

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, September 4, 1751.

THE Occasion of the following Letter, which I publish for the Entertainment of my Readers, as I have learn'd, was this: Two celebrated Crambo Wits, who used to spend many a Winter's Evening in Clubs of the Young and Gay, particularly of the Fair Sex, at the delightful Games of, *I love my Love with an A, because she is Amorous*,—*Questions and Commands*,—*Cross Purposes*,—and other such witty, ingenious, and edifying Amusements, piquing themselves upon their great Experience and Knowledge in such important Matters, fell into a Dispute, Which of all the Letters of the Alphabet most frequently occurred, as the Beginning or initial Letter of Words in the *English* Language: One of the Disputants took the Part of P (for his Name begun with that Letter), and roundly affirmed that to be the *prime* and *principal* Letter. His Competitor, whose Name began with a C, stood up for that, as the most *common* and *consequential* of the twenty four. After many learned Arguments *pro* and *con*, as is usual among *Prescientists* and *Connoisseurs*, it was agreed to be referred to Judges, and each was to write something, in which his favourite Letter was to be used as often as possible; whereupon the Champion for P composed the following Epistle, which he hopes may convince all Doubters and Sceptics of the Goodness of his Argument; 'till such Time as his learned Antagonist makes his Essay, and enters the Lists for his darling Letter; which when he does, the Patron of P is willing that this important Affair shall be decided by the Learned, without Favour or Partiality, according to the real Desert of either Performance.

S I R, Park Place, Nov. 2, 1742.

PErceiving you persist to know how I passed my Time in *Pembroke*, I here present you with a particular Account of my Proceedings in a Progress lately made to a private Gentleman's House, purely to procure a Plan of it. I propos'd a Party of Pleasure with Mr. Pratt of *Piston* Castle, Mr. Powell of *Penally*, and Mr. Pugh of *Penry*, to go and dine with Mr. Pritchard of *Pestmain*; which was presently agreed to, and soon put in Execution: However, I thought it a proper Precaution to post away a Person privately to Mr. Pritchard, that he might provide for us; and we proceeded after him.

The Town where Mr. Pritchard lives, is a poor pitiful paltry Place, altho' his House is in the pleasantest Part of it, and is a Prince's Palace to the rest: His Parlour is of a lofty Pitch, and full of Pictures of the prime Pencils; he hath a pompous Portico or Pavillion, finely pav'd, leading to the Parterre, from whence you have a prodigious Prospect, particularly towards *Parish* Hills, where he propagates a Parcel of *Polish* Poultry: The Name of the House is *Prawnsinder*, which puzzled me plaguily to pronounce properly. He received us very politely, and gave us a plentiful Dinner: At the upper End of the Table there was a Pike, with fry'd Perch and Place; at the lower End was pickled Pork, Pease, and Parsnips; in the Middle, a Pigeon Pie with Puff Paste; on the one Side a Potatoe Pudding; and on the other, Pigs Petticoes: The second Course was a Dish of Pheasants, with Poults and Plover, a Plate with preserv'd Pine and Pappah, another with pickled Pod-Pepper, another with Prawns, another with Parmagon for a Provocative, with a Pyramid of Pears, Peaches, Plumbs, Pippins, Philberts, and Pistachias. After Dinner, there was a Profusion of Port and Punch, which prov'd too powerful for Mr. Peters, the Parson of the Parish; for it pleas'd his Palate, and he pour'd it down by Pints, which made him prate in a pedantic pragmatical Manner: This provok'd Mr. Price the Parliament Man, a profound Politician; but he persisted, and made a long Pre-amble, which prov'd his Principles prejudiced and partial a-

gainst the present People in Power: Mr. Price, who is a great Party Man, call'd him a Popish Priest, and said he prayed privately in his Heart for the Pretender, and that he was a presumptuous Poppy, for preaching such Stuff publicly: The Parson puff'd his Pipe passively for some Time, because Mr. Price was his Patron; but at length losing all Patience, he pluck'd off Mr. Price's Perriwig, and was preparing to push it with the Poker into the Fire; upon which Mr. Price perceiving a Pewter Piss pot in the Passage, presented the Parson with the Contents in the Phiiz, and giving him a Pat on the Pate, the Percussion of which prostrated him plump on the Pavement, and rais'd a Protuberance on his Pericranium; this put a Period to our Proceedings, and patch'd up a Peace, for the Parson was in a piteous Plight, and had Prudence enough to be prevail'd upon to cry *Peccavi*, with a *Pars precor*, and in plaintive Posture to petition for Pardon; upon which Mr. Price was proud of his Performance, pull'd him out of the Puddle, and protested he was sorry for what had pass'd in his Passion, which was partly owing to the Provocation given him by some of his preposterous Propositions, which he prayed him never to presume to advance again in his Presence. Mr. Pugh, who practises Physic, prescribed Phlebotomy and a Poultrice for the Parson; but he prefer'd whited brown Paper to any Plaister. He then placed himself in a proper Position, that the Heat of the Fire might penetrate his Posteriors, and dry his patch'd purple Plush Breeches. This Pother was seconded by Politics, as Mr. Pulteney the Patriot's Patent for the *Peerae*; the Kings of *Poland*, *Prussia*, *Prague*, and the *Palatinate*; Pandours and the Partizans, *Portsmouth* Parades, and the Presumption of the Privaters who pick up Prizes almost in our very Ports, Places, Pen-sions, Pains and Penalties. Next came Plays and Poetry, and the Picture of Mr. Pope perch'd on a Prostitute, and the Price of the Pit, Pantomime, Prudes, and the Pox, the Primate of *Ireland*, Pimps and Preferments, Pickpockets and Painters, and the Pranks of that Prig the Poet Laureat's Progeny, tho' his Pappa is the perfect Pattern of paternal Piety.—To be brief, I prophesy you think I am prelix.—We parted at last, but had great Perplexity to procure a Passport from Mr. Pritchard, for he had placed a Padlock on the Stable-Door on purpose to keep us, and pretended his Servant was gone out with the Key; but finding us peremptory, the Key was produced, and we permitted to go: We prick'd our Palfreys a good Pace, tho' it was dark as Pitch, which put me to Pain because I am purblind, least I should ride against the Posts which are prefix'd to keep Horse Passengers from going the Paths which are pitch'd with Pebbles: Mr. Price was our Pilot, and had a very providential Escape, for his Pad fell a prancing and would not pass one Pace further, which provok'd him prodigiously, as he piques himself on his Horsemanship; I propos'd to him to dismount, which he did, and peeping and peering about, found that he was just upon the Brink of a perpendicular Precipice, from which he had probably fallen, had not his Horse plung'd in that Manner. This set us all into a Palpitation, and we plodded on the rest of the Progression, *Piano Piano*, as the *Italians* say, or *Pas a Pas*, as the *French* Phrase has it. I shall postpone several other Particulars, 'till I have the Pleasure of passing a Day with you at *Putney*, which shall be as soon as possible.

I am, Sir,

Your most humble Servant,

PHILO P. P. P.

To Mr. PETER PETTYWARD
at PUTNEY.
Penny Post Paid.

PETERSBURG.

PETERSBURG, May 4.

THE Ministers of the Court of Vienna and the Maritime Powers, continue to have frequent Conferences with our Ministry, on the Affairs of the North, and about the Means of maintaining Peace on a solid and lasting Basis. 'Tis pretended there is a Plan already drawn up for this Purpose, and that it is agreed the Troops of Russia and Sweden shall provisionally withdraw from the Frontiers of Finland, 'til the finishing Hand be put to the Treaty of Accommodation which some affirm to be on the Tapis; but this last Particular wants Confirmation.

L O N D O N.

May 21. Letters from Leghorn of the 8th Instant, N. S. say, that the Master of an English Ship just arrived there from Cadiz reports, that at his Departure the Governor received Orders from Madrid to lay an Embargo on all the Shipping in that Port and in the Bay; and it was reported that they intended to embark a Body of Land Forces with a large Quantity of Provisions and warlike Stores, for an Expedition which was yet a Secret: However, it was pretended by some, that this Expedition is to be against the Algerines; which the English Captain above mentioned wished might prove true, as he could not help being uneasy about G—r.

K I N G S T O N, in Jamaica, July 6.

We hear from the North Side, that an unhappy Affair has happened to Capt. Nathanael Skelden; viz. He intending to remove his Goods from a Store which he kept at Montego Bay, to a Store at Dry Harbour, he put his Goods on board a Sloop, to the Value, as believed, of five or six Thousand Pounds; but the Sloop standing farther out to Sea than usual, his People rose, headed, as is said, by a Portuguese, and after wounding Capt. Skelden and his Clerk in several Places, set them on Shore, and immediately made off to Sea.

July 13. By Capt. James Pollock, of the Sloop *Susannah*, from St. Thomas, we are informed, that in his Passage he was taken by a Pettiauger, and a Spanish Sloop, belonging to Porto-Rico, who kept him Twenty-four Hours in Custody, and after plundering him of every Thing he had on board, sent him away without the least Necessaries of Life: He arrived here on Thursday the 4th Instant. The said Pollock says, that he was assured by some Irish Sailors that were on board the Spaniards, that they had carried in fourteen or fifteen Sail of English Vessels.

Hallifax, in Nova Scotia, July 29. Since our last we have had a Snow from Rotterdam, with between 2 and 300 Settlers, and a Ship from England, with 100 Recruits for Col. Warburton's Regiment.—Last Week we had some pleasing Accounts, that the French had ordered all their Troops to hold in Readiness to leave the Province.—That they informed the Indians there was a profound Peace between the two Crowns, and that they were marching to their respective Quarters; and more, that six of the St. John's Indians had been into Chincote Fort, to treat of Peace, and had been there some Days when Capt. Huston, who brings the Account, came from thence.—This Morning arrived a Ship from Amsterdam, with Dutch Settlers.—

B O S T O N, August 12.

Last Tuesday came to Town, ten Persons, Men, Women and Children, who were taken by the Indians at the Eastward about 11 Months ago, and by them carried into Captivity, and sold as Servants or Slaves to the French in Canada, under whose Authority they suffered great Hardships, and were employed in the meanest and most barbarous Business:—From Canada, by Virtue of the Application made by Capt. Stevens, for their Redemption, in Behalf of this Government, they were last Spring sent to Crown-Point Fort, where they have been kept by the French, till the Sums demanded for their Ransom should be paid, which has accordingly been done, and the poor People thereupon released, and sent from Crown-Point to Albany, from whence they travelled hither.

We learn from Halifax, that Capt. Mauger, of that Place, Merchant, and Mr. Prescott, late of this Town, are erecting large Distilling Works there, which, when finished, are like to deprive us of the best Branch of our Trade to that Province, as they are more conveniently situated for importing Melasses, both from — and the West-Indies, than any other British Colony.

N E W - Y O R K, August 12.

The Brig *Bonetta*, Capt. M' Cleve, of this Port sailed from hence last March, bound for Jamaica, and for some Time past has been esteemed a missing Vessel; but by Capt. Dickinson from Jamaica we have Advice, she was taken on her Passage on the High Seas by the Spaniards, and carried into St. Domingo; the Mate and some of the Hands escaped in the Boat, and got safe down to Jamaica, after a very perilous Voyage, and are daily expected here in a Vessel which was to sail soon after Capt. Dickinson. Thus while our News from Europe says, Orders are sent for the Restoration of all illegal Captures made by them, those treacherous People continue more and more their Depredations, even without any Appearance of Legality; except our own patiently suffering ourselves to be their Dupes.

Capt. Briggs in a Bermudian Sloop bound from Jamaica for this Port, having been expected some Time past, we hear is cast away on Acklin's Key; the Crew saved; but Vessel and Cargo lost.

Extract of a Letter from Halifax, dated July 20.

Yesterday arrived here a Ship from London, with 100 Soldiers, and we daily expect 7 or 800 more, together with two Men of War, and some Hundreds of Settlers besides.—This Town and Suburbs is near four Miles long; and Lots that are fit for Business, not to be had but at a dear Rate:—In all Appearance this bids fair for the Capital of America in a few Years. There are about 200 Sail of Vessels belonging to this Port, and daily increasing, on Account of the great Encouragement in the Fishery, which goes on with great Success.—

A N N A P O L I S.

Thursday last Capt. Nicholas Stevenson in the Ship *Swallow*, belonging to Messieurs Hunt and Giles, with 379 Hog-sheads of Tobacco on board, sail'd from hence for London, but the same Night sprung a Leak, which gain'd on them so very fast, notwithstanding they kept both Pumps going, that they were forced to run her ashore on Poplar Island, being the nearest Land, when she had about 6 Feet Water in the Hold, where she yet lies, and they are getting out what Tobacco they can save, but a great Part of it is damag'd and spoil'd. She had in her the next Morning after she sprung the Leak, Eleven Feet Water in the Hold.

Last Saturday Afternoon, two Ship Carpenters, one of them named *Johnson Jackson*, the other — *Owen*, attempting to go from *Wye River* to *Chester* in a small bauble of a Boat, as they were going thro' *Kent Narrows*, she overfet, and they narrowly escap'd Drowning; but after getting a little dry'd and refresh'd, they, notwithstanding every one's Advice to the contrary, (as the Wind blow'd hard) would venture out again, one of them being so impious as to say, *He would go to Hell or to Chester that Night*; but they had got but a few lengths from the Ferry when the Boat overfet, and neither of them were once seen to rise.

