



EASTERN SHORE

INTELLIGENCE.

EASTON—(Maryland:) PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING, BY JAMES COWAN.

(Vol. XIIth.)

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 14, 1801.

(No. 577.)

NEW YORK, July 1.

INTERESTING.

A gentleman of this city received yesterday by the brig Agony, from St. Croix, a letter of the 24th inst. from which the following is an extract—“together with *The St. Croix Gazette*, of the 13th instant, containing the so joined Proclamation, the inference of which we think of considerable consequence to the commercial interest.

EXTRACT.

“Since I left you at New York, we have had a great change in our government. On the British first taking possession, I was in hopes they intended to act with moderation; but it seems it was only to find out the real state of people's property, so that they might the more promptly fall on a plan to deprive every person of as much as they could lay their hands on. The General has been committing one act of injustice after another for several weeks. Now, I suppose, he thinks he will not remain long with us, and will therefore make a push at every thing he can, which you will see by the alteration in the course of the law published in the inclosed newspaper. You must know there are a number of valuable estates in this country, which are indebted to the King for money and supplies in unproductive seasons; & some indebted to some Dutch merchants; although the whole sum is due, those merchants have been satisfied to receive the annual interest. The General has condemned all this property; and to get it out of the hands of the Planters, he has put in force this summary way of execution by law, to sell these poor people's property. By the capitulation, the Danish law should continue in full force excepting the appeal should be made to the King and Council of Great Britain, instead of Denmark;—Therefore, to sell their property would take a considerable time of legal procedure:—but by this speedy method, it will be done at once, and *in finger the cash*. To be sure, this property will sell for only what the negroes and moveables are worth, and no man who intends to remain here, will purchase; but there are enough vultures who followed the expedition to take out the vitals of every thing in their power.

“The General first sent a guard to many of these estates, and took possession of all the produce, and sent it to town. He yesterday seized on Burgher Council's Books, and it is reported, is determined to dissolve that body, which is an establishment that has remained as long as the Danes have had the island. It is formed of eight respectable Planters, appointed by the Government and the people, to make all the internal regulations of the island—to collect all public monies.—In short, General Fuller is as much disliked here as a commanding officer can be. Indeed the act which I

now send you, is as despotic as any thing recorded in the *depravation* French Revolution—to appoint as judges three creatures of his own creating—neither of whom has any claim to respectability—to act in any manner he pleases. I rather imagine he will find some here who dare bring him to an English Bar, where a jury will convince him of his censurable conduct.

“Speaking of the British in this place, I must not forget to do justice to Colonel Packenham of the 64th, who commands the troops—a man as much esteemed by all ranks here, as the other is disliked. He is a father to his troops, and does every thing in his power to alleviate distress, and make things as easy as possible to the inhabitants.

“The British troops are dying very rapidly—eight or ten of a day at this place, and nearly as many at West End, although no yellow or other epidemic fever is amongst them—it is mostly complaints of the bowels.”

ST. CROIX, June 3.

PROCLAMATION

By Brigadier General Peter A. B. DuRoi, Commandant of the Island of St. Croix, &c.

To Judge Hofford, Peter Appleby, and Thomas Elliot.

By virtue of the power, and authority in me vested, I hereby order, authorize and appoint you as commissioners to act and hold a court of commission as hereafter specified.—In which court is to be heard, and tried all debts and demands proceeding from the Dutch loan, and those from the Royal loan, of whatsoever denomination, and to pass sentence against such debtors, which sentence shall have full force to be executed and levied. The court is to be held at Judge Hofford's house, every Tuesday and Friday, from 8 till 12 o'clock, and is to be a definitive court: that is, your sentence, or your transactions, shall not be subject to an appeal.

Every and any person who is summoned to appear, shall appear at this court of commission, not excepting any person, either from their rank, or otherwise, so that no exception fori, shall be allowed.

Evidences shall be taken, to appear at this court of commission, liable to the fine prescribed by law—and you shall be authorized to swear such evidences; should you differ respecting the proceedings of the court, or in giving sentence, it is to be decided by a majority. No delays to be admitted.

The transactions of the court be held in the English language, so that every person may plead his own cause.

The citation to be made out by the court, in the same form as the reconciliation court citation and a levy, and execution is to take place without any proceedings, as this sentence which you give cannot be appealed from. No other objections when a levy is made, can take place, but what respects the Sheriff's

instructions, which, in case of any illegality committed by him, is to be referred to me.

No appeal of any levies proceeding from your sentence shall take place, and which sentence or judgment shall be given 24 hours after the action is taken up to a judgment.

Given under my hand and seal, at government house, St. Croix, this 10th day of June, 1801.

By His Excellency's Command.

HENRY CAMPBELL, Sec.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.

From the *Gazette of the United States*.

Yesterday afternoon, the brig Venus, captain Stevenson, arrived here, from Hamburg, which he left the 5th of May.—Coming down the channel, captain Stevenson touched in England and procured some London papers to the 9th of May.—A respectable mercantile house in this city, politely favored us with papers brought by this vessel.

A Hamburg paper of the 5th of May, states, that Lord Elgin, at Constantinople, received on the 8th of April, accounts from Egypt, down to the 24th of March, which mentioned, that in the battles of the 21st and 22d, the French were beaten with great slaughter, 2000 having been left dead on the field of battle, beside an immense number of wounded and prisoners taken;—that the French were entirely routed and flying before the victorious army. As we expected, the tale of the battle of the Baltic, is totally void of foundation.

A gentleman passenger on board the Venus, informs, that he was assured by Prince Charles, commander of the Danish forces at Hambro', that they would certainly evacuate that city before the 10th of May.

EXTRACTS.

LONDON, May 7—9.

The present week was ushered in by an Extraordinary Gazette, confirming, to a considerable extent, though not wholly, the agreeable news from Egypt which we mentioned in our last Retrospect. The battle was fought in the vicinity of Alexandria. Menou was the assailant, and the attack was very vigorous, but in conclusion, the French were wholly repulsed with the loss of 2000 killed and wounded, and 500 prisoners, while that of our army amounted to no more than 500 killed and wounded (of prisoners no mention is made in the official dispatches.) Aboukir castle had surrendered; but Alexandria continued to hold out. The most sanguine expectations are formed of the consequences of this engagement, and we hope that they will be realized in their fullest extent by the next advices from that quarter.

The differences between this country, and the several Northern

Powers seem in a fair way of being amicably adjusted without a necessity for further hostilities.

We find, that on the appearance of our fleet in the Baltic, the Swedish Squadron retired under the guns of Carlscrona. On the 23d ultimo Admiral Sir Hyde Parker presented himself before that port and sent a note to the Swedish Admiral, in which he demanded that Sweden should abandon the hostile Confederacy into which she had entered against the right and interest of Great Britain.

This day an officer arrived at the Admiralty with dispatches from Sir Ralph Abercrombie and Lord Keith, containing details of the proceedings of our gallant army in Egypt down to the 15th of March; the particulars of which will appear in this Evening's Gazette. We learn, however, that the accounts are very favorable: and hold out the strongest hope of complete success to our arms in that quarter.

To the above we are happy to add, that Sir J. Bollaife Warren with 7 sail of the line was seen on the 4th ult. in the vicinity of Malta, in full chase of admiral Gantheume's Squadron, (of the same force) which was pressing sail for its return to Toulon.

A reinforcement of 5000 men, it is reported, is immediately to be sent from England to our army in Egypt. From the garrisons of Gibraltar, Malta, and Minorca, they will probably be sent in the first instance, and their place supplied by reinforcements from home. Our army being much in want of horses, in consequence of the tardiness or inability of the Turks to fulfil their engagements, the horses left at Lisbon by the troops under General Abercrombie are immediately to be sent after them.

The King of Prussia, who it appears was instigated by the peremptory demands of Paul I. to take an active part against England, in support of the Confederacy, has, since the death of that extraordinary character, very much relaxed his measures—and though we do not find that he has yet withdrawn his army from Hanover, he has certainly compelled the Danes to quit Hambro' and its territories. Lord St. Helen's set off on Thursday night from London for the Continent, is understood to be charged with extensive powers for negotiating at Petersburg a friendly arrangement with all the Northern Powers.

The Shores of Great Britain are again threatened by the bugbear of an invasion from France and Holland. At Brast, Rochefort, L'Orient, Dunkirk, &c. large bodies of sea and land forces are assembling with the intention, no doubt, of alarming us; and of providing for some time longer, employment for the troops, that have been drawn from Germany since the peace.

We do not believe that Buonaparte has it seriously in contemplation to make even an attempt of such a nature; our government however is duly vigilant and active; and if our

countrymen be but true to themselves, 'this is sea girt isle,' guarded by her wooden walls, may defy the machinations or the arms of the great republic of France.

Extract of a letter from an officer in Admiral Parker's fleet, dated Kiøge Bay, (entrance of the Baltic) April 24.

"We are returned to this station, after a fortnight's cruise in the Baltic. Our passage through the narrow channel, between the island of Arnag and that of Saltholm, (The Grounds) was attended with some difficulty, most of our ships touched, and two or three got a ground, but we all at length got safely through, to the great astonishment of the Danes, Swedes, Russians and Prussians, who could scarcely believe the evidence of their senses, at seeing such a fleet as ours—such a fleet as was never before seen in these seas—attempt and succeed in entering the Baltic by such a route.

"After our success at Copenhagen, our next immediate object was the Russian fleet at Revel. However, hearing that a Swedish squadron was at sea, supposed to be intended to form a conjunction with the Russian fleet, we shaped our cruise towards the Northern extremity of the island of Bornholm, where we were led to expect a meeting with the Swedish squadron. In fact the Swedish ships were actually there; but not relishing our mode of complimenting, they had crowded all the sail they could carry, and got safe behind their forts, which are situated on small islands that command all the entrances into the harbour of Carlscrona, (the Plymouth of Sweden).

"About noon we plainly descried the Swedish men of war, nine large ships, moored at the entrance of the harbour. To me they appeared to be nine 2 deckers, but, they say, there were only six line of battle ships and three frigates, which lay out of sight behind the headland. We fully intended to have attacked this position; but Admiral Parker first determined to dispatch the Dart sloop of war, with a flag of truce, to the Swedish Admiral. The Dart returned in about three hours, with an answer, by which we were informed, that altho' his Swedish Majesty was resolved to adhere to the

N. Confederacy, he was nevertheless willing to listen to any equitable proposals that might be made by England for the adjustment of the present differences. We presently hauled our wind, and the signal for the general chase was annulled. We however continued to cruise for three days longer, between Bornholm and Carlscrona, and just as we were preparing to bear away for the Gulf of Finland, a lugger arrived in the fleet, under a press of sail, from Copenhagen. She bro't dispatches from the Russian Ambassador at that city to our Admiral. They contained overtures from the gentle Alexander of a conciliatory and amicable nature, and which have for the present, & until we receive orders from England, put an end to all our operations."

Extract of a letter from Lisbon, dated April 16, 4 o'clock, P. M.

"M. D'Aranjo is at this moment embarking on board a Portuguese vessel, in order to proceed immediately to treat directly with France. It is said, the frigate is bound to L'Orient.

The Court of Spain has considerably softened its tone in consequence. The Prince Regent has sent orders to his generals on the frontiers not to commit any hostilities, as he was in hopes of terminating the business amicably.

All the auxiliary troops, excepting the hospital, have been embarked on board the ships of war and Portuguese merchant ships, in order to go to Oporto, but having learnt that the Brazil convoy was threatened by the Spanish frigates, the ships of war went to meet them.

During the week the troops were on board ship not the least complaint was heard.—The Portuguese & English shewed the greatest esteem for one another.—This is a very pleasing circumstance, as the plan of carrying the auxiliary army to Oporto, when the convoy returns, still continues.

PARIS, May 4.

Letters from Spain state, that the Spanish Government has sent its ultimatum to the Queen of Portugal, announcing, that if in twenty-four hours she does not order the English to be expelled from all her ports, & consent to receive a Spanish and French garrison, Portugal would be declared a pro-

vince of Spain under the guarantee of France.

Accounts from Cadiz, Carthagena, Ferol and Bayenne, announce that the Spaniards are fitting out in great haste, in all their ports, every ship of war fit for sailing.

STONINGTON, (C.)

June 23.

