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JONAS GREEN,
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FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

Novemeb 18. tf.

IN CHANCERY,
6th February, 1838.

Carter Crittenden
vs.
George K. Hooper, William Van Dalsem, and William A. McKim

THE object of the bill filed in this cause is to obtain a decree for the appointment of a trustee in the place and stead of the defendant, George K. Hooper, and that such trustee bring into this court the monies claimed under the deed of trust hereinafter mentioned, to the end that thereunto the complainant may be satisfied the amounts and interest of the promissory notes hereafter mentioned, and the costs of this suit.

The bill states that the said William A. McKim heretofore made to the said William Van Dalsem, and delivered to him his said McKim's three promissory notes, copies of which are exhibited with the said bill, and which said notes are now held by complainant, having been duly passed to him for full and valuable consideration; and remaining unpaid, although the payment of each, as it became due, was demanded according to the terms of such note—That the said William A. McKim heretofore by deed conveyed to the said George K. Hooper, all his said McKim's interest and share and proportion, in and of the estate, real and personal, of his deceased uncle, Samuel McKim, late of Baltimore, in trust, in the first place to secure payment of the promissory note of which the aforesaid Exhibit marked A is a copy, and afterwards of all liabilities, debts and claims, due and owing by said McKim for, or on which said Van Dalsem was liable, and responsible—That said William A. McKim, for said interest, share or proportion of his uncle's said estate, is entitled to a large sum of money, which complainant insists and claims should be applied to pay the said three promissory notes, as being provided for by said deed of trust, and the debt being, as complainant avers, the note in the first place provided for as aforesaid, and all the debts, liabilities and claims, due and owing by said William A. McKim, in said deed of trust mentioned—That said George K. Hooper, (as is also the fact in relation to said McKim and Van Dalsem,) resides out of the state of Maryland, and complainant, being desirous to obtain payment of his said demands on said promissory notes, from the avails of said trust, is in consequence of said George K. Hooper not residing in Maryland, and not acting as trustee, as he might if a resident aforesaid, and not having acted as such at all but omitting altogether so to act, delayed in receiving payment as aforesaid, and cannot have his rights in the premises duly and promptly ascertained and adjusted in an effective and binding manner.

It is thereupon Ordered, That the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 10th day of March next, give notice to the said non-resident defendants, George K. Hooper, William Van Dalsem, and William A. McKim, of the substance and object of the bill, that they may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by a solicitor, on or before the 6th day of July next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree should not be passed as prayed.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

February 8. 3w.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 5th day of March next, for the purpose of ascertaining the expenses of the county, and laying the levy for 1837.

By order,
RICH. J. COWMAN, Clk.

January 25 tm.

NOTICE.

THE creditors of John M. Robinson, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are hereby notified to meet the subscriber at the Orphans Court of said county on the 1st of February 1838, to receive their respective dividends of said deceased's estate.

JOHN S. SELLMAN, Admr.

Note. All persons having books belonging to the deceased, are requested to leave them with Mrs. Shaw in Annapolis.

January 4 tf.

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE subscriber wants the following information:

Some time in the year 1821 or 22, a certain OLIVER POLLOCK, formerly a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, but at the above time a resident of Annapolis, Maryland, left Annapolis for the western country. The said O. Pollock is now dead. Any person that knows of his death, will confer a favour on the subscriber by enclosing him a few lines to Annapolis, Maryland.

N. B. Will the Editors of papers be so good as to insert the above, and by so doing they will confer a great favour on an aged man, with a large family.

WM. CATON.

Annapolis, Md. Sept. 12th, 1837.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Sct.

ON application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
A. A. County Court.

December 29. 3m.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of William Murdock, of Anne Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said William Murdock having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said William Murdock having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Robert Welch of Ben, his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said William Murdock a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, it is therefore hereby ordered and adjudged, that the said William Murdock be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months before the third Monday of April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William Murdock should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this 24th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.

January 4. 3m.

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this Office.

JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS
Of the House of Delegates of the State of Maryland,
DECEMBER SESSION, 1837.

TUESDAY, February 20th.

Mr. Higgins presented a memorial of James Clarke and others, of Anne Arundel county, praying for redress of certain grievances therein mentioned.

Mr. Simmons, a petition of Charles Hodges, of Anne Arundel county, praying that certain deeds from himself and his late wife, may be carried into effect according to the intent of the parties to said deeds.

Mr. Simpers, a petition of the commissioners, and a number of citizens of Chalestown, in Cecil county, praying for an act to authorise them to sell a house and lots therein mentioned.

Mr. Brown, a petition of sundry citizens of 3d election district in Anne Arundel county, praying an additional levy on the assessable property of said county, for the support of primary schools in said county.

Mr. Bowie, a petition of sundry citizens of Prince George's county, praying that John W. Smith may be placed on the pension list of said county.

Mr. Gallagher, a memorial of Christian Keener, Columbus O'Donnel, and four thousand six hundred and sixty-six other citizens of Maryland, praying an alteration in the license laws of this State.

And Mr. Parker, a petition of five hundred and thirty-three legal voters of Cecil county, praying an alteration in the present license laws of this State.

Mr. Causin, from the committee on grievances and courts of justice, reported a bill, entitled, a further supplement to the act, entitled, an act to authorize the Chancellor, and the several county courts of this State to order and decree the sales of the real estate of minors in the cases therein mentioned.

Which was read the first, and by a special order the second time and passed.

The hour having arrived for taking up the orders of the day.

The house proceeded to consider the first order of the day, being the bill reported by Mr. Williams, entitled, an act to confirm an act, entitled, an act providing for the appointment of clerks of the several county courts, the clerks of the courts of Appeals for the Eastern and Western Shores, the clerk of Baltimore city court, and the Registers of Wills in the several counties of this State.

The said bill was then read the second time.

Mr. Causin moved to amend said bill by adding at the end thereof the following:

Except so far as refers to the appointment of clerks of the county courts and court of Appeals, that the respective county courts and court of Appeals, shall appoint their clerks as heretofore, whose term and limit of office shall be such as is provided for in the original act, which this act is intended to confirm.

Mr Carroll rose to a point of order, whether the bill under consideration being a confirmatory act changing the constitution, it was competent to offer an amendment to the bill.

The Speaker Mr. Maulsby being in the chair, decided that it was competent to offer said amendment.

The question then recurred upon the amendment as offered by Mr. Causin.

Mr. Bowie, offered as a substitute for said bill and amendment the following.

Be it enacted, That from and after the confirmation of this act the clerks of the several county courts in this State, the clerk of Baltimore city court, the registers in chancery, and the clerks of the courts of appeals for the Western and Eastern Shores, shall be appointed by the judges of the said court of appeals, and the judges of the said county courts, and the chancellor, respectively, and the persons so appointed shall continue in office for and during the term of seven years from the date of their respective appointments, provided however, that nothing in this act contained shall be construed to render ineligible to said offices, the persons so appointed at the expiration of their respective terms; and provided further, that the said chancellor and judges of the several courts hereinbefore mentioned, respectively, shall have power at any time to dismiss from said offices the clerks and register so appointed by them, whenever in their judgment the public interest may require it.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted, That the registers of wills throughout the State shall hereafter be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and the persons so appointed shall continue in office for and during the said period of seven years from the date of their respective appointments; provided, that nothing in this act contained shall be construed to render ineligible to said offices the persons so appointed after the expiration of their respective terms.

Sec. 3. And be it enacted, That the persons who shall respectively be in office at the time of the confirmation of this act as clerks of the several county courts, as clerks of the court of appeals, as clerk of Baltimore city court, and as registers of wills, shall not be subject in any respect to the operation of this act until from and after the period of seven years from the time this act shall be confirmed.

Sec. 4. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the General Assembly after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the Constitution and Form of Government directs, that in such case this act and the alterations therein contained shall be considered as a part of the said Constitution and Form of Government to all intents and purposes, any thing therein to the contrary notwithstanding.

Mr Causin, (by leave of the house) withdrew his amendment.

The question then recurred upon the substitute as offered by Mr. Bowie.

Mr. Kerr, moved to amend said substitute by striking out in the 3d section these words "until from and after the period of seven years from the time this act shall be confirmed."

Mr. Williams, moved that the substitute and amendment be rejected.

Mr. Causin, called for a division of the question.

The question was then put on the rejection of the amendment, and, resolved in the affirmative.

The question was then put, will the house reject the substitute?

Resolved in the affirmative.

The question recurred and was put, shall the said bill pass. Resolved in the affirmative.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, February 21st.

The speaker announced the following message as having been received from the senate on yesterday:

The further supplement to an act for the benefit of John S. Crockett and Cadmus Dashiell, the administrators of Matthias Dashiell.

Also, the bill, to authorise the removal of the land records, and the records and papers of Frederick county court.

Also, the bill, for the benefit of Samuel G. Holbrook, late sheriff of Somerset county.

Also, the bill, for the benefit of John Clippinger, of Washington county.

Also, the bill, to authorise the orphans' court of Dorchester county to appoint a guardian for Levina Cowart, of the said county, severally endorsed, "will pass," and the bills ordered to be engrossed.

And a resolution in favour of Anne G Handy, of Somerset county, endorsed, "assented to," and ordered to be engrossed.

And delivered a bill, originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, an act supplemental to the act to incorporate the "Chester Silk Company," passed at Dec. session, 1837

Mr. Simmons presented a petition of Philip Pindell and Elizabeth, his wife, praying that the law asked for by Charles Hodges, confirming and making valid certain deeds, may not pass.

Mr. Sprigg, a memorial of Jonathan Burkdoll, of Allegany county, praying the passage of an act authorising a patent to issue to him for a certain tract of land therein mentioned.

Mr. Sprigg, a memorial of a number of contractors on the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, setting forth the dissatisfaction existing among the laborers on said canal.

Mr. Giles, a petition of James I. Pattison and Eleanor Pattison, praying for a divorce.

Mr. Powder, a petition of sundry citizens of Westminster, praying the passage of a law to lay out and widen an alley.

Mr. Beam, a memorial of sundry citizens of Montgomery counties, praying the passage of an act authorising the repair of the Frederick and Rockville road.

Mr. Boyle, of Carroll, a petition of sundry citizens of Carroll county, praying a change in the lines of certain districts therein mentioned.

Mr. Powder, a petition of sundry citizens of Carroll county, praying the passage of an act to abolish the district courts in Carroll county.

Mr. Boyle, of Carroll, a petition of sundry citizens of Frederick and Carroll counties, praying that the law, authorising commissioners to lay out and open a road in said counties, may not be repealed nor any part thereof.

Mr. Duke, a report of the Trustees of Prince Fredericktown Academy, in Calvert county, relative to the condition of said academy.

Mr. Giles, a memorial of Elizabeth Anne White, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced, a vinculo matrimonii, from her husband Bennet A. White.

Mr. Alexander, obtained leave to bring in a bill to be entitled, an act to limit and define the operation of acts of the General Assembly of Maryland.

The house then proceeded to the consideration of the second order of the day, being the report submitted by Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, on the 8th inst. in compliance with the orders of the House of Delegates, in relation to the subscription of the State to certain internal improvement companies, and the substitutes offered therefor.

Mr. Giles (by permission of the house) withdrew his substitute.

Mr. Bowie (by permission of the house) also withdrew his substitute.

On motion of Mr. Bowie,

The house resolved itself into a committee of the whole house upon said report, and after some time spent in committee, the speaker resumed the chair,—and

Mr. Maulsby, the chairman, reported that the said committee had, in obedience to order, had said report under consideration, and having made some progress therein, had directed him to ask leave to sit again—which leave was granted by the house.

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

THURSDAY, February 22d.

Mr. Powder presented a petition of sundry citizens of Carroll county, praying the passage of an act placing Mary Ann Hines, a lunatic, on the pension list of said county.

Mr. Powder, a petition of sundry citizens of Carroll county, praying the passage of a law to summon a jury to value damages upon a certain road therein mentioned;

Also, a petition of sundry citizens of Carroll county, praying an alteration in the divisional line of the first and third election districts in said county.

Mr. Bowie, a petition of Roderick McGregor, of Prince George's county, praying the passage of a law authorising him to bring into this State a negro slave therein mentioned.

Mr. Giles, a petition of Hugh D. Evans and Nathaniel Williams, praying for an act of assembly to authorise them to have the appeal from the decision of Baltimore county court, in the case of the Regents of the University of Maryland vs. Jos. B. Williams, heard at the first term of the court of appeals.

Mr. Maulsby, a petition of John Carsins, sheriff of Harford county, praying an increase of the per diem allowance for the support and maintenance of prisoners.

Mr. Maulsby, a petition of Drucilla Norrington, of Harford county, praying to be placed on the pension list of said county.

Mr. Geyer, a memorial of Samuel Urner, praying an alteration in the location of a certain road in Frederick and Carroll counties.

Mr. Bowie, a petition of Ignatius L. Hardey, of Prince-George's county, praying the passage of an act authorising the recording of a deed therein mentioned.

Mr. McDaniel, a petition of Isaac Bull, of Kent county, praying that the sheriff's sale therein mentioned may be set aside;

And Mr Parker, a memorial of sundry citizens of Cecil county, praying the passage of a law to prevent the distillation of grain into spirituous liquors.

Mr. Beam, a memorial of sundry citizens of Montgomery county, praying the passage of a law making it obligatory on the Maryland Canal Company to locate and construct their canal by way of the Seneca and Patuxent rivers, and for other purposes.

The house then resumed the consideration of the unfinished order of Friday last, the 16th being the bill reported by Mr. Brown, entitled, an act for the establishment of a civil municipal jurisdiction, over a part of Anne Arundel county, and to alter and change the constitution of this State, so far as may be necessary to effect the same.

The question before the house being upon the amendment offered by Mr. Williams to the amendment offered by Mr. Townsend, in place of the 12th section of the bill stricken out.

On the question being put, will the house adopt the amendment to the amendment?

It was determined in the negative.

Mr. Grason then moved to amend said amendment as offered by Mr. Townsend, by adding at the end thereof the following: "Provided, that no new county shall be formed on the Eastern Shore, or in any part of the State, unless the convenience or necessity of the people, or the purposes of justice require it."

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Bowie moved to amend said amendment by striking out all after the word "county," in the fourth line of the original amendment, and insert the following: "to be formed of parts of Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester counties, or of some two of them, whenever a majority of the voters of said counties, or any two of them, may desire, with like political privileges."

Which was read.

Mr. Causin moved to lay the bill and amendments on the table?

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Townsend moved to refer said bill and amendments to the consideration of the next General Assembly;

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Selby moved to postpone said bill and amendments until the 12th day of March next;

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred and was put upon the amendment as offered by Mr. Bowie, and

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Williams then moved to amend said amendment as amended, by inserting after the word "pledge," the following: "so far only as may be in the power of the legislature to pledge the same;"

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred and was put, will the house adopt the amendment as amended in place of the 12th section of the bill?

Resolved in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Brown, said bill was fin-

they amended by adding at the end thereof as an additional section, the following:

Sec. 14. And be it enacted, That the seat of justice for said Howard district shall be fixed by the legal voters of said district, at the first October election for delegates to the General Assembly of Maryland after the confirmation of this act, at some suitable place to be by them named on the ballots or tickets polled, and that the spot or place so named on their tickets, having a plurality of votes, shall be deemed and is hereby constituted and declared to be the seat of justice for said Howard district.

The said bill was then read the second time as amended, and the question put, shall the said bill pass?

Resolved in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Higgins, the yeas and nays were ordered and appeared as follows:—

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. McDaniel, Welch, Gale, Brown, Iglehart, Higgins, Simmons, Risteau, Ely, Turner, of Balt. Parker, Comegys, Evans, Simpers Alexander, Grason, Harrison, Wilmer, Williams, Forwood, Nelson, Maulsby, Giles, Gallagher, Mann, Swingley, Rentch, Witmer, Beans, Griffith, White, Dawson, Neff, Blocher, Sprigg, Boyle, of Car. Shower, Berret, Powder—39.

NEGATIVE.

Messrs. Tuck, Speaker, Hopewell, Causin, Ford, Crane, Usilton, Sollers, Parran, Duke, Kent, Kerr. Boyle, of Tal Jump, of Tal. Jones, Carroll, Eccleston, Goldsborough, Bowie, Ghiselin, Coombs, Swann, Roberts, Townsend, Selby, Powell, Biser, Cramer, Carter, Boon, Jump, of Car.—30.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

FRIDAY, February 23d.

Mr. Iglehart, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Anne Arundel county, praying an increase of levy on the assessable property of said county, for the promotion of education in primary schools.

Mr. Risteau, a memorial of Thomas D. Cockey, of Baltimore county, praying relief therein set forth.

Mr. Witmer, a petition of Henry Ankney, and sundry other citizens of Washington county, praying the passage of an act exempting the practitioners, of the Botanical or Thompsonian system of medical practice from prosecution and law suits for curing the sick.

Mr. Dawson, a petition of William G. Penn, of Montgomery county, praying for relief of grievances therein mentioned.

The clerk of the senate, returned the supplement to an act, authorising Henry Feete, to execute the last will and testament of Jacob Alexander, passed December session 1836, chapter 214.

And the supplement to the act for the despatch of business in Baltimore county court.

Severally endorsed, "will pass," and the bills severally ordered to be engrossed.

And, delivered a bill, originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, an act to make valid a certain deed.

Also, a bill, entitled, an act to alter, repeal, and abolish all that part of the constitution and form of government which inhibits the senate from amending a money bill.

Mr. Risteau reported a bill, entitled, an act to amend the Constitution and Form of Government of this State.

Mr. Giles reported a bill, entitled, an act to provide for the instruction of indigent blind persons, inhabitants of this State.

Mr. Brown reported a bill, entitled, an act to limit the number of constables in the several election districts in Anne Arundel county, and to increase their fees.

And Mr. White reported a bill, entitled, an act to abolish public executions.

Mr Simpers reported a bill, entitled, an act to incorporate the North-East Navigation Company.

Mr. Turner reported a bill, to regulate the time of holding elections in the several counties and cities in this State.

The house then resumed the consideration of the unfinished order of Wednesday last, being the report submitted by Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, on the 8th instant, (in compliance with the order of the House of Delegates) in relation to the subscription of the State to certain internal improvement companies.

On motion of Mr. Brown,

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house upon said report, (Mr. Maulsby, being in the chair,) and after some time spent in committee, the speaker resumed the chair, and the chairman reported that the said committee had, in obedience to order, had said report again under consideration, and having made some progress therein, had directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Which leave was granted by the house.

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

SATURDAY, February 24th.

Mr. Causin presented a petition of sundry citizens of St. Mary's county, praying for the opening of a public road therein mentioned.

Mr. Sprigg, a petition of Millinder Shircliff, widow of Wm. Shircliff, a revolutionary officer, praying to be placed on the pension roll.

Mr. Risteau, chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill, entitled, an act to divorce Theresa Kann, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband, Julius Kann;

Which was read the first, and by a special order the second time, passed and sent to the senate.

On motion of Mr. Biser, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, entitled, an act empowering and authorising the Rector and Vestry of Saint Mark's Parish, in Frederick county, to receive a deed of conveyance therein mentioned;

The said bill was then read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

On motion of Mr. Simmons, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, entitled, an act for the relief of Basil D. Hall, of Anne-Arundel county;

The said bill was then read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

On motion of Mr. Jump, of Car. the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, entitled, an act to authorise and empower Louisa B. Roe, wife of Thomas Roe, of Caroline county, to execute a conveyance of certain real estate therein mentioned;

The said bill was then read the second time, passed and sent to the senate.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill for the relief of Mary Steele and Catharine Carr, of Frederick county, endorsed, "will pass," ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the bill to incorporate the Union Silk Company of Kent county;

Also, the supplement to an act to appoint commissioners, and to authorise them to open and lay out alleys in the town of New Windsor, in Carroll county;

Also, the bill granting a per diem to W. C. Russell, crier of Frederick county court;

Severally endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments;"

Also, the bill supplementary to an act to establish Magistrates' Courts in the several counties of this State, and to prescribe their jurisdiction, so far as relates to Anne Arundel county, endorsed, "will not pass;"

Also, the resolution in favour of Jane Bishop, endorsed, "assented to," and ordered to be engrossed;

And delivered the following bills, originated in and passed by the senate, viz.

A bill to authorise the governor to appoint an inspector of sole leather, rough harness and skirting leather, in the city of Frederick;

A bill for the relief of Henry Shreves;

A bill to incorporate Philip Reed Lodge, No. 29, of the Order of Independent Odd Fellows, in Kent county;

A bill relating to a certain road in Baltimore county;

And a bill to direct the court of Talbot county to authorise the sale of the real estate of Sophia Goldsborough, deceased.

Mr Risteau, chairman of the select committee, made a favourable report upon the bill from the senate relating to a certain road in Baltimore county;

The said bill was then read the second time by special order and passed.

Mr. Kerr, from the committee on grievances and courts of justice, to which was referred the bill from the senate, entitled, an act to direct the court of Talbot county to authorise the sale of the real estate of Sophia Goldsborough, deceased, reported the same without amendment;

The said bill was then read the second time by special order and passed.

The hour having arrived for taking up the order of the day, the house resumed the consideration of the unfinished order of yesterday, being the report submitted by Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, on the 8th inst. in relation to the subscription of the State to certain internal improvement companies.

On motion of Mr. Duke,

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house upon said report, (Mr. Maulsby being in the chair) and after some time spent in committee, the speaker resumed the chair, and the chairman reported that the said committee had, in obedience to order, had said report again under consideration, and having made some progress therein, had directed him to ask leave to sit again, which leave was granted by the house,

The house adjourned until Monday morning, ten o'clock.

MONDAY, February 26th.

Mr. Geyer presented a petition of Daniel Blickenstaff, praying the General Assembly to pass a law authorising Francis Brengle, to make and execute a good deed for certain property therein mentioned

Mr Simmons, a petition of forty-six citizens of the city of Baltimore, consumers of anthracite and bituminous coal, praying that the law passed at the last session of the legislature in relation to weighing the same, may not be repealed.

Mr. Giles, a petition of J. P. K. Henshaw and others, praying for an act to incorporate the Trustees of the Hannah More Academy, in Baltimore county.

Mr. Geyer, a memorial of the Council of the Evangelical Lutheran Church Emanual, in and about Frederick town, praying the General Assembly to pass an act authorising them to hold a bequest of Charles Yager deceased, for the use of said church.

Mr. Biser, a petition of John Jacobs, of Frederick county, praying to be divorced from his wife Christiana Jacobs.

Mr. Sprigg, a petition Gracy Perry, a coloured woman, praying the passage of an act allowing her to remove into this State.

Mr. Harrison, a petition of James Merrick and others, citizens of Queen Anne's county, praying the passage of a law authorising the opening of a continuous ditch, down the South East Branch in said county, under the direction of commissioners.

Mr. Harrison, a petition of Stephen I. Bradley and others, citizens of Queen Anne's county, praying a repeal of so much of the primary school law as inhibits the admission of children into said schools above the age of fifteen years, so far as relats to district No. 16, in said county.

Mr. Powder, a petition of sundry citizens of Manchester, praying the passage of a law to incorporate the Military Band of Instrumental Music, in Carroll county.

And Mr. Brown, a petition of sundry citizens of Anne Arundel county, praying the change of the location of a road therein mentioned.

Mr. Kerr, chairman of the joint committee, delivered the following report:

The committee appointed by this house to meet in conference a like committee on the part of the senate, upon the subject of the message to that body on the tenth day of December last, suggesting a deputation from the Legislature of Maryland to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, for the purpose of effecting certain objects therein specified, beg leave to report.

That, having conferred freely thereon, they have concluded to recommend the deputation as heretofore proposed by this house.

As an exponent of the feelings and opinions of the members of the General Assembly of Maryland, upon the momentous questions involved in this matter, upon which a conference was requested by the Senate, they further recommend the adoption of the series of resolutions appended to this report.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. BOZMAN KERR, Chairman.

On the part of the Committee of Conference.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the right of reclaiming fugitives from labor having been recognized by the several States prior to the adoption of the Federal Constitution, and being guaranted by that instrument, cannot be abridged, restrained or embarrassed by the Legislature of any State in the Union.

Resolved, That a citizen of Maryland exercising the right of arresting and removing his fugitive slave in another State is not amenable to the penalties of any law of that State, prohibiting or restraining his constitutional right, or liable to be demanded as a fugitive from justice for asserting that right in contravention of such law.

Resolved, That in order to maintain inviolably that equality of privileges and immunities to which the citizens of the Union are entitled under the Constitution of the United States, the national judiciary ought to preside in all cases in which one State or its citizens are opposed to another State or its citizens.

Resolved, That to secure the full effect of this fundamental provisions against all evasion or subterfuge, it is necessary that the construction of the Constitution of the United States, *of questions growing out of the collision of State laws with the Federal Constitution or laws made in pursuance thereof* should be committed to that tribunal which, having no local attachments, will be likely to be impartial between the different States and their citizens, and which, owing *its official existence to the Union, will never* be likely to feel any bias inauspicious to the principles upon which it is founded.

Resolved, That the Constitution of the United States, having invested no tribunal with original jurisdiction in such questions as are at issue between the States of Maryland and Pennsylvania, in relation to the surrender of Nathan Sc Bemis and others, an impartial decision cannot be had in the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, viz: a surrender of the persons demanded, a trial by a court of Pennsylvania and an appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States, without withdrawing the protection due to every citizen, as the question would thereby be conceded and citizens might be punished before their guilt or innocence could be established by the court of ultimate resort.

Resolved, That His Excellency, the Governor, has exhibited a most commendable solicitude to render to the citizens of this State, demanded by the State of Pennsylvania, all the protection to which they were entitled, consistent with his obligations to maintain the constitution and laws of the United States, as expounded by the Attorney General of this State.

Which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to incorporate Carroll Academy and house of public worship; endorsed "will pass," and ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the resolution directing the Treasurer of the Western Shore, to pay to Springfield Academy, the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars.

Also, the resolution in favour of Bowling, Mills and Gardiner.

And, the resolution in favour of Walter H. S. Mitchell, Administrator of John Edelen; severally endorsed "assented to," and severally ordered to be engrossed.

And, delivered the following bills originated in, and passed by the senate, viz:

A supplement to an act, for the better regulation of Chancery proceedings in certain cases, passed at December session 1820 chap. 161.

A bill, to incorporate the Maryland Silk Company of Baltimore.

A bill, for the relief of John Henke, of Frederick county.

The hour having arrived for taking up the order of the day.

The house resumed the consideration of the unfinished order of Saturday last, being the report submitted by Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, on the 8th inst in relation to the subscription of the State to certain internal improvement companies.

On motion of Mr. Giles,

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house upon said report, (Mr. Maulsby being in the chair,) and after some time spent in committee, the speaker resumed the chair, and the chairman reported, that the said committee had, in obedience to order, had said report again under consideration, and having made some progress therein, had directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Which leave was granted by the house.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

TUESDAY, February 27th.

Mr. Ely presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore and Carroll counties, praying the passage of an act to authorise the location of a certain road.

Mr. Ford, a petition of sundry citizens of St. Mary's county, praying the condemnation of a lot of ground for a public landing.

Mr. Shower, a petition of the trustees of the Carroll academy and other citizens of Carroll county, praying for a donation to said academy.

Mr. McDaniel, a petition of sundry citizens of Kent and Queen-Anne's counties, to authorise the levy court to levy a sum of money for building a bridge over Chester river.

Mr. Matthews, a memorial of Thomas B. Berry and others, of Charles county, praying a law may pass relative to gates in said county;

And, Mr. Ghiselin, a petition of Alice Green, of Prince George's county, praying to be divorced from her husband, Thomas Green.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill to authorise the Stewards of the Methodist Episcopal Church, on Calvert circuit, to hold property for the use of said church;

Also, the bill empowering and authorising the Rector and Vestry of St. Mark's Parish, in Frederick county, to receive a deed of conveyance therein mentioned;

Severally endorsed, "will pass," and the bills severally ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the bill to incorporate the Superannuated Fund Society of the Maryland Annual Conference, endorsed, "will not pass;"

And, delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, an act to authorise the erection of a bridge over the Patuxent river, at Brown's Ford, in Anne-Arundel and Montgomery counties, and for extending the roads leading thereto.

Mr. Simmons, chairman of the committee on public buildings, reported a bill, entitled, an act to provide for the appointment of a keeper and watchman of the State House, and prescribe their duties.

Mr. Alexander reported a bill, entitled, an act to limit and define the operation of the acts of the General Assembly of Maryland.

Mr. Geyer reported a bill, entitled, an act for the benefit of the Council of the Evangelic Lutheran Church Emanuel, in and about Frederick Town, in the State of Maryland;

Which was read the first, and by special order the second time, and passed.

The hour having arrived for taking up the order of the day,

The house resumed the consideration of the unfinished order of yesterday, being the report submitted by Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, on the 8th inst. in relation to the subscription of the State to certain internal improvement companies;

On motion of Mr. Giles,

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house upon said report, (Mr. Maulsby being in the chair,) and after some time spent in committee, the speaker resumed the chair, and the chairman reported that the said committee had, in obedience to order, had said report again under consideration, and having made some progress therein, had directed him to ask leave to sit again; which leave was granted by the house.

The house adjourned until tomorrow morning ten o'clock.

LOST

ON the 21st instant, a pair of GREEN SPECTACLES, with front and side Glasses and gold mountings If the finder will lodge them at this office, without injury, a liberal reward will be given.

March 1.

FOR SALE,

A YOKE of fine YOUNG OXEN, near South River, five miles from Annapolis. JAMES W. WATERS.

March 1.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the Members of the General Assembly, and the citizens of Annapolis, that they have on hand a superior assortment of, LIQUORS and WINES, consisting of the most approved Brands, both in Wood and in Glass, and at the most reasonable Prices. The following will exhibit their selection:

LIQUORS.

Pale, Cognac & Peach BRANDY, Henessy, J. J. Dupuy, and other brands.
Old Rye & Irish WHISKEY, warranted 10 years old.
Holland GIN, Strawberry brand.
Jamaica SPIRIT.

WINES.

Extra fine Old Burgundy, MADEIRA.
Do do do Sercial do
do do do Madeira.
Very fine old Pale and Brown SHERRY.
Do do do PORT.

WINES IN GLASS.

L. P. MADEIRA.
Blackburn's MADEIRA.
Extra fine Old MADEIRA.
Fine do do
Old Brown SHERRY.
Do Pale do
Extra fine Old PORT.

CHAMPAIGNES of the following Brands:

Orange, pts. and qts.
Star, qts.
A. Y. qts.
Forrest Tourneaux, pts.
Anchor, pts.
Laussence, qts.

HOCKHEIMER

Maraschino and Imperial Curracoa COrDIALS.

ROYAL PUNCH SYRUP.

CIGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO, &c.

CASES *loaned* in good order to Members of the Legislature purchasing their Liquors of the subscribers.

DUBOIS & WEEMS.

January 18.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS,
THURSDAY, March 1, 1838.

THE LATE DUEL.

STATEMENT.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.
February 26th, 1838.

The following is a statement of the facts of the duel between the Hon. Wm. J. Graves, of Kentucky, and the Hon. Jonathan Cilley, of Maine, as agreed upon by George W. Jones and Henry A. Wise, the seconds of the parties, committed to writing between the hours of 10½ o'clock, A. M. February 25th, and 12 o'clock, M. this day. The seconds propose, first, to state the correspondence which occurred before the challenge, and which was communicated through others than themselves; neither second having borne any paper or message, verbal or written, to or from either of the principals, until Mr. Wise bore the challenge and Mr. Jones bore the acceptance. This correspondence, as it has been placed in the hands of the seconds, is as follows, to wit.

Mr. Graves to Mr Cilley.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
February 20, 1838.

In the interview which I had with you this morning, when you declined receiving from me the note of Col. J. W. Webb, asking whether you were correctly reported in the Globe in what you are there represented to have said of him in this House upon the 12th inst. you will please say whether you did not remark, in substance, that in declining to receive the note, you hoped I would not consider it in any respect disrespectful to me, and that the ground on which you rested your declining to receive the note was distinctly this: That you could not consent to get yourself into personal difficulties with conductors of public journals, for what you might think proper to say in debate upon this floor in discharge of your duties as a representative of the people; and that you did not rest your objection, in our interview, upon any personal objections to Col. Webb as a gentleman.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
W. J. GRAVES.

Hon. Jonathan Cilley.

Mr. Cilley to Mr. Graves.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
February 21, 1838.

The note which you just placed in my hands has been received. In reply, I have to state that in your interview with me this morning, when you proposed to deliver a communication from Col. Webb, of the New York Courier and Enquirer, I declined to receive it, because I chose to be drawn into no controversy with him. I neither affirmed or denied any thing in regard to his character; but when you remarked that this course on my part might place you in an unpleasant situation, I stated to you, and now repeat, that I intended by the refusal no disrespect to you.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
JONA. CILLEY.

Hon. J. W. Graves.

Mr. Graves to Mr. Cilley.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
February 22, 1838.

Sir: Your note of yesterday in reply to mine of that date is inexplicit, unsatisfactory and insufficient; among other things in this; that, in your declining to receive Col. Webb's communication, it does not *disclaim* any exception to him personally as a gentleman. I have, therefore, to inquire whether *you declined to receive his communication, on the ground of any personal exception to him as a gentleman or man of honour?* A categorical answer is expected.

Very respectfully,
WM. J. GRAVES.

Hon. J. Cilley.

Mr. Cilley to Mr. Graves.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
February 22, 1838.

Sir: Your note of this date has just been placed in my hands. I regret that mine of yesterday was not satisfactory to you, but I cannot admit the right on your part to propound the question to which you ask a categorical answer, and therefore decline any further response to it.

Very respectfully,
JONA. CILLEY.

Hon. W. J. Graves.

Here follows the first paper borne by Mr. Wise.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 23, 1838.

As you have declined accepting a communication which I bore to you from Col. Webb, and as by your note of yesterday you have refused to decline on grounds which would exonerate me from all responsibility growing out of the affair, I am left no other alternative but to ask that satisfaction which is recognised among gentlemen. My friend, Hon. Henry A. Wise, is authorised by me to make the arrangements suitable to the occasion.

Your obedient servant,
W. J. GRAVES.

Hon. J. Cilley.

Mr. Wise states that he presented the foregoing challenge to Mr. Cilley, in the parlour at Mr. Birth's boarding house, a few minutes before 12 o'clock, m. on Friday, the 23d inst.

In addition to the foregoing correspondence, the seconds propose to relate only such facts and circumstances as occurred within their joint knowledge, after their own participation in the melancholy affair.

On the evening of the 23d instant, about the hour of 5 o'clock, p. m. Mr. Jones, the second

Mr. Cilley, addressed to Mr. Graves, in the room of Mr. Wise, and in his presence, the following note, which was the first paper borne by Mr. Jones, to wit:

WASHINGTON CITY, 23d Feb. 1838.

Hon. W. J. GRAVES:

Your note of this morning has been received. My friend, Gen. Jones, will make the arrangements suitable to the occasion.

Your ob't. serv't.

JONA CILLEY.

Immediately upon the presentation of the accepttance of the challenge, Mr. Graves retired, leaving Mr. Jones with Mr. Wise, who submitted to Mr. Wise the following propositions for the arrangement of the meeting, to wit:

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23, 1838.

SIR: Mr. Cilley proposes to meet Mr. Graves, at such place as may be agreed upon between us, to-morrow, at 12 o'clock, m. The weapons to be used on the occasion shall be rifles; the parties placed side to side at eighty yards distance from each other; to hold the rifles horizontally at arm's length downwards; the rifles to be cocked, and fingers on the triggers at the words to be, "Gentlemen, are you ready?" After which, neither answering "No," the words shall be, in regular succession, "Fire—one, two, three, four." Neither party shall fire before the word "fire;" nor after the word "four." The positions of the parties at the end of the line to be determined by lot. The second of the party losing the position shall have the giving of the word. The dress to be ordinary winter clothing, and subject to the examination of both parties. Each party may have on the ground, besides his seconds, a surgeon and two other friends. The seconds, for the execution of their respective trusts, are allowed to have a pair of pistols each on the ground, but no other person shall have any weapon. The rifles to be loaded in the presence of the seconds. Should Mr. Graves not be able to procure a rifle by the time prescribed, time shall be allowed for that purpose.

Your very obedient servant,

GEO. W. JONES.

Hon. Henry A. Wise.

About 9 o'clock, p. m. at Mr. Jones's room, at Dowson's, Mr. Wise returned to him the following answer, to wit:

WASHINGTON, Feb'y. 23d, 1838.

SIR: The terms arranging the meeting between Mr. Graves and Mr. Cilley, which you presented to me this evening, though unusual and objectionable, are accepted; with the understanding that the rifles are to be loaded with a single ball, and that neither party is to raise his weapon from the downward horizontal position until the word "fire."

I will inform you, sir, by the hour of 11 o'clock, a. m. to-morrow, whether Mr. Graves has been able to procure a rifle, and consequently whether he will require a postponement of the time of meeting.

Your very obedient servant,

HENRY A. WISE.

Hon. Geo. W. Jones.

At about 8 o'clock, a. m. on the 24th inst. Mr. Jones left at Mr. Wise's room the following note, to wit:

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.
February 24, 1838.

SIR: I will receive, at Doct. Reilly's, on F street, any communication you may see proper to make me, until 11 o'clock, a. m. to-day.

Respectfully,
Your obedient servant,

GEO. W. JONES.

Hon. H. A. Wise.

Dr. Reily's, F street, Feb. 24th, 1838,
10 o'clock, A. M.

SIR: I have called at this place, in conformity with your note of this morning, to inform you that Mr. Graves has not yet been able to procure a rifle and put it in order, and cannot be ready by 12 o'clock, m. to-day. He is desirous, however, to have the meeting to-day, if possible, and I will inform you by half past 12 o'clock, m. to-day what time to procure and prepare a weapon he will require.

Very respectfully &c.

HENRY A. WISE.

Hon. GEORGE W. JONES.

Afterwards, Mr. Jones left at Mr. Wise's room the following note, to wit:

WASHINGTON, 10½ A. M.
February 24th, 1838.

SIR: Your note dated 10 o'clock to-day is received.

In reply, I have the pleasure to inform you that I have in my possession an excellent rifle, in good order, which is at the service of Mr. Graves.

Very respectfully, &c.

GEO. W. JONES.

Hon. H. A. WISE.

Afterwards Mr. Jones sent to Mr. Wise's room the following note, to wit:

WASHINGTON.
Feb. 24, 1838, 11 a. m.

SIR: Through the politeness of my friend, Doct. Duncan, I now tender to you, for the use of Mr. Graves, the rifle referred to in my note of 10½, a. m. this morning.

Respectfully,
Your obedient servant,

GEO. W. JONES.

Hon. H. A. WISE.

And with this note a rifle and powder flask, and balls, were left at Mr. Wise's room.

After the reception of this note from Mr. Jones, Mr. Wise called on him, at Dr. Reilly's, and informed Mr. Jones that Mr. Graves had procured a rifle other than that left at his room by Dr. Duncan, and would be ready for the meeting at 3 o'clock, p. m. It was then agreed that the parties should meet at the Anacosta bridge, on the road to Marlborough, in Maryland, between the hours of 2½ and 3 o'clock, p. m. and if either got there first he should wait for the other, and that they would thence proceed out of the District. Accordingly, the parties met at the bridge, Mr. Cilley and his party arriving there first, and all proceeded, about 3 o'clock, p. m. to the place of meeting. On arriving at the place, Mr. Jones and Mr. Wise immediately proceeded to mark off the ground. They then decided the choice of positions. Mr. Wise won the position, and consequently Mr. Jones had the giving of the word. At this time Mr. Jones was informed by Mr. Wise that two gentlemen, (Mr. Calhoon of Kentucky and Mr. Hawes of Kentucky) were at some distance off, spectators, but they should not approach upon the ground. Mr. Jones replied that he objected to their coming on the ground, as it was against the articles of the meeting, but entertained for them the highest respect. Mr. Wise also informed Mr. Jones that, contrary to the terms, he had brought on the ground two rifles; that if he (Mr. Jones) required him to do so, he would immediately send one of them away. Upon Mr. Jones finding that the rifle was unloaded, he consented that it should remain in one of the carriages. There were, it is proper to remark, several persons on the ground, (besides the hackdrivers and the two gentlemen before mentioned at a distance,) who were there without the authority or consent of either party or their friends, as far as is known either to Mr Jones or Mr. Wise, and one of these persons was supposed to be the owner of the field. Shortly after the hour of 3 o'clock, p. m. the rifles were loaded in the presence of the seconds; the parties were called together; they were fully instructed by Mr. Jones as to their position, and the words twice repeated to them, as they would be, and as they were, delivered to them, in the exchange of shots. After this they were ordered to their respective positions, the seconds assumed their places, and the friends accompanying the seconds were disposed along the line of fire to observe that each obeyed the terms of meeting. Mr. Jones gave the word distinctly, audibly, and in regular succession, and the parties exchanged shots without violating in the least a single instruction. They both missed. After which, Mr. Wise called upon the friends generally to assemble and hear what was to be said. Upon the assembling of the friends, Mr. Jones inquired of Mr. Wise whether his friend (Mr. Graves) was satisfied? Mr. Wise immediately said, in substance: "Mr. Jones, these gentlemen have come here without animosity towards each other; they are fighting merely upon a point of honour; cannot Mr. Cilley assign some reason for not receiving at Mr. Graves's hands Col. Webb's communication, or make some disclaimer which will relieve Mr. Graves from his position?" Mr. Jones replied, in substance: "Whilst the challenge is impending, Mr. Cilley can make no explanations."—Mr. Wise said, in substance: "The exchange of shots suspends the challenge, and the challenge is suspended for the purpose of explanation." Mr. Jones thereupon said he would see Mr. Cilley, and did go to him. He returned, and asked Mr. Wise again: "Mr. Wise, do I understand aright that the challenge is suspended?" Mr. Wise answered: "It is." Mr. Jones was then about to proceed, when Mr. Wise suggested that it was best, perhaps, to give the explanation or reason in writing. Mr. Jones then said, in substance: "Mr. Wise, if you require me to put what I have to say in writing, I shall require you to put what you have said, and may say, in writing." Mr. Wise replied:—"Well, let us hear the explanation beforehand, as it may not be necessary to put it in writing." Mr. Jones then proceeded, as he now thinks, substantially to say: "I am authorised by my friend, Mr. Cilley, to say, that in declining to receive the note from Mr. Graves, purporting to be from Col. Webb, he meant no disrespect to Mr. Graves, because he entertained for him then, as he now does, the highest respect and the most kind feelings; but that he declined to receive the note, because he chose not to be drawn into any controversy with Col. Webb." Mr. Wise thinks this answer of Mr. Jones was, in substance, as follows: "I am authorised by my friend, Mr. Cilley, to say, that in declining to receive the note from Mr. Graves, purporting to be from Col. Webb, he meant no disrespect to Mr. Graves, because he entertained for him then, as he does now, the highest respect and the most kind feelings; but my friend refuses to disclaim disrespect for Col. Webb, because he does not choose to be drawn into an expression of opinion as to him." Such is the substantial difference now between the two seconds, as to this answer of Mr. Jones. The friends on each side, with the seconds, then retired from each other to consult upon this explanation. After consultation, Mr. Wise returned to Mr. Jones, and said: "Mr. Jones, this answer leaves Mr. Graves precisely in the position in which he stood when the challenge was sent." Much conversation then ensued between the seconds and their friends, but no nearer approach to reconciliation being made, the challenge was renewed, and another shot was exchanged in a manner perfectly fair and honourable to all parties. After, this, the seconds and the friends again assembled, and the challenge was again withdrawn, and very similar conversations to that after the first exchange of shots again ensued. Mr. Jones then remarked: "Mr. Wise, my friend, in coming to the ground and exchanging shots with Mr. Graves, has shown to the world, that in declining to receive the note of Col. Webb, he did not do so because he dreaded a controversy. He has shown himself a brave man, and disposed to render satisfaction to Mr. Graves. I do think that he has done so, and that the matter should end here." To this, Mr. Wise replied, in substance: "Mr. Jones, Mr. Cilley has already expressed his respect for Mr. Graves in the written correspondence; and Mr. Graves does not require of Mr. Cilley a certificate of character for Col. Webb; he considers himself bound not only to preserve the respect due to himself, but to defend the character of his friend, Col. Webb." These words of Mr. Wise, Mr. Jones recollects; and Mr. Wise thinks he added the words: "Mr. Graves only insists that he has not borne the note of a man who is not a man of honour, and not a gentleman." After much more conversation, and ineffectual attempts to adjust the matter, the challenge was again renewed; and whilst the friends were again loading the rifles for the third exchange of shots, Mr. Jones and Mr. Wise walked apart, and each proposed to the other anxiously to settle the affair. Mr. Wise asked Mr. Jones "If Mr. Cilley could not assign the reason for declining to receive the note of Col. Webb, that he (Mr. Cilley) did not hold himself accountable to Col. Webb for words spoken in debate?" Mr. Jones replied that "Mr. Cilley would not assign that reason, because he did not wish to be understood as expressing the opinion whether he was or was not accountable for words spoken in debate." Mr. Wise then, according to his recollection, asked Mr. Jones whether "Mr. Cilley would not say, that in declining to receive the note of Col. Webb, he meant no disrespect to Mr. Graves, either directly or indirectly?" To which Mr. Jones replied affirmatively, adding, "Mr. Cilley entertains the highest respect for Mr. Graves, but declined to receive the note, because he chose to be drawn into no controversy with Colonel Webb." After further explanatory conversation, the parties then exchanged the third shot, fairly and honourably, as in every instance.—Immediately previous to the last exchange of shots, Mr. Wise said to Mr Jones, "If this matter is not terminated this shot, and is not settled, I will propose to shorten the distance." To which Mr. Jones replied, "After this shot, without effect, I will entertain the proposition."

After Mr. Cilley fell, Mr. Wise, for Mr. Graves, expressed a desire to Mr. Jones to see Mr. Cilley, Mr. Jones replied to Mr Wise, "My friend is dead;" and went on to Mr. Graves, and told him that there was no objection to his request to see Mr. Cilley. When Mr. Jones approached Mr Graves, and informed him that his request should be granted, Mr. Graves inquired "How is he?" The reply was, "My friend is dead, sir." Mr. Graves then went to his carriage. Mr. Wise inquired of Mr Jones, before leaving the ground, whether he could render any service, and tendered all the aid in his power. Mr. Wise and Mr. Jones concur that there were three shots exchanged.

Such is the naked statement of all the material facts and circumstances attending this unfortunate affair of honour, which we make in justice to our friends, to ourselves, to all concerned, to the living and to the dead; and it is made for the only purpose of allaying excitement in the public mind, and to prevent any and all further controversy upon a subject, which already is full enough of woe. We have fully and *substantially* stated wherein we agree and disagree. We cordially agree, at all events, in bearing unqualified testimony to the fair and honourable manner in which this duel was conducted. We endeavoured to discharge our duties according to that code under which the parties met, regulated by magnanimous principles, and the laws of humanity. Neither of us has taken the least exception to the course of the other; and we sincerely hope that here all controversy whatever may cease. We especially desire our respective friends to make no publication on the subject. None can regret the termination of the affair more than ourselves, and we hope again that the last of it will be the signatures of our names to this paper, which we now affix.