T O B E R U N F O R,

On the RACE-GROUND near ANNAPOLIS, ON Tuesday the 22d Day of October next, the Sum of TWENTY-FIVE Pounds Currency, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, to carry nine Stone, three Heats. And On Wednesday the 23d of the same Month, will be run for on the said Course, the Sum of FIFTEEN Pounds Currency, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding (the winning Horse the Day before to be excepted); to carry the same Weight, and to run three Heats.

The Horses, &c. to be Entered on each Day of Running, by 10 o' Clock in the Forenoon, with *Jonas Green* in Annapolis; and to pay Twenty-five Shillings Entrance on the first Day, and Fifteen Shillings on the second.

All Disputes, if any arise, to be decided by *John Gassaway* and *Daniel Dulany, junior*, Esquires.

T O B E S O L D

A Tract of Land in Frederick County, called *Park Hall*, containing by Patent 1550 Acres, lying at no greater Distance than twelve Miles from Frederick-Town, and at much the same Distance from the Mouth of the River *Monocacy*; The Land is very valuable, being well Timbered, well Watered, abounding with Meadows, and has a great deal of Pasturage Ground. For the Terms of Sale and Title, enquire in Annapolis, of M. MACNEMARA.

BELHAVEN.

Will be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

ON Tuesday the first Day of October next, a Brigantine call'd the *Fairfax*, two Years old, well built and well fitted, Burthen about 75 Tons; an Inventory of her Tackling and Apparel may be seen at *Nathanael Smith's*.

Also a new Sloop, compleatly fitted, and apparel'd; Burthen about 40 Tons, built for Stowage to the best Advantage, and hath good Accommodations both for Master and Men, distinct from each other; an Inventory may be seen at the same Place.

Also a Lot of Ground in said Town, containing half an Acre, on which are several Buildings; viz. a Dwelling House Twenty-four Feet by Sixteen, with a Brick Chimney, and under pin'd with Stone; two Rooms below, and one above.

A Ware House, Thirty Feet by Eighteen.

A Smith's Shop, Eighteen Feet square, with a Brick Chimney in the Middle.

Also a likely Negro Fellow, that hath been near three Years at the Blacksmith's Trade.

Any Person inclining to purchase any of the above, are to pay down one half, either in good Bills of Exchange, *Virginia* Currency, or Paper Money; the other half in three Months, giving good Security to

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

September 3, 1751.

RAN away from the Subscriber, about a Mile from *Patuxent* Iron-Works, on the first of this Instant, an *Irish* Convict Servant named *John Ewald*; he is a lusty well-set Fellow, about 6 Feet high, fresh colour'd, pitted with the Small-Pox, and has several Moles on his Face: He had when he went away a dark colour'd Cloth Jacket, an old white Linen Jacket, a check Shirt, an Osnabrigs Shirt, two Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, a Castor Hat almost new, a Silk Handkerchief, old black Leather Shoes with Holes cut in the Toes of them, and a long brown Wig: he is about 45 Years of Age, by Trade a Joyner and Carpenter.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home; or so secures him as his Master may have him, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

THOMAS SNOWDEN.

IMPORTED.

In the last SHIPS from ENGLAND, Variety of European and India Goods; to be SOLD very reasonably by Beale Bordley, opposite to Mr. Soumaien's in ANNAPOLIS; among which are,

Fine broad cloths and trimmings in patterns, striped plain and blue camblets, super-fine drab sagathies, black serge-nim, Scotch plaid, single and double alopeens, silveretts, striped luteatings, *Perfian* taffeties, scarlet bays, fine broad *Irish* frieze, fine mix'd beaskein, duffels, spotted flannel, imbossed serges, corded druggert, forest cloths, super-fine *Saxon* green cloth, striped flannel, half-thicks, kerseys, dyed negroes cotton, cotton counterpanes tufted, fine corded dimity, super-fine *India* dimity, striped cottons, striped garlix, figur'd dimity, womens and girls whalebone and cane hoops, silk clogs, womens best velvet caps, shammy skins, patterns of scarlet knit worked for waistcoats, hosiery, gloves, rugs and blankets, fearnothing jackets, sweet oil per quart, *China* bowls, dishes, plates, milk-pots and custard cups, fine wormed wine, beer, and cyder glasses, *Naples* biscuit pans, mens and boys hats, boys laced ditto, womens fur hats, ship and boat compasses, pewter, osnabrigs, white linnens, checks, long-lawns, pistol and flower'd ditto, striped muslins, cambricks, blue linnen, calicoes and chin's, hummum, silk, cotton, and linnen handkerchiefs, *Russia* towelling, white and brown sheeting, childoes, best single and double refin'd *London* loaf sugar at 1 s. 6 d. and 2 s. 2 d. raisins per jar, salt petre, allspice, nutmegs, cinnamon, fago, ginger, pepper, roll brimstone, allom, glue, fine gunpowder, shot and lead, 30 d. 20 d. 10 d. 8 d. and 6 d. nails, scythe-stones, grind-stones, variety of rasps and files, iron pots, skillets, and frying-pans, spades, and other iron ware, neat fowling pieces, school dictionaries, *Ruddiman's* rudiments, *Clark's* exercises, small histories, variety of prints, maps, &c. saddlery, snuff, pigtail tobacco, pocket steelyards, blank account books, memorandum books, common prayer books with the new version of psalms, with and without cuts, protractors scales and dividers, painted *Dutch* tiles for chimney-pieces, Lamp Black, &c. &c.

Also good *Barbadoes* rum, muscovado sugar, coffee, chocolate, and sherry wine.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is in the Possession of *Francis Conolly*, in *Cecil*-County, taken up as a Stray, a small Dark Bay Mare, branded on the near Shoulder PR, on the off Buttock TF, joined together, and on her off Shoulder HB, joined together. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Annapolis, August 28, 1751.

THE *Philadelphia* Post Rider hereby gives Notice, that he is to be spoke with every Fortnight, during the Remainder of the Summer Season, from Wednesday Noon, to Thursday Noon, at the House of Mrs. Jennings, or at the Post-Office, in Annapolis, where any Gentlemen or others, who have any Commands, may depend on being faithfully served by

Their humble Servant,

JOHN SISTI.

WHEREAS *Thomas Figget*, of the City of *Annapolis*, Taylor, was unjustly suspected of being concerned in the Attempt made to rob the House of Mr. Charles Cole, of the said City, Merchant, in the Night of the 2d of July last; whereby the said *Figget* has been very much prejudiced in his Way of Business: But as the two only Persons concerned in the said Villainy are now in the Public Goal of this City, and their Guilt confirmed by the voluntary Surrender and Confession of one of the said Parties, and his impeaching his Accomplice (who has been since apprehended); the said *Figget* therefore humbly hopes, that, as the Injustice of such Suspicion is thereby sufficiently evinced, all such Gentlemen as have heretofore employed him will be so kind as to continue their Favour; and he hereby assures them of being faithfully and expeditiously served, in the best and cheapest Manner, by

Their obliged humble Servant,

THOMAS FIGGET.

WILLIAM PREW, HATTER, from LONDON, Near the Town-Gate in the City of ANNAPOLIS, MAKES and Sells all Sorts of Beaver and Castor Hats for Men, Women, and Children, in the best and cheapest Manner: He likewise turns, cleans, and dyes Hats.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD by the Printer hereof, (Price 2s. 6d.)

THE LAWS made at the last Session of Assembly.

Cecil County, August 8, 1751.

TAKEN up, on Suspicion of being Runaways, and now in Custody in *Cecil* County Goal, two Men, who say their Names are *Patrick Anderson* and *John Anderson*; they pretend to be Sailors, and say they came from *South Carolina* in a small Boat about 12 Feet Keel, in order to go to the Northward for Employment; but it is believed they came from *Virginia*, or the Lower Parts of *Maryland*; but will not own their Masters. One had on a Soldier's Coat, and Trowsers; the other a short blue Jacket and Trowsers: One is a short well set Man; the other a tall elderly Man.

Whoever owns the said Boat, may have her, on paying Charges, and applying to

RICHARD THOMPSON,
Ranger in Cecil County.

ALL Persons indebted to the Printer hereof, for more than one Year's Gazette (and more especially those who owe for four or five Years) and those otherways indebted to him, are desired to comply with the Apostle PAUL's Injunction in his Epistle to the *Romans*, Chap. xiii. V. 7. Render—to all their Dues,—which will greatly oblige him [their humble Servant] and enable him to comply with the same great Apostle's Injunction in the next Verse, *Owe no Man any Thing, but to love one another.*

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber, are desired to make speedy Payment, and those who have any Demands, shall be paid on bringing in their Accounts.

N. B. He has a Remnant of a Cargo of Goods, which, as he designs for *London* in Capt *Dulany*, will sell at 15 per Cent on the first Cost, for either ready Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco.

JEHOSEPHAT RAWLINGS.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber, Trustee of WILLIAM CUMMING, of the City of ANNAPOLIS, Esq; for the Use of his Creditors, the following Tracts of Land; viz.

ONE Tract, called Gray's Bower, containing one Hundred Acres.

One Tract, called Presley, containing four hundred and seventeen Acres, both lying in Anne Arundel County.

ALSO, The following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, for the Use aforesaid.

Part of a Tract, called Accord, containing one hundred Acres.

Part of a Tract, called Amsterdam, containing eighty Acres.

Part of a Tract, called Preston's Marsh, containing six hundred and fifteen Acres.

One Tract, called Norway, containing six hundred and thirty Acres.

One Tract, called Barber's Beginning, containing one hundred Acres.

One Tract, called Drum Mine, containing six hundred and sixty-eight Acres.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to William Cumming, Esq; in the City of Annapolis, or to the Subscriber at Lingans, in Frederick County.

WILLIAM CUMMING, junior.

TO BE SOLD by the Printer hereof,

A DEFENCE of Dr. THOMSON'S Discourse on the Preparation of the Body for the SMALL POX, &c. Wherein every Thing that has been yet advanced against it is fairly examined; particularly Dr. MEAD'S Censure of Dr. BOERHAAVE'S Opinion, concerning a specific Antidote, and Mr. HEARSELEY'S Remarks. In a Letter to a PHYSICIAN in PHILADELPHIA.

By ALEXANDER HAMILTON, Physician, at ANNAPOLIS, in MARYLAND.

Abrotonum agro

Non audet, nisi qui didicit, dare: Quod medicorum est,

Promittunt medici: Trahant fabrilis fabri.

HOR. Ep. Lib. II.

RAN away from the Subscriber the Beginning of June last, a young Country born yellow Negro Woman, named Celia, middle siz'd, has several Scars about her Neck and Throat, and speaks slow. Had on when she went away, an Osnabrigs Petticoat and Waistcoat, and a blue and white Cotton Handkerchief: she is entertained by Negroes, and has been conveyed by them through most of the Counties on the Western Shore; she at Times dresses in Mens Cloaths, and changes her own and Master's Name, when it suits her; and at other Times pretends to be Free.

Whoever takes up the said Negro Woman, and delivers her to me at Annapolis, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land, called Griffith's Park, lying in Frederick County, between the Upper and Lower Falls of Potomack River, near the Mouth of Capt. Johns's Creek; containing, by Patent, 500 Acres. It is a Body of choice Land, and very conveniently situated. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to

JANE THOMPSON, Executrix of

John Thompson, late of Cecil County, deceased.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,

A PARCELL of European GOODS, about 200 l. Sterling, prime Cost, consisting of Fearnoughts, Kerseys, Osnabrigs, Garlix, Cutlery, Iron Ware, Nails, &c. to be sold by Wholesale by the Subscriber in Baltimore-Town, very cheap, for Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco.

WILLIAM LUX.

RAN away on the 7th of July, from the Subscriber, living at the Head of South River, an English Servant Man, named James Craft, aged about 30 Years, pretends to be a Carpenter, is a pretty lusty well made Man, very much pitted with the Small Pox, is slow of Speech, and has straight black Hair. He had on and with him, a Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, two Osnabrigs Shirts, and a Felt Hat.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and returns him to his Master, or secures him, so that he may be had again, shall have Fifty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

WILLIAM KIRKLAND.

TO be sold by John Sellman, near the Head of South River, A Suit of large Long Boat's Sails, almost new.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the BRITON, Capt. COOLIDGE, from LONDON, And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the Store in ANNAPOLIS, where Mr. JAMES DICK lately kept Store,

GREAT Variety of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates, for Money, Bills, or Tobacco, Also Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from 1 to 6 Hundred, Sail Duck, Twine, and Ship Chandlery.

STEPHEN WEST, junior.

THE Subscriber intending for London early next Shipping, all Persons indebted to him are desired speedily to make Payment or settle their Accounts. Attendance will be given every Day at Mr. West's Store in Annapolis.

JAMES DICK.

Patuxent Iron-Works, July 30, 1751.