On the evening of Monday the 15th instant, between the hours of 9 and 10 the family of Capt. Nathan Smith, of this port, were alarmed with repeated shrieks—immediately hastening to that part of the house from whence they proceeded, a blaze of fire was discovered issuing from out a small bedroom, through the vacancy over the door, in which lay two brightly and engaging children, the one a son of Captain S. and the other a son of Mr Thomas Butler of Westerly, both aged three years: Captain S. opened the door, and was instantly enveloped with flames and smoke.—Notwithstanding this dismal and alarming sight, with uncommon and extraordinary presence of mind, and an unequalled degree of fortitude, after pulling a handkerchief he had on his head, over his eyes, Captain S. rushed into the room towards the bed, (the curtains which surrounded it, together with the bedding being then on fire) in order to rescue the unfortunate children from falling a prey to the destructive element; he was successful after making two attempts, in snatching them from immediate death, both being wrapped in flames, which destroyed a large proportion of their shirts, although, after some water was thrown on them, and being carried into the air, they so far recovered as to be able to stand and walk for a few minutes, however such was their situation, being burnt & scorched from their heads to their feet, that their failure was visible—medical aid was immediately procured, and every possible assistance afforded them, but all exertions were in vain; they languished till about 8 o'clock the morning following, when they expired. It is supposed that the fire was communicated to the bed-curtains by a candle, with which Captain Smith & lady lighted themselves into the room, to view their child and charge, before they retired to rest, not twelve minutes antecedent to the alarm. The fire was

soon extinguished by the people who immediately assembled, without injuring the other apartments to any great degree. Capt. Smith's hands were dreadfully burnt in attempting to save the unfortunate children.

THE HERALD.

EASTON,

TUESDAY MORNING, July 14.

The Editor respectfully informs his Customers that the suspension of the Herald for the two last weeks was owing to the want of a professional Assistant.—He had hopes of obtaining an assistant early enough to have prevented the non-appearance of even a single number of his paper—but in this he was disappointed—and left his patrons should have farther cause for a complaint of this kind, he has by his own exertions been enabled to present them with a paper for this day, with the hope of an uninterrupted continuation of its publication, by the united exertions of his expected assistant.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of SAMUEL GUNN, late of Worcester County, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment.—Also all those who have any just Claims against said Estate, are desired to bring them in legally authenticated.

By GEO. PURNELL, Admr.
374 D. B. N.

Just published

HARRIS'S ENTRIES—
a few Copies of which may be had at the General Court Office.

NOTICE TO MECHANICKS.

ALL the HOUSE-CARPENTERS and JOINERS of Talbot County are requested to meet at PRINCE'S in Easton on the first Tuesday in August, at eleven o'clock, for the purpose of regulating the prices of their work.

FOR SALE OR RENT

The FARM situated on a branch of Third Haven Creek, near Peach Blossom, now occupied by Henry Smith. For Terms, apply to Mr. Joseph Haskins in Easton, or the subscribers in Baltimore.

GRAHAM, HASKINS & Co.

NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the orphans court of Worcester county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Patrick Waters, late of Worcester county, deceased, in said state.—All persons having claims against the said Deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the first day of January next—they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said Estate. Given under our hand this 27th June, 1801.

ESTHER WATERS, Adm.
PETER WATERS, J. P. W.

TO be rented for the ensuing year for a term of years, with the privilege of sowing wheat this season, a FARM at Spring Hill, in Somerset county, having between three and four hundred acres of good soil in cultivation: it is about five miles from a landing, seven from Salisbury and ten from Vienna.

Also, the Farm I reside on at Rewastico, which has upwards of 300 acres in cultivation; it is about ten miles from Vienna, has a landing at the door, and may be rented either with or without the saw and grist-mills adjoining. Enquire of

WILLIAM WINDER.

Rewastico, June 16, 1801.

Haddaway's Ferry and Mail-Stage.

Notice is hereby given

That a Mail hath been established by law from the City of Annapolis across the Chesapeake Bay by the subscriber's ferry to the town of Easton, in Talbot county. The mail leaves Annapolis on every Friday morning at 6 o'clock; and is carried in the subscriber's boat across the bay to his landing on the Eastern Shore, from whence it is carried in his Stage to Easton: It leaves Easton on every Saturday at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and returns to Annapolis by the same route and conveyances. He hath provided himself with a Stage and Team of Horses, and two convenient Boats for the accommodation of passengers, which he proposes to run in the manner above mentioned in conformity with the establishment of the Mail; and flatters himself the public will derive from this scheme the greatest utility and satisfaction.

For the accommodation of passengers on other days, he shall hold his stage, and packet-boats, in readiness at all other times when either may be necessary for the conveyance of persons; and to render the passage still more certain and expeditious, he has furnished himself with a Chaise, and Saddle-Horses, for their service.

The seat of government being now established at the City of Washington, it may be expected that the communications from thence to the Eastern Shore thro' the city of Annapolis will be frequent: To make them easy and commodious is the design of the subscriber; and the same passage across the Bay may be made subservient to the Citizens of BALTIMORE.

His Landing is excellent; and it very rarely happens in the winter that the passage is hindered by the Ice: The road from thence to Easton is level and most agreeable to travellers.

The Fare for every passenger from Easton to his Landing is one dollar and twenty-five cents; and from his Landing to Annapolis one dollar and three quarters: Baggage in the usual proportion.

ENTERTAINMENT at his dwelling house near the landing for passengers and horses upon reasonable terms.

WM. HADDAWAY, Junr.
Bay Side, June 20, 1801.

N. B. A regular Mail is established between the Cities of Washington and Annapolis.

Moore and Bily

Have just received in the ship Paulina from London a large addition to their former assortment of Medicines, &c.—which they will sell at a moderate advance for Cash.—Physicians, Storekeepers, and private families, may be supplied with almost any article in the Drug-Line—whose orders will be executed with accuracy and dispatch.—They have also on hand a neat Assortment of

China & Cut glass Wares

Window glass
Looking glasses
Painters colours
Ditto oil
Water colours in shells
Copal varnish
Gold and silver leaf
Dye stuffs
Pumice stone
A general assortment of patent medicines
Confectionary
Plate and iron mould powder
Teeth instruments
Lancets, a neat assortment
Large syringes with straight and crooked pipes
Apothecaries scales and weights
Ink powder
Ivory, tortoise shell and horn combs
Penknives
Neat cut smelling bottles
Perfumery, &c. &c.,
Easton, 6th mo. 22d, 1801. 37

ALL the Bonds and Notes which were left by the late JAMES DAWSON, of Talbot county, deceased, are now in the possession of the Subscriber, who is legally entitled to receive all the monies due by the same. All who are indebted are requested to make an immediate payment of at least the Interest that is now due. Those who neglect to comply with this reasonable request may expect to have suits commenced against them immediately.

JOHN KERSEY.
March 17, 1801.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery of Maryland, the Lands and Tenements of JAMES TILGHMAN, junr. Esq. late of Talbot county, deceased, will be exposed to Sale at public Auction (on the premises) Tuesday the fourth day of August next if fair, if not, the next fair day, and to continue from day to day until the whole is sold.

This property is situated near the head branches of Miles River, and is distant from four to five miles from the town of Easton, and lies upon and on the East side of the Post Road from thence to the head of Wye, and consists of a valuable and convenient Mill-Seat, and of several commodious Farms, valuable Branches and Woodland.—A survey will be made of the whole Estate, and the Lands laid off and divided into convenient farms and lots, each containing from 200 to 300 acres, for the accommodation of purchasers, with a suitable proportion of branch and woodland to each allotment. The Mill-Seat, with the lands and premises thereto belonging, will be sold in a separate lot. The Buildings on the Farms are not considerable, and are not in want of repairs. The Soil is naturally good and well calculated for the production of any kind of grain.—A Plat of all the lands, with the several allotments distinctly described, and the cultivated grounds, branches, and woodlands represented thereon, will be made for the view and satisfaction of persons disposed to purchase, and may be seen on the day of sale, or at any other time by applying to the subscriber.

Such persons, desirous of seeing and examining the lands, may be assisted in their inquiries by applying to the Tenants residing on the premises.

The terms of sale will be as follows: The highest bidder to become the purchaser: The purchaser to give bond with approved security for the payment of the purchase-money in two equal instalments; one whereof to be payable in nine months, and the other in eighteen months, with interest thereon from the time of sale:—The title is believed to be indisputable, and will be conveyed to the purchaser after the payment of the purchase-money, free from any Title of Dower and from all Incumbrances. Possession to be delivered on the first day of January next, and privilege to be allowed the purchaser to feed the grounds with wheat or other grain in the ensuing autumn.—The Creditors of the said James Tilghman are also hereby notified to produce their Claims with their vouchers thereof to the Chancellor at the Chancery Office within six months from the time appointed for the sale of the real estate as aforesaid.

HUGH SHERWOOD, of

Huntington, Trustee.

Talbot county, 16th June, 1801.

THIS is to give notice that the Subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Kent county, in Maryland, letters of administration de bonis non on the personal estate of Ann Vanfant, late of Queen-Ann's county, deceased—all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the fourth day of February next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and one.

DAVID LAMB, D. B. N. of

Ann Vanfant, deceased.

EIGHTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RUN away from the subscriber living on the Bay-Side, Talbot county, on the 24th inst. two Negro Men: One who calls himself JACOB THOMAS, the other RALPH BANTON, but it is probable they may change their names and pass for free men.

Jacob is artful and cunning, of a bright colour, berwixt a mulatto and black, about 28 or 30 years of age, five feet four or five inches high, small but tolerable well made, quiet and civil when sober, but very conceited and quarrelsome and apt to be sullen if crossed when drunk. He has been accustomed to plantation work, sawing in the pit, and has worked in ship

yards both in this county and Baltimore: He has a wife at Mr. Philip Sherwood's, on Fell's Point; He is a tolerable good axe-man, and very handy at almost any thing, and will generally get drunk when he can get liquor. He had on and took with him when he went away one pair of striped blue and white country made trowsers, one gingham short coat, one old black fatten vest, one pair of blue and white striped stockings, and other clothes.

Ralph is black and considerably stout, about 35 or 40 years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, an ignorant fellow, and when questioned will smile and apt to scratch his head; he is left handed, and appears very awkward; has a tolerable large mouth; and has had a burn on one side of his face, which has drawn his mouth a little on one side.—He has always been accustomed to plantation work. Had on and took with him one blue cloth and one short nankeen jacket, one pair Russia sheeting trowsers, one pair old black velvet, and one old pair striped silk breeches, one old white shirt ruffled at the breast, with two other coarse shirts, with other clothes. Jacob has a mother and brother at Capt. Richardson's near St. Michael's; and Ralph a sister (Jacob's mother) and a brother. I bought the above negroes of Captain Robert Rolle, about two years and a half ago. Whoever will apprehend and secure the said negroes in gaol or otherwise, so that I get them again, shall receive the above reward, or 40 Dollars for each of them, with reasonable expences.

Masters of vessels and others are cautioned against harbouring or carrying off said negroes.

JOSEPH FARLAND.

May 28th, 1801. 71 ff. 4.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber of Worcester county, State of Maryland, hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of said county, Letters of Administration on the personal estate of LAYFIELD COLLIER, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of October next. They may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 28th day of March, anno domini 1801.

THOS. N. WILLIAMS.

TO LEASE

For the term of Three years, and possession given the first of January, 1802, three FARMS in Caroline county—

No 1—now in the tenure of Charles Blair, situated on the head of Fowling Creek, is divided into three shifts and each shift contains about one hundred and sixty thousand corn-hills.—There is on this farm a dwelling house in tolerable repair, a large and convenient new apartment for negroes, a barn, granary, stable, two corn cribs, an apple and peach orchard, also an excellent spring of water within a few yards of the door.—This farm is very convenient for carrying grain to market or to mill, or for fishing, being within a mile and a half of Choptank river, and within a quarter of a mile of Andrew's mill.

No. 2—occupied by Mr. D. Jones, is in three shifts, and contains in each about fifty thousand corn hills.—The improvements on this farm are but middling, except an apple orchard and a well of excellent water.

No 3—occupied by Mr. J. Rumble, contains the same number of corn hills as No. 2, and is divided also into three shifts. The improvements are but indifferent. Both of these last mentioned farms lie contiguous to No. 1.—The soil of the whole is extremely well adapted to the growth of wheat, corn, rye, &c. as the crops now on the ground will testify.—Any farther description is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed any person inclined to rent will wish to view the premises; such will please to apply to the tenants on the land, and for the terms to the subscriber at Easton.

JOHN STEVENS, Junr.

N. B. Liberty will be given to feed wheat this fall—Several negroes to hire out for the year 1801.
Easton, 21st May, 1801.

FOR SALE.

