

subscriber, in Anne-Arundel county, from South river ferry, a black negro man short wool on his head, inches high, twenty-two very much when talked to, for strength; had on and blackenburg shirts, a white oufers, much worn, a pale hat, with the crown upped he will change his our to pass for a free man, perhaps he will make for of Washington, or Frederic relations in that part of takes up and delivers the bscriber, or secures him in im again, shall be entitled

AWAY RAWLINGS.

forewarned from carrying their peril. G. R.

give notice,

er, of Anne-Arundel county, Maryland, hath obtained from undel county, letters of ad- ill annexed, on the personal ILLIAMS, late of Anne- All persons having claims hereby warned to exhibit the thereof, to the subscriber, of January next, they may ded from all benefit of the my hand, this 30th day of LLIAM GRABRILL, Administrator W. A.

ICE.

ed to the subscribers for pro- their sale in July, 1803, and itly requested to make im- indulgence cannot be given. notice may expect suits will them without respect to per- JAMES N. WEEMS, MARY DISNEY.

for Rent.

commodious house, (with all ings) occupied by Mr. Tho- post road from Annapolis to with about one hundred acres many advantages attending its object to any person willing Terms may be known by ap- adjoining the premises. LUCY BATTEE. ty, July 6, 1805.

Dollars Reward.

the subscriber, on Saturday a brown negro man named ty of ROBERT WILLIAMS, he inches high, his features are ery ill look; it is uncertain wh- th him; he will no doubt sta- free man; he was about a week ar Williams's, (a negro) living ty, near the court-house; it remain long there, and will be untry, as he is a lazy drunken TEN DOLLARS reward if f- him this state, and if out of the ard, with all reasonable charges

to give notice,

scriber, of Anne-Arundel county, of Maryland, hath obtained from of Anne-Arundel county, in Ma- mentary on the personal estate of, late of Anne-Arundel county, ons having claims against the de- warned to exhibit the same, with of, to the subscriber, at or before any next, they may otherwise from all benefit of the said estate, nd, this 30th day of July, 1805. MES N. WEEMS, Executor.

RENTED,

a term of years, the north side of Severn, lying on containing 428 acres; the fencing, and in good order; the fence in and keep up the same. Two dwell- ouses, barn, corn house, tobacco t long, and a large range for stock situation.

JOHN BRICE.

NAPOLIS;

FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, SEPTEMBER 5, 1805.

Miscellany.

From the Trenton Federalist.

Messieurs PRINTERS,

IF you think the subject of the enclosed, which has so much interested the feelings of every one, will make it acceptable to the public, be so good as to give it a place in your paper.

As may be observed, the writer must have been unacquainted with Arnold's reprieve, or the indignation would certainly have been expressed, which this circumstance has generally excited.

"The whole of this horrid transaction lasted an hour and a half, during which, neither pity nor compunction was discernable in his (Arnold's) eyes, features, words, or actions: but he declared, he would as leave whip her to death as not." "The savage fury of this tyger is declared by the physician and members of the coroner's inquest to be indelible. The whole of her back had the appearance of a mass of bruised and lacerated raw flesh; her thighs and legs were deeply cut in various places; exhibiting a sight of horror which would chill the blood of the most insensible of the human race. In this deplorable situation the miserable child languished four days and expired."

What is a bullet through the head, or a knife in the heart, to this? What the effect of any sudden transport of passion to this deliberate, long exercised cruelty? Yet what is the language of the reprieve, but a palliation of this most atrocious barbarity.

The writer of the enclosed must have also been a stranger to Hoffman's having manumitted his slave. But, that it has been left for him to do, only makes the reflection more just. Three times was he arraigned at the bar of justice for inflicting unheard of tortures on the boy—Yet three times, at a bar of justice, was the helpless child delivered into the hands of this monster, on his paying a certain sum, and becoming responsible for another, whenever, at this price, he chose to exercise again his brutality.

What follows in the statement? "Notwithstanding this penalty, his cruelty since that time has been such that the grand jury indicted him again; but he chose rather to manumit the boy, than hazard another trial; accordingly his proposition was accepted, and the case dismissed." Gracious Heaven! the case dismissed! Surely I must understand the import of these words! He cannot have escaped all punishment but of a pecuniary kind!—If so, how much yet remains for the just and humane to do, ere they can own their country without a blush!

LINES

On visiting the grave of the little girl who was whipped to death by ARNOLD last winter.

POOR babe! poor babe! what brought me here? For now my heart begins to bleed,

Enough I've mourn'd the horrid deed! Enough for you have dropt the tear!

Yes! when your story sad was read, No more I talk'd, no more I smil'd;

My soul in horror all recoild, Sleep long that night my pillow fled.

In vain I strove to think no more, In vain to close my heavy eyes:

Your scene of fuff'ring would arise, And bid my tears in torrents pour.

Sometimes your image would appear, Peaceful as when at first the book

Into your little hands you took, And little thought what doom was there—

And then the tyrant's threats were heard, And then I'd see you sob and cry,

Your infant accent vainly try, In vain, to name the fatal word.

Then eager-eye again the page, But fear and anguish cloud your sight,

Still farther, farther, from the right, Still, fiercer still, the tyrant's rage.

And then the murd'ring rods combin'd, And then your frantic look and shriek—

Is there a heart that would not break Or then for you some succour find?

Was the pity* that could see A child, but only six years old,

A winter's day, intensely cold, Bound seven times naked to a tree.

Cold, cold indeed that blast must blow, Could make your fault'ring tongue retreat,

"Oh uncle let me warm my feet," Did all your complicated woe.

* It appears that Arnold's wife was witness to this heart rending scene.

But why your fuff'ring's still deplore?

The dreadful hour has long been past, No more you'll feel the wintry blast,

Nor pain, nor grief can touch you more. Yet oh! it was not always so,

Your little image re-appears In bleeding wounds and freezing tears

Your little life at ebb and flow. Cease, fancy cease! 'tis now no more,

And let the green sod wrap the clay, Why wouldst thou draw the veil away

And o'er the pale corse forrowing pore. Why o'er the little mournful face,

The mangled limbs, the cold, cold, breast, The little hands together prest,

The scene of death again retrace. Happy the bark from stormy deeps

Moored safely at some friendly shore! On her life's tempests beat no more,

She wakes to bliss, or sweetly sleeps. How blest! poor wretched boy! how blest!

Whose fuff'ring's bear with her's the date, If such had been your hapless fate,

If now with her you were at rest. How blest the short liv'd hour of pain

That would at once have set you free From lengthen'd days of misery!

For where's the hand will break your chain. What retribution did you find?

Tho' every torture underwent, The demon Hoffman could invent

But to that wretch again consign'd. Oh world of wrongs! can this be so?

But loudly speaks this little grave, There is a Power above will have

Vengeance for ev'ry wrong below. How sad this spot!—Now fades the day!

Its gloom hangs heavy at my heart! Poor innocent! I must depart,

And to the village haste away. There to inquire your mother's fate—

Ask if time's lenient hand has brought Reason to her distracted thought,

Or still she, frantic, cries—too late! Too late—my murder'd child—too late!

Ah, monster! art thou now secure? Restore my murder'd child—restore!

No, no!—Too late, too late, too late! † Till the great day of general resurrection.

† The black boy who was so cruelly treated by his master, HOFFMAN, mentioned in our paper some time since.

From a LONDON PAPER of June 29.

HOLKHAM ANNUAL SHEEP SHEARING,

COMMENCED on Monday last, and was attended by his grace the duke of Bedford, Lord William Russell, Earl Winchelsea, Messrs. Montagu, Burgoyne, Motteux, Moore, Greggs, Tollet, Bell, Astley, Buckley, Postle, Cripps, Becher, Bentinck, Mullet, and other breeders and agriculturalists.

The business commenced by viewing two drill machines at work, which deposited rape cake reduced to powder, and turnip-feed in the fame drills, by this plan one ton of rape seed will manure from five to six acres. The company then went to Longlands, where a large party of farmers, &c. were assembled. Here Mr. Ball's four horse, and also a two horse, thrashing machine, were exhibited at work, the prize boars and rams examined, and the Leicester ewes shewn.

On Tuesday morning an improved Norfolk plough, invented by Mr. Balls of Holt, was shewn at work. The rev. T. C. Munnings had previously exhibited to the party at the Hall a very neat and ingenious model of a dibbling machine, made by a young man in the neighbourhood. The company, on their arrival at Longlands, met a larger party than on the preceding day. After viewing the clipping, the company proceeded to witness the operation of a mowing machine, invented by Mr. Burrell, of Thetford; the extreme wetness of the grass was unfavourable to the experiment; but, from the effect then shewn, it was believed by some present, that this machine, with very few improvements, might be made to execute its work in a manner superior to the scythe, and very expeditiously.

The party having been entertained at dinner, as on the Monday, retired about six to the sheep houses and yard, where ten pens of South Down ewes, of ten each, were sold at from 20 to 31 guineas each.

Wednesday morning commenced with a view of the fat carcasses of the slaughter-house.

On the arrival of the party at Longlands, a sculler was exhibited by Mr. Clark, and a drill on a very

improved principle by Messrs. Wilton and Standish of Lynn; this machine deposited rape-dust and turnip-feed in a very complete and regular manner, the quantity of which, as well as of seed corn, is regulated by a screw enclosed in a box, which being locked, the man who works the machine can make no alteration.

After the trial of these experiments, the company returned to Mr. Wright's barn, when Mr. Ball's thrashing machine, which on the preceding day had wheat only to thrash, was now tried on a load of barley.

The company then retired to the cow-houses, where the long horned cattle of Mr. Fuller's breed were fold, the yearlings at from 7 to 13½ guineas; two years old from 7½ to 16½ gs. Cows with calves by their sides, at from 17½ to 37 gs. Cows, not in milk, at from 17 to 34 gs. a four year old Bull at 34 gs. and a two year old do. at 11½ gs. a yearling Devonshire Bull was also sold for 8 gs.

A three year old Leicester sheep, bred by Mr. Coke, was killed by Mr. E. Ket, of this city, and is now exhibited by him at home; it is allowed by every one to be the largest and fattest ever seen in this country; each quarter weighed 45 lbs.

LONDON FASHIONS FOR JULY, 1805.

DRESS hats have been introduced of late into all large assemblies, many of which are made to shew the hair in bows behind, ornamented with ostrich feathers and bandeaus of diamonds. Fine white chip hats, with feathers, are also much worn; and many of patent lace and lenos, lined with pale colour of every kind. Primrose, lilac and blue, are equally fashionable. The Grecian bonnet, of chip and straw, beautifully ornamented with wreaths of flowers, and shaded ribbon to correspond. The most elegant full dress is a bandeau and veil of silver Chambray, similar to a turban, but much lighter in its appearance, and is, at this time, particularly adapted for race balls. The antique mantle of white muslin, beautifully embroidered all round in white, and caught up at the shoulder with a large antique brooch. Coloured mantles, of picket, are very elegant, and surpass all other kinds of cloaks; and, at the same time, not so general as the scarf lined with coloured Persian: Indeed there are so many sorts of cloaks worn, and so whimsical, that it is scarcely possible to commit an error in putting anything on for that purpose. With respect to dresses, they remain just as they were, excepting that those worn of a morning are made of a satin stripe cambric muslin, and without train, which has a very pretty effect.

From the (Baltimore) EVENING POST.

THE Farmers Bank will in a few days begin to issue its notes, and we hope that their circulation will be encouraged by all who wish well to the agricultural interest. As banks not only form, but keep up a spirit of enterprise, and give men of a speculative turn an opportunity, upon a fictitious capital, to try their schemes, which may either ruin or exalt them—a bank devoted to the encouragement of the farmer, should not indulge this spirit.

In Europe, a farmer may make his experiments, and if he expends his fortune in inventions, there is a probability that the owner of the land will not take from him his livelihood, and if one of the great agriculturalists, that he will rather aid him in attempting improvements, even if it should be found unavailable. But in these states, most farmers are freeholders, so that every expence attending an ineffectual trial to increase the produce of his land, must fall directly upon the farmer himself. This is not intended to discourage improvements in any way, but to recommend those to be introduced first, as far as the climate admits, which have been sanctioned by the societies in England, established for the express purpose of attempting novelties, and ready to reward and to assist those who throw new light upon the science. That there is great need of something to encourage the Maryland farmer so as to put him upon a level with his neighbours, is undoubtedly true, and we trust the Farmers Bank will give a spur to emulation and to industry.

Would not an agricultural society, formed upon a similar plan to those in England, tend much to the improvement of the farmers here? Would it not induce men to be active in discovering and adopting the means best calculated to augment the produce of the lands which they cultivate? It is true that this state seems to be adapted to the growth and cultivation of some articles in preference to others—and that some may be attended with profit, whilst others will be unproductive—with this view, would not such a society place this subject in a clear point of view, and shew the best produce which could be procured from the earth, and thus insure a greater certainty of remuneration. These hints are submitted to the farmers by

THEIR FRIENDS.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, Thursday, September 5, 1805.

FARMERS BANK OF MARYLAND.

STOCKHOLDERS in the Farmers Bank of Maryland are requested to take notice, that their third payment of five dollars on each share must be made on Saturday the 14th September next, to the President and Directors, for the western shore.

J. MUIR, Pres. F. B.

Annapolis, August 20, 1805.

FARMERS BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Books will be opened at Annapolis on the 27th, and continue open on the 28th and 30th September next, for the disposal of 6392 shares in the Farmers Bank of Maryland, being the number not heretofore taken, in the several counties on this shore.

Persons inclining to take shares, will be pleased to observe, that fifteen dollars per share are to be paid, because original subscribers, will have paid three instalments before the above stated 27th September.

By order of the Directors,

JOHN MUIR, president.

Annapolis, 15th August, 1805.

N. B. Books will be opened at Easton, on the afore-said days, for the disposal of shares on the Eastern shore.

WE are authorized to say, that Doctor JOHN GASSAWAY, of Rhode river, will be a candidate at the ensuing election, for one of the representatives of Anne-Arundel county to the legislature.

Rhode river, March 27, 1805.

On the 24th June Sir Richard Bickerton arrived at Gibraltar with 4 ships of the line, and proceeded with the British expedition to the eastward, the destination of which was unknown. [Nat. Int.]

We learn by captain Coffin, of the Juno, from the Isle of France, that the La Pefche, French frigate, of 32 guns, captain Buquet, has been taken in the Bay of Bengal, by the British frigate St. Florentino, (rated in Steele's list at 36 guns,) captain Bathurst. The battle lasted four hours. The French frigate was dismasted, and it was said lost all her officers except the captain, and had 40 men killed and 60 wounded. The British frigate was much damaged.

[Boston Palladium.]

The New-Orleans Gazette of Friday, June 21, says, "That for three days past we have had a continued rain, and a strong wind from E. S. E. which last night blew almost to a storm. The injury sustained by the west country boats, principally from Kentucky, is immense—several boats were sunk—some nearly filled, and their cargoes floated out—whilst those who attempted to unload, got their produce seriously injured by the rain. This ought to be a solemn lesson to adventurers to store up their cargoes immediately on their landing, and not trust them to the mercy of the river and weather."

Madame Jerome Buonaparte, (says a London paper of July 8,) was yesterday morning safely delivered of a son.

A letter from Tripoli, dated April 10, 1805, mentions, "by a vessel which commodore Barron has sent to Tripoli with money, clothing, &c. &c. for our use, we all, this day, received letters from our friends in America. I expect we shall, in a few days, remove to the American house. The change will be for the better, and we consider our removal as a good omen."

"Sir Alexander Ball, governor of Malta, has sent a liberal present of wine, porter, cheese, and other articles, to some of our prisoners at Tripoli."

We think it our duty once more to state, that in the same neighbourhood in Southwark in which so many cases of fever had previously occurred, there were, as we are informed, not less than twelve new cases yesterday—six persons, we understand, had been removed to the hospital.

[Aurora.]

A letter from an American gentleman at Paris, whose information may be relied on, states, that the drawing of the bills for American claims had been proceeded in to the amount of five millions of livres, and would be continued until the remaining fifteen millions were drawn for.

Mr. Skipwith was to transmit these bills to their respective proprietors—and it has excited some surprise, as the letter is dated on the 5th of June, and none of them have yet come to hand.

Phil. paper.

We understand that appearances as to sickness, in the lower part of Southwark, are more unfavourable since the change of weather, and that the board of health have ordered the communication between that part of the city to be cut off, by stationing watchmen in such situations as to prevent people from passing. Every part of the city continues very healthy.

[Gaz. U. S.]

On the 18th of July, Mrs. HAUSE and Miss BETSEY CHENWITH, both of Jefferson county, Kentucky, spun, on a wager, in one day, 63 cuts of yarn, equal almost to 6 days work.

LITERARY NEWS.

The London list of new publications for June, 1805, mentions, 2 agricultural, 8 on antiquities, 3 on architecture, 11 on the arts, 4 biographical, 6 botanical, 8 historical, 3 on law, 7 medical, 6 military, 1 on mineralogy, 20 miscellaneous, 13 novels and romances, 3 philosophical, 16 poetical, 15 political, 15 religious, 3 topographical, 2 of voyages, and an almost infinite number of songs and pieces of music. Among the biographical publications are "Memoirs of Talleyrand, 2 vols. 12mo."

The frigates United States and Chesapeake are ordered to be immediately prepared for service. To the friend of peace, these symptoms can afford no pleasure, but if imperious necessity demand them, we must submit, and silently lament the folly of mankind.

[Alex. Expositor.]

PERKINS'S STEREOTYPE BILLS.

It is a remark, which justice to the merit of Mr. Perkins and general interest require should be made public, that since the banks in this part of the country have, most of them, adopted his stereotype printed bills, those hordes of counterfeiters, who formerly perplexed us, have either relinquished their iniquitous trade, or fled to the southward, where bills are still made on the old plan, and of course liable to be counterfeited, as in fact we find they are.

We have attentively examined the process of making stereotype plates for bank bills, and are confident that Mr. Perkins, having delivered up his plates to the charge of some bank, could not himself counterfeit his own work.—The uncertain degree of expansion and contraction which takes place in preparing the steel used in making his plates, destroys the possibility of imitation by any system; and in his last improvement he has combined with his own talents as a dye-finker, the best execution he could command in etching and engraving. The discovery is invaluable, and promises to command universal attention, from that strongest of all motives to patronage—the interest of those concerned.

[Boston paper.]

It is found that the best method of preserving eggs consists in plunging them, for two seconds, in boiling water—they may be then kept for many months, if deposited in a cool place, or in salt.

[London paper.]

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of Raleigh, N. C. now on a tour through the western states, to his friend in that neighbourhood, dated

NASHVILLE, July 25.

"The expectations of the people of this country are blasted. From the last accounts from generals Robafon and Smith, our commissioners treating with the Indians, it was thought that all the lands north of the Tennessee river, would have been purchased; but it is now rumoured that our agent, col. Hawkins, and the Creek nation, have drawn all the southern tribes into a confederacy, in which they had agreed not to sell any part of their lands without the consent of the whole tribes—and although the Cherokees and Chickasaws were willing to a sale, yet the Choctaws have positively refused. Generals Robafon and Smith are still waiting on their council, and it is thought their object is to purchase a small part of the north side of Duck river, for the purpose of opening roads and establishing ferries and stands for travellers to the Natchez. It is said, and I believe from good authority, that the whites living among the different nations of Indians, as well as those who own lands and ferries leased out, are the principal cause of an obstruction to a purchase."

Captain Newman, of the ship Laura, from Liverpool, informs us, that he was boarded upon the 6th of August by the French frigate Le Topaze, in company with two other frigates. They informed him that a short time previous they had fallen in with the British frigate Blanche, captain Mudge, and after a smart engagement sunk her. Captain Mudge and a number of the crew were on board the Topaze, from one of whom captain Newman learned that from the commencement of the action they were resolved not to strike, adding, that the Blanche was never destined to wear French colours.

[N. D. Daily Advertiser.]

By the arrival on Thursday last, at New-York, of the ship Rhoda and Betsey, capt. Terry, after a passage of 44 days from Liverpool, the editors of the New-York Gazette have received London papers to the 14th July—4 days later than previous accounts. The following is a summary of their contents:

The grand signior, in answer to a letter from Buonaparte, notifying his accession to the throne of Italy, has given the latter assurances of his friendship, but refuses to acknowledge him either as emperor of France or king of Italy.

A bloody battle between the insurgents of Servia and a body of Turks, has taken place on the borders of Moravia, in which the former remained masters of the field, though with considerable loss, their commanding officer being amongst the killed.

Sixteen thousand French and Dutch troops are encamped a few miles from Amsterdam, who are held in readiness to march at the shortest notice, supposed to be destined to embark in the expedition against England. The Dutch troops are said to rejoice at the idea; not from a wish to assist in conquering England, but to have an opportunity of deserting. The fleet in the Texel is extremely ill manned, but rigidly disciplined, and badly victualled.

Postscript.

From Baltimore Papers, received by Yesterday's Post.

Boston, August 29.

Important and Highly Interesting Intelligence!!!

We understand by several gentlemen who left Salem yesterday afternoon, that the brig Belle-Isle, captain Leach, had arrived at that place from Naples, bringing the important and highly gratifying intelligence of the CAPTURE OF THE CITY OF TRIPOLI, by the forces under the ex-bashaw, (directed, we presume, by the intrepid spirit of our countryman general Eaton,) and that the American prisoners had been immediately released.

Several parcels of dispatches, directed to the president and to the heads of department, (received by this vessel,) were lodged in the post-office last evening. They were noted to be of high importance, and ordered to be forwarded to the seat of government without delay.

The following letters were received by the above arrival, and add some important particulars to the agreeable intelligence above stated:

Extract of a letter from an American gentleman at Naples, dated June 15, 1805.

"Letters from Sicily mention, that advices had been received from our commodore at Syracuse, informing of the release of the American prisoners, and a Peace with Tripoli. This event is said to be altogether owing to the spirited conduct of gen. Eaton. No particulars are mentioned, but it is supposed on the terms offered by America, as Eaton had previously taken Derna and Baquara."

Extract of a letter from Frederick Degen, Esq. to a gentleman in this town, dated

NAPLES, June 22, 1805.

"Commodore Barron has resigned the command of the American Squadron to captain Rogers. He (commodore Rogers,) wrote me on the 1st June, that peace with the Bashaw of Tripoli was finally concluded; and that the terms were most advantageous and honourable to the United States. It appears that Mr. Eaton's undertaking has been attended with success. Mr. Dyon wrote me from Syracuse, that previous to the conclusion of peace, general Eaton defeated the bashaw's troops at Derna, and took possession of that town and castle, but received himself, during the action, a musket shot through the arm."

The intelligence contained in the above letters, is derived through an official source—and announces the important fact that PEACE IS MADE WITH TRIPOLI AND OUR COUNTRYMEN ARE FREE.

POSTSCRIPT.

Thursday morning, 3 o'clock, August 29.

[The express which we dispatched late last evening to Salem, has this moment arrived, and furnishes the following particulars relative to the before mentioned important news.]

From the Salem Register, August 29.

Yesterday the brig Belle-Isle, captain Leach, arrived here in 66 days from Naples. About 8 days before he failed, news arrived there, that general Eaton, at the head of the small American force which had been detached from our Mediterranean Squadron, and the troops collected by the rival brother of the bashaw of Tripoli, had had an engagement with the Tripolines at Derna—on which side victory declared we do not learn; but it was said that gen. Eaton's army suffered most severely, and that every American was killed, except Mr. Eaton, who was wounded in the shoulder.

