





# Salisbury Advertiser.

AND EASTERN SHOREMAN.  
ADDRESS ALL LETTERS TO "THE ADVERTISER."  
SATURDAY, - - - NOV. 22, 1884.

## TO OUR READERS.

It is our purpose, through these columns, to supply a long felt need in our community for a cheap rate of advertisement that every body will read. Some months ago it was announced in this paper that a three line advertisement would be inserted under the heading of "wanted and for sale." In this paper for the sum of twenty-five cents, between three and six line advertisement for \$50. We propose to renew this offer, giving two consecutive insertions for the price named. One insertion will cost respectively twenty and forty cents. No business will be advertised in this column, only articles and wants. Any man would prefer to pay twenty-five cents rather than incur the cost of a find a market for a ten dollar article. The idea was suggested to us by a transaction with one of our customers who advertised a gun for sale and received a score of inquiries from persons desiring to purchase. We hope that our friends will take advantage of this offer in season. One established everybody will concede its convenience and usefulness.

## CLEVELAND'S POLICY.

Now that the question of Cleveland's election is settled in the minds of the people, public attention will naturally turn to the question of his policy. "To the victors belong the spoils," has become a dictum and an almost established political doctrine. But the country neither expects nor wants such an administration from Cleveland. This great struggle that has been going on for the past few months has not been to benefit a few who are to hold office under a Democratic administration. The country is not as much interested in a few politicians being provided with offices as it is in an honest, businesslike administration of governmental affairs. The great mass of the voters had this and only this in view. He was elected upon the issue of Reform. The Independent, clear-headed, pure-hearted men in the country laid their contributions to Cleveland's feet, hoping to enjoy as the fruit therefrom a revival of business. The people now have a right to demand, and a reasonable ground to expect, these reforms. Of course, it will be expected that the new administration will select its coadjutors from among those of the same political views; but in a word, the country not only wants Cleveland to "turn the rascals out," but to have a care that he gets no rascals in. Appointments should be made that would strengthen the administration to be sure, but not because they are made from among the "workers," but because men are taken who are honest and capable of administering affairs. We do not expect to see Cleveland making a sweep in the subordinate offices, but regarding the Civil Service rules. We hope Mr. Cleveland's friends and dividers will spend more time and thought in assisting him in this direction than worrying him about places for political camp-followers. He will have a power behind the chair which will ever be a valuable adviser in this great work. Mr. Hendricks has few, if any, superiors for this kind of work. Already much speculation would be indulged in as to who would constitute his cabinet. While it is almost universally conceded that Bayard will be asked to grace the chair of Secretary of State, we believe that it is thought by the knowing ones that he will not accept that position. Thurman, of Ohio, will probably be one. The Treasury portfolio will in all probability be tendered a New Yorker, although there are none perhaps better qualified for that position than Mr. Randall. The Postmaster-Generalship will in all probability be tendered Senator Gorman of Maryland, but it is likely that he will decline that honor, to serve in his present capacity.

## WAILINGS OF DESPAIR.

James G. Blaine, the defeated Republican candidate, last Monday night in Augusta delivered to a party of serenaders one of the wickedest and vilest of incendiary speeches we have ever read. He is now attempting to create sectional strife, to open wounds that have been a quarter of a century in healing, to create a hatred in the minds of Northern laborers for the South. This very man James G. Blaine, who perhaps has delivered a hundred speeches within the last twenty-five years on loyalty to the government, would pull down with profane hand the sacred institutions of our ancestors and trample under foot the organic laws of the land. He is not a representative of the Republican party, and the sooner it gets clear of him the better it will be for the party and for the country. Let us thank God and the Independent voters of this country that we have escaped this Cataline, who now in the agonies of despair parades the country and sets up a wailing complaint that he was defeated by a few former slave owners in the South and that the voice of the great populous and wealthy States of the North, has been suppressed. On the 4th of last November the people of this country closed forever the doors of the White House against Mr. Blaine. They now have nothing to regret.

The Steele-Murry trial which has been going on for a week at Centerville, resulted in the conviction on Monday last of Murry, who was found guilty of murder in the second degree. He was sentenced by the court to the State Penitentiary for five years. The trial elicited some interest as all parties concerned were registered shots.

It is feared that the drought has caused the death of a great many quails throughout the State.

## NO FURTHER QUESTION.

End of the Official Count—Cleveland's Election Declared.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—There is no further controversy over Cleveland's election. Every-day now concedes it. The national republican committee backs down. The Tribune, in agony of travail both ludicrous and pitiable, brings forth the words, "Gov. Cleveland is elected President." Walker Blaine, the crown prince that was to be, coming fresh from the side of his father, says that all is over; and last, but not least, the too-confident Elkins has sent a message to Senator Gorman to bring the two suits of clothes which he wagered with him on the result.

