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genuine Rip Van Winkle arrived in Chicago, he lived his roost in Hebburn to the scene of his married to "put up" at a small place to learn with a large part of the public establishment up. He seemed to claim, "Ed I'd like to come to Chicago."

Margaret of Bates, daughter of Lord pronounced, was born Margaret, was the dominant for the Governor, hereditary knowledge and the person, the Catholic, of twelve

1. He is enormous—exceeding \$1,500,000. The student of the savings during a long session to the last some few years ago confession of that first had a deep semantic void. He is supposed of "Leather" in his name. The O descends from a King Robert the S supporters and friends wards of Norfolk Catholics. The the morning has used as a gift Britain and the nation of the monarch there. In an official Knight who once and thus of the rest of the royal title.

SPECIAL NOTICE!
THE ADVERTISER is published every Saturday morning.
Subscription \$1.00 per annum, in advance; if not paid within sixty days \$1.50 will be charged.
ADVERTISING RATES
One square (ten lines or less) solid commercial matter—inserted one time for \$1.00, and each subsequent insertion, 50 cents.
Fuller for advertising is the after first insertion, and full rates for advertising are published in the office.
PERRY & BROTHERS,
Editors and Proprietors.

Salisbury Advertiser.



Saturday, May 4, 1872.

The eruption of Mount Vesuvius, which commenced last week at Naples, Italy, was the greatest display of volcanic activity that has occurred since 1631, and is remarkable for the large amount of debris that has been hurled from its crater in the past few days. The eruption was accompanied by heavy rolling sounds resembling thunder, and was heard for many miles. Immense clouds of smoke, sand and ash, have fallen in the streets of Naples, and fearful electrical shocks, which rendered the quaking of the mountain violent, followed in rapid succession. Several of the surrounding towns were threatened with destruction; and so great was the consternation of the inhabitants, that many left their homes and goods at the mercy of prowling thieves. Business in Naples was almost entirely suspended, and the falling of ashes was so great that the people were compelled to wear umbrellas for protection while on the streets. Up to the latest advice, no new orders have been formed, and it is believed the eruption will soon cease; yet the people are never certain of safety from these volcanic disturbances. For since the commencement of the nineteenth century, scarcely a year has passed without eruptions of more or less importance, and the people are often reminded of the fearful eruptions of 79, in which the cities of Herculaneum and Pompeii were buried, without leaving a single vestige to tell the site of the ruins of these ancient cities.

The Liberal Republican Convention met at Cincinnati on Wednesday, and was called to order by Colonel Grover of St. Louis, when Frank Stanley Matthews of Ohio, was elected temporary Chairman, and Geo. W. Nichols of Ohio, Gen Geo. W. Palmer of New York and Joseph Fullerton of Wisconsin were elected Secretaries.

Judge Matthews made a brief speech, in which he eulogized the Republican party in its work of sustaining the Union against secession, and stated that this movement was initiated because those who control the Republican machinery and principles, have diverted them from their true purpose. A resolution was then adopted, that the delegations from the several States shall elect delegates to this Convention, equal in number to double the vote to which the State respectively is entitled in the Electoral College. After which the Convention adjourned until 10 o'clock Thursday morning. The New York delegation consisting of 125 members, held an interesting meeting on Wednesday afternoon, when Mr. John Cushman reported the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the New York delegation shall be heard upon all questions affecting candidates in the delegate Convention through the voice of its Chairman, or a person designated by the delegation for that purpose.

Resolved, That the delegation from New York cast its vote in the Convention as a unit for Horace Greeley, until such time as twenty delegates shall make a request to the Chairman to withdraw from the vote, which event the vote shall be cast as the majority of the delegation shall direct; provided, the Convention shall not direct a different method of procedure.

The following delegations have completed organization: Ohio, Wm. Woodcock, Minnesota, Missouri, North Carolina, Nebraska, Indiana, Vermont, Michigan, Arkansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Tennessee, Louisiana, South Carolina and Iowa.

It is said that Minnesota will stand as follows on the first ballot: Adams, 5; Greeley, 4; Davis, 1. Second ballot: Adams, 5; Davis, 1. The Nebraska delegates on an informal ballot will give Tremblai 4; Greeley, 1; Brown, 1.

Vermont will probably go for Greeley on the first ballot and Adams on the second. Michigan will vote for Adams on the first and Tremblai on the second. The Tennessee delegates have a tendency towards Adams. Louisiana is for Greeley.

The first choice of Iowa is Tremblai, though Greeley has friends. Florida has four delegates, with James B. C. Drew Chairman.

Delaware is represented by Geo. Booper of Yorktown. Davis is his first choice, Tremblai second.

The District of Columbia has one delegate, who says he is for Davis first, Tremblai second.

Missouri.
St. Louis April 30.—Governor Brown received yesterday detailed information from Adjutant General Hight, of Missouri, and the Commissioner sent by him to Cass county, to the effect that apprehension at Haddon has ceased and confidence is restored by the presence of troops.

A delegation from Pleasant Hill has given assurance that the people there will rally in the cause of law and order, and the sheriff at Haddonville, and others, have taken active measures at the place to preserve order. No more troops have been called out, and it is believed that any armed men on the premises will be removed on some pretext effective. Governor Brown expresses a determination to maintain order and enforce the enforcement of the law at all hazards, and to bring the situation of Haddonville, and other places, to speedy punishment.

General News.

A Berlin despatch says that Mr. J. Dancourt Davis, now in that city, having in the presence of Bismarck and Otto von Bismarck, expressed the opinion that the United States Government would not withdraw its claims for reparations damages, Prince Bismarck volunteered his opinion that the American position was correct.

Mr. Gladstone, in the House of Commons, stated on Tuesday that the Government had agreed to guarantee a loan of \$2,500,000 sterling for a railway to the Pacific, if Canada would accept the Treaty of Washington.

Both Republicans and Progressists in Spain are everywhere announcing their intention to support the Government against the Carlist insurgents. Zorilla, the well-known Radical, commands a column of troops in Navarre, and is doing good service. Bismarck is about to operate actively in the same province. Prince King Amadeus insists, it is said, upon taking command of the army in person.

An official decree was issued at Paris on the 29th ult., warning all Frenchmen against participating in any insurrectionary movement in Spain, and providing heavy penalties for all violations of the decree. Colonel Charette, formerly of the Papal service, has engaged to keep the Pontifical troops now in France from taking up arms for either side in the Spanish war.

The Emperor Augusta of Germany, left Berlin on the 28th ult., for England, and will be the guest of Queen Victoria, a well-known fact.

Turkmen of the recent earthquake in Syria, which occasioned great loss to life and property, state that nearly 300 persons were killed in Syria, and 1,600 persons in the surrounding towns and country.

The importation of arms and ammunition by private parties is prohibited by the authorities of Havana.

Prince Frederick Charles has returned to Berlin from his tour in Southern and Southern Germany.

The Governor of Ohio on Tuesday appointed five Commissioners to the International Prison Congress to be held July 3d.

Information has been received at the Department of State, that the French are not relaxing their passport system, but are enforcing it more and more strictly.

Admiral Cocke on Saturday evening, announced the wholesale murder of a family named Cook. The murder is supposed to have been committed by Indians. The house was found on fire, and the bones found in the ruins.

Rear Admiral Inglefield, at present naval attaché of the British Legation at Washington, has been appointed second officer in command of the English steamer "Hector," and will have under his charge the management of the Malta dock-yard.

