

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1769.

The Chevalier D'Eon's Answer to Dr. Musgrave's Letter, inserted in the Public Advertiser of September 2, 1769, No. 10869, from whence it was copied into all the Papers, and bearing Date, Plymouth, August 12.

S I R,

YOU will permit me to believe that you never knew any more of me, than I have the Honour of knowing of you: And if in your Letter of the 12th of August you had not made a wrong Use of my Name, I should not now find myself obliged to enter into a Correspondence with you.

You pretend that "in the Summer of the Year 1764, Overtures were made in my Name to several Members of Parliament, importing that I was ready to impeach Three Persons, Two of whom were Peers, and Members of the Privy-Council, of having sold the Peace to the French." And you seem to found thereupon the Evidence of a Charge, which you say you carried yourself to Lord Halifax.

I declare therefore, here, Sir, that I never made, nor caused to be made, any such Overture, either in the Winter or Summer of the Year 1764, nor at any other Time: I was, on the one Side, too faithful to the Office I filled, and on the other, too zealous a Friend to Truth.

I confess you do not say it was I that made the Overtures; but only that they were made in my Name, particularly to Sir George Yonge and Mr. Fitzherbert. I assure you I do not know either of these Gentlemen, and never authorised any Person whatever to make, in my Name, such Overtures, which the Abhorrence alone I have for Calumny, would make me detest.

I call upon you, therefore, Sir, to lay before the public the Name of the audacious Person who has made Use of mine to cover his own odious Offers. The Gentlemen whom you have given as your Witnesses, cannot deny you this Justification of their own Veracity and your's.

Though I cannot but commend your Integrity in citing your Authors, yet it appears to me, an Act of the last Imprudence, in an Affair of so much Weight, to build upon Report for naming publicly a Person of my Character, without having previously consulted him. If you had recollected the Contradiction I gave him. In the St. James's Chronicle of October 25, 1766, No. 381, to an Advertisement in the same Paper, No. 875, importing, in Substance, what you alledge in your last Letter, you had saved me the Trouble of replying to you at this Time. What must be the Result? The Public will have read greedily your Letter; will have believed its Contents, because you appeal therein to my Testimony: But what will they think now, when your own Interest, my Honour and Truth oblige me to deny all that you have advanced thereon with Respect to me?

It is the same with your Pretence that "about the 17th of May, 1765, Mr. Fitzherbert told you, he knew that Overtures had been made to me to sell for a Sum of Money the Papers that were in my Hands."

I have always flattered myself with being possessed of the Esteem and Friendship of the English with whom I have lived. Who of them then in these Sentiments, would have presumed to have shewn sufficient Contempt for me, to have made me such an Overture? The Injury would have been the more sensibly felt by me, as the Character of the Person was more respectable.

I shall not follow you, Sir, either in all the Steps you have thought it your Duty to take, or in the Arguments you make Use of to support them: These shew the Orator, and those, if they be well founded, prove the Patriot.

But I here certify to you, on my Word of Honour, and in the Face of the Public, that I cannot be of any sort of Use to you; that I never entered into any Treaty for the Sale of my Papers, and never either by myself or any Agent authorised on my Part, offered to make appear, that the Peace had been sold to France.

If Lord Halifax, or the Speaker, to whom you say you addressed yourself, in order to call upon me as Evidence with Respect to the Validity of your Charge, had caused me to be cited, he might have known by my Answers what my Thoughts were, that England rather gave Money to France than France to England, to conclude the last Peace; and that the Happiness I had in concurring to the great Work of Peace has inspired me with Sentiments of the justest Veneration for the English Commissioners who had been employed in it, and with the most lively Esteem and sincerest Admiration for the late Count de Viry, who in the Attachment to the Welfare of the Two Nations then at War, and Thanks to his indefatigable Zeal! Had the Glory of bringing that Peace to a happy Conclusion.

Judge now, Sir, with what Solidity you can depend upon me to make your Charge clear.

I am too well known in England to have been under any Necessity of this Reply, if the Frankness of your Letter had not appeared to me to merit my preventing you from taking any further Steps, which could not but turn to your Prejudice, in as much as they would be founded solely on false Reports of my Proceedings.

In order to enable you to be as prudent as Patriotic, I sign this Letter, and therein give you my Address, that for the Maintenance of your own Veracity you may furnish me with the Means of convicting publicly those Slanderers who have dared to make Use of my Name, in a Manner still more repugnant to real Facts, than the Dignity with which I have ever supported my Character.

I have the Honour of being,
Your most humble Servant,

In Petty-France,
Westminster.

THE CHEVALIER D'EON.

To the PRINTER of the PUBLIC ADVERTISER.

S I R,

THE Address of Dr. Musgrave, in your Paper of Saturday, might have appeared extraordinary and alarming, did it not present, itself, a Clue for unravelling what might otherwise be thought a Military. Unfortunately for the Doctor, if he has any Designs by his Discovery, to raise himself into Consequence, he has discovered too much not to render his Designs abortive. At the same Time that his acknowledging that "he must not be understood that he can support the Charge himself," betrays a Precipitancy of Conduct, if not a very finisious Intention: The Man to whose Evidence he ultimately appeals is too well known, to be an irrefragable Witness in this Country.

The Contest between the French Minister and Mons. D'Eon, is as much understood here, as that trivial Subject deserves. The Dispassionate, and indeed the whole Nation, declared in favour of the former; and the best Apology made for the latter, was, that the Situation of his Mind made some Excuse for a Conduct of wild, extravagant and foolish. That in the height of Passion he might have said something like what Dr. Musgrave asserts, I am far from contradicting; but the sure I am, that every Man who heard the Tale at the Time thought it too improbable to deserve any serious Notice.

One Conclusive Argument against the Truth of Dr. Musgrave's Insinuation is, that the Heads of the present Opposition must, of all Men in the World, be the best known to the Circumstances of the whole Story. Is it in any Degree probable; can the greatest Simpleton believe, that when they employ every Engine against the Ministry, they should so long neglect the most Efficacious one?—Would they permit an obscure Practitioner in Cornwall, to be the first Complainer of a Misdemeanor, which ought to have long since shook the Senate.

It is impossible; Dr. Musgrave must have been imposed upon by some busy Liberty-Mongers, or else he has a finisious Design himself to impose. I wish, for his sake, the first may be the Case; for of the Two Characters of Knave and Fool, the latter is the best.

I am, Sir,
Your humble Servant,

DETECTOR.

PETERSBURGH, August 15.

THE Court has received a Courier from Prince Gallitzin, who is encamped before Choczim with the following Advices: On the 2d Instant Prince Gallitzin received Advices, that several Thousands of Criminals, under the Command of their Kan, and a large Detachment of Turks, were in full March, with Nineteen Pieces of Cannon, to attack our Army, and endeavour to get a large Supply of Provisions and Ammunition into Choczim, accordingly the next Morning early, our light Troops discovered the Enemy, which marched so fast, that by Noon the advanced Guards of both Armies fired upon each other; at Two o'clock the Enemy extended their Line, as if they intended to surround us, and attack us on all Sides at once. Soon after they began to attack our light Troops, and though these, supported by the Cavalry, repulsed them several Times, the Enemy fell upon them in different Places with so much Fury, that they penetrated as far as the Redoubts on the left Wing of our Army; notwithstanding which, our Artillery and Bombs made such Havock among them, that they were obliged to retire. At length the Turks, and Tartars, finding all their Attempts unsuccessful, ran away with great Precipitation, about Eight o'clock in the Evening, and were pursued several Werles by our light Troops.

During these Attacks, a large Detachment of the besieged made a Sally from Choczim, in order to frustrate the Design of those who came to their Assistance, but were driven back with Loss. The Loss of the Enemy upon the whole must have been very considerable, and it appeared by the Drefs of those who were killed, that many of them belonged to the Confederates. Our Loss consisted only of some Hussars killed and wounded. There are none of the Enemy now near our Camp; the light Troops which were sent in Pursuit the next Day, not having found any within Twenty Werles. Choczim continues still to be blockaded up and bombarded.

PARIS, August 25. A Letter from Chandanagor, dated Jan. 19, 1769, says, Our Neighbours, the English, have been soundly drubbed, by a certain Andonock, who, after Seven Days fighting, killed them

Five or Six Hundred Whites, (a considerable Loss in that Country) and at least 4000 Blacks. They are in the utmost Consternation; but at the same Time it is true, we are never the better; for, by their Craft in Nabob-making, they have extremely cramped our Commerce; yet this is in a great Measure owing to the wrong Steps of Administration at home.

August 18. It is said that the Government proposes to cultivate Tobacco in the Island of Corfica, and there is Reason to believe that the greatest Part, if not the whole of that Commodity, which is consumed in France, may be raised in that Island.

NEISS, Aug. 26. Last Night the Emperor paid a Visit to the Prince of Prussia, his Imperial Majesty, and the King of Prussia, afterwards supped together in the King's Apartment. When Supper was over, their Imperial and Prussian Majesties continued in Conversation together 'til Midnight.

This Morning the Emperor saw the Troops exercised, and expressed great Admiration at the Quickness of their Firing.

HAGUE, Sept. 7. Some Letters from the Frontiers of Poland say, that Prince Gallitzin has desisted from his Attack upon Choczim, and repassed the Niefter.

L O N D O N,

Sept. 7. It was reported this Morning, that the total Suppression of our Admiralty Courts, in the American Colonies, would soon take Place.

By a Letter from the Downs, received Yesterday, we learn, that a Merchant Ship, bound for Oporto, is come to anchor there, and waits only to take L—H— on board, who is said to be going to Italy. It is also said, that another Ship lies ready, with several Months Provision on board, for the Use of the same great Person.

As soon as Prince Gallitzin takes Choczim, he proposes to march towards Jaffe. The Confederates in Poland, are always routed, wherever the Russians meet with them. The Col. Prince Gallitzin, with a Detachment of 200 Men, met on the 15th with 4000 of the Malecontents and 17 Cannon, commanded by one Birginsky, totally routed them, near Bialistock, and took Ten Pieces of Cannon.

Major Gen. Tottleben is to be at Kifar, with the Corps under his Command, where he is to act in Concert with Solomon, Prince of Imeritz, and Heraclius (the famous Prince of Georgia, who we have not heard of for some Time past) who have put themselves under the Protection of the Empire, and offer'd their Service against the Turks.

By a List of the French Fleet, said to be authentic, they have now 1 Ship of 116 Guns, 1 of 110, 1 of 90, 5 of 80, 23 of 74, 2 of 70, 23 of 64, 8 of 50, 5 others of the Line on the Stocks at Rochfort, 25 Frigates of 40 Guns to 22, and 8 Xebecs of 20 Guns, in all 76 Ships of the Line, 25 Frigates, and 8 Xebecs.

To the PRINTER.

S I R,

I THINK it my Duty to contradict a Report I find in the Papers, by declaring that no Employment or Emolument, either present or in Reversion, was ever offered to me by the Ministry, or any Person on their Behalf.

Plymouth, Sept. 8.

S. MUSGRAVE.

Sept. 8. The Account of the Earl of Bute having set out for France, which was mentioned Yesterday in one of the Morning Papers, is entirely void of Foundation; and, we are assured, upon good Authority, that his Lordship has at present no Intention to pay another Visit to the Continent.

It is said Sir Jeffery Amherst will be appointed Commander in Chief of all the Forces in North-America, in the Room of General Gage.

Sept. 9. Letters from Stockholm, of the 20th ult. advise, that the unexpected Demand lately made by a Turk, who arrived in that City the Beginning of that Month, from Constantinople, reclaiming, on the Part of the Porte, the Sums advanced there to the late Charles XII of Sweden, at the Time he resided at Bender, has occasioned much Consternation to the King and States of Sweden, as the present Condition of their Finances admit not conveniently of complying with the Demand, and a Refusal may probably occasion a Rupture between the Court of Stockholm and the Porte, which some People suppose is clearly intended by the latter.

Some Letters from Hamburg mention, that the Commander in Chief of the Russian Fleet, has Orders to oppose Force to Force, in Case of being in the least obstructed by a certain Naval Power, whose Neutrality is greatly suspected at the Court of Petersburg.

They write from Breil, that a Fleet is fitting out there, but its Destination remains unknown.

A certain Letter has thrown a great Damp on the Expectations of any further Discovery into a very important Charge, for whatever might have appeared at the Bottom on an Examination, the learned Doctor's Plan, being so ill concerted, will, in all Probability, fail of the intended Effect.

Sept. 23. Monday some Dispatches were sent to the Commissioners of Portsmouth and Plymouth, said to be relative to the fitting out several Men of War for immediate Service.

We hear, by a Gentleman who arrived in Town on Sunday last from France, that the French are fitting

ent Fleet at Brest, with the utmost Expedition; and it is conjectured this Fleet is destined to prevent the Russian Fleet sailing to the Archipelago.

A Letter from Paris says, "By a Ship just arrived from the Isle of France at L'Orient, there is Advice, that the famous Andernee, known under the Name of Hyder Ally, had summoned and forced the Governor of Pondicherry to deliver to him a great Quantity of Arms; which, it was supposed, would be sent by the English. It is certain, that the said Hyder Ally has drawn into his Service a Number of Europeans, and more especially French."

It is confidently asserted, that the Three great Men at the Head of the Law, the Army, and the Navy, have each of them assured a certain great patriotic Earl of their entire Attachment to his Lordship's Opinions on public Affairs, and are ready to co-operate in any Measures his Lordship shall propose whenever he pleases to set forth again.

A few Days ago Mr. Allen, Father to the young Man who was shot some Time ago in St. George's Field, delivered a Petition to his Majesty at St. James's.

Mr. Payton, Master of the White Lion, at Stratford, upon Avon, sent an Order to London, a short Time before the present Jubilee, for 300 Dozens of Paper Plates, 500 Dozen of Knives and Forks, 100 Dozen of Pewter Plates, 10 Pipes of Wine, 50 Dozen of Steaks and Kettles, and 100 Waiters.

Sept. 14. It was carried last Wednesday at the East-India House, by a Majority of 82, against giving the Officers of the Crown, commanding Ships of the Line, any Share in the Deliberations and Resolutions of the Company, in regard to making Peace and declaring War.

There have been many different Reports concerning the Russian Fleet; but it is now asserted, there is no Account yet received of its having passed the Sound. Men of War and Transports, are lying out in different Ports of the Baltic; and the chief Rendezvous, we hear, is to be at Revel.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, September 3.

"An Affair has long been in Agitation here, in which many People interest themselves very much, which is nothing less than the Creation of a Lieutenant General of the united Provinces. A Proposal for the Establishment of such an Office has been brought before the Assembly of the States of Holland, and very warmly pushed there, in Favour of Duke Louis of Brunswick, Field Marshal in the Service of the States General. The King of Prussia is said to have been very much at Heart.

Some private Letters from Stockholm intimate, that Sweden will sooner or later, be induced to become a Party in the Difference between the Turks and Russians; and that the French Court has endeavoured to stimulate the Swedes to take this Opportunity to break with Russia, in order to recover the Territories which they were obliged to give up last War. It is said, that the French Minister has had several Conferences upon this Subject, both with the King and his Senators.

"There is a Talk of General Paoli's setting out for England next Tuesday."

By Letters from Leghorn we are assured, that no less than 22 Transports, laden with French Troops, have lately sailed from Corsica to the Continent. The Men were in general very sickly, occasioned by the excessive Heat of the Weather, and the Hardships they were obliged to undergo in the Reduction of that Island.

By an authentic Letter from a Gentleman at Venice, we are assured, that the late Accident which happened by the Thunder falling upon the Theatre at Feltre, during the Performance of a new Opera, was attended with some very extraordinary Circumstances: The Shock put out all the Candles, burnt the Hair of a Lady entirely off her Head, and melted the Gold Calf of her Warch, and the Fringe of her Robe, without doing her any other Hurt; Six Persons had their Shoes burnt of their Feet; the Ear-Rings of several Ladies were melted; and the Stones split all to Pieces; and one of the Performers in the Orchestra had his Violoncello broke into a Thousand Shivers, without receiving any Damage himself.

ST. JAMES'S, Sept. 15. His Majesty in Council was this Day pleased to order, that the Parliament, which stands prorogued to Wednesday the Twentieth of this Inst. Sept. should be further prorogued to Tuesday the Fourteenth Day of November next.

EDINBURGH, September 12.

Extract of a Letter from London, September 8.

The Affair of Dr. Musgrave is making a Noise here; he accuses some great Personages of Bribery, in the Affair of the late Peace; but whether the Charge is true or false, the World must judge, when they see the Proofs. Some say he can bring little or no Evidence of the Facts he asserts.

There is a Talk that the Russian Fleet of 20 Sail of the Line, will be obstructed in their Passage to Constantinople by the French; whether Britain will interfere in this Affair or not is uncertain.

GLASGOW, September 14.

As every Piece of Information respecting the Progress of the great Canal, now making between the Rivers Forth and Clyde, must be agreeable to our Readers, we take this Opportunity to inform them, that there are now upwards of Fifty Men at work in the Dollator Bog (the Point of Partition or highest Ground between the Two Rivers) a little to the Eastward of Kilfirth, and that in general that great Undertaking succeeds in every Respect beyond Expectation.

BOSTON, November 9.

The Merchants of this Town have lately agreed not to import any Goods, some few Articles excepted, from Great-Britain, until all the Revenue Acts are repealed; a Subscription has been opened for this Purpose, and has been signed by all the Importers in Town, except Ten or Twelve, who at present do not see their Way clear to sign.

We hear the Importation by the John Galley, Tho. Allen, Master, who arrived here last Tuesday, from London, is very small.—That there are but few Articles on board but what are allowed of by the Mer-

chants Agreement, and those in Town to whom they are consigned, have agreed to deliver them to the Committee of Inspection.

NEW-YORK, November 17.

The Lord Hyde Packet, Capt. Goddard, and the Halifax, Capt. Goodridge, were arrived at Falmouth the 12th of September.

By Advices of the 8th of September, there appeared no Prospect of a Change in the Ministry, nor consequently of Measures, though it was thought Petitions against both would be sent to his Majesty, from every County, and most Corporations in England. But the Ministerial Writers, by whom the Papers are crowded, affect to treat every Thing and Person that appears against the Administration, as being factious, contemptible and ridiculous.

Nov. 20. Many Letters by Captain Winn, from London, agree in assuring those they are wrote to; that it is the general Opinion in England, that the American Revenue Acts will be repealed when the Parliament meets; as the Eyes of those in Power get more and more open to Conviction every Day; though there are many that yet shut their Eyes against it.—One Letter of the 9th of September, says, the Mail to go by the Packet, was to be closed that Day for New-York.

WILLIAMSBURG, November 16.

The Ship some Time ago mentioned to be ashore on the Capes proves to be the Randolph, Andrews, from Bristol, bound to Maryland, with upwards of a Hundred Convicts on board. The Vessel is entirely lost, and great Part of the Cargo damaged, but all the Crew saved. Several of the Convicts have dispersed themselves about the Country, but the Bulk are sent to the Place of their Destination. She was the Property of Captain William Randolph, of Bristol.

PHILADELPHIA.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated Sept. 9, 1769.

Governor Bernard is arrived, and was at Court a few Days ago. But what will be the Determination, with Respect to America, is yet uncertain. He is not a welcome Visitor to the Ministry, as, by his Personality and Fondness for Despotism, he has irritated his Assembly, and urged them to declare their Opinion on Points which the A—n wished to be undecided.—The Dispute is now brought to a Crisis, as the Assembly, with great Propriety, refuse to grant Money, by Direction of the Three Estates of this Kingdom.—The Americans have (or have not) a Right to dispose of their own Money; and surely it is immaterial to them, whether they are commanded to give it by one Part, or by all Parts of the British Legislature. The Ground they should stand firmly and undauntedly on, is the Disposal of their own Money; otherwise, from the universal Prevalence of Luxury, Corruption, and Dissipation in this Kingdom, we shall soon be broken in our Spirits, and bankrupted in our Fortunes.

The Massachusetts Assembly have resolved like Free-Men. And it is not in the Power of this Kingdom, consistent with its own Commerce, to injure the Americans.—You have nothing to do but to remain firm to your Engagements, and practise more Economy and Industry, and all will be well.—I am rejoiced at the Account you gave me of the Spirit for manufacturing, which is spreading with you, and that your People have a Fondness for raising Silk.—A Stranger would imagine, when he heard the British Orators, &c. in the House of Commons, that they were the most cordial Friends to poor America; but, alas! all their Declarations mean no more, than as they apprehend the Dispute between the Two Countries furnishes them with a good Handle to attack the present Rulers, and expel them from their Seats; therefore they hallow away in Favour of the Rights and Privileges of their distant Brethren. But rest assured, and propagate this Truth, that if we mean to establish our Liberties on an immovable Basis, we must not rely on British Patriots or Orators, but must do it for ourselves.

ANNAPOLIS, December 7.

Last Week the Honourable the Lower House of Assembly were pleased to take into Consideration, the Merits of a Petition from Baltimore County, complaining of an undue Election of Burgesses to represent said County, wherein was set forth, that the Notice given was too short, and the Polls closed at a Time when a Number of Electors were on their Way to Baltimore-Town, to give their Voices. On a full Hearing, and due Consideration of the Matter, the House were of Opinion, that the Proceedings were illegal, and Writs have been issued for a new Election.

To-morrow comes the Election for Two Members to represent Prince-George's County, in the room of Major Francis Waring, and William Murdock, Esq; deceased.

To be sold to the highest Bidder, at the Subscriber's Mill, near Upper-Marlbrough, on Friday the 15th Day of December,

SEVERAL likely SLAVES; among which is a likely young Fellow who understands keeping a Water-Mill, with sundry Household Furniture, and Stock of Horses and Cattle, late the Property of John Scott, deceased. The Sale to begin at Twelve o'Clock, and continue 'til all are sold off. Good London Bills of Exchange, or Current Money will be taken in Payment. DANIEL CARROLL.

THERE is at the Plantation of Joseph Macabbin, living on the North Side of Severn, taken up as a Stray, an Iron-gray MARE, 12 Hands high, has a Star in her Forehead, appears by her Sides to have been used to the Plough, and has a Brand on the near Buttock not intelligible.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property and paying Charges.

Annapolis, December 7, 1769.

ON inspecting the Papers of Mr. Joshua Johnson, it appears that his Goods, imported in the Ship Lord Cambden, were ordered, by his Letter to be shipped April 14, 1769, agreeable to his Intention signified in a former Letter, dated Sept. 16, 1768, which satisfies the Committee, that the Orders given were prior to the general Association.

Signed per Order,

Nov. 21, 1769. THO. BROOK-HODGKIN, Cl. especially appointed.

JUST IMPORTED.

In the Lord Cambden, Captain John Johnson, and to be sold, by Wholesale or Retail, by the Subscriber, at his Store, in Church-Street, near the Dock, for Sterling Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Current Money,

A COMPLETE Assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable to the Season, amongst which are the following: Stoughton's Bitters, Turlington's Balsam, British Oil, Hill's Pedicular Balsam of Honey, Bardana, Ward's Head-ach Drops, Anderson's Pills, Pepper, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Sugar-Candy, Hyson, Congo, and Bohia Teas, Sago, Fig Brine, Salt-Petre, Durban Mustard, and Salad Oil, Lemons by the half Chest, Quart & Chest, or Dozen, a few genteel plain and striped Luteatings, Ladies white and black Patent and other Silk Gloves and Mitts, Mens white Silk Gloves, white and colour'd Silk Stockings, Ermine and colour'd Silk Trimmings, black wave, Fan, white Blond and Lappet Lace; a genteel Assortment of Gauzes, Gauze Handkerchiefs and Aprons, folded, Apron width Book-Muzlin, black and white Cargut, black and white Paris Net, Wax, black Garnet and Pearl Necklaces, Garnet and Paste Ear-Rings, yellow marking Canvass, Thread and Silk Turbans and Tippets, Ladies black Hat Feathers, black and white Ostrich and Swan Plumes, with Two and Three Falls, Ladies genteel colour'd Sultana ditto, China Egrets, flowered and Blond ditto, Silver Sprigs, Ladies Brest Flowers, new fashioned Stomachers and Sleeve Bows, very neat fashionable Feather and Sattin Muffs and Tippets.

To those who have hitherto favoured me with their Custom, I return my very sincere Thanks, and shall be glad that any who have Dealings with me, upwards of Twelve Months standing, will take an early Opportunity of paying me. I intend to sell Retail, at One Hundred per Cent. for ready Money. A Continuance of the Favours of my former good Customers, will oblige

Their obedient Servant, JOSHUA JOHNSON.

Annapolis, December 6, 1769.

JUST IMPORTED.

In the Frederick, Captain Nicholson, and to be sold by Thomas Gallaway, jun. or the Subscriber,

A CARGO of European and East-India GOODS, divided into Assortments of different Values, from 700*l.* and upwards, to 1300*l.* and upwards. The same will be sold at a moderate Advance, for ready Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit; the Purchaser, in the latter Way, giving Bond, with good Security, if required. LEGH MASTER.

The Committee of Merchants of this City, having fully considered all the Papers, and Evidence relative to this Affair, and being quite satisfied, that in the Purchase and Importation of these Goods, nothing has been done contrary to the true Spirit and Intention of the Articles of Association of this Province, unanimously consented to their being landed, and disposed of in such Manner as I should think proper. L. M.

December 2, 1769.

To be SOLD at Public Vendue, by the Subscribers, at their Dwelling Plantation, near the Patuxent Iron-Works, on Wednesday the 20th Instant, for Sterling Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Current Money,

A PARCEL OF LIKELY COUNTRY BORN SLAVES. RICHARD & SAMUEL CHENEY.

To be sold, for ready Money, on the First Day of January, by Mr. Charles Goldsborough,

ALL the Land that belonged to Mrs. Elizabeth Adair, in Kent County, Eastern Shore. The Sale to be at Mr. George Laburn's, New-Town-Chester. The Quality need not be mentioned, as it is well known to be good: The Land adjoining, belonging to her Sister, sold at 3*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* per Acre. Capt. John Poffey is to attend the Sale. Mrs. Poffey being indisposed, prevented his attending the Sale on the First Tuesday in this Month, and the Sale at Baltimore-Town. (3w)

To be sold by the Subscriber, living in Annapolis, opposite Mr. Nathan Hammond's,

AN Indented Servant MAN, who has upwards of Four Years to serve; he is an excellent Perukemaker and Hair-Dresser. Any Person inclinable to purchase him, may know the Terms, by applying to JOHN HARTLOVE.

TAKEN up in West-River, about the last of November, a small BOAT, about Eleven or Twelve Feet Keel, branded on the Stern W C, and on the larboard Bow the same; has Two Ringbolts, one in her Head, the other in her Stern, and Two Chestnut-Oars. The Owner may have her again, on proving Property and paying Charges, by applying to SELE TUCKER.

W. S. L. D. by Mr. Rick-Town Mary PALMER's WA

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SOLD by Mr. John Metcalf, living in Frederick-Town, Maryland, at Twelve Shillings per Bottle, **PALMER'S WATER**, for the safe, easy, and expeditious Cure of the **STONE and GRAVEL**,

WHICH entirely dissolves the Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys, and brings it away with all the Sand and gravelly Matter that may accompany it, without any Recourse to the painful Operations of Cutting or Probing. On first taking this Water, the Outlets of the Stone appears in a red, glossy, and scaly Form, on the Sides and Bottom of the Vessels receiving the Urine; but after taking it some Time, the Inside of the Stone comes away gradually, of a Freestone itself in small Particles, or in Sand; and at Colour, either in small Particles, or in Sand; and at last in a sandy Substance. Those who take this Water, are desired, for their own Satisfaction, to save the Quantity of their Urine, for, as they see the Quantity of the dissolved Stone that comes away increase, they will find their Pains and Complaints decrease in the same Proportion. This Water not only cleanses the Vessels of the Mafs of Blood, freeing it from all Acidities, to prevent the breeding of that tartarous Mucilage, from which proceed the Stone, Gout, Scurvy, Dropsy, and many other Chronic Diseases. It likewise gives immediate Ease in all Pains arising from internal Ulcers, especially those in the Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, and urinary Passages, which it soon cleanses and effectually heals up. Persons who feel Pain in the Back, Loins or Kidneys, attended with Difficulty, or Pain, in making Urine, Sickness of the Stomach, or Dimness in the Eyes, by taking but Three or Four Bottles of this Water, might soon be thoroughly convinced, that the Stone, or Gravel, is the Cause of their Complaints, which before, perhaps, they had spent much Time and Money to find out the Source of, to no Purpose, as has been the Case of many People lately cured by this Medicine. In these Complaints, some have taken such violent Medicines, and such immoderate Exercise, as to make the Stone come down so low, that nothing but Probing could give them Relief; that nothing but merely taking this Water, the Stone has been softened and broke, and brought off in a short Time, in Pieces of different Sizes, as may be seen by the applying to the Persons cured, who will justify the Truth hereof. What makes this Water more valuable, is the gentleness of its Operations, which is by Urine only, and the pleasantness of its Flavour. It never hurts or sickens the Stomach, but rather creates an Appetite; and, what is very extraordinary, it requires no particular Diet or Confinement, so that the Patient may follow his Business as if he had taken nothing. It may be taken by Persons ever so young or old; by those of the most delicate Constitution, and even labouring under a Complication of Disorders. Persons of undoubted Veracity, cured by this Stone-Water, will be made known, by enquiring of Mr. Stephen Palmer, the Proprietor, in Warwick-Court, Holborn; or of Mr. Robert Peacock, at the Golden Lion, near Somerset House, in the Strand, whom Mr. Palmer has appointed (and him only) to dispose of the same, with himself, Price Six Shillings a Bottle.