With the completion of the canvass last night of the electoral vote of New York and counting the last faint ember of hope flickered and went out. Although, by reason of computing the vote of the highest Blaine elector with that of the lowest Cleveland elector, the democratic plurality in this city and county is reduced about one hundred votes, considering the fact that the same reduction in the total for the State, Cleveland's plurality on all other electors will be about 1,200, as has been claimed all along by the democratic committee. The result shows that the count, barring the unavoidable clerical errors, which were not material, stands approximately as follows: The first figures of the complete unofficial returns made in the different counties on the night of the election, and before they were perverted by certain agencies in the interest of Mr. Blaine. Nothing remains to be done now but the formal promulgation by the State electoral board of the vote, showing the Cleveland electors to have been chosen. Contrary to the serious apprehensions begotten of the obstructive policy initiated by the Blaine managers, no questions of any character likely to lead to discussion or difference will come before the State board. They will have only the naked figures to deal with, and their duty is obviously plain as to make the work one of routine only. Therefore before the setting of the sun on Wednesday the announcement will be made.

Now that the contingency which threatened to plunge the country into a renewal of the unhappy and distracting scenes of eight years ago have passed, it is almost incomprehensible upon what a slim basis those who would have been responsible were proceeding. They had absolutely no foundation whatever for the charges of fraud with which they filled the air, and which the defeated candidate for the presidency endeavored to give dignity to by fathering over his own name. The clipped ballot story was a mere figment of the brain; the assertion that Butler votes were counted for Cleveland was invented by mercenaries of the Butler type, and the only indorsement which could be procured for it was that of anonymous letter-writers. The charge that ballots were received and counted from those not legally entitled thereto was the most absurd kind of an invention. Under the provisions of the election laws of the State of New York and the intensely vigilant scrutiny constantly exercised by the challengers of the two parties, such a thing as illegal voting is next to an impossibility. The law of the State in reference to adhering to the face of the returns has been described as iron-clad. Had it been otherwise, and had Mr. Bliss found a loophole through which he could have pushed his charges of fraud, he would have been laughed out of the court and in letters and spits, and on the complete acquiescence in the result, tardy though it be, of those who were vanquished.

With the establishment beyond cavil of Cleveland's election, public interest is naturally concentrated on the probable general policy of his administration of the government and his course with reference to appointments to office. Numerous speculations have been made as to both of these points. Cabinets have been kindly constructed for him and offers made to relieve him of any trouble in the matter of most of the important offices by naming different persons for them. Gov. Cleveland's doubtless appreciates these good intentions but those who know him best think that when the time comes he will have more to say about his policy and his appointments than any others or all others. He will not be run by the solid South any more than he will by the solid North, but he will give proper and equal consideration to every section of the Union.

It seems like poetic justice that Cleveland and Hendricks should in 1884 carry exactly the same States that Tilden and Hendricks carried in 1876. The second attempt to deprive the candidates, who are the choice of people, of the fruits of victory has failed, and it is not likely that any such attempt will be repeated in the future. Such returning boards as made this possible in 1876 have passed out of existence, never more to be resurrected.

## Why the South Rejoices.

Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser.  
The people of the South have every reason to rejoice over the election of Cleveland and Hendricks. But they do not rejoice as Southerners, but as Americans; not as citizens of Virginia, Georgia or Alabama, but as citizens of the United States. The election of Cleveland intensifies the national feeling in the South; it has done more than anything else has done since the war to make us feel that we are indeed part of a common country.

## What Cleveland's Election Means.

From the Charleston (S.C.) News.  
The election of Cleveland means more money and less politics in South Carolina; that there will be general revival of industries; that manufactures will be stimulated and developed by the application of additional capital; that the working people will be better paid; that the price of farm lands and of real estate generally will advance; that there will be for the whole people, without distinction of condition or class, an era of political and industrial progress.

## A PEN-PORTRAIT OF CLEVELAND.

His Appearance, His Manner, His Conversation and His Business Ways.

Edmund Hodges in Washington Capital.  
I stopped in Albany a few hours in order that I might pay my respects to the President-elect and see for myself what manner of man this memorable campaign of 1884 has crowned with the greatest of earthly honors. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon I found the Governor sitting in the vast and splendid Executive chamber in the new Capitol Building. How many Kings of Emperors ever received their subjects in such a noble apartment as this in which the chief ruler of the Empire State meets his fellow citizens? The White House will seem to him very poor and cheap in comparison when he comes to occupy it. Perhaps the contrast will be great enough to make him an earnest advocate of a new Executive Mansion, or a rebuilt one at any rate. That would be something to be thankful for if it should happen.

