

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1862
SOMERSET HERALD, 1828

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, JUNE 1, 1915

Vol. XVII No. 43

OVATION TO SENATOR LEE AT EASTON

Somerset Was Represented At The Conference Last Friday Night

Senator Lee was in Talbot county on Friday and Saturday of the past week conferring with his friends and meeting the voters in the interest of his candidacy. His plan of campaign, there at the present time, is a personal one, going from house to house meeting each voter.

Friday afternoon quite a goodly number of friends from several nearby counties on the Shore motored to Easton to meet Senator Lee. The delegations were on hand at the Hotel Norris to greet the Senator upon his return from a tour of one of the outlying districts. An informal gathering was held in the lobby of the hotel until about nine o'clock in the evening, when the party repaired to the large hotel parlor. Here an interchange of views were indulged in as to the political situation in the several counties.

The report from each of the counties was most encouraging. The organization of the Lee forces on the Eastern Shore is developing rapidly and the census of opinion at the meeting was that the sentiment of the rank and file of the voters was decidedly with Senator Lee. Those who were present from the nearby counties to greet the Senator were as follows:

Somerset county—Messrs. Joshua W. Miles, S. Frank Dashiell, I. T. James Brown, H. L. Brittingham and Harry C. Dashiell.

Wicomico—Messrs. M. V. Brewington, Alonzo L. Miles, E. Stanley Toadvin and John L. Tomlinson.

Caroline—Messrs. Alber E. Sisk, Allan Goldsborough, J. Frank Lednum, John Proctor and others.

Kent—Mr. William B. Copper, candidate for Comptroller, Editor Collins, of the Chestertown Transcript, and others.

Automobile Accident

Littleton Horsey, a well known colored man of this vicinity, whilst driving home from Princess Anne last Saturday night, was run into by an automobile from Pocomoke City and thrown to the ground. He was picked up in an unconscious condition and was taken to Salisbury, where the hospital attendants gave but little hope of his recovery. The accident occurred near the residence of Mr. A. B. Fitzgerald. How it occurred and who was to blame, has not yet been determined. A horse belonging to Mr. Norman Mitchell, who came to the rescue, became frightened and ran away. When recovered the animal was found to be badly cut up from his wanderings.

New Ice Plant Completed

Mr. Robert F. Maddox last week opened his ice plant near the railroad station. The plant is located on a part of the property formerly owned by the Somerset Lumber Company and at one time part of the site of the Dashiell cannery establishment. The building is of frame, metal covered, measuring 60 feet by 25 feet. The plant is furnished with excellent power and the output of ice will be from five to seven tons per day. This is another of the many improvements lately made in Princess Anne and goes to show that a town with but few over 1,000 inhabitants can still be very progressive.

New Schedule On N. Y., P. & N.

Yesterday (Monday) a new schedule went into effect on the N. Y., P. & N. Railroad. Among the changes are, the southbound train now leaves Princess Anne at 2.08 p. m., instead of 2.11. Going north trains now leave Princess Anne at 7.02 a. m., 10.55 a. m., 2.13 p. m., 8.30 p. m. and 11.56 p. m. On the Crisfield branch trains now leave King's Creek at 7.45 a. m., 2.25 and 8.25 p. m., southward. The only change northward is the train leaving Crisfield at 7 o'clock p. m. instead of 6.40 p. m.

Grand Officers Visit Shekinah Lodge

Last Friday night Grand Chancellor George A. Deaver and Grand Instructor R. Fuller Shryock, of Baltimore, paid an official visit to Shekinah Lodge, No. 35, Knights of Pythias, of Princess Anne. The Grand Chancellor made an eloquent address on the principles of Pythianism, and the Grand Instructor exemplified the unwritten work. Both grand officers were well received by the members of Shekinah Lodge.

Parcel Post Sale

The Ladies Aid Society of Antioch Methodist Episcopal Church will hold a parcel post sale on Saturday evening, June 5th, in the building formerly occupied by Mr. E. G. Newton as a store, on East Prince William street, near Main, and owned by Miss Roxie Colgan. Beside the sale of parcel post packages, ice cream and cake will be served. All are invited to come.

ASKS FOR REMOVAL OF C. R. PORTER

State's Attorney Tull Says The Justice Is Incompetent And Corrupt

Gordon Tull, State's Attorney of Somerset county, has written to Governor Goldsborough asking for the removal of Charles R. Porter, as justice of the peace, of Princess Anne. He has, Mr. Tull says, been convicted of extortion in one case and is under indictment in another, but Mr. Tull's grievance is based on Porter's refusal to recognize his authority as State's Attorney. Mr. Tull's letter is as follows:

"As State's Attorney for Somerset county, and in the interest of justice and personal liberty, I am convinced that your justice of the peace appointee in Princess Anne, Charles R. Porter, is not a fit man to fill that office and should be removed by Your Excellency. He has already been indicted in two cases of extortion and found guilty in one and is now under a suspended sentence. Notwithstanding this predicament, he absolutely refuses to recognize my authority as State's Attorney for the county in criminal matters—matters in which the State's Attorney is responsible to the public, although hampered in the performance of such official duties by one of your incompetent, if not corrupt, officials.

"As a consequence we now have in jail a poor, inoffensive negro, deprived of his personal liberty by this same would-be justice against my advice and orders, when the facts of the case clearly show that he is the victim of a quarrel between neighbors over which one should have his services as a laborer. This same would-be justice refused to recognize my authority in this case, and committed the victim to jail in default of excessive bail in the face of evidence which, to me, was absolutely convincing that the poor negro was the victim of spite on the part of the prosecutor because he worked for his neighbor and would not work for him. The facts of the case are briefly as follows:

"The victim, about seventy days before the convening of our last April court, was, together with another negro boy, held in default of bail by this same justice of the peace and sent to jail on a charge preferred by this same prosecutor of receiving ten dollars of some money stolen by their negro boy whom they got from a home and is bound to them. The negro boy admitted that he stole the money and that he gave \$10. of it to the victim to change for him. This is the sum and substance of the evidence. Porter held both for the action of the grand jury, much to the regret and against the wishes of the prosecutor, who immediately bailed his negro boy out. The victim stayed in jail 70 days till the grand jury met, and the prosecutors were all summoned before the grand jury, but absolutely refused to appear, and told me that they were not going to appear for two reasons: First—They did not want their negro boy, who stole the money, indicted. Second—Because they said that they had seen the victim and he had promised to work out the money for them. The grand jury was discharged, and because there were no witnesses before them the victim was not indicted and released. Instead of going to work for the prosecutor he went to work for his neighbor, who is not on good terms with the prosecutor. This enraged the prosecutor and he came back to me and wanted the victim re-arrested and sent to jail, which I refused to do. He then went to this same appointee of yours, Justice Porter, who, contrary to my orders, issued the writ, and contrary to my instructions, refusing to recognize my set or nolle pros, committed him to jail in default of a quite excessive bail. This man will have to stay in jail till the next grand jury in September unless you pardon him, which you ought to do. It is up to you. Now, what are you going to do about it?"

"The diplomas were distributed by Supt. Wm. H. Dashiell, who also presented Mr. James T. Taylor the prize of \$6 for the Old Home Essay upon 'The Washington High School.' The principal, Mr. H. T. Ruhl, presented also to the members of the seventh grade, Mrs. Mary D. Fitzgerald, teacher, certificates of their promotion to the High School Department. Both evenings concluded with a dance by the young folks. Mrs. J. D. Wallop kindly played for them.

Princess Anne vs. Fruitland

The second game of base ball this season between Princess Anne and Fruitland teams was played last Tuesday at Princess Anne and resulted in a victory for the home boys, who seem to have the best team they have had for a number of years. The score was, Princess Anne, 4; Fruitland, 1. The features of the game were a spectacular one-hand catch by Dennis and the pitching of Jarbo. In the two games played so far Fruitland has secured only four hits altogether. Batteries: Princess Anne, Jarbo and Polk; Fruitland, Hitch and Bussells.

Mr. George W. Simpkins on Thursday last brought to our office a berry which measured 7 inches in circumference. It was grown by George W. Marsh, Sr., and is known as the "Marsh Favorite." Mr. Marsh has about 50 plants of this berry with which he has been experimenting.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES OF SOMERSET COUNTY HIGH SCHOOLS

Highly Interesting Programs Rendered To Large Audiences At Each Place Washington Academy Was The Best The School Ever Had

Washington High School

The closing exercises of the Washington Academy at Princess Anne began last Tuesday evening with the following class-day program:

Class song..... By Class
Class history..... Miss M. Elizabeth Cahill
Presents to the class..... From Faculty
Class fortune..... Miss Inez Lane
Class yell..... By Class
Solo..... Miss Marion Stanford

The exercises were of the most agreeable character. Miss Lane, who was requested to tell the fortunes of the members, performed her duties with wonderful skill and she was warmly applauded.

An amusing little comedy, entitled "Whiskers," followed the regular class exercises. In this all the parts were well rendered. The receipts for the evening were \$77.

The commencement took place on Wednesday evening, with the following program:

Invocation, Rev. Henry E. Spears; salutatory, "The Modern Attitude Toward Tuberculosis," Miss Ola Gladys Deavor; solo, Mrs. David Neal; Old Home Prize, "The Washington High School," Mr. James Thomas Taylor; solo, Miss Irene Taylor; address to graduates, "The Price of Prowess," Dr. A. E. Turner, assistant director Chautauqua Association; solo, Mrs. David Neal; distribution of diplomas, Superintendent Wm. H. Dashiell; valedictory, "The Restlessness of the Age," Miss Lola Virginia Pusey.

The list of graduates follows: Miss Mary Elizabeth Cahill, Miss Mary Miles Dashiell, Miss Ola Gladys Grace Deavor, Miss Rose Lurline Gibbons, Miss Helen Hickman, Miss Margaret Isabelle Mitchell, Miss Sallie Steele Paxton, Miss Lola Virginia Pusey, Mr. Earle Brodie Polk, Jr., Mr. James Thomas Taylor and Mr. John Douglass Wallop, Jr.

The commencement is said to have been the best the school has ever had. The auditorium, now enlarged, was filled. Seated upon the stage were the school principal, Mr. H. T. Ruhl, Rev. Henry E. Spears, Dr. A. E. Turner, Supt. Wm. H. Dashiell and the members of the graduating class. The new scenery and display of flowers added much to the attractiveness of the occasion.

Special interest centered in the address of Dr. A. E. Turner, who, it will be remembered, delivered a lecture in March at the Chautauqua. Dr. Turner's address was one of the best ever delivered in this town. It was practical, oratorical and full of humor. His closing address to the graduates possessed a charm of its own and was most highly appreciated.

The singing by Mrs. Neal and Miss Irene Taylor, accompanied by Mrs. J. D. Wallop, was most entertaining and both ladies were the recipients of encores.

The diplomas were distributed by Supt. Wm. H. Dashiell, who also presented Mr. James T. Taylor the prize of \$6 for the Old Home Essay upon "The Washington High School." The principal, Mr. H. T. Ruhl, presented also to the members of the seventh grade, Mrs. Mary D. Fitzgerald, teacher, certificates of their promotion to the High School Department.

Both evenings concluded with a dance by the young folks. Mrs. J. D. Wallop kindly played for them.

Two Steamers Collide In The Dark

With a force that hurled many passengers from their berths and tore a great hole in her port side, the steamer Dorchester, belonging to the Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Railway Company, was crashed into at 8.30 o'clock last Friday morning by the fishing steamer J. A. Palmer, Jr., owned by the C. E. Davis Packing Company, of Fleeton, Va. The accident occurred off Sandy Point, near which the Dorchester, in a sinking condition, was beached. None of the passengers on the Dorchester was injured, though a serious panic was narrowly averted. Most of the 44 passengers were taken to Baltimore on the steamer Virginia, of the Old Bay Line, arriving at 7 o'clock.

The Dorchester, commanded by Capt. J. H. Woodford, left Cambridge for Baltimore at 6 o'clock Thursday night, and was due at her pier in Baltimore at 6 o'clock Friday morning. According to statements made by officers and passengers on the Dorchester, the night was clear and the warning whistles of the Dorchester had been sounded a few minutes prior to the collision. After the two vessels came together, the Palmer, which appeared to have sustained little injury, stood by the Dorchester until she was beached.

One fleeting smile is of greater value to the world than a whole year of grouch.

Crisfield High School

Commencement exercises of the Crisfield High School began on Sunday evening, May 23d, with a sermon by Rev. C. A. Hill. Class night exercises took place on Monday, May 24th, at the Lyric Theatre. On Thursday evening the commencement program was carried out at the Lyric, and on Friday evening a banquet was enjoyed at the Colonial Hotel.

The following was the program of the commencement on Thursday evening:

Presiding officer, Principal F. E. Gardner; overture, orchestra; invocation, Rev. F. T. Benson; salutatory, Mr. Louis Saltz; Hodson Prize, "The Southern Boundary of Maryland on the Eastern Shore," Miss Elizabeth Gardner; selection, orchestra; address, Rev. Robert Bagnell; presentation of Hodson Prize, Col. Thomas S. Hodson; presentation of diplomas, Superintendent W. H. Dashiell; valedictory, Miss Margaret Ashworth; selection, orchestra.

The exercises were held at the Lyric Theatre, which was beautifully decorated and was crowded to overflowing. On the stage were the principal of the school, Mr. F. E. Gardner; the members of the graduating class; Dr. G. T. Anderson, Mr. Chas. W. Long, Mr. L. A. Chamberlain and Supt. William H. Dashiell, of the School Board of the county; Col. Thomas S. Hodson; Rev. Dr. Robert Bagnell, Rev. F. T. Benson and Rev. J. Vernon Ashworth.

Rev. Dr. Bagnell was the orator of the occasion and made a most impressive address. Dr. Bagnell is pastor of Park Avenue M. E. Church, of Philadelphia. Col. Hodson, in a very neat address, presented the Hodson Prize to Miss Elizabeth Gardner, and the diplomas were presented by Mr. William H. Dashiell, superintendent of the public schools of the county. The music for the occasion was furnished by the Crisfield High School orchestra.

The graduates were the following: Regular Course—Alice Rachel Moore, Elizabeth Jane Ward, Virginia Lee Godman, Elizabeth Gardner, Agnes Moore, Cecil Grace Cullen, Mary Susan Moore, Mildred May Hickman, Edna Lee Tall, Miriam Byrd Dryden, Margaret Elizabeth Nelson, Marcus Aurelius Lawson, Thomas Lorenzo Riggins, Reba Pauline Nelson. Commercial Course—Louis Saltz, Mary Emily Webb, Meta Clarice Bedsworth, Anna Gertrude Davis.

Deal's Island High School

The final exercises of the Deal's Island High School were held last Wednesday evening at St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church. The graduates were: Miss Violet B. Webster, Miss Daisy V. White, Miss Oprah M. Tankersley, Miss Annie E. Wilson and Miss Myra H. Alexander. Mr. Henry J. Waters, of the Somerset Bar, delivered the address to the graduates upon the subject "The Uses and Advantages of a Liberal Education." The salutatory address was by Miss Oprah M. Tankersley, subject, "Pictures on Memory's Wall." The valedictory was by Miss Violet B. Webster, subject "The Destiny of America." The exercises, including music, were of a most entertaining character.

Pay For Attack On Tankersley

Judge Stump, in the Criminal Court of Baltimore city last Tuesday, sentenced James W. MacRea, 24 years old, of Norfolk, Va., and William W. Meredith, 28 years old, of Baltimore, to five years each in the penitentiary, after they had pleaded guilty to robbing Deputy Sheriff William J. Tankersley, of Deal's Island, on May 17th last.

The robbery occurred on a lonely woods path, near Rognel Heights. The deputy sheriff had gone to Baltimore in an endeavor to locate a young woman who had married and lived near that city. Falling in with the young men and telling them of his business there, he was informed that they knew the woman and would show him where she lived. The trio boarded a street car and rode to Rognel Heights, where they got off and started down a wood road. When no one was in sight, Tankersley was struck over the head with a club and rendered unconscious. His watch, valued at \$35, and \$15 in cash were taken from him and he was left lying beside the road. When he regained consciousness and returned to the city the police were notified and the men were apprehended.