GEO W. JONES,
HENRY A. WISE.

By the Southern Express Mail.

GEORGIAN OFFICE,
SAVANNAH, Feb. 22—2 P. M.

LATE FROM FLORIDA.

REPORTED CAPTURE OF INDIANS.

We late last evening, through the attention of Capt. Adams, of the John McLean, received the following letter from a correspondent at Garey's Ferry, and the subjoined slip from the editors of the Jacksonville Courier.

CLARKSVILLE, E. F.
February 19, 1838.

A letter was received at this place last evening, from an officer of the army at Indian River, stating that there was a report there that Gen. Jesup had captured three or four hundred Indians, men, women and children. The officer writes that the report is very indefinite, therefore he will not vouch for the truth of it. The whole country where Gen. Jesup is operating, is under water, frequently catching the men up to their breasts. Gen. J. is now under Jupiter Inlet.

CANADA.

DETROIT, SATURDAY, FEB. 17

"Intelligence reached here this morning that the Patriots crossed over to Canada shore last evening, with a strong force. They entered the Province below Malden, according to previous arrangements."

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

November 16. tf.

FEMALE SEMINARY.

NEWPORT, CHARLES COUNTY, MARYLAND,

IS situated 11 miles S. E. of Port Tobacco, 35 S. E. of Washington, from which the mail stage passes through Newport twice a week, half a mile from the village, and in a healthy and highly respectable neighbourhood.

MRS. MAXWELL begs leave to inform her friends and the public that her School will open for the reception of Young Ladies on the 12th March. The experience of twenty years as a teacher, in Europe and North America, and her devoted attention to the best interests of her pupils, lead her to hope for a share of patronage. Her system of education has met the approbation of several distinguished characters in the United States.

References—Matthew Carey, Esq., Colonel Thomas McKenny, U. S. Army; Rev. Mr. Reily, Philadelphia; Rev. Alex'r. McCaskey, Bishop of Michigan, Detroit; Rev. John Ogilvie, Principal of New Baltimore Academy; Rev. Thos. B. Balch, Rocksprings; Thos. Hord, Esq., Tenerife; Stephen McCormick, Esq., Auburn, Richard Rixey, Esq., White Plains, Fauquier county, Va.; Robert Weir, Esq., Hartford; Mrs. Martha L. French, Green Level, Prince William county, Va.; Hon. John Taliaferro, King George county, Va.

TERMS—Board and Tuition in English Grammar, Composition, Writing and Arithmetic, Geography with use of Globes, Ancient and Modern History, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, Worsted and other Ornamental Needle Work, per annum, payable quarterly in advance, $120 00
Senior Classes in all the above branches, per annum, 25 00
Junior Classes do do 20 00
Music, per quarter, 15 00
Drawing, do 8 00
Oriental Painting, Mezzotinto, Painting on Velvet and Satin, each do 8 00
Embroidery, Shell, and Wax Works, each do 8 00

N. B. No Young Lady received for less than a session, each session to consist of five months.

March 1, 1838. 3w.

MANAGER WANTED,

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of Commodore Henry E. Ballard, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will find a desirable situation. None other need apply. Application can be made to Mrs. Ballard, at the Farm, or to

TH. FRANKLIN, Annapolis.

December 7, 1837.

WILLIAM BRYAN,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His store is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Inglehart's Hotel.

October 5.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 5th day of March next, for the purpose of ascertaining the expenses of the county, and laying the levy for 1837.

By order,

J. COWMAN, Clk.

January 25 5w

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE subscriber wants the following information:

Some time in the year 1821 or 22, a certain OLIVER POLLOCK, formerly a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, but at the above time a resident of Annapolis, Maryland, left Annapolis for the western country. The said O. Pollock is now dead. Any person that knows of his death, will confer a favour on the subscriber by enclosing him a few lines to Annapolis, Maryland.

N. B. Will the Editors of papers be so good as to insert the above, and by so doing they will confer a great favour on an aged man, with a large family.

WM CATON.

Annapolis, Md. Sept 12th 1837

I know of no pursuit in which more real or important services can be rendered to any country, than by improving its Agriculture.

WASHINGTON.

SUBSCRIPTION
FOR THE
FIFTH VOLUME OF
THE CULTIVATOR,
CONDUCTED BY J. BUEL
Office, No. 3, Washington-street, Albany.

THE CULTIVATOR is a monthly publication of 16 pages, devoted to agriculture, on a sheet of the largest size of paper—28 by 40 inches. The price is ONE DOLLAR per annum, payable in advance. The postage on a volume of the *Cultivator* will not exceed 18¾ cents to any part of the Union, and within the state, and a circle of 100 miles, it will be but 12½ cents. A volume will contain more than 200 pages quarto, will be illustrated with cuts of animals, implements, &c. and be furnished with a copious index. It will comprise as much letter press print as 1500 pages of common duodecimo—as much as the Penny Magazine, published by the British Society for the Promotion of Useful Knowledge, and which, at two dollars per annum, has been reputed to be the cheapest periodical any where published.

The *Cultivator* will continue to treat of the science of agriculture, to furnish instructions for the best models of practice in all the departments of husbandry, in horticulture, and other rural affairs, and to furnish useful lessons for the improvement of the young mind. The Conductor will endeavour to render it a *present help*, and a volume of *useful reference*, to all who have the ambition to distinguish themselves in rural labours and rural improvements—to help themselves and to benefit society.

☞ Subscriptions to the above work received by

A. COWAN, Annapolis.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

HAVING this day associated with me in business Mr. Philip C. Clayton, we will hereafter be conducted under the firm of

PHILIP CLAYTON & SON.

January 1st, 1838.

PHILIP CLAYTON & SON,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Annapolis, and its vicinity, that they will execute with promptness and despatch, any thing in their line of business, viz. *Bricklaying, Plastering, Whitewashing, &c.* in a neat and workmanlike manner, and grateful for past favours, hope by their attention to merit an increased share of public patronage.

February 22.

WOOD FOR SALE.

AT the Wood Yard of the subscriber, near the Windmill, 500 cords of seasoned PINE WOOD may be had, on application to the Miller, or to the subscriber, who will take *Dry Goods, Groceries*, or other useful articles in payment.

Also, about
3000 APPLE TREES of many fine varieties, and good size, may be had at the Nursery of the subscriber, or will be delivered, when 100 or more are taken by persons in the lower parts of the county, at South River Ferry, free of additional charge.

N. BREWER, Jun

February 22.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the District Court for the Seventh Election District of Anne Arundel county, to me directed, at the suit of Richard C. Mason, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of James B. Brewer, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, interest and claim, either at law and in equity, in and to a Horse, and Cart, and Gear, and I hereby give notice, that on MONDAY, the fifth day of March next, at 12 o'clock M. at the Court House door in the city of Annapolis, I shall proceed to sell the aforesaid Horse, Cart and Gear, at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for Cash, to satisfy the aforesaid execution.

JOHN S. SELBY, Sheriff
A. A. County.

February 22.

A VERY SUPERIOR FARM AT AUCTION,

PART of which is adapted for the cultivation of *PEACHES*—within a few miles of Baltimore, on MONDAY MORNING, April 1st, 183 , at 1 o'clock, at the Exchange, where a plat may be seen.

The subscriber will offer that extensive tract, embracing 1150 acres in Anne-Arundel county,—and binding on the Patapsco, nearly three miles—where there are numerous Landings and deep Water, and a part of the same on Rock Creek. It is only 13 miles from Baltimore, and with the present facilities may be said to have the choice of Washington City, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets; about four hundred acres are cleared. Thirty of which are good Meadow land, the remainder is well timbered. There are four tenements upon the Tract, with never failing streams of Water. The soil is well adapted for the growth of Rye, Oats, Corn, Tobacco, &c. and fruits of almost every description.

For the *Cultivation of Peaches*, there are but few if any superior localities in this country. The land is high, and not subject to severe frosts in its neighbourhood, the raising of this species of Fruit has, and is now carried on very advantageously—besides other advantages there are in the land about 20,000 cords of Hickory, Oak, Pine and Chesnut Wood, which from its proximity to the water and steady market renders it valuable. The tract will be sold either together or separate as may suit—and the plat is now at the Auction room. Persons visiting the place, will be shown any part, and can form an essential value.

Terms, one-third cash on the day of sale, one-third in 12, and one-third in 18 months, with interest, to be secured by bonds with approved security.

H W BOOL, Jr Auct.
or to the Proprietor, Charles S. Hammond, Frederick, Md.

February 22.

JACOB BASFORD,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS taken a Shop opposite Swann & Inglehart's Hotel, where he has just received with an elegant assortment of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
which he offers to his friends and the public, and will have them made up in the most fashionable style, at low prices for Cash, or at short dates, to be met when due. He has adopted this method of business, and shall endeavour to pursue this course, and hopes by strict attention and punctuality to give general satisfaction.

☞ TWO or THREE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

BASIL SHEPHERD

Having declined business in favour of Mr. J. Basford, who has removed his Shop directly in front of Messrs. Swann & Inglehart's Hotel, wishes those that are indebted to him either by note, bond or open account, on his old business, or to the firm of Basil Shephard & Co to call at his old stand, opposite Mr. J. Hughes', and settle the same. All who may have claims against the firm, will present them for them.

Any orders that may be sent to me, I will have them attended to.

Fourth Year of Waldie's Library.

BOOKS BY MAIL.

PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere percentage of their former cost; it has outlived more than thirty puerile attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, *without being compelled to depend on places* of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor, himself a reader from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of intellect which may be admitted into every family without hesitation by the most fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, promoting social belles lettres reading and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History, personal memoirs of extraordinary individuals, and curious adventure, &c. &c. An amount equal to fifty London duodecimo volumes is thus annually furnished in weekly numbers, at a cost only equal to one of the London works. The plan thus embraces the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused in every part of the Union as to form no inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an *acquaintance has become really necessary* for those who mix in society.

The Library as now conducted disseminates books to all parts of the country in from five to six weeks after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in this way will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for a *cent and a half a day*, postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be bound at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and uncongenial society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk *or idle listlessness so apt to* employ a large portion of the time of the many.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, The Journal of Belles Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for $5 00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for $20 00, a reduction which pays the postage. *Payment always in advance.*

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

This periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or *both* are furnished to clubs of five for $6 00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chamber's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, combined in such a manner as to enlist the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers not taking the Library, $2 50, postage paid.

*** A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1836 of the Library, and the Port Folio for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for $20 00. For this an amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

Seventh, two doors south of Chesnut street, Philad.

The Museum of Foreign Literature and Science, price $6 00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for $12 00.

Oct. 8.

NEW PAPER.

THE BALTIMORE KALEIDOSCOPE,

And Weekly Express,

RECENTLY commenced, and now published every *Saturday*, by YOUNG & ABRAHAMS, at the South East corner of Market and Gay streets, Baltimore, *L. A. Wilmer*, editor. Price $2 per annum.

This paper will contain a great variety of original and selected matter, news, literary and scientific articles, notices of new books, and animadversions on the most popular topics of the day. The publishers have made such arrangements as enable them to promise with confidence that the *Kaleidoscope* shall not be surpassed by any other similar paper in the Union, not only in point of utility, but in the various qualities which make a newspaper attractive and desirable.

One Dollar, in advance, will be received as payment in full for six months. The terms of advertising are moderate. Letters or communications to the editor or publisher, *if post paid*, will receive prompt attention; and the paper will be forwarded to any part of the country, where it may be ordered.—Subscribers at a *distance* are requested to enclose the amount of their subscription, (at least for six months,) when they order the paper.

Baltimore, Nov. 9, 1837.

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

On the 1st of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good paper, of an extra large royal octavo size, and neatly stitched in a coloured cover, the first number

OF A NEW PERIODICAL WORK,

ENTITLED,

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE,

Edited by WILLIAM R. BURTON, Philadelphia.

To whom all original Communications will be addressed.

THE announcement of a new Periodical in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise but having contemplated an alteration in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, "Every Body's Album," the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor, will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the proprietors.

The contents of the Gentleman's Magazine will, in every respect, be answerable to the meaning of the title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly as eagles soar, above the ken of man; nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground; our pages will not be filled with abstruse predictions, nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in matters "caviare to the million." In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreable book—an epitome of life's adjunctives—a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlour table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents attached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found, from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and didactic—graphic delineations of men and manners—free and spirited translations of the lighter portions of the Literature of continental Europe. A series of original biographical notices of the principal stars in the *Dramatic* hemisphere. The current Literature will be reviewed in full, and liberal extracts made from rare and valuable works. An original copy *right song, not otherwise to* be obtained, will be given, with the music, in every number.

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seventy-two extra sized octavo pages, of two columns each, forming, at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be *THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAPEST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE UNITED STATES.*

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which proposition can remain in force for a few months only. The subscription to the Gentleman's Magazine will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum, payable in advance—but a five dollar bill will produce two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to *Charles Alexander*, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet with the earliest attention.

June 39.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, ST. MICHAELS, AND WYE LANDING.

The Steamboat MARYLAND will leave Baltimore on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at eight o'clock, for the above places from the lower end of Dugan's wharf. Returning the next day, leaving Wye Landing at 8 o'clock for St. Michaels, Annapolis and Baltimore. She will continue this route throughout the season. Passage to Annapolis $1 50, to St. Michaels and Wye Landing $2 50.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

November 9.

CASH FOR

ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES.

Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market. I can at all times be found at Mrs. Hunter's Tavern in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. PURVIS.

Sept. 12.

P. S.—Any communications left with Mr. John Lamb, will be promptly attended to.

I. P.

SEVENTEEN POPULAR NOVELS,

VIZ:

Peter Simple,	Newton Forster,
Jacob Faithful,	Packs of Many Tales,
Pirate and Three Cutters,	Japhet in Search of his Father.
Frank Mildmay,	
King's Own,	

BY CAPTAIN MARRYATT.

Pelham,	Last Days of Pompeii,
The Disowned,	Rienzi,
Devereux,	Falkland,
Paul Clifford,	Pilgrims of the Rhine,
Eugene Aram,	

BY E. L. BULWER.

Will be given as a premium to any person who will send the names of Ten Subscribers, and Twenty Dollars in cash, to the publisher of

The Saturday News and Literary Gazette.

And to every person who will send Five Subscribers, and Ten Dollars in cash, a complete set of either Bulwer or Marryatt, as may be preferred.

The prices of the novels above mentioned, if purchased of the booksellers, would be $21 25; and in Godey's cheap and uniform edition they cost $6 50. They can be had of the publisher, at $3 50 for Bulwer, $3 for Marryatt, complete.

The SATURDAY NEWS contains more reading matter than any other paper published in the United States. It is devoted to general Literature, Criticism, the Drama, Agriculture, Intelligence, News, &c. Many of the best writers of Philadelphia are contributors to its columns; and its selections are made from the whole range of English literature. A correspondence is maintained with the principal cities of the Union, and letters are expected from a gentleman of high talent about to travel in Europe.—The subscription price is $2 per annum, payable in advance, or three copies for $5.

L. A. GODEY & Co.,

The following notices are taken from many of a similar character, made by the leading presses of this city:—

SATURDAY NEWS—The weekly paper with the above title, which we foretold a few weeks since came to light on Saturday last, under the auspices of Messrs. Godey, McMichael & Neal. Such a trio never got together before.—Neal and McMichael beat all for writing, and Godey beats all for publishing; and a capital job they made of their first number, worthy all that was promised. We prophesy for them great success, and to their readers great satisfaction.—*United States Gazette.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS—We have been favoured with a copy of the first number of this new paper. It is creditable to all concerned. The literary matter is far above the ordinary standard and would not discredit the columns of the most popular newspaper of the British metropolis. Sustained in the same spirit, the News will soon win liberal patronage and enviable reputation. An amusing extract will be found in a subsequent column.—*Inquirer and Courier.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.—The first number of a new weekly paper, with the above title, issued in Philadelphia on Saturday last—it is of the largest size of newspapers published in that city, and succeeds the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, formerly issued by Mr. Charles Alexander, which has been by him transferred to Messrs. L. A. Godey, J. C. Neal, and M. McMichael, three gentlemen very favourably known as possessing the requisite qualifications for conducting such a periodical in the most advantageous manner. The first number is a highly satisfactory specimen of what may be expected from the paper, especially as a literary Gazette. The annual subscription is at the very moderate rate of two dollars.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

We have received the first number of the Saturday News, a weekly paper of the largest class, issued by the Messrs. Godey, Neal and McMichael, able and experienced newspaper editors, who will not fail to give a due share of entertainment and interest to their sheet. The Gentleman's Vade Mecum has been transferred to Messrs Godey & Co., and will be continued under the title of the Saturday News, which will contain besides a large amount of interesting intelligence and literary matter, in addition to that heretofore embodied in the Vade Mecum. We intended to publish their prospectus to-day, but have been prevented by want of room.—*Berks and Schuylkill Journal.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—We have received the first number of a new weekly paper, of the above title, edited by Louis A. Godey, conductor of the Lady's Book; Joseph C. Neal, editor of the Pennsylvanian, and Morton McMichael, the late editor of the Saturday Courier. Judging from the first number we should conclude that it will far exceed, for *original* matter, and new selections, any weekly paper in Philadelphia. It is not a *reprint* of any other Gazette, which is too much the case with the mammoth sheets of that city.—*Newcastle Gazette.*

The first number of the Philadelphia Saturday News has been received at this office, and promises to be one of the very best weekly papers in the Union. The number before us is very creditable to the enterprising publisher and editors, its contents being various, entertaining and instructive. Those who wish a good family paper from the city, cannot do better than to subscribe for the Saturday News. It is published by L. A. Godey, and edited by Morton McMichael, and Joseph C. Neal, Esqrs.—*Darby Republican.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—The new Journal advertised in our paper under the above title, made its appearance last week, and is, very unequivocally on the "go ahead" system.—There is no doubt, but that the publisher, our friend Godey, whose Lady's Book we have in times past laboured to make our *fair* readers *fairly* in love with, will gain troops of friends in his new enterprise, and line his pockets to some purpose with the "needful." Very well. We are glad of it. The sketch under our police head is by Mr. Neal, and is in his inimitable style. We hope to be able to treat our friends *often* to such exquisite touches of sly and quiet humour.—*Saturday Courier.*

Sept. 1.

A BY-LAW,

Entitled, A Supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise Street in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed 11th December, 1837.]

SECTION 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That three Commissioners be appointed by the Mayor for the purpose of ascertaining, by competent evidence, and in the usual way, what damages will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street, and that they shall report to this Board what damage will accrue to each of the said owners by opening the same.

Sec. 2. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That in making the said assessment and valuation, the said Commissioners shall take into consideration the benefits which will in their judgment, result to said owners by opening the aforesaid street, and that said benefits shall be deducted from the damages which the commissioners may be of opinion the aforesaid owners would otherwise be entitled to.

Sec. 3. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That after the said commissioners shall have made their report to this Board in manner aforesaid, it will be for this Board to decide whether the said street shall be opened, any thing in the by-law, to which this is a supplement, to the contrary notwithstanding.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

MAMMOTH SHEET.

OFFICE OF THE SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.

Philadelphia, November 26, 1836.

THE very liberal patronage bestowed on the SATURDAY NEWS, since its commencement in July last, and a desire to meet that patronage by corresponding exertions, have induced us this week to publish a *Double Number*—being the largest sheet ever printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States. To those of our friends who are practical printers, it need not be mentioned that this undertaking has involved serious mechanical difficulties. The largest—or one of the largest presses in Philadelphia is used for our ordinary impression—but this would accommodate only a single page of the mammoth sheet, and we were obliged, therefore, to work four forms at different periods. The care used in preparing the paper—in removing and folding the sheets, &c., can only be estimated by those who have been the experiment made; and, added to the necessarily increased amount of composition, press work, &c., these supplementary expenses have made an aggregate cost, which would have deterred many from engaging in the enterprize. A gain of two thousand new subscribers will not repay the actual cost of this single number.

We flatter ourselves that, besides its extraordinary size, this number presents attractions that entitle it to some attention.—It contains the whole of *Friendship's Offering* for 1837, the London copy of which costs $4, and has 594 closely printed pages of letter press. Distinguished as the present age, and particularly our own country, has been for cheap reprints, we believe this surpasses any former instance. For *four cents* subscribers to the *Saturday News* receive, in addition to their ordinary supply of miscellaneous matter, an English annual, the largest yet received for the coming season; and they receive it, moreover, in a form that, from its novelty, gives it additional value.

Of the general character of the *Saturday News* we need not speak. That has now become so well known as to require no comment. We may take occasion to say, however, that in enterprize and resources we yield to no other publishers in this city or elsewhere, and we are determined that our paper shall not be surpassed. We have entered the field prepared for zealous competition, and we stand ready in every way to realize our promise, that no similar publication shall excel that which we issue. Our articles, both original and selected, we are not ashamed to test by any comparison which can be adopted; and there is no periodical in the United States, monthly or weekly, which might not be proud of many of our contributors.

The issuing of this number may be regarded as an evidence of our intention and ability to merit success. Nor will it be the only effort—From time to time, as opportunity offers, we proprose to adopt extraordinary means for the interest and gratification of our subscribers.

L. A. GODEY, & Co.

THE SALMAGUNDI,

AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

EMBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE OF

COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A NEW PERIODICAL, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836. While it will furnish its patrons with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal object will be to serve up a humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Literature, and which, for the want of a proper channel for their preservation, are positively lost to the Reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desires it—(those out of the city, will forward their orders, postage paid)—☞ and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentleman's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that MORE THAN

500 ENGRAVINGS

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humour and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superior and attractive order; and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to bear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The Terms of THE SALMAGUNDI will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to. ☞Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

☞THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alternate weeks—otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous Embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford must be enhanced by this arrangement.

☞Address, CHARLES ALEXANDER, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

A NEW AND CHEAP PERIODICAL.

Attention is requested from our readers to the following prospectus of a new, and even a cheaper book periodical, which will be issued from this office in the first week of next January. It will not be in so convenient a form for binding as the present, with which it will in no way interfere, but it will make *books cheap beyond all precedent.* It will contain the works of the day, which are much sought after, but are *comparatively* dear, and which cannot penetrate the interior in any mode half so rapidly as by mail, in which *volumes* of books are prohibited. A fifty cent American reprint will be furnished entire for from *four to six cents*; a Marryat novel for twelve cents, and others in proportion.

As but very few copies will be printed but what are actually subscribed for, those who wish the Omnibus, must make their remittances at once.

Books at Newspaper Postage.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS.

NOVEL AND IMPORTANT LITERARY ENTERPRISE!!

NOVELS, TALES, BIOGRAPHY, VOYAGES, TRAVELS, REVIEWS, AND THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

IT was one of the great objects of "Waldie's Literary," "to make good reading cheaper, and to bring literature to every man's door." That object has been accomplished; we have given to books wings, and they have flown to the uttermost parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the secluded, occupation to the literary, information to all. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto library a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose to give a volume in the same period *for less than four cents a week*, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matters, and a summary of the news and events of the day. We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of reduction, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favourite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same. But we shall, in the first week of January 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on very superior paper, also *filled with books* of the newest and most entertaining, though in their several departments of Novels, Tales, Voyages, Travels, &c., select in their character, joined with reading such as usually *should* fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enliven and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, at an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would alarm the pockets of the prudent, and to do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall acknowledge "the power of concentration can no farther go." *No book which appears in Waldie's Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus*, which will be an *entirely distinct* periodical.

TERMS.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain,

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The price will be two dollars to clubs of five subscribers where the paper is forwarded *to one address.* To clubs of two individuals, five dollars; single mail subscribers, three dollars. The discount on uncurrent money will be charged to the remitter; the low price and superior paper absolutely prohibit paying a discount.

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As the arrangements for the prosecution of this great literary undertaking are all made, and the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a generous public for many years, no fear of the non fulfilment of the contract can be felt. The Omnibus will be regularly issued, and will contain in a year reading matter equal in amount to two volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above.

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☞Editors throughout the Union, and Canada, will confer a favour by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for a year as compensation.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, leaves Baltimore, every TUESDAY & FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock for the above places, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf, and returns on Wednesday and Saturday.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCIII. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, MARCH 8, 1838. NO. 10.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

November 18. tf.

WILLIAM BRYAN,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel.

A MANAGER WANTED,

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of Commodore Henry E. Ballard, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will find a desirable situation. None other need apply. Application can be made to Mrs. Ballard, at the Farm, or to

TH. FRANKLIN, Annapolis.

IN CHANCERY,
6th February, 1838.

Carter Crittenden
vs.
George K. Hooper, William Van Dalsem, and William A. McKim.

THE object of the bill filed in this cause is to obtain a decree for the appointment of a trustee in the place and stead of the defendant, George K. Hooper, and that such trustee bring into this court the monies claimed under the deed of trust hereinafter mentioned, to the end that whereunto the complainant may be satisfied the amounts and interest of the promissory notes hereafter mentioned, and the costs of this suit.

The bill states, that the said William A. McKim heretofore made to the said William Van Dalsem, and delivered to him his said McKim's three promissory notes, copies of which are exhibited with the said bill, and which said notes are now held by complainant, having been duly passed to him for full and valuable consideration; and remaining unpaid, although the payment of each, as it became due, was demanded according to the terms of such note—That the said William A. McKim heretofore by deed conveyed to the said George K. Hooper, all his said McKim's interest and share and proportion, in and of the estate, real and personal, of his deceased uncle, Samuel McKim, late of Baltimore, in trust, in the first place to secure payment of the promissory note of which the aforesaid Exhibit marked A is a copy, and afterwards of all liabilities, debts and claims, due and owing by said McKim for, or on which said Van Dalsem was liable and responsible—That said William A. McKim, for said interest, share or proportion of his uncle's said estate, is entitled to a large sum of money, which complainant insists and claims should be applied to pay the said three promissory notes, as being provided for by said deed of trust, and they being, as complainant avers, the note in the first place provided for as aforesaid, and all the debts, liabilities and claims, due and owing by said William A. McKim, in said deed of trust mentioned.—That said George K. Hooper, (as is also the fact in relation to said McKim and Van Dalsem,) resides out of the state of Maryland, and complainant, being desirous to obtain payment of his said demands on said promissory notes from the avails of said trust, is in consequence of said George K. Hooper not residing in Maryland, and not acting as trustee, as he might if a resident aforesaid, and not having acted as such at all but omitting altogether so to act, delayed in receiving payment as aforesaid, and cannot have his rights in the premises duly and promptly ascertained and adjusted in an effective and binding manner.

It is thereupon Ordered, That the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 10th day of March next, give notice to the said non-resident defendants, George K. Hooper, William Van Dalsem, and William A. McKim, of the substance and object of the bill, that they may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by a solicitor, on or before the 6th day of July next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree should not be passed as prayed.

True copy—Test,

HANSON WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Cur.

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE subscriber wants the following information:

Some time in the year 1821 or 22, a certain OLIVER POLLOCK, formerly a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, but at the above time a resident of Annapolis, Maryland, left Annapolis for the western country. The said O. Pollock is now dead. Any person that knows of his death, will confer a favour on the subscriber by enclosing him a few lines to Annapolis, Maryland.

N. B. Will the Editors of papers be so good as to insert the above, and by so doing they will confer a great favour on an aged man, with a large family.

WM. CATON.

Annapolis, Md. Sept. 12th, 1837.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Sct.

ON application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
A. A. County Court.

December 29. 3m.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of William Murdock, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said William Murdock having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said William Murdock having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Robert Welch of Ben. his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said William Murdock a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, it is therefore hereby ordered and adjudged, that the said William Murdock be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months before the third Monday of April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William Murdock should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this 24th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.

January 4. 3m.

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this Office,

JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS
Of the House of Delegates of the State of Maryland,
DECEMBER SESSION, 1837.

WEDNESDAY, February 28th.

The speaker announced the following message having been received from the senate on yesterday, viz—

The bill, to allow Thomas Perry, former sheriff of Charles county, further time to complete his collections.

Also, the bill, for the relief of Basil D. Hall, of Anne Arundel county.

And, the bill, to authorise Philemon Warfield, of Anne Arundel county, further time to complete his collections.

Severally endorsed, "will pass," and the bills severally ordered to be engrossed.

And delivered a bill, originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, a supplement to an act, to incorporate the Trustees of Prince Frederick town Academy, in Calvert county.

Mr. Giles, presented a petition of Frederika Meyer, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband, George Meyer.

Also, a petition of Margaret M. Dickehut, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband, Henry F. Dickehut.

Mr. Giles, also a memorial of George Stonebraker, Moir and Hopkins, and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying for an act to incorporate the Lombard Hotel company.

Mr. Carter, a petition of William Orrall, Joshua Clark, and Edward B. Hardcastle, of Caroline county, praying to be discharged from the payment of certain interest therein mentioned.

Mr. Wilmer, a petition of John Tilghman and others, trustees of the poor for Queen Anne's county, praying for the repeal of certain laws therein mentioned.

And, Mr. Hopewell, a petition of Peregrine Hayden, of St. Mary's county, praying further compensation for the condemnation of a part of his land, as a public road.

On motion of Mr. Parran, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by Mr. Kent, entitled, an act for the encouragement of Primary schools in Calvert county.

The said bill was then read the second time, passed and sent to the senate.

Mr. McDaniel, from the committee on corporations, made a favourable report upon the bill from the senate, entitled, a supplement to an act, to incorporate the Trustees of Prince Frederick town Academy in Calvert county.

The said bill was then read the first and by a special order the second time, passed and returned to the senate.

The house then resumed the consideration of the unfinished order of yesterday, being the report submitted by Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, on the 8th inst in relation to the subscription of the State to certain internal improvement companies;

On motion of Mr. Risteau,

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house upon said report, (Mr Maulsby being in the chair,) and after some time spent in committee, the speaker resumed the chair, and the chairman reported that the said committee had, in obedience to order, had said report again under consideration, and having made some progress therein, had directed him to ask leave to sit again; which leave was granted by the house.

The house adjourned until 4 o'clock, P. M.

FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.

The house met.

Mr. Simmons, chairman of the committee on engrossed bills, delivered the following report:

The committee on engrossed bills beg leave to Report,

That they have carefully examined and compared the engrossed bills of the house of delegates, from number one to number seventy-three inclusive and also the engrossed bills of the senate from number seventy-four to ninety-three inclusive, with the originals thereof, as heretofore passed by both houses of the Legislature of Maryland since the commencement of the present session, and that they have found the same to be truly engrossed.

All which is respectfully submitted.

CEPHAS SIMMONS, Chairman.

The house adjourned until tomorrow morning ten o'clock.

THURSDAY, March 1st.

Mr. Maulsby presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying that mileage may be allowed to the county commissioners of said county.

Mr. Maulsby also, a petition of Thomas S. Bond, praying the repeal of the act of 1829, ch. 27, and that he may be compensated for the services therein mentioned.

Mr. Wilmer, several petitions, signed by two hundred and sixty-eight citizens of Washington county, praying an act to amend the constitution and form of government, so far as to establish a new county, out of parts of Washington and Frederick counties, to be called Lee county.

Mr. Orrick, a petition of Dr. Silas Larsh, of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from his wife Emma Larsh.

Mr. Kent, a petition of sundry citizens of Calvert county, praying an alteration in the license laws.

And, Mr. Bowie, a petition of William Crown praying he may be placed on the pension roll of the county.

On motion of Mr. Causin,

Ordered, that the committee on grievances and courts of justice enquire into the expediency of remodelling the judicial system of this State.

On motion of Mr. Giles, the house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, being the bill reported by Mr. Ford, entitled, a supplement to the act to fix and make permanent the salaries of certain officers of the civil government.

The question before the house being upon the motion to fill the blank in said bill

Mr. William's motion being to fill the blank with "thirty-five hundred," and Mr. Bowie's to fill the blank with "five thousand."

Mr. Simmons moved to refer said bill and amendments to the consideration of the next General Assembly.

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred and was put, on filling the blank with "five thousand" (being the largest sum,) and

Determined in the negative.

Mr. White moved to fill the blank in said bill with "thirty-six hundred."

Mr. Beam moved to fill the blank with "forty five hundred."

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Townsend moved to fill the blank in said bill with "four thousand two hundred."

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Causin moved further to amend said bill by inserting after the word "dollars," in the fifth line thereof, the following—"and that the present Governor shall receive for the current year the salary of three thousand nine hundred and sixteen dollars."

Which was read.

Mr. Simmons moved to amend said amendment by striking out "$3,916," and inserting in lieu thereof "$4,200."

The question then recurred upon the motion of Mr. Simmons, to amend the amendment as offered by Mr. Causin, by striking out "$3916," and inserting in lieu thereof "$4200."

Mr. Causin called for a division of the question, which was put on striking out—and

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred and was put, on the amendment as offered by Mr. Causin—and

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Williams, said bill was amended by inserting after the words "two thousand dollars," in the fifth line thereof, the following—"to be in full for all services that the law does now or may hereafter require said officer to perform."

On motion of Mr. White, said bill was further amended by inserting after and at the end of the amendment just adopted, the following, "and they are hereby required to reside at the seat of government."

Mr. Kerr moved further to amend said bill, by inserting after the word "government," the following—"the chief clerk of the senate five hundred dollars in addition to his per diem."

Determined in the negative.

The said bill was then read the second time as amended, and passed.

On motion of Mr. Giles,

The house resumed the consideration of the unfinished order of yesterday, being the report submitted by Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, on the 8th inst., in relation to the subscription of the State to certain internal improvement companies.

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house upon said report, (Mr. Maulsby, being in the chair,) and after some time spent in committee, the speaker resumed the chair, and the chairman reported that the said committee had, in obedience to order, had said report again under consideration, and having made some progress therein, had directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Which leave was granted by the house.

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

FRIDAY, March 2d.

Mr. Biser presented a preamble and resolutions adopted by a large and respectable meeting of the citizens residing in Middletown valley, on the 22d February last, requesting their senator and delegates to vote against the formation of a new county to be called "Lee county."

Mr. Biser also presented a petition signed by one hundred and twenty citizens of Frederick county, praying an act to amend the constitution and form of government, so far as to establish a new county out of parts of Frederick and Washington counties, called "Lee county;"

And Mr. Cramer presented a petition signed by ninety-six citizens of Frederick county, praying an act to amend the constitution and form of government, so far as to establish a new county out of parts of Frederick and Washington counties, to be called "Lee county."

Mr. McDaniel, a petition of Henry Thompson, of the city of Annapolis, praying to be allowed permission to sell a servant girl, whom he holds for a term of years, out of the state of Maryland.

On motion of Mr. Causin, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, from the committee on grievances and courts of justice, entitled, a supplement to the act, entitled, an act to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries and others.

The said bill was then read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

On motion of Mr. Iglehart,

The house took up for consideration the bill, entitled, an act to provide for rebuilding a certain bridge therein mentioned;

The said bill was then read the second time and passed.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill to authorise William Penn to bring into this state a negro slave for life, endorsed, "will pass," and ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the supplement to the act limiting the time for the collection of fees of attorneys, solicitors, clerks, registers, sheriffs, and other officers of this state, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments;"

Which amendments were severally read;

Also, the bill to authorise and require the clerk of Worcester county court to record a deed therein mentioned, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments;"

Which amendment was read, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

And delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, an act to authorise James M. Selden, of Baltimore county, to bring into this state the several slaves therein mentioned;

Also, a bill, entitled, an act to incorporate the Maryland and New York Iron and Coal Company.

On motion of Mr. Maulsby,

The house took up for consideration the report made by Mr. Alexander, from the majority of the committee on ways and means on the 10th February, upon the negotiation of a loan for the promotion of internal improvement; and also the report on the same subject made by Mr. Hillen, from the minority of that committee, on the 17th of February.

On motion of Mr. Maulsby,

Said reports were referred to the committee of the whole house.

On motion of Mr. Giles,

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house upon the unfinished order of yesterday, being the report submitted by Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, on the 8th ultimo, in relation to the subscription of the State to certain internal improvement companies; also, the report from the majority of said committee on the 10th ultimo, and the report from the minority of that committee on the 17th ultimo, upon the negotiation of a loan for the promotion of internal improvement, Mr. Maulsby being in the chair, and after some time spent in committee, the speaker resumed the chair, and the chairman reported that the said committee had, in obedience to order, had said reports under consideration, and had directed him to report the following resolutions for the consideration of the house.

Resolutions reported by the committee of the whole house.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the act for the promotion of internal improvements, passed in June 1836, chap. 395, provides that, upon the performance of certain conditions by the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, "the treasurer of the western shore" "shall subscribe to the capital stock of each of said companies, the sum of three millions of dollars," and pay for the same in the manner and upon the terms prescribed in said act.

Resolved, That the said conditions having been complied with, and the treasurer having subscribed to the stock of each of those companies the sum of three millions of dollars, as required by said act, the said subscriptions are now binding upon the State, if the same necessary for the payment of the same can be obtained upon the terms and conditions therein mentioned.

Resolved, That according to those terms, certificates of stock or bonds of the State to the amount of eight millions of dollars, were to be sold by commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, at a premium of twenty per cent. and the money arising from the sale thereof to be paid into the treasury, and applied to the use of the different companies mentioned in said act, in the proportions and upon the conditions therein specified.

That the commissioners appointed to sell said bonds, entered into contracts with the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, on the 31st day of March last, for the sale of a part of said bonds, amounting to three millions of dollars to each of said companies, which contracts have been so made as to leave it doubtful in what manner the money arising from said sale is to be applied, and whether in making such contracts with the said parties, the commissioners have complied with the intention and meaning of the said act of Assembly.

Resolved, That if the said contracts were set aside it would still be incumbent upon the State to renew and continue the attempt to dis-

Fourth Year of Waldie's Library.
BOOKS BY MAIL!
PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere per centage of their former cost; it has outlived more than thirty puerile attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to depend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor, himself a reader from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of intellect which may be admitted into every family without hesitation by the most fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, promoting social belles lettres reading and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History, personal memoirs of extraordinary individuals, and curious adventure, &c. &c. An amount equal to fifty London duodecimo volumes is thus annually furnished in weekly numbers, at a cost only equal to one of the London works. The plan thus embraces the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused in every part of the Union as to form no inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become really necessary for those who mix in society.

The Library as now conducted disseminates books to all parts of the country in from five to six weeks after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in this way will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for a *cent and a half a day*, postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be bound at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and uncongenial society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the many.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, The Journal of Belles Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for $5 00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for $20 00, a reduction which pays the postage. *Payment always in advance.*

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

THIS periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or *both* are furnished to clubs of five for $6 00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chamber's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, combined in such a manner as to enlist the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers not taking the Library, $2 50, postage paid.

*** A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1836 of the Library, and the Port Folio for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for $20 00 For this an amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance

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Seventh, two doors south of Chesnut street, Philad.

The Museum of Foreign Literature and Science, price $6 00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for $12 00.

Oct. 8.

NEW PAPER.
THE
BALTIMORE KALEIDOSCOPE,
And Weekly Express,

RECENTLY commenced, and now published every *Saturday*, by YOUNG & ABRAHAMS, at the South East corner of Market and Gay streets, Baltimore, *L. A. Wilmer, editor. Price $2 per annum.*

This paper will contain a great variety of original and selected matter, news, literary and scientific articles, notices of new books, and animadversions on the most popular topics of the day. The publishers have made such arrangements as enable them to promise with confidence that the *Kaleidoscope* shall not be surpassed by any other similar paper in the Union, not only in point of utility, but in the various qualities which make a newspaper attractive and desirable.

One Dollar, in advance, will be received as payment in full for six months. The terms of advertising are moderate. Letters or communications to the editor or publisher, *if post paid*, will receive prompt attention; and the paper will be forwarded to any part of the country, where it may be ordered.—Subscribers at a *distance* are requested to enclose the amount of their subscription, (at least for six months,) when they order the paper.

Baltimore, Nov. 9, 1837.

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

On the 1st of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good paper, of an extra large royal octavo size, and neatly stitched in a coloured cover, the first number

OF A NEW PERIODICAL WORK,
ENTITLED,
THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE,
Edited by WILLIAM E. BURTON, Philadelphia.
To whom all original Communications will be addressed.

THE announcement of a new Periodical in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise but having contemplated an alteration in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, "Every Body's Album," the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, set conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor, will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the proprietors.

The contents of the Gentleman's Magazine will, in every respect, be unexceptionable to the morals of the ladies. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly at such game as "unveil the heart of man," nor shall we be satisfied with merely skimming the surface of the ground, our pages will not be filled with abstruse predictions, nor will we display the ordinancy of our critical [illegible] in matters inferior to the million." In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentleman's readable book—an epitome of life's amusements—a literary exchange possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient zest to command a place upon the parlour table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents attached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found, from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and didactic—graphic delineations of men and manners—free and spirited translations of the lighter portions of the Literature of continental Europe. A series of original biographical notices of the principal stars in the Dramatic hemisphere. The current Literature will be reviewed in full, and liberal extracts made from rare and valuable works. An original copy right song, not otherwise to be obtained, will be given, with the music, in every number.

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seventy-two extra sized octavo pages, of two columns each, forming, at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be *THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAPEST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE UNITED STATES.*

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which *proposition can remain in force for a few months only.* The subscription to the Gentleman's Magazine will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum, *payable in advance*—but a *five dollar bill will produce* two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to *Charles Alexander*, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet with the earliest attention.

June 39.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, ST. MICHAELS, AND WYE LANDING.

The Steamboat MARYLAND will leave Baltimore on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at eight o'clock, for the above places from the lower end of Dugan's wharf. Returning the next day, leaving Wye Landing at 8 o'clock for St. Michaels, Annapolis and Baltimore. She will continue this route throughout the season. Passage to Annapolis $1 50, to St. Michaels and Wye Landing $2 50.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.
LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

November 9.

CASH FOR
ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,
Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market. I can at all times be found at Mrs. Hunter's Tavern in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. PURVIS.

Sept. 12. R

P. S.—Any communications left with Mr. John Lamb, will be promptly attended to.
I. P.

SEVENTEEN POPULAR NOVELS,
VIZ:

Peter Simple,	Newton Forster,
Jacob Faithful,	Pacha of Many Tales,
Pirate and Three Cutters,	Japhet in Search of his Father.
Frank Mildmay,	
King's Own,	

BY CAPTAIN MARRYATT,

Pelham,	Last Days of Pompeii,
The Disowned,	Rienzi,
Devereux,	Falkland,
Paul Clifford,	Pilgrims of the Rhine,
Eugene Aram,	

BY E. L. BULWER,

Will be given as a premium to any person who will send the names of Ten Subscribers, and Twenty Dollars in cash, to the publisher of

The Saturday News and Literary Gazette.

And to every person who will send Five Subscribers, and Ten Dollars in cash, a complete set of either Bulwer or Marryatt, as may be preferred.

The prices of the novels above mentioned, if purchased of the booksellers, would be $21 25; and in Godey's cheap and uniform edition they cost $6 50. They can be had of the publisher, at $3 50 for Bulwer, $3 for Marryatt, complete.

The SATURDAY NEWS contains more reading matter than any other paper published in the United States. It is devoted to general Literature, Criticism, the Drama, Agriculture, Intelligence, News, &c. Many of the best writers of Philadelphia are contributors to its columns; and its selections are made from the whole range of English literature. A correspondence is maintained with the principal cities of the Union, and letters are expected from a gentleman of high talent about to travel in Europe.—The subscription price is $2 per annum, payable in advance, or three copies for $5.

L. A. GODEY & Co.,

The following notices are taken from many of a similar character, made by the leading presses of this city:—

SATURDAY NEWS—The weekly paper with the above title, which we foretold a few weeks since came to light on Saturday last, under the auspices of Messrs. Godey, McMichael & Neal. Such a trio never got together before.—Neal and McMichael beat all for writing, and Godey beats all for publishing; and a capital job they made of their first number, worthy all that was promised. We prophesy for them great success, and for their readers great satisfaction.—*United States Gazette.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS—We have been favoured with a copy of the first number of this new paper. It is creditable to all concerned. The literary matter is far above the ordinary standard and would not discredit the columns of the most popular newspaper of the British metropolis. Sustained in the same spirit, the News will soon win liberal patronage and enviable reputation. An amusing extract will be found in a subsequent column.—*Inquirer and Courier.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.—The first number of a new weekly paper, with the above title, issued in Philadelphia on Saturday last—it is of the largest size of newspapers published in that city, and succeeds the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, formerly issued by Mr. Charles Alexander, which has been by him transferred to Messrs. L. A. Godey, J. C. Neal, and M. McMichael, three gentlemen very favourably known as possessing the requisite qualifications for conducting such a periodical in the most advantageous manner. *The first number is a highly satisfactory specimen of what may be expected from the paper, especially as a literary Gazette. The annual subscription is at the very moderate rate of two dollars.*—*Baltimore Gazette.*

We have received the first number of the Saturday News, a weekly paper of the largest class, issued by the Messrs. Godey, Neal and McMichael, able and experienced newspaper editors, who will not fail to give a *due share of entertainment and interest to their sheet.* The Gentleman's Vade Mecum has been transferred to Messrs Godey & Co., and will be continued under the title of the Saturday News, which will contain besides a large amount of interesting intelligence and literary matter, in addition to that heretofore embodied in the Vade Mecum. We intended to publish their prospectus to-day, but have been prevented by want of room.—*Berks and Schuylkill Journal.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—We have received the first number of a new weekly paper, of the above title, edited by Louis A. Godey, conductor of the Lady's Book; Joseph C. Neal, editor of the Pennsylvanian, and Morton McMichael, the late editor of the Saturday Courier. Judging from the first number we should conclude that it will far exceed, *for original matter, and new selections*, any weekly paper in Philadelphia. It is not a *reprint* of any other Gazette, which is too much the case with the mammoth sheets of that city.—*Newcastle Gazette.*

The first number of the Philadelphia Saturday News has been received at this office, and promises to be one of the very best weekly papers in the Union. The number before us is very creditable to the enterprising publisher and editors, its contents being various, entertaining and instructive. Those who wish a good family paper from the city, cannot do better than to subscribe for the Saturday News. It is published by L. A. Godey, and edited by Morton McMichael, and Joseph C. Neal, Esqrs.—*Darby Republican.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—The new Journal advertised in our paper under the above title, made its appearance last week, and is, very unequivocally on the "go ahead" system.—There is no doubt, but that the publisher, our friend Godey, whose Lady's Book we have in times past laboured to make our *fair* readers *fairly* in love with, will gain troops of friends in his new enterprise, and line his pockets to *some purpose with the "needful."* Very well. We are glad of it. The sketch under our police head is by Mr. Neal, and is in his inimitable style. *We hope to be able to treat our friends often to such exquisite touches of sly and quiet humour.*—*Saturday Courier.*

Sept. 1.

