# VILLAGE HERALD.

*BY JOHN S. ZIEBER, PRINCESS ANNE, SOMERSET COUNTY, MARYLAND.*

**TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 23, 1833.** **NO. 4.**


[illegible] paid within six months.

[illegible] within 10 days after the expiration of the term subscribed for, it will be considered *in advance*.

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Persons advertising most limit the time of insertion, otherwise their advertisement will be continued and charged accordingly.

All communications addressed to the editor must come rose Paid.

## COURSE OF EXCHANGE.

| BANKS. | pr ct dis | BANKS. | pr ct dis |
|---|---|---|---|
| U States Bank | par | Hagerstown | par |
| Do Branches | par | Frederick | par |
| MARYLAND. | | MARYLAND. | |
| Balt. & banks | par | Bank of Salisbury | par |
| Balt. Mech. Inst | par | Frederick cty bank | par |
| ALBANY LEASE | | Bank of Genesee | par |
| Farmers & mech | par | Farmers bank of Md | par |
| Alleghany county | par | Annapolis | par |
| Allegh. R. Island | par | Bank of Fredrick | par |
| notes | par | Do Cumberland | par |
| CONNECTICUT | | Do Salisbury | par |
| Middlebury Cntr | par | Do Georgetown | par |
| Farmers bank of | | Do Berlin | par |
| Hartford | par | Bank of Potomac | par |
| Bank of Hartford | par | Do Frederick | par |
| Bank of Middle | par | Do Hagerstown | par |
| Bank of Washington | par | Do Easton | par |
| Hartford | par | Do Cambridge | par |
| Bank of Litchfield | par | Do Westminster | par |
| Bank of Litchfield | par | Do Elkton | par |
| Bank of Litchfield | par | Do Salisbury | par |
| NEW YORK | | VIRGINIA | |
| N York city banks | par | Bk of Washington | par |
| Canal bank | par | Bk of the Union | par |
| Ticn | par | Farmers bank | par |
| Northern | par | Bk of Alexandria | par |
| Cty N York notes | par | Lynchburg Commercial | par |
| NEW JERSEY | | Bank of Virginia | par |
| Jersey city banks | par | Do branches | par |
| Bank of N York | par | Bk of Alexandria | par |
| Bank of N Brunswick | par | Branch bank at Norfolk | par |
| Do Jersey Bank Co | par | Bk of Washington | par |
| Bank of Jersey | par | Bk of the Union | par |
| Bank of Newark | par | Farmers bank of Va | par |
| Mechanics bank of | par | Merchants bk of Alexandria | par |
| Newark | par | Do Lynchburg | par |
| Do Jersey City | par | Do Norfolk | par |
| Do Paterson | par | PENNSYLVANIA | |
| Do Trenton | par | State bank of South Carolina | par |
| Do Newark | par | Farmers bank of Md | par |
| Do Camden | par | Do Lancaster | par |
| Do Burlington | par | Do Pittsburgh | par |
| Do Cape May | par | Do Harrisburg | par |
| Do Newark | par | Do Chester | par |
| Do Jersey City | par | Do Reading | par |
| PENNSYLVANIA | | Do Easton | par |
| State bank of Pa | par | Do Wilkesbarre | par |
| Do branches | par | Do Pittsburgh | par |
| Do Chester | par | Do Harrisburg | par |
| Do Reading | par | Do Chester | par |
| Do Easton | par | Do Reading | par |
| Do Wilkesbarre | par | Do Easton | par |
| Do Pittsburgh | par | Do Wilkesbarre | par |
| Do Harrisburg

FOR PATRIOTIC TIDINGS.

# THE VILLAGE HERALD.

*Princess-Anne, Md.*

TUESDAY APRIL 23, 1833.

☞ In order to make room for the proceedings of the Legislature, we have omitted extracts from the Liberia Herald, and several other articles, we are obliged to defer the insertion of the Address of the minority of the Legislature on the subject of Reform.

☞ The Snow Hill Messenger of Monday the 15th inst announces *L. P. Denny*, Esq as a candidate for Congress—It will be seen in a subsequent column that we too have been authorized to make the announcement.

We were much surprised to find in the Easton Whig of last Tuesday some reproachful remarks respecting the complaints that have been made of the irregularities and tardiness of the Mails. Does the Editor of that paper pretend to insinuate that the complaints which have been made on this Shore are unfounded? We ask him then whether the mails (papers, &c.) have arrived here as regularly for any one month with in the last 12, as they did formerly? Have the Baltimore papers of any three successive weeks, during that time, reached us *at late dates* as under the old arrangement? Have they been for any three weeks regularly received of *later dates*? Was not the movement (?) of the P. S. mails, during the last session of Congress, so lately that the Washington and Baltimore papers were first *three* and sometimes even *four weeks* old before they arrived here? The experience of every man that has ever had to do with the post office in the shape of a paying customer, will justify the assertion that the mails on this Shore for the last 12 months have been exceedingly irregular and unbearably slow. This is truth, and we cannot see how any real friend of the Post Office Department can expect to maintain either a character for veracity or the friendship of the Head of that Department, by convincing it or by misrepresenting (tho' the whole community, by sad experience, know to be the fact. We think the true friends of the Department are those who expose the mismanagement of its faithless servants.

Our County Court adjourned Friday evening the 12th, between five and six o'clock, after a session of of eleven days. The session was prolonged somehat beyond the expectation that one or more witnesses, on the part of the State, would arrive from Baltimore in the steamboat that evening, their testimony having been deemed indispensable in the cause pending between the State and two individuals charged with, and presented for, passing counterfeit money on the Commercial and Farmers' Bank of Baltimore. Neither of them, however, appeared, notwithstanding the Court had duly issued its mandate, which, it is presumed, must have been duly served. The consequence is, the accused are reduced to the hard necessity of enduring the miseries of incarceration six months longer before they can be brought to trial than they would have been, or, what is the same thing, of giving bail which, though not excessive, that laboring they cannot produce and our county is saved the expense of trying the accused.

At the above session of the Court six persons were sentenced to the Penitentiary for *larceny*, we believe.