A Chicago lawyer asserts that the time is near at hand when prisons will be abolished and criminals will be "doctored" instead of being punished. Is this a new advertising campaign for the medical colleges?

MAYOR PRESTON STATES POSITION

Says He Regards Lee As The Strongest gubernatorial Candidate

Mayor Preston issued a statement last Tuesday evening in which he definitely announced that he favored and would support Blair Lee's candidacy for the governorship. In doing this he made it clear that he would not be influenced at this late day by any agency which might endeavor to complicate the situation by bringing out another candidate even though that candidate were his friend and a city man.

The following is Mayor Preston's announcement:

"I regard as particularly unfortunate the attempt on the part of a newspaper to start a feeling between the counties and the city over the question of the Democratic candidate for Governor. This sort of newspaper policy will not help the Democratic party or the paper.

"A newspaper article published this morning is entirely untrue. There is no 'city versus county' fight. If the city had a candidate for Governor those opposed to him might consider it a justifiable political trick to try to sway the counties for a county man. But there can be no issue made between the city and the counties, simply because the voters in the city choose to support Lee (one county man) rather than Harrington (another county man).

"Four years ago, when Lee was a candidate, the city supported Gorman, when the State primaries, outside of Baltimore city, were carried overwhelmingly for Lee, and but for Baltimore city Lee would have been nominated for Governor. When Lee was a candidate for the United States Senate Senator Smith and his friends not only refused to put up any man against him, but refused to support a city candidate for the position. Therefore, they are responsible for Lee having been elected to the Senate. If the city had received any encouragement from Senator Smith and his friends at that time, the probability is that the State would now be represented in the United States Senate by some man from Baltimore city.

"If Blair Lee suited the county people well enough four years ago to have 64 votes in the convention for Governor, all from the counties, and suited the people of the counties well enough to be sent to the United States Senate without opposition and by a record majority, it is certainly a far cry to try to raise any fight of the city versus the counties against Senator Lee simply because the city man is not a city man.

"Baltimore city must be looked to to furnish the principal portion of the majority for the Democratic candidate, and Senator Smith and the newspaper referred to certainly ought to be willing to let the Baltimore city Democrats have a vote as between two county candidates, without trying to start up an issue which is a false issue and that is injurious to the interests of the people of Maryland, whether in the city or in the counties, because the true interests of the people everywhere in the city and the counties lies in a spirit of co-operation and not animosity or prejudice.

"I have a very high regard for Mr. Frank Furst. I look upon him as one of my best friends, and would have been for him for Governor if he had been a candidate. If he had wanted to be Governor he would have come to his friends in Baltimore city directly, and not as the candidate of a newspaper. Mr. Furst is too wise a man to allow himself to be used to pull other people's chestnuts out of the fire.

"Of course I would like to see a city man nominated for Governor, but I know of no one from the city who has shown sufficient strength with the counties to indicate that he can win the nomination. I regard Senator Blair Lee as much the strongest candidate in the city and in the counties, for both the nomination and the election. His vote in the Senatorial election, which he carried by a majority of upward of 40,000, seems to me to point to him as the most available candidate for our party this fall.

"It is important to the Democratic party to put up its strongest candidate for Governor, without regard to factional leanings. I think from his past record and from his repeated and consistent endorsement of the principles of party rule that Baltimore city may look for fair treatment at his hands. I therefore am in favor of the nomination of Blair Lee as the Democratic candidate for Governor this fall."

Farmers' Day A Great Success

Mr. G. H. Alford, State Agent in charge of Demonstration Work, of College Park, Md., sent the following letter, dated May 24th, to Mr. H. S. Lippincott, County Agent, thanking him for the success of the recent Farmers' meeting:

"I want to thank you, Messrs. C. C. Gelder, Robert H. Jones, John Page, Louis A. Chamberlain, William T. Holland, S. R. Chaffey, C. J. Bradd and Sons, the editors of your county papers and the people of your county for the great success of the agricultural demonstration campaign put on in Somerset county on May 20th.

"I have had the pleasure of taking part in many similar campaigns but I consider this one of the most successful agricultural demonstration campaigns ever put on in the United States. You and the people of Somerset county should have blue ribbons pinned on you.

"The speakers are all delighted with their reception and the many courtesies shown them."

Rather than darn her stocking on Sunday many a girl would rather remember the Sabbath day, and keep it holy.

POLITICAL SITUATION AS WE SEE IT

If Harrington Could Beat Lee Without City, Why Bring Out Furst?

The refusal of Mr. Frank A. Furst, of Baltimore, to become a candidate for Governor in the approaching Democratic primaries and the withdrawal of Congressman Linthicum from the race, greatly clarifies the political situation and makes it apparent that the contest will be waged between Senator Lee, of Montgomery county, supported by Mayor Preston and the city organization, and State Comptroller Harrington, of Dorchester county, backed by the Smith organization in the State. Congressman Linthicum it is said will also support Senator Lee.

Senator Lee and Comptroller Harrington both announced their candidacies several months ago and for some time the situation was permitted to drift, both men quietly going from county to county looking after their fences. The eyes of the supporters of each candidate turned to Baltimore city, both sides claiming that finally the organization there would line up behind their man. During the city campaign Mr. Harrington called upon Mayor Preston and to newspaper reporters stated that the interview was satisfactory.

About ten days before the inauguration of Mayor Preston the "political pot began to boil" in the city. Certain men prominent in politics there began to talk Lee and the rumor gained wide circulation that Preston would announce his support of Lee as soon as the inauguration was out of the way. This, of course, was taken to mean that the city organization would support Lee. When this report ripened into a certainty, the Harrington supporters assumed an air of the greater confidence, boasting that even without the support of the city, Harrington could easily be nominated.

This statement was believed at the time by practically no one at all familiar with political conditions in the State, and indeed within a few days signs of genuine alarm began to appear among the followers of Senator John Walter Smith. It was recognized, of course, that Senator Smith

was generally believed that he would try to find "some way out" of a desperate looking situation.

The truth about the real situation seems to have been that when the Smith people learned that Mayor Preston was about to make a public announcement of his support of Senator Lee, they became rather desperate and set about at once to find some way to break up the combination. They realized that it was a hopeless task to attempt to "put over" Harrington against the united strength of Lee and Preston supported by the masses of the people in the city and counties.

They figured, it seems, that Preston would not support any Smith man from the counties, so the "bait" was to bring out a strong city man upon the theory that the city organization would be compelled to desert Lee and fall in line. On Monday of last week the "trap" was set. The statement appeared in the news columns of The Sun that some of the big business men of the city were opposed to Senator Lee, and were importing Mr. Frank A. Furst to become a candidate; that there was no sentiment whatever for Mr. Harrington. Beneath the surface it was not difficult to see the "game" that was being played. It has been a well known fact for some time that Smith's only substantial support in the city was among a certain element of big bankers and financiers, Mr. Furst himself personifying "big business," "particularly big business" in its relations with government, and it was through this channel that the Smith people urged the candidacy of the senior Senator's most intimate, personal and political friend, Mr. Furst. It was perfectly clear that as a part of the deal, Mr. Harrington would withdraw if Mr. Furst consented to run.

It was indeed a characteristic Smith move, for the Senator is "some rare bird." But in this game the Smith people reckoned without their host. They did not know the metal of the man (Preston) whom they were trying to catch. The Mayor promptly declared his position in a strong statement published in Tuesday's papers. He announced his support of Senator Lee in ringing terms and assailed the attempt which was being made to raise the issue of the city against the counties, declaring that the issue did not exist and that the attempt to raise it was false. He spoke of Mr. Furst in the highest terms of personal esteem, but said that the effort being made to bring him out as a candidate was done for the purpose of "pulling chestnuts out of the fire" for some one else.

The Mayor's statement seemed to have an electrifying effect. The following day Mr. Furst announced that he would not consent to become a candidate.

(Continued on page 5, fourth column)

THE PENALTY OF CARELESSNESS

By S. W. Inglish,
Fire Prevention Expert.

Every time you hear the cry of "Fire!" you can be almost absolutely safe in thinking that someone has been careless. Fires don't happen. They are the inevitable result of combinations of preventable things. When analyzed to the last equation it will be found that carelessness is the root whence spring nearly all fires.

What a penalty industry pays to carelessness! Fire is the great destroyer. The wealth of a generation can be wiped out in but a brief hour.

Why not fight fires before they start? Why not so conduct your habits and so keep your premises that when the fire demon wants to offer your savings as a sacrifice he will pass you by, just as those of Egypt of old were passed over when the sign they had been told to place over their doors, were seen?

Too often when those who are responsible from fire cry out they are the victims of bad luck, they are but paying the natural penalty for their own carelessness.

If you want to keep down your fire insurance rates, wage eternal warfare against those things that ever breed fires.

RURAL SCHOOL TERM SHOULD BE EXTENDED

By P. P. Claxton,
U. S. Commissioner of Education.

In most States school days for country children are fewer than for city children. The average length of school term in cities of the United States is one hundred and eighty-five days; in rural communities one hundred and thirty-eight days, a difference of forty-seven days. In some States the difference is much greater than this average. In many counties the average length of the rural school term is less than one hundred days, and in some districts it is less. On the other hand, in the States of California, New York and Connecticut, the country schools are in session one hundred and eighty days in a year, and in several other States almost as long. The country schools of Rhode Island are in session one hundred and ninety days in a year.

If all children are to have an equal opportunity for education we must even up the school terms of the country and give to all country children at least as many days as are now given to city children. One hundred and eighty-five days of schooling a year for all children will not be too much. There are countries in which the schools, both for city and country, are in session from two hundred and twenty to two hundred and fifty days or more in the year. American children need as much education as those of any other country, and this applies to the rural as well as urban districts.

AN AGRICULTURAL COUNCIL

By T. N. Carver,
Professor of Economics, Harvard University.

Every city has its chamber of commerce or its Board of Trade. The purpose of such an organization is to study economic and business opportunities of the city and promote enterprises which will help to build the city. Does any one know of a good and sufficient reason why every rural neighborhood ought not have a similar organization?

In Germany they already have such organizations. They are generally called the "Landwirtschaftsrath" or agricultural council. Some students of the problem of rural organization are strongly of the opinion that such an agricultural council is necessary before much can be done for the bettering of rural credit or the marketing of farm produce. There is no object, for example, in having more capital in a farming neighborhood unless the farmers know without any guess-work just how to use that capital so as to increase the production and the profit of their farms. If all the leading farmers of a neighborhood would lay their heads together and talk over the situation and study the opportunities for new investment, they would be less likely to make mistakes than if they work secretly, as separate individuals.

CIVILIZATION'S GREATEST TRAGEDY.

Extract from article by W. D. Lewis, President Texas Farmers' Union, opposing woman's suffrage:

"We are willing to join in every effort to elevate woman but will assist in none to drag her down. The descent of womanhood is the most awful tragedy in civilization. As she sinks she may, like the setting sun, sink the horizon with the rays of her departing glory. She may tenderly kiss the mountain tops of her achievement far away, she may, like the sinking sun, allure the populace with her beauty as she disappears for the night but when she steps downward, the earth is as certain to tremble and plunge into darkness as death is to follow life."

KNOW THY COUNTRY

I—Introductory

"Know America" is a slogan that should ring out from every school room, office, farm and shop in this nation. No man can aspire to a higher honor than to become a capable citizen, and no one can merit so distinguished a title until he is well informed of the resources, possibilities and achievements of our country.

This is a commercial age and civilization is bearing its most golden fruit in America. We are noted for our industrial achievements as Egypt was noted for her pyramids; Jerusalem for her religion; Greece for her art; Phoenicia for her fleets; Chaldea for her astronomy and Rome for her laws. Likewise we have men who will go down in the world's history as powerful products of their age. For, standing at the source of every gigantic movement that sways civilization is a great man. The greatest minds travel in the greatest direction and the commercial geniuses of this age would have been the sculptors, poets, philosophers, architects, and artists of earlier civilizations.

As Michael Angelo took a rock and with a chisel hewed it into the image of an angel that ever beckons mankind upward and onward, Hill took the desert of the Northwest and with hands of steel made it blossom like a rose, dotted the valleys with happy homes and built cities in waste places.

As Gutenberg took blocks of wood and whittled them into an alphabet and made a printing press that flashed education across the continent like a ray of light upon a new born world, McCormick took

a bar of iron and bent it into a reaper and with one sweep of his magic mind broke the shackles that enslaved labor of generations yet unborn, and gave mankind freedom from drudgery, and lifted the human race into a higher zone of life.

As Nelson organized the English navy and made England mistress of the sea, enabling the British Isles to plant her flag upon every continent washed by the ocean's waves, and to make footstools of the Islands of every water, Morgan organized a banking system that has made America master of the world's finances, brought Kings to our cashier's windows, the nations of the earth to our discount desks and placed under the industries of this nation a financial system as solid as the Rock of Gibraltar.

There is no study quite so interesting as progress; no sound so magic as the roar of industry and no sight so inspiring as civilization in action. A full realization of America's part in the great events of the world past, present and future will thrill every human heart with pride, patriotism and faith in Republican institutions.

Through the courtesy of the Agricultural and Commercial Press Service, the readers of this paper will be permitted to study America; her agricultural, manufacturing and mineral development, mercantile, banking and transportation systems which are the wonder of the world. The first article of the series will deal with transportation and will appear at an early date.

KNOW THY COUNTRY

II—Railroads

In discussing the commercial achievements of this great age, we shall approach the subject as the historian chronicling events. This series will endeavor to record in writing the supremacy of American men and industries in the world's affairs and perpetuate an appreciation of our marvelous industrial achievements by presenting simple facts, figures and comparisons that are overpowering in their convictions.

America holds her proud place among the nations of the earth today on account of her supremacy in transportation facilities. The mighty minds of the age are engaged in the problems of transportation, and the greatest men in the history of the world's commerce are at the head of the transportation systems of the United States.

In the discussion of transportation, let us consider separately our Railways, Telegraph and Telephone, Express, Public Highways, Steamships, Street Railways, Interurban and other forms of transportation, and this article will deal with railways.

The United States has the largest mileage, the best service, the cheapest rates, pays labor the highest wages, and we have the most efficiently managed of the railways of the world. They stand as a monument to the native genius of our marvelous builders, and most of the railroads in foreign countries have been built under American orders.

The railroads represent a larger investment of capital than any other branch of human activity. The mileage in the United States exceeds

the accepted distance from the earth to the moon. We had in 1911, the last year in which figures for all countries are available, on the earth's surface, 639,981 miles of railway divided as follows: United States 241,199, Europe 207,432 and other countries 191,350. The United States has 38 per cent of the world's mileage, seven per cent of the estimated population and about five per cent of the area. The total capital invested in the railways of the world is \$50,000,000,000, divided as follows: United States \$13,000,000,000, Europe \$25,650,000,000 and other countries \$11,350,000,000. Reduced to a mileage basis the capitalization is as follows: The world \$78,000, United States \$54,000, Europe \$124,000, and other countries \$59,000.

A comparison of rates is equally as interesting and the United States takes the lead in economy and service. The average rate per ton per hundred mile haul is as follows: United States 76c, Great Britain 25.53c, France 14.44c, Germany 14.44c, Russia 92c, Austria-Hungary 11.30c, Italy 22.80c and Switzerland 23.2c.

The average yearly pay of all railroad employees in the principal countries is as follows: United States \$757, Germany \$392, Italy \$345, Austria \$322, Great Britain \$279, France \$280 and Russia \$204.

About 30 per cent, or 183,000 miles, of the railways of the world are government owned. About half the railway mileage of Europe is government owned.

A comparison of the economy, in time and money and the convenience in travel, will be made in a later article.

KNOW THY COUNTRY

III—Telegraph and Telephone

Our transportation facilities are the most perfect product of this great commercial age and the telegraph and telephone systems of this nation crown the industrial achievements of the whole world. These twin messengers of modern civilization, born in the skies, stand today the most faithful and efficient public servants that ever tolled for the human race.