A BY-LAW,

Entitled, A Supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise Street in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed 11th December, 1837.]

SECTION 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That three Commissioners be appointed by the Mayor for the purpose of ascertaining, by competent evidence, and in the usual way, what damages will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street, and that they shall report to this Board what damage will accrue to each of the said owners by opening the same.

Sec. 2. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That in making the said assessment and valuation, the said Commissioners shall take into consideration the benefits which will in their judgment, result to said owners by opening the aforesaid street, and that said benefits shall be deducted from the damages which the commissioners may be of opinion the aforesaid owners would otherwise be entitled to.

Sec. 3. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That after the said commissioners shall have made their report to this Board in manner aforesaid, it will be for this Board to decide whether the said street shall be opened, any thing in the by-law, to which this is a supplement, to the contrary notwithstanding.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

MAMMOTH SHEET.

OFFICE OF THE SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.
Philadelphia, November 26, 1836.

THE very liberal patronage bestowed on the SATURDAY NEWS, since its commencement in July last, and a desire to meet that patronage by corresponding exertions, have induced us this week to publish a *Double Number*—being the largest sheet ever printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States. To those of our friends who are practical printers, it need not be mentioned that this undertaking has involved serious mechanical difficulties. The largest—or one of the largest presses in Philadelphia is used for our ordinary impression—but this would accommodate only a single page of the mammoth sheet, and we were obliged, therefore, to work four forms at different periods. The care used in preparing the paper—in removing and folding the sheets, &c., can only be estimated by those who have seen the experiment made; and added to the necessarily increased amount of composition, press work, &c., these supplementary expenses have made an aggregate cost, which would have deterred many from engaging in the enterprize. A gain of two thousand new subscribers will not repay the actual cost of this single number.

We flatter ourselves that, besides its extraordinary size, this number presents attractions that entitle it to some attention.—It contains the whole of *Friendship's Offering* for 1837, the London copy of which costs $4, and has 384 closely printed pages of letter press. Distinguished as the present age, and particularly our own country, has been for cheap reprints, we believe this surpasses any former instance. For *four cents* subscribers to the *Saturday News* receive, in addition to their ordinary supply of miscellaneous matter, an English annual, the largest yet received for the coming season; and they receive it, moreover, in a form that, from its novelty, gives it additional value.

Of the general character of the *Saturday News* we need not speak. That has now become so well known as to require no comment. We may take occasion to say, however, that in enterprize and resources we yield to no other publishers in this city or elsewhere, and we are determined that our paper shall not be surpassed. We have entered the field prepared for zealous competition, and we stand ready in every way to realize our promise, that no similar publication shall excel that which we issue. Our articles, both original and selected, we are not ashamed to test by any comparison which can be adopted; and there is no periodical in the United States, monthly or weekly, which might not be proud of many of our contributors.

The issuing of this number may be regarded as an evidence of our intention and ability to merit success. Nor will it be the only effort—From time to time, as opportunity offers, we proprose to adopt extraordinary means for the interest and gratification of our subscribers.

L. A. GODEY, & Co.

THE SALMAGUNDI,
AND NEWS OF THE DAY.
EMBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE OF
COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A NEW PERIODICAL, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836. While it will furnish its patrons with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal object will be to serve up a *humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Literature*, and which, for the want of a proper channel for their preservation, are positively lost to the Reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desires it—(those out of the city, will forward their orders, postage paid)—☞ and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentleman's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that MORE THAN

500 ENGRAVINGS

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humour and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superior and attractive order; and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to bear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The Terms of THE SALMAGUNDI will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to. ☞Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

☞THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alternate weeks—otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous Embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford must be enhanced by this arrangement.

☞Address, CHARLES ALEXANDER, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

A NEW AND CHEAP PERIODICAL.

Attention is requested from our readers to the following prospectus of a new, and even a cheaper book periodical, which will be issued from this office in the first week of next January. It will not be in so convenient a form for binding as the present, with which it will in no way interfere, but it will make *books cheap beyond all precedent.* It will contain the works of the day, which are much sought after, but are *comparatively* dear, and which cannot penetrate the interior in any mode half so rapidly as by mail, in which *volumes of books are prohibited.* A fifty cent American reprint will be furnished entire for from *four* to *six cents*; a Marryat novel for twelve cents, and others in proportion.

As but very few copies will be printed but what are actually subscribed for, those who wish the Omnibus, must make their remittances at once.

Books at Newspaper Postage.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS.

NOVEL AND IMPORTANT LITERARY ENTERPRISE!!

NOVELS, TALES, BIOGRAPHY, VOYAGES, TRAVELS, REVIEWS, AND THE NEWS OF THE DAY

IT was one of the great objects of "Waldie's Literary," "to make good reading cheaper, and to bring literature to every man's door." That object has been accomplished; we have given to books wings, and they have flown to the uttermost parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the secluded, occupation to the literary, information to all. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto library a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose to give a volume in the same period for less than *four cents a week*, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matters, and a summary of the news and events of the day. We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of reduction, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favourite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same. But we shall, in the first week of January 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on very superior paper, also *filled with books* of the newest and most entertaining, though in their several departments of Novels, Tales, Voyages, Travels, &c., select in their character, joined with reading such as usually *should* fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enliven and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, at an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would alarm the pockets of the prudent, and to do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall acknowledge "the power of concentration can no farther go." *No book which appears in Waldie's Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus*, which will be an *entirely distinct* periodical.

TERMS.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain,

1st. Books, the newest and the best that can be procured, equal every week to a London duodecimo volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., *and only chargeable with newspaper postage.*

2d. Literary Reviews, Tales, Sketches, notices of books, and information from "the world of letters," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a small compass, but in a *sufficient amount* to embrace a knowledge of the principal events, political and miscellaneous, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five subscribers where the paper is forwarded *to one address.* To clubs of two individuals, five dollars; single mail subscribers, three dollars. The discount on uncurrent money will be charged to the remitter; the low price and superior paper absolutely prohibit paying a discount.

On no condition will a copy ever be sent until the payment is received in advance

As the arrangements for the prosecution of this great literary undertaking are all made, and the *proprietor has redeemed all his* pledges to a generous public for many years, no fear of the non fulfilment of the contract can be felt. The Omnibus will be regularly issued, and will contain in a year reading matter equal *in amount* to two volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above.

Address, post paid,
ADAM WALDIE,
46 Carpenter St. Philadelphia.

☞Editors throughout the Union, and Canada, will confer a favour by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for a year as compensation.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, leaves Baltimore, every TUESDAY & FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock for the above places, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf, and returns on Wednesday and Saturday.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.
LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCIII. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, MARCH 8, 1838. NO. 10.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

November 18. tf.

WILLIAM BRYAN,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Inglehart's Hotel.

A MANAGER WANTED,

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of Commodore Henry E. Ballard, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will find a desirable situation. None other need apply. Application can be made to Mrs. Ballard, at the Farm, or to

TH. FRANKLIN, Annapolis

IN CHANCERY,
6th February, 1838.

Carter Crittenden
vs.
George K. Hooper, William Van Dalsem, and William A. McKim.

THE object of the bill filed in this cause is to obtain a decree for the appointment of a trustee in the place and stead of the defendant, George K. Hooper, and that such trustee bring into this court the monies claimed under the deed of trust hereinafter mentioned, to the end that thereunto the complainant may be satisfied the amounts and interest of the promissory notes hereafter mentioned, and the costs of this suit.

The bill states, that the said William A. McKim heretofore made to the said William Van Dalsem, and delivered to him his said McKim's three promissory notes, copies of which are exhibited with the said bill, and which said notes are now held by complainant, having been duly passed to him for full and valuable consideration; and remaining unpaid, although the payment of each, as it became due, was demanded according to the terms of such note—That the said William A. McKim heretofore by deed conveyed to the said George K. Hooper, all his said McKim's interest and share and proportion, in and of the estate, real and personal, of his deceased uncle, Samuel McKim, late of Baltimore, in trust, in the first place to secure payment of the promissory note of which the aforesaid Exhibit marked A is a copy, and afterwards of all liabilities, debts and claims, due and owing by said McKim for, or on which said Van Dalsem was liable and responsible—That said William A. McKim, for said interest, share or proportion of his uncle's said estate, is entitled to a large sum of money, which complainant insists and claims should be applied to pay the said three promissory notes, as being provided for by said deed of trust, and they being, as complainant avers, the note in the first place provided for as aforesaid, and all the debts, liabilities and claims, due and owing by said William A. McKim in said deed of trust mentioned—That said George K. Hooper, (as is also the fact in relation to said McKim and Van Dalsem,) resides out of the state of Maryland, and complainant, being desirous to obtain payment of his said demands on said promissory notes from the avails of said trust, is in consequence of said George K. Hooper not residing in Maryland, and not acting as trustee, as he might if a resident aforesaid, and not having acted as such at all but omitting altogether so to act, delayed in receiving payment as aforesaid, and cannot have his rights in the premises duly and promptly ascertained and adjusted in an effective and binding manner.

It is thereupon Ordered, That the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 10th day of March next, give notice to the said non-resident defendants, George K. Hooper, William Van Dalsem, and William A. McKim, of the substance and object of the bill, that they may be warned to appear in this court in person, or by a solicitor on or before the 6th day of July next, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree should not be passed as prayed.

True copy—Test,
RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE subscriber wants the following information:

Some time in the year 1821 or 22, a certain OLIVER POLLOCK, formerly a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, but at the above time a resident of Annapolis, Maryland, left Annapolis for the western country. The said O. Pollock is now dead. Any person that knows of his death, will confer a favour on the subscriber by enclosing him a few lines to Annapolis, Maryland.

N. B. Will the Editors of papers be so good as to insert the above, and by so doing they will confer a great favour on an aged man, with a large family.

WM. CATON.

Annapolis, Md. Sept. 12th 1837.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Sct.

ON application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
A. A. County Court.

December 29 3m.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of William Murdock, of Anne Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said William Murdock having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said William Murdock having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Robert Welch of Ben. his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said William Murdock a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, it is therefore hereby ordered and adjudged, that the said William Murdock be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months before the third Monday of April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William Murdock should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this 24th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
January 4. 3m.

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this Office.

JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS
Of the House of Delegates of the State of Maryland,
DECEMBER SESSION, 1837.

WEDNESDAY, February 28th.

The speaker announced the following message as having been received from the senate on yesterday, viz—

The bill, to allow Thomas Perry, former sheriff of Charles county, further time to complete his collections.

Also, the bill, for the relief of Basil D. Hall, of Anne Arundel county.

And, the bill, to authorise Philemon Warfield, of Anne Arundel county, further time to complete his collections.

Severally endorsed, "will pass," and the bills severally ordered to be engrossed.

And delivered a bill, originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, a supplement to an act, to incorporate the Trustees of Prince Frederick town Academy, in Calvert county.

Mr. Giles, presented a petition of Frederika Meyer, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband, George Meyer.

Also, a petition of Margaret M. Dickehut, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband, Henry F. Dickehut.

Mr. Giles, also a memorial of George Stonebraker, Moir and Hopkins, and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying for an act to incorporate the Lombard Hotel company.

Mr. Carter, a petition of William Orrall, Joshua Clark, and Edward B. Hardcastle, of Caroline county, praying to be discharged from the payment of certain interest therein mentioned.

Mr. Wilmer, a petition of John Tilghman and others, trustees of the poor for Queen Anne's county, praying for the repeal of certain laws therein mentioned.

And, Mr. Hopewell, a petition of Peregrine Hayden, of St. Mary's county, praying further compensation for the condemnation of a part of his land, as a public road.

On motion of Mr. Parran, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by Mr. Kent, entitled, an act for the encouragement of Primary schools in Calvert county.

The said bill was then read the second time, passed and sent to the senate.

Mr. McDaniel, from the committee on corporations, made a favourable report upon the bill from the senate, entitled, a supplement to an act, to incorporate the Trustees of Prince Frederick town Academy in Calvert county.

The said bill was then read the first and by a special order the second time, passed and returned to the senate.

The house then resumed the consideration of the unfinished order of yesterday, being the report submitted by Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, on the 8th inst in relation to the subscription of the State to certain internal improvement companies;

On motion of Mr. Risteau,

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house upon said report, (Mr Maulsby being in the chair,) and after some time spent in committee, the speaker resumed the chair, and the chairman reported that the said committee had, in obedience to order, had said report again under consideration, and having made some progress therein, had directed him to ask leave to sit again; which leave was granted by the house.

The house adjourned until 4 o'clock, P. M.

FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.

The house met.

Mr. Simmons, chairman of the committee on engrossed bills, delivered the following report:

The committee on engrossed bills beg leave to Report,

That they have carefully examined and compared the engrossed bills of the house of delegates, from number one to number seventy-three inclusive and also the engrossed bills of the senate from number seventy-four to ninety-three inclusive, with the originals thereof, as heretofore passed by both houses of the Legislature of Maryland since the commencement of the present session, and that they have found the same to be truly engrossed.

All which is respectfully submitted.

CEPHAS SIMMONS, Chairman.

The house adjourned until tomorrow morning ten o'clock.

THURSDAY, March 1st.

Mr. Maulsby presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying that mileage may be allowed to the county commissioners of said county.

Mr. Maulsby also, a petition of Thomas S. Bond, praying the repeal of the act of 1829, ch. 27, and that he may be compensated for the services therein mentioned.

Mr. Witmer, several petitions, signed by two hundred and sixty-eight citizens of Washington county, praying an act to amend the constitution and form of government, so far as to establish a new county, out of parts of Washington and Frederick counties, to be called Lee county.

Mr. Orrick, a petition of Dr. Silas Larsh, of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from his wife Emma Larsh.

Mr. Kent, a petition of sundry citizens of Calvert county, praying an alteration in the license laws.

And, Mr. Bowie, a petition of William Crown praying he may be placed on the pension roll of the county.

On motion of Mr. Causin,

Ordered, that the committee on grievances and courts of justice enquire into the expediency of remodelling the judicial system of this State.

On motion of Mr. Giles, the house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, being the bill reported by Mr. Ford, entitled, a supplement to the act to fix and make permanent the salaries of certain officers of the civil government.

The question before the house being upon the motion to fill the blank in said bill

Mr. William's motion being to fill the blank with "thirty-five hundred," and Mr. Bowie's to fill the blank with "five thousand."

Mr. Simmons moved to refer said bill and amendments to the consideration of the next General Assembly.

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred and was put, on filling the blank with "five thousand" (being the largest sum,) and

Determined in the negative.

Mr. White moved to fill the blank in said bill with "thirty-six hundred."

Mr. Beam moved to fill the blank with "forty five hundred."

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Townsend moved to fill the blank in said bill with "four thousand two hundred."

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Causin moved further to amend said bill by inserting after the word "dollars," in the fifth line thereof, the following—"and that the present Governor shall receive for the current year the salary of three thousand nine hundred and sixteen dollars."

Which was read.

Mr. Simmons moved to amend said amendment by striking out "$3,916," and inserting in lieu thereof "$4,200."

The question then recurred upon the motion of Mr. Simmons, to amend the amendment as offered by Mr. Causin, by striking out "$3916," and inserting in lieu thereof "$4200."

Mr Causin called for a division of the question, which was put on striking out—and

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred and was put, on the amendment as offered by Mr. Causin—and

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Williams, said bill was amended by inserting after the words "two thousand dollars," in the fifth line thereof, the following—"to be in full for all services that the law does now or may hereafter require said officer to perform."

On motion of Mr. White, said bill was further amended by inserting after and at the end of the amendment just adopted, the following, "and they are hereby required to reside at the seat of government."

Mr. Kerr moved further to amend said bill, by inserting after the word "government," the following—"the chief clerk of the senate five hundred dollars in addition to his per diem."

Determined in the negative.

The said bill was then read the second time as amended, and passed.

On motion of Mr. Giles,

The house resumed the consideration of the unfinished order of yesterday, being the report submitted by Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, on the 8th inst., in relation to the subscription of the State to certain internal improvement companies.

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house upon said report, (Mr. Maulsby, *being in the chair,) and after some* time spent in committee, the speaker resumed the chair, and the chairman reported that the said committee had, in obedience to order, had said report again under consideration, and having made some progress therein, had directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Which leave was granted by the house.

The house then adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

FRIDAY, March 2d.

Mr. Biser presented a preamble and resolutions adopted by a large and respectable meeting of the citizens residing in Middletown valley, on the 22d February last, requesting their senator and delegates to vote against the formation of a new county to be called "Lee county."

Mr. Biser also presented a petition signed by one hundred and twenty citizens of Frederick county, praying an act to amend the constitution and form of government, so far as to establish a new county out of parts of Frederick and Washington counties, called "Lee county;"

And Mr. Cramer presented a petition signed by ninety-six citizens of Frederick county, praying an act to amend the constitution and form of government, so far as to establish a new county out of parts of Frederick and Washington counties, to be called "Lee county."

Mr. McDaniel, a petition of Henry Thompson, of the city of Annapolis, praying to be allowed permission to sell a servant girl, whom he holds for a term of years, out of the state of Maryland.

On motion of Mr. Causin, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, from the committee on grievances and courts of justice, entitled, a supplement to the act, entitled, an act to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries and others;

The said bill was then read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

On motion of Mr. Iglehart,

The house took up for consideration the bill, entitled, an act to provide for rebuilding a certain bridge therein mentioned;

The said bill was then read the second time and passed.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill to authorise William Penn to bring into this state a negro slave for life, endorsed, "will pass," and ordered to be engrossed;

Also, the supplement to the act limiting the time for the collection of fees of attornies, solicitors, clerks, registers, sheriffs, and other officers of this state, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments;"

Which amendments were severally read;

Also, the bill to authorise and require the clerk of Worcester county court to record a deed therein mentioned, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments"

Which amendment was read, assented to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

And delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, an act to authorise James M. Selden, of Baltimore county, to bring into this state the several slaves therein mentioned;

Also, a bill, *entitled, an act to incorporate the* Maryland and New York Iron and Coal Company.

On motion of Mr. Maulsby,

The house took up for consideration the report made by Mr. Alexander, from the majority of the committee on ways and means on the 10th *February, upon the negotiation of a loan* for the promotion of internal improvement; and also the report on the same subject made by Mr. Hillen, from the minority of that committee, on the 17th of February.

On motion of Mr. Maulsby,

Said reports were referred to the committee of the whole *house.*

On motion of Mr. Giles,

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole house upon the unfinished order of yesterday, being the report submitted by Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, on the 8th ultimo, in relation to the subscription of the State to certain internal improvement companies; also, the report from the majority of said committee on the 10th ultimo, and the report from the minority of that committee on the 17th ultimo, upon the negotiation of a loan for the promotion of internal improvement, Mr. Maulsby being in the chair, and after some time spent in committee, the speaker resumed the chair, and the chairman reported that the said committee had, in obedience to order, had said reports under consideration, and had directed him to report the following resolutions for the consideration of the house.

Resolutions reported by the committee of the whole house.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the act for the promotion of internal improvements, passed in June 1836, chap. 395, provides that, upon the performance of certain conditions by the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, "the treasurer of the western shore" "shall subscribe to the capital stock of each of said companies, the sum of three millions of dollars." and pay for the same in the manner and upon the terms prescribed in said act.

Resolved, That the said conditions having been complied with, and the treasurer having subscribed to the stock of each of those companies the sum of three millions of dollars, as required by said act, the said subscriptions are now binding upon the State, if the sums necessary for the payment of the same can be obtained upon the terms and conditions therein mentioned.

Resolved, That according to those terms, certificates of stock or bonds of the State to the amount of eight millions of dollars, were to be sold by commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, at a premium of twenty per cent. and the money arising from the sale thereof to be paid into the treasury, and applied to the use of the different companies mentioned in said act, in the proportions and upon the conditions therein specified.

That the commissioners appointed to sell said bonds, entered into contracts with the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, on the 31st day of March last, for the sale of a part of said bonds, amounting to three millions of dollars to each of said companies, which contracts have been so made as to leave it doubtful in what manner the money arising from said sale is to be applied, and whether in making such contracts with the said parties, the commissioners have complied with the intention and meaning of the said act of Assembly.

Resolved, That if the said contracts were set aside it would still be incumbent upon the State to renew and continue the attempt to sec

pose of the said bonds, so as to provide the means of paying the subscriptions to the said companies as required by said act, and that the renewal of negotiations for that purpose would be attended with delays which would be injurious to all the parties concerned, and fatal to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, without relieving the State from any of its obligations.

Resolved, therefore, That the contracts made by the said commissioners with the said companies, shall be considered, and they are hereby declared to be binding upon the State; Provided, that no part of the said bonds or certificates shall be delivered to either of the said companies, or their agents, or to any person whatever, nor shall they be obligatory upon the State until the company or person claiming the same shall first pay to the treasurer of the western shore one hundred and twenty dollars for each hundred dollars of said bonds. And the treasurer is hereby authorised and directed to apply the par value so received for said bonds to the use of the different companies mentioned in said act, according to the proportions and conditions therein prescribed.

And as the said sums are paid into the treasury, if any one of said companies should not have so far progressed in its operation as to stand in need of its proportion of the same, then the treasurer shall be authorised, with the consent of said company, to advance the same to any other of said companies; provided, that such company to whom the same is advanced shall not receive more than its full quota of the whole sum of eight millions of dollars.

Mr. Hughes moved that the house adjourn, being 5 o'clock, P. M.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Williams offered as a substitute for said resolutions, the following—

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That in the opinion of this legislature, the subscriptions to the capital stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and to the capital stock of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, made by the treasurer of this State, under the provisions of the act of Assembly of December session eighteen hundred and thirty five, chapter three hundred and ninety five, entitled, "an act for the promotion of internal improvement," were to be dependent for their validity on the sufficiency of subscriptions to the capital stock of the Maryland Canal Company, "to insure its completion by the most northern practicable route."

Resolved, That the subscription made to the capital stock of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company by the treasurer, under the provisions of the act aforesaid, was also dependent for its validity on a certificate, to be rendered under oath, by a majority of the State's directors in said company, stating to the treasurer their sincere belief that, with the amount of said subscription, and the other means mentioned in connexion therewith in the fifth section of said act, the said rail road company would have "funds sufficient to *complete* the said rail road from the Ohio river by way of and through Cumberland, Hagerstown and Boonsborough, to its present track at Harper's Ferry."

Resolved, That the validity of said subscription to said rail road company was also to depend on the said company's locating their said road "so as to pass through" Boonsborough and Hagerstown; and said company is not authorised to locate it any other manner; and in case of not so locating said road, the said company is to forfeit one million of dollars to the State of Maryland.

Resolved, That the subscriptions to the capital stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and to the capital stock of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, made by the treasurer of this State under the provisions of the said act of 1835, chapter 395, were also dependent for their validity on the event of a successful negotiation for a sale of State's stock in the manner and on the terms limited and prescribed therefor by the said act.

Resolved, That the said subscriptions on the part of the State were not intended to be payable or to be provided for, *except* out of the "money" that might arise from the sale of State's stock, in case the said stock, on its being offered for sale in Europe and in this country, could be disposed of for "money," at a rate not less than "*twenty* per cent. net advance above the par value of said stock."

Resolved, That said stock has been so offered for sale publicly and fairly on the part of this State, and has not been, and could not be, disposed of for "money," on the terms and conditions limited therefor by the said act.

Resolved, That it evidently was contemplated and intended by the said act of assembly, that if the several provisions thereof in relation to the negotiating of a sale of stock in Europe or in this country could not be carried into effect within a convenient and reasonable period, then and in that case the State was not to be considered bound to provide for said nominal subscriptions.

Resolved, That it is evident, from the "*notice*" officially given by the canal company to the treasurer of Maryland, "of the time" of their requiring payment on account of said subscriptions, (see page 34 of documents annexed to the report [N] of the committee of ways and means,) that it was considered that the limit of a convenient and reasonable period within which the means for providing for said subscriptions were to be in the treasury, was not to extend beyond the 1st of December, 1837.

Resolved, That the treasurer is restrained by the fifth section of said act of assembly from making any payment to either of said companies, except "out of the money which he shall receive as the par or sum of the State's stocks or bonds that may be issued or disposed of for the purpose of providing the amount of subscriptions aforesaid to the stocks of said companies;" and that no money arising from such source and for such purpose has been paid or transmitted to the treasurer, agreeably to the provisions and conditions in that respect contained in the eleventh section of said act.

Resolved, That the commissioners appointed under said act of assembly, have already had more than a reasonable and sufficient time to negotiate a valid sale of the State's stock, either in Europe or in this country, in the manner provided in said act, if such sale had been practicable on the terms therein limited and prescribed.

Resolved, That as it regards the alledged sale of the State's stock by the commissioners, the said commissioners contracted *with*, and at the *instance* of parties not competent to make a valid purchase of such stock, and having no authority by law to speculate or deal in stocks, or to lend money thereon; (even if they had had money to lend, which it is notorious they had not) and those parties being the canal and rail road companies themselves, they are not entitled to derive any benefit whatever from a transaction not sanctioned by law, which they induced and participated in.

Resolved, That the commissioners appointed for the purpose of disposing of State's stock, either in Europe or in this country, were not authorised to negotiate a sale thereof, in any other manner or on any other terms than those meant and prescribed by said act of assembly, nor without obtaining the "*money*" therefor at the rate of one hundred and twenty dollars in money for every one hundred dollars in stock, and securing "*the payment and safe transmission*" *thereof* "*to the treasurer of the Western Shore.*"

Resolved, That the contract alleged to have been made between the said commissioners and the said canal and rail road companies, having been made by *two* only of the *three* persons commissioned for the selling of said stock, the said contract, even if it were not otherwise void, would not be valid, since it was not made by a majority of commissioners constitutionally competent to act as such, or to discharge such office of profit; *one* of the said *two* commissioners who made said contract, having been, at the same time, a high judicial functionary, and drawing pay as such; and it being by the 30th and 32d articles of the Declaration of Rights, expressly declared as follows, to wit:

"No *judge* ought to hold *any other office*, civil or military, or receive fees or perquisites."

"No person ought to hold, *at the same time*, more than *one* office of *profit*."

Resolved, That the office of the said commissioners was, in its nature, only temporary, and for the special purpose of trying in Europe and in this country, to make a negotiation for the disposal of a certain amount of State stock in exchange for money, at the rate limited, of one hundred dollars in stock for one hundred and twenty dollars in money.

Resolved, That the commissioners having made trial, publicly and fully, both in this country and in Europe, to obtain the money for State's stock on the terms and conditions limited by the said act of assembly, and having failed of success, because of its being found utterly impossible to make a valid sale of said stock under the limitations of said act, the said commissioners have, as a consequence thereof become divested of their power and authority, and their office and agency are at an end.

Resolved, That the State, by the trial which it caused to be made as aforesaid to dispose of its stock at the rate prescribed by the said act of assembly, although the said trial has resulted unsuccessfully, has done all that it undertook or bound itself to do, in the event of its being found impracticable to raise the required amount of money on its stock, at the high premium fixed by the said act; and the contingency has occurred which, leaving the public faith inviolate, releases and exonerates the State from all obligation to provide for its conditional subscriptions to the stock of the said canal and rail road companies aforesaid.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this legislature, the contracts made by the said commissioners for the sale of three millions of dollars worth of stocks to each of them, the said Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and the said Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, are not binding upon the State.

Resolved, That the subscriptions to the capital stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and to the capital stock of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, made by the treasurer of this State under the act of 1835, chapter 395, are not binding upon the State, or obligatory on its treasurer.

Which was read.

Mr. Alexander moved that the house adjourn;

Resolved in the affirmative.

The house accordingly adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

SATURDAY, March 3d.

Mr. Williams presented a petition of Morris Malsby, praying that he may have the privilege of petitioning anew for the benefit of the insolvent laws.

Mr. Williams, also a petition of John B. Foard, praying that the commissioners of Harford county may be authorised to settle certain claims therein mentioned.

Mr. Giles, a memorial of Samuel Smith, Hugh McEldery and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying for a change in the law with respect to the present mode of commencing suits before justices of the peace.

Mr. Maulsby, a memorial of the directors of the Maryland Penitentiary, in relation to the bill for the regulation and government of that institution.

Mr. Nelson, a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying the passage of a law authorising the building of a bridge over Deer creek.

Mr. Orrick, a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying for a donation of two hundred dollars annually for the benefit of Hereford academy.

Mr. Jones, a petition of Samuel Holbrook, of Somerset county, praying to bring into this State, a certain negro slave therein named.

The clerk of the senate returned the supplement to the act, to regulate the issuing of licenses to traders, keepers of ordinaries and others, endorsed "will pass."

Also, the bill, to divorce Catharine Gowan, from her husband James Gowan.

Also, the bill, to incorporate the Franklin School in Somerset county, severally endorsed "will pass with the proposed amendments."

Which amendments were severally read and assented to.

And, delivered the following bills, originated in and passed by the senate, viz:

A bill entitled, an act relating to a road proposed to be opened from the village of Frizzlesburg, on the Taney-town road.

A bill, in relation to a road authorised to be opened by an act passed at December session 1832, ch. 158, and its supplements.

And a supplement to an act, to prevent the unnecessary accumulation of costs in civil suits.

Mr. Williams reported a bill, entitled, an act for the relief of Morris Malsby, of Harford county.

Which was read the first, and by special order the second time, passed and sent to the senate.

The house then resumed the consideration of the order of the day, being the resolutions reported by the committee of the whole house as a substitute for the several reports referred to the said committee, upon the subject of a negotiation of the loan for the promotion of Internal Improvement, and the resolutions offered by Mr. Williams, as a substitute therefor.

On the question being put—will the house adopt said substitute.

It was determined in the negative.

Mr. Bowie then offered as a substitute for the report of the committee of the whole house, the following—

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the act passed at May session 1836, chapter 395, entitled, "an act for the promotion of Internal Improvement," is a conditional contract between the State of Maryland, on the one part, and the several internal improvement companies therein mentioned, on the other part, by which the State bound itself to subscribe to the capital stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, the sum of three millions of dollars each, on condition "that the said corporations should approve, assent and agree to the several provisions of that act, so far as they were applicable to said corporations respectively, and should severally communicate said approval, assent and agreement to the Governor of the State on or before the first day of August then next."

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Legislature the subscriptions which are authorised by the said act, to be made by the Treasurer to the capital stock of the aforesaid companies, are not, and were not designed to be absolute and unconditional, but were made to depend for their validity upon a strict compliance, by the commissioners directed to be appointed by the eleventh section of said act, with the limitations contained in the proviso thereof, that they should not sell the bonds or certificates of the State "at a less rate or price than twenty per cent nett above the par value thereof."

Resolved, That whether the faith of the State be pledged for the payment of the subscriptions, which have been made by the Treasurer to the capital stock of the aforesaid companies under the provisions of the said acts, is a question which depends upon the fact whether the commissioners have made a legal sale of the bonds or certificates of the State at the price of twenty per cent premium, and if such legal sale has not been made, the liability of the Stat to pay said subscriptions has not yet become fixed and absolute, but will become so whenever the commissioners shall make said sale according to the directions contained in said act and not before.

Resolved, That contracts entered into by the commissioners with the said companies were not authorised or contemplated by the provisions of the said act, nor have the said companies or either of them, any power vested in them by their respective charters to purchase or deal in the stocks of the State.

Resolved therefore, That the said State of Maryland will not ratify and confirm said contracts, but the same are hereby declared to be absolutely null and void, and in no wise binding upon the faith of the said State.

Resolved, That there is no limitation prescribed by said act as to the time when the said commissioners shall make sale of the said bonds or certificates of the State, and if the contracts made by them with the aforesaid companies should not be deemed valid or effectual, they will have ample authority to go on and complete the execution of the powers vested in them by the said act, and to contract for the sale of the said bonds or certificates, either in this country or in Europe, whenever they can sell the same for the price fixed on by the provisions of the said act.

Resolved, That the faith of the State for the payment of the *loan or loans* authorised to be contracted for by the said act, is pledged thereby, only on the condition, that the said bonds or certificates of the State shall be sold at the price of twenty per cent nett above the par value thereof; and in the opinion of this legislature the *subscriptions* by the State to the capital stock of said companies were not intended to be absolute and unconditional, while the means provided for their payment were to be entirely contingent.

Resolved, That the said act, entitled, "an act for the promotion of Internal Improvement," cannot be constitutionally repealed by the legislature, because such repeal would impair the obligation of a contract entered into between the State of Maryland, and the said companies mentioned therein, and in the opinion of this legislature the provisions of the said act ought to be in no manner disturbed, but the said parties allowed the full benefit of the rights and privileges secured to them respectively by the same, according to the conditions, limitations and restrictions thereby imposed.

Resolved, That in order to carry out the full intent and meaning of said act, the Treasurer of the Western Shore be and he is hereby directed to retain in his hands one million of dollars, out of that portion of the money to be paid into the treasury, from a sale of the said bonds of the State, which, under the provisions of said act, would belong to the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road, until he shall be fully satisfied by a certificate from the president of said company, given under oath, that the said rail road will be constructed, so as to pass through Hagerstown and Boonsborough, as provided for by the aforesaid act; and if the said rail road is not constructed by the route designated as aforesaid, then the one million of dollars so retained by the treasurer, shall be held by him for the use of Washington county, and be paid over to the commissioners of said county, to be applied in a manner to be hereafter provided for by law.

Which was read.

Mr. Beam moved to amend said substitute by adding the following, (which was accepted by Mr. Bowie.

Resolved, That the impracticability of constructing a canal from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal to the city of Baltimore, by the vallies of the Monocacy and Patapsco, or by a route diverging from the said Chesapeake and Ohio Canal at the mouth of Seneca river, exclusively within the limits of this State, has not been fully established to the satisfaction of this Legislature.

Resolved, That for the purpose of determining the practicability of either of said routes a competent engineer or engineers shall be appointed by the Governor and Senate, who shall after actually examinming and surveying said routes make a report or reports, accompanied with estimates of the cost of constructing a canal on said routes with due supply of water.

Resolved, That the Maryland Canal Company is entitled to no subscription, on the part of this State, under the provisions of the said act of Assembly of 1835 and '6, chapter 375, unless they will agree to locate their canal from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal to the city of Baltimore by the most northern practicable route of the said routes, with due supply of water, provided that the engineers heretofore appointed shall not be appointed to make said surveys.

Mr. Gallagher moved that the house adjourn,

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred, and was put, on the substitute offered by Mr. Bowie—and

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon the resolutions reported by the committee of the whole house, as a substitute for the several reports:

Mr. Beam moved to amend said resolutions by adding at the end thereof, the following:

Resolved, That the Maryland Canal Company is entitled to no subscription on the part of this State, under the provisions of the said act of Assembly unless they will agree to locate their canal from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal to the city of Baltimore, by the most northern practicable route of the routes by the vallies of the Monocacy and Patapsco, or by a route diverging from the said Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, at the mouth of Seneca river, exclusively within the limits of this State; provided such route be found practicable, with a due supply of water.

Resolved, that the Governor be and he is hereby authorised to direct a survey to be made of the aforesaid routes, so that the practicability of constructing the said canal by either of said routes, may be ascertained at as early a period as possible, and report the same to the next General Assembly.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Williams then moved to amend said report of the committee of the whole house, by adding at the end thereof the following:

Resolved, That for the purpose of discharging the debt, and interest of the debt contracted, or to be contracted, in the name of the State, under the act, entitled, an act for the promotion of internal improvement, chapter 395, passed in June, 1836, such parts or sections of the State as are to derive the most advantage from the said improvements, or from some of them, shall be charged with the heaviest portion of said debt and interest and shall respectively be assessed therefor accordingly, in such manner and proportions as the next legislature shall determine; and it is hereby referred to the same legislature also to determine, whether any county so remote from any of the works of internal improvement mentioned in said act, as not to derive a decided benefit therefrom, shall be assessed for or charged with any share or portion whatever, of principal or interest of said debt.

Which was read.

Pending the question on this amendment.

Mr. McDaniel moved that the house adjourn, (being ten minutes past four o'clock, P. M.)

Resolved in the affirmative.

The house accordingly adjourned until Monday morning, ten o'clock.

MONDAY, March 5th.

Mr. Swann presented a petition of sundry citizens of the city of Annapolis, praying to be relieved from the grievances which mechanics and others suffer by the prosecution of the mechanic arts at the Maryland Penitentiary.

Mr. Powder, two petitions of sundry citizens of Frederick and Carroll counties, severally praying the passage of a law to build a bridge across Sam's creek.

Mr. Jump, of Caroline, a petition of sundry citizens of the county aforesaid, praying the passage of an act to incorporate the village of Nine Bridges.

Mr. Brown, a petition signed by two hundred citizens of the city of Baltimore, consumers of anthracite and bituminous coal, praying that the inspection law relative thereto may not be repealed.

Mr. Evans, a petition of Gilly Gilmer, of Cecil county, praying to be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Swann, a petition of Charles McCarty, of the city of Annapolis, praying that Sarah Netherington may be placed on the pension list of Anne Arundel county.

Mr. Kerr, a petition of James Weston, of Talbot county, praying to be divorced from his wife Ann I. Weston;

And Mr. Giles, a petition of Jane and Margaret Hutton, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be permitted to hold real estate in this State.

Mr. Causin submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the treasurer of the western shore be and he is hereby authorised to pay to the present Governor, out of any monies not otherwise appropriated, the sum of twelve hundred and forty-four dollars in addition to the salary already provided by law.

Which was read the first, and by a special order the second time.

On motion of Mr. Causin, said resolution was amended by adding at the end thereof the following, "and that he be required to reside at the seat of government."

The question was then put, will the house assent to the resolution as amended?

Resolved in the affirmative.

The house then proceeded to the consideration of the order of the day, being the resolutions reported by the committee of the whole house, as a substitute for the several reports referred to the said committee upon the subject of a negotiation of the loan for the promotion of internal improvement.

The question before the house being upon the resolution as offered by Mr. Williams on Saturday last, as an amendment to be added at the end of the report of the committee of the whole house.

Mr. Duke moved to postpone said report and amendment until the first Wednesday in October next;

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Causin moved to postpone said report and amendment until to-morrow;

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Risteau moved that the house adjourn;

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon the amendment as offered by Mr. Williams.

Mr. Risteau moved that the house adjourn;

Determined in the negative.

The question again recurred upon the amendment as offered by Mr. Williams;

On the question being put, will the house adopt said amendment?

It was determined in the negative.

Mr. Williams then moved to amend said report of the committee of the whole house by adding at the end thereof the following:

Resolved, That no county in this State shall at any time hereafter be charged directly or indirectly with any part of the burthen, whether of principal or of interest, that is or may be imposed or incurred for or on account of the objects and purposes, in aid of which the resolutions aforesaid are intended to operate, unless at the general election in October next, a majority of the voters at said election, in such county, shall declare themselves to be in favour of said objects and purposes by having on the ballots they may vote, either written or printed, the words following, to wit: "*For the Eight Million Loan,*" which words shall be meant and understood as having reference to the conditional subscriptions by the State, and the contemplated loan under the internal improvement act passed in June 1836, chapter 395.

Which was read.

Mr. Alexander moved that the house adjourn;

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred and was put upon the amendment as offered by Mr. Williams, and

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Jones,

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

TUESDAY, March 6th.

Mr. Hughes presented a petition of thirty-five ladies and gentlemen, residing in the vicinity of the Wicomico and Potomac rivers, praying the redress of grievances therein mentioned.

Mr. Jones, a petition of sundry citizens of Somerset county, praying a repeal of the law establishing Magistrates Courts in the several counties in this State.

Messrs. McKinnell, Mann, and Huddleson, who have been confined by indisposition, again appeared and resumed their seats.

Mr. Biser submitted the following message:

Gentlemen of the Senate,

We respectfully propose that, with your concurrence, the order in which the Gubernatorial Districts shall be numbered, be determined at one o'clock this day, in the manner directed by the late amendment to the constitution.

Which was read the first and second time, amended, passed, and sent to the senate.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

LOST

ON the 21st instant, a pair of GREEN SPECTACLES, with front and side Glasses and gold mountings. If the finder will leave them at this office, without injury, a liberal reward will be given.

March 1.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, March 8, 1838.

GUBERNATORIAL DISTRICTS.

The order in which the Districts are to be numbered, was on yesterday determined in the manner directed by the Constitution. The result of the Drawing was as follows: Eastern District No. 1, composed of the counties of Cecil, Kent, Queen-Anne's, Caroline, Talbot, Dorchester, Somerset, and Worcester. North Western District No. 2. Southern District No. 3.

On Tuesday the Resolutions reported by the committee of the whole House, as a substitute for the several reports referred to them, upon the subject of a negotiation of the loan for the promotion of Internal Improvement, were assented to, after some amendment, by the following vote:

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. Causin, McDaniel, Usilton, Welch, Gale, Brown, Simmons, Hughes, Orrick, Riateau, Ely, Turner, of Balt. Kerr, Jones, Carroll, Adams, Lemmon, Frazier, Eccleston, Goldsborough, Tall, Simpers, Swann, Grason, Roberts, Harrison, Wilmer, Maulsby, Carter, Turner, of Car. Jump, of Car. Giles, Hillen, Gallagher, McKinnell, Mann, Rentch Beam, White, Dawson, Neff, Blocher, Huddleson, Sprigg, Boyle, of Car. Shower—46.

NEGATIVE.

Messrs. Tuck, Speaker, Hopewell, Crane, Iglehart, Higgins, Sellers, Parran, Duke, Kent, Matthews, Denny, Boyle, of Tal. Jump, of Tal. Comegys, Evans, Bowie, Ghiselin, Coombs, Alexander, Townsend, Hearn, Powell, Biser, Geyer, East, Cramer, Williams, Forwood, Nelson, Boon, Swingley, Witmer, Barret, Powder—34.

The ice in the Potomac river, says the Alexandria Gazette, moved off rapidly on Monday. "In a day more, it is probable, that the navigation of the Potomac will be entirely unimpeded."

The woods near Lynchburg, Virginia, are filled with Wild Pigeons, and immense flocks are seen flying to and fro.

The Senate of Pennsylvania has, by a decisive vote, refused to compel the Banks of that State to resume specie payments by the 15th of May next.

FROM THE NORTHERN FRONTIER.
IMPRISONMENT OF MR. VAN RENSSELAER.

A letter from Auburn, dated the 1st, states that the ex-generalissimo, Mr. Van Rensselaer, was arrested the day before on a warrant issued by Judge Conkling, of the U. S. District Court, and committed to the county jail.

St. Alban's (Vt.) Messenger Office,
Thursday Evening, March 1, 1838.

THE PATRIOT ARMY DISBANDED.

The patriots have been collecting for several days past, on a small Island, east of Alburgh, and other places near the lines. Yesterday they left their encampment—passed over to Alburgh, and crossed the lines at Caldwell's Manor, under the command of Drs. Nelson and Cote, and encamped for the night about two miles from the lines.

This morning upon organising their forces, they became convinced that they could not stand against the royal forces that were marching against them. This morning, previous to disbanding, they received intelligence of the defeat of McKenzie and Van Rensselaer.

They therefore came to the conclusion that "discretion was the better part of valour," and delivered up their arms to Gen. Wool, who met them at the lines and received them, including two field pieces. The number who laid down their arms was about two hundred and fifty.—The whole amount of their force was probably about 400.

Drs. Nelson and Cote have just arrived here in the custody of Gen. Wool.

Burlington, Vt. March 2.—Governor Jenison is now at the north, and had called out a portion of the Franklin county militia. An express went to Vengeance for arms Wednesday evening, and several loads of guns passed through town yesterday morning for the interior. Great excitement prevails on the line.—*Free Press.*

FOREIGN.

From the N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

SEVENTEEN DAYS LATER FROM FRANCE—NINE DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

After a long interval, in which no European news had been received, the packet ship Albany, Captain Johnson, arrived on Saturday from Havre, bringing papers of that place to January 17th, and Paris to the evening of the 16th, containing London dates to the evening of the 13th.

The Westminister, from N. York, December 20th, arrived at Falmouth on the 10th. The news by her from this country produced a favourable effect on American stocks, and they were much more sought for.

The affairs of Canada naturally occupy a prominent place in the London papers. The disposition and conduct of the American government in regard to these disturbances, is generally applauded. The Times, however, thinks we are preparing for war!

Among the items of news, are the burning of the London Royal Exchange, the Emperor Nicholas' Winter Palace at St. Petersburg, and the Italian Opera House at Paris.

The address of the French Chamber of Deputies, in reply to the King's speech, was presented on the 15th. It was in the main a very faithful echo.

[illegible] by means of a Windlass. Among the [illegible] in the other and local, a gold watch in a perfect state, not even the glass being broken. The only monuments left standing were those of Sir John Barnard, and King Charles II. The former was a good deal injured. A new Exchange is to be built on the site of the old one.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Monday, 26th ult. at his residence near Salisbury, Somerset County, Md, the Right Rev'd. WM. MURRY STONE, D. D., Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Maryland.

Although never robust, his natural soundness of constitution, had borne him through several severe trials from accident and disease, and it was long hoped by his friends that the disorder, a gastrick fever, which at length proved fatal, would also have yielded to it. His own hopes and desires were to be at rest, unless his master had more labour for him in the vineyard. Unpretending in character, unostentatious in deportment, singularly amiable and meek in his temperament, Bishop Stone was yet perfectly firm in maintaining the principles which his judicious mind, and just discernment, led him to adopt. He had passed many years in a faithful discharge of Pastoral duties, for an extensive but retired Parish in the neighborhood of his paternal estate; and when called to the more public functions of the Episcopal office in 1830, he submitted without murmuring, but with obvious regret to the responsibilites of the station. The present writer, who well knew, and highly venerated his virtues, is only so far acquainted with the particulars of the Bishop's state of mind during his last illness, as to say that it strictly corresponded with the excellence of his principles, and piety of his life.

PICKED up in the Bay, afloat, FOUR HOGSHEADS, which contained Oats, and One Hogshead containing Flaxseed.—The owner or owners are requested to come forward, prove property, and pay charges.
JOHN PHILIPS.
March 8.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.
Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,
March 6th, 1838.

ON application by petition of Jonathan Wheat, Executor of the last will and testament of Jesse Wheat, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.
SAM'L. BROWN, Jun'r,
Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel County, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Jesse Wheat, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 6th day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 6th day of March 1838.
JONATHAN WHEAT, Ex'r.
March 8. 6w.

FOR SALE,
A YOKE of fine YOUNG OXEN, near South River, five miles from Annapolis.
JAMES W. WATERS.
March 1.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the Members of the General Assembly, and the citizens of Annapolis, that they have on hand a superior assortment of LIQUORS and WINES, consisting of the most approved Brands, both in Wood and in Glass, and at the most reasonable Prices. The following will exhibit their selection:

LIQUORS.
Pale, Cognac & Peach BRANDY, Henessy, J. J. Dupuy, and other brands.
Old Rye & Irish WHISKEY, warranted 10 years old.
Holland GIN, Strawberry brand.
Jamaica SPIRIT.

WINES.
Extra fine Old Burgundy MADEIRA.
Do do do Sercial do
do do Madeira.
Very fine old Pale and Brown SHERRY.
Do do do PORT.

