1487, 1220.  
1000, 3345 3346, 3347, 3348, 1972, 2018, 1180, 344, 1330, 27, 124, 1700.  
Richard Cabus 2 lots number unknown.  
William Coe 2334.  
Samuel Davis 3103.  
Thomas Donaldson 1397, 1134, 4157, 4156, 90, 123, 79, 859, 84, 139, 3098, 2888, 3632, 11, 1103, 1325, 1125, 1468, 469, 1912, 250, 1131.  
Patrick Doran No. unknown.  
George Frofs 1423, 3123.  
William Fergulon 255.  
Richard Fleming 1965.  
Philip Ford 404.  
Frederick Grammar 4152, 214, 844, 845, 1371, 911, 215, 1106, 1171, 3111, 4158, 846, 847, 213.  
John Guyer 1135, 174, 825, 976, 1838, 101, 1122, 1151, 826.  
Robert Gover 1704, 810, 3129, 2445, 1325, 1425, 4055, 1317, 1131, 1834, 1010, 2548, 1009, 310.  
Seiomah Geer 2022, 3726, 1720.



William H. Park 131, 1792.  
 Richard Ponsonby 1777.  
 Anthony Reintzel 830, 856, 1048, 1372, 1938.  
 3118.  
 Abner Ritchie 1003, 244, 2062, 2063, 1555,  
 1034, 1348, 1606, 1422, 2064, 2065, 1978, 817.  
 Ezra Robinson 2809, 2810, 2811, two shillings  
 and nine-pence each.  
 John Ritchie 1351, 1392, 1493, 1304.  
 George Rofs 334.  
 Charles Robinson 1268.  
 John Reid 301.  
 James Robinson 2582, 2586, 2587, 2583.  
 Christopher Richmond 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743,  
 Abalom Ridgely 229.  
 Selby & Cooke 193, 1413.  
 John Schley 1237.  
 James Shaw 3066.  
 Robert C. Stanley 1373, 842, 1172, 930, 858.  
 Philip Severer 3056.  
 Benjamin Stedder 3435, 3882, 3833, 3884,  
 3885, 3886, 3440, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3452, 3454,  
 3355, 3456, 3458, 3459, 3461, 3462.  
 John A. Summer 25, 37, 38, 55, 57, 70, 72,  
 58, 81, 89, 94, 109, 119, 126, 154, 162, 163,  
 165, 170, 175, 180, 181, 184, 190, 196, 216,  
 217, 220, 230, 236, 250, 278, 316, 320, 337,  
 360, 382, 385, 398, 401, 404, 407, 413, 403,  
 448, 449, 451, 452, 456, 481, 488, 495, 802, 827,  
 846, 883, 896, 923, 932, 946, 951, 952, 963, 982,  
 989, 991, 1008, 1009, 1014, 1017, 1037, 1044,  
 1069, 1083, 1097, 1100, 1111, 1112, 1118, 1121,  
 1132, 1150, 1161, 1173, 1174, 1183, 1184, 1187,  
 1196, 1119, 1201, 1209, 1221, 1245, 1277, 1280,  
 1295, 1259, 1300, 1310, 1312, 1342, 1381, 1384,  
 1408, 1417, 1422, 1425, 1426, 1433, 1442, 1444,  
 1462, 1463, 1465, 1469, 1475, 1478, 1496, 1500,  
 1502, 1508, 1530, 1537, 1538, 1552, 1590, 1593,  
 1597, 1598, 1602, 1616, 1624, 1691, 1694, 1695,  
 1702, 1711, 1712, 1718, 1721, 1730, 1741, 1762,  
 1766, 1793, 1748, 1714, 1789, 1802, 1819, 1821,  
 1844, 1849, 1865, 1887, 1894, 1895, 1914, 1926,  
 1929, 1931, 1938, 1944, 1954, 2016, 2038, 2081,  
 2085, 2309, 2308, 2517, 2529, 2543, 2548, 3008,  
 3034, 3043, 3047, 3060, 3062, 3100, 3119, 3125,  
 3129, 3161, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023, 4024, 4038,  
 4053, 4055, 4090, 4098, 4110, 4115, 4081.  
 Anne Spicer 1 lot, number unknown, one shilling  
 and four-pence half-penny.  
 John Templeman 347, 348, 349, one shilling and  
 four-pence each.  
 Thomas and St. Turner 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619.  
 Benjamin G. Vaughan 2037, 2551, 3155, and one  
 lot number unknown.  
 John Willson 4045. Edward Wright 217, 3039,  
 1289, 2540, 4064, 1100, 118.  
 Philip L. Webster 283, 1435.  
 Janes West, jun. 2081, 1005.  
 Charles Wayman 82.  
 James Williams 2033, 2504, 1790, 149, 1610,  
 210, 86, 1639, 3153, 1202, 1054, 3149, 1398,  
 1038, 878, 2010.  
 John Warfield 266.  
 William Woods 2723, 2732, 2733, 2735.  
 John Williams 3 lots 50 acres each eleven-pence  
 half-penny each.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county  
 charges, due on the lands and lots aforesaid, shall be  
 paid to William M. Mahon, collector of Allegany  
 county, on or before the 15th day of June next, the  
 lands and lots so charged as aforesaid, or such part there-  
 of as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon,  
 shall be sold to the highest bidder for the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD,  
 HANSON BRISCOE,  
 JOHN REID,  
 Commissioners of the tax for  
 Allegany county.

### Patowmack Company.

THE Stockholders are earnestly desired to attend  
 a general meeting at the Union Tavern, in  
 Georgetown, on Monday the 20th January next, on  
 business of the first importance to this useful improve-  
 ment of finishing the navigation and locks at the Great  
 Falls on Patowmack river.

The president and directors are anxious to contract  
 for a number of black labourers by the year, and any  
 one of the subscribers will be ready to receive propo-  
 sals immediately for the year ensuing, having  
 obtained the sanction and aid of the State of Maryland,  
 they have no doubt of being able to make punctual  
 payment for all their contracts.

JAMES KRITH, President,  
 JOHN MASON,  
 WILLIAM H. DORSEY, } Directors.  
 JOHN LAIRD,  
 JOSIAS CLAPHAM, }

Georgetown, December 10, 1799.

In CHANCERY, December 21, 1799.  
 ORDERED. That THOMAS HARWOOD, an  
 insolvent debtor, of Calvert county, by indis-  
 position, hath been prevented from attending here this  
 day, agreeably to order, do appear in the chancery  
 office, on the 18th day of February next, for the pur-  
 pose of taking, in presence of his creditors, the oath  
 by law required for delivering up his property, and  
 that, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in  
 Maryland Gazette, before the 5th day of January  
 next, he give notice to his creditors to appear in the  
 said office for the purpose of recommending a person  
 to be trustee for their benefit.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
 Reg. Cur. Can.

### JUST RECEIVED.

From LEE's and Co. Patent Family Medicine  
 store Baltimore, and for sale by  
 GIDEON WHITE, Annapolis.  
 Dr. HAMILTON's celebrated  
 WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

The astonishing success which has constantly at-  
 tended the administration of this medicine, emboldens  
 the proprietor to offer a return of the purchase money  
 whenever the desired effects are not produced. Indeed  
 a single instance of their failure has not come to his  
 knowledge, where the printed directions have been fol-  
 lowed.

A tenth part of the evidence already detailed to the  
 public, is sufficient to convince even the most pre-  
 judiced, that this medicine is so certain in its opera-  
 tion, and so salutary in its effects, as to claim the high-  
 est degree of confidence from the afflicted, or those  
 otherwise interested in the cure or prevention of all  
 disorders of the stomach and bowels, especially those  
 resulting from worms.

The proprietor offers to the inspection of every ap-  
 plicant, a list of cures with the particulars, longer he  
 is persuaded than any one will be at the trouble of  
 reading.

### AFFIDAVIT OF RECENT CURES.

MICHAEL DUFFEY, residing at No. 47, Wilke's  
 street, Fell's Point, in the city of Baltimore, volun-  
 tarily maketh oath, that the following statement is just  
 and true.

In the beginning of May last, my three children,  
 a boy of seven, and two girls, the one five and the  
 other three years of age, were taken very ill, nearly  
 at the same time, of a common fever, as I then sup-  
 posed; but was soon convinced the disorder was  
 caused by worms—they were frequently troubled with  
 convulsion fits, and violent startings in their sleep, and  
 with almost continual vomiting and purging, particu-  
 larly the youngest. I made immediate application to  
 a physician of the first reputation, and his medicines  
 were administered with a confidence of success which  
 only increased our disappointment. The children  
 grew daily worse, and I was absolutely without hopes  
 of their recovery. The youngest soon appeared al-  
 most devoid of animation, and scarcely an inhabitant  
 of this world. In this distressing moment, I was told  
 that HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES  
 had performed many cures in cases equally deplorable  
 —I immediately purchased a box, and gave each of  
 them a dose, which in a few hours produced the most  
 desirable effects; the eldest voided a great number of  
 very large worms, and the second, thousands of small  
 ones, many of them not a quarter of an inch long—  
 in the youngest they seemed to be consumed, and had  
 the appearance of skins and of slimy matter. I re-  
 peated the dose agreeable to the paper of direction,  
 and they all speedily recovered a good state of health,  
 which they still enjoy, though five months have nearly  
 elapsed since they were on the borders of the grave,  
 and the death of the whole appeared to be inevita-  
 ble.

Sworn before me this 26th day of Sept. 1799.  
 J. SMITH.

### HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

Celebrated for  
 Evacuating superfluous bile, and preventing its mor-  
 bid secretion—removing obstinate coliciveness, and re-  
 storing lost appetite.

### INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

Thousands can testify of their being cured by these  
 drops, after the bark and every other medicine has  
 proved ineffectual; and not one in an hundred has  
 had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not  
 half a bottle.

### DR. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing  
 them root and branch, without giving pain.

### CHURCH'S GENUINE COUGH DROPS,

A sovereign, speedy and effectual remedy in  
 Head-aches, Sore throats,  
 Catarrhs, Wheezings,  
 Shortness of breath, Congested phlegm,  
 Ticklings in the throat, Spitting of blood,  
 Tightness of the chest, Soreness of the breast and  
 Hoarseness of the voice, &c. &c.  
 Asthma and consumptions,  
 And all disorders of the breasts and lungs.

### ESSENCE OF MUSTARD,

FOR the cure of rheumatism, gout, rheumatic  
 gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white-swellings,  
 chilblains, sprains, bruises, acute and chronic rheuma-  
 tism.

(Prepared in pills, and in a fluid state for external use.)  
 This remedy has performed more cures in the com-  
 plaints than all the medicines ever before made public  
 —it eminently contains the medicinal properties of  
 mustard, concentrated in a small compass, and entirely  
 divested of the impurities so abundant in its crude state  
 —the virtues of other powerful anti-rheumatics are  
 combined with it, and render its efficacy unequal-  
 led.

### THE PILLS

strengthen the tone of the stomach, remove cold or  
 windy complaints, promote the circulation of the  
 blood, and insensible perspiration, and by throwing  
 off the redundant humours of the body in this salu-  
 tary manner, effectually relieve the most inveterate  
 rheumatism, gout, palsy, dropsy, &c.

### The FLUID ESSENCE

from its warm and penetrating nature, excels every  
 other application for sprains, bruises, chilblains, num-  
 bness, weakness of the joints, white-swellings, pains  
 of the back, and rheumatic complaints of every de-  
 scription.

A single bottle or box (or both as the case may re-  
 quire) will prove a complete remedy in slight or recent  
 complaints, and has never been known to fail, when  
 persisted in, to effect a permanent cure in any case  
 whatever.

### SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH,

Warranted an infallible and immediate cure at once using.  
 Being the most speedy, effectual, and pleasant re-  
 medy ever offered to the public, and for the satisfac-  
 tion of the timorous, the proprietor maketh oath, that  
 this ointment doth not contain a single particle of  
 mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its com-  
 position, and may be used with the most perfect safety  
 by pregnant women and on infants newly born.

### PATENT INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,

For the cure of

Veneral complaints of every description.

An extensive trial of near four years has proved the  
 Vegetable Specific to be effectual in expelling the ve-  
 nereal virus, however deeply rooted in the constitution,  
 and has restored health to many who have been  
 brought to the grave, by the improper administration  
 of mercury. Within this period upwards of four  
 thousand patients have experienced its salutary ef-  
 fects.

With the medicine is given a description of the  
 symptoms which obtain in every stage of the disease,  
 with copious directions for their treatment, so as to  
 accomplish a perfect cure in the shortest time, and  
 with the least inconvenience possible.

Those who wish to purchase any of the above ar-  
 ticles are cautioned against the imposition of inferior  
 medicines, and to inquire for them only of Mr. Gideon  
 White.

Wholesale purchasers allowed a liberal profit by ad-  
 dressing to Rd. Lee, and Co. Baltimore.

### William Caton,

TAKES leave to inform the public, that he in-  
 tends, on the first of April next, to open tavern  
 in that well known house formerly kept by Mr.  
 GEORGE MANN, and now by Mr. JAMES WHARREN,  
 in the city of Annapolis, and assures them, that he  
 will always keep an assortment of the best liquors, and  
 good waiters; and he will use his utmost exertions to  
 give complete satisfaction, hopes for, and solicits,  
 the patronage and encouragement of a generous public.  
 He has rented that elegant and commodious house  
 now occupied by Mrs. MANN, where gentlemen, after  
 the above mentioned time, may be accommodated in a  
 private manner, separate from the tavern, by the  
 year, month, week or day, and he pledges himself to  
 those who think proper to honour him with their cus-  
 tom, that nothing shall be wanted on his part to merit  
 their favours.

To the citizens of St. Mary's, Charles, and Calvert  
 counties.

Gentlemen,  
 THE next election of electors of the president and  
 vice-president of the United States, two of the  
 most elevated and responsible offices under the gen-  
 eral government being not far distant; feeling a so-  
 licitude for the issue, and a continuance of those  
 blessings every class of the community have felt under  
 our present happy constitution, and the wife and vir-  
 tuous administration under it; being persuaded the  
 political sentiments of the citizens of the first district  
 of Maryland are in unison with my own on this in-  
 teresting business, I have thought proper to offer my-  
 self a candidate for the next election of electors, to re-  
 present you in the election of president and vice-pre-  
 sident; should I have the honour of meeting your ap-  
 probation, I shall use my best endeavours to discharge  
 the important trust with honesty and integrity.

I am, with high respect,

Gentlemen,

Your most obedient servant,

EDMUND PLOWDEN.

December 9, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on  
 3d December, a negro man named SAUL,  
 about 23 or 25 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high  
 yellowish complexion; his clothing a blue over  
 jacket, striped under jacket, and gray coating over-  
 all; says he was bought from major SAMUEL CHAP-  
 MAN, of Charles county, by Messrs. WELLS and  
 BLAKE, of North-Carolina; His owners are desired  
 to pay charges and take him away, or he will be sold  
 agreeably to law for prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of  
 Charles county.

December 5, 1799.

### For SALE, SUNDRY LAW BOOKS.

Inquire at the printing-office.

### ANNAPOLIS

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL  
 GREEN.

(LVth YEAR

MA

### A FUNER

In honour  
 GEORGE V

Late general of the  
 Prepared and delivered  
 the German Lutheran  
 26th of December,

### MAJOR-GEN

One of the representa-  
 IN obedience to yo  
 organ, with the ho  
 system of public mo  
 pleased to adopt, com  
 most illustrious and m  
 try has ever produced  
 to posterity your sen  
 presents your knowled  
 you so cordially honou

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 casualties of war: W  
 of our loss? none wi  
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The founder of our  
 in war, our guide in  
 was but questionable  
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 Washington is remov  
 est frame, and pure  
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 the world; and whe  
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 have perished, still  
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 and New-Jersey, v  
 armies, aided by  
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 safety; undismayed  
 of fortune. Or w  
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 arm, reigned triu  
 down; undiscourag  
 was the night; it  
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 try called; unimp  
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 The morning sun  
 country rose on  
 passing his blow  
 town, what his v  
 of Delaware.  
 Thence to the  
 led his final but

\* The two day



# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1800.

## A FUNERAL ORATION.

In honour of the memory of  
**GEORGE WASHINGTON.**

Late general of the armies of the United States:  
Prepared and delivered at the request of congress, at  
the German Lutheran church, on Thursday, the  
26th of December, by

**MAJOR-GENERAL HENRY LEE,**

One of the representatives from the state of Virginia.

In obedience to your will, I rise your humble  
organ, with the hope of executing a part of the  
system of public mourning which you have been  
pleased to adopt, commemorative of the death of the  
most illustrious and most beloved personage this coun-  
try has ever produced; and which, while it transmits  
to posterity your sense of the awful event, feintly re-  
presents your knowledge of the consummate excellence  
you so cordially honour.

Desperate indeed is any attempt on earth to meet  
correspondently this dispensation of Heaven: for,  
while with pious resignation we submit to the will of  
an all-gracious Providence, we can never cease la-  
menting in our finite view of omnipotent wisdom, the  
heart rending privation for which our nation weeps.  
When the civilized world shakes to its centre: when  
every moment gives birth to strange and momentous  
changes; when our peaceful quarter of the globe, ex-  
empt as it happily has been from any share in the  
slaughter of the human race, may yet be compelled to  
abandon her pacific policy, and to risk the doleful  
casualties of war: What limit is there to the extent  
of our loss? none within the reach of my words to  
express; none which your feelings will not disa-  
vow.

The founder of our federate republic—our bulwark  
in war, our guide in peace, is no more. Oh that this  
was but questionable! hope, the comforter of the  
wretched, would pour into our agonized hearts its  
balmy dew. But, alas! there is no hope for us: our  
Washington is removed for ever. Possessing the stout-  
est frame, and purest mind, he had passed nearly to  
his sixty-eighth year, in the enjoyment of high health,  
when habituated by his care of us to neglect himself,  
a slight cold, disregarded, became inconvenient on  
Friday, oppressive on Saturday, and defying every  
medical interposition, before the morning of Sunday,  
put an end to the best of men. An end did I say—  
his fame survives! bounded only by the limits of the  
earth, and by the extent of the human mind. He  
survives in our hearts, in the growing knowledge of  
our children, in the affections of the good throughout  
the world; and when our monuments shall be done  
away; when nations now existing shall be no more;  
when even our young and far spreading empire shall  
have perished, still will our Washington's glory un-  
faded shine, and die not, until love of virtue cease on  
earth, or earth itself sink into chaos.

How, my fellow-citizens, shall I single to your  
grateful hearts his pre-eminent worth! where shall I  
begin in opening to your view a character throughout  
sublime. Shall I speak of his warlike achievements,  
all springing from obedience to his country's will—all  
directed to his country's good?

Will you go with me to the banks of the Mononga-  
hela, to see your youthful Washington, supporting in  
the dismal hour of Indian victory, the ill-fated Brad-  
dock, and saving, by his judgment and by his valour,  
the remains of a defeated army, pressed by the con-  
quering savage foe? Or, when oppressed America,  
nobly resolving to risk her all in defence of her vio-  
lated rights, he was elevated by the unanimous voice  
of congress to the command of her armies: Will you  
follow him to the high grounds of Boston, where to  
an undisciplined, courageous and virtuous yeomanry,  
his presence gave the stability of system, and infused  
the elasticity of love of country: Or shall I carry  
you to the painful scenes of Long Island, York Island  
and New Jersey, when combating superior and gallant  
armies, aided by powerful fleets, and led by chiefs  
high in the roll of fame, he stood the bulwark of our  
safety: undismayed by disaster; unchanged by change  
of fortune. Or will you view him in the precarious  
fields of Trenton, where deep gloom unnerving every  
arm, reigned triumphant through our thinned, worn  
down, unaided ranks: himself unmoved.—Dreadful  
was the night: it was about this time of winter.—The  
storm raged.—The Delaware rolling furiously with  
floating ice forbade the approach of man. Washington,  
left collected, viewed the tremendous scene—his coun-  
try called; unappalled by surrounding dangers, he  
passed to the hostile shore: he fought; he conquered.  
The morning sun cheered the American world. Our  
country rose on the event; and her daughter chief  
parading his brow, completed in the laws of Prince-  
town, what his valour had conceived on the shores  
of Delaware.

Thence to the strong grounds of Morris-town, he  
led his small but gallant band, and through an event-

\* The two houses of congress.

ful winter, by the high efforts of his genius whose  
matchless force was measurable only by the growth of  
difficulties, he held in check formidable hostile legions,  
conducted by a chief experienced in the art of war,  
and famed for his valour on the ever memorable heights  
of Abraham, where fell Wolf, Montcalm, and since  
our much lamented Montgomery; all covered with  
glory. In this fortunate interval, produced by his  
masterly conduct, our fathers, ourselves, animated by  
his selfless example, rallied around our country's  
standard, and continued to follow our beloved chief,  
through the various and trying scenes to which the  
destinies of our union led.

Who is there that has forgotten the vale of Brandy-  
wine—the fields of German-town, or the plains of  
Monmouth; every where present, want of every kind  
obstructing, numerous and valiant armies, encounter-  
ing, himself a host, he assuaged our sufferings, limited  
our privations, and upheld our tottering republic.  
Shall I display to you the spread of the fire of his soul,  
by rehearsing the praises of the hero of Saratoga, and  
his much loved compeer of the Carolina's? No; our  
Washington wears not borrowed glory: To Gates—  
to Green, he gave without reserve the applause due to  
their eminent merit; and long may the chiefs of  
Saratoga, and of Rutaw, receive the grateful respect  
of a grateful people.

Moving in his own orbit, he imparted heat and  
light to his most distant satellites; and combining the  
physical and moral force of all within his sphere, with  
unfailing weight he took his course, commiserating  
folly, disdaining vice, disarming treason and invigo-  
rating dependency, until the auspicious hour arrived,  
when, united with the intrepid forces of a potent and  
magnanimous ally, he brought to submission the since  
conqueror of India; thus finishing his long career of  
military glory with a lustre corresponding to his great  
name, and in this his last act of war affixing the seal  
of fate to our nation's birth.

To the horrid din of battle sweet peace succeeded  
and our virtuous chief, mindful only of the common  
good, in a moment tempting personal aggrandizement,  
hushed the discontents of growing rebellion, and for-  
rendering his power into the hands from which he had  
received it, converted his sword into a ploughshare,  
teaching an admiring world that to be truly great, you  
must be truly good.

Was I to stop here, the picture would be incom-  
plete, and the tale unfinished.—Great as was  
our Washington in war, and much as did that great  
name contribute to produce the American republic, it  
is not in war alone his pre-eminence stands conspicu-  
ous: his various talents combining all the capacities of  
a statesman with those of a soldier, fitted him alike to  
guide the councils and the armies of our nation.  
Scarcely had he rested from his martial toils, while  
his invaluable parental advice was still sounding in our  
ears, when he who had been our shield and our sword,  
was called forth to act a less splendid but a more im-  
portant part.

Possessing a clear and penetrating mind, a strong  
and a sound judgment, calmness and temper for deli-  
beration, with invincible firmness and perseverance in  
resolutions maturely formed, drawing information  
from all, acting from himself, with incorruptible in-  
tegrity and unvarying patriotism: his own superiority  
and the public confidence alike, raised him as the  
man designed by Heaven to lead in the great political  
as well as military events which have distinguished the  
era of his life.

The finger of an over-ruling Providence, pointing  
at Washington, was neither mistaken nor unobserved  
when to realize the vast hopes to which our revolution  
had given birth, a change of political system became  
indispensable.

How novel, how grand the spectacle, independent  
states stretched over an immense territory, and known  
only by common difficulty, clinging to their union as  
the rock of their safety, deciding by frank comparison  
of their relative condition, to rest on that rock, under  
the guidance of reason, a common government thro'  
whose commanding protection, liberty and order, with  
their long train of blessings should be safe to them-  
selves, and the sure inheritance of their posterity.

This arduous task devolved on citizens selected by the  
people, from knowledge of their wisdom and confi-  
dence in their virtue. In this august assembly of sages  
and of patriots, Washington of course was found—  
and, as if acknowledged to be most wise, where all  
were wise, with one voice he was declared their chief.  
How well he merited this rare distinction, how faith-  
ful were the labours of himself and his compatriots,  
the work of their hands and our union, strength and  
prosperity, the fruits of that work, best attest.

But to have essentially aided in presenting to his  
country this consummation of her hopes neither satis-  
fied the claims of his fellow-citizens on his talents,  
nor those duties which the possession of those talents  
imposed. Heaven had not infused into his mind such  
an uncommon share of its ethereal spirit to re-  
main unemployed, nor bestowed on him his genius

unaccompanied with the corresponding duty of de-  
voting it to the common good. To have framed a  
constitution, was shewing only, without realizing the  
general happiness. This great work remained to be  
done, and America, steadfast in her preference with one  
voice summoned her beloved Washington, unpractised  
as he was in the duties of civil administration, to ex-  
ecute this last act in the completion of the national  
felicity. Obedient to her call, he assumed the high  
office with that self-distrust peculiar to his innate mo-  
delty, the constant attendant of pre-eminent virtue.  
What was the burst of joy through our anxious land  
on this exalting event is known to us all. The  
aged, the young, the brave, the fair rivalled each  
other in demonstrations of their gratitude; and this  
high wrought delightful scene was heightened in its  
effect, by the singular contest between the zeal of the  
bestowers and the avoidance of the receiver of the  
honours bestowed. Commencing his administration,  
what heart is not charmed with the recollection of the  
pure and wise principles announced by himself, as  
the basis of his political life. He best understood the  
indissoluble union between virtue and happiness, be-  
tween duty and advantage between the genuine max-  
ims of an honest and magnanimous policy, and the  
solid rewards of public prosperity and individual feli-  
city: watching with an equal and comprehensive eye  
over this great assemblage of communities and interests,  
he laid the foundations of our national policy in the  
unerring immutable principles of morality, based on  
religion, exemplifying the pre-eminence of free go-  
vernment, by all the attributes which win the affec-  
tions of its citizens or command the respect of the  
world.

"O fortunatos nimium, sua si bona norint!"

Leading through the complicated difficulties pro-  
duced by previous obligations and conflicting interests,  
seconded by succeeding houses of congress, enlighten-  
ed and patriotic, he surmounted all original obstruc-  
tions, and brightened the path of our national felicity.

The presidential term expiring, his solicitude to  
exchange exaltation for humility returned, with a  
force increased with increase of age, and he had pre-  
pared his farewell address to his countrymen, pro-  
claiming his intention, when the united interposition  
of all around him, enforced by the eventful prospects  
of the epoch, produced a further sacrifice of inclin-  
ation to duty. The election of president followed, and  
Washington by the unanimous vote of the nation, was  
called to resume the chief magistracy: what a won-  
derful fixure of confidence! which attracts most our  
admiration, a people so correct, or a citizen com-  
bining an assemblage of talents forbidding rivalry, and  
stifling even envy itself? Such a nation ought to be  
happy, such a chief must be for ever revered.

War, long menaced by the Indian tribes, now broke  
out; and the terrible conflict deluging Europe with  
blood, began to shed its baneful influence over our  
happy land. To the first, outstretching his invincible  
arm, under the orders of the gallant Wayne, the Ame-  
rican eagle soared triumphant through distant forests.  
Peace followed victory, and the melioration of the  
condition of the enemy followed peace. Godlike vir-  
tue which uplifts even the subdued savage.

To the second he opposed himself. New and  
delicate was the conjuncture, and great was the  
stake. Soon did his penetrating mind discern and  
seize the only course, continuing to us all, the felicity  
enjoyed. He issued his proclamation of neutrality.  
This index to him whole subsequent conduct was  
sanctioned by the approbation of both houses of con-  
gress, and by the approving voice of the people.

To this sublime policy he inviolably adhered, un-  
moved by foreign intrusion, unshaken by domestic  
turbulence.

"Iustum et tenacem propositi virum  
Non civium ardor prava jubentium,  
Non vultus instantia tyranni  
Mente quatit solida."

Maintaining his pacific system at the expense of no  
duty, America, faithful to herself and unstained in  
her honour, continued to enjoy the delights of peace,  
while afflicted Europe mourns in every quarter, under  
the accumulated miseries of an unexampled war;  
miseries in which our happy country must have shared,  
had not our pre-eminent Washington been as firm in  
council as he was brave in the field.

Pursuing sedulously his course, he held safe the pub-  
lic happiness, preventing foreign war, and quelling  
internal discord, till the revolving period of a third  
election approached, when he executed his interrupted  
but longings desire of returning to the humble  
walks of private life.

The promulgation of his fixed resolution stopped the  
anxious wishes of an affectionate people from adding  
a third unanimous testimonial of their unabated con-  
fidence in the man so long enthroned in their hearts.  
When, before, was affection like this exhibited on  
earth?—Turn over the records of ancient Greece,—  
Review the annals of mighty Rome,—examine the  
volumes of modern Europe; you search in vain.



William H. Park 131, 1792,  
Richard Ponionby 1777,  
Anthony Reintzel 830, 856, 1048, 1372, 1938,  
3118.  
Abner Ritchie 1003, 244, 2062, 2063, 1555,  
1034, 1348, 1606, 1422, 2064, 2065, 1978, 817.  
Ezra Robinson 2809, 2810, 2811, two shillings  
and nine-pence each.  
John Ritchie 1351, 1392, 1493, 1504.  
George Rolfe 334.  
Charles Robinson 1268.  
John Reid 301.  
James Robinson 2582, 2586, 2587, 2583.  
Christopher Richmond 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743,  
Abraham Ridgeley 229.  
Selby & Cookes 193, 1413.  
John Schley 1237.  
James Shaw 3066.  
Robert C. Stanley 1373, 842, 1172, 930, 858.  
Philip Severer 3056.  
Benjamin Sheddert 3435, 3882, 3883, 3884,  
3885, 3886, 3440, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3452, 3454,  
3355, 3456, 3458, 3459, 3461, 3462.  
John A. Summer 25, 37, 38, 55, 57, 70, 72,  
58, 81, 89, 94, 109, 119, 126, 154, 162, 163,  
165, 170, 175, 180, 181, 184, 190, 196, 216,  
217, 220, 230, 236, 250, 278, 316, 320, 337,  
360, 382, 385, 398, 401, 404, 407, 413, 403,  
448, 449, 451, 452, 456, 481, 488, 495, 802, 827,  
846, 883, 896, 923, 932, 946, 951, 952, 963, 982,  
989, 991, 1008, 1009, 1014, 1017, 1037, 1044,  
1060, 1083, 1097, 1100, 1111, 1112, 1118, 1121,  
1132, 1150, 1161, 1173, 1174, 1183, 1184, 1187,  
1196, 1119, 1201, 1209, 1221, 1245, 1277, 1280,  
1295, 1259, 1300, 1310, 1312, 1342, 1381, 1384,  
1408, 1417, 1422, 1425, 1426, 1433, 1442, 1444,  
1462, 1463, 1465, 1469, 1475, 1478, 1496, 1500,  
1502, 1508, 1530, 1537, 1538, 1552, 1590, 1593,  
1597, 1598, 1602, 1616, 1624, 1691, 1694, 1695,  
1702, 1711, 1712, 1718, 1721, 1730, 1741, 1762,  
1766, 1793, 1748, 1714, 1789, 1802, 1819, 1821,  
1844, 1849, 1805, 1887, 1884, 1895, 1914, 1926,  
1929, 1931, 1938, 1944, 1954, 2016, 2038, 2081,  
2085, 2309, 2308, 2317, 2320, 2343, 2348, 3008,  
3034, 3043, 3047, 3060, 3062, 3100, 3119, 3125,  
3129, 3161, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023, 4024, 4038,  
4053, 4255, 4290, 4098, 4110, 4115, 4081.  
Anne Spicer 1 lot, number unknown, one shilling  
and four-pence half-penny.  
John Templeman 347, 348, 349, one shilling and  
four-pence each.  
Thomas and St. Turner 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619.  
Benjamin G. Vaughan 2057, 2551, 3155, and one  
lot number unknown.  
John Willon 4045, Edward Wright 217, 3039,  
1289, 2540, 4064 1190, 118.  
Philip L. Webber 283, 1435.  
James Weik, jun. 2081, 1005.  
Charles Wayman 82.  
James Williams 2033, 2504, 1790, 149, 1610,  
210, 86, 1639, 3153, 1202, 1054, 3149, 1398,  
1038, 878, 2010.  
John Warfield 266.  
William Woods 2723, 2732, 2733, 2735.  
John Williams 3 lots 50 acres each eleven-pence  
half-penny each.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county  
charges, due on the lands and lots aforesaid, shall be  
paid to William McMahon, collector of Allegany  
county, on or before the 15th day of June next, the  
lands and lots to be charged as aforesaid, or such part there-  
of as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon,  
shall be sold to the highest bidder for the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD,  
HANSON BRISCOE,  
JOHN REID,  
Commissioners of the tax for  
Allegany county.