The Postmaster General of New Zealand has telegraphed the Postmaster General of Great Britain that he has concluded a satisfactory partnership between the Colonies of Victoria and New Zealand, transportation of English mails for Australia, by way of San Francisco.

The news reached Washington on Tuesday that the late Yoon of Japan has been invited by the present Emperor to come out of his late retirement, and has received an honorable appointment under the Government, accompanied by a highly complimentary title.

Edward S. Stokes and "Black Friday."

In addition to other mischievous effects of the presentation of "Black Friday" upon the New York stage must now be added the publication of a letter by Edward S. Stokes. This person, after a general defence of his character from various charges relating to his connection with the late James Fisk, says:

I should have remained silent in regard to all these accusations if I had not lately been grossly libelled on the stage at New York. I am now so lost to all sense of decency as to prostitute the drama by libelling a person in my unfortunate and helpless condition would receive only silence from me had he not, to make the drama more impressive, come out in a card denying the libelation, and thus vouching for its truthfulness. The incidents of this libelous play require no denial with those who know me, but 3,000 persons who know nothing of antecedents or character might witness this misrepresentation of me as a gambler, rascal, forger and assassin, and possibly may accept it for truth. No man can honestly assert that I knowingly ever injured any one; and as for being an adept at cards, hardly one card from another, and have scarcely played a game in many years. In this monstrous play Fisk is represented as being persecuted by me, and as having evidence that I committed a forgery upon him. This is a new charge and one so ridiculous that I hardly know how to reply to it. But I will say that I never signed my name to any document more creditable to myself than when I put my signature to the oil lease, in consideration of receiving certain rebates, whereby the Erie Railroad was robbed to benefit him and his colleagues.

As regards my being an assassin, it is hard for me to refrain at present from making a statement, for I have a duty to perform to my country. I must follow their advice and direction. These few statements which I make I made without their aid, and entirely upon my own responsibility.

I will only add that when all the facts of this unfortunate affair are developed, and when it shall be proved how infamously the witnesses were perjured themselves at the Coroner's inquest, then, public opinion, which has been based upon false statements, will set in my favor.

I am anxious, and always have been, for a speedy trial by a honest jury of my fellow men. Ed. S. Stokes.

Tonies, April 28, 1872.

Spain.
London, April 30.—A special despatch from Bayona, France, to the London Times, says: There have been several petty encounters between the insurgents and the Government troops in the Basque Provinces. In one of these two hundred Imperialist forces routed twelve hundred Carlists. Reports from the seat of the disturbance are very contradictory. On one hand it is asserted that the cause of Don Carlos is on the decline, and on the other that it is reported that the prospects for success are exceedingly bright. Three companies of the Imperialist troops were surrounded by large numbers of Carlists, and succeeded in breaking through the line of insurgents, inflicting a loss upon the latter of 400 killed. A special despatch from Madrid, to the London Times, says there has been a tremendous fall in the Bourse of that city. Extreme republicans refuse to recognize the authority of Castelar and Pignera in their opposition, because these two had discontinued the present insurrection against the Government.

Proclamation of Marshal Serrano.

Madrid, April 30.—Marshal Serrano has issued a congratulatory proclamation to the troops under his command. He states that the loyal people of the provinces, infected by the insurgents, have taken up arms against the insurrectionists. The Marshal also announces to his troops that nearly all the Carlist bands in Aragon have been dispersed or defeated by the loyal forces.

[LATER.]
Marshal Serrano is advancing on Rodas. The Carlist retreat is reported. The number of insurgents in the Auduluz provinces and in Santander is reported as insignificant. Carlists continue to give in their submission to the Government in various parts of the Kingdom.

THE INSURGENTS BADLY DEFEATED.
Evening.—A battle has been fought at Tudela, in Navarre, between the Government troops, and insurgents. The latter were defeated, with a loss of 300 killed and wounded.

Trustee's Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Wicomico county, sitting in equity, passed the first day of April 1872, the undersigned as Trustee will sell, as public sale, the TRACTS OF LAND, in the town of Salisbury at the hour of 3 o'clock P.M. on

SATURDAY, the 25th day of May 1872.
the HOUSE AND LOT in the town of Salisbury, situated on Highstreet, which Philip O. Hearn purchased of J. Marcus Dashiell and now in the occupancy of Capt. Thos. Brownchamp.

TERMS OF SALE.—The whole of the purchase money to be paid cash on the day of sale.

JAMES E. ELLIOTT,
May 4th 1872. Trustee.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE, For 1872.

The consolidation of Italy, so long fragmentary and impotent, into one united State, with Rome as its capital; the humiliation of France through a series of reverses, ending with her complete expulsion from the provinces of Alsace and Lorraine; the complete ruin of the South American Republics, and the consolidation of the continent of South America into one united State, are the three great events of the year 1872.

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W. F. A. WOODCOCK.

WITH
WILSON & STELLWAGEN.
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Watches, Diamonds, Jewels.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, MILITARY GOODS AND REGALIA.
1028 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.
April 27, 1872.

For Sale.
Two large cylinder boilers, three (3) feet in diameter, twenty six (26) feet long have been taken out of the Steam Mill at Berlin and are in good condition, also head plates and other fixtures will sell very cheap.

W. V. CASE & BRO.
BERLIN, MD.
April 20th.

MORO PHILLIPS, MANUFACTURING CHEMIST.

MANUFACTURER OF ACIDS, AND OTHER CHEMICALS; MORO PHILLIPS' SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME AND PURE PHOSPHATE.

FOR SALE AT
110 South 3d Avenue Philadelphia, Pa.
DEPOSITS: 110 South 3d Avenue Philadelphia, Pa.
April 4, 72.

Go to the Best!

Actual Business College OF AMERICA.

BRYANT, STRATTON & SADLER SOUTHERN BUSINESS COLLEGE,
NO. 15 CHARLES STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.

Organized and Devoted entirely to Preparing Young and Middle Aged Men to success in business.

PRACTICAL ACCOUNTANTS AND SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MEN

OVER 2500 YOUNG MEN FROM THE SOUTHERN STATES

have graduated at this Institution, and are now filling responsible and lucrative positions in the leading banks and business houses of the country. There are no vacations. Students can enter at any time.

Special Individual Instruction and success guaranteed. Send for Catalogue, Book and Circulars. Specimens of Penmanship, English, French, German, Spanish, Italian, Latin, Greek, Hebrew, and other languages. Address all communications to W. F. A. WOODCOCK, Baltimore, Md.

BOWERS' COMPLETE MANURE

MADE FROM SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME, Ammonia and Potash.

The Manufacturer is enabled, by considerably increased cost of Raw Material, to offer Complete Manure the coming season, at a lower price than heretofore. In order to show that the standard of this manure is in no way affected, we have analyzed the following certificates of analysis of the manure.

ANALYSIS OF BOWERS' COMPLETE MANURE. ANALYZED BY DR. J. A. GENTH, Consulting Chemist and Geologist, No. 15 CHARLES STREET, BALTIMORE, MD. ALSO FOR SALE: SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, AND SALTS CONSISTING OF POTASH, SULPHATE, NITRATE & PHOSPHATE. HENRY BOWERS, Manufacturing Chemist, GRAY'S FERRY ROAD, PHILADELPHIA.

THE GREAT FERTILIZER

RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE
STANDARD GUARANTEED
300 lbs. MANUFACTURED BY WALTON, WHANN & WILMINGTON, DEL.