The Governor sits in a cane-seated swivel chair before one of a number of large-topped desks—the others belonging to his secretaries. Troops of visitors are constantly passing through the chamber; and those who care to do so walk up to him and pay their respects. He shakes no one to sit, but when there are ladies in the party he rises and shakes hands and exchanges a few pleasant words with them. The Governor's greeting is a pleasant one, but very simple and with no excess of cordiality of voice or manner. His voice, one notices instantly, has none of the suave and fascinating quality of Mr. Blaine's. It is not a voice that has been used to magnetize or attract men and women. It is not the voice of a man who asks favors of others, nor is it the voice of an orator. But there is criticism and emphasis in it, and while not a soft voice, it is not hard nor rough.

The first impression one gets of Governor Cleveland is that he is a young man. There is a tall place one sees afterward that goes well down on the back of his head, but the face is the face of a man in the freshest health; a man full of life, who has never greatly abused himself nor overdrawn upon his vitality. Tall and stout he is, it must be confessed, but not an obese man, and while one would not expect him to prefer an active life, his power of work must be extraordinary. He looks like a man who could work for twenty-four hours without rest and then begin a new day's work, if need be, with more vigor than the average man possesses after a good night's sleep.

In conversation the Governor speaks with a good deal of animation and the strongest impression one gets from him is of great firmness and force in adhering to a course once it is adopted. One would say, "Here is a man, surely, who cannot be driven, but who will do the driving himself whenever it is necessary." One might ask a good deal of such a man, but to demand, I should think, would be a losing business.

## CLEVELAND CHOSEN PRESIDENT.

He Has 57 Majority of the Electoral College and Nearly 100,000 Popular Majority.

The election of Grover Cleveland to the Presidency is now conceded by all and the great battle of 1884 is ended. The following is the vote of the several States as nearly as it can be ascertained, with the electoral vote. It will be seen that Cleveland has a majority of 57 in the Electoral College and nearly a quite 100,000 popular majority:

State.	Plurality.	Ele. vote.
Alabama	3,400	9
Arkansas	28,000	7
Conn. electors	1,200	5
Delaware	1,200	3
Florida	5,100	4
Georgia	42,000	12
Idaho	5,200	3
Kentucky	45,000	12
Louisiana	20,000	9
Maryland	10,000	10
Massachusetts	37,000	16
Missouri	30,000	16
New Jersey	4,000	9
New York	1,000	36
North Carolina	15,000	11
South Carolina	43,000	11
Tennessee	12,000	10
Texas	98,000	12
Virginia	11,000	12
West Virginia	4,000	6
Totals	447,700	219

## FOR BLAINE.

State.	Plurality.	Electors.
California	10,000	8
Colorado	3,000	3
Illinois	10,000	12
Iowa	10,000	7
Kansas	63,000	10
Maine	20,000	6
Massachusetts	15,000	10
Michigan	4,000	10
Minnesota	32,000	10
Missouri	20,000	10
Nevada	1,000	3
New Hampshire	4,000	3
Ohio	81,000	23
Oregon	1,000	3
Pennsylvania	80,000	26
Rhode Island	7,000	3
Vermont	2,000	3
Wisconsin	9,000	11
Totals	554,100	182

Cleveland's Electoral majority, 57.  
Cleveland's popular majority, 88,000.

—Cough! Cough! Cough! If you are suffering with a cough or cold, no matter how light or severe, whether recent or long standing, try Dr. Lee's "Swiss Balm." It will do you good and that very quickly. It is steadily gaining in popularity, because it is a good and reliable remedy. Remember, it contains no morphine or opium—perfectly harmless. Price 25c and 75c. Sold by L. D. Collier.

—Capt. Geo. H. Jones, of Bishop Head, informs us that the oysters in Fishing Bay are becoming unmarketable on account of green gills. Oysters in that section are among the finest in Dorchester and were never better. They do not die when attacked with the disease, but look bad and are refused by dealers. We have not heard if they taste badly, but the people of the neighborhood refuse to eat them. A like disease has before attacked the oysters of Fishing Bay, but we do not remember of hearing how long it lasted. We hope it will not prove injurious this time—Democrat and News.

—Two colored men got into an altercation Wednesday at Cape Charles City about a woman, and one stabbed the other, causing instant death. The murderer escaped. The names of the parties could not be learned.—Pocomoke Times.

## STATE AND PENINSULA.

The Newspapers Have to Say on Various Subjects.

—The government work at the Delaware Breakwater has been suspended for the season.

—The handsome gothic church built at Vienna for the Methodist Protestant congregation was dedicated on Sunday.

—The Chronicle says 450 Republicans and 204 Democrats voted the Temperance ticket in Kent county.

—John Till, a life prisoner in the jail at New Castle, for killing his brother, has been pardoned by Gov. Stockley. He had served eighteen years. The pardon was recommended by several prominent men of that county.

—James A. Bayard, son of Senator Bayard, who has been engaged as an engineer on the West Virginia Central and Pennsylvania Railroad, is now teaching school for the winter at Fort Pendleton, in Garrett county. He is a registered voter.