WINES IN GLASS.
L. P. MADEIRA.
Blackburn's MADEIRA.
Extra fine Old MADEIRA.
Fine do do
Old Brown SHERRY.
Do Pale do
Extra fine Old PORT.

CHAMPAGNES, of the following Brands:
Orange, pts. and qts.
Star, qts.
A. Y. qts.
Forrest Fourneaux, pts.
Anchor, pts.
Lausseure, qts.

HOCKHEIMER.
Maraschino and Imperial Curracoa CORDIALS.
ROYAL PUNCH SYRUP.
CIGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO, &c.
CASES loaned in good order to Members of the Legislature purchasing their Liquors of the subscribers.
DUBOIS & WEEMS.
January 18.

FEMALE SEMINARY,
[illegible] COUNTY, MARYLAND,
[illegible] 11 miles S. W. of Fort Tobacco, 35 S. E. [illegible] Washington, from which the mail passes daily through. Newport twice a week, half a mile from the village, and in a healthy and highly respectable neighbourhood.

Mrs. Maxwell begs leave to inform her friends and the public that her School will open for the reception of Young Ladies on the 15th March. The experience of twenty years as a teacher, in Europe and North America, and her devoted attention to the best interests of her pupils, lead her to hope for a share of patronage. Her system of education has met the approbation of several distinguished characters in the United States.

References—Matthew Carey, Esq.; Colonel Thomas McKenny, U. S. Army; Rev. Mr. Kelly, Philadelphia; Rev. Alex'r. McCaskey, Bishop of Michigan, Detroit; Rev. John Ogilvie, Principal of New Baltimore Academy; Rev. Thos. B. Balch, Rocksprings; Thos. Hood, Esq., Tenerife; Stephen McCormick, Esq., Auburn, Richard Rixey, Esq., White Plains, Fauquier county, Va.; Robert Weir, Esq., Hartford; Mrs. Martha L. French, Green Level, Prince William county, Va.; Hon. John Taliaferro, King George county, Va.

TERMS—Board and Tuition in English Grammar, Composition, Writing and Arithmetic, Geography with use of Globes, Ancient and Modern History, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, Worsted and other Ornamental Needle Work, per annum, payable quarterly in advance, $120 00
Senior Classes in all the above branches, per annum, 32 00
Junior Classes do 20 00
Music, per quarter, 15 00
Drawing, do 8 00
Oriental Painting, Mezzotinto, Painting on Velvet and Satin, each do 8 00
Embroidery, Shell, and Wax Works, each do 8 00
N. B. No Young Lady received for less than a session, each session to consist of five months.
March 1, 1838. 3w.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.
I HAVE this day associated with me in business my son, PHILIP C. CLAYTON, and it will hereafter be conducted under the firm of
PHILIP CLAYTON & SON.
January 1st, 1838.

PHILIP CLAYTON & SON,
RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Annapolis, and its vicinity, that they will execute with promptness and despatch, any thing in their line of business, viz. *Bricklaying, Plastering, Whitewashing, &c.* in a neat and workmanlike manner, and grateful for past favours, hope by their attention to merit an increased share of public patronage.
February 22. 3

WOOD FOR SALE.
AT the Wood-Yard of the subscriber, near the Windmill, 300 cords of seasoned PINE WOOD may be had, on application to the Miller, or to the subscriber, who will take *Dry Goods, Groceries*, or other useful articles in payment.
Also, about
3000 APPLE TREES of many fine varieties, and good size, may be had at the Nursery of the subscriber, or will be delivered, when 100 or more are taken by persons in the lower parts of the county, at South River Ferry, free of additional charge.
N. BREWER, Jun
February 22. 3

WILLIAM BRYAN,
Merchant Tailor,
HAS just received a handsome assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.
Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel.

I know of no pursuit in which more real or important services can be rendered to any country, than by improving its Agriculture.
WASHINGTON.

SUBSCRIPTION
FOR THE
FIFTH VOLUME OF
THE CULTIVATOR,
CONDUCTED BY J. BUEL.
Office, No. 3, Washington-street, Albany.

THE CULTIVATOR is a monthly publication of 16 pages, devoted to agriculture, on a sheet of the largest size of paper—28 by 40 inches. The price is ONE DOLLAR per annum, payable in advance. The postage on a volume of the *Cultivator* will not exceed 18¾ cents to any part of the Union, and within the state, and a circle of 100 miles, it will be but 12½ cents. A volume will contain more than 200 pages quarto, will be illustrated with cuts of animals, implements, &c. and be furnished with a copious index. It will comprise as much letter press print as 1500 pages of common duodecimo—as much as the Penny Magazine, published by the British Society for the Promotion of Useful Knowledge, and which, at two dollars per annum, has been reputed to be the cheapest periodical any where published.

The *Cultivator* will continue to treat of the science of agriculture, to furnish instructions for the best models of practice in all the departments of husbandry, in horticulture, and other rural affairs, and to furnish useful lessons for the improvement of the young mind. The Conductor will endeavour to render it a *present help*, and a volume of *useful reference*, to all who have the ambition to distinguish themselves in rural labours and rural improvements—to help themselves and to benefit society.

☞ Subscriptions to the above work received by
A. COWAN, Annapolis.
N. B. Those who wish the Cultivator will please send their subscription by the 10th of February next. A. C.
December 7, 1837.

A VERY SUPERIOR FARM AT PUBLIC AUCTION.
PART of which is placed for the convenience of PEACH GROWERS, within a few miles of Baltimore, on MONDAY MORNING, April 1st, 1838, at 1 o'clock, in the Exchange, where a plat may be seen.

The subscriber will offer that extensive Tract, embracing 1120 acres in Anne-Arundel county,—and binding on the Patapsco, nearly three miles—where there are numerous Landings and deep Water, and a part of the same on Rock Creek. It is only 15 miles from Baltimore, and with the present facilities may be said to have the choice of Washington City, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets; about four hundred acres are cleared. Thirty of which are good Meadow land, the remainder is well timbered. There are four tenements upon the Tract, with never failing streams of Water. The soil is well adapted for the growth of Rye, Oats, Corn, Tobacco, &c. and fruits of almost every description.

For the Cultivation of Peaches, there are but few if any superior localities in this country. The land is high, and not subject to severe frosts in its neighbourhood, the raising of this species of Fruit has, and is now carried on very advantageously; besides other advantages there are in the land about 20,000 cords of Hickory, Oak, Pine and Chesnut Wood, which from its proximity to the water and steady market renders it valuable. The tract will be sold either together or separate as may suit—and the plat is now at the Auction room. Persons visiting the place, will be shown any part, and can form an essential value.

Terms, one-third cash on the day of sale, one-third in 12, and one-third in 18 months, with interest, to be secured by bonds with approved security.
H. W. BOOL, Jr. Auct.
or to the Proprietor, Charles S. Hammond, Frederick, Md.
February 22.

JACOB BASFORD,
Merchant Tailor,
HAS taken a Shop opposite Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, where he has just arrived with an elegant assortment of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
which he offers to his friends and the public, and will have them made up in the most fashionable style, at low prices for Cash, or at short dates, to be met when due. He has adopted this method of business, and shall endeavour to pursue this course, and hopes by strict attention and punctuality to give general satisfaction.
☞ TWO or THREE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

BASIL SHEPHARD,
Having declined business in favour of Mr. J. Basford, who has removed his Shop directly in front of Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, wishes those that are indebted to him either by note, bond or open account, on his old business, or to the firm of Basil Shephard & Co. to call at his old stand, opposite Mr. J. Hughes', and settle the same. All who may have claims against him or the firm, will present them for settlement.
Any orders that may be sent to me, I will have them attended to.
B. S.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Sct.
ON application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.
NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County.
Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
A. A. County Court.
December 29 3m.

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this Office.

Between Nos. of Waldie's Library.

BOOKS BY MAIL.

PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere per centage of their former cost; it has outlived more than thirty puerile attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to depend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor, himself a reader from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of intellect which may be admitted into every family without hesitation by the mos fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, promoting social belles lettres reading and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History, personal memoirs of extraordinary individuals, and curious adventure &c. &c. An amount equal to fifty *London duodecimo volumes* is thus annually furnished in weekly numbers, at a cost only equal to one of the London works. The plan thus embraces the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused in every part of the Union as to form no inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become really necessary for those who mix in society.

The Library as now conducted disseminates books to all parts of the country in from five to six weeks after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in this way will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for a *cent and a half a day*, postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be bound at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and uncongenial society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the many.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, The Journal of Belles Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for $5 00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for $20 00, a reduction which pays the postage. *Payment always in advance.*

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

THIS periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or *both* are furnished to clubs of five for $6 00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chamber's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, combined in such a manner as to enlist the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers not taking the Library, $2 50, postage paid.

*** A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1836 of the Library, and the Port Folio for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for $20 00. For this an amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

Seventh door south of Chesnut street, Philad.

The Museum of Foreign Literature and Science, price $6 00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for $12 00.

Oct. 8.

NEW PAPER!

THE

BALTIMORE KALEIDOSCOPE,

And Weekly Express,

RECENTLY commenced, and now published every *Saturday*, by YOUNG & ABRAHAMS, at the South East corner of Market and Gay streets, Baltimore, *L. A. Wilmer*, editor. Price $2 per annum.

This paper will contain a great variety of original and selected matter, news, literary and scientific articles, notices of new books, and *animadversions on the most popular topics of the day*. The publishers have made such arrangements as enable them to promise with confidence that the *Kaleidoscope* shall not be surpassed by any other similar paper in the Union, not only in point of utility, but in the various qualities which make a newspaper attractive and desirable.

One Dollar, in advance, will be received as payment in full for six months. The terms of advertising are moderate. Letters or communications to the editor or publisher, *if post paid*, will receive prompt attention; and the paper will be forwarded to any part of the country, where it may be ordered.—*Subscribers at a distance are requested to enclose the amount of their subscription*, (at least for six months,) when they order the paper.

Baltimore, Nov. 9, 1836.

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

On the 1st of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good paper, of an extra large royal octavo size, and neatly stitched in a coloured cover, the first number

OF A NEW PERIODICAL WORK,

ENTITLED,

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE,

Edited by WILLIAM E. BURTON, Philadelphia.

To whom all original Communications will be addressed.

THE announcement of a new Periodical in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise but having contemplated an alteration in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, "Every Body's Album," the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor, will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the proprietors.

The contents of the Gentleman's Magazine will, in every respect, be answerable to the meaning of the title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly as "eagles soar, above the ken of man," nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground; our pages will not be filled with abstruse predications, nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in matters "caviare to the million." In *short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor* philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book—an epitome of life's adjunctives—a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlour table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents attached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found, from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and didactic—graphic delineations of men and manners—free and spirited translations of the lighter portions of the Literature of continental Europe. A series of original biographical notices of the principal stars in the Dramatic hemisphere. The current Literature will be reviewed in full, and liberal extracts made from rare and valuable works. An original copy right song, not otherwise to be obtained, will be given, with the music, in every number.

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seventy-two extra sized octavo pages, or two columns each, forming, at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be *THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAPEST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE UNITED STATES.*

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which proposition can remain in force for a few months only. The subscription to the Gentleman's Magazine will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum, *payable in advance—but a five dollar bill will produce* two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to *Charles Alexander*, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet with the earliest attention.

June 39.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, ST. MICHAELS, AND WYE LANDING.

The Steamboat MARYLAND will leave Baltimore on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at eight o'clock, for the above places from the lower end of Dugan's wharf. Returning the next day, leaving Wye Landing at 8 o'clock for St. Michaels, Annapolis and Baltimore. She will continue this route throughout the season. Passage to Annapolis $1 50, to St. Michaels and Wye Landing $2 50.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

November 9.

CASH FOR

ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,

Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market. I can at all times be found at Mrs. Hunter's Tavern in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. PURVIS.

Sept. 12. R

P. S.—Any communications left with Mr. John Lamb, will be promptly attended to.

I. P.

SEVENTEEN POPULAR NOVELS,

VIZ:

Peter Simple,	Newton Forster,
Jacob Faithful,	Tales of Many Tales,
Pirate and Three Cutters,	Japhet in Search of his Father,
Frank Mildmay,	
King's Own,	

BY CAPTAIN MARRYATT.

Pelham,	Last Days of Pompeii,
The Disowned,	Rienzi,
Devereux,	Falkland,
Paul Clifford,	Pilgrims of the Rhine,
Eugene Aram,	

BY E. L. BULWER.

Will be given as a premium to any person who will send the names of Ten Subscribers, and Twenty Dollars in cash, to the publisher of

The Saturday News and Literary Gazette.

And to every person who will send Five Subscribers, and Ten Dollars in cash, a complete set of either Bulwer or Marryatt, as may be preferred.

The prices of the novels above mentioned, if purchased of the booksellers, would be $21 25; and in Godey's cheap and uniform edition they cost $6 50. They can be had of the publisher, at $3 50 for Bulwer, $3 for Marryatt, complete.

The SATURDAY NEWS contains more reading matter than any other paper published in the United States. It is devoted to general Literature, Criticism, the Drama, Agriculture, Intelligence, News, &c. Many of the best writers of Philadelphia are contributors to its columns; and its selections are made from the whole range of English literature. A correspondence is maintained with the principal cities of the Union, and letters are expected from a gentleman of high talent about to travel in Europe.—The subscription price is $2 per annum, payable in advance, or three copies for $5.

L. A. GODEY & Co.,

The following notices are taken from many of a similar character, made by the leading presses of this city:—

SATURDAY NEWS—The weekly paper with the above title, which we foretold a few weeks since came to light on Saturday last, under the auspices of Messrs. Godey, McMichael & Neal. Such a trio never got together before.—Neal and McMichael beat all for writing, and Godey beats all for publishing; and a capital job they made of their first number, worthy all that was promised. We prophesy for them great success, and for their readers great satisfaction.—*United States Gazette.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS—We have been favoured with a copy of the first number of this new paper. It is creditable to all concerned. The literary matter is far above the ordinary standard and would not discredit the columns of the most popular newspaper of the British metropolis. Sustained in the same spirit, the News will soon win liberal patronage and enviable reputation. An amusing extract will be found in a subsequent column.—*Inquirer and Courier.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.—The first number of a new weekly paper, with the above title, issued in Philadelphia on Saturday last—it is of the largest size of newspapers published in that city, and succeeds the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, formerly issued by Mr. Charles Alexander, which has been by him transferred to Messrs. L. A. Godey, J. C. Neal, and M. McMichael, three gentlemen very favourably known as possessing the requisite qualifications for conducting such a periodical in the most advantageous manner. The first number is a highly satisfactory specimen of what may be expected from the paper, especially as a literary Gazette. The annual subscription is at the very moderate rate of two dollars.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

We have received the first number of the Saturday News, a weekly paper of the largest class, issued by the Messrs. Godey, Neal and McMichael, able and experienced newspaper editors, who will not fail to give a due share of entertainment and interest to their sheet. The Gentleman's Vade Mecum has been transferred to Messrs. Godey & Co., and will be continued under the title of the Saturday News, which will contain besides a large amount of interesting intelligence and literary matter, in addition to that heretofore embodied in the Vade Mecum. We intended to publish their prospectus to-day, but have been prevented by want of room.—*Berks and Schuylkill Journal.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—We have received the first number of a new weekly paper, of the above title, edited by Louis A. Godey, conductor of the Lady's Book; Joseph C. Neal, editor of the Pennsylvanian, and Morton McMichael, the late editor of the Saturday Courier. Judging from the first number we should conclude that it will far exceed, for *original* matter, and new selections, any weekly paper in Philadelphia. It is not a *reprint* of any other Gazette, which is too much the case with the mammoth sheets of that city.—*Newcastle Gazette.*

The first number of the Philadelphia Saturday News has been received at this office, and promises to be one of the very best weekly papers in the Union. The number before us is very creditable to the enterprising publisher and editors, its contents being various, entertaining and instructive. Those who wish a good family paper from the city, cannot do better than to subscribe for the Saturday News. It is published by L. A. Godey, and edited by Morton McMichael, and Joseph C. Neal, Esqrs.—*Darby Republican.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—The new Journal advertised in our paper under the above title, made its appearance last week, and is, very unequivocally on the "go ahead" system.—There is no doubt, but that the publisher, our friend Godey, whose Lady's Book we have in times past laboured to make our *fair* readers *fairly* in love with, will gain troops of friends in his new enterprise, and line his pockets to some purpose with the "needful." Very well. We are glad of it. The sketch under our police head is by Mr. Neal, and is in his inimitable style. We hope to be able to treat our friends often to such exquisite touches of sly and quiet humour.—*Saturday Courier.*

Sept. 1.

A BY-LAW,

Entitled, A Supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise Street in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed 11th December, 1837.]

SECTION 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That three Commissioners be appointed by the Mayor for the purpose of ascertaining, by competent evidence, and in the usual way, what damages will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street, and that they shall report to this Board what damage will accrue to each of the said owners by opening the same.

Sec. 2. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That in making the said assessment and valuation, the said Commissioners shall take into consideration the benefits which will in their judgment, result to said owners by opening the aforesaid street, and that said benefits shall be deducted from the damages which the commissioners may be of opinion the aforesaid owners would otherwise be entitled to.

Sec. 3. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That after the said commissioners shall have made their report to this Board in manner aforesaid, it will be for this Board to decide whether the said street shall be opened, any thing in the by-law, to which this is a supplement, to the contrary notwithstanding.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

MAMMOTH SHEET.

OFFICE OF THE SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.

Philadelphia, November 26, 1836.

THE very liberal patronage bestowed on the SATURDAY NEWS, since its commencement in July last, and a desire to meet that patronage by corresponding exertions, have induced us this week to publish a *Double Number*—being the largest sheet ever printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States. To those of our friends who are practical printers, it need not be mentioned that this undertaking has involved serious mechanical difficulties. The largest—or one of the largest presses in Philadelphia is used for our ordinary impression—but this would accommodate only a single page of the mammoth sheet, and we were obliged, therefore, to work four forms at different periods. The care used in preparing the paper—in removing and folding the sheets, &c., can only be estimated by those who have seen the experiment made; and, added to the necessarily increased amount of composition, press work, &c., these supplementary expenses have made an aggregate cost, which would have deterred many from engaging in the enterprize. A gain of two thousand new subscribers will not repay the actual cost of this single number.

We flatter ourselves that, besides its extraordinary size, this number presents attractions that entitle it to some attention.—It contains the whole of *Friendship's Offering* for 1837, the London copy of which costs $4, and has 384 closely printed pages of letter press. Distinguished as the present age, and particularly our own country, has been for cheap reprints, we believe this surpasses any former instance. For *four cents* subscribers to the *Saturday News* receive, in addition to their ordinary supply of miscellaneous matter, an English annual, the largest yet received for the coming season; and they receive it, moreover, in a form that, from its novelty, gives it additional value.

Of the general character of the *Saturday News* we need not speak. That has now become so well known as to require no comment. We may take occasion to say, however, that in enterprize and resources we yield to no other publishers in this city or elsewhere, and we are determined that our paper shall not be surpassed. We have entered the field prepared for zealous competition, and we stand ready in every way to realize our promise, that no similar publication shall excel that which we issue. Our articles, both original and selected, we are not ashamed to test by any comparison which can be adopted; and there is no periodical in the United States, monthly or weekly, which might not be proud of many of our contributors.

The issuing of this number may be regarded as an evidence of our intention and ability to merit success. Nor will it be the only effort—From time to time, as opportunity offers, we proprose to adopt extraordinary means for the interest and gratification of our subscribers.

L. A. GODEY, & Co.

THE SALMAGUNDI,

AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

EMBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE OF COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A NEW PERIODICAL, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836. While it will *furnish its patrons* with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal object will be to serve up a humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Literature, and which, for the want of a proper channel for their preservation, are positively lost to the Reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desires it—(those out of the city, will forward their orders, postage paid)—☞and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentleman's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that MORE THAN

500 ENGRAVINGS

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humour and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superior and attractive order; and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to bear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The Terms of THE SALMAGUNDI will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to. ☞Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

☞THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alternate weeks—otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous Embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford must be enhanced by this arrangement.

☞Address, CHARLES ALEXANDER, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

PROSPECTUS OF A NEW PERIODICAL.

[illegible] is respectfully invited to the following prospectus of a new, and even a cheaper book periodical, which will be issued from this office in the first week of next January. It will not be in so convenient a form for binding as the periodicals with which it will in no way interfere, but it will make *books cheap beyond all precedent.* It will contain the works of the day, which are most sought after, but are *comparatively* dear, and which cannot penetrate the interior in any mode half so rapidly as by mail, in which *volumes* of books are prohibited. A fifty cent American reprint will be furnished entire for from *four to six cents*; a Marryat novel for twelve cents, and others in proportion.

As but very few copies will be printed but what are actually subscribed for, those who wish the Omnibus, must make their remittances at once.

Books at Newspaper Postage.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS.

NOVEL AND IMPORTANT LITERARY ENTERPRISE!!

NOVELS, TALES, BIOGRAPHY, VOYAGES, TRAVELS, REVIEWS, AND THE NEWS OF THE DAY

IT was one of the great objects of "Waldie's Literary," "to make good reading cheaper, and to bring literature to every man's door." That object has been accomplished; we have given to books wings, and they have flown to the uttermost parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the secluded, occupation to the literary, information to all. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto library a volume weekly for two cents a day; we *now propose to give a volume in the same period for less than four cents a week*, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matters, and a summary of the news and events of the day. We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of reduction, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favourite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same. But we shall, in the first week of January 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on very superior paper, also *filled with books* of the newest and most entertaining, though in their several departments of Novels, Tales, Voyages, Travels, &c., select in their character, joined with reading such as usually *should* fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enliven and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, at an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would alarm the pockets of the prudent, and to do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall acknowledge "the power of concentration can no farther go." *No book which appears in Waldie's Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus*, which will be an *entirely distinct* periodical.

TERMS.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain,

1st. Books, the newest and the best that can be procured, equal every week to a London duodecimo volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., *and only chargeable with newspaper postage.*

2d. Literary Reviews, Tales, Sketches, notices of books, and information from "the world of letters," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a small compass, but in a sufficient amount to embrace a knowledge of the principal events, political and miscellaneous, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five subscribers where the paper is forwarded *to one address.* To clubs of two individuals, five dollars; single mail subscribers, three dollars. The discount on uncurrent money will be charged to the remitters; the low price and superior paper absolutely prohibit paying a discount.

On no condition will a copy ever be sent until the payment is received in advance.

As the arrangements for the prosecution of this great literary undertaking are all made, and the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a generous public for many years, no fear of the non fulfilment of the contract can be felt. The Omnibus will be regularly issued, and will contain in a year reading matter equal in amount to two volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

46 Carpenter St. Philadelphia.

☞Editors throughout the Union, and Canada, will confer a favour by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for a year as compensation.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, leaves Baltimore, every TUESDAY & FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock [illegible] the above places, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf, and returns on Wednesday and Saturday.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCIII. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, MARCH 15, 1838. NO. 11.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

FOR SALE,

A YOKE of fine YOUNG OXEN, near South River, five miles from Annapolis.
JAMES W. WATERS.

March 1.

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

Novemrb 18. tf.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the Members of the General Assembly, and the citizens of Annapolis, that they have on hand a superior assortment of LIQUORS and WINES, consisting of the most approved Brands, both in Wood and in Glass, and at the most reasonable Prices. The following will exhibit their selection:

LIQUORS.

Pale, Cognac & Peach BRANDY, Henessy, J. J. Dupuy. and other brands.
Old Rye & Irish WHISKEY, warranted 10 years old.
Holland GIN. Strawberry brand.
Jamaica SPIRIT.

WINES.

Extra fine Old Burgundy MADEIRA.
Do do do Sercial do
do do Madeira.
Very fine old Pale and Brown SHERRY.
Do do do PORT.

WINES IN GLASS.

L. P. MADEIRA.
Blackburn's MADEIRA.
Extra fine Old MADEIRA.
Fine do do
Old Brown SHERRY.
Do Pale do
Extra fine Old PORT.

CHAMPAIGNES of the following Brands:

Orange, pts. and qts.
Star, qts.
A. Y. qts.
Forrest Fourneaux, pts.
Anchor, pts.
Laussenre, qts.

HOCKHEIMER.

Maraschino and Imperial Curracoa COR-DIALS.
ROYAL PUNCH SYRUP.
CIGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO, &c.
CASES *loaned* in good order to Members of the Legislature purchasing their Liquors of the subscribers.

DUBOIS & WEEMS.

January 18.

I know of no pursuit in which more real or important services can be rendered to any country, than by improving its Agriculture.
WASHINGTON.

SUBSCRIPTION
FOR THE
FIFTH VOLUME OF
THE CULTIVATOR,
CONDUCTED BY J. BUEL.
Office, No. 3, Washington-street, Albany.

THE CULTIVATOR is a monthly publication of 16 pages, devoted to agriculture, on a sheet of the largest size of paper—28 by 40 inches. The price is ONE DOLLAR per annum, payable in advance. The postage on a volume of the *Cultivator* will not exceed 18¾ cents to any part of the Union, and within the state, and a circle of 100 miles, it will be but 12½ cents. A volume will contain more than 200 pages quarto, will be illustrated with cuts of animals, implements, &c. and be furnished with a copious index. It will comprise as much letter press print as 1500 pages of common duodecimo—as much as the Penny Magazine, published by the British Society for the Promotion of Useful Knowledge, and which, at two dollars per annum, has been reputed to be the cheapest periodical any where published.

The *Cultivator* will continue to treat of the science of agriculture, to furnish instructions for the best models of practice in all the departments of husbandry, in horticulture, and other rural affairs, and to furnish useful lessons for the improvement of the young mind. The Conductor will endeavour to render it a *present help*, and a volume of *useful reference*, to all who have the ambition to distinguish themselves in rural labours and rural improvements—to help themselves and to benefit society

☞ Subscriptions to the above work received by
A. COWAN, Annapolis.

N. B Those who wish the Cultivator will please send their subscription by the 10th of February next. A. C.

December 7, 1837.

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE subscriber wants the following information:

Some time in the year 1821 or 22, a certain OLIVER POLLOCK, formerly a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, but at the above time a resident of Annapolis, Maryland, left Annapolis for the western country. The said O. Pollock is now dead. Any person that knows of his death, will confer a favour on the subscriber by enclosing him a few lines to Annapolis, Maryland.

N. B. Will the Editors of papers be so good as to insert the above, and by so doing they will confer a great favour on an aged man, with a large family.

WM. CATON.

Annapolis, Md Sept. 12th, 1837.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of William Murdock, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said William Murdock having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said William Murdock having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Robert Welch of Ben. his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said William Murdock a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, it is therefore hereby ordered and adjudged, that the said William Murdock be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months before the third Monday of April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William Murdock should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this 24th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Test, WM. S GREEN, Clk.
January 4. 3m.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Sct.

ON application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
A. A. County Court.
December 29. 3m.

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this office.

JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS
Of the House of Delegates of the State of Maryland,
DECEMBER SESSION, 1837.

WEDNESDAY, March 7th.

Mr. Gallagher presented a memorial of the Trustees of the University of Maryland, counter to the memorial of sundry physicians, praying the repeal of the act of Assembly constituting said board.

Mr. Williams, a petition of sundry inhabitants of Harford county, praying that a law may pass requiring bridges to be erected over the streams therein mentioned.

Mr. Higgins, a memorial of sundry citizens of the 1st and 3d election districts of Anne Arundel county, praying that the district system of taxation for primary schools may be abolished, and that a sum sufficient may be levied by county assessment.

Mr. Lemmon, a petition of Jesse Walter, Joshua Brattan, George Dorman, and other citizens of Somerset county, praying the construction of a canal on Barren creek, and praying a donation from the State in aid of said construction.

And Mr Giles, a petition of Daniel Griffith, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from his wife Margaret Griffith.

Mr Simmons submitted the following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, the people of Maryland cherishing the deep st reverence for the great principles of human liberty asserted by the revolution which gave birth to American Independence, and being anxious to transmit that sentiment unimpaired to posterity, have at all times taken pride in acknowledging the services and honouring the virtues of those by whose efforts that revolution was achieved.

And whereas, they chiefly and before all other names, venerate the name of Washington, the Father of His Country, who has no prototype, as a wise, valiant and uncorruptible patriot, to whose actions all men of every age and clime, may turn for instruction, in the difficult virtue of public duty.

And whereas, it is a subject of grateful recollection, that in the Senate chamber, George Washington, after he had conducted the war of Independence, to its prosperous end, and while in the enjoyment of a popularity with which no other personage of history could have been safely trusted, resigned his command of the army, and voluntarily placed himself in the ranks of a private citizen;—thus illustrating by an act in harmony with the whole tenor of his character, his pure and single devotion to the common good, and evidencing a moderation almost without its parallel in the annals of man.

And whereas, this General Assembly are desirous to perpetuate the memory of this noble action by a suitable monument—Therefore be it

Resolved, That the Governor of Maryland be, and he is hereby authorised to procure a Marble Statue of George Washington, to be placed in the Senate chamber, on the spot occupied by him, when he resigned his commission to the Congress of the United States, and for that purpose, the Governor be authorised to employ our countryman Horatio Greenough, or any other distinguished sculptor, either in America or elsewhere, as he may select, to perfect the said statue.

Resolved, That the Governor be, and he is hereby authorised to draw on the Treasurer of the Western Shore from time to time, for such sums of money as may be required in prosecution of said work.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, regulating the per diem allowance of the members of the levy court in Charles county.

Also, the supplement to an act, relating to the public roads in the several counties therein mentioned.

Also, the supplement to an act to authorise the laying out and opening a road through a part of Anne Arundel and Montgomery counties.

Severally endorsed, "will pass," and ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the bill, for the benefit of the heir at law of Richard Beall, late of Montgomery county, deceased,—endorsed "will pass with the proposed amendments."

Also, the bill, to perpetuate the name of Ellicotts' Mills on the Patapsco Falls.

And the bill, to regulate fences in St. Mary's county,—severally endorsed "will not pass."

The house then proceeded to consider the second order of the day, being the unfavourable report submitted by Mr. Carroll, from the special committee, on the 23d Feb. upon the leave to report a bill to prevent fraud in the exercise of the elective franchise in the several cities and counties of this State, and the bill offered as a substitute therefor by Mr. Sollers, entitled, an act to guard against frauds in the exercise of the elective franchise in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Mauleby moved to lay said report and substitute on the table.

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Sollers, said substitute was amended by striking out from the word "the," in the 1st section, second line, to the end of said section, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Governor, with the consent of the senate, to appoint two persons in each ward in the city of Baltimore, as registers of voters, whose duty it shall be to keep and open books annually, in which the names of each and every person shall be inserted, who, upon examination by said registers, shall prove by testimony satisfactory to said registers, that he is entitled to vote under the laws and constitution of this State, and who may apply to said registers for that purpose."

Mr. Giles moved further to amend said substitute, by inserting as the 2d section thereof, the following.

"SEC. 2. And be it enacted, that from and after the passage of this act, it shall be the duty of the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint two persons in each of the election districts in the several counties in this State, as registers of voters, whose duties it shall be to keep and open books annually, in which the names of each and every person shall be inserted, who, upon examination by said registers, shall prove by testimony satisfactory to them, that he is entitled to vote under the laws and constitution of this State,

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Orrick moved to strike out the enacting clause of the bill.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Giles moved that the house adjourn.

Resolved in the affirmative.

And the house accordingly adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

THURSDAY, March 8th.

Mr. Hillen presented a petition of sundry citizens of the city of Baltimore, praying the passage of an act, giving to mechanics and others, a lien upon buildings for work done and materials furnished for the erection of the same.

Mr. Wilmer, a petition of James H. Knotts, of Queen Anne's county, praying to be divorced from his wife Catharine Knotts.

Mr. Orrick, a petition of the Rev. Hezekiah Best and others, members of the Methodist Episcopal church, praying the passage of an act for more effectually quieting the possession of, and perpetuating the right to church property.

Mr. Howie, a petition of John L. Dorsey, praying the passage of a law to allow him to bring into this State, from the State of Alabama, a negro slave therein mentioned.

Mr. Frazier, a petition of sundry citizens of Tobacco Stick, in Dorchester county, praying the passage of a law to prevent the sale of ardent spirits within three-fourths of a mile of the Methodist meeting house in the aforesaid village.

Mr. Frazier, a memorial of sundry citizens of Dorchester county, praying that a law for the protection of oysters in Little Choptank river, may not be repealed.

Also, a petition of sundry citizens of Dorchester county, praying for a repeal of the law for the protection of oysters in Little Choptank or Hudson rivers.

Mr. Frazier, a petition of sundry citizens of Dorchester county, praying the passage of an act to incorporate the village of Tobacco Stick in said county.

Also, a petition of sundry citizens of Dorchester county against the incorporation of Tobacco Stick in Dorchester county.

Mr Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, reported a bill, entitled, a supplement to the act to incorporate the Mineral Bank of Maryland.

Which was read the first, and by a special order the second time.

Mr. Williams moved to amend said bill by striking out all after the first section thereof.

Determined in the negative.

The house then proceeded to the consideration of the order of the day, being the unfavourable report submitted by Mr. Carroll, from the special committee, on the 23d Feb. upon the leave to report a bill to prevent fraud in the exercise of the elective franchise in the several cities and counties of this State, and the bill offered as a substitute therefor by Mr. Sollers, entitled, an act to guard against frauds in the exercise of the elective franchise in the city of Baltimore.

On motion of Mr. Sollers, said substitute was amended by striking out in the third section, second line, these words, "judges and clerks appointed to hold general elections," and inserting in lieu thereof "registers," also, in the sixth line of same section, by striking out "justices of the peace," and inserting "registers," also, in the tenth line, by striking out after the word "State," these words, "and who may have removed into the ward after the said lists shall have been made and published," also, in the fifteenth line of said section, by striking out these words, "shall return the same so certified to the justices of the peace aforesaid who"

On motion of Mr. Sollers, said bill was further amended by striking out in the 4th section, from the word "provided," in the sixth line to the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following—

"That in case a voter shall remove out of the ward where his name has been enrolled previous to the day of election, he shall retain his right to vote in said ward; provided also, he shall make a written statement under oath or affirmation, setting forth the fact of his removal, and the name and numbers of the ward to which he has removed, and that he is still a resident of Baltimore city."

On motion of Mr. Sollers, said bill was amended by adding at the end thereof, as an additional section, the following —

"SEC. 10 And be it enacted, That in case any vacancy or vacancies shall occur in the list of registers to be appointed by this act, the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, if the Senate be in session, shall proceed to fill such vacancy as soon as may be after it occurs; and if the Senate be not in session, then the Governor shall fill such vacancy; and it shall be the duty of the registers whenever any vacancy takes place, to report the fact immediately to his excellency the Governor."

Mr. Risteau moved further to amend said bill by adding at the end thereof the following—

"And be it enacted, That this act shall also extend to the city of Annapolis, Frederick city, Easton, in Talbot county, and Elkton, in Cecil county."

Determined in the negative.

The said bill was then read the second time as amended and placed in the hands of the chair.

Mr. Gallagher moved to withdraw said bill from the hands of the chair for the purpose of amendment.

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Gallagher then moved to amend said bill, by adding at the end thereof as an additional section, the following:

"SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That this law shall have no force or effect, until approved of by the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore."

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Sollers moved further to amend said substitute, by adding at the end thereof, the following.

"SEC. 7. And be it enacted, That if the said registers, or any of them, shall fail to perform the duties assigned them in this act, or shall be guilty of any fraud in the same, they shall be subject to a fine of five hundred dollars, and imprisonment in the jail not less than six months nor more than two years."

Which was read.

Pending this motion.

Mr. Alexander moved that the house adjourn.

Resolved in the affirmative.

And the house accordingly adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

FRIDAY, March 9th.

The speaker announced the following message as having been received from the senate on yesterday, viz

The bill to incorporate Hereford Academy, in Baltimore county;

Also, the bill for the incorporation of Howard Lodge, No. 28, of the Order of Independent Odd Fellows, in Dorchester county;

Also, the bill to authorise the trustees of the alms house in Prince-George's county, to alter the time of appointing an overseer, and other officers and servants of said institution, and for other purposes;

Also, the bill supplementary to an act to establish Magistrates' Courts in the several counties of this State, and to prescribe their jurisdiction;

Severally endorsed, "will pass," and the bills severally ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the resolutions in favour of Barbara Ruark and Elizabeth Burk;

And, the resolution in favour of the securities of Marcy Fountain, former collector of Caroline county;

Severally endorsed, "assented to," and the resolutions ordered to be engrossed.

On motion of Mr. Giles, the house suspended the rule and took up for consideration the bill from the senate, entitled, an act to incorporate the Maryland Silk Company of Baltimore.

The said bill was then read the second time, passed and returned to the senate.

Mr. Mann presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying the passage of an act to make it a capital offence for any citizen of this State to be engaged in a duel, and also to make those who may give or accept a challenge, or aid in anywise accessory to the same, shall be liable to the severest penalties of the law.

On motion of Mr. Turner, of Baltimore county,

Ordered, That the committee on the currency be, and they are hereby respectfully requested to make report of the result of their investigations and deliberations on the subject of the currency and the banking institutions of this State, on Monday next, or at as early a day thereafter as practicable, which subject they were exclusively charged with early in the session, and it is the more desirable as the session is or ought to be drawing to a close, and that the house ought to have sufficient opportunity to give to the subject that consideration its importance requires.

The hour having arrived for taking up the order of the day,

The house resumed the consideration of the unfinished order of yesterday, being the unfavourable report submitted by Mr. Carroll, from the special committee, on the 23d February, upon the leave to report a bill to prevent [illegible]

the exercise of the elective franchise in the several cities and counties of this State, and the bill offered as a substitute therefor by Mr. Sollers, entitled, an act to guard against fraud in the exercise of the elective franchise in the city of Baltimore;

The question before the house being upon the amendment to the substitute offered by Mr. Sollers on yesterday, as the 7th section thereof;

On the question being put, will the house adopt said amendment?

It was resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Giles moved further to amend said substitute by adding at the end thereof, as an additional section, the following:

Section 7. And be it enacted, That this act shall not be so construed as to prevent the judges of election in the city of Baltimore from receiving the vote of any citizen of that place, who has a constitutional right of suffrage, even if his name should not be found in the said register; nor shall it be construed to give the right of suffrage to any person whose name is entered in said register, unless such person shall have the age, residence and citizenship required by the constitution.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Risteau moved to amend said substitute, by adding at the end thereof, as an additional section, the following:

And be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall take effect at the next October election, and that at said election the voters of the city of Baltimore shall have written on their tickets for or against the Register Law, and pass them through the ballot box.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Risteau then moved to amend said substitute by adding at the end thereof, as an additional section, the following:

And be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to take effect until the same shall be confirmed by the next general assembly.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. McKinnell moved to amend said substitute by adding at the end thereof, as additional sections, the following:

And be it enacted, That if either of the registers shall refuse to receive and register the name of any person who may be proved to be a legal voter, or who shall register or cause to be registered, knowing the fact, the name of any person who may not be a legal voter in the ward of which he is one of the registers, he shall be deemed and judged guilty of wilful perjury, and on conviction thereof before Baltimore city court, shall be sentenced to the penitentiary of this State for a term of not less than five or more than ten years.

And be it enacted, That if either of said registers shall bet, or be in any manner interested in any bet or bets on any election, or shall be stakeholder of any bet or bets on any election, or shall permit, until handed to the judges of election in any manner, any person to be possessed of, or shall shew to, or transcribe or suffer to be transcribed his registry book or books, said register shall, on conviction thereof before Baltimore city court, be fined the sum of five hundred dollars, and imprisoned six months.

And be it enacted, That the Governor shall not nominate to the senate any person to the office of register who may hold, or be in any manner connected or interested with any person who may hold an office of honour, profit or trust in the State of Maryland, nor shall any person who may have been a register be appointed to any office of honour, profit or trust for twelve months after he may have held such office.

And be it enacted, That this act shall be null and void unless accepted by a majority of the voters of the city of Baltimore, at an election to be held for that purpose by proclamation of the mayor of the city, on the 1st Monday in May next, as elections are usually held, by giving at least 30 days notice thereof in all the newspapers of the city of Baltimore, and said voters shall have on their tickets at said election, the words, for or against a Registry Law.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Grason moved to amend said substitute by adding at the end thereof, as an additional section, the following:

And be it enacted, That the seamen of the city of Baltimore shall not be subject to the operation of this law.

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Sollers, said substitute was amended by adding at the end thereof the following additional sections:

Sec. 8, And be it enacted, That if any individual shall arrive in the city of Baltimore on the day of election, and he shall prove by competent testimony that he has been absent from the city or State, and had no means of registering his name, and shall also prove that he is otherwise entitled to vote under the constitution and laws of this State, then and in that case, the judges of the election are authorised to receive his vote.

And be it enacted, That if either of said registers shall bet or be in any manner interested in any bet or bets, on any election, or shall be stakeholder of any bet or bets, or shall at any time exhibit their books, except to each other, or give a copy thereof to any person or persons whatever, except the judges of election as hereinbefore provided, the said registers shall, on conviction thereof before Baltimore city court, be fined the sum of one hundred dollars, and imprisoned six months.

On motion of Mr. Boyle, of Carroll, said substitute was further amended, by adding at the end thereof the following, as an additional section:

And be it enacted, That at the next election the voters as registered, shall declare upon their ballots, for or against the registry law, and if it be found upon counting the same, that a majority of said ballots were against the said law, then and in that case the said law shall in future be null and void.

On motion of Mr. Sollers, the house reconsidered the 1st section of said substitute;

On motion of Mr. Sollers, said section was amended by striking out after the word "entitled," the words "to vote," and inserting in lieu thereof these words, "or will be entitled to vote at the next election."

The said substitute having been read through as amended,

The question was put, will the house adopt the substitute?

Resolved in the affirmative.

The question was then put, shall the said bill pass?

Resolved in the affirmative,

On motion of Mr. Ely, the yeas and nays were ordered and appeared as follows:—

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. Tuck, Speaker, Hopewell, Causin, McDaniel, Usilton, Welch, Gale, Brown, Iglehart, Simmons, Sollers, Hughes, Matthews, Kerr, Denny, Boyle, of Tal. Jump, of Tal. Carroll, Adams, Lemmon, Frazier, Eccleston, Goldsborough, Tall, Simpers, Bowie, Ghiselin, Coombs, Alexander, Harrison, Townsend, Hearn, Powell, Carter, Boon, Turner, of Car. Jump, of Car. Beam, Griffith, White, Dawson, Sprigg—42.

NEGATIVE.

Messrs. Higgins, Parran, Kent, Orrick, Risteau, Ely, Turner, of Balt. Jones, Comegys, Evans, Grason, Wilmer, Biser, Geyer, Ent, Cramer, Williams, Forwood, Nelson, Maulsby, Giles, Hillen, Gallagher, McKinnell, Mann, Swingley, Rentch, Witmer, Neff, Blocher, Boyle, of Car. Shower, Berret, Powder—34.

So the bill was passed.

Mr. Turner, of Baltimore county, moved to amend the title of said bill by striking out, and inserting in lieu of the title, the following:

"An act to register the voters of the city of Baltimore."

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Causin,

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning ten o'clock.

SATURDAY, March 10th.

The speaker announced the following message as having been received from the senate on yesterday, viz—

The bill, for the benefit of Alexander McComas, of Harford county

Also, the bill, for the benefit of Frederick Gardner, of Frederick county.

Severally endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments;"

Also, the bill, to authorise the commissioners of tax of Carroll county, to levy a sum of money for the support of Catharine Hipsley.

Also, the bill, for the relief of Joseph Steele, and others.

Severally endorsed, "will pass."

Also, the bill, authorising and directing the commissioners of Harford county, to examine into and determine the utility of opening an old road in the said county—endorsed, "will not pass."

Also, the resolutions relative to the loan negotiated by virtue of the act of Dec session 1835, for the promotion of internal improvement—endorsed, "assented to," and ordered to be engrossed.

And delivered a petition of Jos. Graham, late sheriff of Talbot county, praying further time to complete his collections—endorsed, "referred to the consideration of the house of delegates."

Mr. Berret presented two petitions signed by two hundred and twenty-three voters of Carroll county, praying that the commissioners of said county may be elected by the people.

Mr. Wilmer, a petition of the trustees of the poor of Queen Anne's county, and of primary school district No. 22, praying for the passage of a law directing the commissioners of the school fund of said county, to pay over such sum as will be necessary to educate the poor children from the alms house, in addition to their regular dividend.

Mr. Coombs, a petition of Samuel Barron, Richard L. Thompson, Leonard H. Early and others, praying that Jane Duvall may be placed on the pension roll of Prince George's county.

Mr. Hughes, a petition of Francis Matthews and James F. Neale, praying the passage of an act to authorise them to bring certain slaves therein mentioned into this State.

Mr. Orrick, a petition of Joseph Addison, (a coloured man) praying for a redress of grievances therein mentioned.

Mr. Tall, a petition of sundry citizens of Dorchester county, praying the passage of a law authorising a public road as therein mentioned.

Mr. Maulsby, a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying that mileage may be allowed to the commissioners of said county, in addition to their per diem.

Mr. Mann, a petition of sundry citizens of Cavetown district in Washington county, praying the passage of a law making duelling a capital offence.

Mr. Sprigg, chairman of the committee on the currency, delivered the following report:

The committee on the currency, beg leave to report to the house the testimony taken by them, as to the condition of the Susquehannah Bank; and inasmuch as the question of a repeal of the charter of that institution, has been submitted to the committee on grievances and courts of justice, your committee deem it proper that the evidence they have collected, should be laid before that committee, they therefore pray such a disposition of it, that they be discharged from a further consideration of the condition of that institution.

M. SPRIGG, Chairman.

Which was read.

Mr. Carroll reported a bill, entitled, an act to incorporate the Somerset Silk Company.

Mr. Geyer reported a supplement to an act, to provide for the public instruction of youth in primary schools throughout this State.

Mr. Frazier, to divorce James H. Knotts, of Queen Anne's county, from his wife Catharine Knotts;—And,

Mr. Bowie, a bill, to confirm and make valid a deed of conveyance from Joseph L. Smallwood to George S. Adams.

Which were severally read the first, and by a special order the second time, and passed.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to divorce Samuel Roberts, of the city of Baltimore, from his wife Mary Ann Roberts.

Also, the bill, to authorise Jane Hutton and Margaret Hutton, of the city of Baltimore, to hold, inherit and dispose of real estate.

Severally endorsed, "will pass."

And, delivered a preamble and resolutions originated in and passed by the senate, requesting our Representatives in Congress to endeavour to procure from the General Government, further aid towards the completion of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal

On motion of Mr. Giles, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, entitled, an act to provide for the instruction of indigent blind persons, inhabitants of this State.

The said bill was then read the second time and passed,

On motion of Mr. Boyle, of Carroll, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him entitled, an act to alter and change the divisional line between the first and third election districts in Carroll county.