ABOUT 500 Acres of Land, lying in Dorchester county, at a place called Chicknamacomago Drawbridge, an excellent stand for any kind of trade, is thought one of the best stands in the county for a store—the land is rich and well adapted to the growth of corn, wheat, or tobacco.—The whole lies in a neck, and may be easily enclosed itself; is an excellent place for any kind of stock.—Also about 400 acres of land across the river from the aforesaid place;—he last mentioned land was formerly sold by Mr. John Murray, to Alexander McIntire. It is thought needless to say any thing more about these lands, as it is presumed any person wishing to purchase will view the same. A pretty long credit will be given for the greatest part of the purchase money. The Terms may be known by applying to

THOS. BARNETT.

Dorchester county,
10th March, 1801. } 601. f. 9756

This is to give notice.

THAT the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Talbot county, in Maryland, Letters of Administration on the personal estate of WILLIAM S. BOND, late of the said county, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of November next—they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—And all persons indebted to the said deceased, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand, this twentieth day of April, anno domini 1801.

SAMUEL BROWN, Admr.

of Wm. S. Bond.

N. B. All persons writing to the subscriber relative to the above estate, are requested to pay the postage of their Letters.

Centre-Ville, April 1, 1801.

MAIL STAGE.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he has commenced running a STAGE, between Centre-Ville, in Queen-Ann's county, on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, to the City of Washington, by the way of Queen's-town, Shirk town, and Broad creek, Kent Island, to Annapolis twice a week, to wit, leave Centre-Ville every Monday & Thursday morning about five o'clock, and arrive early said day in Annapolis:—Leave Annapolis on even Tuesday & Friday morning about five o'clock, and arrive at Centre-Ville said day in the afternoon: The line of Stages to Washington City from Annapolis takes passengers from my stage on Tuesday, and any passengers that may leave the City of Washington on Thursday will get a ready passage in my stage on Friday morning. The fare for each passenger from Centre-Ville to Annapolis, or from Annapolis to Centre-Ville, is two dollars and twenty-five cents; way passengers six cents per mile. The subscriber hopes to meet with encouragement from a generous public, as he has provided himself with a good stage and horses, together with a good and careful driver. The subscriber has a stage to leave Easton, by the way of Centre-Ville, twice a week to Chester-town; there connects with a line to Philadelphia three times a week, so that travellers will not be detained from going to any part; as the subscriber has at all times private, single and double carriages to hire to any part of the line. Four packets running to Baltimore every week, so that a passage is always sure.

From the public's humble servant,

RICHARD NEWMAN.

NOTICE

THE Subscriber having been appointed Trustee for the Creditors of William Sharp, an insolvent debtor of Talbot county, requests all those indebted to said Sharp to make immediate payment; and all those who have claims against the said Sharp, are requested to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 10th day of November next, that a dividend may be made of the assets which may then be in his hands.

THOS. BULLEN, Trustee
for the creditors of William Sharp

MEDEY.
Is now in high condition to begin the season on the first day of April at the subscriber's stable, near the Trappe, in Talbot county, and will remain there until Tuesday 7th following, at which time he will remove from thence to Easton, where he will stand until Wednesday 12 o'clock; he will remove from thence to Hunting Creek at Baker's tavern, where he will stand till Thursday 12 o'clock; he will then remove to New-Market, in Dorchester county, where he will stay until Saturday morning; from New-Market home to the subscriber's stable. This rout will be performed once in two weeks, the intervening he will stand at the subscriber's stable except Tuesdays, and till 12 o'clock Wednesdays, at which time he will be at Easton every week. The terms are 12 Dollars the season for each mare & half a dollar cash to the groom—If paid within the season 10 Dollars and half a dollar to the groom—and if paid when the mare is first put to the horse 8 Dollars & half a dollar to the groom. Four Dollars cash by single leap. The season to end the last day of June.—Any person wishing to see the pedigree of Medley, may see the same by applying to the subscriber.

PHILEMON H. ABELL.
 April 12, 1801. 65 t. f.

Notice.

In consequence of our being unable to pay our debts, we give this notice that we intend to petition the next assembly for an insolvent act.

John Ward, &
 John H. Price.

April 20th, 1801. 65 3mo.

NOTICE.

A SMART BOY.

WHO writes a good hand, will be taken into the Office of the Register of Wills.
 Easton, 27th April, 1801.

To the Farmers.

P. C. VARLE

HAVING had an opportunity in making the Maps of Delaware State, and the Eastern Shore of Maryland, has observed, that the mode of preparing artificial meadows is attended with considerable expenses, since it requires manure previous to sowing the clover, which is the only grass used in rotation; offers to introduce a feed called Sparfet, indigenous to the South of France, a kind of Saintfoin so well known in Europe for its benefit in agriculture.

This grass, as well as clover, has the property of improving the land; and its superiority to the latter is, that it grows luxuriant in every kind of soil, without manure, though it be sandy or gravelly, &c. It stands four years longer, and will admit to be cut twice in the season—This grass when cut will not be injured by rain, and requires but little care in curing; it is highly nutritious and fattening, much esteemed for increase of milk, and giving a good flavor to butter.

The price will be five dollars per bushel, payable on delivery, any quantity can be subscribed for, but not less than half a bushel. The seed will be conveyed to the town nearest to every subscriber, at their own expense.

Instructions for sowing the Seed, and the manner of curing the Hay, will be delivered to each subscriber.

LUCERNE SEED

may be subscribed for at the same time, at Five Dollars per peck.

SUBSCRIPTIONS

Received in the several taverns in Easton, Centreville, Chestertown, Cambridge, Denton, Princess-Anne, Snow-Hill, Salisbury, Vienna and New-Market.

THE LAWS

COMPILED by the honorable WILLIAM KIRBY, Esquire, that were appropriated for the eastern shore of Maryland by a resolution of the last session, are deposited with the clerk of Talbot county, and will be delivered by him to the respective persons who are entitled to receive them.

NINIAN PINKNEY,
 Clk. Council.

Annapolis, April 16, 1801. 66

THE subscriber returns his thanks to the Inhabitants of Dorchester and Talbot Counties, for the encouragement heretofore experienced by him, and informs them that his STAGE will continue during the ensuing season to run from Easton to Akers's Ferry.

The Stage will start from Easton every Tuesday at 8 o'clock, A. M. and return from the ferry at 3 in the afternoon of the same day.

Passengers coming to Easton are requested to pass the ferry at an early hour. Rate for each passenger 7s. 6d.

The Horses and Stage to be hired out by the day on any other time except Tuesdays.

SAML. SWAN.
 June 1st, 1801. 71 3w

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber's plantation near Mr. Baldwin's tavern, in Prince-George's county, on Saturday last, a likely young negro fellow named HARRY: he sometimes calls himself Henry Wallace. He is a likely black smooth faced young man, about 23 years of age, about 5 feet 2 inches high, straight and well made. He speaks in a slow and careless manner, sometimes hesitates, and when alarmed, stammers, and when made angry, his eyes have a redish cast. He had on and took with him a coarse felt hat, half worn, & rather high crowned, a dy'd cotton great coat almost new, with metal buttons a coarse dark colored jacket with full cape, and large metal buttons, three oznabrig shirts, a white gingham coat, green kersey overalls, having a small patch on the left knee; several waistcoats, one of which is a swandown, and a pair of short stockings. He is smart and active, can wrestle, box, beat a drum, sing and dance very well. His wife, the property of Mr. Baldwin, has been lately detected in stealing 15 or 20 dollars from her mistress, a part of which was found on Harry, and he fearing the consequences, made his escape. As it is probable he is not without a plenty of cash, he may change his cloths; and it is likely he will change his name. He was born in Queen-Anne's county, in the family of the late Richard B. Lloyd, Esq. and has a brother and other relations there. Whoever will apprehend Harry and secure him in gaol or otherwise, so that I may get him again, shall receive a reward of Thirty Dollars. All masters of vessels are cautioned against carrying him away.

GABRIEL DUVALL.
 April 9th, 1801. 68 tf.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Henry Anderson, late of Dorchester county, deceased, are requested to bring them forward, legally authenticated, for settlement. And all those who are indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOSEPH CUMMINS.
 27th April, 1801. 69 3w

THE subscriber requests for the last time, all persons that have claims against the estate of WILLIAM LOVEBAY, of Talbot county, dec'd. to bring them in, legally prepared, on the third Tuesday in July next, at Mr. Solomon Lowe's Tavern, where the subscriber will attend and pay the dividends, as he has in hand all the assets of said Loveday that there is any probability of getting. Those who neglect this notice will be excluded from the benefit of said estate.

BAYNARD WILSON.
 June 9th, 1801. 73 3w

THIS is to give notice, That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Dorchester county, in Maryland Letters of Administration, with copy will annexed, on the personal estate of SARAH STRIMERS, late of Dorchester county deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, living in Dorchester county aforesaid, at or before the third day of November next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this third day of June, Anno Domini 1801.
 LEVIN BALL, Adm'r coll'r annexed.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of SAMUEL AULD, late of Talbot county, deceased, are requested to exhibit them on or before the first day of September next, legally authenticated—And all persons indebted to said estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

ANN AULD, Adm'r of of
 Samuel Auld.

June 11th, 1801. 73 7w

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERTED

FROM the rendezvous at Easton, on the 10th instant, David Colison, a recruit enlisted on the 8th last month, born in Caroline county, state of Maryland, 22 years old, 5 feet 7 inches high, grey eyes, black hair, and fair complexion, by trade a blacksmith; had on a short blue coat faced with scarlet and edged with white, a pair of calico pantaloons, linen vest, and round hat. The above reward will be given for apprehending the said deserter, & all reasonable charges paid for securing him in any gaol, or delivering him at this place, or to any officer in the service of the United States.

R. CHAMBERLAINE, 1st U.S.
 Reg't. Artillerists & Engineers,
 Commanding at Easton.
 Easton, 11th June, 1801. 73 tf.

To be Sold,

At Public Vendue.

On Monday the 13th day of July next, at the Dwelling House of the late Mr. Arthur Bryan, near the head of Wye, in Talbot county, on a credit of six months, the purchasers giving bond, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale:—

A CONSIDERABLE part of the personal effects of the deceased, consisting of negroes, horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, household and kitchen furniture; a large and valuable collection of books, waggon, timber, wheels, carts, harrows, hoes, axes, spades, shovels, nails of all sizes, locks, hinges, screws, some saddlery, bacon, lard, tallow, paint, brushes, wool, flax, plank, scantling, and many other articles too tedious to mention. The sale will begin at 10 o'clock and continue from day to day until all are sold.

W. RICHMOND, } Adm'rs.
 W. BRYAN, }
 Talbot county, June 9th, 1801. 5°

To all whom it may concern.

THIS is to give notice, That the subscribers have obtained from the Orphan's Court of Worcester county, in Maryland Letters of administration on the personal estate of JOHN WRIGHT, late of said county, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the first day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under our hands, this 15th day of April, anno domini 1801.

LANTA WRIGHT,
 JNO. BISHOP, adm'rs.

NOTICE.

A PERSON qualified to teach Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, and who is willing to engage in that business, will hear of encouragement by an early application to the subscriber.

WILLIAM D. THOMAS.
 Queen-Anne's county, Wye Neck,
 May 19 1801. 70 6w

THE Subscribers appointed by law, having this day, agreeable to advertisement, opened books for receiving subscriptions for a BRIDGE to be erected over the EASTERN BRANCH, and the same being fully subscribed, hereby give notice, that a meeting of the stockholders is requested to be held at Tunnecliff's hotel, in the City of Washington, on the second Monday of July next, for the purpose of electing five directors for managing the concerns of the said company.

NOTLEY YOUNG,
 DANL. CARROLL, of Duon.
 THOS. LAW,
 W. M. DUNCANSON,
 GEORGE WALKER.

Washington, }
 May 1, 1801. } 70 5m July,

By his Excellency
BENJAMIN OGLE,
 GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND,
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of Maryland, did, by an act passed at November session, seventeen hundred and ninety, entitled, An act directing the time, places and manner of holding elections for representatives of this state, in the congress of the United States, and for the regulation of the said elections; and also to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned, direct, that the governor and council, after having received the returns, papers and instruments, containing the number of votes for representatives of this state, in the congress of the United States, should enumerate and ascertain the number of votes for each and every candidate and person chosen as a representative, and by proclamation, signed by the governor, and dispersed through the state, should declare the names of the persons duly elected as representatives: We, in pursuance of the directions of the said act, do, by this our proclamation, declare, that by the returns made to us it appears, that JOHN CAMPBELL, Esquire, was elected for the first district; RICHARD SPRIGG, junior Esquire, was elected for the second district; THOMAS PLATER, Esquire, was elected for the third district; DANIEL HEISTER, Esquire, was elected for the fourth district; SAMUEL SMITH, Esquire, was elected for the fifth district; JOHN ARCHER, Esquire, was elected for the sixth district; JOSEPH HOPPER NICHOLSON, Esquire, was elected for the seventh district; and JOHN DENNIS, Esquire, was elected for the eighth district.