—As soon as it was proclaimed that Cleveland was elected, the firm of Harlan & Hollingsworth, in Wilmington, were given the contract to build a large steam engine, showing that with the advent of Cleveland in the White House a better state of things is expected.

—The Seaford Enterprise is responsible for the statement that about two weeks ago a middle aged woman came to Jacob Phillips' store at Seaford with a bundle of hair and a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor. She said she was wearing a wig which she had worn under a cloak. "These hair had been with me for years, and after having the young man who waited on her 'tied 'em on me again,' she lobbed away out of town.

—Francis S. McWhorter, of St. Georges, raised this season on forty acres of ground 28,000 baskets of tomatoes. He sold them to the cannery at St. Georges at 87 per cent, receiving \$3,045. This is a large yield for 40 acres of land, and may have received the best of cultivation, to say nothing of the manure and preparation of the land.—Delaware Democrat.

—Fully a thousand men on horseback, in vehicles and on foot paraded the streets of Easton on Thursday night, to celebrate the recent Democratic victory. Easton has never witnessed such a scene. The whole town was brilliantly illuminated, and as the long procession of men bearing torches and transparencies, filed past the streets were greeted with loud cheers by the crowds that thronged the sidewalks and filled the windows of the houses.—St. Michaels Comet.

—A new series of stock in the Chester Loan Association was issued last Monday evening, and all the remaining shares in the association were promptly taken. Applications for other shares were received but could not be supplied. Two thousand shares are now taken—the whole number allowed under the charter—and the dues and interest received amount to over \$1,000 weekly, or about \$60,000 per annum. A pretty big institution.—Kent News.

—In some parts of Dorchester county hog cholera is prevailing to an alarming extent. During the last week or so Mr. Levin T. Duncock, of Meekins Neck, has lost nearly a dozen fattening hogs, which were quite valuable, and the farmers of his neighborhood have been injured to a greater or less extent. The hogs, when the disease attacks them, refuse to eat, become feebly sick and shortly die. The cause of the disease cannot be ascertained and no remedy has yet been discovered that will prevent or cure it.—Democrat and News.

—The members of the Queen Anne's county lay adopted resolutions in respect to the memory of the late Judge Richard B. Gamchal on Wednesday last week which were presented to the court by John B. Brown, Esq., and ordered entered on the minutes. Mr. Brown, Judge John M. Robinson and A. R. Weedon, Esq., made appropriate remarks. The resolutions declared that as a lawyer, Blaine B. Gamchal was learned, eloquent, zealous and untiring; as a judge, able, upright, courageous and virtuous.—Kent News.

## CONGRESSIONAL FACTS.

Some Interesting Facts in Connection with Cleveland's Election.

With the single exception of 1876, the congressional election of 1884 is marked by the only democratic victory in presidential years since 1860. The latter year the democratic carried the electoral college, and the House then chosen elected Orr, of South Carolina, Speaker. In 1858 the situation was decidedly mixed, and the House then chosen finally, after eight weeks' balloting, elected Fremont, of Nebraska, Speaker. Republican Speaker. In 1860 the House elected was republican, and at its initial session the following March selected Grow, of Pennsylvania, for Speaker. In 1862 the congressional election resulted in giving the republicans almost, if not quite, absolute control, and Mr. Schuchman, of Indiana, was Speaker. He was re-elected by the Congress chosen in 1864, and again by the House elected in 1866. The Congress chosen in 1868 elected Blaine, of Maine, Speaker, as also did the House chosen in 1870, as well as that chosen in 1872.

In 1874 the first democratic Congress for sixteen years was elected, and when organized the subsequent March its choice for Speaker fell upon Kerr, of Indiana, who died in office and was succeeded by Randall, of Ohio, for the House. The congressional election of 1876 resulted in the first democratic victory won since 1860 in a presidential year. The contest for speakership was between Randall, of Pennsylvania, and Garfield, of Ohio, the former being chosen by a majority of seventeen votes. The congressional election of 1878 continued the democratic success, and Randall was re-elected. In 1880, the republicans carried the congressional election, and the House then selected Kiefer, of Ohio, for Speaker. The congressional contest of 1882 reversed the verdict of 1880, the democrats carrying the House, which when organized elected Carlisle, of Kentucky, Speaker. The congressional election of 1884, which was the first time since 1860 that the democratic party in presidential years since 1860, the democratic majority in the House just chosen being about 40, or over double that of 1876—the single previous exception in twenty-eight years when republican defeat was the result of a congressional contest taking place the same year as a presidential election.

## New Advertisements.

ST. JACOBS OIL.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.  
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache.

AYER'S Hair Vigor.

restores, with the gloss and freshness of youth, faded or gray hair to a natural, rich brown color, or deep black, as may be desired. It checks falling of the hair, and stimulates a weak and sickly growth to vigor. It prevents and cures scurf and dandruff, and keeps the scalp cool and healthy.