### Patowmack Company.

THE Stockholders are earnestly desired to attend  
a general meeting at the Union Tavern, in  
George-town, on Monday the 20th January next, on  
business of the first importance to this useful improve-  
ment of facilitating the navigation and locks at the Great  
Falls on Patowmack river.

The president and directors are anxious to contract  
for a number of black labourers by the year, and any  
one of the subscribers will be ready to receive pro-  
posals immediately for the year ensuing, having  
obtained the sanction and aid of the State of Maryland,  
they have no doubt of being able to make punctual  
payment for all their contracts.

JAMES KRIPH, President,  
JOHN MASON,  
WILLIAM H. DORSEY,  
JOHN LAIRD,  
JOSIAS CLAPHAM,  
Directors.

George-town, December 10, 1799.

In CHANCERY, December 21, 1799.  
ORDERED, That THOMAS HARWOOD, an  
insolvent debtor, of Calvert county, by indis-  
position, hath been prevented from attending here this  
day, agreeably to order, do appear in the chancery-  
office, on the 18th day of February next, for the pur-  
pose of taking, in presence of his creditors, the oath  
of law required for delivering up his property, and  
by law required for delivering up his property, and  
that, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in  
the Maryland Gazette, before the 5th day of January  
next, he give notice to his creditors to appear in the  
said office for the purpose of recommending a person  
to be trustee for their benefit.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

### JUST RECEIVED.

From LEE's and Co. Patent Family Medicine  
store Baltimore, and for sale by  
GIDEON WHITE, Annapolis.  
DR. HAMILTON's celebrated  
WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

The astonishing success which has constantly at-  
tended the administration of this medicine, emboldens  
the proprietor to offer a return of the purchase money  
whenever the desired effects are not produced. Indeed  
a single instance of their failure has not come to his  
knowledge, where the printed directions have been fol-  
lowed.

A tenth part of the evidence already detailed to the  
public, is sufficient to convince even the most pre-  
judiced, that this medicine is in certain in its opera-  
tion, and so salutary in its effects, as to claim the high-  
est degree of confidence from the afflicted, or those  
otherwise interested in the cure or prevention of all  
disorders of the stomach and bowels, especially those  
resulting from worms.

The proprietor offers to the inspection of every ap-  
plicant, a list of cures with the particulars, longer he  
is persuaded than any one will be at the trouble of  
reading.

### AFFIDAVIT OF RECENT CURES

MICHAEL DUFFEY, residing at No. 47, Wilke's  
Street, Fell's-Point, in the city of Baltimore, volun-  
tarily makes oath, that the following statement is just  
and true.

In the beginning of May last, my three children,  
a boy of seven, and two girls, the one five and the  
other three years of age, were taken very ill, nearly  
at the same time, of a common fever, as I then sup-  
posed; but was soon convinced the disorder was  
caused by worms—they were frequently troubled with  
convulsions fits, and violent flatulency in their sleep, and  
with almost continual vomiting and purging, particu-  
larly the youngest. I made immediate application to  
a physician of the first reputation, and his medicines  
were administered with a constant attendance of docters, which  
only increased our disappointment. The children  
grew daily worse, and I was absolutely without hopes  
of their recovery. The youngest soon appeared al-  
most devoid of animation, and scarcely an inhabitant  
of this world. In this distressing moment, I was told  
that HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES  
had performed many cures in cases equally desperate  
—I immediately purchased a box, and gave each of  
them a dose, which in a few hours produced the most  
desirable effects; the eldest voided a great number of  
very large worms, and the second, thousands of small  
ones, many of them not a quarter of an inch long—  
in the youngest they seemed to be continued, and had  
the appearance of fleas and of dirty matter. I re-  
peated the dose agreeable to the printed direction,  
and they all speedily recovered a good state of health,  
which they still enjoy, though five months have nearly  
elapsed since they were on the borders of the grave,  
and the death of the whole appeared to be inevita-  
ble.

Sworn before me this 26th day of Sept. 1799.  
J. SMITH.

### HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

Celebrated for

Evacuating superfluous bile, and preventing its mor-  
bid secretion—removing obdurate coliciveness, and re-  
storing lost appetite.

### INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

Thousands can testify of their being cured by these  
drops, after the bark and every other medicine has  
proved ineffectual; and not one in an hundred has  
had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not  
half a bottle.

### DR. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing  
them root and branch, without giving pain.

### CHURCH'S GENUINE COUGH DROPS,

A sovereign, speedy and effectual remedy in

Head-aches,	Sore throats,
Catarrhs,	Whooping,
Shortness of breath,	Congested phlegm,
Ticklings in the throat,	Spitting of blood,
Tightness of the chest,	Soreness of the breast and
Hoarse cough,	Stomach, &c. &c.

Asthmas and consumptions,

And all disorders of the breasts and lungs.

### ESSENCE OF MUSTARD,

FOR the cure of rheumatism, gout, rheumatic  
gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white-swellings,  
chilblains, sprains, bruises, acute and chronic rheuma-  
tism.

(Prepared in pills, and in a fluid state for external use.)

This remedy has performed more cures in the com-  
plaints than all the medicines ever before made public  
—it eminently contains the medicinal properties of  
mustard, concentrated in a small compass, and entirely  
devoid of the impurities so abundant in its crude state  
—the virtues of other powerful anti-rheumatics are  
combined with it, and render its efficacy unequal-  
led.

### THE PILLS

strengthen the tone of the stomach, remove cold or  
windy complaints, promote the circulation of the  
blood, and inflexible perspiration, and by throwing  
off the redundant humours of the body in this salu-  
tary manner, effectually relieve the most inveterate  
rheumatisms, gout, palsy, dropsy, &c.

### The FLUID ESSENCE

from its warm and penetrating nature, excels every  
other application for sprains, bruises, chilblains, numb-  
ness, weakness of the joints, white-swellings, pain  
of the back, and rheumatic complaints of every de-  
scription.

A single bottle or box (or both as the case may re-  
quire) will prove a complete remedy in slight or recent  
complaints, and has never been known to fail, when  
persisted in, to effect a permanent cure in any case  
whatever.

### SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH,

Warranted an infallible and immediate cure at once using.  
Being the most speedy, effectual, and pleasant re-  
medy ever offered to the public, and for the satisfac-  
tion of the timorous, the proprietor makes oath, that  
this ointment doth not contain a single particle of  
mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its com-  
position, and may be used with the most perfect safety  
by pregnant women and on infants newly born.

### PATENT INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,

For the cure of

Venereal complaints of every description.

An extensive trial of near four years has proved the  
Vegetable Specific to be effectual in expelling the ve-  
nerial virus, however deeply rooted in the constitution,  
and has restored health to many who have been  
brought to the grave, by the improper administration  
of mercury. Within this period upwards of four  
thousand patients have experienced its salutary ef-  
fects.

With the medicine is given a description of the  
symptoms which obtain in every stage of the disease,  
with copious directions for their treatment, so as to  
accomplish a perfect cure in the shortest time, and  
with the least inconvenience possible.

Those who wish to purchase any of the above ar-  
ticles are cautioned against the imposition of inferior  
medicines, and to inquire for them only of *Dr. Gideon  
White*.

Wholesale purchasers allowed a liberal profit by ad-  
dressing to R. Lee, and Co. Baltimore.

### William Caton,

TAKES leave to inform the public, that he in-  
tends, on the first of April next, to open tavern  
in that well known house formerly kept by Mr.  
GEORGE MANN, and now by Mr. JAMES WHARF,  
in the city of Annapolis, and assures them, that he  
will always keep an assortment of the best liquors, and  
good waiters; and he with his utmost exertions to  
give complete satisfaction, hopes for, and solicits,  
the patronage and encouragement of a generous public.

He has rented that elegant and commodious house  
now occupied by Mrs. MANN, where gentlemen, after  
the above mentioned time, may be accommodated in a  
private manner, separate from the tavern, by the  
year, month, week or day, and he pledges himself to  
those who think proper to honour him with their cul-  
tury, that nothing shall be wanted on his part to merit  
their favours.

To the citizens of St. Mary's, Charles, and Calvert  
counties.

Gentlemen,

THE next election of electors of the president and  
vice-president of the United States, two of the  
most elevated and responsible offices under the gen-  
eral government being not far distant; feeling a so-  
licitude for the issue, and a continuance of those  
blessings every class of the community have felt under  
our present happy constitution, and the wife and vir-  
tuous administration under it; being persuaded the  
political sentiments of the citizens of the first district  
of Maryland are in unison with my own on this in-  
teresting business, I have thought proper to offer my-  
self a candidate for the next election of electors, to re-  
present you in the election of president and vice-pre-  
sident; should I have the honour of meeting your ap-  
probation, I shall use my best endeavours to discharge  
the important trust with honesty and integrity.

I am, with high respect,

Gentlemen,

Your most obedient servant,

EDMUND PLOWDEN.

December 9, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on  
3d December, a negro man named SAUL,  
about 23 or 25 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high,  
yellowish complexion; his clothing a blue over-  
jacket, striped under jacket, and gray coating over-  
alls; says he was bought from major SAMUEL CHAP-  
MAN, of Charles county, by Messrs. WELLSBORN and  
BLAKE, of North-Carolina. His owners are desired  
to pay charges and take him away, or he will be sold  
agreeably to law for prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of  
Charles county.

December 5, 1799.

### For SALE, SUNDRY LAW BOOKS.

Inquire at the printing-office.

### ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL  
GREEN.

(LVth YEAR

MA

### A FUNERAL

In honour

GEORGE V

Late general of the  
Prepared and delivered  
the German Lutheran  
26th of December,

### MAJOR-GEN

One of the representat

IN obedience to yo  
organ, with the ho  
system of public mo  
pleased to adopt, com  
most illustrious and m  
try has ever produced  
to posterity your sense  
presents your knowled  
you for cordially honou

Desperate indeed is  
correspondently this  
while with pious refi  
an all-gracious Prov  
menting in our finite  
heart rending privati  
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abandon her pacific  
casualties of war: W  
of our loss? none w  
express; none whic  
vow.

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in war, our guide in  
was but questionabl  
wretched, would po  
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it frame, and pure  
his sixty-eighth year  
when habituated by  
a slight cold, disfre  
Friday, oppressive  
medical interposition  
put an end to the be  
his fame survives! b  
earth, and by the e  
survives in our hear  
our children, in the  
the world; and wh  
away; when nation  
when even our youn  
have perished, still  
faded shine, and di  
earth, or earth ite

How, my fellow  
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the remains of a d  
quering savage fo  
nobly refusing to  
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of congress to the  
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of fortune. Or v  
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floating ice forbade  
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The morning sun  
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town, what his v  
of Delaware.

Thence to the  
led his small but

\* The two boy



# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1800.

## A FUNERAL ORATION.

In honour of the memory of  
**GEORGE WASHINGTON,**

Late general of the armies of the United States;  
Prepared and delivered at the request of congress, at  
the German Lutheran church, on Thursday, the  
26th of December, by

**MAJOR-GENERAL HENRY LEE,**

One of the representatives from the State of Virginia.

In obedience to your will, I rise your humble  
organ, with the hope of executing a part of the  
system of public mourning which you have been  
pleased to adopt, commemorative of the death of the  
most illustrious and most beloved personage this coun-  
try has ever produced; and which, while it transmits  
to posterity your sense of the awful event, feintly re-  
presents your knowledge of the consummate excellence  
you so cordially honour.

Desperate indeed is any attempt on earth to meet  
correspondently this dispensation of Heaven: for,  
while with pious resignation we submit to the will of  
an all-gracious Providence, we can never cease la-  
menting in our finite view of omnipotent wisdom, the  
heart rending privation for which our nation weeps.  
When the civilized world shakes to its centre: when  
every moment gives birth to strange and momentous  
changes; when our peaceful quarter of the globe, ex-  
empt as it happily has been from any share in the  
slaughter of the human race, may yet be compelled to  
abandon her pacific policy, and to risk the doleful  
casualties of war: What limit is there to the extent  
of our loss? none within the reach of my words to  
express; none which your feelings will not disa-  
vow.

The founder of our federate republic—our bulwark  
in war, our guide in peace, is no more. Oh that this  
was but questionable! hope, the comforter of the  
wretched, would pour into our agonized hearts its  
balm dew. But, alas! there is no hope for us: our  
Washington is removed for ever. Possessing the stout-  
est frame, and purest mind, he had passed nearly to  
his sixty-eighth year, in the enjoyment of high health,  
when habituated by his care of us to neglect himself,  
a slight cold, disregarded, became inconvenient on  
Friday, oppressive on Saturday, and defying every  
medical interposition, before the morning of Sunday,  
put an end to the best of men. An end did I say—  
his fame survives! bounded only by the limits of the  
earth, and by the extent of the human mind. He  
survives in our hearts, in the growing knowledge of  
our children, in the affections of the good throughout  
the world; and when our monuments shall be done  
away; when nations now existing shall be no more:  
when even our young and far spreading empire shall  
have perished, still will our Washington's glory un-  
faded shine, and die not, until love of virtue cease on  
earth, or earth itself sink into chaos.

How, my fellow-citizens, shall I single to your  
grateful hearts his pre-eminent worth! where shall I  
begin in opening to your view a character throughout  
sublime. Shall I speak of his warlike achievements,  
all springing from obedience to his country's will—all  
directed to his country's good?

Will you go with me to the banks of the Mononga-  
hela, to see your youthful Washington, supporting in  
the dismal hour of Indian victory, the ill-fated Brad-  
dock, and saving, by his judgment and by his valour,  
the remains of a defeated army, pressed by the con-  
quering savage foe? Or, when oppressed America,  
nobly resolving to risk her all in defence of her vio-  
lated rights, he was elevated by the unanimous voice  
of congress to the command of her armies: Will you  
follow him to the high grounds of Boston, where to  
an undisciplined, courageous and virtuous yeomanry,  
his presence gave the stability of system, and infused  
the evincibility of love of country: Or shall I carry  
you to the painful scenes of Long Island, York Island  
and New-Jersey, when combating superior and gallant  
armies, aided by powerful fleets, and led by chiefs  
high in the roll of fame, he stood the bulwark of our  
safety: undismayed by disaster; unchanged by change  
of fortune. Or will you view him in the precarious  
fields of Trenton, where deep gloom unnerving every  
arm, reigned triumphant through our thinned, worn  
down, unaided ranks: himself unmoved.—Dreadful  
was the night; it was about this time of winter—The  
storm raged—The Delaware rolling furiously with  
floating ice forbade the approach of man. Washington,  
felt collected, viewed the tremendous scene—his coun-  
try called; unappalled by surrounding dangers, he  
passed to the hostile shore: he fought; he conquered.  
The morning sun cheered the American world. Our  
country rose on the event; and her dauntless chief  
pursuing his blow, completed in the lawns of Prince-  
town, what his valiant soul had conceived on the shores  
of Delaware.

Thence to the strong grounds of Morris-town, he  
led his small but gallant band, and through an event-

ful winter, by the high efforts of his genius whose  
matchless force was measurable only by the growth of  
difficulties, he held in check formidable hostile legions,  
conducted by a chief experienced in the art of war,  
and famed for his valour on the ever memorable heights  
of Abraham, where fell Wolf, Montcalm, and since  
our much lamented Montgomery; all covered with  
glory. In this fortunate interval, produced by his  
masterly conduct, our fathers, ourselves, animated by  
his restless example, rallied around our country's  
standard, and continued to follow our beloved chief,  
through the various and trying scenes to which the  
defines of our union led.

Who is there that has forgotten the vales of Brandy-  
wine—the fields of German-town, or the plains of  
Monmouth; every where present, want of every kind  
obstructing, numerous and valiant armies, encounter-  
ing, himself a host, he assuaged our sufferings, limited  
our privations, and upheld our tottering republic.  
Shall I display to you the spread of the fire of his soul,  
by rehearsing the praises of the hero of Saratoga, and  
his much loved compeer of the Carolina's? No; our  
Washington wears not borrowed glory: To Gates—  
to Green, he gave without reserve the applause due to  
their eminent merit; and long may the chiefs of  
Saratoga, and of Rutaw, receive the grateful respect  
of a grateful people.

Moving in his own orbit, he imparted heat and  
light to his most distant satellites; and combining the  
physical and moral force of all within his sphere, with  
unfailing weight he took his course, commiserating  
fully, disdaining vice, disdaining treason and invigo-  
rating despondency, until the auspicious hour arrived,  
when, united with the intrepid forces of a potent and  
magnanimous ally, he brought to submission the fierce  
conqueror of India; thus finishing his long career of  
military glory with a lustre corresponding to his great  
name, and in this his last act of war affixing the seal  
of fate to our nation's birth.

To the horrid din of battle sweet peace succeeded  
and our virtuous chief, mindful only of the common  
good, in a moment tempting personal aggrandizement,  
hushed the discontents of growing sedition, and sur-  
rendering his power into the hands from which he had  
received it, converted his sword into a ploughshare,  
teaching an admiring world that to be truly great, you  
must be truly good.

Was I to stop here, the picture would be incom-  
plete, and the task imposed unfinished—Great as was  
our Washington in war, and much as did that great-  
ness contribute to produce the American republic, it  
is not in war alone his pre-eminence stands conspicu-  
ous: his various talents combining all the capacities of  
a statesman with those of a soldier, fitted him alike to  
guide the councils and the armies of our nation.  
Scarcely had he rested from his martial toils, while  
his invaluable parental advice was still sounding in our  
ears, when he who had been our shield and our sword,  
was called forth to act a less splendid but a more im-  
portant part.

Possessing a clear and penetrating mind, a strong  
and a sound judgment, calmness and temper, nor deli-  
beration, with invincible firmness and perseverance in  
resolutions maturely formed, drawing information  
from all, acting from himself, with incorruptible in-  
tegrity and unvarying patriotism: his own superiority  
and the public confidence alike marked him as the  
man designed by Heaven to lead in the great political  
as well as military events which have distinguished the  
era of his life.

The finger of an over-ruling Providence, pointing  
at Washington, was neither mistaken nor unobserved  
when to realize the vast hopes to which our revolution  
had given birth, a change of political system became  
indispensable.

How novel, how grand the spectacle, independent  
states stretched over an immense territory, and known  
only by common difficulty, clinging to their union as  
the rock of their safety, deciding by frank comparison  
of their relative condition, to rear on that rock, under  
the guidance of reason, a common government thro'  
whose commanding protection, liberty and order, with  
their long train of blessings should be safe to them-  
selves, and the sure inheritance of their posterity.

This arduous task devolved on citizens selected by the  
people, from knowledge of their wisdom and confi-  
dence in their virtue. In this august assembly of sages  
and of patriots, Washington of course was found—  
and, as if acknowledged to be most wise, where all  
were wise, with one voice he was declared their chief.  
How well he merited this rare distinction, how faith-  
ful were the labours of himself and his compatriots,  
the work of their hands and our union, strength and  
prosperity, the fruits of that work, best attest.

But to have essentially aided in presenting to his  
country this consummation of her hopes neither satis-  
fied the claims of his fellow-citizens on his talents,  
nor those duties which the possession of those talents  
imposed. Heaven had not infused into his mind such  
an uncommon share of its æthereal spirit to re-  
main unemployed, nor bestowed on him his genius

unaccompanied with the corresponding duty of de-  
voting it to the common good. To have framed a  
constitution, was shewing only, without realizing the  
general happiness. This great work remained to be  
done, and America, steadfast in her preference with one  
voice summoned her beloved Washington, unpractised  
as he was in the duties of civil administration, to exe-  
cute this last act in the completion of the national  
felicity. Obedient to her call, he assumed the high  
office with that self-distrust peculiar to his innate mo-  
desty, the constant attendant of pre-eminent virtue.  
What was the burst of joy through our anxious land  
on this exhilarating event is known to us all. The  
aged, the young, the brave, the fair rivalled each  
other in demonstrations of their gratitude; and this  
high wrought delightful scene was heightened in its  
effect, by the singular contest between the zeal of the  
bestowers and the avoidance of the receiver of the  
honours bestowed. Commencing his administration,  
what heart is not charmed with the recollection of the  
pure and wise principles announced by himself, as  
the basis of his political life. He best understood the  
indissoluble union between virtue and happiness, be-  
tween duty and advantage between the genuine max-  
ims of an honest and magnanimous policy, and the  
solid rewards of public prosperity and individual feli-  
city: watching with an equal and comprehensive eye  
over this great assemblage of communities and interests,  
he laid the foundations of our national policy in the  
unerring immutable principles of morality, based on  
religion, exemplifying the pre-eminence of free go-  
vernment, by all the attributes which win the affec-  
tions of its citizens or command the respect of the  
world.

"O fortunatos nimium, sua si bona norint!"

Leading through the complicated difficulties pro-  
duced by previous obligations and conflicting interests,  
seconded by succeeding houses of congress, enlighten-  
ed and patriotic, he surmounted all original obstruc-  
tions, and brightened the path of our national felicity.

The presidential term expiring, his solicitude to  
exchange exaltation for humility returned, with a  
force increased with increase of age, and he had pre-  
pared his farewell address to his countrymen, pro-  
claiming his intention, when the united interposition  
of all around him, enforced by the eventful prospects  
of the epoch, produced a further sacrifice of inclinati-  
on to duty. The election of president followed, and  
Washington by the unanimous vote of the nation, was  
called to resume the chief magistracy: what a won-  
derful figure of confidence! which attracts most our  
admiration, a people so correct, or a citizen com-  
bining an assemblage of talents forbidding rivalry, and  
stilling even envy itself? Such a nation ought to be  
happy, such a chief must be for ever revered.

War, long menaced by the Indian tribes, now broke  
out; and the terrible conflict deluging Europe with  
blood, began to shed its baneful influence over our  
happy land. To the first, outstretching his invincible  
arm, under the orders of the gallant Wayne, the Ame-  
rican eagle soared triumphant through distant forests.  
Peace followed victory, and the melioration of the  
condition of the enemy followed peace. Godlike vir-  
tue which uplifts even the subdued savage.

To the second he opposed himself. New and  
delicate was the conjuncture, and great was the  
stake. Soon did his penetrating mind discern and  
seize the only course, continuing to us all, the felicity  
enjoyed. He issued his proclamation of neutrality.  
This index to him whole subsequent conduct was  
sanctioned by the approbation of both houses of con-  
gress, and by the approving voice of the people.

To this sublime policy he inviolably adhered, un-  
moved by foreign intrusion, unshaken by domestic  
turbulence.

"Jussem et tenacem propositi virum  
"Non civium ardor prava jubentium,  
"Non vultus instantis tyranni  
"Mente quatinus solida."

Maintaining his pacific system at the expence of no  
duty, America, faithful to herself and unstained in  
her honour, continued to enjoy the delights of peace,  
while afflicted Europe mourns in every quarter, under  
the accumulated miseries of an unexampled war;  
miseries in which our happy country must have shared,  
had not our pre-eminent Washington been as firm in  
council as he was brave in the field.

Pursuing steadfastly his course, he held safe the pub-  
lic happiness, preventing foreign war, and quelling  
internal discord, till the revolving period of a third  
election approached, when he executed his interrupted  
but inextinguishable desire of returning to the humble  
walks of private life.

The promulgation of his fixed resolution stopped the  
anxious wishes of an affectionate people from adding  
a third unanimous testimonial of their unabated con-  
fidence in the man so long enthroned in their hearts.  
When, before, was affection like this exhibited on  
earth?—Turn over the records of ancient Greece.—  
Review the annals of mighty Rome,—examine the  
volumes of modern Europe; you search in vain.



William H. Park 131, 1792,  
Richard Ponsonby 1777,  
Anthony Reintzel 830, 856, 1048, 1372, 1938,  
3118.  
Abner Ritchie 1903, 244, 2062, 2063, 4555,  
1034, 1348, 1606, 1422, 2064, 2065, 1978, 817.  
Ezra Robinson 2809, 2810, 2811, two shillings  
and nine-pence each.  
John Ritchie 1351, 1392, 1493, 1304.  
George Rols 334.  
Charles Robinson 1268.  
John Reid 301.  
James Robinson 2582, 2586, 2587, 2583.  
Christopher Richmond 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743,  
Abraham Ridgely 229.  
Selby & Cooke 193, 1413.  
John Schley 1237.  
James Shaw 3066.  
Robert C. Stanley 1373, 842, 1172, 930, 858.  
Philip Severer 3036.  
Benjamin Stedert 3435, 3882, 3883, 3884,  
3885, 3886, 3440, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3452, 3454,  
3355, 3456, 3458, 3459, 3461, 3462.  
John A. Summer 25, 37, 38, 55, 57, 70, 72,  
58, 81, 89, 94, 109, 119, 126, 154, 162, 163,  
165, 170, 175, 180, 181, 184, 190, 196, 216,  
217, 220, 230, 236, 250, 278, 316, 320, 337,  
360, 382, 385, 398, 401, 404, 407, 413, 403,  
448, 449, 451, 452, 456, 481, 488, 495, 802, 827,  
846, 883, 896, 923, 932, 946, 951, 952, 963, 982,  
989, 991, 1008, 1009, 1014, 1017, 1037, 1044,  
1069, 1083, 1097, 1100, 1111, 1112, 1118, 1121,  
1132, 1150, 1161, 1173, 1174, 1183, 1184, 1187,  
1196, 1119, 1201, 1209, 1221, 1245, 1277, 1280,  
1295, 1299, 1300, 1310, 1312, 1342, 1381, 1384,  
1408, 1417, 1422, 1425, 1426, 1433, 1442, 1444,  
1462, 1463, 1465, 1469, 1475, 1478, 1496, 1500,  
1502, 1508, 1530, 1537, 1538, 1552, 1590, 1593,  
1597, 1598, 1602, 1616, 1624, 1691, 1694, 1695,  
1702, 1711, 1712, 1718, 1721, 1730, 1741, 1762,  
1766, 1793, 1748, 1714, 1789, 1802, 1819, 1821,  
1844, 1849, 1865, 1887, 1894, 1895, 1914, 1926,  
1929, 1931, 1938, 1944, 1964, 2016, 2038, 2081,  
2085, 2309, 2398, 2517, 2520, 2543, 2548, 3008,  
3034, 3043, 3047, 3060, 3092, 3100, 3119, 3125,  
3129, 3161, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023, 4024, 4038,  
4053, 4055, 4096, 4098, 4110, 4115, 4081.  
Anne Spicer 1 lot, number unknown, one shilling  
and four-pence half-penny.  
John Templeman 347, 348, 349, one shilling and  
four-pence each.  
Thomas and Sa. Turner 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619.  
Benjamin G. Vaughan 2037, 2551, 3155, and one  
lot number unknown.  
John Willson 4045. Edward Wright 217, 3039,  
1289, 2540, 4064 1190, 118.  
Philip L. Webster 283, 1435.  
James West, jun. 2081, 1005.  
Charles Wayman 82.  
James Williams 2033, 2504, 1790, 149, 1610,  
210, 86, 1639, 3155, 1202, 1054, 3149, 1398,  
1038, 878, 2010.  
John Warfield 266.  
William Woods 2723, 2732, 2733, 2735.  
John Williams 3 lots 50 acres each eleven-pence  
half-penny each.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county  
charges, due on the lands and lots aforesaid, shall be  
paid to William M. Mahon, collector of Allegany  
county, on or before the 15th day of June next, the  
lands and lots so charged as aforesaid, or such part there-  
of as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon,  
shall be sold to the highest bidder for the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD,  
HANSON BRISCOE,  
JOHN REID,  
Commissioners of the tax for  
Allegany county.

### Patowmack Company.

THE Stockholders are earnestly desired to attend  
a general meeting at the Union Tavern, in  
Georgetown, on Monday the 20th January next, on  
business of the first importance to this useful improve-  
ment of finishing the navigation and locks at the Great  
Falls on Patowmack river.

The president and directors are anxious to contract  
for a number of black labourers by the year, and any  
one of the subscribers will be ready to receive propo-  
sals immediately for the year ensuing, having  
obtained the sanction and aid of the State of Maryland,  
they have no doubt of being able to make punctual  
payment for all their contracts.

JAMES KRISH, President,  
JOHN MASON,  
WILLIAM H. DORSEY,  
JOHN LAIRD,  
JOSIAS CLAPHAM,  
Directors.

Georgetown, December 10, 1799.

In CHANCERY, December 21, 1799.  
ORDERED, That THOMAS HARWOOD, an  
insolvent debtor, of Calvert county, by indis-  
position, hath been prevented from attending here this  
day, agreeably to order, do appear in the chancery  
office, on the 18th day of February next, for the pur-  
pose of taking, in presence of his creditors, the oath  
by law required for delivering up his property, and  
that, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in  
Maryland Gazette, before the 5th day of January  
next, he give notice to his creditors to appear in the  
said office for the purpose of recommending a person  
to be trustee for their benefit.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,  
Reg. Cur. Can.

JUST RECEIVED.  
From LEE's and Co. Patent Family Medicine  
Store Baltimore, and for sale by  
GIDEON WHITE, Annapolis.  
DR. HAMILTON's celebrated  
WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

The astonishing success which has constantly at-  
tended the administration of this medicine, emboldens  
the proprietor to offer a return of the purchase money  
whenever the desired effects are not produced. Indeed  
a single instance of their failure has not come to his  
knowledge, where the printed directions have been fol-  
lowed.

A tenth part of the evidence already detailed to the  
public, is sufficient to convince even the most pre-  
judiced, that this medicine is so certain in its opera-  
tion, and so salutary in its effects, as to claim the high-  
est degree of confidence from the afflicted, or those  
otherwise interested in the cure or prevention of all  
disorders of the stomach and bowels, especially those  
resulting from worms.

The proprietor offers to the inspection of every ap-  
plicant, a list of cures with the particulars, longer he  
is persuaded than any one will be at the trouble of  
reading.

#### AFFIDAVIT OF RECENT CURES.

MICHAEL DUFFEY, residing at No. 47, Wilke's  
street, Fell's Point, in the city of Baltimore, volun-  
tarily maketh oath, that the following statement is just  
and true.

In the beginning of May last, my three children,  
a boy of seven, and two girls, the one five and the  
other three years of age, were taken very ill, nearly  
at the same time, of a common fever, as I then sup-  
posed; but was soon convinced the disorder was  
caused by worms—they were frequently troubled with  
convulsion fits, and violent itchings in their sleep, and  
with almost continual vomiting and purging, particu-  
larly the youngest. I made immediate application to  
a physician of the first reputation, and his medicines  
were administered with a confidence of success which  
only increased our disappointment. The children  
grew daily worse, and I was absolutely without hopes  
of their recovery. The youngest soon appeared al-  
most devoid of animation, and scarcely an inhabitant  
of this world. In this distressing moment, I was told  
that HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES  
had performed many cures in cases equally desperate  
—I immediately purchased a box, and gave each of  
them a dose, which in a few hours produced the most  
desirable effects; the eldest voided a great number of  
very large worms, and the second, thousands of small  
ones, many of them not a quarter of an inch long—  
in the youngest they seemed to be consumed, and had  
the appearance of skins and of filmy matter. I re-  
peated the dose agreeable to the paper of direction,  
and they all speedily recovered a good state of health,  
which they still enjoy, though five months have nearly  
elapsed since they were on the borders of the grave,  
and the death of the whole appeared to be inevita-  
ble.

Sworn before me this 26th day of Sept. 1799.  
J. SMITH.

#### HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

Celebrated for

Evacuating superfluous bile, and preventing its mor-  
bid secretion—removing obdurate coliciveness, and re-  
storing lost appetite.

#### INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

Thousands can testify of their being cured by these  
drops, after the bark and every other medicine has  
proved ineffectual; and not one in an hundred has  
had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not  
half a bottle.

DR. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE  
GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing  
them root and branch, without giving pain.

#### CHURCH'S GENUINE COUGH DROPS,

A sovereign, speedy and effectual remedy in

Head-aches,	Sore throats,
Catarrhs,	Whoopings,
Shortness of breath,	Congested phlegm,
Ticklings in the throat,	Spitting of blood,
Tightness of the chest,	Soreness of the breast and
Hoarse cough,	stomach, &c. &c.

Asthma and consumptions.

And all disorders of the breasts and lungs.

#### ESSENCE OF MUSTARD,

FOR the cure of rheumatism, gout, rheumatic  
gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white-swellings,  
chilblains, sprains, bruises, acute and chronic rheuma-  
tism.

(Prepared in pills, and in a fluid state for external use.)

This remedy has performed more cures in the com-  
plaints than all the medicines ever before made public  
—it eminently contains the medicinal properties of  
mustard, concentrated in a small compass, and entirely  
divested of the impurities so abundant in its crude state  
—the virtues of other powerful anti-rheumatics are  
combined with it, and render its efficacy unequal-  
led.

#### THE PILLS

strengthen the tone of the stomach, remove cold or  
windy complaints, promote the circulation of the  
blood, and insensible perspiration, and by throwing  
off the redundant humours of the body in this salu-  
tary manner, effectually relieve the most inveterate  
rheumatism, gout, palsy, dropsy, &c.

#### The FLUID ESSENCE

from its warm and penetrating nature, excels every  
other application for sprains, bruises, chilblains, numb-  
ness, weakness of the joints, white-swellings, pains  
of the back, and rheumatic complaints of every de-  
scription.

A single bottle or box (or both as the case may re-  
quire) will prove a complete remedy in slight or recent  
complaints, and has never been known to fail, when  
perused in, to effect a permanent cure in any case  
whatever.

#### SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH,

Warranted an infallible and immediate cure at once using.

Being the most speedy, effectual, and pleasant re-  
medy ever offered to the public, and for the satisfac-  
tion of the timorous, the proprietor maketh oath, that  
this ointment doth not contain a single particle of  
mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its com-  
position, and may be used with the most perfect safety  
by pregnant women and on infants newly born.

#### PATENT

#### INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,

For the cure of

Veneral complaints of every description.

An extensive trial of near four years has proved the  
Vegetable Specific to be effectual in expelling the ven-  
ereal virus, however deeply rooted in the constitution,  
and has restored health to many who have been  
brought to the grave, by the improper administration  
of mercury. Within this period upwards of four  
thousand patients have experienced its salutary ef-  
fects.

With the medicine is given a description of the  
symptoms which obtain in every stage of the disease,  
with copious directions for their treatment, so as to  
accomplish a perfect cure in the shortest time, and  
with the least inconvenience possible.

Those who wish to purchase any of the above ar-  
ticles are cautioned against the imposition of inferior  
medicines, and to inquire for them only of *Dr. Gideon*  
*White*.

Wholesale purchasers allowed a liberal profit by ad-  
dressing to Rd. Lee, and Co. Baltimore.

#### William Caton,

TAKES leave to inform the public, that he in-  
tends, on the first of April next, to open tavern  
in that well known house formerly kept by Mr.  
GEORGE MANN, and now by Mr. JAMES WHARF,  
in the city of Annapolis, and assures them, that he  
will always keep an assortment of the best liquors, and  
good waiters; and he will use his utmost exertions to  
give complete satisfaction, hopes for, and solicits,  
the patronage and encouragement of a generous public.

He has rented that elegant and commodious house  
now occupied by Mrs. MANN, where gentlemen, after  
the above mentioned time, may be accommodated in a  
private manner, separate from the tavern, by the  
year, month, week or day, and he pledges himself to  
those who think proper to honour him with their culi-  
nary, that nothing shall be wanted on his part to merit  
their favours.

To the citizens of St. Mary's, Charles, and Calvert  
counties.

Gentlemen,

THE next election of electors of the president and  
vice-president of the United States, two of the  
most elevated and responsible offices under the gen-  
eral government being not far distant; feeling a so-  
licitude for the issue, and a continuance of those  
blessings every class of the community have felt under  
our present happy constitution, and the wife and vir-  
tuous administration under it; being persuaded the  
political sentiments of the citizens of the first district  
of Maryland are in unison with my own on this in-  
teresting business, I have thought proper to offer my-  
self a candidate for the next election of electors, to re-  
present you in the election of president and vice-pre-  
sident; should I have the honour of meeting your ap-  
probation, I shall use my best endeavours to discharge  
the important trust with honesty and integrity.

I am, with high respect,

Gentlemen,

Your most obedient servant,

EDMUND FLOWDEN.

December 9, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on  
3d December, a negro man named SAUL,  
about 23 or 25 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high,  
yellowish complexion; his clothing a blue over  
jacket, striped under jacket, and gray coating over-  
alls; says he was bought from major SAMUEL CHAP-  
MAN, of Charles county, by Messrs. WELBORN and  
BLAKE, of North-Carolina. His owners are desired  
to pay charges and take him away, or he will be sold  
agreeably to law for prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of  
Charles county.

December 5, 1799.

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#### ANNA POLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL  
GREEN.

(LVth YEAR.)

MA

#### A FUNERAL

In honour of  
GEORGE W.

Late general of the army  
Prepared and delivered  
the German Lutheran  
26th of December, by

#### MAJOR-GENERAL

One of the representatives  
In obedience to your  
organ, with the hope  
system of public mourn-  
pleased to adopt, commet  
most illustrious and most  
try has ever produced; a  
to posterity your sense of  
presents your knowledge  
you so cordially honour.

Desperate indeed is any  
correspondently this dis-  
while with pious resignat-  
an all-gracious Providen-  
menting in our finite view  
heart reading privation  
When the civilized world  
every moment gives birth  
changes; when our peace  
empt as it happily has  
laughter of the human r-  
abandon her pacific pol-  
casualties of war: What  
of our loss? none within  
express; none which  
now.

The founder of our f-  
in war, our guide in pe-  
was but questionable!  
wretched, would pour  
balmy dew. But, alas!  
Washington is removed  
el frame, and purest  
his sixty-eighth year, in  
when habituated by his  
a slight cold, disregard-  
Friday, oppressive on  
medical interposition, b-  
put an end to the best o-  
his fame survives! bound  
earth, and by the exten-  
serves in our hearts.

our children, in the aff-  
the world; and when  
away; when nations ne-  
when even our young a-  
have perished, still will  
faded shine, and die no  
earth, or earth itself b-

How, my fellow-ci-  
grateful hearts his pre-e-  
begin in opening to yo-  
sublime. Shall I speak  
all springing from obed-  
directed to his country?

Will you go with me  
bells, to see your youth  
the dismal hour of Ind-  
dock, and saving, by h-  
the remains of a defeat  
quering savage foe?

nobly resolving to risk  
lized rights, he was el-  
of congress to the com-  
follow him to the high  
an undisciplined, cour-  
his preference gave the  
the crinibility of love

you to the painful scene  
and New-Jersey, when  
armies, aided by pow-  
high in the roll of fan-  
safety: undismayed b-  
of fortune. Or will  
fields of Trenton, wh-

arm, reigned triumph-  
down, unvalued rank-  
was the night; it was  
flow raged—The E-  
floating ice forbade the  
left collected, viewed  
by called; unappall-  
puffed to the hostile fl-

The morning sun che-  
country rose on the  
pursuing his blow, ex-  
town, what his val-  
of Delaware.

Thence to the bro-  
had his small but gal-

\* The two battles of





# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1800.

## A FUNERAL ORATION,

In honour of the memory of  
**GEORGE WASHINGTON,**

Late general of the armies of the United States;  
Prepared and delivered at the request of congress,  
at the German Lutheran church, on Thursday, the  
26th of December, by

**MAJOR-GENERAL HENRY LEE,**

One of the representatives from the state of Virginia.

**I**N obedience to your will, I rise your humble  
organ, with the hope of executing a part of the  
system of public mourning which you have been  
pleased to adopt, commemorative of the death of the  
most illustrious and most beloved personage this coun-  
try has ever produced; and which, while it transmits  
to posterity your sense of the awful event, feintly re-  
presents your knowledge of the consummate excellence  
you so cordially honour.

Desperate indeed is any attempt on earth to meet  
correspondently this dispensation of Heaven: for,  
while with pious resignation we submit to the will of  
an all-gracious Providence, we can never cease la-  
menting in our finite view of omnipotent wisdom, the  
heart rending privation for which our nation weeps.  
When the civilized world shakes to its centre: when  
every moment gives birth to strange and momentous  
changes; when our peaceful quarter of the globe, ex-  
empt as it happily has been from any share in the  
slaughter of the human race, may yet be compelled to  
abandon her pacific policy, and to risk the doleful  
casualties of war: What limit is there to the extent  
of our loss? none within the reach of my words to  
express; none which your feelings will not disa-  
vow.

The founder of our federate republic—our bulwark  
in war, our guide in peace, is no more. Oh that this  
war but questionable! hope, the comforter of the  
wretched, would pour into our agonized hearts its  
balmy dew. But, alas! there is no hope for us: our  
Washington is removed for ever. Possessing the stout-  
est frame, and purest mind, he had passed nearly to  
his sixty-eighth year, in the enjoyment of high health,  
when habituated by his care of us to neglect himself,  
a slight cold, disregarded, became inconvenient on  
Friday, oppressive on Saturday, and defying every  
medical interposition, before the morning of Sunday,  
put an end to the best of men. An end did I say—  
his fame survives! bounded only by the limits of the  
earth, and by the extent of the human mind. He  
survives in our hearts, in the growing knowledge of  
our children, in the affections of the good throughout  
the world; and when our monuments shall be done  
away; when nations now existing shall be no more;  
when even our young and far spreading empire shall  
have perished, still will our Washington's glory un-  
faded shine, and die not, until love of virtue cease on  
earth, or earth itself sink into chaos.

How, my fellow-citizens, shall I single to your  
grateful hearts his pre-eminent worth! where shall I  
begin in opening to your view a character throughout  
sublime. Shall I speak of his warlike achievements,  
all springing from obedience to his country's will—all  
directed to his country's good?

Will you go with me to the banks of the Mononga-  
hela, to see your youthful Washington, supporting in  
the dismal hour of Indian victory, the ill-fated Brad-  
dock, and saving, by his judgment and by his valour,  
the remains of a defeated army, pressed by the con-  
quering savage foe? Or, when oppressed America,  
nobly resolving to risk her all in defence of her vi-  
olated rights, he was elevated by the unanimous voice  
of congress to the command of her armies: Will you  
follow him to the high grounds of Boston, where to  
an undisciplined, courageous and virtuous yeomanry,  
his presence gave the stability of system, and infused  
the encircling love of country: Or shall I carry  
you to the painful scenes of Long Island, York Island  
and New-Jersey, when combating superior and gallant  
armies, aided by powerful fleets, and led by chiefs  
high in the roll of fame, he stood the bulwark of our  
safety: undismayed by disaster, unchanged by change  
of fortune. Or will you view him in the precarious  
fields of Trenton, where deep gloom unnerving every  
arm, reigned triumphant through our thinned, worn  
down, unaided ranks: himself unmoved.—Dreadful  
was the night; it was about this time of winter.—The  
snow raged.—The Delaware rolling furiously with  
floating ice forbade the approach of man. Washington,  
left collected, viewed the tremendous scene—his coun-  
try called; unappalled by surrounding dangers, he  
passed to the hostile shore: he fought; he conquered.  
The morning sun cheered the American world. Our  
country rose on the event; and her dauntless chief  
pursuing his blow, completed in the lawns of Prince-  
town, what his valiant soul had conceived on the shores  
of Delaware.

Thence to the strong grounds of Morris-town, he  
led his small but gallant band, and through an even-

\* The two houses of congress.

ful winter, by the high efforts of his genius whose  
matchless force was measurable only by the growth of  
difficulties, he held in check formidable hostile legions,  
conducted by a chief experienced in the art of war,  
and famed for his valour on the ever memorable heights  
of Abraham, where fell Wolf, Montcalm, and since  
our much lamented Montgomery; all covered with  
glory. In this fortunate interval, produced by his  
masterly conduct, our fathers, ourselves, animated by  
his restless example, rallied around our country's  
standard, and continued to follow our beloved chief,  
through the various and trying scenes to which the  
destinies of our union led.

Who is there that has forgotten the vales of Brandy-  
wine—the fields of Germantown, or the plains of  
Monmouth; every where present, want of every kind  
obstructing, numerous and valiant armies, encounter-  
ing, himself a host, he assuaged our sufferings, limited  
our privations, and upheld our tottering republic.  
Shall I display to you the spread of the fire of his soul,  
by rehearsing the praises of the hero of Saratoga, and  
his much loved compeer of the Carolina's? No; our  
Washington wears not borrowed glory: To Gates—  
to Green, he gave without reserve the applause due to  
their eminent merit; and long may the chiefs of  
Saratoga, and of Rutawag, receive the grateful respect  
of a grateful people.

Moving in his own orbit, he imparted heat and  
light to his most distant satellites; and combining the  
physical and moral force of all within his sphere, with  
unfailing weight he took his course, commiserating  
folly, disdaining vice, dismaying treason and invigo-  
rating despondency, until the auspicious hour arrived,  
when, united with the intrepid forces of a potent and  
magnanimous ally, he brought to submission the fierce  
conqueror of India: thus finishing his long career of  
military glory with a lustre corresponding to his great  
name, and in this his last act of war affixing the seal  
of fate to our nation's birth.

To the horrid din of battle sweet peace succeeded  
and our virtuous chief, mindful only of the common  
good, in a moment tempting personal aggrandizement,  
hushed the discontents of growing sedition, and sur-  
rendering his power into the hands from which he had  
received it, converted his sword into a ploughshare,  
teaching an admiring world that to be truly great, you  
must be truly good.

Was I to stop here, the picture would be incom-  
plete, and the tale imposed unfinished—Great as was  
our Washington in war, and much as did that great  
name contribute to produce the American republic, it  
is not in war alone his pre-eminence stands conspicu-  
ous: his various talents combining all the capacities of  
a statesman with those of a soldier, fitted him alike to  
guide the councils and the armies of our nation.  
Scarcely had he rested from his martial toils, while  
his invaluable parental advice was still sounding in our  
ears, when he who had been our shield and our sword,  
was called forth to act a less splendid but a more im-  
portant part.

Possessing a clear and penetrating mind, a strong  
and a sound judgment, calmness and temper for deli-  
beration, with invincible firmness and perseverance in  
resolutions maturely formed, drawing information  
from all, acting from himself, with incorruptible in-  
tegrity and unvarying patriotism: his own superiority  
and the public confidence alike raised him to the  
man designed by Heaven to lead in the great political  
as well as military events which have distinguished the  
era of his life.

The finger of an over-ruling Providence, pointing  
at Washington, was neither mistaken nor unobserved  
when to realize the vast hopes to which our revolution  
had given birth, a change of political system became  
indispensable.

How novel, how grand the spectacle, independent  
states stretched over an immense territory, and known  
only by common difficulty, clinging to their union as  
the rock of their safety, deciding by frank comparison  
of their relative condition, to rear on that rock, under  
the guidance of reason, a common government thro'  
whose commanding protection, liberty and order, with  
their long train of blessings should be safe to them-  
selves, and the sure inheritance of their posterity.

This arduous task devolved on citizens selected by the  
people, from knowledge of their wisdom and confi-  
dence in their virtue. In this august assembly of sages  
and of patriots, Washington of course was found—  
and, as if acknowledged to be most wise, where all  
were wise, with one voice he was declared their chief.  
How well he merited this rare distinction, how faith-  
ful were the labours of himself and his compatriots,  
the work of their hands and our union, strength and  
prosperity, the fruits of that work, best attest.

But to have essentially aided in presenting to his  
country this consummation of her hopes neither sat-  
isfied the claims of his fellow-citizens on his talents,  
nor those duties which the possession of those talents  
imposed. Heaven had not infused into his mind such  
an uncommon share of its æthereal spirit to re-  
main unemployed, nor bestowed on him his genius

unaccompanied with the corresponding duty of de-  
voting it to the common good. To have framed a  
constitution, was shewing only, without realizing the  
general happiness. This great work remained to be  
done, and America, steadfast in her preference with one  
voice summoned her beloved Washington, unpractised  
as he was in the duties of civil administration, to ex-  
ecute this last act in the completion of the national  
felicity. Obedient to her call, he assumed the high  
office with that self-distrust peculiar to his innate mo-  
desty, the constant attendant of pre-eminent virtue.  
What was the burst of joy through our anxious land  
on this exhilarating event is known to us all. The  
aged, the young, the brave, the fair rivalled each  
other in demonstrations of their gratitude; and this  
high wrought delightful scene was heightened in its  
effect, by the singular contest between the zeal of the  
bestowers and the avoidance of the receiver of the  
honours bestowed. Commencing his administration,  
what heart is not charmed with the recollection of the  
pure and wise principles announced by himself, as  
the basis of his political life. He best understood the  
indissoluble union between virtue and happiness, be-  
tween duty and advantage between the genuine max-  
ims of an honest and magnanimous policy, and the  
solid rewards of public prosperity and individual feli-  
city: watching with an equal and comprehensive eye  
over this great assemblage of communities and interests,  
he laid the foundations of our national policy in the  
unerring immutable principles of morality, based on  
religion, exemplifying the pre-eminence of free go-  
vernment, by all the attributes which win the affec-  
tions of its citizens or command the respect of the  
world.

"O fortunatos nimium, sua si bona norint!"  
Leading through the complicated difficulties pro-  
duced by previous obligations and conflicting interests,  
seconded by succeeding houses of congress, enlighten-  
ed and patriotic, he surmounted all original obstruc-  
tions, and brightened the path of our national felicity.

The presidential term expiring, his solicitude to  
exchange exaltation for humility returned, with a  
force increased with increase of age, and he had pre-  
pared his farewell address to his countrymen, pro-  
claiming his intention, when the united interposition  
of all around him, enforced by the eventful prospects  
of the epoch, produced a further sacrifice of inelucta-  
tion to duty. The election of president followed, and  
Washington by the unanimous vote of the nation, was  
called to resume the chief magistracy: what a won-  
derful fixure of confidence! which attracts most our  
admiration, a people so correct, or a citizen com-  
bining an assemblage of talents forbidding rivalry, and  
sifting even envy itself? Such a nation ought to be  
happy, such a chief must be for ever revered.

War, long-menaced by the Indian tribes, now broke  
out; and the terrible conflict deluging Europe with  
blood, began to shed its baneful influence over our  
happy land. To the first, outstretching his invincible  
arm, under the orders of the gallant Wayne, the Ame-  
rican eagle soared triumphant through distant forests.  
Peace followed victory, and the melioration of the  
condition of the enemy followed peace. Godlike vir-  
tue which uplifts even the subdued savage.

To the second he opposed himself. New and  
delicate was the conjuncture, and great was the  
stake. Soon did his penetrating mind discern and  
seize the only course, continuing to us all, the felicity  
enjoyed. He issued his proclamation of neutrality.  
This index to him whose subsequent conduct was  
sanctioned by the approbation of both houses of con-  
gress, and by the approving voice of the people.

To this sublime policy he inviolably adhered, un-  
moved by foreign intrusion, unshaken by domestic  
turbulence.

"Jovem et tenacem propoliti virum  
"Non civium ardor prava jubentium,  
"Non vultus instantis tyranni  
"Mente quatiit solida."

Maintaining his pacific system at the expense of no  
duty, America, faithful to herself and unstained in  
her honour, continued to enjoy the delights of peace,  
while afflicted Europe mourns in every quarter, under  
the accumulated miseries of an unexampled war;  
miseries in which our happy country must have shared,  
had not our pre-eminent Washington been as firm in  
council as he was brave in the field.

Pursuing steadfastly his course, he held safe the pub-  
lic happiness, preventing foreign war, and quelling  
internal discord, till the revolving period of a third  
election approached, when he executed his interrupted  
but inextinguishable desire of returning to the humble  
walks of private life.

The promulgation of his fixed resolution stopped the  
anxious wishes of an affectionate people from adding  
a third unanimous testimonial of their unabated con-  
fidence in the man so long enthroned in their hearts.  
When, before, was affection like this exhibited on  
earth?—Turn over the records of ancient Greece.—  
Review the annals of mighty Rome,—examine the  
volumes of modern Europe; you search in vain.



America and her Washington only afford the dignified exemplification.

The illustrious personage called by the national voice in succession to the arduous office of guiding a free people, had new difficulties to encounter: the amicable effort of settling our difficulties with France, begun by Washington, and pursued by his successor in virtue as in station, proving abortive, America took measures of self defence. No sooner was the public mind roused by a prospect of danger, than every eye was turned to the friend of all, though secluded from public view, and gray in public service; the virtuous veteran, following his plough, received the unexpected summons with mingled emotions of indignation at the unmerited ill treatment of his country, and of a determination once more to risk his all in her defence.

The announcement of these feelings, in his affecting letter to the president accepting the command of the army, concludes his official conduct.

First in war—first in peace—and first in the hearts of his countrymen, he was second to none in the humble and endearing scenes of private life; pious, just, humane, temperate and sincere; uniform, dignified and commanding; his example was as edifying to all around him, as were the effects of that example lasting.

To his equals he was condescending, to his inferiors kind, and to the dear object of his affections exemplarily tender: correct throughout, vice thundered in his presence, and virtue always felt his fostering hand; the purity of his private character gave effulgence to his public virtues.

His last scene comported with the whole tenor of his life. Although in extreme pain, not a sigh, not not a groan escaped him; and with undisturbed serenity he closed his well spent life—Such was the man America has lost—Such was the man for whom our nation mourns.

Methinks I see his august image, and hear falling from his venerable lips these deep sinking words:

"CRASH, sons of America, lamenting our separation: go on, and confirm by your wisdom the fruits of our joint councils, joint efforts, and common dangers: Reverence religion, diffuse knowledge throughout your land, patronize the arts and sciences; let liberty and order be inseparable companions, control party spirit, the bane of free governments; observe good faith to, and cultivate peace with, all nations, shut up every avenue to foreign influence, contract rather than extend national connexion, rely on yourselves only; be Americans in thought, word, and deed—Thus will you give immortality to that union which was the constant object of my terrestrial labours; thus will you preserve, undisturbed to the latest posterity, the felicity of a people to me most dear, and thus will you supply (if my happiness is now sought to you) the only vacancy in the round of pure bliss high Heaven bestows."

\* General Washington, though opulent, gave much of his time and attention to practical agriculture.

PARIS, 26 Vendemiaire (17th October.)

Buonaparte has left the army of Egypt under the command of general Kleber.—Egypt was already under water when he departed from thence, and the Nile never assumed a finer appearance for fifty years back.

Buonaparte stopped at Ajaccio in Corsica, whither he said 7 days. It was there mostly he learnt the news from France, and of which he had but very little knowledge since his departure. In the passage from Corsica to France, an English fleet hove in sight, and gave chase to the French division composed of two frigates and a transport. The commander wanted to run ashore on the coast of Corsica, in order to escape being taken. Buonaparte, fearful of being blockaded in that island, opposed it, and said it was as well to give up to fortune. Fortune, which he invoked, was as favourable to him when in sight of the coast of France, as it has been when he invoked it in sight of the coast of Egypt.—Night shaded the sailing of that ship which perhaps carried the destinies of France.—They landed at Frejus, where our illustrious travellers met with the brilliant reception of which we have already spoken.

The courier which preceded them, in order to have horses prepared, asked for them every where for Buonaparte; and every where in the towns and villages the inhabitants would go to meet him on the roads, and accompany him beyond the communes.—The crowd was such, that even on the roads it was with difficulty carriages could make way. At night every place through which he passed from Frejus to Paris, was illuminated.

Joy was manifested to the extreme at Lyons, when the inhabitants heard that he was to pass through that city. Every one shewed a wish to feast him. The town was illuminated; a little play, entitled, "The Hero's Return," was composed, and performed instantly. The actors, not having had time to learn their parts, read it. A great crowd attended the theatre, to hear this momentary production, which was crowned with applause.

However fatigued Buonaparte might be, he was invited to the spectacle. He could not resist the pressing solicitations of all the citizens; and when he appeared at the theatre, the clapping of hands and other testimonies of joy, continued for a long time.

PHILADELPHIA, January 2.

Rebellion, insurrection, or riot, in York county.

Such is the propensity of our country to euphemism, that we are at a loss, by what appellation to characterize the following occurrence, which is stated on the authority of a gentleman who came down last

evening from York, to have taken place in that county.

Of the late general proscription of those friends to the federal government, who had held offices under the State government, Messrs. Edie and Bernitz, of York county, were victims. The latter had served his country in her hour of peril, and became a cripple by wounds received in her cause. During a great number of years, he had filled without reproach an office in the county, on which he eventually became dependent for his subsistence. Without other plea, than that it is inconsistent with "certain arrangements," this war-worn soldier of liberty and of Washington is consigned to starvation, to make room for some mushroom republican.

Our informant states, that the people of the county were actually in arms,—declaring that they will oppose by every means the dismissal of those gentlemen from office.

January 9.

The following letters were yesterday sent to the congress by the president of the United States.

Gentlemen of the senate, and  
Gentlemen of the house of representatives,

In compliance with the request in one of the resolutions of congress of the 21st of December last, I transmitted a copy of those resolutions by my secretary, Mr. Shaw, to Mrs. Washington, assuring her of the profound respect congress will ever bear to her person and character—of their condolence in the late afflicting dispensation of Providence, and entreating her assent to the interment of the remains of gen. GEORGE WASHINGTON, in the manner expressed in the first resolution. As the sentiments of that virtuous lady, not less beloved by this nation, than she is at present greatly afflicted, can never be so well expressed as in her own words: I transmit to congress her original letter.

It would be an attempt of too much delicacy, to make any comments upon it—but there can be no doubt that the nation at large, as well as all the branches of the government, will be highly gratified by any arrangement which may diminish the sacrifice she makes to her individual feelings.

JOHN ADAMS.

United States, Jan. 8, 1800.

Mount Vernon, Dec 31, 1799.

SIR,

While I feel with keenest anguish, the late dispensations of Divine Providence, I cannot be insensible to the mournful tributes of respect and veneration, which are paid to the memory of my dear deceased husband; and, as his best services and most anxious wishes, were always devoted to the welfare and happiness of his country, to know that they were truly appreciated, and gratefully remembered, affords no inconsiderable consolation.

Taught by the great example, which I have so long had before me never to oppose my private wishes to the public will, I must consent to the request made by congress, which you have had the goodness to transmit to me, and in doing this I need not—I cannot say what a sacrifice of individual feeling I make to a sense of public duty.

With grateful acknowledgment and unfeigned thanks for the personal respect and evidences of condolence expressed by congress and yourself,

I remain very respectfully, Sir,

Your most obedient and

Humble servant,

MARTHA WASHINGTON.

The president of the United States.

BALTIMORE, January 7.

Commercial information.

Don Joseph Ignatius de Viar, his Catholic majesty's consul-general, has received from the intendant at the Havana, the following list of articles now prohibited at that port.

Vermillion,  
Men's caps, silk, thread and cotton,  
Stocking-web patterns, (worked)  
Coarse shirts,  
Sieves,  
Brass locks and nails,  
Coverlets, (wool and cotton)  
Dimities, (thread and cotton)  
Oil cloth, (flowered and plain)  
Paper hangings,  
Esterlings, tinsel laces,  
Sealing wax,  
Stockings, (worked and cotton)  
Marseilles quilting,  
Handkerchiefs, (linen)  
Hats, (castor excepted)  
Shoes, calicoes and printed linens,  
Plain and ornamented dresses for both sexes of what manufacture soever.

Further information from the intendant of the Havana.

All shippers of goods or merchandises from the United States to the above port, shall be qualified before a notary public respecting the property specified in the invoices, the same shall be attested by his majesty's consul general, or by some of his majesty's consuls or vice-consuls, or otherwise such goods will not be admitted to entry.

Whereas it has been found that numbers of merchants and others, trading from the United States to the Havana, regardless of the foregoing publication, inserted some time since, in the several newspapers of the union, have prosecuted their voyages without soliciting the attestation mentioned therein, and on arrival there have alleged ignorance respecting the same; Now, therefore, his Catholic majesty's consul-

general, in compliance with his instructions received latterly on this head, doth hereby make known, to all whom it may concern, that from and after the publication hereof, any vessel or vessels trading to the above port or ports in the island of Cuba, shall be provided with the afore-mentioned attestation, otherwise they shall not be admitted to entry.

Annapolis, January 16.

Annapolis, January 13, 1800.

Gentlemen,

HIS excellency the Governor has, by his determination of to-day, thought proper to change the day of prayer, in the proclamation respecting general George Washington, to the twenty-second of February next; you will therefore, immediately upon the receipt of this, make the necessary alteration, and consider this as your authority for so doing.

I am, with great respect,

Your obedient servant,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

Messrs. Green.

By virtue of an order of the orphans court of Charles county, will be OFFERED, at PUBLIC SALE, to the highest bidder, for ready CASH, on Thursday the 30th instant, at the subscriber's dwelling plantation, on Patowmack river, near Sandy Point,

TWO young negro women and one negro boy, the estate of Mrs. CHLOE FERNANDIS, deceased, sold to pay the debts due from the said Chloe Fernandis.

All persons having claims against the said estate are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, on that day, in order that they may be discharged.

SAMUEL M'PHERSON, Executor.

January 6, 1800.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery the subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the 17th day of February next, at Mr. Wharfe's tavern, in the city of Annapolis, at 11 o'clock, A. M. for the benefit of the representatives of THOMAS JENINGS, Esq; deceased,

A COMMODIOUS two story brick DWELLING HOUSE, in the said city, with the necessary out buildings, and a large and elegant garden, enclosed by a substantial brick wall. Possession will be given on the first of March, and the terms will be made known on the day of sale.

THOMAS JENINGS, Trustee.

Annapolis, January 16, 1800.

Notice to State Debtors.

THE Agent requests all debtors to the State of Maryland to discharge their respective balances on or before the tenth day of March next, immediately thereafter all lawful means will be taken to enforce payment, and all penalties incurred by the delinquent clerks and sheriffs will be exacted.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Charles county, in Maryland, letters of administration with the will annexed, on the personal estate of captain WILLIAM FARR, late of said county, deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 21st day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this sixth day of January, eighteen hundred.

ROBERT LAIDLER, Administrator

with the will annexed.

Laidler's Ferry, Charles county, Maryland.  
N. B. The orphans court of Charles county having decreed, that the personal estate of the above-mentioned deceased shall be paid into the hands of Samuel Shaw, who intermarried with the surviving daughter (the only child then living) of the said William Farr, I, in consequence, feel it my duty to give notice, that I shall close the estate finally at the day above mentioned.

R. L.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath obtained letters of administration on the estate of AARON WELCH, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, therefore requests all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, legally authenticated, for payment.

AARON WELCH, Administrator.

January 13, 1800.

NOTICE.

A STRAY COW came on the plantation where the subscriber now resides some time about the beginning of October last, she appears to be about eight years old, of a reddish colour, hind feet and part of her tail white, her belly and flanks of the same colour, the right flank more so than the left, on her right side two white spots, one on the hip, the other on the shoulder, a white spot on her forehead, and another on her hip on the left side, small horns inclining to each other in their points, a crop and hole in each ear, she is forward with calf. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away from

JOHNSON MICHAEL O'REILLY,  
near South river ferry, Anne-Arundel county.

January 8, 1800.

OF TRACTS and I not residents of fa due for the year seventeen respectively chargeable v now due and unpaid, ar liable for, or chargeable v

Persons Names.