They are of American nativity and while warm from the mind of the inventive genius have, under American supervision, spun a network of wires across the earth and under the seas. Telegraphy, in its early youth, mastered the known world and the telephone has already conquered the earth's surface, and now stands at the seashore ready to leap across the ocean.

No industry in the history of the world has ever made such rapid strides in development and usefulness, and none has ever exerted a more powerful influence upon the civilization of its day than the Telegraph and Telephone. Their achievement demonstrates the supremacy of two distinct types of American genius—invention and organization.

The industry was peculiarly fortunate in having powerful inventive intellect at its source and tremendous minds to direct its organization and growth. It is the most perfect fruit of the tree of American industry and when compared with its European contemporaries, it thrills every patriotic American with pride.

Ambitious youth can find no more in-

spiring company than the fellowship of the giant intellects that constructed this marvelous industry and a journey along the pathway of its development, illuminated at every mile-post of its progress by the lightning-flashes of brilliant minds, will be taken at a very early date.

A brief statistical review of the industry brings out its growth and magnitude in a most convincing and unforgettable manner.

The telephone service of the United States is the most popular and efficient and its rates are the cheapest of the telephone systems of the world.

We are the greatest talkers on earth. We send 60 per cent of our communications over the telephone. The world has about 15,000,000 telephones and of this number the United States has approximately 9,540,000, Europe 4,020,000 and other countries 1,300,000. According to the latest world telephone census, the total telephone investment is \$1,906,000,000 and of this amount \$1,095,000,000 was credited to the United States, \$636,000,000 in Europe and \$175,000,000 in other countries. The annual telephone conversations total 24,600,000,000 divided as follows: United States 15,600,000,000; Europe 6,800,000,000; and other countries 2,200,000,000. The total world wire telephone mileage is 33,262,000 miles divided as follows: United States 20,245,000, Europe 10,335,000, and other countries 2,679,000. About six per cent of the world's population and sixty-one per cent of the telephone wire mileage is in the United States.

WHY IS WOMAN RESTLESS?

DESTINY OF NATIONS DEPENDS UPON CONTENTED HOMES.

By W. D. Lewis.

President Texas Farmers' Union.

Why is woman dissatisfied? Why does she grow restless under the crown of womanhood? Why is she weary of the God-given jewel of motherhood? Is it not a sufficient political achievement for woman that future rulers nurse at her breast, laugh in her arms and kneel at her feet? Can ambition leap to more glorious heights than to sing lullabies to the world's greatest geniuses, chant melodies to master minds and rock the cradle of human destiny?

God pity our country when the hand-shake of the politician is more gratifying to woman's heart than the patter of children's feet.

Woman is Ruler Over All.

Why does woman chafe under restraint of sex? Why revile the hand of nature? Why discard the skirts that civilization has clung to since the beginning of time? Why lay aside this hallowed garment that has wiped the tears of sorrow from the face of childhood? In its sacred embrace every generation has hidden its face in shame; clinging to its motherly folds, tottering children have learned to play hide and seek and from its youth learned to reverence and respect womanhood. Can man think of his mother without this consecrated garment?

Why this inordinate thirst for power? Is not woman all powerful? Man cannot enter this world without her consent, he cannot remain in peace without her blessing and unless she sheds tears of regret over his departure, he has lived in vain. Why this longing for civic power when God has made her ruler over all? Why crave authority when man bows down and worships her? Man has given woman his heart, his name and his money. What more does she want?

Can man find it in his heart to look with pride upon the statement that his honorable mother-in-law was one of the most powerful political bosses in the country, that his distinguished grandmother was one of the ablest filibusters in the Senate or that his mother was a noted warrior and her name a terror to the enemy? Whether we are drifting and where will we land?

God Save Us From a Hen-Pecked Nation.

I follow the plow for a living and my views may have in them the smell of the soil; my hair is turning white under the frost of many winters and perhaps I am a little old-fashioned, but I believe there is more moral influence in the dress of woman than in all the statute books of the land. As an agency for morality, I wouldn't give my good old mother's home-made gowns for all the suffragette's constitutions and by-laws in the world.

As a power for purifying society, I wouldn't give one prayer of my saintly mother for all the women's votes in Christendom. As an agency for good government, I wouldn't give the plea of a mother's heart for righteousness for all the oaths of office in the land.

There is more power in the smile of woman than in an act of congress. There are greater possibilities for good government in her family of laughing children than in the cabinet of the president of the United States.

The destiny of this nation lies in the home and not in the legislative halls. The hearthstone and the family Bible will ever remain the source of our inspiration and the Acts of the Apostles will ever shine brighter than the acts of Congress.

This country is law-mad. Why add to a statute book, already groaning under its own weight, the hysterical cry of woman? If we never had a chance to vote again in a lifetime and did not pass another law in twenty-five years, we could survive the ordeal, but without home, civilization would wither and die.

God save these United States from becoming a hen-pecked nation; help us keep sissies out of Congress and forbid that women become step-fathers to government, is the prayer of the farmers of this country.

A DIVINE COVENANT.

God Almighty gave Eve to Adam with the pledge that she would be his helpmeet and with this order of companionship, civilization has towered to its greatest heights. In this relationship, God has blessed woman and man has honored her and after four thousand years of progress, she now proposes to provoke God to decoy man by asking for suffrage, thereby by amending an agreement to which she was not a party.

Woman, remember that the Israelite scorned a divine covenant, and as a result wandered forty years in the wilderness without God. Likewise man should remember that it is a dangerous thing to debase woman by law. Rome tried lowering woman's standard and an outraged civilization tore the clothes off the backs of the human race and turned them out to roam in the world naked and ashamed.

The SEASON for PUMPS



and
THE PUMPS
for
THE SEASON

To look through our new styles just in from UTZ & DUNN CO. is to imagine one's self in Shoe Fairyland.

The new heels, toes and light soles are here in whites, dells, patents, and fabrics—just the styles you will want to see before buying. Priced at from \$3.50 to \$5.00 they are designed to fit and wear to your entire satisfaction.

S. F. DASHIELL

Department Store

Princess Anne, Maryland

BURNT OYSTER SHELL LIME

CHEAPEST IN PRICE

Quickest in Acting on Soil

The Lime that Gives the Greatest Result for the Money Expended.

Sweet Soil is one of the first essentials to Successful Agriculture. Lime is needed in most of our soils to produce this condition. What the farmer should consider is how to attain the result at a minimum cost.

Our Experiment Station at College Park recommends the use of lime manufactured in the locality where used because of the saving in transportation. Experiments made at the Station demonstrate that

2,000 Lbs. of Hydrated Lime are, in result, Equivalent to 3,800 Lbs. of Pulverized Oyster Shell Lime

We have Shells to Burn, and have Shells Burnt. Unless you have Money to Burn you will Buy Burnt Lime.

The SOMERSET PACKING CO.,

Licensed Manufacturers of
HYDRATED LIME

POSTOFFICE: UPPER FAIRMOUNT, MARYLAND
FACTORY—Maddox Island on the Manokin River

Do Not Delay

With That Survey

Delays are often Costly

I am at your service

EARLE B. POLK
SURVEYOR

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

THOMAS J. HANDY,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Twenty-seventh Day of October, 1915,
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 20th day of April, 1915.

MARION O. HANDY,
JOHN T. HANDY,
Administrators of Thomas J. Handy, deceased.
True Copy. Test: ROBERT F. MADDOX,
Register of Wills.

There is No Question but that indigestion and the distressed feeling which always goes with it can be promptly relieved by taking a
Rexall Dyspepsia Tablet
before and after each meal. 25c a box.
T. J. Smith & Co.

Subscribe for the Marylander and Herald—only \$1.00 a year in advance.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

HERSCHEL FORD,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twentieth Day of October, 1915,
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1915.

ANNETTE FORD,
Administratrix of Herschel Ford, dec'd.
True Copy. Test: SIDNEY WALLER,
Register of Wills.

HONORIUS

The German Coach Stallion

will stand for the service of mares during the season of 1915 at the following places:
Wednesday and Thursday at the stables of Western Starr, Westover Farm; Tuesday and Saturday at the barn of C. H. Hayman, Princess Anne, and the remainder of the week at Belmont Farm, 1 1/2 miles northwest of Princess Anne.

TERMS:—\$15.00 to insure a mare with foal. Great care will be taken but no responsibility for accidents.
L. M. RHODES.

PRINTING—We Do It—PRINTING

The Little Stranger

By LOUISE B. CUMMINGS

Singular it is, but nevertheless true, that there are a great many desertions on one side or the other in couples that have been married a year, and I believe that if statistics on the subject could be obtained it would be found that the nearer the wedding the greater the number of desertions. There is a reason for this. Up to the time of marriage the parties are independent of each other. After marriage there are two wills, between which there must necessarily be a certain amount of clashing.

Jim and Lizzie Burden were one of those couples that met, but did not mingle. Jim found his wife—so he considered her—so unreasonable that he hadn't been married a week before the sweetness had turned to gall. Lizzie considered herself so badly treated that she could not possibly endure to live with such a man. So one day when he came home from work he found his wife gone.

Mrs. Jim didn't regret what she had done till she fell in with a motherly old lady, to whom she told her story, and the lady informed her of the cause of their disagreement, as it has been stated at the beginning of this story. Lizzie wondered if that was so. Then she began to think that she had acted unwisely. The next thing to do was to go back to her home and make up with Jim. She did not find him. The house was shut up, and Jim had gone. No one knew where.

When a baby was born to Lizzie she regretted more than ever her action in leaving her husband. The first baby is the first chain bound around a married couple—the first departure from a romance that may have waned and entry upon real married life. But now that the baby had come and Jim was not there to rejoice with her Lizzie wept bitter tears.

Meanwhile Jim, after waiting a week for his wife's return, got angry with her and, declaring that he had had enough of married life, walked off without leaving any address. Jim was a carpenter and had finished a job the day of the separation. It was easy for him to lose himself, and he took no pains to leave any clue by which he could be found by his wife in case she repented of leaving him and wished to return. He knew nothing about the baby or perhaps that might have changed it all.

Jim concluded to make another change in his life. He was a born trader and always came out ahead in any deal he made. He determined to leave off carpentering and turn trader. He had left the little money he possessed with his wife and hadn't a cent to his name. But to the real business man money is not always essential. It is often supplied by credit. Jim made up for its absence in assurance. He bought a lot of damaged coffee on credit for a song, gave it a fancy name and sold it for about two-thirds the usual price. This succeeded so well that within a few months he had turned over several job lots of coffee that he had bought cheap and not only made some money, but established a trade for his special brand of coffee.

It occurred to Jim one day that his quarrels with his wife had nearly all been from the cause of want of sufficient funds. Now that he was making money possibly the troubles might not arise; at any rate, they were far less likely to arise. He began to recall the hours he and Lizzie had spent together when they were courting. He wondered if she had tried to find him. Then he thought what a brute he had been to leave her without giving her any opportunity to find him in case she wished to do so. Then he wondered if after all he hadn't a good deal of selfish brutality in him to have tried to impose his will on a woman and because she wouldn't brook it and had left him he had made the break between them permanent by taking his departure from their home without giving her an opportunity to find him and make it up.

The ladder of repentance usually has a number of rounds, and Jim's had its full share. When he had reached the top round he felt like plunging down headforemost on the other side and breaking his neck. But instead of that he set about finding Lizzie.

That was no easy job. She had no relatives to whom he could go for information, and she was so distressed, so poor, so broken in spirit, that she shrank from every one who had known her. When the baby came she secured admission to a maternity hospital, and when the time approached for her to get about again, realizing that she must work for her living and could not work encumbered with a baby, she determined to leave it at a foundling's home.

She was planning for this one day when she saw the door of the room she occupied at the hospital slowly open. Then a face appeared, looking cautiously in, as if fearing to disturb her.

Great heavens! It was Jim's! The sight of his pale wife lying there with a little sleeper nestled up against her was too much for Jim's equanimity. With tears coursing down his cheeks, he stalked to the bed and took his wife and child together in his arms.

Nether Jim nor Lizzie had any fear of further disagreements. They would come, but a thought of the little stranger would take away their harshness, and at least tide the parents over them.

If You Are Thinking of

PAINTING

USE

B. P. S.

BEST PAINT SOLD or ever will be sold

T. J. SMITH & CO.

DRUGGISTS

Princess Anne, Md.

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets

will relieve your indigestion. Many people in this town have used them and we have yet to hear of a case where they have failed. We know the formula. Sold only by us—25c a box.

T. J. Smith & Co.

Fetch your Job Printing to this office

The Kings of Denmark.

The dust of the Danish kings is kept in a great cathedral at Roskilde, an old town twenty miles from Copenhagen. Every year the entire royal family always pay a visit to Roskilde in obedience to an ancient custom. On one of the pillars are marks showing the height of Peter the Great, Nicholas, the Iron Czar, Alexander III. of Russia, the King of England and many other kings. The cathedral was built in the eleventh century. It has two mighty towers, which can be seen at a long distance. The oldest grave is that of King Harold I., who died in 987.

Feeding by Law.

A law to punish by imprisonment persons found guilty of overfeeding was actually promulgated in France during the reign of Charles IX. when the cost of living reached an unconscionable height. It was then ordained that no person should eat more than three courses at a meal, the amount to be served at each course being also prescribed. Heavy fines were imposed for any breach of this law.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Their Relation.

"The abstractions of two of the states of the Union ought to be very close to each other in popular association."

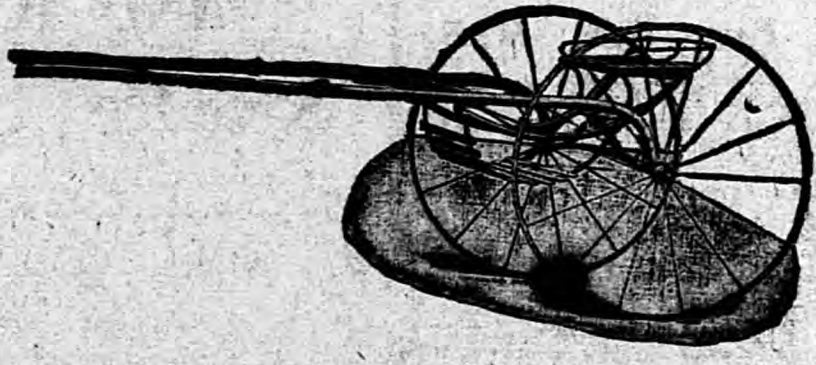
"What are they?"

"Ill. and M. D."—Baltimore American.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*



HORSES

AND

MULES

WAGONS

BUGGIES

SURREYS

Runabouts

and

HARNESS

J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.

Largest Carriage and Wagon Dealer in Maryland

PRINCESS ANNE

MARYLAND

"The Lime That Acts"

Pulverized Oyster Shell Lime

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST OF ALL SOIL IMPROVERS

THE MOORE-PENDLETON CO.

Licensed Manufacturers

Postoffice—Westover, Maryland

Factory:—Clifton Point on the Manokin River

We carry at our warehouse in Princess Anne, lime for immediate delivery. Apply to

W. P. TODD, Agent

PRINTING We are in a better position than ever to give you the very BEST of PRINTING

SPOILED THE GAME.

The Prospects Were Excellent, but They Were Too One Sided.

A young singer who had been studying for opera work had the good fortune to be engaged by an impresario for a tour through South America. His chest swelled with pride as he walked the deck of the steamer that was to take him on his first trip to foreign lands. On the second morning out he was much surprised to meet an old classmate, who, like himself, was a tenor singer.

"Well, well, where did you come from? Where are you going?" each asked the other.

And each answered, "I'm engaged by an opera company for a South American tour."

"My manager is on this steamer," said one.

"And mine too."

Within five minutes both singers found that they had been engaged by the same opera company for the same part. "What does the man mean by hiring two different men for the role of first tenor?" asked one.

"Pardon me," interrupted a youth who had been standing near and overheard their conversation. "You have myself and two other singers for companions in this affair. We have just found out to our surprise that we have all been engaged by the same man for the same part on the same tour. What under the sun can he mean by having five first tenors?"

The five youths then took counsel together and decided that they would see the manager and demand an explanation.