*Cambridge Chron.*

FIRE AT CUMBERLAND

The fire at Cumberland in this State is stated to have broken out in a Corset Maker's shop, about 10 o'clock, on the night of the 14th inst. One account states the number of houses at 140 at least, and the amount of loss at $271,000. The buildings consumed were mostly of brick and two story log houses, in the very heart of the town, and including all the stores but one, the three principal Hotels and both Post Offices; and so rapid was the progress of the flames that many persons did not even save their clothes.—*Balt Republican.*

*Extract of a letter to the Editor of the Torch Light, dated CUMBERLAND, April 15*

We are in the most distressed situation—about 7 houses, comprising *the heart of our town* now in ruins. The fire originated in a cabinet maker's shop, three doors north of the Union printing office. Many citizens are left without more than their clothing or books. The Union printing office is burnt, all except the account books. All the stores but one, are burnt down, the one remaining is Boyce and Beall's. Mr Shriver's large three story Tavern and Mr Fockle's Tavern are burnt, also the Bankmbank. The fire commenced about 10 o'clock yesterday, and the wind being high at the time, the flames soon spread, leaving very few houses, and to save our moveable effects. Nothing now remains but parts of walls and chimneys where once the principal part of the town stood. The Advocate office is also burnt, notice only the event a mere (which is much injured) and a very few type, no paper found.

The value of the property destroyed is $250,000.

*New Orleans*—The Court of Appeals of South Carolina have decided against slaves, that the oath of allegiance to the State in addition to an oath of fidelity to the general government cannot be required as a condition of admission to citizenship.

*Thomas Jefferson Randolph*, grand son of President Jefferson, has been elected in Albemarle as a candidate for the Legislature of Virginia.

It is stated in a New York paper that Count de Survilliers, (Joseph Bonaparte) is to sail from London on the 1st of next month, on his return to Bordeaux.

*The Steam Boat Rogue* is said by the Cincinnati papers to have been totally lost a few miles below New Orleans. Fifteen persons lost their lives.

The Washington Correspondent of the New York Standard says, in relation to the missing of the Treasury, that the fire commenced in the room of a subordinate clerk, and that little doubt seems to be entertained that some great mischievous act existed which the conflagration has tended to conceal from the Head of the Department, whether raised for that purpose or not."

A report is very current in this city, and supposed to be well founded that the late direction of the Treasury Building in Washington, by fire, was caused by design and not accident. It is attributed to one of the clerks named *Lamb*, but not the person of the same name, who has for a long time held a responsible situation in the Department.

*Balt Gaz.*

Messrs. Livingston, Cass, M'Lane, Tyner and Barry—having been directed by the President, to inquire into the causes of the burning of the *Treasury office*, have reported that they have endeavored in vain to trace the origin of the fire, and are unable to impute it to any particular cause." They say, also, that very few papers of much important to the government or to individuals, have been lost.

M. St Clair Clark, the clerk of the House of Representatives, was observed dashing through the fire and smoking volume of the Treasury Department, looking earnestly among the flying papers, without attempting to save them. Upon being put in mind of what he was at, he replied that he was looking for his Acc ount of the Continental Expenses of the House. The gentleman smoked, saying you might as well look for a needle in a hay stack. But Mr. C. continued his search, and in an hour afterwards had up a bundle of papers, exclaiming in triumph *"Here are my vouchers for more than $100,000 expended. I shall sleep sound to-morrow night."*

*Appointments by the Maryland Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church, for the ensuing twelve months:—*

*President*—Dr. JOHN S. REESE.

*Baltimore*—Eli Henkle, *St John's*, Frederick Stee, *Old Town*

*Georgetown*—Thomas H. Stockton.

*Alexandria*—Levi B. Reese.

*Mount Olive*—Dr. Daniel Davis.

*Tuberoacle*—William Kesley.

*Prince William*—Daniel E. Reese, Jr.

*Anne Arundel*—Dr. W. W. Wallace, J. W. Everson.

*Pipe Creek*—Isaac Webster, W. Sexsmith.

*Shippensburgh*—R. T. Boyd, one to be sent.

*Juniatta*—Hugh Boyle, one to be sent.

*Williamsport*—W. C. Pool, Josiah Varden.

*Reisterstown*—Augustus Webster, Henry Myers.

*Deer Creek*—John W. Porter, B. Appleby.

*Talbot*—Charles W. Jacobs.

*Queen Anne*—William Collier—one to be sent.

*Kent*—James Hanson, James Crouse.

*Caroline*—Nicholas Dorsey.

*Snow Hill and Princess Anne*—Geo D. Hambleton.

*Dorchester*—Stephen Taylor.

The next Conference is to be held at Alexandria, on the first Tuesday of April, 1834.

The editors of the Norfolk Beacon were presented, on the 4th inst. with a few *Cucumbers* and *Strawberries* from the garden of United States Navy Hospital.

CHOLERA—It is stated in the New Orleans papers that the Cholera still continues to rage in the parishes of St. Martin and St. Mary. Among the slaves the deaths are numerous, and several highly respectable planters have fallen victims to the destroyer.

The New York papers of Monday, state that no doubt can now be entertained of the death of Mr. *Shiller*, our Consul at *Havana*. It is said that the cholera had left that city before the 4th instant, and that business had been resumed; information to this effect having been brought by Capt. *Hatch*, of the brig *Thorn*, which arrived at New York on Sunday, after a passage of nine days.

Mr. *Crawford* is now acting Consul at Havana.

An extensive fire took place in Mayaville on the 30th ult. Property to the amount of from $20 to $25,000 was destroyed.

Two double saw mills and four lath mills were destroyed at Orono, in the State of Maine, on the 3d ult. The loss is estimated at from $15 to $20,000.

The Odd Fellows' procession at Cambridge has been postponed till Monday the 29th inst.

BALTIMORE PRICES CURRENT.

BALTIMORE, April 19.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Wheat, | 1.17 a 1.19 | |
| Corn, | 68 a 71 | |

DRY GOODS.