The said bill was then read the second time and passed.

The house adjourned until Monday morning, nine o'clock.

MONDAY, March 12th.

Mr. Ent presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Frederick county, praying that a law may be passed to authorise the levy court of said county to levy a sufficient sum of money for the purpose of building a new court house in Frederick county.

Mr. Ent, a memorial of 143 citizens of Frederick county, remonstrating against the proposed division of Frederick county, with a view to the erection of a new county.

Mr. Neff, a petition of 47 voters of district No. 1, and 14 voters in district No. 10, in Allegany county, praying that no alteration may be made of the division lines between the two districts.

Mr. Jump, a petition of Sally Ann Porter, of Talbot county, praying to be divorced from her husband James Porter.

Mr. Simpers, a petition of the commissioners of Charlestown in Cecil county, praying for the passage of a law to authorise them to sell a lot of ground in said town.

Mr. Rentch, a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying an alteration of the boundary line of election district, No. 1 and 6 for their convenience.

Mr. Iglehart, a memorial of sundry citizens of Anne Arundel county, praying an alteration in the license laws of this State.

And Mr. Giles, a memorial of the New Castle and Frenchtown Turnpike and Rail Road Company, praying permission to extend their rail road as far as Turkey Point on the Chesapeake bay.

Mr. Causin reported a bill, entitled, an act to amend the constitution and form of government of the State of Maryland.

Which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Causin submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That in the opinion of this Legislature, the twenty-second section of the act of 1836, ch. 197, entitled, an act to amend the constitution and form of government of the State of Maryland, is not intended to affirm any power in the legislature of the State, to alter the relation of master and slave, by a partial or general abolition of slavery; but that it was only intended the more effectually to guard that relation against the attacks of fanatic and malignant designs, upon the peace and security of the citizens of the State.

And be it further resolved, that the Legislature of the State of Maryland, does not possess the power either of partial or general abolition of slavery, even by a unanimous vote of both houses, and at two successive sessions, as contained in the said section.

Which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

The house took up for consideration the bill from the senate, entitled, an act for the benefit of Edward L. Nicholson and others, devisees and legatees of Richard Harwood of Thomas, deceased.

The said bill was then read the second time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Williams, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, entitled, an act declaratory of the law concerning contempts of court.

On motion of Mr. Williams, said bill was amended by adding at the end of the 1st section thereof, the following, "and in cases of absence of witnesses or jurors, who have been duly summoned to attend said courts."

The said bill was then read the second time as amended, and passed.

On motion of Mr. Witmer, the House took up for consideration the bill reported by him, entitled, an act in favour of the Botanical or Thompsonian system of medicine.

Mr. Risteau, moved to amend said bill by striking out the 2nd section thereof.

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Ely, said bill was amended by inserting in the 2nd section after the word "acts," the words "or parts of acts."

Mr. Williams moved further to amend said bill by adding at the end thereof as an additional section the following,

And be it enacted, that nothing contained in this act shall be construed to exempt the practitioners of said Botanical or Thompsonian system of medicine from the operation of the common law in relation to Physicians' fees.

Which was read.

Mr. Geyer moved to amend said amendment by adding at the end thereof these words, "and penalties for mal-practice."

Resolved in the affirmative.

The question the recurred upon the amendment as amended, and

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Risteau then moved to amend said bill, by adding at the end of the 1st section, thereof the following proviso.

Provided, always, and it is the express intention of this law that no Thompsonian doctor, a practitioner of medicine, shall be allowed the benefit of this law, until he shall go through a regular course of lectures in some medical school chartered by this or some other state.

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Risteau moved to amend said bill by adding at the end of the 1st section thereof the following:

"Provided, that they undergo an examination by a regular board of examiners."

Which was read.

On motion of Mr. Ely, said amendment was amended by adding at the end thereof, these words, "appointed by the Thompsonian Society of Baltimore."

The question then recurred upon the amendment as amended, and

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Causin moved that the house adjourn.

Resolved in the affirmative.

The house adjourned until tomorrow morning nine o'clock.

TUESDAY, March 13th.

The speaker announced the following message as having been received from the senate on yesterday, viz:

The bill, to divorce Theresa Kann, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband Julius Kann, endorsed, "will pass," ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the bill, to authorise the commissioners of the tax for Carroll county, to borrow money for the erection of the public buildings, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendment.

Also, the bill, to provide for electing commissioners of Carroll county and prescribing their powers and duties, endorsed, "reconsidered and will not pass."

And delivered a bill, originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, a supplement to the act to incorporate the Boston and New York Coal Company.

On motion of Mr. Risteau,

The house suspended the rule and took up for consideration the bill reported by him, as chairman of the committee on divorces, entitled, an act to divorce Elizabeth Ann White, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband Bennet A. White.

Mr. Giles presented a petition of Christian Keener and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying that the Baltimore Print Company may be incorporated.

Mr. Carroll, a petition of the trustees of the Franklin School, praying for a donation from the State.

Mr. Matthews, a petition of Peter W. Crain and others, praying a law may pass directing the librarian to furnish the clerk of Charles county court, and the orphans' court with certain laws of this State.

Mr. Geyer, a memorial of sundry citizens of Frederick county, praying that a law may be passed, authorising the levy court of Frederick to levy a sum of money for the purpose of building a bridge over Monocacy.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to incorporate the Orphan House and Episcopal Free School of All Saints Church in Frederick town.

Also, the bill, to guard against frauds in the exercise of the elective franchise in the city of Baltimore.

Severally endorsed, "will pass."

The bill reported by Mr. Giles, relating to Chancery proceedings.

The bill reported by Mr. Kerr, to confirm and make valid a deed of conveyance from Daniel Renner to Susannah Jenkins.

The bill also reported by Mr. Kerr, relating to Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange.

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Turner, of Caroline, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by Mr. Jump, of Caroline, entitled, an act to incorporate the Denton Silk Company.

Mr. Shower reported a bill, entitled, an act for the relief of Carroll county,—and

Mr. Carroll reported a bill, entitled, an act to abolish capital punishment in this State.

On motion of Mr. Witmer, the house resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, being the bill reported by him, entitled, an act in favour of the Botanical or Thompsonian system of medicine.

Mr. Risteau moved to amend said bill, by striking out the preamble thereof.

Determined in the negative.

The question was then put, shall the said bill pass?

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Witmer, the yeas and nays were ordered and appeared as follows—

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. McDaniel, Usilton, Brown, Higgins, Ely, Turner, of Balt. Jump, of Tal. Jones, Frazier, Eccleston, Tall, Townsend, Ent, Cramer, Williams, Turner, of Car. Giles, Hillen, Gallagher, McKennell, Mann, Swingley, Rentch, Witmer, Neff, Blocher, Boyle, of Car. Shower, Berret, Powder—30.

NEGATIVE.

Messrs. Tuck, Speaker, Hopewell, Causin, Parran, Iglehart, Simmons, Sollers, Hughes, Matthews, Risteau, Boyle, of Tal. Carroll, Adams, Lemmon, Comegys, Evans, Simpers, Bowie, Coombs, Grason, Harrison, Wilmer, Hearn, Nelson, Boon, Beam, Griffith, White, Dawson, Sprigg—31.

So the bill was rejected.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
Thursday, March 15, 1838.

A STATEMENT

Exhibiting the aggregate of Expenditure and each general charge in Anne-Arundel County for the year 1837.

Pensioners,	$3,136	
Bridges,	686 11	
Public Roads,	4,373 85	
Orphans Court,	726 07	
Public Ferries,	700	
Jurors to the County Court,	1,500	
State Witnesses,	205 33	
Bailiffs to the County Court,	255	
SUNDRY ACCOUNTS.		
Henry C. Drury, of Wm. Collector, Insolvencies for 1835,	$95 64	
Stephen Beard, Justice 2d Election District,	22 37	
Benjamin Watkins, do do	27 26	
John Beard, Jr. Collector Insolvencies for 1836,	101 30	
John Beard, Jr. per account,	8	
John Claytor, per account,	3 92	
John C. Queenberry, per account,	22 40	
William O'Hara, Justice 1st Election District,	19 75	
Rinaldo Pindell, do do	14	
W. J. W. Compton, do do	22	
Rinaldo Pindell per account,	75	
Leonard Iglehart, per account,	10	
Caleb White, Justice 2d Election District,	16 62	
Philemon Warfield, per account,	26	
Charles Boone, Collector, Insolvencies for 1834 and 1835,	25 99	
Henry C. Dunbar, Justice 3d Election District,	42 87	
Dennis Gaither, Justice 4th Election District,	10	
Joel Hopkins, do do	30 27	
Philemon Warfield, Collector, Insolvencies for 1836,	73 07	
Zachariah Merriken, per account,	3 19	
Seth W. Warfield, per account,	2 43	
Samuel Nichols, per account,	6 37	
Basil Owings, per account,	3 81	
Nathan Miles, per account use of Polly Welling,	1 67	
Mortimer Dorsey, Thomas Burgess, and Edward Warfield, Justices 6th Election District,	24 55	
Richard Gambrill, for the Justices in 5th District,	50 24	
Nathan Shipley, per account,	1 19	
Thomas C. Miller, for a road Certificate given by John Fisher, Supervisor, in favour of Jno. D. Warfield,	2	
Thomas C. Miller, Collector, Insolvencies for 1836,	92 42	
Thomas C. Miller, per account,	64	
Richard Gambrill, for the Justices in 5th District for 1835,	18 74	
James Iglehart, per account,	133 79	
Francis M. Jarboe, per account use of James Iglehart,	10 18	
John S. Selby, Sheriff, per account,	642 60	
Daniel Hart, per account,	3	
Edward Dubois, per account,	3 48	
John W. Whittington, per account,	45	
James Boyle, Prosecutor, per account,	443 33	
William S. Green, Clerk, per account,	373 14	
William S. Green, for expenses and compensation under the act for the Conveyance of Process,	125	
Thomas King, Cryer, per account use of James Iglehart,	35	
Thomas G. Waters, per account,	86	
Lewis N. Sewell, per account,	75	
William Brewer, Justice, Annapolis,	1 96	
Thomas G. Waters, do	32	
Edward Dubois, do	24	
William Brewer, per account,	3 54	
Lewis N. Sewell, Collector, Insolvencies for 1835,	3 55	
Lewis N. Sewell, Collector, Insolvencies for 1836,	4 52	
William Sewell, per account use of Adam & John Miller,	4	
Gotlieb I. Grammer, for care of the Court House,	100	
Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county for a Pavement in front of the Court House,	100	
		2,916 60
Judges and Clerks of the Elections,		434
Constables Salaries, &c,		609 22
Alms House,		2,500
Commissioners and Clerk,		655
Jail,		748 67
Lunatic Paupers,		300
Burying Paupers,		132
Crows Heads,		192
Coroners and Jurors on Inquest,		20 50
Printing,		64 50
Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county under the act relating to the People of Colour,		654
Collectors Commission,		1,323 47
Surplus,		980 02
Amount of Levy,		$23,062 60
Commissioners of Primary Schools and Clerk,		4,075
Collectors Commission,		252 22
		$4,327 22
Amount of Levy,		4,203 83
Deficit,		123 39

By order of the Board of Commissioners for Anne Arundel County,

R. J. HOWMAN, Clk.

TRUSTEES OF THE POOR.

William O'Hara, Joseph N. Stockett, Barney Wil-, George McNeir and John Iglehart.

SUPERVISORS OF THE PUBLIC ROADS.

John Sewell, of Jno., Thomas R. Beard, Richard man, John Beard, Richard G. Holliday, Francis win, Philip Pindell, John T. Richardson, William uhart, Samuel Duvall, Solomon G. Chaney, Tho- R. Cross, Samuel Gott, Francis Bird, Thomas W. man, John M. Welch, Amos Linthicum, Joshua lings, Franklin P. Ijams, Nicholas Woodward, liam Gardner of Geo., Zachariah Johnson, James bb, William Linthicum, Seth Warfield, Anthony ith, Richard Warfield, Samuel Nichols, William lep, James Sykes, Isaac Richardson, Philemon Dor- , Samuel Brown of John R., Nathan Shipley, James Meredith, John Fisher, Asbury Peddicord, Hum- ey Dorsey, George L. Stockett, Plummer Ijams, Da- n Dorsey, Charles Carroll, and Greenbury Warfield.

CONSTABLES.

For the First Election District,—William Urquhart, nnett Thomas, and James Bird.

For the Second Election District,—John Meek.

For the Third Election District,—Zachaus Pum- ey, Charles Boone, Samuel Armiger, and George y.

For the Fourth Election District,—William Phelps, d William Gardner of A.

For the Fifth Election District,—Edward Brown, ph Murphey, Richard Wells, Jr. and Charles Small- od.

For the Sixth Election District,—Albert G. Shipley, a Warfield, Peregrine Hobbs, and Joseph S. Hamlin.

For the City of Annapolis,—Samuel Evans, and Tho- s King.

INSPECTORS OF PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

John Mercer, Joseph N. Stockett, Joseph Howard, n S. Sellman, Benjamin Watkins, Jeremiah Hughes, n Ridout of H., Thomas Robinson, John L. Moore, shrod W. Marriott, Dr. Gustavus McElhiney, An- w Ellicott, Jr., Richard G. Stockett, Charles W. rsey, Charles Carroll, Thomas Hood, James B. Mat- ws, and Mortimer Dorsey.

COLLECTORS OF THE TAX.

John Beard, Jr. Collector in the First Collection Dis- ct.

Caleb White, Collector in the Second Collection Dis- ct.

Thomas C. Miller, Collector in the Third Collection strict.

Lewis N. Sewell, Collector in the Fourth Collection strict.

Amount of Levy $23,062 60—Rate of Tax per 00, 31 cents.

Primary School Tax $4,075—Rate of Tax per $100, cents.

R.

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND.

At a meeting of the Medical Class of the U- versity of Maryland, held in the Anatomical ll on the 3d of March, 1838, Mr. Dickson, Baltimore Co. was called to the Chair, and r. Anderson, of Baltimore City, was appointed ecretary—when on motion of Mr. Levely, of nnapolis city, it was

Resolved, That a committee of four be appoint- by the Chair to report a Preamble and Reso- tions expressive of the opinion entertained by e Medical Class of the able manner in which Medical Faculty of this University have di- rged their official duties during the past sion, and our grateful sense of their personal indness towards us.

Messrs. Culbreth, of Annapolis City, Brown, f Washington County, Higgins of Anne Arun- el County, and Thompson, of Montgomery County, were appointed said committee, who resented the following preamble and resolu- ions, which were unanimously adopted and or- ered to be printed:

Whereas, We are conscious of having deri- ed much and highly valuable information from Medical Lectures, delivered during the present ession by the Medical Professors of this Uni- ersity, in which they have displayed profound earning, great ability, and untiring zeal; and hereas we are prompted by justice and grati ude to make known our sense of obligation—herefore be it

Resolved, That we highly appreciate the dis- uished talents, deep research, and able pre- ections of the several Medical Professors of this chool,—and gratefully acknowledge the advan- ages we have derived therefrom.

Resolved, That apart from their clear and orcible expositions of the various branches of he Medical Science by public lectures, they have contributed much by their untiring private nd unofficial exertions to remove the difficul- ies necessarily attendant on the proper acquisi- ion of Medical knowledge.

Resolved, That the practical method of incul- cating instruction pursued by the present faculty s admirably calculated to fix upon the memory of the student the precepts he has been taught, while at the same time a familiarity with prac- tical details is secured, which must prove of reat advantage in the subsequent pursuit of his rofession.

Resolved, That whilst we acknowledge the enefits received by us from their ability and eal, from unsurpassed anatomical advantages, rom a valuable museum, from extensive appa- ratus, and from the clinical instruction of the Infirmary, we cannot withhold the expression of our deep sensibility of the personal kindness we have received at the hands of the Faculty, of which time cannot efface the remembrance.

Resolved, That in his particular department the Demonstrator of Anatomy has offered us every facility for the prosecution of our practi- cal investigations, and that his attention, and assiduous efforts to promote our pursuits, com- mand our respectful thanks.

Resolved, That Messrs. Culbreth of Annapo- lis city, Brown of Washington county, Higgins of Anne Arundel county, and Thompson of Montgomery county, constitute a committee to present a copy of these proceedings to Profes- sors H. Willis Bailey, Henry Howard, R. E. Dorsey, M. A. Pinkey, Wm. R. Fisher and J. Frederick May, and to Dr. Elias Hughes, De- monstrator of Anatomy.

The Editors of this City and State are re- spectfully requested to publish the above.

ISAAC E. DICKSON, Chairman.

Joseph L. Anderson, Secretary.

HYMENEAL.

Married, on Sunday the 4th inst. by the Rev. Mr. McIlhiney, Mr. John H. Boyer, to Miss Ellen Slemaker, both of Anne-Arundel county.

From the Kent Bugle.

DEATH.

OF THE

RIGHT REV'D. WM. M. STONE, D. D.

Bishop of the Diocese of Maryland.

The death of Bishop Stone having been announced, a meeting of the vestry of Chester Parish was called, at which, the Rector, the Rev'd C. F. Jones was present, and the following resolutions were proposed and unanimously adopted.

1. *Resolved*, That, while they desire to exercise Christian resignation to the appointments of Divine Providence, the vestry, in common with the Parish and the whole Diocese, deeply lament the death of their late venerated Bishop, and mourn over the loss which the Church in this State has sustained.

2. That they entertain an affectionate remembrance of the deceased as their former Rector, and love to reflect on the excellencies of his character, both in its pastoral and social relations.

3. That they admire the wisdom and prudence which he displayed in administering the affairs of the Diocese—and they ardently pray that the meekness of his character may descend, like the mantle of Elijah, on his successor.

4. That they sincerely sympathise with the family of their departed Bishop in their melancholly bereavement.

5. That the Church in Chestertown of which he was once Rector be clothed in mourning, and that the vestry, in testimony of their respect, will wear crape on the left arm for 30 days.

6. That the Rev'd Mr. Jones our present Rector, be requested to deliver a discourse suitable to the occasion.

7. And that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of the deceased Bishop and be published in the Protestant Episcopalian, and the Episcopal Recorder.

At a meeting of the Clergy of the *Protestant Episcopal Church of Maryland*, residing in the city of Baltimore, held at the Vestry Room of St. Paul's Church, to express their respect for the memory of their beloved Diocesan, recently deceased, there were present the Rev. Drs. Wm. E. Wyatt, J. Johns, and J. P. K. Henshaw, the Rev. J. Peterkin, Ira A. Easter, Wilie Peck, O. Hutton, and U. Beal. On motion of the Rev. Dr. Johns, the Rev. Dr. Wyatt was called to the Chair, and the Rev. Upton Beal appointed Secretary. The object of the meeting having been stated by the chairman, on motion of the Rev. Dr. Johns, the Rev. Drs. Wyatt and Henshaw were appointed a committee to propose to the meeting such resolutions as were proper for the occasion. The committee accordingly submitted the following, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Clergy regard with painful concern, the loss which the diocese has sustained in the death of their late most amiable and excellent Father in the Church, the Right Rev'd. WILLIAM MURRAY STONE, D. D. and that they lament the bereavement with all the sensibility which the importance of his sacred office, and the purity of his character in the discharge of its functions, can awaken.

Resolved, That they entertain an affectionate esteem of the christian simplicity and meekness which distinguished Bishop Stone, and cherish a grateful and respectful sense of his conscientiousness and fidelity in his duties, of his sound principles and holy life.

Resolved, That they regard the condition of the diocese thus bereaved, as claiming every expression of the devout sympathy of the Church, and they earnestly beg the prayers of the Right Rev. Fathers of the Church, and of their brethren, the Clergy and Laity, for the watchful care, and guiding and consoling graces of God's Holy Spirit and Providence.

Resolved, That the Clergy here assembled will wear the usual badges of mourning for three months in their professional duties.

Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be sent to the afflicted family of the deceased Bishop, with assurances of respectful condolence; and also, to all the Bishops of the Church.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the several periodicals of the Church, and in the daily papers of the city.

WILLIAM E. WYATT, Chairman.

Upton Beall, Sec'ry.

P. S. The Rev. Wm. Bryant and J. P. Bausman, were not present, but gave their assent to the proceedings.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That an Election will take place in this City, on the first MONDAY of April next, at the usual place of holding elections, for the purpose of electing seven Common Councilmen to serve in the Corporation thereof.

G. H. DUVALL, Clk. Corp.

March 15.

A MANAGER WANTED,

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of Commodore Henry E. Ballard, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will find a desirable situation. None other need apply. Application can be made to Mrs. Ballard, at the Farm, or to

TH. FRANKLIN, Annapolis.

October 5.

A BY-LAW

Establishing the Lines of West-Street extended.

(Passed 12th February, 1838.)

BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That the plat of West-street extended, heretofore made out by John W. Duvall, Surveyor, under a former order of this Corporation, be and the same are hereby established and confirmed as the boundaries and lines of West-street extended, except so far as relates to the beginning of the first line run by said surveyor, and that the beginning of the first line of said street be precisely at the Northwest corner of Vachel Severe's house, and run with a straight course to the point at the Scale House, as laid down on said plat.

And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That all by-laws heretofore passed, inconsistent with this by-law, be and the same are hereby repealed.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

March 15

PICKED up in the Bay, afloat, FOUR HOGSHEADS, which contained Oats, and One Hogshead containing Flaxseed.—The owner or owners are requested to come forward, prove property, and pay charges.

JOHN PHILIPS.

March 8.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,

March 6th, 1838.

ON application by petition of Jonathan Wheat, Executor of the last will and testament of Jesse Wheat, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L BROWN, Jun'r,

Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel County, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Jesse Wheat, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 6th day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 6th day of March 1838.

JONATHAN WHEAT, Ex'r.

March 8 6w.

FEMALE SEMINARY,

NEWPORT, CHARLES COUNTY, MARYLAND,

IS situated 11 miles S. E. of Port Tobacco, 35 S. E. of Washington, from which the mail stage passes through Newport twice a week, half a mile from the village, and in a healthy and highly respectable neighbourhood.

Mrs. Maxwell begs leave to inform her friends and the public that her School will open for the reception of Young Ladies on the 12th March. The experience of twenty years as a teacher, in Europe and North America, and her devoted attention to the best interests of her pupils, lead her to hope for a share of patronage. Her system of education has met the approbation of several distinguished characters in the United States.

References—Matthew Carey, Esq.; Colonel Thomas McKenny, U. S. Army; Rev. Mr. Reily, Philadelphia; Rev. Alex'r. McCoskey, Bishop of Michigan, Detroit; Rev. John Ogilvie, Principal of New Baltimore Academy; Rev. Thos. B. Balch, Rocksprings; Thos. Hord, Esq., Tonsiff; Stephen McCormick, Esq., Auburn, Richard Rixey, Esq., White Plains, Fauquier county, Va.; Robert Weir, Esq., Hartford; Mrs. Martha L. French, Green Level, Prince William county, Va.; Hon. John Taliaferro, King George county, Va.

Terms—Board and Tuition in English Grammar, Composition, Writing and Arithmetic, Geography with use of Globes, Ancient and Modern History, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, Worsted and other Ornamental Needle Work, per annum, payable quarterly in advance, $120 00

Senior Classes in all the above branches, per annum,		32 00
Junior Classes	do	20 00
Music,	per quarter,	15 00
Drawing,	do	8 00
Oriental Painting, Mezzotinto, Painting on Velvet and Satin, each	do	8 00
Embroidery, Shell, and Wax Works, each	do	8 00

N. B. No Young Lady received for less than a session, each session to consist of five months.

March 1, 1838. 3m.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

I HAVE this day associated with me in business, my son, Philip C. Clayton, and it will hereafter be conducted under the firm of

PHILIP CLAYTON & SON.

January 1st, 1838.

PHILIP CLAYTON & SON,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Annapolis, and its vicinity, that they will execute with promptness and despatch, any thing in their line of business, viz. *Bricklaying, Plastering, Whitewashing, &c.* in a neat and workmanlike manner, and grateful for past favours, hope by their attention to merit an increased share of public patronage

February 22.

WOOD FOR SALE.

A Wood-Yard of the subscriber, near the Windmill, 300 cords of seasoned PINE WOOD may be had, on application to the Miller, or to the subscriber, who will take *Dry Goods, Groceries*, or other useful articles in payment.

Also, about

3000 APPLE TREES of many fine varieties, and good size, may be had at the Nursery of the subscriber, or will be delivered, when 100 or more are taken by persons in the lower parts of the county, at South River Ferry, free of additional charge.

N. BREWER, Jun.

February 22.

LOST

ON the 21st instant, a pair of GREEN SPECTACLES, with front and side Glasses and gold mountings. If the finder will lodge them at this office, without injury, a liberal reward will be given.

March 1.

A VERY SUPERIOR FARM AT AUCTION,

PART of which is adapted for the cultivation of *PEACHES*—within a few miles of Baltimore, on MONDAY MORNING, April 1st, 183-, at 1 o'clock, at the Exchange, where a plat may be seen.

The subscriber will offer that extensive Tract, embracing 1150 acres in Anne-Arundel county,—and binding on the Patapsco, nearly three miles—where there are numerous Landings and deep Water, and a part of the same on Rock Creek. It is only 13 miles from Baltimore, and with the present facilities may be said to have the choice of Washington City, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets; about four hundred acres are cleared. Thirty of which are good Meadow land, the remainder is well timbered. There are four tenements upon the Tract, with never failing streams of Water. The soil is well adapted for the growth of Rye, Oats, Corn, Tobacco, &c. and fruits of almost every description.

For the *Cultivation of Peaches*, there are but few if any superior localities in this country. The land is high, and not subject to severe frosts in its neighbourhood, the raising of this species of Fruit has, and is now carried on very advantageously; besides other advantages there are in the land about 20,000 cords of Hickory, Oak, Pine and Chesnut Wood, which from its proximity to the water and steady market renders it valuable. The tract will be sold either together or separate as may suit—and the plat is now at the Auction room. Persons visiting the place, will be shown any part, and can form an essential value.

Terms, one-third cash on the day of sale, one-third in 12, and one-third in 18 months, with interest, to be secured by bonds with approved security.

H. W. BOOL, Jr. Auct.

or to the Proprietor, Charles S. Hammond, Frederick, Md.

February 22.

WILLIAM BRYAN,

Merchant Tailor,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel.

JACOB BASFORD,

Merchant Tailor,

HAS taken a Shop opposite Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, where he has just arrived with an elegant assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which he offers to his friends and the public, and will have them made up in the most fashionable style, at low prices for Cash, or at short dates, to be met when due. He has adopted this method of business, and shall endeavour to pursue this course, and hopes by strict attention and punctuality to give general satisfaction.

☞ TWO or THREE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

BASIL SHEPHARD,

Having declined business in favour of Mr. J. Basford, who has removed his Shop directly in front of Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, wishes those that are indebted to him either by note, bond or open account, on his old business, or to the firm of Basil Shephard & Co. to call at his old stand, opposite Mr. J. Hughes', and settle the same. All who may have claims against him or the firm, will present them for settlement.

Any orders that may be sent to me, I will have them attended to.

B. S.

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,

Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

Novemerb 18. tf.

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE subscriber wants the following information:

Some time in the year 1821 or 22, a certain OLIVER POLLOCK, formerly a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, but at the above time a resident of Annapolis, Maryland, left Annapolis for the western country. The said O. Pollock is now dead. Any person that knows of his death, will confer a favour on the subscriber by enclosing him a few lines to Annapolis, Maryland.

N. B. Will the Editors of papers be so good as to insert the above, and by so doing they will confer a great favour on an aged man, with a large family.

WM. CATON.

Annapolis, Md. Sept. 12th, 1837.

A NEW AND CHEAP PERIODICAL.

Attention is requested from our readers to the following prospectus of a new, and even a cheaper book periodical, which will be issued from this office in the first week of next January. It will not be in so convenient a form for binding as the present, with which it will in no way interfere, but it will make books cheap *beyond all precedent*. It will contain the works of the day, which are most sought after, but are *comparatively* dear, and which cannot penetrate the interior to any mode half so rapidly as by mail, in which *volumes* of books are prohibited. A fifty cent American reprint will be furnished entire for from *four* to *six cents*; a Marryat novel for twelve cents, and others in proportion.

As but very few copies will be printed but what are actually subscribed for, those who wish the Omnibus, must make their remittances at once.

Books at Newspaper Postage.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS.

NOVEL AND IMPORTANT LITERARY ENTERPRISE!!

NOVELS, TALES, BIOGRAPHY, VOYAGES, TRAVELS, REVIEWS, AND THE NEWS OF THE DAY

IT was one of the great objects of "Waldie's Literary," "to make good reading cheaper, and to bring literature to every man's door." That object has been accomplished; we have given to books wings, and they have flown to the uttermost parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the secluded, occupation to the literary, information to all. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto library a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose to give a volume in the same period for less than *four cents a week*, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matters, and a summary of the news and events of the day. We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of reduction, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favourite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same. But we shall, in the first week of January 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on very superior paper, also *filled with books* of the newest and most entertaining, though in their several departments of Novels, Tales, Voyages, Travels, &c., select in their character, joined with reading such as usually *should* fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enliven and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, at an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would alarm the pockets of the prudent, and to do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall acknowledge "the power of concentration can no farther go." *No book which appears in Waldie's Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus*, which will be an *entirely distinct* periodical.

TERMS.

Waldie's Literary Omnibus will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain,

1st. Books, the newest and the best that can be procured, equal every week to a London duodecimo volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., *and only chargeable with newspaper postage.*

2d. Literary Reviews, Tales, Sketches, notices of books, and information from "the world of letters," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a small compass, but in a sufficient amount to embrace a knowledge of the principal events, political and miscellaneous, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five subscribers where the paper is forwarded *to one address*. To clubs of two individuals, five dollars; single mail subscribers, three dollars. The discount on uncurrent money will be charged to the remitter; the low price and superior paper absolutely prohibit paying a discount.

On no condition will a copy ever be sent until the payment is received in advance.

As the arrangements for the prosecution of this great literary undertaking are all made, and the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a generous public for many years, no fear of the non fulfilment of the contract can be felt. The Omnibus will be regularly issued, and will contain in a year reading matter equal in amount to two volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

46 Carpenter St. Philadelphia.

☞ Editors throughout the Union, and Canada, will confer a favour by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for a year as compensation.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, leaves Baltimore, every TUESDAY & FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock for the above places, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf, and returns on Wednesday and Saturday.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR

Fourth Year of Waldie's Library.

BOOKS BY MAIL!

PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere per centage of their former cost; it has outlived more than thirty puerile attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to depend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor, himself a reader from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of intellect which may be admitted into every family without hesitation by the most fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, promoting social belles lettres reading and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History, personal memoirs of extraordinary individuals, and curious adventure. &c &c. An amount equal to fifty *London duodecimo volumes is thus annually* furnished in weekly numbers, at a cost only equal to one of the London works. The plan thus embraces the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused in every part of the Union as to form no inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become really necessary for those who mix in society.

The Library as now conducted disseminates books to all parts of the country in from five to six weeks after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in this way will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for a *cent and a half a day*, postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be bound at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and uncongenial society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the many.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, The Journal of Belles Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for $5 00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for $20 00, a reduction which pays the postage. *Payment always in advance.*

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

THIS periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or *both* are furnished to clubs of five for $6 00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chamber's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, combined in such a manner as to enlist the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers *not taking* the Library, $2 50, postage paid.

*** A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1836 of the Library, and the Port Folio for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for $20 00 For this an amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

Seventh, two doors south of Chestnut street, Philad.

The Museum of Foreign Literature and Science, price $5 00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for $12 00.

Oct. 2.

NEW PAPER.

THE BALTIMORE KALEIDOSCOPE,

And Weekly Express.

RECENTLY commenced, and now published every *Saturday*, by YOUNG & ABRAHAMS, at the South East corner of Market and Gay streets, Baltimore, *L. S. Wilmer*, editor. Price $2 per annum.

This paper will contain a great variety of original and selected matter, news, literary and scientific articles, notices of new books, and animadversions on the most popular topics of the day. The publishers have made such arrangements as enable them to promise with confidence that the *Kaleidoscope* shall not be surpassed by any other similar paper in the Union, not only in point of utility, but in the various qualities which make a newspaper attractive and desirable.

One Dollar, in advance, will be received as payment in full for six months. The terms of advertising are moderate. Letters or communications to the editor or publisher, *if post paid*, will receive prompt attention; and the paper will be forwarded to any part of the country, where it may be ordered.—Subscribers at a *distance* are *requested* to enclose the amount of their subscription, (at least for six months,) when they order the paper.

Baltimore, Nov. 9, 1837.

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

On the 1st of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good paper, of an extra large royal octavo size, and neatly stitched in a coloured cover, the first number

OF A NEW PERIODICAL WORK,

ENTITLED,

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE,

Edited by WILLIAM E. BURTON, Philadelphia.

To whom all original Communications will be addressed.

THE announcement of a new Periodical in the present state of affairs, *may create some feeling of* surprise but having contemplated an alteration in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, "Every Body's Album," the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor, will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the proprietors.

The contents of the Gentleman's Magazine will, in every respect, be answerable to the meaning of the title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly as "eagles soar, above the ken of man," nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground; our pages will not be filled with abstruse predications, nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in matters "caviare to the million." In *short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor* philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book—an epitome of life's adjunctives—a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlour table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents attached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found, from some of the most celebrated *writers of the day*—essays humorous and didactic—graphic delineations of men and manners—free and spirited translations of the lighter portions of the Literature of continental Europe. A series of original biographical notices of the principal stars in the Dramatic hemisphere. The current Literature will be reviewed in full, and liberal extracts made from rare and valuable works. An original copy right song, not otherwise to be obtained, will be given, with the music, in every number.

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seventy-two extra sized octavo pages, of two columns each, forming, at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be *THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAPEST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE UNITED STATES.*

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to *offer the following* inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which proposition can remain in force for a few months only. The subscription to the Gentleman's Magazine will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum, payable in advance—but a five dollar bill will produce two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to *Charles Alexander*, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet with the earliest attention.

June 39.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, ST. MICHAELS, AND WYE LANDING.

The Steamboat MARYLAND will leave Baltimore on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at eight o'clock, for the above places from the lower end of Dugan's wharf. Returning the next day, leaving Wye Landing at 8 o'clock for St. Michaels, Annapolis and Baltimore. She will continue this route throughout the season. Passage to Annapolis $1 50, to St. Michaels and Wye Landing $2 50.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

November 9.

CASH FOR

ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,

Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market. I can at all times be found at Mrs. Hunter's Tavern in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. PURVIS.

Sept. 12. R

P. S.—Any communications left with Mr. John Lamb, will be promptly attended to.

I. F.

SEVENTEEN

POPULAR NOVELS,

VIZ:

Peter Simple,	Newton Forster,
Jacob Faithful,	Pirate and Three Cutters,
Frank Mildmay,	Poacher,
King's Own,	

BY CAPTAIN MARRYATT.

Pelham,	Last Days of Pompeii,
The Disowned,	Rienzi,
Devereux,	Falkland,
Paul Clifford,	Pilgrims of the Rhine,
Eugene Aram,	

BY E. L. BULWER.

Will be given as a premium to any person who will send the names of Ten Subscribers, and Twenty Dollars in cash, to the publisher of

The Saturday News and Literary Gazette.

And to every person who will send Five Subscribers, and Ten Dollars in cash, a complete set of either Bulwer or Marryatt, as may be preferred.

The prices of the novels above mentioned, if purchased of the booksellers, would be $21 25; and in Godey's cheap and uniform edition they cost $6 50. They can be had of the publisher, at $3 50 for Bulwer, $3 for Marryatt, complete.

The SATURDAY NEWS contains more reading matter than any other paper published in the United States. *It is devoted* to general Literature, Criticism, the Drama, Agriculture, Intelligence, News, &c. Many of the best writers of Philadelphia are contributors to its columns; and its selections are made from the whole range of English literature. A correspondence is maintained with the principal cities of the Union, and letters are expected from a gentleman of high talent about to travel in Europe.—The subscription price is $2 per annum, payable in advance, or three copies *for* $5.

L. A. GODEY & Co.,

The following notices are taken from many of a similar character, made by the leading presses of this city:—

SATURDAY NEWS—The weekly paper with the above title, which we foretold a few weeks since came to light on Saturday last, under the auspices of Messrs. Godey, McMichael & Neal. Such a trio never got together before.—Neal and McMichael beat all for writing, and Godey beats all for publishing; and a capital job they made of their first number, worthy all that was promised. We prophesy for them great success, and for their readers great satisfaction.—*United States Gazette.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS—We have been favoured with a copy of the first number of this newspaper. It is creditable to all concerned. The literary matter is far above the ordinary standard and would not discredit the columns of the most popular newspaper of the British metropolis. Sustained in the spirit, the News will soon win liberal patronage and enviable reputation. An amusing extract will be found in a subsequent column.—*Enquirer and Courier.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.—The first number of a new weekly paper, with the above title, issued in Philadelphia on Saturday last—it is of the largest size of newspapers published in that city, and succeeds the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, formerly issued by Mr. Charles Alexander, which has been by him transferred to Messrs. L. A. Godey, J. C. Neal, and M. McMichael, three gentlemen very favourably known as possessing the requisite qualifications *for conducting such a periodical in the most* advantageous manner. The first number is a highly satisfactory specimen of what may be expected from the paper, especially as a literary Gazette. The annual subscription is at the very moderate rate of two dollars —*Baltimore Gazette.*

We have received the first number of the Saturday News, a weekly paper of the largest class, issued by the Messrs. Godey, Neal and McMichael, able and experienced newspaper editors, who will not fail to give a due share of entertainment and interest to their sheet. The Gentleman's Vade Mecum has been transferred to Messrs Godey & Co., and will be continued under the title of the Saturday News, which will contain besides a large amount of interesting intelligence and literary matter, in addition to that heretofore embodied in the Vade Mecum. We intended to publish their prospectus to-day, but have been prevented by want of room. —*Berks and Schuylkill Journal.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—We have received the first number of a new weekly paper, of the above title, edited by Louis A Godey, conductor of the Lady's Book; Joseph C. Neal, editor of the Pennsylvanian, and Morton McMichael, the late editor of the Saturday Courier. Judging from the first number we should conclude that it will far exceed, for *original* matter, and new selections, any weekly paper in Philadelphia. It is not a *reprint* of any other Gazette, which is too much the case with the mammoth sheets of that city.—*Newcastle Gazette.*

The first number of the Philadelphia Saturday News has been received at this office, and promises to be one of the very best weekly papers in the Union. The number before us is very *creditable to the enterprising* publisher and editors, its contents being various, entertaining and instructive. Those who wish a good family paper from the city, cannot do better than to subscribe for the Saturday News. It is published by L. A. Godey, and edited by Morton McMichael, and Joseph C. Neal, Esqrs.—*Derby Republican.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—The new Journal advertised in our paper under the above title, made its appearance last week, and is, very unequivocally on the "go ahead" system.—There is no doubt, but that the publisher, our friend Godey, whose Lady's Book we have in times past laboured to make our *fair* readers *fairly* in love with, will gain troops of friends in his new enterprise, and line his pockets to some purpose with the "needful." Very well. We are glad of it. The sketch under our police head is by Mr. Neal, and is in his inimitable style. We hope to be able to treat our friends often to *such exquisite touches of sly and quiet humour.—Saturday Courier.*

Sept. 1.

A BY-LAW,

Entitled, A Supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise Street, in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed 11th December, 1837.]

SECTION 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That three Commissioners be appointed by the Mayor for the purpose of ascertaining, by competent evidence, and in the usual way, what damages will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street, and that they shall report to this Board what damage will accrue to each of the said owners by opening the same.

Sec 2. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That in making the said assessment and valuation, the said Commissioners shall take into consideration, the benefits which will, in their judgment, result to said owners by opening the aforesaid street, and that said benefits shall be deducted from the damages which the commissioners may be of opinion the aforesaid owners would otherwise be entitled to.

Sec. 3. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That after the said commissioners shall have made their report to this Board in manner aforesaid, it will be for this Board to decide whether the said street shall be opened, any thing in this by-law, to which this is a supplement, to the contrary notwithstanding.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

MAMMOTH SHEET.

OFFICE OF THE SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.

Philadelphia, November 25, 1836.

THE very liberal patronage bestowed on the SATURDAY NEWS, since its commencement in July last, and a desire to meet that patronage by corresponding exertions, have induced us this week to publish a *Double Number*—being the largest sheet ever printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States. To those of our friends who are practical printers, it need not be mentioned that this undertaking has involved serious mechanical difficulties. The largest—or one of the largest presses in Philadelphia is used for our ordinary impression—but this would accommodate only a single page of the mammoth sheet, and we were obliged, therefore, to work four forms at different periods. The care used in preparing the paper—in removing and folding the sheets, &c., can only be estimated by those who have seen the experiment made; and, added to the necessarily increased amount of composition, press work, &c., these supplementary expenses have made an aggregate cost, which would have deterred many from engaging in the enterprize. A gain of two thousand new subscribers will not repay the actual cost of this single number.

We flatter ourselves that, besides its extraordinary size, this number presents attractions that entitle it to some attention.—It contains the whole of *Friendship's Offering* for 1837, the London copy of which costs $4, and has 384 closely printed pages of letter press. Distinguished as the present age, and particularly our own country, has been for cheap reprints, we believe this surpasses any other instance. For *four cents* subscribers to the *Saturday News* receive, in addition to an ordinary supply of miscellaneous matter, an English annual, the largest and finest for the coming season; and they receive it, moreover, in a form that, from its novelty, gives it additional value.

The general character of the *Saturday News* we need not speak. That has now become so well known as to require no comment. We may take occasion to say, however, that in enterprize and resources we yield to no other publishers in this city or elsewhere, and we are determined that our paper shall not be surpassed. We have entered the field prepared for zealous competition, and we stand ready in every way to realize our promise, that no similar publication shall excel that which we issue. Our articles, both original and selected, we are not ashamed to test by any comparison which can be adopted; *and there is no periodical in the* United States, monthly or weekly, which might not be proud of many of our contributors.

The issuing of this number may be regarded as an evidence of our intention and ability to merit success. Nor will it be the only effort—From time to time, as opportunity offers, we propose to adopt extraordinary means for the interest and gratification of our subscribers.

L. A. GODEY, & Co.

THE SALMAGUNDI,

AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

EMBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE OF COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A NEW PERIODICAL, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836 While it will furnish its patrons with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal object will be to serve up a humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Literature, and which, for the want of a proper channel for their preservation, are positively lost to the Reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desires it—(those out of the city will forward their orders, postage paid)—☞ and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentleman's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that MORE THAN

500 ENGRAVINGS

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humour and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superior and attractive order; and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to bear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The Terms of THE SALMAGUNDI will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to. ☞ Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞ The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

☞ THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alternate weeks—otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford merits an enhanced by this arrangement.

☞ Address, CHARLES ALEXANDER, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

A NEW AND CHEAP PERIODICAL.

Attention is respectfully invited to our prospectus for the following periodicals, which will be issued from this office in the first week of next January. It will not be in so convenient a form for binding as the present, with which it will in no way interfere, but it will make *books cheap beyond all precedent.* It will contain the works of the day, which are much sought after, but are *comparatively* dear, and which cannot penetrate the interior in any mode half so rapidly as by mail, in which *volumes* of books are prohibited. A fifty cent American reprint will be furnished entire for from *four to six cents*; a Marryat novel for twelve cents, and others in proportion.

As but very few copies will be printed but what are actually subscribed for, those who wish the Omnibus, must make their remittances at once.

Books at Newspaper Postage.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS.

NOVEL AND IMPORTANT LITERARY ENTERPRISE!!

NOVELS, TALES, BIOGRAPHY, VOYAGES, TRAVELS, REVIEWS, AND THE NEWS OF THE DAY

IT was one of the great objects of "Waldie's Literary," "to make good reading cheaper, and to bring literature to every man's door." That object has been accomplished; we have given to books wings, and they have flown to the uttermost parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the secluded, occupation to the literary, information to all. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto library a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose to give a volume in the same period for less than *four cents a week*, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matters, and a summary of the news and events of the day. We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of reduction, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favourite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same But we shall, in the first week of January 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on very superior paper, also *filled with books* of the newest and most entertaining, though in their several departments of Novels, Tales, Voyages, Travels, &c., select in their character, joined with reading such as usually *should* fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enliven and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, at an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would alarm the pockets of the prudent, and to do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall acknowledge "the power of concentration can no farther go." *No book which appears in Waldie's Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus*, which will be an *entirely distinct* periodical.

TERMS.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain,

1st. Books, the newest and the best that can be procured, equal every week to a London duodecimo volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., *and only chargeable with newspaper postage.*

2d. Literary Reviews, Tales, Sketches, notices of books, and information from "the world of letters," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a small compass, but in a sufficient amount to embrace a knowledge of the principal events, political and miscellaneous, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five subscribers where the paper is forwarded *to one address.* To clubs of two individuals, five dollars; single mail subscribers, three dollars. The discount on uncurrent money will be charged to the remitter; the low price and superior paper absolutely prohibit paying a discount.

On no condition will a copy ever be sent until the payment is received in advance.

As the arrangements for the prosecution of this great literary undertaking are all made, and the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a generous public for many years, no fear of the non fulfilment of the contract can be felt. The Omnibus will be regularly issued, and will contain in a year reading matter equal in amount to two volumes of Ree's Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

46 Carpenter St. Philadelphia.

☞ Editors throughout the Union, and Canada, will confer a favour by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for a year as compensation.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, leaves Baltimore, every TUESDAY & FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock for the above places, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf, and returns on Wednesday and Saturday.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCIII. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, MARCH 22, 1838. NO. 12.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

FOR SALE,

A YOKE of fine YOUNG OXEN, near South River, five miles from Annapolis.
JAMES W. WATERS.

March 1.

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE McNEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

November 18. tf.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the Members of the General Assembly, and the citizens of Annapolis, that they have on hand a superior assortment of LIQUORS and WINES, consisting of the most approved Brands, both in Wood and in Glass, and at the most reasonable Prices. The following will exhibit their selection:

LIQUORS.

Pale, Cognac & Peach } BRANDY, Henessy, J. J. Dupuy. and other brands.
Old Rye & Irish } WHISKEY, warranted 10 years old.
Holland GIN, Strawberry brand
Jamaica SPIRIT.

WINES.

Extra fine Old Burgundy MADEIRA.
Do do do Sercial do
do do Madeira.
Very fine old Pale and Brown SHERRY.
Do do do PORT.

WINES IN GLASS.

L. P. MADEIRA.
Blackburn's MADEIRA.
Extra fine Old MADEIRA.
Fine do do
Old Brown SHERRY.
Do Pale do
Extra fine Old PORT.

CHAMPAIGNES of the following Brands:

Orange, pts. and qts.
Star, qts.
A. Y. qts.
Forrest Fourneaux, pts.
Anthor, pts.
Lafayette, qts.

HOCKHEIMER.