At the above Places may be seen, the various Sorts of Gravel and Sediments extracted by Means of the said Water.

DIRECTIONS for taking the **STONE and GRAVEL-WATER**.

THE Patient must take Half the Quantity contained in one Bottle, mixt with an equal Quantity of White Wine, and as much Loaf Sugar as will sweeten it to the Palate; the whole made Blood-warm, Two Hours before Breakfast; but, in Cases of Extremity, at any Time when the Stomach is empty. In ordinary Cases, it is to be taken every 24 Hours; but in great Pain, or where the Disorder has been of long standing, every 12 Hours; 'til the Patient finds himself easy.

N. B. To prevent Counterfeits, all the Bottles containing this Medicine, are sealed with Palmer's Arms, with these Words round the Seal, **PALMER'S STONE-WATER**.

The NAMES of the Persons cured by the **STONE-WATER**.

MR. Williams, at the Green Dragon, Fleet-Street. A Child of Five Years old, recommended by Mrs. Worlington, at the Musical-Clock, Fleet-Street.

"This is to certify, That I **Thomas Hurst**, of Ropewalk, in the County of Lincoln, Chaplain to his Grace the Duke of Rutland, had Scorbatic Eruptions on my Ears, and in my Neck, and on the back Part of my Head, and a violent Pain in my right Leg and Ankle, that I took a Water for about Six Weeks, made by Mr. Palmer, in Warwick-Court, Holborn, London; and that I am now clear and quite free from the Breakings out, and have no Pain in my right Leg and Ankle, I thought it a Duty incumbent on me to make my Case public, that others might have the same Relief, as well as myself, in the same Disorder."

Jan. 13, 1769.

THOMAS HURST.

"For Eighteen Years past I have been afflicted with that terrible Disorder the Stone; I have had the Advice of many able Physicians, but found no Relief; by Chance, I met with a Bill of Mr. Palmer's (of Warwick-Court, Holborn,) Stone-Water, which so described my Case: I was willing to try it; happy it was for me, I found Relief from the first of my taking it. I continued it for some Time, and I have parted with such a Quantity of dissolved Stone that is not credible; it may be seen by applying to **D. Dainton**, in Little Kirby-Street, Hatton-Garden."

"For Nine Years past I have been greatly afflicted with violent pains in my Stomach, and have had the Advice of some of the best Physicians in England, and, after taking almost every Thing within the Practice of Physic, without Effect, I was recommended to the Use of Palmer's Stone-Water, of Warwick-Court, Holborn; from the Application thereof, I found the Stone my Complaint. I have found Relief in my Disorder, having voided large Quantities of Stone, and Matter seeming to be Stone dissolved. At present I am free from

Pains, which I have not been for many Years before. I therefore think it incumbent on me, for the Benefit of the Public, to make it known.

JANE BROOKBANK, Widow to the Rev. Mr. Brookbank, Rector of Stepney.

"The Truth of this may be known, by enquiring at Mr. Brookbank's, Stationer, Fumivall's-Lane."

THERE is at the Plantation of **Thomas Stevens**, living on the Pips-Creek Road, near Moor's Mill, taken up as a Stray, a bay MARE, about Three Years old, a natural Pacer, and branded on the near Thigh, W. The Owner may have her again, on proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of **John Green**, taken up as Strays, a bay MARE, about 13 Hands high, appears to be branded on the near Buttock, but not to be distinguished, has a hanging Mane, Bob-Tail, and has some white Hairs on her off hind Foot, a Star in her Forehead, Snip on her Nose, and appears to have been used to the Draft. The other a bay MARE, about Twelve and an Half Hands high, no perceivable Brand, hanging Mane, Switch Tail, her hind near Foot white, has a Star in her Forehead, Snip on her Nose, and appears to have been used to the Draft. The Owner may have them again, on proving Property and paying Charges.

HERE is at the Plantation of **William Goforth**, near **Harpers Forest**, a black HORSE, about Fourteen Hands high, branded on the off Buttock thus —, has Saddle Spots and trots.

The Owner may have him again, on proving Property and paying Charges.

November 23, 1769.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of **Reuelo Monk**, late of Baltimore County, deceased, are desired to come and pay of their respective Balances; and those who have any just Claims against said Estate, are desired to bring them in, legally proved, that they may be adjusted and paid, by

HENRY RESTON, Executor.

WILLIAM BARBER, the Calvert POST, earnestly desires all those indebted by Subscription, to pay off their respective Balances, which will enable him to perform his different Stages as usual.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

Danvers, October 14, 1769.

RAN away last Night, a Convict Servant Man, named **WILLIAM POWELL**, about 40 Years of Age, or upwards, born in some of the inland Counties in England, and speaks very plain English, he is 5 Feet 9 Inches high, has short dark gray Hair, writes a pretty good Hand, and has probably wrote some Letters, or made out a Pals, as he is an artful Fellow; Had on, when he went away, a strong Kersey Jacket, or short Coat, pretty much wore, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, too large for him, a Pair of Aberdeen ribbed Holes, and a Pair of good Country Shoes almost new. He has also taken with him, an old Suit of black Cloaths, some Stockings and Smirts, he left Word in the Kitchen that he was going to kill Ducks, so that he was not directly missed. It is very likely that he is either gone down **Pawmuck** River, or got over to Maryland. Whoever takes up said Servant, and brings him to me, shall be paid Five Pounds, if taken Twenty Miles, from thence, or upwards, and if nearer, Three Pounds.

(4w)

RICHARD GRAHAM.

To be sold by the **SUBSCRIBER**, at his Store, in South East Street, Annapolis.

MUSCOVADO Sugar of the first Quality, by the Barrel, or smaller Quantity, on very reasonable Terms: Also the best Bohea Tea, Spermacei Candles, Loaf Sugar, Chocolate, Allspice, Saccet Oil, genuine high scented **Straßburg** Rappee, and **Scott** Snuff, excellent **Jesuit's** Bark, **Furlington's** Balsam, **Duffy's** Elixir, Sago, Sena, Court Plaster, **Stroughton's** Bitters, **British** Oil, double distilled **Lavender** Water, Spirit of **Hartshorn**, Aloes, Flower of **Brimstone**, and a few Bottles of the celebrated **Beau de Vie**; with an Assortment of Dry Goods, among which are several Pieces of fashionable Silks, Silk and Mignonet Lace, and Gauzes, which will be sold cheap for ready Money.

THOMAS BROOKE HOGKIN.

To be SOLD, or LET, on Lease, for TEN YEARS, THE valuable WATER-MILLS, in Charles County, on the Head of **Allen's** Fresh. Twenty Acres of Land, on which the Mills, &c. stand, were condemned, and a Lease granted for a Number of Years, about 72 of which are to come—There are 4 Pair of Stones on 1 Dam, 2 Tub Mills, and a Double-geered Under-shot Mill, which carries 2 Pair of Stones and 2 Bolting Clothes, all new and well fixed.—On the Premises are a good Dwelling-House and Store adjoining, a Brick Bake-House, with an Oven that will draw 125 lb of Bread at once, a Granary, Kitchen, and several Out-Houses, it is likewise well situated for Custom, and convenient for Trade.

Any Person that inclines to purchase, may have Seven Years Time of Payment, on giving bond and Security, if required, and paying the Interest annually; or, if on Lease, the Rent must be paid annually.

THOMAS CONTEE,

JAMES SWANN.

ALBOT County SCHOOL being now vacant, any Person who can produce proper Testimonials of his Qualification for that Trust, will be treated with by the Visitors.

Signed by Order,

THOMAS GOLDSBOROUGH, Register.

STOLEN from the Subscriber, living near Antietam, on the 19th of October, a light roan HORSE, about 13 Hands 3 Inches high, is a natural Pacer, has a Brand, a switch Tail, some Saddle Spots on his Back, and his Mane hangs on the near Side. Whoever secures said Horse, so that he may be had again, shall have Three Pounds Currency Reward, and Five Pounds for the Thief, if convicted.

(w4)

THOMAS POWELL.

Calvert County, November 7, 1769.

THE Subscriber once more requests all those who are indebted to him, to make speedy Payment: Those who do not comply with this Request, may depend on being dealt with, according to law.

JAMES INNESS.

N. B. Wheat, Corn, or Oats, will be taken in Payment.

THE Subscriber, late from the Borough of Lancaster, in the Province of Pennsylvania, takes this Method of informing the Public, that he has opened a large and commodious House of Entertainment, in the Town of Baltimore, at the Corner of Gay and Baltimore Streets, opposite the Market-House, lately occupied by Mr. Andrew Stiger, and may be known now by the one Fun and Bacchus, where all Gentlemen, who please to favour him, may depend on good Entertainment, from

Their very humble Servant,

JOHN LIT LE.

(w6)

Dorchester County, October 30, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 29th Inst. a yellow Negro Man, named **FRANK**, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, is a thick, well made, strong Fellow, much given to Liquor, and is very impudent; he has a remarkable Scar on one of his Arms, occasioned by the Bite of a Person he was engaged with in a Fight: Had on and took with him, a blue Fear-nought Jacket, a Welsh Cotton, and a brown Cloth ditto, old Osnabrig Shirt, a new ditto not made, Fustian Breeches, white Stockings and a new Pair of Pumps. Whoever secures said Fellow, so that I get him again, shall receive Five Dollars besides what they are lawfully entitled to, from

(7w) **WILLIAM GRAY.**

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, living near Notting ham, in Prince-George's County, the following Tracts, or Parcels of Land, lying in the County aforesaid, viz.

WHEELER'S PARK, containing 503 Acres, lying about Half-way between Nottingham and Piscataway. The Land is level, and fit for farming. About Ten Acres of it cleared, the rest in Woods.

Part of a Tract, called **ALLISON'S FORREST ENLARGED**, containing 148 Acres, lying between **Bladenburg** and **George-Town**. About 27 Acres of which is cleared, on which is a young Orchard. There is on the said Land, about 15 Acres of valuable low Ground fit for Meadow.

PERRIE'S FARM, containing 50 Acres, lying about a Mile and a Quarter from the **Eastern-branch-Ferry**, on the Road leading from **Upper-Marlbrough** towards the said Ferry: This is all Woods.

THE ADDITION to FOX-HALL, containing 21 Acres: This Land lies near a Run, called **Oxon-Run**.

Any Person inclinable to purchase the above Lands, may be inform'd of the Title and Terms, by applying to

(w4)

JOHN F. A. PRIGGS.

WILLIAM FARIS,
CLOCK and WATCHMAKER,
At the Crown and Dial, near the Church, in West-Street, ANNAPOLIS.

BEGS Leave to inform the Public, that he has engaged Two exceeding good Workmen, (one of whom has been a Finisher several Years to the celebrated Mr. Allam) and carries on the above Business in all their various Branches.—The Gold, Silver-smiths and Jewellers Business he still carries on in the neatest and best Manner.—He also executes any Orders he may be favoured with for Chair Work, having lately supplied himself with a good Workman, and has now for Sale, several Dozens of very neat black Walnut Chairs.—Those who shall please to honour him with their Commands, may depend on being faithfully served on reasonable Terms, and with the utmost Dispatch.—He continues to keep Tavern, having supplied himself with the best of Liquors, Hay and Oats, where Gentlemen will meet, with polite Treatment and the best Accommodations for themselves and Horses, from

Their very humble Servant,

WILLIAM FARIS.

N. B. He gives ready Money, and the best Prices for old Gold and Silver

Annapolis, November 3, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscribers, on the 29th of October last, Two Irish indentured Servant Men, viz.

DANIEL M'CRITCH, alias **M'Grath**, a Carpenter by Trade, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, pale Complexion, short and bow legged, has a down Look: Had on, an old brown Wig, but his Hair is growing, and is very black, brown Jacket, double breasted, short black ditto, also double breasted, Leather Breeches, Yarn Stockings, and black Shoes.

GEORGE CAVENDISH, also a Carpenter by Trade, about 6 Feet high, round shoulder'd, and his Toes lap'd one over the other: Had on, and took with him, a Bearskin Jacket, with a Cape, blue Cloth ditto, Norway Buck Breeches, Russia Drab ditto, a Pair of white Thread Hose, a Pair of mix'd Yarn ditto, One Check Shirt, and One Down-las ditto, and black Shoes.

Whoever takes up said Servants, and brings them to the Subscribers, shall have Five Pounds Currency for **Daniel M'Crith**, and Three Pounds for **Cavendish**, paid by

JAMES BRICE,

JOHN FOWLER.

A PARCEL of choice DRUGS and genuine Patent MEDICINES, just come to Hand, are to be sold on the lowest Terms, by WILLIAM WILKINS, at Annapolis, for Account of Dr. JOHN SPARHAWK, of Philadelphia, viz. Turlinton's Balsam, Walker's Jesuits Drops, an infallible Cure for the Venereal Disease, all Weaknesses of the Reins in both Sexes, however obstinate, and from whatever Cause proceeding, likewise for the Stone, Gravel, and all scorbutic Cases—Balsam of Hcney for Consumptions, Colds, and all Complaints of the Breast; Elixir Bardana, for the Rheumatism and Gout; British Tooth-Powder, which preserves the Teeth from decaying, renders them white as Ivory, and the Breath perfectly agreeable; Anderson's Pills, I. I. and C. D. highly esteemed for purging away all vicious Humours, restoring a good Appetite, and sound Digestion; British Oil; Daffy's Elixir; Sugar Plumbs, a certain Cure for Worms of all Kinds, in Men, Women, and Children; Dr. James's Fever Powders; Dr. Hill's Essence for sore Eyes, a sure Remedy, greatly strengthens and preserves the Sight; Bate-man's Drops; Godfrey's Cordial; King's Honey Water; Locker's Pills; Court Plaster; Oil Turpentine; Nipple Glasses; Emeticks; Purgers; Rhubarb; Powder of Jesuits Bark; Isinglass; Sago; Manna; Salts; Spermaceti, &c. (3m)

STOLEN between the 24th and 28th of October, from the Subscriber, a sandy colour'd Broad-Cloth Jacket, with Buttonholes on each Side and bound round with Worsted Binding, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, remarkable for having Spots of Paint in the Inside of the right Knee; several good Bridles and Girths were also taken, and old ones left in their Place, with sundry trifling Things tied in a Piece of black Cloth, and a Pair of Boots pretty much wore. It would be taken as a very particular Favour, if the Gentlemen who happened to be at Mr. Reynolds's, during the Races, would be kind enough to have their Negroes searched, as it is greatly suspected some of them must have been concerned in the above.

Whoever can give Information of the above Theft, may receive Fifteen Shillings Reward, from WILLIAM SMITH, Hostler to Mr. Reynolds.

P U B L I C.

THE Want of a proper SCHOOL for the Instruction of Youth, severely felt by the Inhabitants of Frederick County, induces them to submit the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY to the Consideration of the Benevolent and Generous, which it is earnestly hoped will meet the Approbation and Encouragement of all those who wish to see Science flourish in every Part of Maryland.

The Funds appropriated by Act of Assembly to the Public School in Frederick County, being insufficient to erect the necessary Buildings, it is proposed by this Lottery, to raise Nine Hundred Dollars, to aid that Deficiency.

To consist of Three Thousand TICKETS, at Two Dollars each; Eight Hundred and Fifty-two of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction, viz.

1 Prize of 250 Dollars, is 250 Dollars.			
1	-	200	-
2	-	125	-
2	-	100	-
6	-	50	-
8	-	25	-
12	-	15	-
40	-	10	-
780	-	4	-
			900 Sm rais'd.
Prizes, 852			
Blanks, 2148			

3000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each, 6000 Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are a little more than Two Blanks and an Half to a Prize, and the Profits retained, are Fifteen per Cent. on the whole.

When the Tickets are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin (previous Notice of which to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-House of the said County, in Presence of Six of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Messieurs Jonathan Wilson, Thomas Bowles, George Murdock, Joseph Wood, Thomas Price, Casper Shauf, Charles Beatty, Samuel Beall, jun. Norman Bruce, Andrew Heugh, Eneas Campbell, Christopher Edelin, John Cary, Lodowick Welner, Peter Gross, Thomas Neill, Nicholas Tice, Samuel Hughes, Thomas Johns, and James Brand, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be published in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as soon as the Drawing is finished, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.

N. B. Any Money passing current in the Province, to be received in the Sale of the Tickets, and the same to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office, in Annapolis.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, last Sunday Night, an English Convict Servant Man, named JESSE JORDAN, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 11 Inches high, has a pale Complexion, gray Eyes, light fair short Hair, and is by Trade a Shoemaker: Had on, an Osnabrig Shirt, red Breeches, with Trousers over them, Two Jackets, the Under one a knit scarlet, the other a blue flower'd Serge; he also took with him his Shoemakers Tools, and a sorrel Horse, about 14 Hands high, with a white Blaze down his Face, and an old Saddle and Bridle; it is supposed he had a Companion with him, as the Subscriber has also missed a Horse, branded on the near Butttock H. Whoever takes up the said Servant and Horses, and brings them to the Subscriber, living near Annapolis, if taken within the County, Forty Shillings for the Fellow, and Twenty for the Creatures; or if out of the County and brought home, Five Pounds Reward, paid by JOHN HESSELIUS.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

MARYLAND ALMANACK,

FOR THE YEAR 1770.

CONTAINING many instructive and entertaining Pieces, both in Prose and Verse; together with Receipts for the Cure of different Disorders incident to this Climate, &c. Price, as usual, 5 s. per Dozen, or Eight Coppers single.

THE FULLING-MILL at the Mouth of Patuxent River, is now provided with a good Fuller, and ready for Work; such as fulling, dyeing and pressing all Sorts of Clothes and Worsted Stuffs, scarlet and blue excepted, unless dyed before sent to the Mill.—As the insupportable Inconvenience attending the Collection of a Number of small Debts, from various distant Parts of the Country, must be obvious to every one; and as this expensive Undertaking was begun and prosecuted, principally to encourage the Manufacture of Woollen Country-Cloth, at a Time when the oppressive Measures, lately adopted and pursued by the Mother Country, render it indispensably necessary, for our own Well-being, that every Individual should manufacture as much as in his Power lies.—It is hoped that no Offence will be given if the Proprietors desire the Money for fulling, &c. to be sent by the Person who is to receive the Cloth, as it is absolutely necessary to support the Work.—All Persons who will favour me with their Cloth, may depend on having it finished off in the best Manner, and with all possible Dispatch; and to prevent Mistakes the Owner of every Piece of Cloth, is requested to put the initial Letters of his or her Name in the Web.

(tf) WILLIAM SCOTT.

To be SOLD, by the Subscribers, at their Store at Pig-Point, on Patuxent River by Wholesale.

ABOUT £. 950 first Cost of Goods, for Current Money, Sterling Bills of Exchange, or short Credit, on very reasonable Terms.

STEWART & NORRIS.

Baltimore-Town, September 12, 1769.

THE Subscriber hereby gives public Notice that he has begun Inoculation, at his Dwelling-House, which stands distant from Baltimore-Town, Half a Mile, is a healthy Situation, and an agreeable Prospect.—His Price as before, Two Pistoles for Inoculation, and Twenty Shillings per Week for Board. And as the Sickness is so trifling, and the Confinement none, the Expence need not exceed Five Pounds Fourteen Shillings, or Six Pounds Currency; and may be inoculated any Month in the Year, July and August excepted.

I shall be obliged to those who will favour me with their Custom; and they may depend on being carefully and tenderly dealt with, by

Their humble Servant,
HENRY STEVENSON.

N. B. Those who intend coming, are desired not to change their Manner of Diet, or use any Preparation before hand, as it is rather prejudicial than otherwise.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on Kent Island, in Queen-Anne's County, on Monday September 25, a yellow Negro Man, named FILL, about 23 Years of Age, middle Stature, and is very talkative: Had on, when he went away, an old Felt Hat, blue Jacket, and a striped ditto without Sleeves, Country made Shirt, striped Country Cloth Breeches. As there is a Canoe taken from the lower End of the Island, it is supposed he has made over for Thomas's Point.—Whoever takes up the said Negro, and secures him, so that his Master may get him again, shall receive, if taken on the Island Fifteen Shillings; if out of the County Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by JOHN COCKEY.

Bladenburg, November 19, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named WILLIAM WILLIAMSON, alias WAINRIGHT, a thick well made Fellow, about 3 Feet high, has no Beard, a round Face, fresh Colour, short light brown Hair, has a Cut on his under Lip, and an effeminate Voice. Had on and took with him, a white Linen Shirt, a Pair of white Drilling Breeches, strip'd red and white Jacket, a short brown ditto, a Pair of light blue gray Stockings, white Thread ditto, a Stock, and Stock-Buckle, white Neckcloth, with a red and white Border at each End, a white Handkerchief, with a red and white Border, good Shoes, Pumps, Brass Buckles, and a Half-worn Hat. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him home, if taken 20 Miles from home, Twenty Shillings, if 30 Miles, Thirty Shillings, if 40 Miles, Forty Shillings, and so in Proportion for a shorter or longer Distance, and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by

WAIT STILL SINGLETON CHURCH.

RAN away last Night, from the Patuxent Iron Works, the Two following Convict Servant Men, viz. JOHN HILL an Englishman, about Thirty, or Thirty-five, Years of Age, dark Complexion, and wears his own short black Hair; he is about Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high: Had on, when he went away, an Osnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trousers, old Cotton Jacket, old Felt Hat, and old Shoes.

JOHN SMITH, a Gypsy, about Twenty-five Years of Age, Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high, of a very dark Complexion, and is cloth'd in the same Manner as Hill.—Whoever takes up the said Servants, shall receive on delivering them, if taken Twenty Miles from home, Thirty Shillings, and if Fifty Miles or out of the Province, Fifty Shillings for each (including what the Law allows) paid by

(tf) THO. SAM. & JOHN SNOWDEN.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Annapolis, an indentured Servant, named JOHN BURRAGE, by Trade a Clock and Watch-maker, born in the West of England, about Five Feet Eleven Inches high, of a dark Complexion, mark'd much with the Small-Pox, and has short black Hair: Had on, and took with him, a Drab Colour Surcoat Coat, cut short, Check Shirt, striped Linen Trousers, Castor Hat, and Country made Shoes.—Whoever secures the said Servant, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have Five Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

FRANCES KNAPP.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT, Goldsmith and Jeweller in West-Street, Annapolis.

HAVING purchased the Servants lately belonging to Mr. Knapp with all the Materials for carrying on the Watch and Clock-making Business hereby informs the Public, that he Repairs all sorts of Clocks and Watches, in the best and most approved Manner; and as he has a complete Apparatus for cutting Wheels with more Expedition and Exactness than usual, they may depend on having their Work done in the most careful Manner, and on better Terms than heretofore.

He also carries on the Goldsmiths and Jewellers Business in the most extensive Manner, as he has imported a great Variety of Materials, and has extreme good Workmen for the executing the above Branches. Those Ladies and Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend that the utmost Exertion of his Abilities to merit their Esteem, shall be his whole Study and greatest Ambition.

N. B. He has a great Variety of ready made Work by him, which he will Sell at the most reasonable Rates.

He gives the best Prices for old Gold, Silver and Silver-Lace. (tf)

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Baltimore-Town, September 16, 1769.

BROKE Jail last Night about Eleven o'Clock, the following Prisoners, viz.

JACOB, a Negro, a short thick Fellow, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high; he was formerly the Property of Mr. Benjamin Wells, of Anne-Arundel County, and sold to a certain Hugh Scott, of York County, in Pennsylvania; he is remarkable for having both his Ears cropt, and is supposed to be harboured some where about Mr. Wells's Plantations.

WILLIAM WOODMAN, about 5 Feet 10 or 11 Inches high, he is a down looking Fellow, and had on an old Osnabrig Shirt and Trousers.

Whoever secures and brings back said Prisoners, shall have Ten Pounds for both, or Five Pounds for each, paid by

DANIEL CHAMIER,

Sheriff of Baltimore County.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5 s. and 1 s. for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.—At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, viz. COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.

[XXVth YEAR.]
THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1769.

PODOLIA, August 24.



On the 16th Instant the Russian Army, commanded by Prince Gallitzin, quitted the Forest of Buckowina, and repassed the Niefter. This Forest, which is situated some Distance from Choczim, is 15 Miles in Extent, and is famous in History for the Defeat of the Polish Army by the Tartars. The Turks being informed of this Retreat, fell upon the Rear-Guard, and killed a great Number of the Russians, and the Boats which they had thrown over the River breaking, owing to the very great Crouds that got into them, near 3000 of their Troops were drowned in the Niefter, and 30 Pieces of Cannon fell into the Hands of the Turks. On the 17th, a large Detachment of Turks crossed the Niefter, and attacked the Advanced-Guards of the Russians, commanded by Prince Prozorowski. This Engagement proved very bloody on both Sides. The same Day another Body of Turks crossed the River, and engaged the Russians near Krakos. On the 18th, a Third Body of the Ottoman Troops, consisting of 5000 Men, passed the Niefter, and marched towards Stanislawow, where it will encamp, and the Commander is ordered to stand his Ground.

The whole Russian Army is now in Poland, in order to take Rest and cover their Magazines. The different Engagements they have had with the Enemy have been bloody enough. The Turks always attack with great Impetuosity, but without Order, and when boldly resisted cannot stand their Ground. Nevertheless they have one Advantage over the Russians, which is, that their Cavalry are more numerous. The Turks endeavour always to avoid coming to a general Engagement, and seem determined to destroy the Russian Army by Piece-meal.

BRESCIA, August 24. Since we had the Misfortune of having our Powder Magazine blown up, Three Days have been spent in digging out of the Ruins about Two Thousand dead Bodies, and Five Hundred People, who, though they are still alive, are dangerously bruised. Orders have been sent from Venice, to leave off searching for the dead Bodies, as the Corruption of so many might affect the Air, and occasion several Distempers. The Damages suffered by this deplorable Accident are estimated at Two Millions of Ducats.

BERLIN, Sept. 9. On the 4th Instant Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick dined with Sir Andrew Mischel, Minister Plenipotentiary from England, and next Day set out on his Return to Brunswick. Many People are still of Opinion that our Court has concerted some Measures for putting a Stop to the Troubles of Poland.

The King of Prussia, having finished the Reviews of his Troops in Silesia, returned on the 6th to Potsdam, in perfect Health.

PARIS, Sept. 11. It is said the Dutch have offered to advance Forty Millions of Livres at Three per Cent. to restore the Credit of our East-India Company, and to enable it to go on with Trade, provided Security is given for Repayment of that Sum within Ten Months.

Advice is said to have been received, that Heyder Ally Khan, after gaining many great Advantages over the English, had laid Siege to, and taken Madras; but the Report of his claiming the Assistance of the French is without Foundation, as he thought himself sufficiently strong without it.

PARIS, Sept. 18. A Convention is just made public, which was concluded in May last, between the King and the Empress Queen of Hungary, for settling the Limits of their respective Dominions in the Low Countries.

HAUSE, Sept. 19. Whatever may be given out, with Respect to the Destination of the Russian Fleet, which at present makes so much Noise in the World, it is hardly to be supposed that Fleet can undertake a Voyage to the Archipelago at this advanced Season; and People begin to think now, with a greater Appearance of Probability, that it is intended to watch the Motions of the Danes and Swedes, whom the Court of Petersburg cannot but look upon with a jealous Eye, on Account of their Connections with France, from which Court both of them receive considerable Subsidies.