They found him on the forward deck. He listened, seemingly amused at their complaint, and said: "Gentlemen, don't you worry. I am an old and experienced man in this game and know what I am doing. If you were acquainted with the climate of South America you would know yourselves that it is absolutely necessary. We shall scarcely arrive there before three or four of you fellows will be stricken with the deadly tropical fever. Experience has taught me in all my tropical tours to allow for all sorts of mishaps and misfortunes. Of course you can see what excellent prospects are offered to the chap who is able to withstand everything." And with these words the manager retired to his cabin.

The five young singers then sat down and debated the "excellent prospects." They soon came to a decision. One chance in five of being a star singer instead of a dead one did not prove sufficiently attractive. So when the steamer stopped at Liverpool the youths went ashore, and the impresario never saw them again.—Youth's Companion.

Pills For Earthquakes.

In 1793 a number of smart earthquake shocks were felt in London, which created quite a panic. The clergy, from the bishops down, exhorted, warned and pamphleted the people to an almost incredible extent lest worse things yet should befall. Quacks made small fortunes out of pills which they advertised as "good against earthquakes." Ladies wore "earthquake gowns"—warm garments for sitting out of doors at night—and most of the fashionable world lived through that summer in their coaches in the parks, "passing away the time with cards and candles."—London Express.

Old Scottish Words.

A correspondent of the Glasgow Herald submits the following samples of old Scotch words from East Aberdeenshire: Mowse—To say anything is a mowse means it is uncanny or dangerous. Connached—Spilled. Clean connached would mean utterly destroyed or rendered useless. Bland—To bland anything would mean to sell it. A child would be told, "Dinna bland your clean pina." Gardies or gaurdies—A child's forearm. The last is a very old expression, but I have heard it used. "Slo bonnie gardies he has," means the baby has plump arms.

Verdi's Secrecy.

Verdi observed great secrecy concerning his operas, even to his business associates, and it is said that the first intimation his business managers, the Ricordis, received of the composition of "Falstaff" was a toast offered by Boito, who as supper one night, when the publisher and his wife were present, slyly glanced at Verdi and proposed a health to the "fat knight," at which it seemed Verdi and Boito had been working for months.

Another Point of View.

Employer—You have asked for an increase of salary, but I have been thinking of taking you into the firm. In that case would you want the increase of salary, too? Clerk—Oh, no; under such circumstances I should be rigidly opposed to any increase in our running expenses.—St. Louis Post Dispatch.

Difference.

"Now, remember, you are only allowed one deer," said the license clerk.

"That's queer talk for a man about to be married."

"Oh! Did you wish a marriage license? I was issuing a license to hunt."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

His Plea.

"Will you marry me?"

"But I love another from the bottom of my heart."

"You dear girl! There's always room at the top."—Columbia Jester.

On the Contrary.

Mrs. Doone—Tell the gentleman I'm not receiving today, Jane. New Domestic—But he ain't deliverin', mum; he's collectin'!

A SHREWD WOMAN

By EUNICE BLAKE

Martin Kempfer was a mountaineer in the Swiss Alps. He owned a number of goats and made cheese of their milk. One day when Martin was climbing up to a considerable height he came to a man lying on his back in a dying condition, for he had slipped and fallen over a cliff. Martin stanced the blood flowing from the wound and otherwise cared for the sufferer until he died. Then he went down to the valley to report the matter.

Martin's wife, Gretchen, was a very shrewd woman, and before doing anything of importance he was used to consulting her. So he went home and told her of his experience and that he was about to report it that the body he had left on the mountain side might be buried.

"Don't you say anything about it," said Gretchen. "You might be accused of having committed a murder."

Martin had thought of that himself, and this was one reason why he had mentioned the matter to his wife. He concluded to keep his mouth shut. But there were two things he did not think of. In succoring the stranger he had got some blood on his sleeve, and when descending the mountain he had met Jacob Kirsner going up. Kirsner found the body and in telling of his find mentioned having met Kempfer coming down the mountain. This excited some suspicion that Kempfer had been the cause of the stranger's death, and a man was sent to his house to investigate. Kempfer received him, and the visitor noticed a spot on his shirt sleeve that looked like blood.

To make a long story short, Kempfer's not having reported the stranger's death led to his undoing. He was tried for murder and convicted, to be sentenced on a Friday at the hour of 12 noon.

Gretchen, his wife, was horror stricken at the result of the advice she had given her husband, who attempted to comfort her by saying that if he had reported the matter he might still have been convicted. The misfortune was in finding the stranger, Gretchen, who, as has been said, was a woman of great shrewdness, set her wits to work to think of some plan whereby she might save her husband.

She went to Adolph Switzer, the head man of the canton, and besought him to save her husband, assuring him that it was her fault that he had been convicted and it was she, if any one, that should be punished. Switzer replied that the verdict was a matter for the courts, over which he had no power, and Gretchen went away disconsolate. One morning some time before the hanging Gretchen, being still asleep, dreamed of a plan by which she might save her husband. When she awoke, though, she did not consider it likely to succeed; still she believed it possible. At any rate she determined to try it.

Her husband had, among other things, a chronometer which had been given him by a watchmaker in Geneva and which he valued very highly. He secured the time once a month regularly and found that his watch never varied more than a few seconds. The result was that Martin furnished time for the whole valley. The day before the hanging the sheriff asked a citizen to go to Gretchen and get the time, that he might be sure to execute his prisoner in exact accordance with the sentence. Gretchen gave the inquirer time fifteen minutes behind what was correct, stating that she had learned that owing to bad weather the astronomer in Geneva who observed the sun had been unable to do so for several weeks and had discovered a considerable error in his chronometers. The sheriff set his watch in accordance with the time given him.

On the morning of the hanging Gretchen went to the head man of the canton and asked him for an order for the body of her husband that she might give it burial. Switzer replied that he would give her the order after the execution had taken place and not before. Half an hour before 12 she went to his house with her chronometer, which she set ahead fifteen minutes, and when the hands pointed to 12 Switzer signed the order. Gretchen had a horse and a cart in waiting a short distance from the house, and, jumping into the cart, she whipped the horse to a gallop, traversing a mile to the jail. On the way she turned the hands of her chronometer backward to correspond with the time she had given the sheriff. When she reached him his and her timepieces both marked ten minutes to 12. She held the head man's order aloft, crying:

"A reprieve, a reprieve!"

The sheriff read the order and, thinking that the condemned man had been pardoned, turned him over to his wife. Then the two jumped into the cart and drove like mad to a railway station a few miles distant, where they caught a train bound for the French border. The misunderstanding that Gretchen had brought about between the head man of the canton and the sheriff was not discovered till an hour after that fixed for the execution and when the convicted man was well on his way to foreign territory. As soon as the truth was known a conference was held by the authorities, but nothing was ever done about the matter, for when they learned that Kempfer was in a foreign land they did not try to get him, and in time his wife convinced them that he was an innocent man. Then he returned to his home.

RURAL AMERICA.

Our Country as It Was in the Time of George Washington.

The America of Washington's day was primitively, really rural. The country outnumbered the city thirty to one. It outvoted and outinfluenced the city. The country was countrified without urban qualities or dependencies. Not even the cities themselves were citified. Philadelphia, the greatest of them all, with the finest shops, the best houses, the most extravagant people, was but a poor, small triangle of houses, with its base on the Delaware and its apex stretching timidly toward the west. Its people, though reputed gay and luxurious, went early to bed, rose early and were without the opportunities and distractions of modern urban life. There were no great factories, no armies of workmen, no extended commerce, no horse cars, no omnibuses, no sharp differentiation of the city into business and residence sections. Like envious New York and aspiring Boston, Philadelphia was still half rural.

A great city was not desired nor even contemplated. To "the fathers" the very conception had in it something unwholesome. A city was a dwelling place of turbulent, impious, ignorant mobs, of a congregation of "unproductive" artisans, wastrels, criminals, Sabbath breakers. It was a blister on the social body, a tumor which absorbed the healthy juices. The city was vaguely associated with royalties, courts, armies, beggars and tattered, insolent, rascally mobs; the country was the cradle of republican virtue and democratic simplicity. Jefferson, having in mind the squalid agglomerations of the old countries, congratulated America on being rural. De Tocqueville in the thirties believed that the absence of a great capital city was "one of the first causes of the maintenance of Republican institutions."—Walter Weyl in Harper's Magazine.

SHIP CANALS.

Each Has Its Troubles of Its Own That Require Constant Care.

Leave any ship canal alone for even a year and it would no longer be fit for navigation. Within five years a small boat would be unable to go through it.

The United States has anxieties over the Culebra cut in the Panama, but not more so than the Germans over their waterway, the Kiel canal, for the ground through which the latter is cut is in most places nothing but peat-rotten black stuff which keeps on breaking up and falling back into the canal.

Also the bottom continually "bumps up," thus lowering the depth of the passage. The craft that use the Kiel canal have to crawl along. They say that if a cruiser were to make a dash through at top speed it would take a year and several millions of money to remedy the damage done by her stern wave.

Each canal has its own special troubles. That of the Panama is land-slides. Many have taken place during its construction. Many more will have to be dealt with in coming years. It is estimated that if the dredging work on the Suez were abandoned within less than ten years the Turks or any one else could cross it dryshod. On both sides of the canal stretch miles of dry desert, from which every wind that blows lifts the sand in edging spirals and carries it in great clouds. A single storm may drop a thousand tons of sand into one mile of the canal.

Of late years a great quantity of trees have been planted along the banks in order to prevent the sand from drifting into the water, yet even so great steam dredgers are always at work scooping from the bottom the blown in sand and dumping it along the shore. Another trouble of those in charge of the Suez canal is caused by fresh water springs, which burst up in its deep bed and pile the sand in ridges.—Exchange.

Master of Many Tongues.

Elihu Burritt, the "learned blacksmith," was born in Connecticut in 1810. Burritt taught himself French, Latin, German, Italian, Greek and Hebrew while an apprentice at the forge and in early manhood mastered Sanskrit, Syriac, Arabic, Norse, Spanish, Dutch, Polish, Bohemian and Turkish. Chinese and minor languages were acquired later until he was able to read, write and speak in sixty different tongues.

Some Burned Letters.

Sir Walter Scott once made a literary error of the borders, in the course of which he wrote a lawyer friend in Edinburgh a close and realistic account of everything he heard and observed, every quaint location and droll custom. But the stupid heirs of the recipient of these priceless epistles consigned them to the flames and thus rendered what would have been a charming book impossible.

Pleasant Employment.

Stubbs—Your old friend, Weary-Jeigh, has got him a job at last that is exactly to his liking. Grubbs—You don't say so? Stubbs—Yes. He is employed by a big dairy company, and his duty is to wait till the cows come home.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

A Matter of Location.

"When I was a boy," said Mr. Waterstock, "I wanted to go to sea and be a pirate."

"And you changed your mind," replied Miss Cayenne, "to the extent of deciding to remain on land."—Washington Star.

You will never "get there" if you are content just to "get by."—Youth's Companion.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1915

Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published free—but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of (5) five cents per line.

BUSINESS POINTERS

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter

Country Produce taken at DASHIELL'S DEPARTMENT STORE.

FOR SALE—300 bushels of Cow Peas. E. G. NEWTON, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—Nice Cow Peas.

F. WEDEMA, Westover, Route 2.

FOR SALE—Good Cream Separator.

Address X, care Marylander and Herald.

FOR SALE—One Black Mare, kind and gentle. H. J. MUIR, Blacksmith, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—No. 1 Black Cow Peas at \$2.50 per bushel. C. H. SPEIGHTS, Westover, Md.

WANTED—A second-hand Dearborn wagon. Address

X, care Marylander and Herald.

FOR SALE—40 Duroc Jersey Pigs, 4, 6 and 8 weeks old, \$6, \$8 and \$10 per pair. W. M. BALDWIN, Scotland Farm, Princess Anne, Md.

FOR SALE—Eggs for Hatching—Houdans and S. C. R. I. Reds, \$1.50 per 15. MRS. S. H. ANDERSON, Princess Anne, Md.

FOR SALE—Nice mare, coming 4 years old, well broke to harness, will weigh about 1,000 pounds. ti

L. L. POSEY, Princess Anne.

NOTICE—Captain W. S. Crosswell will place the schooner "Lizzie Cox," on the Manokin River for freight service to and from Baltimore on March 10th. Orders will be given prompt attention.

WANTED—I desire to learn the address of Annie King (maiden name), white; known to advertiser in 1898. Address John M. Harper, care of P. V. Ross, attorney, 951 Pacific Building, San Francisco, California.

FOR SALE—Ice, Coal, Wood, Fertilizer, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flaxseed Meal, Cottonseed Meal, Bran, Middlings, Dairy Feeds, Hominy, Beef Scrap, Chicken Feeds, etc., wholesale and retail. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

COMFORT, PLEASURE, WELFARE—In the exclusive line of Baldwin Refrigerators and Ice Chests. When you save ice you save money. There is none just as good. Look over and receive prices on genuine in stock at

HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.

A sharp elbow can give you a good poke, but a sharp tongue can give you a better one.

Miss Margaret Crockett, of Pocomoke City, Md., was a visitor at the home of Mrs. A. L. Haines last week.

A few more days and the June bride will have her inning. And in time the nice courts will furnish her outing.

Dr. C. W. Purnell, optometrist, will be at Omar A. Jones' drug store on Monday afternoon, June 7th. See adv.

Miss Sarah Taylor, of Baltimore, spent last Wednesday in Princess Anne at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Taylor, Jr.

The Civic Club will meet at the Washington Hotel tomorrow (Wednesday) afternoon at 3.30 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

To advertise your goods is to tell the world that you have goods that are worth buying. Keep your eye on the merchant who advertises.

Mrs. Frederick E. Griest, of Flora Dale, Pa., spent last Wednesday and Thursday in Princess Anne at the home of Mr. H. Fillmore Lankford.

Mr. and Mrs. William T. Sudler, of Manokin, announce the engagement of their daughter, Sara Gladys, to Mr. Henry Wilson German, of Baltimore. The wedding will take place in the near future.

Mr. H. T. Ruhl, Principal of the Washington High School of Princess Anne; Miss Lurline Gibbons, one of the graduates; Miss Eleanor McAllen, and Messrs. James T. Taylor, J. D. Wallop, Jr., and Frank Dashiell attended the Commencement Exercises of the Crisfield High School last Thursday night.

Rev. Russell Paynter, who filled the pulpit of Manokin Presbyterian Church, in Princess Anne, last summer, will be one of the graduates of Delaware College, Newark, Del., at the commencement exercises on Wednesday, June 9th. Mr. Paynter is also announced as one of the commencement speakers for his class.

Raymond Wise, colored, was arrested at Marion on Monday of last week, by Deputy Sheriff Lankford, charged with carrying concealed weapons. After a trial before Justice Levin Hall, he was found guilty and sentenced to the Maryland House of Correction for six months. Sheriff Sterling took him to the "cut" on Wednesday night's boat.

On last Saturday evening a slight fire was discovered at the head of the stairs leading to the cellar of the office building owned by the Trustees of Antioch Methodist Episcopal Church, on Main street. The fire was soon extinguished, however, before any serious damage was done. Some one had evidently thrown a match or cigar stump which set fire to some loose paper.

Advertised Letters

The following is a list of letters, remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice unclaimed for:

Mrs. Mamie Ballard, Mrs. Mania Ballard, Mrs. Theodora Barclay, Mr. Elmer Bramble, Mr. George Course, Mr. Earl Hayman, Mr. Benjamin Holden, Mr. Lanerzeer Johnson, Mr. Clifton Leonard (2), Mrs. Mary E. Smith.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.

H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

Mr. John S. McMaster, of Jersey City, spent the week-end in Princess Anne at the home of Mrs. S. K. Dennis, on Main street.

Mrs. W. H. Jesse and her son, Dashiell, of St. Michaels, Md., are visiting at the home of Mr. Z. J. Dougherty, on Prince William street.

Misses Susie Moore and Charlotte Sterling, of Crisfield, attended the recent Commencement Exercises of the Princess Anne High School.

Mr. Samuel M. Crockett, editor of the Worcester Democrat, was a welcome caller at the Marylander and Herald office last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Davis, Mrs. Kingman A. Handy and Mrs. G. W. King, of Baltimore, spent part of last week with Mrs. O. T. Beauchamp.