Given in council at the City of Annapolis, under the seal of the state of Maryland, this first day of June, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and one.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,
 NINIAN PINKNEY, Clk.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published eight times in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Federalist, at the City of Washington, the Rights of Man, at Fredericktown, and in Mr. Cowan's paper, at Easton.

By order,
 NINIAN PINKNEY.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the honorable the High Court of Chancery of Maryland, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, all the Real Estate lying in Somerset county, late the property of WILLIAM ADAMS, Esquire, deceased, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday & Saturday, the 23d, 24th, 25th and 27th June next, if fair, if not, on the next four days.

The sale to begin on Tuesday the 23d at Princess-Anne, of a House and Lot in said Town, consisting of a large wooden Dwelling-House, Kitchen and Stable, in tolerable repair—On Wednesday the 24th, that valuable Farm, lying at the head of Wecomico Creek, containing three hundred and ninety acres of Land, two hundred of which is arable, and well adapted to the growth of wheat, Indian corn and tobacco, the residue heavily covered with timber. The improvements are a large two story brick Dwelling-House, Kitchen, two large Barns, & all other necessary out houses—On Thursday the 25th, part of a tract of land called Mill Lot, lying near the head of Toney Tank Creek, and adjoining the land of Captain Robert Dashiell, containing forty acres.—And on Saturday the 27th, the Farm on the Devil's Island, containing four hundred and thirty eight acres; one hundred and twenty five is cleared, two hundred and sixty four marsh, the residue in woods.—The improvements are but indifferent.—The terms of sale are, the purchaser or purchasers of the whole or any part thereof, shall give bonds to the Trustee, with approved security, for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale—one half within twelve months, the residue within two years.

LAMBERT HYLAND, Trustee
 Somerset county, }
 May 9th, 1801. } 69 4w



EASTERN SHORE

INTELLIGENCER.

EASTON—(Maryland:) PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING, BY JAMES COWAN.

(Vol. XIIth.)

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1801.

(No. 576.)

LATEST.

BOSTON, July 2.
Papers to May 22d, (one day late) were received by the brig Rising States, from London.

LONDON, May 22.
By yesterday's Hamburg mail, we are informed, that the Danes still keep possession of that city, though they no longer insist on the 6500 marks per diem. Private letters say, that Denmark demands that the Prussian troops shall evacuate Hanover at the same time that she withdraws from Hamburg.

The dispatches received yesterday from Lord Elgin state, that in consequence of Lord Keith's having informed the Grand Vizier of the victory gained by the English, his Excellency began his march towards Cairo on the 29th of March, with fifteen thousand men.

General Abercromby, in the action which proved fatal to him in Egypt, having sent off all his Aide-de-camps on different services, he, in the midst of a severe fire, was charged by a French light-horseman and dismounted—yet he had the presence of mind to disarm the fellow. Sir Ralph then walking off, met Sir Sidney Smith, who gave the brave General his charger, he at the same time presenting Sir Sidney with the Frenchman's sword. During the time he had been on shore, he never slept undressed, and for a week lay upon the sand without any other canopy than that of heaven.

ARMY IN EGYPT.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer rose, in pursuance, he said, of the notice he had given on Friday. In referring to the journals he had found the proceedings of the House upon an occasion strikingly similar to the present, when joy for our victories and sorrow for our loss filled every bosom. He referred to the taking of Quebec and the death of the gallant Wolfe. The first proceeding which then took place was to pay a tribute of justice, admiration, and gratitude to the hero who had fallen. It was not till this debt had been paid that any notice had been taken of the glorious exploit we had achieved. Whenever the circumstance were the same, we would do well to imitate the conduct of our wise and generous ancestors; and no two battles could resemble each other more closely than that fought under the walls of Quebec and that fought under the walls of Alexandria: Now too we had gained a splendid victory, and now too we had suffered an irreparable loss in the commander who gained it. The merits of Sir Ralph Abercrombie it would be impossible for him adequately to describe, but it was likewise unnecessary. They were known to every admirer of excellence, they were engraven upon the heart of every Englishman susceptible of gratitude. They were placed in a strong point of view by his successor as words could place

them. They were mentioned by him in a manner which showed that he was fully sensible of his worth, and which gave the strongest assurance that he would imitate his virtues. Of this departed hero, said Mr. Addington, I shall say no more than that he closed a long life of honor by a death of glory. Calumny never breathed upon his fame; in all the relations of domestic life he set the brightest example; he possessed every qualification of a General, and on every occasion he was respected and beloved; both by the officers with whom he was associated, and by the men who obeyed him. The right honorable gentleman then read a letter from an officer in Egypt, in which the character of Sir Ralph Abercrombie is drawn with great ability and eloquence. His Majesty, he added, with his usual promptness, to show his respect for extraordinary merit, had given orders that the standard which had been taken from the French should adorn his monument. This would remain a lasting memorial of his services. While one fragment of it was to be seen upon the field, it would remind the beholder of one whose gallantry and skill had never been surpassed; of one who had never drawn his sword to ravage, to plunder, and to desolate, but to oppose rapine and injustice, to restore subordination and order, to promote the real interests, and to raise the true glory of his country. The Rt. Hon. Gentleman prayed that his spirit might ever animate the British soldier, and that as his actions had raised the glory of the British arms, his example might confirm it.

Of the achievements of our forces in Egypt he would not then expatiate. On the journals of the House there was not an instance of thanks being voted when they were better deserved. In no instance was the coolness, the steadiness, the discipline, the valor of our troops or of any troops more conspicuous. To the clear statement given of these by General Hutchinson he begged leave to refer. He should read, however, a few extracts from a letter written by an officer who was upon the spot. [These spoke of the victory over the conquerors of Italy, and the taking of their invincible standard, in language approaching to hyperbole.] He should be sorry on any occasion to betray exultation; but he hoped it was not blameable when, thinking of such actions, to feel an honest pride. With such a sentiment his mind was certainly expanded. It should be recollected that all these achievements added to our national strength and our national security. He begged it might be understood that he considered them chiefly valuable, as they might enable us to conclude a safe and honorable peace. Peace was the grand object of every warlike exertion, and this object was promoted, to ought the events of war to be estimated. The country should know that it was the settled wish of the Government and of the Parliament, to bring the contest to

the speediest conclusion possible, consistent with security. Than this, no disaster would have made us accept less; and than this no success, however brilliant, should make us demand more. To set otherwise were to give proofs of criminal ambition, were to sport with the blood of our countrymen, were to verify that unconquered and unconquerable spirit which, as it is the best guardian of private reputation, is the chief promoter of the prosperity, honor and independence of a nation. He felt the sentiments he had expressed, equally to the army and the navy, and to every part of either. To specify were invidious and unjust; they were all entitled to applause and to gratitude. He concluded by moving, that an humble address be presented to his majesty, praying that he would be graciously pleased to give directions for a monument being erected in the Cathedral Church of St. Paul's, London, to the memory of the ever-lamented Lieutenant General Sir Ralph Abercrombie, Knight of the most Honorable Order of the Bath, who, having by his consummate skill and bravery, effected a landing on the coast of Egypt, in the face of a powerful and well prepared enemy, did, on the 21st of March, 1801, resist an obstinate and desperate attack made upon his lines by a chosen and veteran army, when he received a mortal wound, but did not withdraw from the field of battle till the forces under his command had gained a glorious and immortal victory; and to assure his majesty that this House will make good the expense incurred in erecting the same.

After a few words from other gentlemen the resolution was agreed to *sem. con.*

The thanks of the House were then voted to Generals Hutchinson, Coote, Craddock, Moore, Finch, Ludlow and Hope, and the other officers serving under Sir Ralph Abercrombie, for their splendid exertions in landing, &c.

The next resolution was, that this House doth highly approve of and acknowledge the steadiness, regularity, discipline and bravery, of the non-commissioned officers and men, &c.—agreed to *sem. con.*

The thanks of the House were afterwards voted to Admiral Lord Keith, Sir Richard Bickerton, and the officers and seamen of the fleet stationed off the coast of Egypt.

Letters from Leghorn of the 18th of May, say, "The French, not content with performing wonders on land, also perform them on sea—Last night we saw a fleet of 30 sail arrive here—This morning we see one of 12 belonging to it of which 6 are of the line, and 6 frigates. Two of them have arrived in port with two cutters. They have landed the youngest brother of Buonaparte, who will go this evening to the theatre."

MAY 19.

The American brig Parkman, laden with a valuable cargo of Porcu-

gine merchandise, arrived at Cowes from Lisbon, reports, the greatest consternation prevails at that place, in consequence of the certain approach of the French; an army of 24,000 men being already arrived in Galicia, on the river Dno.

On Tuesday last the baggage of Gen. Sir Ralph Abercrombie was landed from the Flora, by his forward, Mr. Dodd; one of the trunks contained the clothes he was wounded in.

A Portuguese Envoy is arrived at L'Orient, to propose terms of peace, or to accede to the conditions demanded by the French.

Report of the capture of 4 French ships of the line by Admiral Warren:

It was yesterday reported that accounts have been received in town from Lord Wm. Bentinck at Valence, stating that a report had been received there, which was generally believed, of Sir John Borlase Warren having fallen in with Admiral Gantheleme's squadron, of which after a running fight, four sail of the line were captured.

From a London Gazette.

The King has been pleased to constitute & appoint Arthur Wetherham, Esq. to be Governor & Commander in Chief in and over the Island of Curacao, in America.

Also, Thomas Pictou, Esq. to be Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Island of Trinidad, in America.

NEW YORK, July 9.

Extract of a letter of a recent date from a gentleman at Palermo, in Sicily, to his friend in this city:

"Respecting the politics of the day, I have to inform you, that, according to the English, it is impossible for Naples to make peace with France on Buonaparte's terms, who, they say, demands (beside some other small matters) four millions of ducats, (3,200,000 dollars) cash; terms which the King cannot with honor accept, and must therefore continue to fight. Others think he will follow the example of the Emperor, and submit to peace on any terms. The French soldiery have a strong repugnance against fighting with the Neapolitans, of whom they seldom get any thing but their guns, and never can make a single prisoner; the first quality of a Neapolitan here being to have legs as swift as a hare, and the second to know how to make use of them.

"His Majesty keeps it up at Palermo like a philosopher, and seems to trouble his head very little about politics, leaving these matters to his Ambassador, who went about eight months ago to Vienna, to negotiate a peace with France, at the time the Emperor ought to have done it for himself. Who this able negotiator is, is not generally known; but he is supposed to be a man of great talents, who has always shown a remarkable attachment to his Majesty's Crown, to which for the last 25 years

MEDLEY.
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April 12, 1801. 65 t. f.

Notice.

IN consequence of our being unable to pay our debts, we give this notice that we intend to petition the next assembly for an insolvent act.

John Ward, &
John H. Price.
April 20th, 1801. 65 3mo.

NOTICE.

A SMART BOY,

WHO writes a good hand, will be taken into the Office of the Register of Wills.
Easton, 27th April, 1801.

To the Farmers.

P. C. VARLE

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COMPILED by the honorable WILLIAM KELTY, Esquire, that were appropriated for the eastern shore of Maryland by a resolution of the last session, are deposited with the clerk of Talbot county, and will be delivered by him to the respective persons who are entitled to receive them.

NINIAN PINKNEY,
Ck. Council.
Annapolis, April 16, 1801. 66

TO be rented for the ensuing year for a term of years, with the privilege of sowing wheat this season, a FARM at Spring Hill, in Somerset county, having between three and four hundred acres of good soil in cultivation: it is about five miles from a landing, seven from Salisbury and ten from Vienna.

Also, the Farm I reside on at Rewastico, which has upwards of 300 acres in cultivation; it is about ten miles from Vienna, has a landing at the door, and may be rented either with or without the saw and grist-mills adjoining. Enquire of

WILLIAM WINDER.
Rewastico, June 18, 1801.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber's plantation near Mr. Baldwin's tavern, in Prince-George's county, on Saturday last, a likely young negro fellow named HARRY: he sometimes calls himself Henry Wallace. He is a likely black smooth faced young man, about 23 years of age, about 5 feet 2 inches high, straight and well made. He speaks in a slow and careless manner, sometimes hesitates, and when alarmed, stammers, and when made angry, his eyes have a redish cast. He had on and took with him a coarse felt hat, half worn, & rather high crowned, a dy'd cotton great coat almost new, with metal buttons, a coarse dark colored jacket with full cape, and large metal buttons, three oznabrig shirts, a white gingham coat, green kersey overalls, having a small patch on the left knee; several waistcoats, one of which is a swandown, and a pair of short stockings. He is smart and active, can wrestle, box, beat a drum, sing, and dance very well. His wife, the property of Mr. Baldwin, has been lately detected in stealing 15 or 20 dollars from her mistress, a part of which was found on Harry, and he fearing the consequences, made his escape. As it is probable he is not without a plenty of cash, he may change his cloths; and it is likely he will change his name. He was born in Queen-Ann's county, in the family of the late Richard B. Lloyd, Esq. and has a brother and other relations there. Whoever will apprehend Harry and secure him in gaol or otherwise, so that I may get him again, shall receive a reward of Thirty Dollars. All masters of vessels are cautioned against carrying him away.