The ill Success which the Russians met with in crossing the Niefter, in which they suffered a great Loss, both of Men and Artillery, and all the Disasters that have happened to them since they took the Field, are attributed to the ill Conduct of Prince Gallitzin, which is the Reason of his being recalled; and it is thought he will be no more employed.

L O N D O N,

Sept. 16. Though we have before given an Account of the Accident at Brescia by the blowing up of the Powder Magazine, yet the following contains so many Particulars of that Affair, that we thought we could not omit laying it before our Readers:

Extract of a Letter from Vienna, September 6.

"On the 16th of August, about Eight in the Morning, the Lightning fell, at Brescia, upon a Magazine, in which were about Twelve Thousand Rubbi of fine Cannon Powder, which was to have been sent to Venice on the 3th of this Month. This Powder instantly

took fire, and the Explosion was so great, that it overturned about a Sixth Part of the Houses in the Town, and, according to the best Information we have hitherto been able to receive, buried near 3000 Persons under their Ruins. Belonging to the above Magazine was a Tower built of large Stones, which blew up at the same Time, and falling like Rain upon the Churches, Houses, and other Buildings, shattered them from the very Roofs to the Cellars: Several other Fragments of Stones, launched horizontally, unroofed the Houses, pierced the Walls, and beat down the most solid Buildings. One of those Fragments driven by the Violence of the Shock to the Distance of Half a Mile, there beat to Pieces a House on which it fell, and buried Five Persons under the Ruins. In short there is not so much as one Edifice, which has not suffered more or less by this terrible Event. All the Streets are covered with Ruins of every Sort, and besides the Houses beat down from Top to Bottom, upwards of 500 more threatening every Moment to fall. The Explosion was so violent, that the strongest Fastenings, at 18 Miles distance, were forced open: Some Pieces of Stone carried Ten Miles and an Half. The Fields near the Bastion, on which the Lightning fell, are entirely burnt up, and sowed with the Ruins of the Houses beat down, which were driven there, Trees torn up by the Roots and shattered, and with dead Bodies. All the Shops in the Town were forced open by the Violence of the Shock, and many of the Doors belonging to the Houses carried up into the Air and shattered to Pieces. In short, through the whole City, not One Square of Glass remains unbroken. The Damage as yet is estimated at Four Millions of Philipppis; and the Government has appointed Two Thousand Men to clear away the Ruins, and save, if possible, the Numbers of unfortunate People, who are almost entirely buried beneath them, making the Air refulgent with the most horrible Cries."

Sept. 19. By certain Intelligence from the different Sea Ports in France, our Court is positively informed that the French will have 16 Ships of the Line, fully manned, and stationed in the Mediterranean, by the latter End of this Week.

It is said that if any Opposition is made to the Course of the Russian Ships, by the French, it will be in the Mediterranean, by a Power from Toulon.

It is said that a cautionary Notice is given to the Court of France, from more than one Naval Power in Alliance with the Court of Petersburg, that if any Interruption be given to the Russian Fleet, in its Progress to the Archipelago, sufficient Aid will be immediately furnished to Russia to make ample Reparals.

It is said, that 14 Sail out of 21 of the Russian Fleet, are put into Copenhagen.

The following Paragraph in the Buckingham Remonstrance and Petition, sets forth the Violation of our Rights in the clearest Light to the meanest Capacity.

"We presume, at the same Time, most humbly to remonstrate, that it is declared by Magna Charta, that no Freeman shall be seized of his Freehold or Liberties, but by lawful Judgment of his Peers, or by the Law of the Land." And it is declared by the Bill of Rights, say they, "That Election of Members of Parliament ought to be free; by Virtue of these Two sacred Laws, and other Fundamental Principles of the Constitution, all the Electors of Great-Britain have an undoubted Right to elect, by a Majority of legal Votes, any Person for their Representative, who is not rendered incapable of that high Trust by the Law of the Land. We are thoroughly sensible (they continue) that the House of Commons may also judiciously determine upon the Election of Members of their own Body; but the Law of the Land is superior to, and cannot be superseded by any Resolution of either House of Parliament. No new Incapacity can be enacted, except by the Authority of the whole Legislature; the Claim of either House of Parliament to make Ordinances, which should have the Force of Laws, hath once already proved fatal to the Crown, and to the Constitution, and will, we fear, if the Exercise of it be tolerated, prove again destructive to both," &c. &c.

A Letter from Deal, dated the 17th Instant, mentions, that a small French Frigate arrived in the Downs, without lowering her Pendant to the King's Ships, as is customary, though Captain Holwell, of the Ships, sent an Officer on board, to let the Commander know it was a Respect due from him, and must be paid by all Foreign Ships in the British Seas. The French Officer, however, refused to do it, till Captain Holwell sent the Hawke sloop along-side of him, to tell him he must lower his Pendant to him, or he should be compelled to do it; the Frenchman hesitated; the Hawke fired Two Shots; and then the French Captain lowered his Pendant, which was all that passed on this Occasion.

It is said, that a certain patriotic Divine has been, within these few Weeks, presented with the Reversion of a considerable Living, in the Gift of a popular Nobleman.

It was this Day at Noon reported at Change, that an Express had arrived, by the Way of Holland, at the India House, with the disagreeable News of Heyder Ally having made himself Master of Madras, which had such Effect in the Alley, that India Stock fell instantly Four per Cent, and was done at 222.

It is observable that there are more respectable Names already to the Aylbury Petition, than to all those

which have been hitherto presented. This List of Names undoubtedly is a plain Contradiction to the Assertion of a certain Nobleman's Club, that there were none inclined to petition but the *Sons of the Earth*.

On Friday Captain Lee, of the Aurora Frigate, who carries the Three Supervisors to India, received, by Order of the Directors, the Sum of 1000*l.* as a Present for their Passage, and he will be paid 1000*l.* more on his Arrival in India.

Notwithstanding the late Boast of the Strength of the French Navy, yet it is well known to be very inconsiderable: It is true, they have a Number of Ships, a List of the pompous Names of which was the other Day published in our Paper; but then, those that are acquainted with the State of the Marine of that Kingdom, aver, that they would find the greatest Difficulty, even in the Time of War, to Man Twenty of them.

The above is not to be wondered at, when it is considered, that the French have lost most of their Seminars for Seamen. Their East-India Trade is, in a Manner, gone; and indeed every Thing else, except their Newfoundland Fishery, and West-India Sugar Islands.

It is the more remarkable, as it came from the Mouth of a Frenchman, and one who is nearest the Person of the Representative of that Nation here; but he declared it to be his Opinion, that the very Vessels which we took from the French the last War, would be sufficient to overcome the whole Naval Power of France.

Sept. 23. A very considerable Wager was laid Yesterday, between Two Gentlemen at a Coffee House, not far from St. James's, that we should have a War with France before Midsummer-Day next.

It is confidently said, that a very considerable Sum was paid by one Court to another, at concluding the Peace, as INDEMNIFICATION MONEY, which, though not altering the Property, evades the Nature of a late Change.

The Earl of Chatham has publicly declared within this Fortnight, that certain Proceedings, with Regard to Mr. Luttrell's Election, are illegal, in *Toto et in Parte*. But it is an Illegality of that Kind, which cannot be remedied by the present Parliament, and no Redress can be obtained but by another.

On Thursday Evening, General Paoli paid a Visit to the Earl of Rochfort, at his House in Berkeley-Square, with whom he dined near Two Hours.

Yesterday his Grace the Duke of Queensborough, and several others of the Nobility, visited General Paoli at his Apartments in Bond-Street.

Letters from France, by Yesterday's Mail, mention, that Accounts have been received in that City, from Warsaw, that the Russian Army has been obliged to retire from before the Fortress of Choczim with Precipitation, and repass the Niefter, with the Turks upon their Rear. That the Confederates of Bar, amounting to 34,000 Men, were posted on one of the Flanks, and the Chan of Taitary, whose Army was composed of 90,000 Men, on the other, so that it was supposed, from Prince Gallitzin's Situation between so many Fires, the next Letters would bring Advice of his having been entirely driven out of Poland.

It is believed, by all keen sighted Politicians, that the Russian Expedition in the Mediterranean cannot fail to involve almost all the Maritime Powers in Europe, in the Dispute respecting the Affairs of Poland, however remote from that Country. The Turks are but in Fact the first Tools of that Court, which has taken on itself to support the Catholic Interest against the Protestant in Poland. Others will be drawn in by it, in Consequence of this bold and extraordinary Step of Russia; to declare themselves; and neither the Friends of the Protestant Cause, nor the Allies of Russia, will certainly sit in a passive State, and see the Empire borne hard upon, for the noble Part she has taken, of protecting hitherto, by her sole Power, the REFORMED CHURCH in that Country.

The Politicians at the Hague are much at a Loss to find out the Motive and Result of the late Interview between the Emperor and the King of Prussia, at Neiss; but some, who pretend to more Knowledge than the rest, insist upon it, that the Affairs of Poland were the principal Object of their Meeting, and that the World will soon see some very important Steps taken for the Relief of that unhappy Kingdom, in Consequence of the Measures concerted by these Two Monarchs.

A certain Great Personage has declared, that if the Weather holds tolerably good, he will not quit his Country-Residence till the End of November. From the above Circumstances, and other Authority, it is imagined that the Parliament will not meet to do Business till after Christmas, although they may meet to open the Sessions in the Middle of December.

They write from Amsterdam, that Mademoiselle Carop, who is very celebrated as a Portrait Painter, has taken a striking Likeness of General Paoli, which when she had finished, she asked the General what Drefs she should give him; to which he is said to have made Answer, "If you would give me the Drefs most suitable to my Condition, you would represent me in my Shirt, for the King of France has taken Care to strip me."

It is affixed, that Two of the Northern Powers have resolved to set on Foot an Army of 80,000 Men each; and that the King of Sweden has given Orders to his Generals, in the Ports of the Mediterranean, to prevent

A PARCEL of choice DRUGS and genuine PATENT MEDICINES, just come to Hand, are to be sold on the lowest Terms, by WILLIAM WILKINS, at Annapolis, for Account of Dr. JOHN SPARHAWK, of Philadelphia, viz. Turlinton's Balsam, Walker's Jesuits Drops, an infallible Cure for the Venereal Disease, all Weaknesses of the Reins in both Sexes, however obstinate; and from whatever Cause proceeding, likewise for the Stone, Gravel, and all scorbutic Cases—Balsam of Heney for Consumptions, Colds, and all Complaints of the Breast; Elixir Bardana, for the Rheumatism and Gout; British Tooth-Powder, which preserves the Teeth from decaying, renders them white as Ivory, and the Breath perfectly agreeable; Anderson's Pills, I. I. and C. D. highly esteemed for purging away all vicious Humours, restoring a good Appetite, and sound Digestion; British Oil; Daffy's Elixir; Sugar Plumbs, a certain Cure for Worms of all Kinds, in Men, Women, and Children; Dr. James's Fever Powders; Dr. Hill's Essence for sore Eyes, a sure Remedy, greatly strengthens and preserves the Sight; Bate-man's Drops; Godfrey's Cordial; King's Honey Water; Locher's Pills; Court Plaster; Oil Turpentine; Nipple Glasses; Emetics; Purges; Rhubarb; Powder of Jesuits Bark; Isinglass; Sago; Manna; Salts; Spermaceti, &c. (3m)

STOLEN between the 24th and 28th of October, from the Subscriber, a sandy colour'd Broad-Cloth Jacket, with Buttonholes on each Side and bound round with Worsted Binding, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, remarkable for having Spots of Paint in the Inside of the right Knee; several good Bridles and Girths were also taken, and old ones left in their Place, with sundry trifling Things tied in a Piece of black Cloth, and a Pair of Boots pretty much worn. It would be taken as a very particular Favour, if the Gentlemen who happened to be at Mr. Reynolds's, during the Races, would be kind enough to have their Negroes searched, as it is greatly suspected some of them must have been concerned in the above.

Whoever can give Information of the above Theft, may receive Fifteen Shillings Reward, from WILLIAM SMITH, Hottler to Mr. Reynolds.

P U B L I C.

THE Want of a proper SCHOOL for the Instruction of Youth, severely felt by the Inhabitants of Frederick County, induces them to submit the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY to the Consideration of the Benevolent and Generous, which it is earnestly hoped will meet the Approbation and Encouragement of all those who wish to see Science flourish in every Part of Maryland.

The Funds appropriated by Act of Assembly to the Public School in Frederick County, being insufficient to erect the necessary Buildings, it is proposed by this Lottery, to raise Nine Hundred Dollars, to aid that Deficiency.

To consist of Three Thousand TICKETS, at Two Dollars each; Eight Hundred and Fifty-two of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction, viz.

1	Prize of 250 Dollars, is 250 Dollars.
1	200 - - - 200
2	125 - - - 250
2	100 - - - 200
6	50 - - - 300
8	25 - - - 200
12	15 - - - 180
40	10 - - - 400
780	4 - - - 3120
	900\$ rais'd.

Prizes, 852
Blanks, 2148

3000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each, 6000 Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are a little more than Two Blanks and an Half to a Prize, and the Profits retained, are Fifteen per Cent. on the whole.

When the Tickets are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin (previous Notice of which to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-House of the said County, in Presence of Six of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Messieurs Jonathan Wilson, Thomas Bowles, George Muddock, Joseph Wood, Thomas Price, Casper Shaul, Charles Beatty, Samuel Beall, jun. Norman Bruce, Andrew Heugh, Eneas Campbell, Christopher Edelin, John Cary, Lodowick Weltner, Peter Grob, Thomas Neill, Nicholas Tice, Samuel Hughes, Thomas Johns, and James Brand, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be published in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as soon as the Drawing is finished, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.

N. B. Any Money passing current in the Province, to be received in the Sale of the Tickets, and the same to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

* TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office, in Annapolis.

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FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, last Sunday Night, an English Convict Servant Man, named JESSE JORDAN, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 11 Inches high, has a pale Complexion, gray Eyes, light fair short Hair, and is by Trade a Shoemaker: Had on, an Osnabrig Shirt, red Breeches, with Trousers over them, Two Jackets, the Under one a knit scarlet, the other a blue flower'd Serge; he also took with him his Shoemakers Tools, and a sorrel Horse, about 14 Hands high, with a white Blaze down his Face, and an old Saddle and Bridle; it is supposed he had a Companion with him, as the Subscriber has also missed a Horse, branded on the near Buttock H. Whoever takes up the said Servant and Horses, and brings them to the Subscriber, living near Annapolis, if taken within the County, Forty Shillings for the Fellow, and Twenty for the Creatures; or if out of the County and brought home, Five Pounds Reward, paid by JOHN HESSELIUS.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE,
MARYLAND ALMANACK,

FOR THE YEAR 1770.
CONTAINING many instructive and entertaining Pieces, both in Prose and Verse; together with Receipts for the Cure of different Disorders incident to this Climate, &c. Price, as usual, 5 s. per Dozen, or Eight Coppers single.

THE FULLING-MILL at the Mouth of Patuxent River, is now provided with a good Fuller, and ready for Work; such as fulling, dyeing and pressing all Sorts of Clothes and Worsted Stuffs, scarlet and blue excepted, unless dyed before sent to the Mill.—As the insupportable Inconvenience attending the Collection of a Number of small Debts, from various distant Parts of the Country, must be obvious to every one; and as this expensive Undertaking was begun and profected, principally to encourage the Manufacture of Woollen Country-Cloth, at a Time when the oppressive Measures, lately adopted and pursued by the Mother Country, render it indispensably necessary, for our own Well being, that every Individual should manufacture as much as in his Power lies.—It is hoped that no Offence will be given if the Proprietors desire the Money for fulling, &c. to be sent by the Person who is to receive the Cloth, as it is absolutely necessary to support the Work.—All Persons who will favour me with their Cloth, may depend on having it finished off in the best Manner, and with all possible Dispatch; and to prevent Mistakes the Owner of every Piece of Cloth, is requested to put the initial Letters of his or her Name in the Web.

(tf) **WILLIAM SCOTT.**
To be SOLD, by the Subscribers, at their Store at Pig-Point, on Patuxent River by Wholesale,
ABOUT £. 950 first Cost of Goods, for Current Money, Sterling Bills of Exchange, or short Credit, on very reasonable Terms.

STEWART & NORRIS.

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RAN away from the Subscriber, living on Kent Island, in Queen-Anne's County, on Monday September 25, a yellow Negro Man, named FILL, about 23 Years of Age, middle Stature, and is very talkative: Had on, when he went away, an old Felt Hat, blue Jacket, and a striped ditto without Sleeves, Country made Shirt, striped Country Cloth Breeches. As there is a Canoe taken from the lower End of the Island, it is supposed he has made over for Thomas's Point.—Whoever takes up the said Negro, and secures him, so that his Master may get him again, shall receive, if taken on the Island Fifteen Shillings; if out of the County Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by JOHN COCKEY.

Bladenburg, November 19, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named WILLIAM WILLIAMSON, alias WAINRIGHT, a thick well made Fellow, about 5 Feet high, has no Beard, a round Face, fresh Colour, short light brown Hair, has a Cut on his under Lip, and an effeminate Voice. Had on and took with him, a white Linen Shirt, a Pair of white Drilling Breeches, striped red and white Jacket, a short brown ditto, a Pair of light blue gray Stockings, white Thread ditto, a Stock and Stock-Buckle, white Neckcloth, with a red and white Border at each End, a white Handkerchief, with a red and white Border, good Shoes, Pumps, Brass Buckles, and a Half-worn Hat. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him home, if taken 20 Miles from home, Twenty Shillings, if 30 Miles, Thirty Shillings, if 40 Miles, Forty Shillings, and so in Proportion for a shorter or longer Distance, and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by WAIT STILL SINGLETON CHURCH.

RAN away last Night, from the Patuxent Iron-Works, the Two following Convict Servant Men, viz. JOHN HILL an Englishman, about Thirty, or Thirty-five, Years of Age, dark Complexion, and wears his own short black Hair; he is about Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high: Had on, when he went away, an Osnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trousers, old Cotton Jacket, old Felt Hat, and old Shoes.

JOHN SMITH, a Gypsy, about Twenty-five Years of Age, Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high, of a very dark Complexion, and is cloth'd in the same Manner as Hill.—Whoever takes up the said Servants, shall receive on delivering them, if taken Twenty Miles from home, Thirty Shillings, and if Fifty Miles or out of the Province, Fifty Shillings for each (including what the Law allows) paid by

(tf) **THO. SAM'L & JOHN SNOWDEN.**

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Annapolis, an indentured Servant, named JOHN BURRAGE, by Trade a Clock and Watch-maker, born in the West of England, about Five Feet Eleven Inches high, of a dark Complexion, mark'd much with the Small-Pox, and has short black Hair: Had on, and took with him, a Drab Colour Surtout Coat, cut short, Check Shirt, striped Linen Trousers, Castor Hat, and Country made Shoes.—Whoever secures the said Servant, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have Five Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by FRANCES KNAPP.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT,
GOLDSMITH and JEWELLER in West-Street, Annapolis.

HAVING purchased the Servants lately belonging to Mr. Knapp with all the Materials for carrying on the Watch and Clock-making Business hereby informs the Public, that he Repairs all sorts of Clocks and Watches, in the best and most approved Manner; and as he has a complete Apparatus for cutting Wheels with more Expedition and Exactness than usual, they may depend on having their Work done in the most careful Manner, and on better Terms than heretofore.

He also carries on the Goldsmiths and Jewellers Business in the most extensive Manner, as he has imported a great Variety of Materials, and has extreme good Workmen for the executing the above Branches. Those Ladies and Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend that the utmost Exertion of his Abilities to merit their Esteem, shall be his whole Study and greatest Ambition.

N. B. He has a great Variety of ready made Work by him, which he will Sell at the most reasonable Rates.

* He gives the best Prices for old Gold, Silver and Silver-Lace. (tf)

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Baltimore-Town, September 16, 1769.

BROKE jail last Night about Eleven o'Clock, the following Prisoners, viz.

JACOB, a Negro, a short thick Fellow, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high; he was formerly the Property of Mr. Benjamin Welch, of Anne-Arundel County, and sold to a certain Hugh Scott, of York County, in Pennsylvania; he is remarkable for having both his Ears cropt, and is supposed to be harboured some where about Mr. Welch's Plantations.

WILLIAM WOODMAN, about 5 Feet 10 or 11 Inches high, he is a down looking Fellow, and had on an old Osnabrig Shirt and Trousers.

Whoever secures and brings back said Prisoners, shall have Ten Pounds for both, or Five Pounds for each, paid by

DANIEL CHAMIER,

Sheriff of Baltimore County.

[XXVth YEAR]

M A

P O D C



Turks being informed that the Boat was broken, and the Boatmen got into them, and in the Night, the Hands of the Turks of the Advanced-Guard, Prince Proforow bloody on both sides, the Turks crossed the Krakos. On the Troops, consisting of and marched to camp, and the Ground.

The whole of the take Rest and Engagements the bloody enough. Impetuosity, but lifted cannot advance their Cavalry a your always to and seem deter Fiecmear.

BRESCIA, A having our P have been sp Two Thousand ple, who, the bruted. Ord off searching fo many migh tempers. T Accident are

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[XXVth YEAR.]

THE

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1769.

PODOLIA. August 24.



On the 16th Instant the Russian Army, commanded by Prince Gallitzin, quitted the Forest of Buckowina, and repassed the Niefter. This Forest, which is situated some Distance from Choczim, is 15 Miles in Extent, and is famous in History for the Defeat of the Polish Army by the Tartars. The Turks being informed of this Retreat, fell upon the Rear-Guard, and killed a great Number of the Russians, and the Boats which they had thrown over the River breaking, owing to the very great Crouds that got into them, near 3000 of their Troops were drowned in the Niefter, and 30 Pieces of Cannon fell into the Hands of the Turks. On the 17th, a large Detachment of Turks crossed the Niefter, and attacked the Advanced-Guards of the Russians, commanded by Prince Proforowski. This Engagement proved very bloody on both Sides. The same Day another Body of Turks crossed the River, and engaged the Russians near Krakos. On the 18th, a Third Body of the Ottoman Troops, consisting of 5000 Men, passed the Niefter, and marched towards Stanislawow, where it will encamp, and the Commander is ordered to stand his Ground.

The whole Russian Army is now in Poland, in order to take Rest and cover their Magazines. The different Engagements they have had with the Enemy have been bloody enough. The Turks always attack with great Impetuosity, but without Order, and when boldly resisted cannot stand their Ground. Nevertheless they have one Advantage over the Russians, which is, that their Cavalry are more numerous. The Turks endeavor always to avoid coming to a general Engagement, and seem determined to destroy the Russian Army by Piece-meal.

BRESCIA, August 24. Since we had the Misfortune of having our Powder Magazine blown up, Three Days have been spent in digging out of the Ruins about Two Thousand dead Bodies, and Five Hundred People, who, though they are still alive, are dangerously bruised. Orders have been sent from Venice, to leave off searching for the dead Bodies, as the Corruption of so many might affect the Air, and occasion several Distempers. The Damages suffered by this deplorable Accident are estimated at Two Millions of Ducats.

BERLIN, Sept. 9. On the 4th Instant Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick dined with Sir Andrew Mischel, Minister Plenipotentiary from England, and next Day set out on his Return to Brunswick. Many People are still of Opinion that our Court has concerted some Measures for putting a Stop to the Troubles of Poland.

The King of Prussia, having finished the Reviews of his Troops in Silesia, returned on the 6th to Potsdam, in perfect Health.

PARIS, Sept. 11. It is said the Dutch have offered to advance Forty Millions of Livres at Three per Cent. to restore the Credit of our East India Company, and to enable it to go on with Trade, provided Security is given for Repayment of that Sum within Ten Months.

Advice is said to have been received, that Heyder Ally Khan, after gaining many great Advantages over the English, had laid Siege to, and taken Madras; but the Report of his claiming the Assistance of the French is without Foundation, as he thought himself sufficiently strong without it.

PARIS, Sept. 18. A Convention is just made public, which was concluded in May last, between the King and the Empress Queen of Hungary, for settling the Limits of their respective Dominions in the Low Countries.

HAUSE, Sept. 19. Whatever may be given out, with Respect to the Destination of the Russian Fleet, which at present makes so much Noise in the World, it is hardly to be supposed that Fleet can undertake a Voyage to the Archipelago at this advanced Season; and People begin to think now, with a greater Appearance of Probability, that it is intended to watch the Motions of the Danes and Swedes, whom the Court of Petersburg cannot but look upon with a jealous Eye, on Account of their Connections with France, from which Court both of them receive considerable Subsidies.

The ill Success which the Russians met with in crossing the Niefter, in which they suffered a great Loss, both of Men and Artillery, and all the Disasters that have happened to them since they took the Field, are attributed to the ill Conduct of Prince Gallitzin, which is the Reason of his being recalled; and it is thought he will be no more employed.

L O N D O N,

Sept. 16. Though we have before given an Account of the Accident at Brescia by the blowing up of the Powder Magazine, yet the following contains so many Particulars of that Affair, that we thought we could not omit laying it before our Readers:

Extra of a Letter from Vienna, September 6.

"On the 16th of August, about Eight in the Morning, the Lightning fell, at Brescia, upon a Magazine, in which were about Twelve Thousand Rubbi of fine Cannon Powder, which was to have been sent to Venice on the 5th of this Month. This Powder instantly

took fire, and the Explosion was so great, that it overturned about a Sixth Part of the Houses in the Town, and, according to the best Information we have hitherto been able to receive, buried near 3000 Persons under their Ruins. Belonging to the above Magazine was a Tower built of large Stones, which blew up at the same Time, and falling like Hail upon the Churches, Houses, and other Buildings, shattered them from the very Roofs to the Cellars. Several other Fragments of Stones, launched horizontally, unroofed the Houses, pierced the Walls, and beat down the most solid Buildings. One of those Fragments driven by the Violence of the Shock to the Distance of Half a Mile, there beat to Pieces a House on which it fell, and buried Five Persons under the Ruins. In short there is not so much as one Edifice, which has not suffered more or less by this terrible Event. All the Streets are covered with Ruins of every Sort, and besides the Houses beat down from Top to Bottom, upwards of 300 more threatening every Moment to fall. The Explosion was so violent, that the strongest Fastenings, at 18 Miles distance, were forced open: Some Pieces of Stone carried Ten Miles, and a Cannon of Twenty-five Cwt. driven Two Miles and an Half. The Fields near the Battalion, on which the Lightning fell, are entirely burnt up, and covered with the Ruins of the Houses beat down, which were driven there, Trees torn up by the Roots and shattered, and with dead Bodies. All the Shops in the Town were forced open by the Violence of the Shock, and many of the Doors belonging to the Houses carried up into the Air and shattered to Pieces. In short, through the whole City, not one Square of Glass remains unbroken. The Damage as yet is estimated at Four Millions of Philipps; and the Government has appointed Two Thousand Men to clear away the Ruins, and save, if possible, the Numbers of unfortunate People, who are almost entirely buried beneath them, making the Air resound with the most horrible Cries."

Sept. 19. By certain Intelligence from the different Sea Ports in France, our Court is positively informed that the French will have 16 Ships of the Line, fully manned, and stationed in the Mediterranean, by the latter End of this Week.

It is said that if any Opposition is made to the Course of the Russian Ships, by the French, it will be in the Mediterranean, by a Power from Toulon.

It is said that a cautionary Notice is given to the Court of France, from more than one Naval Power in Alliance with the Court of Petersburg, that if any Interruption be given to the Russian Fleet, in its Progress to the Archipelago, sufficient Aid will be immediately furnished to Russia to make ample Repairs.

It is said, that 14 Sail out of 21 of the Russian Fleet, are put into Copenhagen.

The following Paragraph in the Buckingham Remonstrance and Petition, sets forth the Violation of our Rights in the clearest Light to the meanest Capacity.

"We presume, at the same Time, most humbly to remonstrate, that it is declared by Magna Charta, that no Freeman shall be dispossessed of his Freehold or Liberties, but by lawful Judgment of his Peers, or by the Law of the Land." And it is declared by the Bill of Rights, say they, "That Election of Members of Parliament ought to be free; by Virtue of these Two sacred Laws, and other Fundamental Principles of the Constitution, all the Electors of Great-Britain have an undoubted Right to elect, by a Majority of legal Votes, any Person for their Representative, who is not rendered incapable of that high Trust by the Law of the Land. We are thoroughly sensible (they continue) that the House of Commons may also judiciously determine upon the Election of Members of their own Body; mine upon the Election of Members of their own Body; but the Law of the Land is superior to, and cannot be superseded by any Resolution of either House of Parliament. No new Incapacity can be enacted, except by the Authority of the whole Legislature; the Claim of either House of Parliament to make Ordinances, which should have the Force of Laws, hath once already proved fatal to the Crown, and to the Constitution, and will, we fear, if the Exercise of it be tolerated, prove again destructive to both," &c. &c.