Maraschino and Imperial Curracoa COR-DIALS.
ROYAL PUNCH SYRUP.
CIGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO, &c.
CASES *loaned* in good order to Members of the Legislature purchasing their Liquors of the subscribers.
DUBOIS & WEEMS.

January 18.

I know of no pursuit in which more real or important services can be rendered to any country, than by improving its Agriculture.
WASHINGTON.

SUBSCRIPTION
FOR THE
FIFTH VOLUME OF
THE CULTIVATOR,
CONDUCTED BY J. BUEL.
Office, No. 3, Washington-street, Albany.

THE CULTIVATOR is a monthly publication of 16 pages, devoted to agriculture, on a sheet of the largest size of paper—28 by 40 inches. The price is ONE DOLLAR per annum, payable in advance. The postage on a volume of the *Cultivator* will not exceed 18¾ cents to any part of the Union, and within the state, and a circle of 100 miles, it will be but 12½ cents. A volume will contain more than 200 pages quarto, will be illustrated with cuts of animals, implements, &c. and be furnished with a copious index. It will comprise as much letter press print as 1500 pages of common duodecimo—as much as the Penny Magazine, published by the British Society for the Promotion of Useful Knowledge, and which, at two dollars per annum, has been reputed to be the cheapest periodical any where published.

The *Cultivator* will continue to treat of the science of agriculture, to furnish instructions for the best models of practice in all the departments of husbandry, in horticulture, and other rural affairs, and to furnish useful lessons for the improvement of the young mind. The Conductor will endeavour to render it a *present help*, and a volume of *useful reference*, to all who have the ambition to distinguish themselves in rural labours and rural improvements—to help themselves and to benefit society.

☞ Subscriptions to the above work received by
A. COWAN, Annapolis.

N. B. Those who wish the Cultivator will please send their subscription by the 10th of February next. A. C.

December 1, 1837.

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE subscriber wants the following information:

Some time in the year 1821 or 22, a certain OLIVER POLLOCK, formerly a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, but at the above time a resident of Annapolis, Maryland, left Annapolis for the western country. The said O. Pollock is now dead. Any person that knows of his death, will confer a favour on the subscriber by enclosing him a few lines to Annapolis, Maryland.

N. B. Will the Editors of papers be so good as to insert the above, and by so doing they will confer a great favour on an aged man, with a large family.

WM. CATON.

Annapolis, Md. Sept. 12th, 1837.

Anne-Arundel County, Set.

ON application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of William Murdock, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said William Murdock having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said William Murdock having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Robert Welch of Ben. his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said William Murdock a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, it is therefore hereby ordered and adjudged, that the said William Murdock be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months before the third Monday of April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William Murdock should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this 24th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

Test, WM. S GREEN, Clk.

January 4. 3m.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Set.

ON application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
A. A. County Court.

December 29 3m.

TRANSLATION.

Results accepted of the States.

JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS
Of the House of Delegates of the State of Maryland,
DECEMBER SESSION, 1837.

WEDNESDAY, March 14th.

Mr. Ely presented a petition of the Tide Water canal company, praying the passage of an act placing said company on the same footing with other incorporated companies.

Mr. Sprigg, a memorial of William P. Storrett and William Lockwood, praying that they may be permitted to bring into this State for a limited period, a negro man therein named.

Mr. Carroll, chairman of the committee on education delivered the following report:

The Committee on Education to whom were referred the Reports of the several Schools, Academies and Colleges in this State, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to report:

That the several Academies, Schools and Colleges mentioned in the table herewith exhibited, marked "A" have submitted reports. Some of them it will be found, have failed to comply with important requisitions of the Laws, while scarcely any one, has complied with all the requisitions. These omissions have arisen no doubt from an ignorance of the various provisions of our acts of Assembly upon the subject of Education; and to subject them to a forfeiture of their donations for these failures would, we think, be exacting a measure of justice from them, too rigorous in its character, and not recommended by sound policy.

The act of 1823, chapter 141 under which these Schools are compelled to report, requires.—

1st. That each School, Academy and College that receives a donation in money from the State shall afford tuition in all the branches of learning taught in such School, Academy, or College, and shall furnish the necessary School Books *free of any charge*, to at least one poor child for every hundred dollars received from the State.

2d. That the Trustees of any School, Academy or College receiving a donation shall select the number of children to be educated agreeably to that act, from among the poor children of the County, to which they may respectively belong *"having due regard to the pecuniary situation of the persons so selected."*

3d. That the Trustees of these Schools shall make an annual return to the Legislature of the number of poor children at their Schools respectively—and

The Resolution 61, passed in 1832 provides, that any School not reporting agreeably to the above named act "on or before the month of *February* in each year shall forfeit ten per cent of its annual Donation of the year in which the failure takes place."

The act of 1836, chapter 351, requires them to report to the *Treasurer* "on or before the 20th day of *January* in each year, an accurate account of the proceeding, together with the situation of their several institutions!" and,

2nd. In case of a failure to comply with the law of 1823, chapter 141, the Treasurer is authorised to withold said donation until the requisitions of said act shall be complied with,—

Your Committee beg leave also to state, that they have examined

"The Annual Report of the Commissioners of Free Schools for Calvert County.

"The Report of the Primary School in Kent County.

"The Report of the Justices of the Orphans' Court of Somerset County relative to the School fund of said County, and of Caroline County relative to the School fund of said County, and of Prince George's County in relation to the same.

"The Report of Commissioners appointed by the Levy Court of Charles County to lay off the 1st Election District, aforesaid, into Primary School Districts.

"The Annual Report of the Commissioners of the School fund of Queen Ann's County;" And

"The Report of the Commissioners of the School fund for Dorchester County" all of which represent the funds of the State to have been faithfully applied, where suitable objects for its bounty could be obtained.

All which is respectfully submitted,
C. C. CARROLL *Chairman.*

Which was read the first, and by a special order the second time and concurred in.

Mr. Comegys reported a bill, relating to the distribution of the poor school fund, in Cecil county.

And Mr. Rentch reported, a bill, to alter and change the line between the election districts number one and six in Washington county.

Which were severally read the first, and by a special order the second time, passed and sent to the senate.

The bill reported by Mr. Shower, to grant a donation to the Deer Park Academy, in Carroll county.

Was taken up for consideration, read the second time passed and sent to the senate.

The bill reported by Mr. Carpinter, for the incorporation of the Grand Council of Maryland of the Improved Order of Red Men.

Was taken up for consideration.

On motion of Mr. Carpinter, said bill was amended by striking out the word "forever," wherever it occurs in said bill.

The said bill was then read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

The bill from the senate, to confirm an act to repeal all that part of the Constitution and Form of Government as relates to the division of Washington county into eight seperate election districts, and for other purposes.

Was taken up for consideration, read the second time, passed and returned to the senate.

The bill reported by Mr. Williams, entitled, an act authorising and directing the commissioners of Harford county, to levy a sum of money for the building of a bridge over Broad creek, at or near Coxe's mill.

Was taken up for consideration.

The said bill was then read the second time and passed.

The bill reported by Mr. McDaniel, for the relief of Mary Ann Pennington, of Kent county.

The bill reported by Mr. Forwood, to extend the powers of the town of Havre de Grace, in Harford county.

Also, the bill reported by Mr. Risteau, to divorce William R. Sheffield, of the city of Baltimore, from his wife Mary Elizabeth Sheffield.

And, the bill, to incorporate the Union Academy.

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Geyer.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

THURSDAY, March 15th.

Mr. Giles, in behalf of the delegates from the city of Baltimore, asked to have entered on the journal, a protest, signed by them, against the passage of an act, entitled, an act to prevent frauds in the elective franchise, in the city of Baltimore.

On motion of Mr. Causin, the house was called and the doorkeeper sent for the absent members.

Mr. Berret presented a petition of Martha Kelly, widow of William Kelly, a revolutionary officer, praying to be placed on the pension roll.

Mr. Williams, a petition of one hundred and thirty eight citizens of Harford county, praying that the whole people of the county may be placed upon an equal footing in relation to the election of their commissioners.

Mr. Lemmon, a memorial of John Parsons, Henry White and Benjamin Gordy, citizens of Somerset county, praying the passage of an act to make a public landing in said county.

Mr. Tall, a petition of John Woolen, of Dorchester county, praying the appointment of commissioners for the condemnation of a piece of ground in said county, for the purpose of building a bridge.

Mr. Giles, a petition of George Baxley, Samuel Harden, and others, members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, praying that an act may be passed perpetuating the trusts of their church property.

Mr. Giles, a petition of John H. Hows, William Jenkins and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying for a change in the act of Assembly, with regard to the rates of toll allowed to be charged on bark, carried on the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road.

Mr. Giles, a petition of John B. Morris and R. W. Gill, praying for an act to divide certain turnpike road stock into shares.

Mr. Grason, a petition of Thomas C. Earl, of Queen Anne's county, praying a reimbursement for certain expenses therein mentioned.

Mr. Carroll, a petition of John W. B. Parsons, of Somerset county, praying that he may be permitted to sell the unexpired term of a servant therein mentioned.

Mr. Giles, a memorial of Amos A. Williams and James Harwood, on behalf of the directors appointed by the State, in the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company.

The house then resumed the consideration of the motion of Mr. Giles, in behalf of the Delegates from the city of Baltimore, to have entered upon the Journal, a Protest signed by them, against the passage of the act, entitled, an act to prevent frauds in the elective franchise in the city of Baltimore.

On the question being put—will the house permit said protest to be entered on the journal.

It was determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Gallagher, the yeas and nays were ordered and appeared as follows:—

AFFIRMATIVE.

Messrs. Higgins, Risteau, Ely, Turner, of Balt. Jump, of Tal. Jones, Evans, Harrison, Wilmer, Geyer, Ent, Cramer, Williams, Forwood, Nelson, Giles, Hillen, Gallagher, McKinnell, Mann, Swingley, Rentch, Witmer, Neff, Blocher, Boyle, of Car. Shower, Berret, Powder—29.

NEGATIVE.

Messrs. Tuck, Speaker, Hopewell, Causin, Ford, McDaniel, Usilton, Welch, Gale, Brown, Iglehart, Simmons, Dulin, Beall, Hughes, Carpinter, Matthews, Boyle, of Tal. Carroll, Adams, Lemmon, Frazier, Eccleston, Tall, Simpers, Bowie, Ghiselin, Coombs, Swann, Townsend, Selby, Hearn, Root, Turner, of Car. Brown, Griffith, White, Dawson, Sprigg—28.

So the house refused to permit said protest to be entered on the journal.

The clerk of the senate returned the supplement to the act to incorporate the Mineral Bank of Maryland.

Also, the bill, incorporating the Manchester Military Band of Music.

Also, the bill, for the relief of James H. Dorsey, of Harford county.

Also, the supplement to an act to lay out and open a new road in Frederick and Carroll counties.

Also, the bill, to divorce Elizabeth Ann White, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband Bennet A. White.

Also, the bill, to divorce Jane G. Hoyot, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband Thomas I. Hoyot.

Severally endorsed, "will pass."

Also, the supplement to an act, to divorce Julia Ann Becker, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband Joh H. Becker.

Also, the bill, to incorporate the Somerset Silk Company.

Severally endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments."

Also, the resolution in favour of Priscilla Woolford.

And, the resolution requiring the Armorer to deliver to Capt. Henry S. Sanderson, certain arms therein mentioned.

Severally endorsed, "assented to."

Also, the resolution directing the Treasurer of the Western Shore, to pay to the trustees of St. James's Academy, in Baltimore county, three hundred dollars, and to Carroll Academy, in Carroll county, one hundred dollars, &c.,

Also, the resolution in favour of Sarah Callahan, severally endorsed, "dissented from."

And, delivered the following bills, originated in and passed by the senate, viz:

A bill, to confer certain powers on the levy court of Worcester county, in relation to sundry poor persons in said county.

A further additional supplement to an act, to promote Internal Improvement, by the construction of a Rail Road from Baltimore to the city of Washington.

An additional supplement to the act, for the better regulation of the militia of the city of Baltimore, passed at December session, 1823, chapter. 188.

And, a supplement to an act, to incorporate the Globe Insurance Company of Baltimore.

Mr. Bowie, chairman of the committee on grievances and courts of justice, made unfavourable reports upon the following petitions, viz.

The petition of the commissioners and a number of citizens of Charlestown, in Cecil county, praying for an act to authorise them to sell a house and lots therein mentioned.

Also, the petition of sundry citizens of Cecil county, praying the Legislature to enact a law to prevent the distillation of grain into spirituous liquors.

Also, the petition of sundry citizens of Somerset county, praying a repeal of the law establishing Magistrates' courts in the several counties in this State.

Also, the petition of sundry citizens of Montgomery county, praying additional compensation to constables.

And, the memorial of Henry A. Jamison, praying the passage of an act remunerating him, the said Jamison, for losses sustained in repeated malicious and idle prosecutions against the negroes.

Which said reports, were severally read the first, and by a special order the second time, and severally concurred in.

The house then resumed the consideration of the preamble and resolutions from the senate, relative to the currency of the United States.

Mr. Sprigg called for a division of the question upon each resolution.

The first resolution was then read and assented to.

The second resolution was then read and assented to.

The third resolution was then read and assented to.

The 4th resolution was then read and assented to.

The 5th resolution was then read and assented to.

The 6th resolution was then read and assented to.

The 7th and last resolution was then read and assented to.

On motion of Mr. Grason, the house took up for consideration the resolutions submitted by him on the 14th Feb. in relation to the currency of the United States.

The said resolutions were then read the second time.

And the question put—will the house assent to the said resolution?

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Causin, the house then took up for consideration the resolutions submitted by him on the 21st February, relative to the currency of the United States.

The said resolutions were then read the second time, and the question put, will the house assent to said resolutions

Resolved in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Mann,

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

FRIDAY, March 16th.

Mr. Lemmon presented a petition of five hundred citizens of Somerset and Worcester counties, praying the erection of a new county, to be called Union county, and to be composed of parts of Worcester and Somerset counties.

Mr. Harrison, a memorial of Charles Johns and others, people of colour, praying a law may be passed for redress of grievances therein mentioned.

Mr. Carroll, a petition of George Keatinge, of Harford county, praying a redress of grievances therein mentioned.

Mr. Causin, a petition of Count D. Menou, praying to be permitted to hold real property within the State of Maryland;

And, Mr. Bowie, a petition of sundry citizens of Prince-George's county, praying that Thomas Carroll and Susanna Carroll may be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Lemmon reported a bill to authorise the condemnation of a piece of ground at the Upper Ferry, in Somerset county;

Which was read the first, and by special order the second time, passed and sent to the senate.

The clerk of the senate returned the additional supplement to an act to lay out and open a road in St. Mary's county;

Also, the bill to incorporate the Denton Silk Company;

Also, the bill to incorporate the proprietors of the Green Mount Cemetry;

Also, the bill to grant a donation to the Deer Park Academy, in Carroll county;

Also, the bill to extend the powers of the commissioners of the town of Havre-de-Grace, in Harford county;

Also, the bill to confirm an act providing for the appointment of clerks of the several county courts, &c.

Also, the supplement to the act for the improvement of the public roads in Kent county, passed at November session 1800, ch. 5;

Also, the supplement to the act to provide for the instruction of youth in primary schools throughout this State;

Also, the bill to authorise the opening of a road through a part of Baltimore and Carroll counties, as therein mentioned;

Also, the supplement to an act to authorise Henry C. Drury of Wm. further time to complete his collections;

Also, the bill to authorise Charles Boone further time to complete his collections;

Severally endorsed, "will pass," and ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the supplement to the act for the preservation of wild fowl in the waters of Swann creek, Spesutia Narrows, Rumney creek, Bush river and Gunpowder river, and the waters of Anne-Arundel county;

Also, the supplement to an act to provide for the public instruction of youth in primary schools throughout this State;

Also, the bill to incorporate the German Beneficial Society of the State of Maryland;

Also, the bill directing the commissioners of Harford county to publish annually a full statement of their receipts and disbursements;

Severally endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments;"

Also, the bill for the relief of Mary Ann Pennington, of Kent county, endorsed, "will not pass;"

Also, the resolution in relation to furnishing certain tents, &c. to the colonel of the 15th regiment of militia, endorsed, "dissented from;"

And delivered a bill originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, an act to incorporate the Susquehanna Boom Company.

The hour having arrived for taking up the order of the day,

The house proceeded to consider the bill reported by Mr. Williams, entitled, an act to prevent unnecessary costs in cases of appeal from the High Court of Chancery to the Court of Appeals.

On motion of Mr. Williams, said bill was amended by adding at the end of the 1st section, the following:

"And the clerk or register of such court, shall transmit the same to the Court of Appeals, or if the said parties or their counsel cannot agree in the making of such statement, then the court or chancellor shall direct how much of the record shall be transmitted to the appellate court, so as to present the points and questions decided as aforesaid; provided, that either party, at such party's own proper cost, in any event, may cause any other portion of the record to be also transmitted."

The said bill was then read the second time as amended, and passed.

On motion of Mr. Williams, the title of said bill was amended by striking out the title thereof, and inserting the following, "an act to prevent unnecessary costs in cases of appeal."

On motion of Mr. Causin, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, entitled, an act to amend the constitution and form of government of the State of Maryland.

On motion of Mr. Grason, said bill was amended by striking out in the 2d section, 4th line, from the word "time," to the end of said section.

The said bill was then read the second time as amended, and passed.

The bill reported by Mr. White, chairman of the committee on agriculture, entitled, an act to promote the growth and manufacture of silk, was taken up for consideration.

On motion of Mr. Grason, said bill was amended by striking out the 1st section thereof.

Mr. Duke moved further to amend said bill by striking out in the 2d section, 6th line, 'ten,' and inserting 'fifty;' also by striking out in the 7th line, 'fifty cents,' and inserting 'one dollar;'

Determined in the negative.

The said bill having been read through as amended,

The question was put, shall the said bill pass?

Determined in the negative.

SATURDAY, March 17th.

Mr. Iglehart presented a petition of sundry citizens of Anne Arundel county, praying that provision may be made for the erection of Scales in the city of Baltimore, for the weight of hay and straw.

Mr. Biser, a petition signed by sixty citizens of Petersville in Frederick county, praying the Legislature to reject the application of said citizens of said county who petitioned for a new county, to be called Lee county.

Mr. Biser, a petition signed by seventy four citizens of Frederick county, praying that an act may be passed authorising the levy court of said county to levy a sum of money to erect a bridge across the Middle creek.

Mr. Parker, a petition of Ruth Hyland and Henry Hollingsworth, of Cecil county, praying for an act to authorise them to manumit certain persons of colour therein named.

Mr. Parker, a petition of Ruth Hyland and Edward H. Hyland, of Cecil county, praying permission to manumit certain persons of colour therein named.

Mr. Parker, a counter petition to the petition of sundry citizens of the village of Port Deposite, in Cecil county, relative to the survey and location of a certain road therein mentioned, and for other purposes.

Mr. Geyer, a petition of J. Thomas, President of the Frederick and Harper's Ferry Rail Road Company, praying the revival of a law authorising the company to raise a sum of money by lottery, for the use of said road.

Mr. Parran, a petition of sundry citizens of Calvert county, praying that a fixed salary may be allowed the crier of the county court.

Mr. Sprigg, a memorial of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying for an alteration of the divisional line between election districts No. 1 and No. 10.

Mr. Carpinter, chairman of the committee on corporations, made a favourable report upon the bill from the senate entitled, a supplement to an act, entitled, an act to incorporate the Globe Insurance Company of Baltimore.

Which was read,—and

On motion of Mr. McDaniel, said bill was read the second time by a special order, and passed.

The bill from the senate, entitled, a supplement to the act, to establish Magistrate's courts in the several counties of this state, and to prescribe their jurisdiction.

The bill reported by Mr. Orrick, authorising John E. Taylor to bring into this State, a negro boy named Lewis.

The bill reported by Mr. Kerr, entitled, a further supplement to an act, directing the manner of suing out attachments in this Province, and limiting the extent of them.

The bill reported by Mr. Blocher, relating to public roads in Allegany county,—and

The bill reported by Mr. Powell, for the relief of Peter Causey, of Worcester county.

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time, and passed.

The bill reported by Mr. Boon, to divorce Frederica Meyer, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband George Meyer.

The bill reported by Mr. Powder, for the relief of persons therein named.

The bill reported by Mr. Kerr, to authorise Thomas W. Overly, to introduce certain slaves into this State, from the State of Virginia.

The bill reported by Mr. McDaniel, to incorporate the Trustees of the Hannah More Academy, in Baltimore county.

The bill reported by Mr. Alexander, entitled, a further additional supplement to the act, to provide for the public instruction of youth in primary schools, throughout this State.

The bill reported by Mr. Ely, entitled, a further supplement to an act relating to the people of colour in this State, far as the same relates to Baltimore county.

The bill reported by Mr. McDaniel, to authorise and empower commissioners to open and widen an alley in Westminister, in Carroll county.—and

The bill reported by Mr. Nelson, for building a bridge over Deer creek, at or near La Grange Iron Works, in Harford county.

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The house adjourned until Monday morning, nine o'clock.

MONDAY, March 19th.

Mr. Parker presented a petition of Robert M. Walmsey, praying a special act of Assembly to release him from the liabilities therein mentioned.

Mr. Cramer, a memorial of the corporation officers of Woodsboro, praying that a supplement may be passed to the act incorporating the citizens of Woodsboro.

Mr. Williams, a petition of the judges and members of the bar of Harford county court, praying that the times for holding said court, may be changed to the months of May and November.

Mr. Ely, a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying that the State may provide Scales for the use of the inspectors and weighers of hay and straw in the city of Baltimore, who have been appointed by the Executive of the State.

Mr. Causin, a petition of sundry citizens of St. Mary's county, praying the application of militia fines to the regiment or companies from which they are drawn.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to provide for the instruction of indigent blind persons, inhabitants of this State.

Also, the supplement to the charter of the Tide Water Canal Company—severally endorsed, "will pass," and the bills ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the bill, for the benefit of the heirs of George A. Deshiell, deceased, of Somerset county—endorsed "will pass with the proposed amendments."

Also, the resolution relating to Cokesbury Academy, in Harford county—"dissented to," and ordered to be engrossed.

And, delivered the following bills, originated in and passed by the senate, viz:

A bill, for the relief of Mount St. Mary's College.

A bill, to make valid a certain deed therein mentioned, and for other purposes.

And a bill, for the benefit of the heirs of William Brown, late of Carroll county, deceased.

Mr. Carroll reported a bill, entitled, an act for the promotion of education in Somerset county.

Which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

The house adjourned until 4 o'clock, P. M.

FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to alter the time for holding the county courts in Harford county.

*Also, the bill, to alter and change the divi*sional line between the first and third election district in Carroll county,—severally endorsed "will pass," and the bills ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the bill, for the encouragement of primary schools in Calvert county

Also, the bill, to confirm and make valid a deed of conveyance from Daniel Renner to Susannah Jenkins.

Also, the bill, for the establishment of a civil municipal jurisdiction over a part of Anne Arundel county, to alter and change the constitution of this State, so far as may be necessary to effect the same—severally endorsed "will pass with the proposed amendments."

Mr. Ely presented a memorial of the President and Directors of the Maryland Hospital, praying assistance of the State for the promotion of the benevolent object of that institution.

The bill reported by Mr. Jones, for the benefit of Samuel G. Holbrook, of Somerset county, and

The bill reported by Mr. Goldsborough, for the relief of Reuben Tall, former sheriff and collector of Dorchester county.

Were severally taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

The bill reported by Mr. Williams, to authorise the commissioners of Harford county, to settle certain claims therein mentioned.

The bill also reported by Mr. Williams, to authorise the building of a bridge over Bynum's Run, in Harford county.

The bill reported by Mr. Frazier, to divorce James Weston, of Talbot county, from his wife Ann I. Weston.

The bill reported by Mr. Williams, to authorise the commissioners of Harford county to cause a certain property therein named to be assessed and taxed for its just proportion of the county charges.

The bill reported by Mr. Parran, for the relief of John D. Ward, Sheriff of Calvert county.

The bill also reported by Mr. Williams, for the relief of the administrator of Preston McComas, late sheriff of Harford county, and

The bill reported by Mr. Biser, entitled, a supplement to an act of Assembly, to authorise and empower the surveyor of Frederick county to cause an alphabetical record entry to be made of all the original land certificates in said county, in the surveyor's office.

The bill reported by Mr. Hopewell, to make a public landing and road therein mentioned.

Were taken up for consideration, read the second time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Duke,

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

TUESDAY, March 20th.

Mr. Matthews presented a petition of John H. Digges, of Charles county, praying the passage of an act authorising him to bring into this State certain negro slaves therein mentioned.

Mr. Hillen, a petition of the trustees of the Catholic Cathedral Church of Baltimore.

Mr. Alexander, a petition of George Morton, guardian of George W. Morton and Harriet Morton, praying for a law authorising him to agree to a reference of certain controversies between his wards and John S. Skinner, and declaring the award on such reference to be binding on said wards.

Mr. Higgins, chairman of the select committee, delivered the following report:

The committee to whom was referred the memorial of sundry citizens of Anne-Arundel county, praying that the district system of taxation for the support of primary schools may be abolished, and that a sum sufficient for their support may be levied by county assessment, so far as the same relates to Anne-Arundel county, beg leave to make the following report:

That taking into consideration the large number, and the high respectability of the petitioners, as also the importance of education, viewed either in a moral or political point—and that upon the general diffusion of education, must depend, in a great measure, the stability and vitality of our republican institutions. That point, once conceded, which few or none will deny, it then follows as a matter of course, that it is an object of more importance than any other subject which can occupy the attention of legislators—and believing that the primary school system, with such amendments as experience will from time to time direct, to be one of the cheapest and best modes of carrying out the above views, beg leave to report the following bill, and recommend its passage.

All which is respectfully submitted,

R. W. HIGGINS, Chairman.

Which was read the first, and by a special order the second time, and concurred in.

The house adjourned until 4 o'clock, P. M.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS,

THURSDAY, MARCH 22, 1838.

Annapolis, March 19th, 1838.

At a meeting of the Democratic Republican Members of the Legislature of Maryland, held this evening, COLONEL ELY, of Baltimore county, was appointed Chairman, and PERE WILMER, of Queen-Anne's county, and HENRY MCKINNELL, of Baltimore city, Secretaries.

On motion of Mr. William F. Giles, of Baltimore city,

It was Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to prepare resolutions to be submitted to an adjourned meeting to be held on Monday evening next, 19th instant.

The Chair appointed the following gentlemen said committe:—Messrs. Giles of Baltimore, Williams of Harford, Evans of Cecil, Blocher of Allegany, and Wilmer of Queen Anne's,—the meeting then adjourned.

Annapolis, March 19th, 1838.

The meeting was called to order,

When Mr. Giles, Chairman of the Committee appointed at the last meeting, reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:—

Resolved, That this meeting respectfully recommend to the Democratic Republicans in this State the propriety of calling a Convention, to be composed of Delegates from each of the cities and counties of the State, and to be held in the city of Baltimore on *Thursday, the last day of May next*, for the purpose of nominating a suitable Candidate for the office of Governor, under the Reformed Constitution of Maryland.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretaries, and published in every republican newspaper in the State.

HUGH ELY, Chairman.

Pere Wilmer, *Henry McKinnell,* } Secretaries.

For the Maryland Gazette.

The payment by the Executive of the claims of some of its officers seems to have given much dissatisfaction. There would seem to be some grounds for the complaint. Very much of each claim may justly be called a stale demand. If well-founded, they ought long since to have been exhibited and acted on. The Executive is not authorised at its pleasure, to draw money out of the treasury. All money bills must originate with the House of Delegates, and the Executive must have express authority before it can touch one cent of the public money. We have been told of the danger of uniting the purse and the sword. If dangerous when vested in the President, it must be equally so when the State Executives possess them.

If this practice of bringing before the Executive stale claims is tolerated, these ill-founded claims will be postponed till a suitable Executive can be had.

The payment of every claim against the State must be sanctioned by the legislature. Sometimes indeed, it may be referred to the Executive to adjust a claim, but then its right to act upon a claim must be so clear that no doubt can be entertained upon it. Every man who believes he has a claim against the State, is bound to prefer that claim to the legislature. Now, it is understood with respect to one of those claims, that the legislature had been asked to pay it and had refused, on the ground that it was unfounded. If after a refusal by the legislature, (whether properly or improperly) the Executive can order its payment, then the Executive may originate money bills after the House of Delegates has refused.

With respect to the claim of the Clerk, it may indeed be said there was a law authorising its payment. It is true the time was when the Clerk was authorised to make a distinct charge for recording commissions. But the legislature afterwards thought proper to give him a certain salary in lieu of all other compensation, and nobody can doubt that the law, *so long as it remained in force*, was (what it professed to be) a repeal absolutely of so much of the act of 1805 as gave him a compensation distinct from that in the civil list bill. It was no suspension of the act of 1805. It is said though, that the late law was to continue only till a certain time, and after the repealing law is spent the old law raises. Now, this is contrary to all our notions on the subject. All the writers tell us that "a law, though temporary in some of its provisions, may have a permanent operation in other respects," and that "the prior law does not revive *after the repealing statute is spent, unless the intention of the legislature to that effect is expressed.*" Common sense would tell us that this must be so, because otherwise the claim under the act of 1805, *and for the year that the civil list bill said it should not be allowed*, would revive as soon as the temporary law expired. If the law of 1805 (so much of it as allowed this compensation) was revived, how could the State plead in bar to that claim a statute which had ceased to have any operation?

It would seem then, that the State's money has been *paid by mistake*, and by order of those whom the State never authorised to direct the payment of it—Ought the State to submit to the loss?

R.

For the Maryland Gazette.

Our legislature has at length disposed of its great internal improvement questions. Whether the settlement of them is for good or for evil time must determine. The legislature of 1835 has been abused without measure, for the passage of the law of that session. If that act was wrong, let other legislatures take care that they do not render it worse than it was when made. We have been told that by the law of 1835 the State's faith is pledged to complete any one of these works, although it was clear that after its advances to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, it must, for its own safety, finish that *one* work. With respect to each of the others, its language could not be misunderstood. Upon three of the works it had expended nothing; and with respect to the Baltimore and Ohio Rail-Road Company, *although it had expended upon it one million of dollars*, yet in consequence of the fifty cents which it receives from each passenger travelling between Baltimore and Washington, there was no danger that the State would incur any considerable loss by that expenditure. To all of the companies mentioned in the act of 1835, except the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, its language was explicit, "We will not contribute one cent to any one of you until evidence we deem satisfactory of the fact is offered, that the sum mentioned in this law will, with the subscriptions obtained elsewhere, enable the completion of the works. We will not, with respect to any one of these four works, place ourselves in the situation in which a former legislature has placed the State with respect to the Canal.—We will not pay to any one of you one cent until we have the proof we require, that by contributing the sum now asked of us, we are not furnishing each of you with as many arguments as we give dollars, that the State having gone so far cannot *stop*, but for its own safety must now, and from time to time, advance as many millions as the extravagance and mismanagement of the directors may require in order to complete the work."

The great fault was, that the proof required by the law is not that with which the State ought to have been satisfied. The probability *just at this time* is, that the proof which is required can never be furnished by some of these companies, and that much of the debt with which it is said that legislature burthened the State, the old lady will never be bound to contract unless some later legislature agree to dispense with the requisite proof, and thereby *place the State at the mercy of the corporations.*

It is time, high time, for the *people* of Maryland to think seriously on this subject. The State now lives by borrowing, and becomes bankrupt the instant that it is unable to borrow. The people cannot pay the taxes that will be necessary as soon as the State is unable to borrow money to discharge the interest of its debt. A State, *like an individual*, is insolvent as soon as its income is unequal to the discharge of the interest on the debt it has foolishly contracted. Like an individual too, a State in this deplorable condition is apt to surrender itself to the guidance of the wild and visionary, of swindlers and sharpers and to resort to the most desperate expedients in order to postpone for a brief space the evil day. We are told, indeed, of the vast profits that these works, when completed, will yield to the stockholders. But then we know that these wiseacres have always deceived us when the time had arrived which was to verify or falsify their predictions. They have deceived us, *it is a part of their trade to deceive us, and they will continue to deceive us while those who act for us are so willing to be deceived.*

But a few months since, when the October elections were over, and the success of our Commissioners abroad was supposed to be certain, we were told in some of the public prints that a further sum of two or three millions would be necessary in order to finish the two great works, the completion of which, we were so confidently told, was ensured by the law of 1835. *Most fortunately for the State* the Commissioners failed to obtain the loan, otherwise very different legislation would have been asked of the legislature now in session.

It seems to be but a reasonable request on the part of the State, that the Rail Road Company should pursue the policy which it professed to have deliberately adopted, in its report of that year, and *which report formed the leading consideration for the loan by the legislature of two millions to the Canal Company*, and that the State should not be burthened with a debt on account of the company, the amount of which mortal man cannot foretell until it is ascertained by the completion of the Canal how many millions, in addition to the three millions voted in 1835, the State must pay in order to carry the Canal to the coal mines.

The fortunate failure of the negotiation abroad, has placed Maryland upon comparatively safe ground. Nothing but legislative folly can deprive her of what she has gained by her want of credit abroad.

Heretofore we have had much and direful strife in our land growing out of the law of 1835. Let it not again be a question to be debated on every electioneering ground, which of the political parties has contributed the larger share of its votes to ruin the State.

A LOOKER ON.

☞ We have further returns of the New Hampshire Election through the Boston papers of Saturday; they are as follows:

From the "*Courier*," (Whig.)

175 Towns—Hill, 24,517—*Wilson*, 23,290.

From the "*Advertiser*," (Whig.)

172 Towns—Hill, 23,235—*Wilson*, 21,860.

From the "*Advocate*," (Dem.)

161 Towns—Hill, 22,425—*Wilson*, 21,442.

From the "Post" we take the annexed, which upon the above Whig authority, cannot mislead.

"Notwithstanding the unequalled efforts made by the federalists of two states, to defeat the re-election of Mr. HILL, he has again been chosen governor of New Hampshire by a majority of proportionably increased votes. The honest yeomanry of the granite state could not be put down by

all the power of a single party, and a bitter political [illegible] party, have come forth in their strength, and given for Isaac Hill a larger vote [illegible] than has ever been received by any individual of any party, before, in that state. We have returns from 208 towns, and Mr. Hill's apparent majority is ONE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED AND SIXTY-ONE—the remaining towns will increase it. How the House of Representatives will stand, we cannot ascertain; —we think, however, notwithstanding the federalists claim it, that there will be a majority of democrats in both branches of the Legislature. Three democratic Senators, it is ascertained, are chosen, and it is believed that four more are elected. The federalists have chosen four, if not five. The whole number is twelve. The majority in the House will amount to not more than half a dozen, probably, either way. A letter from a friend received late last night expresses a belief that the democrats will have a majority of ten or fifteen."

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

The returns we have received from the election in New Hampshire, make it certain that ISAAC HILL has been re-elected by about 2000 majority. In 185 towns the vote stands:—

For Isaac Hill,	24396.
Jas. Wilson Jr.	23287.
	1109.

It is uncertain which party will have the majority in lower house of the Legislature—in the Senate, parties will stand, it is supposed, Whigs 5—Locofocos 7.

How different is this result from that of 1836! A Locofoco paper of that date after giving the vote of the election, said: Isaac Hill is thus elected with but a mere sign of opposition.—Eleven out of the twelve senators have been secured to the Democratic party, and a larger majority in the House, than they have ever had before."

Now it is doubtful which party has the majority in the House, and the Locofocos have only two majority in the Senate.—*Balt. Chron.*

Gen. THOMAS EMORY, of Queen-Anne's, has been named in the Kent Bugle as a candidate for Governor under the reformed Constitution of Maryland. The office must be filled, at the coming election, by a citizen of the Eastern Shore.

THOMAS W. GRIFFITH, Esq. of Baltimore, has been elected a Member of the American Philosophical Society, at a recent meeting.—*Philad. U. S. Gaz.*

PENSACOLA, March, 3d, 1838.

NAVAL.

The United States ship St. Louis, Thos. Paine Esq. commander, arrived here this morning from a cruise of four months and seven days in the Indies and on the Spanish Main—officers and crew in good health. The St. Louis sailed from here in October last, and arrived in the Havana in the very short passage of two and a half days, the shortest passage, we believe, that has ever been made between this port and Havana. The U. States ship *Ontario*, S. L. Breese, commander sailed in company with the St. Louis from St. Iago de Cuba, on the 20th ultimo, for Jamaica. Michael Dugan, a seaman, died on board the St. Louis, at Mayaguez (Porto Rico) on the 2d of January.

FEARFUL ACCIDENT.

While the steam boat "Sir William Wallace" was coming round Dauphin Island in her passage yesterday from Mobile, one of the hands accidentally slipped in going aft and fell into the fly-wheel, which tore him into atoms in a few seconds.—*N. O. American.*

FROM FLORIDA.

The St. Augustine Herald of the 2d instant, contradicts the report, published a few days since, of the capture of 400 Indians. As this report was another "end to the war," it, of course, is still among the "unfinished business." The Herald contains sundry rumours of murders and robberies by detached bands of Indians, but "as reports are rife in town and country, it puts no confidence in them." Gen. Jesup still maintained his position on Jupiter River. An Indian trail had been discovered, and at a house which was robbed, large quantities of powder were found scattered about on the logs, thereby indicating that the article was abundant among the hostiles.

STILL LATER.

The Savannah Georgian of the 13th, says: By the steamboat Florida, arrived from Black Creek on Sunday, the latest intelligence from Gen. Jesup's head *quarters*, near Jupiter Inlet, is to the 1st inst. from which it appears that there were encamped about half a mile from the General's position, upwards of 200 Indians, men, women and children, under the chief Tus-ke-gee, awaiting some decision in reference to them, consequent on propositions which they made early in February. About 140 Indian negroes, who came in with Tus-ke-gee's party, left Fort Jupiter, under an escort, on the 1st of March, for Tampa Bay, for embarkation to the west, and who, it is said, belong mostly to Indians who have already emigrated. It is further said that about 30 or 40 negroes are still out, so that nearly all the blacks have left the field by capture or surrender. Sam Jones is understood to be 150 miles south of Fort Jupiter, 28 miles up Shark River, north of Cape Sable."

LATE FROM THE ARMY.

Information has been received at the War Department, from Fort Jupiter, Florida, as late as the 7th March, which states that up to that time, more than three hundred Indians and one hundred and fifty Seminole negroes had come in. From information received from those, [illegible]

[illegible] believed that Sam Jones and his party were living concealed on the Islands of the Everglades. Alligator and his party on the west of the O-kee-cho-bee lake and Chekika, with his band in the vicinity of the St. Lucie. It was also reported there, that many of the Indians were making their way in small parties of two, three and four, back to the Wahoo and Withlacoochee. It is evident that they will not fight again, if they can avoid it, their sole object being to get out of the way of the whites, and procure the means of subsistence. It is believed that nearly all their cattle have been destroyed, and most of their horses captured.—Abraham says that there are not more than ten or fifteen negroes left in the nation.

In order to search the Everglades, and if possible to find and dislodge the Indians from the Islands, six companies of artillery under Col. Bankhead have been sent from Indian river to Key Biscayne, where they are to take boats and proceed by New river into the Everglades.—*Major Lauderdale* with two hundred Tennessee, and a company of the 3d artillery under Lieut. Anderson, are already on New river, having marched from Fort Jupiter on the 2d inst. Lieut. Powell of the navy, is to co-operate in this movement, which will give Colonel Bankhead a moving force of nearly six hundred men.—*Globe.*

A slip from the Savannah Georgian contains the following extract from a letter dated,

FORT MELLON, E. F., Feb. 10th, 1838.

"Report says that Coonacoochee (*Wild Cat*) is now on an island in the most extensive lake yet discovered in Florida, called Okeechoobee. It is so distant from the shore as not to be visible. Here he has collected his women and children. Two hundred head of cattle were taken on the 28th of January by the army. The Indians appeared determined to fight to the last; so the war is no nearer to its termination, to all appearances, as when it first begun."

Reports had reached Savannah that parties of Indians were again appearing in East Florida, having slipped by the forces which were endeavouring to hem them in at the extreme cape of Florida.

BLOCKADE OF BAHIA, IN BRAZIL.

The United States Gazette of yesterday, says:—Capt. Dolby, of the brig Globe, of this city, 33 days from Bahia, reports that the Brazilian government is enforcing the blockade of that port in the most rigorous manner, they having employed off that port 16 men of war. From this, we infer that the blockade is kept up in the manner in which the United States government acknowledges the blockading system.

FOREIGN.

FROM ENGLAND.

The packet ship Siddons, Capt. Britton, arrived yesterday from Liverpool, bringing papers to Feb. 16th, and supplying some previous dates not brought by the Scotland, including Shipping Lists, &c. We make a few extracts.—N. Y. Jour. Com.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—A novelty in foreign exchange business has occurred in the negotiation by some of the regular exchange brokers of bills upon New York and Philadelphia, which during a long period were arranged by the private contracts of one merchant with another. The rate was 46d. for the American metalic dollar.

We regret to observe that the plague has reappeared at Sacizza and Tulze, on the right bank of the Danube.

From the Morning Chronicle, (Ministerial paper) Feb. 15.

The utmost satisfaction and good feeling have been manifested throughout the city in consequence of the interesting and important intelligence received this morning from Canada and the United States. By all parties it is admitted that the revolution in our Canadian possessions is now fairly at an end, and, that any further attempt on the part of the rebels to make a stand or disturb the tranquillity of the province will prove wholly abortive. The good faith shown by the American government and its strenuous and effective efforts to prevent any aggression of our territory by the border people, as we stated at the commencement would be the case, has been dwelt upon with lively gratification by every body, and is regarded as the best earnest of the determination of Mr. Van Buren to maintain inviolate the friendly relations which have existed so long between the two countries.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold on the premises, at Public Sale, on *Thursday, the 12th day of April next*, 3941 of an acre of that beautiful Estate, well known by the name of *BELMONT*, near Annapolis, in Anne-Arundel county, and formerly the property of the late Hon. Jeremiah Townley Chase—also,

Farm Servants, four valuable, well broke Young Mules, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Corn, Rye, Oats, the growing Crop, and Farming Utensils of every description.

The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

RICH'D. M. CHASE.

March 22. R.

LOST

ON the 21st instant, a pair of GREEN SPECTACLES, with front and side Glasses and gold mountings. If the finder will lodge them at this office, without injury, a liberal reward will be given.

March 2.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court,

March 6th, 1838.

ON application by petition of Clement Weedon, Administrator of Thomas H. Warfield, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L. BROWN, Jr.

Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas H. Warfield, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 20th day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 20th day of March 1838.

CLEMENT WEEDON, Adm'r.

March 20. 6w.

A VERY SUPERIOR FARM AT AUCTION,

PART of which is adapted for the cultivation of *PEACHES*—within a few miles of Baltimore, on MONDAY MORNING, April 1st, 1838, at 1 o'clock, at the Exchange, where a plat may be seen.

The subscriber will offer that extensive Tract, embracing 1150 acres in Anne-Arundel county,—and binding on the Patapsco, nearly three miles—where there are numerous Landings and deep Water, and a part of the same on Rock Creek. It is only 13 miles from Baltimore, and with the present facilities may be said to have the choice of Washington City, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets; about four hundred acres are cleared. Thirty of which are good Meadow land, the remainder is well timbered. There are four tenements upon the Tract, with never failing streams of Water. The soil is well adapted for the growth of Rye, Oats, Corn, Tobacco, &c. and fruits of almost every description.

For the *Cultivation of Peaches*, there are but few if any superior localities in this country The land is high, and not subject to severe frosts in its neighbourhood, the raising of this species of Fruit has, and is now carried on very advantageously; besides other advantages there are in the land about 20,000 cords of Hickory, Oak, Pine and Chesnut Wood, which from its proximity to the water and steady market renders it valuable The tract will be sold either together or separate as may suit—and the plat is now at the Auction room. Persons visiting the place, will be shown any part, and can form an essential value.

Terms, one-third cash on the day of sale, one third in 12, and one-third in 18 months, with interest, to be secured by bonds with approved security.

H. W. BOOL, Jr. Auct.

or to the Proprietor, Charles S. Hammond, Frederick, Md.

February 22.

WILLIAM BRYAN,

Merchant Tailor,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel.

JACOB BASFORD,

Merchant Tailor,

HAS taken a Shop opposite Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, where he has just arrived with an elegant assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which he offers to his friends and the public, and will have them made up in the most fashionable style, at low prices for Cash, or at short dates, to be met when due. He has adopted this method of business, and shall endeavour to pursue this course, and hopes by strict attention and punctuality to give general satisfaction.

☞ TWO or THREE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

BASIL SHEPHARD,

Having declined business in favour of Mr. J. Basford, who has removed his Shop directly in front of Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, wishes those that are indebted to him either by note, bond or open account, on his old business, or to the firm of Basil Shephard & Co. to call at his old stand, opposite Mr. J. Hughes', and settle the same. All who may have claims against him or the firm, will present them for settlement.

Any orders that may be sent to me, I will have them attended to.

B. S.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That an Election will take place in this City, on the first MONDAY of April next, at the usual place of holding elections, for the purpose of electing seven Common Councilmen to serve in the Corporation thereof.

G. H. DUVALL, Clk. Corp.

March 16.

A STATEMENT,

Exhibiting the aggregate of Expenditure and each general charge in Anne-Arundel County for the year 1837.