DEPOTS:
203 WEST FRONT ST. WILMINGTON, DE.
203 WEST FRONT ST. WILMINGTON, DE.
203 WEST FRONT ST. WILMINGTON, DE.

FOR CEREALS, POTATOES, WHEAT AND OTHER CROPS, AND ON SMALL FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

WHANN'S Raw Bone Super Phosphate
is without a Rival.

It has repeatedly excelled Pure Peruvian Guano, and produced larger crops, while at the same time it improves the land.

Beware of Imitations.
FOR SALE BY
BUNNELL & TILGNER,
Salisbury, Md.

The following gentlemen have used it with much satisfaction: Wm. M. Black, Jacob Phillips, M. Humphrey, Wm. B. Tilgner, A. W. Woodcock.

May 4, 1872.

DR. CROOK'S COLUMN.

Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar.
10 YEARS OF A Public Test.

Has proved itself in thousands of cases capable of curing all diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Has cured cases of Consumption pronounced incurable by physicians.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Has cured many cases of Asthma and Bronchitis that it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Removes pain in Breast, Side or Back. Cures Gravel and Kidney Diseases.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Should be taken for all diseases of the Urinary Organs.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Possesses Vegetable Ingredients which make it the best Tonic in the market.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Cures Jaundice or any Liver Complaint.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Makes Pale People Rosy, who are never feeling well, strong and healthy.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Has restored many persons who have been unable.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Should be taken if your Stomach is out of order.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Should be taken if you feel weak or debilitated.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Rapidly restores exhausted Strength.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Restores the Appetite and Strengthens the Stomach.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Cures the food to digest, removing Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Gives tone and energy to Debilitated Constitutions.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Will prevent Malarious Fevers and braces up the System.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Should be taken to strengthen and build up your system.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
Should be kept in every house, and its life-giving tonic properties tried by all.

Purify Your Blood.

DR. CROOK'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF POKER ROOT.

SPECIAL NOTICE!
THE ADVERTISER is published every Saturday morning.
Subscription \$1.00 per annum, in advance; if not paid within sixty days \$1.50 will be charged.
ADVERTISING RATES:
One square—six lines or less, solid advertisement—inserted one time for \$1.00, and each subsequent insertion, 50 cents.
Bills for advertisements due daily after insertion.
For further particulars apply to the office.
PERRY & RICHMOND,
Editors and Proprietors.

Salisbury Advertiser.



Saturday, May 11, 1872.

It must be confessed that the nomination of Horace Greeley and B. Gratz Brown by the Cincinnati Convention was a disappointment to the friends of reform. It was hoped by both Liberal Republicans and Democrats that the Convention would select a ticket that could count as the instantaneous approval and support of all men without regard to previous political opinions or alliances. But from present indications, this end has not been accomplished; for it is very evident that the Democrats of the county do not endorse the ticket. The tone of the Democratic and Conservative press in the South and Northwest is decidedly in favor of Greeley. In the Middle and New England States the opinion of the press is against him.

Much can be said in favor of Greeley when compared with Grant, and if the progress of events shows the necessity upon the Democrats of choosing between the two, it is not difficult to tell what will be the action of the Democracy. We are in favor of ignoring the action of the Cincinnati Convention by nominating a regular Democratic ticket. But if it shall transpire that our wise men deem it inexpedient to make any nominations, here's for Greeley! for certainly he is far more desirable than the despot who now disgraces the White House. It is true, we would feel the humiliation of such a course very keenly; but then on the other hand we should be consoled by the knowledge that Greeley stands pledged for general amnesty, which is the touchstone of the situation. However, it is not necessary to enlarge upon this point at present. The action of the Democratic Convention will soon point out the policy to be pursued, and in the meantime we shall not presume to offer any advice to the party. For the situation is grave and demands such consideration as only our wisest statesmen are capable of giving it before the final decision is rendered.

At a meeting of the National Democratic Association, held in New York on the 7th instant, Ben Wood stated he had had an interview with Greeley, and had asked him whether, and in what event he would withdraw as a candidate. Greeley assured him that he would remain in the field no matter whom the Philadelphia Convention might nominate, but that his withdrawal was possible should the Democrats fail to support him.

The Voice of the South.

The following which appeared in the Charleston News on the 8th instant, may be taken as the sentiment of almost the entire Southern press:

The Democratic National Executive Committee meets in New York to-day. We trust, in its deliberations, due weight will be accorded to the public sentiment and reasonable expectation of that section which in the past has been so steadfast and so powerful an ally of the party. To us of the South the action of the National Democracy must either bring confidence and assurance of speedy relief from the worst of our troubles, or else prolong indefinitely the reign of anxious doubt and flagrant misgovernment.

It is here that a portion of the Democracy who have a right to object to Greeley as a lifelong antagonist of their cherished political views, it is certainly the people of the Southern States. If there be any whom suffering and wrong and relentless persecution have entitled to a hearing when the question of staking their fate upon the doubtful future of a tripartite contest is raised, it is this same people, and we but give expression to the unanimous sentiment in South Carolina, and as far as we can judge, in the entire South, when we

URGENT ENTREAT

Our Democratic friends throughout the North to sink for a moment all personal prejudices and party pride, and give a death blow to National corruption and sectional hate by a prompt, generous and hearty endorsement of the nomination of Horace Greeley.

The National Democratic Executive Committee met at New York on the 8th inst., and decided to hold a Convention at Baltimore, on the 9th of July, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President of the United States.

DR. CHARLES E. TAYLOR, editor of the Denton Journal, died at his home in Denton, Md., on Thursday, the 2nd instant, aged 38 years.

Dr. Taylor was for a number of years connected with the newspaper business, and was formerly known as a journalist. As a physician, he occupied a prominent place in his profession, and by his skillful practice did much to alleviate the ills of suffering humanity. In politics, he was a firm supporter of Democracy, and with an honest purpose and untiring zeal, he labored for the cause of his principles. At a citizen, Dr. Taylor was highly respected, and by his genial disposition and kindness of heart, won the love and confidence of the people among whom he lived.

The small amount of \$4000, which was levied last year for school purposes, has proved to be entirely inadequate to defray the expenses of the public schools for a term of ten months, and hence our schools are only kept open for about eight months in the year. Now the school law expressly states that the schools shall be kept open for ten months in the year if possible; and in order to comply with the demands of the law, we think it is incumbent upon the County Commissioners to appropriate an amount commensurate for that purpose. It is estimated that an appropriation of six or seven thousand dollars will be sufficient to meet the liabilities of the School Board, and enable them in the future to keep the schools in operation for the time limited by law. We cannot too highly urge the importance of this additional appropriation, or commend too highly the uses for which it would be expended. For we feel assured that such an action on the part of the County Commissioners would meet with the hearty approval of the people, as it would thereby enable the School Board to operate on a more substantial basis, render the working of the school system more complete, and assist very much in advancing the educational interests of the county.

The Wilmington Commercial, St. Michaels Comet, Crisfield Leader and Delaware Intelligencer, are the only papers that have as yet endorsed the proposition for a Peninsular Press Association. Let us hear from all our contemporaries on the Peninsula.

It has been suggested that Wilmington be selected as the place of meeting. The suggestion accords with our feelings.

From the Middletown Transcript.

Action of Manures.

Prof. Samuel Johnson of Yale College, in his Essays on Manures, states that fertilizers may show their beneficial effects in several different ways, and that they may produce the results which follow their application both directly and indirectly. In the former of these modes of action, they afford direct nutriment to plants, and while thus serving as food, it stands to reason, that those manures which stand their constituent parts in such a condition as to be readily assimilated are best suited to fulfill the desires of the farmer, and to insure larger and remunerative crops.