A Letter from Deal, dated the 17th Instant, mentions, that a small French Frigate arrived in the Downs, without lowering her Pendant to the King's Ships, as is customary, though Captain Holwell, of the Ships, as is customary, though Captain Holwell, of the Ships, sent an Officer on board, to let the Commander know it was a Respect due from him, and must be paid by all Foreign Ships in the British Seas. The French Officer, however, refused to do it, till Captain Holwell sent the Hawke sloop along-side of him, to tell him he must lower his Pendant to him, or he should be compelled to do it; the Frenchman hesitated; the Hawke fired Two Shot; and then the French Captain lowered his Pendant, which was all that passed on this Occasion.

It is said, that a certain patriotic Divine has been, within these few Weeks, presented with the Reversion of a considerable Living, in the Gift of a popular Nobleman.

It was this Day at Noon reported at Change, that an Express had arrived, by the Way of Holland, at the India-House, with the disagreeable News of Heyder Ally having made himself Master of Madras, which had such Effect in the Alley, that India Stock fell instantly Four per Cent, and was done at 221.

It is observable that there are more respectable Names already to the Aylbury Petition, than to all those

which have been hitherto presented. This List of Names undoubtedly is a plain Contradiction to the Assertion of a certain Nobleman's Club, that there were none inclined to petition but the *Sons of the Earth*.

On Friday Captain Lee, of the Aurora Frigate, who carries the Three Supervisors to India, received, by Order of the Directors, the Sum of 1000l. as a Present for their Passage, and he will be paid 1000l. more on his Arrival in India.

Notwithstanding the late Boast of the Strength of the French Navy, yet it is well known to be very inconsiderable: It is true, they have a Number of Ships, a List of the pompous Names of which was the other Day published in our Paper; but then, those that are acquainted with the State of the Marine of that Kingdom, aver, that they would find the greatest Difficulty, even in the Time of War, to Man Twenty of them.

The above is not to be wondered at, when it is considered, that the French have lost most of their Seminaries for Seamen. Their East-India Trade is, in a Manner, gone; and indeed every Thing else, except their Newfoundland Fishery, and West-India Sugar Islands.

It is the more remarkable, as it came from the Mouth of a Frenchman, and one who is nearest the Person of the Representative of that Nation here; but he declared it to be his Opinion, that the very Vessels which we took from the French the last War, would be sufficient to overcome the whole Naval Power of France.

Sept. 23. A very considerable Wager was laid Yesterday, between Two Gentlemen at a Coffee House, not far from St. James's, that we should have a War with France before Midsummer-Day next.

It is confidently said, that a very considerable Sum was paid by one Court to another, at concluding the Peace, as INDEMNIFICATION MONEY, which, though not altering the Property, evades the Nature of a late Charge.

The Earl of Chatham has publicly declared within this Fortnight, that certain Proceedings, with regard to Mr. Luttrell's Election, are illegal, in *Toto et in Parte*. But it is an Illegality of that Kind, which cannot be remedied by the present Parliament, and no Redress can be obtained but by another.

On Thursday Evening, General Paoli paid a Visit to the Earl of Rochfort, at his House in Berkeley-Square, with whom he staid near Two Hours.

Yesterday his Grace the Duke of Queensborough, and several others of the Nobility, visited General Paoli at his Apartments in Bond-Street.

Letters from France, by Yesterday's Mail, mention, that Accounts have been received in that City, from Warsaw, that the Russian Army has been obliged to retire from before the Forts of Choczim with Precipitation, and repass the Niefter, with the Turks upon their Rear. That the Confederates of Bar, amounting to 54,000 Men, were posted on one of the Banks, and the Chan of Tartary, whose Army was composed of 90,000 Men, on the other, so that it was supposed, from Prince Gallitzin's Situation between so many Fires, the next Letters would bring Advice of his having been entirely driven out of Poland.

It is believed, by all keen-sighted Politicians, that the Russian Expedition in the Mediterranean cannot fail to involve almost all the Maritime Powers in Europe, in the Dispute respecting the Affairs of Poland, however remote from that Country. The Turks are but in Fact the first Tools of that Court, which has taken on itself to support the Catholic Interest against the Protestant in Poland. Others will be drawn in by it, in Consequence of this bold and extraordinary Step, to declare themselves; and neither the Friends of Russia, nor the Allies of Russia, will certainly sit in a passive State, and see the Empire borne hard upon, for the noble Part she has taken, of protecting hitherto, by her sole Power, the REFORMED CHURCH in that Country.

The Politicians at the Hague are much at a Loss to find out the Motive and Result of the late Interview between the Emperor and the King of Prussia, at Neiss; but some, who pretend to more Knowledge than the rest, insist upon it, that the Affairs of Poland were the principal Object of their Meeting, and that the World will soon see some very important Steps taken for the Relief of that unhappy Kingdom, in Consequence of the Measures concerted by these Two Monarchs.

A certain Great Personage has declared, that if the Weather holds tolerably good, he will not quit his Country Residence till the End of November. From the above Circumstances, and other Authority, it is imagined that the Parliament will not meet to do Business till after Christmas, although they may meet to open the Sessions in the Middle of December.

They write from Amsterdam, that Mademoiselle Caron, who is very celebrated as a Portrait Painter, has taken a striking Likeness of General Paoli, which when she had finished, she asked the General what Dress she should give him; to which he is said to have made Answer, "If you would give me the Dress most suitable to my Condition, you would represent me in my Shirt, for the King of France has taken Care to strip me."

It is affirmed, that Two of the Northern Powers have resolved to set on Foot an Army of 20,000 Men each; and that the King of Sweden has given Orders to his Councils, in the Ports of the Mediterranean, to prevent

any of his Subjects from engaging or being any Privateers employed to cruise against the Turks.

Besides the Queen Man of War, of 90 Guns, which is to be launched this Day at Woolwich, there are now building at that Yard the Resolution and Intrepid, Ships of War, of 64 Guns each. This last is the Ship, whose Timbers, Planks, &c. have been previously prepared, under the Inspection of a Chymist, who has lately discovered a very cheap and easy Progress for preventing speedy Decay and Rottenness in all Sorts of Wood.

Yesterday Se'nnight a Petition was delivered to his Majesty by Dennis De Berdt, Esq; Agent for the House of Representatives of the Province of Massachusetts-Bay; containing several Allegations against the Conduct of the Governor, (the Substance of which has been mentioned at different Times in the Resolutions of the said House, &c.) and concludes with intreating his Majesty "that his Excellency the Governor may be for ever removed from the Government of the said Province, and that his Majesty would be graciously pleased to place one in his Stead worthy to serve the greatest and best Monarch on Earth."

Extract of a Letter from Kilkenny, dated Sept. 9, 1769.

"Last Tuesday Night, about One o'Clock, the House of Mr. Michael Butler, of Kilmocahill, Farmer, was attacked by near 200 Horsemen, distinguished by the Name of White-Boys, who broke open his Stable, and took out his Horses, broke open all the Doors, demolished his Windows, and drank and carried off a Quantity of Wines and other Liquors, and after committing many other shocking Outrages, dragged Mr. Butler out of the House, and obliged him to swear never to take any Tythes from a Proctor, &c. On Sunday Night, about 300 of the same Mob attacked the House of Mr. Brennan, Tythe Proctor, near Cattle-comer, and, after breaking the Windows, forced open the Doors, and searched all Mr. Brennan's Papers, some of which they burnt, and committed other Outrages. A Regiment of Light Horse is soon expected here, to be stationed in different Parts, so as to scour the Country on the shortest Notice."

Sept. 21. By a Person just arrived from Holland we hear, that the Approach of a General War throughout Europe, is at present the chief Subject of Conversation in that Country.

By some Ships, which arrived on Monday from the Baltic, there is Advice, that 14 Russian Men of War were lying in Copenhagen Road, ready to put to Sea at a Minute's Warning.

The Danes have at present 30 Sail of the Line in excellent Condition, and at all Times keep 40,000 Seamen registered.

It is said the Danes are to assist the Russians in their Operations against the Turks, and that the Dutchy of Holstein will be ceded to the Crown of Denmark.

It is confidently asserted, that several of the Officers in Heyder Ally's Army, which is now ravaging the Carnatic, are Natives of Ireland and Scotland, and formerly bore Commissions in the English Service, but on being deprived of their usual Allowance, called the *Batta Money*, by a certain great Officer in the East-India Company's Service, they threw up their Commissions with great Disgust, and followed the Fortunes of a Chief, who offered to reward their Merits in the most liberal Manner.

The Motive for the Offer made by the Dutch to supply the French with Money, sufficient to support their Company in the East Indies, is said to arise from the Jealousy that selfish People entertain of the English Power in those Parts; for if the French cannot be established, the Mynheers, instead of reaping the Profits of the Disputes between Great-Britain and her natural Enemy, as they have hitherto done, may probably be obliged to submit to Regulations, that may be very disagreeable to them.

Sept. 25. On Thursday last General Paoli visited the Marquis of Rockingham, at his House in Grosvenor-Square.

This Week General Paoli will be introduced to his Majesty and the Royal Family.

General Paoli's Liveries are blue gray turned up with green, and laced with Silver; the Waistcoat's green and laced. We are assured he is at present at a Lodging House in Old Bond-Street. A Jew Merchant is with him, as his Agent and Interpreter.

It is said that a Petition, for Redress of Grievances, may shortly be expected from the free Burgesses of Newcastle upon Tyne.

Also that the Petitions from the Counties of Gloucester, Worcester, and Wiltshire, will shortly be presented, notwithstanding all Attempts to prevent the same.

We hear Orders are gone to all the Sea Ports in the Mediterranean, to prevent any Seamen of Great Britain to enter into foreign Service, and it is said they are soon to be recalled home.

Thursday about Noon a General Officer * was arrested in Piccadilly, for the Sum of 2000*l*. He told the Bailiff, if he would go down with him to the Tilt-Yard, he should there find a Friend whom he wanted to speak to, and would afterwards, on his not giving Bail, go with him to a Spunging House. The Bailiff unsuspectingly complied with his Request, and when they came to the Horse-Guards, the General Officer sent for a Sergeant and a File of Musketeers to secure the Bailiff, on a Pretence that he had been insulted by him, which they did, while the Prisoner found Means to escape, and has not since been heard of.

Friday Adjutant General Harvey ordered the Sergeant and his Men who favoured the Escape of the General Officer from the Bailiff, close Prisoners to the Savoy. And the same Day waited on Lord Cambden and Lord Mansfield, to receive their Opinions about the Steps that are proper to be taken with the Sergeant and his Men, on Occasion of the General Officer's Arrest.

Sept. 30. Yesterday the Right Hon. Samuel Turner, Esq; Lord Mayor, the Aldermen, Recorder, Sheriffs, &c. met at Guildhall, from whence they went in Procession to Church. After the Service was over, they proceeded to the Hallings for the Election of a Lord

Mayor; when Sir Henry Bankes produced a Bye-Law, in Opposition to Alderman Beckford's Nomination, which Bye-Law was made in the Reign of Henry the VIII. whereby it is enacted that "no Person, who has served the Office of Lord Mayor, shall be put in nomination 'till the Expiration of Seven Years from the Time of his former Mayoralty." After the Livery had waited a considerable Time, they grew impatient; whereupon Mr. Sheriff Townshend came forward, and informed them of the Cause of the Delay, and read the said Bye-Law. He afterwards observed to them, that there was a Precedent in Sir John Bernard's Time; it was recommended to the Livery, if there was not such a Bye-Law to make one. On which the Bye Laws of the City were sent for, and a Precedent was read, setting forth, that Sir John Bernard, in the Year 1740, was a second Time elected Lord Mayor of this City, after having served in that Office within Two Years before. The Common Serjeant then made an Apology to the Livery, saying, this Bye-Law had escaped his Notice. They then proceeded to Election. Sir Henry Bankes was first put up, but had very few Hands; then Barlow Trecothick Esq; and William Beckford, Esq; when a prodigious Show of Hands appeared in their Favour. Alderman Trecothick and Beckford being returned to the Court of Aldermen, a Poll was demanded by Mr. Deputy Ellis, and Mr. Riley, in Favour of Sir Henry Bankes. The Books opened at Four o'Clock, and were closed at Five. On calling up the Poll the Numbers were as follows:

For Mr. Beckford	162
Mr. Trecothick	259
Sir Henry Bankes	31

There were Twenty-one Aldermen present on the Hurlings.

The General-Officer who effected his escape from the Civil Officer by Means of a Military Command, while under Arrest, did not, as was reported, surrender himself voluntarily; but was apprehended at Marybone, and from thence conveyed to the County Jail.

Wednesday upon Writ of Habeas Corpus, the Body of the said General was removed from Newgate before Lord Mansfield, at Cane-wood, near Highgate, and from thence committed to the Custody of the Marshal of the King's Bench.

A certain General Officer has obtained Leave to sell his Commission, if no other Means can be found to satisfy his Creditors.

We hear Sir Francis Bernard will soon be appointed to set out for the Continent, in a public Character.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

St. James's, Sept. 30. This Day his Grace Augustus-Henry Fitzroy, Duke of Grafton, was installed a Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter.

B O S T O N, November 17.

It is said Gen. Draper is to be appointed to command in North-America, in the Room of Gen. Gage.

It was thought by some People in England, that General Draper, or some other Military Officer, will be appointed Governor of this Province.

Friday last a Den of Thieves, viz. 4. Men, and a Women, being discovered in this Town, and a large Quantity of Plate and other Goods found upon them, they were committed to Jail. As their Correspondence is pretty extensive on this Continent, it is thought they must bring out their Accomplices. It is reported that when those concerned with them at Providence, Newport, New-York, Philadelphia, &c. had got any Booty, they conveyed it to their Correspondents this Way, and likewise these to them, in order to prevent their being detected.

Nov. 20. Letters from London mention, that when Governor Bernard was introduced to his Majesty, he met with a most gracious Reception; that he was to be appointed to some lucrative Post at Home; and that he was to have a Seat in the House of Commons.

At the Levee of a Great Personage, Governor Bernard was asked about the Climate of New-England, to which he replied, that tho' it was much in Extremes, very cold in Winter, and very warm in Summer, yet it was in general, very healthy. On which that Great Personage said, "I suppose, Sir Francis; you found it very warm, during your Residence in it."

Nov. 23. We hear that the Rippon which sailed from Boston the 4th of August, made the Land the 31st of the same Month; and that on the 3d of September Sir Francis Bernard landed at Portsmouth: The 5th he arrived in London: The 6th he was presented to His Majesty, who did him the Honour of conversing with him for some Time: The 7th he was again at Court, in order to his being presented to the Queen, but Her Majesty did not come that Day to the Drawing-Room. The King again condescended to a Conversation with him longer than the Day before. We hear further, that great Civilities were shown to Sir Francis by many Persons of Distinction who were at Court. The Treasury was under Adjournment, and it was a Time of general Vacation, and no Prospect of any Business being done relative to America until Lord Hillsborough's Return from Ireland.—His Lordship was expected the Beginning of October. The Parliament, we hear, would not meet to do Business until after Christmas.

Capt. Bartlet is arrived in London; in whom went Passenger the Hon. General Mackay.

We hear that the Hon. John Temple, Esq; one of the American Board of Commissioners of the Customs, having, upon Application therefor, obtained Leave of Absence, intends embarking for Great-Britain as soon as possible.

P H I L A D E L P H I A.

By Captain Miller, from Savanna le Mar, in Jamaica, we learn, that on the 26th of October a Sloop was brought in there by Two Englishmen, which had been taken some Time before by a Spanish Guarda Costa, who put six Spanish Soldiers, and an Officer, on board, and left only the Two Englishmen to assist in working the Vessel, with Orders to follow the Frigate that took them, to Cartagena; but the Englishmen altered the Sloop's Course in the Night, and steered to the Northward; the next Day, when the Spaniards lost Sight of the Frigate, they were in great

Confusion, as they did not know which Way to look for the Land, and desired the Englishmen to carry them into some Spanish Port, which they readily promised to do, but brought her safe to Anchor at the above Port; the Spaniards were so ignorant, they did not know it was an English Port, till they went on Shore, and, to their great Surprise, found none but English about them. The Sloop belonged to Kingston.

A N N A P O L I S, December 14.

The Right Hon. the Lord Proprietary has been pleased to nominate and appoint John Morton Jordan, Esq; to be his Lordship's Agent and Receiver-General, in the room of Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer, Esq;.

We hear that Dr. The Sprigg Henkle, and Mr. Andrew Hough, are chosen Representatives for Frederick County, in the room of Thomas Jennings, Esq; disqualified, by his Acceptance of the Office of Attorney-General, and Mr. Joseph Chapline, deceased.

As also, that Capt. Edward Neel is elected a Representative for Dorchester County, in the room of Capt. Philemon Lecompte, deceased.

We have not as yet heard who are chosen in Prince-George's County.

To be sold by the Subscriber, living in Charles County, on the 27th Instant.

A PARCEL of very likely SLAVES, among which, are some Country-born ones. Credit will be given for Two or Three Years, on Interest, with Security, if required. Likewise some Horses, and Household Furniture to be disposed of, with Land to lease for Fifteen Years. SAMUEL HANSON.

To be sold at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 17th of January next, at the House of Mr. Ignatius Middleton, in Port-Tobacco, Charles County, for Sterling Cash, or Current Money, as rated by the Inspection Law.

A TRACT of LAND, containing by Patent, 400 Acres, but will Measure more, lying on Patuxent River, Two and an Half Miles below Sandy Point, on which are Three Plantations, that rent for 3000*lb*. of Tobacco per Ann. The Soil is well adapted to either Planting or Farming. The Purchaser, on paying One Half of the Purchase Money, at the Time of Conveyance, will be allowed a reasonable Time for the Remainder, on giving Bond, with Security, if required. Any Person inclinable to treat for said Land, before the Day of Sale, may see the Premises, and know the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber living near Port-Tobacco. EDWARD SCOTT WARE.

Annapolis, December 14, 1769.

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Subscriber has open'd School, at the House lately occupied by Mr. CANNON, in Market-Street; where will be taught, after the most approved Methods, (with Care and Assiduity) Reading, with Propriety; Writing, in various Hands; Arithmetic, Vulgar and Decimal, in all its Branches; Extraction of the Square and Cube Roots; Biquadrates, &c. Mensuration of Superficies and Solids; Geometrical Problems and Definitions; Practical and Plain Geometry; Surveying; Gaging and Navigation; Dialling; Geography; and how to take Heights and Distances of Objects, accessible or inaccessible. I also shall attend an Evening School, from 6 until 9 o'Clock, for the Advantage of those whose Business will not permit to attend in the Day.—Those that please to commit the Education of their Children, &c. to my Care, may be assured that no Opportunity shall be omitted to inculcate the Principles of Virtue and Morality, as well as the other Branches of Literature, by their humble Servant,

WILLIAM HUTCHINGS.

Port-Tobacco, December 12, 1769.
For FREIGHT in any Part in BRITAIN, PORTUGAL, or SPAIN.

THE Sloop ADERTON, Burthen about 200 Tons, now lying at Baltimore. For Terms, apply to (w3) JERE ADERTON.

THE Members of the Upper-Marlbrough Assembly, are desired to meet at the Assembly-Room, on Tuesday the 19th of December.

Nov. 19, 1769.

WHEREAS my Wife, Elizabeth, has eloped from my Bed and Board, without any just Cause, this is therefore to forewarn all Persons from trusting her on my Account, as I will pay no Debts of her contracting, from the Date hereof.

JOHN GLOVER.

COMMITTED to Queen-Anne's County Jail, a Negro Man, named BOB, who says he belongs to William Miles, in Somerset County. His Master is desired to take him away, and pay Charges.

JAMES BUTLER, Jailor.

Baltimore-Town, November 30 1769.

COMMITTED to my Custody, as Runaways, the following Persons, viz. MATHEW YOUNG, a tall down-looking young Fellow, born in Ireland, who with MICHAEL KELLEY, a short square set Fellow, say they ran away from a certain James Stinson, at Bull's-Shin, near Winchester, in Virginia. HUMPHRY HILL, a Mulatto, who appears to be the same advertised by William Walters, in the Maryland Gazette. JEM or SAM, a new Negro, who says his Master's Name is Jeremiah Belt. He is about 3 Feet 5 Inches high, his Eyes appear sore with the Cold, and can speak but very little English. The respective Owners of the above Persons, are desired to come, pay Charges, and take them away, or else they will be sold out for their Fees, by DANIEL CHAMBER, Sheriff.

Baltimore-Town, December 5, 1769.

LEFT in my Custody, on the 5th of November last, a small black HORSE, about 12 or 13 Hands high, wall-eyed, and branded on the near Buttock, G S. As said Horse was left by a Gentleman going from Elk-Ridge to Philadelphia, it is hoped he will call and take him away; otherwise he will be immediately sold for his Stabling, by WILLIAM ADAMS.

The aforesaid Gentleman said the Horse belonged to Mr. Hammond.

BY Virtue of the late of Kent House and the River-Side Public Sale, many next, by MARY

THERE is a living man, a small kind Foot, who near Flank may have him Charges.

ON inspection it appears that the Ship Lord Cap shipped April 1769, which satisfies were prior to

Nov. 21, 1769

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BY Virtue of a Power given to us, the Subscribers, by the Testament and Last Will of George Garnett, late of Kent County, deceased, the late Dwelling-House and Lot of the said George Garnett, situate on the River-Side, in Chester-Town, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Premises, on the 15th Day of January next, by

MARY GARNETT, & JOSEPH GARNETT,
Executors of G. GARNETT.

THERE is at the Plantation of Edward Kitten Junr. living near Elk-Ridge Landing, taken up as a stray, a small roan Horse, with a bald Face, and off hind Foot white as high as his Ham, branded on the near Flank with something like an X. The Owner may have him again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

Annapolis, December 7, 1769.

ON inspecting the Papers of Mr. Joshua Johnson, it appears that his Goods, imported in the Ship *Lord Cambden*, were ordered, by his Letter to be shipped April 14, 1769, agreeable to his Intention signified in a former Letter, dated Sept. 16, 1768, which satisfies the Committee, that the Orders given were prior to the general Association.

Signed per Order,

Nov. 21, 1769. **THO. BROOK HODGKIN,**
Cl. especially appointed.

JUST IMPORTED.

In the *Lord Cambden*, Captain John Johnston, and to be sold, by Wholesale or Retail, by the Subscriber, at his Store, in Church-Street, near the Dock, for Sterling Cash, Bills of Exchange, or Current Money.

A COMPLETE Assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable to the Season, amongst which are the following: *Stoughton's Bitters*, *Farlington's Balsam*, *British Oil*, *Hill's Pectoral Balsam of Honey*, *Bardana*, *Ward's Head-ach Drops*, *Anderson's Pills*, *Pepper*, *Nutmegs*, *Cinnamon*, *Cloves*, *Mace*, *Sugar-Candy*, *Hyson*, *Congo*, and *Bohea Teas*, *Sago*, *Fig Blue*, *Salt-Petre*, *Durham Mustard*, and *Salad Oil*, *Lemons* by the half Cheil, *Quarter Chest*, or *Dozen*, a few genteel plain and striped Lutealings, *Ladies white and black Patent* and other *Silk Gloves* and *Mits*, *Mens white Silk* *Gloves*, *white and colour'd Silk Stockings*, *Ermine and colour'd Silk Trimmings*, *black wove*, *Fan*, *white Blond and Lappet lace*; a genteel Assortment of *Gauzes*, *Gauze Handkerchiefs* and *Aprons* fortified, *Apron* with *Book-Muzlin*, *black and white Catgut*, *black and white Paris Net*, *Wax*, *mock Garnet* and *Pearl Necklaces*, *Garnet and Paste Bar-Rings*, *yellow marking Canvass*, *Thread and Silk Turbans* and *Tippets*, *Ladies black Hat Feathers*, *black and white Ostrich and Swan Plumes*, with *Two and Three Falls*, *Ladies genteel colour'd Sultana ditto*, *China Egrets*, *flowered and Blond ditto*, *Silver Sprigs*, *Ladies Brest Flowers*, *new fashioned Stomachers* and *Sleeve Bows*, very neat, *fashionable Feather and Sattin Muffs* and *Tippets*.

To those who have hitherto favoured me with their Customs, I return my very sincere Thanks, and shall be glad that any who have Dealings with me, and upwards of Twelve Months standing, will take an early Opportunity of paying me. I intend to tell Retail, at One Hundred per Cent. for ready Money. A Continuance of the Favours of my former good Customers, will oblige

(3w)

Their obedient Servants,

JOSHUA JOHNSON.

Annapolis, December 6, 1769.

JUST IMPORTED.

In the *Frederick*, Captain Nicholson, and to be sold by Thomas Galloway, jun. or the Subscriber,

A CARGO of European and East-India GOODS, divided into Assortments of different Values, from 100l. and upwards, to 1500l. and upwards. The same will be sold at a moderate Advance, for ready Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit; the Purchaser, in the latter Way, giving Bond, with good Security, if required.

LEGH MASTER.

The Committee of Merchants of this City, having fully considered all the Papers, and Evidence relative to this Affair, and being quite satisfied, that in the Purchase and Importation of those Goods, nothing has been done contrary to the true Spirit and Intention of the Articles of Association of this Province, unanimously consented to their being landed, and disposed of in such Manner as I should think proper.

L. M.

November 12, 1769.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subscribers, at *Piscataway Races*, the 7th Instant, a close well made dark bay MARE, 13 and an Half Hands high, about 6 Years old, branded on the near Side A but has several other Brands unknown, a Sprig Tail, her Mane hangs on the off Side, and she trots and gallops: Also a bright bay HORSE, better than Three Years old, about 13 Hands 3 Inches high, branded on the near Buttock I A, has a bush Tail, his Mane hangs on the off Side, natural Pacer, goes easy, shod before, and one hind Foot white below the Foot-Lock. Whoever secures the said Creatures, so as the Owners may get them again, shall have Five Dollars Reward, and if brought to *Alexandria*, Six Dollars.

(w3)

CHARLES JONES,
WILLIAM GIBBS.

TALBOT County SCHOOL being now vacant, any Person who can produce proper Testimonials of his Qualification for that Trust, will be treated with by the Visitors.

Signed by Order,

THOMAS GOLDBOROUGH, Register.

To be sold, for ready Money, on the First Day of January, by Mr. Charles Goldborough, ALL the Land that belonged to Mrs. Elizabeth Adair, in Kent County, Eastern Shore. The Sale to be at Mr. George Luburn's, New-Town-Chiffer. The Quality need not be mentioned, as it is well known to be good: The Land adjoining, belonging to her Sister, sold at 3l. 2s. 6d. per Acre. Capt. John Poffy is to attend the Sale. Mrs. Poffy being indisposed, prevented his attending the Sale on the First Tuesday in this Month, and the Sale at *Baltimore-Town*.

(3w)

To be SOLD by Mr. John Metcalf, living in Frederick-Town Maryland, at *Tenues Shillings per Bottle*, PALMER'S WATER, for the Spleen, and expeditious Cure of the STONE and GRAVEL.