The effect of the battle, however, was an immediate negotiation for peace, the assist at which col. Lear went from Malta to Tripoli; and two days before capt. L. failed dispatches were received from col. Lear at Naples, bringing the important and glorious intelligence, that a PEACE highly honourable to the United States had been concluded, and of course the Americans who had been so long suffering in captivity released. Capt. L. we understand brings dispatches for our government, so that we may expect shortly to have the official details of the battle, the negotiation, and the terms of peace.

The American Squadron had not left Malta when this affair took place; and there was no intelligence at Naples of the gun boats from the United States having joined them. Commodore Barron, after he found the negotiation was in a promising train, sailed for the U. States, on account of his ill state of health.

From the American Extra, of Tuesday morning. Our valuable correspondent at New-York writes us under date of September 1,

"A number of letters were yesterday received at this city from Salem and Boston, announcing the following highly interesting intelligence:

"On Thursday last a vessel arrived at Salem, 65 days from Naples, the captain of which received information from colonel Lear, that Mr. Eaton, formerly American consul at Tripoli, together with the brother of the bashaw, at the head of 20,000 men, marched towards the seat of the Tripolitan empire. That when they had arrived within 100 leagues, they met the bashaw's army, fought a long and severe battle, in which Mr. Eaton was wounded, and gained a decisive victory. That they immediately proceeded to Tripoli, took the town by surprise, dethroned the reigning bashaw, and reinstalled his brother—and that Mr. Eaton then formed a treaty, the first article of which provides for the release of the American captives."

Ann-Arundel co. HEREAS of the tax this day returned to said county the following on which there is no taxes, to wit:

Names of persons;

George and Edward city of Annapolis Benjamin Oden, Margaret Pryke, John Wells, ditto John Welch, the John Steele, Baltimore John Bullen, ditto Francis Campbell, Eleanor Hewitt, John Wells, part Mary Hefelius, Mark Johnson's and Meek's Re Margaret Sapping Charles Griffith, Partnership, Horatio Johnson, Valentine Brown, Bachelors Choir Vachel Barnes, Thing, John Cornelius, tapcon Mill Sec Ely Brown, part Brown's Addition John Brown, of sion, part Concord Sarah Brown, part Luther Martin, Dennis Griffith, Griffith, lots Charles Ridgely William Urquhart Samuel Godman John Hood's wife Mistake, and John Almon, Elizabeth Dickey Snowdon's Range, Samuel Owing Samuel Godman Walker's Meadows, Search, Your to Something Doctor Samuel Crulles Fore Stringer's Ad William Smith Glade, John Walliam, Mary Leather Quantity, Stephen Price, Luther Martin tion to Good Richard Shipley William Woot Thomas Wate Hugh Finley, Talbot Shipley part Shipley Nathan Ham part Clein ett, Isaac Pollock, Ephraim Gai ment, Jacob Cram Worthingt Philimon Sp Martin Nor and part S Thomas Coo William Shi Benjamin G Anne Caton Randolph B Jacob Joice, chale, Thomas Spu William B Choice, James Haw and Mur Rezin Haw Hockley C part Yate ard's Ra Thomas M

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 had had an engagement with the
 on which side victory declared
 out it was said that gen. Eaton's
 everely, and that every American
 Mr. Eaton, who was wounded in

the battle, however, was an im-
 mense peace, to assist at which col-
 or to Tripoli; and two days be-
 dispatches were received from col-
 ling the important and glorious
 PEACE highly honourable to the
 been concluded, and of course the
 been so long suffering in captivity
 we understand brings dispatches for
 so that we may expect shortly to
 tails of the battle, the negotiation,
 peace.

Squadron had not left Malta when
 ace; and there was no intelligence
 gun boats from the United States
 m. Commodore Barron, after he
 tion was in a promising train, failed
 on account of his ill state of health.

ican Extra, of Tuesday morning.

correspondent at New-York writes us

er date of September 1,

of letters were yesterday received in

tem and Boston, announcing the fol-

lowing interesting intelligence:

ay last a vessel arrived at Salem, in

naples, the captain of which received

a colonel Lear, that Mr. Eaton, fir-

conful at Tripoli, together with the

had arrived within 100 leagues, they

Army, fought a long and severe bat-

Mr. Eaton was wounded, and gained a

That they immediately proceeded to

the town by surprise, dethroned the

w, and reinstated his brother—and that

then formed a treaty, the first article of

for the release of the American cap-

Anne-Arundel county, let.

WHEREAS JOSEPH MCENEY, collector
 of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, hath
 this day returned to the commissioners of the tax of
 said county the following list of lands in said county,
 on which there is no personal property to pay the said
 taxes, to wit:

Names of persons; names of land; and amount of tax.

	L. S. D.
George and Edward Calvert, lots in the city of Annapolis,	1 15 3
Benjamin Oden, for Mrs. West, ditto do.	2 5 6
Margaret Pryfe, ditto ditto,	0 18 8
John Wells, ditto ditto,	3 1 6
John Welch, shoe-maker, ditto ditto,	5 2 1
John Steele, Baltimore, ditto ditto,	1 0 2
John Bullen, ditto ditto,	0 13 3
Francis Campbell, ditto ditto,	0 18 0
Eleanor Hewitt, ditto ditto,	0 18 2
John Wells, part Todd's Range,	0 5 6
Mary Hefelius, part Young's Inn,	8 1 3
Mark Johnson's heirs, Wellon, Ginfwill, and Meek's Rest,	0 5 0
Margaret Sappington, part Grindstone, Charles Griffiths, Hickory Neck, and part Partnership,	0 17 8
Horatio Johnson, land name unknown,	5 15 6
Valentine Brown, part Hebron, and part Bachelors Choice,	1 15 3
Vachel Barnes, part Invasion, and Any Thing,	0 17 0
John Cornelius, Carter's Rocks, and Pa- tapco Mill Seat,	1 5 6
Ely Brown, part Ranter's Ridge, part Brown's Addition, Goodfellowship,	2 1 0
John Brown, of Adam's heirs, part Inva- sion, part Conclusion, and What's Left,	2 8 3
Sarah Brown, part Brown's Prospect,	1 9 5
Luther Martin, Even Downy,	1 1 2
Dennis Griffith, or the heirs of Joshua Griffith, lots in Elk-Ridge Landing,	0 8 7
Charles Ridgely's heirs, lot in ditto,	1 3 5
William Urquhart, lots in ditto,	0 2 0
Samuel Godman's heirs, lots in ditto,	1 19 10
John Hood's heirs, part Invasion, Jason's Mistake, and Briar Bottom,	0 8 10
John Alston, Campbell's Chance,	1 11 2
Elizabeth Dickerfon, part 2d Addition to Snowden's Manor, part Warfield's Range,	0 19 10
Samuel Owens, part Neal's Delight,	1 9 9
Samuel Godman, Sampson, Beginning par- Walker's Inheritance, Addition to Sampson, part Meadows, Henderson's Meadows, Timber Level, Godman's Search, Young's Locust Plains, Addition to Something or Other,	0 9 8
Doctor Samuel Stringer, Pleasant Plains, Crutches Forest, Hobb's Addition, and Stringer's Advantage,	2 18 0
William Smith, Baltimore, part Weedy Glade,	6 12 6
John Walliam, part Timber Ridge,	1 0 10
Mary Leatherwood, part Support to Small Quantity,	1 11 10
Stephen Price, part Walker's Inheritance, Luther Martin, part Indian Lane, Addi- tion to Good for Little,	0 5 10
Richard Shipley, part Stamp Act Repealed, William Wood, part Forell Range,	0 17 1
Thomas Waters, Woodstock Enlarged, Hugh Finley, Its to be or not to be, Talbot Shipley, trustee of George Shipley, part Shipley's Adventure,	8 11 6
Nathan Hammond, executor of Aquila, part Chestnut Hill, and Tarecoat Thick- ett,	0 14 0
Isaac Pollock, Blooming Plains,	0 3 11
Ephraim Gauthier, part Brown's Enlarge- ment,	0 15 5
Jacob Cramblinck's heirs, part Walter Worthington's Land,	0 15 4
Philemon Spinger, Shipley's Purchase, Martin Norris, part Hawkin's Addition, and part Saint-Thomas's Neck,	1 12 0
Thomas Cook, Birkhead's Lot,	1 4 6
William Smith, Miles Chance,	4 1 4
Benjamin Galloway, Taylor's Settlement,	0 14 6
Anne Caton, lots in London-town,	1 7 5
Randolph B. Latimer, lots in ditto,	1 2 8
Jacob Joice, part Jacob's Improved Pur- chase,	0 17 1
Thomas Spurrier, part Best Success, William Boyce's heirs, part Holland's Choice,	1 13 0
James Hawkins, part Duncan's Choice, and Murphey's Lot,	1 1 11
Brezin Hawkins, part Murphey's Lot,	13 9 7
Hockley Company, land name unknown, part Yates's Inheritance, and part How- ard's Range,	0 4 4
Thomas Mortimer, Timber Neck,	0 2 3

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT unless the county charges aforesaid are
 paid within thirty days after the publication of this
 notice, that the said lands, or such parts thereof as
 will be sufficient to pay the tax and costs thereon,
 will be sold to the highest bidder, agreeably to the
 directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act
 for the more effectual collection of the county charges
 in the several counties of this state.

By order,

NICH: HARWOOD, Clk.

August 27, 1805.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber once more earnest-
 ly and respectfully calls on all persons indebt-
 ed to him for payments of their respective
 balances, which, though small in themselves,
 are, in the aggregate, of great importance to
 him, and which imperious circumstances ren-
 der absolutely necessary to enable him to dis-
 charge his own engagements, and to support
 his family. Delinquents must excuse him
 should he take compulsory measures, which,
 he assures them, will be resorted to, though
 with reluctance.

Frederick Green.

Annapolis, May, 1805.

Public Sale.

Will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, by order of
 the orphans court of Prince-George's county, at
 Mr. John Ramsay Hodges's old mill, near the brick
 church, on Wednesday the 18th of September
 next,

ALL the personal estate of CHARITY HODGES,
 late of said county, deceased, consisting of a
 number of valuable negroes, among which are, a
 good rough carpenter, a valuable cook, and a num-
 ber of boys and girls; three head of good work
 horses, eight head of young cattle, one feather bed,
 and some other household furniture. Six months
 credit will be allowed, on purchasers giving their
 bonds, with good security. Sale to commence at 10
 o'clock.

CHARLES R. HODGES, Administrator.

August 17, 1805.

Two Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, an apprentice
 boy by the name of ELIJAH M'CAULY.
 Whoever brings home said apprentice shall receive
 the above reward, paid by

ISAAC BARRY.

N. B. I forewarn all persons harbouring or carry-
 ing off said apprentice at their peril. I. B.

Lands for Sale.

THE subscriber will SELL, at private sale, his
 part of two tracts of LAND, lying on the
 Head of Severn, called Friendship and What you
 Please, where Lydia and Sufanna Gambrell now live;
 also fifty acres, within four miles of said land, all
 wood-land. A very accommodating credit will be
 given, on the purchaser giving bond, with approved
 security.

AUGUSTINE GAMBRILL.

August 14, 1805.

In CHANCERY, August 15, 1805.

ORDERED, That the sale made by HENRY HEN-
 LEY CHAPMAN, as stated in his report, of a
 tract of land, called, or being, part of Thomas's Choice,
 containing 88 acres, 2 roods, and 15 perches; a
 tract called Varino, 39 acres, 2 roods, and 27 perches;
 and a tract called The Union, 10 acres, 2 roods, and
 3 perches, all in Charles county, and in the whole
 138 acres, 3 roods, and 5 perches, the property of
 Walter Hanfon Harrison, deceased, at 7 dolls. 60
 cents per acre, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause
 to the contrary be shewn before the tenth day of
 October next, provided a copy of this order be pub-
 lished in the Maryland Gazette before the end of the
 present month.

True copy,

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,

Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, August 14, 1805.

ORDERED, That the sale made by WILLIAM
 ALEXANDER, as stated in his report, of two
 tracts of land, in Anne-Arundel county, the property
 of John Brown and Robert Davis, deceased, one con-
 taining 8, and the other supposed to contain 30
 acres, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to
 the contrary be shewn before the last day of Septem-
 ber next, provided a copy of this order be insert-
 ed in the Maryland Gazette, at any time during the
 present month.

The report of the trustee states, that the first tract
 called Eagle Tower, was sold at 11 dolls. 50 cents
 per acre, and that the other called The Victory, was
 sold at 4 dolls. per acre.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,

Reg. Cur. Can.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, at Rawlings's
 tavern, in Anne-Arundel county, on Saturday
 the 17th instant, a dark mulatto woman named
 HENNY, about twenty-five years of age, five feet
 two or three inches high, with a very pleasant coun-
 tenance when spoken to; had on, when she ran away,
 a short calico jacket, a black skirt, and a red striped
 handkerchief around her head; she also carried off a
 quantity of other cloaths, which I cannot describe.
 She was purchased of Doctor Scott, of Annapolis,
 by the subscriber, on Thursday last, and it is pre-
 sumed she will either be about Annapolis or Balti-
 more, as she has a number of relations in both places.
 Any person who will secure her, so that I get her
 again, shall receive the above reward, and if brought
 to Rawlings's tavern all reasonable expences paid.

JOHN L. DICKINSON.

All persons, and owners of boats are forewarned
 from harbouring or carrying off said negro at their
 peril.

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

ORPHAN NOSEGAY GIRL.

Altered from the original by S. Rowson.

"WHO'LL buy a nosegay?" said a sweet child,
 An Orphan left wretched and poor,
 Here's rosebuds and pinks, and sweet-briar wild,
 And Heaven will bless you thrice o'er.
 Do pray buy my roses, indeed they're not dear;
 And each bud shall be moist'ned by gratitude's tear.
 Hard is my fortune, my father is dead;
 He fell in the nation's defence;
 Those friends who once courted our favour are fled,
 And prov'd all their friendship's pretence.
 My mother was near when my brave father fell,
 The bullet, which robb'd him of life,
 Sunk deep in the bosom that lov'd him so well,
 And murder'd the health of his wife.
 Oh, slight not my roses, hard, hard is my fate,
 My poor little sisters want bread;
 Bestow but a trifle before 'tis too late,
 Our parents to Heaven are fled.
 Pray, pray buy my roses, indeed they're not dear,
 And each bud shall be moist'ned by gratitude's tear.

[The following beautiful Extract is made from an "Occa-
 sional Poem," delivered in the Chapel of the University at
 Cambridge in 1797, by T. Paine, Esq.]

SEDUCTION.

"SAD be the hour, in mem'ry's page forlorn,
 The cypress shade it, and the willow mourn;
 When the fond maid, subdu'd in reason's trance,
 Child of Desire, and pupil of Romance,
 Beneath the pensile palm, or alond grove;
 Like Cleopatra, yields the world for love.
 Poor is the trophy of seductive art,
 Which but to triumph, subjugates the heart;
 Or, Tarquin-like, with more licentious flame,
 Stains manly truth to plunder female fame.
 Life's deepest penance never can atone,
 For hope deluded, or for virtue flown.
 Yet such there are, whose smooth, perfidious smile
 Might cheat the tempting crocodile in guile.
 Thorns be their pillow; agony their sleep;
 Nor e'en the mercy given, to "wake and weep!"
 May screaming night-hounds, hot in re-reant gore,
 Rive their strain'd fibres to their heart's rank core,
 Till startled conscience heap, in wild dismay,
 Convulsive curses on the source of day!"

THE IRISH INVALID.

AS Patrick O'Kelly was taking fresh air,
 To recruit his ill-health and to chase away care,
 He was met by a woman, old, wither'd and thin,
 And to move his compassion she thus did begin:
 "Kind Sir, give me alms, for I perish with want!"
 "I've plenty," said he, "and by J—s you sha'n't."
 When thus she continued, "I knew you'd relieve me,
 And now I will speak, for I'm sure you'll believe me;
 "Good Sir you must know me, for I was your-nurse,"
 He started with horror, and put up his purse.
 "I know thee too well now I look at thy features;
 "I know thee too well, O thou basest of creatures;
 "And sooner, by far, than give thee a groat,
 "Thou wretch, I'd destroy thee, & cut my own throat:
 "For I was a healthy stout child, as you'd see,
 "Just such as I now most assur'dly should be,
 "If thou, sinful hag, to my parents unknown,
 "Had'st not wickedly chang'd me for one of thine own"

EPIGRAM.

On the female mode of wearing watches in the bosom.

AMONG our Fashionable Bands,
 No wonder now if Time should linger;
 Allow'd to place his two rude hands
 Where others dare not lay a finger.

Annapolis Races.

THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE OF THREE
 HUNDRED DOLLARS, will be run for,
 over the Annapolis course, on Tuesday the 22d day
 of October next, heats four miles each, carrying
 weights agreeable to the rules of the club.

On Wednesday the 23d day of October, the
 COLT'S PURSE OF ONE HUNDRED and
 FIFTY DOLLARS, will be run for, heats two
 miles each.

On Thursday the 24th day of October, a SUB-
 SCRIPTOR PURSE of about ONE HUNDRED
 DOLLARS will be run for, heats three miles each.
 September 4, 1805.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of two writs of venditioni exponas to me di-
 rected out of the general court, will be EX-
 POSÉD at PUBLIC SALE, for cash, on the
 30th day of September, 1805, at Mr. John Gwinn's
 tavern,

THREE hundred and eighty acres of LAND,
 called MIDDLETON PLANTATION, two negro
 men, one by the name of Jack, one ditto named Ben-
 jamin, taken as the property of Richard Hall, of
 Edward, to satisfy a debt due William Hall, use of
 Nicholas Hall.

J. E. TILLI, Sheriff.

September 3, 1805.

In Council.

ANNAPOLIS, MAY 16, 1805.

ORDERED, That the act to provide for the trial of facts in the several counties of this state, and to alter, change and abolish, all such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to the general court and court of appeals, be published twice in each week, for the space of three months; in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis; the American, Telegraphic, and the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore; the National Intelligencer; the Republican Advocate and Bartgis's paper, at Frederick-town; Grievs's paper, at Hagar's-town; and in Smith's and Cowan's papers, at Easton.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk.

An ACT to provide for the trial of facts in the several counties of this state, and to alter, change and abolish, all such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to the general court and court of appeals.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That this state shall be divided into six judicial districts, in manner and form following, to wit: Saint-Mary's, Charles and Prince-George's counties, shall be the first district; Cecil, Kent, Queen-Anne's and Talbot counties, shall be the second district; Calvert, Anne-Arundel and Montgomery counties, shall be the third district; Caroline, Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester counties, shall be the fourth district; Frederick, Washington and Allegany counties, shall be the fifth district; Baltimore and Harford counties, shall be sixth district; and there shall be appointed, for each of the said judicial districts, three persons of integrity and sound legal knowledge, residents of the state of Maryland, who shall, previous to and during their acting as judges, reside in the district for which they shall respectively be appointed, one of whom shall be styled in the commission Chief Judge, and the other two Associate Judges, of the district for which they shall be appointed; and the chief judge, together with the two associate judges, shall compose the county courts in each respective district; and each judge shall hold his commission during good behaviour, removable for misbehaviour on conviction in a court of law, or shall be removed by the governor, upon the address of the general assembly, provided that two thirds of all the members of each house concur in such address; and the county courts, so as aforesaid established, shall have, hold and exercise, in the several counties of this state, all and every the powers, authorities and jurisdictions, which the county courts of this state now have, use and exercise, and which shall be hereafter prescribed by law; and the said county courts established by this act shall respectively hold their sessions in the several counties at such times and places as the legislature shall direct and appoint, and the salaries of the said judges shall not be diminished during the period of their continuance in office.

II. And be it enacted, That in any suit or action at law hereafter to be commenced or instituted in any county court of this state, the judges thereof, upon suggestion, in writing, by either of the parties thereto, supported by affidavit, or other proper evidence, that a fair and impartial trial cannot be had in the county court of the county where such suit or action is depending, shall and may order and direct the record of their proceedings in such suit or action to be transmitted to the judges of any county court within the district for trial, and the judges of such county court, to whom the said record shall be transmitted, shall hear and determine the same in like manner as if such suit or action had been originally instituted therein; provided nevertheless, that such suggestion shall be made as aforesaid before or during the term in which the issue or issues may be joined in said suit or action; and provided also, that such further remedy may be provided by law in the premises as the legislature shall from time to time direct and enact.

III. And be it enacted, That if any party presented or indicted in any of the county courts of this state, shall suggest, in writing, to the court in which such prosecution is depending, that a fair and impartial trial cannot be had in such court, it shall and may be lawful for the said court to order and direct the record of their proceedings in the said prosecution to be transmitted to the judges of any adjoining county court for trial, and the judges of such adjoining county court shall hear and determine the same in the same manner as if such prosecution had been originally instituted therein; provided, that such further and other remedy may be provided by law in the premises as the legislature may direct and enact.

IV. And be it enacted, That if the attorney-general, or the prosecutor for the state, shall suggest, in writing, to any county court before whom an indictment is or may be depending, that the state cannot have a fair and impartial trial in such court, it shall and may be lawful for the said court, in their discretion, to order and direct the record of their proceedings in the said prosecution to be transmitted to the judges of any adjoining county court for trial, and the judges of such county court shall hear and determine the same as if such prosecution had been originally instituted therein.

V. And be it enacted, That there shall be a court of appeals, and the same shall be composed of the chief judges of the several judicial districts of the state, which said court of appeals shall hold, use and exercise, all and singular the powers, authorities and jurisdictions, heretofore held, used and exercised, by the court of appeals of this state, and also the appellate jurisdiction heretofore used and exercised by the general court; and the said court of appeals here-

by established shall sit on the western and eastern shores for transacting and determining the business of the respective shores, at such times and places as the future legislature of this state shall direct and appoint, and any three of the said judges of the court of appeals shall form a quorum to hear and decide in all cases pending in said court; and the judge who has given a decision in any case in the county court, shall withdraw from the bench upon the deciding of the same case before the court of appeals; and the judges of the court of appeals may appoint the clerks of said court for the western and eastern shores respectively, who shall hold their appointments during good behaviour, removable only for misbehaviour on conviction in a court of law; and in case of death, resignation, disqualification, or removal out of the state, or from their respective shores, of either of the said clerks in the vacation of the said court, the governor, with the advice of the council, may appoint and commission a fit and proper person to such vacant office, to hold the same until the next meeting of the said court; and all laws passed after this act shall take effect, shall be recorded in the office of the court of appeals of the western shore.

VI. And be it enacted, That all and every part of the constitution and form of government which relates to the court of appeals and the general court, or the judges thereof, or that is in any manner repugnant to, or inconsistent with, the provisions of this act, be and the same is hereby repealed, abrogated and annulled, upon the confirmation hereof; provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to authorise the removal of the clerks of the respective county courts, being in commission at the time of the passing of this act, in any other mode or manner than that prescribed by the constitution and form of government.

VII. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alterations and amendments of the constitution and form of government therein contained, shall be taken and considered, and shall constitute and be valid, as a part of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing in the said constitution and form of government to the contrary notwithstanding.

By virtue of two writs of *habeas corpus*, to me directed out of the general court, western shore, state of Maryland, will be SOLD, on the 10th day of September, 1805, at Walter Brooke's dwelling-house,

A TRACT of LAND, called *Pinkson Delight*, and two negro boys, taken as the property of Walter Brooke, to satisfy a debt due Thomas Contee. The sale for cash.

3X J. E. TILLY, Sheriff.

August 20, 1805.