When manures act indirectly, they play the part of solvents or absorbents, and thus afford food to plants through the medium of the influence upon constituents already existing in the soil, but which without this influence would remain inert and useless. Lime, gypsum, and salts of ammonia not only exhibit this indirect action, but in addition to their tendency to render matters active, they likewise afford valuable nutriment to growing crops, and thus in two ways perform their functions, which renders them so indispensable to the farmer.

Among the constituents which plants require, and which should be contained in every good fertilizer, Prof. Johnson enumerates carbonic acid, ammonia, sulphuric acid, phosphoric acid, oxide of iron, chlorine, lime, magnesia, potash and soda. All these substances are indispensable to healthy plants. If one of them be absent, the soil is barren. Fortunately most soils contain some of these substances in abundance. Silica and oxide of iron are never wholly absent in an arable soil, and hence they need not be supplied in the form of manures. But the other bodies above enumerated are frequently wanting; or if not altogether lacking, they exist in such small quantities as to be unable to furnish a sufficient supply to crops. They must be supplied to the land in the form of manures, or a certain deterioration will follow.

One reason of the success which has attended the use of Whann's Raw Bone Super Phosphate, is because it yields to the soil and to growing plants all these necessary substances. By the decomposition of its organic matter, which readily ensues under atmospheric influences, it furnishes carbonic acid; while it contains a plentiful supply of all the other essentials. It is this feature which has rendered Whann's indispensable to our best farmers, and which has placed it at the head of American manures. The fact that the standard of this celebrated fertilizer has been right maintained, and that it has met with increasing favor every succeeding year, is well known to our most intelligent farmers, who give it the preference over all other similar articles. This reputation has been well earned, and farmers are not slow to show their appreciation of the efforts of the manufacturers to place before them the best fertilizer manufactured in the country.

General News.

A fire in New York on Monday completely destroyed the famous Niblo's Theatre, and damaged the Metropolitan Hotel to the extent of \$50,000.

The London Times thinks that Mr. Greeley's nomination is farcical and his election hopeless, but at the same time declares that Mr. Grant's chances, and makes the nomination of a candidate by the Democrats certain.

The Bolivian Government has issued a decree strictly prohibiting the importation of arms and other materials of war into Bolivia.

The insurrection in Spain is assuming more formidable proportions. A battle of nine hours duration was fought on Sunday in the Province of Navarre, which resulted in a great victory for the royal troops.

A number of the leading English writers presented a memorial to Earl Granville on Saturday, urging a copyright in Great Britain and the United States.

There is no change in the position of the Alabama question since the recent semi-official publication in which it was said the claims for indirect damages have not been, and will not be, withdrawn. The United States government has not, in its statement or counter statement, asked the tribunal of arbitrators to draw any distinction between the two classes of claims for direct and indirect damages, but both have been submitted together, in the hope that the tribunal will exercise the power conferred upon it to award a sum in respect to the claims for indirect damages, to be paid by Great Britain to the United States. The suggestion that we would not ask the tribunal for any moneyed consideration for indirect damages, provided Great Britain would not claim compensation for similar injuries under like circumstances, was discussed by prominent gentlemen of both countries before the information was made to Great Britain that we would accept it as an easy and satis-

factory solution of the present difficulty; but it appears from conversations in prominent circles that Great Britain does not deem it necessary to officially make the declaration or to enter into such a stipulation, for the reason that she never admitted the principle of claims for indirect damages, as before mentioned, and adheres to her position on the question as heretofore expressed.

Two hundred and fifty Communists, sentenced to various terms of imprisonment, sailed on Tuesday for New Caledonia to serve out their sentences.

The Austro-Hungarian Government has notified Versailles that Austria will in no case consent to an alteration of her commercial treaties with France.

The California Trust Company, of San Francisco, has made application to the Comptroller of the Currency to change their organization into a gold bank with \$1,000,000 capital.

The Japanese Ambassador, accompanied by Secretary of Legation, Postmaster General Creswell General Myers, and others visited Annapolis on Monday, and were received with the usual honors.

An exciting debate took place in the House of Commons on the 24th inst., on a bill to repeal the Unlawful Assemblies act. Excited speeches were made by several Irish members in defense of "home rule," and forcible arguments were presented in favor of a local government similar to that of the United States, and a National Legislature like the American Congress. Mr. Gladstone in reply, pronounced such a scheme impracticable, and stated that American statesmen differed as to its wisdom.

Accounts received in London, state that the priests are seeking to make the insurrection in Spain a religious war.

The Cincinnati Convention.

The Liberal Republican Convention, which convened in Cincinnati last week, nominated Horace Greeley, of New York, for President, and B. Gratz Brown, of Missouri for Vice-President. The following is the platform adopted by the Convention:

We, the Liberal Republicans of the United States, in National Convention assembled at Cincinnati, proclaim the following principles as essential to a just Government:

First—We recognize the equality of all men before the law, and hold that it is the duty of the Government in its dealings with the people to cherish and to exact justice to all of whatever nationality, race, color or persuasion religious or political.

Second—We pledge ourselves to maintain the Union of these States, emancipating ourselves from the yoke of a despotic government, and to oppose any renegeing of the questions settled by the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments of the Constitution.

Third—We demand the immediate and absolute removal of all disabilities imposed on account of the rebellion, which have finally subverted seven years ago, believing that universal amnesty will result in the complete pacification of all sections of the country.

Fourth—Local self government, with impartial suffrage, and the right of all citizens more securely than any centralized power. The public welfare requires the supremacy of the civil over the military authority, and the freedom of person under the protection of the habeas corpus, and demands for the individual the largest liberty consistent with public order, for the States self government, and for the nation a return to the methods of peace, and the constitutional limitation of power.

Fifth—The civil service of the Government has become a mere instrument of partisan tyranny and personal ambition, and an object of selfish greed. It is a scandal and reproach upon our free institutions, and breeds a demoralization dangerous to the life of the Republic. We, therefore, regard a thorough reform of the civil service as one of the most pressing necessities of the hour; that honesty, capacity and fidelity constitute the only valid claims to public employment; that the Government should be free from the influence of any party or faction, and that public stations become again posts of honor. To this end it is imperatively required that no President shall be a candidate for reelection.

Sixth—We demand a system of Federal taxation which shall not unnecessarily interfere with the industry of the people, and which shall provide means necessary to pay the expenses of Government, economically administered, pensions, the interest on the public debt, and a moderate reduction annually of the principal thereof, and recognizing that there are in our midst honest, but irreconcilable differences of opinion with regard to the respective systems of protection and free trade, we remit discussion of the subject to the people in their Congressional districts, and to the decision of Congress thereon, wholly free of Executive interference or dictation.

Seventh—The public credit must be sacredly maintained, and we denounce repudiation in every form and guise.

Eighth—A speedy return to specie payments is demanded, and by the highest considerations of commercial morality and honest government.

Ninth—We remember with gratitude the heroism and sacrifices of the soldiers and sailors of the Republic, and no act of ours shall ever detract from the justly earned fame or the full reward of the irreplaceable.

Tenth—We are opposed to all further grants of lands to railroads or other corporations. The public domain should be held sacred to actual settlers.

Eleventh—We hold that it is the duty of the Government in its intercourse with foreign nations to cultivate the friendship of peace by treating with all on fair and equal terms, regarding it alike dishonorable either to demand that it should, or to submit to what is wrong.