Mr. E. W. McMaster, Secretary, Treasurer and Superintendent of the School Board of Worcester County, spent last Tuesday afternoon in Princess Anne.

Magnolias are in bloom again and many of the creamy blossoms nestle among the green of our woods, while their spicy fragrance perfumes the sylvan dells.

Rev. S. W. Reigart Dead

Dr. S. W. Reigart, formerly pastor of Wicomico Presbyterian Church, died at his home in Salisbury last Thursday morning in his 78th year.

Dr. Reigart was born in Lancaster, Penna. He was a graduate of Franklin and Marshall College. After his graduation he accepted the Principalship of the Lancaster High School. It was while filling this position that he married Miss Annie Hodgson, daughter of Rev. Francis Hodgson, D. D. Mrs. Reigart died last July. His first charge was at Sunbury, Pa. From there he went to Mechanicsburg, Pa., and then to Salisbury in 1890.

He is survived by four children—Mr. J. Frank Reigart, of Yonkers, N. Y.; Mrs. C. M. Niesley, of Manhasset, N. Y.; Miss Agnes Reigart and Mrs. A. D. Toadvine, of Salisbury.

The funeral services were held in the Wicomico Presbyterian Church last Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock, and the remains were interred in Parsons Cemetery at Salisbury.

Real Estate Transfers

Annie M. Riggan from Isaac C. Sterling, lot in Crisfield; consideration \$1.00 and other considerations.

George H. Carr from Hampden P. Dashiell and wife, lot in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$5 and other considerations.

Massey Bozman from Robert Hargis Bozman, 3 acres in St. Peter's district; consideration \$300.

A. Frank Thomas and wife from Wm. A. Rayfield and wife, 8 1/2 acres in Lawson's district; consideration \$276.

Harry M. Peck and wife from Robert F. Maddox and wife, 90 acres in West-over district; consideration \$3500.

Wm. V. Sterling from Joshua W. Miles, trustee, 1 acre in Crisfield district; consideration \$155.

Minnie Sterling from Albert A. Sterling, lot in Asbury district; consideration \$100.

Naomi Mason from Albert A. Sterling, lot in Asbury district; consideration \$500.

Wm. H. Adams from Carroll Crockett and wife, land in Fairmount district; consideration \$125.

Cecelia C. Tankersley from William L. Muir and wife, land in St. Peter's district; consideration \$1500.

Thomas A. Washburn and wife from Emma V. Crouch, 16 acres in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$10 and other valuable considerations.

Neuralgia Pains Stopped

You don't need to suffer those agonizing nerve pains in the face, head, arm, shoulder, chest and back. Just apply a few drops of soothing Sloan's Liniment; lie quietly a few minutes. You will get such relief and comfort! Life and the world will look brighter. Get a bottle today. 3 ounces for 25c., at all Drug-gists. Penetrates without rubbing. (Advertisement)

Ice for Sale

My new ice plant is now completed and I am prepared to furnish the public with FIRST-CLASS ICE in any quantity at the plant.

At as Low Price as Can Be Furnished Elsewhere

YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

ROBERT F. MADDOX,

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

HONORIUS

The German Coach Stallion

will stand for the service of mares during the season of 1915 at the following places:

Wednesday and Thursday at the stables of Western Starr, Westover Farm; Tuesday and Saturday at the barn of C. H. Hayman, Princess Anne, and the remainder of the week at Belmont Farm, 1 1/2 miles northwest of Princess Anne.

TERMS:—\$15.00 to insure a mare with foal. Great care will be taken but no responsibility for accidents.

L. M. RHODES.

Watch Your Children

Often children do not let parents know they are constipated. They fear something distasteful. They will like Rexall Laxative—a mild laxative that tastes like sugar. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

T. J. Smith & Co.

Subscribe for the Marylander and Herald—only \$1.00 a year in advance.

Princess Anne Academy

The commencement exercises of the Princess Anne Academy, for colored youth, took place last Thursday. The program was as follows:

Chorus, Waltz from Faust, Gounod; invocation, Rev. J. W. Fenderson; chorus, "By the Waters of Babylon," S. Coleridge Taylor; salutatory, "The Aim of Education," Ruth E. Moore; oration, "Why the Negro Should Educate the Youth," H. S. Miles; chorus, "Let the Heavens Rejoice," Gaul; oration, "The Path to Success," E. T. Moore; valedictory, "The Force of Habit," F. L. Kelly; address to graduating class, Rev. C. A. Tindley, D. D.; chorus, "Hallelujah," Handel; presentation of diplomas, President J. O. Spencer, Ph. D.; awarding of prizes, decision of judges, class song, benediction.

The list of graduates was as follows: Scientific—Frederick Louis Kelly, Whitesboro, N. J.; Ruth Elizabeth Moore, Seaford, Del.; Bercher Scott Hayman, Princess Anne, Md.; Alvin Wendell Ray, Philadelphia, Pa. Normal—Howard Samuel Miles, Crisfield, Md.; Martha Edith Logan, Marion, Md.; Bertha Mae Collins, Pleasantville, N. J.; Mary Arintha Lula Waters, Marion, Md.; Evelyn Oceana Melissa Mabel Lloyd, Marion, Md.; Bertie Isabella Seymour, Tasley, Va.; Carrie Lee Dennis, Parksley, Va.; Carrie Pearl Cotton, Worton, Md.; John Sidney Coard, New Church, Va.; Elexis Toussaint Moore, Seaford, Del.; William Henry Webb, Wilmington, Del.

Bilious Attacks

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter. Obtainable everywhere.

(Advertisement)

If Mothers Only Knew

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for children relieve Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. They break up Colds in 24 hours. Used by mothers for 26 years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample free. Address, A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

First-Class

Highland Pasturage

FOR RENT

T. P. YARROW

Princess Anne, Md.

GORDON T. WHELTON

COUNTY SURVEYOR

CRISFIELD, MARYLAND

At Princess Anne Every Tuesday

OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE

(Formerly used by Tax Collectors)

ELTON H. ROSS

The BARBER

Sanitary Shop—Three Chairs

Clean Towels

Hot and Cold Water

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

J. E. GREEN

AUCTIONEER

Eden, Md.

R. F. D. No. 2

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

ATTRACTIONS

FOR THIS WEEK AT

THE AUDITORIUM

Tuesday, Thursday and

Saturday Nights

Motion Pictures

Admission 5 Cents

First Pictures, 7.45; second at 9 o'clock

Gwendolyn B. Dennis

SHAMPOOING

Scalp Treatment

Appointments made. Ladies exclusively

ANTIOCH AVENUE

Princess Anne, Maryland

Do You Want a Good

Complexion?

Velvet Skin Lotion

is the answer. This Lotion

is a high grade skin food, com-

posed of pure vegetable oils

which have long been known as

skin foods and beautifiers.

If you suffer in summer from

Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irrita-

tion, Chapped Hands or Face

you should use this Lotion as a

speedy relief.

Gentlemen find it a delight-

ful and healing application

after shaving.

Try a bottle to-day. The

price is only 25 cents for a

large bottle.

OMAR A. JONES

Druggist Princess Anne

Political Situation As We See It

(Concluded from first page)

The attempt to drag Mr. Furst into

the fight is looked upon as a great

blunder upon the part of Senator Smith

and his friends. It has been generally

accepted as an acknowledgement of

Harrington's weakness in the counties.

"If Harrington could beat Lee without

the city, then why attempt to bring out

Furst," is the question generally asked

and the answer is obvious. The effect

of the collapse of the Furst boom only

adds to the demoralization of the Smith-

Harrington forces. There seems to be

no doubt of an overwhelming victory

for Senator Lee in the primaries. His

friends are in "high glee" and claim

that he will have 100 out of the 129

votes in the nominating convention.

Thirty-Six For 25 Cents

Dr. King's New Life Pills are now

supplied in well-coated glass bottles,

containing 36 sugar coated white pills

for 25c. One pill with a glass of water

before retiring is an average dose. Easy

and pleasant to take. Effective and

positive in results. Cheap and economi-

cal to use. Get a bottle today, take a

dose tonight—your Constipation will be

relieved in the morning. 36 for 25c., at

all Druggists.

(Advertisement)

PHILIP M. SMITH

Undertaker

and Embalmer

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Undertaking in all its branches will

receive prompt attention. A full line of

Funeral Supplies always on hand.

UPHOLSTERING AND FURNITURE

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED

will receive prompt attention. Phone 46

GLASSES

Prescribed by Charles W. Purnell at

O. A. Jones' Drug Store Monday Af-

ternoon, June 7th.

Satisfaction is assured.

CHARLES W. PURNELL

OPTOMETRIST

Phone 457 J Cambridge, Md.

WASHINGTON HOTEL

TONSorial PARLOR

Sanitary and Up-to-date

Expert Workmen Only

HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor

SAMUEL J. PRITCHETTE

AUCTIONEER

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Route No. 2

When you have a Sale call on me

Terms Reasonable

A SEASONABLE SUGGESTION

AT

DICKINSON'S

THOUGHTS are now going through your mind, "How

shall I arrange for the Hot Summer Months now coming?"

No matter whether you stay at Home or Travel we have just

what you want to make your Wardrobe complete.

SUMMER MONTHS

Voiles

Organdies

Lawns

Dimities

Emb. Batiste

Jap. Silk

Crepe de Chine

Silk Shirt Waists

Cotton Shirt Waists

Cotton Skirts

Dressing Sacques

Gingham Dresses

TRUCK PACKAGES

You will soon be wanting CRATES, BARRELS or BASKETS for shipping your crops this season.

Place your orders early, it gives you the satisfaction of knowing that you will be supplied when the time comes.

SEE US BEFORE BUYING

The Princess Anne Milling Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF
STRAWBERRY and TOMATO CRATES, BARRELS and TRUCK BASKETS,
LUMBER and BUILDING MATERIAL
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

GO TO KING'S

500 HORSES AND MULES AT PRIVATE SALE

EVERY DAY, 6 A. M. to 6 P. M.

We are first hands, and you save all other profits by buying direct from us

SELL YOUR HORSES AND MULES At KING'S AUCTION

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10.30 A. M.

Buyers get honest representation, and Sellers get a full Auction Value and their Money in 30 seconds. We don't charge to offer Horses and Mules not sold.

OUR REFERENCE:—EVERYBODY

JAMES KING & SONS

High, Baltimore & Fayette Sts. BALTIMORE, MD.

PENINSULA RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY

Schedule in effect Saturday, May 22, 1915

FAIRMOUNT-PRINCESS ANNE-SALISBURY LINE

	NORTH BOUND				SOUTH BOUND			
	Read Down				Read Up			
FAIRMOUNT	7:00	10:10	11:00	11:30	7:00	10:10	11:00	11:30
UPPER FAIRMOUNT	7:10	10:20	11:10	11:40	7:10	10:20	11:10	11:40
JAMESTOWN	7:20	10:30	11:20	11:50	7:20	10:30	11:20	11:50
WESTOVER	7:30	10:40	11:30	12:00	7:30	10:40	11:30	12:00
KING'S CREEK	7:40	10:50	11:40	12:10	7:40	10:50	11:40	12:10
PRINCESS ANNE	7:50	11:00	11:50	12:20	7:50	11:00	11:50	12:20
LORETTA	8:00	11:10	12:00	12:30	8:00	11:10	12:00	12:30
ALLEN	8:10	11:20	12:10	12:40	8:10	11:20	12:10	12:40
FRUITLAND	8:20	11:30	12:20	12:50	8:20	11:30	12:20	12:50
SALISBURY	8:30	11:40	12:30	1:00	8:30	11:40	12:30	1:00

Fare: 3 Miles 5 cts. Packages: 1st pound 5c; each additional pound one-half cent extra. Passengers from the Crisfield Branch on the night train can connect at Westover or King's Creek for Princess Anne or Salisbury.

SO EASY TO WORK TO FIX

When you install one of these pumps you get lasting satisfactory service. For 40 years we have been building pumps fitted for wells.

KANAWHA PUMPS

When we fit a pump for a well there is no guess work—It is correct, because

—WE KNOW HOW—

Catalog on Request. Sold by Dealers.

Kanawha Pump Works
9 W. Pratt St., Baltimore, Md.

RAWLINGS PULVERIZING

ALL STEEL SIX SIZE

RAWLINGS IMPLEMENT COMPANY
Baltimore, Md.

Manufacturers and Dealers in
Implement
Engines
Vehicles

Tell your needs to us or to your dealer, but insist on Rawlings Goods.

ALLEN'S FOOT-POWDER

Over 100,000 packages of Allen's Foot-Powder, the antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes, are being used by the German and Allied troops at the front, because it keeps the feet and makes walking easy. Sold everywhere. For free sample, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

WOMEN

Love This Magazine

McCALL'S is the Fashion Guide and House-keeping Helper of more women than any other magazine in the world. All the latest styles every month; also delightful stories that entertain, and special departments in cooking, home dressing, fancy work, etc., that lighten housework and save money. Price, only 50c a year, with one celebrated McCall Dress Pattern FREE.

SEND A POSTAL CARD NOW FOR
1. A FREE Sample Copy of McCALL'S MAGAZINE; or
2. A FREE Copy of McCALL'S 44-page TREASURE CATALOGUE; or
3. McCALL'S \$100.00 Prize Book for Every Woman.

THE McCALL CO., 236 N. 2nd St., New York, N. Y.

The Baltimore Star

The Leading Evening Paper of the South

The Baltimore Star, established August 17, 1868, by the publishers of The Baltimore American, has won its place as the representative evening paper of the South. It gives more news and more reading matter than any other afternoon paper in Maryland. It is especially rich in departments—financial, sporting, society, children, women, and to these departments the best writers of America are regular contributors. The Star is the greatest home paper, with something for every member of the family. It is a cheerful newspaper, with plenty of entertainment. Those who try it keep on taking it.

The Star is elaborately illustrated. It has the first photographs of important events. Its portraits of leading men and women are unequalled. The Star has two great news services, with wires direct to its offices from all parts of the world. The Star has a wireless equipment. It uses every modern invention and the best enterprise to get all the news.

The Star is different from other Southern papers. It has a quality of its own. ONE CENT A COPY. One month, 25 cents; three months, 75 cents; one year, \$3.

Address:

FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher.

C. C. FULTON & CO.,

American Building, Baltimore Maryland

Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic

Railway Company

RAILWAY DIVISION

Schedule effective January 10, 1915.

EAST BOUND.

WEST BOUND.

Daily except Sunday.

T. MURDOCH, Gen. Pass. Agent.

WILLARD THOMPSON, Div. Manager.

THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS

State Scholarships in Engineering

Courses

Entrance examinations for all Departments will be held in McCoy Hall, The Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, June 1-4 and September 21-24, 1915, beginning at 9 a. m. Applicants for scholarships are urged to take the examinations in June.

Application for scholarships in the Department of Engineering established in The Johns Hopkins University under the provisions of the Laws of Maryland, Chapter 90, 1912, should now be made. If there is more than one applicant for a particular scholarship a competitive examination will be held at the University on the day following the September entrance examinations.

Each country of the State and each Legislative District of Baltimore city will be entitled to one or more scholarships in the Department of Engineering for the year 1915-16, in addition to those which have already been filled. There will be vacancies in the scholarships awarded to the graduates of Loyola College, Maryland Agricultural College, Mount St. Mary's College, Rock Hill College, St. John's College, Washington College and Western Maryland College, and the scholarships "At Large," which may be filled in October 1915.

Applicants should address the Registrar, The Johns Hopkins University, for blank form of application and for further information as to the examinations, award of scholarships and courses of instruction.

5-4

Boom of Big Guns.

Early in April, 1912, a man living at Hambleton, near Goddard, wrote to the Spectator, saying: "As I sat reading the other afternoon I heard, or rather felt, a long vibrating boom several times repeated. I thought at first it was a motor van maneuvering behind the house, but found nothing there. Then I guessed what it might be and forthwith wrote to the chief gunnery officer of his majesty's ship Orion to make sure. I am therefore able to state that the discharge of the Orion's guns was distinctly audible ninety-seven statute miles from the ship, the sound taking somewhere about eleven minutes to travel the distance."