Pensioners,	$3,136	
Bridges,	688 11	
Public Roads,	4,373 86	
Orphans Court,	726 67	
Public Ferries,	700	
Jurors to the County Court,	1,500	
State Witnesses,	205 33	
Bailiffs to the County Court,	252	
SUNDRY ACCOUNTS.		
Henry C. Drury, of Wm. Collector, Insolvencies for 1835,	$95 64	
Stephen Beard, Justice 2d Election District,	29 37	
Benjamin Watkins, do do	27 26	
John Beard, Jr. Collector Insolvencies for 1836,	101 30	
John Beard, Jr. per account,	8	
John Clayton, per account,	3 93	
John C. Quesenberry, per account,	22 40	
William O'Hara, Justice 1st Election District,	19 75	
Rinaldo Pindell, do do	24	
W. J. W. Compton, do do	22	
Rinaldo Pindell per account,	75	
Leonard Iglehart, per account,	10	
Caleb White, Justice 2d Election District,	16 62	
Philemon Warfield, per account,	26	
Charles Boone, Collector, Insolvencies for 1834 and 1835,	25 99	
Henry C. Dunbar, Justice 3d Election District,	42 87	
Dennis Gaither, Justice 4th Election District,	10	
Joel Hopkins, do do	30 27	
Philemon Warfield, Collector, Insolvencies for 1836,	73 07	
Zachariah Merriken, per account,	3 12	
Seth W. Warfield, per account,	2 43	
Samuel Nichols, per account,	6 37	
Basil Owings, per account,	3 81	
Nathan Miles, per account use of Polly Welling,	1 67	
Mortimer Dorsey, Thomas Burgess, and Edward Warfield, Justices 6th Election District,	24 55	
Richard Gambrill, for the Justices in 5th District,	50 24	
Nathan Shipley, per account,	1 18	
Thomas C. Miller, for a road Certificate given by John Fisher, Supervisor, in favour of Jno. D. Warfield,	2	
Thomas C. Miller, Collector, Insolvencies for 1836,	92 42	
Thomas C. Miller, per account,	64	
Richard Gambrill, for the Justices in 5th District for 1835,	18 74	
James Iglehart, per account,	133 79	
Francis M. Jarboe, per account use of James Iglehart,	10 18	
John S. Selby, Sheriff, per account,	642 60	
Daniel Hart, per account,	3	
Edward Dubois, per account,	3 48	
John W. Whittington, per account,	45	
James Boyle, Prosecutor, per account,	443 33	
William S. Green, Clerk, per account,	373 14	
William S. Green, for expenses and compensation under the act for the Conveyance of Process,	125	
Thomas King, Cryer, per account use of James Iglehart,	35	
Thomas G. Waters, per account,	86	
Lewis N. Sewell, per account,	75	
William Brewer, Justice, Annapolis,	1 96	
Thomas G. Waters, do	32	
Edward Dubois, do	24	
William Brewer, per account,	3 54	
Lewis N. Sewell, Collector, Insolvencies for 1835,	3 55	
Lewis N. Sewell, Collector, Insolvencies for 1836,	4 52	
William Sewell, per account use of Adam & John Miller,	4	
Gotleb I. Grammer, for care of the Court House,	100	
Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county for a Pavement in front of the Court House,	100	
		2,916 69
Judges and Clerks of the Elections,	434	
Constables Salaries, &c.	609 29	
Alms House,	2,500	
Commissioners and Clerk,	655	
Jail,	748 67	
Lunatic Paupers,	300	
Burying Paupers,	132	
Crows Heads,	192	
Coroners and Jurors on Inquest,	20 50	
Printing,	64 50	
Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county under the act relating to the People of Colour,	654	
Collectors Commission,	3,323 47	
Surplus,	980 02	
Amount of Levy,	$23,062 60	
Commissioners of Primary Schools and Clerk,	4,075	
Collectors Commission,	252 22	
	$4,327 22	
Amount of Levy,	4,203 83	
Deficit,	123 39	

By order of the Board of Commissioners for Anne-Arundel County.

R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

A MANAGER WANTED,

FOR the ensuing year, on the Farm of Commodore Henry E. Ballard, near Annapolis. A person that can come well recommended for sobriety and industry, will find a desirable situation. None other need apply. Application can be made to Mrs. Ballard, at the Farm, or to

TH. FRANKLIN, Annapolis.

October 5.

FOR SALE,

A YOKE of fine YOUNG OXEN, near South River, five miles from Annapolis.

JAMES W. WATERS.

March 1.

A BY-LAW

Establishing the line of West-street extended.

[Passed 12th February, 1838.]

BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That the plat of West-street extended, heretofore made out by John W. Duvall, Surveyor, under a former order of this Corporation, be and the same are hereby established and confirmed as the boundaries and lines of West-street extended, except so far as relates to the beginning of the first line run by said surveyor, and that the beginning of the first line of said street be precisely at the Northwest corner of Vachel Severe's house, and run with a straight course to the point at the Scale House, as laid down on said plat.

And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That all by-laws heretofore passed, inconsistent with this by-law, be and the same are hereby repealed.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

March 15

PICKED up in the Bay, afloat, FOUR HOGSHEADS, which contained Oats, and One Hogshead containing Flaxseed.—The owner or owners are requested to come forward, prove property, and pay charges.

JOHN PHILIPS.

March 8.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,

March 6th, 1838.

ON application by petition of Jonathan Wheat, Executor of the last will and testament of Jesse Wheat, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L BROWN, Jun'r,

Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel County, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Jesse Wheat, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 6th day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 6th day of March 1838.

JONATHAN WHEAT, Ex'r.

March 8. 6w.

FEMALE SEMINARY,

NEWPORT, CHARLES COUNTY, MARYLAND,

IS situated 11 miles S. E. of Port Tobacco, 35 S. E. of Washington, from which the mail stage passes through Newport twice a week, half a mile from the village, and in a healthy and highly respectable neighbourhood.

MRS. MAXWELL begs leave to inform her friends and the public that her School will open for the reception of Young Ladies on the 12th March. The experience of twenty years as a teacher, in Europe and North America, and her devoted attention to the best interests of her pupils, lead her to hope for a share of patronage. Her system of education has met the approbation of several distinguished characters in the United States.

References—Matthew Carey, Esq.; Colonel Thomas McKenny, U. S. Army; Rev. Mr. Reily, Philadelphia; Rev. Alex'r. McCoskey, Bishop of Michigan, Detroit; Rev. John Ogilvie, Principal of New Baltimore Academy; Rev. Thos. B. Balch, Rocksprings; Thos. Hord, Esq., Teneriffe; Stephen McCormick, Esq., Auburn, Richard Rixey, Esq., White Plains, Fauquier county, Va.; Robert Weir, Esq., Hartford; Mrs. Martha L. French, Green Level, Prince William county, Va.; Hon. John Taliaferro, King George county, Va.

TERMS—Board and Tuition in English Grammar, Composition, Writing and Arithmetic, Geography with use of Globes, Ancient and Modern History, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, Worsted and other Ornamental Needle Work, per annum payable quarterly in advance, $120 00

Senior Classes in all the above branches, per annum,		32 00
Junior Classes	do	20 00
Music,	per quarter,	15 00
Drawing,	do	8 00
Oriental Painting, Mezzotinto, Painting on Velvet and Satin, each	do	8 00
Embroidery, Shell, and Wax Works, each	do	8 00

N. B. No Young Lady received for less than a session, each session to consist of five months.

March 1, 1838. 3m.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

I HAVE this day associated with me in business my son, PHILIP C. CLAYTON, and it will hereafter be conducted under the firm of

PHILIP CLAYTON & SON.

January 1st, 1838.

PHILIP CLAYTON & SON,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Annapolis, and the vicinity, that they will execute with promptness and despatch, any thing in their line of business, viz. *Bricklaying, Plastering, Whitewashing, &c.* in a neat and workmanlike manner, and grateful for past favours, hope by their attention to merit an increased share of public patronage

February 22.

WOOD FOR SALE.

AT the Wood-Yard of the subscriber, near the Windmill, 500 cords of seasoned PINE WOOD may be had on application to the Miller, or to the subscriber, who will take *Dry Goods, Groceries*, or other useful articles in payment

Also, about

3000 APPLE TREES of many fine varieties, and good size, may be had at the Nursery of the subscriber, or will be delivered, when 100 or more are taken by persons in the lower parts of the county, at South River Ferry, free of additional charge.

N. BREWER, Jun.

February 22.

Fourth Year of Waldie's Library.
BOOKS BY MAIL!
PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere per centage of their former cost; it has outlived more than forty puerile attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to spend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor, himself a reader from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of intellect which may be admitted into every family without hesitation by the most fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, promoting social belles lettres reading and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History, personal memoirs of extraordinary individuals, and curious adventure &c. &c. An amount equal to fifty London duodecimo volumes is thus annually furnished in weekly numbers, at a cost only equal to one of the London works. The plan thus embraces the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused in every part of the Union as to form no inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become really necessary for those who mix in society.

The Library as now conducted disseminates books to all parts of the country in from five to six weeks after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in this way will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for a *cent and a half a day*, postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be bound at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and uncongenial society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the many.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, The Journal of Belles Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for $5 00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for $20 00, a reduction which pays the postage. *Payment always in advance.*

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

THIS periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; *or both* are furnished to clubs of five for $6 00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chamber's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, combined in such a manner as to enlist the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers not taking the Library, $2 50, postage paid.

*** A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1836 of the Library, and the Port Folio for 1834 and 1835, the whole can be had for $20 00. For this an amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

Seventh, one door north of Chesnut street, Philad.

The Museum of Foreign Literature and Science, price $6 00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for $12 00.

Oct. 6.

NEW PAPER.

THE BALTIMORE KALEIDOSCOPE,

And Weekly Express,

RECENTLY commenced, and now published every *Saturday*, by YOUNG & ABRAHAMS, at the South East corner of Market and Gay streets, Baltimore, *L. A. Wilmer*, editor. Price $2 per annum.

This paper will contain a great variety of original and selected matter, news, literary and scientific articles, notices of new books, and animadversions on the most popular topics of the day. The publishers have made such arrangements as enable them to promise with confidence that the *Kaleidoscope* shall not be surpassed by any other similar paper in the Union, not only in point of utility, but in the various qualities which make a newspaper attractive and desirable.

One Dollar, in advance, will be received as payment in full for six months. The terms of advertising are moderate. Letters or communications to the editor or publisher, *if post paid*, will receive prompt attention; and the paper will be forwarded to any part of the country, where it may be ordered.—Subscribers at a *distance* are requested to enclose the amount of their subscription, (at least for six months,) when they order the paper

Baltimore, Nov. 9, 1837.

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

On the 1st of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good paper, of an extra large royal octavo size, and neatly stitched in a coloured cover, the first number

OF A NEW PERIODICAL WORK,

ENTITLED,

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE,

Edited by WILLIAM E. BURTON, Philadelphia.

To whom all original Communications will be addressed.

THE announcement of a new Periodical in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise but having contemplated an alteration in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, "Every Body's Album," the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor, will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the proprietors.

The contents of the Gentleman's *Magazine will, in every respect*, be answerable to the meaning of the title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly as "eagles soar, above the ken of man," nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground; our pages will not be filled with abstruse predications, nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in matters "caviare to the million." In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We *wish to produce* a gentlemanly, agreeable book—an epitome of life's adjunctives—a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlour table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents attached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found, from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and didactic—graphic delineations of men and manners—free and spirited translations of the lighter portions of the Literature of continental Europe. A series of original biographical notices of the principal stars in the Dramatic hemisphere. The current Literature will be reviewed in full, and liberal extracts made from rare and valuable works. An original copy right song, not otherwise to be obtained, will be given, with the music, in every number.

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seventy-two extra sized octavo pages, of two columns each, forming, at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be *THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAPEST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE UNITED STATES.*

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which proposition can remain in force for a few months only. The subscription to the Gentleman's Magazine will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum, payable in advance—but a five dollar bill will produce two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to *Charles Alexander*, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet with the earliest attention,

June 39.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, ST. MICHAELS, AND WYE LANDING.

The Steamboat MARYLAND will leave Baltimore on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at eight o'clock, for the above places from the lower end of Dugan's wharf. Returning the next day, leaving Wye Landing at 8 o'clock for St. Michaels, Annapolis and Baltimore. She will continue this route throughout the season. Passage to Annapolis $1 50, to St. Michaels and Wye Landing $2 50.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

November 9.

CASH FOR
ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,

Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market. I can at all times be found at Mrs. Hunter's Tavern in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. PURVIS.

Sept. 16.

P. S.—Any communications left with Mr. John Sands, will be promptly attended to.

I. F. P.

SEVENTEEN POPULAR NOVELS,

VIZ:

Peter Simple,	Newton Forster,
Jacob Faithful,	Peake of Many Tales,
Pirate and Three Cutters,	Japhet in Search of his Father,
Frank Mildmay,	
King's Own,	

BY CAPTAIN MARRYATT,

Pelham,	Last Days of Pompeii,
The Disowned,	Rienzi,
Devereux,	Falkland,
Paul Clifford,	Pilgrims of the Rhine,
Eugene Aram,	

BY E. L. BULWER,

Will be given as a premium to any person who will send the names of Ten Subscribers, and Twenty Dollars in cash, to the publisher of

The Saturday News and Literary Gazette.

And to every person who will send Five Subscribers, and Ten Dollars in cash, a complete set of either Bulwer or Marryatt, as may be preferred.

The prices of the novels above mentioned, if purchased of the booksellers, would be $21 25; and in Godey's cheap and uniform edition they cost $6 50. They can be had of the publisher, at $3 50 for Bulwer, $3 for Marryatt, complete.

The SATURDAY NEWS contains more reading matter than any other paper published in the United States. It is devoted to general Literature, Criticism, the Drama, Agriculture, Intelligence, News, &c. Many of the best writers of Philadelphia are contributors to its columns; and its selections are made from the whole range of English literature. A correspondence is maintained with the principal cities of the Union, and letters are expected from a gentleman of high talent about to travel in Europe.—The subscription price is $2 per annum, payable in advance, or three copies for $5.

L. A. GODEY & Co.,

The following notices are taken from many of a similar character, made by the leading presses of this city:—

SATURDAY NEWS—The weekly paper with the above title, which we foretold a few weeks since came to light on Saturday last, under the auspices of Messrs. Godey, McMichael & Neal. Such a trio never got together before.—Neal and McMichael beat all for writing, and Godey beats all for publishing; and a capital job they made of their first number, worthy all that was promised. We prophesy for them great success, and for their readers great satisfaction.—*United States Gazette.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS—We have been favoured with a copy of the first number of this new paper. It is creditable to all concerned. The literary matter is far above the ordinary standard and would not discredit the columns of the most popular newspaper of the British metropolis. Sustained in the same spirit, the News will soon win liberal patronage and enviable reputation. An amusing extract will be found in a subsequent column.—*Inquirer and Courier.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.—The first number of a new weekly paper, with the above title, issued in Philadelphia on Saturday last—it is of the largest size of newspapers published in that city, and succeeds the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, formerly issued by Mr. Charles Alexander, which has been by him transferred to Messrs. L. A. Godey, J. C. Neal, and M. McMichael, three gentlemen very favourably known as possessing the requisite qualifications for conducting such a periodical in the most advantageous manner. The first number is a highly satisfactory specimen of what may be expected from the paper, especially as a literary Gazette. The annual subscription is at the very moderate rate of two dollars.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

We have received the first number of the Saturday News, a weekly paper of the largest class, issued by the Messrs. Godey, Neal and McMichael, able and experienced newspaper editors, who will not fail to give a due share of entertainment and interest to their sheet. The Gentleman's Vade Mecum has been transferred to Messrs Godey & Co., and will be continued under the title of the Saturday News, which will contain besides a large amount of interesting intelligence and literary matter, in addition to that heretofore embodied in the Vade Mecum. We intended to publish their prospectus to-day, but have been prevented by want of room.—*Berks and Schuylkill Journal.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—We have received the first number of a new weekly paper, of the above title, edited by Louis A Godey, conductor of the Lady's Book; Joseph C. Neal, editor of the Pennsylvanian, and Morton McMichael, the late editor of the Saturday Courier. Judging from the first number we should conclude that it will far exceed, for *original matter*, and new selections, any weekly paper in Philadelphia. It is not a *reprint of any other Gazette*, which is too much the case with the mammoth sheets of that city.—*Newcastle Gazette.*

The first number of the Philadelphia Saturday News has been received at this office, and promises to be one of the very best weekly papers in the Union. The number before us is very creditable to the enterprising publisher and editors, its contents being various, entertaining and instructive. Those who wish a good family paper from the city, cannot do better than to subscribe for the Saturday News. It is published by L. A. Godey, and edited by Morton McMichael, and Joseph C. Neal, Esqrs.—*Darby Republican.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—The new Journal advertised in our paper under the above title, made its appearance last week, and is, very unequivocally on the "go ahead" system.—There is no doubt but that the publisher, our friend Godey, whose Lady's Book we have in times past laboured to make our *fair* readers *fairly* in love with, will gain troops of friends in his new enterprise, and line his pockets to some purpose with the "needful." Very well. We are glad of it. The sketch under our police head is by Mr. Neal, and is in his inimitable style. We hope to be able to treat our friends often to such exquisite touches of lively and quiet humour.—*Saturday Courier.*

Sept. 1.

A BY-LAW,

Entitled, A Supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise Street in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed 11th December, 1837.]

SECTION 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That three Commissioners be appointed by the Mayor for the purpose of ascertaining, by competent evidence, and in the usual way, what damages will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street, and that they shall report to this Board what damage will accrue to each of the said owners by opening the same.

Sec. 2. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That in making the said assessment and valuation, the said Commissioners shall take into consideration the benefits which will in their judgment, result to said owners by opening the aforesaid street, and that said benefits shall be deducted from the damages which the commissioners may be of opinion the aforesaid owners would otherwise be entitled to.

Sec. 3. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That after the said commissioners shall have made their report to this Board in manner aforesaid, it will be for this Board to decide whether the said street shall be opened, any thing in the by-law, to which this is a supplement, to the contrary notwithstanding.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

MAMMOTH SHEET.

OFFICE OF THE SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.

Philadelphia, November 25, 1836.

THE very liberal patronage bestowed on the SATURDAY NEWS, since its commencement in July last, and a desire to meet that patronage by corresponding exertions, have induced us this week to publish a *Double Number*—being the largest sheet ever printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States. To those of our friends who are practical printers, it need not be mentioned that this undertaking has involved serious mechanical difficulties. The largest—or one of the largest presses in Philadelphia is used for our ordinary impression—but this would accommodate only a single page of the mammoth sheet, and we were obliged, therefore, to work four forms at different periods. The care used in preparing the paper—in removing and folding the sheets, &c., can only be estimated by those who have seen the experiment made; and, added to the necessarily increased amount of composition, press work, &c., these supplementary expenses have made an aggregate cost, which would have deterred many from engaging in the enterprize. A gain of two thousand new subscribers will not repay the actual cost of this single number.

We flatter ourselves that, besides its extraordinary size, this number presents attractions that entitle it to some attention.—It contains the whole of *Friendship's Offering* for 1837, the London copy of which costs $4, and has 384 closely printed pages of letter press. Distinguished as the present age, and particularly our own country, has been for cheap reprints, we believe this surpasses any former instance. For *four cents* subscribers to the *Saturday News* receive, in addition to their ordinary supply of miscellaneous matter, an English annual, the largest yet received for the coming season; and they receive it, moreover, in a form that, from its novelty, gives it additional value.

Of the general character of the *Saturday News* we need not speak. That has now become so well known as to require no comment. We may take occasion to say, however, that in enterprize and resources we yield to no other publishers in this city or elsewhere, and we are determined that our paper shall not be surpassed. We have entered the field prepared for zealous competition, and we stand ready in every way to realize our promise, that no similar publication shall excel that which we issue. Our articles, both original and selected, we are not ashamed to test by any comparison which can be adopted; and there is no periodical in the United States, monthly or weekly, which might not be proud of many of our contributors.

The issuing of this number may be regarded as an evidence of our intention and ability to merit success. Nor will it be the only effort—From time to time, as opportunity offers, we propose to adopt extraordinary means for the interest and gratification of our subscribers,

L. A. GODEY, & Co.

THE SALMAGUNDI,
AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

EMBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE OF COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A NEW PERIODICAL, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836. While it will furnish its patrons with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal object will be to serve up a humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Literature, and which, for the want of a proper channel for their preservation, are positively lost to the Reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desires it—(those out of the city, will forward their orders, postage paid)—☞and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentleman's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that MORE THAN

500 ENGRAVINGS

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humour and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superior and attractive order; and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to bear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The Terms of THE SALMAGUNDI will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to. ☞Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

☞THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alternate weeks—otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous Embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford, must be enhanced by this arrangement.

☞Address, CHARLES ALEXANDER, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

A NEW AND CHEAP PUBLICATION.

Attention is respectfully invited to the following prospectus of a new and even a cheaper book than that which will be issued from this office in the first week of next January. It will not be in an convenient a form for binding as the present, with which it will in no way interfere, but it will make *books cheap beyond all precedent*. It will contain the works of the day, which are much sought after, but are *comparatively* dear, and which cannot penetrate the interior in any mode half so rapidly as by mail, in which *volumes* of books are prohibited. A fifty cent American reprint will be furnished entire for from *four* to *six cents*; a Marryat novel for twelve cents, and others in proportion.

As but very few copies will be printed but what are actually subscribed for, those who wish the Omnibus, must make their remittances at once.

Books at Newspaper Postage.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS.
NOVEL AND IMPORTANT LITERARY ENTERPRISE!!

NOVELS, TALES, BIOGRAPHY, VOYAGES, TRAVELS, REVIEWS, AND THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

IT was one of the great objects of "Waldie's Literary," "to make good reading cheaper, and to bring literature to every man's door." That object has been accomplished; we have given to books wings, and they have flown to the uttermost parts of our vast continent, carrying society to the secluded, occupation to the literary, information to all. We now propose still further to reduce prices, and render the access to a literary banquet more than twofold accessible; we gave and shall continue to give in the quarto library a volume weekly for two cents a day; we now propose to give a volume in the same period for less than *four cents a week*, and to add as a piquant seasoning to the dish a few columns of shorter literary matters, and a summary of the news and events of the day. We know by experience and calculation that we can go still further in the matter of reduction, and we feel that there is still verge enough for us to aim at offering to an increasing literary appetite that mental food which it craves.

The Select Circulating Library, now as ever so great a favourite, will continue to make its weekly visits, and to be issued in a form for binding and preservation, and its price and form will remain the same. But we shall, in the first week of January 1837, issue a huge sheet of the size of the largest newspapers of America, but on very superior paper, also *filled with books* of the newest and most entertaining, though in their several departments of Novels, Tales, Voyages, Travels, &c., select in their character, joined with reading such as usually *should* fill a weekly newspaper. By this method we hope to accomplish a great good; to enliven and enlighten the family circle, and to give to it, at an expense which shall be no consideration to any, a mass of reading that in book form would alarm the pockets of the prudent, and to do it in a manner that the most sceptical shall acknowledge "the power of concentration can no farther go." *No book which appears in Waldie's Quarto Library will be published in the Omnibus*, which will be an *entirely distinct* periodical.

TERMS.

WALDIE'S LITERARY OMNIBUS will be issued every Friday morning, printed on paper of a quality superior to any other weekly sheet, and of the largest size. It will contain,

1st. Books, the newest and the best that can be procured, equal every week to a London duodecimo volume, embracing Novels, Travels, Memoirs, &c., *and only chargeable with newspaper postage.*

2d. Literary Reviews, Tales, Sketches, notices of books, and information from "the world of letters," of every description.

3d. The news of the week concentrated to a small compass, but in a sufficient amount to embrace a knowledge of the principal events, political and miscellaneous, of Europe and America.

The price will be two dollars to clubs of five subscribers where the paper is forwarded *to one address*. To clubs of two individuals, five dollars; single mail subscribers, three dollars. The discount on uncurrent money will be charged to the remitter; the low price and superior paper absolutely prohibit paying a discount.

On no condition will a copy ever be sent until the payment is received in advance.

As the arrangements for the prosecution of this great literary undertaking are all made, and the proprietor has redeemed all his pledges to a generous public for many years, no fear of the non fulfilment of the contract can be felt. The Omnibus will be regularly issued, and will contain in a year reading matter equal in amount to two volumes of Rees' Cyclopedia, for the small sum mentioned above.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

46 Carpenter St. Philadelphia.

☞Editors throughout the Union, and Canada, will confer a favour by giving the above one or more conspicuous insertions, and accepting the work for a year as compensation.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE AND EASTON.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, leaves Baltimore, every TUESDAY & FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 7 o'clock, for the above places, starting from the lower end of Dugan's wharf, and returns on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

The Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1838. NO. 22.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

FOR SALE.

A YOKE of fine YOUNG OXEN, near South River, five miles from Annapolis.
JAMES W. WATERS.
March 1.

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE WONSER & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a fine of superior
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.
November 16. tf.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the Members of the General Assembly, and the citizens of Annapolis, that they have on hand a superior assortment of LIQUORS and WINES, consisting of the most approved Brands, both in Wood and in Glass, and at the most reasonable Prices. The following will exhibit their selection:

LIQUORS.

Pale, Cognac & Peach BRANDY, Hennessy, J. J. Dupuy, and other brands.
Old Rye & Irish WHISKEY, warranted 10 years old.
Holland GIN. Strawberry brand.
Jamaica SPIRIT.

WINES.

Extra fine Old Burgundy MADEIRA.
Do do do Sercial do
do do Madeira.
Very fine old Pale and Brown SHERRY.
Do do do PORT.

WINES IN GLASS.

L. P. MADEIRA.
Blackburn's MADEIRA.
Extra fine Old MADEIRA.
Fine do do
Old Brown SHERRY
Do Pale do
Extra fine Old PORT.

CHAMPAIGNES of the following Brands:

Orange, pts. and qts
Star, qts.
A. Y. qts.
Forrest Fourneaux, pts
Ancher, pts.
Lausanne, qts.

HOCKHEIMER.

Maraschino and Imperial Curracoa CORDIALS.
ROYAL PUNCH SYRUP.
CIGARS, CHEWING TOBACCO, &c.
CASES *loaned* in good order to Members of the Legislature purchasing their Liquors of the subscribers.
DUBOIS & WEEMS.
January 18.

I know of no pursuit in which more real or important services can be rendered to any country, than by improving its Agriculture.
WASHINGTON.

SUBSCRIPTION
FOR THE
FIFTH VOLUME OF
THE CULTIVATOR,
CONDUCTED BY J. BUEL.
Office, No. 3, Washington-street, Albany.

THE CULTIVATOR is a monthly publication of 16 pages, devoted to agriculture, on a sheet of the largest size of paper—28 by 40 inches. The price is ONE DOLLAR per annum, payable in advance. The postage on a volume of the *Cultivator* will not exceed 18¾ cents to any part of the Union, and within the state, and a circle of 100 miles, it will be but 12½ cents. A volume will contain more than 200 pages quarto, will be illustrated with cuts of animals, implements, &c. and be furnished with a copious index. It will comprise as much letter press print as 1500 pages of common duodecimo—as much as the Penny Magazine, published by the British Society for the Promotion of Useful Knowledge, and which, at two dollars per annum, has been reputed to be the cheapest periodical any where published.

The *Cultivator* will continue to treat of the science of agriculture, to furnish instructions for the best models of practice in all the departments of husbandry, in horticulture, and other rural affairs, and to furnish useful lessons for the improvement of the young mind. The Conductor will endeavour to render it a *present help*, and a volume of *useful references*, to all who have the ambition to distinguish themselves in rural labours and rural improvements—to help themselves and to benefit society.

Subscription is to the above work received by
A. COWAN, Annapolis.

N. B. Those who wish the Cultivator will please send their subscriptions by the 10th of February next.
A. C.
February 1, 1838.

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE subscriber wants the following information:

Some time in the year 1821 or 22, a certain OLIVER POLLOCK, formerly a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, but at the above time a resident of Annapolis, Maryland, left Annapolis for the western country. The said O. Pollock is now dead. Any person that knows of his death, will confer a favour on the subscriber by enclosing him a few lines to Annapolis, Maryland.

N. B. Will the Editors of papers be so good as to insert the above, and by so doing they will confer a great favour on an aged man, with a large family.
WM. CATON.
Annapolis, Md. Sept. 12th, 1837.

Anne-Arundel County, Set.

ON application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of William Murdock, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said William Murdock having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said William Murdock having taken the oath by the said act prescribes for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Robert Welch of Ben. his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said William Murdock a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, it is therefore hereby ordered and adjudged, that the said William Murdock be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months before the third Monday of April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said William Murdock should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this 24th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.
Test, WM. S GREEN, Clk.
January 4. 3m.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Set.

ON application to Nicholas Brewer, Esquire, Chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, by petition in writing of Peter McRoberts, of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his said petition, and the said Peter McRoberts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Peter McRoberts having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the county court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed Beale Gaither his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Peter McRoberts a conveyance and possession of all his property real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Peter McRoberts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne-Arundel county, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said county court at the court house of said county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Peter McRoberts should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed. Given under my hand this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.
NICH'S. BREWER,
Chief Judge of the Orphans Court, Anne-Arundel County.
Test: WM. S. GREEN, Clk.
A. A. County Court
December 29 3m

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this Office.

JOURNAL OF PROCEEDINGS
Of the House of Delegates of the State of Maryland,
DECEMBER SESSION, 1837.

WEDNESDAY, March 21st.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to provide for the erecting of a stone bridge over Antietam creek, at John Share's mill, in Washington county.

Also, the bill, for the protection of firemen, and of the property of the fire companies in the city of Baltimore.

Also, the bill, to incorporate the Union Academy.

Also, the bill, to alter and change the line between the election districts No. 1 and 6, in Washington county.

Severally endorsed, "will pass."

Also, the supplement to an act to provide for electing commissioners for Allegany county, and prescribing their powers and duties, endorsed "will not pass."

Also, the bill, to authorise the condemnation of a piece of ground at the Upper Ferry, in Somerset county.

Also, the bill, to incorporate the trustees of the Hannah More Academy, in Baltimore county.

Severally endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments."

Also, the bill, relating to public roads in Allegany county.

Endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments;"

Also, the resolution directing the armorer at Annapolis, to deliver certain arms and accoutrements therein named, to Captain Edward Wilkins, of Kent county.

Also, the resolution requiring the armorer at Annapolis, to deliver certain arms to Capt. Henry McKinnell.

Also, the resolution authorising two sets of certain laws to be furnished to the office of the clerk of Charles county, and the register of wills of said county.

Also, the resolution authorising the State Librarian to subscribe to the compilation of Laws, by the Hon. Clement Dorsey.

Also, the resolution enquiring into the expediency of purchasing from the executors of Horace Ridout, certain papers therein mentioned.

And the resolution authorising the Librarian to furnish the clerk of Talbot county court and orphans' court, with certain indexes to the laws.

Severally endorsed, "assented to."

Also, the supplement to an act to authorise and empower the surveyor of Frederick county, to cause an alphabetical record entry to be made of all the original land certificates in said county, in the surveyor's office.

Also, the bill, to revise and alter the divisional lines between election districts No. 1 and No. 10, in Allegany county, and to change the place of holding the elections.

Also, the bill, to authorise the commissioners of Washington county, to appoint judges and fix the place of holding elections in the ninth election district in said county.

Also, the bill, to confirm and make valid a deed of conveyance from Joseph L. Smallwood to George S. Adams.

Severally endorsed, "will not pass."

Also, the bill, for the incorporation of the Great Council of Maryland of the Improved Order of Red Men.

Also, to incorporate the Watchman's Beneficial Society of Baltimore.

Severally endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments."

Also, the bill, to divorce James H. Knotts, of Queen Anne's county, from his wife Catharine Knotts.

Also, the bill, to authorise Mrs. Mary Bond and John McKenney, to manumit certain negroes.

Severally endorsed, "will pass."

And, delivered the following bills, originated in and passed by the senate, viz:

A further supplement to an act to provide for electing commissioners for Baltimore county, and prescribing their powers and duties.

A bill, for the benefit of George Hilderband.

A bill, allowing a case to be re-inserted in Baltimore county court.

A bill, supplementary to the act incorporating the Tide Water Canal Company.

On motion of Mr. Ely,

Said bill was then read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

And, a resolution requiring the judges of the several election districts of Anne Arundel county, to ascertain the sense of the people of said county, relative to the erection of Howard District.

Mr. Townsend presented a petition of sundry citizens of Worcester county, praying the erection of a public ferry, and the laying out a road therein mentioned, at a place called Mataponi Landing, in said county.

Also, a petition of sundry citizens of Worcester county, counter to the petition of sundry citizens, praying for a public ferry and road at Mataponi Landing, in Worcester county.

Mr. Manlsby, a petition of the bailiffs of Harford county court, for an act directing the clerk of the court to grant the certificates for the amounts due them at each term of said court.

Mr. Manlsby, a memorial of the directors of the Maryland Penitentiary, asking for an appropriation for the purposes therein mentioned.

Mr. Huddleson a petition of sundry citizens of Allegany county, praying that the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company may be confined to the southern route through the State of Maryland, in progressing westward from the town of Cumberland with said rail road.

Mr. Wilmer, a petition of William Harris, and Ann his wife, praying the passage of a law authorising the appointment of a trustee as therein named.

Mr. Ent, a memorial of John P. Thompson, President of the Frederick County Bank, praying a reduction of the capital of said bank, and an extension of its charter.

Mr. Ely, submitted the following preamble and order—

Whereas, by an act passed at November session, eighteen hundred and ten, entitled, an act to prevent the increase of banking companies, chapter one hundred and eight, and by an act passed at November session eighteen hundred and twelve, chapter one hundred and thirty-four, entitled, an act to prevent the issuing of small bank notes, and a supplement thereto passed at December session, eighteen hundred and twenty, chapter one hundred and fifty, entitled, a supplement to an act, entitled, an act to prevent the issuing of small bank notes, and also by an act passed at December session, eighteen hundred and thirty one, chapter three hundred and seventeen, entitled, an act to prevent private banking, some of which acts appear to have been passed with the view of preventing the issuing of small notes by banking companies and corporations, and also to prevent the issuing of such notes by individuals or corporations, not expressly authorised by law to issue such notes or evidences of debt as bank notes, and others were passed for the express purpose of preventing the increase of banking companies in this State, Therefore—

Ordered, that the committee on grievances and courts of justice be instructed to enquire whether said acts of Assembly have been carried into effect according to the true intent and meaning thereof, and whether any further legislation is necessary for the more effectual suppression of the issuing of small notes by banking companies and corporations, or by private individuals and corporations not authorised to issue such notes by law, and that they report to this house by bill or otherwise.

Which was twice read and adopted.

Mr. Bowie, chairman of the committee on grievances and courts of justice, delivered the following report.

The majority of the committee on grievances and courts of justice, to whom was referred a resolution in favour of the Medical Professors in the University of Maryland, beg leave respectfully to report.

That they have had the same under consideration, and are of opinion that the said resolution ought to pass. They therefore report favourably on the same.

All which is respectfully submitted,
THOS. F. BOWIE,
J. BOZMAN KERR,
WM. F. GILES,
N. L. GOLDSBOROUGH.

The undersigned dissent from the above report, and are of opinion that the resolution therein referred to, ought not to pass.
Respectfully submitted,
JOHN M. S. CAUSIN,
L. A. DAWSON.

Which was read the first, and by a special order the second time.

Mr. Orrick, moved to refer said report and the resolution therein mentioned, to the consideration of the next General Assembly.

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Rentch submitted the following order,

Ordered, that the committee on ways and means be instructed to enquire into the expediency of directing the Treasurer for the Western Shore, to subscribe for one thousand shares of the capital stock of the Washington County Bank, which are reserved for this State by the second section of the act to establish a bank and incorporate a company under the name of the Washington County Bank, at the town of Williamsport, in Washington county, and to pay for the same out of the special deposites, to the credit of this State, in the Union Bank of Maryland

Which was twice read.

Mr. Causin moved that said order be rejected.

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred upon the adoption of said order, and

Resolved in the affirmative.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, for the relief of Reuben Tall, former sheriff and collector of Dorchester county.

Also, the further additional supplement to the act to provide for the public instruction of youth in primary schools throughout this State.

Also, the bill, relating to the distribution of the poor school fund in Cecil county.

Also, the supplement to an act to provide for the public instruction of youth in primary Schools throughout this State, so far as relates to Dorchester county.

Also, the supplement to an act, to regulate gates in Kent county.

Also, the bill, for the benefit of Samuel G. Holbrook, of Somerset county.

Also, the bill, to authorise Thomas W. Overly to introduce certain slaves into this State from the State of Virginia.

Severally endorsed, "will pass."

Also, the further supplement to an act, relating to free negroes and slaves, endorsed, "will not pass."

Also, the resolution in favour of Esther T. Burroughs and Martha Kelly,—severally endorsed, "dissented from."

Also, the resolution in favour of Christopher Lambert and Margaret Lee.

Also, the resolution in favour of Milton Hill Academy, in Charles county.

Also, the resolution relative to Washington Academy and Franklin School, in Somerset county.

And delivered the following bills, originated in and passed by the senate, viz:

A bill, to alter and change the lines of the ninth election district of Carroll county.

A bill, for the relief of Margaret Mitchell Dick-hut, of the city of Baltimore.

A bill, for the valuation of real and personal property in Harford county.

Also, a bill, for the benefit of George Hildebrand.

The house adjourned until 4 o'clock, P. M.

FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.

Mr. Parker presented a petition of sundry citizens of Cecil county, praying an additional Magistrate's court for the second election district of said county.

Mr. Sprigg, a memorial of John Stoddart, praying that the name of his son Andrew Jackson Stoddart, may be changed to that of John Marshall Stoddart.

The bill reported by Mr. Powder, to provide for the promotion of justice by a resale of property in certain cases therein mentioned, in Carroll county.

The bill reported by Mr. Welch, to regulate the compensation of judges of the levy court, commissioners of the tax and witnesses, in Kent county.—and

The bill reported by Mr. Maulsby, entitled, a supplement to an act, empowering the commissioners of Harford county to build a bridge over Winters' Run in said county.

Were severally taken up for consideration read the second time and passed.

The house adjourned until tomorrow morning nine o'clock.

THURSDAY, March 22d.

Mr. Williams presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Harford county, remonstrating against the passage of the bill to incorporate the Susquehanna Boom Company.

Mr. Williams, the petition of 330 citizens of Harford county, praying that the whole people of the county may be placed on an equal footing in relation to the election of their commissioners.

Mr. Jump, of Caroline, a petition of sundry citizens of Caroline county, to build a bridge therein mentioned.

Mr. Ely, a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying that the fees allowed to constables for the several services performed by them in the discharge of the duties of their office may be increased.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill relating to poor children in Queen-Anne's county;

Also, the bill to divorce John Jacobs, of Frederick county, from his wife Christiana Jacobs;

Also, the bill to lay out and open a road in Dorchester county;

Also, the bill to authorise the commissioners of Harford county to settle certain claims therein mentioned;

Also, the bill to authorise the laying out and opening a road in Worcester county, therein mentioned;

Also, the bill relating to indigent out pensioners in Queen-Anne's county;

Also, the bill to divorce Frederica Meyer, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband George Meyer;

Also, the bill to divorce William R. Sheffield, of the city of Baltimore, from his wife Mary Elizabeth Sheffield;

Severally endorsed, "will pass," and ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the further supplement to an act to establish magistrates' courts in the several counties of this State, and to prescribe their jurisdiction, so far as it relates to Dorchester county;

Endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendment;"

Also, the resolution in favour of the securities of Mercey Fountain, on his collector's bond or bonds, endorsed, "assented to;"

And, delivered a resolution originated in and passed by the senate, directing the Register of the Land Office for the western shore to correct certain errors in a patent issued to Andrew Bruce, of Allegany county.

Mr. Roberts presented a petition of John Fogwell, Christopher Goodhand and others, citizens of Queen-Anne's county, praying an act of incorporation for the purpose of burning lime.

The house then resumed the consideration of the order of the day, being the report submitted by Mr. Sprigg, chairman of the select committee on the currency, and the substitute offered therefor by Mr. Williams, being a bill, entitled, an act for the better regulation of monied corporations.

On the question being put, will the house adopt said substitute?

It was determined in the negative.

The house adjourned until 4 o'clock, P. M.

FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.

The house resumed the consideration of the bill reported by Mr. Biser, entitled, an act to provide for electing commissioners for Frederick county, and prescribing their powers and duties.

The said bill was then read the second time and passed.

The bill reported by Mr Orrick, regulating damages in cases of suits for trespass done by stock, so far as relates to Baltimore county;

The bill reported by Mr. McDaniel, entitled, a supplement to the act to incorporate the Union Bank of Allegany;

The bill reported by Mr. Bowie, to regulate the inspection of tobacco in Prince-George's county;

Were read the second time and passed.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morning nine o'clock.

FRIDAY, March 23d.

Mr. Causin submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Governor be, and he is hereby authorised to employ some competent person to make an index to the laws and resolutions of the General Assembly of Maryland, from December session eighteen hundred and thirty-two to December session eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, inclusive, and that 250 copies of the same be printed under his direction, and that he draw on the treasurer of the western shore for such sum as may be necessary to defray the expenses thereof.

Which was read the first, and by a special order the second time.

On motion of Mr. Williams, said resolution was amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "not exceeding the expense usual for similar work."

On motion of Mr. Parran, said resolution was further amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "and that ten copies be distributed to each of the counties in the State."

The said resolution was then assented to as amended, and sent to the senate.

On motion of Mr. Giles, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, from the committee on grievances and courts of justice, entitled, an act in relation to the stock formerly held by the Bank of Maryland in certain turnpike companies.

The said bill was then read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

On motion of Mr. Frazier, the bill from the senate, entitled, an act for the relief of Margaret Mitchell Dickehut, of the city of Baltimore,

Was taken up for consideration, read the second time, passed and returned to the senate.

Mr. Alexander, chairman of the committee on ways and means, submitted the following resolutions:

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company be and it is hereby authorised to receive of the certificates of debt of the State of Maryland, created and issued under the provisions of the act for the promotion of internal improvement, passed at the adjourned May session of 1836, ch. 395, for the purchase of which, it has contracted with the commissioners appointed under the provisions of the said act, to the amount of two millions five hundred thousand dollars, at the par value thereof, at such times and in such sums as it may require, by giving to the Treasurer for the Western Shore, a receipt or receipts for the amount of the certificates of debt required to be delivered as aforesaid, including the premium of twenty per cent, as a payment on account of the State's subscription to the capital stock of the said company, under the provisions of the aforesaid act, who shall thereupon give to the company, a certificate of said receipt, the production of which, to the President and Directors of the Union Bank of Maryland, shall authorise them to deliver to the said company, the certificates of debt of this State, to the par value before mentioned.

Resolved, That the residue of the certificates of debt of this State, deposited in the Union Bank of Maryland, under or in consequence of the contract between the said commissioners and the said Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, shall be delivered over to the Treasurer for the Western Shore, to be by him retained as a security for the payment by the said company to the said treasurer, of twenty per cent premium on the amount of certificates of debt of the State, contracted to be sold by the said commissioners to the said company; and the said company shall deliver to the said treasurer, the obligation of the said company, under its corporate seal, and in such form as the said treasurer shall devise, to pay over to the said treasurer, the full amount of the premium upon any portion of the certificates of debt of this State, delivered to the said company as aforesaid, which may at any time be sold or hypothecated by the company, immediately upon the receipt by the said company, of the avails of the said sale or hypothecation, upon which payment he is required to return to the company, a corresponding amount or equivalent, in the certificates of debt of the State, to be deposited with him as aforesaid, estimated at the sum of one hundred and twenty dollars for every one hundred dollars of the par sum or value thereof, unless the said treasurer shall deem it expedient in his discretion, to invest the aforesaid premium, or some part thereof, in the said certificates of debt, at the rate or value aforesaid.

Resolved, That the said company, out of the nett proceeds of the sales or hypothecations which it may at any time make of the said certificates of debt, is hereby required to deposite with the Treasurer for the Western Shore the proportionate amount to which the other internal improvement companies, mentioned in certain resolutions, passed during the present session, in reference to the contracts made between the said commissioners and the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and the Baltimore, and Ohio Rail Road Company, for the sale to said companies of portions of said stock, may be entitled to receive upon requisitions for the same, being lawfully made on the said Treasurer; the said payments to be made immediately upon the receipt of such proceeds of sales or hypothecation, unless the said companies shall fail to make such requisitions, and in case of such payment being made into the Treasury for the benefit of said internal improvement companies, the said Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company shall be entitled to receive an equivalent amount out of the proceeds of sales of the residue of the stocks created and issued under the provisions of the aforesaid act.

Resolved, That before the delivery of any portion of the aforesaid certificates of debt of this State, the same shall be so dated by the Commissioner of Loans of this State, as to bear interest from the first day of April next, and the interest which may accrue thereon, before the sale or hypothecation of said certificates, and notice thereof given to the Treasurer of the Western Shore, and on the quarter day next ensuing such notice being given as aforesaid, shall be payable to the said company at the office of the Commissioner of Loans, in the city of Baltimore, out of any monies in the Treasury which may be applicable to the payment thereof, and it shall be the duty of the said company to provide for the payment of the interest on said certificates of debt, to accrue on the quarter day next ensuing the time of notice being given to the Treasurer of the sale or hypothecation of said certificates to the holders thereof.

Annapolis, March 15th, 1838.

Dear Sir—It was the purpose of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, to have applied to the General Assembly at the commencement of the session, for a modification of the act of May 1836, in relation to the internal improvements, so far as concerned the interests of said company, as to the disposition of the stocks, created under that act for the benefit of said company, and to enable us to avail of any favourable state of the money market, to make an advantageous sale of the same. But we were restrained from making such application during the pendency of questions before the Legislature, which must have suspended any action on such application.

It is known to the committee, that the only work in active progression is the canal, and that owing to the delay of nearly two years, in availing of the means provided by the State, we have been compelled to resort to temporary loans, and to issue of obligations of the company—these responsibilities are now to be promptly met, and provision also to be made to meet the engagements of the company to its contractors, which, from this time until the completion of the canal, will be very heavy, and to be paid monthly. It must be conceded, that the State is deeply interested in the early completion of the canal, both in view of being principal stock holder, as well as in regard to the loan of $2,000,000 to the company and that it is also her interest to have the stocks disposed of on the most favourable terms. From the accounts we have of the state of the money market in Europe, we believe that an auspicious moment has arrived for the sale of American securities, and that we can only avail of it by having the control of the stocks intended for our use, under such provisions as will leave every proper security to the State for the receipt of the premium of 20 per cent, and will protect the rights of all parties concerned. The State too must be an evident gainer by such provisions, both in an earlier investment of the portion which goes into the sinking fund, and in the receipts of her interest from the company, as a preferred stockholder. I would, therefore, respectfully ask of you, to propose to the committee such measure, to carry out these views, as in its judgment may seem advisable.

I am very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
G. C. WASHINGTON, Pres.
Ches. & Ohio Canal Com.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to divorce James Weston, of Talbot county, from his wife Ann J. Weston.

Also, the bill, to incorporate the Lombard Hotel Company.

Also, the supplement to the act, to abolish the office of the commissioners of the tax for Charles county.

Also, the bill, for the relief of Alexander Donoho, of Somerset county.

Also, the bill, to limit the number of constables in the several election districts in Anne Arundel county, and to increase their fees.

Also, the bill, to provide for the payment of jurors in Carroll county.

Also, the bill, authorising John E. Taylor, to bring into this State, a negro boy named Lewis.

Also, the bill, for the relief of the administrator of Preston McComas, late sheriff of Harford county.

Severally endorsed, "will pass," and the bills severally ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the bill, to make a public landing and road therein mentioned.

Also, the bill, supplementary to an act, to incorporate the Baltimore and Port Deposite Rail Road Company.

Also, the bill, to enlarge the powers of the commissioners of Baltimore county,

Severally endorsed "will pass with the proposed amendments."

Also, the bill, declaratory of the law concerning contempts of court,—endorsed "will not pass."

And delivered the following bills, originated in and passed by the senate, viz:

A bill, to guard against frauds in the exercise of the elective franchise in the city of Baltimore, and to secure the rights of voters, and to establish with greater certainty the rules of evidence to be observed at all elections in said city.

A bill, to incorporate the Mining Manufacturing and Rail Road Company of Hibernia.

A bill, authorising John A. Carter to bring into this State certain negroes therein named.