A valuable Plantation for Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his handsome, healthy, and highly improved FARM, containing 213½ acres, situate on South river, and but 3½ miles distant from the city of Annapolis; this plantation possesses superior conveniences and advantages, being near a good market, and almost enclosed by two creeks, which furnish in their seasons abundance of wild fowl, fish and oysters; the soil is suited to the cultivation of small grain, corn, and tobacco, and peculiarly adapted to the production of all kinds of vegetables, that will at all times command ready sale, and yield perhaps the greatest profit, with comparatively the least labour. The buildings are all nearly new, consisting of a brick dwelling-house, 40 feet by 20, handsomely finished, a brick dairy and smoke house, a corn house, 24 feet by 12, a barn, 44 feet by 24, with sheds to shelter stock, and other necessary and convenient buildings, the whole erected with taste, and covered with cypress shingles. There is a very promising apple orchard, planted 10 years ago, consisting of the best kind of fruit trees, carefully selected, 3 peach orchards that have been particularly attended for 6 years past, and that now produce abundantly all kinds of that delicious fruit, together with a variety of other fruit peculiar to the soil and climate. There is a well of excellent water in a convenient situation. The fencing is chiefly of chestnut post and railing, and in good repair. A further description of this well known farm is thought to be unnecessary. Those wishing to purchase will no doubt view it. The proprietor's terms will be found accommodating; as he is not in want of money, a long credit would be given, on receiving satisfactory security.

SETH SWEETSER.

N. B. Stock of all kinds, and farming utensils, are also for sale.

August 21, 1805.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of EZEKIEL JACOB, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 30th day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this thirtieth day of July, 1805.

ANNA JACOB, Administratrix.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the Planters of St. Mary's, Charles, Calvert, Prince-George's, and Anne-Arundel counties, who inspect their crops of tobacco at the warehouses on Patuxent river, is requested at the port of Nottingham, on the second Monday of October next, to take into consideration propositions for forming a Society of Planters out of the above said counties, to protect the planting interest on said river, and to devise ways and means to prevent sacrifices of tobacco in the hands of individuals by forced sales.

August 9, 1805.

Sixteen Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, in Anne-Arundel county, five miles from South river ferry, on Monday the tenth instant, a black negro man named CHARLES, with short wool on his head, about five feet nine or ten inches high, twenty-two years of age, he stutters very much when talked to, and is stout and well made for strength; had on and took with him, two new ticklenburg shirts, a white country cloth jacket and trousers, much worn, a pair of coarse shoes, an old felt hat, with the trowsers sewed in with yarn; it is supposed he will change his name and dress, and endeavour to pass for a free man, by getting a forged pass, perhaps he will make for Baltimore-town, the city of Washington, or Frederick-town, as he has some relations in that part of the country. Whoever takes up and delivers the said negro man to the subscriber, or secures him in any gaol, so that I get him again, shall be entitled to receive the above reward.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

June 17, 1805.

All masters of vessels are forewarned from carrying the said negro man off at their peril. G. R.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the personal estate of NATHAN WILLIAMS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 30th day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 30th day of July, 1805.

WILLIAM GRAMBRILL, Administrator.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscribers for property bought at their sale in July, 1803, and March, 1804, are earnestly requested to make immediate payment, as further indulgence cannot be given. Those who neglect this notice may expect suits will be commenced against them without respect to persons.

July 30, 1805.

JAMES N. WEEMS, MARY DISNEY.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on Saturday the 1st instant, a brown negro man named GEORGE, the property of ROBERT WILLIAMS, he is about five feet ten inches high, his features are coarse, and he has a very ill look; it is uncertain what clothing he took with him; he will no doubt attempt to pass for a free man; he was about a week ago harboured at Caesar Williams's, (a negro) living in Montgomery county, near the court-house; it is probable he may not remain long there, and will be strolling about the country, as he is a lazy drunken fellow. I will give TEN DOLLARS reward if secured in any gaol within this state, and if out of the state the above reward, with all reasonable charges if brought home.

JEROME PLUMMER, Trustee for ROBERT WILLIAMS, a lunatic.

N. B. I hereby forewarn all persons from harbouring or employing said fellow, or any of the negroes belonging to the said Robert Williams, as I am determined to prosecute every such offender.

West river, Anne-Arundel county, 7X

June 25, 1805.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of JAMES DISNEY, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 30th day of January next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 30th day of July, 1805.

JAMES N. WEEMS, Executor.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly of Maryland, for an act of insolvency, to release me from debts which I am unable to pay.

August 13, 1805.

ISAAC PEACH.

ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

T H U R S D A Y, SEPTEMBER 12, 1805.

NAPOLIS:
FREDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

LORD BACON'S OPINION OF HOPE.
He used to say that Hope was a pleasant breakfast,
a tolerable dinner, but a very bad supper.

American Intelligence.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, August 28.

From FLYMOOTH.

THE brig Joseph, captain Carver, who arrived here yesterday, on the 21st of July, 75 leagues W. N. W. from Cape Finisterre, was boarded by the combined fleets from the West-Indies, steering for the Bay of Biscay. Particular inquiries were made by the officers respecting the British fleet off Ferrol. The French and Spanish fleets included 27 ships and two brigs.

[They were but a day or two's sail from Corunna and Ferrol, where the Spaniards have 10 or 12 ships of the line, blockaded by 9 British.]

August 31.

The emancipation of our late captive brethren from the chains of Tripoline slavery, is said to have been accelerated by the success of an expedition projected and executed by William Eaton, Esq. late consul of the United States at Tunis. He left America some time since, sanctioned by government, and with a small number of volunteers, collected in the Mediterranean, landed in Egypt, where he joined the expelled bashaw of Tripoli, then in exile there. His genius is said to have stimulated the ex-bashaw to raise a force to recover the throne of Tripoli, of which Mr. Eaton was appointed generalissimo. The reigning prince is said to have had a strong force at Derna, [a post near the frontier of Tripoli, towards Egypt, and situated about 600 miles to the eastward of the city of Tripoli, but between which and Derna lies the desert of Barca:] This force, it seems, was attacked by the troops under general Eaton: The event of the battle is not fully disclosed, though said to be in favour of the Christian general, who had taken possession of Derna and Baquere: The consequence is said to have been an offer of peace by the reigning bashaw, and the conclusion of a treaty with him, by consul general Lear, who went from Malta to Tripoli, to negotiate it; and by which our captive fellow-citizens, so long held in slavery, have been released, on terms which are stated to be highly honourable to the United States, but, we think, not without ransom, as a circumstance of that kind would not have been omitted in the first account. Whether with, or without ransom, the event is peculiarly grateful. It is added, that our naval force had not commenced operations against Tripoli, previous to the treaty.

The following additional particulars are from the Salem Gazette of yesterday: That news of the peace reached Naples the 14th June: That dispatches from col. Lear, at Tripoli, had been received announcing it: And that the exiled bashaw had failed in recovering the government.

The sources whence the above accounts have been derived, are such as to warrant their authenticity; but it appears somewhat extraordinary, that three months should have elapsed since the date of commodore Rogers's letter, announcing the treaty, and advice of so important an event should not have been received in the United States by a public vessel, and should have been left to find its way through the uncertain conveyance of a private merchantman, especially as we have several fast sailing vessels in the Mediterranean, which in the event of peace, will not be wanted there.

From LISBON.

Captain Hooper, arrived here yesterday in 36 days from Lisbon, informs, that about 5 days before he failed, a British frigate from Lord Nelson's squadron arrived at Lisbon, and put dispatches on board a packet direct for England. The frigate then proceeded up the Mediterranean. Capt. H. did not hear whether his lordship was going up the Mediterranean, nor where he was.

From ROCHELLE.

Captain Jarvis, arrived here yesterday in 43 days from Rochelle, informs, that soon after leaving port, and while passing off Rochefort, he met a French squadron, consisting of 7 sail of heavy ships, coming out of the Roads, who brought him to, and ordered him into the Roads, under the custody of a gun brig. Soon after he had come to anchor in the Roads, (the brig being about to execute some order at Brittany passage,) the wind favoured his escape, and he failed. He could not ascertain the exact force of the squadron, nor their destination.

September 2.

From GIBRALTAR.

Captain Simmons, arrived here on Saturday in 35 days from Gibraltar, informs, that an official and detailed account of the negotiation and peace with Tripoli, had been received at that place, and that he was promised a copy of the same, by the American consul; but being ready for sea, and a favourable breeze springing up, he left the place without it. He however understood, that the terms were an exchange of prisoners, and the gratuity from our government of 60,000 dollars.

It was currently reported in town, on Saturday, that Mr. Bowdoin had not been accredited as minister of the United States to the court of Spain. On what authority the rumour was founded, we know not; but it is certain that letters have been received here, by some recent arrivals from Spain, stating, that he would not proceed to Madrid, but on the contrary was actually preparing to take his passage for England, with his family and suite.

It is certain the heroic Eaton, with his ally, gained a victory over the troops of Tripoli, and were successful in taking possession of the strong fort of Derna. It is highly probable, therefore, that the reigning

bashaw might, under such circumstances, be willing to grant peace to the United States on advantageous terms, for the purpose of withdrawing their support from his brother. But would the agents of the United States enter into such a peace without making provision for the claims of their powerful ally, by whose assistance it was obtained?

Captain Simmons, from Gibraltar, informs, that lord Nelson had arrived at Gibraltar, without having heard any thing of the combined fleets from about 4 days after leaving the West-Indies—and immediately proceeded to Tetuan bay, to water, from whence he was to proceed in pursuit of the enemy, determining (as he said) to follow them while he had a vessel in a situation for the service.

Lord Nelson's Fleet.—A letter received in town from Gibraltar, and dated 24th July, states, "That lord Nelson arrived at that place, a few days previous, having been unsuccessful in his pursuit of the combined French and Spanish fleets; and that he immediately proceeded to the westward in search of them."

The letter also adds, "That 11,000 Spanish troops were encamped at the north front of Gibraltar, from which the garrison daily expected to be attacked; but were prepared to give the enemy a warm reception."

NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, September 3.

IMPORTANT.

We are indebted to the politeness of Mr. Craig for the following important information, received yesterday by letter from Mr. Harford, of Darien, (Geo.) "Intelligence has reached this place, that an English fleet of nine sail of the line, with frigates and transports, are at anchor in the mouth of St. John's river, and that their object is the conquest of Florida. The Spaniards are extremely alarmed, and all is bustle and confusion."—Should this account be correct, and there is every reason to believe it is, the Floridas will probably soon exchange masters. The mouth of St. John's river is ten leagues and a half from St. Augustine, which will probably be the first object of attack.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, August 23.

Captain Taylor, of the brig Eliza, arrived yesterday from Malaga and Gibraltar, 30 days from the latter place, has politely furnished us with the following important remarks, made during his passage:

July 20.—This day I failed from Malaga, in company with the brigs Diana, of R. Island, capt. Simmons; and the Washington, of Marblehead, capt. Adams.—The latter was from Leghorn, bound to Boston; he was captured by a Spanish gun boat, brought to Malaga, and treated with great impoliteness. The keys of his trunk were detained from him, and his vessel kept three weeks; for what reason the American consul could not tell. Captain Adams had to pay twelve hundred and ten dollars before he was released. Captain Simmons had been carried into Algiers, and his cargo of flour condemned, for want of a certificate from a Spanish consul.

On the 21st of July we were boarded by a boat from lord Nelson's squadron, which was at anchor in Gibraltar road. It had left Barbadoes on the 14th of June, and arrived there on the 19th of July, but could give no account of the French fleet.

The same day I spoke a Portuguese 74 gun ship; by which I was informed that the Tripolitans had made peace with the Americans.

On the same day spoke the brig Clio, of Philadelphia, capt. Gamble, from Trieste, bound to Philadelphia, out 30 days.

On the 22d of June Sir Richard Bickerton passed the Rock of Gibraltar with five sail of the line, and took 30 sail of transports, with 6000 troops, and proceeded on to Egypt, there being a report that the French had got out with two seventy-fours, with 6000 troops, and had been joined by five Spanish frigates, and gone up the Mediterranean; but their destination was not known.

The Spaniards take all American vessels without distinction.

Capt. Taylor further informs, that some days before he left Malaga, Mr. Kirkpatrick, the American consul there, mentioned to him that it had been his opinion for sometime that hostilities would positively take place between Spain and the United States, but that latterly the aspect of affairs was of a more pacific appearance, as Mr. Pinckney, the American minister, who had proceeded as far as Lisbon on his way home, had returned, or was returning to Madrid. Capt. Taylor did not learn whether his return was owing to an invitation from the Spanish ministry; however, it is reasonable to suppose, that if he has returned, the proposal must have come from them.

August 26.

Captain Taylor, of the brig Eliza, who arrived 5 days since in 31 days passage from Gibraltar, contradicts the reports lately made of the capture and condemnation, by the Spanish gun boats, of the United States gun boat No. 3.

Captain Taylor lay at the quarantine ground at Gibraltar at the time of the transaction, and afterwards saw captain Shaw, of the frigate John Adams, and lieutenant Maxwell, who commanded No. 3, and was informed by them, that she was taken possession of through a mistake, and not detained one hour. The officers of the Spanish vessels were arrested and imprisoned, and every satisfaction for the insult immediately offered. It took place off Caberete Point, in sight of the John Adams.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, September 12, 1805.

FROM MALTA.

Extract of a letter from an officer on board the United States brig Siren, to his relative in this city, dated Malta, June 20, 1805.

"Captain Eaton was sent out with commodore Barron in a station unknown at that time to any of the other officers. Soon after his arrival here, he was sent in the brig Argus to Alexandria, in Egypt, where he joined the exiled bashaw, and collected a considerable army, in order to claim and establish his title to the throne, and marched to Derna, a place under the dominion of the present bey of Tripoli, about four hundred and fifty miles from Alexandria. On captain Eaton's arrival, he mustered in all about three thousand troops, and, as soon as the arrangements were settled, made an attack on Derna, which he carried, receiving himself a slight wound in the arm; he immediately hoisted the American flag in the fort, which, by the last accounts, remains still in our possession. The spirited conduct of captain Eaton so alarmed the bey, that he immediately sent a cordial invitation to him to visit him, and to discuss our commodore overtures of peace; colonel Lear accordingly sent his proposals in to the bey, which were agreed to. I do not know certainly on what terms the peace was made, but, as far as I understand, they were to exchange prisoner for prisoner, as far as their in our possession would go, and we were to pay a certain sum for the remainder. The sum our government has to pay for a peace, I am told, is sixty thousand dollars.

"I hope they will not let the exile bashaw be subjected to the frowns and caprice of his brother, the bey, but make a suitable provision for his services.

"Our late prisoners of the Philadelphia frigate are at present at Syracuse, they are all well, and expect to go home in a short time.

"It is reported that doctor John Ridgely is now appointed consul at Tripoli; the bey has expressed a particular desire to have the office filled by him, and it is supposed he will be gratified. The doctor, however, remains at Tripoli with the bey."

"Syracuse is an ancient, strong and famous town of Sicily, in the Val di Note, with a bishop's see, and a large harbour, defended by a fortified castle. It is situated near the sea, 72 miles S. by W. of Messina, and 110 S. E. of Palermo. Long. 15 30 E. lat. 38 5 N.

FARMERS BANK.

ANNAPOLIS, September 10, 1805.

AT a meeting of the Directors, Ordered, That notice be given in the several papers published in Annapolis, Baltimore, and Frederick-town, that the Bank will be opened on Tuesday the 17th instant, for the purposes of making discounts and receiving deposits—that for the information of persons at a distance, the following forms of notes and checks, that will be received at Bank, be subjoined.

(Form of the note.)

—Dollars. —County or City, —1805.
—days after date, I promise to pay unto C. D. or order, —dollars, value received, negotiable at the Farmers Bank of Maryland, and payable at the house of E. F. in the city of Annapolis.

Two endorsements will be required, one of whom, or the drawer, must be owner of sufficient real estate. No money can be drawn from Bank but by check.

(Form of the check.)

No. — —County or City, —1805.
Cashier of the Farmers Bank of Maryland, pay to G. H. or bearer, —dollars.

By order of the President and Directors,
JONATHAN PINKNEY, Cashier.

FARMERS BANK OF MARYLAND.

STOCKHOLDERS in the Farmers Bank of Maryland are requested to take notice, that their third payment of five dollars on each share must be made on Saturday the 14th September next, to the President and Directors, for the western shore.

J. MUIR, Pres. F. B.
Annapolis, August 20, 1805.

FARMERS BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Books will be opened at Annapolis on the 27th, and continue open on the 28th and 30th September next, for the disposal of 6392 shares in the Farmers Bank of Maryland, being the number not heretofore taken, in the several counties on this shore.

Persons inclining to take shares, will be pleased to observe, that fifteen dollars per share are to be paid, because original subscribers, will have paid three instalments before the above stated 27th September.

By order of the Directors,
JOHN MUIR, President.

Annapolis, 15th August, 1805.
N. B. Books will be opened at Easton, on the foregoing days, for the disposal of shares on the Eastern shore.

WE are authorized to say, that Doctor John GASSAWAY, of Rhode river, will be a candidate at the ensuing election, for one of the representatives of Anne-Arundel county to the legislature.
Rhode river, March 27, 1805.

Humbolt assures Andes throw up a large number of fish, which nor to have been ejected sometimes from the height of the crater, and which led to the opinion that the opinion that the height of the crater.

"On the 16th of July here—one of the long to admiral G. dia station, and which lasted 19 hours distress."

The two following paper of July 14. A man led his into the public with halter about his neck.

On Friday afternoon the workhouse, took leave of his again, exposed to with a halter about his neck, by a multitude of the confederates, returned home to be disappointed the promised to hopes to meet with

We have un- and fifty American, upon the gainst Tripoli. command of the he departed in from Washington United States the month of I supplied with artillery, camp troops, and expedition. C. veral American particular names Alexandria, and army. What were, we have sent, that 5 of that they many bary shore, forces, in the ern borders of tory was gain immediately f

The brig ing, failed fr fail of British convey of the brigs, and While capt fleet, the H edge; another Corientes; t board the ot

RESPECTABLE them ing School f tober. The half to be p to learn dr and subsc with chalk September

WILL wh night of th 20 years ol and handl brown bro been panta the name probably a The above the gaul for any other.

August

TAK ab Elk-Ridge spotted C her again

Septem

an officer on board the United States relative in this city, dated 5.

sent out with commodore town at that time to say of after his arrival here, he was to Alexandria, in Egypt, to claim and establish his right to the present key of Tripoli, fifty miles from Alexandria, he suffered in all about and, as soon as the arrangements were made, he was to make an attack on Derne, which would be a slight wound in the side of the American flag. In the last accounts, remains still in the hands of the British. The conduct of captain Eaton, that he immediately sent a flag of peace; colonel Eaton, as far as I understand, they were for prisoner, as far as they go, and we were to pay a ransom. The sum our government, I am told, is sixty thousand.

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County or City, — 1805. Farmers Bank of Maryland, pay to dollars.

the President and Directors, ATHAN PINKNEY, Cashier. BANK OF MARYLAND.

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J. MUIR, Pres. F. B. 20, 1805.

RMERS BANK.

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Humbolt assures us, that several volcanoes in the Andes throw up at times a muddy substance, mixed with a large quantity of fresh water, and with it a number of fish, which do not appear to be injured, nor to have been exposed to a great heat. They are sometimes ejected from the crater of the volcano, and sometimes from lateral apertures; but they always come from the height of from twelve to thirteen hundred toises above the level plains. Humbolt is of opinion that these fish are bred in lakes in the interior of the crater.

From Halifax, August 18.

"On the 16th inst. three line of battle ships arrived here—one of 98 guns and two 74's—They belong to admiral Cochrane's Squadron, on the West-India station, and were damaged at sea in a hurricane, which lasted 19 hours.—The 98 gun ship was in great distress."

The two following paragraphs are from a London paper of July 14.

A man led his wife and child, on Monday se'nnight, into the public market at Tuxford, in Yorkshire, with halters about their necks, and sold them for five shillings.

On Friday afternoon a woman who had been in the workhouse, and on bad terms with her husband, took leave of him, never intending to return to him again, exposed herself for sale in Smithfield market with a halter about her neck; she was soon surrounded by a multitude of people, but there were no bidders. The constables having orders to suppress such immoral scenes, drove her out of the market, and she returned home to her husband who felt himself greatly disappointed on the occasion, but to console him she promised to go to a country market, where she hopes to meet with better success.

SALEM, September 2.

THE TRIPOLINE PEACE.

We have understood that there were one hundred and fifty Americans, principally volunteers, with Gen. Eaton, upon the expedition which went by land against Tripoli. Gen. Eaton acted under the express command of the government of the United States—he departed in July, 1804, in the American squadron from Washington, and was landed from one of the United States vessels, at Alexandria, in Egypt, in the month of December last: it is understood he was supplied with large sums of money; ammunition, field artillery, camp equipage, muskets, pikes, &c. for the troops, and, in short, every thing necessary for the expedition. Gen. Eaton was accompanied with several American officers, but we have heard of no particular names.—The ex-bashaw was found in Alexandria, and readily agreed to assist in raising the army. What the particular stipulations on both sides were, we have yet to learn. We only know at present, that 5 or 6000 men were soon collected, and that they marched to the westward, along the Barbary shore, until they encountered the Tripoline forces, in the vicinity of Derne, a town on the eastern borders of, and belonging to Tripoli; here a victory was gained by the American army, and the place immediately surrendered.

CHARLESTON, August 27.

The brig Hope, Dawson, arrived yesterday morning, sailed from Lucas, (Jam.) in company with 80 sail of British homeward bound merchantmen, under convoy of the Vanguard, of 74 guns, and several brigs, and parted with them on the 20th instant. While captain Dawson was in company, one of the fleet, the Hero, took fire, and burnt to the water's edge; another got ashore, and was lost near Cape Corientes; the crews of both vessels were taken on board the other ships.

MR. PISE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen, that he intends to open a night Drawing School for young gentlemen, from the first of October. The terms will be 12 dollars per quarter, half to be paid in advance. Those who are inclined to learn drawing are requested to call at his house and subscribe; the students will furnish themselves with chalks, porte crayons, and paper. September 10, 1805.

Fifteen Dollars Reward,

WILL be given for apprehending negro UZIAH, who broke gaol and made his escape on the night of the 17th inst. he is a bright mulatto, 18 or 20 years old, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, very straight, and handsome; his clothing a country cotton shirt, brown broad cloth coat, with plain gilt buttons, nankeen pantaloons, and felt hat; he was committed by the name of JOHN THOMAS, which name he will probably again assume, and try to pass for a free man. The above reward will be paid for delivering him at the gaol from whence he escaped, or securing him in any other.

JAMES COOKE, Sheriff of St. Mary's county.

August 19, 1805.

A STRAY.

TAKEN up as a stray, by the subscriber, living about three miles from Spurrier's tavern, on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, a red and white spotted COW, with a bell on. The owner may have her again by proving property and paying charges. RICHARD GLEHART.

September 9, 1805.

NOTICE.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, on Monday the thirtieth day of September, instant, at twelve o'clock, at Rawlings's tavern, in Anne-Arundel county, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,

A TRACT of land, in Anne-Arundel county, called Benjamin's Content, containing one hundred and three acres and seven eighths of an acre, whereon John Hardesty, deceased, formerly lived, and adjoining the land of Mrs. Zachariah M'Conney; the improvements are, a small dwelling-house, some small out houses, and an orchard of good fruit trees. The soil is good, and well adapted to the cultivation of tobacco. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall give bond, with approved security, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within twelve months from the day of sale.

NICHOLAS BREWER, Trustee.

September 6, 1805.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the 27th instant, at the subscriber's house, in Annapolis, THE personal property of THOMAS DAVIDSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, consisting of one negro boy, 12 or 13 years of age, one bed and furniture, some wearing apparel, and a saddle and bridle.