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for you. You've got to trust the maker; and you'd better trust a man you can see and talk to, whose name you can know, farther than one behind a screen. The wholesale maker is a man behind a screen. You can't get at him if, your fur goes wrong.

There are qualities of fur.—There are differences in skins. The fur itself you can see and guess at. The skin is known to the maker who sees both sides of it; handles it, cuts it, sews it. It may be tough or tender, heavy where it ought to be light, or light where it ought to be heavy. Nobody knows it but the maker. Buy of the maker then. Buy of the man who has seen the back of the skin.

But what if the maker doesn't warrant his work? Don't buy of that sort of a maker. There are fur-makers that take the risk of their work. It is fair, in case of risk, that the man should bear it who can avoid the loss. That's the maker. It is fair that he should bear the risk of merchandise who enjoys the profit. That's the seller.—It is fair for the seller to make the buyer secure.

The next thing is to see that your security is sure. There are sellers that warrant their goods more freely than make good their defects. It is common in selling to use smooth manners and generous speech. It is common for merchants to be less smooth and generous when called on for damages. We understand furs. Mr. Freeland, our furrier, is well enough known to be trusted; too well to be praised.

We make our furs. Mr. Freeland goes to London and Leipzig for skins. Our factory has grown to be the largest in town. Our trade has grown by excellent work and management. There is nothing accidental about it. Fitting more than goodness of fur, goodness of fur more than smooth words and standing by promises more than all else, have won our trade.

Is our word as good as our bond? What we have said over and over, year after year, in a thousand ways, in print and by proxy, is it true—that we guarantee stuff that we never see to satisfy buyers whom we never even heard of, and take uncompensatingly the losses that befall us?

It is a good place to buy furs—furs that almost nobody's judge of.—We have said not a word about money. This is all that ought to be said: There are no bargains in furs; but we know of no place where money goes farther.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

Chautau, Thirteenth, and Market streets, and City-Hall Square.

N. Y., Phila & Norfolk Railroad.

Full Arrangement.

On and after MONDAY, NOV. 17TH 1884.

Sundays excepted—Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING NORTH.

A. M. P. M. P. M.

Cape Charles 7:30 10:30 1:30

Seaside 8:00 11:00 2:00

Frederick 8:30 11:30 2:30

Belle Haven 9:00 12:00 3:00

Accomack 9:30 12:30 3:30

King's Creek 10:00 1:00 4:00

Princess Anne 10:30 1:30 4:30

Eden 11:00 2:00 5:00

Frederick 11:30 2:30 5:30

Seaside 12:00 3:00 6:00

Cape Charles 12:30 3:30 6:30

GOING SOUTH.

A. M. P. M. P. M.

Delmar 7:30 10:30 1:30

SALISBURY 8:00 11:00 2:00

Frederick 8:30 11:30 2:30

Eden 9:00 12:00 3:00

Princess Anne 9:30 12:30 3:30

Accomack 10:00 1:00 4:00

King's Creek 10:30 1:30 4:30

## OUR RESOLVE

For the Winter of 1884-85

IS THAT WE SHALL MAINTAIN OUR

Enviable reputation of having the Largest, Handsomest and most complete stock of Goods ever exhibited in Salisbury.

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, FURNITURE,

Ready-Made Clothing, &c



















## Salisbury Advertiser.

AND EASTERN SHORERMAN.

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS TO "THE ADVERTISER."

ENTERED AT THE POST-OFFICE AT SALISBURY AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1884.

POST OFFICE BULLETIN.

MAILS CLOSE. MAILS OPEN.

North, 10 A. M. South, 10 A. M.

Office open from 6:30 A. M. to 6:00 P. M.

Mails arrive from Baltimore, via Crisfield, daily except Sunday, and depart same days.

Index to Advertisements.

The following new advertisements appear in this issue of THE ADVERTISER.

Slater, Baltimore—Shoes.

John W. Wadsworth, Phila.—Clothing.

John Page & Co., Baltimore—Machinery.

County Commissioners—Ditch Notice.

C. F. Holland—Trustee Sale.

J. M. Jones—Trustee Sale.

Local Notice—Several.

S. H. Evans & Co.—Change of Ad.

Scientific American—Prospectus.

ITEMS BRIEF BUT NEW.

A Week's News Paragraphed for the Advertiser of To-Day.

—Twenty-three snows are predicted for this winter.

—The rabbits are being vigorously hunted to their death.

—Who is fattening a turkey for us? Don't ask at once.

—Thursday last, Thanksgiving, was a general holiday in Salisbury.

—Now that the election excitement is over, business will begin to boom.

—Who will be our next postmaster? is a question we frequently hear asked.

—The number of oyster dredging licenses issued this season has reached 1,248.