FOR the Encouragement of good and industrious Planters, I the Subscriber give this Public Notice to all my Customers, that have already dealt, or may deal with me, for Tobacco to be paid next Spring, That if they bring me a Note or Notes for Crop Tobacco, enter'd Colour'd by the Inspectors in the Column for Colour'd, and the Weight per Hoghead not less than 850 lb. and shall deliver the same to me by the first Day of June next, shall be allowed Ten per Cent. beside the Four per Cent. for the Cask: And all other Notes delivered me for Leaf Tobacco, by the Time aforesaid, shall have the Allowance of two and a half per Cent. beside the Four per Cent. for the Cask, provided every Hoghead of Tobacco shall weigh at least 900 lb. neat Weight.

RICHARD SNOWDEN.

Prince George's County, July 30, 1751.

To be Sold by the Subscriber,

THE Plantation where Mr. Henry Wright, deceased, did live, about a Mile from Queen-Anne's Town, containing two hundred and odd Acres of good Land, there being thereon a good large Brick Dwelling-House, and all convenient Out-Houses, and at least 20 Acres of Meadow with Timothy and Clover, and two large Apple Orchards.

Any Person inclinable to Purchase, may know the Terms of Sale, by applying to

THOMAS SNOWDEN.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber,

THE following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, viz.

One Tract, called Friendship, containing 400 Acres.

One Tract, called Gordon's Purchase, containing 150 Acres.

One Tract, called Exchange, containing 700 Acres.

Also a Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called Fountain Rock Marsh, containing 500 Acres, being Part of his Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit-Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Any Person or Persons inclining to Purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to

Gordon at Rock-Creek, in the said County, or to the Subscriber.

JAMES DICK.

T H E
MARYLAND GAZETTE

N^o. 333.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, September 11, 1751.

The following is a true Copy of an Inspection-Law, passed in MARYLAND, October 30, 1640.

AN ACT touching TOBACCO'S.

NO Tobacco shall be exported, or attempted to be exported, out of the Province, untill it have been sealed by a sworn Veiver, upon Pain of treble Forfeiture. The Commander of every County shall appoint and swear three Veivers in every Hundred, to be sworn in Form and Manner as is provided. Any one that will may demand a Veiver, to veiw any Tobacco, wherein he hath, or may have, Interest, paying the Fee. If there be any Exception at the Veiver's Judgment, the Owner of the Tobacco shall name one, and the Creditor or Veiver another; and (if they dissent) the Commander a third; which two, or three, shall determine the Exception.

Bad Tobacco shall be judged Ground Leaves, second Crops Leafs notably brus'd or worm eaten, or Leaves hous burnt, Sun burnt, Frost bitten, wheateer beaten in the House, sooty, wett, or in too high Case, so that the Veiver, upon his Conscience, may reasonably think that it is not likely to last sound untill Midsummer following. Where a Hogthead is found bad for the greater Part, it shall be burned; where for the lesse, the Owner shall forfeit four Fold the Quantity of the bad, so that it exceed not the Quantity contained in the Cask or Chest; whereof one Half to the Veiver, and the other to the Lord Proprietary. The Veiver shall have for veiwng 2 lb. per Hogthead, and for receiveing 4 lb. and for burning 10 lb. Tobacco.

All Cases incident, and all Offences against the Intent of this Act, shall be determined and corrected by the Lievtenant-Generall and Councell, or by the Commander and Assistants of any County.

This Act to endure for two Years after the End of this Assembly.

The Oath of a Veiver.

You shall swear to veiw, without Delay, with such ordinary Dilligence as you use, or would use, in Tobacco to be received by yourself, all Tobacco whereof your Judgment shall be demanded, within the Hundred of N, by Vertue of the Law in that Behalf made: You shall not promise, practise, or contract, to or with any Person or Persons, directly or indirectly, to be willfully or wittingly, connivent, partiall, or difficult, in the allowing or disallowing of any Tobacco by you to be veiwed; nor shall you, at any Time before or after such Veiwng, directly or indirectly, take or receive any Gratuity, Hire, Recompence, or Bennefit, in one Thing or other, for or in Consideration of such Veiwng; allowing or disallowing of any Tobacco more or farther then the lawfull Fee: But true and impartiall Judgment shall make and give, whether it be bad or no, by the Intent of the said Law, according to the best of your Skill and Conscience; and if you find it bad, you shall like true Judgment make and give, whether you think it bad for the greater Part or no; and if you judge it bad for the lesser Part only, you shall cull all the bad out of it, as neerly and exactly as you may with ordinare Dilligence, and the same shall burne according to the Law, and the Residue shall dispose of according to the Law: And if you judge it bad for the greater Part of it, you shall burne, or cause the whole Quantity contained in such Cask to be burned to Ashes, without Delay or Favour, so farr as the said Law shall permitt. And in all other Points you shall faithfully and dilligently execute

and discharge the Office, Trust, and Duety of a Veiver, according to the said Law, so far as you shall be able. *So help you God, &c.*

Given at St. Maries, this 30th October, 1640. Witnesses Leonard Calvert, Esq; Lievtenant Generall of the Province of Maryland.

WILLIAMSBURG.

August 16. On Thursday last his Honour the President gave an Audience to the Ambassador of the Cherrokee Nation; attended by his Nobles; when his Honour was pleased to make the following Speech.

Friends and Brethren,

I Heartily congratulate you upon your safe Arrival in Williamsburg; and hope, in your Journey through the Inhabitants of this Colony, you have met with kind Treatment, and hospitable Entertainment: You may be well assured that every Thing will be provided for you, whilst you continue here, to render the Place agreeable to you. I hope you left our good Friend and Brother, the Emperor of the Cherrokee Nation, in Health, and the Nation itself in Prosperity. I have appointed this Meeting, to give you an Opportunity of communicating to me the important Business that has brought you to this City, through such a vast Extent of Country.

To which the Chief of them returned the following ANSWER.

Brother,

WE set off from the Town of Choto to visit you, and learn what you had to say to us. Our Emperor sent us here to acquaint the Governor of Virginia, that when his Father was in England, the King directed and advised him to apply to the Governor of Virginia or Carolina, whenever the Cherrokees were in want of any Thing. We are just come down, and have now seen our Brother and the rest of our Friends. We are instructed to inform you, that four Years ago we waited on the Governor of South Carolina, to endeavour to prevail on him to encourage a Trade between the Subjects of that Colony and the Cherrokees, and to supply us with Ammunition and other Necessaries; which he promised to do, but has not performed. This was the principal Cause of our coming here, and the Experience we have had of the Path to Carolina being very difficult and incommodious for carrying on a Trade there, an additional Reason. Moreover, the Governor of Carolina has furnished the Creek Indians, our Enemies, with Ammunition and other Necessaries, and given them very distinguishing Tokens of Kindness. Upon these Considerations, our Emperor has sent us to solicit a Confirmation of your Friendship, and to desire that you will be pleased to send white People amongst us, and establish a Commerce between the King of Great Britain's Subjects, Inhabitants of this Dominion, and the Indians of the Cherrokee Nation.

If our Request is granted, we promise to make a Road to facilitate a Trade between us; and as we are at War with all the French Indians, we'll guard the Road, and secure the Inhabitants of Virginia in passing to our Towns, and be accountable for any Loss they may sustain.

King George told our Emperor, that when any of the Inhabitants of Virginia or Carolina were at War with the French, we must assist them; which we are, and always shall be ready to do.

To

To which the President reply'd.

Friends and Brethren,
WHat you have imparted to me is of so much Consequence, that it is necessary for me to take the Advice of his Majesty's Council upon it, before I can return you an Answer.

On Friday the Council met; and the next Day the President gave the Indians a second Audience, and made the following Speech.

THE SPEECH of the Honourable LEWIS BURWELL, Esq; President of his Majesty's Council, and Commander in Chief of the Colony and Dominion of Virginia, to the Chiefs and Nobles of the Cherokees, at a second Audience in Williamsburg, August 10, 1751.

Friends and Brethren,
THE Business you imparted to me the other Day I have communicated to his Majesty's Council, and by their Advice assure you, that this Government will always endeavour to cultivate a Harmony and good Correspondence between his Majesty's Subjects and our Friends the Cherokees; and you may depend upon all due Encouragement being given to the Inhabitants that shall be inclined to trade with you, for our mutual Benefit: And as a Pledge of our Friendship and good Wishes, that a lasting Peace and flourishing Trade may be established between us, I make you a Present of Two Hundred Pounds, out of which I have directed a handsome Present to be made to the Emperor of Choro, as a Mark of our Esteem and Friendship for him; and likewise a Present to your Interpreter; and the Remainder to be divided amongst you, according to your Discretion.

To which the Chief answered.

Brother,
WE have travell'd through Bushes and Briars to see our Friends of Virginia: We have no Cause to repent of our long and tedious Journey; the Pain and Fatigue we have undergone are compensated, by the kind and generous Reception we have met with, and we are much pleased with what you have communicated to us, and shall make a faithful Relation of it to our Emperor. Our Hearts are strait, we shall always preserve in them what we have heard from you; and ever retain a grateful Remembrance of your Favours. We have given our Promise to make a good Road for the People of this Country, who shall be disposed to trade with us, and to protect and secure them from all Danger, which we shall steadfastly adhere to. You have supplied all our Wants, and we have nothing to desire but the Continuance of your Friendship.

After which the President took them all by the Hand, wished them a good Journey home, and Prosperity to their Emperor and the Cherokee Nation.

On Monday the President had a private Conversation with them, when he explain'd to them the Happiness and Advantages the Christians enjoy, in the Hopes and Assurance of a blessed Immortality; and from thence persuaded them to send some of their Children to be educated at the College, that by their Means they might be instructed in the Principles of the Christian Religion, and be Partakers of the same Happiness with the English. They heartily thank'd his Honour for this Instance of his Affection, and assured him that his Offer was very agreeable to them; but that they could return no Answer without consulting their Emperor.

About a Week before the Arrival of the Cherokees, it was rumour'd, that the Nottaway Indians, being very inveterate against them, were determined to lie in Ambush and intercept them. This Nation, 'twas said, was exasperated against the Cherokees, for murdering, many Years ago, seven of their young Men, whom they had invited to hunt with them; and had resolved to embrace this favourable Opportunity of revenging themselves. The President being informed of this, and a Report prevailing, that they had cross'd James River, and were on their March to the Westward, with an Intent to wait on the Road in Order to put their Design in Execution, order'd all the Cherokees to be compleatly arm'd, that they might be able to defend themselves in Case of an Attack; and likewise issued a Proclamation, strictly requiring the Nottaways to desist from their bloody Design, and to repair immediately to

their own Habitations to avoid the most rigorous Prosecution; commanding all Magistrates, Sheriffs, and others, to be aiding and assisting in preserving the Peace in their respective Counties.

But all these Precautions prov'd unnecessary, the Nottaways arriving in Town yesterday with a white Flag. The Cherokees being inform'd of their Arrival, immediately gave the Signal of War, and were preparing for Battle; but several Gentlemen representing to them the friendly Appearance of the Nottaways, advis'd them to march out, and meet them in the same friendly Manner: At first they were inflexible; but being at last prevail'd on, they hoisted a white Flag, and marching by Beat of Drum, met the Nottaways in the Market place, each Party singing the Song of Peace. After many of their accustomed Ceremonies, they join'd Hands and smok'd the Pipe of Peace together: But not being able to hold any Conference, the Crowd being very great, they repaired to the Court House; where the Nottaways being sensible that these were not the Indians who had done them the Injury they complain'd of, produced a Belt of Wampum, which they had receiv'd of the Cherokees at their last Peace, and desired a Continuance of their Friendship. The Orator, who negotiates all their Treaties, receiv'd the Wampum, and rising up, made a long Speech to his Friends, telling them that he himself had many Years ago given this Belt as a Token of Peace; that he now found it intire, not a Bead amiss, and from thence concluded that their Hearts were strait, and their Friendship preserv'd intire: Afterwards, by the unanimous Consent of all his People, he made a Present of a Pipe of Peace, assuring them of his Friendship. All Differences being thus adjusted to the Satisfaction of both Parties, they met in the Evening at the Camp of the Cherokees; where making a large Fire, they danced together round it, and concluded the Evening with Harmony and Cheerfulness.

ANNAPOLIS.

The Ship *Speedwell* (mentioned in our last) is since got off from Poplar Island, and brought to our Dock.

Last Sunday the Body of a Man was taken up near Eastern Neck, who is supposed to have been drowned: He was dress'd like a Sailor, had a large Pair of Silver Buckles; his Face and Calves of his Legs were eaten away.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Wednesday the 25th of this Instant September, at the Dwelling Plantation of William Greenwood, on Wye River, in Queen Anne's County.

ONE Tract of Land, containing 146 Acres, lying on Wye River, where a Ship of 500 Hogheads of Tobacco may load; there is on the said Land a large Brick House, with five Rooms on a Floor, a Kitchen, Meat House, Milk House, a Stable, a 40 Feet Barn, and a good Orchard.

Likewise a Tract of Land lying on the Eastern Bay, containing 700 and odd Acres, with three good Plantations, having good and sufficient Buildings thereon.

Also fifteen fine young Slaves, a Parcel of Horses, about 60 Head of Cattle, 60 Sheep, about 100 Hogs, and a great deal of good Household Furniture; for Ready Paper Money, Sterling, or Crop Tobacco.

JOHN TILLOTSON,
WILLIAM COURSEY.