Abraham Arthur  
Henry Boorer  
William Bell  
William Bell, John S  
and Thos. Jones  
Thomas J. Beatty  
Blackburn and Brent  
Charles Beatty  
James Beatty

Jeremiah Barry

Thomas Burges  
Leonard Bevins  
James Blair  
William Bickerstaff  
Archibald Chisholm  
George Cooke  
William Cooke

Richard Cabus  
Margaret Chew  
Joseph Compton

William Clark  
Davidson and Muir  
Peter Engles

George Every  
Benjamin Edwards  
Jacob Folk  
George French  
Gilbert Faulkner  
Uriah Forrest

William Fitzhugh, sen  
John Fitzhugh  
George French

Peregrine Fitzhugh  
Frederick Grammar

George Graham

Samuel Godman

Nathan Gregg  
Thomas Hanlon

Laurence Hensel  
Henry Hoover  
Baker Johnson

Thomas Johnson &  
son  
Thomas Johnson

Edward Jones  
Thomas Johnson, of  
John C. Jones

Denton Jacques  
Henry Kemp  
Christopher Kealho

A list of lots with th belong, the taxes half-penny, each, oned.  
William Amos 3  
William Amos 1  
William Alexand  
William Alexand  
Charles Boyles 1  
Catherine Boyer  
Samuel Beckwith  
Aquila Browne  
William Berry  
Archibald Chith  
Peter Cassanova  
931, 1928, 1304  
1042, 245, 1261  
441, 3045, 1553  
1000, 3345 3346  
344, 1330, 27, 1



# A L I S T

OF TRACTS and LOTS of LAND in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon respectively due for the year seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same, the taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for, or chargeable with, the payment of the same.

Randolph B. Latimer

Persons Names.	Names of Land.	Amt. Tax
Abraham Arthur	House and lot town of Cumberland	5
Henry Boorer	House and ditto ditto	2 6
William Bell	Williamson's Discovery	1 2 3
William Bell, John Steinmiller and Thos. Jones	Clifton and Sportsman's Fields	1 1 2
Thomas J. Beatty	1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Blackburn and Brent	8 lots ditto ditto	13 4
Charles Beatty	Jacob's Ladder	8 4
James Beatty	Refurvery on Elk Lick	8 3
	The Request	2 10
	Joseph's Folly	1 5
	Loft Grove	9
Jeremiah Barry	That's All	12 3
	Milly's Chance	10 6
	Chance	3 8
Thomas Burges	Timber Plenty	2 5
Leonard Bevins	Part of Sugar Bottom	1 7 9
James Blair	Part of I am Loft	4 8
William Bickerstaff	Bickerstaff's Beginning	3
Archibald Chisholm	Refurvery on Shawny War Bottom	1 6 4
George Cooke	Stoney Ridge	2 10
William Cooke	Deer Park	10 10
	Much ado about Nothing	4 2 6
Richard Cabus	House and lot in Western Port	17
Margaret Chew	10 lots town of Cumberland	2 6
Joseph Compton	Yanky Hill	8 4
	Two Yanky's	3 1 1
	Small Glade	2 1
William Clark	William and Mary	3 4
Davidson and Muir	Part of Mount Airy	5 11 3
Peter Engles	What you Please	11
	Coal Mine	1 5
George Every	1 1/2 lots town of Cumberland	2 11
Benjamin Edwards	Part of Mount Nebo	9 3
Jacob Folk	Honey Isle	12 1
George French	(Name unknown)	3 9
Gilbert Faulkner	Orme's Mistake	7 4 1/2
Uriah Forrest	Orme's Trouble	6 8
	The General's Wife	12 3
	13 lots in Western Port	8 4
	ditto ditto	2 6
William Fitzhugh, sen.	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 15 7
John Fitzhugh	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 15 7
George French	Walnut Bottom	2 1 8
	Cattle Hill	1 9
	Deer Park	3
	Cresap's Prospect	14 8
Peregrine Fitzhugh	1/2 Beatty's Plains	1 18
Frederick Grammar	White Oak Flats	5 11
	Walnut Ridge	2 9
	Little Worth	3 1
	Grammar's Discovery	5 2 1/2
	Chance	2 10
George Graham	Royal Charlotte	5 11 2
Samuel Godman	Mount Hope	2 4 1/2
	Water Works	9 10
Nathan Gregg	New Addition	5 8
Thomas Hanton	Walnut Level	7
	Dogwood Plains	8 4
	Horse Lick	11 2
Laurence Hensel	House and lot town of Cumberland	5
Henry Hoover	Hoffman's Prospect	1 7
Baker Johnson	Three Springs	4 7
	Covent Garden	4 13 4
	Mount Pleasant	3 9 6
	The Grove	1 9 5
	Kindness	6 12
	Addition to Policy	8 7 1/2
	(Name unknown)	2 10
	Squirrel Neck	5 9
Thomas Johnson & Baker Johnson	Part of Mount Airy	6
Thomas Johnson	Promised Land	3 6 8
	Thomas and Anne	4 3 4
	Peace and Plenty	3 2 6
	Part of Spruce Spring	2 8
Edward Jones	Half of Granary	9 3
Thomas Johnson, of Thos.	The Glades	10 6
John C. Jones	Part of Sugar tree Camp	5 7
	Clear Meadows	2 10
	Horse Pasture	6 6
	Bottom	2 10
Denton Jacques	1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Henry Kemp	1 house and lot in ditto	5
Christopher Kealhoof	1 lot in ditto	10

Henry Menadier  
Ebenezer Mackey  
Daniel Menadier  
James M'Pherson  
Honor Martind  
James Martin

Lenox Martin

Luther Martin

Lewis Neth

John Orme

John Orr  
James O'Quin  
William Port  
William Potts

Raphael Peale

Pearfall and Rogers  
Walter Roe  
Abraham Ridgely  
Anthony Rentzel  
John Ritchie

Richard Ridgely  
Jacob Storm  
George Smith  
Gustavus Scott

Hugh Scott  
Selby and Conkes

William and Joseph Scott  
Samuel Selby, 3d

Michael Schnabley  
Benjamin Stoddert

Abel Sargent

Joseph Selby  
James Smith  
John Templeman

Francis Thomas  
Joseph Tomlinson  
John Williams  
John Watts  
George West  
Conrad Young

Savage Ridge  
Glade Farm  
Buck Ridge  
Small Meadows  
Hunting Ground  
Buck Bodes  
Rich Glade  
Lilly of the Valley  
Partnership  
The Vale  
1 lot town of Cumberland  
Refurvery on Hampstead Park  
Vineyard  
Duncan's Mistake  
Sally's Choice  
Blooming Plains  
Hope  
Sugar Cove  
Addition to Seven Springs  
Hope Well United  
Addition to Seven Springs  
Dry Hill  
Part of Fox Chase  
Part of Eden's Paradise Regained  
1/2 Beatty's Plains  
Mill Seat  
Felicity  
1 lot town of Cumberland  
Sparkling Camp  
House and lot in Selby's Port  
Price's Choice  
Hinche's Discovery  
Half of Granary  
Half of Sancta Panca  
Bull Pasture  
Dunhill  
Ridgely's first attempt Amended  
1 lot town of Cumberland  
Potts Adventure  
Constitution Vale  
Addition to Hunting Ground  
Rich Glade  
Potatoe Garden  
Elk Lick  
Friendship's Refurvery  
Part of Nothing  
Godman's Disappointment  
Smith's Fields  
Governor's Neglect  
Rooby's Delight  
Orme's Attention  
Chefsant Grove  
Now or Never  
2484  
Hard Struggle  
Ashby's Discovery  
Grimes Point  
Bear Creek Meadows  
Wm. and Joseph's Amendment  
White Oak Point  
Locust Ridge Refurvery  
Refurvery on Recourse  
Castle Hill  
1/2 lot in town of Cumberland  
Part of Aurin's Purchase  
Mount Pisgah  
Rooby's Delight & Ray's Discovery  
New Carthage  
Orme's Discovery  
Mount Pleasant  
Orme's Choice  
Pleasant Ridge  
Park  
Mount Altus  
The Diadem  
Mill Seat  
Pink of Allegany  
First Venture  
Republic  
Addition  
Caledonia  
2 houses and lots in Western Port  
8 lots in ditto  
5 acres land  
1 lot town of Cumberland  
Chance  
Mill Seat  
Refurvery on lot No. 346  
Nancy's Pleasure Ground  
1 lot town of Cumberland  
1 ditto ditto  
Lyon's Prospect  
1 lot town of Cumberland  
House and lot ditto  
Independence  
Honest Miller

2 2  
9 2 1/2  
5 7  
13 19 2  
7 4  
1 7 10  
6 4  
1 10 6  
1 8 4  
3 4  
1 8  
10 7 1/2  
5 9  
4 7 1/2  
1 9  
13 11  
5 8  
6 8  
2 5  
10 5  
5 9  
1 8  
2 2  
1 7 10  
5 14  
7 10  
6 9  
1 8  
6 5  
3 2  
1 12 11 1/2  
2 1 8  
9 3  
3 4  
2 4  
1 5 11 1/2  
2 7  
1 8  
2 1 8  
11 1  
19 8  
11 4  
10 5  
5 8  
9 8 1/2  
1 10 1/2  
4 8 1/2  
1 4  
1 8 8  
15 6  
1 5 2  
17  
1 2 1  
2 7  
1 5 11  
2 15 6 1/2  
15 6  
12 4  
4 1  
8  
1 7  
2 1 1  
1 7 1/2  
1 8  
1 6 2  
1 7 11  
4  
12 7 1/2  
19 11 1/2  
10 6  
7 10  
4 14 10  
19 11 1/2  
1 15 4  
2 10  
5 17 4  
5 7  
3 14 5 1/2  
11 11  
11 11  
10  
6 8  
1 11 1/2  
1 8  
1 9  
7 9  
1  
1 8 1/2  
1 8  
1 3  
2 6  
1 8  
5  
12 2  
3 9

A list of lots with the persons names to whom they belong, the taxes on which said lots is eight pence half-penny, each, unless where otherwise mentioned.  
William Amos 340.  
William Amos 1071.  
William Alexander & K. Long 1042.  
William Alexander 113.  
Charles Boyles 1/8.  
Catherine Boyer 298, 315, 326.  
Samuel Beckwith 12.  
Aquilla Browne 489.  
William Berryman 1877.  
Archibald Chisholm 226, 80, 4094, 3127, 4034.  
Peter Cassanave 2473, 4, 5, 6, 1388, 1773, 57.  
931, 1928, 1304, 1944, 1616, 1787, 1203, 2019.  
1941, 245, 1861, 3035, 966, 894, 1780, 3027.  
441, 3045, 1553, 1842, 231, 1048, 1587, 1220,  
1000, 3345, 3346, 3347, 3348, 1973, 2018, 1160,  
344, 1330, 27, 124, 1700.

Richard Cabus 2 lots number unknown.  
William Coe 2534.  
Samuel Davis 3163.  
Thomas Donahon 1397, 1134, 4157, 4156, 90,  
123, 79, 859, 84, 130, 3098, 2888, 3632, 11,  
11 5, 1325, 1125, 1168, 469, 1912, 250, 1131.  
Patrick Doran No. unknown.  
George Frels 1423, 3123.  
William Ferguson 255.  
Richard Fleming 1963.  
Philip Ford 404.  
Frederick Grammar 4152, 214, 844, 845, 1871,  
911, 215, 1106, 1171, 3121, 4158, 846, 847,  
213.  
John Goyer 1135, 174, 825, 976, 1838, 191,  
1122, 1151, 876.  
Robert Gover 1704, 810, 3129, 2425, 1325,  
1425, 4055, 1317, 1121, 1834, 1010, 2548, 1009,  
310.  
Soloman Geer 2022, 3726, 1720.

Archibald Golder 1124.  
Elisha Hall 197, 1305.  
John Hamm 1386.  
Thomas B. Hugo 1784.  
Thomas Johnston 404 lots numbers unknown.  
Elisha Jarrett 135, 21, 4036, 1935, 56, 131,  
932.  
Randolph B. Latimer 3896, 3897, 3898, 3899,  
3900, 1, 2, 2441, 2442, 2460, 2463, 897.  
William Maley 1293, 3115, 1294.  
Luther Martin 2734, 2672, 2670, 2661.  
Henry Myers 188.  
Richard Mackubin 2128, 2140, 2141, 2142, 3333,  
3341, 3342, 3343, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614.  
James R. Motreft 11, 1142.  
Gilbert Murdock 885, 931.  
John Neale 458, 1621, 1182, 192, 95.  
Lewis Neth 2542, 2091.  
Greenberry Neale 1558.  
Samuel Norwood 1603, 4096, 4097.



William H. Park 131, 1792.  
 Richard Ponsonby 1777.  
 Anthony Reintzel 830, 856, 1048, 1372, 1933.  
 3118.  
 Abner Ritchie 1903, 244, 2062, 2063, 1555.  
 1034, 1348, 1606, 1422, 2064, 2065, 1978, 817.  
 Ezra Robinson 2809, 2810, 2811, two shillings  
 and nine-pence each.  
 John Ritchie 1351, 1392, 1493, 1304.  
 George Rofs 334.  
 Charles Robinson 1268.  
 John Reid 301.  
 James Robinson 2582, 2586, 2587, 2583.  
 Christopher Richmond 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743.  
 Abalom Ridgely 229.  
 Selby & Cooke 193, 1413.  
 John Schley 1237.  
 James Shaw 3066.  
 Robert C. Stanley 1373, 842, 1172, 930, 858.  
 Philip Severer 3036.  
 Benjamin Stodder 3435, 3882, 3833, 3884,  
 3885, 3886, 3440, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3452, 3454,  
 3355, 3456, 3458, 3459, 3461, 3462.  
 John A. Summer 25, 37, 38, 55, 57, 70, 72,  
 58, 81, 89, 94, 109, 119, 126, 154, 162, 163,  
 165, 170, 175, 180, 181, 184, 190, 196, 216,  
 217, 220, 230, 236, 250, 278, 316, 320, 337,  
 360, 382, 385, 398, 401, 404, 407, 413, 403,  
 448, 449, 451, 452, 456, 481, 488, 495, 802, 827,  
 846, 883, 896, 923, 932, 946, 951, 952, 963, 982,  
 989, 991, 1008, 1009, 1014, 1017, 1037, 1044,  
 1069, 1083, 1097, 1100, 1111, 1112, 1118, 1121,  
 1132, 1156, 1161, 1173, 1174, 1183, 1184, 1187,  
 1196, 1119, 1201, 1209, 1221, 1245, 1277, 1280,  
 1295, 1259, 1300, 1310, 1312, 1342, 1381, 1384,  
 1408, 1417, 1422, 1425, 1426, 1433, 1442, 1444,  
 1462, 1463, 1465, 1469, 1475, 1478, 1496, 1500,  
 1502, 1508, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1552, 1590, 1593,  
 1597, 1598, 1602, 1616, 1624, 1691, 1694, 1695,  
 1702, 1711, 1712, 1718, 1721, 1730, 1741, 1762,  
 1766, 1793, 1748, 1714, 1789, 1802, 1819, 1821,  
 1844, 1849, 1865, 1887, 1894, 1895, 1914, 1926,  
 1929, 1931, 1938, 1944, 1964, 2016, 2038, 2081,  
 2085, 2369, 2398, 2517, 2529, 2543, 2548, 3008,  
 3034, 3043, 3047, 3060, 3092, 3100, 3119, 3125,  
 3129, 3161, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023, 4024, 4038,  
 4053, 4055, 4096, 4098, 4110, 4115, 4081.  
 Anne Spicer 1 lot, number unknown, one shilling  
 and four-pence half-penny.  
 John Templeman 347, 348, 349, one shilling and  
 four-pence each.  
 Thomas and Sa. Turner 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619.  
 Benjamin G. Vaughan 2037, 2551, 3155, and one  
 lot number unknown.  
 John Willson 4045, Edward Wright 217, 3039,  
 1289, 2540, 4064 1190, 118.  
 Philip L. Webster 283, 1435.  
 James West, jun. 2081, 1005.  
 Charles Wayman 82.  
 James Williams 2033, 2504, 1790, 149, 1610,  
 210, 86, 1639, 3153, 1202, 1054, 3149, 1398,  
 1038, 878, 2010.  
 John Warfield 266.  
 William Woods 2723, 2732, 2733, 2735.  
 John Williams 3 lots 50 acres each eleven-pence  
 half-penny each.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county  
 charges, due on the lands and lots aforesaid, shall be  
 paid to William M'Mahon, collector of Allegany  
 county, on or before the 15th day of June next, the  
 lands and lots to be charged as aforesaid, or such part there-  
 of as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon,  
 shall be sold to the highest bidder, for the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD,  
 HANSON BRISCOE,  
 JOHN REID,  
 Commissioners of the tax for  
 Allegany county.

### Patowmack Company.

THE Stockholders are earnestly desired to attend  
 a general meeting at the Union Tavern, in  
 George town, on Monday the 20th January next, on  
 business of the first importance to this useful improve-  
 ment of finishing the navigation and locks at the Great  
 Falls on Patowmack river.

The president and directors are anxious to contract  
 for a number of black labourers by the year, and any  
 one of the subscribers will be ready to receive pro-  
 posals immediately for the year ensuing, having  
 obtained the sanction and aid of the State of Maryland,  
 they have no doubt of being able to make punctual  
 payment for all their contracts.

JAMES KEITH, President,  
 JOHN MASON,  
 WILLIAM H. DORSEY,  
 JOHN LAIRD,  
 JOSIAS CLAPHAM,  
 Directors.  
 George-town, December 10, 1799.

### Notice is hereby given,

TO all persons having claims against the estate of  
 JOHN BULLEN, late of the city of Annapolis,  
 deceased, to appear on the eighteenth day of  
 February next, at Mr. JAMES WHARFE'S tavern, in  
 the said city, between the hours of ten and twelve,  
 A. M. with their claims against the deceased, properly  
 authenticated, at which time the assets then in  
 hand will be divided among, and paid to, the several  
 creditors of the deceased, in such proportion and man-  
 ner as the law directs.

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator  
 with the will annexed.  
 Annapolis, January 2, 1800.

### By his EXCELLENCY BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire. GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND. A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Legislature of this State,  
 penetrated with regret for the death of  
 the illustrious patriot general George Washington,  
 and zealous to express their high respect and venera-  
 tion for his eminent virtues and distinguished service-  
 to his country, have, by a resolution unanimously  
 assented to on the 17th instant, requested me "to ap-  
 point, by proclamation, a day of mourning, humili-  
 ation and prayer, throughout this State, and to recom-  
 mend it to the citizens thereof to assemble in their  
 respective places of worship, to testify, in the most  
 public manner, their veneration for his memory, and  
 to derive, from the just eulogiums of his meritorious  
 services, the best motives for the imitation of his vir-  
 tues."

And, whereas I entirely accord with the honoura-  
 ble legislature in the measure proposed, and am  
 anxious to co operate with them in paying this tribute  
 of grateful respect to the merits and long tried pa-  
 triotism of our deceased fellow-citizen, I have there-  
 fore thought proper to recommend and advise, and do  
 hereby recommend and advise accordingly, that the  
 twenty-second day of February next be observed  
 throughout this State as a day of mourning, humiliation  
 and prayer—that the citizens on that day go into  
 mourning, and abstaining, as far as may be, from  
 their secular occupation, devote the time to the sacred  
 duties of religion—that they call to mind the virtues,  
 public services, and unshaken patriotism of the de-  
 ceased, and admiring endeavour to emulate them—  
 that they implore the Most High God to supply his  
 loss, by inspiring them with a love of true liberty and  
 pure religion, and by dispensing the blessings of peace  
 and knowledge throughout the land—and that he  
 would grant to the people of this and the United  
 States, that the wisdom and virtues of a Washington  
 may never cease to influence and direct our public  
 councils.

Given in the council chamber, at the city of An-  
 napolis, under the seal of the State of Mary-  
 land, this eighteenth day of December, in  
 the year of our Lord one thousand seven  
 hundred and ninety-nine.

By the Governor,  
 NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
 of the governor and council.

ORDERED, by his excellency the Governor, that  
 the foregoing proclamation be published every day,  
 until the 12th of February next, in the Federal Ga-  
 zette at Baltimore, the Maryland Gazette at Annapolis,  
 Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of  
 Man at Frederick town, the Washington Spy at Ha-  
 gar's-town, and in Green, English, and Co. paper  
 at George-town.

By order,  
 NINIAN PINKNEY.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends  
 and customers, that he has removed to the tan-  
 yard in the city of Annapolis, lately occupied by Mr.  
 JOHN HYNES, where he means to carry on the tanning  
 business in all its various branches. He is now pre-  
 pared to receive hides to tan from those who will  
 please to favour him with their custom, and tan the  
 same on the following terms to wit: Hides at fifteen  
 shillings each, kip skins at eleven shillings and three-  
 pence each, calf skins at five shillings and seven-pence  
 half-penny.

The subscriber, from a long experience in the busi-  
 ness, flatters himself that his work will be rendered  
 pleasing to his customers.

WALTER W. NORMAN.

N. B. As I have just begun business no credit will  
 be given.  
 Annapolis, January 1, 1800.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath  
 obtained from the orphans court of St. Mary's  
 county, Maryland, letters of administration on the per-  
 sonal estate of CLEMENT GARDINER, late of St.  
 Mary's county, deceased, all persons having claims  
 against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit  
 the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber,  
 at or before the first day of August next, they may  
 otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the  
 said estate. Given under my hand this 23d Decem-  
 ber, 1799.

THOMAS GARDINER, Administrator.

### NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the subscriber intends to pe-  
 tition the next Cecil county court, pursuant to  
 the act, entitled, An act for marking and bounding  
 lands, for a commission to bound and mark the fol-  
 lowing tracts of land, lying at the Head of Little Bo-  
 hemia, in Cecil county, and being the property of  
 the Roman Catholic clergy, viz. St. XAVIERUS, St.  
 IGNATIUS, part of WORSSEL MANOR, part of WOOD-  
 BRIDGE, and part of ASKMORE.

FRANCIS BEESTON, Agent for the cor-  
 poration of the Roman Catholic clergy.  
 December 24, 1799.

THE subscriber has for SALE, looking glasses of  
 different sorts, wire fenders, bellows with ma-  
 hogany boards, walking sticks, gauging rods, billiard  
 racks, wood saws, trunks, and various articles of house-  
 hold furniture, at the most moderate prices.  
 December 1, 1799. JOHN SHAW.

### TAKE NOTICE,

THE subscriber having been much injured and  
 deprived of the amusements of gunning on his  
 farms on the Head of Severn, in Anne-Arundel coun-  
 ty, for several years past, by a number of persons who  
 have made a practice of hunting thereon for the bene-  
 fits which they derive from marketing of the game  
 killed on my said farms, these are therefore to fore-  
 warn all persons from hunting within my enclosure,  
 on the farms aforesaid, with either dog or gun, those  
 that hunt therein after this notice will have the law  
 put in force against them immediately, by

w7  
 November 28, 1799

### JAMES WILLIAMS

Has just imported, in the ship ALEXANDRIA, from  
 LONDON, and the schooner BROTHERS,  
 from the WEST-INDIES,

SUNDRY articles of MERCHANDISE, which  
 he offers for sale, at the most reduced prices, for  
 cash, or short credit, viz.

Ten boxes Irish linens, assorted, from 1/3 to 4/6  
 sterling cost; fine Irish and white Russia sheeting;  
 20 cwt. patent shot, assorted, from No. 1 to 7; 50  
 cwt. white lead, in oil; belt porter and double Glo-  
 cester cheese; 60 boxes white and brown Havana  
 sugar; a few barrels best green coffee; 50 boxes best  
 Spanish segars.

Also on hand, a few pipes three years old Cogniac  
 and Bourdeaux brandy, of the first quality, and about  
 eight tons of well assorted cordage, and white rope.  
 November 19, 1799.

### JUST PUBLISHED,

And for sale at the Printing-Office,  
 The Baltimore Repository;

For the year 1800,

### CONTAINING,

An Almanack; Government of the United States;  
 List of Congress; Departments of State, Treasury,  
 War, Navy, and Judiciary, with an account of what  
 is important in each; Federal Courts of Law; Army  
 and Navy of the United States; Mint Establishment;  
 List of Post towns, &c. Times of receiving and  
 closing the Mails at Philadelphia and Baltimore;  
 Abstract of the Revenue Law, list of Duties, Ton-  
 nage, Drawbacks, Bounties, &c. Abstract of the  
 Stamp Act, with a list of Stamp Duties; Duties pay-  
 able on Domestic Articles; An act to value property,  
 and an act to lay a direct tax, &c. Officers of the Re-  
 venue; Ministers, Consuls, &c. to and from the  
 United States; Alien and Sedition Laws; Appropria-  
 tions by Congress for 1799; An account of the  
 Corporation of the City of Baltimore; Banks and In-  
 surance Companies, &c. in ditto; Government of the  
 State of Maryland, with a list of the General Assem-  
 bly; Militia Law of ditto, abridged; Several useful  
 Tables, And a great variety of other interesting matter.

### English Education.

THE citizens of Annapolis, and its vicinity, are  
 hereby respectfully informed, that the sub-  
 scriber proposes opening a SCHOOL immediately  
 after New year, in a convenient situation in town,  
 where he proposes instructing youth of both sexes, on  
 a liberal plan, the various branches of useful know-  
 ledge usually taught in the English language: among  
 which will be taught the English language grammati-  
 cally, arithmetic, book-keeping, geometry, trigo-  
 nometry, with their application to other branches of  
 the mathematics, geography and history, with lessons  
 on morals and the various ties of social and civil life.

Those gentlemen and ladies who would wish to be-  
 come the patrons of this school, are most respectfully  
 informed, that the subscriber has opened a subscrip-  
 tion for the reception of their patronage at the house  
 of Mr. McGuire, and at the office of the Maryland  
 Gazette, where their names will be received with  
 thanks, by their most humble servant,

PHILIP CURRAN.

December, 1799.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-  
 Arundel county, near South river church, a  
 negro girl named SALL, about seventeen years of  
 age, of a dark complexion, about five feet high, when  
 spoken to has a down look, she has a small scar on her  
 left arm, and one of her feet appears to be larger than  
 the other; her clothing was an old cotton jacket and  
 petticoat, and an old yarn petticoat. Whoever takes  
 up and secures said negro, shall receive a REWARD  
 of SIX DOLLARS paid by

VINCENT LUSBY.

November 7, 1799.

### SETH SWEETSER,

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public, and  
 his customers in particular, for past favours, and  
 hopes they will still continue to favour him with their  
 custom, as he still carries on the business in all its  
 branches in the neatest and most fashionable manner.

N. B. I have just received, from Boston, a quan-  
 tity of the best sole leather and shoe thread, and a few  
 barrels of New-England stuff shoes, all of which I  
 will sell on moderate terms.  
 November 5, 1799.

### ANNA POLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL  
 GREEN.

(17th YEAR.)

MAR

In COUNCIL, Annapolis,  
 ORDERED, That the  
 year one thousand eight  
 hundred and ninety-nine  
 in each week, for the ter-  
 m of one year, at Annapolis,  
 Maryland, Mr. Cowan's  
 of Man, at Fredericktown,  
 and Co's. paper, at George  
 town, be printed.  
 By order,  
 NINIAN PINKNEY,  
 Clerk of the Council.

BE it enacted, by the  
 That William Marbury  
 execute the trust and power  
 this act, from the first day  
 eight hundred, until the first  
 day of August next, the said  
 and eight hundred and on-  
 the collection of all arrears  
 the several collectors of the  
 this State; and the said agent  
 required to call upon the  
 stores for an accurate list  
 balance due from such col-  
 shall be furnished by the  
 the said agent, with a list  
 of, and, if necessary, to  
 the said agent, with a list  
 nor and council, may make  
 debtors, and take bonds of  
 security, and give time for  
 years from the first day of  
 hundred.

IV. And be it enacted, That  
 the said agent, with a list  
 the state for naval duties  
 and armaments, and for  
 ordinary, retailers and  
 require payment, and, if  
 the time; and the said agent  
 and credit any money there-  
 with by law, and for the  
 he may take the advice of  
 writing.

V. And be it enacted, That  
 occasion to expose to pub-  
 lication, or his securities  
 already issued, or to be is-  
 agent shall cause at least  
 given of such sale, and the  
 shall appear that there is  
 the debt due to the state  
 shall any property to be  
 state, in payment, or pay-  
 of the arrearages due be  
 may be so purchased, and  
 by this act shall be con-  
 the state, unless a publi-  
 made by the agent, or  
 such sale and purchase;  
 for the use of the state,  
 to public auction on the  
 the use of the state, ex-  
 which shall in no case ex-  
 said agent shall take bond  
 curity, to be approved  
 term there, from the pub-  
 all bonds by him so tak-  
 accurate list thereof sub-  
 of the western shore, of  
 property of such purchas-  
 the respective dates, or  
 in the schedule thereto.

VI. And be it enacted, That  
 directed to dispose of  
 this remains unsold, an  
 sufficient security, and  
 thereof, not exceeding  
 of January, one thou-  
 where the quantity of  
 sold to such sale exce-  
 such land shall be dispo-  
 and place of which sale  
 the time of any sale by  
 shall make known the  
 state thereto, and that  
 due to the same, or a  
 shall must be in all  
 cases.

VII. And be it enacted,  
 by any officer or per-  
 son, or by any clerk, or  
 western or eastern clerk  
 made to the clerks and  
 in the cases where the  
 authorized to receive the  
 VIII. And be it enacted,  
 full power and authori-  
 governor and council  
 to take back any prop-  
 erty, and not yet paid  
 for having purchased,  
 of paying for the same  
 upon terms and price  
 with the advice and



# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1800.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 8, 1800.

ORDERED, That the act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, be published once in each week, for the term of eight weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, and in Green, English, and Co's. paper, at George-town.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That William Marbury be agent of this state, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and one.

II. And be it enacted, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrearages and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this state; and the said agent is hereby authorized and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective counties for an accurate statement of all arrearages and balances due from such collectors, and such accounts shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

III. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of balances due to the state on the auditor's books, or on open account; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and, if necessary, to sue for and recover the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred.

IV. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all monies due to the state for naval duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and emoluments, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licenses, and to require payment, and, if necessary, sue for and recover the same; and the said agent may allow for insolvency, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law, and for his information of the law, he may take the advice of the attorney-general in writing.

V. And be it enacted, That whenever there shall be occasion to expose to public sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be issued for this purpose, the said agent shall cause at least thirty days public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the state, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed to sale for the use of the state, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrearages due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased, and that no purchase authorized by this act shall be considered as made on the part of the state, unless a public declaration to that effect be made by the agent, or his deputy, immediately after such sale and purchase; and any property so purchased for the use of the state, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms, for the use of the state, and if the same be sold on credit, which shall in no case exceed the term of two years, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore, from the purchasers of such property, and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, in the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers, and their securities, from the respective dates, or so much thereof as is mentioned in the schedule thereto annexed.

VI. And be it enacted, That the said agent is hereby directed to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains unsold, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for the payment thereof, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, and that where the quantity of land in any one body subject to such sale exceeds the quantity of fifty acres, such land shall be disposed of at public sale, of the time and place of which sale at least thirty days previous notice shall be given by public advertisement; and that at the time of any sale by virtue of this act, the said agent shall make known that he only sells the right of this state thereto, and that the state doth not guaranty the title to the same, or any part thereof, but that the purchase must be in all respects at the risk of the purchaser.

VII. And be it enacted, That no payment in future by any officer or person indebted to the state shall be valid and effectual, unless made to the treasurer of the western or eastern shore, or to the agent, or unless made to the clerks and sheriffs of the several counties, in the cases where the said clerks and their officers are by law authorized to receive the same.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the agent shall have full power and authority, by and with the advice of the governor and council, in all cases of unliquidated debts, to take back any property heretofore purchased by any person, and not yet paid for, in cases where the person so having purchased, and his securities, are not capable of paying for the same, and to compromise the same upon terms and principles of equity and justice, by and with the advice and consent aforesaid; and the agent is

hereby required to lay a particular statement of his proceedings under this section before the next session of assembly.

IX. And be it enacted, That the agent, with the approbation and consent of the governor and council, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to compromise any suit depending in chancery with any state debtor, upon any terms in their judgment calculated to promote the interest of the state, and to obtain the speedy receipt of the sums due.