WHICH entirely dissolves the Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys, and brings it away with all the Sand and gravelly Matter that may accompany it, without any Recourse to the painful Operations of Cutting or Probing. On first taking this Water, the Outside of the Stone appears in a red, glossy, and scaly Form, on the Sides and Bottom of the Vessels receiving the Urine; but after taking it some Time, the Inside itself of the Stone comes away gradually, of a FreeStone Colour, either in small Particles, or in Sand; and at last in a sandy Subtance. Those who take this Water, are desired, for their own Satisfaction, to save the Sediment of their Urine, for, as they see the Quantity of the dissolved Stone that comes away increase, they will find their Pains and Complaints decrease in the same Proportion. This Water not only cleanses the Vessels but the Mass of Blood, freeing it from all Acidities, so as to prevent the breeding of that tartarous Mucilage, from which proceed the Stone, Gout, Scurvy, Dropsy, and many other Chronic Diseases. It likewise gives immediate Ease in all Pains arising from internal Ulcers, especially those in the Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, and urinary Passages, which it soon cleanses and effectually heals up. Persons who feel Pain in the Back, Loins or Kidneys, attended with Difficulty, or Pain, in making Urine, Sickness of the Stomach, or Dimness in the Eyes, by taking but Three or Four Bottles of this Water, might soon be thoroughly convinced, that the Stone, or Gravel, is the Cause of their Complaints, which before, perhaps, they had spent much Time and Money to find out the Source of, to no Purpose, as has been the Case of many People lately cured by this Medicine. In these Complaints, some have taken such violent Medicines, and such immoderate Exercise, as to make the Stone come down so low, that nothing but Probing could give them Relief; whereas, by merely taking this Water, the Stone has been softened and broke, and brought off in a short Time, in Pieces of different Sizes, as may be seen by applying to the Persons cured, who will justify the Truth hereof. What makes this Water more valuable, is the gentleness of its Operations, which is by Urine only, and the pleasantness of its Flavour. It never palls or sickens the Stomach, but rather creates an Appetite; and, what is very extraordinary, it requires no particular Diet or Confinement, so that the Patient may follow his Business as if he had taken nothing. It may be taken by Persons ever so young or old; by those of the most delicate Constitution, and even labouring under a Complication of Disorders.

Persons of undoubted Veracity, cured by this Stone-Water, will be made known, by enquiring of Mr. Stephen Palmer, the Proprietor, in *Warwick-Court, Helborn*; or of Mr. Robert Peacock, at the *Golden Lion*, near *Somerjet House*, in the Strand, whom Mr. Palmer has appointed (and him only) to dispose of the same, with himself, Price Six Shillings a Bottle.

At the above Places may be seen, the various Sorts of Gravel and Sediments extracted by Means of the said Water.

DIRECTIONS for taking the STONE and GRAVEL-WATER.

THE Patient must take Half the Quantity contained in one Bottle, mixt with an equal Quantity of White Wine, and as much Loaf Sugar as will sweeten it to the Palate; the whole made Blood-warm, Two Hours before Breakfast; but, in Cases of Extremity, at any Time when the Stomach is empty. In ordinary Cases, it is to be taken every 24 Hours; but in great Pain, or where the Disorder has been of long standing, every 12 Hours; 'til the Patient finds himself easy.

N. B. To prevent Counterfeits, all the Bottles containing this Medicine, are sealed with Palmer's Arms, with these Words round the Seal, PALMER'S STONE-WATER.

THE NAMES of the Persons cured by the STONE-WATER.

MR. Williams, at the *Green Dragon*, Fleet-Street. A Child of Five Years old, recommended by Mrs. Worlington, at the *Musical-Clock*, Fleet-Street.

"This is to certify, That I Thomas Hurst, of *Repeley*, in the County of *Lincoln*, Chaplain to his Grace the Duke of Rutland, had Scorbittic Eruptions on my Ears, and in my Neck, and on the back Part of my Head, and a violent Pain in my right Leg and Ankle, that I took a Water for about Six Weeks, made by Mr. Palmer, in *Warwick-Court, Helborn, London*; and that I am now clear and quite free from the Breakings out, and have no Pain in my right Leg and Ankle, I thought it a Duty incumbent on me to make my Case public, that others might have the same Relief, as well as myself, in the same Disorder."

Jan. 13, 1769.

THOMAS HURST.

"For Eighteen Years past I have been afflicted with that terrible Disorder the Stone; I have had the Advice of many able Physicians, but found no Relief; by Chance, I met with a Bill of Mr. Palmer's (of *Warwick-Court, Helborn*) Stone-Water, which I described my Case; I was willing to try it; happy it was for me, I found Relief from the first of my taking it. I continued it for some Time, and I have parted with such a Quantity of dissolved Stone that is not credible; it may be seen by applying to D. Dawson, in *Little Kirby-Street, Hatton-Garden*."

"For Nine Years past I have been greatly afflicted with violent pains in my Stomach, and have had the Advice of some of the best Physicians in England; and, after taking almost every Thing within the Practice of Physic, without Effect, I was recommended to the Use of Palmer's Stone-Water, of *Warwick-Court, Helborn*; from the Application thereof, I found the Stone my Complaint. I have found Relief in my Disorder, having voided large Quantities of Stones and Matter seeming to be Stone dissolved. At present I am free from Pains, which I have not been for many Years before. I therefore think it incumbent on me, for the Benefit of the Public, to make it known."

JANE BROOKBANK, Widow to the Rev.

Mr. Brookbank, Rector of Stepney.

The Truth of this may be known, by enquiring at Mr. Brookbank's, Stationer, *Furnival's-Inn*.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

Dumfriess, October 14, 1769.

RAN away last Night, a Convict Servant Man, named WILLIAM POWELL, about 40 Years of Age, or upwards, born in some of the inland Counties in England, and speaks very plain English, he is 5 Feet 9 Inches high, has short dark gray Hair, writes a pretty good Hand, and has probably wrote some Letters, or made out a Pass, as he is an Artful Fellow; Had on, when he went away, a strong Kersey Jacket, or short Coat, pretty much wore, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, too large for him, a Pair of Aberdeen ribbed Hose, and a Pair of good Country Shoes almost new. He has also taken with him, an old Suit of black Cloaths, some Stockings and Shirts, he left Word in the Kitchen that he was going to kill Ducks, so that he was not directly missed. It is very likely that he is either gone down *Patowmack River*, or got over to Maryland. Whoever takes up said Servant, and brings him to me, shall be paid Five Pounds, if taken Twenty Miles, from thence, or upwards, and if nearer, Three Pounds.

(4w)

RICHARD GRAHAM.

To be sold by the SUBSCRIBER, at his Store, in South East Street, Annapolis.

MUSCOVADO Sugar of the first Quality, by the Barrel, or in smaller Quantity, on very reasonable Terms: Also a best Bohea Tea, *Sprina-ceti Candles*, *Loaf Sugar*, *Chocolate*, *Allspice*, *Salad Oil*, genuine high scented *Strasbourg Rappee*, and *Scots Snuff*, excellent *Jesuit's Bark*, *Tartaric Acid*, *Duffy's Elixir*, *Sago*, *Senn*, *Corn*, *Pistils*, *Stoughton's Bitters*, *British Oil*, double distilled *Lavender Water*, *Spirit of Hartshorn*, *Alces*, *Flower of Brimstone*, and a few Bottles of the celebrated *Beauvais de Vie*; with an Assortment of Dry Goods, amongst which are several Pieces of fashionable Silks, Silk and Mignonet Lace and Gauzes, which will be sold cheap for ready Money.

THOMAS BROOKE HODGKIN.

To be SOLD, or LET, on Lease, for TEN YEARS, THE valuable WATER-MILLS, in Charles County, on the Head of Allen's Fresh. Twenty Acres of Land, on which the Mills, &c. stand, were condemned, and a Lease granted for a Number of Years, about 72 of which are to come—There are 4 Pair of Stones on 1 Dam, 2-Tub Mills, and a Double-geered Under-shot Mill, which carries 2 Pair of Stones and 2 Bolting Clothes, all new and well fixed.—On the Premises are a good Dwelling-House and Store adjoining, a Brick Bake-House, with an Oven that will draw 125 lb of Bread at once, a Granary, Kitchen, and several Out-Houses, it is likewise well situated for Custom, and convenient for Trade.

Any Person that inclines to purchase, may have Seven Years Time of Payment, on giving bond and Security, if required, and paying the Interest annually; or, if on Lease, the Rent must be paid annually.

THOMAS CONTEE,
JAMES SWANN.

Dorchester County, October 30, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 29th Inst. a yellow Negro Man, named FRANK, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, is a thick, well made, strong Fellow, much given to Liquor, and is very impudent; he has a remarkable Scar on one of his Arms, occasioned by the Bite of a Person he was engaged with in a Fight: Had on and took with him, a blue Fear-nought Jacket, a *Wish Cotton*, and a brown Cloth ditto, old *Onabrig Shirt*, a new ditto not made, *Fustian Breeches*, white Stockings and a new Pair of Pumps. Whoever secures said Fellow, so that I get him again, shall receive Five Dollars besides what they are lawfully entitled to; from

(7w)

WILLIAM GRAY.

WILLIAM FARIS,
CLOCK AND WATCHMAKER,
At the CROWN and DIAL, near the Church, in West-Street, ANNAPOLIS.

BEES Leave to inform the Public, that he has engaged Two exceeding good Workmen, (one of whom has been a Finisher several Years to the celebrated Mr. Allam) and carries on the above Business in all their various Branches.—The Gold, Silver-smiths and Jewellers Business he still carries on in the neatest and best Manner.—He also executes any Orders he may be favoured with for Chair Work, having lately supplied himself with a good Workman, and has now for Sale, several Dozens of very neat black Walnut Chairs.—Those who shall please to honour him with their Commands, may depend on being faithfully served on reasonable Terms, and with the utmost Dispatch.—He continues to keep Tavern, having supplied himself with the best of Liquors, Hay and Oats, where Gentlemen will meet with polite Treatment and the best Accommodations for themselves and Horses, from

Their very humble Servants,

WILLIAM FARIS.

N. B. He gives ready Money, and the best Prices for old Gold and Silver.

A PARCEL of choice Doves and genuine Patent MEDICINES, just come to Hand, to be sold on the lowest Terms, by **WILLIAM WILKINS**, at Annapolis, for Account of **Dr. JOHN SPARHAWK**, of Philadelphia, viz. *Turkinton's Balsam*, *Walker's Jesuits Drops*, an infallible Cure for the Venereal Disease, all Weaknesses of the Reins in both Sexes, however obstinate, and from whatever Cause proceeding, likewise for the Stone, Gravel, and all scorbutic Cases—*Balsam of Heney* for Consumptions, Colds, and all Complaints of the Breast; *Elixir Bardana*, for the Rheumatism and Gout; *British Tooth-Powder*, which preserves the Teeth from decaying, renders them white as Ivory, and the Breath perfectly agreeable; *Anderson's Pills*, I. I. and C. D. highly esteemed for purging away all vicious Humours, restoring a good Appetite, and sound Digestion; *British Oil*; *Daff's Elixir*; *Sugar Plumbs*, a certain Cure for Worms of all Kinds, in Men, Women, and Children; *Dr. James's Fever Powders*; *Dr. Hill's Essence* for sore Eyes, a sure Remedy, greatly strengthens and preserves the Sight; *Balsam's Drops*; *Godfrey's Cordial*; *King's Honey Water*; *Locher's Pills*; *Court Plaster*; *Oil Turpentine*; *Nipple Glasses*; *Emetics*; *Purges*; *Rhubarb*; *Powder of Jesuits Bark*; *Isinglass*; *Sago*; *Manna*; *Salts*; *Spermaceti*, &c. (3m)

STOLEN between the 24th and 28th of October, from the Subscriber, a sandy colour'd Broad-Cloth Jacket, with Buttonholes on each Side and bound round with Worsted Binding, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, remarkable for having Spots of Paint in the Inside of the right Knee; several good Bridles and Girths were also taken, and old ones left in their Place, with sundry trifling Things tied in a Piece of black Cloth, and a Pair of Boots pretty much wore. It would be taken as a very particular Favour, if the Gentlemen who happened to be at Mr. Reynolds's, during the Races, would be kind enough to have their Negroes searched, as it is greatly suspected some of them must have been concerned in the above.

Whoever can give Information of the above Theft, may receive Fifteen Shillings Reward, from
WILLIAM SMITH, Hostler to Mr. Reynolds.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Want of a proper SCHOOL for the Instruction of Youth, severely felt by the Inhabitants of Frederick County, induces them to submit the following **SCHEME of a LOTTERY** to the Consideration of the Benevolent and Generous, which it is earnestly hoped will meet the Approbation and Encouragement of all those who wish to see Science flourish in every Part of Maryland.

The Funds appropriated by Act of Assembly to the Public School in Frederick County, being insufficient to erect the necessary Buildings, it is proposed by this Lottery, to raise Nine Hundred Dollars, to aid that Deficiency.

To consist of Three Thousand TICKETS, at Two Dollars each; Eight Hundred and Fifty-two of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction, viz.

1	Prize of 250 Dollars, is 250 Dollars.
1	200
2	125
2	100
6	50
8	25
12	15
40	10
780	4
	9000 = rais'd.

Prizes, 852
Blanks, 2148

3000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each, 6000 Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are a little more than Two Blanks and an Half to a Prize, and the Profits retained, are Fifteen per Cent. on the whole.

When the Tickets are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin (previous Notice of which to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-House of the said County, in Presence of Six of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Messieurs *Jonathan Wilson*, *Thomas Bowyer*, *George Murdock*, *Joseph Wood*, *Thomas Price*, *Casper Schaaf*, *Charles Beatty*, *Samuel Beall*, jun. *Normand Bruce*, *Andrew Hengb*, *Enos Campbell*, *Christopher Edelin*, *John Cary*, *Lodowick Walther*, *Peter Graft*, *Thomas Neill*, *Nicholas Tice*, *Samuel Hughes*, *Thomas Tabbs*, and *James Brand*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be published in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as soon as the Drawing is finished, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.

N. B. Any Money passing current in the Province, to be received in the Sale of the Tickets, and the same to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

* TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office, in Annapolis.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, last Sunday Night, an English Convict Servant Man, named **JESSE JORDAN**, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 11 Inches high, has a pale Complexion, gray Eyes, light fair short Hair, and is by Trade a Shoemaker. Had on, an Osnabrig Shirt, red Breeches, with Trousers over them, Two Jackets, the Under one a knit scarlet, the other a blue flower'd Serge; he also took with him his Shoemakers Tools, and a furred Horse, about 14 Hands high, with a white Blaze down his Face, and an old Saddle and Bridle; it is supposed he had a Companion with him, as the Subscriber has also missed a Horse, branded on the near Buttock H. Whoever takes up the said Servant and Horse, and brings them to the Subscriber, living near Annapolis, if taken within the County, Forty Shillings for the Fellow, and Twenty for the Creatures; or if out of the County and brought home, Five Pounds Reward, paid by
JOHN HESSELIUS.

JUST PUBLISHED.

And to be SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE,
MARYLAND ALMANACK,
FOR THE YEAR 1770.

CONTAINING many instructive and entertaining Pieces, both in Prose and Verse; together with Receipts for the Cure of different Disorders incident to this Climate, &c. Price, as usual, 5s. per Dozen, or Eight Coppers single.

THE FULLING-MILL at the Mouth of Patuxent River, is now provided with a good Fuller, and ready for Work; such as fulling, dyeing and pressing all Sorts of Clothes and Worsted Stuffs, scarlet and blue excepted, unless dyed before sent to the Mill. As the insupportable Inconvenience attending the Collection of a Number of small Debts, from various distant Parts of the Country, must be obvious to every one; and as this expensive Undertaking was begun and prosecuted, principally to encourage the Manufacture of Woollen Country-Cloth, at a Time when the oppressive Measures, lately adopted and pursued by the Mother Country, render it indispensably necessary, for our own Well-being, that every Individual should manufacture as much as in his Power lies. It is hoped that no Offence will be given if the Proprietors desire the Money for fulling, &c. to be sent by the Person who is to receive the Cloth, as it is absolutely necessary to support the Work. All Persons who will favour me with their Cloth, may depend on having it finished off in the best Manner, and with all possible Dispatch; and to prevent Mistakes the Owner of every Piece of Cloth, is requested to put the initial Letters of his or her Name in the Web.

(t) **WILLIAM SCOTT.**

To be SOLD, by the Subscribers, at their Store at Pig-Point, on Patuxent River by Wharfale, ABOUT £.950 first Cost of Goods, for Current Money, Sterling Bills of Exchange, or short Credit, on very reasonable Terms.

STEWART & NORRIS.

Baltimore-Town, September 12, 1769.

THE Subscriber hereby gives public Notice that he has begun inoculation, at his Dwelling-House, which stands distant from Baltimore-Town, Half a Mile, in a healthy Situation, and an agreeable Prospect. His Price as before, Two Pistoles for inoculation, and Twenty Shillings per Week for Board. And as the Sickness is so trifling, and the Confinement none, the Expence need not exceed Five Pounds Fourteen Shillings, or Six Pounds Currency; and may be inoculated any Month in the Year, July and August excepted.

I shall be obliged to those who will favour me with their Custom; and they may depend on being carefully and tenderly dealt with, by
Their humble Servant,

HENRY STEVENSON.

N. B. Those who intend coming, are desired not to change their Manner of Diet, or use any Preparation before hand, as it is rather prejudicial than otherwise.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on Kent Island, in Queen-Anne's County, on Monday September 25, a yellow Negro Man, named **PILL**, about 23 Years of Age, middle Stature, and is very talkative: Had on, when he went away, an old Felt Hat, blue Jacket, and a striped ditto without Sleeves, Country made Shirt, striped Country Cloth Breeches. As there is a Canoe taken from the lower End of the Island, it is supposed he has made over for Thomas's Point. Whoever takes up the said Negro, and secures him, so that his Master may get him again, shall receive, if taken on the Island Fifteen Shillings; if out of the County Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by
JOHN COCKEY.

Baltimore, November 19, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named **WILLIAM WILLIAMSON**, alias **WAINRIGHT**, 24 or 25 well made Fellow, about 5 Feet high, has no Beard, a round full Face, from Colour, short light brown Hair, has a Cut on his under Lip, and an effeminate Voice. Had on and took with him, a white Linen Shirt, a Pair of white Drilling Breeches, striped red and white Jacket, a short brown ditty, a Pair of light blue gray Stockings, white Thread ditto, a Stock and Stock-Buckle, white Neckcloth, with a red and white Border at each End, a white Handkerchief, with a red and white border, good Shoes, Pumps, Brass Buckles, and a Half-worn hat. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him home, if taken 20 Miles from home, Twenty Shillings, if 30 Miles, Thirty Shillings, if 40 Miles, Forty Shillings, and so in Proportion for a shorter or longer Distance, and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by
WAIT STILL SINGLETON CHURCH.

RAN away last Night, from the *Patuxent Iron Works*, the Two following Convict Servant Men, viz **JOHN HILL** an Englishman, about Thirty, or Thirty five Years of Age, dark Complexion, and wears his own short black Hair; he is about Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high: Had on, when he went away, an Osnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trousers, old Cotton Jacket, old Felt Hat, and old Shoes.

JOHN SMITH, a *Coffy*, about Twenty-five Years of Age, Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high, of a very dark Complexion, and is cloth'd in the same Manner as *Hill*. Whoever takes up the said Servants, shall receive on delivering them, if taken Twenty Miles from home, Thirty Shillings, and if Fifty Miles or out of the Province, Fifty Shillings for each (including what the Law allows) paid by

(t) **THO. SAML. & JOHN SNOWDEN.**

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Annapolis, an indentured Servant, named **JOHN BURRAGE**, by Trade a Clock and Watch-maker, born in the West of England, about Five Feet Eleven Inches high, of a dark Complexion, mark'd much with the Small-Pox, and has short black Hair: Had on, and took with him, a Drab Colour Surcoat Coat, cut short, Check Shirt, striped Linen Trousers, Castor Hat, and Country made Shoes. Whoever secures the said Servant, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have Five Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by
FRANCES KNAPP.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT, GOLDSMITH and JEWELLER in West-Street, Annapolis.

HAVING purchased the Servants lately belonging to Mr. Knapp with all the Materials for carrying on the Watch and Clock-making Business hereby informs the Public, that he Repairs all sorts of Clocks and Watches, in the best and most approved Manner; and as he has a complete Apparatus for cutting Wheels with more Expedition and Exactness than usual, they may depend on having their Work done in the most careful Manner, and on better Terms than heretofore.

He also carries on the Goldsmiths and Jewellers Business in the most extensive Manner, as he has imported a great Variety of Materials, and has extreme good Workmen for the executing the above Branches. Those Ladies and Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend that the utmost Exertion of his Abilities to merit their Esteem, shall be his whole Study and greatest Ambition.

N. B. He has a great Variety of ready made Work by him, which he will Sell at the most reasonable Rates.
* He gives the best Prices for old Gold, Silver and Silver-Lace. (t)

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Baltimore-Town, September 16, 1769.

BROKE Jail last Night about Eleven o'Clock, the following Prisoners, viz:

JACOB, a Negro, a short thick Fellow, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high; he was formerly the Property of Mr. Benjamin Wells, of Anne-Arundel County, and sold to a certain Hugh Scott, of York County, in Pennsylvania; he is remarkable for having both his Ears cropt, and is supposed to be harboured some where about Mr. Wells's Plantations.

WILLIAM WOODMAN, about 5 Feet 10 or 11 Inches high, he is a down looking Fellow, and had on an old Osnabrig Shirt and Trousers.

Whoever secures and brings back said Prisoners, shall have Ten Pounds for both, or Five Pounds for each, paid by
DANIEL CHAMIER,
Sheriff of Baltimore County.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by **ANNE CATHARINE** and **WILLIAM GREEN**, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5s. and 1s. for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.—At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of **BLANKS**, viz. **COMMON** and **BAIL BONDS**; **TESTAMENTARY LETTERS** of several Sorts, with their proper **BONDS** annexed; **BILLS of EXCHANGE**; **SHIPPING-BILLS**, &c. &c. All Manner of **PRINTING-WORK** performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.

[XVth YEAR.]

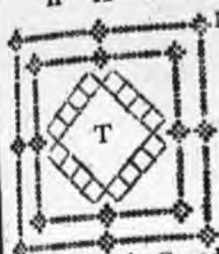
THE

[No. 1269.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1769.

H A G U E, September 19.



HE frequent Journeys which the Emperor has taken for some Time past, are thought by many People to be in Consequence of his being much displeased at the Behaviour of her august M— the E—, who has already not only alienated from the Hereditary Dominions of the House of Austria, the Grand Duchy of Tuscany, and the Principality of Teschen, besides spending several Millions, in order to make Portions for the Queen of the Two Sicilies and the Dutchess of Parma; but has now in View to surrender Part of the Low Countries to France, as a Marriage Portion for the Archduchess, who is going to be married to the Dauphin. All this is said to give so much Unrest to the Emperor, that he endeavours to divert his Cares by Travelling.

WARSAW, Sept. 27. We received the following important News, by a Courier dispatched from Kamieniec the 20th of this Month. On the 17th Instant, at break of Day, a Body of 12,000 Turks, consisting of 8000 Janissaries, and 4000 Cavalry, passed the Niester upon a Bridge that was covered by a Battery. About Noon the River swelled to such a Degree, that it carried away the Bridge. Prince Gallitzin gaining Intelligence of this Event, attacked the Enemy to successfully, that some Hundreds of the Turks escaped by swimming, and the Remainder were either killed, or taken Prisoners. The Russians have in this Battle taken 151 Standards, or Horfes Tails, and Two Generals Truncheons. They made themselves Masters of the Enemy's Battery, consisting of 64 Pieces of Cannon, and 14 Mortars. The Russians have lost no more than 135 killed, and 600 wounded. As soon as the Ottoman Army on the other Side of the Niester were informed of the total Defeat of the Corps of 12,000 Men, their Shouts demonstrated how greatly they were displeased with the Grand Visir, and their Indignation towards the Confederates. They immediately abandoned the Fortresses of Choczim, and precipitately took the Route towards Bender. In the mean While the Russian Army passed the River in pursuit of the Enemy, and Prince Gallitzin directly took Possession of Choczim, where he found 143 Pieces of heavy Cannon, and a considerable Quantity of Ball, Bombs, and other warlike Ammunition, with some Hundreds of Turkish Women. The Number of Prisoners taken by the Russians beyond the Niester, at the Departure of the Courier, already amounted to 6000, among whom were several Pachas. It was also rumoured in Kamieniec, that Count Potochi, Podzafy of Lithuania, and some other Confederates, had been put to the Sword by the Turks.

These Advices are authentic, and the Ambassador Prince Wolkonski has already received Letters dated from the Fortresses of Choczim. This has been a most glorious Day for the Russians. Sunday next is appointed for a solemn Fast and Thanksgiving, for so many Victories gained over the Enemy.

L O N D O N, September 23.

We hear that Mr. B—ke, the supposed Writer of the Letters under the Signature of Junius, was desired, the other Day, by a certain unpopular D—ke, into whose Company he accidentally fell, to declare whether he was the Author of those Letters, to whom that Gentleman returned this very spirited Reply; that "if he had been capable of writing such Letters, he should have had the Spirit to have acknowledged it; but was sorry to assure his Grace he could not claim the Merit of being the Author of them."

From the above, and an Expression made Use of in Junius's last Letter, respecting Rockingham Administration, many People are inclined to believe that Gentleman is not the Author of those spirited Essays, as famous for their Diction, as Subject.

Sept. 26. We are assured, that a Petition for Redress of Grievances may shortly be expected from the free Burgeesses of Newcastle upon Tyne.

It is assured that the Petitions from the Counties of Gloucester, Worcester and Wiltshire, will shortly be presented, notwithstanding all Attempts to prevent the same.

Upwards of 5000 Electors, it is said, have already signed the Westminster Petition.

Sept. 30. It is whispered, that a certain Foreign Court has demanded one of their Subjects now in England, to be delivered up, charged with male Practices against the State.

Extra of a Letter from York, dated September 28.

"I have the Pleasure to acquaint you, that Yesterday the Meeting of Freeholders at this Place determined unanimously to petition the King to dissolve the P—t.

"Sir George Saville gave a very good Account of the Transaction of the House in relation to Wilkes and Luttrell, explained the Nature of the B—h in the Constitution, the Necessity of procuring Redress, and the Legality of petitioning. Sir George Armitage then spoke on the Duty we owed Posterity and ourselves, in taking the most effectual Methods to support the Constitution. He then concluded with a Motion to petition. It was then asked, if he had any

Petition ready; on which he produced one, which was immediately read. Sir Cecil Wray seconded the Motion, and complained of the Injury done to the Public by the — of —, who had dared to disfranchise an Englishman without the Concurrence of the Legislature—had dared to annihilate our Right of Election: He said that any other Methods would be ineffectual; that he approved entirely of the Petition produced, as worthy to be sent from the Descendants of those who had so often supported the Cause of Liberty. The Question was then proposed, and received with the greatest Applause. One single Gentleman alone dissenting, who gave his Reason for it on the Precedent of Sir Robert Walpole, and the Impropriety of petitioning unless the Case should be so clear that every one could join in it, which was not the present Case. Mr. Wedderburn answered him in a masterly Manner, and entered fully into the Insufficiency of the Precedents, explained the Nature of the Constitution, the Propriety and Legality of petitioning, and the Futility of every other Mode. Afterwards, on putting the Question again, there was not one dissenting Voice.

"The following is the Conclusion of our Petition: 'The Power of assembling and dissolving Parliaments is undoubtedly one of the Rights vested in your Majesty for the Welfare of the People, and by their Consent. The Voice of a Loyal People now calls for the Exercise of this Power, and their most essential Rights are to be preserved by it. Permit us, therefore, Royal Sir, to implore your Majesty to restore the Confidence of your People in the Justice of Parliament, by sending them to a new Choice of Representatives, which will give your Loyal Subjects an Opportunity of demonstrating their Zeal for the Constitution by a Choice of Men, who will guard the Honour of the Crown, and support the Rights of the People.'

"The Petition was signed by near 600 Freeholders immediately, and, in all Probability, will soon be signed by 12,000."

By a Person just arrived from Petersburg, we hear, there are great Apprehensions of a Revolution there, from a Jealousy that the present War is a War of the Empriss, unconnected with the State; and the People in general seem to be of Opinion there, that the Event of it will, in a short Time, determine a Revolt.

According to a Copy of the last Return of the French Troops employed upon the Corsican Expedition, delivered August 23, 1769, by Mons. de C—, it appears, that the French had 647 Officers wounded, and 539 killed. Rank and File wounded 5723, killed 3785. Total wounded 6397. Total killed 4324. Since the Capitulation of the Island, by the Return of the Hospitals, have died 5949. Total loss of the French Troops, dead, 10,273. Still Sick in the Hospitals, 795. This Loss of the best Troops of the French Army, with the Expence of 18 Millions of Livres, has been the Charges of obtaining to France the Dominion of Corsica.

Oct. 5. The Emperor of Germany, it is said, will visit England very soon.

The Reports that Governor Bernard is not to return to America, is entirely without Foundation; it being determined to send that Gentleman back to his Government, with an Enlargement of his Commission.

It is confidently said, and by those who are no Enemies to the Ministry, that as soon as the Supplies are raised, and the most important Business of the ensuing Session is nearly completed, the present Parliament will be dissolved.