GABRIEL DUVALL.
April 9th, 1801. 68 tf.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Henry Anderson, late of Dorchester county, deceased, are requested to bring them forward, legally authenticated, for settlement. And all those who are indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOSEPH CUMMINS.
27th April, 1801. 69 3w+

THE Subscriber requests for the last time, all persons that have claims against the estate of WILLIAM LOVEDAY, of Talbot county, dec'd. to bring them in, legally prepared, on the third Tuesday in July next, at Mr. Solomon Lowe's Tavern, where the subscriber will attend and pay the dividends, as he has in hand all the assets of said Loveday that there is any probability of getting. Those who neglect this notice will be excluded from the benefit of said estate.

BAYNARD WILSON.
June 9th, 1801. 73 3w

THIS is to give notice, That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Dorchester county, in Maryland Letters of Administration, with copy will annexed, on the personal estate of SARAH STEPHENS, late of Dorchester county deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, living in Dorchester county aforesaid, at or before the third day of November next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this third day of June, Anno Domini 1801.

LEVIN BALL, Adm'r sol'r aforesaid.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of SAMUEL AULD, late of Talbot county, deceased, are requested to exhibit them on or before the first day of September next, legally authenticated—And all persons indebted to said estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

ANN AULD, Adm'r of Samuel Auld.

June 11th, 1801. 73 7w

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERVED

FROM the rendezvous at Easton, on the 10th instant, David Colison, a recruit enlisted on the 8th last month, born in Caroline county, state of Maryland, 22 years old, 5 feet 7 inches high, grey eyes, black hair, and fair complexion, by trade a blacksmith; had on a short blue coat faced with scarlet and edged with white, a pair of calico pantaloons, linen vest, and round hat. The above reward will be given for apprehending the said deserter, & all reasonable charges paid for securing him in any gaol, or delivering him at this place, or to any officer in the service of the United States.

R. CHAMBERLAINE, 1st U. S. Reg't. Artillerists & Engineers, Commanding at Easton.
Easton, 11th June, 1801. 73 tf.

FOR SALE.

ABOUT 500 Acres of Land, lying in Dorchester county, at a place called Chicknamacomaco Drawbridge, an excellent stand for any kind of trade, is thought one of the best stands in the county for a store—the land is rich and well adapted to the growth of corn, wheat, or tobacco—The whole lies in a neck, and may be easily inclosed to itself; is an excellent place for any kind of stock.—Also, about 400 acres of land across the river from the aforesaid place;—the last mentioned land was formerly sold by Mr. John Murray, to Alexander McIntire. It is thought needless to say any thing more about these lands, as it is presumed any person wishing to purchase will view the same. A pretty long credit will be given for the greatest part of the purchase money. The Terms may be known by applying to

THOS. BARNETT.

Dorchester county, }
10th March, 1801. } 60 t. f. p. 756

To all whom it may concern.

THIS is to give notice, That the subscribers have obtained from the Orphan's Court of Worcester county, in Maryland Letters of Administration on the personal estate of JOHN WRIGHT, late of said county, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the first day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under our hands, this 15th day of April, anno domini 1801.

LANTA WRIGHT,
Jno. Bishop, Adm'rs.

NOTICE.

A PERSON qualified to teach Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, and who is willing to engage in that business, will hear of encouragement by an early application to the subscriber.

WILLIAM D. THOMAS.
Queen-Ann's county, Wye Neck,
May 19 1801. 70 6w+

THE Subscribers appointed by law, having this day, agreeable to advertisement, opened books for receiving subscriptions for a BRIDGE to be erected over the EASTERN BRANCH, and the same being fully subscribed, hereby give notice, that a meeting of the stockholders is requested to be held at Tunnecliff's hotel, in the City of Washington, on the second Monday of July next, for the purpose of electing five directors for managing the concerns of the said company.

NOTLEY YOUNG,
DANL. CARROLL, of DUNN,
THOS. LAW,
W. M. DUNCANSON,
GEORGE WALKER.

Washington, }
May 1, 1801. } 72 f m July

By his Excellency

BENJAMIN OGLE,
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND,
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of Maryland, did, by an act passed at November session, seventeen hundred and ninety, entitled, An act directing the time, places and manner of holding elections for representatives of this state, in the congress of the United States, and for the regulation of the said elections, and also to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned, direct, that the governor and council, after having received the returns, papers and instruments, containing the number of votes for representatives of this state, by the congress of the United States, should enumerate and ascertain the number of votes for each and every candidate and person chosen as a representative, and by proclamation, signed by the governor, and dispersed through the state, should declare the names of the persons duly elected as representatives: We, in pursuance of the directions of the said act, do, by this our proclamation, declare, that by the returns made to us it appears, that JOHN CAMPBELL, Esquire, was elected for the first district; RICHARD SPRIGG, junior Esquire, was elected for the second district; THOMAS PLATER, Esquire, was elected for the third district; DANIEL HEISTER, Esquire, was elected for the fourth district; SAMUEL SMITH, Esquire, was elected for the fifth district; JOHN ARCHER, Esquire, was elected for the sixth district; JOSEPH HOPPER NICHOLSON, Esquire, was elected for the seventh district; and JOHN DENNIS, Esquire, was elected for the eighth district.

Given in council at the City of Annapolis, under the seal of the state of Maryland, this first day of June, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and one.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Ck.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published eight times in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Federalist, at the City of Washington, the Rights of Man, at Fredericktown, and in Mr. Cowan's paper, at Easton.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the honorable the High Court of Chancery of Maryland, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, all the Real Estate lying in Somerset county, late the property of WILLIAM ADAMS, Esquire, deceased, on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday & Saturday, the 23d, 24th, 25th and 27th June next, if fair, if not, on the next four days.

The sale to begin on Tuesday the 23d at Princess-Anne, of a House and Lot in said Town, consisting of a large wooden Dwelling-House, Kitchen and Stable, in tolerable repair—On Wednesday the 24th, that valuable Farm, lying at the head of Wecomico Creek, containing three hundred and ninety acres of Land, two hundred of which is arable, and well adapted to the growth of wheat, Indian corn and tobacco, the residue heavily covered with timber. The improvements are a large two story brick Dwelling-House, Kitchen, two large Barns, & all other necessary out houses—On Thursday the 25th, part of a tract of land called Mill Lot, lying near the head of Toney Tank Creek, and adjoining the land of Captain Robert Dashiell, containing forty acres.—And on Saturday the 27th, the Farm on the Devil's Island, containing four hundred and thirty eight acres; one hundred and twenty five is cleared, two hundred and sixty four marl, the residue in woods.—The improvements are but indifferent.—The terms of sale are, the purchaser or purchasers of the whole or any part thereof, shall give bonds to the Trustee, with approved security, for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale—one half within twelve months, the residue within two years.

LAMBERT HYLAND, Trustee.
Somerset county, }
May 9th, 1801. } 69 w



EASTERN SHORE

INTELLIGENCER.

EASTON—(Maryland.) PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING, BY JAMES COWAN.

(Vol. XIIth.)

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 28, 1861.

(No. 577 *repeated*)

BOSTON, July 9.

Extract of a letter from an American gentleman in Germany, to his friend in this town.

DEAR SIR,

BERLIN, 8th June, 1860.

YOU may have wondered at my having resided so long in this city, without saying any thing in my letters upon the subject of the Prussian army.—The truth is, that all my letters to you have related either to my personal concerns, or have contained sketches of the state of public affairs in Europe, which from the present situation of the world, I thought might be more interesting than an account of the institutions of the country in which I find myself. In my first letter of a local nature what subject has a better claim to be first considered than the famous reviews of Potsdam and Berlin? If the question of preference was to be decided by the laudableness of the end, those institutions which have for their object the amelioration of the lot of men would certainly be entitled to priority: but as the science of war has become one of those which are absolutely necessary to the safety of society, as it is in this country the only honorable profession, & as it is the one which has approached the nearest to perfection, it may not be amiss to mention it first:—

The Reviews in this city, and at Potsdam are held twice a year:—in the provinces the troops are reviewed once in two years. About the beginning of March, the recruits and the soldiers absent on furlough join their regiments; the sergeants begin to exercise immediately after their return, when the weather permits in public squares; and when it does not, in the royal stables, and other buildings allotted to that use.—The recruits continue to be exercised in this way for about a month, when they are exercised in companies by the officers twice a day.—The first of April the King goes to Potsdam to exercise his own regiment which is garrisoned there.—From this time until what are called the great manœuvres, the whole garrison, infantry as well as cavalry, go out every morning at day-break to a village, called Tempelhof, which is about three English miles from hence, and there go through their evolutions; they return about eleven, and at two o'clock are again exercised in companies. The 12th of May the Governor of Berlin, Field Marshal Mollath, reviews the whole garrison in the Park; this is what is called the Governor's special review. The 18th the King comes from Potsdam, and reviews the garrison and the strange regiments that come here to assist at the manœuvres. In the spring there are four strange regiments of infantry, and three of cavalry that come to Berlin from the neighboring garrisons, the farthest of which is not more than 60 English miles distant. The cavalry is encamped at a small distance from one of the gates of the city; the infantry is quartered among those of the in-

habitants who have not purchased the freedom of their houses at the time of building them. This season, there were twenty battalions of infantry and four of grenadiers, 15 squadrons of cuirassiers, five of dragoons, and five of Hussars, collected for the review; the whole of which were the regiments complete, would amount to upwards of 30,000 men. The Hussars of Galking, the Hussars of the King's body guard are by far the most beautiful troops that ever I saw. Only five squadrons are in garrison here, the rest being upon the line of demarcation. Their dress consists of a red jacket, which fits close to the body, ornamented before with a profusion of gold lace, which serves instead of facing—pantaloons of white leather, with boots of yellow morocco, the tops of which are bound with gold cord, & gold tassels hanging down before; they wear likewise when on duty, a sable skin cap, which is nearly half a yard long, to which is attached an uncommon long plume—from the cap is suspended a large cord and tassel of gold, which reaches almost to the horse's back. On Gala days, the officers wear a leopard skin, decorated with a crescent, and a constellation of stars, which is thrown over the left shoulder, and curled under the arm, this part of their uniform was a present from the empress Elizabeth of Russia. On ordinary occasions they have a blue jacket faced with gold and lined with fur, thrown over their shoulders and fastened before; this is their dress in winter. The dress of a common soldier differs only in quality from that of an officer. They are armed with a carbine, horse pistols and a sabre, and have no camp equipage; they are mounted on Polish and Ulster horses, which are very fleet, small and hardy. Their bridles and harness are ornamented with marine shells.

The great manœuvres last three days. The first day the cavalry and infantry act separately. The cavalry charge a single line—the heavy part of it composes the centre, the hussars are on the flanks. The King and spectators stand on the opposite side of the plain, the cavalry advances at first but slowly; it quickens gradually its pace, until it gets within a short distance of the King, when a charge is ordered, and then the line advances, with sabre uplifted as swift as their horses can carry them; when arrived within a rod of the King the word halt is heard, and the whole line is as motionless as if the horses were of stone. The light cavalry on the flank wheel in a second, and form themselves into squares; this is repeated several times, after which they all disfile before the King, and then the business of the day for them is over.

I know of no sight more grand than a line of cavalry upon the full charge, halting in an instant, and in the action of halting raising such quantities of dust, that for a moment it seems that they are taken up in a cloud.

The evolutions of the infantry consists only in a simple attack in 2 lines; the first gets broken and is obliged to retire; the second line then opens its ranks, and lets the first pass through; it then closes again, becomes the first & advances to the attack—this is repeated several times, after which the infantry disfiles before the King, and then the promotions take place. Now the countenance of many a new made captain is seen to gladden, whose trifling emoluments of lieutenant scarcely kept him from starving, & who now anticipates in imagination the enjoyment of five hundred pounds a year.