We have received from a friend in reply to some inquiries, a few particulars concerning the U. S. Dry Dock, recently launched at the Navy Yard, Charlestown Mass. Chronicle. The Dock, we learn, is 341 feet in length, 50 in width, and 30 deep. Its capacity is nearly the largest ship in our navy—viz: the Pennsylvania: the entrance of the dock hence 59 feet across, and the width of that ship being 55. The dock is formed of well sets of gates called turning gates, swinging on hinges. Besides these is what is denominated the floating gate, which weighs 300 tons, built like a vessel, 60 feet long, 15 wide, and 30 in height—requiring about 19 feet of water to float it. There are 4 pumps, each 2 feet 6 inches in diameter, and discharging altogether, at every stroke, 12 hogsheads; there are also 8 clean pumps, 1 foot in diameter. The water is first forced from the dock into wells, then into a large reservoir, whence it runs into the sea. The weight of the steam engine and machinery is about 102 tons.

The floating gate, which is not yet quite completed, is said to contain timber enough to build a ship of 800 or 400 tons; and some 3 or 4,000 dollars worth of sheathing and bolt copper have already been used upon it. The turning gates, at high water, sustain a pressure equal to about 800 tons. It is expected that the frigate Constitution, "old Ironsides," will be taken into the dock in the course of next month.

*Nantucket Inquirer.*

*From the Liberia Herald of October 6.*

OUR SEASONS.

"Lo, the winter is past, the rain is over and gone; The flowers appear on the earth; the time of the singing of birds is come, and the voice of the turtle is heard in our land."

The present time may properly be considered as the commencement of our natural year; the vegetating powers of nature are now apparently exerted to the utmost, and she appears arrayed in her most lovely garb. The appearance of our extensive dense, impenetrable forests, is variegated and beautiful beyond description; not a tree or shrub from "the cedar of Lebanon to the hyssop on the wall" but appears to rejoice in bud and blossom, and silently, and impressively proclaims the bounteousness of the great author of all beauty and happiness.

Here, we have not as in the United States, three vicissitudes of heat and cold, which characterize the successive seasons of the year, with us very near the terms of Autumn, Winter, Spring, and Summer, become obsolete, or "the unbounded Spring encircles all." Our whole year is most, almost, but a division into two seasons, viz: the dry and rainy; the latter commencing near the first of May and ending in October, and from that period to their next annual commencement, we have an uninterrupted course or six or seven months of dry weather. The period of the accession termination of the rains is somewhat like each of which is accompanied with violent winds, tornadoes, and awfully sound tornadoes, however, are not so severe frequently experienced in the West; or on the Spanish main. They are at with peals of thunder, the most terrific and appalling, and the forked lightnings vivid and well defined, as to seem tangible, leaving a very painful impression upon the eye for some moments. A phenomenon of a tornado, terrible as it may appear, like all the effects of nature, only to the preservation and happiness the human species. Pessimo to its more or less, taken as the property of said William Stewart, and I hereby give a that on TUESDAY the 14th day of M at the Clerk's Office door, in the town Princess Anne at 1 o'clock P. M. I shall sell to the highest and best bidder for cash, the aforesaid writ of Fieri Facias.

MATTHIAS DASHIELL, Shff.

April 23, 1833.

*Sheriff's Sale.*

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of Somerset county court, and to me directed, at the suit of Ebenezer Dashiell against George Dashiell, John Jones & William Stewart, I have seized and taken in execution one negro man named Levin, which said property I shall sell on TUESDAY the 14th day of MAY next, at the Court House door in the town of Princess Anne, at 2 o'clock P. M. to the highest and best bidder for cash to satisfy the above mentioned writ of Fieri Facias.

MATTHIAS DASHIELL, Shff.

April 23, 1833.

*Sheriff's Sale.*

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of Somerset County Court, and to me directed, at the suit of Jonathan Dashiell against Levin Horner, I have seized and taken in execution two head of cattle, one head of horse, one bed and bedstead, one gun and harness, one horse and two cart wheels, the goods and chattels of the said Levin, which said property I shall sell on TUESDAY the 14th day of MAY next, at the Clerk's Office door, in the town of Princess Anne, at 2 o'clock P. M. to the highest and best bidder for cash to satisfy the above mentioned writ of Fieri Facias.

MATTHIAS DASHIELL, Shff.

April 23, 1833.

*Sheriff's Sale.*

By virtue of sundry writs of Vendition Exponas, issued out of Somerset County Court, and to me directed, at the suit of Levin W. Dashiell, Jonathan Dashiell, Isaac Jones, one of Robert and John Smith, one of Levin W. Dashiell, William F. Dashiell and Mary A. Dashiell, one of Levin W. Dashiell, against Elijah C. Johnson and Sarah Johnson, I have levied upon taken in execution one house and lot, lying and being in Princess Anne, Somerset county, being lot No. 26, or by whatever number the same may be distinguished on the plat of the Commissioners for the improvement and regulation of said town, also two beds and furniture, which said property I shall sell on TUESDAY the 14th day of MAY next, at the Clerk's Office door, in Princess Anne, at 2 o'clock P. M. to the highest and best bidder, for cash, to satisfy the above mentioned writs of Vendition Exponas.

MATTHIAS DASHIELL, Shff.