TO BE SOLD,

GOOD Muscovado Sugar, either by the Barrel or smaller Quantity, also fresh LEMONS, and ORANGES, at three Shillings per Dozen, or twenty Shillings per Hundred.
ZACHARIAH HOOD.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, that there is at the Plantation of John Wilcoxen, in Frederick County, near the Mouth of Monocacy River, taken up as a Stray, an old Flea bitten Horse, which has been used to the Draught; he paces a little, is about 13 Hands and a half high, and is branded on each Shoulder and Thigh with a Mark not very plain, but seems to be somewhat like a Figure of 2 turn'd Bottom upwards.

The Owner, proving his Property, and paying Charges, may have him again.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Francis King*, in *Prince George's County*, taken up as Strays; viz. One Sorrel Horse, branded twice with one Mark on the near Buttock, one over the other; viz. the lower one an S and — right across it, and the upper one the Brand turn'd thus S and the I right across, and on the near Shoulder with the last mentioned Brand, the S lying down and the I right perpendicular across it. The other a small Black Horse, branded on the near Buttock thus I L.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *John Medcalf*, at *Herring Creek Swamp*, in *Anne Arundel County*, taken up as a Stray, a middle sized Bright Bay Mare, branded HO, joined together, and has 5 white Spots on her off Buttock.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store,
in ANNAPOLIS,

CORDAGE and Sail Duck; also an Assortment of European and East India GOODS; likewise good Barbadoes Rum, and Muscovado Sugar.

LANCELOT JACQUES.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On the RACE-GROUND near ANNAPOLIS,

ON Tuesday the 22d Day of *October* next, the Sum of TWENTY FIVE Pounds Currency, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, to carry nine Stone, three Heats. And

On Wednesday the 23d of the same Month, will be run for on the said Course, the Sum of FIFTEEN Pounds Currency, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding (the winning Horse the Day before to be excepted); to carry the same Weight, and to run three Heats.

The Horses, &c. to be Entered on each Day of Running, by 10 o' Clock in the Forenoon, with *Jonas Green* in *Annapolis*; and to pay Twenty five Shillings Entrance on the first Day, and Fifteen Shillings on the second.

BELHAVEN.

Will be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDOR,

ON Tuesday the first Day of *October* next, a Brigantine call'd the *Fairfax*, two Years old, well built and well fitted, Burthen about 75 Tons; an Inventory of her Tackling and Apparel may be seen at *Nathanail Smith's*.

Also a new Sloop, compleatly fitted, and apparel'd; Burthen about 40 Tons, built for Stowage to the best Advantage, and hath good Accommodations both for Master and Men, distinct from each other; an Inventory may be seen at the same Place.

Also a Lot of Ground in said Town, containing half an Acre, on which are several Buildings; viz. a Dwelling House Twenty-four Feet by Sixteen, with a Brick Chimney, and under pinn'd with Stone; two Rooms below, and one above.

A Ware House, Thirty Feet by Eighteen.

A Smith's Shop, Eighteen Feet square, with a Brick Chimney in the Middle.

Also a likely Negro Fellow, that hath been near three Years at the Blacksmith's Trade.

Any Person inclining to purchase any of the above, are to pay down one half, either in good Bills of Exchange, *Virginia* Currency, or Paper Money; the other half in three Months, giving good Security to

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

TO BE SOLD

A Tract of Land in *Frederick County*, called *Park Hall*, containing by Patent 1550 Acres, lying at no greater Distance than twelve Miles from *Frederick Town*, and at much the same Distance from the Mouth of the *River Monocacy*: The Land is very valuable, being well Timbered, well Watered, abounding with Meadows, and has a great deal of Pasture Ground. For the Terms of Sale and Title, enquire in *Annapolis*, of

M. MACHEMARA.

THere is a Blacksmith, who is a very good Workman, and now confined in the Goal at *Annapolis* for Debts; would agree to serve any reasonable Time with any Gentleman who would take him out and pay his Debts; not more than Twenty Pounds Currency being requisite to pay all he owes. Enquire of the Printer.

September 3, 1751.

RAN away from the Subscriber, about a Mile from *Patuxent Iron-Works*, on the first of this Instant, an *Leif* Convict Servant named *John Ewdale*; he is a lusty well-set Fellow, about 6 Feet high, fresh colour'd, pitted with the Small-Pox, and has several Moles on his Face: He had when he went away a dark colour'd Cloth Jacket, an old white Linnen Jacket, a check Shirt, an *Osnabrigs* Shirt, two Pair of *Osnabrigs* Trowsers, a Castor Hat almost new, a Silk Handkerchief, old black Leather Shoes with Holes cut in the Toes of them, and a long brown Wig; he is about 45 Years of Age, by Trade a Joyner and Carpenter.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home, or so secures him as his Master may have him, shall have Four Pounds Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

THOMAS SNOWDEN.

IMPORTED,

In the last SHIPS from ENGLAND, Variety of European and India Goods, to be SOLD very reasonably by Beale Bordley, opposite to Mr. Soumaien's in ANNAPOLIS; among which are

Fine broad cloths and trimmings in patterns, striped plain and blue camblets, super-fine drab sagathies, black serge de nim, Scotch plaid, single and double alopeens, silveretts, striped lutestrings, *Persian* taffeties, scarlet bays, fine broad Irish frize, fine mix'd bearskin, duffels, spotted flannel, imbossed serges, corded druggat, forest cloths, super-fine *Saxon* green cloth, striped flannel, half-thicks, kerseys, dyed negroes cotton, cotton counterpanes tufted, fine corded dimity, super-fine *India* dimity, striped cottons, striped garlix, figur'd dimity, womens and girls whalebone and cane hoops, silk clogs, womens best velvet caps, shammy skins, patterns of scarlet knit worsted for waistcoats, hosiery, gloves, rugs and blankets, searnothing jackets, sweet oil per quart, *China* bowls, dishes, plates, milk-pots and custard cups, fine wormed wine, beer, and cyder glasses, *Naples* biscuit pans, mens and boys hats, boys laced ditto, womens fur hats, ship and boat compasses, pewter, *osnabrigs*, white linnens, checks, long lawns, pistol and flower'd ditto, striped muslins, cambricks, blue linnen, calicoes and chints, hummum, silk, cotton, and linnen handkerchiefs, *Russia* towelling, white and brown sheeting, chilloes, best single and double refin'd *London* loaf sugar at 1 s. 6 d. and 2 s. 2 d. raisins per jar, salt petre, allspice, nutmegs, cinnamon, sago, ginger, pepper, roll brimstone, allom, glue, fine gunpowder, shot and lead, 30 d. 20 d. 10 d. 8 d. and 6 d. nails, scythe-stones, grindstones, variety of rasps and files, iron pots, skillets, and frying-pans, spades, and other iron ware, neat fowling pieces, school dictionaries, *Ruddiman's* rudiments, *Clark's* exercises, small histories, variety of prints, maps, &c. sadlery, snuff, pigtail tobacco, pocket steelyards, blank account books, memorandums books, common-prayer books with the new version of psalms, with and without cuts, protractors scales and dividers, painted Dutch tiles for chimney-pieces, Lamp Black, &c. &c.

Also good Barbadoes rum, muscovado sugar, coffee, chocolate, and sherry wine.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is in the Possession of *Francis Conolly*, in *Cecil County*, taken up as a Stray, a small Dark Bay Mare, branded on the near Shoulder PR, on the off Buttock TF, joined together, and on her off Shoulder HB, joined together.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Annapolis, August 28, 1751.

THE *Philadelphia* Post-Rider hereby gives Notice, that he is to be spoke with every Fortnight, during the Remainder of the Summer Season, from Wednesday Noon, to Thursday Noon, at the House of Mrs. *Jennings*, or at the Post-Office, in *Annapolis*, where any Gentlemen or others, who have any Commands, may depend on being faithfully served by

Their humble Servant,

JOHN SISTI,

3
X
WHEREAS *Thomas Figget*, of the City of *Annapolis*, Taylor, was unjustly suspected of being concerned in the Attempt made to rob the House of Mr. *Charles Cole*, of the said City, Merchant, in the Night of the 2d of July last; whereby the said *Figget* has been very much prejudiced in his Way of Business: But as the two only Persons concerned in the said Villainy are now in the Public Goal of this City, and their Guilt confirmed by the voluntary surrender and Confession of one of the said Parties, and his impeaching his Accomplice (who has been since apprehended); the said *Figget* therefore humbly hopes, that, as the Injustice of such Suspicion is thereby sufficiently evinced, all such Gentlemen as have heretofore employed him will be so kind as to continue their Favours; and he hereby assures them of being faithfully and expeditiously served, in the best and cheapest Manner, by

Their obliged humble Servant,
THOMAS FIGGET.

WILLIAM PREW, HATTER, from LONDON,
Near the Town Gate in the City of ANNAPOLIS,

3
MAKES and Sells all Sorts of Beaver and Castor Hats for Men, Women, and Children, in the best and cheapest Manner: He likewise turns, cleans, and dyes Hats. He also gives Ready Money, for all Sorts of Fur.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD by the Printer hereof, (Price 2s. 6d.)

THE LAWS made at the last Session of Assembly.

Cecil County, August 8, 1751.

3
TAKEN up, on Suspicion of being Runaways, and now in Custody in *Cecil County* Goal, two Men, who say their Names are *Patrick Anderson* and *John Anderson*; they pretend to be Sailors, and say they came from *South Carolina* in a small Boat about 12 Feet Keel, in order to go to the Northward for Employment; but it is believed they came from *Virginia*, or the Lower Parts of *Maryland*; but will not own their Masters. One had on a Soldier's Coat, and Trowsers; the other a short blue Jacket and Trowsers: One is a short well-set Man; the other a tall elderly Man.

Whoever owns the said Boat, may have her, on paying Charges, and applying to

RICHARD THOMPSON,
Ranger in *Cecil County*.

ALL Persons indebted to the Printer hereof, for more than one Year's Gazette (and more especially those who owe for four or five Years) and those otherways indebted to him, are desired to comply with the Apostle PAUL's Injunction in his Epistle to the *Romans*, Chap. xiii. V. 7. *Render—to all their Dues*,—which will greatly oblige him [their humble Servant] and enable him to comply with the same great Apostle's Injunction in the next Verse, *Owe no Man any Thing, but to love one another*.

TO BE SOLD,

6
A TRACT of Land, called *Griffith's Park*, lying in *Frederick County*, between the Upper and Lower Falls of *Potowmack River*, near the Mouth of Capt. *John's Creek*; containing, by Patent, 500 Acres. It is a Body of choice Land, and very conveniently situated. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to

JANE THOMPSON, Executrix of
John Thompson, late of *Cecil County*, deceased.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,

6
A PARCELL of European GOODS, about 200 l. Sterling, prime Cost, consisting of *Fearnoughts*, *Kerseys*, *Osnabrigs*, *Garlix*, *Cutlery*, *Iron Ware*, *Nails*, &c. to be sold by Wholesale by the Subscriber in *Baltimore-Town*, very cheap, for Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco.

WILLIAM LUX.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber, Trustee of WILLIAM CUMMING, of the City of ANNAPOLIS, Esq; for the Use of his Creditors, the following Tracts of Land; viz.

ONE Tract, called *Gray's Bower*, containing one Hundred Acres.

One Tract, called *Presley*, containing four hundred and seventeen Acres, both lying in *Anne Arundel County*.

ALSO, The following Tracts of Land, lying in *Frederick County*, for the Use aforesaid.

Part of a Tract, called *Accord*, containing one hundred Acres.

Part of a Tract, called *Amsterdam*, containing eighty Acres. Part of a Tract, called *Preslon's Marsh*, containing six hundred and fifteen Acres.

One Tract, called *Norway*, containing six hundred and thirty Acres.

One Tract, called *Barber's Beginning*, containing one hundred Acres.

One Tract, called *Drum Mine*, containing six hundred and sixty eight Acres.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to *William Cumming*, Esq; in the City of *Annapolis*, or to the Subscriber at *Linganore*, in *Frederick County*.

WILLIAM CUMMING, junior.

RAN away on the 7th of July, from the Subscriber, living at the Head of *South River*, an English Servant Man, named *James Craft*, aged about 30 Years, pretends to be a Carpenter, is a pretty lusty well made Man, very much pitted with the Small Pox, is slow of Speech, and has straight black Hair. He had on and with him, a Pair of *Osnabrigs Trowsers*, two *Osnabrigs Shirts*, and a Felt Hat.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and returns him to his Master, or secures him, so that he may be had again, shall have Fifty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

WILLIAM KIRKLAND.

TO be sold by *John Sellman*, near the Head of *South River*, A Suit of large Long Boat's Sails, almost new.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the *BRITON*, Capt. COOLIDGE, from LONDON, And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the Store in ANNAPOLIS, where Mr. JAMES DICK lately kept Store,

7
GREAT Variety of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates, for Money, Bills, or Tobacco. Also Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from 1 to 6 Hundred, Sail Duck, Twine, and Ship Chandlery.

STEPHEN WEST, junior.

THE Subscriber intending for *London* early next Shipping, all Persons indebted to him are desired speedily to make Payment or settle their Accounts. Attendance will be given every Day at Mr. West's Store in *Annapolis*.