X. And be it enacted, That if, under the terms of any compromise made as aforesaid, the property heretofore purchased should be taken back and revested in the state, the same may be sold by the agent, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to sell the same at public sale, giving thirty days notice, on a credit of two years, payable one half of the principal, and the whole interest, annually, on the first day of December in each year, and the bonds, when taken, shall be returned to the treasury of the western shore, and reported to the general assembly at their session next ensuing the taking of such bonds.

XI. And be it enacted, That all cases in chancery, where no compromise under this act is effected, shall be placed under the direction of the agent, who is hereby authorized and required to call on the attorney-general to prosecute or defend the same to immediate final decision; and the governor and council are hereby authorized and empowered, at the request of the agent, in cases of difficulty, to aid the attorney-general, by employing any person to attend to surveys where necessary, or otherwise to assist in the prosecution or defence of said suits, which person or persons are to be paid out of the contingent fund of five hundred pounds; and the names of the persons so employed, together with the sum allowed for their services, to be laid before the general assembly at their next session.

XII. And be it enacted, That if any bond debtor to the state for confiscated property purchased, or otherwise, shall neglect to make payment agreeably to the condition of his bond, and tundry resolves of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued, and served and unpaid, as occasion may require, or, under the directions and with the approbation of the governor and council, he is hereby authorized to delay any execution as long as they may think expedient and necessary.

XIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all balances due on bond taken for taxes due before the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds intailed, or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of one thousand seven hundred and sixty-nine, and one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three.

XIV. And be it enacted, That no process shall issue against any of the public debtors, unless by the direction of the said agent.

XV. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days of sale of property taken by fieri facias, at the suit of the state, as he may think proper, always taking care to give at least twenty days public notice thereof; and the said agent shall also have power to suspend the sales, from time to time, as he may think most to the advantage of the state.

XVI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in specie, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

XVII. And be it enacted, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in virtue of this act, the bonds shall be a lien on the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bond, in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them respectively, cause them, with the schedule annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore, at the expense of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be as good evidence in any court of law or equity in this state as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner as papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expense of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be as good evidence as aforesaid.

XIX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render to the treasurer of the western shore distinct quarterly accounts of his receipts of all money, certificates and bonds, in virtue of this act, and shall immediately thereupon pay and deliver the same to the said treasurer, who shall, in his annual report to the general assembly, state fully and particularly the money, certificates and bonds, by him received from the said agent, and the times when the same were received and accounted for.

XX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act to the general assembly at their next session, and within the first ten days after its commencement, in which account shall be specified, under distinct heads, his own receipts, and those of the treasurer, and of all transfers of stock upon which he may be entitled to commission, and in which shall also be contained a particular estimate of his commission, shewing how and upon what the same arose due.

XXI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall, within twenty days after the commencement of the next session of the general assembly, render to each branch of the legislature a fair and distinct account of the debts or sums of money due to the state, ranging the names of the debtors in alphabetical order, and give full and complete information of the manner in which, and the time when, each debt arose, and also the different steps and proceedings which have been taken by himself, or others, for the recovery thereof.

XXII. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: for all payments actually made to either of the treasurers in virtue of this act, three per cent. and for all bonds taken by the said agent in virtue of this act, three per cent.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the state, before the governor and council, in the penalty of sixty thousand dollars, with such security as the governor and council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties as agent under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, to the best of his skill and judgment, the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on, the said bond.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That the agent be and he is hereby authorized and directed to collect any sum or sums of money due from persons residents without the state of Maryland, and, if necessary, sue therefor, and he is also authorized to employ counsel for the recovery of the same, and give such fee as he may think reasonable, and draw on the treasurer of the western shore therefor, who is hereby authorized to pay the amount of such order.

XXV. And be it enacted, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after his acceptance he shall not give bond, and take the oath aforesaid, before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and council are hereby authorized and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said William Marbury by this act, such person first giving security, and taking the oath aforesaid.

## Notice to State Debtors.

THE Agent requests all debtors to the State of Maryland to discharge their respective balances on or before the tenth day of March next, immediately thereafter all lawful means will be taken to enforce payment, and all penalties incurred by the delinquent clerks and sheriffs will be exacted.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent.

B E R N, October 11.

The Executive Helvetic Directory to the citizens composing the municipality of Zurich.

Citizens,

IN the place of receiving from general Massena a satisfactory reply to its protests and protestations, on the subject of the forced loan which he had demanded of you, the executive directory learns that a like sum has been demanded of the commerce of Bern.

It enjoins you, citizens municipal officers, under your personal responsibility, under pain of being considered as traitors to your country, to refuse not only all ulterior payment of the demand made upon you, but all negotiation, or even to speak upon the subject.

The Executive Directory expects that no motive will lead you to dispense with the execution of this order, and that you will have the energy to persevere.

Z U R I C H, October 26.

The Helvetic directory having formally forbidden the payment of the loan of 800,000 francs, imposed on the inhabitants of Zurich. General Massena has sent from that town the Swiss troops who did duty there, and has replaced them by French troops.

The reserve of the French army has made a movement. General Massena, apprehensive that prince Charles, who advanced with his army into the Brisgau, would attempt to turn us at Basle, has just sent the reserve to protect the Rhine on that point.

Our troops during the short time they remained in Constance pillaged a part of the town.

S T R A S B U R G, October 20.

Private letters inform us, that since our troops entered Mannheim, the bridge has been established, and



William H. Park 131, 1792.  
 Richard Ponsby 1777.  
 Anthony Reintzel 830, 856, 1048, 1374, 1938, 3118.  
 Abner Ritchie 1903, 244, 2062, 2063, 1555, 1034, 1348, 1606, 1422, 2064, 2065, 1978, 817.  
 Ezra Robinson 2809, 2810, 2811, two shillings and nine pence each.  
 John Ritchie 1351, 1392, 1493, 1304.  
 George Rofs 334.  
 Charles Robinson 1268.  
 John Reid 301.  
 James Robinson 2582, 2586, 2587, 2583.  
 Christopher Richmond 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743.  
 Absalom Ridgely 229.  
 Selby & Cooke 193, 1413.  
 John Schley 1237.  
 James Shaw 3066.  
 Robert C. Stanley 1373, 842, 1172, 930, 858.  
 Philip Severer 3036.  
 Benjamin Stodder 3435, 3882, 3833, 3884, 3885, 3886, 3440, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3452, 3454, 3355, 3456, 3458, 3459, 3461, 3462.  
 John A. Summer 25, 37, 38, 55, 57, 70, 72, 58, 81, 89, 94, 109, 119, 126, 154, 162, 163, 165, 170, 175, 180, 181, 184, 190, 196, 216, 217, 220, 230, 236, 250, 278, 316, 320, 337, 360, 382, 385, 398, 401, 404, 407, 413, 403, 448, 449, 451, 452, 456, 481, 488, 495, 802, 827, 846, 883, 896, 923, 932, 946, 951, 952, 963, 982, 989, 991, 1008, 1009, 1014, 1017, 1037, 1044, 1069, 1083, 1097, 1100, 1111, 1112, 1118, 1121, 1132, 1156, 1161, 1173, 1174, 1183, 1184, 1187, 1196, 1119, 1201, 1209, 1221, 1245, 1277, 1280, 1295, 1259, 1300, 1310, 1312, 1342, 1381, 1384, 1408, 1417, 1422, 1425, 1426, 1433, 1442, 1444, 1462, 1463, 1465, 1469, 1475, 1478, 1496, 1500, 1502, 1508, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1552, 1590, 1593, 1597, 1598, 1602, 1616, 1624, 1691, 1694, 1695, 1702, 1711, 1712, 1718, 1721, 1730, 1741, 1762, 1766, 1793, 1748, 1714, 1789, 1802, 1819, 1821, 1844, 1849, 1865, 1887, 1894, 1895, 1914, 1926, 1929, 1931, 1938, 1944, 1964, 2016, 2038, 2081, 2085, 2309, 2398, 2517, 2529, 2543, 2548, 3008, 3034, 3043, 3047, 3060, 3092, 3100, 3119, 3125, 3129, 3161, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023, 4024, 4038, 4053, 4055, 4096, 4098, 4110, 4115, 4081.  
 Anne Spicer 1 lot, number unknown, one shilling and four-pence half-penny.  
 John Templeman 347, 348, 349, one shilling and four-pence each.  
 Thomas and Sa. Turner 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619.  
 Benjamin G. Vaughan 2037, 2551, 3155, and one lot number unknown.  
 John Willson 4045, Edward Wright 217, 3039, 1289, 2540, 4064 1190, 118.  
 Philip L. Webster 283, 1495.  
 James West, jun. 2081, 1005.  
 Charles Wayman 82.  
 James Williams 2033, 2504, 1790, 149, 1610, 210, 86, 1639, 3153, 1202, 1054, 3149, 1398, 1038, 878, 2010.  
 John Warfield 266.  
 William Woods 2723, 2732, 2733, 2735.  
 John Williams 3 lots 50 acres each eleven-pence half-penny each.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county charges, due on the lands and lots aforesaid, shall be paid to William McMahon, collector of Allegany county, on or before the 15th day of June next, the lands and lots so charged as aforesaid, or such part thereof as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon, shall be sold to the highest bidder for the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD,  
 HANSON BRISCOE,  
 JOHN REID,  
 Commissioners of the tax for Allegany county.

### Patowmack Company.

THE Stockholders are earnestly desired to attend a general meeting at the Union Tavern, in George town, on Monday the 20th January next, on business of the first importance to this useful improvement of finishing the navigation and locks at the Great Falls on Patowmack river.

The president and directors are anxious to contract for a number of black labourers by the year, and any one of the subscribers will be ready to receive proposals immediately for the year ensuing, having obtained the sanction and aid of the State of Maryland, they have no doubt of being able to make punctual payment for all their contracts.

JAMES KEITH, President,  
 JOHN MASON,  
 WILLIAM H. DORSEY,  
 JOHN LAIRD,  
 JOSIAS CLAPHAM,  
 Directors.

George-town, December 10, 1799.

### Notice is hereby given,

TO all persons having claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, to appear on the eighteenth day of February next, at Mr. James Williams's tavern, in the said city, between the hours of ten and twelve, A. M. with their claims against the deceased, properly authenticated, at which time the assets then in hand will be divided among, and paid to, the several creditors of the deceased, in such proportion and manner as the law directs.

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator  
 with the will annexed.

Annapolis, January 2, 1800.

### By his EXCELLENCY BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire. GOVERNOR of MARYLAND. A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Legislature of this State, penetrated with regret for the death of the illustrious patriot general George Washington, and zealous to express their high respect and veneration for his eminent virtues and distinguished service to his country, have, by a resolution unanimously assented to on the 17th instant, requested me "to appoint, by proclamation, a day of mourning, humiliation and prayer, throughout this state, and to recommend it to the citizens thereof to assemble in their respective places of worship, to testify, in the most public manner, their veneration for his memory, and to derive, from the just eulogiums of his meritorious services, the best motives for the imitation of his virtues."

And, whereas I entirely accord with the honourable legislature in the measure proposed, and am anxious to co-operate with them in paying this tribute of grateful respect to the merits and long tried patriotism of our deceased fellow-citizen, I have therefore thought proper to recommend and advise, and do hereby recommend and advise accordingly, that the twenty-second day of February next be observed throughout this state as a day of mourning, humiliation and prayer—that the citizens on that day go into mourning, and abstaining, as far as may be, from their secular occupation, devote the time to the sacred duties of religion—that they call to mind the virtues, public services, and unshaken patriotism of the deceased, and admiring endeavour to emulate them—that they implore the Most High God to supply his loss, by inspiring them with a love of true liberty and pure religion, and by dispensing the blessings of peace and knowledge throughout the land—and that he would grant to the people of this and the United States, that the wisdom and virtues of a Washington may never cease to influence and direct our public councils.

Given in the council chamber, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this eighteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

By the Governor,  
 NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
 of the governor and council.

ORDERED, by his excellency the Governor, that the foregoing proclamation be published every day, until the 12th of February next, in the Federal Gazette at Baltimore, the Maryland Gazette at Annapolis, Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of Man at Frederick town, the Washington Spy at Hagerstown, and in Green, English, and Co. paper at George-town.

By order,  
 NINIAN PINKNEY.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and customers, that he has removed to the tannery in the city of Annapolis, lately occupied by Mr. JOHN HYDE, where he means to carry on the tanning business in all its various branches. He is now prepared to receive hides to tan from those who will please to favour him with their custom, and tan the same on the following terms to wit: Hides at fifteen shillings each, kip skins at eleven shillings and three-pence each, calf skins at five shillings and seven-pence half-penny.

The subscriber, from a long experience in the business, flatters himself that his work will be rendered pleasing to his customers.

WALTER W. NORMAN.

N. B. As I have just begun business no credit will be given.  
 Annapolis, January 1, 1800.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath obtained from the orphan's court of St. Mary's county, Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of CLEMENT GARDINER, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 23d December, 1799.

THOMAS GARDINER, Administrator.

### NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the subscriber intends to partition the next Cecil county court, pursuant to the act, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, for a commission to bound and mark the following tracts of land, lying at the Head of Little Bohemia, in Cecil county, and being the property of the Roman Catholic clergy, viz. St. XAVIER'S, St. IGNATIUS, part of WORRELL MANOR, part of WOODBRIDGE, and part of ASKMORE.

FRANCIS BEESTON, Agent for the corporation of the Roman Catholic clergy.  
 December 24, 1799.

THE subscriber has for SALE, looking glasses of different sorts, wire fenders, bellows with mahogany boards, walking sticks, gauging rods, billiard racks, wood saws, trunks, and various articles of household furniture, at the most moderate prices.  
 December 1, 1799. JOHN SHAW.

### TAKE NOTICE,

THE subscriber having been much injured and deprived of the amusements of gunning on his farms on the Head of Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, for several years past, by a number of persons who have made a practice of hunting thereon for the benefit which they derive from marketing of the game killed on my said farms, these are therefore to forewarn all persons from hunting within my enclosure, on the farms aforesaid, with either dog or gun, those that hunt therein after this notice will have the law put in force against them immediately, by

W 7  
 November 28, 1799

### JAMES WILLIAMS

Has just imported, in the ship ALEXANDRIA, from London, and the schooner BROTHEN, from the West-Indies,

SUNDRY articles of MERCHANDISE, which he offers for sale, at the most reduced prices, for cash, or short credit, viz.

Ten boxes Irish linens, assorted, from 1/3 to 1/6 sterling cost; fine Irish and white Russia sheeting; 20 cwt. patent shot, assorted, from No. 1 to 7; 50 cwt. white lead, in oil; best porter and double Gloucester cheese; 60 boxes white and brown Havana sugar; a few barrels best green coffee; 50 boxes best Spanish segars.

Also on hand, a few pipes three years old Cogniac and Bourdeaux brandy, of the first quality, and about eight tons of well assorted cordage, and white rope.  
 November 19, 1799.

### JUST PUBLISHED,

And for sale at the Printing-Office,

### The Baltimore Repository;

For the year 1800,

### CONTAINING,

An Almanack; Government of the United States; List of Congress; Departments of State, Treasury, War, Navy, and Judiciary, with an account of what is important in each; Federal Courts of Law; Army and Navy of the United States; Mint Establishment; List of Post towns, &c. Times of receiving and closing the Mails at Philadelphia and Baltimore; Abstract of the Revenue Law, list of Duties, Tonnage, Drawbacks, Bounties, &c. Abstract of the Stamp Act, with a list of Stamp Duties; Duties payable on Domestic Articles; An act to value property, and an act to lay a direct tax, &c. Officers of the Revenue; Ministers, Consuls, &c. to and from the United States; Alien and Sedition Laws; Appropriations by Congress for 1799; An account of the Corporation of the City of Baltimore; Banks and Insurance Companies, &c. in ditto; Government of the State of Maryland, with a list of the General Assembly; Militia Law of ditto, abridged; Several useful Tables, And a great variety of other interesting matter.

### English Education.

THE citizens of Annapolis, and its vicinity, are hereby respectfully informed, that the subscriber proposes opening a SCHOOL immediately after New year, in a convenient situation in town, where he proposes instructing youth of both sexes, on a liberal plan, the various branches of useful knowledge usually taught in the English language; among which will be taught the English language grammatically, arithmetic, book-keeping, geometry, trigonometry, with their application to other branches of the mathematic, geography and history, with lessons on morals and the various ties of social and civil life.

Those gentlemen and ladies who would wish to become the patrons of this school, are most respectfully informed, that the subscriber has opened a subscription for the reception of their patronage at the house of Mr. McGuire, and at the office of the Maryland Gazette, where their names will be received with thanks, by their most humble servant,

PHILIP CURRAN.

December, 1799.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near South river church, a negro girl named SALL, about seventeen years of age, of a dark complexion, about five feet high, when spoken to has a down look, she has a small scar on her left arm, and one of her feet appears to be larger than the other; her clothing was an old cotton jacket and petticoat, and an old yarn petticoat. Whoever takes up and secures said negro, shall receive a REWARD of SIX DOLLARS paid by

VINCENT LUSBY.

November 7, 1799.

### SETH SWEETSER,

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public, and his customers in particular, for past favours, and hopes they will still continue to favour him with their custom, as he still carries on the business in all its branches in the neatest and most fashionable manner.

N. B. I have just received, from Boston, a quantity of the best sole leather and shoe thread, and a few barrels of New-England buff shoes, all of which I will sell on moderate terms.

November 5, 1799.

### ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

(17th YEAR.)

MAR

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, December 10, 1799. ORDERED, That the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine be the year for the term of the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, and Co's. paper, at George-town.

By order,  
 NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk

ACT to appoint an agent to execute the trust and power of the said act, from the first day of January, until the first day of August, and the said agent shall be furnished by the State with the necessary funds for an accurate statement of the said collection of all arrears of the several collectors of the said State; and the said agent shall be required to call upon the several collectors for an accurate statement of the said collection of all arrears of the several collectors of the said State; and the said agent shall be furnished by the State with the necessary funds for an accurate statement of the said collection of all arrears of the several collectors of the said State; and the said agent shall be required to call upon the several collectors for an accurate statement of the said collection of all arrears of the several collectors of the said State; and the said agent shall be furnished by the State with the necessary funds for an accurate statement of the said collection of all arrears of the several collectors of the said State; 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# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1800.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 8, 1800.

ORDERED, That the act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, be published once in each week, for the term of eight weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, and in Green, English, and Co's. paper, at George-town.

By order,

NINIAM PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That William Marbury be agent of this state, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and one.

II. And be it enacted, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrears and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this state; and the said agent is hereby authorized and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective counties for an accurate statement of all arrears and balances due from such collectors, and such accounts shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

III. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of balances due to the state on the auditor's books, or on open account; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and, if necessary, to sue for and recover the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred.

IV. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all monies due to the state for naval duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and emoluments, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licenses, and to require payment, and, if necessary, sue for and recover the same; and the said agent may allow for insolvency, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law, and for his information of the law, he may take the advice of the attorney-general in writing.

V. And be it enacted, That whenever there shall be occasion to expose to public sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be issued for this purpose, the said agent shall cause at least thirty days public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the state, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed to sale for the use of the state, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrears due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased, and that no purchase authorized by this act shall be considered as made on the part of the state, unless a public declaration to that effect be made by the agent, or his deputy, immediately after such sale and purchase; and any property so purchased for the use of the state, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms, for the use of the state, and if the same be sold on credit, which shall in no case exceed the term of two years, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore, from the purchasers of such property, and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, in the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers, and their securities, from the respective dates, or so much thereof as is mentioned in the schedule thereto annexed.

VI. And be it enacted, That the said agent is hereby directed to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains unsold, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for the payment thereof, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, and that where the quantity of land in any one body subject to such sale exceeds the quantity of fifty acres, such land shall be disposed of at public sale, of the time and place of which sale at least thirty days previous notice shall be given by public advertisement; and that at the time of any sale by virtue of this act, the said agent shall make known that he only sells the right of this state thereto, and that the state doth not guaranty the title to the same, or any part thereof, but that the purchase must be in all respects at the risk of the purchaser.

VII. And be it enacted, That no payment in future by any officer or person indebted to the state shall be valid and effectual, unless made to the treasurer of the western or eastern shore, or to the agent, or unless made to the clerks and sheriffs of the several counties, in the cases where the said clerks and sheriffs are by law authorized to receive the same.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the agent shall have full power and authority, by and with the advice of the governor and council, in all cases of uncollected debts, to take back any property heretofore purchased by any person, and not yet paid for, in cases where the person so having purchased, and his securities, are not capable of paying for the same, and to compromise the same upon terms and principles of equity and justice, by and with the advice and consent aforesaid; and the agent is

hereby required to lay a particular statement of his proceedings under this section before the next session of assembly.

IX. And be it enacted, That the agent, with the approbation and consent of the governor and council, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to compromise any suit depending in chancery with any state debtor, upon any terms in their judgment calculated to promote the interest of the state, and to obtain the speedy receipt of the sums due.

X. And be it enacted, That if, under the terms of any compromise made as aforesaid, the property heretofore purchased should be taken back and re-vested in the state, the same may be sold by the agent, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to sell the same at public sale, giving thirty days notice, on a credit of two years, payable one half of the principal, and the whole interest, annually, on the first day of December in each year, and the bonds, when taken, shall be returned to the treasury of the western shore, and reported to the general assembly at their session next ensuing the taking of such bonds.

XI. And be it enacted, That all cases in chancery, where no compromise under this act is effected, shall be placed under the direction of the agent, who is hereby authorized and required to call on the attorney-general to prosecute or defend the same to immediate final decision; and the governor and council are hereby authorized and empowered, at the request of the agent, in cases of difficulty, to aid the attorney-general, by employing any person to attend to surveys where necessary, or otherwise to assist in the prosecution or defence of said suits, which person or persons are to be paid out of the contingent fund of five hundred pounds; and the names of the persons so employed, together with the sum allowed for their services, to be laid before the general assembly at their next session.

XII. And be it enacted, That if any bond debtor to the state for confiscated property purchased, or otherwise, shall neglect to make payment agreeably to the condition of his bond, andundry resolves of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued, and served and suspended, as occasion may require, or, under the directions and with the approbation of the governor and council, he is hereby authorized to delay any execution as long as they may think expedient and necessary.

XIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all balances due on bond taken for taxes due before the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds intailed, or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of one thousand seven hundred and sixty-nine, and one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three.

XIV. And be it enacted, That no process shall issue against any of the public debtors, unless by the direction of the said agent.

XV. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days of sale of property taken by fieri facias, at the suit of the state, as he may think proper, always taking care to give at least twenty days public notice thereof; and the said agent shall also have power to suspend the sales, from time to time, as he may think most to the advantage of the state.

XVI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in specie, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

XVII. And be it enacted, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in virtue of this act, the bonds shall be a lien on the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bond, in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them respectively, cause them, with the schedule annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore, at the expense of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be as good evidence in any court of law or equity in this state as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner as papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expense of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be as good evidence as aforesaid.

XIX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render to the treasurer of the western shore distinct quarterly accounts of his receipts of all money, certificates and bonds, in virtue of this act, and shall immediately thereupon pay and deliver the same to the said treasurer, who shall, in his annual report to the general assembly, state fully and particularly the money, certificates and bonds, by him received from the said agent, and the times when the same were received and accounted for.

XX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act to the general assembly at their next session, and within the first ten days after its commencement, in which account shall be specified, under distinct heads, his own receipts, and those of the treasurer, and of all transfers of stock upon which he may be entitled to commission, and in which shall also be contained a particular estimate of his commission, shewing how and upon what the same arose due.

XXI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall, within twenty days after the commencement of the next session of the general assembly, render to each branch of the legislature a fair and distinct account of the debts or sums of money due to the state, ranging the names of the debtors in alphabetical order, and give full and complete information of the manner in which, and the time when, each debt arose, and also the different steps and proceedings which have been taken by himself, or others, for the recovery thereof.

XXII. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: for all payments actually made to either of the treasurers in virtue of this act, three per cent, and for all bonds taken by the said agent in virtue of this act, three per cent.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the state, before the governor and council, in the penalty of sixty thousand dollars, with such security as the governor and council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties as agent under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, to the best of his skill and judgment, the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on, the said bond.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That the agent be and he is hereby authorized and directed to collect any sum or sums of money due from persons residents without the state of Maryland, and, if necessary, sue therefor, and he is also authorized to employ counsel for the recovery of the same, and give such fee as he may think reasonable, and draw on the treasurer of the western shore therefor, who is hereby authorized to pay the amount of such order.

XXV. And be it enacted, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after his acceptance he shall not give bond, and take the oath aforesaid, before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and council are hereby authorized and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said William Marbury by this act, such person first giving security, and taking the oath aforesaid.

## Notice to State Debtors.

THE Agent requests all debtors to the State of Maryland to discharge their respective balances on or before the tenth day of March next, immediately thereafter all lawful means will be taken to enforce payment, and all penalties incurred by the delinquent clerks and sheriffs will be exacted.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent.

BERN, October 11.

The Executive Helvetic Directory to the citizens composing the municipality of Zurich.

Citizens,

IN the place of receiving from general Massena a satisfactory reply to its protests and protestations, on the subject of the forced loan which he had demanded of you, the executive directory learns that a like sum has been demanded of the commerce of Bern.

It enjoins you, citizens municipal officers, under your personal responsibility, under pain of being considered as traitors to your country, to refuse not only all ulterior payment of the demand made upon you, but all negotiation, or even to speak upon the subject.

The Executive Directory expects that no motive will lead you to dispense with the execution of this order, and that you will have the energy to persist.

ZURICH, October 26.

The Helvetic directory having formally forbidden the payment of the loan of 800,000 francs, imposed on the inhabitants of Zurich. General Massena has sent from that town the Swiss troops who did duty there, and has replaced them by French troops.

The reserve of the French army has made a movement. General Massena, apprehensive that prince Charles, who advanced with his army into the Brisgau, would attempt to turn us at Basle, has just sent the reserve to protect the Rhine on that point.

Our troops during the short time they remained in Constance pillaged a part of the town.

STRASBURG, October 20.

Private letters inform us, that since our troops entered Mannheim, the bridge has been established, and



that many divisions have passed it in order to advance in two columns against Heilbrun and Bruchsal. The day before yesterday the grand train of artillery of the army of the Rhine set out for Frankenthal. Gen. Nez is advancing against Alschaffenburg and Franconia, with a body of the army composed of 10,000 infantry and nearly as many cavalry.

October 22.

General Lecourbe is not to join the army of the Danube—according to repeated letters from him, received by the minister of war, he has resolved upon taking the chief command of the army of the Rhine.

VIENNA, October 26.

The exchange of couriers within this fortnight, between Petersburg and Vienna, has been more frequent than ever. It is said that the object is an extraordinary reinforcement of Russian auxiliaries. Besides the Russians already on their march, the court of Petersburg has determined to send 150,000 men against France, a great part of whom are to commence their march in January next.

Of a corps of 60,000 men heretofore spoken of, 24,000 have already arrived in Galicia.

The states of Hungary have again determined to send further reinforcements into the field, if necessary.

The Hungarian nobleman Suetes, alone, at his own expense, furnishes 100 riflemen.

To-day's Court Gazette contains a report of general Melas, from Marozzo, of the 14th instant, respecting the events near Conco. The enemy had the important village Baintette in possession. General Mitrowsky drove him out of it on the 13th, and maintained his position, although the enemy made two attempts to dislodge him. The enemy's total loss is 1000 men—ours, 15 killed, 116 wounded, and 54 missing. A whole battalion of the enemy, consisting of 500 men, was cut off, and 450 men, besides 16 officers, were taken prisoners.

FROM ITALY, October 20.

Admiral Nelson has embarked 1000 men for a secret expedition; and it is said he himself will sail with his fleet to the Genoese coast.

LINDAU, October 25.

The united armies of field-marshal Suwarow and general Korsakow, are principally still in our neighbourhood; only several regiments having moved by way of Bregentz towards Rheineck. The Russian head quarters are still here. Provisions in this city and whole neighbourhood are daily becoming scarcer and dearer.

The report of Coire being in possession of the French is unfounded. The army of the archduke is securely stationed in the vicinity of Schaffhausen, without interruption.

HANAU, October 29.

Report says general Massena has crossed the Rhine in the Grisons, and is making progress, but no date is mentioned.

Frequent skirmishes take place before Philipsburg. The French stormed the outworks of that city three times on the 21st, but were every time repulsed.

At Frankfurt, five Jewish houses have stopped payment, and several others followed at Aachen, &c.

The Russian troops on the frontiers of South Prussia, are assembling at Riga, according to the public journals, for a new expedition.

NEW-YORK, January 8.

The following paragraphs are copied from some of the latest London papers by the Liverpool packet.

By letters from Falmouth, in our maritime intelligence, it appears that the combined fleet in Brest is preparing to put to sea. Seven sail of the line were seen coming out of the harbour on Friday last. The whole of the enemy's naval force in that port, amounted, it is said, to between forty and fifty sail of the line, besides frigates.

The Britisher has now got possession of a tolerable fleet, but, most unfortunately, his crews are at present in Nubia, the treasures for their pay in the bank of Air, and his harbours in the Isle of Sky!

The convention between our army in Holland and the enemy is at last before the public, in an official form.

From the first moment that we had occasion to notice this expedition, we pronounced it an enterprise neither calculated to promote the honour nor the advantage of the British nation. Its unfortunate termination has more than verified this opinion. It has not only been attended with very great sacrifices of public interest, but has closed in a manner more humiliating than the country has ever experienced in any undertaking on so large a scale even in the most degrading periods of ministerial turpitude.

The best understanding possible seems to prevail between the chieftains of the British and French armies. Several of our generals have had interviews, and dined with those of the enemy; and I am told general Bruce dined yesterday with the duke of York, who, it is added, lent his own carriage for the citizen general.

January 16.

IMPORTANT.

FROM A PROVIDENCE PAPER—Jan. 1.

Extract of a letter from captain Perry, dated off Cape Francois, December 14th, 1799.

"Commodore Talbot, left this place about 16 days since, to go to the Mole to water, and expected to have been back in eight or ten days—we are rather alarmed for his safety, as we well know there is no

dependence on Toussaint or his administration. By a letter from Dr. Stevens I have been informed, that there has an insurrection broke out at Port-de-Paix, Jean Rebel, and the vicinity of the Mole, headed by Goliard. I have ordered the Herald down to the Mole, with orders to send her boat in, should the Constitution be there, with the above information to commodore Talbot. What will be the event of the insurrection is beyond human calculation."

Another letter says, the government of St. Domingo, have imprisoned an officer of the Boston frigate.

PHILADELPHIA, January 11.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at St. Jago of Cuba, dated 11th December, 1799, to his friend at Philadelphia.

"Some American seamen and supercargoes die here with the true Philadelphia and New-York yellow fever; but none of the inhabitants of this city take it; which causes the Spaniards here to call it the fever of the United States. How differently do the Philadelphians think of it?"

The British government has ratified the provisional treaty with Toussaint.

January 16.

Translated for the Philadelphia Gazette, from a Hamburg paper of October 24.

The honourable senate of the free Imperial city of Hamburg, have issued an ordinance (the 18th Oct.) which is to exist for four months, for the relief of such commercial houses, as are, at the present time, (altho' possessed of sufficient property) unable to fulfil their engagements—

Chiefly on the following point:—

The senate, at their next session, will appoint a committee, to whom merchants, under the above circumstances, are to deliver up their books and papers attested on oath.

The committee will appoint two of the creditors trustees, to look into the business, and to make out a statement or balance; of which they have to make report within four weeks, to the creditors in general.

The business will be carried on under the care of these two trustees, so as to save public credit, sacrifice of property, and immediate ruin.

No failures of consequence have been known since the above ordinance.

HAMBURG, October 22.

It is with the greatest satisfaction we can announce to the commercial world, that since some days past the importation of bullion and money has been considerable, and some more is expected.—No more failures have happened.

Public credit is again re-established on our exchange. It is hoped, also, that it will soon be retrieved abroad.

BALTIMORE, January 18.