The Liverymen of London should make Choice of Alderman Trecothick, for their Mayor, the Americans may form sanguine, and very probable Hopes of having their Grievances speedily redressed, by the then more exalted Influence of that Gentleman.

It is confidently said, that General Paoli will take up his Residence here 'til a War shall break out between this Kingdom and France; in which Case, it is thought, he will be sent, with a powerful Army, to Corsica, to dispossess the French of that Island, which they so unjustly seized, and now usurp.

Heyder Alley has, we are now informed, sent over Proposals to this Country, by which he signifies his Desire of an Alliance with the Crown. Were all the Princes in India brought to such a Disposition, and with the Assent of the lineal Emperor now in our Hands, our Possessions in the East might be made extremely profitable and permanent to the State.

The Court of Russia has solicited leave of the French, it is said, to permit their Fleet, while in the Mediterranean Sea, to enter the French Ports for the Purposes of Refreshment, &c. But no Answer has yet been given to this Request. All that the French Minister said, upon receiving this extraordinary Application, was, that he would lay it before the King. It is thought this will continue the Coolness between those Two Powers.

A Petition, full of heavy Complaints against a certain Person, was delivered last Thursday to his Majesty, by Denny de Berdt, Esq; Agent for the House of Representatives of the Massachusetts-Bay.

It is now confidently asserted, that the celebrated Junius is a young Gentleman of the Temple, patronized by a certain patriotic Northern Baronet.

Last Friday a Messenger, charged with Dispatches of Importance, rode from the Admiralty, Whitehall, to Plymouth in 25 Hours, which is 226 Miles; a Thing

never known to be performed before in so short a Time by at least one Hour.

An ingenious Writer observes, that though there never was a Period in which Calamity was so much talked of, he does not believe that there ever was a Period in which it was so little experienced by the People of this Kingdom. If we are undone, says he, we are the most splendidly ruined of any Nation in the Universe, and if our Merchants are all Beggars, there are not such Beggars in any Part of the Globe.—Though we are pressed to the Earth by the Weight of Taxation, we nevertheless find a Sufficiency to defray the Charges of a Ridotto al Fresco, a Ball Fare, or a Stratford Jubilee; the more extravagant the Entertainment, the more crowded we always find the Company; an Amusement is reckoned vulgar in Proportion to its Cheapness; and these only are followed with any Kind of Avidity, at which the Charges of a single Evening would afford a Week's decent Provision for a middling Family.

It is reported that a grand Entertainment will be given to General Paoli by the City of London at Guildhall, as a Testimony of their Approbation of that General's long and noble Struggles in defence of Liberty.

John Wilkes, Esq; has received a large Packet of Letters from the West-Indies, containing Fifty Sheets, on very important Affairs, which, we are assured, will be laid before a certain great Assembly at their next Meeting.

We are well informed that there are Actions out to the Amount of 18,000 l. against an Officer who lately escaped from the Law.

We are credibly informed, that the Right Honourable Lord Holland has taken his passage to go to Leghorn on board the King of Sardinia, Capt. St. Barb, who is to wait for his Lordship in the Downs.

Yesterday General Paoli was introduced to his Majesty at St. James's, by the Lord in waiting; he was accompanied by a Clergyman and another Gentleman, supposed to be a Corsican Officer; he was dressed in Scarlet and Gold, and made an elegant Appearance.

It is said that a great Personage was much pleased with the Conversation of the Corsican Chief Yesterday, which was in French, and lasted a considerable Time, and appeared to entertain a Regard for him.

We hear the Corsican Chief will set out in a few Days on a Visit to the Two Universities.

General Paoli has made a Present of his fine Dog to his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, who has sent him down to Windsor. His Highness saw him when he was in Holland, when the General made a Promise of presenting him to the Duke.

One of the Russian Men of War is lost on the Saw, and another is on Shore near the same Place.

For political Reasons, no further Remonstrances will be made to our Neighbours the Dutch, relating to the Affair of Surinam.

On Tuesday Eleven Horses, &c. started at New-Market for the great Subscription Purse of 2200 Guineas, and a Gold Cup, one Four Mile Heat, which was won by Sir Laurence Dundas's chestnut Mare A-la Greque.

We hear that the Right Honourable Lord Edgumbe will be appointed to the Command of his Majesty's Squadron, in the Mediterranean, with plenipotentiary Powers, to the several States of Barbary.

Oct. 7. At the Final closing of the Poll Yesterday Afternoon, at Guildhall, the Numbers stood as follows:

Mr. Alderman Beckford,	1967
Mr. Alderman Trecothick,	1911
Sir Henry Banks,	676
Mr. Crane and Mr. Young, Two of Mr. Quirk's examining Surgeons, have, amongst others, polled for Sir Henry Banks, as have also Mr. Alderman Harley, Mr. Alderman Shakespeare, Sir James Eisdale, Alderman Allop, Sir Robert Ladbroke, Mr. Alderman Kite, Mr. Alderman Kirkman, Sir Richard Glynn, Mr. Alderman Plumble, Mr. Alderman Nash, Mr. Alderman Kennet, and Sir Henry Banks himself.	
The Mayor, Town Clerk, and Two Aldermen of Bedford, who are Liverymen of London, came to Town last Thursday, and polled for Mr. Beckford and Mr. Trecothick.	

It is possible that there are frequent Accounts of Wagers that were never laid, but we can, upon positive Authority, assure our Readers, that a Clerk of great Consequence in one of the First Departments of State, betted on Wednesday Evening 1000 Guineas, that neither Mr. Beckford nor Mr. Trecothick, served the Office of Lord Mayor for the Year ensuing, though he would not bind himself in the Wager to name who would serve it. The Bet was taken up by Three Gentlemen conjointly.

It is shrewdly suspected, that by some Ministerial Hocus Pocus, a Method will be found out in the City too, to adopt a late Court Maxim, by proving, in the present Instance of Election, that a lesser Number is more than a greater.

The Steps to be taken by the Livery of London against the Public Defaulter are deferred 'til Tuesday next, when a Common-Hall will be held for that Purpose.

We hear that the Viceroy of a neighbouring Kingdom has sent over to inform this Country, that unless his Power is enlarged he shall not be able to carry a single Point the ensuing Winter, in consequence of

A PARCEL of choice Doves and genuine Patent MEDICINES, just come to Hand, to be sold on the lowest Terms, by **WILLIAM WILKINS**, at *Annapolis*, for Account of Dr. **JOHN SPARHAWK**, of *Philadelphia*, viz. *Turkinton's Balsam*, *Walker's Jesuits Drops*, an infallible Cure for the Venereal Disease, all Weaknesses of the Reins in both Sexes, however obstinate, and from whatever Cause proceeding, likewise for the Stone, Gravel, and all scorbutic Cases—*Balsam of Honey* for Consumptions, Colds, and all Complaints of the Breast; *Elixir Bardana*, for the Rheumatism and Gout; *British Tooth-Powder*, which preserves the Teeth from decaying, renders them white as Ivory, and the Breath perfectly agreeable; *Andersson's Pills*, I. I. and C. D. highly esteemed for purging away all vicious Humours, restoring a good Appetite, and sound Digestion; *British Oil*; *Daff's Elixir*; *Sugar Plums*, a certain Cure for Worms of all Kinds, in Men, Women, and Children; Dr. *Jam's Fever Powders*; Dr. *Hill's Effence* for sore Eyes, a sure Remedy, greatly strengthens and preserves the Sight; *Balsam's Drops*; *Godfrey's Cordial*; *King's Honey Water*; *Locher's Pills*; *Codrt Plaster*; *Oil Turpentine*; *Nipple Glasses*; *Emetics*; *Purges*; *Rhubarb*; *Powder of Jesuits Bark*; *Isinglass*; *Sago*; *Manna*; *Salts*; *Spermacei*, &c. (3m)

STOLEN between the 24th and 25th of October, from the Subscriber, a sandy colour'd Broad-Cloth Jacket, with Buttonholes on each Side and bound round with Worsted Binding, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, remarkable for having Spots of Paint in the Inside of the right Knee; several good Bridles and Girths were also taken, and old ones left in their Place, with sundry trifling Things tied in a Piece of black Cloth, and a Pair of Boots pretty much worn. It would be taken as a very particular Favour, if the Gentlemen who happened to be at Mr. *Reynolds's*, during the Races, would be kind enough to have their Negroes searched, as it is greatly suspected some of them must have been concerned in the above.

Whoever can give Information of the above Theft, may receive Fifteen Shillings Reward, from

WILLIAM SMITH, Hostler to Mr. *Reynolds*.

P U B L I C

THE Want of a proper SCHOOL for the Instruction of Youth, severely felt by the Inhabitants of *Frederick County*, induces them to submit the following **SCHEME** of a LOTTERY to the Consideration of the Benevolent and Generous, which it is earnestly hoped will meet the Approbation and Encouragement of all those who wish to see Science flourish in every Part of *Maryland*.

The Funds appropriated by Act of Assembly to the Public School in *Frederick County*, being insufficient to erect the necessary Buildings, it is proposed by this Lottery, to raise Nine Hundred Dollars, to aid that Deficiency.

To consist of Three Thousand Tickets, at Two Dollars each; Eight Hundred and Fifty-two of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction, viz.

Prize of 250 Dollars, is 250 Dollars.		
1	-	200
2	-	125
3	-	100
6	-	50
8	-	25
12	-	15
40	-	10
780	-	4
9000 rais'd.		

Prizes, 352
Blanks, 2148

3000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each, 6000 Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are a little more than Two Blanks and an Half to a Prize, and the Profits retained, are Fifteen per Cent. on the whole.

When the Tickets are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin (previous Notice of which to be given in the *MARYLAND GAZETTE*) in the Court-House of the said County, in Presence of Six of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Messieurs *Jonathan Wilson*, *Thomas Bowles*, *George Murdock*, *Joseph Wood*, *Thomas Price*, *Casper Schaaf*, *Charles Beatty*, *Samuel Beall*, jun. *Morand Bruce*, *Andrew Hengb*, *Enos Campbell*, *Christopher Edlin*, *John Cary*, *Ladewick Wellner*, *Peter Grady*, *Thomas Neill*, *Nicholas Tice*, *Samuel Hughes*, *Thomas Johns*, and *James Brand*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be published in the *MARYLAND GAZETTE*, as soon as the Drawing is finished, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.

N. B. Any Money passing current in the Province, to be received in the Sale of the Tickets, and the same to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

* Tickets to be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office, in *Annapolis*.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, last Sunday Night, an *English* Convict Servant Man, named **JESSE JORDAN**, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 11 Inches high, has a pale Complexion, gray Eyes, light fair short Hair, and is by Trade a Shoemaker. Had on, an Osnabrig Shirt, red Breeches, with Trousers over them, Two Jackets, the Under one a knit Scarlet, the other a blue flower'd Serge; he also took with him his Shoemakers Tools, and a forel Horse, about 14 Hands high, with a white Blaze down his Face, and an old Saddle and Bridle; it is supposed he had a Companion with him, as the Subscriber has also missed a Horse, branded on the near Buttock H. Whoever takes up the said Servant and Horse, and brings them to the Subscriber, living near *Annapolis*, if taken within the County, Forty Shillings for the Fellow, and Twenty for the Creatures; or if out of the County and brought home, Five Pounds Reward, paid by

JOHN HESSELIUS.

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STEWART & NORRIS.

Baltimore-Town, September 12, 1769.

THE Subscriber hereby gives public Notice that he has begun inoculation, at his Dwelling-House, which stands distant from *Baltimore-Town*, Half a Mile, in a healthy Situation, and an agreeable Prospect. His Price as before, Two Pistoles for inoculation, and Twenty Shillings per Week for Board. And as the Sickness is so trifling, and the Confinement none, the Expence need not exceed Five Pounds Fourteen Shillings, or Six Pounds Currency; and may be inoculated any Month in the Year, July and August excepted.

I shall be obliged to those who will favour me with their Custom; and they may depend on being carefully and tenderly dealt with, by

Their humble Servant,

HENRY STEVENSON.

N. B. Those who intend coming, are desired not to change their Manner of Diet, or use any Preparation before hand, as it is rather prejudicial than otherwise.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on *Kent Island*, in *Queen-Anne's County*, on Monday September 25, a yellow Negro Man, named **PILL**, about 23 Years of Age, middle Stature, and is very talkative: Had on, when he went away, an old Belt Hat, blue Jacket, and a striped ditto without Sleeves, Country made Shirt, striped Country Cloth Breeches. As there is a Canoe taken from the lower End of the Island, it is supposed he has made over for *Thomas's Point*. Whoever takes up the said Negro, and secures him, so that his Master may get him again, shall receive, if taken on the Island, Fifteen Shillings; if out of the County Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by

JOHN COCKLEY.

Annapolis, November 19, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named **WILLIAM WILLIAMSON**, alias **WAINRIGHT**, a black well made Fellow, about 5 Feet high, has no Beard, round full Face, fresh Colour, short light brown Hair, has a Cut on his under Lip, and an effeminate Voice. Had on and took with him, a white Linen Shirt, a Pair of white Drilling Breeches, striped red and white Jacket, a short brown ditto, a Pair of light blue gray Stockings, white Thread dunn, a Stock and Stock-Buckle, white Neckcloth, with a red and white Border at each End, a white Handkerchief, with a red and white Border, good Shoes, Pumps, Brass Buckles, and a Half-worn Hat. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him home, if taken 20 Miles from home, Twenty Shillings, if 30 Miles, Thirty Shillings, if 40 Miles, Forty Shillings, and so in Proportion for a shorter or longer Distance, and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by

WAIT STILL SINGLETON CHURCH.

RAN away last Night, from the *Patuxent Iron Works*, the Two following Convict Servants Men, viz **JOHN HILL** an *Englishman*, about Thirty, or Thirty-five Years of Age, dark Complexion, and wears his own short black Hair; he is about Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high. Had on, when he went away, an Osnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trousers, old Cotton Jacket, old Belt Hat, and old Shoes.

JOHN SMITH, a *Colo.*, about Twenty-five Years of Age, Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high, of a very dark Complexion, and is cloth'd in the same Manner as *Hill*.—Whoever takes up the said Servants, shall receive on delivering them, if taken Twenty Miles from home, Thirty Shillings, and if Fifty Miles or out of the Province, Fifty Shillings for each (including what the Law allows) paid by

(If) **THOMAS SAM'L & JOHN SNOWDEN.**

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Annapolis*, an indentured Servant, named **JOHN BURRAGE**, by Trade a Clock and Watch-maker, born in the West of England, about Five Feet Eleven Inches high, of a dark Complexion, mark'd much with the Small-Pox, and has short black Hair: Had on, and took with him, a Drab Colour Surcoat Coat, cut short, Check Shirt, striped Linen Trousers, Castor Hat, and Country made Shoes. Whoever secures the said Servant, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have Five Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

FRANCIS KNAPP.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT.

GOLDSMITH and Jeweller in West-Street, Annapolis.

HAVING purchased the Servants lately belonging to Mr. *Knapp* with all the Materials for carrying on the Watch and Clock-making Business hereby informs the Public, that he repairs all sorts of Clocks and Watches, in the best and most approved Manner; and as he has a complete Apparatus for cutting Wheels with more Expedition and Exactness than usual, they may depend on having their Work done in the most careful Manner, and on better Terms than heretofore.

He also carries on the Goldsmiths and Jewellers Business in the most extensive Manner, as he has imported a great Variety of Materials, and has extremely good Workmen for the executing the above Branches. Those Ladies and Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend that the utmost Exertion of his Abilities to merit their Esteem, shall be his whole Study and greatest Ambition.

N. B. He has a great Variety of ready made Work by him, which he will Sell at the most reasonable Rates.

* He gives the best Prices for old Gold, Silver and Silver-Lace. (If)

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Baltimore-Town, September 16, 1769.

BROKE Jail last Night about Eleven o'Clock, the following Prisoners, viz.

JACOB, a Negro, a short thick Fellow, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high; he was formerly the Property of Mr. *Benjamin Wells*, of *Anne Arundel County*, and sold to a certain *Hugh Scott*, of *York County*, in *Pennsylvania*; he is remarkable for having both his Ears cropped, and is supposed to be harboured some where about Mr. *Wells's* Plantations.

WILLIAM WOODMAN, about 5 Feet 10 or 11 Inches high, he is a down looking Fellow, and had on an old Osnabrig Shirt and Trousers.

Whoever secures and brings back said Prisoners, shall have Ten Pounds for both, or Five Pounds for each, paid by

DANIEL CHAMBER.

(Sw) Sheriff of *Baltimore County*.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by **ANNE CATHARINE** and **WILLIAM GREEN**, at the PRINTING-OFFICE; Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5s. and 1s. for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.—At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of **BLANKS**, viz. **COMMON** and **BAIL BONDS**; **TESTAMENTARY LETTERS** of several Sorts, with their proper **BONDS** annexed; **BILLS of EXCHANGE**; **SHIPPING-BILLS**, &c. &c. All Manner of **PRINTING-WORK** performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.

[XVth YEAR.]

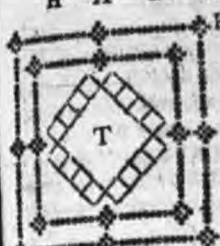
THE

[No. 1269.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1769.

H A G U E, September 19.



HE frequent Journeys which the Emperor has taken for some Time past, are thought by many People to be in Consequence of his being much displeased at the Behaviour of her august M— the E—, who has already not only alienated from the Hereditary Dominions of the House of Austria, the Grand Duchy of Tuscany, and the Principality of Teschen, besides spending several Millions, in order to make Portions for the Queen of the Two Sicilies and the Dutchess of Parma; but has now in View to surrender Part of the Low Countries to France, as a Marriage Portion for the Archduchess, who is going to be married to the Dauphin. All this is said to give so much Uneasiness to the Emperor, that he endeavours to divert his Cares by Travelling.

WARSAW, Sept. 19. We received the following important News, by a Courier dispatched from Kamienick the 10th of this Month. On the 17th Instant, at break of Day, a Body of 12,000 Turks, consisting of 8000 Janissaries, and 4000 Cavalry, passed the Niester upon a Bridge that was covered by a Battery. About Noon the River swelled to such a Degree, that it carried away the Bridge. Prince Gallitzin gaining Intelligence of this Event, attacked the Enemy so successfully, that some Hundreds of the Turks escaped by swimming, and the Remainder were either killed, or taken Prisoners. The Russians have in this Battle taken 151 Standards, or Horfes Tails, and Two Generals Truncheons. They made themselves Masters of the Enemy's Battery, consisting of 64 Pieces of Cannon, and 14 Mortars. The Russians have lost no more than 133 killed, and 600 wounded. As soon as the Ottoman Army on the other Side of the Niester were informed of the total Defeat of the Corps of 12,000 Men, their Shouts demonstrated how greatly they were displeased with the Grand Visir, and their Indignation towards the Confederates. They immediately abandoned the Fortress of Choczim, and precipitately took the Route towards Bender. In the mean While the Russian Army passed the River in pursuit of the Enemy, and Prince Gallitzin directly took Possession of Choczim, where he found 143 Pieces of heavy Cannon, and a considerable Quantity of Ball, Bombs, and other warlike Ammunition, with some Hundreds of Turkish Women. The Number of Prisoners taken by the Russians beyond the Niester, at the Departure of the Courier, already amounted to 6000, among whom were several Pachas. It was also rumoured in Kamienick, that Count Potochi, Podzafy of Lithuania, and some other Confederates, had been put to the Sword by the Turks.

These Advices are authentic, and the Ambassador Prince Wolkonski has already received Letters dated from the Fortress of Choczim. This has been a most glorious Day for the Russians. Sunday next is appointed for a solemn Fast and Thanksgiving, for so many Victories gained over the Enemy.

L O N D O N, September 23.

We hear that Mr. B—ke, the supposed Writer of the Letters under the Signature of Junius, was desired, the other Day, by a certain unpopular D—ke, into whose Company he accidentally fell, to declare whether he was the Author of those Letters, to whom that Gentleman returned this very spirited Reply; that "if he had been capable of writing such Letters, he should have had the Spirit to have acknowledged it; but was sorry to assure his Grace he could not claim the Merit of being the Author of them."

From the above, and an Expression made Use of in Junius's last Letter, respecting Rockingham Administration, many People are inclined to believe that Gentleman is not the Author of those spirited Essays, as famous for their Diction, as Subject.

Sept. 26. We are assured, that a Petition for Redress of Grievances may shortly be expected from the free Burghesses of Newcastle upon Tyne.

It is assured that the Petitions from the Counties of Gloucester, Worcester and Wiltshire, will shortly be presented, notwithstanding all Attempts to prevent the same.

Upwards of 5000 Electors, it is said, have already signed the Westminster Petition.

Sept. 30. It is whispered, that a certain Foreign Court has demanded one of their Subjects now in England, to be delivered up, charged with male Practices against the State.

Extract of a Letter from York, dated September 28.

"I have the Pleasure to acquaint you, that Yesterday the Meeting of Freeholders at this Place determined unanimously to petition the King to dissolve the P—t."

"Sir George Saville gave a very good Account of the Transaction of the House in relation to Wilkes and Luttrell, explained the Nature of the B—h in the Constitution, the Necessity of procuring Redress, and the Legality of petitioning. Sir George Armitage then spoke on the Duty we owed Posterity and ourselves, in taking the most effectual Methods to support the Constitution. He then concluded with a Motion to petition. It was then asked, if he had any

Petition ready; on which he produced one, which was immediately read. Sir Cecil Wray seconded the Motion, and complained of the Injury done to the Public by the — of —, who had dared to disfranchise an Englishman without the Concurrence of the Legislature—had dared to annihilate our Right of Election: He said that any other Methods would be ineffectual; that he approved entirely of the Petition produced, as worthy to be sent from the Descendants of those who had so often supported the Cause of Liberty. The Question was then proposed, and received with the greatest Applause. One single Gentleman alone dissenting, who gave his Reason for it on the Precedent of Sir Robert Walpole, and the Impropriety of petitioning unless the Cause should be so clear that every one could join in it, which was not the present Case. Mr. Wedderburn answered him in a masterly Manner, and entered fully into the Insufficiency of the Precedents, explained the Nature of the Constitution, the Propriety and Legality of petitioning, and the Futility of every other Mode. Afterwards, on putting the Question again, there was not one dissenting Voice.

"The following is the Conclusion of our Petition:

"The Power of assembling and dissolving Parliaments is undoubtedly one of the Rights vested in your Majesty for the Welfare of the People, and by their Consent. The Voice of a Loyal People now calls for the Exercise of this Power, and their most essential Rights are to be preserved by it. Permit us, therefore, Royal Sir, to implore your Majesty to restore the Confidence of your People in the Justice of Parliament, by sending them to a new Choice of Representatives, which will give your Loyal Subjects an Opportunity of demonstrating their Zeal for the Constitution by a Choice of Men, who will guard the Honour of the Crown, and support the Rights of the People."

"The Petition was signed by near 600 Freeholders immediately, and, in all Probability, will soon be signed by 12,000."

By a Person just arrived from Petersburg, we hear, there are great Apprehensions of a Revolution there, from a Jealousy that the present War is a War of the Emperors, unconnected with the State; and the People in general seem to be of Opinion there, that the Event of it will, in a short Time, determine a Revolt.

According to a Copy of the last Return of the French Troops employed upon the Corsican Expedition, delivered August 23, 1769, by Mons. de C—, it appears, that the French had 647 Officers wounded, and 539 killed. Rank and File wounded 5723, killed 3785. Total wounded 6377. Total killed 4324. Since the Capitulation of the Island, by the Returns of the Hospitals, have died 5949. Total loss of the French Troops, dead, 10,273. Still Sick in the Hospitals, 795. This Loss of the best Troops of the French Army, with the Expence of 18 Millions of Livres, has been the Charges of obtaining to France the Dominion of Corsica.

Oct. 5. The Emperor of Germany, it is said, will visit England very soon.

The Reports that Governor Bernard is not to return to America, is entirely without Foundation; it being determined to send that Gentleman back to his Government, with an Enlargement of his Commission.

It is confidently said, and by those who are no Enemies to the Ministry, that as soon as the Supplies are raised, and the most important Business of the ensuing Session is nearly completed, the present Parliament will be dissolved.

The Liverymen of London should make Choice of Alderman Trecothick, for their Mayor, the Americans may form sanguine, and very probable Hopes of having their Grievances speedily redressed, by the then more exalted Influence of that Gentleman.

It is confidently said, that General Paoli will take up his Residence here 'til a War shall break out between this Kingdom and France; in which Case, it is thought, he will be sent, with a powerful Army, to Corsica, to dispossess the French of that Island, which they so unjustly seized, and now usurp.

Heyder Alley has, we are now informed, sent over Proposals to this Country, by which he signifies his Desire of an Alliance with the Crown. Were all the Princes in India brought to such a Disposition, and with the Assent of the lineal Emperor now in our Hands, our Possessions in the East might be made extremely profitable and permanent to the State.

The Court of Russia has solicited leave of the French, it is said, to permit their Fleet, while in the Mediterranean Sea, to enter the French Ports for the Purposes of Refreshment, &c. But no Answer has yet been given to this Request. All that the French Minister said, upon receiving this extraordinary Application, was, that he would lay it before the King. It is thought this will continue the Coolness between those Two Powers.

A Petition, full of heavy Complaints against a certain Person, was delivered last Thursday to his Majesty, by Denny de Berdt, Esq; Agent for the House of Representatives of the Massachusetts-Bay.

It is now confidently asserted, that the celebrated Junius is a young Gentleman of the Temple, patronized by a certain patriotic Northern Baronet.

Last Friday a Messenger, charged with Dispatches of Importance, rode from the Admiralty, Whitehall, to Plymouth in 25 Hours, which is 220 Miles; a Thing

never known to be performed before in so short a Time by at least one Hour.

An ingenious Writer observes, that though there never was a Period in which Calamity was so much talked of, he does not believe that there ever was a Period in which it was so little experienced by the People of this Kingdom. If we are undone, says he, we are the most splendidly ruined of any Nation in the Universe, and if our Merchants are all Beggars, there are not such Beggars in any Part of the Globe.—Though we are pressed to the Earth by the Weight of Taxation, we nevertheless find a Sufficiency to defray the Charges of a Ridotto al Fresco, a Ball Fare, or a Stratford Jubilee; the more extravagant the Entertainment, the more crowded we always find the Company; an Amusement is reckoned vulgar in Proportion to its Cheapness; and these only are followed with any Kind of Avidity, at which the Charges of a single Evening would afford a Week's decent Provision for a middling Family.

It is reported that a grand Entertainment will be given to General Paoli by the City of London at Guildhall, as a Testimony of their Approbation of that General's long and noble Struggles in defence of Liberty.

John Wilkes, Esq; has received a large Packet of Letters from the West-Indies, containing Fifty Sheets, on very important Affairs, which, we are assured, will be laid before a certain great Assembly at their next Meeting.

We are well informed that there are Actions out to the Amount of 18,000 l. against an Officer who lately escaped from the Law.

We are credibly informed, that the Right Honourable Lord Holland has taken his passage to go to Leghorn on board the King of Sardinia, Capt. St. Barb, who is to wait for his Lordship in the Downs.

Yesterday General Paoli was introduced to his Majesty at St. James's, by the Lord in waiting; he was accompanied by a Clergyman and another Gentleman, supposed to be a Corsican Officer; he was dressed in Scarlet and Gold, and made an elegant Appearance.

It is said that a great Personage was much pleased with the Conversation of the Corsican Chief Yesterday, which was in French, and lasted a considerable Time, and appeared to entertain a Regard for him.

We hear the Corsican Chief will set out in a few Days on a Visit to the Two Universities.

General Paoli has made a Present of his fine Dog to his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, who has sent him down to Windsor. His Highness saw him when he was in Holland, when the General made a Promise of presenting him to the Duke.

One of the Russian Men of War is lost on the Saw, and another is on Shore near the same Place.

For political Reasons, no further Remonstrances will be made to our Neighbours the Dutch, relating to the Affair of Surinam.

On Tuesday Eleven Horses, &c. started at New-Market for the great Subscription Purse of 2200 Guineas, and a Gold Cup, one Four Mile Heat, which was won by Sir Laurence Dundas's chestnut Mare A-la Greque.

We hear that the Right Honourable Lord Edgumbe will be appointed to the Command of his Majesty's Squadron, in the Mediterranean, with plenipotentiary Powers, to the several States of Barbary.