April 23, 1833

*Sheriff's Sale.*

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of Somerset county court, and to me directed, at the suit of William Bonwell against George Dashiell, John Jones & William Stewart, I have seized and taken in execution one negro man named Samuel, one negro man named Jacob, one negro man named Woolford, M. D. Littleton D. Tweedle, William W. Handy, William Williams, William Roach, Littleton D. Dennis, William Williams, M. D., Isaac Williams, Levin Handy, L. D. Jones, John W. Christfield, Alexander H. Handy, Henry K. Long, George M. Willing, Littleton Long, John S. Zieber, G. Washington Humphreys, Littleton Harris, Mathias Miles, William L. McCormick, William Miles of Samuel, George Dashiell, Arnold E. Jones, George Riggin, Henry H. Riggin, M. D., James H. Riggin, Jeremiah Pollitt, William L. Jones, M. D., Joseph Barclay, William T. G. Polk, Levin Miller, Stephen Dennis, Henry Adams, James Hitchens, Samuel K. Handy, M. D., Samuel W. Jones, Alexander Jones, Thomas D. Jones, M. D., William Dix, Robert Tweedle, Henry Hyland, M. D., Thomas Barlow, Samuel G. Holland, John N. Bowland, William Custon, Thomas King Carroll, John Rider, Marshall Morris, George Davis, Daniel Ballard, William H. Waters, Robert R. Ballard, M. D., Richard E. Waters, Robert Waters, Nehemiah Walden, Jr., Thomas W. Waters, John P. Gale, William Dorsey, Henry P. G. Wilson, William C. Whittington, George D. Walter, Jesse Hughes, James Benson, Marcellus Jones, Benjamin L. Jones, Philip Covington, John Hopkins, Samuel White, George Ruell, Thomas B. Robertson, Alexander Dennis, William Dennis, James Dennis, Robert Sewell, Thomas Dennis, Jr., E. H. J. Collier, Benjamin Dashiell, Temple Toast and, John M. Bell, Benjamin Bailey, Nathaniel Bell, Robert Bell, Thomas G. Dashiell, John S. Bell, Thomas Marshall, Henry S. Handy, Thomas G. Henderson, William Roach jr., Henry Lankford, Littleton D. Maddux, John L. Turpin, Whitey T. Fontaine, Benjamin McCready, Henry Ward, William Wood, William Sudley, Stephen Ward, Morris H. Adams, James Lawson, Isaac Henderson, Sauther Whittington, Edward K. Dorsey, Robert Davy, Gilbert Milbourne, Stephen Horsey, Seth Williams, Isaac B. Coulbourne, John W. King, M. D., Ludowick J. Milbourne, Elisha Dashiell, Robert W. Swann, Burton Cannon, Geo. Walls, John A. Lankford, John M. Harris, Joseph Richards, Peter Guillet, Lavin Pollitt, John Plemming, Whittington Pollitt, Barnett Shreves, James Powell, John W. B. Parsons, James Whitelock, Henry Newman, Isaac Newman, Robert Patterson, James Phelps, George Howe, Wm. Smith, Ezekiel Webster, Samuel Ford, Travers Daniel, and all and every other persons or persons hereafter becoming contributors to the Somerset Savings Institution at Princess Anne, in the manner herein mentioned, shall be, in the manner herein mentioned and made a body corporate by the name and style of "The Somerset Savings Institution at Princess Anne," and to that have succession, and be capable in law, to hold and dispose of property, and to sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, answer and defend, and be answered and defended, in courts of law and equity, and in any other place to receive and take all deeds, transfers, contracts, conveyances and grants whatsoever, to make, have and use a common seal, and the same to change and renew at pleasure, and generally to do every other act or thing necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act, or to promote the objects or designs of said corporation.

Sec. 2. *And be it enacted*, That there shall be a meeting of the members of said corporation on such day, and at such place as the seven persons first above named, or any three of them, shall appoint, of which meeting they shall give at least ten days notice by advertisement in the newspaper printed at Princess Anne, and on such day annually thereafter, for the purpose of choosing from among the members, five directors to manage the affairs of said corporation for one year thereafter, and until a new election shall take place; *Provided*, that such election shall be made within one month from the expiration of the term for which the preceding directors shall have been elected; and the seven named first above named, or any three of them, shall be the judges of the first election of directors, and the judges of all subsequent elections shall be appointed, and notice of such elections given, and the same shall be conducted in such manner as the by-laws provide.

Sec. 3. *And be it enacted*, That the directors for the time being, or a majority of them, shall have power to elect a President from their own body, or from the other members, to fill all vacancies that may occur in the presidency or directory; to appoint all such officers, agents, and servants, as they shall deem necessary to conduct and transact the business of said corporation, to fix their compensation, and in their discretion, to dismiss them; to take bonds for the said corporation from all or any of the officers, agents, or servants, for their good behaviour, and faithful application in such form as they shall approve for the faithful execution of the duties of such officers, agents or servants, and to require the said officers, agents, and servants, to become the stockholders in said corporation, and generally to do such other acts touching the same as they shall deem most safe and beneficial, to effect the objects and designs of said corporation; and generally to do all such acts and things as may be necessary for the exercise of the aforesaid powers, or the powers vested in the said corporation, and the same by-laws from time to time to alter and repeal; *Provided*, that all such by-laws must be consistent with the laws of this State, and the majority of the members assembled at any annual meeting, or at any special meeting called in pursuance of any by-laws made for that purpose, and a majority of the members present at any annual or general meeting, may pass by-laws which shall be binding upon the directors; *Provided also*, that such by-laws shall not be contrary to the laws of this State or of the United States.

Sec. 4. *And be it enacted*, That the said corporation shall be capable to receive from any person or persons, any deposite or deposites of money, and to receive all money so received, in public stock of the United States, at the discretion of the directors according to the direction of such manner as they shall deem most safe and beneficial; *Provided always*, that nothing contained within this act shall be construed to authorize the corporation hereby intended to be created, to issue any bill, note or other device in the nature of a bank note.

Sec. 5. *And be it enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the directors, at a meeting to be held on the Tuesday next succeeding the third Monday of February, on the first Monday of August in each and every year, to make and declare such dividends of the profits as shall have been made by the preceding six months, and proceed to pay, after paying the expenses of the institution, and the same to pay over to the members of the said corporation, or their legal representatives within ten days thereafter.

Sec. 6. *And be it enacted*, That the concerns of the institution hereby intended to be incorporated, shall be at all times subject to the inspection of the Treasurer of the Western Shore, or of such other officer or agent of the State as may be selected for that purpose by either branch of the Legislature.

Sec. 7. *And be it enacted*, That this act shall be, and continue in force until the year eighteen hundred and forty five, and until the end of the first session of the General Assembly that shall happen thereafter.

We certify the aforegoing to be a true copy of an original bill passed in both branches of the Legislature of Maryland, at December session, eighteen hundred and thirty-two.

Witness our hands this nineteenth day of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-three.

GEORGE G. BREWER,
*Clerk House of Del. Md.*
ROB. H. NICHOLSON,
*Clerk of the Senate Md.*

BY AUTHORITY
Of the State of Maryland.