Advices from Italy of the 14th October state, that the four treaties of alliance, which his Neapolitan majesty has concluded with the courts of Vienna, Petersburg, London and the Ottoman Porte, have appeared in print. The one with his Imperial royal majesty, dated May 10, 1798, contains 10 articles, in which, among other matters, it is stipulated that the emperor shall employ in Italy 60,000, and in case of necessity 80,000 men; and his Neapolitan majesty engages to assist the emperor with 30,000, or even 40,000 men, besides keeping 3 or 4 frigates in the Adriatic sea, to scour it of Barbary corsairs, &c. Neither party shall make a separate peace without the written consent of the other, and then only on condition that all the conquests which the enemy may have made from his ally during the war, be restored to him.

An article from Suabia of the 24th October says, that a declaration of war the two Imperial courts against the present government in Switzerland is expected.

January 20.

Extract of a letter received from Mr. Joseph Pittcairn, consul of the United States of America at Hamburg, by a respectable mercantile house here—dated

HAMBURG, 4th November, 1799.

"To-day our prices for sugar began to revive and other things must follow, for that is the article on which the glut has been principally manifested.

"Our chief hope of demand is from the Dutch market, which is 30 per cent. higher than ours; in former times, a difference of 14 per cent. would have emptied every store in Hamburg—Good merchantable coffee may be called here 14d pence per pound, which at the extra of 30 per cent. with England would give 18d sterling, or 150s per cwt. By last mail our exchange was 20s, but had many symptoms of rising.—Cotton a good article, first quality Surinam, 64 groats, equal to about 3s 10d sterling, and all others in proportion; we seldom have a long delay here on the sale of this article.

"The house of Hopp, formerly of Amsterdam, has been speculating in the finer kinds of indigo, which has raised their price to 20 per cent. more than it was in the spring."

Annapolis, January 23.

"DIED, at Mid-Hill, in Frederick county, on the 14th instant, with the yellow fever, UPTON SHEREDINE, Esq; first commissioner under the law of the United States for the direct tax in the district of Maryland; in his death the public has sustained a great loss."

For sale, for ready money.

By virtue of an order of the honourable the justices of the orphans court of Charles county, will be SOLD, on the 29th of January, eighteen hundred,

THE late dwelling plantation of JOSEPH PICKARELL, deceased, containing seventy-five acres, more or less. The sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

SAMUEL PICKARELL, Administrator.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Thursday the 13th of February next, at Mr. CHARLES WATERS'S mill,

THE NEGROES belonging to the estate of MORDECAI RIDGELY, late of said county, deceased, to wit: three men, one woman, and two boys.

PEREGRINE RIDGELY, Administrator of MORDECAI RIDGELY.

January 18, 1800.

To be sold, at private sale,

And possession given immediately,

THE HOUSE where MOSES MACCUBBIN now lives, opposite to Mrs. Mann's; it is one of the best stands for business of any in Annapolis; the house and lot is subject to a ground rent of ten pounds eight shillings and four pence per annum. Any person who is inclined to purchase may know the terms of sale by applying to JOHN DAVIDSON, or MOSES MACCUBBIN, living in the said house.

January 20, 1800.

By virtue of a writ of *venuditioni exponas* to me directed from the general court, will be SOLD, on Saturday the eighth day of February next, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, for READY CASH,

A BRICK HOUSE, three story high, and a good stable, standing on School-street, in the city of Annapolis; the above property is taken as the property of JOHN WILMOT, and sold to satisfy a debt due MARY BOYLE for the use of THOMAS HARRIS, junr. The sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

For SALE,

A YOUNG able NEGRO MAN, by trade a carpenter and lawyer. For terms apply to EDWARD HOLLAND.

DANIEL FOWLER.

Annapolis, January 18, 1800.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, as guardian to GEORGE MAYO SELLMAN, a minor, intends petitioning the Anne-Arundel county court, at their next April term, for a commission to establish the lines and bounds of a tract of land called UNITED FRIENDSHIP, lying and being in said county, agreeably to an act of assembly of Maryland, passed November session, 1786.

JOHNZEE SELLMAN.

January 17, 1800.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of MARY EVITT, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to attend at the store of Ridgely and Evans, on Friday the 14th of February, with their accounts, legally attested, that they may receive their proportion of assets in my hands; those who do not attend will lose all benefit of said estate, as I shall on that day finally close the administration.

JOSEPH EVANS, Administrator.

Annapolis, January 21, 1800.

William Caton,

TAKES leave to inform the public, that he intends, on the first of April next, to open tavern in that well known house formerly kept by Mr. GEORGE MANN, and now by Mr. JAMES WHARF, in the city of Annapolis, and assures them, that he will always keep an assortment of the best liquors, and good waiters; and he will use his utmost exertions to give complete satisfaction, hopes for, and solicits, the patronage and encouragement of a generous public. He has rented that elegant and commodious house now occupied by Mrs. MANN, where gentlemen, after the above mentioned time, may be accommodated in a private manner, separate from the tavern, by the year, month, week or day, and he pledges himself to those who think proper to honour him with their custom, that nothing shall be wanted on his part to merit their favours.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and customers, that he has removed to the tannery in the city of Annapolis, lately occupied by Mr. JOHN HYDE, where he means to carry on the tanning business in all its various branches. He is now prepared to receive hides to tan from those who will please to favour him with their custom, and tan the same on the following terms to wit: Hides at fifteen shillings each, kip skins at eleven shillings and three-pence each, calf-skins at five shillings and seven-pence half-penny.

The subscriber, from a long experience in the business, flatters himself that his work will be rendered pleasing to his customers.

WALTER W. NORMAN.

N. B. As I have just begun business no credit will be given.

Annapolis, January 1, 1800.

OF TRACTS and not residents of the year seventeen respectively chargeable now due and unpaid, a liable for, or chargeable

Persons Names

Abraham Arthur  
Henry Boorer  
William Bell  
William Bell, John S  
and Thos. Jones  
Thomas J. Beatty  
Blackburn and Brent  
Charles Beatty  
James Beatty

Jeremiah Barry

Thomas Burgefs  
Leonard Bevins  
James Blair  
William Bickerstaff  
Archibald Chisholm  
George Cooke  
William Cooke

Richard Cabus  
Margaret Chew  
Joseph Compton

William Clark  
Davidson and Muir  
Peter Eagles

George Every  
Benjamin Edwards  
Jacob Folk  
George-French  
Gilbert Faulkner  
Uriah Forrest

William Fitzhugh, fer  
John Fitzhugh  
George French

Peregrine Fitzhugh  
Frederick Grammar

George Graham

Samuel Godmen

Nathan Gregg  
Thomas Hanlon

Laurence Hensel  
Henry Hoover  
Baker Johnson

Thomas Johnson &  
son  
Thomas Johnson

Edward Jones  
Thomas Johnson, o  
John C. Jones

Denton Jacques  
Henry Kemp  
Christopher Kealho

A list of lots with  
belong, the taxes  
half-penny, each  
oned.  
William Amos  
William Amola  
William Alexan  
William Alexan  
Charles Boyles  
Catherine Boyer  
Samuel Beckwii  
Aquila Browne  
William Berry  
Archibald Chish  
Peter Cassanave  
931, 1928, 1304.  
1942, 245, 1861  
441, 3045, 1353  
1000, 3345 3346  
341, 1330, 27, 1



# A L I S T

OF TRACTS and LOTS of LAND in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon respectively due for the year seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same, the taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for, or chargeable with, the payment of the same.

Persons Names.	Names of Land.	Amt. Tax
Abraham Arthur	House and lot town of Cumberland	5
Henry Boorer	House and ditto	2 6
William Bell	Williamson's Discovery	1 2 3
William Bell, John Steinmiz and Thos. Jones	Clifton and Sportman's Fields	1 1 2
Thomas J. Beatty	1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Blackburn and Brent	8 lots ditto	13 4
Charles Beatty	Jacob's Ladder	8 4
James Beatty	Refurvey on Elk Lick	8 3
	The Request	2 10
	Joseph's Folly	1 5
	Lost Glove	9
Jeremiah Barry	That's All	12 3
	Milly's Chance	10 6
	Chance	3 8
Thomas Burgefs	Timber Plenty	2 5
Leonard Bevins	Part of Sugar Bottom	1 7 9
James Blair	Part of I am Lost	4 8
William Bickerstaff	Bickerstaff's Beginning	4 3
Archibald Chisholm	Refurvey on Shawny War	1 6 4
George Cooke	Bottom	2 10
William Cooke	Stoney Ridge	10 10
	Deer Park	4 2 6
	Much ado about Nothing	17
Richard Cabus	House and lot in Western Port	2 6
Margaret Chew	10 lots town of Cumberland	8 4
Joseph Compton	Yanky Hill	3 1 1/2
	Two Yanky's	2 1
William Clark	Small Glade	3 4
Davidson and Muir	William and Mary	5 11 3
Peter Eagles	Part of Mount Airy	11
	What you Please	4
George Every	Coal Mine	1 5
Benjamin Edwards	1 1/2 lots town of Cumberland	2 11
Jacob Folk	Part of Mount Nebo	9 3
George-French	Honey Isle	12 1
Gilbert Faulkner	(Name unknown)	3 9
Uriah Forrest	Orme's Mistake	7 4 1/2
	Orme's Trouble	6 8
	The General's Wish	12 3
	13 lots in Western Port	8 4
	ditto ditto	2 6
William Fitzhugh, sen.	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 15 7
John Fitzhugh	Part of Eden's Paradise Regained	2 15 7
George French	Walnut Bottom	2 1 8
	Castle Hill	1 9
	Deer Park	3
	Cresap's Prospect	14 8
Peregrine Fitzhugh	1/2 Beatty's Plains	1 18
Frederick Grammar	White Oak Flats	5 11
	Walnut Ridge	2 9
	Little Worth	3 1
	Grammar's Discovery	5 2 1/2
George Graham	Chance	2 10
	Royal Charlotte	5 11 2
Samuel Godmen	Mount Hope	2 4 1/2
	Water Works	9 10
Nathan Gregg	New Addition	5 8
Thomas Hanlon	Walnut Level	7
	Dogwood Plains	8 4
	Horie Lick	11 2
Laurence Henfel	House and lot town of Cumberland	5
Henry Hoover	Hoffman's Prospect	1 7
Baker Johnson	Three Springs	4 7
	Covent Garden	4 13 4
	Mount Pleasant	3 9 6
	The Grove	1 9 5
	Kindness	6 12
	Addition to Policy	8 7 1/2
	(Name unknown)	2 10
	Squirrel Neck	5 9
Thomas Johnson & Baker Johnson	Part of Mount Airy	6
Thomas Johnson	Promised Land	3 6 8
	Thomas and Anne	4 3 4
	Peace and Plenty	3 2 6
	Part of Spruce Spring	2 8
Edward Jones	Half of Granary	9 3
Thomas Johnson, of Thos.	The Glades	16 6
John C. Jones	Part of Sugar free Camp	5 7
	Clear Meadows	2 10
	Horie Pasture	6 6
	Bottom	2 10
Denton Jacques	1 lot town of Cumberland	1 8
Henry Kemp	1 house and lot in ditto	5
Christopher Kealhoover	1 lot in ditto	10

Randolph B. Latimer

Lloyd and Paca

Henry Menadier  
Ebenezer Mackey  
Daniel Menadier  
James M'Pherson  
Honor Martin  
James Martin

Lenox Martin

Luther Martin

Lewis Neth

John Orme

John Orr

James O'Quin

William Port

William Potts

Raphael Peale

Pearfall and Rogers

Walter Roe

Abraham Ridgely

Anthony Rentzel

John Ritchie

Richard Ridgely

Jacob Storm

George Smith

Gustavus Scott

Hugh Scott

Selby and Cookes

William and Joseph Scott

Samuel Selby, 3d

Michael Schnabley

Benjamin Stoddert

Abel Sargent

Joseph Selby

James Smith

John Templeman

Francis Thomas

Joseph Tomlinson

John Williams

John Warr

George West

Conrad Young

Savage Ridge

Glade Farm

Buck Ridge

Small Meadows

Hunting Ground

Buck Bones

Rich Glade

Lilly of the Valley

Partnership

The Vale

1 lot town of Cumberland

Refurvey on Hampstead Park

Vineyard

Duncan's Mistake

Sally's Choice

Blooming Plains

Hope

Sugar Cove

Addition to Seven Springs

Hope Well United

Addition to Seven Springs

Dry Hill

Part of Fox Chase

Part of Eden's Paradise Regained

1/2 Beatty's Plains

Mill Seat

Felicity

1 lot town of Cumberland

Sparkling Camp

House and lot in Selby's Port

Price's Choice

Hinche's Discovery

Half of Granary

Half of Sanca Panca

Bull Pasture

Dunghill

Ridgely's first attempt Amended

1 lot town of Cumberland

Potts Adventure

Constitution Vale

Addition to Hunting Ground

Rich Glade

Potatoe Garden

Elk Lick

Friendship's Refurvey

Part of Nothing

Godman's Disappointment

Smith's Fields

Governor's Neglect

Rooby's Delight

Orme's Attention

Chestnut Grove

Now or Never

2484

Hard Struggle

Ashby's Discovery

Grimes Point

Bear Creek Meadows

Wm. and Joseph's Amendment

White Oak Point

Locust Ridge Refurveyed

Refurvey on Recourle

Castle Hill

1 lot in town of Cumberland

Part of Austin's Purchase

Mount Pisgah

Rooby's Delight & Ray's Discovery

New Carthage

Orme's Discovery

Mount Pleasant

Orme's Choice

Pleasant Ridge

Park

Mount Altua

The Diadem

Mill Seat

Pink of Allegany

First Venture

Republic

Addition

Caledonia

2 houses and lots in Western Port

8 lots in ditto

5 acres land

1 lot town of Cumberland

Chance

Mill Seat

Refurvey on lot No. 346

Nancy's Pleasure Ground

1 lot town of Cumberland

1 ditto ditto

Lyons Prospect

1 lot town of Cumberland

House and lot ditto

Independence

Honest Miller

Archibald Golder 1124.

Elisha Hall 197, 1305.

John Hamm 1386.

Thomas B. Hugs 1784.

Thomas Johnston 404 lots numbers unknown.

Elisha Jarrett 135, 21, 4036, 1935, 56, 131, 932.

Randolph B. Latimer 3896, 3897, 3898, 3899, 3900, 1, 2, 2441, 2442, 2460, 2463, 897.

William Maley 1293, 3115, 1294.

Luther Martin 2734, 2672, 2670, 2661.

Henry Myers 188.

Richard Mackubin 2128, 2140, 2141, 2142, 3338, 3341, 3342, 3343, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614.

James R. Morris 11, 1142.

Gilbert Murdock 885, 931.

John Neale 458, 1621, 1182, 192, 95.

Lewis Neth 2542, 2091.

Greenberry Neale 1558.

Samuel Norwood 1603, 4096, 4097.

A list of lots with the persons names to whom they belong, the taxes on which said lots is eight pence half-penny, each, unless where otherwise mentioned.  
William Amos 340.  
William Amos 1071.  
William Alexander & K Long 1042.  
William Alexander 113.  
Charles Boyles 1/8.  
Catherine Boyer 298, 315, 326.  
Samuel Beckwith 12.  
Aquila Browne 489.  
William Berryman 1877.  
Archibald Chisholm 226, 80, 4094, 3127, 4034.  
Peter Cassanave 2473, 4, 5, 6, 1388, 1773, 52, 931, 1928, 1304, 1944, 1616, 1787, 1203, 2019, 1942, 245, 1861, 3035, 966, 894, 1780, 3027, 441, 3045, 1353, 1842, 231, 1048, 1587, 1220, 1000, 3345, 3346, 3347, 3348, 1972, 2018, 1160, 344, 1330, 27, 124, 1700.

Richard Cabus 2 lots number unknown.  
William Coe 2534.  
Samuel Davis 3163.  
Thomas Donaldson 1397, 1134, 4157, 4156, 90, 123, 79, 859, 84, 130, 3098, 2888, 3632, 11, 1165, 1325, 1125, 1168, 469, 1912, 250, 1131.  
Patrick Doran No. unknown.  
George Frois 1423, 3123.  
William Ferguson 255.  
Richard Fleming 1963.  
Philip Ford 404.  
Frederick Grammar 4152, 214, 844, 845, 1371, 911, 215, 1106, 1171, 3121, 4158, 846, 847, 213.  
John Guyer 1135, 174, 825, 976, 1838, 101, 1122, 1151, 876.  
Robert Gover 1704, 810, 3129, 2425, 1325, 1425, 4055, 1317, 1121, 1834, 1010, 2548, 1009, 310.  
Solomon Geer 2022, 3726, 1720.

Archibald Golder 1124.  
Elisha Hall 197, 1305.  
John Hamm 1386.  
Thomas B. Hugs 1784.  
Thomas Johnston 404 lots numbers unknown.  
Elisha Jarrett 135, 21, 4036, 1935, 56, 131, 932.  
Randolph B. Latimer 3896, 3897, 3898, 3899, 3900, 1, 2, 2441, 2442, 2460, 2463, 897.  
William Maley 1293, 3115, 1294.  
Luther Martin 2734, 2672, 2670, 2661.  
Henry Myers 188.  
Richard Mackubin 2128, 2140, 2141, 2142, 3338, 3341, 3342, 3343, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614.  
James R. Morris 11, 1142.  
Gilbert Murdock 885, 931.  
John Neale 458, 1621, 1182, 192, 95.  
Lewis Neth 2542, 2091.  
Greenberry Neale 1558.  
Samuel Norwood 1603, 4096, 4097.



William H. Park 131, 1792.  
Richard Ponfobny 1777.  
Anthony Reintzel 830, 856, 1048, 1372, 1938,  
3118.  
Abner Ritchie 1903, 244, 2062, 2063, 1555,  
1034, 1348, 1606, 1422, 2064, 2065, 1978, 817.  
Ezra Robinson 2809, 2810, 2811, two shillings  
and nine-pence each.  
John Ritchie 1351, 1392, 1493, 1304.  
George Rofs 334.  
Charles Robinson 1268.  
John Reid 301.  
James Robinson 2582, 2586, 2587, 2583.  
Christopher Richmond 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743,  
Abraham Ridgely 229.  
Selby & Cookes 193, 1413.  
John Schley 1237.  
James Shaw 3066.  
Robert C. Stanley 1373, 842, 1172, 930, 858.  
Philip Severer 3036.  
Benjamin Stoddard 3435, 3882, 3833, 3884,  
3885, 3886, 3440, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3452, 3454,  
3355, 3456, 3458, 3459, 3461, 3462.  
John A. Summer 25, 37, 38, 55, 57, 70, 72,  
58, 81, 89, 94, 109, 119, 126, 154, 162, 163,  
165, 170, 175, 180, 181, 184, 190, 196, 216,  
217, 220, 230, 236, 250, 278, 316, 320, 337,  
360, 382, 385, 398, 401, 404, 407, 413, 403,  
448, 449, 451, 452, 456, 481, 488, 495, 802, 827,  
846, 883, 896, 923, 932, 946, 951, 952, 963, 982,  
989, 991, 1008, 1009, 1014, 1017, 1037, 1044,  
1069, 1083, 1097, 1100, 1111, 1112, 1118, 1121,  
1132, 1156, 1161, 1173, 1174, 1183, 1184, 1187,  
1196, 1119, 1201, 1209, 1221, 1245, 1277, 1280,  
1295, 1259, 1300, 1310, 1312, 1342, 1381, 1384,  
1408, 1417, 1422, 1425, 1426, 1433, 1442, 1444,  
1462, 1463, 1465, 1469, 1475, 1478, 1496, 1500,  
1502, 1508, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1552, 1590, 1593,  
1597, 1598, 1602, 1616, 1624, 1691, 1694, 1695,  
1702, 1711, 1712, 1718, 1721, 1730, 1741, 1762,  
1766, 1793, 1748, 1714, 1789, 1802, 1819, 1821,  
1844, 1849, 1865, 1887, 1894, 1895, 1914, 1926,  
1929, 1931, 1938, 1944, 1964, 2016, 2038, 2081,  
2085, 2309, 2308, 2517, 2529, 2543, 2548, 3008,  
3034, 3043, 3047, 3060, 3092, 3100, 3109, 3125,  
3129, 3161, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023, 4024, 4038,  
4053, 4055, 4096, 4098, 4110, 4115, 4081.  
Anne Spicer 1 lot, number unknown, one shilling  
and four-pence half-penny.  
John Templeman 347, 348, 349, one shilling and  
four-pence each.  
Thomas and Sa. Turner 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619.  
Benjamin G. Vaughan 2037, 2551, 3155, and one  
lot number unknown.  
John Willson 4045. Edward Wright 217, 3039,  
1289, 2540, 4064 1190, 118.  
Philip L. Webster 283, 1435.  
James West, jun. 2081, 1005.  
Charles Wayman 82.  
James Williams 2033, 2504, 1790, 149, 1610,  
210, 86, 1639, 3153, 1202, 1054, 3149, 1398,  
1038, 878, 2010.  
John Warfield 266.  
William Woods 2723, 2732, 2733, 2735.  
John Williams 3 lots 50 acres each eleven-pence  
half-penny each.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county  
charges, due on the lands and lots aforesaid, shall be  
paid to William M'Mahon, collector of Allegany  
county, on or before the 15th day of June next, the  
lands and lots so charged as aforesaid, or such part there-  
of as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon,  
shall be sold to the highest bidder for the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD,  
HANSON BRISCOE,  
JOHN REID,  
Commissioners of the tax for  
Allegany county.

By virtue of an order of the orphans court of Charles  
county, will be OFFERED, at PUBLIC SALE,  
to the highest bidder, for ready CASH, on Thurs-  
day the 30th instant, at the subscriber's dwelling  
plantation, on Patowmack river, near Sandy  
Point,

TWO young negro women and one negro boy,  
the estate of Mrs. CHLOE FERNANDIS, de-  
ceased, sold to pay the debts due from the said Chloe  
Fernandis.

All persons having claims against the said estate are  
requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, on  
that day, in order that they may be discharged.

SAMUEL M'PHERSON, Executor.  
January 6, 1800.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery the  
subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION,  
on the 17th day of February next, at Mr. Wharf's  
tavern, in the city of Annapolis, at 11 o'clock,  
A. M. for the benefit of the representatives of  
THOMAS JENINGS, Esq; deceased,

A COMMODIOUS two story brick DWELL-  
ING-HOUSE, in the said city, with the ne-  
cessary out buildings, and a large and elegant garden,  
enclosed by a substantial brick wall. Possession will  
be given on the first of March, and the terms will be  
made known on the day of sale.

THOMAS JENINGS, Trustee.  
Annapolis, January 16, 1800.

THE subscriber has for SALE, looking glasses of  
different sorts, wire fenders, bellows with ma-  
hogany boards, walking sticks, gauging rods, billiard  
tacks, wood-laws, trunks, and various articles of house-  
hold furniture, at the most moderate prices.

December 1, 1799.

JOHN SHAW.

Annapolis, January 13, 1800.

Gentlemen,  
HIS excellency the Governor has, by his deter-  
mination of to-day, thought proper to change the day  
of prayer, in the proclamation respecting general  
George Washington, to the twenty-second of February  
next; you will therefore, immediately upon the re-  
ceipt of this, make the necessary alteration, and con-  
sider this as your authority for so doing.

I am, with great respect,

Your obedient servant,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

Messrs. Green.

By his EXCELLENCY  
BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire.  
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND,  
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Legislature of this State,  
penetrated with regret for the death of  
the illustrious patriot general George Washington,  
and zealous to express their high respect and veneration  
for his eminent virtues and distinguished service-  
to his country, have, by a resolution unanimously  
assented to on the 17th instant, requested me "to ap-  
point, by proclamation, a day of mourning, humili-  
ation and prayer, throughout this State, and to recom-  
mend it to the citizens thereof to assemble in their  
respective places of worship, to testify, in the most  
public manner, their veneration for his memory, and  
to derive, from the just eulogiums of his meritorious  
services, the best motives for the imitation of his vir-  
tues."

And, whereas I entirely accord with the honora-  
ble legislature in the measure proposed, and am  
anxious to co-operate with them in paying this tribute  
of grateful respect to the merits and long tried pa-  
triotism of our deceased fellow-citizen. I have there-  
fore thought proper to recommend and advise, and do  
hereby recommend and advise accordingly, that the  
twenty-second day of February next be observed  
throughout this State as a day of mourning, humiliation  
and prayer—that the citizens on that day go into  
mourning, and abating, as far as may be, from  
their secular occupation, devote the time to the sacred  
duties of religion—that they call to mind the virtues,  
public services, and unshaken patriotism of the de-  
ceased, and admiring endeavour to emulate them—  
that they implore the Most High God to supply his  
lofs, by inspiring them with a love of true liberty and  
pure religion, and by dispensing the blessings of peace  
and knowledge throughout the land—and that he  
would grant to the people of this and the United  
States, that the wisdom and virtues of a Washington  
may never cease to influence and direct our public  
councils.

Given in the council chamber, at the city of An-  
napolis, under the seal of the State of Mary-  
land, this eighteenth day of December, in  
the year of our Lord one thousand seven  
hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,  
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

ORDERED, by his excellency the Governor, that  
the foregoing proclamation be published every day,  
until the 12th of February next, in the Federal Ga-  
zette at Baltimore, the Maryland Gazette at Annapolis,  
Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of  
Man at Frederick-town, the Washington Spy at Ha-  
gar's-town, and in Green, English, and Co. paper  
at George-town.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath  
obtained from the orphans court of Charles  
county, in Maryland, letters of administration with  
the will annexed, on the personal estate of captain  
WILLIAM FARR, late of said county, deceased,  
all persons having claims against the said deceased are  
hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers  
thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 21st  
day of July next, they may otherwise by law be ex-  
cluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given  
under my hand this sixth day of January, eighteen  
hundred.

ROBERT LAIDLER, Administrator  
with the will annexed.

Laidler's Ferry, Charles county, Maryland.

N. B. The orphans court of Charles county having  
decreed, that the personal estate of the above-men-  
tioned deceased shall be paid into the hands of Samuel  
Shaw, who intermarried with the surviving daughter  
(the only child then living) of the said William Farr,  
I, in consequence, feel it my duty to give notice, that  
I shall close the estate finally at the day above men-  
tioned.

R. L.

#### NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the subscriber intends to pe-  
tition the next Cecil county court, pursuant to  
the act, entitled, An act for marking and bounding  
lands, for a commission to bound and mark the fol-  
lowing tracts of land, lying at the Head of Little Bo-  
hemia, in Cecil county, and being the property of  
the Roman Catholic clergy, viz. St. XAVIERUS, St.  
JONATHAN, part of WORSEL MANOR, part of WOOD-  
BRIDGE, and part of ASKMORE.

FRANCIS BEESTON, Agent for the cor-  
poration of the Roman Catholic clergy.

December 24, 1799.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath  
obtained letters of administration on the estate  
of AARON WELCH, late of Anne-Arundel county,  
deceased, therefore requests all persons having claims  
against the said-deceased, to exhibit them, legally au-  
thenticated, for payment.

AARON WELCH, Administrator,

January 13, 1800.

#### NOTICE.

A STRAY COW came on the plantation where-  
on the subscriber now resides some time about  
the beginning of October last, she appears to be about  
eight years old, of a reddish colour, hind feet and  
part of her tail white, her belly and flanks of the same  
colour, the right flank more so than the left, on her  
right side two white spots, one on the hip, the other  
on the shoulder, a white spot on her forehead, and  
another on her hip on the left side, small horns in-  
clining to each other in their points, a crop and hole  
in each ear; she is forward with calf. The owner is  
desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and  
take her away from

JOHNSON MICHAEL O'REILLY,  
near South river ferry, Anne-Arun-  
del county.

January 8, 1800.

To the citizens of St. Mary's, Charles, and Calvert  
counties.

Gentlemen,

THE next election of electors of the president and  
vice-president of the United States, two of the  
most elevated and responsible offices under the ge-  
neral government being not far distant; feeling a so-  
litude for the issue, and a continuance of those  
blessings every class of the community have felt under  
our present happy constitution, and the wife and vir-  
tuous administration under it; being persuaded the  
political sentiments of the citizens of the first district  
of Maryland are in unison with my own on this in-  
teresting business, I have thought proper to offer my-  
self a candidate for the next election of electors, to re-  
present you in the election of president and vice-pre-  
sident; should I have the honour of meeting your ap-  
probation, I shall use my best endeavours to discharge  
the important trust with honesty and integrity.

I am, with high respect,

Gentlemen,

Your most obedient servant,

EDMUND FLOWDEN.

December 9, 1799.

#### For SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, called BEALL'S PLAN-  
TATION, and BATEMAN'S FIELD (being part  
of Snowden's Reputation Supported), containing by  
survey five hundred and seventy-six and an half acres,  
two hundred and thirty-nine of which are wood land,  
heavily timbered with chestnut and white oak; the re-  
mainder is cleared land, and has lain idle a number  
of years. The entire is well watered by springs, and  
a large stream that runs nearly through the centre of it.

This plantation is well adapted for corn, wheat,  
and particularly tobacco; is a most pleasing and de-  
sirable situation, and capable of great improvement,  
at a small expence. It is situated on the Head of  
South river, Anne-Arundel county, about three miles  
from navigable water, twelve from the city of Annapolis,  
twenty-five from Baltimore city, twenty-four  
from George-town, and about seven miles from the  
inspection houses of Indian Landing and Queen-Anne.

The terms will be made known by application to  
WILLIAM HARWOOD, Esq; Annapolis, or to the sub-  
scriber.

SAMUEL BRANDRAM,

at Dr. Wm. P. Mathews,

Baltimore.

October 23, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on  
the 26th of August, a negro man by the name  
of ROBERT LOVELESS, about 28 or 30 years  
old, five feet nine inches high, flat nose, middling  
hollow eyes, a small scar on his right hand, apparently  
by a burn, another on his left leg, several marks on  
his back, a remarkable scar on the right side of his  
upper lip, and a small one on his forehead; his  
clothing was a blue cloth coat, with a single row of  
yellow metal buttons, a blue kersey waistcoat, striped  
cotton trousers, spotted cotton hose, Irish linen shirt,  
good coarse shoes, and an old felt hat. When com-  
mitted he said he was free, and was from Louisa  
county, Virginia, had a forged pass signed THOMAS  
CROWDY; he since says he is lately from the service of  
a certain PARK STREET, about seven miles from  
Hanover Court-house, Virginia, but does not acknow-  
ledge himself a slave. His owner (if any) is desired to  
release him within two months from the above date,  
or he will be sold agreeable to law for prison fees, &c.

NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of  
Prince-George's county.

September 10, 1799.

#### CHARLES FARIS,

Clock and Watch-Maker,

HAS received an assortment of WARRANTED capped  
and jewelled and plain silver WATCHES, and  
a variety of other articles in his line, which he will  
sell at the most reduced prices.

N. B. The highest price given for old silver.

#### ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL  
GREEN.

(LVIth YEAR.)

MAR

In COUNCIL, Annapolis,  
ORDERED, That the  
the year one thousand eight  
in each week, for the term  
Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis,  
Baltimore, Mr. Cowan's  
of Man, at Frederick-town,  
and Co's paper, at George-town.  
By order,  
NINIAN  
of

An ACT to appoint an agent  
eight

BE it enacted, by the Go-  
That William Marbury  
execute the trust and power  
this act, from the first day  
in each week, for the term  
eight hundred, until the first  
land eight hundred and one

II. And be it enacted, That  
the collection of all arrears  
the several collectors of the  
this State; and the said agent  
required to call upon the  
holders for an accurate sta-  
balances due from such col-  
shall be furnished by the

III. And be it enacted, That  
the said agent shall be re-  
sponsible to the auditor of the  
the state on the auditor's  
and the said agent shall be  
of, and, if necessary, to  
and the said agent, with re-  
nor and council, may re-  
debtors, and take bonds to  
curity, and give time for  
years from the first day of  
hundred.

IV. And be it enacted, That  
the said agent shall be re-  
sponsible to the auditor of the  
the state for naval duties  
and emoluments, and  
for ordinary, retailers, and  
require payment, and, if  
the time; and the said agent  
and credit any money, that  
with by law, and for  
he may take the advice  
writing.