Oct. 7. At the Final closing of the Poll Yesterday Afternoon, at Guildhall, the Numbers stood as follows:

Mr. Alderman Beckford,	1967
Mr. Alderman Trecothick,	1911
Sir Henry Banks,	676
Mr. Crane and Mr. Young, Two of Mr. Quirk's examining Surgeons, have, amongst others, polled for Sir Henry Banks, as have also Mr. Alderman Harley, Mr. Alderman Shakespeare, Sir James Esdaile, Alderman Alsop, Sir Robert Ladbroke, Mr. Alderman Kite, Mr. Alderman Kirkman, Sir Richard Glynn, Mr. Alderman Plumbe, Mr. Alderman Nash, Mr. Alderman Kennet, and Sir Henry Banks himself.	

The Mayor, Town Clerk, and Two Aldermen of Bedford, who are Liverymen of London, came to Town last Thursday, and polled for Mr. Beckford and Mr. Trecothick.

It is possible that there are frequent Accounts of Wagers that were never laid, but we can, upon positive Authority, assure our Readers, that a Clerk of great Consequence in one of the First Departments of State, betted on Wednesday Evening 1000 Guineas, that neither Mr. Beckford nor Mr. Trecothick, served the Office of Lord Mayor for the Year ensuing, though he would not bind himself in the Wager to name who would serve it. The Bet was taken up by Three Gentlemen conjointly.

It is shrewdly suspected, that by some Ministerial Hocus Focus, a Method will be found out in the City too, to adopt a late Court Maxim, by proving, in the present Instance of Election, that a lesser Number is more than a greater.

The Steps to be taken by the Livery of London against the Public Defaulter are deferred 'til Tuesday next, when a Common-Hall will be held for that Purpose.

We hear that the Viceroy of a neighbouring Kingdom has sent over to inform this Country, that unless his Power is enlarged he shall not be able to carry a single Point the ensuing Winter, in consequence of

George-Town, Frederick County, Maryland.
FOR the disposing of Three Thousand One Hundred and Eighty Acres of LAND, all lying in Frederick and Prince-George's Counties, (except One Hundred and Eighty-four Acres, lying in Hampshire County, Virginia) the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY is offered to the PUBLIC, in Hopes it will meet with Encouragement; the Scheme being calculated, as much as possible, in Favour of the Adventurers, their being not quite Two and an Half BLANKS to a PRIZE, and the several Parcels of Land rated at their real Value, viz.

	ACRES.	DOLLARS.
New-Holland, - - -	430	1000
Hit the Mark, - - -	235½	600
Part of Conclusion, - - -	204 N ^o . 15.	400
Friendship, - - -	200	450
Part of Conclusion, - - -	191 N ^o . 7.	400
Part of Conclusion, - - -	148½ N ^o . 9.	400
Part of Conclusion, - - -	165 N ^o . 8.	300
Part of Conclusion, - - -	121 N ^o . 10.	350
Part of Conclusion, - - -	150 N ^o . 6.	300
Part of Conclusion, - - -	118½ N ^o . 16.	250
Suspense, - - -	156	250
Chew's Folly, - - -	93	200
Part of Miller's Beginning, - - -	100 N ^o . 1.	200
Part of ditto, - - -	93 N ^o . 2.	200
One Tract in Virginia, - - -	184	184
Part of Conclusion, - - -	75 N ^o . 12, 13.	150
Mexico, - - -	92	150
Peru, - - -	87	150
Below Furtile Meadow, - - -	56	150
Eilbow, - - -	66	150
Part of Conclusion, - - -	63	120
Town-Creek, - - -	52	86
Walnut Level, - - -	52	86
Hard Bargain, - - -	48	74

* 24 Prizes, 3180½ 6600
 500 Prizes, at 6 Dollars, 3000
 524 9600
 1276 Blanks.

1800 Tickets, at 40 s. each, 9600
 When the TICKETS are disposed of, the Drawing will begin, (previous Notice of which to be given in the Maryland Gazette) in George-Town, in presence of Six of the Managers, (who are to act on Oath) and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Messieurs Robert Peter, John Murdoch, Adam Stewart, Zephaniah Turner, Thomas Johns, Thomas Richardson, and Edward Parkinson, in George-Town; Richard Henderson, and Andrew Leitch, in Bladenburgh; John Hepburn, Junior, Upper-Marlborough; James Brown, and Thomas Claggett, Piscataway; Thomas Contee, Port-Tobacco; George Frazer Hawkins, Prince-George's County; Barnard O'Neil, St. Mary's County; Feilder Bowie, at Nottingham; Thomas Duckett, at Queen-Anne; Charles Beatty, Frederick-Town; and, James Harris, Baltimore-Town.

A List of the Prizes to be published in the Maryland Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished. Proper Deeds will be given for the several Parcels of Land, to the fortunate Adventurers, by Daniel Stephenson, James Miller, and William Deakins, Junior, and the Cash Prizes paid off, without any Deduction.

* There being Vacancy adjoining several of the small Tracts of Land, the fortunate Adventurers may add thereto by Warrants of Resurvey.

Baltimore-Town, Maryland, Dec. 14, 1769.
RAN away from the Subscriber, of Strabane Township, York County, in Pennsylvania, on the 15th of last Month, an Indented Servant Man, named HUGH DEVINE, aged about 45 Years, a Weaver by Trade, a well set Fellow, with remarkable thick Lips: Had on, when he went away, a blue Coat, Jacket and Breeches, short Wig, and coarse Woollen Cap, half worn Pumps, Yarn Stockings, and a white Linen Shirt. He was imported in Capt. Taylor's Vessel, from Belfast, and escaped as soon as delivered out of the Ship. Whoever secures said Servant, so that his Master may have him again, shall receive Three Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges, if brought home, paid by

STEPHEN GRIFFEN.

Annapolis, December 14, 1769.
THE Public are hereby informed, that the Subscriber has open'd School, at the House lately occupied by Mr. CANNON, in Market-Street, where will be taught, after the most approved Methods, (with Care and Assiduity) Reading, with Propriety; Writing, in various Hands; Arithmetic, Vulgar and Decimal, in all its Branches; Extraction of the Square and Cube Roots; Biquadrate, &c. Mensuration of Superficies and Solids; Geometrical Problems and Definitions; Practical and Plain Geometry; Surveying; Gauging; Navigation; Dialling; Geography; and how to take Heights and Distances of Objects, accessible or inaccessible. I also shall attend an Evening School, from 6 until 9 o'Clock, for the Advantage of those whose Business will not permit to attend in the Day.—Those that please to commit the Education of their Children, &c. to my Care, may be assured that no Opportunity shall be omitted to inculcate the Principles of Virtue and Morality, as well as the other Branches of Literature, By their humble Servant, WILLIAM HUTCHINGS.

FOR FREIGHT to any Part in BRITAIN, PORTUGAL, or SPAIN,

THE SNOW ADERTON, Burthen about 200 Tons, now lying at Baltimore. For Terms, apply to JERE ADERTON.

Lancashire Furnace, Baltimore County, Dec. 4.
RAN away last Night, from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant, named EDWARD HOOPER, about Twenty-four Years of Age, fair Complexion, about 5 Feet 3 or 4 Inches high, wears his own dark brown Hair: Had on, and took with him, an Osnabrig Shirt and Trousers, an old Fearnought Jacket, and Cotton Breeches. This Fellow had on an Iron Collar when he went away, being under a Profecution for Housebreaking.

Ran away from his Bail, at the same Time, JOHN BISHOP, by Trade a Collier, about Thirty Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, wears his own lank dark brown Hair, is a thin Fellow, speaks in the Shropshire Dialect, and has a remarkable Scar on his left Hand: Had on, and took with him, a Copper coloured Suit of Cloaths, a drab lappelled Waistcoat, new blue Cloth Breeches, old blue Coat, and a close bodied Great Coat. It is supposed he is a great Villain, and has inveigled away the said Servant, who, it's supposed, he will be in Company with, and possibly will spare him some of his Cloaths; as likewise a Woman, who passeth for his Wife, and a Child, about Two Years old; the Woman is about Twenty-one, or Twenty two Years of Age, about 5 Feet 1 or 2 Inches high, fair Complexion, and brown Hair; she had on a dark coloured Shalloon Gown, red Petticoat, and black Silk Hat; she strolled some Time ago from Queen-Anne's County, on the Eastern Shore. Her maiden name was Ann Hand. Whoever apprehends said Runaways, so that they may be had again, and gives Notice to the Subscriber, shall have Forty Shillings Reward for Edward Hooper, and Three Pounds for John Bishop, with reasonable Charges, if brought home.

(4w) GEORGE RANDELL.

To be sold by the in Charles County, on Subscriber, living the 27th Instant.

A PARCEL of very likely SLAVES, among which, are some Country-born ones. Credit will be given for Two or Three Years, on Interest, with Security, if required. Likewise some Horses, and Household Furniture to be disposed of, with Land to lease for Fifteen Years. SAMUEL HANSON.

To be sold at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 17th of January next, at the House of Mr. Ignatius Middleton, in Port-Tobacco, Charles County, for Sterling Cash, or Current Money, as rated by the Inspection Laws,

A TRACT of LAND, containing, by Patent, 400 Acres, but will Measure more, lying on Patowmack River, Two and an Half Miles below Sandy Point, on which are Three Plantations, that rent for 3000lb. of Tobacco per Ann. The Soil is well adapted to either Planting or Farming. The Purchaser, on paying One Half of the Purchase Money, at the Time of Conveyance, will be allowed a reasonable Time for the Remainder, on giving Bond, with Security, if required. Any Person inclinable to treat for said Land, before the Day of Sale, may see the Premises, and know the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber living near Port-Tobacco. EDWARD SCOTT WARE.

Chester-Town, Nov. 14, 1769.

BY Virtue of a Power given to us, the Subscribers, by the Testament and Last Will of George Garnett, late of Kent County, deceased, the late Dwelling-House and Lot of the said George Garnett, situate on the River-Side, in Chester-Town, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Premises, on the 15th Day of January next, by

MARY GARNETT, & JOSEPH GARNETT, Executors of G. GARNETT.

Annapolis, December 6, 1769.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Frederick, Captain Nicholson, and to be sold by Thomas Galloway, jun. or the Subscriber.

A CARGO of European and East-India GOODS, divided into Assortments of different Values, from 700 l. and upwards, to 1300 l. and upwards. The same will be sold at a moderate Advance, for ready Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit; the Purchaser, in the latter Way, giving Bond, with good Security, if required. LEIGH MASTER.

* The Committee of Merchants of this City, having fully considered all the Papers, and Evidence relative to this Affair, and being quite satisfied, that in the Purchase and Importation of those Goods, nothing has been done contrary to the true Spirit and Intention of the Articles of Association of this Province, unanimously consented to their being landed, and disposed of in such Manner as I should think proper. L. M.

To be SOLD by Mr. John Metcalf, living in Frederick-Town Maryland, at Twelve Shillings per Bottle, PALMER'S WATER, for the safe, easy, and expeditious Cure of the STONE and GRAVEL.

WHICH entirely dissolves the Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys, and brings it away with all the Sand and gravelly Matter that may accompany it, without any Recourse to the painful Operations of Cutting or Probing. On first taking this Water, the Outside of the Stone appears in a red, glossy, and scaly Form, on the Sides and Bottom of the Vessels receiving the Urine; but after taking it some Time, the Inside itself of the Stone comes away gradually, of a Freestone Colour, either in small Particles, or in Sand; and at last in a sandy Substance. Those who take this Water, are desired, for their own Satisfaction, to save the Sediment of their Urine, for, as they see the Quantity of the dissolved Stone that comes away increase, they will find their Pains and Complaints decrease in the same Proportion. This Water not only cleanses the Vessels but the Mass of Blood, freeing it from all Acidities, so as to prevent the breeding of that tartarous Mucilage, from which proceed the Stone, Gout, Scurvy, Dropsy, and many other Chronic Diseases. It likewise gives immediate Ease in all Pains arising from internal Ulcers, especially those in the Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, and urinary Passages, which it soon cleanses and effectually

heals up. Persons who feel Pain in the Back, Loins or Kidneys, attended with Difficulty, or Pain, in making Urine, Sickness of the Stomach, or Dimness in the Eyes, by taking but Three or Four Bottles of this Water, might soon be thoroughly convinced, that the Stone, or Gravel, is the Cause of their Complaints, which before, perhaps, they had spent much Time and Money to find out the Source of, to no Purpose; as has been the Case of many People lately cured by this Medicine. In these Complaints, some have taken such violent Medicines, and such immoderate Exercise, as to make the Stone come down so low, that nothing but Probing could give them Relief; whereas, by merely taking this Water, the Stone has been softened and broke, and brought off in a short Time, in Pieces of different Sizes, as may be seen by applying to the Persons cured, who will justify the Truth hereof. What makes this Water more valuable, is the gentleness of its Operations, which is by Urine only, and the pleasantness of its Flavour. It never palls or sickens the Stomach, but rather creates an Appetite; and, what is very extraordinary, it requires no particular Diet or Confinement, so that the Patient may follow his Business as if he had taken nothing. It may be taken by Persons ever so young or old; by those of the most delicate Constitution, and even labouring under a Complication of Disorders.

Persons of undoubted Veracity, cured by this Stone-Water, will be made known, by enquiring of Mr. Stephen Palmer, the Proprietor, in Warwick-Court, Holborn; or of Mr. Robert Peacock, at the Golden-Lion, near Somerset-House, in the Strand, whom Mr. Palmer has appointed (and him only) to dispose of the same, with himself, Price Six Shillings a Bottle.

At the above Places may be seen, the various Sorts of Gravel and Sediments extracted by Means of the said Water.

DIRECTIONS for taking the STONE and GRAVEL-WATER.

THE Patient must take Half the Quantity contained in one Bottle, mixt with an equal Quantity of White Wine, and as much Loaf Sugar as will sweeten it to the Palate; the whole made Blood-warm, Two Hours before Breakfast; but, in Cases of Extremity, at any Time when the Stomach is empty. In ordinary Cases, it is to be taken every 24 Hours; but in great Pain, or where the Disorder has been of long standing, every 12 Hours; 'till the Patient finds himself easy.

N. B. To prevent Counterfeits, all the Bottles containing this Medicine, are sealed with Palmer's Arms, with these Words round the Seal, PALMER'S STONE-WATER.

The NAMES of the Persons cured by the STONE-WATER.

MR. Williams, at the Green Dragon, Fleet-Street. A Child of Five Years old, recommended by Mrs. Worlington, at the Musical-Clock, Fleet-Street.

"This is to certify, That I Thomas Hurst, of Ropsley, in the County of Lincoln, Chaplain to his Grace the Duke of Rutland, had Scorbatic Eruptions on my Ears, and in my Neck, and on the back Part of my Head, and a violent Pain in my right Leg and Ankle, that I took a Water for about Six Weeks, made by Mr. Palmer, in Warwick-Court, Holborn, London; and that I am now clear and quite free from the Breakings out, and have no Pain in my right Leg and Ankle, I thought it a Duty incumbent on me to make my Case public, that others might have the same Relief, as well as myself, in the same Disorder."

Jan. 13, 1769.

THOMAS HURST.

"For Eighteen Years past I have been afflicted with that terrible Disorder the Stone; I have had the Advice of many able Physicians, but found no Relief; by Chance, I met with a Bill of Mr. Palmer's (of Warwick-Court, Holborn,) Stone-Water, which so described my Case: I was willing to try it; happy it was for me, I found Relief from the first of my taking it. I continued it for some Time, and I have parted with such a Quantity of dissolved Stone that is not credible; it may be seen by applying to D. Dainton, in Little Kirby-Street, Hatton-Garden."

"For Nine Years past I have been greatly afflicted with violent pains in my Stomach, and have had the Advice of some of the best Physicians in England, and, after taking almost every Thing within the Practice of Physic, without Effect, I was recommended to the Use of Palmer's Stone-Water, of Warwick-Court, Holborn; from the Application thereof, I found the Stone my Complaint. I have found Relief in my Disorder, having voided large Quantities of Stone, and Matter seeming to be Stone dissolved. At present I am free from Pains, which I have not been for many Years before. I therefore think it incumbent on me, for the Benefit of the Public, to make it known."

JANE BROOKBANK, Widow to the Rev. Mr. Brookbank, Rector of Stepney.

* The Truth of this may be known, by enquiring at Mr. Brookbank's, Stationer, Finsbury-Lane.

Dorchester County, October 30, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 29th Inst. a yellow Negro Man, named FRANK, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, is a thick, well made, strong Fellow, much given to Liquor, and is very impudent; he has a remarkable Scar on one of his Arms, occasioned by the Bite of a Person he was engaged with in a Fight: Had on and took with him, a blue Fearnought Jacket, a Welsh Cotton, and a brown Cloth ditto, old Osnabrig Shirt, a new ditto not made, Fustian Breeches, white Stockings and a new Pair of Pumps. Whoever secures said Fellow, so that I get him again, shall receive Five Dollars besides what they are lawfully entitled to, from (7w) WILLIAM GRAY.

THERE is at the Plantation of Edward Kitten Junr. living near Elk-Ridge Landing, taken up as a stray, a small roan Horse, with a bald Face, and off hind Foot white as high as his Ham, branded on the near Flank with something like an X. The Owner may have him again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

TALBOT County SCHOOL being now vacant, any Person who can produce proper Testimonials of his Qualification for that Trust, will be treated with by the Visitors.

Signed by Order,

THOMAS GOLDSBOROUGH, Register.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, living near Nottingham, in Prince-George's County, the following Tracts, or Parcels of Land, lying in the County aforesaid, viz.

WHEELER'S PARK, containing 503 Acres, lying about Half-way between Nottingham and Piscataway. The Land is level, and fit for farming. About Ten Acres of it cleared, the rest in Woods.

Part of a Tract, called **ALLISON'S FORREST ENLARGED**, containing 148 Acres, lying between Bladensburg and George-Town. About 27 Acres of which is cleared, on which is a young Orchard. There is on the said Land, about 15 Acres of valuable low Ground fit for Meadow.

PERRIE'S FARM, containing 50 Acres, lying about a Mile and a Quarter from the Easternbranch-Ferry, on the Road leading from Upper Marlborough towards the said Ferry: This is all Woods.

THE ADDITION TO FOX-HALL, containing 21 Acres: This Land lies near a Run, called Oxon-Run. Any Person inclinable to purchase the above Lands, may be inform'd of the Title and Terms, by applying to

(w4)

JOHN F. A. PRIGGS.

To be SOLD, or LET, on Lease, for TEN YEARS,

THE valuable WATER-MILLS, in Charles County, on the Head of Allen's Fresh. Twenty Acres of Land, on which the Mills, &c. stand, were condemned, and a Lease granted for a Number of Years, about 72 of which are to come—There are 4 Pair of Stones on 1 Dam, 2 Tub Mills, and a Double-geered Under-shot Mill, which carries 2 Pair of stones and 2 Boasting Clothes, all new and well fixed.—On the Premises are a good Dwelling-House and Store adjoining, a Brick Bake-House, with an Oven that will draw 125 lb of Bread at once, a Granary, Kitchen, and several Out-Houses, it is likewise well situated for Custom, and convenient for Trade.

Any Person that inclines to purchase, may have Seven Years Time of Payment, on giving bond and Security, if required, and paying the Interest annually; or, if on Lease, the Rent must be paid annually.

THOMAS CONTEE,
JAMES SWANN.

WILLIAM FARIS,
CLOCK AND WATCHMAKER,
At the Crown and Dial, near the Church, in West-Street, ANNAPOLIS.

BEGS Leave to inform the Public, that he has engaged Two exceeding good Workmen, (one of whom has been a Finisher several Years to the celebrated Mr. Millam) and carries on the above Business in all their various Branches.—The Gold, Silver-smiths and Jewellers Business he still carries on in the neatest and best Manner.—He also executes any Orders he may be favoured with for Chair Work, having lately supplied himself with a good Workman, and has now for Sale, several Dozens of very neat black Walnut Chairs.—Those who shall please to honour him with their Commands, may depend on being faithfully served on reasonable Terms, and with the utmost Dispatch.—He continues to keep Tavern, having furnished himself with the best of Liquors, Hay and Oats, where Gentlemen will meet with polite Treatment and the best Accommodations for themselves and Horses, from

Their very humble Servant,

WILLIAM FARIS.

N. B. He gives ready Money, and the best Prices for old Gold and Silver

A PARCEL of choice DRUGS and genuine Patent MEDICINES, just come to Hand, are to be sold on the lowest Terms, by **WILLIAM WILKINS**, at Annapolis, for Account of Dr. JOHN SPARKS, of Philadelphia, viz. Turlinton's Balsam, Walker's Jesuits Drops, an infallible Cure for the Venereal Disease, all Weaknesses of the Reins in both Sexes, however obstinate, and from whatever Cause proceeding, likewise for the Stone, Gravel, and all scorbutic Cases—Balsam of Honey for Consumption, Colds, and all Complaints of the Breast; Elixir Bardana, for the Rheumatism and Gout; British Tooth-Powder, which preserves the Teeth from decaying, renders them white as Ivory, and the Breath perfectly agreeable; Anderson's Pills, I. I. and C. D. highly esteemed for purging away all vicious Humours, restoring a good Appetite, and sound Digestion; British Oil; Daffy's Elixir; Sugar Plums, a certain Cure for Worms of all Kinds, in Men, Women, and Children; Dr. James's Fever Powders; Dr. Hill's Essence for sore Eyes, a sure Remedy, greatly strengthens and preserves the Sight; Bate-man's Drops; Godfrey's Cordial; King's Honey Water; Locker's Pills; Court Plaster; Oil Turpentine; Nipple Glasses; Emeticks; Purges; Rhubarb; Powder of Jesuits Bark; Iinglafs; Sago; Manna; Salts; Spermaceti, &c.

(3m)

THE Subscriber, from the Borough of Lancaster, in the Province of Pennsylvania, takes this Method of informing the Public, that he has opened a large and commodious House of Entertainment, in the Town of Baltimore, at the Corner of Gay and Baltimore Streets, opposite the Market-House, lately occupied by Mr. Andrew Stigar, and may be known now by the one Tun and Bacchus, where all Gentlemen, who please to favour him, may depend on good Entertainment, from

Their very humble Servant,

(w6)

JOHN LITTLE.

P U B L I C.

THE Want of a proper SCHOOL for the Instruction of Youth, severely felt by the Inhabitants of Frederick County, induces them to submit the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY to the Consideration of the Benevolent and Generous, which it is earnestly hoped will meet the Approbation and Encouragement of all those who wish to see Science flourish in every Part of Maryland.

The Funds appropriated by Act of Assembly to the Public School in Frederick County, being insufficient to erect the necessary Buildings, it is proposed by this Lottery, to raise Nine Hundred Dollars, to aid that Deficiency.

To consist of Three Thousand TICKETS, at Two Dollars each; Eight Hundred and Fifty-two of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction, viz.

1	Prize of 250 Dollars, is	250 Dollars.
1	- - 200 - - -	200
2	- - 125 - - -	250
2	- - 100 - - -	200
6	- - 50 - - -	300
8	- - 25 - - -	200
12	- - 15 - - -	180
40	- - 10 - - -	400
780	- - 4 - - -	3120
		900\$ rais'd.

Prizes, 852
Blanks, 2148

3000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each, 6000 Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are a little more than Two Blanks and an Half to a Prize, and the Profits retained, are Fifteen per Cent. on the whole.

When the Tickets are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin (previous Notice of which to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-House of the said County, in Presence of Six of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Messieurs Jonathan Wilson, Thomas Bowler, George Mordock, Joseph Wood, Thomas Price, Casper Shaw, Charles Beatty, Samuel Beall, jun. Norman Bruce, Andrew Hough, Fergus Campbell, Christopher Edelin, John Cary, Loderick Welner, Peter Groff, Thomas Neill, Nicholas Tate, Samuel Hughes, Thomas Johns, and James Brand, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be published in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as soon as the Drawing is finished, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.

N. B. Any Money passing current in the Province, to be received in the Sale of the Tickets, and the same to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

* TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office, in Annapolis.

June 25, 1769.

THE FULLING-MILL at the Mouth of Patuxent River, is now provided with a good Fuller, and ready for Work; such as fulling, dyeing and pressing all Sorts of Clothes and Worsted Stuffs, scarlet and blue excepted, unless dyed before sent to the Mill.—As the insupportable Inconvenience attending the Collection of a Number of small Debts, from various distant Parts of the Country, must be obvious to every one; and as this expensive Undertaking was begun and prosecuted, principally to encourage the Manufacture of Woollen Country-Cloth, at a Time when the oppressive Measures, lately adopted and pursued by the Mother-Country, render it indispensably necessary, for our own Well-being, that every Individual should manufacture as much as in his Power lies.—It is hoped that no Offence will be given if the Proprietors desire the Money for fulling, &c. to be sent by the Person who is to receive the Cloth, as it is absolutely necessary to support the Work.—All Persons who will favour me with their Cloth, may depend on having it finished off in the best Manner, and with all possible Dispatch; and to prevent Mistakes the Owner of every Piece of Cloth, is requested to put the initial Letters of his or her Name in the Web.

(tf)

WILLIAM SCOTT.

To be SOLD, by the Subscribers, at their Store at Pig-Point, on Patuxent River by Wholesale,

ABOUT £.950 first Cost of Goods, for Current Money, Sterling Bills of Exchange, or short Credit, on very reasonable Terms.

STEWART & NORRIS.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

MARYLAND ALMANACK,

FOR THE YEAR 1770.

CONTAINING many instructive and entertaining Pieces, both in Prose and Verse; together with Receipts for the Cure of different Disorders incident to this Climate, &c. Price, as usual, 5s. per Dozen, or Eight Coppers single.

Baltimore-Town, September 12, 1769.

THE Subscriber hereby gives public Notice that he has begun Inoculation, at his Dwelling-House, which stands distant from Baltimore-Town, Half a Mile, is a healthy Situation, and an agreeable Prospect.—His Price as before, Two Pistoles for Inoculation, and Twenty Shillings per Week for Board. And as the Sicknets is so trifling, and the Confinement none, the Expence need not exceed Five Pounds Fourteen Shillings, or Six Pounds Currency; and may be inoculated any Month in the Year, July and August excepted.

I shall be obliged to those who will favour me with their Custom; and they may depend on being carefully and tenderly dealt with, by

Their humble Servant,

HENRY STEVENSON.

N. B. Those who intend coming, are desired not to change their Manner of Diet, or use any Preparation before hand, as it is rather prejudicial than otherwise.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on Kent-Island, in Queen-Anne's County, on Monday September 25, a yellow Negro Man, named FILL, about 23 Years of Age, middle Stature, and is very talkative: Had on, when he went away, an old Felt Hat, blue Jacket, and a striped ditto without Sleeves, Country made Shirt, striped Country Cloth Breeches. As there is a Canoe taken from the lower End of the Island, it is supposed he has made over for Thomas's Point.—Whoever takes up the said Negro, and secures him, so that his Master may get him again, shall receive, if taken on the Island Fifteen Shillings; if out of the County Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by

JOHN COCKEY.

Bladensburg, November 19, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named WILLIAM WILLIAMSON, alias WAINRIGHT, a thick well made Fellow, about 5 Feet high, has no Beard, a round full Face, fresh Colour, short light brown Hair, has a Cut on his under Lip, and an effeminate Voice. Had on and took with him, a white Linnen Shirt, a Pair of white Drilling Breeches, striped red and white Jacket, a short brown ditto, a Pair of light blue gray Stockings, white Thread ditto, a Stock and Stock-Buckle, white Neckcloth, with a red and white Border at each End, a white Handkerchief, with a red and white Border, good Shoes, Pumps, Brass Buckles, and a Half-worn Hat. Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him home, if taken 20 Miles from home, Twenty Shillings, if 30 Miles, Thirty Shillings, if 40 Miles, Forty Shillings, and so in Proportion for a shorter or longer Distance, and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by

WAIT STILL SINGELTON CHURCH.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT,
GOLDSMITH and JEWELLER in West-Street, Annapolis.

HAVING purchased the Servants lately belonging to Mr. Knapp with all the Materials for carrying on the Watch and Clock-making Business hereby informs the Public, that he Repairs all sorts of Clocks and Watches, in the best and most approved Manner; and as he has a complete Apparatus for cutting Wheels with more Expedition and Exactness than usual, they may depend on having their Work done in the most careful Manner, and on better Terms than heretofore.