JAMES DICK.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber,

THE following Tracts of Land, lying in *Frederick County*, viz.

One Tract, called *Friendship*, containing 400 Acres.

One Tract, called *Gordon's Purchase*, containing 150 Acres.

One Tract, called *Exchange*, containing 700 Acres.

Also a Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called *Fountain Rock Marsh*, containing 500 Acres, being Part of his Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit-Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Any Person or Persons inclining to Purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

JAMES DICK.

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, September 18, 1751.

From my Lodging in Spring-Gardens.

AS to the Methods of Repisal which my Friend proposes, how rash soever they may appear to some, I shall shew are not unprecedented, by reprinting an Extract from a Speech said to be made several Years ago by a very distinguished Person, then a great Patriot, and now a great Man. The Example of CROMWELL, tho' an Usurper, has been often quoted with Applause under the legal Reign of his present most gracious Majesty.—

Extract of a Speech made by WILLIAM PULTENEY, Esq; in the House of Commons, two Years before the Commencement of the last War with Spain.

WE have been negotiating and treating with Spain for these twenty Years, about Nothing that I know of, unless it was about Reparation and Security for our Merchants; and yet, during the whole Time, they have been plundering and abusing our Merchants, almost without Intermission. If a Nation's being subject to daily Insults and Injuries is not a Circumstance, that ought to make it peremptory in its Demand, I am sure no Circumstance can. This has been our Case for many Years, and will be our Case 'til Spain be made to acknowledge, in the most express and particular Terms, every one of those Rights they pretend to dispute. Ought not this to make us peremptory in our Demands? Ought not it to have made us peremptory long ago? If we had peremptorily insisted upon full Satisfaction and Reparation for the first Injustice that was offered us, I may venture to affirm, we should never have been exposed to a second; nay, if we consider that our Insults and Injuries were inflicted without any Ceremony, we ought to have as little Ceremony in revenging them; and to have taken Satisfaction, without being at any great Pains to demand it. But, I hope, that is not even yet too late.

This was what OLIVER CROMWELL did in a like Case, that happened during his Government, and in a Case, where a more powerful Nation was concerned than ever Spain could pretend to be. In the Histories of his Time we are told, that an English Merchant Ship was taken in the Chops of the Channel, carried into St. Malo, and there confiscated upon some groundless Pretence. As soon as the Master of the Ship, who was an honest Quaker, got home, he presented a Petition to the Protector in Council, setting forth his Case, and praying for Redress. Upon hearing the Petition the Protector told his Council, He would take that Affair upon himself, and ordered the Man to attend him next Morning. He examined him strictly as to all the Circumstances of his Case, and finding by his Answers that he was a plain honest Man, and that he had been concerned in no unlawful Trade, he asked him if he could go to Paris with a Letter. The Man answered, he could. Well then, says the Protector, prepare for your Journey, and come to me To-morrow Morning. Next Morning he gave him a Letter to Cardinal MAZARINE, and told him he must stay but three Days for an Answer. The Answer I mean, says he, is the full Value of what you might have made of your Ship and Cargo; and tell the Cardinal if it is not paid you in three Days, you have express Orders from me to return home. The honest blunt Quaker, we may suppose, followed his Instructions to a Tittle; but the Cardinal, according to the Manner of Ministers when they are any way pressed, began to shuffle: Therefore the Quaker returned as

he was bid. As soon as the Protector saw him, he asked, "Well Friend, have you got your Money?" And upon the Man's answering, He had not, the Protector told him, "Then leave your Direction with my Secretary, and you shall soon hear from me." Upon this Occasion, that great Man did not stay to negotiate, or to explain, by long tedious Memorials, the Reasonableness of his Demand. No, tho' there was a French Minister residing here, he did not so much as acquaint him with the Story, but immediately sent a Man of War or two to the Channel, with Orders to seize every French Ship they could meet with. Accordingly they returned in a few Days with two or three French Prizes, which the Protector ordered to be immediately sold, and out of the Produce he paid the Quaker what he demanded for his Ship and Cargo. Then he sent for the French Minister, gave him an Account of what had happened, and told him there was a Balance, which if he pleased should be paid to him, to the End that he might deliver it to those of his Countrymen, who were the Owners of the French Ships that had been so taken and sold.

This was OLIVER CROMWELL's Manner of negotiating; this was the Method he took for Reparation. And what was the Consequence? It produced no War between the two Nations. No, it made the French Government terribly afraid of giving him the least Offence; and while he lived, they took a special Care that no Injury should be done to any Subjects of Great-Britain. This shews that OLIVER CROMWELL had a Genius and Capacity for Government; and however unjustly he acquired his Power, it is certain that this Nation was as much respected abroad, and flourished as much at home under his Government, as it ever did under any Government.

I wish those who have now the Direction of our Negotiations abroad, would assume if possible, a little of the Spirit and Courage of OLIVER CROMWELL. He had as powerful a Party to struggle with at home, as ever any Minister had; but he never allowed the Danger he was in from that Party, to deter him from vindicating, upon all Occasions, the Honour and Interest of his Country abroad. He had too much good Sense to manage in such a pusillanimous Manner; for he knew that such Management would have made them more daring, as well as more numerous.

If our present Negotiators, or those who have the Direction of our Negotiations, take Example by him, I am sure they will not accept of any general Acknowledgements or Promises.

BOSTON, August 19.

SATURDAY last a Number of Gentlemen commissioned by his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor to treat with the Eastern Indians, embarked on board Capt. Saunders, and sailed with a fair Wind for George's, where the Congress is to be held.

As the Public have lately been entertained with the Account of an Island lately discovered, which Capt. Rodney, Governor of Newfoundland, is gone to look for, we cannot but think the following Extract from Capt. Otton's Journal, may be an agreeable Amusement to many of our Readers. It was given by the Capt. to a Master of a Vessel just arrived here from London, of whom we have obtained it.

March 4, 1748. At 2 in the Afternoon, made Land, which bore N. E. 7 Leagues Distance by Estimation; at 5 tacked, being about three Leagues from said Island, Wind N. E. Lat,

Lat. per Observation 49, Long. 24 30 from the Lizard. This Island stretches N. W. and S. E. about 5 Leagues long, and about one Mile wide; On the S. Side five Vallies, and a great Number of Birds.—*March 5.* said Island bore N. three Leagues; N. W. a Reef of Rocks, three Miles. This Day a Ship's Mast came along Side. On the South Point of said Island is a small marshy Island.—A Copy of my Journal on board the Snow St. Paul, of London, bound from South Carolina to London.

William Otton, Commander.

Captain Otton thought he saw a Tent on the Island, and would have gone ashore, but had unfortunately stove his Boat some Time before.

August 26. By a Vessel from Chincote, we are informed, That the Indians are all drawn off from the French Camp near that Place, some of whom are gone to Canada, and the rest to Bay Vert, to receive the French King's Presents, lately arrived there, where they are making some Kind of Settlement.—That Major Luttrell, Commander of the British Troops, had lately sent several Parties, and cut down all the Dykes on the French Side, from whence the Indians used to annoy our Shipping; so that there is not now the least Danger in going up the River.—That the French Troops desert daily to our Garrison, thirteen of whom came over in two Days.

We likewise hear, that they daily expected a Number of Families at Chincote from Halifax, to settle there, and they are constantly at work on the Fort, which in a short Time will be so strong, as to defy all the Force that can come against it.—That the Place is very healthy, and the People in high Spirits, and they hope soon to see a flourishing Settlement; especially as they have the greatest Reason to believe the Indians are desirous of a Peace.

By a Vessel from Halifax, we have Advice of the Arrival of his Majesty's Ship Centaur, Capt. Cosby, at that Place, from England: She is bound from thence to her Station at New York.

NEW-YORK, August 26.

By a Sloop which passed by from Antigua last Week, bound to the East End of Long Island, we hear there has been a small Hurricane, or rather a violent Gale of Wind, at the Island of St. Kitts, on the 24th of last Month; wherein several Vessels in the Harbour were drove on shore, and some lost; but the Particulars we could not learn.—As the Situation of the Wind then was, it is apprehended some of the other Leeward Islands have suffered.

Last Night arrived here Capt. William Seamour from Coracoa, who informs us, that the six Vessels, fitted out from that Island some Time ago to protect their Traders on the Spanish Coast, were returned with flying Colours, having met with a Zebeque, Brigantine, and four Sloops, off of Rio de la Hatch, which they immediately engaged with for some Time, when they took all the four Sloops, two of which, after setting the Men ashore, they sunk, and the other two, one being found to belong to the Dutch, and the other to the English, and which had been taken, and fitted out as Privateers by the Spaniards, tho' never condemn'd, they generously restored to their right Owners again. The Brigantine and Zebeque, being much shattered, got off by the Help of their Oars. Two of the Dutch Vessels are arrived at Coracoa, and the other four were refitting at Auruba.

Sept. 2. Capt. Walker, who arrived here last Wednesday, in five Weeks from the Bay of Honduras, informs us, that on the 10th of July last, 15 Spanish Craft, with 200 Men, from Campeachy and Guatamala, came into Backelo or New-River in the Bay, and there took the following English Vessels; viz. Capt. Battagen of Jamaica, Capt. Serjeant of Rhode-Island, Capt. Groves of Boston, and Capt. Broadhurst of New-York, all Sloops; also one Schooner, another Sloop, and 25 Flats, making in all 164 Men Prisoners. As soon as this News reached Old-River, which the Spaniards did not think proper to visit, the English there sent a Flag of Truce, and settled a Cattel with them; after much treating they got 19 of the Men released, amongst which were the Captains Broadhurst and Saltus of New York, and Capt. Bailey of Bermuda, the rest, with all the Vessels and Booty, were carried off by them.

Extract of a Letter from St. Thomas, by a Vessel arrived here Yesterday.

"The Spaniards are beginning their old Tricks of taking our Vessels; they have taken a Snow bound from Coracoa to

New-York, and carried her into Porto-Rico, where, without Doubt, she will be condemn'd, for it was never known that any have escaped their Claws. Capt. Falkingham of the Shark Man of War, was at Porto Rico when she was brought in, who took all the Measures he could to assist the Captain in getting his Vessel again, but all to no Purpose.—They pretend that Stock Fish Wood makes him *Bon Prize*, as they call it." (*It is supposed this Vessel is Capt. Carpenter, who, 'tis said, has a large Quantity of Money on board belonging to the Merchants of this City, and has been for some Time expected.*)

ANNAPOLIS.

On Thursday last, came on the Trial of Thomas Bewan, for attempting to rob the House of Mr. Cole, on the 2d of July last; at first he pleaded, Not Guilty, but when his Comrade came to be Sworn, he objected to him, as being unqualified by the Laws of England, to give Evidence; but when he was told, that there was an Act of Assembly of this Province, which made one Convict's Oath good against another, he ask'd Pardon of the Court for giving them so much Trouble, and pleaded Guilty.

The Race which was to have been on the 22d and 23d of October, we hear, is put off to the Beginning of May.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD by the Printer hereof, Price 6d.

AN Extract of a Law relating to Tobacco; which had pass'd the Honourable the House of Commons, and lay before the House of Lords in June last.

To be disposed of by the Subscriber, in Baltimore-Town, on the 3d, 4th, and 5th of October next, being the Time of the Fair, by Public Vendue, or otherwise;

ALL the Effects of the said Subscriber; among which are four Indented Servants, three of them Tradersmen, and one Woman; two of the Men are very good Taylors, and the other a Stay-maker: Any Persons inclined to purchase them, by applying as above, may be informed of the respective Terms they have to serve. JOHN SHEPPARD.

All Persons indebted to the said Sheppard, are desired to pay without further Trouble: And those who have any Demands on him, shall be duly paid their respective Balances; he intending for London next Spring. *Wm. C. Wallcut*

RAN away from the Baltimore Iron Works on Patuxet River, the 27th of last Month, a Negro Man, named *Banjer Jack*; he took with him three Osnabrigs Shirts, a Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, Negro Flats, and an old Hat: He walks somewhat lame, having his Toes sometime ago Frost-bitten; he is of low Stature, has a flat Nose, talks pretty good English; he has been at Mr. Snowden's since he went away, and is supposed will make towards Virginia; he has been much used about the Iron-Works.

Whoever apprehends him, so that he may be had again, by the Subscriber, at the said Works, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, if taken in Maryland; and if in Virginia, two Pistoles, paid by

WILLIAM WILLIAMS.

N. B. One of the Shirts is very yellow with Mine Bank Clay. *Wm. R. Croftall*

STRAYED from Annapolis, the 13th of this Instant September, a middle-sized Grey Horse, branded on the near Buttock with an S, and has a short bob Tail. Whoever brings the said Horse to either Mr. Nathanael Smith, at Leonard's Creek, Mr. John Coover, at West River, or to the Printer hereof, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Samuel White, near Baltimore-Town, taken up as a Stray, a small Brown Mare, branded on the off Buttock thus, *B*

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property and paying Charges.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *David Sullivan*, in *Kent County*, near *Chester-Town*, taken up as a Stray, a small Grey Gelding, about 12 Hands high, neither dock'd nor branded: He was at the said *Sullivan's* Plantation last Winter, and was not Cut when he came; and has a white Snip on his Nose.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *William Stone*, near *Regues Harbour*, in *Anne Arundel County*, taken up as a Stray, a very small young Sorrel Horse, about 11 Hands high, has no Brand, a Wart on his near Flank, a small white Spot near his right Eye, four white Feet, and a small white Spot on his Nose.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, that there is at the Plantation of *John Wilcoxon*, in *Frederick County*, near the Mouth of *Monocacy River*, taken up as a Stray, an old Flea bitten Horse, which has been used to the Draught; he paces a little, is about 13 Hands and a half high, and is branded on each Shoulder and Thigh with a Mark not very plain, but seems to be somewhat like a Figure of 2 turn'd Bottom upwards.