V. And be it enacted, That  
occasion to expose to pu-  
collector, or his securities  
already issued, or to be in-  
agent shall cause at least  
given of such sale, and the  
shall appear that there is  
the debt due to the state,  
state any property to ex-  
fine, in payment, or part  
of the arrears due by  
may be so purchased, and  
by this act shall be con-  
the state, unless a public  
made by the agent, or by  
such sale and purchase;  
for the use of the state, to  
to public auction on the  
the use of the state, and  
which shall in no case ex-  
said agent shall take bond  
curity, to be approved  
turn here, from the per-  
all bonds by him so take  
accurate list thereof sub-  
of the western shore, a  
property of such purcha-  
the respective dates, or  
is the schedule thereto

VI. And be it enacted, That  
directed to dispose of  
that remains unsold, and  
insufficient security, and  
thereof, not extending  
of January, one thou-  
where the quantity of  
into such sale, except  
such land shall be dispo-  
and place of which sale  
time shall be given by  
the time of any sale by  
shall make known the  
date thereto, and that  
title to the same, or an-  
chase must be in all  
chase.

VII. And be it enacted,  
by any officer or per-  
valid and effectual, un-  
western or eastern Co-  
made to the clerks and  
in the sales where the  
authorizing to receive the  
VIII. And be it en-  
full power and authori-  
governor and council,  
to take back any prop-  
pious, and not yet re-  
to having purchased,  
of paying for the same  
upon terms and price  
with the advice and co-



# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1800.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 8, 1800.

ORDERED, That the act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, be published once in each week, for the term of eight weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, Mr. Cowan's paper at Baltos, the Rights of Man, at Fredericktown, and in Green, English, and Co's paper, at Georgetown.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

An ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That William Marbury be agent of this state, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and one.

II. And be it enacted, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrearsages and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this state; and the said agent is hereby authorized and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective shires for an accurate statement of all arrearsages and balances due from such collectors, and such accounts shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

III. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of balances due to the state on the auditor's books, or on open account; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and, if necessary, to sue for and recover the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred.

IV. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all monies due to the state for naval duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and emoluments, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licenses, and to require payment, and, if necessary, sue for and recover the same; and the said agent may allow for insolventcies, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law, and for his information of the law, he may take the advice of the attorney-general in writing.

V. And be it enacted, That whenever there shall be occasion to expose to public sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be issued for this purpose, the said agent shall cause at least thirty days public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the state, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed to sale for the use of the state, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrearsages due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased, and that no purchase authorized by this act shall be considered as made on this part of the state, unless a public declaration to that effect be made by the agent, or his deputy, immediately after such sale and purchase; and any property so purchased for the use of the state, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms, for the use of the state, and if the same be sold on credit, which shall in no case exceed the term of two years, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore, from the purchasers of such property; and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, in the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers, and their securities, from the respective dates, or in much thereof as is mentioned in the schedule thereto annexed.

VI. And be it enacted, That the said agent is hereby directed to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains unsold, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for the payment thereof, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, and that where the quantity of land in any one body subject to such sale exceeds the quantity of fifty acres, such land shall be disposed of at public sale, of the time and place of which sale at least thirty days previous notice shall be given by public advertisement; and that at the time of any sale by virtue of this act, the said agent shall make known that he only tells the right of this state thereto, and that the state doth not guarantee the title to the same, or any part thereof, but that the purchaser must be in all respects at the risk of the purchaser.

VII. And be it enacted, That no payment in future by any officer or person indebted to the state shall be valid and effectual, unless made to the treasurer of the western or eastern shore, or to the agent, or unless made to the clerk and trustee of the several counties, in the cases where the said clerks and trustees are by law authorized to receive the same.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the agent shall have full power and authority, by and with the advice of the governor and council, in all cases of uncollected debts, to take back any property heretofore purchased by any person, and not yet paid for, in cases where the person having purchased, and his securities, are not capable of paying for the same, and to compromise the same upon terms and principles of equity and justice, by and with the advice and consent aforesaid; and the agent is

hereby required to lay a particular statement of his proceedings under this section before the next session of assembly.

IX. And be it enacted, That the agent, with the approbation and consent of the governor and council, he and he is hereby authorized and empowered to compromise any suit depending in chancery with any state debtor, upon any terms in their judgment calculated to promote the interest of the state, and to obtain the speedy receipt of the sums due.

X. And be it enacted, That if, under the terms of any compromise made as aforesaid, the property heretofore purchased should be taken back and revented in the state, the same may be sold by the agent, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to sell the same at public sale, giving thirty days notice, on a credit of two years, payable one half of the principal, and the whole interest, annually, on the first day of December in each year, and the bonds, when taken, shall be returned to the treasury of the western shore, and reported to the general assembly at their session next ensuing the taking of such bonds.

XI. And be it enacted, That all cases in chancery, where no compromise under this act is effected, shall be placed under the direction of the agent, who is hereby authorized and required to call on the attorney-general to prosecute or defend the same to immediate final decision; and the governor and council are hereby authorized and empowered, at the request of the agent, in cases of difficulty, to aid the attorney-general, by employing any person to attend to lawsuits where necessary, or otherwise to assist in the prosecution or defence of said suits, which person or persons are to be paid out of the contingent fund of five hundred pounds; and the names of the persons so employed, together with the sum allowed for their services, to be laid before the general assembly at their next session.

XII. And be it enacted, That if any bond debtor to the state for confiscated property purchased, or otherwise, shall neglect to make payment agreeably to the condition of his bond, and sundry resolves of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued, and issued and suspended, as occasion may require, or, under the directions and with the approbation of the governor and council, he is hereby authorized to delay any execution as long as they may think expedient and necessary.

XIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all balances due on bond taken for taxes due before the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds installed, or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of one thousand seven hundred and sixty-nine, and one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three.

XIV. And be it enacted, That no process shall issue against any of the public debtors, unless by the direction of the said agent.

XV. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days of sale of property taken by fieri facias, at the suit of the state, as he may think proper, always taking care to give at least twenty days public notice thereof; and the said agent shall also have power to suspend the sales, from time to time, as he may think most to the advantage of the state.

XVI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in specie, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

XVII. And be it enacted, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in virtue of this act, the bonds shall be a lien on the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bonds in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them respectively, cause them, with the schedule annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore, at the expense of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be a good evidence in any court of law or equity in this state as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner as papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expense of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be a good evidence as aforesaid.

XIX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render to the treasurer of the western shore distinct quarterly accounts of his receipts of all money, certificates and bonds, in virtue of this act, and shall immediately thereupon pay and deliver the same to the said treasurer, who shall, in his annual report to the general assembly, state fully and particularly the money, certificates and bonds, by him received from the said agent, and the times when the same were received and accounted for.

XX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act to the general assembly at their next session, and within the first ten days after its commencement, in which account shall be specified, under distinct heads, his own receipts, and those of the treasurer, and of all transfers of stock upon which he may be entitled to commission, and in which shall also be contained a particular estimate of his commission, shewing how and upon what the same arose due.

XXI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall, within twenty days after the commencement of the next session of the general assembly, render to each branch of the legislature a fair and distinct account of the debts or sums of money due to the state, ranging the names of the debtors in alphabetical order, and give full and complete information of the manner in which, and the time when, each debt arose, and also the different steps and proceedings which have been taken by himself, or others, for the recovery thereof.

XXII. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: for all payments actually made to either of the treasurers in virtue of this act, three per cent. and for all bonds taken by the said agent in virtue of this act, three per cent.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the state, before the governor and council, in the penalty of sixty thousand dollars, with such security as the governor and council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties as agent under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, to the best of his skill and judgment, the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on, the said bond.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That the agent be and he is hereby authorized and directed to collect any sum or sums of money due from persons residents without the state of Maryland, and, if necessary, sue therefor, and he is also authorized to employ counsel for the recovery of the same, and give such fee as he may think reasonable, and draw on the treasurer of the western shore therefor, who is hereby authorized to pay the amount of such order.

XXV. And be it enacted, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after his acceptance he shall not give bond, and take the oath aforesaid, before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and council are hereby authorized and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said William Marbury by this act, such person first giving security, and taking the oath aforesaid.

## Notice to State Debtors.

THE Agent requests all debtors to the State of Maryland to discharge their respective balances on or before the tenth day of March next, immediately thereafter all lawful means will be taken to enforce payment, and all penalties incurred by the delinquent clerks and sheriffs will be exacted.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent.

## BREST FLEET.

BERLIN, November 7.

THE Telegraph yesterday transmitted an account from Brest, informing the minister of marine that Brestport is before that city with sixty ships of the line, and that a neutral which left the port, informed the English that the combined squadrons were ready to sail. Even to oblige the British government to keep such a considerable force in activity, would be a great object;—But Buonaparte has held several long conferences with Buxis, and it is known to be possible to make an expedition, even in spite of the enemy's fleet.

## BERLANG, November 2.

Nothing official has yet appeared concerning the negotiations for an armistice, which have been carried on since the 22d of October, between field-marshal Suwarow and the Austrian commanders, and the French gen. Massena. However, several private letters from Suabia, of the 26th and 27th ult. state this to be certain, and the alterations which have been made on both sides with respect to winter quarters, may be considered as a positive proof of an armistice being nearly agreed upon. These private letters state the principal contents of that convention to be:

1. The convention is concluded for an unlimited time. 2. A line of demarcation is agreed upon between the two armies, on the frontiers of Switzerland and Germany. 3. In consequence of this line of demarcation, the Russians, under Suwarow, withdraw to the Danube, and the Austrians to certain points not yet known. 4. The French evacuate the whole of the Swiss territory. 5. Switzerland is to be considered by both powers as a neutral state, &c.

The above-mentioned letters also give the pleasing intelligence that the most active preparations have been



William H. Park 131, 1792,  
Richard Ponsonby 1777,  
Anthony Reintzel 830, 856, 1048, 1372, 1938,  
3118.  
Abner Ritchie 1903, 244, 2062, 2063, 1555,  
1034, 1348, 1606, 1422, 2064, 2065, 1978, 817.  
Ezra Robinson 2809, 2810, 2811, two shillings  
and nine-pence each.  
John Ritchie 1351, 1392, 1493, 1304.  
George Rols 334.  
Charles Robinson 1268.  
John Reid 301.  
James Robinson 2582, 2586, 2587, 2583.  
Christopher Richmond 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743.  
Abraham Ridgely 229.  
Selby & Cooke 193, 1413.  
John Schley 1237.  
James Shaw 3066.  
Robert C. Stanley 1373, 842, 1172, 930, 858.  
Philip Severer 3036.  
Benjamin Studdert 3435, 3882, 3833, 3884,  
3885, 3886, 3440, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3452, 3454,  
3455, 3456, 3458, 3459, 3461, 3462.  
John A. Summer 25, 37, 38, 55, 57, 70, 72,  
58, 81, 89, 94, 109, 119, 126, 154, 162, 163,  
165, 170, 175, 180, 181, 184, 190, 196, 216,  
217, 220, 230, 236, 250, 278, 316, 320, 337,  
360, 382, 385, 398, 401, 404, 407, 413, 403,  
448, 449, 451, 452, 456, 481, 488, 495, 802, 827,  
846 883, 896, 923, 932, 946, 951, 952, 963, 982,  
989, 991, 1008, 1009, 1014, 1017, 1037, 1044,  
1069, 1083, 1097, 1100, 1111, 1112, 1118, 1121,  
1132, 1156, 1161, 1173, 1174, 1183, 1184, 1187,  
1196, 1119, 1201, 1209, 1221, 1245, 1277, 1280,  
1295, 1259, 1300, 1310, 1312, 1342, 1381, 1384,  
1408, 1417, 1422, 1425, 1426, 1433, 1442, 1444,  
1462, 1463, 1465, 1469, 1475, 1478, 1496, 1500,  
1502, 1508, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1552, 1590, 1593,  
1597, 1598, 1602, 1616, 1624, 1691, 1694, 1695,  
1702, 1711, 1712, 1718, 1721, 1730, 1741, 1762,  
1766, 1793, 1748, 1714, 1789, 1802, 1819, 1821,  
1844, 1849, 1865, 1887, 1894, 1895, 1914, 1926,  
1929, 1931, 1938, 1944, 1964, 2016, 2038, 2081,  
2085, 2369, 2398, 2517, 2529, 2543, 2548, 3008,  
3034, 3043, 3047, 3060, 3092, 3100, 3119, 3125,  
3129, 3161, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023, 4024, 4038,  
4053, 4055, 4096, 4098, 4110, 4115, 4081.  
Anne Spicer 1 lot, number unknown, one shilling  
and four-pence half-penny.  
John Templeman 347, 348, 349, one shilling and  
four-pence each.  
Thomas and Sa. Turner 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619.  
Benjamin G. Vaughan 2037, 2551, 3155, and one  
lot number unknown.  
John Willson 4045. Edward Wright 217, 3039,  
1289, 2540, 4064 1190, 118.  
Philip L. Webster 283, 1435.  
James West, jun. 2081, 1005.  
Charles Wayman 82.  
James Williams 2033, 2504, 1790, 149, 1610,  
210, 86, 1639, 3153, 1202, 1054, 3149, 1398,  
1038, 878, 2010.  
John Warfield 266.  
William Woods 2723, 2732, 2733, 2735.  
John Williams 3 lots 50 acres each eleven-pence  
half-penny each.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county  
charges, due on the lands and lots aforesaid, shall be  
paid to William M. Mahon, collector of Allegany  
county, on or before the 15th day of June next, the  
lands and lots so charged as aforesaid, or such part there-  
of as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon,  
shall be sold to the highest bidder for the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD,  
HANSON BRISCOE,  
JOHN REID,  
Commissioners of the tax for  
Allegany county.

By virtue of an order of the orphans court of Charles  
county, will be OFFERED, at PUBLIC SALE,  
to the highest bidder, for ready CASH, on Thurs-  
day the 30th instant, at the subscriber's dwelling  
plantation, on Patowmack river, near Sandy  
Point,

TWO young negro women and one negro boy,  
the estate of Mrs. CHLOE FERNANDIS, de-  
ceased, sold to pay the debts due from the said Chloe  
Fernandis.

All persons having claims against the said estate are  
requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, on  
that day, in order that they may be discharged.

SAMUEL M'PHERSON, Executor.  
January 6, 1800.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery the  
subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION,  
on the 17th day of February next, at Mr. Wharfe's  
tavern, in the city of Annapolis, at 11 o'clock,  
A. M. for the benefit of the representatives of  
THOMAS JENINGS, Esq; deceased,

A COMMODIOUS two story brick DWELL-  
ING-HOUSE, in the said city, with the ne-  
cessary out buildings, and a large and elegant garden,  
enclosed by a substantial brick wall. Possession will  
be given on the first of March, and the terms will be  
made known on the day of sale.

THOMAS JENINGS, Trustee.  
Annapolis, January 16, 1800.

THE subscriber has for SALE, looking glasses of  
different sorts, wire fenders, bellows with ma-  
hogany boards, walking sticks, gauging rods, billiard  
tacks, wood laws, trunks, and various articles of house-  
hold furniture, at the most moderate prices.

December 1, 1799. JOHN SHAW.

Annapolis, January 13, 1800.

Gentlemen,  
HIS excellency the Governor has, by his deter-  
mination of to-day, thought proper to change the day  
of prayer, in the proclamation respecting general  
George Washington, to the twenty-second of February  
next; you will therefore, immediately upon the re-  
ceipt of this, make the necessary alteration, and con-  
sider this as your authority for so doing.

I am, with great respect,  
Your obedient servant,  
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

Messrs. Green.

By his EXCELLENCY  
BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire.  
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND,  
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Legislature of this State,  
penetrated with regret for the death of  
the illustrious patriot general George Washington,  
and zealous to express their high respect and veneration  
for his eminent virtues and distinguished service to  
his country, have, by a resolution unanimously  
assented to on the 17th instant, requested me "to ap-  
point, by proclamation, a day of mourning, humilia-  
tion and prayer, throughout this State, and to recom-  
mend it to the citizens thereof to assemble in their  
respective places of worship, to testify, in the most  
public manner, their veneration for his memory, and to  
derive, from the just eulogiums of his meritorious  
services, the best motives for the imitation of his vir-  
tues."

And, whereas I entirely accord with the honora-  
ble legislature in the measure proposed, and am  
anxious to co-operate with them in paying this tribute  
of grateful respect to the merits and long tried pa-  
triotism of our deceased fellow-citizen, I have there-  
fore thought proper to recommend and advise, and do  
hereby recommend and advise accordingly, that the  
twenty-second day of February next be observed  
throughout this State as a day of mourning, humilia-  
tion and prayer—that the citizens on that day go into  
mourning, and abstaining, as far as may be, from  
their secular occupation, devote the time to the sacred  
duties of religion—that they call to mind the virtues,  
public services, and unshaken patriotism of the de-  
ceased, and admiring endeavour to emulate them—  
that they implore the Most High God to supply his  
loss, by inspiring them with a love of true liberty and  
pure religion, and by dispensing the blessings of peace  
and knowledge throughout the land—and that he  
would grant to the people of this and the United  
States, that the wisdom and virtues of a Washington  
may never cease to influence and direct our public  
councils.

Given in the council chamber, at the city of An-  
napolis, under the seal of the State of Mary-  
land, this eighteenth day of December, in  
the year of our Lord one thousand seven  
hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,  
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

ORDERED, by his excellency the Governor, that  
the foregoing proclamation be published every day,  
until the 12th of February next, in the Federal Ga-  
zette at Baltimore, the Maryland Gazette at Annapolis,  
Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of  
Man at Frederick-town, the Washington Spy at Ha-  
gar's-town, and in Green, English, and Co. paper  
at George-town.

By order,  
NINIAN PINKNEY.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath  
obtained from the orphans court of Charles  
county, in Maryland, letters of administration with  
the will annexed, on the personal estate of captain  
WILLIAM FARR, late of said county, deceased,  
all persons having claims against the said deceased are  
hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers  
thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 21st  
day of July next, they may otherwise by law be ex-  
cluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given  
under my hand this sixth day of January, eighteen  
hundred.

ROBERT LAIDLER, Administrator

Laidler's Ferry, Charles county, Maryland.

N. B. The orphans court of Charles county having  
decreed, that the personal estate of the above-men-  
tioned deceased shall be paid into the hands of Samuel  
Shaw, who intermarried with the surviving daughter  
(the only child then living) of the said William Farr,  
I, in consequence, feel it my duty to give notice, that  
I shall close the estate finally at the day above men-  
tioned.

R. L.

#### NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the subscriber intends to pe-  
tition the next Cecil county court, pursuant to  
the act, entitled, An act for marking and bounding  
lands, for a commission to bound and mark the fol-  
lowing tracts of land, lying at the Head of Little Bo-  
hemia, in Cecil county, and being the property of  
the Roman Catholic clergy, viz. ST. XAVIERUS, ST.  
JONATHAN, part of WORSELMANOR, part of WOOD-  
BRIDGE, and part of ASKMORE.

FRANCIS BEESTON, Agent for the cor-  
poration of the Roman Catholic clergy.  
December 24, 1799.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath  
obtained letters of administration on the estate  
of AARON WELCH, late of Anne-Arundel county,  
deceased, therefore requests all persons having claims  
against the said deceased, to exhibit them, legally au-  
thenticated, for payment.

AARON WELCH, Administrator.  
January 13, 1800.

#### NOTICE.

A STRAY COW came on the plantation where-  
on the subscriber now resides some time about  
the beginning of October last, she appears to be about  
eight years old, of a reddish colour, hind feet and  
part of her tail white, her belly and flanks of the same  
colour, the right flank more so than the left, on her  
right side two white spots, one on the hip, the other  
on the shoulder, a white spot on her forehead, and  
another on her hip on the left side, small horns in-  
clining to each other in their points, a crop and hole  
in each ear; she is forward with calf. The owner is  
desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and  
take her away from

JOHNSON MICHAEL O'REILLY,  
near South river ferry, Anne-Arun-  
del county.

January 8, 1800.

To the citizens of St. Mary's, Charles, and Calvert  
counties.

Gentlemen,  
THE next election of electors of the president and  
vice-president of the United States, two of the  
most elevated and responsible offices under the ge-  
neral government being not far distant; feeling a so-  
licitude for the issue, and a continuance of those  
blessings every class of the community have felt under  
our present happy constitution, and the wise and vir-  
tuous administration under it; being persuaded the  
political sentiments of the citizens of the first district  
of Maryland are in unison with my own on this in-  
teresting business, I have thought proper to offer my-  
self a candidate for the next election of electors, to re-  
present you in the election of president and vice-pre-  
sident; should I have the honour of meeting your ap-  
probation, I shall use my best endeavours to discharge  
the important trust with honesty and integrity.

I am, with high respect,

Gentlemen,  
Your most obedient servant,  
EDMUND PLOWDEN.

December 9, 1799.

#### For SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND, called BEALL'S PLAN-  
TATION, and BATEMAN'S FIELD (being part  
of Snowden's Reputation Supported), containing by  
survey five hundred and seventy-six and an half acres,  
two hundred and thirty-nine of which are wood land,  
heavily timbered with chefnut and white oak; the re-  
mainder is cleared land, and has lain idle a number  
of years. The entire is well watered by springs, and  
a large stream that runs nearly through the centre of it.

This plantation is well adapted for corn, wheat,  
and particularly tobacco; is a most pleasing and de-  
sirable situation, and capable of great improvement,  
at a small expence. It is situated on the Head of  
South river, Anne-Arundel county, about three miles  
from navigable water, twelve from the city of Annapolis,  
twenty-five from Baltimore city, twenty-four  
from George-town, and about seven miles from the  
inspection houses of Indian Landing and Queen-Anne.

The terms will be made known by application to  
WILLIAM HARWOOD, Esq; Annapolis, or to the sub-  
scriber.

SAMUEL BRANDAM,  
at Dr. Wm. P. Mathews,  
Baltimore.

October 23, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on  
the 26th of August, a negro man by the name  
of ROBERT LOVELESS, about 28 or 30 years  
old, five feet nine inches high, flat nose, middling  
hollow eyes, a small scar on his right hand, apparently  
by a burn, another on his left leg, several marks on  
his back, a remarkable scar on the right side of his  
upper lip, and a small one on his forehead; his  
cloathing was a blue cloth coat, with a single row of  
yellow metal buttons, a blue kersey waistcoat, striped  
cotton trousers, spotted cotton hose, Irish linen shirt,  
good coarse shoes, and an old felt hat. When com-  
mitted he said he was free; and was from Louisa  
county, Virginia, had a forged pass signed THOMAS  
CROWDY; he since says he is lately from the service of  
a certain PARK STREET, about seven miles from  
Hanover Court-house, Virginia, but does not acknow-  
ledge himself a slave. His owner (if any) is desired  
to release him within two months from the above date,  
or he will be sold agreeable to law for prison fees, &c.

NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of  
Prince-George's county.

September 10, 1799.

#### CHARLES FARIS,

Clock and Watch-Maker,

HAS received an assortment of warranted capped  
and jewelled and plain silver WATCHES, and  
a variety of other articles in his line, which he will  
sell at the most reduced prices.

N. B. The highest price given for old silver.

ANNAPOLIS:  
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL  
GREEN.

(LVIth YEAR.)

MA

In COUNCIL, Anna-  
ORDERED, That the  
the year one thousand eight  
in each week, for the term  
ryland Gazette, at Annap  
Baltimore, Mr. Cowan's  
of Man, at Frederi k-to  
and Co's, paper, at George  
By order,  
NINI  
of

An ACT to appoint an ag  
eight

BE it enacted, by the G  
That William Marbo  
execute the trust and powe  
this act, from the first da  
eight hundred, until the fi  
land eight hundred and on

II. And be it enacted, Th  
the collection of all arre  
the several collectors of t  
this State; and the said ag  
required to call upon the  
holders for an accurate sta  
balances due from such co  
shall be furnished by the

III. And be it enacted, Th  
to superintend the  
the State on the auditor's  
and the said agent shall b  
of, and, if necessary, to  
and the said agent, with t  
nor and council, may m  
debtors, and take bonds t  
curity, and give time for  
years from the first day of  
hundred.

IV. And be it enacted, Th  
to superintend the c  
the State for naval dutie  
and emoluments, and  
for ordinary, retailers ar  
require payment, and, if  
the time; and the said ag  
and credit any money tha  
with by law, and for  
he may take the advice  
writing.

V. And be it enacted, Th  
occasion to expose to p  
collector, or his securitie  
already issued, or to be i  
agent shall cause at least  
given of such sale, and s  
shall appear that there  
the debt due to the State  
chase any property so ex  
due, in payment, or par  
of the arrearages due by  
may be so purchased, an  
by this act shall be con  
the State, unless a publi  
made by the agent, or  
such sale and purchase;  
for the use of the State,  
to public auction on the  
the use of the State, and  
which shall in no case ex  
said agent shall take bon  
evident, to be approved  
there, from the po  
all bonds by him to tak  
accurate list thereof sub  
of the western shore,  
property of such purch  
the respective dates, or  
is the schedule thereto

VI. And be it enacted, Th  
directed to dispose of  
that remains unsold, an  
sufficient security, an  
thereof, not exceeding  
of January, one thou  
where the quantity o  
just to such sale exce  
such land shall be dispa  
and place of which sale  
the shall be given by p  
time of any sale by  
shall make known the  
date thereto, and tha  
title to the same, or a  
chase must be in all  
chase.

VII. And be it ena  
by any officer or per  
valid and effectual, un  
western or eastern th  
made to the clerks an  
in the cases where the  
authorized to receive t  
VIII. And be it ena  
full power and author  
governor and council,  
to take back any prop  
person, and not yet r  
to having purchased,  
of paying for the fin  
upon terms and price  
with the advice and co



# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1800.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 8, 1800.  
ORDERED, That the act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, be published once in each week, for the term of eight weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of Man, at Fredericktown, and in Green, English, and Co's. paper, at Georgetown.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That William Marbury be agent of this state, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and one.

II. And be it enacted, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrearages and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this state; and the said agent is hereby authorized and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective counties for an accurate statement of all arrearages and balances due from such collectors, and such accounts shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

III. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of balances due to the state on the auditor's books, or on open account; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and, if necessary, to sue for and recover the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred.

IV. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all monies due to the state for naval duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and emoluments, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licenses, and to require payment, and, if necessary, sue for and recover the same; and the said agent may allow for insolvency, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law, and for his information of the law, he may take the advice of the attorney-general in writing.

V. And be it enacted, That whenever there shall be occasion to expose to public sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be issued for this purpose, the said agent shall cause at least thirty days public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the state, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed to sale for the use of the state, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrearages due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased, and that no purchase authorized by this act shall be considered as made on the part of the state, unless a public declaration to that effect be made by the agent, or his deputy, immediately after such sale and purchase; and any property so purchased for the use of the state, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms, for the use of the state, and if the same be sold on credit, which shall in no case exceed the term of two years, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore, from the purchasers of such property, and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, in the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers, and their securities, from the respective dates, or so much thereof as is mentioned in the schedule thereto annexed.

VI. And be it enacted, That the said agent is hereby directed to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains unsold, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for the payment thereof, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, and that where the quantity of land in any one body subject to such sale exceeds the quantity of fifty acres, such land shall be disposed of at public sale, of the time and place of which sale at least thirty days previous notice shall be given by public advertisement; and that at the time of any sale by virtue of this act, the said agent shall make known that he only sells the right of this land thereto, and that the state doth not guarantee the title to the same, or any part thereof, but that the purchase must be in all respects at the risk of the purchaser.

VII. And be it enacted, That no payment in future by any officer or person indebted to the state shall be valid and effectual, unless made to the treasurer of the western or eastern shore, or to the agent, or unless made to the clerks and sheriffs of the several counties, in the cases where the said clerks and sheriffs are by law authorized to receive the same.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the agent shall have full power and authority, by and with the advice of the governor and council, in all cases of uncollected debts, to take back any property heretofore purchased by any person, and not yet paid for, in cases where the person so having purchased, and his securities, are not capable of paying for the same, and to compromise the same upon terms and principles of equity and justice, by and with the advice and consent aforesaid; and the agent is

hereby required to lay a particular statement of his proceedings under this section before the next session of assembly.

IX. And be it enacted, That the agent, with the approbation and consent of the governor and council, be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to compromise any suit depending in chancery with any state debtor, upon any terms in their judgment calculated to promote the interest of the state, and to obtain the speedy receipt of the sums due.

X. And be it enacted, That if, under the terms of any compromise made as aforesaid, the property heretofore purchased should be taken back and reversion in the state, the same may be sold by the agent, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to sell the same at public sale, giving thirty days notice, on a credit of two years, payable one half of the principal, and the whole interest, annually, on the first day of December in each year, and the bonds, when taken, shall be returned to the treasury of the western shore, and reported to the general assembly at their session next ensuing the taking of such bonds.

XI. And be it enacted, That all cases in chancery, where no compromise under this act is effected, shall be placed under the direction of the agent, who is hereby authorized and required to call on the attorney-general to prosecute or defend the same to immediate final decision; and the governor and council are hereby authorized and empowered, at the request of the agent, in cases of difficulty, to aid the attorney-general, by employing any person to attend to surveys where necessary, or otherwise to assist in the prosecution or defence of said suits, which person or persons are to be paid out of the contingent fund of five hundred pounds; and the names of the persons so employed, together with the sum allowed for their services, to be laid before the general assembly at their next session.

XII. And be it enacted, That if any bond debtor to the state for confiscated property purchased, or otherwise, shall neglect to make payment agreeably to the condition of his bond, and sundry resolves of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued, and issued and suspended, as occasion may require, or, under the directions and with the approbation of the governor and council, he is hereby authorized to delay any execution as long as they may think expedient and necessary.

XIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all balances due on bond taken for taxes due before the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds installed, or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of one thousand seven hundred and sixty-nine, and one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three.

XIV. And be it enacted, That no process shall issue against any of the public debtors, unless by the direction of the said agent.

XV. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days of sale of property taken by fieri facias, at the suit of the state, as he may think proper, always taking care to give at least twenty days public notice thereof; and the said agent shall also have power to suspend the sales, from time to time, as he may think most to the advantage of the state.

XVI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in specie, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

XVII. And be it enacted, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in virtue of this act, the bonds shall be a lien on the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bond, in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them respectively, cause them, with the schedule annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore, at the expense of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be as good evidence in any court of law or equity in this state as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner as papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expense of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be as good evidence as aforesaid.

XIX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render to the treasurer of the western shore distinct quarterly accounts of his receipts of all money, certificates and bonds, in virtue of this act; and shall immediately thereupon pay and deliver the same to the said treasurer, who shall, in his annual report to the general assembly, state fully and particularly the money, certificates and bonds, by him received from the said agent, and the times when the same were received and accounted for.

XX. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act to the general assembly at their next session, and within the first ten days after its commencement, in which account shall be specified, under distinct heads, his own receipts, and those of the treasurer, and of all transfers of stock upon which he may be entitled to commission, and in which shall also be contained a particular estimate of his commission, shewing how and upon what the same arose due.

XXI. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall, within twenty days after the commencement of the next session of the general assembly, render to each branch of the legislature a fair and distinct account of the debts or sums of money due to the state, ranging the names of the debtors in alphabetical order, and give full and complete information of the manner in which, and the time when, each debt arose, and also the different steps and proceedings which have been taken by himself, or others, for the recovery thereof.

XXII. And be it enacted, That the said agent shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: for all payments actually made to either of the treasurers in virtue of this act, three per cent. and for all bonds taken by the said agent in virtue of this act, three per cent.

XXIII. And be it enacted, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the state, before the governor and council, in the penalty of sixty thousand dollars, with such security as the governor and council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties as agent under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, to the best of his skill and judgment, the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on, the said bond.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That the agent be and he is hereby authorized and directed to collect any sum or sums of money due from persons residents without the state of Maryland, and, if necessary, sue therefor, and he is also authorized to employ counsel for the recovery of the same, and give such fee as he may think reasonable, and draw on the treasurer of the western shore therefor, who is hereby authorized to pay the amount of such order.

XXV. And be it enacted, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after his acceptance he shall not give bond, and take the oath aforesaid, before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and council are hereby authorized and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said William Marbury by this act, such person first giving security, and taking the oath aforesaid.