A bill, to divorce Ann Hunt, of Anne Arundel county, from her husband Henry Hunt.

A bill, to incorporate the Silk Company of Somerset county.

The house then resumed the consideration of the order of yesterday, being the bill reported by Mr. Sprigg, chairman of the committee on the currency, entitled, an act for the better regulation of the banking institutions of this State.

Mr. Williams moved to amend said bill by adding at the end of the 1st section thereof the following—"who shall cause the same to be published in two of the daily newspapers in the city of Baltimore, and in one newspaper in each county in this State."

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Blocher moved to amend said bill by inserting between the first and second sections the following:

"And be in enacted, That any bank in this State, after the first of July next, refusing to redeem their notes, checks, bills or other issues for circulation, shall pay an interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum on the whole amount of such circulation, from the date of the suspension of specie payments, until such bank shall give notice of, and commence the payment of specie for their said notes or other issues.

And be it enacted, That in every case wherein a banking company or any other incorporated company in this State, shall issue notes, bills, checks or certificates for the purpose of circulation, and shall fail to redeem the same with constitutional coin when called on to do so, then and in that case the whole of the private fortunes of the president, directors and cashier of such bank or other incorporated company, shall be held responsible in order to secure its note holders and depositors against loss and damage, to be recovered as other debts are in this State.'

And be it enacted, That each stockholder shall be held responsible in a sum not exceeding one half the amount of stock held by him, her or them, for the purpose of securing note holders and depositors against loss or damage, to be recovered as before named.

And be it enacted, That in case of any of the said officers transferring their stock, or resigning their offices, their liability, as provided for in the foregoing section of this act, shall not cease for the term of six months thereafter."

Determined in the negative.

Mr. Alexander moved to strike out the second section of the bill.

Mr. Sprigg moved to amend said section by striking out these words "under oath, containing a particular account."

Determined in the negative.

Mr Carroll then moved to amend said section by inserting after the word "par," in the last line thereof the following—"that shall comply with the conditions prescribed by this act."

Determined in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Williams, said bill was amended by adding at the end of the second section the following—"and the burthen of proof as to the fact of insolvency shall be upon the bank refusing to receive such issues as aforesaid."

Mr. Carroll then moved to amend said 2d section by striking out all after the words "and each shall," to the end of said section and inserting in lieu thereof the following—"during their common suspension receive at par, the issues of all banks of the State that may have complied with the provisions of the third section of this act."

Which was read.

On motion of Mr. Ely, said amendment was amended by striking out the word "common."

The question then recurred upon the amendment as amended.

On motion of Mr. Bowie, said amendment was further amended by adding at the end thereof these words—"and the burthen of proving such non compliance shall be on the bank refusing to receive said issues."

The question again recurred and was put upon the amendment as amended, and

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Causin then moved to strike out the second section of the bill.

Determined in the negative.

The house adjourned until 4 o'clock, P. M.

FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.

Mr. Maulsby presented a petition of 144 inhabitants of Harford county praying the incorporation of the Susquehanna Boom Company.

Mr. Parker, a petition of sundry citizens of Cecil county, praying the Legislature to incorporate the Susquehanna Boom Company.

The house adjourned until tomorrow morning nine o'clock.

PICKED up in the Bay, afloat, FOUR HOGSHEADS, which contained Oats, and One Hogshead containing Flaxseed.—The owner or owners are requested to come forward, prove property, and pay charges.
JOHN PHILIPS.
March 8.

Maryland Gazette.
ANNAPOLIS,
Thursday, March 29, 1838.

The following Ticket will be supported for the Common Council of the city of Annapolis.

Richard J. Crabb,
John Randall,
David S. Caldwell,
Martin F. Revell,
Joseph Sands,
Henry S Holland,
Dr. A. G. Welch.

For the Maryland Gazette.

The worthy Editor of "The Baltimore Gazette" seems to have found out that the officer called in our new Constitution "Secretary of State," is about one and the same thing with "Clerk of the Council" Now it seems to me that in this there is something strange. Why if the offices are the same is the name changed, or rather why is he not called the Secretary or Clerk of the Governor? If his business is to be simply to fill up blank commissions and to make out noli prosequis, when thereto ordered by the Governor, why was not the appointment given exclusively to the Governor? It would be strange indeed not to permit the Governor to appoint his own Clerk, without asking the advice and consent of the Senate.

Why if his duties are so trifling is such an extravagant salary given to him? Even the salary given to the Clerk of the Council, considering the services which he rendered, was the most profuse salary allowed to any officer perhaps in this country, save only to the Vice President of the United States. Two thousand dollars for a little *finger-work* seems to be rather an extravagant allowance. One would naturally have supposed, that such a salary, and such a title too, were intended for a man possessed of high intellectual and moral qualifications—a man who would be required to render some and valuable services to the State, and not to a man whose *labour* for a whole year, (*might, if the appointments, &c.* were all made at the same time) be performed in six weeks. It is confidently affirmed that all the duties which have been required of the Clerk of the Council of late years, and which such an officer would have to perform for years to come, (unless there be a war) would not amount to *the ordinary labour of a tolerably decent clerk for six weeks.* Any man who will take the trouble to think, may satisfy himself of this.—The Executive, though appointed early in the session, was never organised till weeks afterwards. The members have invariably left the seat of government at the close of the session, if a quorum remained so long. And after the session was closed, how many hours of the rest of the year were devoted to Executive business? Now and then (never more than once a month,) an Executive session would be advertised, and how long did those Executive sessions continue? The steamboat which reached Annapolis on Tuesday was expected to bring a quorum, and the steamboat which left the seat of government on Wednesday, was sure to carry away the members. To record then the labours of the Executive some few hours each month, to grant *occasionally*, pardons and noli prosequis, and to issue now and then, a death warrant, constitute the vast labours of this invaluable officer. His clerical duties were such as might have been performed by any little boy who knew how to read and to write.

It is astonishing what rapid progress we of Maryland are making. The time was when the Executive was almost daily in session, and the Clerk really had considerable employment. During that time $800 was deemed an adequate compensation for his clerical services. Those were days when men were elected for their qualifications, and rewarded only for services rendered to the State. But evil days came, and simply because of a quarrel between a Governor and his Council; and because the then Governor was a man of talents, it seems ever since to have been our settled policy to consider talents an objection to a man, and to confer our offices, high as well as low, upon gentlemen not able to judge for themselves, and therefore not likely to give trouble or displeasure to their would be advisers. If it was not the maxim that every tolerably clever fellow ought to be hanged, it certainly has been the practice to select for office those least qualified to understand the interests of the State, and best disposed to think and act, *as required.* Hence it is, that in the counsels of the State, and in the legislative halls of the nation, all the other States of the Union could boast of men greatly superior to those in Maryland, who occupy the same stations.

And yet in Maryland, when a salary is to be fixed, one would suppose that no people were more anxious to have capable officers; the argument always is, the salary ought to be such as will secure the *first talents in the State.* And so it really happens that our salaries are as superior as our officers are inferior to those of other States. Surely these things the people ought to ponder.

It has for a long time been a matter debated in Maryland, whether it would not be wise to abolish the Council and have a Secretary of State. And an appeal may confidently be made to all who know any thing of the matter, if the Secretary of State spoken of, was ever supposed to be a *mere clerk.* Every rational man supposed that this officer, if introduced into Maryland, would be just such an officer as is the Secretary of State of every other State which has such an officer. And what are the duties, and what are the requisite qualifications of such an officer every where else, any man who wishes to know may inform himself by just turning to the article "Secretary of State," in the laws of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Kentucky, &c. They will there learn what duties must be required of this officer in order to justify the salary which was so promptly allowed to him.

But why does friend Gwynn suppose that this officer in Maryland is to be just such an officer as the old Clerk of the Council? Surely our legislature has not told him so. With all due submission, it may here be said, that even our General Assembly seem to have forgotten what the Constitution requires of them. What are to be the duties of this officer the legislature is to ascertain, and *this ought to have been ascertained before any thing was said about the salary.* Owing to this trifling omission, if we had now a Secretary of State, he would be an officer with a salary, but without one single duty to perform. He might indeed in consideration of the salary, which the Governor's nomination secured to him, consent to be his Clerk, but neither the Constitution nor the law would make him so, and the Senate would have quite as much right to insist that he be the Senate's Clerk, as the Governor that he be his Clerk.

Perhaps the rumoured disagreement between the two bodies may have arisen from different impressions taken up by each in regard to the duties of the officer, and perhaps if the duties of the officer had been defined, and such duties as ought to be were required of him, either of them might discover that there is *a mistake on both sides.* At all events, it is best they should never agree, if they will not agree to appoint only such a man as the *Secretary of State* ought to be. We now know that it was wrong to give the appointment of this new officer to men not brought into existence by the new Constitution.

The legislature can appoint a Clerk to do the business of the Governor's Clerk this year, and perhaps when the people choose the Governor and Senate, it will be better understood what a Secretary of State ought to do and ought to be.

X. March 23d.

To the Democratic Republican Voters of Anne Arundel County, and the City of Annapolis.

The good people of this State having wrested from the hands of the legislature the power of electing a Governor and Council, and taken the performance of that rightful duty upon themselves, it becomes the friends of Democratic Republicanism to be firmly united, and move together as a Macedonian phalanx in the selection of a suitable person to be supported by the people at large for the Governor of Maryland.—Our Republican representatives in the legislature have taken the importance of this subject into consideration, and have recommended a *Convention to be holden at Baltimore on* Thursday the last day of May next, for the purpose of nominating a suitable candidate for the office of Governor under the reformed Constitution of Maryland. Let us respond promptly and heartily to this energetic recommendation of that Spartan band, who unquestionably represent an *overwhelming majority of the people of this* State, but who are a minority in the legislature, owing to the anti republican tendency of an antiquated Constitution, which has been just purged of some of its malign influences by the spirit of reform, aided by the strong arm of a virtuous and democratic people. This is the *first opportunity that has ever been presented to the* people of this State for the free and unfettered expression of their will at the polls in the choice of their first magistrate. Let us then embrace this opportunity, by showing to those who have given us a VEAZEY for a Governor—a MERRICK for a Senator—*an empty treasury for our comfort*—and a Registry Law, the stepping stone to an odious property qualification—unless REBUKED by the voice of the people—as an inheritance, that there is a spirit waking up in this old commonwealth, and an invincible resolution among the people, not only to change our rulers, but to REFORM their measures. Under the influence of these feelings, and *with the determination* to act as becomes a free, but a proscribed race, and trampling all local and minor considerations in the dust, let us meet together on the first Tuesday of April Court, for the purpose of holding our *preliminary meeting*, when the time for holding district meetings, and appointing delegates to the State and County Conventions, can be decided upon. Many old and weather-beaten veterans unite in this call.

UNION AND OLD DEMOCRACY FOR EVER.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES, March 21.

Mr. Blocher, Chairman of the Select Committee to whom was referred the *Treasurer's Letter, accompanying Bills of Particulars of the State's Miscellaneous and Contingent Expenses in the year ended 1st December*, 1837, delivered the following report:

The committee to which was referred the "Treasurer's Letter, accompanying bills of particulars of the State's Miscellaneous and Contingent Expenses in the year ended 1st December, 1837," have had the same under consideration; and upon a full investigation of the several items therein exhibited, they have been led to the conclusion that the Executive should be vested with authority, by law, to investigate and have proven, before payment, all accounts preferred against the State during the recess of the Legislature. Justice to the State calls loudly for this. It is the only effectual means, in the opinion of your committee, that can be adopted to prevent imposition on the part of those claiming remuneration from the State for services rendered.

That impositions have been practiced, fully appears upon the face of the document referred to this committee, and that others may occur, unless means are adopted to prevent it, is just as certain as that they have heretofore occurred. In justification of this position your committee will quote from the Letter of the Treasurer.—On page 6, they find that $200 were paid for printing 10,000 marriage licenses, when the same work can be had done for $75. On page

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...as so promptly allowed

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X. March 23d.

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...LD DEMOCRACY FOR EVER.

...ELEGATES, March 21.
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... had done for $75. On page

9 your committee find the State charged $...50 for printing 250 copies of the State Library catalogue, while $150 should have paid the bill. Similar charges are to be found in the Treasurer's Letter, which your committee are of opinion ought not have been allowed, and which in all probability would not, had it been discretionary with a proper officer.

Your committee will notice two other items of a different character, which appears in the Letter of the Treasurer. The *first* is $4,625 25, found under the head of "Miscellaneous Expenses," and charged, paid to the Clerk of the Council for recording commissions of civil officers from the year 1828 to the year 1833, and paid out of the treasury on the 11th day of August 1837. This officer has allowed him by the law, the sum of $1,500 per annum, which was no doubt intended as a full compensation for his services. Add to this the amount of perquisites he received in eight years, and it increases his salary to upwards of two thousand dollars per annum.

The next and last item that your committee will notice is $466 66 cents, under the head of "Contingent Expenses," purporting to have been paid to H. Thompson on the 14th October 1837, as arrears due for taking care of the State House from the year 1824 up to 1830, inclusive. This is certainly a doubtful item, and is rendered still more so from the fact of its long standing—not having been liquidated for nearly seven years from the period at which it ceased to accumulate—and having been, as your committee are informed, once refused by the Legislature.

For a more particular account of the two last items noticed in this report, your committee refer to the report made to this house on the 9th inst. by the committee appointed for that especial purpose.

The four items noticed in this report, taken together, amount to nearly five thousand five hundred dollars—a sum too large, and taken from the treasury on claims too doubtful in their character, to go unnoticed by your committee. They are aware that what has been done can not now easily be undone; but provisions can be made to prevent a recurrence of similar evils and similar errors. This remedy, it is hoped, will be found in the bill promised in the report of the committee above alluded to.

Respectfully submitted.

D. BLOCHER, Chairman.

APPOINTMENTS FOR BALTIMORE CONFERENCE—March, 1838.

BALTIMORE DISTRICT—*John Davis, P. E.*
Baltimore city—E. Dorsey, G. Morgan, W. B. Edwards, J. W. Richardson, T. O. Somers.
East Baltimore—H. Furlong, N. J. B. Morgan.
West Baltimore—Job Guest.
Sharp Street and Asbury—J. Gruber.
Seamen's Union Bethel—J. Smith.
Baltimore Precincts—To be supplied.
Baltimore Circuit—Thos. McGee, T. Sewell, S. Ellis, sup
Severn—J. A. Gere, William H. Laney.
Annapolis—R. S. Winton.
West River—G. A. Davis, J. Guyer.
Calvert—W. H. Coffin, G. W. Israel.
St. Mary's—E. B. Veitch, M. H. Turner.
Bladensburg—F. Macariney, B. Nadall.
Matthawoman Circuit—J. Housewart.
Summerfield—David Thomas.
Ebenezer—B. N. Brown.
Herring Bay Mission—Elijah Miller.

POTOMAC DISTRICT—*John Bear, P. E.*
Alexandria—S. G. Roszell, G. Hildt [sup.
Foundry, } H. Slicer, J. M. Hanson,
Wesley Chapel, } G. G. Cookman.
Georgetown—W. Hamilton.
Rock Creek—B. Barry
Fairfax—Wesley How, Wm. O. Lumsden.
Leesburg—S. Keppler.
Loudon—J. A. Collins, R. M. Lipscomb.
Warrenton—J. V. Rigdon, E. McCollum.
Stafford—William Edmonds, John Anderson.
Fredericksburg—L. F. Morgan.
Westmoreland—G. G. Brooz, J. McEnally.
Lancaster—C. B. Young, C. E. Brown.

ROCKINGHAM DISTRICT—*S. Bryson, P. E.*
Rockingham—J. C. Lyon, G. H. Young.
Augusta—T. Wheeler, Levy Munroe, T. H. Munroe.
Deerfield—R. Beers
Lexington—A. A. Eskridge J. Stine.
Botetourt—J. S. Martin, Z. Jordan.
Christiansburg—E. P. Phelps, J. Gambrel
Monroe—A. G. Chenowith
Covington—J Plotner, T J Dyerle
Lewisburg—S McMullen
Lewisburg Circuit—J W Osborn, T H Bucy
Hunterswille—J G McKeehan
Franklin—S Smith, Wesley Rohr

WINCHESTER DISTRICT—*D. Steele, P. E.*
Winchester Station—N Wilson
Winchester Circuit—T H W Munroe, William Evans
Jefferson—J Larkin, G W Eggleston
Harper's Ferry—J A Henning
Berkley—J Watts, Samuel Smith
Hillsborough—William Weeks, J White
Bath—G W Deems, David Trout
Springfield—H Hellard
South Branch—J W Cullum, R W H Brent
Moorfield—M Gohren, M G Hamilton
Woodstock—W H Knox, S Hildebrand
Luray—Thomas S Harding
Wardensville—J Brale
Berryville—J M Green

CUMBERLAND DIST.—*R. Cadden, P. E.*
Chambersburg—R Bond
Shippensburg—J H Brown
Waynesburg—F M Mills
Hagerstown—H Tarring
Boonsborough—Joseph Parker
Clearspring—P D Lipscomb, S S Roszell
Allegany—J Forrest, J S Morris
Cumberland—C Parkinson
Bedford—P McEnally, J Lanahan
Licking Creek—E. K. Allen, Thomas Hiblebrand
Mifflin—James Clark
Bloomfield—D Shaver, J Stonebury
Concord—J S Lee, G Bigley

NORTHUMBERLAND DIST.—*J. Miller, P. E.*
Sunbury—H G Dill, J W Haughawout
Hollidaysburg—J Bowen
Williamsburg—William Butler, G D Chenowith
Lewistown—J Merriken
Lewistown Circuit—J Meacrop, John Ball
Yorkh—C Kalbfus, J Hall
Mifflin—R T Nixon, W Hirst
Lycomberland—J Banks, I T Stratton
Bellefonte—J Ewen, G L Brown
Clearfield—T Tannyhill, G Guyer
Huntingdon—Y Blake, E Butler
Beaver Meadow—Evans, J Hodges, P Rescorl
Huntingdon—George Berstresser

CARLISLE DISTRICT—*A. Griffith, P. E.*
Carlisle Station—T C Thompson
Carlisle Circuit—J Rhodes, T C Hays
York—J L Gibbon
Shrewsbury—William Hank, W Cronin
Harford—I Collins, A A Reese
Great Falls—H Best, O Ege, T J Ocrsey, sup.
Liberty—William Prettyman, J Bunting
Frederick City—T Reily
Frederick Circuit—J Cleary, Z A Morgan, J Reed, sup.
Gettysburg—A Smith, J M Jones
North Baltimore—C A Tippett, John Foixal
Patapsco—Richard Brown, T B Sargeant
Montgomery—James Bailey, T Myers

Jacob R Shepherd and S A Roszell, agents for Dickinson College. J H Linn, transferred to Kentucky Conference. N Head Z Garrison, E Chambers, transferred to the Virginia Conference. James Berkley, George Humphreys, S D Hopkins, J Lanius, D Kennison D Hartman, and W S Evans, located.

☞ Next Baltimore Annual Conference to be held in Baltimore City, March 14, 1839.

FARMERS' BANK OF MARYLAND,

March 22d, 1838.

THE President and Directors of the Farmers Bank of Maryland have declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT on the Stock of said Bank for six months, ending on the 31st instant, and payable on or after the first Monday of April next, to Stockholders on the Western Shore at the Bank at Annapolis, and to Stockholders on the Eastern Shore at the Branch Bank at Easton, upon personal application, on the exhibition of powers of attorney, or by correct simple order.

By order.

TH. FRANKLIN, Cash.

March 29. R. 3w.

The Gazette and American, Baltimore, will publish the above once a week for three weeks.

NOTICE.

AN Election for five Directors to the Annapolis Saving Fund for the ensuing year will be held at the Store of the subscriber, on MONDAY the 2d day of April next, between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock, P. M.

JAMES IGLEHART, Treas'r.
Annapolis Saving Fund.

March 29. R.

TRUSTEES' SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery of Maryland, the subscribers will offer at Public Sale, *on FRIDAY, the 27th of April*, at 11 o'clock A. M. at the late residence of Joseph N. Burch, Senior, near Piscataway, in Prince George's county, the valuable Farm on which the said Joseph N. Burch, Senior, resided, being parts of several tracts of land called Piscataway Forest, Mill Lot, Widow's Trouble, Joseph and Anne, Persecution, and Enclosure, and containing about six hundred and twenty acres of Land, more or less. This Farm is said to be well adapted to the growth of Wheat, Corn, Rye and Tobacco. There is on it a comfortable Dwelling House, and several good out houses. And immediately after said sale the subscribers will proceed to sell a number of valuable NEGROES of all ages, and both sexes, also Horses, Cattle, and Sheep, and Household and Kitchen Furniture, being the entire personal estate of the said Joseph N. Burch, Senior. The sale will be continued from day to day until the whole property is disposed of.

The Terms of Sale are—for the Negroes and personal property, Cash on the day of sale, or ratification by the Chancellor, or at the option of the trustees a credit of six months, and for the real estate one-third of the purchase money to be paid in six months, one third in nine months, and the balance in twelve months from the day of sale, the purchase money to bear interest from the day of sale, and the purchaser to give bond, with security, to the trustees, for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale. On payment of the purchase money, and ratification of the sales by the Chancellor, the trustees are authorised to convey the property to the purchaser or purchasers.

SOMERVILLE PINKNEY, } Trustees.
JOHN J. LLOYD, }

March 29 R. ts.

The Marlboro' Gazette, Baltimore Gazette, and Republican, and National Intelligencer, will insert the above twice a week until sale, and forward their bills to

S. PINKNEY.

A BY-LAW

Establishing the Lines of West-Street extended.

[Passed 12th February, 1838.]

BE it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, and by the authority of the same, That the plat of West-street extended, heretofore made out by John W. Duvall, Surveyor, under a former order of this Corporation, be and the same are hereby established and confirmed as the boundaries and lines of West-street extended, except so far as relates to the beginning of the first line run by said surveyor, and that the beginning of the first line of said street be precisely at the Northwest corner of Vachel Severe's house, and run with a straight course to the point at the Scale House, as laid down on said plat.

And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That all by laws heretofore passed, inconsistent with this by-law, be and the same are hereby repealed.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That an Election will take place in this City, on the first MONDAY in April next, at the usual place of holding elections, for the purpose of electing seven Common Councilmen to serve in the Corporation thereof.

GEO. DUVALL, Clk. Corp.

March 15.

A VERY SUPERIOR FARM AT AUCTION,

PART of which is adapted for the cultivation of *PEACHES*—within a few miles of Baltimore, on MONDAY MORNING, April 1st, 1838, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange, where a plat may be seen.

The subscriber will offer that extensive Tract, embracing 1150 acres in Anne-Arundel county,—and binding on the Patapsco, nearly three miles—where there are numerous Landings and deep Water, and a part of the same on Rock Creek. It is only 13 miles from Baltimore, and with the present facilities may be said to have the choice of Washington City, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets; about four hundred acres are cleared. Thirty of which are good Meadow land, the remainder is well timbered. There are four tenements upon the Tract, with never failing streams of Water. The soil is well adapted for the growth of Rye, Oats, Corn, Tobacco, &c. and fruits of almost every description.

For the *Cultivation of Peaches*, there are but few if any superior localities in this country. The land is high, and not subject to severe frosts in its neighbourhood, the raising of this species of Fruit has, and is now carried on very advantageously: besides other advantages there are in the land about 20,000 cords of Hickory, Oak, Pine and Chesnut Wood, which from its proximity to the water and steady market renders it valuable. The tract will be sold either together or separate as may suit—and the plat is now at the Auction room. Persons visiting the place, will be shown any part, and can form an essential value.

Terms, one-third cash on the day of sale, one third in 12, and one-third in 18 months, with interest, to be secured by bond with approved security.

H. W. BOOL, Jr. Agt.
or to the Proprietor, Charles S. Hammond.

Frederick, Md.

February 22.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court,
March 20th, 1838

ON application by petition of Clement Weedon, Administrator of Thomas H Warfield, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L. BROWN, Jr
Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas H. Warfield, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 20th day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 20th day of March 1838.

CLEMENT WEEDON, Adm'r.

March 20. 6w.

WILLIAM BRYAN,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

very superior in quality, and variety in colours, which he will make up in the most fashionable style, or to suit customers, at the shortest notice.

Gentlemen will find it to their interest to give him a call before they buy. His stand is directly opposite to Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel.

JACOB BASFORD,
Merchant Tailor,

HAS taken a Shop opposite Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, where he has just arrived with an elegant assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which he offers to his friends and the public, and will have them made up in the most fashionable style, at low prices for Cash, or at short dates, to be met when due. He has adopted this method of business, and shall endeavour to pursue this course, and hopes by strict attention and punctuality to give general satisfaction.

☞ TWO or THREE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Annapolis, October 26, 1837.—tf.

BASIL SHEPHARD,

Having declined business in favour of Mr. J. Basford, who has removed his Shop directly in front of Messrs. Swann & Iglehart's Hotel, wishes those that are indebted to him either by note, bond or open account, on his old business, or to the firm of Basil Shephard & Co. to call at his old stand, opposite Mr. J. Hughes', and settle the same. All who may have claims against him or the firm, will present them for settlement.

Any orders that may be sent to me, I will have them attended to.

B. S.

A STATEMENT

Exhibiting the aggregate of Expenditure and each general charge in Anne-Arundel County for the year 1837.

Pensioners,	$3,136	
Bridges,	688 11	
Public Roads,	4,373 85	
Orphans Court,	726 07	
Public Ferries,	700	
Jurors to the County Court,	1,500	
State Witnesses,	205 33	
Bailiffs to the County Court,	255	
SUNDRY ACCOUNTS.		
Henry C. Drury, of Wm. Collector, Insolvencies for 1835,	$95 64	
Stephen Board, Justice 2d Election District,	22 37	
Benjamin Watkins, do do	27 26	
John Board, Jr. Collector Insolvencies for 1836,	101 30	
John Board, Jr. per account,	8	
John Claytor, per account,	3 93	
John C. Queenberry, per account,	22 40	
William O'Hara, Justice 1st Election District,	19 75	
Rinaldo Pindell, do do	24	
W. J. W. Compton, do do	22	
Rinaldo Pindell per account,	75	
Leonard Iglehart, per account,	10	
Caleb White, Justice 2d Election District,	16 62	
Philemon Warfield, per account,	26	
Charles Boone, Collector, Insolvencies for 1834 and 1835,	25 99	
Henry C. Dunbar, Justice 3d Election District,	42 87	
Dennis Gaither, Justice 4th Election District,	10	
Joel Hopkins, do do	30 27	
Philemon Warfield, Collector, Insolvencies for 1836,	73 07	
Zachariah Merriken, per account,	3 12	
Seth W. Warfield, per account,	2 43	
Samuel Nichols, per account,	6 37	
Basil Owings per account,	3 81	
Nathan Miles, per account use of Polly Welling,	1 67	
Mortimer Dorsey, Thomas Burgess, and Edward Warfield, Justices 6th Election District,	24 55	
Richard Gambrill, for the Justices in 5th District,	50 24	
Nathan Shipley, per account,	1 18	
Thomas C. Miller, for a road Certificate given by John Fisher, Supervisor, in favour of Jno. D. Warfield,	2	
Thomas C. Miller, Collector, Insolvencies for 1836,	92 42	
Thomas C. Miller, per account,	64	
Richard Gambrill, for the Justices in 5th District for 1835,	18 74	
James Iglehart, per account,	133 79	
Francis M. Jarboe, per account use of James Iglehart,	10 18	
John S. Selby, Sheriff, per account,	642 60	
Daniel Hunt per account,	3	
Edward Dubois, per account,	3 48	
John W. Whittington, per account,	45	
James Boyle, Prosecutor, per account,	443 33	
William S. Green, Clerk, per account,	373 14	
William S. Green, for expenses and compensation under the act for the Conveyance of Process,	125	
Thomas King, Cryer, per account use of James Iglehart,	35	
Thomas G. Waters, per account,	86	
Lewis N. Sewell, per account,	75	
William Brewer, Justice, Annapolis,	1 96	
Thomas G. Waters, do	32	
Edward Dubois, do	24	
William Brewer per account,	3 54	
Lewis N. Sewell, Collector Insolvencies for 1835,	3 55	
Lewis N. Sewell, Collector, Insolvencies for 1836,	4 52	
William Sewell, per account use of Adam & John Miller,	4	
Gotlieb I. Grammer, for care of the Court House,	100	
Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county for a Pavement in front of the Court House,	100	
		2,916 69
Judges and Clerks of the Elections,	434	
Constables Salaries, &c.	609 29	
Alms House,	2,500	
Commissioners and Clerk,	655	
Jail,	748 67	
Lunatic Paupers,	300	
Burying Paupers,	132	
Crows Heads,	199	
Coroners and Jurors on Inquest,	20 50	
Printing,	61 50	
Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county under the act relating to the People of Colour,	654	
Collectors Commission,	1,323 47	
Surplus,	930 02	
Amount of Levy,	$23,062 60	
Commissioners of Primary Schools and Clerk,	4,075	
Collectors Commission,	252 22	
	$4,327 22	
Amount of Levy,	4,303 83	
Deficit,	123 39	

By order of the Board of Commissioners for Anne-Arundel County.

E. J. COVMAN, Clk.

WOOD FOR SALE.

AT the Wood-Yard of the subscriber, near the Windmill, 300 cords of seasoned PINE WOOD may be had, on application to the Miller, or to the subscriber, who will take *Dry Goods, Groceries*, or other useful articles in payment.

Also, about

3000 APPLE TREES of many fine varieties, and good size, may be had at the Nursery of the subscriber, or will be delivered, when 100 or more are taken by persons in the lower parts of the county, at South River Ferry, free of additional charge.

N. BREWER, Jun.

February 22.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold on the premises, at Public Sale, on *Thursday, the 19th day of April next*, 1838, of an acre of that beautiful Estate, well known by the name of *BELMONT*, near Annapolis, in Anne-Arundel county, and formerly the property of the late Hon. Jeremiah Townley Chase, so,

Farm Servants, four valuable well broke Young Mules, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Corn, Rye, Oats, the growing Crop, and Farming Utensils of every description.

The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

RICH'D. M. CHASE.

March 22. R.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,
March 6th, 1838.

ON application by petition of Jonathan Wheat, Executor of the last will and testament of Jesse Wheat, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L BROWN, Jun'r,
Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel County, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Jesse Wheat, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 6th day of September next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 6th day of March 1838.

JONATHAN WHEAT, Ex'r.

March 8 6w.

FEMALE SEMINARY,

NEWPORT, CHARLES COUNTY, MARYLAND,

Is situated 3 miles S. E. of Port Tobacco 35 S. E. of Washington, from which the mail stage passes through Newport twice a week, half a mile from the village, and in a healthy and highly respectable neighbourhood.

MRS. MAXWELL begs leave to inform her friends and the public that her School will open for the reception of Young Ladies on the 12th March. The experience of twenty years as a teacher, in Europe and North America, and her devoted attention to the best interests of her pupils, lead her to hope for a share of patronage. Her system of education has met the approbation of several distinguished characters in the United States.

References—Matthew Carey, Esq.; Colonel Thomas McKenny, U. S. Army; Rev. Mr Reily, Philadelphia; Rev. Alex'r. McCoskey, Bishop of Michigan, Detroit; Rev. John Ogilvie, Principal of New Brunswick Academy; Rev. Thos. B. Balch, Rockesprings; Thos. Hord, Esq., Teneriffe; Stephen McCormick, Esq., Auburn, Richard Rixey, Esq., White Plains, Fauquier county, Va.; Robert Weir, Esq., Hartford; Mrs. Martha L. French, Green Level, Prince William county, Va.; Hon. John Taliaferro, King George county, Va.

TERMS—Board and Tuition in English Grammar, Composition, Writing and Arithmetic, Geography with use of Globes, Ancient and Modern History, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, Astronomy and other Ornamental Needle Work, per annum, payable quarterly in advance, $120 00

Senior Classes in all the above branches, per annum,	32 00
Junior Classes do	20 00
Music, per quarter,	15 00
Drawing, do	8 00
Oriental Painting, Mezzotinto, Painting on Velvet and Satin, each do	8 00
Embroidery, Shell, and Wax Works, each do	8 00

N. B. No Young Lady received for less than a session, each session to consist of five months.

March 1 1838. 3w.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

I HAVE this day associated with me in business my son, PHILIP C. CLAYTON, and it will hereafter be conducted under the firm of

PHILIP CLAYTON & SON.

January 1st, 1838.

PHILIP CLAYTON & SON,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Annapolis, and its vicinity, that they will execute with promptness and despatch, any thing in their line of business, viz. *Bricklaying, Plastering, Whitewashing, &c.* in a neat and workmanlike manner, and grateful for past favours, hope by their attention to merit an increased share of public patronage

February 22.

FRESH GOODS.

GEORGE MENEIR & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

HAVE just received a lot of superior

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

which in addition to their former stock, makes their assortment more desirable than any heretofore offered in the city. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine them.

November 18. tf.

INFORMATION WANTED.

THE subscriber wants the following information:

Some time in the year 1821 or 22, a certain OLIVER POLLOCK, formerly a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, but at the above time a resident of Annapolis, Maryland, left Annapolis for the western country. The said O. Pollock is now dead. Any person that knows of his death, will confer a favour on the subscriber by enclosing him a few lines to Annapolis, Maryland.

N. B. Will the Editors of papers be so good as to insert the above, and by so doing they will confer a great favour on an aged man, with a large family.

WM. CATON.

Annapolis, Md. Sept. 12th, 1837.

Seventh Year of Waldie's Library.
BOOKS BY MAIL!
PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only for January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere per centage of their former cost; it has outlived more than thirty puerile attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to depend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor, himself a reader from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of intellect which may be admitted into every family without hesitation by the most fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, promoting social belles lettres reading and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History, personal memoirs of extraordinary individuals, and curious adventure &c. &c. An amount equal to fifty London duodecimo volumes is thus annually furnished in weekly numbers at a cost only equal to one of the London works. The plan thus embraces the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused in every part of the Union as to form no inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become really necessary for those who mix in society.

The Library as now conducted disseminates books to all parts of the country in from five to six weeks after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in this way will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for a *cent and a half a day*, postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Rees's Cyclopedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be bound at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and uncongenial society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the many.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, The Journal of Belles Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for $5 00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for $20 00, a reduction which pays the postage. *Payment always in advance.*

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

THIS periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or *both* are furnished to clubs of five for $6 00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chambers's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, combined in such a manner as to enlist the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers not taking the Library, $2 50, postage paid.

*** A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1836 of the Library, and the Port Folio for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for $20 00. For this amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,
Seventh, two doors west of Chestnut street, Philad.

The Museum of Foreign Literature and Science, price $6 00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for $12 00.

Oct. 31.

NEW PAPER.

THE BALTIMORE KALEIDOSCOPE,
And Weekly Express:

RECENTLY commenced, and now published every *Saturday*, by YOUNG & ABRAHAMS, at the South East corner of Market and Gay streets, Baltimore. *L. A. Wilmer*, editor. Price $2 per annum.

This paper will contain a great variety of original and selected matter, news, literary and scientific articles, notices of new books, and animadversions on the most popular topics of the day. The publishers have made such arrangements as enable them to promise with confidence that the *Kaleidoscope* shall not be surpassed by any other similar paper in the Union, not only in point of utility, but in the various qualities which make a newspaper attractive and desirable.

One Dollar, in advance, will be received as payment in full for six months. The *terms of advertising are moderate. Letters* or communications to the editor or publisher, *if post paid*, will receive prompt attention; and the paper will be forwarded to any part of the country, where it may be ordered.—Subscribers at a *distance* are requested to enclose the amount of their subscription, (at least for six months,) when they order the paper.

Baltimore, Nov. 9, 1837.

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

On the 1st of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good paper, of an extra large royal octavo size, and neatly stitched in a coloured cover, the first number

OF A NEW PERIODICAL WORK,
ENTITLED,

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE,
Edited by WILLIAM E. BURTON, Philadelphia.
To whom all original Communications will be addressed.

THE announcement of a new Periodical in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise but having contemplated an alteration of the nature of a very popular monthly publication, "Every Body's Album," the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most which once made the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor, will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the proprietors.

The contents of the *Gentleman's Magazine* will, in every respect, be unexceptionable to the meaning of the title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly as eagles soar, above the ken of man," nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground, our pages will not be filled with abstruse predications, nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in matters "learned to the million." In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book—an epitome of life's adjunctives—a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to claim a place upon the parlour table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents attached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found, from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and didactic—graphic delineations of men and manners—free and spirited translations of the lighter portions of the Literature of continental Europe. A series of original biographical notices of the principal stars in the Dramatic hemisphere. The current Literature will be reviewed in full, and liberal extracts made from rare and valuable works. An original copy right song, not otherwise to be obtained, will be given, with the music, in every number.

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seventy-two extra size octavo pages, of two columns each, forming, at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be *THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAPEST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE UNITED STATES.*

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which proposition can remain in force for a few months only. The subscription to the Gentleman's Magazine will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum, payable in advance—but a five dollar bill will produce two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to *Charles Alexander*, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet with the earliest attention.

June 30.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, ST. MICHAELS, AND WYE LANDING.

The Steamboat MARYLAND will leave Baltimore on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at eight o'clock, for the above places from the lower end of Dugan's wharf. Returning the next day, leaving Wye Landing at 8 o'clock for St. Michaels, Annapolis and Baltimore. She will continue this route throughout the season. Passage to Annapolis $1 50, to St. Michaels and Wye Landing $2 50.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

November 9.

CASH FOR
ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,
Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market. I can at all times be found at Mrs. Hunter's Tavern in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC E. PURVIS.

Sept. 12.

P. S.—Any communications left with Mr. John Lamb, will be promptly attended to.

I. E. P.

SEVENTEEN POPULAR NOVELS.

Peter Simple,
Jacob Faithful,
Pirate and Three Cutters,
Frank Mildmay,
King's Own,
Newton Forster,
Pacha of Many Tales,
Japhet in Search of his Father,

BY CAPTAIN MARRYATT.

Pelham,
The Disowned,
Devereux,
Paul Clifford,
Eugene Aram,
Last Days of Pompeii,
Rienzi,
Falkland,
Pilgrims of the Rhine,

BY E. L. BULWER,

Will be given as a premium to any person who will send the names of Ten Subscribers, and Twenty Dollars in cash, to the publisher of

The Saturday News and Literary Gazette.

And to every person who will send Five Subscribers, and Ten Dollars in cash, a complete set of either Bulwer or Marryatt, as may be preferred.

The prices of the novels above mentioned, if purchased of the booksellers, would be $21 25; and in Godey's cheap and uniform edition they cost $6 50. They can be had of the publisher, at $3 50 for Bulwer, $3 for Marryatt, complete.

The SATURDAY NEWS contains more reading matter than any other paper published in the United States. It is devoted to general Literature, Criticism, the Drama, Agriculture, Intelligence, News, &c. Many of the best writers of Philadelphia are contributors to its columns; and its selections are made from the whole range of English literature. A correspondence is maintained with the principal cities of the Union, and letters are expected from a gentleman of high talent about to travel in Europe.—The subscription price is $2 per annum, payable in advance, or three copies for $5.

L. A. GODEY & Co.,

The following notices are taken from many of a similar character, made by the leading presses of this city:—

SATURDAY NEWS.—The weekly paper with the above title, which we foretold a few weeks since came to light on Saturday last under the auspices of Messrs. Godey, McMichael & Neal. Such a trio never got together before.—Neal and McMichael beat all for writing, and Godey beats all for *publishing*; and a capital job they made of their first number, worthy all that was promised. We propose for them great success, and for their readers great satisfaction.—*United States Gazette.*

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS—We have been favoured with a copy of the first number of this new paper. It is creditable to all concerned. The literary matter is far above the ordinary standard and would not disgrace the columns of the most popular newspaper of the British metropolis. Started in the spirit, the News will soon win liberal patronage and enviable reputation. An amusing extract will be found in a subsequent column.—*Inquirer and Courier.*

THE CONVERTIBLE SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.—The first number of a new weekly paper, with the above title, issued in Philadelphia on Saturday last—is of the largest size of newspapers published in this city, and succeeds the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, formerly issued by Mr. Charles Alexander, which has been by him transferred to Messrs. L. A. Godey, J. C. Neal, and M. McMichael, three gentlemen very favorably known as possessing the requisite qualifications for conducting such a periodical in the most advantageous manner. The first number is a highly satisfactory specimen of what may be expected from the paper, especially as a literary Gazette. The annual subscription is at the very moderate rate of two dollars.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

We have received the first number of the Saturday News, a weekly paper of the largest class, issued by the Messrs. Godey, Neal and McMichael, able and experienced newspaper editors, who will not fail to give a due share of entertainment and interest to their sheet. The Gentleman's Vade Mecum has been transferred to Messrs Godey & Co., and will be continued under the title of the Saturday News, which will contain besides a large amount of interesting intelligence and literary matter, in addition to that heretofore embodied in the Vade Mecum. We intended to publish their prospectus to-day, but have been prevented by want of room.—*Berks and Schuylkill Journal.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—We have received the first number of a new weekly paper, of the above title, edited by Louis A. Godey, conductor of the Lady's Book; Joseph C. Neal, editor of the Pennsylvanian, and Morton McMichael, the late editor of the Saturday Courier. Judging from the first number we should conclude that it will far exceed, for *original* matter, and new selections, any weekly paper in Philadelphia. It is not a *reprint* of any other Gazette, which is too much the case with the mammoth sheets of that city.—*Newcastle Gazette.*

The first number of the Philadelphia Saturday News has been received at this office, and promises to be one of the very best weekly papers in the Union. The number before us is very creditable to the enterprising publisher and editors, its contents being various, entertaining and instructive. Those who wish a good family paper from the city, cannot do better than to subscribe for the Saturday News. It is published by L. A. Godey, and edited by Morton McMichael, and Joseph C. Neal, Esqrs.—*Darby Republican.*

SATURDAY NEWS.—The new Journal advertised in our paper under the above title, made its appearance last week, and is, very unequivocally on the "go ahead" system.—There is no doubt, but that the publisher, our friend Godey, whose Lady's Book we have in times past laboured to make our *fair readers fairly* in love with, will gain troops of friends in his new enterprise, and line his pockets to some purpose with the "needful." Very well. We are glad of it. The sketch under our police head is by Mr. Neal, and is in his inimitable style. We hope to be able to treat our friends often to such exquisite touches of sly and quiet humour.—*Saturday Courier.*

Sept. 1.

A BY-LAW,

Entitled, A Supplement to the By-Law to open and establish the lines of Compromise Street in the City of Annapolis, and for other purposes, passed on the 11th of September 1837.

[Passed 11th December, 1837.]

SECTION 1. Be it established and ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Common Council of the city of Annapolis, That three Commissioners be appointed by the Mayor for the purpose of ascertaining, by competent evidence, and in the usual way, what damages will be sustained by the owners of property on the line of said street, and that they shall report to this Board what damage will accrue to each of the said owners by opening the same.

Sec. 2. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That in making the said assessment and valuation, the said Commissioners shall take into consideration the benefits which will in their judgment, result to said owners by opening the aforesaid street, and that said benefits shall be deducted from the damages which the commissioners may be of opinion the aforesaid owners would otherwise be entitled to.

Sec. 3. And be it further established and ordained by the authority aforesaid, That after the said commissioners shall have made their report to this Board, in manner aforesaid, it will be for this Board to decide whether the said street shall be opened, any thing in the by-law, to which this is a supplement, to the contrary notwithstanding.

JOHN MILLER, Mayor.

MAMMOTH SHEET.

OFFICE OF THE SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.
Philadelphia, November 26, 1836.

THE very liberal patronage bestowed on the SATURDAY NEWS, since the commencement in July last, and the exertions we have made to publish the largest sheet ever printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States, have induced us this week to issue a *Double Number*—being the largest sheet ever printed in Philadelphia for any purpose, and the largest literary paper ever printed in the United States. To those of our friends who are practical printers, it need not be mentioned that this undertaking has involved serious mechanical difficulties. The largest—or one of the largest presses in Philadelphia is used for our ordinary impression—but this would accommodate only a single page of the mammoth sheet, and we were obliged, therefore, to work four forms at different periods. The care used in preparing the paper—in removing and folding the sheets, &c., can only be estimated by those who have seen the experiment made; and, added to the necessarily increased amount of composition, press work, &c., these supplementary expenses have made an aggregate cost, which would have deterred many from engaging in the enterprize. A gain of two thousand new subscribers will not repay the actual cost of this single number.

We flatter ourselves that, besides its extraordinary size, this number presents attractions that entitle it to some attention.—It contains the whole of *Friendship's Offering* for 1837, the London copy of which costs $4, and has 534 closely printed pages of letter press. Distinguished as the present age, and particularly our own country, has been for cheap reprints, we believe this surpasses any former instance. For *four cents* subscribers to the *Saturday News* receive, in addition to their ordinary supply of miscellaneous matter an English annual, the largest yet received for the coming season; and they receive it, *moreover*, in a form that, from its novelty, gives it additional value.

Of the general character of the *Saturday News* we need not speak. That has now become so well known as to require no comment. We may take occasion to say, however, that in enterprize and resources we yield to no other publishers in this city or elsewhere, and we are determined that our paper shall not be surpassed. We have entered the field prepared for zealous competition, and we stand ready in every way to realize our promise, that no similar publication shall excel that which we issue. Our articles, both original and selected, we are not ashamed to test by any comparison which can be adopted; and there is no periodical in the United States, monthly or weekly, which might not be proud of many of our contributors.

The issuing of this number may be regarded as an evidence of our intention and ability to merit success. Nor will it be the only effort—From time to time, as opportunity offers, we propose to adopt extraordinary means for the interest and gratification of our subscribers.

L. A. GODEY, & Co.

THE SALMAGUNDI,
AND NEWS OF THE DAY.
EMBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE OF
COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A NEW PERIODICAL, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836. While it will furnish its patrons with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal object will be to serve up a humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Literature, and which, for the want of a proper channel for their preservation, are positively lost to the Reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desires it—(those out of the city, will forward their orders, postage paid)—☞ and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentleman's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that MORE THAN

500 ENGRAVINGS

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humour and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superior and attractive order; and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to bear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The Terms of THE SALMAGUNDI will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to. ☞ Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞ The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

☞ THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alternate weeks—otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous Embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford must be enhanced by this arrangement.

☞ Address, CHARLES ALEXANDER, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

AND CHEAP PERIODICAL.

A Notice is requested from our readers of the following prospectus of a new, and even a cheaper book periodical, which will be issued from this office in the first week of next January. It will not be in so convenient a form for binding as the present, with which it will in no way interfere, but it will make *books cheap beyond all precedent*. It will contain the works of the day, which are much sought after, but are *comparatively* dear, and which cannot penetrate the interior in any mode half *so rapidly as by mail*, in which *volumes* of books are prohibited. A fifty cent American reprint will be furnished entire for from *four* to *six cents*; a Marryat novel for twelve cents, and others in proportion.

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