Twelfth—For the promotion and success of these vital principles, and the support of the candidates nominated by this Convention, we invite and cordially welcome the co-operation of all patriotic citizens without regard to previous political affiliations.

(Signed), HORACE WHITE, Chairman of Committee on Resolutions. G. P. THURSTON, Secretary.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! 35 CENTS with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a correct picture of your future health, or of the cause of your ailments. Address W. F. WOODCOCK, No. 17, South 2nd St., Baltimore, Md.

FOR SALE—There are for sale a valuable Mill and a large tract of land, situated on the Potomac River, near the city of Washington. For particulars apply to W. F. WOODCOCK, No. 17, South 2nd St., Baltimore, Md.

FOR SALE—A large and valuable tract of land, situated on the Potomac River, near the city of Washington. For particulars apply to W. F. WOODCOCK, No. 17, South 2nd St., Baltimore, Md.

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NOTICE.
In the Orphans' Court for the County of Worcester, Massachusetts.
Benj. H. Parker vs. Saml. H. Fooks and his wife et al.
May 7th 1872.
Ordered that the sale of the Real Estate of Samuel H. Parker, deceased, made by Benjamin H. Parker, Trustee to sell the Real Estate of said deceased, be nullified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary, on or before the first day of July next, provided a copy of this Order be published in a newspaper published in Worcester county for three successive weeks before the first day of July 1872. The report states the amount of sale to be \$180.
GEO. L. H. WOODFORD, JAMES LAWSON, HUGH JACKSON, Judges of the Orphans' Court for Worcester County.
True Copy: Test: Wm. Thurston, Register of Wills for Worcester County.
May 11, 72-31

TAX-DITCH NOTICE.
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, WILMINGTON COUNTY, May 7th, 1872.
To all whom it may concern:
Notice is hereby given that the Commission, issued to L. M. Wilson, George Lower and George W. Hitch, to lay out a Tax-Ditch across the lands of Lemuel M. Mills, deceased, George Mills, Peter D. Weatherly, John S. Golee and others, beginning at the mill pond of Samuel Phillips, has been executed and returned to this office; and that the County Commissioners will sit in their office Thursday, June the 4th 1872, to hear objections thereto.
By order of the Board, James E. Ellegood, Clerk.
May 11th, 72-41

EDGAR I. OLIVER, COMMISSION DEALER
IN ALL KINDS OF FRUIT, POULTRY, EGGS &c.
NO. 153 CENTRE ROW, WEST WASHINGTON MARKET, New York.

I make daily reports and prompt returns every week, and will pay for every empty berry crate not returned.
REFERENCES:
Irving National Bank, N. Y., Elliott & Charles, Federalburg, Md., Louis Hoff esq., Cambridge, Md. and W. J. Windsor, Laurel Del.
May 11, 72-3m

A CARD.

Newspapers generally are so well laden with advertisements that are calculated to deceive and mislead the unwary, that people have come to regard them as mere puffs and delusions; hence, they pass them by without notice. I am, however, a different case. I am a practical business man, and I am not content with mere puffs and delusions. I am a practical business man, and I am not content with mere puffs and delusions.

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W. F. A. WOODCOCK, WITH WILSON & STELLWAGEN.
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, SILVER AND PLATED WARE, MILITARY GOODS AND REGALIA, 1028 Chestnut Street, PHILADELPHIA.
ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.
Apt 27 1872-45.

For Sale.

Two large cylinder boilers, three (3) feet in diameter twenty six (26) feet long have been taken out of the Steam Mill at Berlin and are in good condition, also head plate and other fixtures will sell it very cheap.

W. V. CASE & BRO.

BERLIN, MD.

April 20-1m.

MORO PHILLIPS,

MANUFACTURING CHEMIST.

MANUFACTURER OF ACIDS, AND OTHER CHEMICALS; MORO PHILLIPS' SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME AND PURE PHUINE.

FOR SALE AT DEPOTS: 110 South 2d Avenue, Philadelphia, 30 South 3d, Baltimore Md., and 4th & 7th, by Dealers in general.

Go to the Best!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED Actual Business College.

OF AMERICA.

THE BRYANT, STRATTON & SADLER SOUTHERN BUSINESS COLLEGE, NO. 4 N. CHARLES STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.

Organized and Devoted entirely to Preparing Young and Middle Aged Men to become successful BUSINESS MEN.

SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MEN OVER 2500 YOUNG MEN FROM THE SOUTHERN STATES.

have graduated at this institution, and are now filling responsible and lucrative positions in the leading Banks and Business Houses of the country. There are no vacations. Students can enter at any time.

Special Individual Instruction and success guaranteed. Send for Catalog, Booklet and Free Pamphlet. Address all communications to: Southern Business College, Baltimore, Md. Oct. 25, 71-6m.

BOWERS' COMPLETE MANURE

MADE FROM SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF Lime, Ammonia and Potash.

The Manufacturer is enabled, by considerably reduced cost of Raw Material, to offer Complete Manure the country States, at a lower price than elsewhere. In order to show that the standard of this manure is never varying, maintained, the following certificate of analysis is shown:

Henry Bowers & Co., Baltimore, Md. (Signed) Dr. F. A. GENTH, Consulting Chemist and Geologist, 110 South 2d Avenue, PHILADELPHIA.

ALSO FOR SALE: SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, AND SALTS CONTAINING Sulphate, Muriate & Phosphate of Potash.

HENRY BOWERS, Manufacturing Chemist, GRAY'S FERRY ROAD, PHILADELPHIA.

Mar 30-3m.

THE GREAT FERTILIZER

WALTON'S RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE

STANDARD GUARANTEED 200 LBS. MANUFACTURED BY WALTON, WHANN & CO. WILMINGTON, DEL.

DEPOTS: 203 WEST FRONT ST. WILMINGTON, 22 SOUTH CHARLES ST. PHILADELPHIA, 203 FAIRFAX ST. BALTIMORE.

FOR CORN, OATS, POTATOES, WHEAT AND SMALL FRUITS & VEGETABLES

WHANN'S Raw Bone Super Phosphate

is without a Rival

It has repeatedly excelled Pure Peruvian Guano, and produced large crops, while at the same time it permanently improves the land.

Beware of Imitations.

FOR SALE BY: HUNFREYS & YILMAN, Salisbury, Md.

The following gentlemen have used it with much satisfaction: Wm. M. Rusk, Jacob Phillips, H. Humphreys, Wm. E. Ellegood, A. W. Woodcock.

May 6 72-17.

DR. CROOK'S COLUMN.
Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar. 10 YEARS OF A Public Test. Has proved DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. To have more merit than any similar preparation offered the public.

Has proved itself in thousands of cases capable of curing all diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Cures all Chronic Coughs, and Coughs and Colds, more effectively than any other remedy.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Has cured cases of Consumption pronounced incurable by physicians.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Has cured so many cases of Asthma and Bronchitis that it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Removes pain in Breast, Side or Back. Cures Gravel and Kidney Diseases.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Should be taken for all diseases of the Urinary Organs.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Possesses Vegetable Ingredients which makes it the best Tonic in the market.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Cures Jaundice or any Liver Complaint.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Makes Delicate Females, who are never feeling well, strong and healthy.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Has restored many persons who have been unable.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Should be taken if your Stomach is out of order.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Should be taken if you feel weak or debilitated.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Rapidly restores exhausted Strength.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Restores the Appetite and Strengthens the Stomach.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Causes the food to digest, removing Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Gives tone and energy to Debilitated Constitutions.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. All recovering from any illness will find this the best Tonic they can take.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Will prevent Malarious Fevers and braces up the System.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Should be taken to strengthen and build up your system.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR. Should be kept in every house, and its life-giving Tonic properties tried by all.