Public notice is hereby given that books of subscription for contributions to THE SOMERSET SAVINGS INSTITUTION AT PRINCESS ANNE, will be opened on Tuesday succeeding the third Monday in June next, and continue open from day to day, during the residue of the week, unless the subscription shall have been sooner completed. The persons named in the *charter of incorporation* having procured subscriptions to the amount of one hundred and fifty shares of ten thousand shares of one hundred dollars each, to be paid by weekly contributions, of one dollar on each share until twenty-five dollars shall have been paid. Or which no fine or forfeiture shall be imposed; with free permission, however, to advance at any payment any number, or the whole of the contributions.

No individual, firm or corporation to be entitled to subscribe for more than twenty shares on the first three days, and in *case that more than twenty-five hundred shares shall be subscribed at Princess-Anne, within the time above limited*, the undersigned commissioners shall reduce the subscription, after having received the returns from the other commissioners named herein, by striking off from the largest number in succession, until the whole shall be reduced five hundred and, or all the subscriptions to one share and, in case that there then be an excess, lots shall be drawn by the commissioners to determine who shall be excluded.

Subscriptions may be made by proxy, and in trust for *femes covert*, minors and others. The first contribution of one dollar to be made at the time of subscribing, and in case of reduction on account of excessive subscriptions the redundant payments to be returned to the proper parties. The second payment of one dollar will be required after the allotment, and two weeks notice in the newspapers printed at Princess-Anne and Salisbury.

WM. W. JOHNSTON,
GEORGE HANDY,
JOHN WOOLFORD, M. D.
JOHN DENNIS,
JOHN J. DAVIS,
*Commissioners for Somerset Co*

And books of subscription will be also opened on Monday the twenty-seventh day of May next, at each of the TAVERNS in Drummondtown, for twelve hundred and fifty shares for Accomac county, as above prescribed

THOMAS R. JOYNES,
WILLIAM P. CUSTIS,
PETER P. MAYO,
WILLIAM GILLETT,
HENRY A. WISE,
*Commissioners for Accomac Co*

*April 13, 1833.*

Augmentation of Capital.

STEAM COMPANY
OF MARYLAND.

*By virtue of a recent act of the General Assembly of Maryland.*

The President and Directors of this Corporation having determined to enlarge its means of operation, have constituted and appointed the following gentlemen commissioners for the purpose of disposing of seven hundred and fifty shares of the capital stock of the said Company, viz. Thirty to say, in Baltimore, and the other of the seventh day of May next, and during the week as above.

THOMAS R. JOYNES,
WILLIAM P. CUSTIS,
PETER P. MAYO,
WILLIAM GILLETT,
HENRY A. WISE,
*Commissioners for Accomac Co*

The commissioners appointed for Worcester and Accomac counties, will make returns of subscriptions and funds received by them respectively, to chose for Somerset, within one week from the closing of their books, and it more than is the number allotted to either, or each of the said counties, the same shall be considered in the general allotment, and a share shall be given accordingly.

*Plan of Operations.*

The capital and funds of the SOMERSET SAVINGS INSTITUTION, to be deposited on interest in some one or more of the banks, or incorporated companies, in the city of Baltimore, subject to the draft of the Treasurer, and the use of the Steam Company of Maryland, to be disposed of in the manner, or in the Somerset Savings Institution, at either of which it is contracted will be made redeemable.

The Somerset Savings Institution, in virtue of its charter and by-laws, will enjoy the advantages of a bank of *deposit and discount*, to which the family of its *charterer*, The style which the author of Peter Parley's Tales has chosen as a vehicle of instruction for youth, will be adopted in its pages, and Peter Parley, in his proper character of story teller and traveller, will often appear as a contributor. The work will comprise pieces adapted to all stages of the youthful families from childhood upwards. It may thus pass from hand to hand in the family circle, and the parents will not disdain to find amusement in what they are called upon to explain to those children, while the elder branches will be induced to try to read on, by easy steps, their still younger companions to that enjoyment which they have already experienced themselves.

The Contents of the Work will be too various to be enumerated in this place; but in order to convey some idea of the intentions of the conductors, the following may be mentioned as forming a portion of the more prominent subjects.

I Geographical Descriptions, of manners, customs, and scenery.

II Travels, Voyages, and Adventures, in various parts of the world.

III Interesting Historical Notices and Anecdotes of each State, and of the United States, as well as of foreign countries.

IV. Biography, particularly of young persons.

V Natural History, as birds, beasts, fishes, &c., as well as plants, trees, flowers, &c.

VI A Familiar description of the Objects that daily surround Children in the Parlor, Nursery, Garden, &c.

VII Original Tales, consisting of Home Scenes, Stories of Adventure, &c., calculated to stimulate the curiosity, exercise the affections, and improve the judgment.

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CONDITIONS.

The work will be issued every other Saturday, and 26 numbers will constitute the yearly volume. The price will be One Dollar a year, *payable in advance.*

To all who take two or more copies, a reasonable discount will be made.

LILLY, WAIT & CO.
April 23, 1833. Boston.

NOTICE.

The subscribers hereby request all persons indebted to them on note or open account, to come forward and settle the same without delay the situation of their business will not permit them to wait any longer.

They would also call the attention of the public to their

*Stock of Goods,*

Among which are still left many desirable bargains. As the season is advancing and they have on hand a heavy

Stock of Woollen Goods,

They will dispose of them at a sacrifice, and for those they can be purchased in any city of the United States. They have also in store

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

Spring and Summer
*GOODS,*

Selected with great care, and which they offer at LOWER PRICES than to some quality can be imported for, at this time.

ALSO

50 bushels ground Alum Salt,
A lot of superior Percussion Guns,
Hats and Shoes,
Hardware, Crockery and China,
Drugs and Medicines, &c. &c.

As they are determined to sell, at any price, persons will find it to their advantage to call immediately and examine the assortment.

DONE & JONES.

April 1, 1833.

And the undersigned will also proceed in like manner on the twenty-seventh day of May next, and during the week as above.

HAYD K. HOPKINS
JOSEPH HUTCHISON,
GEORGE HUDSON,
JOHN T. DENNIS,
JOHN MITCHELL,
*Commissioners for Worcester Co*

And the undersigned will also proceed in like manner on Monday the twenty-seventh day of May next, and during the week as above.