The Owner, proving his Property, and paying Charges, may have him again.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Francis King*, in *Prince George's County*, taken up as Strays; viz. One Sorrel Horse, branded twice with one Mark on the near Buttock, one over the other; viz. the lower one an S and — right across it, and the upper one the Brand turn'd thus — and the I right across, and on the near Shoulder with the last mentioned Brand, the — lying down and the I right perpendicular across it. The other a small Black Horse, branded on the near Buttock thus I I.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *John Medcalf*, at *Herring Creek Swamp*, in *Anne Arundel County*, taken up as a Stray, a middle siz'd Bright Bay Mare, branded HO, joined together, and has 5 white Spots on her off Buttock.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Wednesday the 25th of this Instant September, at the Dwelling Plantation of *William Greenwood*, on *Wye River*, in *Queen Anne's County*;

ONE Tract of Land, containing 146 Acres, lying on *Wye River*, where a Ship of 500 Hogheads of Tobacco may load; there is on the said Land a large Brick House, with five Rooms on a Floor, a Kitchen, Meat House, Milk House, a Stable, a 40 Feet Barn, and a good Orchard.

Likewise a Tract of Land lying on the *Eastern Bay*, containing 700 and odd Acres, with three good Plantations, having good and sufficient Buildings thereon.

Also fifteen fine young Slaves, a Parcel of Horses, about 60 Head of Cattle, 60 Sheep, about 100 Hogs, and a great deal of good Household Furniture; for Ready Paper Money, Sterling, or Crop Tobacco.

JOHN TILLOTSON,

WILLIAM COURSEY.

TO BE SOLD,

GOOD *Muscovado Sugar*, either by the Barrel or smaller Quantity, also fresh LEMONS, and ORANGES, at three Shillings per Dozen, or twenty Shillings per Hundred.

ZACHARIAH HOOD.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store, in ANNAPOLIS,

CORDAGE and Sail Duck; also an Assortment of *European and East-India GOODS*; likewise good *Barbadoes Rum*, and *Muscovado Sugar*.

LANCELOT JACQUES.

Here is a Blacksmith, who is a very good Workman, and now confined in the Goal at *Annapolis* for Debt, would agree to serve any reasonable Time with any Gentleman who would take him out and pay his Debts; not more than Twenty Pounds Currency being requisite to pay all he owes. Enquire of the Printer.

BELHAVEN.

Will be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

ON Tuesday the first Day of *October* next, a Brigantine call'd the *Fairfax*, two Years old, well built and well fitted, Burthen about 75 Tons; an Inventory of her Tackling and Apparel may be seen at *Nathanael Smith's*.

Also a new Sloop, compleatly fitted, and apparel'd; Burthen about 40 Tons, built for Stowage to the best Advantage, and hath good Accommodations both for Master and Men, distinct from each other; an Inventory may be seen at the same Place.

Also a Lot of Ground in said Town, containing half an Acre, on which are several Buildings; viz. a Dwelling House Twenty-four Feet by Sixteen, with a Brick Chimney, and under pinn'd with Stone; two Rooms below, and one above.

A Ware House, Thirty Feet by Eighteen.

A Smith's Shop, Eighteen Feet square, with a Brick Chimney in the Middle.

Also a likely Negro Fellow, that hath been near three Years at the Blacksmith's Trade.

Any Person inclining to purchase any of the above, are to pay down one half, either in good Bills of Exchange, *Virginia Currency*, or Paper Money; the other half in three Months, giving good Security to

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

IMPORTED;

In the last SHIPS from ENGLAND, Variety of European and India Goods, to be SOLD very reasonably by *Beale Bordley*, opposite to *Mr. Soumaien's* in ANNAPOLIS; among which are

Fine broad cloths and trimmings in patterns, striped plain and blue camblets, super-fine drab fagathies, black serge, de nim, Scotch plaid, single and double alopecens, silveretts, striped luteirings, *Persian* taffeties, scarlet bays, fine broad Irish frize, fine mix'd bearskin, duffels, spotted flannel, imbossed serges, corded druggat, forest cloths, super-fine *Saxon* green cloth, striped flannel, half-thicks, kerseys, dyed negroes cotton, cotton counterpanes tufted, fine corded dimity, super-fine *India* dimity, striped cottons, striped garlix, figur'd dimity, womens and girls whalebone and cane hoops, silk clogs, womens best velvet caps, shammy skins, patterns of scarlet knit worsted for waistcoats, hosiery, gloves, rugs and blankets, searnothing jackets, sweet oil per quart, *China* bowls, dishes, plates, milk-pots and custard cups, fine wormed wine, beer, and cyder glasses, *Naples* biscuit-pans, mens and boys hats, boys laced ditto, womens fur hats, ship and boat compasses, pewter, osnabrigs, white linnens, checks, long lawns, pistol and flower'd ditto, striped muslins, cambricks, blue linnen, callicoes and chints, hummum, silk, cotton, and linnen handkerchiefs, *Russia* towelling, white and brown sheeting, chilloes, best single and double refin'd *London* loaf sugar at 11. 6 d. and 21. 2 d. raisins per jar, salt petre, allspice, nutmegs, cinnamon, fago, ginger, pepper, roll brimstone, allom, glue, fine gunpowder, shot and lead, 30 d. 20 d. 10 d. 8 d. and 6 d. nails, scythe-stones, grind-stones, variety of rasps and files, iron pots, skillets, and frying-pans, spades, and other iron ware, neat fowling pieces, school dictionaries, *Rudiman's* rudiments, *Clark's* exercises, small histories, variety of prints, maps, &c. sallery, snuff, pigtail tobacco, pocket keelyards, blank account books, memorandum books, common prayer books with the new version of psalms, with and without cuts, protractors scales and dividers, painted Dutch tiles for chimney-pieces, Lamp Black, &c. &c.

Also good *Barbadoes* rum, *Muscovado* sugar, coffee, chocolate, and sherry wine.

Annapolis, August 28, 1751.

THE Philadelphia Post Rider hereby gives Notice, that he is to be spoke with every Fortnight, during the Remainder of the Summer Season, from Wednesday Noon, to Thursday Noon, at the House of Mrs. Jennings, or at the POST-OFFICE, in Annapolis, where any Gentlemen or others, who have any Commands, may depend on being faithfully served by

Their humble Servant,
JOHN SISTI.

TO BE SOLD

A Tract of Land in Frederick County, called Park Hall, containing by Patent 1550 Acres, lying at no greater Distance than twelve Miles from Frederick-Town, and at much the same Distance from the Mouth of the River Monocacy: The Land is very valuable, being well Timbered, well Watered, abounding with Meadows, and has a great deal of Pasturage Ground. For the Terms of Sale and Title, enquire in Annapolis, of

M. MACNEMARA.

September 3, 1751.

RAN away from the Subscriber, about a Mile from Patuxent Iron-Works, on the first of this Instant, an Irish Convict Servant named John Ewdale; he is a lusty well set Fellow, about 6 Feet high, fresh colour'd, pitted with the Small-Pox, and has several Moles on his Face: He had when he went away a dark colour'd Cloth Jacket, an old white Linen Jacket, a check Shirt, an Osnabrigs Shirt, two Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, a Cassor Hat almost new, a Silk Handkerchief, old black Leather Shoes with Holes cut in the Toes of them, and a long brown Wig; he is about 45 Years of Age, by Trade a Joyner and Carpenter.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home, or so secures him as his Master may have him, shall have Four Pounds Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

THOMAS SNOWDEN.

WILLIAM PREW, HATTER, from LONDON,
Near the Tower Gate in the City of ANNAPOLIS,

MAKES and Sells all Sorts of Beaver and Castor Hats for Men, Women, and Children, in the best and cheapest Manner: He likewise turns, cleans, and dyes Hats. He also gives Ready Money for all Sorts of Fur.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD by the Printer hereof, (Price 2s. 6d.)

THE LAWS made at the last Session of Assembly.

Cecil County, August 8, 1751.

TAKEN up, on Suspicion of being Runaways, and now in Custody in Cecil County Goal, two Men, who say their Names are Patrick Anderson and John Anderson; they pretend to be Sailors, and say they came from South Carolina in a small Boat about 12 Feet Keel, in order to go to the Northward for Employment; but it is believed they came from Virginia, or the lower Parts of Maryland; but will not own their Masters. One had on a Soldier's Coat, and Trowsers; the other a short blue Jacket and Trowsers: One is a short well-set Man; the other a tall elderly Man.

Whoever owns the said Boat, may have her, on paying Charges, and applying to

RICHARD THOMPSON,
Ranger in Cecil County.

ALL Persons indebted to the Printer hereof, for more than one Year's Gazette (and more especially those who owe for four or five Years) and those otherways indebted to him, are desired to comply with the Apostle PAUL's Injunction in his Epistle to the Romans, Chap. xiii. V. 7. *Render unto all their Dues,*—which will greatly oblige him [their humble Servant] and enable him to comply with the same great Apostle's Injunction in the next Verse, *Owe no Man any Thing, but to love one another.*

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in Charles-Street; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper.

TO BE SOLD.

ATRACT of Land, called Griffith's Park, lying in Frederick County, between the Upper and Lower Falls of Potowmack River, near the Mouth of Capt. John's Creek; containing, by Patent, 500 Acres. It is a Body of choiced Land, and very conveniently situated. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to

JANE THOMPSON, Executrix of
John Thompson, late of Cecil County, deceased.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,
A PARCELL of European GOODS, about 200 l. Sterling, prime Cost, consisting of Pearldoughs, Kerseys, Osnabrigs, Garlix, Cutlery, Iron Ware, Nails, &c. to be sold by Wholesale by the Subscriber in Baltimore-Town, very cheap, for Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco.

WILLIAM LUX.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber, Trustee of WILLIAM CUMMING, of the City of ANNAPOLIS, Esq; for the Use of his Creditors, the following Tracts of Land; viz.

ONE Tract, called Gray's Bower, containing one Hundred Acres.

One Tract, called Presley, containing four hundred and seventeen Acres, both lying in Anne Arundel County.

ALSO, The following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, for the Use aforesaid.

Part of a Tract, called Accord, containing one hundred Acres.

Part of a Tract, called Amsterdam, containing eighty Acres.
Part of a Tract, called Preston's Marsh, containing six hundred and fifteen Acres.

One Tract, called Norway, containing six hundred and thirty Acres.

One Tract, called Barber's Beginning, containing one hundred Acres.

One Tract, called Drum Mine, containing six hundred and sixty eight Acres.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to William Cumming, Esq; in the City of Annapolis, or to the Subscriber at Linganore, in Frederick County.

WILLIAM CUMMING, junior.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the BRITON, Capt. COOLIDGE, from LONDON,
And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the Store in ANNAPOLIS, where Mr. JAMES DICK lately kept Store,

GREAT Variety of European and East India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates, for Money, Bills, or Tobacco. Also Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from 1 to 6 Hundred, Sail Duck, Twine, and Ship Chandlery.

STEPHEN WEST, junior.

THE Subscriber intending for London early next Shipping, all Persons indebted to him are desired speedily to make Payment or settle their Accounts. Attendance will be given every Day at Mr. West's Store in Annapolis.

JAMES DICK.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber,
THE following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, viz.

One Tract, called Friendship, containing 400 Acres.

One Tract, called Gordon's Purchase, containing 150 Acres.

One Tract, called Exchange, containing 700 Acres.

Also a Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called Fountain Rock Marsh, containing 500 Acres, being Part of his Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit-Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to Purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

JAMES DICK.

T H E
M A R Y L A N D G A Z E T T E,

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

N^o. 335.

WEDNESDAY, September 25, 1751.

As there is a Scheme on foot for Uniting the Kingdoms of GREAT-BRITAIN and IRELAND, we apprehend the following Proposals for that Purpose, lately publish'd in ENGLAND, and well approved of by many, will not be unacceptable to our Readers, in this, and a subsequent Gazette.

A P R O P O S A L for Uniting the KINGDOMS of GREAT-BRITAIN and IRELAND.

THE first Principle of all Schemes offered to the Public is their general Utility. This alone should claim a candid and impartial, if not a favourable Attention. Upon this Principle let the following Scheme be tried; nor does the Person, who proposes it, wish it may succeed on any other. He truly thinks, and hopes he shall be able to prove, that it will produce to both Nations many more and greater Advantages, than either can enjoy until they shall be united. But before he attempts to enumerate these Advantages, it may be necessary to give a clear and certain Idea of the Union he proposes.