WILLIAM JOHNSON, Administrator. September 6, 1805.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed out of the general court, will be EXPOSED at PUBLIC SALE, for cash, on the sixth day of October next, at Mr. John Gwinn's tavern,

ONE hundred acres of land, called Walker's Inheritance, taken as the property of James Walker to satisfy a debt due the State of Maryland. J. E. TILLY, Sheriff.

September 6, 1805.

A SALE.

By virtue of an order of the chancellor of Maryland, will be SOLD, on Monday the 30th day of September, at 11 o'clock, at Elliott's tavern, THE following property of ROBERT WILLIAMS, a lunatic, viz. 4 valuable work horses, 11 head of cattle, one good strong cart, and sundry plantation utensils too tedious to mention. The above property will be sold, subject to the ratification of the chancellor, and if ratified by the chancellor, the property to be delivered on the purchasers giving bond, on interest, with approved securities.

JEROM PLUMMER, Trustee.

September 9, 1805.

At the same time and place will be sold, on six months credit, an excellent wagon and gear.

Pursuant to a decree of the honourable the chancery court of the state of Maryland, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock, A. M. at the tavern of Mr. John Gwinn, on Monday the 7th day of October next,

A LARGE 3 story new brick DWELLING-HOUSE, on the market space, in the city of Annapolis, formerly the property of John Welch, deceased, adapted for a store and dwelling-house, with a brick kitchen adjoining, and pump of water on the premises, a walled in back yard, the present occupied by Mr. Jacob Stemmer; the house is commodious, pleasant, and healthily situated, close to the water and market; this property is in fee-simple, and will be sold on a credit of 12 months, for bonds, bearing interest, with approved security.

At which time and place, and on the aforesaid terms, will be exposed likewise to sale, a small brick house, in fee-simple, occupied by a certain Darby M'Nemara, adjoining the assembly room, in the city aforesaid, well calculated for a lawyer's or sheriff's office, and on receipt of the purchase money, and the chancellor's ratification of the sale, a good deed or deeds will be given to the purchaser or purchasers of any part, or the whole, by

JOHN ROSS, Trustee.

N. B. The title will be known at the time of sale, or previous thereto, by application to the trustee. September 9, 1805.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of CHARLES PENNINGTON, deceased; and whereas the property of the deceased was heretofore sold by Richard Cromwell, sen. without administering, therefore all persons indebted for articles purchased at the sale made by the said Richard Cromwell, sen. are requested to make payment to the subscriber, or suits will be commenced against them.

WILLIAM PENNINGTON, Administrator. September 4, 1805.

WAS committed to my custody as a runaway, on the 12th instant, a negro man who calls himself SAM, and says he is the property of a certain Mr. SHARP, of Gloucester county, Virginia: he is very black, appears to be thirty years old, has lost part of his teeth, five feet ten inches high, stout and well made, very much scarred on his back with the whip; his clothing an old hat, old cloth jacket and pantaloons, and old osnabrig shirt. His owner is requested to take him away, he will otherwise be sold agreeably to law for his gail fees.

JAMES COOKE, Sheriff of St. Mary's county.

August 12, 1805.

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

[We can conceive of a mother who could renounce a daughter for her crimes and her disobedience; but that parent who could read the following pathetic and potent lines from a dying child, and still continue nursing, however great her crimes and her disobedience, must be worse than a misanthrope.] [Edie. Wampler.]

THE DYING DAUGHTER TO THE MOTHER.

MY Mother! when these unsteady lines
Thy long averted eyes shall see,
This hand that writes, this heart that pines,
Will cold, quite cold, and tranquil be.
That guilty child, so long disown'd,
Can then, blest thought! no more offend;
And should'st thou deem my crimes aton'd,
O deign my Orphan to befriend:
That Orphan, who with trembling hand,
To thee will give my dying prayer—
Can'st thou my dying prayer withstand,
And from my Child withhold thy care?
O raise the veil which hides her cheek,
Nor start her mother's face to see,
But let her look thy love bespeak—
For once that face was dear to thee.
Gaze on—and thou'lt perchance forget
The long, the mournful lapse of years,
Thy couch with tears of anguish wet,
And e'en the guilt which caus'd those tears,
And in my pure and artless child
Thou'lt think her mother meets thy view;
Such as she was when life first smil'd,
And guilt by name alone she knew.
Ah! then I see thee o'er her charms
A look of fond affection cast;
I see thee clasp her in thine arms,
And in the present lose the past.
But soon the dear illusion flies;
The sad reality returns;
My crimes again in memory rise,
And ah! in vain my orphan mourns;
Till suddenly some keen remorse,
Some deep regret her claims shall aid,
Nor wrath that held too long its course,
For words of peace too long delay'd.
For pardon, (most, alas! denied
When pardon might have snatch'd from shame,)
And kindness, had'st thou kindness tried,
And check'd my guilt, and sav'd my fame.
And then thou'lt wish as I do now,
Thy hand my humble bed had smooch'd,
Wip'd the chill moisture off my brow,
And all the wants of sickness sooth'd.
For, oh! the means to sooth my pain,
My poverty has still denied;
And thou wilt wish, and sigh in vain,
Thy riches had those means supplied.
Thou'lt wish, with keen repentance wrung,
I'd clos'd my eyes upon thy breast,
Expiring while the faltering tongue
Pardon in kindest tones express'd.
O sounds which I must never hear!
Through years of woe my fond desire;
O mother, spite of all most dear!
Must I unblest'd by thee expire?
Thy love alone I call to mind,
And all thy past disdain forget—
Each keen reproach, each frown unkind,
That crush'd my hopes when last we met.
But when I saw that angry brow,
Both health and youth were still my own;
O mother! could'st thou see me now,
Thou would'st not have the heart to frown.
But see! my Orphan's cheek displays
Both youth and health's carnation dyes,
Such as on mine in happier days,
So fondly charm'd thy partial eyes.
Grief o'er her bloom a veil now draws,
Grief her lov'd parent's pangs to see;
And when thou think'st upon the cause,
That paleness will have charms for thee:
And thou wilt fondly press that cheek,
Bid happiness its bloom restore;
And thus in tenderest accents speak,
"Sweet Orphan, thou shalt mourn no more."
But wilt thou thus indulgent be?
O! am I not by hope beguil'd?
The long, long anger shewn to me,
Say, will it not pursue my child?
And must she suffer for my crime?
Ah, no! forbid it gracious Heaven!
And grant, O grant, in thy good time,
That she be lov'd, and I forgiven!

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of JAMES DISNEY, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 30th day of January next, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 30th day of July, 1805.

JAMES N. WILMS, Executor.

Anne-Arundel county, let.
WHEREAS JOSEPH MCENEY, collector of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, hath this day returned to the commissioners of the tax of said county the following list of lands in said county, on which there is no personal property to pay the said taxes, to wit:

Names of persons; names of land, and amount of tax.
L. S. D.

George and Edward Calvert, lots in the city of Annapolis,	1	15	3
Benjamin Oden, for Mrs. West, ditto do.	2	5	6
Margaret Pryse, ditto ditto,	0	18	8
John Wells, ditto ditto,	3	1	6
John Welch, shoe-maker, ditto ditto,	5	2	1
John Steele, Baltimore, ditto ditto,	1	0	2
John Bullen, ditto ditto,	0	13	3
Francis Campbell, ditto ditto,	0	18	0
Eleanor Hewitt, ditto ditto,	0	18	2
John Wells, part Todd's Range,	0	5	6
Mary Hefelius, part Young's Inn,	8	1	3
Mark Johnson's heirs, Weiton, Ginfwill, and Meek's Rest,	0	5	0
Margaret Sappington, part Grindstone,	0	17	8
Charles Griffith, Hickory Neck, and part Partnership,	5	15	6
Horatio Johnson, land name unknown,	1	15	3
Valentine Brown, part Hebron, and part Bachelors Choice,	0	17	0
Vachel Barnes, part Invasion, and Any Thing,	1	5	6
John Cornelius, Carter's Rocks, and Patapco Mill Seat,	2	1	0
Ely Brown, part Ranter's Ridge, part Brown's Addition, Goodfellowship,	2	8	2
John Brown, of Adam, heirs, part Invasion, part Conclusion, and What's Left,	1	9	5
Sarah Brown, part Brown's Prospect,	1	1	2
Luther Martin, Even Downy,	0	8	7
Dennis Griffith, or the heirs of Joshua Griffith, lots in Elk-Ridge Landings,	1	3	6
Charles Ridgely's heirs, lot in ditto,	0	2	0
William Urquhart, lots in ditto,	1	19	10
Samuel Godman's heirs, lots in ditto,	0	8	10
John Hood's heirs, part Invasion, Jason's Mistake, and Briar Bottom,	1	11	2
John Alton, Campbell's Chance,	0	19	10
Elizabeth Dickerfon, part 2d Addition to Snowden's Manor, part Warfield's Range,	1	9	9
Samuel Owings, part Neal's Delight,	0	9	8
Samuel Godman, Sampson, Beginning, part Walker's Inheritance, Addition to Sampson, part Meadows, Henderfon's Meadows, Timber Level, Godman's Search, Young's Locust Plains, Addition to Something or Other,	2	18	0
Doctor Samuel Stringer, Pleasant Plains, Crosses Forest, Hobb's Addition, and Stringer's Advantage,	6	12	6
William Smith, Baltimore, part Weedy Glade,	1	0	10
John Walham, part Timber Ridge,	1	11	10
Mary Leatherwood, part Support to Small Quantity,	0	5	10
Stephen Price, part Walker's Inheritance,	0	17	1
Luther Martin, part Indian Lane, Addition to Good for Little,	8	11	6
Richard Shipley, part Stamp Act Repealed,	0	14	0
William Wood, part Forest Range,	0	3	11
Thomas Waters, Woodstock Enlarged,	0	15	5
Hugh Finley, Its to be or not to be,	0	15	4
Talbot Shipley, trustee of George Shipley, part Shipley's Adventure,	1	12	0
Nathan Hammond, executor of Aquila, part Chelicut Hill, and Tarecoat Thicket,	1	4	6
Isaac Pollock, Blooming Plains,	4	1	4
Ephraim Gauthier, part Brown's Enlargement,	0	14	6
Jacob Cramblich's heirs, part Walter Worthington's Land,	1	7	5
Philemon Spicer, Shipley's Purchase,	1	2	8
Martin Norris, part Hawkin's Addition, and part Saint-Thomas's Neck,	0	17	1
Thomas Cook, Birkhead's Lot,	1	13	0
William Smith, Miles Chance,	1	1	11
Benjamin Galloway, Taylor's Settlement,	13	9	7
Anne-Caton, lots in London-town,	0	4	4
Randolph B. Latimer, lots in ditto,	0	2	3
Jacob Joice, part Jacob's Improved Purchase,	1	17	2
Thomas Spurrier, part Best Success,	0	9	11
William Boyce's heirs, part Holland's Choice,	0	13	3
James Hawkins, part Duncan's Choice, and Murphey's Lot,	0	8	9
Rezin Hawkins, part Murphey's Lot,	0	8	11
Huckley Company, land name unknown, part Yates's Inheritance, and part Howard's Range,	1	5	0
Thomas Mortimer, Timber Neck,	1	19	9

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT unless the county charges aforesaid are paid within thirty days after the publication of this notice, that the said lands, or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the tax and costs thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder, agreeably to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this state.

By order,

NICH: HARWOOD,

August 27, 1805.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of two writs of *venditioni exponas* to me directed out of the general court, will be EXPOSED at PUBLIC SALE, for cash, on the 30th day of September, 1805, at Mr. John Gwinn's tavern,

THREE hundred and eighty acres of LAND, called MIDDLETON PLANTATION, two negro men, one by the name of Jack, one ditto named Benjamin, taken as the property of Richard Hall, of Edward, to satisfy a debt due William Hall, use of Nicholas Hall.

J. E. TILLY, Sheriff.

September 3, 1805.

Annapolis Races.

THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE OF THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS, will be run for, over the Annapolis course, on Tuesday the 22d day of October next, heats four miles each, carrying weights agreeable to the rules of the club.

On Wednesday the 23d day of October, the COLT'S PURSE OF ONE HUNDRED and FIFTY DOLLARS, will be run for, heats two miles each.

On Thursday the 24th day of October, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of about ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be run for, heats three miles each.

September 4, 1805.

Public Sale.

Will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, by order of the orphans court of Prince-George's county, at Mr. John Ramsay Hodges's old mill, near the brick church, on Wednesday the 18th of September next,

ALL the personal estate of CHARITY HODGES, late of said county, deceased, consisting of a number of valuable negroes, among which are, a good rough carpenter, a valuable cook, and a number of boys and girls; three head of good work horses, eight head of young cattle, one feather bed, and some other household furniture. Six months credit will be allowed, on purchasers giving their bonds, with good security. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

CHARLES R. HODGES, Administrator.
August 17, 1805.

Two Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, an apprentice boy by the name of ELIJAH M'CAULY. Whoever brings home said apprentice shall receive the above reward, paid by

ISAAC BARRY.

N. B. I forewarn all persons harbouring or carrying off said apprentice at their peril.

Lands for Sale.

THE subscriber will SELL, at private sale, his part of two tracts of LAND, lying on the Head of Severn, called *Friendship* and *What you Please*, where Lydia and Susanna Gambrell now live; also fifty acres, within four miles of said land, all wood-land. A very accommodating credit will be given, on the purchaser giving bond, with approved security.

AUGUSTINE GAMBRILL.

August 14, 1805.

To the VOTERS of Anne-Arundel county and the City of Annapolis.

Gentlemen,
FOR the honour you once conferred on me, in making me your choice as sheriff of Anne-Arundel county, and particularly for the zeal you manifested on that occasion, I offer you my warm and sincere thanks; having reason to hope that my official conduct, during three years, met your approbation, and that you have had no cause to regret your choice. I flatter myself that your confidence in me has not diminished. Presuming therefore on your future support, and being solicited by numerous friends, I take the liberty of declaring my intention to offer as a candidate at the next election for sheriff; should I be so happy as to obtain your suffrages, every effort of mine shall be used to discharge, with propriety, the various and important duties of that office. I remain, gentlemen, with every sentiment of respect, your humble servant,

JOHN WELCH.

Annapolis, September 18, 1804.

To the VOTERS of Anne-Arundel county and City of Annapolis.

GENTLEMEN,
FROM the promised support of many of my fellow-citizens, I am encouraged to offer myself a candidate for the next SHERIFFALTY of this county. Should I be honoured with your support on that occasion, you may rest assured, that every exertion on my part will be used to discharge the duties that will necessarily devolve on me with industry and fidelity.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your ob't. serv't.

JOSEPH MCENEY.

April, 1805.

LAWS of MARYLAND.

For Sale,

A FEW sets of the LAWS from 1800 to 1804, both inclusive, handsomely bound, to be had at the Printing-Office.

A valuable Plantation for Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his handsome, healthy, and highly improved FARM, containing 213½ acres, situate on South river, and but 3¼ miles distant from the city of Annapolis; this plantation possesses superior conveniences and advantages, being near a good market, and almost enclosed by two creeks, which furnish in their seasons abundance of wild fowl, fish and oysters; the soil is suited to the cultivation of small grain, corn, and tobacco, and peculiarly adapted to the production of all kinds of vegetables, that will at all times command ready sales, and yield perhaps the greatest profit, with comparatively the least labour. The buildings are all nearly new; consisting of a brick dwelling-house, 40 feet by 20, handsomely finished, a brick dairy and smoke house, a corn house, 24 feet by 12, a barn, 44 feet by 24, with sheds to shelter stock, and other necessary and convenient buildings, the whole erected with taste, and covered with cypress shingles. There is a very promising apple orchard, planted 10 years ago, consisting of the best kind of fruit trees, carefully selected, 3 peach orchards that have been particularly attended for 6 years past, and that now produce abundantly all kinds of that delicious fruit, together with a variety of other fruit peculiar to the soil and climate. There is a well of excellent water in a convenient situation. The fencing is chiefly of chestnut post and railing, and in good repair. A further description of this well known farm is thought to be unnecessary. Those wishing to purchase will no doubt view it. The proprietor's terms will be found accommodating; as he is not in want of money, a long credit would be given, on receiving satisfactory security.

SETH SWEETSER.

N. B. Stock of all kinds, and farming utensils, are also for sale.
August 21, 1805.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the Planters of St. Mary's, Charles, Calvert, Prince-George's, and Anne-Arundel counties, who inspect their crops of tobacco at the warehouses on Patuxent river, is requested at the port of Nottingham, on the second Monday of October next, to take into consideration propositions for forming a Society of Planters out of the aforesaid counties, to protect the planting interest on said river, and to devise ways and means to prevent sacrifices of tobacco in the hands of individuals by forced sales.

August 9, 1805.

Sixteen Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, in Anne-Arundel county, five miles from South river ferry, on Monday the tenth instant, a black negro man named CHARLES, with short wool on his head, about five feet nine or ten inches high, twenty-two years of age, he stutters very much when talked to, and is stout and well made for strength; had on and took with him, two new ticklenburg shirts, a white country cloth jacket and trousers, much worn, a pair of coarse shoes, an old felt hat, with the crown sewed in with yarn; it is supposed he will change his name and dress, and endeavour to pass for a free man, by getting a forged pass, perhaps he will make for Baltimore-town, the city of Washington, or Frederick-town, as he has some relations in that part of the country. Whoever takes up and delivers the said negro man to the subscriber, or secures him in any goal, so that I get him again, shall be entitled to receive the above reward.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

June 17, 1805.

All matters of vessels are forewarned from carrying the said negro man off at their peril.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, in the state of Maryland, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of EZEKIEL JACOB, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 30th day of January next, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this thirtieth day of July, 1805.

ANNA JACOB, Administratrix.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscribers for property bought at their sale in July, 1803, and March, 1804, are earnestly requested to make immediate payment, as further indulgence cannot be given. Those who neglect this notice may expect suits will be commenced against them without respect to persons.

July 30, 1805.

JAMES N. WEEMS.

MARY DISNEY.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly of Maryland, for an act of insolvency, to release me from debts which I am unable to pay.

ISAAC PEACH.

August 13, 1805.

ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

es to sell his handson, improved FARM, con- te on South river, and but e city of Annapolis; this r conveniences and advan- d market, and almost ro- rich furnish in their kitchen fish and oysters; the soil is small grain, corn, and to- apted to the production of that will at all times com- ld perhaps the greatest pro- least labour. The build- consisting of a brick dwell- handsonly finished, a brick corn house, 24 feet by 12, th sheds to shelter stock, and nient buildings, the whole vered with cypress shingles; g apple orchard, planted to the best kind of fruit trees, ch orchards that have been 6 years past, and that new kinds of that delicious fruit, of other fruit peculiar to the is a well of excellent water. The fencing is chiefly of and in good repair. A far- well known farm is thought se willing to purchase will e proprietor's terms will e as he is not in want of mo- d be given, on receiving fa-

SETH SWEETSER.
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S. S.

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NAPOLIS:

REDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

(LXIII^d YEAR.)

T H E

(No. 3062.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE

T H U R S D A Y, SEPTEMBER 19, 1805.

Ecceitany.

EXTRACT.

WIVES, CHILDREN AND FRIENDS.

This deservedly popular song is the production of Mr. SPENCER, son to the duke of Marlborough. It has had the effect of electricity on the minds of Englishmen; and the government has found it a valuable auxiliary for rousing the people to military enthusiasm, by placing before them, in three words, a summary of all their blessings for which they are now contending.

[Mercantile Advertiser.]

WHEN the black letter'd list to the gods was pre- sented,
(The list of what Fate for each mortal intends,) At the long string of ills a kind angel relented,
And slipp'd in three blessings—Wife, Children and Friends.

In vain angry Lucifer swore he was cheated,
For justice divine could not compass its ends;
The scheme of man's fall, he maintain'd, was defeated,
For earth becomes Heav'n, with—Wife, Children and Friends.

If the flock of our bliss is in stranger hands vested,
The funds ill-secur'd oft in bankruptcy ends;
But the heart issues bills which are never protested,
When drawn on the firm of—Wife, Children and Friends.

Tho' valour still glows in his life's waning embers,
The death-wounded Tar, who his colour defends,
Drops a tear of regret, as he dying remembers
How blest was his home with—Wife, Children and Friends.

The Soldier whose deeds live immortal in story,
Whom duty to far distant latitudes sends,
With transport would barter whole ages of glory
For one happy day with—Wife, Children and Friends.

Tho' spice-breathing gales o'er his caravan hover,
And round him Arabia's whole fragrance descends,
The Merchant still thinks of the woodbines that cover,
The bower where he sat with—Wife, Children and Friends.

The day-spring of youth, still unclouded by sorrow,
Alone on itself for enjoyment depends;
But dim is the twilight of age, if it borrow
No warmth from the smiles of—Wife, Children and Friends.

Let the breath of renown ever freshen and nourish
The laurels which o'er her dead favourite bends;
O'er him wave the willow, which only can flourish
When dew'd with the tears of—Wife, Children and Friends.

Let us drink! for my song's growing graver and graver,
The subjects too solemn insensibly tends;
Let us drink!—pledge me high!—love and beauty
will flavour
The glass which I fill to—Wife, Children and Friends.

And if, in the hope this fair island to plunder,
The tyrant of France to invade us pretends,
How his legions will shrink, when our arm'd freemen
thunder
The war song of BRITONS—Wife, Children and Friends.

From the TRUE AMERICAN.

Mr. Bradford,

WE have had some alarm in the country lately, from a report of the existence of an extremely ven- erous worm, whose bite is said to be mortal. This reptile is of the size of the potatoe worm, or rather smaller, of a green colour, and feeds exclusively on the Lombardy Poplar leaf—Its sting and bite, I have heard, have already caused the death of two gentle- men, one in 3 hours, and the other in 6, as well as that of a Cat, exposed as an experiment, and who died in three or four hours!

Quere—Have any Naturalists, or others, heard of this worm? If so, will they be good enough to com- municate it.

From the WESTERN TELEGRAPH.

THE following cure for a Fellon, has never been known to fail but once these 13 years. It is both cheap and safe.

Take any sort of glass, pounded fine, and goose dung and rue, with a little Indian meal; mix all to- gether with cold water thin; apply a pretty large poultice; when the finger seems dry and hot, wet the poultice and apply it again, in twelve hours make a new one: two or three seldom fail to cure.

N. B. When the Fellon is coming on, the person will imagine there is a small briar or thorn in the end of the finger, or opposite the joint under the nail.

From the PORTLAND GAZETTE.

CRANDEL'S SALVE.

THE efficacy of Crandel's Salve, in the cure of wounds, bruises, &c. induced a number of gentlemen to obtain from him, for a valuable consideration, an exposure of the ingredients with which it was made, and the manner of making it. It was, however, ob- tained upon the express condition, that it should not be made public until the death of Mr. Crandel. This event taking place, it is thought proper, and it may be of general benefit, to publish the same from the original, signed by him, and attested to before a ma- gistrate—It is as follows, viz.

The following are the ingredients used in making the Salve, which I have commonly made and sold, and which is generally called *Crandel's Salve*, viz.

One gill of Neat's-foot oil—one gill of linseed oil; one quarter of a pound of white-lead—one quarter of a pound of red-lead—half an ounce of the gum of myrrh—half an ounce of camphor—three ounces of rosin—one ounce and a half of bees-wax—a large table-spoon full of West-India rum—for what I call half a melf.

The manner of making it is as follows, viz.