He also carries on the Goldsmiths and Jewellers Business in the most extensive Manner, as he has imported a great Variety of Materials, and has extreme good Workmen for the executing the above Branches. Those Ladies and Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend that the utmost Exertion of his Abilities to merit their Esteem, shall be his whole Study and greatest Ambition.

N. B. He has a great Variety of ready made Work by him, which he will Sell at the most reasonable Rates.

* He gives the best Prices for old Gold, Silver and Silver-Lace. (tf)

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5s. and 1s. for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.—At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, viz. COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1769.

WARSAW, September 20.



COURIER who arrived Yesterday from Kaminiac, brought Advice of Two Actions between the Turks and Russians, the first of which happened in the Night between the first and second Instant. A Body of 8000 Ottoman Troops composed of Janissaries and regular Cavalry, passed the Niefter, over against Choczim, in order to attack the Russians, who were encamped in separate Bodies near the River; but Gen. Repnin attacked them vigorously with Four Regiments, and obliged them to return in great Disorder. The Loss of the Turks is represented to be about 4000 Men killed, wounded and drowned.

The second Action, which was much more sharp and important than the first, happened the 9th Instant. The Turks being disposed to return to the Charge, passed the Niefter over Three Bridges with a considerable Force. Prince Gallitzin attacked them at Seven in the Morning, but, contrary to their usual Custom, they made such an obstinate Resistance, that the Engagement lasted 'til towards Noon, when they suddenly retired in great Confusion. It is computed, from their first Appearance, that their Loss amounts to above 7000 killed, besides the wounded, and those who were left in the River. That Army consisted of at least 60,000 Men. In the first Engagement the Russians took from their Enemies 15 Pair of Colours, and in the second, a great Number of Cannon, and several Horse Tails. The Number of Prisoners is not yet known. A Courier is sent with this News to Vienna, and another to Berlin. The News of these Two Engagements will throw the Confederates into great Contention.

The Victory gained by the Russians over the Turks, the 9th Instant is confirmed, Prince Gallitzin, who commanded the former, has written to Prince Wolskiski, that the Turks commanded by the Grand Visir, passed the Niefter with great Dispatch, that the Cavalry attacked the Russians with great Vigour, but were repulsed, leaving 6000 killed in the Field of Battle, and that a considerable Number were drowned repassing the River. This Action is probably the last of the present Campaign, as the Turks, on account of the Devastation of Moldavia, will retire towards the Danube; especially as the Season is too far advanced for future Operations. The same Reasons, particularly the first, will also prevent the Russians from crossing the Niefter again.

BERLIN, Oct. 3. A Courier is just arrived at Potsdam, from Warsaw, with the important News, that the new Grand Visir being willing to undertake a Capital Stroke, in order to make amends for the Negligence of his Predecessor, endeavoured to penetrate into Poland, in which Attempt he was not only entirely vanquished by the Russians, but forced by a Mutiny which was excited among the Janissaries, to retire to Bender, and abandon Choczim to the Enemy, who took Possession of it the 18th of September, with all the Artillery, Magazines and Ammunition.

HAGUE, Oct. 13. Advice is said to have been received of a fourth Battle between the Russians and the Turks, on the 20th of last Month. This is looked upon as decisive, having, it is said, cost the Turks upwards of 15,000 Men. If this News should prove true, the Porte will not be able to procure Peace at a very cheap Rate; as the Russians will certainly expect to be paid for the Expences they have been at.

L O N D O N,

Oct. 4. We can assure the Public, from respectable Authority, that there is not the most distant Probability of Great-Britain or France being involved in the War between the Russians and Turks, and that a peremptory Refusal has been given on the Part of our Court to the Proposal made by the Russian Ambassador, of an offensive and defensive Treaty, of an Alliance between Great-Britain and Russia.

We also learn from the same Authority, that Great-Britain and France, being mutually desirous to preserve the Peace of Europe, have offered their good Offices as Mediators, between the belligerent Powers, and that some Steps are already taken towards the Effect.

It is very extraordinary, that in the County of Middlesex, the Ministry could not procure more than 196 Freeholders to vote for their Candidate, and in the City, only 675 Liverymen polled for Sir Henry Bankes.

It is confidently said, the Reply to a late Publication from the West, was manufactured in the Presence of, and under the immediate Inspection of a certain Dowsager.

The Viceroy of a neighbouring Kingdom has sent over Word, that unless his Power is enlarged, he shall not be able to carry a single Point the ensuing Winter; in Consequence of which, a Privy Counsellor has been sent over to him with ample Powers for that Purpose. For we are assured that the Duke of Leinster, the Earl of Shannon, and the Speaker of the Irish House of Commons, have united their respective Forces to oppose Administration.

Oct. 10. A Parallel has been drawn by some observing People, between the Services rendered to the

Crown by the Governor of Boston, in North-America, and those rendered by the first Lord of the Treasury of Great Britain. Both these Servants of the Crown have been invariably firm in the Pursuit and Accomplishment of their respective Instructions, both have incurred the Odium of an exasperated People; and the one has been rewarded with the Dignity of a Baronetage, while the other is rewarded with a Star and a Garter.

This Day the Supporters of the Bill of Rights dined at the London Tavern in Bishopsgate-Street, for the first Time this Season; Alderman Townshend was in the Chair, and a great Number of the Subscribers attended; after Dinner the Committee of Correspondence and Contributions made their Report of the Transactions that occurred since the Receipt of that Society.

It is confidently said, that Application will be made to the Court of King's-Bench, on the first Day of Term, for a Mandamus to stay the swearing in of Mr. Alderman Beckford as Lord Mayor, in Consequence of which, the present Lord Mayor must continue in his Office, 'til the Matter in Dispute with Regard to Mr. Beckford is settled.

On Sunday the 8th Instant, Lord Holland went thro' Canterbury, and on Monday embarked at Dover, on his Passage to France.

A Friend to Justice says, to see the Defaulter of Millions, the Despoiler of the poor Soldier, the Plunderer of the public Treasure, the Underminer of his Country, go off unpunished, after having had Honours heaped upon him, during the Course of his unfaithful Services, as if, like *Manilius* he had saved the Capitol, or like another *Scipio*, drawn Hannibal from our Gates, and subdued a rival Carthage, is an Event of which no History can furnish an Example.

At the Guildhall, LONDON, 10 October, 1769. At a Meeting of the Livery of London, in Common Hall assembled.

Resolved, That the Lord Mayor be asked, if his Lordship hath received any Answer to the Petition of the Livery of London to his Majesty, which prayed for the Redress of various Grievances, the Removal of evil Counsellors, and the Dissolution of the present Parliament?

Resolved, That the Lord Mayor be called upon to produce the Letter which his Lordship received from Lord Holland, dated Holland-House, Kensington, July the 9th, 1769.

Resolved, That Lord Holland was the Paymaster whom we, the Livery of London, in our late Petition to the Throne for the Redress of Grievances, &c. affirmed to be the public Defaulter of unaccounted Millions.

Resolved, That it is the Duty of our Representatives, to obtain, if possible, an honest and proper parliamentary Enquiry into the Conduct and Accounts of Henry Lord Holland.

And, when it shall appear on such Enquiry, that Henry Lord Holland, has, by unnecessary Delays, detained the public Money for Years in his Hands, and appropriated the Interest thereof to his own Use, and has also, by various Pretences, obtained repeated Impediments to public Justice, and, by various Misrepresentations, induced our Sovereign to stay the legal Proceedings against him, thereby endeavouring to lessen that Respect that is due to his Majesty, and introduce a Power superior to that of Law, the Use and Abuse of which creates the Distinction between Monarchy and Tyranny;

Resolved, That then it will become, in the highest Degree, the Duty of our Representatives in Parliament, to endeavour that Henry Lord Holland be impeached, that he may be an Example to all future Ministers, and show them how dangerous it is to enrich themselves with the public Treasure, and sport with the Rights of a free People.

Resolved, That these Resolutions be entered by the Town Clerk in the Record Books of this City, as Part of the Proceedings of the Livery at the Election of a Lord Mayor of this City for the Year 1770; and that a Copy of these Resolutions, signed by the Sheriffs, be delivered to each of our Representatives in Parliament.

The Lord Mayor, in his Answer to the Question of the Livery, acknowledged the Receipt of a Letter from Lord Holland, and that the Copy which appeared in the Papers was a true one; but said he left it to Lord Holland to justify himself for having published his Answer, and to reconcile it, if he could, with the Character of a Gentleman.

Oct. 15. The King of the Two Sicilies has marched a Corps of 4000 Infantry and 600 Horse into the Ecclesiastical State, in order to obviate any ill Effects which might arise from reforming the Society of Jesuits.

We hear that the Earl of Harcourt will go again Ambassador to the Court of France, and is to set out some Time this Month for Paris.

His Excellency Sir James Wright, Minister to the Republic of Venice, from whence he a few Days since arrived, has brought Advices which it is said will produce very salutary Effects to this Kingdom.

In Consequence of a Report made to his Majesty a few Days since by Gen. Conway, of the Condition of the different Forts in Scotland, and Ireland, we hear they will all shortly undergo the necessary Repairs,

and the Number of Men stationed at each be augmented.

We are informed, that the King of France has given Orders to the Commissioners of his Dock-Yard at Brest, to build Six Bomb Vessels with the utmost Expedition.

A great Number of Half-pay Navy Lieutenants have, in consequence of leave granted them by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, applied to the Russian Ambassador for, and obtained Appointments in the Russian Fleet.

It is still confidently said that the Election of the Lord Mayor, will be set aside by the Court of King's-Bench, previous to the 9th of November. Term begins on the Sixth.

Several Bets are already made on the return of L—H—d to this Kingdom; the Odds are, that he never visits it again.

And it is now currently reported, that another N—n who hath lately been the Subject of a popular Writer, will soon set out for the South of France.

Some Letters from Gibraltar mention, that the Dey of Algiers had ordered out all his Corsairs, to cruise against the French Trade in the Mediterranean.

By Letters from Genoa we hear, that the Algerine Corsairs have lately plundered several French Vessels, and have treated the People belonging to them with great Inhumanity.

The Debate on Thursday in the Court of Aldermen, at Guildhall, concerning the Person to be made choice of, by them, for Lord Mayor, lasted upwards of Four Hours. About Five o'Clock they came upon the Hustings, when the Recorder declared Mr. Alderman Beckford duly elected; but at the same Time informed the Livery, that Mr. Beckford not thinking himself compellable to take upon him the Office, on account of his Age and Infirmities, not being able to go through the Fatigues thereof, had refused to serve. This was not satisfactory to the Livery, and the general Cry was, "Beckford." Mr. Beckford then addressed himself to the Livery, and owned his having refused to serve, but not in the Words delivered by the Recorder. Great Confusion hereupon ensued; the Lord Mayor said that it was the Sense of the Court of Aldermen, that what Mr. Recorder had said was the Purport of Mr. Beckford's Refusal: In this Mr. Beckford agreed, and owned that the Emphasis laid by the Recorder on particular Words had made him misunderstand what had been delivered, and asked the Recorder's Pardon; after which he expatiated on the Insufficiency of Bye-Laws, and compared it to the Act of Parliament made in the Reign of Henry VIII. respecting the Colonies. He concluded with declaring his Willingness, at the Risque of his Life, to serve them at all Times, and on all Occasions; but again repeated his Inability of going through so weighty an Office as Chief Magistrate. This was not sufficient and the general Cry again was, "None but Beckford." The common Cryer was now going to adjourn the Common-Hall, but was prevented by the Livery. Mr. Beckford being greatly fatigued, now retired, and Mr. Sheriff Townsend informed the Livery, that as the Decision must be left to the Court of the Common-Council, he doubted not but they would prevail upon Mr. Beckford to serve the Office; and he also informed them, that the Lord Mayor was willing to hear any other Matter they had to propose. Mr. Lovell then read the Question which had been previously agreed on at the Half-Moon Tavern, to be put to the Lord Mayor, whether he had received any Answer to the late Petition presented to his Majesty: To which he replied, that no Answer had been received to the Petition; but he doubted not his Majesty would take such constitutional Measures as would tend to the well-being of his Subjects; his Lordship was then desired to produce the Letter he received from Lord Holland, when his Lordship took Occasion to inform the Livery of what passed relative to the said Letter; it was then resolved to instruct the City Members, to use their Endeavours for Enquiry to be made into the Accounts of the Paymaster, hinted at in the late Petition; at the same Time declaring who was the Person meant; and it was likewise resolved, that these Resolutions be properly registered by the Town Clerk; and that a Copy thereof be sent to each of the City Representatives. The Resolutions were thereupon delivered into the Hands of the Sheriffs, and the Business of the Day concluded with great Unanimity; but not 'til after 6 o'Clock. There were 21 Aldermen at the Court.

In the Course of Mr. Beckford's Speech to the Livery, he observed, "That our Day of Slavery was but very little distant, if the present Mode of Trick and Law Chicane was tamely submitted to by the People; that our Liberties were at an End, if the Rights of the Nation depended upon every old unheard of Statute, and new Law Quirks produced by Ministers and ministerial prostituted Law-Officers."

ANNAPOLIS, December 28.

By the Lower House of Assembly, Nov. Session, 1769.

RESOLVED UNANIMOUSLY, That the Representatives of the Freeman of this Province, in their legislative Capacity, with the Assent of the other Part of the Legislature, have the sole Right to lay Taxes and Impositions on the Inhabitants of this Province, or their Property and Effects; and, that the laying, imposing, levying, or collecting, any Tax, on,

or from the Inhabitants of Maryland, under Colour of any other Authority, is unconstitutional, and a direct Violation of the Rights of the Freemen of this Province.

RESOLVED UNANIMOUSLY, That it is the undoubted Privilege of the Inhabitants of this Province to Petition their Sovereign, for Redress of Grievances, and that it is lawful and expedient to procure the Concurrence of his Majesty's other Colonies, in dutiful Addresses, praying the royal Interposition, in Favour of the violated Rights of America.

RESOLVED UNANIMOUSLY, That all Trials for Treason, Misprision of Treason, or for any Felony, or Crime whatsoever, committed and done in this Province, ought of Right to be had and conducted in and before the Courts of Law, held within this Province, according to the fixed and known Course of proceeding; and that the seizing any Person, or Persons, suspected of any Crime whatsoever, committed in this Province, and sending such Person, or Persons, to Places beyond the Sea, to be tried, is highly derogatory of the Rights of British Subjects, as thereby the Inestimable Privilege of being tried by a Jury, from the Vicinage, as well as the Liberty of summoning and producing Witnesses on such Trial, will be taken away from the Party accused.

T. T. WRIGHT, Cl. Lo. Ho.

On Friday Morning last, about IV o'Clock, a Tobacco-House belonging to Mr. JOSEPH HOWARD, on South River, was burnt to the Ground, together with upwards of 3000lb. of Tobacco and Two Horses then in the House.—By what Means the Accident happened, has not yet transpired.

His Excellency the Governor, by the Advice of his Lordship's Council, has been pleased to issue a Pardon for Michael Mitchell, alias Michael Huet, condemned as mentioned in our last, on Condition that he be banished this Province for ever, and he has since taken his Departure accordingly.

A LIST of LAWS passed last Session.

- No. 1. An Act for the Naturalization of Peter Haldimand.
- No. 2. An Act continuing an Act, entitled, *An Act for repairing the Public Roads in this Province, and the Supplementary Act thereto.*
- No. 3. An Act continuing an Act, entitled, *An Act to ease the Inhabitants of this Province, and to empower the Justices of the several Counties to bind out Persons therein mentioned Apprentices.*
- No. 4. An Act continuing an Act, entitled, *An Act to oblige infected Ships, and other Vessels, coming into this Province, to perform Quarantine.*
- No. 5. An Act continuing an Act, entitled, *An Act to increase the Allowance of Jurors attending the Provincial and County Courts, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.*
- No. 6. An Act continuing an Act, entitled, *A Supplementary Act to the Act, entitled, An Act for ascertaining what Damages shall be allowed upon protested Bills of Exchange.*
- No. 7. An Act continuing an Act, entitled, *An Act for amending the Staple of Tobacco, for preventing Frauds in his Majesty's Customs, and for the Limitation of Officers Fees, and the Supplementary Act thereto.*
- No. 8. An Act for applying a Sum of Money, in Bills of Credit, to the Use therein mentioned.
- No. 9. An Act to secure to Thomas Smyth the Right in a Lot of Land, in Chester-Town.
- No. 10. An Act for appointing Places for holding the next Election of Delegates for Baltimore County.
- No. 11. An Act for the Relief of Mary Hindman, of Talbot County.
- No. 12. An Act to enable the Justices of Queen-Anne's County Court, for the Time being, to levy on the taxable Inhabitants of St. Luke's Parish, in the said County, a Quantity of Tobacco, for building a Chapel in the said Parish.
- No. 13. A Supplementary Act to the Act, entitled, *An Act for laying out a new, and settling and ascertaining the future Bounds and Limits of St. Luke's, Christ Church, and St. John's Parishes, in Queen-Anne's County, and St. Paul's Parish, lying partly in Queen-Anne's, and partly in Talbot County.*
- No. 14. An Act for emitting Bills of Credit, and other Purposes therein mentioned.
- No. 15. A Supplementary Act to the Act, entitled, *An Act for the Direction of Sheriffs in their Offices, and restraining their ill Practices within this Province.*
- No. 16. An Act to repeal Part of an Act to encourage the destroying of Wolves, Crows and Squirrels.
- No. 17. An Act to appropriate the Half Acre of Ground therein mentioned to the Use of the Public School in Frederick County.
- No. 18. A Supplementary Act to the Act, entitled, *An Act ascertaining the Height of Fences, to prevent the Evils occasioned by the Multitude of Horses, and restraining Horse Rangers within this Province, and to redress the great Evils accruing to this Province, by the Multiplicity of useless Horses, Mares, and Colts, that run in the Woods.*
- No. 19. An Act for the speedy and effectual Publication of the Laws of this Province, and for the Encouragement of Anne Catharine Green, of the City of Annapolis, Printer.
- No. 20. An Act for the Relief of certain languishing Prisoners in the several Jails therein mentioned.
- No. 21. An Act for the building of a Parish Church, in Christ Church Parish, in Calvert County.
- No. 22. An additional Supplementary Act to the Act, entitled, *An Act to prevent the Abuses of concealing convicted Felons, and other Offenders, imported into this Province, and for the better Discovery of them.*
- No. 23. An Act for preventing the Evil occasioned by Continuance of Suits at Law, on Suggestion of Want of Evidence from beyond the Sea.

In the Act, entitled, *An Act for emitting Bills of Credit, and other Purposes therein mentioned*; a Sum of Money, not exceeding £.7500 Sterling, is appropriated to the building an Edifice, in this City where the present Stadt-House now stands, sufficient to accommodate the Upper and Lower Houses of Assembly, the High Court of Appeals, Chancery and Provincial Courts, of this Province.

At a Meeting of the Merchants, and others, Inhabitants of Baltimore County, associators for Non-importation of European Goods, held at Mr. Little's, November 14, 1769.

J. Q. H. N. SMITH, CHAIRMAN.
The Committee of Enquiry having reported, that William Moore, Jun. had imported a Cargo of Goods in the Lord Cambden, Captain John Johnston, from London, of the Value of 900l. Sterling, which they were in Doubt were not within the Terms of the Association. The following Question was put, Whether William Moore, Jun. has imported the said Cargo within the Terms mentioned in the Agreement of the 30th of March last, to which he was a Signer? Upon which Question, the Gentlemen present, were unanimously of Opinion, that the said Cargo was imported contrary to that Agreement: Of which Determination William Moore being informed, he alleged, as a Justification of his Conduct, that at the Time he signed the Agreement, he objected to Mr. John Merryman, who then had the Carriage thereof, (and who is now absent in London) that he would not sign, unless he had Liberty to send off his Orders for Fall Goods, and to import the same: That some few Days afterwards Mr. Merryman informed him, that the Merchants of the Town would give Leave to send off the Orders, and receive the Fall Goods; and, that in Consequence of this Information, he signed the Agreement, without any such Condition, written or expressed, in the same opposite to his Name. After which the Question was put, Whether Mr. Moore should have Liberty to Land and Vend his whole Cargo? Which was determined in the Affirmative.

For the AFFIRMATIVE.

Thomas Ewing, H. D. Gough, Alexander M'Machen, Jonathan Plowman, Benjamin Rogers, Richard Moale, Jonathan Hudson, Archibald Buchanan, Murdock Kennedy, Hercules Courtenay, Henry Brown, John Macnabb, William Hammond, Charles Rogers, Andrew Buchanan, John A. Smith, John Deaver, Thomas Place.

For the NEGATIVE.

John Moale, John Smith, Henry Thompson, William Smith, William Lux, E. R. Alexander Lawton, Robert Christie, Ebenezer Mackie, Robert Alexander, William Lux.

The Committee of Enquiry having also reported that Benjamin Howard had imported a Cargo of Goods, of the Value of 1700l. Sterling, in the Lord Cambden, Capt. John Johnston, from London, which they were in Doubt were not within the Terms of the Association of 30th March. Upon which the following Question was put, Whether Benjamin Howard be permitted to land and vend the said Cargo, he having alleged that he never signed the Association of the 30th March, being then an Inhabitant of Anne-Arundel County, and that he apprehended he was entitled to import within the Terms of the General Association of the 22d June, to which he was a Subscriber, his Orders for the said Cargo having been transmitted the 1st of May? Resolved in the Affirmative.

For the AFFIRMATIVE.

Thomas Ewing, H. D. Gough, Alexander M'Machen, Jonathan Plowman, Benjamin Rogers, Richard Moale, Jonathan Hudson, Archibald Buchanan, Thomas Place, Murdock Kennedy, Henry Thompson, John Moale, Henry Brown, John Macnabb, William Hammond, Charles Rogers, Andrew Buchanan, John A. Smith, John Deaver, Hercules Courtenay.

For the NEGATIVE.

John Smith, Ebenezer Mackie, Robert Christie, Alexander Lawton, William Smith, William Lux.

BY virtue of a Commission from Anne-Arundel County Court, to us the Subscribers, for the Perpetuation of the Bounds of a Tract of Land, lying in the said County, called YATES'S CONTRIVANCE, We hereby give Notice, that we shall attend on the Premises, on Monday the 12th of February next, in order to examine Evidences, agreeable to Act of Assembly, of this Province. Given under our Hands December 20, 1769.

(w3)

RAN away from the Subscriber, at Marsh Creek, an indentured Servant Man, named THOMAS WHITE, a Carpenter by Trade, about Five Feet Six Inches high, thin Visage, red Hair, wears it sometimes tied, and he formerly liv'd with Mr. Roberts in Annapolis: Had on, when he went away, a blue patch'd Coat and Jacket, and Leather Breeches.—Whoever takes up said Servant, and secures him in any Jail, shall have Fifty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by

ROBERT BIGHAM

THERE is at the Plantation of Charles Todd, near Annapolis, in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as Strays, Four small HOGS unmark'd.

The Owner or Owners, may have them again, on proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Clement Hill, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a bay HORSE, about Fourteen Hands high, Four white Feet, a large Star in his Forehead, has but One Eye, paces, trots, and gallops, branded on the near Buttock C P.—The Owner may have him again, on proving Property and paying Charges.

For FREIGHT to any Part in BRITAIN, PORTUGAL, or SPAIN,

THE SNOW ADERTON, Burthen about 200 Tons, now lying at Baltimore. For Terms, apply to JERE ADERTON.

Kingbury Furnace, Baltimore County, Nov. 30.
TRACT of Land, called SHEREDINE'S BORROW, being offered for Sale, by Robert Long, of Baltimore County, to prevent an Imposition on others, and Trouble to myself, I take Leave to inform, that much the greater Part of said Land is included within the Lines of an elder Survey, made by the Principio Company: The Truth of which Matter any Person may be satisfied, by applying to

FRANCIS PHILLIPS.

WHEREAS Complaint has been made to me, One of his Lordship's the Right Honourable the Lord Proprietary's Justices for Baltimore County, by MARY CHAPMAN, that on the 19th Day of September last past, Two Men, one named THOMAS PLANT, the other JAMES GORDON, took of her Property, an Apparatus of a PUPPET SHOW, PUNCH'S HEAD remarkably large: GORDON is a Taylor by Trade, and had many Clothes with him, he is about 25 Years of Age. THOMAS PLANT is an uncommon short Man, and looks strangely with his Eyes, pretty much deformed in his Limbs, beats the Drum and plays Legerdmain, Whoever takes up said Men abovementioned, and secures them in any Jail in this Province, shall have Four Pounds Reward, paid by the above MARY CHAPMAN, on their sending Intelligence to Capt. JAMES MAXWELL, in Gunpowder Neck, Baltimore County, where said MARY CHAPMAN now resides.

THESE are therefore to require and command all his Lordship's good People of this Province, to make diligent Enquiry after the said Thomas Plant, and James Gordon, by Way of HUE and CRY, and to apprehend the said Thomas Plant, and James Gordon, or either of them, and to carry them, or him, to some Justice where taken, to be dealt with according to Law; and for their so doing this shall be their Warrant. Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day and Year first abovescribed. WILLIAM YOUNG.

To all Sheriffs, Constables, and others, his Lordship's good People in this Province.

To be sold, for ready Money, on the First Day of January, by Mr. Charles Goldborough,

ALL the Land that belonged to Mrs. Elizabeth Adair, in Kent County, Eastern Shore. The Sale to be at Mr. George Laburn's, New-Town-Chester. The Quality need not be mentioned, as it is well known to be good: The Land adjoining, belonging to her Sister, sold at 3l. 2s. 6d. per Acre. Capt. John Poffy is to attend the Sale. Mrs. Poffy being indisposed, prevented his attending the Sale on the First Tuesday in this Month, and the Sale at Baltimore-Town. (3w)

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Subscriber has open'd School, at the House lately occupied by Mr. CANNON, in Market-Street, where will be taught, after the most approved Methods, (with Care and Assiduity) Reading, with Propriety; Writing, in various Hands; Arithmetic, Vulgar and Decimal, in all its Branches; Extraction of the Square and Cube Roots; Biquadrate, &c. Mensuration of Superficies and Solids; Geometrical Problems and Definitions; Practical and Plain Geometry; Surveying; Gauging; Navigation; Dialling; Geography; and how to take Heights and Distances of Objects, accessible or inaccessible. I also shall attend an Evening School, from 6 until 9 o'Clock, for the Advantage of those whose Business will not permit to attend in the Day.—Those that please to commit the Education of their Children, &c. to my Care, may be assured that no Opportunity shall be omitted to inculcate the Principles of Virtue and Morality, as well as the other Branches of Literature. By their humble Servant, WILLIAM HUTCHINGS.

Annapolis, December 6, 1769.

JUST IMPORTED, In the Frederick, Captain Nicholson, and to be sold by Thomas Galloway, jun. or the Subscriber,

CARGO of European and East-India GOODS, divided into Assortments of different Values, from 700l. and upwards, to 1300l. and upwards. The same will be sold at a moderate Advance, for ready Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit; the Purchaser, in the latter Way, giving Bond, with good Security, if required. LEIGH MASTER.

The Committee of Merchants of this City, having fully considered all the Papers, and Evidence relative to this Affair, and being quite satisfied, that in the Purchase and Importation of those Goods, nothing has been done contrary to the true Spirit and Intention of the Articles of Association of this Province, unanimously consented to their being landed, and disposed of in such Manner as I should think proper. L. M.

Chester-Town, Nov. 14, 1769.

BY Virtue of a Power given to us, the Subscribers, by the Testament and Last Will of George Garnett, late of Kent County, deceased, the late Dwelling-House and Lot of the said George Garnett, situate on the River-Side, in Chester-Town, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Premises, on the 15th Day of January next, by

MARY GARNETT, & JOSEPH GARNETT, Executors of G. GARNETT.

To be sold at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 17th of January next, at the House of Mr. Ignatius Middleton, in Port-Tobacco, Charles County, for Sterling Cash, or Current Money, as rated by the Inspection Law,

TRACT of LAND, containing, by Patent, 400 Acres, but will Measure more, lying on Patowmack River, Two and an Half Miles below Sandy Point, on which are Three Plantations, that rent for 3000lb. of Tobacco per Ann. The Soil is well adapted to either Planting or Farming. The Purchaser, on paying One Half of the Purchase Money, at the Time of Conveyance, will be allowed a reasonable Time for the Remainder, on giving Bond, with Security, if required. Any Person inclinable to treat for said Land, before the Day of Sale, may see the Premises, and know the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber living near Port-Tobacco. EDWARD SCOTT WARE.