He does not, therefore, mean a federal and partial Union, but a complete and perfect Incorporation of the two Kingdoms, inseparably and perpetually united; formed into one Government, under the same King, and the same Laws; represented by the same Parliament; enjoying the same Privileges and Immunities; confined by the same Restrictions, Prohibitions and Regulations in Trade; having the same Alliances, the same Enemies; and paying an equal Proportion of Taxes, Customs, Excise, both in Peace and War, that in all Instances they may become one People in Affection, as well as Interest. And however unequal *Great Britain* and *Ireland* really are, or may be supposed to be, in every Circumstance of Wealth, Power and Commerce, they may be joined, through all their Parts, in one great Whole, by a fair Scale of Equivalents and Proportions; as two Merchants, of very unequal Property and disproportioned Debts, may enter into Partnership of Profit and Loss in Trade. Perhaps, among all the Works of Nature, there never were two Bodies perfectly equal in Bulk, Weight and Figure; certainly never among the Works of Art, as all political Bodies are. But that Bodies most unequal may, with mutual Advantage, be united, there are numberless Instances, both in Nature and Art.

Let us now endeavour to prove, that by the Union we propose, a new national Interest may be formed, productive to both Nations of more numerous and greater Benefits, than either of them can separately enjoy.

The principal Objects of the Attention of *Great Britain* are the Protestant Religion in general; her own present Establishment, Ecclesiastical and Civil, and the Preservation of that Balance of Power among the Nations of *Europe*, which can alone maintain their common Liberty. Let us now consider, what Advantages she can propose to herself with regard to the first of these, the Protestant Religion, by her Union with *Ireland*.

The present Inhabitants of that Island are computed at somewhat less than two Millions; but were it cultivated, as it certainly would be under the Influence of an Union, it would be capable of maintaining at least six Millions; and consequently, according to the political Maxim, That Number of Inhabitants are the Wealth of a Nation, it would become three Times richer than it is at Present. This Maxim, it is confessed, like another among the Learned, who tell us, That a Number of Words are the Riches of a Language, must be understood in a restrained Sense. It must necessarily mean, that these Inhabitants are honest, frugal and industrious; for a Number of idle,

extravagant, dishonest People is the Ruin of a Country, as a Number of Words, if not expressive, harmonious and precise, rather oppresses a Language with a Superfluity of Sounds, than enrich it with Abundance and Variety.

But we are told, that the *Irish* Natives, who are a great Majority of the present Inhabitants, are an idle, lazy Generation; so perversely, obstinately idle, that the Encouragements of an Union and the Examples of Industry among the Foreigners, who might settle in the Country, would be lost upon them. The Charge of Idleness is acknowledged, but we cannot acknowledge that it is absolutely, like some national Diseases, incurable.

No People are by Nature either idle or industrious beyond the Necessities of Life. What we call Conveniences (generally a larger Term for Luxury) add a new Spirit to Labour, and encourage us to bear the Fatigue, that enables us to purchase them. The *Hollanders*, oppressed and enslaved by the *Spaniards* Tyranny, had little of that Spirit of Industry, which hath since made them the most powerful Republic in the World. But without relying upon Examples, we may venture to assert, as a Maxim founded in human Nature, that Man will never work for Man, if he does not find his own, proper Advantage by his Labour.

If this Reasoning appear just, let us apply it to the present State of *Ireland*. A very large Proportion of the Lands there is let from Year to Year, or rather is held at the Will and Pleasure of the Landlord: If he will not take the Trouble of letting his Estate in little Parcels himself, which however is often done, he gets what is called a substantial Farmer, who venturously takes five or six hundred Acres. These are too many for his little Stock to manure, to plow, or to graze. He therefore divides them, and lets some of them to poor Cottagers. Thus the Landlord receives his Rent, the Farmer gets a moderate Subsistence, the Farm, in general, is uncultivated, and the poor Cottager is oppressed. He usually pays thirty Shillings a Year for his House of Clay, with a Garden, so it is called, for his Cabbages and Potatoes, his only Food; and in Proportion for a little Land to graze a Cow, or perhaps half a dozen Sheep. The Rent of his wretched Tenement he pays in Labour, at five or six Pence a Day, while his only Security for the next Year's Possession, is not to improve his miserable Farm, or seem to grow rich in the Cleanliness, or Cloathing, or Food of his Family. If Providence hath not created some Nations to Slavery, and the very Supposition is Impiety, surely no People will labour upon such Terms. Will not human Nature resent such Treatment? It were a very contemptible Being, if it did not.

However, from this Manner of acting, there are, generally speaking, but two Ranks of People in *Ireland*, the very Rich and the very Poor. From hence the two Extremes, perhaps not to be found in any other Country, of Luxury and Poverty. But when the Union shall increase the Number of Inhabitants, the Landlord will not be under a Necessity of letting a greater Number of Acres, than the Farmer is able to cultivate. When he shall find it his Interest to grant longer Leases; when the poor Natives shall be restored to the natural Right of human kind, a Property in their own Labour, if there be not some physical Causes of Idleness in their Climate, they will surely become as industrious, as their Neighbours of *Great Britain*.

As the Benefits of Trade will probably encourage Foreigners to settle in *Ireland*, so Merchants and Manufacturers, being Protestants, should be invited by a general Naturalization. The Popish Interest there would then become inconsiderable, and *Ireland* would in a few Years be a Protestant Nation. When

in the Spirit of religious Liberty they should have thrown off the Yoke of Transubstantiation and the Pope's Infallibility, they will at the same time disclaim the no less bold Absurdity and Contradiction to common Sense, that of Hereditary Right and Passive Obedience. Thus will they, at once, become the Disciples of the purest Church, that professes the Doctrines of Christ and Subjects of the best Constitution of Government, that ever blessed Mankind. How great a Support they will be to each, we need not say. Only this; the same Strength, which would thus apparently maintain the present Establishment of *Great Britain* in Church and State, would certainly with equal Zeal engage in Defence of the Protestant Religion in general, and the Liberties of *Europe*.

A great Objection against the Settlement of Foreigners in *Ireland*, is the Unhealthiness of the Climate. But as the Bogs, which occasion this formidable Objection, were once firm Land, so when the natural Drain for the Water, upon which they lie, can be found, they will sink again to their proper Soil, and become as fruitful as any other Part of the Island. The Sun draws its Vapours from this unwholesome Mixture of Earth and Water; those Vapours fall again in almost perpetual Mists and Rains, so that the Inhabitants of that Part of the Country may be said to breathe Water. But when these Bogs shall be wholly reclaimed (a necessary good Effect to *Ireland* of a Union) the Sun will draw a far less Quantity of Vapours, and those from a cultivated Soil, which impregnates the Air with Particles of Health. A sufficient Progress hath been already made to insure the Success of the Whole, and not without some considerable Effect upon the Climate. When this great Work can be brought to Perfection, and the Lands of *Ireland* universally cultivated, we may venture to say, it will be as healthy a Country, as any in *Europe*, especially as it is more temperate than any other with regard to Heat and Cold.

Another very popular Objection there is against the Union, that *Ireland* would soon rival *Great Britain* in her most valuable Branches of Trade. He seems to me to know very little of the Circumstances of either Nation, who pretends to compute in what Century this dreaded Rivalship may happen. *Ireland*, it is confessed, is much improved, but, if compared to *England*, her Lands may truly be said to be still uncultivated, and her Manufactures unimproved. Her Ports, which Nature hath opened to the Trade of almost the whole World, are not known even to the Natives, excepting those, who live in the neighbouring Counties. Indeed, it would be greatly useful to the general Navigation of *Europe*, to have a Chart of the Western Coast of *Ireland*, and its Harbours.

But allowing this formidable Objection of Rivalship to be just, which it certainly is not, of what Consequence will it be to the great Whole, in what Part of the united Kingdoms any particular Branch of Trade shall flourish? What matters it, for Instance, and that the popular Instance, whether the Woollen Manufacture continue in the West, or whether it travels Northward, as it really does, or whether it shall go to *Ireland*, when united to *Great Britain*?

We are not ignorant how disagreeable this Language will be to the common People of *Great Britain* in general, and especially to some particular Counties in *England*. But if it be the Language of Truth, let us not be afraid to speak it. We are not proposing a partial Union. We do not write to any Set of People, whose private Interests will engage them against the Measure we propose. We are not sanguine enough even to hope or their Approbation, or so ignorant of human Nature, as to expect it. Our only Design is the Public Good, the mutual Advantage of both Kingdoms; while we write only to them, who are able, impartial, disinterested Judges of this great Scheme; some of whom may probably be appointed to carry it into Execution. We trust, they will have Abilities to answer all real Objections, and Spirit enough to despise a merely popular Clamour. To them we may without Apprehension repeat, that it is Matter of pure Indifference in what Part of the united Kingdoms, any particular Branch of Trade shall flourish.

[To be continued]

L O N D O N:

Extra of a Letter from Paris, dated May 31. N. S.

WE hear from Toulon, that the Content and the Oriflamme Men of War, commanded by the Chevalier de Glandeves, arrived there the 11th Instant from their Voyage

to the Coast of Guiney, which has been as successful as we could wish. Those Ships employed a Month in ranging along the Coast, going into every Port, Harbour, Bay or River, and at every Place sending an Officer to confer with the Princes or Chiefs of the People settled along the Coast; all which Princes have expressed a great Kindness for the French Nation, and intimated that they would be very glad to trade with us; which is all we wanted. The several Nations or Tribes inhabiting that Coast are continually at War with each other, and sell to the Europeans the Prisoners they take in Battle. They have no fixed Habitations, but live in Tents, and shift their Quarters, when they can no longer subsist in a Place.

B O S T O N.

Sept. 2. By a Letter from New London, dated this Day fennight, we have an Account, that a Vessel arrived there from the West Indies, with Advice, that there had lately happened a violent Hurricane at St. Kitts, and St. Eustatia; that at the former Place eight Sail of Vessels run ashore, and suffered great Damage; the Particulars we do not learn; at the latter Place, three Vessels were lost, with all their Men; one of which sunk at her Moorings. A Vessel bound from New London to the West Indies, met with the said Hurricane off Bermudas, lost all her Horses, and suffered other Damage, which obliged her to put back, without making her Port.

Thursday last arrived here on board Capt. Sanders from St. George's, the Gentlemen who lately went down on Behalf of this Government, to treat with the Eastern Indians; and we hear they were met by a great Number of the Penobscot, Passamaquada and St. John's Tribes, who all appeared sincerely desirous to renew and confirm the Peace; but as none of the Norridgewocks were present, the other Indians have engaged to bring them in within forty Days, or sooner, if possible, of whose Arrival they are to give Notice to this Government, when the Conference is to be renewed.

N E W - Y O R K, September 16.

Extra of a Letter from Halifax, dated September 2, 1751.

This Moment arrived the Gosport Man of War, of 40 Guns, Capt. Pye, in 45 Days from the Downs; Capt. Hutchinson, in the Torrington of 40 Guns, sailed 11 Days before the above Ship for this Place, not yet arrived. The Government has sent no Money by any of his Majesty's Ships (as was expected) to supply the great Wants of Halifax. Here are in this Harbour four Ships of War, viz. the Gosport of 40 Guns, the Centaur of 20, the Albany and Trial, of 16 Guns each, the Torrington every hour expected. The Centaur is to sail for New-York the Beginning of October. The French are in this Quarter, superior in Strength. How the two Crown'd Heads design to dispose this Naval Force, Time must shew. A few Days ago arrived here an Express from Cape Breton, in a French Snow, to the Governor, who dispatched her in three Days. Her Business is yet a Secret.

A N N A P O L I S.

Last Monday came on the Trial of George Wilson, who is one of the Persons that murdered Capt. Smith, and two others, in a Schooner last Winter, near St. Mary's, and afterwards with his Accomplice, by the Names of Newton and Jones, got into New England, from whence they were brought back to this Province, and put into St. Mary's County Jail, and sometime after broke that Jail, but was retaken. He was tried for breaking Prison, found Guilty, and received Sentence of Death. His Accomplice, the greatest Rogue of the Two, if there's any Difference, is not yet retaken, and is said to be gone back to join Perkins and his Gang.

A Woman was tried for Felony, found Guilty, and received Sentence of Death. She pleaded her Belly, on which a Jury of Matrons were summoned, who found her Quick with Child.

By the late Act of Parliament for altering and regulating the Style, no change is made till the second Day of September next, except that the Year begins absolutely on the first of January, which is now to be the first Month. The next Day after the 2d of September, is to be called the 14th, and the rest go on in Order: So that September 1752, will contain but nineteen Days. The fix'd Feasts fall on their proper nominal Days, which brings them eleven Days sooner. The Birth Days fall on their natural Days, which moves them seemingly 11 Days forward. Thus Christmas will still be on the 25th of December, St. Andrew on the 30th of November, &c. But the King's Birth Day, instead of being on the 30th of October, will be on the 10th of November, and so of the rest.

Custom.

Custom-House, ANNAPOLIS, Entered since August 14.
Sloop Dolphin, John Garrett, from Rhode-Island;
Sloop Endeavour, Levi Willard, from Boston;
Schooner Peggy, William Davis, from Virginia;
Schooner Charles-Town, Thomas Dewick, from Antigua.