Purify Your Blood.

DR. CROOK'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF POKE ROOT.

Advertisements.

[illegible]

DR. PIERCE'S
Fountain Nasal Injector,
OR
DOUCHE.

A black and white illustration of a man with a mustache, wearing a suit and tie, leaning over a basin. He is holding a glass bottle with a long tube that goes into the basin and another tube that goes into his nostril. Water is being poured from the bottle into the basin. The man has a pained or uncomfortable expression on his face. The background is simple, with some faint lines suggesting a room.


DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY is the only form of instrument yet devised which will reach the diseased parts and perfectly apply to all parts of the urethra, the bladder, the prostate, the seminal passages, and the chambers or cavities of the bladder, and which is so frequently used, and from which the catarrh generally proceeds. The want of a remedy of this kind has been long felt, from the impossibility of applying remedies to these cavities and chambers, by any of the ordinary means, and the want of a remedying cure is entirely overcome by the introduction of the Donche. In using this instrument, the patient is not obliged to lie on his back, as is required, up to one-third of the urethra, leaving standing the rest of the instrument, and the patient is enabled to lie on his side, and the instrument is introduced into the urethra, and the chambers connected with the bladder, and the diseased parts are reached, and so simple that a child can introduce it. Full and explicit directions are given in the accompanying circular.

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**TWELFTH AND CHERRY ST
PHILADELPHIA.**

Every description of Light Carriages built

C. B. ROGERS

SEED WAREHOUSE

No. 123 Market St., Philadelphia

MACHRELL'S OLD ESTABLISHED

BUILD

WATCHE

A SPECIAL

ISAAC DIXON &

100 South Eleventh St.

4-14w PHILADELPHIA, PA.

**FURNITURE AT
GOULD & CO.**

Spring opening for every description of
FURNITURE AND BEDDING.

We invite you to call at any of our three
stores, Moore, and examine the Largest
and best Assortment, the Newest Patterns
ever offered. We have all descriptions
of goods, both new and old, at the
good style and well manufactured, and
costly and elaborate. We will give
you a single article or furnish the largest
stock in trade. Always give your
attention, and satisfaction is our aim.

N. GOULD & CO.
N. B. Gor, Ninth and Market Sts., N. Y.
Leaf Tobacco

SPECIAL NOTICE!
THE ADVERTISER is published every Saturday morning, except on days when it is published on Friday. It is published at \$1.00 per annum, in advance, if not paid within sixty days \$1.50 will be charged.
ADVERTISING RATES:
One square—six lines of text, solid measure—inserted one time for \$1.00, and each subsequent insertion, one-half price.
Bills for advertising must be paid after first insertion.
JOHN FRIZZARO, Editor and Proprietor.
FARMER & RICHARDSON, Editors and Proprietors.

Salisbury Advertiser.



Saturday, May 25, 1872.

Patent Outlets.

Some idiot originated the idea that papers which have their outside printed on the co-operative plan, use "patent outside," and very many sap-headed, unsuccessful newspaper publishers, who have not sufficient brains to appreciate the advantages accruing to country publishers by the adoption of the plan, make it their special delight and pleasure to sneer at, and, if possible, injure those who have adopted it. The latest published piece of tomfoolery bearing on this question which has come to our notice, is a paragraph purporting to be taken from the *Oxford Leader*, which is to the effect that a New Jersey Court has decided "that legal notices required by law to be printed in a paper published in the county where the process of law is to be executed, cannot properly be printed in a paper with patent outside printed outside the county."

Now, the State of New Jersey is very generally regarded as a place situated somewhere out of the world, and from the many queer things enacted there, the decision of one of her courts in effect similar to the contents of the paragraph quoted, would not greatly astonish us. But, we do not believe that any court, even in New Jersey, would render such a decision; for it would be a violation of common sense, law, truth and justice, and subject the court to the ridicule of the country. In the event, however, that the Jerseymen have such an assinine law, it cannot be twisted so as to apply to Maryland; for all the Maryland law relating to legal advertisements we have ever examined, expressly states that they be printed in a paper published in the county where the process is to be executed. Therefore, if a publisher sees fit to have one side of his paper printed outside the county in which the paper is published, and prints the other side in his own office, the paper is published in that county, and advertisements printed in it will stand the test of legality in any court of justice in this or any other State. In this opinion we are amply sustained by the legal fraternity.

Our motive for noticing this question is to warn the public against the attempts being made by R. E. Morgan, one of the publishers of the *Backlog*, to injure our business by circulating reports that advertisements of a legal character printed in the *ADVERTISER*, are not lawful, because we use—what he erroneously calls—"patent outside," which report he evidently intended to strengthen by inserting in his paper on Wednesday last, the paragraph headed "Important Decision."

The Amnesty bill which has created so much discussion in Congress, has at last received the requisite two thirds vote of the House and the signature of the President. The passage of this bill removes the political disabilities imposed by the Fourteenth Amendment, which includes all persons, except Senators and Representatives of the Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh Congress, officers of the judicial, military and naval service, heads of departments, and Foreign Ministers of the United States.

It is evident that the passage of this bill at this late hour by Administration Senators, who have so long and strenuously opposed it, is but another proof of legislation for partisan purposes, and is only intended as an offset to the articles of general amnesty as inculcated in the Liberal Republican platform.

Free Mail Matter.

The "Hand-Book for Postmasters" gives the following matter as entitled by law to pass free of postage through the mails: All correspondence to and from Senators and Representatives of the United States. The franking privilege commences with the term for which he is elected, and expires on the first Monday of December following each term of office.

A letter returned for better direction can be forwarded again without additional postage.

All communications on official business addressed to the heads of the Executive Department of the Government, or heads of bureaus, or chief clerks, if endorsed "official business."

Weekly newspapers sent to bona fide subscribers within the country. All official communications between postmasters, assessors, assistant assessors and collectors.

Letters addressed to persons entitled to the franking privilege. All exchanges between publishers of newspapers and periodicals. (Limited to one copy each.)

Communications relative to refused publications must be addressed by the postmaster where the publication is returned to the postmaster at the mailing office, who can require a publisher to take the same, prepare his publication, or have it consigned from the mail.

The law in regard to postage on manuscripts intended for publication is controlled by the editors of the *Post-Office Gazette* in their "Hand-Book for Postmasters."

Manuscript for publication in a magazine, periodical or newspaper, must be prepaid at letter rates of postage. Book manuscript and corrected proofs passing between author and publisher may be sent at the rate of two cents for each four ounces or fraction thereof.

The Republican State Convention of Illinois, at Springfield on Wednesday, was fairly attended. A full State ticket was nominated, and delegates and alternates were appointed to the Philadelphia Convention. A long series of resolutions was adopted, glorifying the Republican party, in even stronger terms than the usual style; no other party, they declare, with emphasis, can safely be trusted with the National Government, and no other has ever existed in the country that can boast of so much independence of thought. In conclusion, the delegates are distinctly instructed to vote for and to use all honorable means to secure the nomination of General Grant as the Republican candidate for President of the United States.

The Liberal Campaign.

The Presidential Nomination—Formal Notification and Acceptance of Horace Greeley.

New York, May 21.—The following is the notification to Mr. Greeley of his nomination by the Liberal Republican Convention. It bears date Cincinnati, May 21.