An even more remarkable instance of the immense distance at which gun fire can be heard was afforded at the time of the French victory at Steinbach. The booming of the guns was distinctly heard on the northern slopes of the Bernese Alps far down in Switzerland. The distance is just eighty miles as the crow flies, and in this case it must be remembered that the guns were not the 13.5 naval giants, but merely field artillery.—London Opinion.

Ravenous Eaters.

Gibbon tells of Soliman, a caliph in the eighth century, who died of acute indigestion in his camp near Chalchis, in Syria. Just as he was about to lead an army of Arabs against Constantinople. He had emptied two baskets of eggs and figs, which he swallowed alternately, and the repast was finished with marrow and sugar. In a pilgrimage to Mecca the same caliph had eaten with impunity at a single meal seventy pomegranates, a kid, six fowls and a huge quantity of the grapes of Tayet.

Such a statement would defy belief were not others of a similar character well vouched. Louis XVI. could hardly boast of an appetite as ravenous as Soliman's, but he would eat at a sitting four platefuls of different soups, a whole pheasant, a partridge, a plateful of salad, mutton hashed with garlic, two good sized slices of ham, a dish of pastry and finish this ample repast with fruit and sweetmeats.—London Saturday Review.

Fighting a Forest Fire.

The combat with fire in the woods is usually as tense and as exciting as a conflagration in a city. From the instant smoke is discerned ascending into the blue above there is action. Upon reaching the scene the racing squads of fighters begin work by undertaking the tasks as outlined by the system. First one group starts with the cutting tools and axes, clearing up a streak of ground several feet wide in the pathway of the fire. The men with water bags follow, wetting down the strip. Then come the back fires, who start fires from this point back into the main conflagration. When the fires meet they extinguish for want of material to burn. When the atmospheric conditions materially assist the flames the work of back firing is best done at night or when the air is still.—L. R. Perry in Country Life Magazine.

Proved His Case.

A teacher was holding an oral examination in an intermediate geography class one day and asked, "What is the difference between the people of a state and those of a territory?"

Only one hand was raised. But a radiant smile illuminated the face of little Donald as he rose and said, "The people of a territory cannot sing."

This answer was puzzling to all, so the teacher asked him to explain. Whereupon he said:

"The geography says that the people of a territory have no voice, so how could they sing?"—Cleveland Leader.

A Doctor's Prescription For Coughs

An Effective Cough Treatment

One-fourth to one teaspoonful of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken as needed, will soothe and check Coughs, Colds and the more dangerous Bronchial and Lung Ailments. You can't afford to take the risk of serious illness, when so cheap and simple a remedy as Dr. King's New Discovery is obtainable. Go to your Druggist today, get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, start the treatment at once. You will be gratified for the relief and cure obtained.

Education.

Education is the whole effect of environment. The individual is in some way affected by everything with which he comes in contact, from the first moment of life until the end. Teaching is therefore a factor in evolution. It is a means of carrying on the development of the individual. Man is as yet incomplete; it is likely that all his best exercises still lie before him. He must be ready for what is to come.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

SEVEN BARKS

A Sure and Safe Remedy for

DYSPEPSIA and all STOMACH TROUBLES.

Seven Barks, which is the extract of Roots and Herbs, will make your food digest, banish Headaches, regulate your Liver and Kidneys, give you new life, and keep you well. Price 50 cts. a bottle at all druggists or from the proprietor, Lyman Brown, 65 Murray St., New York City.

A Pretty Compliment.

The "three beautiful Miss Gummings" were in their day—which was after the middle of the eighteenth century—such famous beauties that the London crowd often followed their carriages on the street and fairly mobbed any shop they were known to have entered in the effort to get a sight of them. The handsomest of the trio, worn out by the activities of the London season, stayed for a time in the country near a market town. It was known in the neighborhood that she wished to pass unnoticed and was not well, and her wish was respected. But on the day of her departure from the town there was an unusual number of people at hand to see the coach start. As the lovely lady stepped from the inn door to the step of the coach the branch of a climbing rose caught for a moment in her hair. Instantly a voice called from the crowd:

"No names, my lads, and no staring, but three cheers for the queen of beauty that the roses crown of their selves!"

They were given with a will and won the response of a radiant face at the coach window and a gracious hand waving farewell.

Eggs Hatched in Rice.

John Chinaman had a method of hatching eggs artificially many generations before there were any white men in America to begin to think about providing a mechanical substitute for the mother hen. And John Chinaman is still using his ancient method and refuses to purchase the newfangled incubator. The Chinese poultryman takes a quantity of unhatched rice which he has roasted. This is heated until it is lukewarm. A three inch layer of warm rice is spread into a tub, and a layer of eggs is placed thereon. Another layer of rice is added and another layer of eggs and finally a last layer of rice over the fifth layer of eggs. About 500 eggs are placed in a tub. Once each day the eggs are removed, the rice heated and the whole repacked. The tub is kept well covered to keep in the heat. In the course of three or four weeks the chicks put in their appearance.—American Boy.

How Napoleon Dressed.

Napoleon was always simple in his dress and generally wore the uniform of his own guard. He was clearly rather from habit than from liking for cleanliness. He bathed often—sometimes in the middle of the night—because he thought the practice good for his health. But, apart from this, the precipitation with which he did everything did not admit of his clothes being put on carefully, and on gala days and full dress occasions his servants were obliged to consult together as to when they might snatch a moment to dress him.

He could not endure the wearing of ornaments. The slightest constraint was insupportable to him. He would tear off or break anything that gave him the least annoyance.—Memoirs of Mme. de Remusat.

Pepys and the Otacousticon.

As far back as 1668 experiments were being made with what savants called an "otacousticon," which brought distant sounds to the ear and was a faroff promise of the "long distance" and "wireless" messages of today. Samuel Pepys was abroad in those days, and, of course, he saw the new toy, tried it and mentions it in his diary. He went with Lord Brouncker to "the Royal society," and "here, to my great content, I did try the use of the otacousticon, which was only a great glass bottle broke at the bottom, putting the neck to my ear, and there I did plainly hear the dancing of the oars of the boats in the Thames to Arundel gallery window, which without it I could not in the least do."

Court Room Retort.

Two young attorneys were wrangling for a long time before Judge Knox of Virginia over a point of law. His honor rendered his decision, and the sprig who had lost impudently remarked, "Your honor, there is a growing opinion that all the fools are 'hot dead yet.' " "Certainly," answered the court, with unruffled good humor: "I agree with you, Mr. B., and congratulate you upon your healthy appearance."

Badly Matched.

Mrs. Yeast—This paper says the matching of colors has been brought down to an exact science by the invention of a machine for the purpose. Mr. Yeast—You ought to get the people who run the store where you buy your hair to get one of those machines. dear.—Yonkers Statesman.

Very Trying.

"Dear sir," wrote the anxious mother, "I am afraid Johnny is not trying enough."

"Dear madam," replied the harassed teacher, "I assure you that Johnny is quite trying enough. He is the most trying boy in the class."

Power of Beauty.

Beauty gets the best of it. Poets, humane organizations, sentimentalists, make a great to-do about the bird that dies to adorn a woman's hat. But who has any sympathy for the hen whose neck is wrung to make a poptop?—Don Marquis.

A Philippine Custom.

When a young woman of the Philippines marries her husband's name is added to her maiden name. If she becomes a widow the husband's name is discarded.

The man who was born with a talent which he is meant to use finds his greatest happiness in using it.—Goethe.

TAINTED POLITICS

By Peter Radford.

This country is suffering more from tainted politics than from any other malady at the present time. There is scarcely a campaign speech made, a platform demand written or a measure enacted into law that does not carry the taint of personal gain of some politician or political faction thereof.

There is more "blue sky" in campaign promises of many politicians running for office than was ever contained in the prospectuses of the boldest promoters of chimerical business schemes. There are more secret combinations formed by politicians in the name of "My Country" than were ever formed under any and all other aliases. There are more political rackets hidden in the phrase "Be it enacted" than were ever concealed under any and all other disguises.

The inordinate thirst for political power and unrestrained passion for mastery has caused more distress in this nation than the greed for gold, and it ought to be regulated by law. No business combination ever pursued their competitors as relentlessly or visited more heartless cruelty upon their customers than a political party that seeks to make junk of an industry, or cripple a business for party success, through tariff measures, political supervision and oftentimes destructive legislation. Many political platforms are as alluring to the voter as the story of the rainbow with its pot of gold and their consummation about as far-fetched. Self-gain is the first law in politics. There are many men in office today who, if they could not shake plums off the tree of American liberty or cut a melon taken from Uncle Sam's commissary, would have less desire to serve the public.

The country is surfeited with patriots, who will bare their breast to bullets in defense of their country, but there are few men in public life who will bare their breast to voters or run the gauntlet of party disfavor in defense of agriculture or industry. No representative of the people, who will permit personal prejudice to detract from justice, party success to disfranchise reason or the rancor of a political campaign to influence judgment can render capable service.

The preservation of our prosperity depends upon wisdom, courage and honesty in government, and the American voter should seek these attributes as implicitly as the Wise Men followed the Star of Bethlehem and they will often be found to rest over the stable; the plow or the staff of the Shepherd. The surest cure for tainted politics and machine rule is fresh air and sunshine and these important elements are most abundant upon the farm, and when farmers, bankers and merchants are elected to membership in legislative bodies, much of the trouble in government will disappear.

WATERED SECURITIES

By Peter Radford.

Much has been said and more written about the evils of watered stock in big business concerns and the farmers of this nation believe that every dollar written into the life of any business organization, should be able to say "I know that my Redeemer liveth," but farming is the biggest business on earth, and there is more water in its financial transaction than that of any other industry. There is as much water in a farmer's note drawing eight or ten per cent interest when other lines of industry secure money for four or five per cent annum, as there is in a business paying a reasonable compensation upon the face value of securities representing an investment of only fifty cents on the dollar. The only difference is, the water is in the interest rate in one instance and in the securities in the other.

The promoter oftentimes takes chances and his success is contingent upon the development of the property involved but the usurer, as a rule, takes no chances and his success cripples the property involved. There may be industries that cry louder but none that suffer more severely from financial immorality in both law and custom than that of agriculture.

The farmers of America today are paying \$200,000,000 per annum in usury on real estate and chattel loans, and this interest capitalised at five per cent, represents \$4,000,000,000 of fictitious values which the farmer is paying interest on. This sum of money is almost equal to the annual value of crops produced in the United States.

The earning power of the farmer's note based upon his interest rate very nearly divides like the earth's surface—three-fourths water and one-fourth land. The largest body of water that floats upon the financial hemisphere now rests upon the farms and its waves are dashing and its billows are rolling against seven million homes threatening ruin and disaster to the prosperity of the nation. Will our public servants who understand how to drain the liquid off industrial properties turn the faucet and let the water off the farms?

It is an admitted economic fact that there can be no permanent prosperity without a permanent agriculture.

Agriculture is recognized as the greatest of all industries and a prosperous, progressive and enlightened agricultural population is the surest safeguard of civilization.

Stars in the Daytime.

"Where are the stars in the daytime?" a child asked, and the wise man said:

"The stars in the daytime are just where they are at night, and if something could be put over the sun we should see them again. Something is put over the sun sometimes, for the moon comes in the way, so that for a time he cannot be seen, even though it is daytime and there are no clouds in the sky. When that happens one of the most wonderful things in the world is to see the stars 'come out again.' They were there all the time, shining as brightly as ever, but the sun is so very much brighter to us, because he is so very much nearer to us, that we could not see them."

"When you are listening to thunder or to a cannon you do not hear the quiet sound of your own breathing, although the thunder is far away and the breathing is near, and just as the great noise swallows up the little sound so the great light of the sun swallows up the little light of the stars."—Kansas City Star.

The Falklands.

Buried in banks of fog, drenched in drizzling rains, swept by bitter winds from the Antarctic, the Falkland Islands are surely the most dismal of Great Britain's family of organized colonies. The rain ceases only when the wind blows the fiercest, the fog hangs low and heavy except when the gales whip it to shreds. It is a treeless land, part barren rocks and part grassy slopes. A day of sunshine is a rare joy. Tierra del Fuego is its nearest neighbor. The people, some 2,000 in number, are sturdy descendants of Scotch immigrants, and the sheep that browse on the eternally damp hills are their only source of revenue. Yet there is a capital, a government and a governor duly appointed by the crown and sent to suffer virtual exile for a time among the moist shepherds of the antipodes. The Falkland Islands appeal to the imagination as the remotest, loneliest and least desirable of all lands inhabited by Europeans.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Conscription.

With the exception of the one occasion in 1863, when the quotas of the states did not fill up as rapidly as desired, there has been no conscription in the United States. The draft riot in New York was the outcome of this conscription, and, as it happened, the muster rolls were filled in the meantime without need of the men originally drafted.

Conscription was ruthless at one time in England. The worst form of conscription was employed in connection with recruiting the navy in Nelson's time. No one was safe from attack by the redoubtable press gangs, and the victories of this glorious epoch of England's history were won in part by men who often kicked and bit and tumbled to break away from the gangs that buried them into the navy.—New York Sun.

Harder Than Diamonds.

Although the diamond is generally regarded as the hardest of all substances, it is a fact that there is a substance even harder. This is a metal known as tantalum, a rare metal, although not one of the rarest. Just how hard it is may be imagined when it is mentioned that a thin sheet of it was once placed under a diamond drill worked day and night for three days. The only effect was a slight indentation in the tantalum and the wearing out of the diamond. Tantalum is very difficult to produce, but when it can be obtained in sufficient quantities it will be an exceedingly useful substance. Among its other uses it will be employed to cut diamonds and to make filaments for electric lamps. It is one of the few substances that are hard without being brittle.

The "Death Watch."

The so-called "death watch," with its mysterious ticking at night time, is due to nothing more serious than the furniture beetle. The larva of this insect burrows in the furniture, making the pin holes which are often to be seen in old furniture. It is three years in its pupa condition and at length becomes a little brown insect with a great talent for shamming death, so that it is not very much observed. These beetles often strike the wood of their galleries with their heads, and so produce a ticking sound which is a call to the mate.

Slightly Sarcastic.

"I am convinced that in many respects I resemble George Washington," said the pompous man.

"It seems unfair," replied Miss Cayenne, "that an accident of chronology should have placed you at such a disadvantage. Merely because Washington was born first people say you resemble him instead of saying he resembles you. It really seems unfair."—Washington Star.

Canadian Provinces.

The areas of the nine Canadian provinces in square miles are: Quebec, 706,884; Ontario, 407,262; British Columbia, 357,600; Alberta, 253,540; Saskatchewan, 250,650; Manitoba, 251,832; New Brunswick, 27,985; Nova Scotia, 21,428; and Prince Edward Island, 2,184.

Magnetic Mountains.

The mountains of Porto Rico are so magnetic that they attract surveyors' plumb lines, and it has been found that some old surveys are incorrect by half a mile or more.

It's a Great School.

Daily life is a university; the home is a college; the office, the factory, the farm are high schools, each with more courses than any university can offer.

SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

News Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

Venton

May 29—Miss Mabel Porter was the guest of Miss Ethel Fisch Friday and Saturday.

Misses Flossie and Addie Lawson are visiting Miss Ethel Bloodworth.

Mrs. William Porter, of near Princess Anne, visited in this vicinity Tuesday.

Miss Emma Bosman, of Champ, is visiting her cousin, Miss Matilda Melson.

Miss Hilda Fish spent Monday and Tuesday with her sister, Miss Beulah Steinberg.

Misses Lethia Horner, Laura and Addie Bozman are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Pusey.

Mrs. William Kohlheim, of near Westover, is spending a few days with her sister-in-law, Miss Elsie Kohlheim.

Misses Mabel Porter and Ethel Fish were the guests of Miss Alma Steinberg, of near Princess Anne Saturday and Sunday.

JOHNNIE JUMP UP

Perryhawkin

May 29—Miss Grace Stanford, of Girdle, Worcester county, was the guest of Miss Nellie Marriner Sunday.