THOMAS R. JOYNES,
WILLIAM P. CUSTIS,
PETER P. MAYO,
WILLIAM GILLETT,
HENRY A. WISE,
*Commissioners for Accomac Co*

The commissioners appointed for Worcester and Accomac counties, will make returns of subscriptions and funds received by them respectively, to chose for Somerset, within one week from the closing of their books, and if more than is the number allotted to either, or each of the said counties, the same shall be considered in the general allotment, and a share shall be given accordingly.

*Plan of Operations.*

The capital and funds of the SOMERSET SAVINGS INSTITUTION, to be deposited on interest in some one or more of the banks, or incorporated companies, in the city of Baltimore, subject to the draft of the Treasurer, and the use of the Steam Company of Maryland, to be disposed of in the manner, or in the Somerset Savings Institution, at either of which it is contracted will be made redeemable.

The Somerset Savings Institution, in virtue of its charter and by-laws, will enjoy the advantages of a bank of *deposit and discount*, to which the family of its *charterer*, The style which the author of Peter Parley's Tales has chosen as a vehicle of instruction for youth, will be adopted in its pages, and Peter Parley, in his proper character of story teller and traveller, will often appear as a contributor. The work will comprise pieces adapted to all stages of the youthful families from childhood upwards. It may thus pass from hand to hand in the family circle, and the parents will not disdain to find amusement in what they are called upon to explain to those children, while the elder branches will be induced to try to read on, by easy steps, their still younger companions to that enjoyment which they have already experienced themselves.

The Contents of the Work will be too various to be enumerated in this place; but in order to convey some idea of the intentions of the conductors, the following may be mentioned as forming a portion of the more prominent subjects.

I Geographical Descriptions, of manners, customs, and scenery.

II Travels, Voyages, and Adventures, in various parts of the world.

III Interesting Historical Notices and Anecdotes of each State, and of the United States, as well as of foreign countries.

IV. Biography, particularly of young persons.

V Natural History, as birds, beasts, fishes, &c., as well as plants, trees, flowers, &c.

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DONE & JONES.

April 1, 1833.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of Somerset county court and to me directed at the suit of Dave J. Jones, and Jesse Jones against George M. Welch, a prisoner in the gaol in Somerset county, one at the suit of James Jesson use of Ben W. Humphreys, and the suit of the use of Humphreys & Longfield against Robert L. Dennis, I have seized and taken in execution the following property, to wit: All the right, title, and interest of Robert L. Dennis, in and unto a certain tract or parcel of land called Pot at Waggaman's Last, containing 4 acres at least more or less, which said property I shall proceed to sell on TUESDAY the 21st day of MAY next, opposite the Clerk's office door in the street of Princess Anne, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, to satisfy the above claims. Sale to take place between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock, P. M.

MATTHIAS DASHIELL, Shff.

April 23, 1833.

Parley's Magazine,

*For Children and Youth.*

The design of the publishers, in this Magazine, is to offer to the public a entertaining work for children and youth; one that may become with them a monitor; one that will please and instruct them; one that they will regard not as a thing which they must read as a task, but which they will love to consult as a companion and friend; one, in short, the reading of which may be pleasant to good children as a reward, but the denial of which may be left as a punishment by those who are bad. It will consist chiefly of matters of fact, and the editors will endeavor to present truth and knowledge in a guise, as attractive to the youthful mind, as that in which fiction has generally been arrayed.

The title of the work is chosen, as an indication of what it is intended shall be its character. The style which the author of Peter Parley's Tales has chosen as a vehicle of instruction for youth, will be adopted in its pages, and Peter Parley, in his proper character of story teller and traveller, will often appear as a contributor. The work will comprise pieces adapted to all stages of the youthful families from childhood upwards. It may thus pass from hand to hand in the family circle, and the parents will not disdain to find amusement in what they are called upon to explain to those children, while the elder branches will be induced to try to read on, by easy steps, their still younger companions to that enjoyment which they have already experienced themselves.

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DONE & JONES.

April 1, 1833.

Bank of Salisbury,

March 29, 1833

THE Stockholders of this Institution are hereby notified that an election for twelve Directors will take place at the Banking House, in Salisbury, on MONDAY the 3d day of JUNE next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 2 P. M.

By Order.

W. H. RIDER, Cashier.

April 2, 1833.

☞ We are authorized to announce JOHN S. CROCKETT, Esq. as a candidate for the next Sheriffality of Somerset county.

April 23, 1833.

☞ We are authorized to announce JOHN J. DAVIS, Esq. as a candidate for the next Sheriffality of Somerset county.

April 9, 1833.

☞ We are authorized to announce THOMAS JONES, of Thos., Esq. as a candidate for the next Sheriffality of Somerset county.

April 9, 1833.

☞ We are authorized to announce SAMUEL G. HOLBROOK, Esq. as a candidate for the next Sheriffality of Somerset county.

April 2, 1833.

By the House of Delegates,

March 21st, 1833.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the resolution passed on the 14th day of March 1832, be and the same is hereby suspended in its operations, for the period of four months, so far as relates to the removal from commission, of such officers as may not report themselves agreeably to the requirements of that resolution; and that all the said officers be allowed until the first day of June next, to report themselves, as required by said resolution.

Resolved, That the Adjutant General be and he is hereby directed, to issue his General Order, requiring all officers who have not reported, as directed by the resolution of the 14th March 1832, to report themselves to his department, on or before the 1st day of June next.

By order,

G. G. Brewer, Clk

By the Senate, March 23d, 1833—Assented to.

By order, Jas H Nicholson, Clk

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, ANNAPOLIS.

The officers of the Militia are *required* to give due attention to the above resolutions.

By order,

RICHARD HARWOOD, of Thos.
Adjutant General Md. Mia.

April 23, 1833.

Bank of Salisbury,

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W. H. RIDER, Cashier.

April 2, 1833.

*The Somerset*

SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

AT PRINCESS-ANNE.

A corporation under the above title having been created by the last Legislature, it is esteemed proper to expose the principles upon which it is proposed to be founded, and the advantages to be derived from a participation in its beneficial privileges.

The object is to inculcate in its *depositors* and members habits of *economy*, and to afford to all a *ready* and *safe* means of investing such sums of money as may be saved from *waste* and *useless expenditure.*

In order to arrange its operations upon a perspicuous, systematic, and economical scale, the contributors will be divided in three distinct denominations, to wit: *transient*, SPECIAL, and WEEKLY depositors.