"Hon. Horace Greeley—Dear Sir: The national convention of Liberal Republicans of the United States have instructed the undersigned to inform you that you have been nominated as the candidate of the Liberal Republicans for the presidency of the United States.

"We also submit to you the address and resolutions unanimously adopted by the convention. Be pleased to signify to us your acceptance of the platform and nomination, and believe us, very truly yours, C. Schurz, President; Geo. W. Julian, Vice-President; Wm. E. McLean, John G. Davis, J. H. Rhodes, Secretaries." Mr. Greeley's reply, accepting the nomination, dated New York, May 20, is as follows:

"Gentlemen:—I have chosen not to acknowledge your letter of the 2d instant until I could learn how the work of your convention was received in all parts of our great country, and judge whether that work was approved and ratified by the mass of our fellow-citizens. Their response has from day to day reached me through telegrams, letters and comments of journalists independent of official patronage, and indifferent to the smiles or frowns of power.

"The number and character of these uncontrived, unpermeated, unadorned utterances satisfy me that the movement which found expression at Cincinnati has received the stamp of public approval and has been hailed by the majority of our countrymen as the harbinger of better days for the republic. I do not misinterpret this approval, as especially complimentary to myself, nor even do I cherish and justly esteemed gentleman with whose name I thank your convention for associating mine.

"I receive and welcome it as a spontaneous and deserve tribute to a platform of platform of principles wherein your convention so tenaciously and so lucidly and so forcibly set forth the convictions which impelled and the purposes which guided its course—a platform which, casting behind it the wreck and rubbish of worn-out contentions and bygone feuds, embodies in fit and few words the needs and aspirations of to-day. Though thousands stand ready to condemn your every act, hardly a syllable of criticism or cavil has been aimed at your platform, of which the substance may be fairly epitomized as follows:

"1. All the political rights and franchises which have been acquired through our late bloody convulsion must and shall be guaranteed, maintained, enjoyed and respected forevermore.

"2. All the political rights and franchises which have been lost through that convulsion should and must be promptly restored and reestablished, so that there shall be no permanent proscribed class, no disfranchised caste within the limits of our Union, whose long-stranded people shall reunite and fraternize upon the broad basis of universal amnesty with impartial suffrage.

"3. The subject of our solemn constitutional obligation to maintain the equal rights of all citizens, our policy should aim at local self-government, and not at centralization; that the civil authority should be supreme over the military; that the writ of habeas corpus should be jealously upheld as the safeguard of personal freedom; that the individual citizen should enjoy the largest liberty consistent with public order, and that there shall be no federal subversion of the internal policy of the several States and municipalities, but that each shall be left free to enforce the rights and promote the well-being of its inhabitants by such means as the judgment of its own people shall prescribe.

"4. There shall be a real and not merely simulated reform in the civil service of the republic, to which end it is indispensable the chief dispenser of its vast official patronage shall be shielded from the main temptation to use his power selfishly by a rule inexorably forbidding and precluding his re-election.

"5. That the raising of revenue, whether by tariff or otherwise, shall be recognized and treated as the people's immediate business, to be supervised and directed by them, through their representatives in Congress, whose action thereon the President must neither overrule by his veto, attempt to dictate, nor presume to punish by withholding office only on those who agree with him, or withdrawing it from those who do not.

"6. That the public lands must be sacredly reserved for acquisition and occupation by the people, and not recklessly squandered on the projects of railroads, for which our people have no present need, and the premature construction of which is annually plunging us into deeper and deeper abysses of foreign indebtedness.

"7. That the achievement of these grand purposes of universal beneficence, is respected and sought at the hands of all who approve them, irrespective of past affiliations.

"8. That the public faith must at all hazards be maintained, and the national credit be preserved.

"9. That the patriotic devotedness, and self-sacrificing devotion of those who, as soldiers or sailors, upheld the flag, and maintained the unity of the republic, shall ever be gratefully remembered and honorably recognized.

"These propositions, so ably and forcibly presented in the platform of your convention, have already fixed the attention and commanded the assent of a large majority of our countrymen, who joyfully adopt them, as I do, as the basis of a true beneficent, national reconstruction, and a new departure from jealousies, strifes and hates which have no longer an adequate motive or even plausible pretext, into an atmosphere of peace, fraternity, and mutual good will. In vain do the drill

sergeants officiating organizations flourish menacingly their truncheons, and angrily insist that the files be closed and straightened. In vain do the whippers-in of parties once vital, become rooted in the vital needs of the hour, protest against straying and bolting, denounce men nowise their inferiors as traitors and renegades, and threaten them with infamy and ruin. I am confident that the American people have already made your cause their own, fully resolved that their brave hearts and strong arms shall bear it on to triumph.

"In this faith, and with the distinct understanding, that if elected, I shall be the President, not of a party, but of the whole people. I accept your nomination, in the confident trust that the masses of our countrymen, North and South, are eager to clasp hands across the bloody chasm which has too long divided them, forgetting that they have been enemies in the joyful consciousness that they are and must henceforth remain brethren. Yours, gratefully, "HORACE GREELEY."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1872. Fruit Season 1872.

Fleming & Wilson,

WITH

BOWNE & PURDY,

NEW YORK.

Commission Dealers in

BERRIES, PEACHES,

and all kinds of Country Produce.

All orders not delivered to the Rail Road Company will be promptly paid for. Special pains will be taken to return empty crates and barrels promptly and regularly. May 18, 72-3m.

1872 Fruit Season 1872

A. J. HARRINGTON & CO.,

WHOLESALE COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF

PRODUCE, PEACHES,

BERRIES, POULTRY,

EGGS & C.,

CELLAR NEW FANUILL HALL MARKET,

BOSTON MASS.

Respectfully refer by permission to Dr. W. H. Rider, J. C. Phillips, Geo. W. H. Hoar, Geo. W. Parker, and others.

Shipping cards and stencil plates will be furnished by W. F. Jackson, Salisbury, Md. May 18, 72-3m.

FOR SALE!

A Good 3 spring Dearborn

Wagon

FOR SALE.

The wagon is nearly new, and is in fine condition. Apply at the ADVERTISER OFFICE.

May 18-4.

OFFICE

EASTERN SHORE RAIL ROAD COMPANY.

PRINCESS ANNE, MD. May 14, 1872.

A meeting of the First Mortgage Bondholders of the Eastern Shore Rail Road Company will be held at Girard National Bank, Philadelphia, on Wednesday the 22nd day of May, 1872, at 12 o'clock, noon, to consider the expediency of filling the vacancy now existing in the Board of Trustees, and other matters of importance.

By request of the surviving Trustees.

W. J. BRITTINGHAM,

Treasurer.

May 18-11.

TO CONTRACTORS!

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,

WICOMICO COUNTY,

May 17, 1872.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Commissioner of Wicomico County, until Wednesday, May 22nd, for the following, viz:

1. For furnishing material and building a PILE BRIDGE WITH STONE ABUTMENTS, to take the place of the Old Bridge across the north branch of the Wicomico river, the wood-work to be of sound WHITE OAK, of the same dimensions and construction as the present structure.

2. For furnishing material and building an ARCH BRIDGE OVER DEER CREEK, WITH STONE ABUTMENTS, built of wood and iron, according to plans and specifications of the same, which will be left for inspection at the Peninsular House, Salisbury. Proposals will be addressed to the Clerk to the Board.

By order of the Board.

James E. Ellegood,

Clerk.