Mrs. Sidney Smith and children, of Champ, are spending some time at the home of Mrs. Smith's mother, Mrs. Josephus Miller.

Mr. Charles Hayman and family, of Salisbury, and Mr. James Hayman and family, of Princess Anne, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Marriner.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Hain, of Bluefield, W. Va., are visiting relatives in this vicinity. Mr. Hain, accompanied by his granddaughter, Miss Lorena Noel, left Wednesday to visit relatives in Pennsylvania.

Rev. Mr. Leak, of West Virginia, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. West the latter part of last week, preached in the Perryhawkin Christian Church Sunday morning in the Fruitland Christian Church Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Marriner and little son, Milton, of Bluefield, W. Va., are visiting at the home of Mrs. Marriner's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Noel, and Mr. Marriner's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James T. Marriner and other friends and relatives in this vicinity.

Champ

May 28—Miss Minnie Ballard is visiting her sister, Mrs. Harry Daniel, at Venton.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Thomas and children visited this place Sunday.

Mrs. Sidney Smith and children are visiting Mrs. Smith's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Muir.

Mr. John Timmons, of Salisbury, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Thomas Sunday.

Miss Ruth Beauchamp, after spending the past week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. F. Beauchamp, has returned to Pocomoke.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Pusey, of Venton, were the guests of Mrs. Pusey's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Bozman, Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Inez Tyler, of Chance, and Thelma Smith, of Oriole, were the guests of Miss Lois Campbell and Olive Dashiell Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Sadie Webster and Hilda Wilson, of Deal's Island; Inez Tyler, of Chance, and Messrs. Edward Thomas and Warren Bosman, of Deal's Island, motored here Tuesday evening and were the guests of Miss Lois Campbell.

Miss Olive Dashiell, the school teacher at Champ, is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Dashiell, at Princess Anne. Our best wishes, good luck and prosperity follow Miss Dashiell.

RED WING.

Playing Republican Politics

A large meeting of citizens of Worcester county assembled in Pocomoke City last Wednesday night in response to a call by the Board of Trade of that place. The object of the meeting was to consider some facts concerning the building of the two state roads leading from Pocomoke City—one toward the Virginia line and the other toward Stockton. The State Roads Commission has already advertised for bids to construct these two sections, or at least a portion of them. In the past month, however, something has occurred to hinder further action and it has been learned upon good authority that a large portion of Republican politics has been injected into the matter in the hope of causing the commission to expend all the money available on the road toward Stockton, thus cutting the Virginia line out altogether.

A resolution was addressed to the State Roads Commission setting forth their grievances and speaks of an agreement made at Annapolis between the State Roads Commission and the Worcester county delegation that after the road to Ocean City had been completed, the remainder of the funds would be equally apportioned in building a road from the Virginia line, and to Stockton, and asks that said agreement be kept.

Remarkable Record.

Three generations of a family named Welland have contributed 173 years' service at a farm near Godalming, Surrey, England. William Welland, aged sixty-nine, has worked for 50 years. His father did 90 years' service, and his two sons have done 90 and 24 years.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera And Diarrhoea Remedy

This is a remedy that every family should be provided with, and especially during the summer months. Think of the pain and suffering that must be endured when medicine must be sent for or before relief can be obtained. Ask anyone who has used it. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement.]

Linthicum And Furst Not Candidates

Two names were eliminated last Tuesday evening from the list of Democratic gubernatorial possibilities. Congressman J. Charles Linthicum announced his retirement from the field in a speech delivered at Rossville, Baltimore county, and Mr. Frank A. Furst issued a definite statement, in which he made clear why he could not accede to the wishes of friends who had urged him to enter the field.

The declination of these gentlemen simplifies the situation and leaves the two candidates who remain in the race a clear field. As it looks now Emerson C. Harrington, of Dorchester, or Blair Lee, of Montgomery, will be the Democratic candidate, unless at the last moment a compromise should be effected by the bringing out of a third man, acceptable to both sides, but of such a happening there it not, at this time, any probability.

Mayor Preston, having espoused Lee's cause, will stand by him to the last, while Senator Smith is on record as saying that Harrington will have his support and that he will fight for him to the last ditch.

Yeggmen Get Big Loot

Yeggmen cracked the safe in the Forest Hill postoffice, Harford county, near Belair, Monday night of last week.

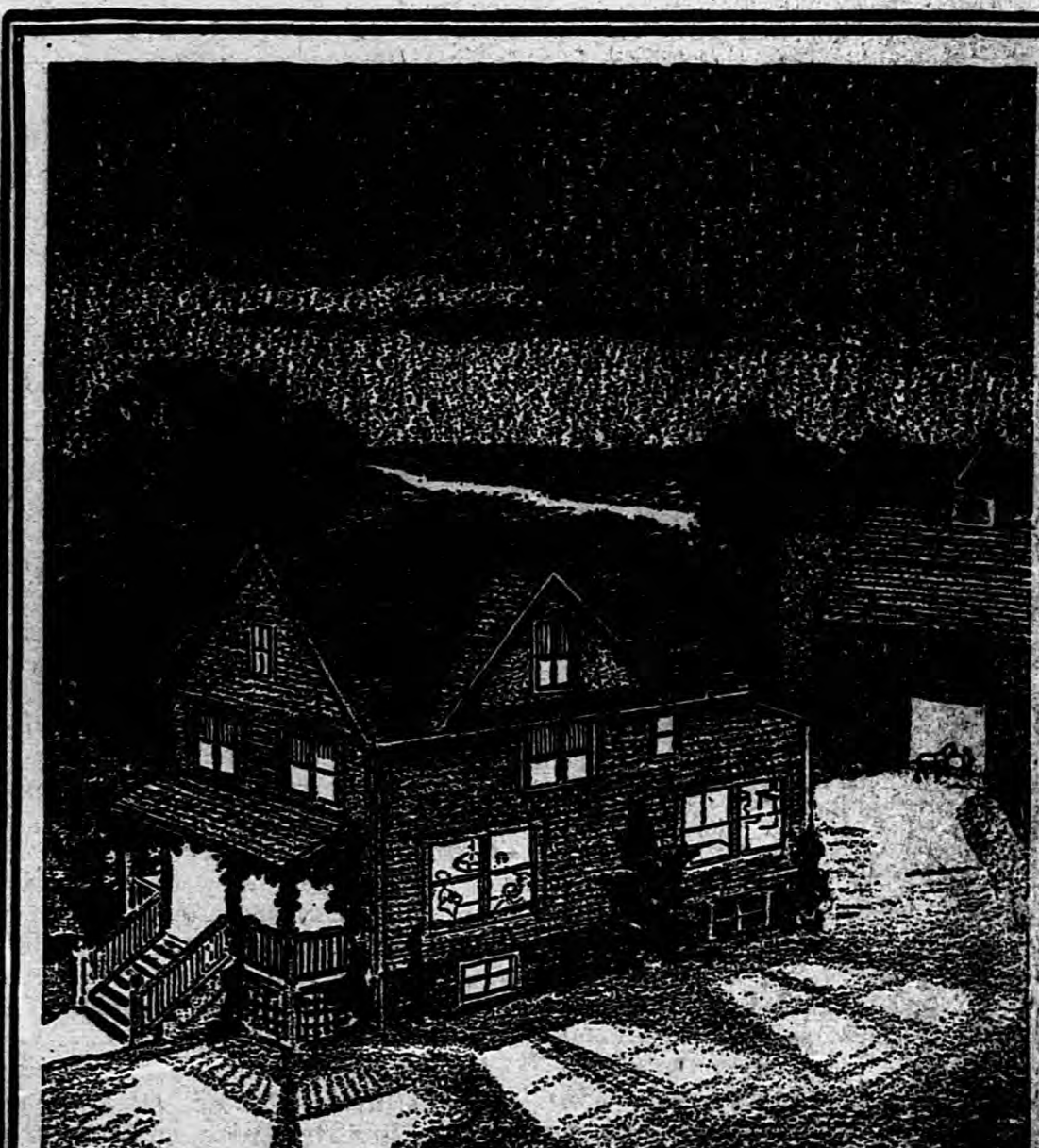
The robbers secured 1,200 two-cent stamps, \$600 in checks made out to Charles H. Wilson, and \$320 in cash.

The postoffice at Forest Hill is in the general store kept by Chas. H. Wilson. As near as can be determined, the robbery occurred at about 1 o'clock Tuesday morning, but it was not discovered until six hours later, when Mr. Wilson opened his store for the day.

"Several persons in the neighborhood heard the explosion," said Mr. Wilson, "but as there is a good deal of shooting in this section every night, little attention was paid to the noise. It was supposed to be due to some late and hilarious gunning party. On account of this I have been unable to find any one who could give the slightest clue as to the number or appearance of the robbers. I did not notice any suspicious characters about the store during the day or hanging around after closing time."

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for painful, smarting, tender, nervous feet. It takes the sting of corns and bunions. Over 100,000 packages are being used by the German and Allied troops at the front. Sold everywhere, 25c. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.



Light Your House and Barns—Cook Your Meals With Home-Made Acetylene

And Make Your Acetylene With a Pilot Lighting Plant

Pilot plants make Acetylene automatically a little at a time as you use it in your gas cooking stove and in your lights distributed throughout your house, your barns and out-buildings. You simply fill the generator with the gas-producing stone "Union Carbide" and water about once a month.

Pilot plants are approved by The National Board of Fire Insurance Underwriters.

All told, over 250,000 country homes are using Acetylene made the Pilot way.

A complete Pilot plant, consisting of generator, pipes—hand-some light fixtures and gas cook stove, can be installed in any country home in a couple of days' time.

Such a plant is a permanent improvement and will furnish you with the cheapest, safest and most practical light and fuel now available for country home requirements.

Write for our illustrated catalogs and descriptive booklets giving all the facts.

CHAS. F. LUTZ
"The Delight," Salisbury, Md.

Salesman for

OXWELD ACETYLENE COMPANY, NEWARK, N. J.

(Largest Makers of Country Home Light and Fuel Plants in the World)



You have seen both men.
You meet them every day. The one prosperous, self-confident and busy—the other, broken, despondent and penniless.

A savings account may have made the one—the lack of it, the other.

Open YOUR savings account today with a dollar.

We pay 3 per cent on Savings Deposits
PEOPLES BANK of SOMERSET COUNTY

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent
Princess Anne, Md.

Our Double Stores Comprise the Only Exclusive Shoe and Clothing Store in Princess Anne

CUSTOM
TAILORING
READY-TO-WEAR
CLOTHING

Shoes for the Whole Family
JOHN W. MORRIS & SON
Clothing for Men and Boys

HATS
CAPS AND
MEN'S
FURNISHINGS

Ladies' and Children's Dress Shoes a Specialty

PRINCESS ANNE

MARYLAND

Dashiell's Department Store

Invites you to inspect our complete offering in Ladies' and Men's Furnishings. Our progress is indicated by the tremendous stock we are carrying and the superior qualities we are displaying

MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN'S

SHOES

Knu Shu the workman's shoe

EMERSON
DOUGLAS

Utz & Dunn TRET CO

FASHIONABLE FOOT WEAR



We offer at reasonable low prices a surprisingly large assortment for Summer Wear in the Latest Styles and Shades

Ladies Waists, Ladies Skirts
Ladies' Muslin
Underwear,
Ladies Hose and Neckwear
Pongees and Golf Cord
Sport Coats

Special Sale:

At greatly reduced prices we are disposing of a large assortment of our fashionable and stylish

MILLINERY

Floor Coverings

Crex Rugs
All Fibre Rugs
Sunfast Matting
Sunfast Fibre Rugs
Axminster Rugs

MEN AND BOYS SUMMER

CLOTHING

Shirts Hats Belts
Ties Caps Hose

STYLE, QUALITY, LOW PRICES

China Ware

Haviland and Johnson
Bavarian Dinner Sets
Large Assortment of
Open Stock
Cut Glass, Silverware

The FASHION BOOK

For SUMMER
of the Celebrated
PICTORIAL
REVIEW
PATTERNS
now on sale.



It costs only ten cents when purchased with one 15 cent PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERN.

Waist 6206—35c.
Skirt 6221—15c.

JUNE PATTERNS
now ready

THE EDDY REFRIGERATOR

Dashiell's Department Store

363 Main Street

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Newspaper Charity

"Space and copies of his newspaper go to make up the newspaper man's entire stock in trade," says the Fourth Estate in an editorial on "Objects of Charity." "These two are all he has to offer for sale to the public, and no one has ever given any sort of satisfactory reason why he should be asked by any one to donate them."

"One thing newspaper people will never be able to understand is why any person will walk into a newspaper office and make himself for herself an object of charity and insist upon what they would disdain to ask for in any other shop or place of business in the town. The principal is the same in the newspaper office as in the dry goods store, the grocery store, the drug store, and what a great many people need is to come to recognize it as the same and get off the newspaper charity list."

"Advertising space in the newspaper is for sale, not to give away. It has a certain intrinsic value in itself that makes it worth money. Copies of the newspaper are for sale, not to give away. If they are worth having, they are worth the exceedingly small price asked for them."

"The public, or at least a large portion of it, has some very erroneous ideas about these matters, and it is but just to the newspaper folks that these ideas be corrected in accordance with the same business principles that prevail in all other business establishments."

"In the vast majority of cases, this generous charity on the part of newspapers is blissfully taken by many, for granted, and the paper's liberality abused. That which is purely a favor is accepted as a matter of course, and what should be requests are couched as demands."

"When the courtesy has been performed there is rarely appreciation, and more often dissatisfaction—generally silence. The result in many other towns and cities has been that a ban has been put upon all free publicity, no matter what its object, even upon the church notice. In those cities such favors as the press bestows are properly appreciated and are valued."

Very, Very Intelligent.
From an observation made at Greece which it has been proved that the "new" comet discovered by an Argentine astronomer is Westphal's comet, which returns every 61 years. The faithful little beast! The homing instinct in some comets is wonderful—Punch.

Houses for Ghost.

Three houses for a ghost were recently built at Rangoon, Burmah, India. The houses were four-storied ones made of paper and cardboard. They were built in the course of a night to serve as a resting-place for the soul of a Chinaman.

SEEDS TESTED SEEDS

We are the only firm on the Eastern Shore that maintains a fully equipped SEED LABORATORY.

POTATOES FOR SUMMER PLANTING

HAVE YOU ORDERED WHAT YOU WILL NEED?

Maine Crown Cobblers - \$3.00 Great Rehoboths - \$2.75
Maine Crown Green Mountains 3.00 Hoosiers - 2.50

11 Peck Sacks, f. o. b. Philadelphia.

All orders to be accompanied with an advance of 50 cents per sack.

INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES

WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE, SUCH AS:

ARSENITE OF ZINC BORDEAUX MIXTURE
ARSENATE OF LEAD PARIS GREEN

SOY BEANS ORANGE SORGHUM BUCKWHEAT
COW PEAS AMBER SORGHUM MILLET

ALL OTHER FIELD AND TRUCKING SEEDS

If interested in Seeds mentioned or not mentioned, we solicit your inquiry. Our line is complete

Peninsula Produce Exchange of Maryland
POCOMOKE CITY, MD.

Phone 109. Branch Stores: Salisbury, Md., Princess Anne, Md., Snow Hill, Md.



Years Are a Measure

of your business progress and earning capacity.

One young man of our acquaintance started a Savings Account here three years ago. The first year he banked and saved but twenty-two dollars.

The next year he saved over sixty. This last year, with a better paying position, he saved two hundred. He has solved the problem of independence with his bank-book.

If the years to come are to measure real success for you, YOU MUST SAVE YOUR MONEY. Open a Savings Account.

BANK of SOMERSET

"It Renders The Service"

Princess Anne

Maryland

PRINTING We are in a better position than ever to give you the very BEST of PRINTING

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1862
SOMERSET HERALD, 1828

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, JUNE 8, 1915

Vol. XVII No. 44

TAXABLE BASIS CUT DOWN \$319,305

Revision of Furniture Exemption Law Completed Last Saturday.

Mr. John E. Holland, County Treasurer and clerk to the Board of County Commissioners, last Saturday completed the revision of the assessment books of Somerset county necessitated by the Furniture Exemption law passed by the Legislature of 1914.