First—Take the Neat's-foot oil, and boil it in a white earthen mug, and keep stirring it, (not in iron or brass mugs, or a mug that has been greased or used,) until it has done sparkling, which it will if there is any water in it. Then put in the linseed oil, and keep stirring it till it boils and has done sparkling; then put in the white-lead, and keep stirring it till it begins to rise, breaking the lumps; and taking out the gravel, if there be any—then put in the red-lead, and do the same, being careful to put in no grit. Boil this mixture until the colour turns, not boiling it too much, and being careful not to let it boil over; then let it cool a little, and then put in the gum of myrrh; then put in the camphor; then the rosin; then the bees-wax, stirring it after one ingredient be put in, so that they will be well mixed before you put in another; then put in the rum, drop after drop, when it cools a little, so as not to let it foam and run over; keep stirring it until it has got cool; and then it is made.

PHILIP CRANDEL.

LONDON BREWERIES.

STATEMENT of the quantity of Strong Beer brewed in London by the first twelve houses, from the 5th July, 1804, to the 5th July, 1805.

Barclay & Perkins.	152,500 bbls.
Meaux, Reed & Co.	136,700
Truman, Hanbury & Co.	126,400
Whitbread & Co.	103,600
Shum, Combe & Co.	85,700
F. Calvert & Co.	71,300
Goodwyn & Co.	71,100
J. Calvert & Co.	46,200
Elliott & Co.	46,100
Cox & Co.	34,200
Clowes & Co.	34,200
Biley & Co.	32,000

Total, 939,900

INGENUITY OF THE SPIDER.

T. A. KNIGHT, Esq. of Herefordshire, has, in a treatise on the culture of the apple and pear, intro- duced the following anecdote concerning this curious animal: "I have frequently placed a Spider on a small upright stick, whose base was surrounded by water, to observe its most singular mode of escape. After having discovered that the ordinary means of retreat are cut off, it ascends the point of the stick, and standing nearly on its head, ejects its web, which the wind readily carries to some contiguous object. Along this, the sagacious insect effects his escape, not, however, till it has previously ascertained, by fe- veral exertions of its whole strength, that its web is properly attached to the opposite end. I do not know that this instance of the sagacity of the Spider has been noticed by any ontomological writer, and I in- sert it here in consequence of having seen in some pe- riodical publication a very erroneous account of the origin of the Spider's threads, which are observed to pass from one tree or bush to another, in dewy morn- ings."

AGRICULTURAL.

ADVICE TO FARMERS.

THE early planted potatoes having been checked in their growth, the late rains have caused them to grow, which will totally spoil them. Farmers will do well, therefore, to examine their potatoes, and where they find the young ones growing, it will be best to dig them. It is now a good time to sow rye on the ground from which potatoes are taken.

[Providence paper.]

Foreign Intelligence.

NEW-YORK, September 8.

By the ship Oliver Ellsworth, captain Bennet, arrived last evening from Liverpool, we have received Lon- don papers to the 25th July inclusive. The Star of that date announces the arrival of Mr. Munro from Madrid. The news of peace being concluded between this country and Tripoli is confirmed by intelligence received at Paris and London, but the terms of it are still unknown. The French gun- boats and praams have lately been very active, and notwithstanding the vigilance of the British cruisers, several divisions from Dunkirk, &c. have succeeded in getting into Boulogne. Admiral Cornwallis, in consequence of the intelligence received by the Cu- rieux, has recalled a Squadron sent to strengthen the Ferrol station, and extended his fleet from Uth- ant to Cape Finisterre, in expectation of intercept- ing the combined fleets on their return from the West-Indies, leaving only a few vessels to watch the motions of the Brest fleet. New disturbances have broken out in Egypt.

GERMANY.

VIENNA, July 3.

All the regiments have received orders to be in readi- ness to march. The two regiments of Transylva- nia are already gone, and have carried with them their recruits, whom they had not time to clothe. The artillery, which is at Budweis, is to be conveyed in waggons, to Inner Austria, whither great quantities of ammunition have been sent. Besides the troops in Italy, two large camps will be formed near Pettau, in Styria, and near Warradin.

Count Cobenzel is extremely ill. The archduke Rainier has been appointed minister of the interior. It is reported that foreign troops are about to enter the Valteline and the Pays de Vaud.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, July 18.

A king's messenger, with dispatches from general Sir Eyre Coote, K. B. arrived at Cork on Friday last from London. It was expected that the general would immediately embark for Jamaica. Four regi- ments of infantry, it was understood, would accom- pany him—the 89th, 93d, 8th and 83d. The trans- ports at Cove, not employed in this embarkation, were to return to Portsmouth. The 24th regiment was to disembark, to do duty at Middleton.

July 22.

Admiral Cornwallis, on being apprized of the re- turn of the combined fleets to Europe, recalled a Squadron of five sail of the line, which he had de- tached under the orders of Sir Richard Strachan, with a view, as was supposed, to reinforce the Rochefort and Ferrol squadrons.

The French and Spanish force in the harbour of Ferrol, is now ascertained to amount to thirteen sail of the line, besides frigates. It was supposed they would put to sea the first opportunity, and run for Corunna Bay, in order to give our Squadron off there the slip.

July 23.

Houraschid Pacha, governor of Egypt, has inform- ed the Porte, that the chief of the Arnauts, Scid Mahomet Ali, has refused obedience to him and to the Porte, on account of the arrears of pay, and has actually headed the troops under his command against that general and the Turks, in consequence of which he, being the weakest, was compelled to seek shelter with his troops in the castle of Cairo, where he con- tinued when he tent the advice; also, that Eli Bey had advanced against Alexandria, with a considerable corps assembled at Rosetta, with an intention of making himself master of that place; he therefore repeatedly and very urgently prayed for a reinforce- ment, and reiterated the reasons often alleged, that the greatest detriment, and possibly the loss of Egypt, might result from it, if the Arnauts were not soon paid and dismissed. On receipt of this intelligence, the Grand Seignior immediately summoned a Divan, and the new captain Pacha has received orders to sail for Egypt without delay, with the troops and ships that were then ready, to succour Houraschid Pacha; with the assurance that a more considerable reinforce- ment would follow.

July 24.

It is reported that the troops which went out with general Craig have been landed at Malta. General Craig, who is vested with a discretionary command in the Mediterranean, remained behind at Gibraltar, but meant to follow the troops in a few days.

July 25.

Mr. Munro, the American minister, has arrived at Blake's hotel, Jermy-street, from Madrid.

American Intelligence.

VIRGINIA.

ALEXANDRIA, September 13.

The mate of the schooner Harmony, arrived yesterday from Barbadoes, via Saint Bartholomews, informs, that while they lay at Saint Bartholomews, he saw a letter from Curacao, containing information "that the British had evacuated that island five weeks before."

Captain Roberts, of the Harmony, informs, that just as he left Barbadoes a 74 gun ship arrived, supposed to be direct from England, and immediately after her coming to, there was a general firing from the forts and shipping—he supposes she must have brought news of importance.—Left at Barbadoes, captain Harper, to sail in a few days.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, September 11.

(OFFICIAL.)

The following is an extract of a letter from "Commodore Rogers, to the secretary of the navy, dated U. S. ship Constitution, June 8, 1805.

"The bashaw, conscious that by a continuance of his obstinacy, his town would fall a sacrifice to our forces in the course of this summer, proposed to us terms of peace, which left us no interest or motive in not acceding to them, as he acknowledged that he felt sensible our efforts would be sufficient to reduce his town, and oblige him to retire to the mountains. This acknowledgment at once precluded the possibility of acquiring any honour by our arms; but indeed the reverse, as it would have been persecuting an enemy, who, in anticipation of our vengeance, by his own acknowledgment, felt himself more than half vanquished, and who, perhaps, in his savage perturbation, might have carried his resentment to the sacrifice of three hundred of our unfortunate countrymen, whom chance had placed in his power."

The following is a copy of a letter from captain Hull, of the Argus, to commodore Barron, dated

"Argus, (Derne) April 28.

"Sir,

"I have the honour to inform you, that at 9 o'clock in the morning of the 27th, being about 10 miles to the eastward of the town of Derne, with the Hornet in company, we discovered the Nautilus at anchor very close to the shore, which led us to suppose that capt. Dent had fallen in with Mr. Eaton's army, as he had been sent on shore for that purpose the day before.—We made all sail for the Nautilus, and at half past 10, spoke her, and were informed by capt. Dent that he had communication with Mr. Eaton the night before, and that he wished the field pieces landed as soon as possible, that Mr. Eaton intended to make an attack as soon as he could get possession of them, being only about two and a half miles from the town of Derne, and the enemy having sent them a challenge, I hoisted out our boat and sent the field pieces on shore, with such supplies as Mr. Eaton wanted; but on approaching the shore we found it was impossible to land the guns, without hauling them up an almost perpendicular rock, 20 feet above the boat, but with the perseverance of the officers and men sent on this service, they effected the landing of one of them, by hauling it up the steep rock. Mr. Eaton finding that he should lose time in landing the other, he sent it off again, informing me that he should march for the town as soon as he could possibly mount the field piece that he had on shore. I gave lieutenant Evans orders to stand close in shore to cover the army whilst they were preparing to march in case the enemy should come out against them, as they had already made their appearance in large numbers outside of the town. I gave orders for the necessary preparations to be made for the attack by sea upon the town and batteries, and stood down very close to the town. At 2 P. M. Mr. Eaton began the attack by land, at the same time the Hornet, lieutenant Evans, anchored with springs on her cables within 100 yards of the battery of 8 guns, and commenced a heavy fire upon it; the Nautilus took her station to the eastward of the Hornet, about half a mile distant from shore, and opened upon the town and batteries; the Argus anchored a little without, and to the eastward of the Nautilus, and began firing on the town and batteries.—The fort kept up a heavy fire for about an hour, after which the shot flying so thick about them, they abandoned it, and ran into the town and gardens back; the guns of the vessels were then turned on the beach, and kept up a heavy fire upon the enemy, to clear the way for the few brave Christians Mr. Eaton had with him to enter the fort, as they were gaining ground very fast, though a heavy fire of musketry was constantly kept up upon them, from behind the houses and old walls near the shore.

At about half past 3 we had the satisfaction to see lieut. O'Bannon, of the marine corps, and Mr. Mano, midshipman of the Argus, with a few brave fellows with them, enter the fort, haul down the enemy's flag, and plant the American ensign on the walls of the battery. On turning the guns of the battery on the town, they found that the enemy had left them in

* Commodore Barron, owing to the debilitated state of his constitution, was constrained to resign the command of the squadron to captain Rogers, on the 22d of May.

great haste, as they were primed and loaded at their hands. Whilst our men were turning the guns of the battery on the town, Hamet Bashaw had taken possession of the back part of it, which brought the enemy between two fires, that soon silenced them; and about 4 in the afternoon we had complete possession of the town and fort; sent all our boats on shore for the purpose of carrying ammunition to the fort, and to bring off the wounded men as soon as possible, that they might be dressed. Mr. Eaton gave the necessary orders at the fort, and went into the town to see every thing quiet, and to make arrangements for its being well guarded during the night. At half past 5 he returned on board, to get his wound dressed, having received a musket ball through his left wrist. On collecting our men, we found one killed and thirteen wounded—a list of which is enclosed.

"I have the honour to be, Sir,

"Your obedient humble servant,

(Signed)

"ISAAC HULL."

List of killed and wounded at the taking of Derne.

John Wilton, marine, killed,	} wounded.
William Eaton, Esq;	
Captain Lucca, a Greek,	
David Thomas, } marines,	
Bernard O'Brien, } marines,	
And nine Greek Christians.	

PHILADELPHIA, September 9:

PLEASING INFORMATION.

Letters from our Squadron in the Mediterranean were received in town this morning, by the brig Clio, capt. Gamble, from Trieste. It is with great satisfaction we state, that they announce the complete restoration of our countrymen to freedom. They were all on board the Squadron, in good health, expecting shortly to sail for their country. Captain Bainbridge was on board the Constellation at Malta. He had demanded a court-martial on his conduct in the loss of the Philadelphia frigate; after which he meant to return home. The whole Squadron may be expected in the course of this month. The peace with Tripoli was concluded on the 4th June; of the particulars of the negotiation, and the circumstances preceding it, we are yet uninformed; but we may now momentarily expect an official exhibition from the government.

Extract of a letter from captain Bainbridge.

"On board the Constitution frigate,

Malta, June 8, 1805.

"I am here with all the officers of the late frigate Philadelphia, in good health, having been liberated in consequence of a treaty, honourable to our country, made with the bashaw of Tripoli, on the 3d instant.

"I have solicited a court of inquiry, which I expect will be held in about eight days."

September 13.

We have been informed, and we believe it to be true, that all the principal Jews at Algiers have been massacred by the rabble.

September 16.

COMBINED FLEETS ARRIVED AT VIGO.

Captain Elwell, arrived here last evening, in 35 days from Lisbon, informs, that the day previous to his sailing, (Aug. 4,) positive accounts were received at that place, that the French and Spanish combined fleets arrived at Vigo, a few days previous, safe and found!—An English frigate was lying at Lisbon at the same time the news was received, entirely stripped, but in eight hours she was completely rigged and sailed over the bar, to give the information to lord Nelson, who, but a few days before was at Tetuan Bay.

Captain Elwell furnished us with the following extracts of letters from Spain, received by Gould, Brothers and Co. of Lisbon.—"Seville, July 24, The strict blockade observed by the English on all neutral vessels, whether outward or inward bound, of which very few are able to elude their vigilance, so that the arrivals at this port and Cadiz are very inconsiderable of late."—"Cadiz, July 23, Trade is at a perfect stand, owing to the rigid blockade and interruption of our intercourse with the interior. This measure has been adopted to prevent the propagation of the epidemic fever, which thank God has not visited us hitherto this season."—"Cadiz, The blockade of our port is actually carried on with the utmost rigour, so much so, that several vessels that lately sailed from hence, laden with salt and wine, have been sent into Gibraltar for adjudication. This circumstance has been productive of a reprehension of the neutral consuls here to the British admiral, whose answer we are sorry to say has not been attended with any success; it is, however, their intention to make fresh application, which is to be sent off tomorrow by a flag of truce;—mean-while our trade is completely at a stand."—"Cadiz, July 23, I have now to inform you, that in consequence of an application by the neutral consuls at this place to the admiral of the English fleet, we are apprized that henceforward both this port and that of St. Lucar, will be strictly blockaded." [Boston Gaz.]

Captain Sheldon, arrived at Providence, in 39 days from St. Lucar, says, that at the time of his leaving St. Lucar, that port and Cadiz were under a very close blockade by the Squadron commanded by admiral Collingwood, who sent into Gibraltar all vessels from either of these ports having any kind of merchandise on board. The consuls at Cadiz had remonstrated without effect.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, September 19, 1805.

COMMUNICATION.

THE release of our brave countrymen from Tripolitan captivity, is an event that is not only pleasing to the Philanthropist, but must also produce universal exultation throughout our country, particularly as their deliverance is said to have been effected by extraordinary valour and bravery, truly honourable to the national character. Many of them, (perhaps the whole,) have already arrived to the bosom of their country, to receive the welcome and affectionate embraces of their friends and connexions. The Citizens of Annapolis, second perhaps to no other section of the Union for patriotism and manly sympathy, manifested the lively interest they felt, yesterday, on the occasion. The day was ushered in by the discharge of cannon. At 10 o'clock, Capt. Davall's company of Infantry, joined by a detachment of Capt. Muir's company of Artillery, commanded by Lieut. Gwin, assembled at the usual place of parade, from whence they proceeded to the College-Green, where they performed a number of Evolutions and Firings in a handsome military style, and concluded with a Discharge of Eighteen Guns.

On the 10th inst. arrived in Hampton Roads, the United States frigate President, commodore Barron, captain James Barron, in 38 days from Gibraltar, having on board captain Bainbridge, his officers, and part of his crew.—Commodore Barron has returned in very bad health.

Some provision, says the Norfolk Public Ledger, but what, we cannot understand, is made for the ex-bashaw; his wife and family, who were detained as hostages, are to be liberated.

The President left Syracuse the 7th July: The following was the distribution of the American Squadron at that time. The frigates Constitution, Constellation, and Essex, with the brigs Syren and Vixen, and bombketch Hornet, were at Syracuse; the Argus had sailed for Egypt, and the Nautilus for Mexico. The frigate John Adams and two gun boats anchored the day the President sailed. General Eaton failed for the United States in a merchant vessel. The ex-bashaw was at Syracuse when the President failed.

Returned in the President.

William Bainbridge, captain, Jacob Jones, 2d lieutenant, Keith Spence, purser, Benjamin F. Read, lieutenant, promoted, James Gibbon, do. do. Daniel T. Patterson, do. do. William Osborne, lieutenant marines, James Biddle, midshipman, Robert Gamble, do. William Cutbush, do. Wallace Wormley, do. James Renshaw, do. Nicholas Harwood, surgeon's mate, Jonathan Cowdry, do. William Anderson, captain's clerk, George Hodge, boatswain, Joseph Douglas, sailmaker, Richard Stevenson, gunner.

Remained in the Mediterranean.

Lieutenants David Porter, Theodore Hunt, Benjamin Smith, Bernard Henry, master, Doctor John Ridgely remains as charge de affairs for the United States at Tripoli, Simon Smith midshipman, and William Godby, carpenter.

Defeat of the Combined Fleet.

From the (Boston) Colum. Centinel of the 11th inst. Wednesday, 11, A. M.

The Sally, from Liverpool, has just arrived—brings London papers to August 10th. The French and Spanish combined fleets from the West-Indies, consisting of 20 sail of the line, 10 frigates, 1 regular ship, were fallen in with by admiral Calder, with 11 sail of the line, and who attacked them, took 2 Spanish sail of the line, and sunk a frigate—remained in sight 2 days after, when the combined fleet disappeared—Admiral Calder went to the blockade of Ferrol, and with admiral Nelson, Collingwood and Cornwallis, formed a complete cordon to prevent their reaching port. When the French found the Spaniards disabled, they fired into them, which so exasperated them that they gave the British their private signals and the whole plan of their destination. We have not room nor time to be particular.

From the (Balt.) Federal Gazette of Sept. 15.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT AT PHILADELPHIA. Philadelphia, Sept. 14, 1805.

"GENTLEMEN,

"Arrived this afternoon, ship London Packet, captain M'Dougall, in 32 days from London. Dates to the 10th ultimo. Their contents may be considered important, inasmuch as they announce an engagement between the combined French and Spanish fleets and the Squadron under Sir Robert Calder; the former consisting of 23 sail of vessels, the latter of 14. The action took place on the 22d of July, off Cape Finisterre, in a very thick impenetrable fog, the wind favouring the combined fleets. It continued four hours, when night coming on, they parted—two Spanish 84's being captured, besides considerable damage being done to the others. The British ship Windsor, a 94, was almost entirely dismantled. The last accounts from the British fleet announced a prospect of the renewal of the engagement; and a probability existed that lord Nelson would also meet with them.

"Mr. Bowdoin in England the 30th." "Alto arrived, 32 days from Bou French fleet of 34 ship—steering W. the West-Indies."

From t

PRIVATE

We are at the communication of us, that between us, logne flotilla are readiness for fail board a confidenc preparing to fail should the enemy on the approach doubt as to the every reason to w glorious an oppon Corican desperat

Arrived this Nicholson, from Saturday evening, directly went off, his dispatches is immediately for appeared in fight totally dismasted There can be no of the enemy's brig Moucheron speak the above quite anxious he arrived the Pan lazaretto, conv P. S. Orders India fleet to fa

Two in the speeling the del ized by the ex Squadron of fift French and Sp from the West disabled, have length the Win made her appe miral's ship, of a mast standi tow a Spanish learned at pre them off the c since, most v lantly, and th lurch, as blue ships, flying i lingwood or G the former w sides was few of the marine Barleir, besic brave seamen

An express agreeable inf is rejoicing i this importan Castle, 98, b fought most 22d July, f had the weat in are, San and have six bable the 8 intercept th Rochefort fo enemy 14 F 3 brigs, and Five P. A four fail to

"This d the arrival Boyley, on been cruisi 36 guns, 40 guns, two latter viz. the Sa 74 guns, miral, bot from Cape Malta, of desperate suffered m fore-top-m 35 wounde and Fother lieutenant gerously. for Castle the Malta Spaniards, engaged p shed them soon went colours. of their Spanish coutch, i

brave countrymen from is an event that is not Philanthropist, but most exultation throughout as their deliverance effected by extraordinary truly honourable to the Many of them, (perhaps arrived to the bottom receive the welcome and of their friends and cons of Annapolis, second section of the Union for sympathy, manifested they felt, yesterday, on the was ushered in by the day. At 10 o'clock, Capt. De infantry, joined by a de- tur's company of Artiller- Lieut. Gwinn, assembled of parade, from whea- the College-Green, when number of Evolutions and me military style, and con- charge of Eighteen Guns.

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Colum. Centinel of the 11th inst.

Wednesday, 11, A. M.

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RESPONDENT AT PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, Sept. 14, 1805.

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" Mr. Bowdoin, our ambassador to Spain, arrived in England the 30th July.
" Also arrived, ship Lewis William, Hartwell, in 32 days from Bourdeaux. August 16, fell in with a French fleet of 34 sail—was on board the admiral's ship—steering W. S. W. Supposed them bound to the West-Indies."

From the Telegraph Extra.

LONDON, August 4:

PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE.

Deal, July 31.

We are at this moment quite on the alert. A communication from the signal post at East-Hill tells us, that between two and three hundred of the Bou- logne flotilla are now in the outer roads in apparent readiness for sailing. Blute Peter is now flying on board a considerable number of our ships, who are preparing to fail the moment the tide admits; and should the enemy not skulk back into their harbours on the approach of our Squadron, we can have no doubt as to the issue of such a combat; but have every reason to wish that our brave tars may have so glorious an opportunity of opposing British valour to Corsican desperation.

Falmouth, July 29.

Arrived this evening, the Frisk cutter, lieutenant Nicholson, from the Channel fleet, which she left on Saturday evening last. Lieutenant Nicholson immediately went off in a chaise and four. The nature of his dispatches is not known here. The Frisk failed immediately for Plymouth. Shortly after a frigate appeared in sight, having in tow a line of battle ship totally dismantled, which proceeded on for the eastward. There can be no doubt but that an action with some of the enemy's ships had taken place. His majesty's brig Moucheron failed from hence this afternoon, to speak the above, and has not yet returned. We are quite anxious here for further intelligence. Yesterday arrived the Pandour and Hornet, bound to Scilly, as lazarettes, conveyed by the Insolent gun-brig.

P. S. Orders are this moment received for the East-India fleet to fail.

Plymouth, July 30.

Two in the afternoon. At length our wishes respecting the defeat of the combined Squadron are realized by the exertions of the gallant Calder, and his Squadron of fifteen sail of the line, with the combined French and Spanish fleets of twenty fail of the line, from the West-Indies. Several ships dismantled and disabled, have been off and on all the forenoon. At length the Windsor Castle, of 98 guns, much disabled, made her appearance and signal with the Spanish admiral's ship, of 84 guns, in tow, a perfect wreck, not a mast standing; the Sirius, 36 guns, having also in tow a Spanish 74 gun ship disabled. All that can be learned at present is, that admiral Calder attacked them off the coast of Spain and Portugal, some days since, most vigorously. The Spaniards fought gallantly, and their allies, the French, left them in the lurch, as usual. Calder was pursuing the disabled ships, flying in all directions, and it was hoped Collingwood or Cornwallis would come in for a share, as the former was off that station. The loss on both sides was severe; three officers were killed, and one of the marines of the Windsor Castle, and one of the Barbours, besides several of inferior rank, and many brave seamen and marines fell in the action.