1. The *transient* depositors are those who place their funds in the Institution merely for *safe keeping*, and who, as they receive no interest, subject, by virtue of a particular agreement, are at liberty to withdraw them at pleasure.

2. The SPECIAL depositors are those who place a *specific sum* for a *given time*, and who, as they are not entitled to dividends, receive a certificate bearing interest at a fixed rate.

3. The WEEKLY depositors are those who constitute the *permanent stockholders* or stock holders of the BANKING DEPARTMENT, amongst whom the profits of the Institution are to be divided semi-annually, and who are known as the MEMBERS OF THE CORPORATION.

Charter of Incorporation.

DECEMBER SESSION, 1832, CH. 214

*An act to Incorporate the Contributors to the Somerset Savings Institution at Princess-Anne.*

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That William W. Johnston, John Dennis, John J. Davis, James Hutchison, Hayd K. Hopkins, Woolford, M. D., Littleton D. Tweedle, William W. Handy, William Williams, William Roach, Littleton D. Dennis, William Williams, M. D., Isaac

## POETRY.

FOR THE VILLAGE HERALD.

### SONG OF THE CONSUMPTIVE.

How fast he dies,—I wait the hour
To hear my bride to the tomb—
My child, by its Maker's power,
Has ceased to breathe a sweet song!
The bertle flush will come to glow,
Yet, poor child, not of disease to bind,
And the lid of each shall soon be closed
The blessing of the mercy end!

Thou art all the earth I have to cheer me,
No sorrow there all passed away,
But such angels, how only taste,
He'll, or, rather, thee before pass,
There he'll forget Thee in his joy,
His pillow with cooling tears,
That sure, 'tis so all be cold, to weep
O'er the dark dream of coming years.

Oh no, I do all not shrink from death,
I do not wish, not sin, to live,
I would not keep this quivering breath
For all the earth's poor gain,
I'd lay me calmly down to rest,
Nor shed one bitter, parting tear,
For when the soul is soon to be blest
Why should it fear to leave here?

Blighted in hope, my tree was gone,
Why should I weep, to go to die,
For who would pass life's scenes alone,
When health and peace are fleeting by
Once I dreamed of joy, as I thought
That death was sure would welcome be,
But wishes long, and pain, has brought
A wish that death would set me free.

And where for you should I fear to meet
The loved on been spirit gone before me,
Unto you bright and blooded seat
Where earthly pain shall not come more,
Thou angel come Hang to sweep
My daughter to mansion in the skies,
On golden harps His praise to sing,
Whose death has bought our paradise.

A. G. L.

Vienna, April 11th, 1833.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

### KENTUCKY.

For beauty of landscape, excellence of soil, for beauty of forest, the number of clear streams and fine rivers, health, and the finest development of the human form, and patriarchal simplicity of rural opulence, Kentucky unquestionably is equal to any State in the Union. Its population, and area are 1,00 in health. The eastern and southern front touches the Alleghany Mountains, which separate it from Virginia and to it. The centre of the State contains a tract of country 100 miles by 50, which for beauty of surface, the delightful scenery of its open prairie, and the extreme fertility of its soil, exceeds perhaps, any other tract of country on the same extent. So much this valued land is covered with the soil, as to impart to it a warm and luxurious gallery, which imparts an unspeakable freshness and vigor to the vegetation. The meads, on which the green sward presents the appearance of the English lawns, have a rich verdure, grand effect, as if arranged for a splendid grand. Great acres of prodigious size climb the trees, and spread the branches and leaves over all the other verdure. In the first settlement of the country, it was covered with a thick cane brake, which had disappeared, and has been replaced by a beautiful green covering of the finest grass. The trees usually in not large, but tall, straight and tapered, and have the appearance of having been implanted by the plan, they are very frequent table streams wind among these groves, and fan in the Schuylkill hard and sponge of pure limestone water. These are the gardens of the Mississippi Valley—sacred Arcadia.

That part of the State bordering on Tennessee and Virginia, resembles the land in the valley and the vicinity of the Alleghanies, highly picturesque and romantic ground. Between the Rolling Fork of Salt River and Green River, is an extensive tract called "barrens," the soil of which is not so fertile as the other, but the country is covered with grass like a pasture and form a most large farm. Between Green and Cumberland Rivers is a still larger tract of "barrens," and spread over the same extent as the immense number of "knobs," covered with shrubbery and stump oaks. In fact the Legislature made a grant of 1000 acres of land to every man disposed to come to become an actual settler in this district, and in one of many it actually the inclines of the country proceed very leading, between the wooded and open, and open the aspect.

At the time of the Tippecanoe, Kentucky contributed more than its quota, the battle of Thames. Amongst the Kentucky regiment, there were enough to one hundred Kentucky and American mega a much, and on an hundred in 1812, were, gone and not appear.

Lexington, after Lake Erie, on a road from Rawsville, which had shot three bucks, more than a mile in a day, in the night time. The population of Lexington, is 6000, and is a town from a mile and a half, and has come to be the area a miniature indeed it must have been.

Of the mineral this State, we shall only mention the Big Mount Bluegrass and some other points to unique, though the most important, the high buildings. It is said to contain over 12,000 and a region has been too often attempted to be described. Falls of Ohio, Louisville, Lexington, Frankfort, Paris, Maysville, Lexington, and Portland are a great part of the town, along on the Ohio, Louisville, Lexington, Maysville, Frankfort, Paris, Maysville, Lexington, and Portland, the

## POETRY.

[illegible]

### SONG OF THE DOVE SPIRIT.

[illegible]

## MISCELLANEOUS

### KENTUCKY.

[illegible]

### The Brad Dog.

[illegible]

### Scotch Method of Teaching Music.

A Highland piper having a appeal to teach, [illegible] his knowledge with the aid of a [illegible] drone, [illegible] and [illegible] "Here Donald, gee a blast! No, no, [illegible] Donald, without [illegible] Donald, without [illegible] blast forever, without making a tune at all, and I dinna tell ye how the spacer things are [illegible] the paper mann help ye. Ye see the big [illegible] follow wi' a sound open face, pointing to [illegible] [illegible] between the two lines of a bird, [illegible] the mass easily tru that line to fire, while [illegible] beat mon wi' yere feet, and gee a long [illegible] blast. When ye get a bit, ye know ye make tune o' him, and he'll move faster an' faster, when ye black his face he'll run four times faster than the copy of all saints and sinners; [illegible] easily be this, [illegible] out which is one impossible to divide them [illegible] the sounds, that under such circumstances it would and inevitable to turn out cows, sheep, or horses into a piano for a tune, unknown [illegible] done by New England farmers on their well fenced lands. A dinner bell to a pig at one end, and to the bell end of a horse or the horn of a cow at the other, would limit the tunes of them to tune exactly or not. The extent of the tune would be the radius of the circle, about which they rotate from side to side to crop the grass.