## Notice to State Debtors.

THE Agent requests all debtors to the State of Maryland to discharge their respective balances on or before the tenth day of March next, immediately thereafter all lawful means will be taken to enforce payment, and all penalties incurred by the delinquent clerks and sheriffs will be exacted.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent.

## BREIT FLEET.

BERLIN, November 7.

THE Telegraph yesterday transmitted an account from Breit, informing the minister of marine that Bridport is before that city with sixty ships of the line, and that a neutral which left the port, informed the English that the combined squadrons were ready to sail. Even to oblige the British government to keep such a considerable force in activity, would be a great object;—But Buonaparte has held several long conferences with Breit, and it is known to be possible to make an expedition, even in spite of the enemy's fleet.

## ERLANG, November 2.

Nothing official has yet appeared concerning the negotiations for an armistice, which have been carried on since the 22d of October, between field marshal Suwarrow and the Austrian commanders, and the French gen. Massena. However, several private letters from Suabia, of the 26th and 27th ult. state this to be certain, and the alterations which have been made on both sides with respect to winter quarters, may be considered as a positive proof of an armistice being nearly agreed upon. These private letters state the principal contents of that convention to be:

1. The convention is concluded for an unlimited time. 2. A line of demarcation is agreed upon between the two armies, on the frontiers of Switzerland and Germany. 3. In consequence of this line of demarcation, the Russians, under Suwarrow withdraw to the Danube, and the Austrians to certain points not yet known. 4. The French evacuate the whole of the Swiss territory. 5. Switzerland is to be considered by both powers as a neutral state, &c.

The above-mentioned letters also give the pleasing intelligence that the most active preparations have been



made in different quarters for opening a new congress for peace.

NEW YORK, January 20.  
HIGHLY INTERESTING.

On Saturday last we were favoured by a friend with a short extract of a letter from a house in St. Thomas; and we hastened to give it to our subscribers in an extra sheet;—We have now received a full extract from this letter, which we offer to the public without any other comment, than that we are satisfied from the respectability of the source of the information, and from the date of the departure of the vessel from France, which brings us 20 days later than any communication direct from France, hitherto received, that there must be some grounds for the report.

St. Thomas, 26th Dec. 1799.

"Great news close this year. God grant that it be true.—Buonaparte, coalesced with Sieyes and Roger Ducos, has overturned the republican government, by suspending till next March, the two houses, the constitution and the directory. This triumvirate assumed the denomination of national consuls; they selected 25 members of each house, to compose a consular national assembly. A single moment was sufficient to destroy the Old Colossus, and to establish and consolidate their newly assumed authority.

"It is said that they have promised peace within three months! this is a very flattering allurement to the people; and so much credited in France, that Messrs. Sayeran and Gantier, have sent orders to Guadaloupe, to keep their vessels at that island, until peace takes place.—This blow has almost cost Buonaparte his life, for while he was delivering his speech to the legislative body on dissolving it, two pistols were fired at him, but missed him, a dagger was also thrust at him, and which would have stabbed him, had not a grenadier parried off, and received the blow in his arm."

The new agents for Guadaloupe, were in France when the above happened, and departed in haste for fear of being re-called, and have since arrived there with a large frigate and a sloop of war; three vessels have also arrived there from France, one of which brings news to the 17th November—they all agree in these particulars.—It is generally believed in France, that a monarchical constitution will be the consequence of these events, and that the new rulers have it in contemplation, to put it in force in a short time.—But who will be the king? What is their design on that subject?—It is not Lewis the XVIII, we cannot flatter ourselves to have reached the end of our misfortunes, or of the disturbances in France. Let us patiently await, whatever the Sovereign of Kings has determined in his eternal wisdom, and endeavour to hasten the moment of his mercy, by the most fervent prayers.

January 21.

#### MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.

On the 16th instant the following accident happened at Peekskill, in this state: A woman sitting near the fire side, having her youngest infant in her lap, a second playing near her, it accidentally fell into a large kettle of boiling water. The mother in haste to preserve her child, threw the youngest on the bed, and on lifting the other out of the kettle found it lifeless.—She then sent the eldest, a boy about nine years of age, to call the father, who was at work in the barn; the boy on his way thence ran among a number of horses, who kicked out his brains. The mother in the mean-time went to the bed side to take up the infant, and to her inexpressible grief found it deprived of life, having in the hurry thrown its neck across the head board of the bedstead.

We have not been able to learn the name of this unfortunate family, but the truth of the above is unquestionable.

#### ANOTHER ACCIDENT.

An elderly man, working on board the ship Dispatch, in this port, yesterday as a rigger, unfortunately fell from the yard, and immediately expired.

January 22.

Office of the Daily Advertiser,  
Wednesday, 11 o'clock, A. M.

By the ship Phoenix, captain Bray, arrived this morning from Cork, we have English papers to November 22, fourteen days later than any yet received.

LONDON, November 15.

#### BUONAPARTE.

Late last night we received the Paris papers to the 9th instant, but their contents are of no importance, when compared with the two telegraphic dispatches which arrived by express after the papers. According to these dispatches, an extraordinary and most unexpected revolution has taken place at Paris, evidently brought about by Buonaparte. The following is the TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCH

Of the 12th of November.

"The councils have been transferred to St. Cloud. Barras has given in his resignation. Buonaparte commands in Paris.—Moreau commands the guard of the Directory. Paris is tranquil. Every one is pleased."

#### SECOND TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCH,

Received at Gravesend on the 13th instant, at 9 at night.

"1. Buonaparte is general of Paris.—Moreau commands the guard of the directory. The council of five hundred is at St. Cloud. Barras has given his resignation, and all is tranquil in Paris.—Orders were also given to circulate the news."

November 16.

The following additional intelligence we received this morning from Deal. We give the letter verbatim.

DEAL, November 15.

"There have arrived some French officers. They are said to have brought some propositions to government. They state, that a counter-revolution has taken

place, and that the directory have fled from Paris. Buonaparte has declared for royalty, and has taken the command of the royalists."

Remarks of the London editor.

Upon these dispatches, which offer no details— which do not state when the revolution took place, we [courier] can only submit a few, and perhaps not very satisfactory observations. It is certain that the Paris papers do not prepare us for any such event; on the contrary, they state that the utmost harmony prevailed between the directory and Buonaparte. But so many events equally extraordinary with the present have taken place since the revolution, that we have no right to assert that these telegraphic dispatches are false, because the intelligence they contain is so totally unexpected.

Before Buonaparte sailed for Egypt, it is known that he was the intimate friend of Barras, who appears to have been the victim of this revolution. Lucien Buonaparte was also connected with him. There is this variation between the two dispatches; one states, that both the councils have been removed to St. Cloud, the other that it is only the councils of five hundred. If the councils have been removed from Paris, it is because they disapprove of the revolution. Buonaparte's brother is president of the council of five hundred. Has Buonaparte in conjunction with Sieyes produced a total change in the constitution to which the councils did not chafe to accede, and has the conqueror of Italy established a dictatorship? We confess that little weight is to be placed upon any observations made upon such materials—yet we do not believe that these telegraphic dispatches are unfounded. A very important change has in all probability taken place in Paris.—We shall not speculate upon the consequences of such a revolution, until we are certain that it has really taken place.

We proceed to the contents of the Paris papers. The telegraphic dispatch from Dunkirk is confirmed. Klénau has been driven from the Riviere, with the loss of the rear guard, who were forced to lay down their arms. Coni has also been relieved, and Ceva is besieged. Tortona is also threatened by the French, whose centre has advanced and taken Suza and Tivol. General Dubesme is within two leagues of Turin. The left wing of the army of Italy has also advanced. A column has passed Little St. Bernard, repulsed Had-dick, and again made itself master of Aosta, which opens a communication between the French armies in Italy.

Massena has entirely cleared the left bank of the Rhine on the Grison side. Neither the archduke or Suwarrow have made any attempt to resume the offensive; meanwhile the army of the Rhine, advancing with hasty strides, have carried all the posts on the Necker, and taken Stuttgart, with a great quantity of artillery and magazines.

The surrender of Rome and Civita Vecchia to the English, is said to have caused much displeasure to the Austrians. The emperor, as king of the Romans, pretends that he alone ought to be put in possession of them.

The Chouans continued to harass the western department; but their force appears to be too small to afford any serious uneasiness to the republic.

#### Annapolis, January 30.

On Sunday morning last, about 12 o'clock, that large and commodious building, the poor house of Anne-Arundel county, near this city, caught fire, and the whole of the wood-work belonging thereto consumed. Before the citizens could assemble, the roof was in an entire blaze; and they were constrained to be inactive spectators of the destruction of this receptacle of the Children of Misfortune. We are happy to add, that its inhabitants were all saved. They are at present accommodated in part of the new gaol.

On Tuesday last, the barn and stables belonging to Mr. Jesse Ray, on the north side of Severn, were entirely consumed by fire.

And yesterday, about 10 o'clock, a fire broke out in the work shop and bark-house occupied by Mr. Norman, but by the activity of the citizens was extinguished without doing material damage.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 14, 1800.

TALBOT SHIPLEY, of Anne-Arundel county, having exhibited a complaint against BARUCH FOWLER, surveyor of said county, RESOLVED, That Saturday, the eighteenth instant, be appointed for the hearing the said complaint, provided that notice of this order, and the complaint, be served on the said surveyor, and that the clerk of the governor and council issue any summons that may be applied for by either party.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk of the governor and council.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 18, 1800.

THE Governor and Council proceeded to the consideration of the complaint of Talbot Shipley, against Baruch Fowler, the surveyor of Anne-Arundel county, and after hearing the evidence in favour of the complaint, and such evidence as said surveyor produced, RESOLVED, That the said complaint be dismissed with costs.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk of the governor and council.

I certify that the foregoing is a true copy from the proceedings of the governor and council.

N. PINKNEY, Cl. Gov. & Co.

January 24, 1800.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed from the general court will be SOLD, at the house of Mrs. MARTHA HALL, on the Head of South river, in Anne-Arundel county, on Friday the twenty-first of February next, for READY MONEY, SEVEN hogheads of tobacco, one negro man, two work oxen, one horse, and an ox cart; the above property is taken as the property of MARTHA HALL, and sold to satisfy a debt due ELEANOR HALL, executrix of John Hall, for the use of WILLIAM ALLEN-ANDER.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

January 29, 1800.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the Baltimore county court, to be held in April next, for a commission to mark and bound the MOUNT CLARE, or GEORGIA PLANTATION, as also a tract of land called BOND'S PLEASANT HILLS, all situated near the city of Baltimore, agreeably to the provisions contained in the act of assembly, passed at November session, 1786, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, and the several supplements thereto.

JAMES CARROLL.

January 10, 1800.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post Office Port-Tobacco, January 1, 1800, which, if not taken up will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters.

#### JAMES ADDERTON.

Charles Brent,  
John Best,  
Mrs. Mary Boorman,  
Mrs. Ann Chandler,  
John W. Clements,  
Benjamin Tasker Dulany,  
George W. Dent,  
Andrew Flood,  
Michael Fenwick,  
William Green,  
Eliza Harrison,  
William Hamersley,  
Miss Sarah M. Maddox,  
James Russell, 4,  
Benjamin Smoot, & Co. 4,  
William Thomas,  
James Waters,  
Miss Patty Wood.

SAMUEL HANSON, P. M.

January 21, 1800.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the first day of April next.

#### ARTHUR BRYAN, Geo. Buchanan, D. T.

Blake, Austin Bowler, Annapolis.  
The Clerk General Court (2), William Clanch,  
Thos. Croxall, Annapolis; Richard A. Contee, near Annapolis.

Gabriel Duvall (2), James Davidson, John Davidson, Mr. Diant, Annapolis; maj. Richard Chew, Herring Bay; Richard Darnall (3), Bennett Darnall, near Pig Point.

Thomas Earl, Annapolis.

John Gwinn (7), Frederick Green (2), John Gibson (2), Mr. Guichard, Thomas Gift, Mrs. Gray, George Godfrey, Annapolis; James H. Gift, Kent Island.

Alexander Contee Hanlon (3), Nicholas Harwood, Samuel Hughes, Wm. Hammond, John Husk, Marlboro S. Hamilton (2), Euphame Hamilton (2), Annapolis; Sally Hall, Herring Bay; George Harcey, Anne-Arundel county.

Moni. Lallier, Annapolis; Thos. Linthicum, South River.

Dinah Moore, Ann Mantle, John Montgomery, Notley Maddox, Charles de Mollen, John McKirdy, sen. Annapolis; Joseph McCeney (2), Walter Magowan, Herring Creek; George Mitchell, Sandy Point.

George Purnell, John P. Paca, Mr. Pritchett, Walter Phelps, Annapolis.

Abner Ritchie, general Charles Ridgely, Annapolis. Beaky Seivear, J. Stoneman, Shery Small, Robert Smith, Annapolis; rev. William Sinclair (2), Well River; John Snowden, Richard Smith, Anne-Arundel county.

Moni. Varle, Annapolis.

Burton Wheteroff, John Wilmott, jun. (2), Anne Warrin, Walter T. Worthington, John T. Worthington, Mr. West (2), Annapolis; Mrs. Westensy, Herring Bay.

S. GREEN, P. M.

None of the above letters will be delivered without the money.

January 1, 1800.

#### NOTICE.

A STRAY COW came on the plantation where the subscriber now resides some time about the beginning of October last, she appears to be about eight years old, of a reddish colour, hind feet and part of her tail white, her belly and flanks of the same colour, the right flank more so than the left, on her right side two white spots, one on the hip, the other on the shoulder, a white spot on her forehead, and another on her hip on the left side, small horns inclining to each other in their points, a crop and hole in each ear; she is forward with calf. The owner is desirous to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away from

JOHNSON MICHAEL O'REILLY,  
near South river ferry, Anne-Arundel county.

January 8, 1800.

OF TRACTS of land not residents of due for the year seven respectively chargeable now due and unpaid liable for, or chargeable

Persons Name

Abraham Arthur  
Henry Boorer  
William Bell  
William Bell, John  
and Thos. Jones  
Thomas J. Beatty  
Blackburn and Brent  
Charles Beatty  
James Beatty

Jeremiah Barry

Thomas Burges  
Leonard Bevins  
James Blair  
William Bickerstaff  
Archibald Chisholm  
George Cooke  
William Cooke

Richard Cabus  
Margaret Chew  
Joseph Compton

William Clark  
Davidson and Muir  
Peter Engles

George Every  
Benjamin Edwards  
Jacob Folk  
George French  
Gilbert Faulkner  
Uriah Forrest

William Fitzhugh, fe  
John Fitzhugh  
George French

Peregrine Fitzhugh  
Frederick Grammar

George Graham

Samuel Godman

Nathan Gregg

Thomas Hanlon

Laurence Henfel  
Henry Hoover  
Baker Johnson

Thomas Johnson &  
son  
Thomas Johnson

Edward Jones  
Thomas Johnson, of  
John C. Jones

Denton Jacques  
Henry Kemp  
Christopher Kealho

A list of lots with t  
belong, the taxes  
half-penny, each  
oned.  
William Amos 3  
William Amos 1  
William Alexander  
William Alexander  
Charles Boyles 1  
Catherine Boyer  
Samuel Beckwith  
Aquila Browne 4  
William Berryman  
Archibald Chisholm  
Peter Callanave  
911, 1928, 1304,  
1942, 245, 1861,  
447, 3045, 1353,  
1000, 3345 3340,  
347, 1330, 27, 1



OF TRACTS and LOTS of LAND in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of the taxes thereon respectively due for the year seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and the names of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same, the taxes thereon being now due and unpaid, and no personal property can be found in Allegany county liable for, or chargeable with, the payment of the same.

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1033-1037.

Archibald Golder 1124.  
Elisha Hall 197, 1305.  
John Hamm 1386.  
Thomas B. Hugo 1784.  
Thomas Johnston 404 lots numbers unknown.  
Elisha Jarrett 135, 21, 4036, 1935, 56, 131,  
32.  
Randolph B. Latimer 3896, 3897, 3898, 3899,  
900, 1, 2, 2441, 2442, 2460, 2463, 897.  
William Malesy 1293, 3115, 1294.  
Luther Martin 2734, 2672, 2670, 2661.  
Henry Myers 188.  
Richard Mackubin 2128, 2140, 2141, 2142, 3338,  
341, 3342, 3343, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614.  
James R. Morris 11, 1142.  
Gilbert Murdock 885, 931.  
John Neile 458, 1621, 1182, 192, 95.  
Lewis Neth 2542, 2091.  
Greenberry Neale 1558.  
Samuel Norwood 1603, 4006, 4007.



William H. Park 131, 1792.  
Richard Ponfobny 1777.  
Anthony Reintzel 830, 856, 1048, 1372, 1938,  
3118.  
Abner Ritchie 1903, 244, 2062, 2063, 1555,  
1034, 1348, 1606, 1422, 2064, 2065, 1978, 817.  
Ezra Robinson 2809, 2810, 2811, two shillings  
and nine-pence each.  
John Ritchie 1351, 1392, 1493, 1304.  
George Rols 334.  
Charles Robinson 1268.  
John Reid 301.  
James Robinson 2582, 2586, 2587, 2593.  
Christopher Richmond 2740, 2741, 2742, 2743.  
Abraham Ridgely 229.  
Selby & Cooke 193, 1413.  
John Schley 1237.  
James Shaw 3066.  
Robert C. Stanley 1373, 842, 1172, 930, 858.  
Philip Severer 3036.  
Benjamin Stoddert 3435, 3882, 3833, 3884,  
3885, 3886, 3440, 3449, 3450, 3451, 3452, 3454,  
3355, 3456, 3458, 3459, 3461, 3462.  
John A. Summer 25, 37, 38, 55, 57, 70, 72,  
58, 81, 89, 94, 109, 119, 126, 154, 162, 163,  
165, 170, 175, 180, 181, 184, 190, 196, 216,  
217, 220, 230, 236, 250, 278, 316, 320, 337,  
360, 382, 385, 398, 401, 404, 407, 413, 403,  
448, 449, 451, 452, 456, 481, 488, 495, 8-2, 827,  
846, 883, 896, 923, 932, 946, 951, 952, 963, 982,  
989, 991, 1008, 1009, 1014, 1017, 1037, 1044,  
1069, 1083, 1097, 1100, 1111, 1112, 1118, 1121,  
1132, 1156, 1161, 1173, 1174, 1183, 1184, 1187,  
1196, 1119, 1201, 1209, 1221, 1245, 1277, 1280,  
1295, 1259, 1300, 1310, 1312, 1342, 1381, 1384,  
1408, 1417, 1422, 1425, 1426, 1433, 1442, 1444,  
1462, 1463, 1465, 1469, 1475, 1478, 1496, 1500,  
1502, 1508, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1552, 1590, 1593,  
1597, 1598, 1602, 1616, 1624, 1691, 1694, 1695,  
1702, 1711, 1712, 1718, 1721, 1730, 1741, 1762,  
1766, 1793, 1748, 1714, 1789, 1802, 1819, 1821,  
1844, 1849, 1865, 1887, 1894, 1895, 1914, 1926,  
1929, 1931, 1938, 1944, 1964, 2016, 2038, 2081,  
2085, 2369, 2398, 2517, 2529, 2543, 2548, 3008,  
3034, 3043, 3047, 3060, 3092, 3105, 3119, 3125,  
3129, 3161, 3164, 3167, 3171, 4023, 4024, 4038,  
4053, 4055, 4096, 4098, 4110, 4115, 4081.  
Anne Spicer 1 lot, number unknown, one shilling  
and four-pence half-penny.  
John Templeman 347, 348, 349, one shilling and  
four-pence each.  
Thomas and Sa. Turner 2615, 2616, 2618, 2619.  
Benjamin G. Vaughan 2037, 2551, 3155, and one  
lot number unknown.  
John Willson 4045, Edward Wright 217, 3039,  
1289, 2540, 4064, 1190, 118.  
Philip L. Webster 283, 1435.  
James Well, jun. 2081, 1005.  
Charles Wayman 82.  
James Williams 2033, 2504, 1790, 149, 1610,  
210, 85, 1639, 3153, 1202, 1054, 3149, 1398,  
1038, 878, 2010.  
John Warfield 266.  
William Woods 2723, 2732, 2733, 2735.  
John Williams 3 lots 50 acres each eleven-pence  
half-penny each.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county  
charges, due on the lands and lots aforesaid, shall be  
paid to William McMahon, collector of Allegany  
county, on or before the 15th day of June next, the  
lands and lots so charged as aforesaid, or such part there-  
of as may be necessary to raise the sum due thereon,  
shall be sold to the highest bidder for the same.

JOHN H. BAYARD,  
HANSON BRISCOE,  
JOHN REID,  
Commissioners of the tax for  
Allegany county.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-  
Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC  
SALE, on Thursday the 13th of February next,  
at Mr. CHARLES WATERS'S mill,

THE NEGROES belonging to the estate of  
MORDECAI RIDGELY, late of said county,  
deceased, to wit: three men, one woman, and  
two boys.

PEREGRINE RIDGELY, Administrator  
of MORDECAI RIDGELY.  
January 18, 1800.

To be sold, at private sale,  
And possession given immediately,

THE HOUSE where Moses MACCUBBIN  
now lives, opposite to Mrs. Mann's; it is one  
of the best stands for business of any in Annapolis; the  
house and lot is subject to a ground rent of ten pounds  
eight shillings and four pence per annum. Any per-  
son who is inclined to purchase may know the terms  
of sale by applying to JOHN DAVIDSON, or Moses  
MACCUBBIN, living in the said house.  
January 20, 1800.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* to me directed  
from the general court, will be SOLD, on Satur-  
day the eighth day of February next, to the HIGH-  
EST BIDDER, for READY CASH,

A BRICK HOUSE, three story high, and a good  
stable, standing on School-street, in the city of  
Annapolis; the above property is taken as the property  
of JOHN WILMOT, and sold to satisfy a debt due  
MARY BOYLE for the use of THOMAS HARRIS, jun.  
The sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of  
Anne-Arundel county.

## For SALE,

A YOUNG able NEGRO MAN, by trade a  
carpenter and lawyer. For terms apply to  
EDWARD HOLLAND.

DANIEL FOWLER.

Annapolis, January 18, 1800.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber,  
as guardian to GEORGE MAYO SELLMAN, a  
minor, intends petitioning the Anne-Arundel county  
court, at their next April term, for a commission to  
establish the lines and bounds of a tract of land called  
UNITED FRIENDSHIP, lying and being in said county,  
agreeably to an act of assembly of Maryland, passed  
November session, 1786.

JOHNZEE SELLMAN.

January 17, 1800.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of  
MARY EVITT, late of Anne-Arundel county,  
deceased, are requested to attend at the store of  
Ridgely and Evans, on Friday the 14th of February,  
with their accounts, legally attested, that they may  
receive their proportion of assets in my hands; those  
who do not attend will lose all benefit of said estate,  
as I shall on that day finally close the administration.

JOSEPH EVANS, Administrator.

Annapolis, January 21, 1800.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery the  
subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION,  
on the 17th day of February next, at Mr. Wharfe's  
tavern, in the city of Annapolis, at 11 o'clock,  
A. M. for the benefit of the representatives of  
THOMAS JENINGS, Esq; deceased,

A COMMODIOUS two story brick DWELL-  
ING-HOUSE, in the said city, with the ne-  
cessary out buildings, and a large and elegant garden,  
enclosed by a substantial brick wall. Possession will  
be given on the first of March, and the terms will be  
made known on the day of sale.

THOMAS JENINGS, Trustee.

Annapolis, January 16, 1800.

## TAKE NOTICE,

THE subscriber having been much injured and  
deprived of the amusements of gunning on his  
farms on the Head of Severn, in Anne-Arundel county,  
for several years past, by a number of persons who  
have made a practice of hunting thereon for the bene-  
fits which they derive from marketing of the game  
killed on my said farms, there are therefore to fore-  
warn all persons from hunting within my enclosure,  
on the farms aforesaid, with either dog or gun, those  
that hunt therein after this notice will have the law  
put in force against them immediately, by

P. HAMMOND.

November 28, 1799

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath  
obtained from the orphans court of St. Mary's  
county, Maryland, letters of administration on the per-  
sonal estate of CLEMENT GARDINER, late of St.  
Mary's county, deceased, all persons having claims  
against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit  
the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber,  
at or before the first day of August next, they may  
otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the  
said estate. Given under my hand this 23d Decem-  
ber, 1799.

THOMAS GARDINER, Administrator.

Notice is hereby given,

TO all persons having claims against the estate of  
JOHN BULLEN, late of the city of Anna-  
polis, deceased, to appear on the eighteenth day of  
February next, at Mr. JAMES WHARFE'S tavern, in  
the said city, between the hours of ten and twelve,  
A. M. with their claims against the deceased, pro-  
perly authenticated, at which time the assets then in  
hand will be divided among, and paid to, the several  
creditors of the deceased, in such proportion and man-  
ner as the law directs.

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator  
with the will annexed.

Annapolis, January 2, 1800.

To the Voters of Anne-Arundel county and City of  
Annapolis.

Gentlemen,  
OBSERVING that a number of persons are to be  
candidates at the next ensuing election, for the of-  
fice of sheriff for this county, and having acted for  
several years past as a deputy under that commission,  
and, I trust, with some degree of reputation to my-  
self, and satisfaction to the public, I therefore now  
take the liberty to solicit your suffrages for that office,  
and should I be so fortunate as to meet with the ap-  
probation of a majority of the freemen of my native  
county, I can assure them, that no exertions on my  
part shall be wanting to do justice to the office, and  
the public in general.

I am, respectfully,

Your very humble servant,

HENRY HOWARD, of JOHN.

December 24, 1799.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath  
obtained letters of administration on the estate  
of AARON WELCH, late of Anne-Arundel county,  
deceased, therefore requests all persons having claims  
against the said deceased, to exhibit them, legally au-  
thenticated, for payment.

AARON WELCH, Administrator.

January 13, 1800.

Annapolis, January 13, 1800.

Gentlemen,

HIS excellency the Governor has, by his deter-  
mination of to-day, thought proper to change the day  
of prayer, in the proclamation respecting general  
George Washington, to the twenty-second of February  
next; you will therefore, immediately upon the re-  
ceipt of this, make the necessary alteration, and con-  
sider this as your authority for so doing.

I am, with great respect,

Your obedient servant,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

Messrs. Green.

By his EXCELLENCY  
BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire,  
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND,  
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Legislature of this State,  
penetrated with regret for the death of  
the illustrious patriot general George Washington,  
and zealous to express their high respect and veneration  
for his eminent virtues and distinguished service  
to his country, have, by a resolution unanimously  
assented to on the 17th instant, requested me "to ap-  
point, by proclamation, a day of mourning, humili-  
ation and prayer, throughout this state, and to recom-  
mend it to the citizens thereof to assemble in their  
respective places of worship, to testify, in the most  
public manner, their veneration for his memory, and  
to derive, from the just eulogiums of his meritorious  
services, the best motives for the imitation of his vir-  
tues."

And, whereas I entirely accord with the honora-  
ble legislature in the measure proposed, and am  
anxious to co-operate with them in paying this tribute  
of grateful respect to the merits and long tried pa-  
triotism of our deceased fellow-citizen, I have there-  
fore thought proper to recommend and advise, and do  
hereby recommend and advise accordingly, that the  
twenty-second day of February next be observed  
throughout this state as a day of mourning, humiliation  
and prayer—that the citizens on that day go into  
mourning, and abstaining, as far as may be, from  
their secular occupation, devote the time to the sacred  
duties of religion—that they call to mind the virtues,  
public services, and unflinching patriotism of the de-  
ceased, and admiring endeavour to emulate them—  
that they implore the Most High God to supply his  
loss, by inspiring them with a love of true liberty and  
pure religion, and by dispensing the blessings of peace  
and knowledge throughout the land—and that he  
would grant to the people of this and the United  
States, that the wisdom and virtues of a Washington  
may never cease to influence and direct our public  
councils.

Given in the council chamber, at the city of An-  
napolis, under the seal of the State of Mary-  
land, this eighteenth day of December, in  
the year of our Lord one thousand seven  
hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk  
of the governor and council.

ORDERED, by his excellency the Governor, that  
the foregoing proclamation be published every day,  
until the 12th of February next, in the Federal Ga-  
zette at Baltimore, the Maryland Gazette at Anna-  
polis, Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of  
Man at Frederick town, the Washington Spy at Har-  
par's-town, and in Green, English, and Co. paper  
at George-town.

By order,  
NINIAN PINKNEY.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath  
obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arun-  
del county, in Maryland, letters of administration de  
bonis non on the personal estate of JOHN HENRY  
MACCUBBIN, late of Anne-Arundel county, de-  
ceased, all persons having claims against the said de-  
ceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with  
the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before  
the 23d day of May next, they may otherwise by  
law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.  
Given under my hand this 6th day of November,  
1799. Baltimore.

N. BRICE.

Suits will be commenced by the next court against  
such debtors to the above estate, who neglect or re-  
fuse to make immediate payment to

N. B.

## SETH SWEETSER,

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public, and  
hopes they will still continue to favour him with their  
custom, as he still carries on the business in all its  
branches in the neatest and most fashionable manner.

N. B. I have just received, from Boston, a quan-  
tity of the best sole leather and shoe thread, and a few  
barrels of New-England fluff shoes, all of which I  
will sell on moderate terms.

S. S.

November 5, 1799.

ANNAPOLIS:  
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL  
GREEN.

(Vth YEAR.)

MA

In COUNCIL, Anna-  
ORDERED, That the  
year one thousand eight  
in each week, for the term  
ryland Gazette, at Anna-  
Baltimore, Mr. Cowan's  
of Man, at Frederick-to-  
and Co's. paper, at George-  
By order,  
NINIAN  
of

ACT to appoint an ag-  
eight

Be it enacted, by the C-  
That William Marb-  
execute the trust and power  
this act, from the first d-  
eight hundred, until the fi-  
had eight hundred and on-

II. And be it enacted, T-  
the collection of all arre-  
the several collectors of t-  
this state; and the said a-  
required to call upon the  
holders for an accurate li-  
balances due from such c-  
shall be furnished by the

III. And be it enacted, T-  
rified to superintend the  
the state on the auditor's  
and the said agent shall h-  
of, and, if necessary, to  
and the said agent, with  
nor and council, may m-  
dition, and take bonds  
curity, and give time for  
years from the first day o-  
hundred.

IV. And be it enacted, T-  
nified to superintend the  
the state for naval dutie-  
and armaments, and  
for ordinary, retailers a-  
require payment, and, if  
the same; and the said a-  
and credit any money th-  
with by law, and for  
he may take the advic-  
writing.

V. And be it enacted, T-  
occasion to expose to p-  
collector, or his securiti-  
already issued, or to be i-  
agent shall cause at least  
given of such sale, and  
first appear that there  
the debt due to the state  
chase any property so e-  
late, in payment, or pa-

of the arrearages due l-  
may be to purchased, a-  
by this act shall be con-  
the state, unless a publi-  
made by the agent, or  
such sale and purchase;  
for the use of the state,  
no public auction on th-  
the use of the state, ar-  
which shall in no case e-  
bid agent shall take bo-  
curity, to be approved  
the state, from the p-  
all bonds by him so to  
accurate list thereof, fu-  
of the western shore,  
property of such pub-  
the respective dates, or  
in the schedule thereto

VI. And be it enacted,  
directed to dispose of  
that remains unsold, a  
sufficient security, an  
thereof, not exceeding  
of January, one tho-  
where the quantity  
put to such sale exc-  
such land shall be disp-  
and place of which sal-  
ties shall be given by  
the time of any sale b-  
shall make known th-  
have thereto, and tha-  
title to the same, or a  
chase must be in all  
cases.

VII. And be it ena-  
by any officer or per-  
valid and effectual, i-  
written or entered o-  
made to the clerks a-  
in the cases where th-  
authorized to receive

VIII. And be it e-  
full power and auth-  
governor and council  
to take back any pre-  
period, and not yet  
to having purchased  
of paying for the  
upon terms and pri-  
with the advice and