Cleared for Departure,

Snow Catharine, Peter Marshall, for Biddeford;
Brigantine Philip and James, Jacob Watters, for London;
Sloop Molly, George Perkins, for Barbadoes;
Ship Leathly, John Lickly, for Aberdeen;
Ship Neptune, Jerningham Bigg, for London;
Ship Falcon, Thomas Spencer, for Biddeford;
Ship Thames Frigate, James Dobbins, for London;
Snow Swift, Dennis Dulany, for London.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by the Subscriber at William Elton's, near
the Dock in ANNAPOLIS,

ALL Sorts of Liverpool Earthen Ware, White Ware,
Boxes of Medicines, Stoughton's Bitters, Hungary Wa-
ter, Turlington's Balsam, and British Oil: Also Tea-Chests,
Looking-Glasses, Check'd Linen, and Bed Ticking, &c.
THOMAS RIMMERS.

September 25, 1751.

STOLEN or Strayed on Tuesday Night last, from the
Subscriber, at the Head of Severn River, a small Brown
Mare, having a Blaze in her Face, and is branded I M.

Whoever will bring home the said Mare, shall have Twenty
Shillings Reward, paid by
SARAH RAMSAY.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD by the Printer heretof, Price 6d.

AN Extract of a Law relating to Tobacco; which had
passed the Honourable the House of Commons, and
lay before the House of Lords in June last.

To be disposed of by the Subscriber, in Baltimore-Town, on the
3d, 4th, and 5th of October next, being the Time of the
Fair, by Public Vendue, or otherwise,

ALL the Effects of the said Subscriber; among which
are four Indented Servants, three of them Tradesmen,
and one Woman; two of the Men are very good Taylors,
and the other a Stay-maker: Any Persons inclined to purchase
them, by applying as above, may be informed of the respective
Terms they have to serve.
JOHN SHEPPARD.

All Persons indebted to the said Sheppard, are desired to pay
without further Trouble: And those who have any Demands
on him, shall be duly paid their respective Balances; he in-
tending for London next Spring.

RAN away from the Baltimore Iron-Works on Patapsco
River, the 27th of last Month, a Negro Man, named
Banjer-Jack; he took with him three Osnabrigs Shirts, a Pair
of Osnabrigs Trowsers, Negro Flats, and an old Hat: He
walks somewhat lame, having his Toes sometime ago Frost-
bitten; he is of low Stature, has a flat Nose, talks pretty good
English; he has been at Mr. Snowden's since he went away,
and is supposed will make towards Virginia; he has been
much used about the Iron-Works.

Whoever apprehends him, so that he may be had again, by
the Subscriber, at the said Works, shall have Thirty Shillings
Reward, and reasonable Charges, if taken in Maryland; and
if in Virginia, two Pistoles, paid by

WILLIAM WILLIAMS.

N. B. One of the Shirts is very yellow with Mine Bank
Clay.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store,
in ANNAPOLIS,

CORDAGE and Sail Duck; also an Assortment of Eu-
ropean and East-India GOODS; likewise good Bar-
badoes Rum, and Muscovado Sugar.

LANCLOTT JACQUES.

STRAYED from Annapolis, the 13th of this Instant Sep-
tember, a middle sized Grey Horse, branded on the near
Buttock with an S, and has a short bob Tail. Whoever brings
the said Horse to either Mr. Nathanael Smith, at Leonard's
Creek, Mr. John Conner, at West River, or to the Printer
hereof, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Wednesday the 25th of this Instant September, at the Dwell-
ing Plantation of William Greenwood, on Wye River, in
Queen Anne's County,

ONE Tract of Land, containing 146 Acres, lying on Wye
River, where a Ship of 500 Hogheads of Tobacco may
load; there is on the said Land a large Brick House, with five
Rooms on a Floor, a Kitchen, Meat House, Milk House, a
Stable, a 40 Feet Barn, and a good Orchard.

Likewise a Tract of Land lying on the Eastern Bay, contain-
ing 700 and odd Acres, with three good Plantations, having
good and sufficient Buildings thereon.

Also fifteen fine young Slaves, a Parcel of Horses, about 60
Head of Cattle, 60 Sheep, about 100 Hogs, and a great deal
of good Household Furniture; for Ready Paper Money, Ster-
ling, or Crop Tobacco.

JOHN TILLOTSON,

WILLIAM COURSEY.

THERE is a Blacksmith, who is a very good Workman,
and now confined in the Goal at Annapolis for Debt,
would agree to serve any reasonable Time with any Gentle-
man who would take him out and pay his Debts; not more
than Twenty Pounds Currency being requisite to pay all he
owes. Enquire of the Printer.

TO BE SOLD

A Tract of Land in Frederick County called Park Hall,
containing by Patent 1550 Acres, lying at no greater
Distance than twelve Miles from Frederick-Town, and at much
the same Distance from the Mouth of the River Monocacy:
The Land is very valuable, being well Timbered, well Wa-
tered, abounding with Meadows, and has a great deal of Pas-
torage Ground. For the Terms of Sale and Title, enquire in
Annapolis, of
M. MACNEAMARA.

IMPORTED,

In the last SHIPS from ENGLAND, Variety of European and
India Goods, to be SOLD very reasonably by Beale Bordley,
opposite to Mr. Soumaien's in ANNAPOLIS; among which are

Fine broad cloths and trimmings in patterns, striped plain
and blue camblets, super-fine drab sagathies, black serge-
de nim, Scotch plaid, single and double alopeens, silveretts, stri-
ped lustrings, Persian taffeties, scarlet bays, fine broad Irish
frize, fine mix'd bearskin, duffels, spotted flannel, embossed ser-
ges, corded druggert, forest cloths, super-fine Saxen green cloth,
striped flannel, half-thicks, kerseys, dyed negroes cotton, cot-
ton counterpanes tufted, fine corded dimity, super-fine India
dimity, striped cottons, striped garlix, figur'd dimity, womens
and girls whalebone and cane hoops, silk clogs, womens best
velvet caps, shammy skins, patterns of scarlet knit worsted for
waistcoats, hosiery, gloves, rugs and blankets, farnoth nig
jackets, sweet oil per quart, China bowls, dishes, plates, milk-
pots and custard cups, fine wormed wine, beer, and cyder glas-
ses, Naples biscuit pans, mens and boys hats, boys laced ditto,
womens fur hats, ship and boat compasses, pewter, osnabrigs,
white linnens, checks, long lawns, pistol and flower'd ditto,
striped muslins, cambricks, blue linnen, callicoes and chints,
humum, silk, cotton, and linnen handkerchiefs, Russia tow-
elling, white and brown sheeting, chilloes, best single and dou-
ble refin'd London loaf sugar at 1 s. 6 d. and 2 s. 2 d. raisins per
jar, salt petre, allspice, nutmegs, cinnamon, sago, ginger, pep-
per, roll brimstone, allom, glue, fine gunpowder, shot and
lead, 30 d. 20 d. 10 d. 8 d. and 6 d. nails, scythe-stones, grind-
stones, variety of rasps and files, iron pots, skillets, and frying-
pans, spades, and other iron ware, neat fowling-piece, school
dictionaries, Ruddiman's rudiments, Clark's exercises, small
histories, variety of prints, maps, &c. sallery, snuff, pigtail
tobacco, pocket steel-yards, blank account books, memorandum
books, common-prayer books with the new version of psalms,
with and without cuts, protractors scales and dividers, painted
Dutch tiles for chimney-pieces, Lamp Black, &c. &c.

Also good Barbadoes rum, muscovado sugar, coffee, choo-
hie, and sherry wine.

BELHAVEN.

Will be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDOR,

ON Tuesday the first Day of October next, a Brigantine call'd the *Fairfax*, two Years old, well built and well fitted, Burthen about 75 Tons; an Inventory of her Tackling and Apparel may be seen at *Nathanael Smith's*.

Also a new Sloop, compleatly fitted, and apparel'd; Burthen about 40 Tons, built for Stowage to the best Advantage, and hath good Accommodations both for Master and Men, distinct from each other; an Inventory may be seen at the same Place.

Also a Lot of Ground in said Town, containing half an Acre, on which are several Buildings; viz. a Dwelling House Twenty-four Feet by Sixteen, with a Brick Chimney, and under pinn'd with Stone; two Rooms below, and one above.

A Ware House, Thirty Feet by Eighteen.

A Smith's Shop, Eighteen Feet square, with a Brick Chimney in the Middle.

Also a likely Negro Fellow, that hath been near three Years at the Blacksmith's Trade.

Any Person inclining to purchase any of the above, are to pay down one half, either in good Bills of Exchange, Virginia Currency, or Paper Money; the other half in three Months, giving good Security to

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

September 3. 1751.

RAN away from the Subscriber, about a Mile from Patuxent Iron Works, on the first of this Instant, an Irish Convict Servant named *John Ewdale*; he is a lusty well set Fellow, about 6 Feet high, fresh colour'd, pitted with the Small Pox, and has several Moles on his Face: He had when he went away a dark colour'd Cloth Jacket, an old white Linen Jacket, a check Shirt, an Osnabrigs Shirt, two Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, a Castor Hat almost new, a Silk Handkerchief, old black Leather Shoes with Holes cut in the Toes of them, and a long brown Wig: he is about 45 Years of Age, by Trade a Joiner and Carenter.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home, or so secures him as his Master may have him, shall have Four Pounds Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

THOMAS SNOWDEN.

WILLIAM PREW, HATTE^r, from LONDON,
Near the Town Gate in the City of ANNAPOLIS,

MAKES and Sells all Sorts of Beaver and Castor Hats for Men, Women, and Children, in the best and cheapest Manner: He likewise turns, cleans, and dyes Hats. He also gives Ready Money for all Sorts of Fur.

Cecil County, August 8, 1751.

TAKEN up, on Suspicion of being Runaways, and now in Custody in Cecil County Goal, two Men, who say their Names are *Patrick Anderson* and *John Anderson*; they pretend to be Sailors, and say they came from *South-Carolina* in a small Boat about 12 Feet Keel, in order to go to the Northward for Employment; but it is believed they came from *Virginia*, or the Lower Parts of *Maryland*; but will not own their Masters. One had on a Soldier's Coat, and Trowsers; the other a short blue Jacket and Trowsers: One is a short well-set Man; the other a tall elderly Man.

Whoever owns the said Boat, may have her, on paying Charges, and applying to

RICHARD THOMPSON,
Ranger in Cecil County.

ALL Persons indebted to the Printer hereof, for more than one Year's Gazette (and more especially those who for four or five Years) and those otherways indebted to him, are desired to comply with the Apostle *PAUL's* Injunction in his Epistle to the *Romans*, Chap. xiii. V. 7. *Render to all their Dues*,—which will greatly oblige him [their humble Servant] and enable him to comply with the same great Apostle's Injunction in the next Verse, *Owe no Man any Thing, but to love one another*.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER at his PRINTING-OFFICE in Charles-Street; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper;

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land, called *Griffith's Park*, lying in Frederick County, between the Upper and Lower Falls of *Potomack* River, near the Mouth of *Capt. John's Creek*; containing, by Patent, 500 Acres. It is a Body of choice Land, and very conveniently situated. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to

JANE THOMPSON, Executrix of
John Thompson, late of Cecil County, deceased.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,

PARCELL of European GOODS, about 200 Sterling, prime Cost, consisting of Fearnoughts, Kerseys, Osnabrigs, Garlix, Cutlery, Iron Ware, Nails, &c. to be sold by Wholesale by the Subscriber in Baltimore-Town, very cheap, for Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco.

WILLIAM LUX.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber, Trustee of WILLIAM CUMMING, of the City of ANNAPOLIS, Esq; for the Use of his Creditors, the following Tracts of Land; viz.

ONE Tract, called *Gray's Bower*, containing one Hundred Acres.

One Tract, called *Presley*, containing four hundred and seventeen Acres, both lying in *Anne Arundel* County.

ALSO, The following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, for the Use aforesaid.

Part of a Tract, called *Accord*, containing one hundred Acres.

Part of a Tract, called *Amsterdam*, containing eighty Acres.

Part of a Tract, called *Preslon's Marsh*, containing six hundred and fifteen Acres.

One Tract, called *Norway*, containing six hundred and thirty Acres.

One Tract, called *Barber's Beginning*, containing one hundred Acres.

One Tract, called *Drum Mine*, containing six hundred and sixty eight Acres.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to *William Cumming*, Esq; in the City of *Annapolis*, or to the Subscriber at *Linganore*, in *Frederick* County.

WILLIAM CUMMING, junior.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the BRITON, Capt. COOLIDGE, from LONDON, And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the Store in ANNAPOLIS, where Mr. JAMES DICK lately kept Store,

GREAT Variety of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates, for Money, Bills, or Tobacco. Also Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from 1 to 6 Hundred, Sail Duck, Twine, and Ship Chandlery.

STEPHEN WEST, junior.

THE Subscriber intending for London early next Shipping, all Persons indebted to him are desired speedily to make Payment or settle their Accounts. Attendance will be given every Day at Mr. West's Store in *Annapolis*.

JAMES DICK.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber,

THE following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, viz.

One Tract, called *Friendship*, containing 400 Acres.

One Tract, called *Gordon's Purchase*, containing 150 Acres.

One Tract, called *Exchange*, containing 700 Acres.

Also a Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called *Fountain Rock Marsh*, containing 500 Acres, being Part of his Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to Purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

JAMES DICK.