An express is just gone off to government with the agreeable information of this great news. All here is rejoicing in every part of the town and dock at this important victory. At this crisis the Windsor Castle, 98, had four ships on her an one period, and fought most bravely. This action was fought on the 22d July, from 4 P. M. until 9 P. M. The enemy had the weather gage; the two Spanish ships brought in are, San Raphael, 90, and La Firma, 74 guns, and have six hundred killed and wounded. Most probable the fleet under Collingwood, off Cadiz, will intercept them, and Calder is at their heels. The Rochefort Squadron made Calder 15 fail of the line; enemy 14 French, 6 Spanish of the line, 6 frigates, 3 brigs, and the Cayenne, taken from us.

Five P. M.—A signal is now up at Market for four fail to the westward.

Extract of another letter.

" This day at noon we had the pleasure to witness the arrival of the Windsor Castle, 98-guns, capt. T. Boyles, one of Sir R. Calder's Squadron, which has been cruising off Ferrol; also the Sirius frigate, of 36 guns, capt. W. Prowfa; and L'Egyptienne, of 40 guns, capt. hon. C. E. Fleming; each of the two latter having in tow a Spanish ship of the line, viz. the San Raphael, of 80 guns, and El Firma, of 74 guns, the former bearing the flag of a rear-admiral, both captured on the 22d instant, 45 leagues from Cape Finisterre, by the Windsor Castle and Malta, of 80 guns, capt. E. Buller, after a very desperate action, in which the Windsor Castle had suffered much in her hull, sails, and rigging; the fore-top-mast shot away, 10 of her crew killed, and 35 wounded, among the former are lieutenants Carey and Foster, and the lieutenant of marines; the first lieutenant is wounded in the shoulder, but not dangerously. The Spanish ships led the van; the Windsor Castle being the van ship of the British fleet, with the Malta next her, it fell to their lot to engage the Spaniards, and the Windsor Castle was at one time engaged with the whole of the Spanish ships, but plied them in such a true British style that their masts soon went by the board, and they hauled down their colours. The French observing the rough treatment of their friends, stood away; and the four remaining Spanish ships not deeming it prudent to hold a longer contest, followed them. Admiral Calder, with 14

fail of the line pursued, and there is every reason to believe and hope that in the course of a very few hours he came up with them, and the result of which little doubt can remain.

" It is also reported, that admiral Nelson was within a few hours fail of the enemy."

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed out of the western shore general court, will be EXPOSED at PUBLIC SALE, for cash, on Saturday the 28th of September; instant, at Mr. J. Gwinn's tavern,

ONE tract of land called Walker's Inheritance, containing 640 acres; also part of a tract called Plummer's Pasture, containing 120 acres, taken as the property of James Walker; and will be sold to satisfy a debt due William Alexander.

JASPER E. TILLY, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

NOTICE.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery, will be SOLD, on Tuesday the fifteenth day of October next, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, at 12 o'clock, if not previously sold at private sale,

THE house and lot in the city of Annapolis, ad- joining the houses of Mr. William Glover and Mr. Edward Roberts, fronting on Church-street; it is supposed that any person inclined to purchase will make themselves acquainted with the property, previous to the day of sale. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall give bond, with approved security, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within twelve months from the day of sale. A clear and indisputable title will be given to the purchaser on payment of the whole purchase money.

ANNE JACOB, Trustee.

N. B. The subscriber has on hand a small house frame for sale. A. J.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of THOMAS DRANE; late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 17th day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 17th day of September, 1805.

HEZEKIAH HOWLOWAY, Administrator.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT on the 3d day of October next, a distribution will be made, at the house of JOHN RINE, in Cumberland, of the assets of JOHN BRYAN, an insolvent debtor, released from gaol, according to the provisions of the act of assembly, passed at March session, 1774, entitled, An act for the relief of insolvent debtors.

The creditors of said John Bryan will attend at the time and place aforesaid, with their claims properly authenticated, otherwise they will be precluded from any proportion of said assets.

L. HILLEARY, Sheriff of Allegany county, Maryland.

Cumberland, September 5, 1805.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly of this state, for an act to release me from debts which, from misfortune, I am unable to pay.

GEORGE W. SYKES.

Lower-Marlbrough, September 4, 1805.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having obtained from the or- phans court of Prince-George's county, letters of administration on the estate of JOHN BOWIE DUCKETT, deceased, requests all those who have claims against the deceased to exhibit them, properly authenticated, and those indebted to make immediate payment.

ALLEN B. DUCKETT, Administrator.

September 16, 1805.

MR. PISE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gen- tlemen, that he intends to open a night Draw- ing School for young gentlemen, from the first of Oc- tober. The terms will be 12 dollars per quarter, half to be paid in advance. Those who are inclined to learn drawing are requested to call at his house and subscribe; the students will furnish themselves with chalks, porte crayons, and paper.

September 10, 1805.

Fifteen Dollars Reward,

WILL be given for apprehending negro URIAH, who broke gaol and made his escape on the night of the 17th inst. he is a bright mulatto, 18 or 20 years old, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; very straight, and handsome; his clothing a country cotton shirt, brown broad cloth coat, with plain gilt buttons, nan- keen pantaloons, and felt hat; he was committed by the name of JOHN THOMAS, which name he will probably again assume, and try to pass for a free man. The above reward will be paid for delivering him at the gaol from whence he escaped, or securing him in any other.

JAMES COOKE, Sheriff of

August 19, 1805. St. Mary's county.

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

THE WIDOW TO HER INFANT IN THE CRADLE.

[By Mrs. B. HOLE, of Sheffield, England.]

BLOSSOM of Hope! whose cherub smile Can all thy Mother's woes beguile; Sweet bud of comfort! in whose face Her sorrowing eye delights to trace, Through every feature, opening fair, An image of thy father there! Ah! gentle germ of joy unborn; Pale beam of an o'ershadow'd morn; How shall thy Mother's soul express Her hope, her fear, her soft distress; As bending o'er thy cradled form, She deprecates life's fatal storm! And prays, with all a parent's fears, For blessings on thine early years: Ah, babe beloved! condemn'd to bloom, A floweret on thy Father's tomb; Unmindful thou, that sorrow's power, Hath mark'd thee from life's earliest hour, Wreckless of many a bitter tear That flow'd upon thy father's bier; And many a briny torrent shed Upon thine own unconscious head; Yet while thy little cheek hath prest Thy hapless Mother's throbbing breast, No tongue could urge a plea like thine To soothe a breaking heart like mine, Pour through the breast so sweet a charm, And e'en despair's fell pang disarm.

RUIN'D MARY.

THE shrill gust whistles o'er the plain; The herds their evening shelter seek; And fast descends the beating rain, That pierces MARY's pallid cheek. Poor Girl! she wanders 'mid the storm, Nor knows her path is wet and dreary— For reason fled her lovely form, When love betray'd poor RUIN'D MARY. Her dim eye scarce the path discerns; Her tatter'd vestment mock the blast; Her wounded heart with madness burns, And to the cliff she wanders fast. Yet I remember well the day, When she was like the rambling fairy; Among the gayest she was gay, Till love betray'd poor RUIN'D MARY. 'Twas in yon vine-surrounded grove, A lover won her virgin heart; 'Twas in yon fragrant sweet alcove She first confess'd love's treach'rous snare. 'Twas there the voice of art beguil'd A heart that knew not to be weary, Seduction's fiends successful snail'd, And triumph'd over RUIN'D MARY. She sad and mournful pass her days, For innocence hath fled her breast; And wild the fangs her heartless lays, When darkness lulls the swains to rest. High on the jutting cliffs she stands, Like some desponding wand'ring fairy; In robes of white with folded hands, And breathes a prayer for RUIN'D MARY.

LINES WRITTEN AT SEA.

On the deck in the silence of night, I watch'd the pale moon in the west, When the billow reflected her light, In fancy's gay vision express; All the woes my fond bosom e'er bore, From remembrance were sever'd and free; And I saw not the cloud passing o'er, Till it figur'd the emblem of me. While the dim cloud was melting in air, Her mild splendour again I discern'd, Not so, I exclaim'd in despair, Have the smiles of my ANNA return'd; As the Heavens, my love was o'ercast, But the scene is still gloomy and drear, For the dark shade of sorrow when pass, Left the prospect enshrin'd in a tear.

FARMERS BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Books will be opened at Annapolis on the 27th, and continue open on the 28th and 30th September next, for the disposal of 6392 shares in the Farmers Bank of Mary- land, being the number not heretofore taken, in the several counties on this shore.

Persons inclining to take shares, will be pleased to observe, that fifteen dollars per share are to be paid, because original subscribers, will have paid three in- stalments before the above stated 27th September.

By order of the Directors,

JOHN MUIR, president.

Annapolis, 15th August, 1805.

N. B. Books will be opened at Easton, on the afore- said days, for the disposal of shares on the Eastern shore.

WE are authorized to say, that Doctor JOHN GASSAWAY, of Rhode river, will be a candidate at the ensuing election, for one of the representatives of Anne-Arundel county to the legislature. Rhode river, March 27, 1805.

NOTICE.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery of the State of Maryland, will be SOLD, on Monday the thirtieth day of September, instant, at twelve o'clock, at Rawlings's tavern, in Anne-Arundel county, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,

A TRACT of land, in Anne-Arundel county, called Benjamin's Content, containing one hundred and three acres and seven eighths of an acre, whereon John Hardesty, deceased, formerly lived, and adjoining the land of Mr. Zachariah McCuey; the improvements are, a small dwelling-house, some small out houses, and an orchard of good fruit trees. The soil is good, and well adapted to the cultivation of tobacco. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall give bond, with approved security, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within twelve months from the day of sale.

NICHOLAS BREWER, Trustee.
September 6, 1805.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the 27th instant, at the subscriber's house, in Annapolis, THE personal property of THOMAS DAVIDSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, consisting of one negro boy, 12 or 13 years of age, one bed and furniture, some wearing apparel, and a saddle and bridle.

WILLIAM JOHNSON, Administrator.
September 9, 1805.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed out of the general court, will be EXPOSED at PUBLIC SALE, for cash, on the sixth day of October next, at Mr. John Gwinn's tavern,

ONE hundred acres of land, called Walker's Inheritance, taken as the property of James Walker to satisfy a debt due the State of Maryland.

J. E. TILLY, Sheriff.
September 6, 1805.

A SALE.

By virtue of an order of the chancellor of Maryland, will be SOLD, on Monday the 30th day of September, at 11 o'clock, at Elliott's tavern,

THE following property of ROBERT WILLIAMS, a lunatic, viz. 4 valuable work horses, 11 head of cattle, one good strong cart, and sundry plantation utensils, too tedious to mention. The above property will be sold, subject to the ratification of the chancellor, and if ratified by the chancellor, the property to be delivered on the purchasers giving bond, on interest, with approved securities.

JEROM PLUMMER, Trustee.
September 9, 1805.

At the same time and place will be sold, on six months credit, an excellent wagon and gear.

Pursuant to a decree of the honourable the chancery court of the State of Maryland, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock, A. M. at the tavern of Mr. John Gwinn, on Monday the 7th day of October next,

A LARGE 3 story new brick DWELLING-HOUSE, on the market space, in the city of Annapolis, formerly the property of John Wells, deceased, adapted for a store and dwelling-house, with a brick kitchen adjoining, and pump of water on the premises, a walled in back yard, at present occupied by Mr. Jacob Slemaker; the house is commodious, pleasant, and healthily situated, close to the basin and market; this property is in fee-simple, and will be sold on a credit of 12 months, for bonds, bearing interest, with approved security.

At which time and place, and on the aforesaid terms, will be exposed likewise to sale, a small brick house, in fee-simple, occupied by a certain Darby McNemara, adjoining the assembly room, in the city aforesaid, well calculated for a lawyer's or sheriff's office, and on receipt of the purchase money, and the chancellor's ratification of the sale, a good deed or deeds will be given to the purchaser or purchasers of any part, or the whole, by

JOHN ROSS, Trustee.
N. B. The title will be known at the time of sale, or previous thereto, by application to the trustee.
September 9, 1805.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of CHARLES PENNINGTON, deceased; and whereas the property of the deceased was heretofore sold by Richard Cromwell, sen. without administering, therefore all persons indebted for articles purchased at the sale made by the said Richard Cromwell, sen. are requested to make payment to the subscriber, or suits will be commenced against them.

WILLIAM PENNINGTON, Administrator.
September 6, 1805.

WAS committed to my custody as a runaway, on the 12th instant, a negro man who calls himself SAM, and says he is the property of a certain Mr. SHARP, of Gloucester county, Virginia: he is very black, appears to be forty years old, has lost part of his teeth, five feet ten inches high, stout and well made, very much scarred on his back with the whip; his clothing an old hat, old cloth jacket and pantaloons, and old osnabrig shirt. His owner is requested to take him away, he will otherwise be sold agreeably to law for his gaol fees.

JAMES COOKE, Sheriff of
St. Mary's county.
August 12, 1805.

Anne-Arundel county, lct.

WHEREAS JOSEPH MCENEY, collector of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, hath this day returned to the commissioners of the tax of said county the following list of lands in said county, on which there is no personal property to pay the said taxes, to wit:

Names of persons; names of land, and amount of tax.

	L.	S.	D.
George and Edward Calvert, lots in the city of Annapolis,	1	15	3
Benjamin Oden, for Mrs. West, ditto do.	2	5	6
Margaret Pryle, ditto ditto,	0	18	8
John Wells, ditto ditto,	3	1	6
John Welch, shoe-maker, ditto ditto,	5	2	1
John Steele, Baltimore, ditto ditto,	1	0	2
John Bullen, ditto ditto,	0	13	3
Francis Campbell, ditto ditto,	0	18	0
Eleanor Hewitt, ditto ditto,	0	18	2
John Wells, part Todd's Range,	0	5	6
Mary Hesselius, part Young's Inn,	8	1	3
Mark Johnson's heirs, Welton, Ginfwill, and Meek's Rest,	0	5	0
Margaret Sappington, part Grindstone;	0	17	8
Charles Griffith, Hickory Neck, and part Partnership,	5	15	6
Horatio Johnson, land name unknown,	1	15	3
Valentine Brown, part Hebron, and part Bachelors Choice,	0	17	0
Vachel Barnes, part Invasion, and Any Thing,	1	5	6
John Cornelius, Carter's Rocks, and Patapco Mill Seat,	2	1	0
Ely Brown, part Ranter's Ridge, part Brown's Addition, Goodfellowship,	2	8	3
John Brown, of Adam, heirs, part Invasion, part Conclusion, and What's Left,	1	9	5
Sarah Brown, part Brown's Prospect,	1	1	2
Luther Martin, Even Downy,	0	8	7
Dennis Griffith, or the heirs of Joshua Griffith, lots in Elk-Ridge Landing,	1	3	5
Charles Ridgely's heirs, lot in ditto,	0	2	0
William Urquhart, lots in ditto,	1	19	10
Samuel Godman's heirs, lots in ditto,	0	8	10
John Hood's heirs, part Invasion, Jason's Mistake, and Briar Bottom,	1	11	2
John Ashton, Campbell's Chance,	0	19	10
Elizabeth Dickerson, part 2d Addition to Snowden's Manor, part Warfield's Range,	1	9	9
Samuel Owings, part Neal's Delight,	0	9	8
Samuel Godman, Sampson, Beginning, part Walkers Inheritance, Addition to Sampson, part Meadows, Henderson's Meadows, Timber Level, Godman's Search, Young's Locust Plains, Addition to Something or Other,	2	18	0
Doctor Samuel Stringer, Pleasant Plains, Croffes Forest, Hobb's Addition, and Stringer's Advantage,	6	12	6
William Smith, Baltimore, part Weedy Glade,	1	0	10
John Walham, part Timber Ridge,	1	11	10
Mary Leatherwood, part Support to Small Quantity,	0	5	10
Stephen Price, part Walker's Inheritance,	0	17	1
Luther Martin, part Indian Lane, Addition to Good for Little,	8	11	6
Richard Shipley, part Stamp Act Repealed,	0	14	0
William Wood, part Forest Range,	0	3	11
Thomas Waters, Woodstock Enlarged,	0	15	5
Hugh Finley, Its to be or not to be,	0	15	4
Talbot Shipley, trustee of George Shipley, part Shipley's Adventure,	1	12	0
Nathan Hammond, executor of Aquila, part Chestnut Hill, and Tarecoat Thicket,	1	4	6
Isaac Pollock, Blooming Plains,	4	1	4
Ephraim Gaither, part Brown's Enlargement,	0	14	6
Jacob Cramblin's heirs, part Walter Worthington's Land,	1	7	5
Philemon Spencer, Shipley's Purchase,	1	2	8
Martin Norris, part Hawkin's Addition, and part Saint-Thomas's Neck,	0	17	1
Thomas Cook, Birkhead's Lot,	1	13	0
William Smith, Miles Chance,	1	1	11
Benjamin Galloway, Taylor's Settlement,	13	9	7
Anne Caton, lots in London-town,	0	4	4
Randolph B. Latimer, lots in ditto,	0	2	3
Jacob Joice, part Jacob's Improved Purchase,	1	17	2
Thomas Spurrier, part Best Success,	0	9	11
William Boyce's heirs, part Holland's Choice,	0	13	3
James Hawkins, part Duncan's Choice, and Murphey's Lot,	0	8	9
Rezin Hawkins, part Murphey's Lot,	0	8	11
Hockley Company, land name unknown, part Yates's Inheritance, and part Howard's Range,	1	5	0
Thomas Mortimer, Timber Neck,	1	19	9

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT unless the county charges aforesaid are paid within thirty days after the publication of this notice, that the said lands, or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the tax and costs thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder, agreeably to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this State.

By order,
NICH: HARWOOD, Clk.
August 27, 1805.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of two writs of venditioni exponas to me directed out of the general court, will be EXPOSED at PUBLIC SALE, for cash, on the 30th day of September, 1805, at Mr. John Gwinn's tavern,

THREE hundred and eighty acres of LAND, called MIDDLETON PLANTATION, two negro men, one by the name of Jack, one ditto named Benjamin, taken as the property of Richard Hall, of Edward, to satisfy a debt due William Hall, wife of Nicholas Hall.

J. E. TILLY, Sheriff.
September 3, 1805.

Annapolis Races.

THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE OF THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS, will be run for, over the Annapolis course, on Tuesday the 22d day of October next, heats four miles each, carrying weights agreeable to the rules of the club.

On Wednesday the 23d day of October, the COLT'S PURSE of ONE HUNDRED and FIFTY DOLLARS, will be run for, heats two miles each.

On Thursday the 24th day of October, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of about ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be run for, heats three miles each.
September 4, 1805.

Lands for Sale.

THE subscriber will SELL, at private sale, his part of two tracts of LAND, lying on the Head of Severn, called Friendship and What you Please, where Lydia and Sufanna Gambrill now live; also fifty acres, within four miles of said land, all wood-land. A very accommodating credit will be given, on the purchaser giving bond, with approved security.

AUGUSTINE GAMBRILL.

August 14, 1805.

Sixteen Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, in Anne-Arundel county, five miles from South river ferry, on Monday the tenth instant, a black negro man named CHARLES, with short wool on his head, about five feet nine or ten inches high, twenty-two years of age, he stutters very much when talked to, and is stout and well made for strength; had on and took with him, two new ticklenburg shirts, a white country cloth jacket and trousers, much worn, a pair of coarse shoes, an old felt hat, with the crown sewed in with yarn; it is supposed he will change his name and dress, and endeavour to pass for a free man, by getting a forged pass, perhaps he will make for Baltimore-town, the city of Washington, or Frederick-town, as he has some relations in that part of the country. Whoever takes up and delivers the said negro man to the subscriber, or secures him in any gaol, so that I get him again, shall be entitled to receive the above reward.

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

June 17, 1805.

All masters of vessels are forewarned from carrying the said negro man off at their peril.

To the VOTERS of Anne-Arundel county and the City of Annapolis.

Gentlemen,
FOR the honour you once conferred on me, in making me your choice as sheriff of Anne-Arundel county, and particularly for the zeal you manifested on that occasion, I offer you my warm and sincere thanks; having reason to hope that my official conduct, during three years, met your approbation, and that you have had no cause to regret your choice, I flatter myself that your confidence in me has not diminished. Presuming therefore on your future support, and being solicited by numerous friends, I take the liberty of declaring my intention to offer as a candidate at the next election for sheriff; should I be so happy as to obtain your suffrages, every effort of mine shall be used to discharge, with propriety, the various and important duties of that office. I remain, gentlemen, with every sentiment of respect, your humble servant,

JOHN WELCH.
Annapolis, September 18, 1804.

To the VOTERS of Anne-Arundel county and City of Annapolis.

GENTLEMEN,
FROM the promised support of many of my fellow-citizens, I am encouraged to offer myself a candidate for the next SHERIFFALTY of this county. Should I be honoured with your support on that occasion, you may rest assured, that every exertion on my part will be used to discharge the duties that will necessarily devolve on me, with industry and fidelity. I am, Gentlemen,
Your ob't. serv't.

JOSEPH MCENEY.
April, 1805.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly of Maryland, for an act of insolvency, to release me from debts which I am unable to pay.
August 13, 1805.

ISAAC PEACH.
ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

SALE.
conditioni exponas to me di.
eral court, will be EX.
SALE, for cash, on the
1805, at Mr. John Gwinn's
d eighty acres of LAND,
PLANTATION, two negro
Jack, one ditto named Ben.
erty of Richard Hall, of
due William Hall, use of
J. E. TILLY, Sheriff.

is Races.
UB PURSE OF THREE
LLARS, will be run for,
fe, on Tuesday the 22d day
four miles each, carrying
rules of the club.
23d day of October, the
ONE HUNDRED and
will be run for, heats two
th day of October, a SUB-
of about ONE HUNDRED
for, heats three miles each.

for Sale.
SELL, at private sale, his
ts of LAND, lying on the
d Friendship and What you
Susanna Gambrell now live;
four miles of laid land, all
accommodating credit will be
r giving bond, with approved

GUSTINE GAMBRILL.

ollars Reward.

he subscriber, in Anne-Arundel
miles from South river ferry,
infant, a black negro man
with short wool on his head,
ten inches high, twenty-two
era very much when talked to,
made for strength; had on a
new ticklenburg shirt, a white
and trousers, much worn, a pair
old felt hat, with the crown
is supposed he will change his
endeavour to pass for a free man,
pafs, perhaps he will make for
city of Washington, or Freder-
some relations in that part of
ever takes up and delivers the
he subscriber, or secures him in
get him again, shall be entitled
eward.

ASSAWAY RAWLINGS.

els are forewarned from carrying
f at their peril. G. R.

Anne-Arundel county and the
y of Annapolis.

you once conferred on me, in
choice as sheriff of Anne-Arundel
aily for the zeal you manifested
offer you my warm and sincere
son to hope that my official con-
ears, met your approbation, and
no cause to regret your choice,
your confidence in me has not
ing therefore on your future sup-
by numerous friends, I take
aring my intention to offer as a
ext election for sheriff; should
to obtain your suffrages, every
be used to discharge, with pro-
and important duties of that of-
fice, with every sentiment of
e servant,

JOHN WELCH.
mber 18, 1804.

f Anne-Arundel county and City
of Annapolis.

mitted support of many of my fel-
I am encouraged to offer myself a
next SHERIFFALTY of this
be honoured with your support
may rest assured, that every ex-
will be used to discharge the duties
ly devolve on me, with industry and
Gentlemen,
ar ob't. serv't.

JOSEPH MCENEY.

OTICE.

apply to the next general assembly
for an act of insolvency, to release
which I am unable to pay.

ISAAC PEACH.

NAPOLIS:

FREDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

(LXIII YEAR.)

T H E

(No. 3063.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, SEPTEMBER 26, 1805.