—Large quantities of poultry of all kinds have been offered for sale this week in Salisbury.

—John E. Melson has killed the heaviest hog so far this season, that we have heard of. It weighed 417 pounds.

—Our town has made substantial progress in the last year. A large number of fine buildings have been erected.

—Mr. Geo. Zell, of Westover, Somerset county, is taking a course in dentistry under Dr. W. G. Smith of Salisbury.

—Edwin M. Lucas' family have moved to Wilmington, Del. They had been residents of Salisbury for several years.

—The early advertiser now pushes his name before the public in big black letters and catches the holiday trade when it comes.

—Our young folks are reckoning the number of days that must pass before they can say those familiar words, "My Christmas Gift."

—The low rate of fare to the New Orleans Exposition will cause many to go from this section. We have heard several of our citizens say they are going.

—A cold wave struck this section Monday night and sent the thermometer down below freezing point. Ice of considerable thickness formed in many places.

—Handsome time-tables of the Y. & P. & N. R. R. have been distributed in town this week, giving the connections of that road with lines through the South.

—Christmas will soon be upon us, and the windows of the stores will assume a holiday appearance. Many of our merchants have already bought their goods for this season.

—The cool weather of this week has afforded an opportunity to many to kill hogs and a great many have been slaughtered. As yet we have not heard of no very large ones.

—Mrs. G. W. White sent us this week a pear plucked from a tree in her yard which is of a second growth. The tree bore a large crop early in the season, and is now trying to give a second crop.

—Rev. J. T. Whitley, having returned from Conference, will preach at Trinity M. E. Church, South, to-morrow (Sunday) at 11 o'clock A. M., and 7 P. M. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

—Cards are out for the marriage of Mr. Albert G. Smith to Miss C. Estelle Williams, which will take place in the Presbyterian church, Salisbury, Wednesday morning, December 3rd, at 8:30 o'clock.

—Quite a severe cold of wind passed over this section Sunday last. It's fury increased at night, and was accompanied by heavy rain. Fences and fodder stacks were blown down in some portions of the county.

—There are several applicants, we understand, for the postmastership at Salisbury, and petitions are already in circulation soliciting signatures. It is rather an early day, but it is better to be too soon than too late.

—Remember the poor. The weather will soon become cold and hundreds will be out of employment. Give them bread if you cannot give them clothes. Keep the wolf from the door, and make glad the hearts of the sufferers.

—Hollis, the sign painter, has just finished and put up a very handsome sign for Mr. Parker, proprietor of the Peninsula House. The sign is a very pretty one, and fully proves the reputation Mr. Hollis has for doing fine work.

—There will be a celebration of the Holy Communion and a service at St. Philip's Chapel, Quantico, next Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock. Evening prayer and sermon in St. Paul's Church, Spring Hill, at 8 o'clock. F. B. Adkins, Rector.

—Thanksgiving Day was very quietly spent in Salisbury. Services were held in several churches in the morning, and in the afternoon a series of "races" took place on the Fair Grounds. As night the young ladies of the town gave a large party at the residence of Mr. A. G. Toadvine, which was largely attended by the young people.

—We have received from The Sun, Baltimore, a handsome lithograph and vignette, illustrating the daily business and production of The Sun. It represents the business office, the press-rooms, the printing plant, etc., and shows also the Sun being read in the parlors of the wealthy, in the workshop, in places of business, etc. The Sun is still the light that shines for all.

## A Revival of Business.

Complaints are made by business men generally, not only in this section, but in all others, of the dullness of the times. And it is no doubt true, but there are prospects of a revival of business, as indicated by the following paragraph, dated New York, Nov. 21st: "Confidence is felt by many business men in this city that trade is reviving. There is said to be a good prospect that trade during the winter months will be much better than it has been during the early fall and summer. Crops have been so successful that farmers have money to spend. They inspire the country storekeepers with confidence, and induce them to replenish their stock. A revival has been noticed in the dry goods trade among the Southern merchants, who seem to be more willing than formerly to buy goods and to pay for them. Collections in the trade are much better than they were in September and October, and everything betokens that the year will close with very good business prospects. The boot and shoe trade has improved during the week. The merchants have as much as they can do at present. Should this continue, the stocks on hand with the wholesale trade and the jobbers will soon be reduced, and this will give additional employment to the shoe factories."

—The new Sheriff of Sussex county has qualified and entered upon the duties of his office. Mr. Short has the reputation of being one of the most upright men in Sussex county.

—The new steam fire engine built for the Annapolis Fire Department by the Sibley Manufacturing Company, of Seneca Falls, N. Y., at a cost of \$3,200, reached Annapolis Saturday.

—Oysters on the seaside were never better at this season of the year nor bringing better prices. They are being shipped by railroad direct to Philadelphia and New York. Heretofore they have generally been sold to shippers on Chincoteague Island.