The manœuvres of the second day are more varied and interesting.—The cavalry is divided into two divisions, which attack each other in solid squares; small parties are detached from each side, which advance toward the enemy's line, fire, and then march back to load their pieces again; this being continued for some time; at length they begin to charge each other; one of the parties is worked and obliged to retreat; but being closely pursued, it wheels and defends itself; after repulsing the enemy, it continues its retreat; but is continually harassed. At length the enemy obtains such a decided superiority, that it is obliged to think of retreating out of its reach; to effect this, it is necessary to pass a river which lies in its rear; it therefore detaches squadrons to the other side of the river; these dismount, and form themselves on the bank of the river, near the foot of the bridge of boats which have been thrown over to facilitate the retreat. In the mean time, the squadrons of the enemy are pouring down upon them, and annoying them in every possible way; but notwithstanding this, the passage of the bridge is effected in the greatest order, covered by the fire of the squadrons, drawn up on foot, & the squadrons, which in retreating, cover each other reciprocally; until at length all have passed except a single file, which stands fire to the last, and covers against whole squadrons another file, which is crossing the bridge. After the cavalry has completed its retreat the infantry advances in two lines, covered by the cavalry; but its line is thrown into confusion by the enemy's cavalry; retreats through the second line which advances; but it appearing that the enemy is infinitely superior in cavalry, and as from the nature of the ground it can act in every direction, the order of battle is changed, & the infantry form themselves into squares to prevent the enemy's cavalry from breaking their line, and enveloping them. This ends the second day. I am sorry I have not time to say any thing about the third—on which was presented the famous battle of Neu-wied, which acquired so much glory to the Prussian arms.

Yours, &c.

EGYPT.

The following letter from an officer in the army in Egypt, contains several interesting facts relative to the last engagement, particularly in the description of the order and movements of the army, which has not yet been detailed.

"Our army was encamped in two lines, extending East and West across an uneven neck of land formed by the sea on the West and the Lake Mardie on the East, which covered the right and left flanks. The reserve was stationed in front of the right of the first line, about one mile. The 28th was posted in an angular work in front of the reserve. The guards were on the left of the reserve. The first object of the enemy was, to carry the works in which the 28th were posted, then to turn the right flank of our army, and by these means to secure the heights on the sea side, and "drive the British school boys," as the French contemptuously called our troops, "into the Lake Mardie," on the left. The enemy advanced boldly and rapidly. Three solid columns of infantry led the way, supported by a large body of cavalry, in the rear of which was a line of infantry, and guns to support the attack, in which they were confident of success. One entire column attacked the 28th, another went towards the Guards, whilst a third advanced round the flank of the angular work to attack an old fort, in which the 58th were posted. The gallant corps with the 23d, took them in flank, and 42d in rear soon gave a good account of them. A well directed fire from the whole, killed & wounded to great number, that the remainder laid down their arms & surrendered at discretion. All this while, the 28th were busily employed in repelling the desperate attack of the other column. The 42d were ordered to support the left flank of the work after the former business was over. In the execution of that duty that gallant and distinguished regiment advanced rather too far, which the enemy's cavalry took advantage of, cut in among them, and penetrated quite round to the rear of the 28th, upon which the 28th faced round, gave them one volley, which killed or wounded every man in sight, and then resumed their proper front, as if nothing had happened. Col. Paget, who commanded the 28th, was unfortunately wounded early in the action, and obliged to retire from the field, and the charge of the corps devolved on Lieutenant Colonel Chambers. It was under this brave and experienced officer, who acquired the knowledge of his profession in the course of seventeen years arduous services in India, that the 28th regiment repulsed the desperate and repeated attacks of the enemy, and defended their important post with a spirit, a steadiness, and intrepidity which reflect the greatest honor on the British arms, and which have probably left an impression on the

mind of the enemy, which is he not likely to forget during the present service.

Other private letters from our army in Egypt, dated the 7th, state some facts of importance respecting the operations of the French—General Menou joined the troops in Alexandria on the 20th, with 4,000 infantry, and 1,500 cavalry; they marched through a part of the lake of Mareotis, up to their waists in water, which our commanders thought was not fordable. It would have been difficult, if not impossible, for them to have joined by any other road. Since the battle of the 21st, Menou has sent the same troops back again through the lake to join Gen. Demay, at Rhamanie.—From this it appears that Gen. Menou thought, by a general attack on the 21st to compel the British forces to re-embark; but failing he has left sufficient troops in Alexandria for its defence only, and has returned the others to Rhamanie to defend the country.—All the private letters agree in stating that Alexandria is very strongly defended by the heights; and as the enemy will probably have 6,000 men in all at Rhamanie, our forces will be unable to move from their present position, till they receive reinforcements. Upon the Turks no reliance can be placed. It is certain, however, that Sir Sidney Smith has proceeded against Rosetta with a body of English troops, to act in conjunction with the Turks; but no British force can be sent against Rhamanie.

A letter we understand has been received from Sir Sidney Smith by his father, which was read at the Court of East India Directors this week, stating that Sir Sidney had heard a report of 6,500 men having landed at Suez under the command of Gen. Baird. The number is believed to be exaggerated; but hopes are entertained that a body of troops has actually debarked, in which case they will form a powerful diversion.

PARIS, May 21.

It is said that Mr. Murray, the Ambassador from the United States to the Batavian Republic, and one of those who signed the treaty of peace between France and America, is to repair to Paris, in order to remove some trifling difficulties which stand in the way of the complete and full ratification of this treaty.

DUBLIN, May 23.

FRENCH SPY.

The following particulars are extracted from a letter, dated Cork, the 14th instant:

"A few days ago, a man alone in a skiff was seen upon the coast, near Oysterhaven, who, upon being challenged, said he had come from Portsmouth to see his brother in Cork, but had missed the harbor by the strong easterly winds that then prevailed. The skiff had on her stern 'Owen Sullivan, Portsmouth.' Intimation of this circumstance being given to Admiral Gardner, an investigation in consequence took place; when there were found on board several charts of that part of the coast, and a particular account of the soundings. The skiff was well fitted out, having two or three suits of new tails in her."

It will be recollected, that Oysterhaven was reported to the French by the Executive Directory of the United Irishmen as a favorable place to carry into effect an invasion of that country.

NEW-YORK, July 16.

We understand that the President of the United States has pardoned Freeman, the noted forger of public paper, who was convicted of counterfeiting the notes of the Manhattan and other banks. The pardon was received a few days ago, and the culprit immediately released from prison in New-Haven. This pardon, it seems, was obtained on petition of the prisoner stating his infirmities of body, and a certificate from several physicians, giving it as their opinion that he would die in prison, if not discharged by pardon. A similar petition and certificate had been presented to Mr. Adams, when President, but he declined granting a pardon, alleging it to be contrary to the policy and interest of a nation to remit the penalties for such crimes.

Freeman is a half-pay British officer, & an old offender. We are further told, he is in no worse state of health than when he committed the offence. What then? Suppose he had died in confinement? But we forbear to comment on the conduct of administration. It is sufficient to state the facts—the public will do the rest.—Freeman is or will be a good republican!

It is now recommended to Freeman and his associates to set up the business of forgery upon a large scale, and advertise their manufactures in the public papers. If they commence business at the seat of government and enter into partnership with some other Republican refugees from the jails of Europe who now influence the politics of our country, it will aid the good cause. How a certain little man laughs at the imbecility of the administration!!

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.

Latest From Europe.

Last evening arrived the ship *Perseverance*, Capt. Williamson, after a passage of 46 days from Bristol, Eng. By this arrival London papers to the 30th May have been received, which we have been politely favored with.

By these papers, it appears that large reinforcements had gone to the British in Egypt, and that the Indian army had certainly arrived at the Red Sea. In consequence of which Gen. Mutchinson had sent a detachment of his troops to meet those under Gen. Baird, in order to facilitate their march and effect a junction.

Sir John B. Warren had blockaded Ganthemaume in the port of Leghorn.

The news from the Northern Powers looks favorable. Lord St. Helens left Copenhagen the 17th for Peterburgh, and Lord Nelson was cruising off Bornholm on the 19th. The Danes have evacuated Mambourgh.

The British are apprehensive that the preparations on the coast of France are intended for an invasion of Ireland, in consequence of which Admiral Cornwallis resumed his station off Brest.

It appears that the King of Prussia, after having basely deserted his old friends in the hour of danger, and mal-treated them, is, at last, in a fair way to be recompensed by his French allies.—Affairs between him and them have given rise to some bickerings. Should he taste some of the sweets resulting from Gallic friendship no honest man will lament it.

* Not Exclusively.

VIENNA, May 15.

The English ambassador, Lord Minto, has been informed on the 10th, by a courier from Constantinople, that the British had made themselves masters of a height before Alexandria, which commands a part of that city. When the courier left the environs of Alexandria, intelligence had reached the English, that the Grand Vizier was advancing to join the British army.—Alexandria is not so strong on the land as on the sea side, the English flatter themselves they shall be able to take it by storm. The report that the French troops in Egypt have already capitulated, is not confirmed. A courier from London arrived at Lord Minto's on the 9th inst. and soon afterward he pursued his journey for Constantinople. He is the bearer of instructions for Lord Elgin, and of an order for Admiral Keith to suspend all acts of hostility against the Russians & their navigation. On the 16th ult. French Commissioners arrived at Naples, where they demanded of the Government a list of all Neapolitan ships of war that might be fitted out for service, together with an account of all naval stores in the arsenal, and of the stores of ship's timber. It is the object of the French to fit out an expedition against Egypt, at Naples, and to send troops to the Morea against the Turks.—Our Court, it is said, has remonstrated against the plan of uniting Piedmont with France. The possession of Piedmont and its fortresses will ever have the greatest influence on the fate of Italy. The Spanish Ambassador at

our Court has had a number of valuable articles made here, by order of his Sovereign, intended as presents for the Grand Seigneur, in consequence of the re-admission of a Spanish Ambassador at Constantinople. This Ambassador, Mr. Corai, it is said, will also interest himself in restoring peace between France and the Porte.

By the arrival at New-York.

It is asserted, that Gen. Le Fayette is appointed Minister Plenipotentiary from France to America, and will set out for that country as soon as the ratifications of the treaty are concluded.

Letters from Stockholm, of the 28th ult. say, that the Swedish officer who was sent from Carlscrona to Revel on the third of April, to announce the passage of the British through the Sound, found the Russian fleet, consisting of 12 sail of the line and three frigates, frozen up. The Swedish great galley fleet is not to sail, but will be stationed between Stockholm and Nor-keeping. Admiral Rossenfeldt is ill. It has been announced officially to the merchants, that their ships may sail without being molested by the English; and the Swedish Consul General in London gives hopes that the embargo on the northern ships will soon be taken off.

General Huthinson, (says the London Commercial Chronicle) who has the chief command of the British army in Egypt, is about 40 years of age, & has seen little service previously to the present war; but has reputation for military talents, in which great confidence may be placed. He has studied his profession with great assiduity, and to those studies adds a judgment and capacity of no common order, as he has frequently shewn in the debates in the Irish parliament. In early youth he was somewhat addicted to duelling, and being what is called a good shot, and possessing extraordinary quickness and science at the sword, he became very formidable to the duelist of Ireland; but his own good sense soon corrected that propensity, and he has long been esteemed in all societies equally amiable and brave.—The General is a stout muscular man, with a constitution fit to encounter any vicissitudes of climate.

THE HERALD.

EASTON,

TUESDAY MORNING, July 28.

The *Pheasant*, British sloop of war, of 18 guns is still cruising in our bay, waiting for the sailing of the French corvette *Le Berceau*. We understand Capt. Skipsey has sent his verbal compliments to the commander of *Le Berceau*, informing that he had been waiting for him some time, and should continue cruising for him, that if his vessel was not ready for sea, he would be happy of the honor of his company to dine on board, where he should be treated with the best he could afford, and have the liberty of examining the weight of his metal, and the number of the crew.

[Boston Gas.]

The father of the late gallant Sir Ralph Abercromby is still living, aged upwards of 90. [London Courier.]

COMMUNICATION.

The Aurora attempts not merely to justify President Jefferson, but applaud him, for his affectionate letter to Tom Paine, and for the offer of a national ship to conduct the blasphemous infidel to a Christian country.—If Paine, as he avers, deserves this particular attention for the share he took in our revolution, Arnold is certainly no less worthy of it: one was a traitor only a short period before the other, and time will unfold whether the sword of the one, while with the British, has been more calamitous to our country than the pen and counsel of the other, while with the French. It was owing to such scoundrels as he, that the directory counted upon a French party in our country, as Berthier does upon one within the walls of Porto Ferrajo, that they threatened us with the fate of Venice, crowded their

harbors with our captured ships, and their battles with our seamen. But Paine has abused our Washington, and blasphemously attempted to destroy our religion—and this is a sufficient recommendation of the impious reptile to every modern *Jalisco*.