For want of suitable fencing material, Shepherds and shepherds are still to be found in the field of Hudson, as a substitute for rail fences and stone walls. The farmers are not men who are to permit them flocks from the depredations of wolves, but for a very different purpose, to protect the premier crops, which feed in the pasture, from the depredations of the sheep. Therefore them office of the faithfull duty of intimate foot and fourth con tenth, between the verge of the field of corn and the hoop pine, the sheep feed, have to attend to the security of their flocks. They appear to be an ambulant race hung down upon the grass at their ease while their ever active dogs take upon them the whole management of the flock. These dogs are a cross of the celebrated station, and of the importance of the command entrusted to them over the head of subordinate animals, strike at every dong the edges of the pastures, like mighty centinels, diplomas, in their very step and mien, what might almost lead to an air of magisterial dignity. Where the verge of the pasture is broken, stone or more dogs are necessary. They patrol, and faith, meeting each other with the [illegible] of centinels, [illegible] [illegible] allotted bounds, and when long about face [illegible] the line of march.

A French gentleman stated to me, that as great is the anxiety and society of sheep [illegible] that if they are [illegible] [illegible] only to leave them around the inner [illegible] of the pasture for the purpose of the flock, and to designate properly the boundary lines for them to traverse when they [illegible] completed the end of their track and will enter no strain sheep to manageress them. When a mere is seen pacified over this line, to crop the herbage beyond it, the dog fastens silently to the spot. I noticed one of them, attendant a flock near Lille, to give a sudden and loud bark at the very ear of the trespassing sheep who, in his agitation at the unexpected rebuke, wheeled completely round, as if stunned. This it appears to be the business of the Shepherds dog, as well as of the shepherds, to watch not so much for the safety of the flocks, as for that of the adjacent, unfenced fields of grain. The shepherds dogs sell for one or two hundred francs each according to the excellence of their education, as the gentleman expressed himself in reply to my inquiries. The Shepherds themselves frequently take up the dog alone in the hold along the summer, sleeping at night in the little portable houses or sheds mounted on wheels, which they move about at pleasure on choosing their pastures. I have seen them travelling along the roads between the sheep pastures and the houses from whence they get their supply of food, with wheel or wagon, probably somewhat after the fashion practised by the patriarchal shepherd David. The Shepherdesses, as well as the Shepherds, from their constant residence in the fields and exposure to the sun, have complexions quite as brown as those of the native Indian squaws of America and judging from appearances, one would suppose them to be equally as capable of sentimental loves. Pastoral life, as depicted in poetry, like many other concerts of the poet's imagination, loses a portion of its charms when viewed in the sober light of truth. The idle life led by Shepherds of ancient days afforded them such ample pleasure to native love, that the very terms 'swain' and lover have become synonymous.

### CANADA AS IT IS.

A small volume with this title, description of the Annexation policy, commerce and agriculture of the upper and lower provinces, has just been published by William Stuart of New York. It is an unpretending but a very useful and concise much information relative to our Canadian neighbors, perhaps not well known on this side of lake Ontario's dominions. Particularly in this [illegible] we presume, respecting two religious [illegible] the upper province who reside on the [illegible] in the Niagara and Gore districts. One of them is called the Tunkards. They are dissenting Quakers also, in tenets, but shave their beards clean close in a long suit of homespun brown cloth, cut little stummer hats. The other sect started to be called the *Dunkites or Children of Peace*. They dwell in the *Village of Ivy*, near New Market, some thirty miles N. N. E. of the city of York, on the summit of which they have erected a temple in the manner of Solomon's. It is twenty feet in height, and seventy in length and twenty in breadth, containing in elevation. They live in a little community, whose principle of association seems to be that of mutual assistance. They do not, like the Shakers, hold the property in common, but have separate farms, and are in a thriving condition. David Wilson, from whom they derive their name, was the founder of the sect. He is still living in their preacher. Their language and their fashions. That gentleman sometimes holds religious meetings in the town of York. They do not disparage matrimony, but if any young man of the community has a fancy to enter into the bonds of wedlock, he makes known his [illegible]


## TAN BARK WANTED.

PROPOSALS will be received until the last Monday in May next, for the supply of any quantity of good Tan Bark, not exceeding TWO THOUSAND CORDS, to be delivered at Princess Anne, in June, July, August, September, October and November next, in equal quantities, on each month. The price is to be stated in cents per hundred pounds, and also the price in each description. The payment will be made on the delivery.

Address to the President and Managers of the STEAM COMPANY OF MARYLAND, at Princess Anne.

April 16, 1853.

## State of Maryland, sc.

SOMERSET COUNTY ORPHANS COURT,

April 8, 1853.

ON application of William Crockett, Hanes and Joseph C. Harris, administrators of Ephraim K. Harris, late of Somerset county, deceased, it is ordered by the Court that the said Administrators give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the estate of the said deceased, and that the same be published once a week for three weeks, in a paper printed in Princess Anne.

True copy. Test

JAMES POLK, Reg. W. S. C.

*In compliance with the above Order,*

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscribers of Somerset County, [illegible] from the Orphans Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Ephraim K. Harris, late of said county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 12th of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 9th day of April, A. D. 1853.

WILLIAM HARRIS
JOSEPH C. HARRIS,
Adm. of E. K. Harris, decd.

April 16, 1853

## Insolvents' Papers,

*For Sale at this Office.*