—The Delaware Division and its several branches are yearly becoming more popular to gunners from all parts of the country. The increase this year being double what it has ever been before. During the past two weeks extra cars have had to be placed on the early morning train down to accommodate the gunners and their dogs.

—Capt. Weddell, commander-in-chief of the State Fishery Force, has sent the oyster police steamer Robt. M. McLane, Capt. Hedge Thompson, to the Potomac river to protect the oyster bars from the invasion of dredges, complaints having been made at Annapolis to Capt. Weddell, of the wholesale violation of the oyster law in that locality.

—The fourth quarterly meetings of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Wilmington Conference, Salisbury district, will be held in Worcester county as follows: Bishopville, November 28 and 29; Newark, December 6 and 7; Berlin, December 7 and 8; Stone Hill, December 13 and 14; Stockton, December 14 and 15; Pocomoke City, January 22 and 23; Pocomoke Circuit, January 24 and 25.

—A number of citizens of Ferry Neck, Talbot county, in connection with the Choptank Steamboat Company, have just completed a new wharf nearly opposite Cambridge, extending 800 feet out into the river, to be used as a stopping place for the boats of the Choptank Company. It will be a great convenience to the neighborhood in shipping produce, and also as a point of travel. It cost about \$2,500, and is on the farm of Mr. Wm. A. Kirby.

—Hon. John W. Crisfield, the senior counsel for the State in the trial of John Murray, says the Centreville (Md.) Observer, "was admitted to the bar in this county some fifty years ago, at the same time that Judge Carmichael was admitted. The grandfather of Mr. F. H. Feddeman, Jr., was on Mr. Crisfield's first jury, and, singularly enough, Mr. Feddeman was the foreman of the jury that Mr. Crisfield addressed here last week."

—A fatal accident happened near Galena last Monday night. A colored man was aroused by the barking of dogs in his yard. He hoisted the window and shot out. Next morning he found that he had killed another colored man. We are unable to learn the names of the parties. It is said, however, that the man who did the shooting disclaims any knowledge that it was a man he was shooting at and claims that the killing was altogether unintentional. —Kent News.

—A horse, one day last week, was put into a cart at Cox's station, Q. A. & K. R. R., for the purpose of sending him to a purchaser in Philadelphia. He did not show much fight, but after being carefully put in the car and duly cared for, the engine in order to haul out other cars, backed passed the car containing the horse, which so frightened him that he died almost instantly. He was owned by Mr. McGinness and valued at several hundred dollars. —Centreville Record.

—The Princess Anne correspondent of the Balto. Sun, says: "There is great complaint among the oystermen of Somerset concerning that part of the new oyster law which prohibits the licensing of foreign vessels to buy or carry oysters in the waters of the State of Maryland, and an effort is being made to test its constitutionality. It has been the custom heretofore with small vessels to catch oysters and sell them to these large foreign vessels for steaming purposes, and thereby save the time in running to packers. The new law virtually abolishes this trade."

—The sportsmen of Havre de Grace, Md., complain that the new law in relation to duck shooting works to the disadvantage of law-abiding shooters. Under the provisions of the law the shooters cannot cross the line until 4 o'clock a. m., instead of 8 o'clock a. m., as formerly. The "lawbreakers" disregard the law and are found on the shooting grounds ready for action before 6 o'clock a. m., while the sportsmen go arrive after that time lose the best hour for shooting, being compelled to place their dogs, etc., after daylight, thus losing the early morning flight. The Legislature will probably revise this enactment. —Cecil Democrat.

—John Joseph, aged 8 years, who purported to be a Christian of Arabian birth, and carried a paper stating that his father had been killed in the war at Alexandria, in Egypt, accompanied by his son, visited Elkton on Wednesday last upon a begging expedition. John Joseph resembled the young Italians who may be seen nearly every day upon our streets, and was most probably an impostor. He was comfortably clad and did not ask for anything but money. A half a century ago this method of getting money was very popular among foreigners who were too lazy to work, but were not ashamed to beg, and many of them realized large sums in a short time. —Cecil Democrat.

Letters Unclaimed For.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Salisbury (Md.) Post-Office, Friday, Nov. 27th, 1884.

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Geat's List.—Wm. H. Andrews, D. Antognelli, E. H. Brown, Ebenezer Parsons, Sidney Wilson, (col.).

Persons calling for them will please say they are advertised. J. P. Owens, P. M.

—Wanted: The undersigned wants a steam mill to put on his land to cut 300,000 feet of lumber. W. B. Bralton, Pittsville, Md.

## State and Peninsula.

—An East Cambridge man sent twelve stamps to an advertiser to learn "how to make money fast," and was advised in reply to "give a \$5 note to the bottom of his trunk."

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## Thanksgiving's Race.