Miscellany.

FROM AN ENGLISH PUBLICATION OF MAY 29, 1805.

SOCIETY OF ARTS.

YESTERDAY this Society celebrated their anni-
versary. The business was opened, according to
custom, by a speech from Ch. Taylor, Esq. the very
able and worthy secretary of this society.

The views of this society, from its first institution,
observed Mr. Taylor, have been steadily directed to
almost every object, by which mankind can be im-
proved or benefitted, and a division of its business
into nine classes have been made, for the more me-
thodical transacting thereof.

The worthy secretary next, after mentioning the
routine of business in the investigation of matters,
submitted to the society, proceeded as follows:

"It forms a part of my duty to state to this very
respectable assembly, the rewards which are this day
to be conferred in the several classes I have named,
and to notice some of the advantages likely to arise
from their labours. Permit me strongly to impress
upon your minds, that these advantages are intended
for the world at large; the members of this society
discard the narrow principles of selfish interest; mi-
nute accounts of the inventions approved, are given
in their annual volume, and the machines rewarded
are gratuitously open five days in every week, in the
repository of the society for public inspection. Agri-
culture has been long and deservedly a favourite ob-
ject with this society, as well as with the more recent
establishments of the board of agriculture, and the
numerous provincial societies, having for their objects,
the making and improving plantations of timber trees,
amelioration of land, productive rotations of crops of
grain and herbage, the preservation of such products,
improvements in agricultural implements, and the
means of contributing to the ease of labouring men.

"To the right hon. the earl of Bredalbane, who has
lately improved a large tract of land in Scotland, un-
fit for the plough, by plantations of larch, and Scotch
fir, which are now in a flourishing state, the silver
medal of the society has been voted as a mark of
their approbation.

"To Thomas Johns, Esq. of Hafod, M. P. for
Cardigan, the gold medal has been adjudged for
planting 922,000 oaks, besides other valuable trees.

"To John Christian Curwen, Esq. M. P. for Car-
lisle, the gold medal has been adjudged for his admi-
rable system of culture of beans and wheat. Upon
this principle, after a good crop of beans hath been
procured in summer, the same land has been sown
with wheat in Autumn, and more grain produced
than by a previous fallow.

"To William Taylor, of Beamish, the gold medal
has been adjudged, for improving 308 acres of land
lying waste, and rendering an estate, which cost him
in May, 1799, 2,665l. at present of the value of
9,023l. 13s.

"I feel," continued Mr. Taylor, "a particular
pleasure in noticing to you, that Capt. John Miller,
the nephew to our worthy founder, Mr. Shipley, is
entitled to a reward this session, for a pair of sheers
for clipping wool, which will prevent the sheep from
being wounded in shearing, which has frequently oc-
curred; for which invention he will receive a silver
medal.

"The necessity of enclosing land is universally
known; hawthorn fences have been found most effec-
tual, but are tedious in their growth; to obviate this
inconvenience, Samuel Taylor, Esq. of Morton, has
proved, by a variety of accurate experiments, that a
greater increase of hawthorn plants may be had from
the cuttings of the roots, than by any other mode,
and that such plants are stouter and quicker in growth;
for these experiments the society have voted him their
silver medal.

"A nice discrimination is necessary to ascertain the
progressive and comparative value of timber trees in
plantations. A communication, received from Mr.
John Farey, has shewn the method of making it, and
contains many interesting observations relative to a
plantation called Brown's Wood, belonging to the
duke of Bedford, which has been made more than 26
years, for which he will receive the silver medal.

"The attention of agriculturalists has been much
engaged in considering the best means of improving
boggy land, and much has been said on the advan-
tages of Mr. Elkington's mode of draining; but Mr.
William Smith hath improved a considerable tract of
land, where Mr. Elkington's attempt had failed, be-
longing to his grace the duke of Bedford, called
Priory Bog, and by a superficial irrigation of such
land, has brought twenty acres into firm land, pro-
ducing the most valuable herbage. The society, for
this communication, have voted him their silver medal.

"Mr. William Watson, of North Middleton, has
continued his comparative culture of turnips, and

clearly proved, by experiments, that drill husbandry
is much superior to the broad cast for this useful ve-
getable. The society have therefore voted to him the
sum of ten pounds."

Mr. Seth Bull, of Ely, who received a reward in
1802, for planting osters, has been the successful can-
didate in the same class this session, having planted
seven acres of land, for which he was entitled to the
gold medal, or thirty guineas, but has preferred the
latter.

These finishing the class of agriculture, Mr. Taylor
resumed his speech, and entered on the class of che-
mistry, nearly as follows:—

"The premiums which have been offered in this
class have been productive of great improvement in
mineralogy, dyeing, printing, varnishing, and other
arts; besides discoveries advantageous to the health
of our seamen and manufacturers. A valuable dis-
covery has been lately made by Mr. Thomas Van-
herman, for making paints with fish-oil; which are
more easily prepared, much lower in price, and more
durable for out-door work, than those usually made
with linseed oil; and are not liable to blister or scale.
He has also given a process for a white paint, to be
used in the interior of houses, and free from the nox-
ious smell attending common paint. For these in-
ventions the society have awarded to him their silver
medal and twenty guineas.

"An easy and efficacious method of cleansing fea-
thers from their animal oil, and fætid smell, by im-
mersion in clear lime-water, had been shewn, for
which the society have adjudged to Mrs. Ann Ri-
chardson, the premium of twenty guineas.

"A cheap and efficacious means of removing the
dirt from dyed silks, printed cottons, carpets and
woollen goods, has been discovered by Mrs. Ann
Morris. It is effected by the mucilaginous liquor
formed by grating raw potatoes into water, and ap-
plying the clear liquor, cold, with a sponge. This
process removes dirt without injury to the delicate
colours of silk or cloth. The society have voted to
her the sum of fifteen guineas."

Mr. Taylor proceeded to point out the good effects
of the society's premiums and bounties in the class of
manufactures; who are

Mr. William Coston, of Ludgate-hill, was presented
with the gold medal, for a substitute for Leghorn
plait for ladies hats, specimens of which he pro-
duced, and also answered several questions put to
him by his grace.

Mr. J. Beard, of Coggershall, a poor but very inge-
nious mechanic, received, what we are sorry to
confider as but rather an inadequate reward, in the
silver medal and 40 guineas, for his complete ma-
chine for forming the wire teeth of cotton and
wool-carding machines.

Mr. John Austin, of Glasgow, received a silver me-
dal, for various minor though useful improvements
of his to manufacturing machinery.

The worthy secretary then made an excellent
speech on the very great advantages which the com-
munity has reaped from the former and present labours
and rewards of the society in the class of mechanics;
and proceeded barely to state that the following pre-
miums were delivered by the noble chairman, viz.

To Mr. George Smart, ordnance-wharf, Westminster
bridge, for chimnies cleansed by mechanical means;
the gold medal.

To Mr. Gilbert Gilpin, Old Park Iron Works, Shif-
nall, for a crane for raising weights; the silver me-
dal and thirty guineas.

To Mr. John Prior, Nefield, Yorkshire, for a larum
for pocket watches; the silver medal and twenty
guineas.

To Mr. Robert Salmon, Woburn, for an improve-
ment in canal locks; the silver medal and ten gui-
neas.

To Mr. Joseph Davis, No. 14, Crescent, Kingsland
road, for a day and night telegraphs; the silver
medal and ten guineas.

To Mr. Robert Salmon, Woburn, for a geometrical
quadrant and staff; the silver medal and ten guineas.

To Mr. J. J. Hawkins, Dalby Terrace, city road,
for a machine for cutting paper and the edges of
books; the silver medal.

To Mr. John Antis, Fulneck, near Leeds, for im-
proved door latches; the silver medal.

To Mr. Andrew Flint, for an expanding band wheel;
fifty guineas.

To Mr. William Hardy, No. 1, Knowles' Buildings,
Islington, for a compensation balance; thirty gui-
neas.

To Mr. J. Watkins, No. 9, Giltspur-street, West-
Smithfield, for an improvement in time-keepers;
thirty guineas.

To Mr. John Antis, Fulneck, near Leeds, for a de-
tached escapement of a pendulum clock; twenty
guineas.

To Mr. Henry Ward, Blandford, for a new striking
clock movement; fifteen guineas.

To Mr. Thomas Parker, No. 6, Blue Cross Street,
Leicester Fields, for a machine for shoe-makers;
fifteen guineas.

To Mr. Peter Heyfert, No. 53, Bow-Street, Covent-
Garden, for a book-case bolt; ten guineas.

To Mr. Charles Le Caan, Llanelly, for a check to
carriage wheels; ten guineas.

From the (N. Y.) Balance.

IMPROVEMENT.

[In December last we published the following descrip-
tion of a close Fire-Place, invented by H. G. Spaf-
ford, of Chatham, in this county. Mr. Spafford
has now obtained a patent for the invention, and
is prepared to sell by states, counties, towns or sin-
gle rights. He has also applied his improvement to
floves to be used with pipes, according to the de-
scription hereunto annexed. Edit: Bal.]

THE FIRE-PLACE.

THESE fire-places are either formed entire of cast-
iron, or they are built of common materials, having
jambs of cast-iron—the mantel a high arch. The
jambs project beyond the front of the mantel so far
that a plate of sheet iron or tin may play up and down
by and before the front of the mantel, within a groove
in the jambs. This plate fitted carefully in the groove,
and to the whole size of the front of the fire-place,
plays up and down its entire height behind the casing
of the breastwork or fire-piece, suspended by weights
so as to form an equilibrium, and is designed to close
the whole aperture of the fire-place at pleasure. In
this plate, and near the bottom, is a small door for
admitting air. This piece forms a moveable mantel,
and is the mean for converting the open fire-place
into a close flove at pleasure.

The best construction for a fire-place, regarding
convenience in the preparation of fuel, culinary pur-
poses, and warming a room, I believe to be a semi-
circular mantel, a half mitre jamb, and much higher
than they are commonly built in America. This
plate effectually guards against smoke, and it is cer-
tain that the higher the mantel, the greater the bene-
fit will be derived from the heat.

When wood is laid on which you design to kindle,
by letting down the plate to the hearth, and opening
the small door at the bottom, the air becomes so con-
centrated as to press forcibly on the fire, and occasion
it to burn very rapidly. When the fire is kindled,
raise the plate as high as may be, and yet confine the
smoke to the chimney. In dry weather the plate may
be raised much higher than common mantels; in win-
dy and damp weather, lower the plate as occasion
may require.

At the option of the builder, either stone, brick or
iron, may be used in the construction of these fire-
places. If of iron, the whole may be set apart from
the wall and derive additional benefit from the heat;
if of stone or brick, the aperture may be on any con-
struction, only with an arched mantel, and the plate
may play up and down in a groove in the jambs form-
ed of those materials. It is evident that a bed of
coals will waste as slowly behind this plate when let
down, as in the close flove, and it is demonstrable
that the heat spends as profitably. The front plate
may be painted conformable to the room, and be ex-
tremely ornamental, especially in summer, when it
may be let down and completely hide the fire-place.

The impulse to action is ever proportionate to the
quantity of heat in a heated room, and the consequent
current of air through any passage will be according
to the chance of escape; thus the benefit we derive
from fuel, when applied to the warming of our dwell-
ings, will be in exact proportion to the quantum of
heat retained and the continuance of such retention.

THE STOVE.

The ground plot is 19 inches square, (exclusive of
a semi-circular projection in the front.) The stove
dimensions are—the jambs 12 inches high, connected
by a semi-circle, the radius 18 inches. The back 12
inches perpendicular—the jambs at right angles ther-
ewith, 6 inches in height; from the front at the top
of the jambs, a projection to the back on an angle of
22 1-2 degrees, let fall to the point of intersection
by a like angle from the jambs, at the height of 18
inches. The front being continued perpendicular,
and the jambs at the top forming a half mitre with
the back, also perpendicular. The height behind, 22
inches, shaped to the back, and covered with straight
work on the top.

THE corporation of the city of New-York have
offered a premium of Five Hundred Dollars for the
first quantity of good Pit Coal, (not less than ten
chaldrons,) which shall be brought to that city from
any pit or mine in the state, within ten miles of the
sea shore, or any part of Hudson's river below the
village of Waterford.

Foreign Intelligence.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, August 3.

OUR little squadron, which is commonly stationed off Calais, under command of the Ariadne frigate, honourable captain King, has returned to the Downs, after driving about fifty sail of the enemy's flotilla, bound to Boulogne, consisting of schuyts, luggers, &c. into Calais; they were the same which a few days since were driven into Dunkirk, by the Volcano bomb. Several of the enemy's vessels were driven on shore, and others dismantled, without any damage to the English squadron.

Three Hauburg mails arrived last night. The letters by these mails confirm the departure of M. Novosiltzoff from Berlin, on his way to Petersburg. Great efforts are making to reinforce the Austrian army on the frontiers of Italy, and every thing indicates a speedy extension of the war. Unfortunately for Austria some of her states have for sometime been afflicted with a scarcity.

Private letters from Paris state, that Buonaparte returned from Italy sooner than was expected, on account of some pretended plots discovered by Fouché, and some real discontent among the troops along the coast, whose pay was, till the first of July, three months behind. Though several examples of severity have been shown, the mutinous disposition continued, and instead of abating, increased. This was particularly the case with the troops encamped near Brest, under the command of Angereau. Last month the Irish guides attached to that army, presented a petition for their pay to this general, and complained bitterly of their sufferings. The six persons deputed to present the petition were immediately shot, and the whole corps ordered to be re-organized. Some of the officers were broken, and others condemned to transportation to Cayenne.—They were all succeeded by Frenchmen, with whom the Irish guides are very dissatisfied. Two regiments of dragoons and four battalions of infantry, were, on account of their mutinous disposition, sent by Angereau to the interior, from whence, the minister Berthier, ordered them to Italy. It is reported at Paris, that when on the 21st June, Angereau ordered his army to embark on board the fleet under Gantheaume, the troops, to a man, refused to obey, until their arrears due to them were acquitted.

August 8.

We yesterday received Paris Journals to the 28th, but they contain little or nothing of continental politics. The bustle of preparation for invasion prevails all along the coast. A large body of the Imperial guard have arrived at Boulogne, and Buonaparte himself is soon expected.

It seems, indeed, as if ministers were apprehensive of some attack, as the East-India ships at Falmouth have been ordered to be ready to give every assistance upon the coast that might be required, and the Bellinqueux, their convoy, is called away to other service. The Downs squadron has been reinforced by the Ruby, Polyphemus and Princess of Orange, ships of the line.

Some doubts are entertained as to the fact of a squadron having sailed from Rochefort and L'Orient. It is certain that no other accounts of it than what the Moniteur furnishes, has been received. At the same time it is not true, we apprehend, that admiral Sterling has, since his separation from Sir R. Calder, had time to reconnoitre the harbour of Rochefort, and send home any information, as was reported he had done.

With respect to the destination of that squadron, there are various conjectures. Some think it is gone round to the Texel to join the Dutch fleet, and take troops on board, or under convoy, to attempt the invasion of Ireland, or perhaps Scotland, or the north of England. Indeed the same destination is ascribed to the combined fleets, notwithstanding their late defeat. The Dutch fleet certainly is not of force sufficient by itself to meet almost any of our squadrons; but there are a good many transports in the Texel, so that if our blockading squadron were driven off, a formidable expedition, in point of military strength, might be sent out. It is very probable that a desperate attempt will be made to effect a landing in some part of the united kingdom, to distract our attention and divide our force, before the flotilla be sent out from Boulogne. We never have for a moment believed that Buonaparte has abandoned the project of employing that armament in the invasion of England.

If it be true that the Rochefort squadron has sailed, it is the opinion of many that it is gone to the Cape and the East-Indies. In that case the expedition under Sir David Baird, which report sends thither, would be anticipated.

M. Bignon, the French minister at Cassel, has officially announced, that he would quit that court if Mr. Taylor, the English minister, should be again received there.

August 9.

We received yesterday French papers to the 1st inst. and some Dutch Journals to a still more recent date. They confirm the intelligence given in our last relative to the forward state of the enemy's preparations for the invasion of this country. In the Dutch ports, in particular, an unprecedented degree of activity prevails, and all the general officers to be employed on the occasion, are repairing to the Helder, in order to superintend the embarkation of the troops. The camp at Zeist has entirely broken up; and from every appearance the long-threatened attack of our shores will not be much longer delayed.

American Intelligence.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, September 14.

HOSTILE FLEETS.

The French and Spanish combined fleet was at Vigo the 27th July. On the 28th lord Nelson was off Cape St. Vincents, standing to the northward. The distance about 300 miles. Vigo is a port well calculated for a second exhibition of the battle of the 1st Aug. 1798. Had the combined fleet tarried but a short time there, we no doubt, should have had to record another brilliant naval affair. But we learn by captain Colleworthy, from Lisbon, that previous to the 7th August, information had been received, that the fleet had left Vigo.

September 16.

COMBINED FLEET.

By an arrival at Plymouth, from Bilbao, advices are laid to be received, informing, that admiral Calder was off Ferrol on the 12th August; and had heard nothing of the combined fleets since his engagement with them. If this news is correct, and that also which has been received from Lisbon, stating, that previous to the 7th August the combined French and Spanish fleets had left Vigo, they must have proceeded in a direction where they would be likely to fall in with lord Nelson, who was off Cape St. Vincents on the 28th July, standing towards Ferrol.

NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, September 16.

Arrived—ship Merry Quaker, Canneau, (of Boston,) in 40 days from Cadiz. Cadiz was closely blockaded by a British fleet, and the Merry Quaker was obliged to throw overboard her salt. The ship Columbus, Morris, of New-York, threw her salt overboard, and sent her wine to Algiers, where she was going to load. Capt. C. sailed from Cadiz when the signals were out for the Spanish fleet from Carthage, of 8 sail of the line—the next day, (Aug. 6) a heavy cannonading was heard, and 5 Spanish sail of the line dropped down to the mouth of the harbour of Cadiz, to join the Carthage fleet—admiral Collingwood had 7 sail of the line, and some frigates, to blockade Cadiz. Collingwood did not suffer any vessels to go into Cadiz.

KENTUCKY.

LEXINGTON, (Ken.) August 30.

By a gentleman just arrived from Orleans, information has been received, that a body of the Chickasaw, headed by captain Colbert, had made an attack on the Osages, but were cut down by the latter. This warfare in some measure confirms the various accounts hitherto published relative to the hostile intentions of the Indians, east of the Mississippi, towards the Osage nation. Colbert escaped and has returned home; but capt. Underwood, a distinguished chief of the Chickasaw, who was well known in the United States as the travelling companion of captain Lewis, the agent of Indian affairs, fell in the conflict.

VIRGINIA.

ALEXANDRIA, September 19.

The inhabitants of Alexandria had yesterday the pleasure of seeing captain Bainbridge and several of the officers late prisoners at Tripoli, arrive safe and well at Gadsby's tavern. The liberation and restoration of these brave men to their country, is a circumstance of general felicitation.

It being known that the United States frigate President, capt. J. Barron, would pass this town on her way to the navy yard at Washington, a number of our citizens crowded to the wharfs. About eleven o'clock this morning she was nearly opposite to Alexandria, and having the greater part of her sails distended, exhibited a very beautiful object—the came up slowly and majestically sailing—the marines on board being drawn up in martial array. When opposite the town she received a federal salute from capt. Longdon's artillery company, which she returned by firing 16 guns, and immediately after her band struck up Hail Columbia. This pleasing spectacle was rendered additionally grateful to the patriot, by the recollection, that the brave crew of this vessel had just returned from the dangers and hardships of a war rendered necessary by the detestable policy of Barbarians, and terminated honourably in the emancipation of their fellow-citizens.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, September 25.

While at Syracuse a court of inquiry was held on captain Bainbridge, for the loss of the late frigate Philadelphia; and after a full investigation of the whole transaction of that unfortunate day, he was most honourably acquitted. The satisfaction given by the acquittal of this valuable officer, proceeds as well from an opinion of the correctness of his conduct in this particular case, as from a sense of his merits generally. [Philadelphia paper.]

A letter from Gibraltar, dated 14th July last, mentions that Bacris, Buhachs and other principal Jews, the friends of the dey of Algiers, were murdered at Algiers, as was his favourite Jew at Oram.

The president of the United States has appointed Thomas H. Williams, Esq. secretary of the Mississippi Territory.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, September 26, 1805.

FARMERS BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Books will be opened at Annapolis on the 27th, and continue open on the 28th and 30th September next, for the disposal of 6392 shares in the Farmers Bank of Maryland, being the number not heretofore taken, in the several counties on this shore.

Persons inclining to take shares, will be pleased to observe, that fifteen dollars per share are to be paid, because original subscribers, will have paid three instalments before the above stated 27th September.

By order of the Directors,

JOHN MUIR, President.

Annapolis, 15th August, 1805.

N. B. Books will be opened at Easton, on the above said days, for the disposal of shares on the Eastern shore.

WE are authorized to say, that Doctor JOHN GASSAWAY, of Rhode river, will be a candidate in the ensuing election, for one of the representatives of Anne-Arundel county to the legislature. Rhode river, March 27, 1805.

Appointments by the President.

JOHN BRECKINRIDGE, Esq; attorney-general for the United States.

JOHN COBURN, Esq; judge of the territory of Orleans.

Extract of a letter from Havana, dated 27th August, from an American merchant there, to his friend in the city of Washington.

"A few days since our consul suddenly closed his office, and refuses granting any certificates or other consular documents, alleging as his reasons for so doing, that some circumstances had occurred between the governor and himself, in consequence of his presenting to the latter the capture of an American vessel, which would render it very imprudent and unsafe for him to continue the exercise of his official duties.—This circumstance has thrown us in the most confusion and anxiety; as it causes a considerable change in the routine of business, and excites apprehensions that property shipped from hence, unaccompanied with the usual certificates, may be subjected to capture and detention by the privateers and ships of war of the belligerent powers.

"Although I lament the cause which should have occasioned this measure, yet I believe he has very good reasons for adopting it; for, having two examples before him of the arbitrary imprisonment of American consuls in this island, it would be extreme imprudence in him to continue the exercise of his functions, subjecting himself to insult and injury, and to the ruin of individuals, and exposing his personal liberty and property to the arbitrary power of a capricious government.

"It is said he is determined on not resuming his functions, without he can have assurance of proper aid and protection in the exercise of them."

From a late London Paper.

A letter having been written to the lords of the admiralty, complaining of the depredations committed on the British commerce by the enemy's privateers cruising off the coast of America, the following answer was yesterday returned to the merchants, by the secretary to the admiralty:

"Having laid before my lords commissioners of the admiralty your letter of the 22d inst. respecting the danger to which the British commerce is exposed on the coasts of South-Carolina and Georgia, from the great number of French and Spanish privateers cruising there, I am commanded by their lordships to acquaint you, that they have sent a copy of your letter to vice-admiral Sir Andrew Mitchell, and directed him to take the necessary measures for the protection of the trade on that part of the coast.

"I am, gentlemen, your very humble servant, W. MARSDEN."

Dated 31st July, 1805.

Russia and France.—We learn by captain Ingles, from Petersburg, that war was much talked of there, and that a fleet was equipping. At Copenhagen, on the 22d July, captain Ingles was informed, by a respectable merchant, of the unfavourable issue of Novosiltzoff's mission; that the Russians had become extremely jealous of the French; and that he thought it very probable a declaration of war would be immediately made by Alexander against Napoleon. [Boston paper.]

It was yesterday reported, (says the New-Orleans Gazette, August 3,) and this morning we are told from a correct source, that the late Spanish intendant, Morales, has received orders from his court to sell all the vacant lands in East and West-Florida, and it is said sales will be immediately made even of lands within the boundary claimed by the United States.