[Baltimore Fed. Gas.]

THE HEROINES OF BLACKHEATH.

The public are in full possession of all the facts respecting the innocent deceptions practised by these fair Ladies, on several unsuspecting Tradesmen; & have equally wondered at and detested the surprising dexterity with which they, for a considerable time, continued to elude detection; but we think our readers cannot form an adequate idea of their consummate hypocrisy, till they have perused the following curious epistle, which we have been lately favored with, and which was written by one of the Swindling beauties to a very respectable gentleman in the Metropolis, whose daughter unfortunately died at this truly improving Seminary for young Ladies:

Grosvenor Hill, 30th January.

"SIR,

"The affecting Providence that God's infinite wisdom permitted to take place, in removing your dear child from a world of temptation, sin, & sorrow, has much impressed my mind, but 'tis the Survivor that dies. She, I trust, liveth in a world of bliss, and would not, could we ask her, return for all the thousands you have vainly imagined you was hoarding up for her.—She is far richer, and is clothed with immortality, and not a wave of trouble more shall cross her peaceful breast. It remains now that we seek to follow those who through faith and patience are inheriting the promised bliss.—Death spares not age nor sex; young and old, rich and poor alike must go; and I intreat you to let me, as a friend who can have only your good in view, beg of you to let this prove a sanctified affliction, and be the means of resigning your will to the Almighty.—Your child was only lent, and your property, health, life, are the same. May you be enabled to use them for the Giver!

"I recommend you to that power who can open your mind, that you may understand the scriptures, and make Christ precious; and, with my best wishes for your present and future happiness, I subscribe myself.

Yours, &c.

P. S. "Excuse my mentioning, but perhaps you may not think of it, and if agreeable to you, would like to shew the last token of respect, by putting on mourning; and as you have so much property, surely you cannot appropriate a little better than by shewing attention to those who have been so kind and attentive to your dear departed child."

To comment on the above, would be to insult the understanding of our Readers; we shall therefore content ourselves with remarking that, like other elaborate declaimers, the Heroines of Blackheath have not always practised what they preached.

NORFOLK AMUSEMENTS.

The following whimsical amusements are advertised in the Norfolk papers.

LINDSEY'S GARDENS.

This Evening, will be run for, in SACKS, round the principal Walk, the best two in three heats, for a purse of Twenty Dollars. Half an hour allowed between the heats.—The Race to begin precisely at six o'clock, P. M. subject to the New-Market rules.

After the Race.

A HAT, valued at Six Dollars will be put up to be GRINNED for—not less than two to enter—judges will be appointed.

The subsequent account is then given of the performances and successful candidates.

The Amusement at Lindsey's Gardens, was such as created much mirth, and gave great satisfaction. The Racing in Sacks created many bets, & now and then a fall, threw all the bets on the other side.—After the heats the purse of 20 dollars was won, and the winner in counting the money was obliged to comply with the rule in such cases made and provided, to use

In pair of Spectacles prepared for the purpose, with a needle at each side, which took such fast hold of his nose, that tho' he was winner of the dollars his nose was in some degree a loser of blood.—The perplexity of the attempt to extricate his nostrils was by no means the least of the evening's sport.—A Hat was then GRINNED for, & after three heats, was won by a Frenchman, who is universally acknowledged eclipsed the whole set for grimace.—Notwithstanding the warmth of the weather, yet the gentleman who was so obliging for the diversion of the company, to hold the horse-collar for the grinners to exhibit through, did not seem to be much fatigued with the employment, on the contrary seemed much satisfied with his office.

When we see men, who contribute nothing to the support of our government, but what goes through the medium of the gallon measure, complaining of the direct tax, extravagant and useless expenditures, &c. When we see fugitives from justice, and careless patriots solicitous for the preservation of our liberties, when we see scoffers hiccuping their concern for the purity of our religion; we think of the following story:—

A porter trudging through the streets of London, stopped to ease his shoulder, and wipe his brow. "Aha," exclaimed he, "if the French succeed, they will bind heavy burthens upon us, too heavy to be borne." "True," cries a debtor, thrusting his head thro' the grates of a jail, "and what would become of our liberties and property?" "And where, d—n my bl—d," cries a Sailor, "would be our religion?"

Palladium.

A razor is advertised for sale in England, which is so guarded, that persons may shave themselves on horseback without halting—or at sea in squally weather. There are six blades changeable to one half. Price 11 dollars and 67 cents.

U. S. G.

From Philadelphia, July 20.

MELANCHOLY.

It is with extreme regret says a morning paper we have to perform the mournful duty of announcing the death of Mr. JAMES BRYNE, son of Mr. Redmond Bryne, of this city.

This amiable young man, (whose conduct did honor to his relatives & to his country, & whose loss will long be deplored by those who knew his worth) went to bathe on the island opposite to the city, in company with Mr. John M'Hugh. Unfortunately they were swept away by the force of the current, & endeavoring to save each other, they both perished.

The body of this worthy youth was found at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon—that of his unfortunate companion has not been discovered.

The remains of Mr. Bryne were this morning interred, attended by a very numerous and respectable collection of citizens.

We understand there were five persons drowned yesterday in the Delaware, one lost his life by attempting to swim to the Bar.

From Baltimore, July 23.

The ship Elizabeth arrived at New-York on Monday last from Amsterdam. She put into Gravesend, from whence the captain proceeded to London, and left it on the 2d June; at which time, he assures, no further advices had been received from Egypt, nor had any political events of consequence taken place in Europe.

The reverend Joseph M. Keen, of Bowdoin College at Brunswick, Maine. He is said to be a gentleman eminent for learning, talents, and superior knowledge.

NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice to the Creditors of Robins Chamberlaine, an Insolvent Debtor, of Talbot County, that the subscriber hath been by the Chancellor appointed Trustee for their Benefit, and that the Chancellor hath limited and appointed the 28th day of April next, before which they are to bring in and declare their claims to me the subscriber.

JOHN EDMONDSON.
July 28, 1801.

By his Excellency BENJAMIN OGLE,
Governor of Maryland.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it is represented to me by the petition of a number of respectable citizens of Queen Anne's and Caroline counties, that a certain negro or mulatto man named PETER WHITE, alias David Nash, alias Thomas Woolshire, has for some time been committing many depredations upon the property of several of the inhabitants thereof, and has repeated and various attempts have been made to take him but without success: And whereas, it is obviously the duty of the executive to guard as much as may be against the commission of such enormities, & to bring such offenders against the laws & peace of society to justice, I have therefore thought proper, by and with the advice and consent of the council, to issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of Two Hundred Dollars to any person who shall apprehend and secure the said Peter White, alias David Nash, alias Thomas Woolshire, so that he be brought to justice.

Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this fifteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and one.

BEN. OGLE.

By his excellency's command,
NIMIAN PINNEY, clerk.
July 20.

Notice.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Dorchester County, hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Dochester County, in Maryland, Letters of Administration on the Personal Estate of CHARLES GOLDBOROUGH, late of the said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 20th day of February next.—They may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—And all persons indebted to the said deceased, are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 20th day of July, Anno Domini, 1801.

ANNE GOLDBOROUGH,
ADM'X. of Charles Goldbrough.

IN CHANCERY, July 4, 1801.

ORDERED that the Sale made by John Gibson, Trustee for the benefit of the creditors of James Clayland as stated in his Report shall be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the first Monday in November next.—Provided, a copy of this order be inserted three times in COWAN'S NEWS-PAPER before the end of August next. It is stated in said report, that the farm or real estate of the said Clayland, was sold in August 1798, for £. 1,300.

True Copy.

TAST.

S. H. HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

FOR SALE OR RENT

The FARM situated on a branch of Third Haven Creek, near Peach Blossom, now occupied by Henry Smith. For Terms, apply to Mr. Joseph Haskins in Easton, or the subscribers in Baltimore.

GRAHAM, HASKINS & Co.

NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the orphans court of Worcester county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Patrick Waters, late of Worcester county, deceased, in said state.—All persons having claims against the said Deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the first day of January next—they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said Estate. Given under our hand this 27th June, 1801.

ESTHER WATERS, Adm.
PETER WATERS, J.P.W.

NOTICE TO MECHANICKS.

ALL the HOUSE-CARPENTERS and JOINERS of Talbot County are requested to meet at PRINCE'S in Easton on the first Tuesday in August, at eleven o'clock, for the purpose of regulating the prices of their work.

EIGHTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RUN away from the subscriber living on the Bay-Side, Talbot county, on the 24th inst. two Negro Men: One who calls himself JACOB THOMAS, the other RALPH BANTOM, but it is probable they may change their names and pass for free men.

JACOB is artful and cunning, of a bright colour, betwixt a mulatto and black, about 28 or 30 years of age, five feet four or five inches high, small but tolerable well made, quiet and civil when sober, but very conceited and quarrelsome and apt to be sullen if crossed when drunk. He has been accustomed to plantation work, sawing in the pit, and has worked in ship yards both in this county and Baltimore: He has a wife at Mr. Philip Sherwood's, on Fell's Point: He is a tolerable good axe-man, and very handy at almost any thing, and will generally get drunk when he can get liquor. He had on and took with him when he went away one pair of striped blue and white country made trowsers, one gingham short coat, one old black fatten vest, one pair of blue and white striped stockings, and other clothes.

RALPH is black and considerably stout, about 35 or 40 years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, an ignorant fellow, and when questioned will smile and apt to scratch his head; he is left handed, and appears very awkward; has a tolerable large mouth: and has had a burn on one side of his face, which has drawn his mouth a little on one side.—He has always been accustomed to plantation work. Had on and took with him one blue cloth and one short nankin jacket, one pair Russia sheeting trowsers, one pair old black velvet, and one old pair striped silk breeches, one old white shirt ruffled at the breast, with two other coarse shirts, with other clothes. Jacob has a mother and brother at Capt. Richardson's near St. Michael's, and Ralph a sister (Jacob's mother) and a brother. I bought the above negroes of Captain Robert Rolle, about two years and a half ago. Whoever will apprehend and secure the said negroes in gaol or otherwise, so that I get them again, shall receive the above reward, or 40 Dollars for each of them, with reasonable expenses.

Masters of vessels and others are cautioned against harbouring or carrying off said negroes.

JOSEPH FARLAND.

May 28th, 1801. 71 tf. +

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Kent county, in Maryland, letters of administration de bonis non on the personal estate of Ann Vansant, late of Queen Anne's county, deceased.—all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the fourth day of February next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and one.

DAVID LAMB, D. B. M. of
Ann Vansant, deceased.

NOTICE.

ALL the Bonds and Notes which were left by the late JAMES DAWSON, of Talbot county, deceased, are now in the possession of the Subscriber, who is legally entitled to receive all the monies due by the same.—All who are indebted are requested to make an immediate payment of at least the interest that is now due.—Those who neglect to comply with this reasonable request may expect to have suits commenced against them immediately.

JOHN KERSEY.

March 17, 1801.

[SALE POSTPONED.] Valuable Lands for Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery of Maryland, the Lands and Tenements of JAMES TILGHMAN, junr. Esq. late of Talbot county, deceased, will be exposed to Sale at public Auction (on the premises) Thursday the third day of September next if fair, if not, the next fair day, and to continue from day to day until the whole is sold.

This property is situated near the head branches of Miles River, and is distant from four to five miles from the town of Easton, and lies upon and on the East side of the Post Road from thence to the head of Wye, and consists of a valuable and convenient Mill-Site, and of several commodious Farms, valuable Branches and Woodland.—A survey will be made of the whole Estate, and the Lands laid off and divided into convenient farms and lots, each containing from 200 to 300 acres, for the accommodation of purchasers, with a suitable proportion of branch and woodland to each allotment. The Mill-Site, with the lands and premises thereto belonging, will be sold in a separate lot. The Buildings on the Farms are not considerable, and are not in want of repairs. The Soil is naturally good and well calculated for the production of any kind of grain.—A Plan of all the the lands, with the several allotments distinctly described, and the cultivated grounds, branches, and woodlands represented thereon, will be made for the view and satisfaction of persons disposed to purchase, and may be seen on the day of sale, or at any other time by applying to the subscriber.

Such persons, desirous of seeing and examining the lands, may be assisted in their inquiries by applying to the Tenants residing on the premises.

The terms of sale will be as follows: The highest bidder to become the purchaser: The purchaser to give bond with approved security for the payment of the purchase-money in two equal installments; one whereof to be payable in nine months, and the other in eighteen months, with interest thereon from the time of sale:—The Title is believed to be indisputable, and will be conveyed to the purchaser after the payment of the purchase money, free from any Title of Dower and from all Incumbrances. Possession to be delivered on the first day of January next, and privilege to be allowed the purchaser to seed the grounds with wheat or other grain in the ensuing autumn.—The Creditors of the said James Tilghman are also hereby notified to produce their Claims with their vouchers thereof to the Chancellor at the Chancery Office within six months from the time appointed for the sale of the real estate as aforesaid.