As previously announced in these columns, a series of races took place at Fair Grounds Thursday last. The entries were mostly horses from this country. The day was pleasant and drew a good crowd. The first race, trotting, purse \$25.00. There were three entries, and the race was won by "Mack," "Bird George," second; "Harry H." third. A running race was the next event. The first heat was won by "Lillie," second heat a dead one; third heat won by "Ned," who also won the last two heats and the race. The races, although no fast time was made, were interesting, as the horses were pretty evenly matched.

Orphans' Court Proceedings.

Orphans' Court met Tuesday last, pursuant to adjournment. Present, full Bench and E. L. Wallis, Register of Wills. The proceedings of the last Court and last term were read and disposed of as follows: Will of Margaret S. Murphy was o. r. Bond of Florence and John S. Lowe, adm. of J. W. Lowe, o. a. o. r. Inventory and list of desperate debts of Sarah Earlow, o. o. r. Guardian account of Geo. W. Causey, o. a. o. r. Claims filed, examined and ordered to be entered against proper parties. The rest of proceedings were approved and all ordered recorded. Passed decree in chancery No. 124. Passed order No. 97. Adjourned to Tuesday, December 9th.

Celebration at Seaford.

On Friday of last week, a great demonstration in honor of the election of Cleveland and Hendricks was held at Seaford, Del. A long cavalcade passed through the streets, and in the evening a torchlight procession and fire-works added enthusiasm to the occasion. Speeches were made by several distinguished speakers. Wm. H. Stevens, who is noted for his generally, hospitably entertained a large party of friends at supper, among the party being S. P. Toadvine, E. A. Toadvine, E. Stanley Toadvine, G. W. Parsons, A. F. Parsons, John H. Long, F. A. Smith, H. D. Spence, Simon Uiman, Gus. Parker, J. A. Parsons and others, all from Salisbury.

Last Sermon in Salisbury.

Rev. D. P. Wills, for the past four years Presiding Elder of Eastern Shore District, M. E. Church South, preached his last sermon in Salisbury Sunday morning last. During his official term, Mr. Wills has labored hard and faithfully to build up the churches under his charge, and his efforts have not been fruitless. He has also raised considerable money by his lectures, which has been applied to different church enterprises. At the last session of the Conference, Mr. Wills was assigned to Elizabeth City. Mr. Wills' place will be filled in this district by Rev. J. H. Ames.

INTERESTING TO READERS.

—Mr. John Thompson, 68 Hanover street, Liverpool, England, and one of the oldest and most extensive dealer in drugs in Great Britain, writes: "It is a great pleasure to sell a remedy which gives general satisfaction, and our people, like their American cousins, have become convinced of the fact that St. Jacobs Oil conquers pain. The demand for it in Liverpool and vicinity was never so great as at the present and is daily increasing."

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—A. W. Woodcock & Son have all the new and novel designs in Silver and Silver Plated Ware. The patterns are lovely, yes beautiful. Go see them, and prices to suit everybody.

—For Sale: A genuine Alderney Cow, 2 years old, sired by the registered Alderney bull "Pocomoke." The cow is now giving milk. For terms, apply to Geo. J. Foster, Loretto, Somerset Co., Md. J. T. Crutten, Allen, Md.

All persons having bills against the corporation of the town of Salisbury are hereby notified to present the same to the Board of Commissioners on or before the 16th day of December 1884. By order Board Commissioners. L. W. Gunby, Sec'y. Protom.

—As Christmas is rapidly approaching, you will soon have to look around for something to give friends and relatives. Nothing is more suitable than a set of china, a handsome lamp, a set of knives and forks, or some beautiful plated ware. These can be found in endless variety at Ellis, Bangert & Co's. N. W. Cor. Balto. & Howard Sts., Balto. Md.

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SALISBURY'S PRICE CURRENT.

CONVERTED WEEKLY BY HUMPHREYS & TILGHMAN.

New Yellow Corn, 30 00

White Corn, 30 00

Wheat, 30 00

Barley, 30 00

1 Bushels, 30 00

2 Promises, 30 00

100 lbs, 30 00

Spices and Seasoning, 75 00

Spiced Chicken, per lb, 25 00

Spiced Potatoes, per bushel, 25 00

Truth Potatoes, per bushel, 25 00

Stock of Goods

FOR SALE.

A rare chance is offered to anyone wishing to enter the grocery business. A well-stocked stock of goods. For particulars, address

L. B. GILLIS,

SALISBURY, MD.

DOCTOR TRACER.

State Vaccine Agent.

128 Park Ave., Balto., Md.

## THE GREAT BATTLE!! IS NOW ENDED.

## CLEVELAND IS ELECTED AND WICOMICO

HAS FREELY AND FITLY CELEBRATED THE GREAT EVENT.

The unsettled condition of business, caused by the long delay in determining the result, is also ended, and now everybody has returned to his business and work. The

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