May 11th, 72-3w

TAX-DITCH NOTICE.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,

WICOMICO COUNTY,

May 17, 1872.

To all whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that the Commission, issued to L. M. Wilson, George W. H. Hoar, George W. Parker, to lay out a Tax-Ditch across the lands of Lemuel M. Mills, deceased, George Mills, Peter D. Weatherly, John S. Goode and others, beginning at the mill pond of Samuel Phillips, has been executed and returned to this office; and that the County Commissioners will sit in their office Thursday, June the 4th 1872, to hear objections thereto.

By order of the Board.

James E. Ellegood,

Clerk.

May 11th, 72-4t

EDGAR I. OLIVER,

COMMISSION DEALER

IN

ALL KINDS OF FRUIT,

POULTRY, EGGS & C.

NO. 138 CENTRE ROW,

WEST WASHINGTON MARKET,

New York.

I make daily reports and prompt returns every week, and will pay for every empty berry crate not returned.

NOTICE.

Benj. H. Parker

In the Orphans' Court for Wicomico County, April Term, to wit:

May 7th 1872.

Ordered that the sale of the Real Estate of Samuel W. Parker, deceased, made by Benjamin H. Parker, Trustee, to sell the Real Estate of said Parker, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary, on or before the first day of July next, provided a copy of this Order be published in a newspaper published in Wicomico county for three successive weeks before the first day of July 1872. The report states the amount of sales to be \$180.

Geo. L. H. WOOLFORD,

JAMES LEWIS

HUGH JACKSON,

Judges of the Orphans' Court for Wicomico County.

True Copy: Test:

Wm. BACKHEAD, Register of Wills for Wicomico County.

May 11, 72-3t

A CARD.

Newspapers generally are so well laden with advertisements that the calculator is deceived and misled the unwary, that people have come to regard them as mere puffs and bluffs; hence, they pass them by oftentimes unnoticed. But notwithstanding this fact, it is well sometimes to employ the bump of caution and discriminate between the good and the bad, for by so doing one may get great bargains when and where they are about to be sold. This will apply with peculiar force to the EMPORIUM near the Depot, at Fort Worth; where may be found a large stock of goods of all kinds usually kept in a well assorted country store, and where are being sold so cheap that customers are astonished when the prices are told them. HERRINGS are being sold at lower figures than have been known for ten years, and all staple groceries and dry goods in proportion. Our markets have long been stocked with patent medicines, much of which, instead of eradicating disease, feed the flame that induces the malady. But at this juncture, "Heiler's Nerve" gent, sits in with her "Healing Syrup," and offers it on equitable terms. "Try this bottle," and if no good results follow its use, here is your money back. This simple introduction has secured for her syrup enormous sales, and has won the attention of a "Doubting Thomas." A large number of testimonials can be gathered where cures have been accomplished. The medicine was introduced here about January of the present year, since which time over 150 bottles have been sold to less than 100 persons. The only failures known are in the cases of two aged men, who were disappointed because it did not restore them to the bloom and vigor of early manhood.

I. H. A. DULANEY,

Fort Worth, Md.

May 11, 72-4f

Notice!

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONERS,

Wicomico County, Apr. 18, 1872.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having accounts against Wicomico County to file the same with the Clerk to Commissioners on or before the 30th day of May, 1872, after which time they may be excluded from the levy of 1872.

By order of the Board.

JAMES E. ELLEGOOD,

Clerk to Commissioners.

April 20, 4t

EDW. L. RICE, JR.,

MANUFACTURER OF

FINE YARA & SEED CIGARS

FINE CUT CHEWING AND PLUG

TOBACCO,

OF ALL KINDS,

GRANULATED AND CUT AND DRY

Smoking Tobacco.

Imported Cigars

OFFICE, BRANDS, AL WAYS ON HAND.

N. E. Corner 2d and French Sts.,

Wilmington, Delaware.

Oct 7, '71-1y



Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys
STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS
POOLE & HUNTS, BALTIMORE, MD.
Send for a Circular.

Building Paper.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR PLASTERING

AND SHEATHING—Samples sent free

LONGCOPE & CO.,

(Successors to Wm. F. Fitch

Jan 20 72-3m No. 2 North St., Balto

SUBSCRIBE NOW

PREMIUMS FOR 1872!

Desiring to extend the circulation of the *Advertiser*, and to give to our subscribers a more complete and valuable paper, we have decided to offer premiums for club lists.

Our prize pictures are faithful copies of magnificent oil paintings, by the best artists, and are every respect equal to the originals in coloring, brilliancy and beauty.

For a list of 10 new subscribers, we will give to the editor of the paper, or to the Post Office, a beautiful picture, entitled "AUSABLE LAKE"—a beautiful scene in Switzerland—which will form a very attractive and elegant ornament for the parlor, office, or study. We will give the charming chromo, entitled "MY NEW JARVIS," a picture of a young man, and all who have seen it are charmed with its loveliness and naturalness. It represents a beautiful girl, sitting at a piano, her hand on the keys, and all around her, with the rich and elegant surroundings of a wonderful world. The picture is 12 1/2 inches in size, and sells at wholesale for \$5.00.

For a list of 25 new subscribers, we will give to the editor of the paper, or to the Post Office, a beautiful picture, entitled "MY MIRROR ON THE HUDSON," this picture represents a beautiful scene on the Hudson river, with the sailing ship, and the city of New York in the background. The picture is 12 1/2 inches in size, and sells at wholesale for \$10.00.

We also renew the offer of a splendid new Wilcox and Joneses picture, entitled "THE FISH MARKET," a picture of a busy scene in a fish market, with many figures, and is a very attractive and elegant ornament for the parlor, office, or study. The picture is 12 1/2 inches in size, and sells at wholesale for \$10.00.

The price of subscription to the *Advertiser* for one year is ONE DOLLAR. Address: FLEMING & WILSON, Salisbury, Md.

D. L. S. BELL,

Graduate of "Baltimore College of Dental Surgery."

DENTIST,

SALISBURY, MD.

W. F. A. WOODCOCK,

WITH

WILSON & STELLWAGE

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Jewelry.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

MILITARY GOODS AND REGALIA,

1028 Chestnut Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE RECEIVED PROMPTLY.

April 27 1872-4t

For Sale.

Two large cylinder boilers, three (3) feet in diameter, twenty six (26) feet long have been taken out of the Steam Mill at Berlin and are in good condition, also head plate and other fixtures. Will sell it very cheap.

W. V. CASE & BRO.

BERLIN, MD.

April 20-1m.

MORO PHILLIPS,

MANUFACTURING

CHEMIST.

MANUFACTURER OF

ACIDS, AND OTHER CHEMICALS;

MORO PHILLIPS'

SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

AND

PURE PHUINE.

FOR SALE AT

110 South Del. Avenue Phila.

DEPOTS: 50 South St. Baltimore Md., and by Dealers in general.

April 6, 7m.

Go to the Best!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

Actual Business College.

OF AMERICA.

THE

BRYANT, STRATTON & SADLER

SOUTHERN

BUSINESS COLLEGE,

NO. 4 N. CHARLES STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Organized and Devoted entirely to Preparing

Young and Middle Aged Men

TO BECOME THOROUGH

PRACTICAL ACCOUNTANTS

AND

SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MEN

—O—

OVER 2500 YOUNG MEN

FROM THE

SOUTHERN STATES

have graduated at this institution, and are now

giving responsible and lucrative positions in the

Leading Banks and Business Houses of the country.