HUGH SHERRWOOD, of

Huntington, Trustee.

Talbot county, 16th June, 1801.

To be Sold at Public Sale

On Wednesday the 29th of July (instant) on the premises, at three o'clock in the afternoon, if fair, if not, the next fair day.

ALL that tract or parcel of Land known by the name of *Realization*, the property of William Stevens, junr. lying and being in Caroline county, containing by estimation four hundred and fifty acres, situated on the road leading from Dover Ferry to Hunting Creek, and about four miles from each.—The land is well adapted to the growth of wheat, rye, Indian corn, tobacco, &c.—There is on said farm a good dwelling house, kitchen, barn, granary, stables, and other conveniences, with a good apple orchard. It is presumed unnecessary for further particulars at present, as no person will purchase said property without taking a view of the same. The terms of sale will be eight hundred pounds down, and the residue on the fifteenth of August, 1802, with bond and approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.—Possession may be had on the first day of January 1802.—Attendance will be given on the day of sale by

BENJAMIN WILLMOTT.

July 7, 1801.

—ALSO—

At Private Sale, a Negro Man, and a young Negro Woman with two children. The terms may be known on application as above.

()
ON THE SHORTNESS OF LIFE.

When, gently swelling from the genial root,
The buds of balmy spring begin to shoot,
The eye, inquisitive, from day to day,
Observes the progress of the solar ray;
And as the warmth and vernal air inspire,
The leaf, expanding, glows with rich attire:
The insect tribes, upon its glossy vest,
Their hours of pastime o'er, return to rest—
Depose their eggs—in velvet safety lie,
And, nature fully satiate, buzz, and die.
Thus we, poor actors, on this transient stage,
Pass a short interval from youth to age;
Can scarcely con our mortal lesson o'er,
Before we languish, sigh, and are no more.

By his EXCELLENCY
BENJAMIN OGLE,
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND,
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of Maryland, did, by an act passed at November session, seventeen hundred and ninety, entitled, An act directing the time, places and manner of holding elections for representatives of this State, in the Congress of the United States, and for the regulation of the said elections, and also to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned, direct, that the governor and council, after having received the returns, papers and instruments, containing the number of votes for representatives of this State, in the Congress of the United States, should enumerate and ascertain the number of votes for each and every candidate and person chosen as a representative, and by proclamation, signed by the governor, and dispersed through the State, should declare the names of the persons duly elected as representatives: We, in pursuance of the directions of the said act, do, by this our proclamation, declare, that by the returns made to us it appears, that JOHN CAMPBELL, Esquire, was elected for the first district; RICHARD SPRIGG, junior Esquire, was elected for the second district; THOMAS PLATER, Esquire, was elected for the third district; DANIEL HEISTER, Esquire, was elected for the fourth district; SAMUEL SMITH, Esquire, was elected for the fifth district; JOHN ARCHER, Esquire, was elected for the sixth district; JOSEPH HORNER NICHOLSON, Esquire, was elected for the seventh district; and JOHN DENNIS, Esquire, was elected for the eighth district.

Given in council at the City of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this first day of June, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and one.

BEN. OGLE.
By the Governor,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clk.
ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published eight times in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Federalist, at the City of Washington, the Rights of Man, at Fredericktown, and in Mr. Cowan's paper, at Easton.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY.

Notice.

IN consequence of our being unable to pay our debts, we give this notice that we intend to petition the next assembly for an insolvent act.

John Ward, &
John H. Price.

April 20th, 1801. 65 3mo.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of SAMUEL AULD, late of Talbot county, deceased, are requested to exhibit them on or before the first day of September next, legally authenticated—And all persons indebted to said estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

ANN AULD, Adm'r of Samuel Auld.
June 11th, 1801. 78 7W

To the Farmers.

P. C. VARLE

HAVING had an opportunity in making the Maps of Delaware State, and the Eastern Shore of Maryland, has observed, that the mode of preparing artificial meadows is attended with considerable expenses, since it requires manure previous to sowing the clover, which is the only grass used in rotation; offers to introduce a seed called Sparlet, indigenous to the South of France, a kind of Saintfoin so well known in Europe for its benefit in agriculture.

This grass, as well as clover, has the property of improving the land; and its superiority to the latter is, that it grows luxuriant in every kind of soil, without manure, though it be sandy or gravelly, &c. It stands four years longer, and will admit to be cut twice in the season—This grass when cut will not be injured by rain, and requires but little care in curing; it is highly nutritious and fattening, much esteemed for increase of milk, and giving a good flavor to butter.

The price will be five dollars per bushel, payable on delivery, any quantity can be subscribed for, but not less than half a bushel. The seed will be conveyed to the town nearest to every subscriber, at their own expense. Instructions for sowing the Seed, and the manner of curing the Hay, will be delivered to each subscriber.

LUCERNE SEED may be subscribed for at the same time; at Five Dollars per peck.

SUBSCRIPTIONS

Received in the several taverns in Easton, Centerville, Chestertown, Cambridge, Denton, Princess-Anne, Snow-Hill, Salisbury, Vienna and New-Market.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERVED

FROM the rendezvous at Easton, on the 10th instant, David Collier, a recruit enlisted on the 8th last month, born in Caroline county, State of Maryland, 22 years old, 5 feet 7 1/2 inches high, grey eyes, black hair, and fair complexion, by trade a blacksmith; had on a short blue coat faced with scarlet and edged with white, a pair of calico pantaloons, linen vest, and round hat. The above reward will be given for apprehending the said deserter, & all reasonable charges paid for securing him in any goal, or delivering him at this place, or to any officer in the service of the United States.

R. CHAMBERLAINE, 1st U.S. Reg't. Artillerists & Engineers, Commanding at Easton.
Easton, 11th June, 1801. 73 tf.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT 500 Acres of Land, lying in Dorchester county, at a place called Chicknamacomaco Drawbridge, an excellent stand for any kind of trade, is thought one of the best stands in the county for a store—the land is rich and well adapted to the growth of corn, wheat, or tobacco—The whole lies in a neck, and may be easily inclosed to itself; is an excellent place for any kind of stock—Also about 400 acres sit across the river from the aforesaid place;—the last mentioned land was formerly sold by Mr. John Murray, to Alexander M'Intire. It is thought needless to say any thing more about these lands, as it is presumed any person wishing to purchase will view the same. A pretty long credit will be given for the greatest part of the purchase money. The Terms may be known by applying to

THOS. BARNETT.

Dorchester county, }
10th March, 1801. } 60t. f. p. 75b

NOTICE.

A PERSON qualified to teach Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, and who is willing to engage in that business, will hear of encouragement by an early application to the subscriber.

WILLIAM D. THOMAS.
Queen-Ann's county, Wye Neck,
May 19 1801. 70 6W

To all whom it may concern.
THIS is to give notice, That the subscribers have obtained from the Orphan's Court of Worcester county, in Maryland Letters of Administration on the personal estate of JOHN WRIGHT, late of said county, deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the first day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under our hands, this 15th day of April, anno domini 1801. 65
LANTA WRIGHT,
JNO. BISHOP, Adm'r.

THE Subscribers appointed by law, having this day, agreeable to advertisement, opened books for receiving subscriptions for a BRIDGE to be erected over the EASTERN BRANCH, and the same being fully subscribed, hereby give notice, that a meeting of the stockholders is requested to be held at Tunnecliff's hotel, in the City of Washington, on the second Monday of July next; for the purpose of electing five directors for managing the concerns of the said company.

NOTIFY YOUNG,
DANL. CARROLL, of Duen.
THOS. LAW,
W. M. DUNCANSON,
GEORGE WALKER.

Washington, }
May 1, 1801. } 70 f m July.

TO be rented for the ensuing year for a term of years, with the privilege of sowing wheat this season, a FARM at Spring Hill, in Somerset county, having between three and four hundred acres of good soil in cultivation: it is about five miles from a landing, seven from Salisbury and ten from Vienna.

Also, the Farm I reside on at Rewastico which has upwards of 300 acres in cultivation; it is about ten miles from Vienna, has a landing at the door, and may be rented either with or without the saw and grist-mills adjoining. Enquire of

WILLIAM WINDER.
Rewastico, June 18, 1801.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber's plantation near Mr. Baldwin's tavern, in Prince-George's county, on Saturday last, a likely young negro fellow named HARRY: he sometimes calls himself Henry Wallace. He is a likely black smooth faced young man, about 23 years of age, about 5 feet 2 inches high, straight and well made. He speaks in a slow and careless manner, sometimes hesitates, and when alarmed, stammers, and when made angry, his eyes have a redish cast. He had on and took with him a coarse felt hat, half worn, & rather high crowned, a dy'd cotton great coat almost new, with metal buttons, a coarse dark colored jacket with full cape, and large metal buttons, three oz nabrig shirts, a white gingham coat, green kersey overalls, having a small patch on the left knee; several waistcoats, one of which is a swandown, and a pair of short stockings. He is smart and active, can wrestle, box, beat a drum, sing and dance very well. His wife, the property of Mr. Baldwin, has been lately detected in stealing 15 or 20 dollars from her mistress, a part of which was found on Harry, and he fearing the consequences, made his escape. As it is probable he is not without a plenty of cash, he may change his cloths; and it is likely he will change his name. He was born in Queen-Ann's county, in the family of the late Richard B. Lloyd, Esq. and has a brother and other relations there. Whoever will apprehend Harry and secure him in goal or otherwise, so that I may get him again, shall receive a reward of Thirty Dollars. All masters of vessels are cautioned against carrying him away.

GABRIEL DUVALL.
April 9th, 1801. 68 tf.

Just published

HARRIS' ENTRIES—
a few Copies of which may be had at the General Court Office.

THIS is to give notice, That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Dorchester county, in Maryland Letters of Administration, with copy will annexed, on the personal estate of SARAH STEPHENS, late of Dorchester county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, living in Dorchester county aforesaid, at or before the third day of November next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this third day of June, Anno Domini 1801. LEVIN BALL, Adm'r coll'r annexed.

THE Subscriber requests for the last time, all persons that have claims against the estate of WILLIAM LOVEDAY, of Talbot county, dec'd. to bring them in, legally prepared, on the third Tuesday in July next, at Mr. Solomon Lowe's Tavern, where the subscriber will attend and pay the dividends, as he has in hand all the assets of said Loveday that there is any probability of getting. Those who neglect this notice will be excluded from the benefit of said estate.

BAYNARD WILSON.
June 9th, 1801. 73 3W

Haddaway's Ferry and Mail-Stage.

Notice is hereby given

That a Mail hath been established by law from the City of Annapolis across the Chesapeake Bay by the subscriber's ferry to the town of Easton, in Talbot county. The mail leaves Annapolis on every Friday morning at 6 o'clock, and is carried in the subscriber's boat across the bay to his landing on the Eastern Shore, from whence it is carried in his Stage to Easton: It leaves Easton on every Saturday at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and returns to Annapolis by the same route and conveyances. He hath provided himself with a Stage and Team of Horses, and two convenient Boats for the accommodation of passengers, which he proposes to run in the manner above mentioned in conformity with the establishment of the Mail; and flatters himself the public will derive from this scheme the greatest utility and satisfaction.

For the accommodation of passengers on other days, he shall hold his stage, and packet-boats, in readiness at all other times when either may be necessary for the conveyance of persons; and to render the passage still more certain and expeditious, he has furnished himself with a Chaise, and Saddle-Horses, for their service.

The seat of government being now established at the City of Washington, it may be expected that the communications from thence to the Eastern Shore thro' the city of Annapolis will be frequent: To make them easy and commodious is the design of the subscriber; and the same passage across the Bay may be made subservient to the Citizens of BALTIMORE.

His Landing is excellent; and it very rarely happens in the winter that the passage is hindered by the Ice: The road from thence to Easton is level and most agreeable to travellers.

The Fare for every passenger from Easton to his Landing is one dollar and twenty-five cents; and from his Landing to Annapolis one dollar and three quarters: Baggage in the usual proportion.

ENTERTAINMENT at his dwelling house near the landing for passengers and horses upon reasonable terms.

WM. HADDAWAY, Junr.
Bay Side. June 20, 1801.

N. B. A regular Mail is established between the Cities of Washington and Annapolis.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber of Worcester county, State of Maryland, hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of said county, Letters of administration on the personal estate of LARRYLL COLLINS, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of October next. They may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 28th day of March, anno domini 1801.

THOS. N. WILLIAMS.