OF DUELLING.

The general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States have testified their abhorrence of this shocking practice by resolving unanimously to discontinue it on all occasions, and to recommend it to all their ministers to refuse to attend a funeral of any person killed in a duel, and to admit no person giving or accepting a challenge, to the privileges of the church.

From a London Paper.
A very important M. de Novosiltzoff's papers, through which at that place. Bell's Weekly Messenger alluding to some of the Russian news. M. Novosiltzoff He left Berlin on is considered as the He took leave of envoy: he left contemptible proof court. It is an in so called for the in the face of all professions of peo state negotiation, Genoa into an a herself for ever, tion of every pow The Paris Mon of Berlin, contain of a foreign coun parte to the note turning to the c received for proc the views of Fr justifies all the Italy, but in the triumph and inf general pacificat of the treaty of ing and extendi he thought prop

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Directors, JOHN MUIR, President, 1805.

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27, 1805.

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Esq; attorney-general for the territory of

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[Boston paper.]

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From a London paper of August 5.

A very important note from the Russian minister, M. de Novosiltzoff, has been published in the Hamburg papers, through the influence of the British minister at that place.

Bell's Weekly Messenger, of the 4th August, after alluding to some former observations on the subject of the Russian negotiation, remarks—"In a word, M. Novosiltzoff is fled—*Essagit, coasit, erupit!* He left Berlin on the 19th June, and his departure is considered as the signal of mighty wars in Europe. He took leave with the usual decorum of a retiring envoy: he left a manifesto behind him, which is no contemptible proof of the talents and spirit of his court. It is an indictment of Buonaparte, (properly so called, for the word emperor is cautiously rifled,) in the face of all Europe, of having made swindling professions of peace, and granting passports to facilitate negotiation, at the very time he was entrapping Genoa into an act by which she was to extinguish herself for ever, and laying a snare for the subjugation of every power in Italy."

The Paris Moniteur, of the 25th July, under date of Berlin, contains, (though masked with the form of a foreign communication,) the answer of Buonaparte to the note presented by M. Novosiltzoff on returning to the court of Berlin the passports he had received for proceeding to Paris. It is a manifesto of the views of France, in which Buonaparte not only justifies all the measures he has recently taken in Italy, but in the furious and menacing language of triumph and insult, boldly claims as the basis of a general pacification, the full and complete execution of the treaty of Amiens, and the right of augmenting and extending his power whenever and wherever he thought proper.

Extract of a letter from Tunis, April 14, 1805.

"Tunis at this moment exhibits a scene of misery and distress (occasioned by famine) beyond any description. The mountaineers feed on the few roots and herbs which the country affords, and many, as the only means to support life, on the putrifying carcases of famished animals. The streets are crowded with naked bedouins, rendered ferocious by despair, whose importunate clamours call for charity, and not only render it painful, but even dangerous for a Christian to walk out. These are not evils afflicted by Heaven—they originate in the avarice and despotism of the government—and still civil commotion has not yet reared her standard. Our public affairs have been in so critical a situation for sometime, as not to render the decision of peace or war for one week certain."

DIED, on the 24th July last, on board the ship William Murdock, captain Thom, on his passage from London to Philadelphia, JOHN CHURCHMAN, in the fifty-third year of his age. About five months before he embarked, being intent on his studies through the night, until 5 o'clock in the morning, at his lodgings in London, he received a paralytic stroke, which deprived him of the power of speech, and the use of his right hand; the best medical aid and other friendly care being administered, he in some measure recovered both; at his own desire and by the advice of his friends his passage was taken, and about eight days after sailing, he calmly met the fatal stroke! by which the world has lost a useful citizen, whose researches into the cause and changes of the variation of the magnetic needle, were likely to prove very beneficial to navigation. His magnetic charts, for finding the longitude at sea, having been brought into use by a considerable number of skilful navigators, both in America and Europe, and found to be highly useful in connecting their reckonings.

To the Public of Maryland.

THERE will be a petition preferred to the next general assembly of this state, for a law to be for the opening of a canal from the head of a creek, (or near therefrom) called Marly Creek, that maketh out of a creek of Patuxent river, called Curtis's Creek, the most convenient route into the Severn river, at or near the neighbourhood of the mouth of a branch of said river called Bare Branch, nearly opposite a landing on the south side of said river called The Indian Landing, or from a place on the Severn river called and known by the name of the Governor's Landing, the most convenient route into the river Magothy called the Cypress Swamp Creek, and one other canal from the head of a creek, or near therefrom, on the north side of the said Magothy river called The Corn Field Creek, the most convenient route into a cove that maketh out of a creek of the Chesapeake bay, or Patuxent river, called The Bodkin Creek, or from the head of a creek of the afore-said Magothy river called Cuckhold's Creek, the most convenient route into a creek of Patuxent river called The Rock Creek.

Likewise for a large and commodious road to be opened, streightened, and amended, from the afore-said Indian Landing, on the south side of the river Severn afore-said, to the new bridge lately erected across the main branch of the Patuxent river, at a place commonly called and known by the name of Ashton's Ford, and for the opening and clearing out the said main branch of Patuxent river, from the said bridge to tide water, (or Queen-Anne, a small town on the west side of Patuxent river, or main branch thereof,) likewise from the said bridge so far up the main branch of said river, and its northern and western branches thereof, as it may be found necessary and convenient to do, so as to make the same navigable for flat bottomed boats, batteaux, &c.

September 25, 1805.

Will be OFFERED at PUBLIC SALE, on Tuesday the 22d of October next, if not sold at private sale before that day,

ALL that rich, valuable, and well known farm, called *Enfield Chase*, containing about 600 acres, lying in Prince-George's county, on the road leading from the city of Washington to the city of Annapolis, 18 miles from the former, 12 miles from the latter place, and a few miles from the Queen-Anne inspection; the situation of the dwelling-house (which is large and convenient) is high and healthy; there are on the land 5 tobacco houses, a carriage house, stables, and other necessary out houses, all of which are nearly new; the soil of this land is well adapted to the growth of tobacco, Indian corn, and every kind of grain, a great proportion of timber, rails, and firewood, so situated that little labour is required to make the necessary repairs; 30 acres are now in timothy, and more may be made at a small expence. Few farms in this county afford greater advantages, and flatter the industrious with greater prospects of success. The purchaser may be accommodated with grain, stock, and provender of every kind. The property will be shewn, and the terms made known, by application to the subscriber, living on the premises.

ISAAC LANSDALE.

September 14, 1805.

By virtue of these writs of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed from the honourable general court of the western shore of Maryland, will be OFFERED at PUBLIC SALE, for cash, on Monday the 21st of October next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at Mr. John Gwinn's tavern in the city of Annapolis, THE following property, to wit: one thousand acres of land, called *Harrison's Resurvey*, taken at the suit of Joshua Johnson and Benjamin Harrison, use of Joseph Court, as the property of Samuel Harrison, jun.

H. HOWARD, Late sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

September 19, 1805.

Will be SOLD, for ready money, on the 20th of October next, at the late dwelling of Richard Brown, near Pig Point, in Anne-Arundel county, SUNDRY horses, cattle, hogs, sheep, and some other articles, together with plant and tools, of RICHARD BROWN, junior, Administrator.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration, with the *ad annexed*, on the personal estate of JOSEPH SMYTH, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the eighteenth day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 18th day of September, 1805.

CHARLES D. HODGES, Adm. W. A.

In CHANCERY, September 19, 1805.

ORDERED, That the sale made by HENRY HOWARD, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Henry Nelson, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the 20th day of November next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in the Maryland Gazette before the 12th day of October next, and continued at least thrice.

The report states, that 300 acres of land, part of *Second Discovery* and *Howard's Resurvey*, and *Dorsey's Grove*, was sold for five pounds per acre, and 358½ acres, part of the two first named tracts, was sold for 7 dolls. 1 cent per acre.

True copy,

Tell. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

WAS committed to the goal of Calvert county, a negro man who calls his name JOHN BROWN, and says that he was set free by JOHN LEE, of the state of Virginia; he is about 37 years old, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high; his clothing is an old ragged shirt and trousers, and old hat. I found in his possession a pass, which is in the following words, "Gentlemen tel no person touch this John Brown for he is free born and let him go where he pleases One Thousand Seven Hundred Eighty Six Magistrates in Prince-George's County Maryland John Stone Samuel Barton and John Wallace." If his master does not release him he will be sold for his goal fees agreeable to law.

SUTTON I. WEEMS, Sheriff of Calvert county.

September 9, 1805.

ALL persons having claims on the estate of JOHN BROWN, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to make them known to the subscriber, and those having claims to exhibit them, duly authenticated, to

ROBADIAH BROWN, Executor.

This is to give notice,

THAT a number of the inhabitants of Anne-Arundel county intend to petition the next general assembly of Maryland, for an act to make public a road from the intersection of the Mount Holly ferry road, as it now runs, to cross the lower Patuxent ferry road, at or near the corner of Amasa Linticum's garden, and from thence across the plantation of Henry Hall Dorsey, Esq; to the upper wood landing on the north side of Currier's creek.

September 23, 1805.

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

REFLECTIONS.

"How sweet, at midnight's silent hour,
".....To be memory of a friend."

HOW calm and serene is the night,
How beautiful PROZAK appears,
With the silvery rays of her light,
Embossing pale Evening's tears.
Each drop seems a gem to the eye,
As it glitters the foliage among,
While to lift the rapt spirit on high,
Sad PHILOMEL raises her song.

ALCANOR, ha! thou never stray'd,
Beneath the night planet's soft beam,
When fancy has kindly pourtray'd
The form of the friend you esteem?
And have the delusions of thought
Ne'er echo'd a voice in the breeze,
Which peace to thy bosom has brought,
And sooth'd even care into ease?

Shine on, thou bright planet, serene—
An emblem of thy gentle light
My heart would appear, was it seen,
Its feelings as pure and as bright:
Far as thy splendence of drefs
The day's gorgeous planet must lend;
So each virtue or joy possesses,
Are borrow'd from those of MY FRIEND.

ALCANOR, as often alone
I wander at midnight's still hour,
How frequently fancy has shewn
Thy form, and with magical pow'r
Has whisper'd thy voice in my ear;
And methought, as you linger'd to speak,
I saw the benevolent TEAR
COMPASSION had forc'd down your cheek.

And then as I raise my full eye
To regions where happiness reigns,
I wish that the time may be nigh
When gently releas'd from its pains,
My spirit shall hover in air
Till thine, too, from sorrow shall cease;
Then united that both may repair
To rest, in the mansions of peace. [Bos. Cen.]

THE OWL AND PARROT.

BY PETER FINDAR, ESQ.

AN Owl fell desprately in love, poor soul!
Sighing and hooting in his lonely hole.—
A Parrot, the dear object of his wishes,
Who in her cage enjoy'd the loaves and fishes,
In food, and all she wanted—meat and drink,
Washing and lodging—full enough I think.
Squire Owl most musically tells this tale;
His oaths, his squeezes, kisses, sighs, prevail:
Poll cannot bear, poor heart, to hear him grieve,
So opens her cage, without a "by your leave;"
Are married, go to bed with raptur'd faces,
Rich words, and so forth, usual in such cases.
A day or two pass'd amorously sweet;
Love, sipping, cooing, billing, all their meat:
At length they both felt hungry—"What's for dinner?"
"Pray what have we to eat my dear?" quoth Poll.
"Nothing! by all my wisdom," answer'd Owl;
"I never thought of that as I'm a finner."
But Poll on something I shall put my paws,
"What say'st thou, deary, to a dish of rats?"
"Rats! milder Owl, d'ye think that I'll eat Rats?
"Eat them yourself, or give them to the cats."
Whines the poor bride, now bursting into tears.
"Well, Budy, would you rather dine on Mousie?"
"I'll catch a few if any in the house;
"Thou shalt not starve, love, so dispel thy fears."
"I won't eat rats, I won't eat mousie, I won't,
"Don't tell me of such dirty vermin—don't!"
"O that in my cage I had but tarried!"
"Polly," quoth Owl, "I'm sorry I declare,
"So delicate, you relish not our fare—
"You should have thought of that before you
"MARRIED."

NOTICE.

THAT the Levy Court of Anne-Arundel county will meet on the fourth Tuesday of November next, to receive all just claims which may be exhibited against Anne-Arundel county.

By order,

NICH: HARWOOD, Clk. L. C. A. A. C.
September 19, 1805.

A STRAY.

TAKEN up as a stray, by the subscriber, living about three miles from Spurrier's tavern, on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, a red and white spotted COW, with a bell on. The owner may have her again by proving property and paying charges.

RICHARD IGLEHART.

September 9, 1805.

LAWS OF MARYLAND.

For Sale.

A FEW sets of the LAWS from 1800 to 1804, both inclusive, handsomely bound, to be had at the Printing-Office.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of *fiat facias*, to me directed out of the western shore general court, will be EXPOSED at PUBLIC SALE, for cash, on Saturday the 28th of September, instant, at Mr. J. Gwinn's tavern,

ONE tract of land called *Walker's Inheritance*, containing 640 acres; also part of a tract called *Plummer's Pasture*, containing 120 acres, taken as the property of James Walker, and will be sold to satisfy a debt due William Alexander.

2X JASPER E. TILLY, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

NOTICE.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery, will be SOLD, on Tuesday the fifteenth day of October next, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, at 12 o'clock, if not previously sold at private sale,

THE house and lot in the city of Annapolis, adjoining the houses of Mr. William Glover and Mr. Edward Roberts, fronting on Church-street; it is supposed that any person inclined to purchase will make themselves acquainted with the property, previous to the day of sale. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall give bond, with approved security, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within twelve months from the day of sale. A clear and indisputable title will be given to the purchaser on payment of the whole purchase money.

ANNE JACOB, Trustee.

N. B. The subscriber has on hand a small house frame for sale.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of THOMAS DRANE, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 17th day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 17th day of September, 1805.

HEZEKIAH HOLLOWAY, Administrator.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT on the 3d day of October next, a distribution will be made, at the house of JOHN RINE, in Cumberland, of the assets of JOHN BRYAN, an insolvent debtor, released from gaol, according to the provisions of the act of assembly, passed at March session, 1774, entitled, An act for the relief of insolvent debtors.

The creditors of said John Bryan will attend at the time and place aforesaid, with their claims properly authenticated, otherwise they will be precluded from any proportion of said assets.

L. HILLEARY, Sheriff of Allegany county, Maryland.

Cumberland, September 5, 1805.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly of this state, for an act to release me from debts which, from misfortune, I am unable to pay.

GEORGE W. SYKES.

Lower-Marlborough, September 4, 1805.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having obtained from the orphans court of Prince-George's county, letters of administration on the estate of JOHN BOWIE DUCKETT, deceased, requests all those who have claims against the deceased to exhibit them, properly authenticated, and those indebted to make immediate payment.

ALLEN B. DUCKETT, Administrator. September 16, 1805.

Mr. PISE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen, that he intends to open a night Drawing School for young gentlemen, from the first of October. The terms will be 12 dollars per quarter, half to be paid in advance. Those who are inclined to learn drawing are requested to call at his house and subscribe; the students will furnish themselves with chalks, porte crayons, and paper.

September 10, 1805.

Fifteen Dollars Reward,

WILL be given for apprehending negro URIAH, who broke gaol and made his escape on the night of the 17th inst. he is a bright mulatto, 18 or 20 years old, 5 feet 6 or 9 inches high, very straight, and handsome; his clothing a country cotton shirt, brown broad cloth coat, with plain gilt buttons, nankeen pantaloons, and felt hat; he was committed by the name of JOHN THOMAS, which name he will probably again assume; and try to pass for a free man. The above reward will be paid for delivering him at the gaol from whence he escaped, or securing him in any other.

3 JAMES COOKE, Sheriff of St. Mary's county. August 19, 1805.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the next general assembly of Maryland, for an act of insolvency, to release me from debts which I am unable to pay.

August 13, 1805.

ISAAC PEACH.

NOTICE.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, on Monday the thirtieth day of September, instant, at twelve o'clock, at Rawlings's tavern, in Anne-Arundel county, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,

A TRACT of land, in Anne-Arundel county, called *Benjamin's Content*, containing one hundred and three acres and seven eighths of an acre, whereon John Hardesty, deceased, formerly lived, and adjoining the land of Mr. Zachariah McCeney; the improvements are, a small dwelling-house, some small out houses, and an orchard of good fruit trees. The soil is good, and well adapted to the cultivation of tobacco. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall give bond, with approved security, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within twelve months from the day of sale.

NICHOLAS BREWER, Trustee.

September 6, 1805.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the 27th instant, at the subscriber's house, in Annapolis, THE personal property of THOMAS DAVIDSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, consisting of one negro boy, 12 or 13 years of age, one bed and furniture, some wearing apparel, and a saddle and bridle.

WILLIAM JOHNSON, Administrator.

September 9, 1805.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed out of the general court, will be EXPOSED at PUBLIC SALE, for cash, on the sixth day of October next, at Mr. John Gwinn's tavern, ONE hundred acres of land, called *Walker's Inheritance*, taken as the property of James Walker to satisfy a debt due the State of Maryland.

J. E. TILLY, Sheriff.

September 6, 1805.

A SALE.

By virtue of an order of the chancellor of Maryland, will be SOLD, on Monday the 30th day of September, at 11 o'clock, at Elliott's tavern,

THE following property of ROBERT WILLIAMS, a lunatic, viz. 4 valuable work horses, 11 head of cattle, one good strong cart, and sundry plantations, too tedious to mention. The above property will be sold, subject to the ratification of the chancellor, and if ratified by the chancellor, the property to be delivered on the purchasers giving bond, on interest, with approved securities.

JEROM PLUMMER, Trustee.

September 9, 1805.

At the same time and place will be sold, on six months credit, an excellent wagon and gear.

Pursuant to a decree of the honourable the chancery court of the state of Maryland, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock, A. M. at the tavern of Mr. John Gwinn, on Monday the 7th day of October next,

A LARGE 3 story new brick DWELLING-HOUSE, on the market space, in the city of Annapolis, formerly the property of John Wells, deceased, adapted for a store and dwelling-house, with a brick kitchen adjoining, and pump of water on the premises, a walled in back yard, at present occupied by Mr. Jacob Slemaker; the house is commodious, pleasant, and healthily situated, close to the basin and market; this property is in fee-simple, and will be sold on a credit of 12 months, for bonds, bearing interest, with approved security.

At which time and place, and on the aforesaid terms, will be exposed likewise to sale, a small brick house, in fee-simple, occupied by a certain Darby McNemara, adjoining the assembly room, in the city aforesaid, well calculated for a lawyer's or sheriff's office, and on receipt of the purchase money, and the chancellor's ratification of the sale, a good deed or deeds will be given to the purchaser or purchasers of any part, or the whole, by

JOHN ROSS, Trustee.

N. B. The title will be known at the time of sale, or previous thereto, by application to the trustee.

September 9, 1805.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of CHARLES PENNINGTON, deceased; and whereas the property of the deceased was heretofore sold by Richard Cromwell, sen. without administering, therefore all persons indebted for articles purchased at the sale made by the said Richard Cromwell, are requested to make payment to the subscriber, or suits will be commenced against them.

WILLIAM PENNINGTON, Administrator. September 4, 1805.

WAS committed to my custody as a runaway, on the 12th instant, a negro man who calls himself SAM, and says he is the property of a certain Mr. SHARP, of Gloucester county, Virginia; he is very black, appears to be forty years old, has lost part of his teeth, five feet ten inches high, stout and well made, very much scarred on his back with the whip; his clothing an old hat, old cloth jacket and pantaloons, and old osnabrig shirt. His owner is requested to take him away, he will otherwise be sold agreeably to law for his gaol fees.

JAMES COOKE, Sheriff of St. Mary's county.

August 13, 1805.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of two writs of *venditioni exponas* to me directed out of the general court, will be EXPOSED at PUBLIC SALE, for cash, on the 30th day of September, 1805, at Mr. John Gwinn's tavern,

THREE hundred and eighty acres of LAND, called *MIDDLETON PLANTATION*, two negro men, one by the name of Jack, one ditto named Benjamin, taken as the property of Richard Hall, of Edward, to satisfy a debt due William Hall, wife of Nicholas Hall.

J. E. TILLY, Sheriff.

September 3, 1805.

A valuable Plantation for Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his handsome, healthy, and highly improved FARM, containing 213½ acres, situate on South river, and but 3½ miles distant from the city of Annapolis; this plantation possesses superior conveniences and advantages, being near a good market, and almost enclosed by two creeks, which furnish in their seasons abundance of wild fowl, fish and oysters; the soil is suited to the cultivation of small grain, corn, and tobacco, and peculiarly adapted to the production of all kinds of vegetables, that will at all times command ready sales, and yield perhaps the greatest profit, with comparatively the least labour. The buildings are all nearly new, consisting of a brick dwelling-house, 40 feet by 20, handsomely finished, a brick dairy and smoke house, a corn house, 24 feet by 12, a barn, 44 feet by 24, with sheds to shelter stock, and other necessary and convenient buildings, the whole erected with taste, and covered with cypress shingles. There is a very promising apple orchard, planted 10 years ago, consisting of the best kind of fruit trees carefully selected, 3 peach orchards that have been particularly attended for 6 years past, and that now produce abundantly all kinds of that delicious fruit, together with a variety of other fruit peculiar to the soil and climate. There is a well of excellent water in a convenient situation. The fencing is chiefly of chestnut post and railing, and in good repair. A further description of this well known farm is thought to be unnecessary. Those wishing to purchase will no doubt view it. The proprietor's terms will be found accommodating; as he is not in want of money, a long credit would be given, on receiving satisfactory security.

SETH SWEETSER.

N. B. Stock of all kinds, and farming utensils, are also for sale.

August 31, 1805.

Annapolis Races.

THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE OF THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS, will be run for, over the Annapolis course, on Tuesday the 22d day of October next, heats four miles each, carrying weights agreeable to the rules of the club.

On Wednesday the 23d day of October, the COLT'S PURSE OF ONE HUNDRED and FIFTY DOLLARS, will be run for, heats two miles each.

On Thursday the 24th day of October, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of about ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be run for, heats three miles each.

September 4, 1805.

To the VOTERS of Anne-Arundel county and the City of Annapolis.

Gentlemen,

FOR the honour you once conferred on me, in making me your choice as sheriff of Anne-Arundel county, and particularly for the zeal you manifested on that occasion, I offer you my warm and sincere thanks; having reason to hope that my official conduct, during three years, met your approbation, and that you have had no cause to regret your choice. I flatter myself that your confidence in me has not diminished. Presuming therefore on your future support, and being solicited by numerous friends, I take the liberty of declaring my intention to offer as a candidate at the next election for sheriff; should I be so happy as to obtain your suffrages, every effort of mine shall be used to discharge, with propriety, the various and important duties of that office. I remain, gentlemen, with every sentiment of respect, your humble servant,

JOHN WELCH.

Annapolis, September 18, 1804.

To the VOTERS of Anne-Arundel county and City of Annapolis.

GENTLEMEN,

FROM the promised support of many of my fellow-citizens, I am encouraged to offer myself as a candidate for the next SHERIFFALTY of this county. Should I be honoured with your support on that occasion, you may rest assured, that every exertion on my part will be used to discharge the duties that will necessarily devolve on me with industry and fidelity.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your ob't. serv't.

April, 1805.

JOSEPH MCENEY.

JACOB'S LAW DICTIONARY. Subscriptions for this valuable work, printing in Philadelphia, in two volumes, 4to, 20 dollars, in boards, received at the printing-office.

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