This law exempts all household furniture to the amount of \$500 and has effected a reduction in the taxable basis of the county of \$319,305, distributed in the several districts as follows:

West Princess Anne.....	\$35,660
St. Peters.....	10,000
Brinkley's.....	32,700
Dublin.....	13,285
Mount Vernon.....	15,735
Fairmount.....	19,590
Crisfield.....	72,640
Lawsons.....	20,500
Tangier.....	6,500
Smith's Island.....	6,290
Dames Quarter.....	4,935
Asbury.....	27,760
Westover.....	17,395
Deals Island.....	15,380
East Princess Anne.....	20,935

Real Estate Transfers

George D. Crowell from Frank J. Crowell and wife, 5 acres in Lawson's district; consideration \$5 and other considerations.

Norman Mason from Washington L. Tull and wife, land in Asbury district; consideration \$100.

George A. Cox from David H. Lamy and wife, land in Fairmount district; consideration \$100 and other valuable considerations.

Horatio W. Jones from Robert F. Duer and wife, lot in Princess Anne; consideration \$400.

Horatio W. Jones and wife from Thomas Dixon, lot in Princess Anne; consideration \$450.

Charles L. Matthews from Levin Johnson and wife, 3 1/2 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$150.

Vernon Horseman and wife from Geo. W. Horseman and wife, land on Deal's Island; consideration \$5 and other considerations.

John T. Dashiell from J. Roland Dashiell and wife, 1/2 acre in Asbury district; consideration \$200.

Charles A. Ballard from Robert Ballard and wife, 2 acres in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$85.

Frank Thornton and wife from Clarence P. Lankford, trustee, et al., 1 1/2 acres in Asbury district; consideration \$56.

Wallace M. Quinn from John W. Cox and wife, land in Crisfield; consideration \$50 and other valuable considerations.

Spicer-Beauchamp Wedding

The home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Elmo Beauchamp, East Penn street, Bedford, Pa., on Monday, May 31st, 1915, at noon, was the scene of a pretty wedding when their sister, Miss Margaret Elizabeth Beauchamp, became the bride of Mr. Walter Eaton Spicer, of Springfield, Mass. The Rev. Bishara, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, performed the ceremony. Mrs. F. Elmo Beauchamp played the wedding march. The bride wore a white silk gown and veil and carried a bouquet of bride's roses. After the ceremony, dinner was served to the immediate family. The bride and groom left on the 1.50 train for Philadelphia, from there going to Worcester, Mass., where they will make their home at No. 9 John street. They were accompanied to Philadelphia by Miss Mildred Beauchamp, cousin of the bride, of Princess Anne, Md.

Two Cents For Princess Anne Letters

The following extract from a letter from the Third Assistant Postmaster General to the postmaster at Princess Anne states that "drop letters" mailed at this office addressed for local delivery, whether by carrier or through the postoffice boxes or general delivery, are chargeable with postage at the rate of two cents an ounce or fraction of an ounce. This is the same rate charged in all towns where free delivery service has been established.

May Weather Report

The following is the weather report for the month of May, as compiled by Mr. James R. Stewart, co-operative observer, of Princess Anne:

Maximum temperature, 82 degrees on the 22nd and 23rd; minimum temperature, 39 degrees on the 11th; total precipitation, 2.81 inches. Clear days, 5; partly cloudy, 21; cloudy, 5. Hail on the 3rd, 4th, 16th and 24th. The prevailing wind was northwest.

Large Strawberry

Mr. R. F. Bounds, of Mt. Vernon, brought us in another large strawberry which measures 8 1/2 inches in circumference. It is known as the "Joe" berry. It was picked from his patch, but the berries do not run so large as this one. They are all large, however.

MALLOY FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL

Announces That He Will Oppose Ritchie in Democratic Primary

State Senator William Milnes Malloy has announced formally his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for Attorney General. He will oppose Albert C. Ritchie in the primary and it is understood that he will run on the ticket headed by Senator Blair Lee for the gubernatorial nomination, while Mr. Ritchie will be on that headed by Comptroller Emerson C. Harrington. Mr. Malloy has the support of the Democratic city organization and Mr. Ritchie will have that of the State people.

In announcing his candidacy, Mr. Malloy gave out the following statement: "The withdrawal of Congressman Linthicum from the gubernatorial contest and the declination of Mr. Furst leave me, as a city man, free to announce my candidacy for a place on the Democratic State ticket."

"I am a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Attorney Generalship. My qualifications for the office include the course in the public schools of Baltimore, graduation from the Baltimore City College, a professional training at the law school of the University of Maryland, where I received the degree of bachelor of laws, and postgraduate work in law at the Catholic University, where I was given the degree of master of laws and doctor of jurisprudence. This preliminary equipment has been supplemented by 16 years of practice before the courts of this State. Nearly 500 members of the Baltimore bar have certified to my fitness for the office by signing a petition in my behalf at a time when my opponent had already given notice that he intended to make a demand for the nomination."

"In consequence of my service in the House of Delegates in 1908, as recess Secretary of the Senate in 1910, and as State Senator in 1912 and 1914, I am familiar and in sympathy with the Public Service, Industrial Accident, State Roads, Tax Commission, Bank Commissioner, Health District and Sanitary Engineering laws, and other important legislation of recent years, and I promise to do my utmost to uphold these measures and to carry out the legislative intent."

Mrs. Henrietta Goldsborough Dead

Mrs. Henrietta Goldsborough, wife of Paymaster Robinson Goldsborough, U. S. N. (retired) died at 12.30 o'clock last Saturday, at her home in Cambridge, Md., of heart failure superinduced by rheumatic trouble, with which she had been suffering for months. While Mrs. Goldsborough was a confirmed invalid, her death was sudden and unexpected and caused great surprise as well as sorrow in that city. Mrs. Goldsborough before her marriage was Miss Henrietta Jones, of Princess Anne. She is survived by four sons—Governor Goldsborough, Dr. Brice W. and Martin W. Goldsborough, of Cambridge, and Paymaster McGill R. Goldsborough, U. S. N., who is now on the battleship South Carolina.

Mrs. Goldsborough was 72 years old. Besides her husband and sons she leaves a brother, Mr. William A. Jones, of Cambridge, formerly of Princess Anne. Governor and Mrs. Goldsborough and their sons, Phillips Lee, Jr., and Brice W. Goldsborough, Jr., reached Cambridge on the State steamer Governor Thomas shortly after 7 o'clock Saturday evening. Paymaster Robinson Goldsborough arrived on the evening train.

Funeral services were held yesterday (Monday) afternoon at Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, with interment in the adjoining cemetery.

New Baggage Law In Force

Beginning last Wednesday the traveling man or woman who carries more than \$100 worth of baggage on a railroad journey will have to pay the freight. This is required by the Cummins amendment to the rate act which prohibits a railroad from making limitation on its liability in either the transportation of baggage or freight.

Under tariffs filed with the Commerce Commission by the Baltimore and Ohio, Pennsylvania and other railroads, travelers hereafter will be required to declare value of their baggage. Forms for the purpose will be supplied by the railroads. If the baggage is valued at more than \$100 the traveler will be required to pay 10 cents for each excess unit of \$100 or fraction thereof. This may result in a good many complaints to the railroads, but they are in a position to lay it on the law.

The law will be observed by the railroads and enforced by the Interstate Commerce Commission. It is the general expectation of railway officials that as a result there will be a marked decline in the weight of baggage for shipment in the future.

Last week the Public Service Commission in its Tariff Bulletin No. 37 announced that rates on fertilizers from Princess Anne, and on agricultural lime from Crisfield, Princess Anne and Salisbury to stations on N. Y., P. & Norfolk Railroad will be reduced. The order to become effective on June 15th.

EXPLANATORY LETTER FROM SENATOR BLAIR LEE

Says He Did Not Make A "Deal" With The City Of Baltimore At The Expense Of The Counties—Gratifies Mayor Preston's Support

The following letter sent us by Senator Blair Lee from Silver Spring, Maryland, under date of June 1st, explains itself, and it will be read with pleasure by his constituents.

Mayor Preston's announcement of his intention to support me in the Democratic primary for the nomination of Governor, seems to have thrown certain papers allied with Senator Smith and his opponent, Mr. Harrington, into a panic and to have led these papers to the city of Baltimore at the expense of the counties. Such charge is untrue. Nothing short of a panic could have induced these papers to attempt to raise so unpatriotic and so false an issue.

The people of this State should know too well to pay any attention to the charge that Mayor Preston's support of me is the result of a "deal" with him or any one else, changing my position as a city man to a county man. I am unchanged in my convictions and political principles. I have always stood for the principle of a "county unit system," for which I am now standing. I am not a city man, but a Marylander. I am not a city man, but a Marylander. I am not a city man, but a Marylander.

I am gratified to have the support of the administration which he has given the city of Baltimore. Any candidate for Governor who has the support of a majority of over seventeen thousand voters in the city of Baltimore is a candidate for Governor who has the support of a majority of over seventeen thousand voters in the city of Baltimore.

There is no real conflict of interest between the people of the city of Baltimore and the people of the counties. We are all Marylanders; we are all related by ties of blood, and the farms of the various counties, our business interests are interlocked, and the people of the city of Baltimore are no less than the people of the counties. The people of the city of Baltimore are no less than the people of the counties. The people of the city of Baltimore are no less than the people of the counties.

Dr. S. T. Williams Killed in Auto Accident

Dr. Samuel T. Williams, oldest resident of Salisbury, was killed in an automobile accident on Wednesday morning of last week. The doctor was in his 84th year, having been born on February 25th, 1832. He was the son of Samuel Williams and Margaret Williams and lived practically all his life in Salisbury. He was born in the Williams property at the head of Camden street.

He is survived by his daughter, Mrs. Ida T. Trader and the following grandchildren: Arthur, Mimos, Bessie, Minnie, Miriam and Nellie Trader. Mr. Williams married Miss Anne Elizabeth Fooks, daughter of the late Mimos Fooks, who has been dead some years.

The deceased was widely acquainted with the people of most every section of Wicomico county and had a large circle of friends. His funeral services were held from the residence of his daughter Wednesday afternoon, interment in Parsons' Cemetery.

For Vestrymen's League

Among the important matters acted on at the forty-seventh annual convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Eastern, which held sessions at St. Paul's Church, Centerville, Monday and Tuesday of last week, was the Vestrymen's League. John W. McDaniel, president of the Vestrymen's League of Talbot county, read a paper urging extension of the league.

A resolution was offered by Judge H. L. D. Stanford, of Princess Anne, and seconded by Colonel Gibson, of Queen Anne's, to the effect that a league be organized in every county in the Diocese of Eastern.

This new church organization originated in Harford county several years ago and has met with marked success. Its features appealed to Dr. Henry Davies, of Christ Church, Eastern, and a league has been organized in Talbot county.

Bad Money Follows Circus

According to information received from Wilmington (Del.) banks bogus silver dollars are in circulation in that city in large numbers. All that were seen bore the date of 1888 and were different grades of manufacture, some being excellent deceptions and others quite inferior in make. The counterfeit money has been coming to the banks from merchants who have not been aware of its worthlessness ever since May 15th, when a circus appeared in that city. A few bad half-dollars also have been found, but their workmanship was so poor that they were easily detected.

The County Commissioners for Talbot County, at their meeting at Easton last Thursday, fixed the rate for 1915 at \$78c on the hundred dollars, an increase of 2 cents over last year's rate. They levied for the use of schools \$24,000, an increase of \$4,500. The taxable basis is \$12,000,000, which will yield \$105,200 revenue.

GOVERNORSHIP CAUSING SPECULATION

Politicians Are Figuring On Possible Switches In The Counties' Voting

Now that the Democratic lines are drawn in a race between United States Senator Lee and State Comptroller Harrington for their party's nomination for Governor of Maryland, speculation is rife concerning the probable result.

The Baltimore News last Wednesday said in part the following as to the contest for the Governorship:

As all politicians know, the popular vote does not decide the issue. Maryland nominates its Statewide candidates in a State Convention in which each county has an allotment of votes corresponding to its representation in the General Assembly. This scheme was incorporated in the primary law devised by Mr. Lee when a member of the State Senate. In all there are 129 votes in State Convention, and Baltimore city has 28 of the number.

In judging what may happen it is customary to hark back to what has happened. The partisans of Senator Lee do that. Their reminiscences are, perhaps, very excusable from the fact that four years ago, with the city solidly arrayed against them, they carried 12 of the 23 counties of Maryland, giving Lee 64 votes in the State Convention. Arthur P. Gorman was nominated with 65 votes. Hence the Montgomery man came within one vote of landing the nomination.

Carried by Senator Gorman in the primary race against Senator Lee were the following counties: Allegany, Washington, Howard, Anne Arundel, Kent, Wicomico, Dorchester and Worcester, a total of eight, with 37 votes in the State Convention. These 37, plus Baltimore city's 28, gave Gorman 65 votes.

Senator Lee carried the following counties: Garrett, Frederick, Montgomery, Prince George's, Carroll, Harford, Baltimore, Calvert, St. Mary's, Charles, Cecil, Caroline, Queen Anne's, Talbot and Somerset; a total of 15 with 64 votes in the State convention.

As far as political factors determine results the present primary campaign presents some important changes. Most conspicuous among them is the stand taken by Mayor Preston for Blair Lee, and he has carried with him into the Lee camp the city organization, which usually means the city's vote of 28 in the State convention.

Congressman Talbot, who supported Senator Lee four years ago, has switched back to the Smith camp. Baltimore county's seven votes almost invariably go with "Marse Fred." There have been other changes. Four years ago Senator Lee had no political support in Kent and Wicomico counties. This year the Barroll faction in Kent and the Brewington forces in Wicomico have lined up back of him, and a desperate campaign will be made to add them to the Lee column among the nine Eastern Shore counties, in addition to a vigorous fight to keep in line all the counties carried four years ago. The Lee people are moving to capture Washington with its six votes.

Plans are also said to be under way for making a stirring campaign in Anne Arundel. In fact, the Lee people do not seem to be disposed to overlook anything in the search for votes. They are very confident—supremely confident, in fact—and the strength of their position is so apparent that the friends of Senator Smith, who is leading the fight for Mr. Harrington, are exhibiting a great deal of bitterness.

While admitting that surface indications are not encouraging, the Harrington forces deny most emphatically that they give anything like a true indication of existing conditions. It is, of course, very hard to combat the idea that Baltimore city hasn't "hit the sawdust trail" as far as the county machine forces are concerned, so the claims that are made for the State Comptroller apply almost entirely to the counties, although there is a very decided disposition to continue a flirtation with "The" Kelly in Baltimore with the hope, it is thought, that he may eventually decide to quit the organization forces and take a stand back of Harrington.

Undoubtedly the old Smith forces intend to make, and, for that matter, are making a determined fight: A Lee victory means loss of political prestige to Senator Smith, and the men who are close to him suffer, politically, as his star declines. Their chances will be determined in a great measure by the campaigning abilities of State Comptroller Harrington and the issues upon which the primary fight is waged.

All down the Eastern Shore county papers recognized as friendly to Senator Smith and his organization have raised the cry of "counties versus city" and have depicted in lurid fashion the

(Continued on fourth page, third column)

HISTORY OF OLD MONIE CHURCH

The Original Building Supposed To Have Been Erected In 1710.

The following brief history of the "Old Monie" Church is from the pen of Mr. Harry Pringle Ford, of Philadelphia, and will be of interest to our readers:

Some five miles from Princess Anne, on the road to Deal's Island, is the famous "Old Monie" Church, around which gather many hallowed associations. The original building is supposed to have been erected about 1710, in what was then the "Province" of Maryland, of which Charles, Lord Baltimore, was at that time lord proprietor. Edward Lloyd was the President of the Council. Queen Anne, the last of the Stuarts, was on the throne of England.

An Episcopal parish was in Princess Anne at least as early as 1703, for at that date the birth of an ancestor of the writer appears upon the records.

On the 6th of February, 1706, Arnold Elzey and wife deeded to Anne, Queen of England, one acre of land at Almodington (the home of the late Isaac S. Atkinson) on the Manokin river, for an Episcopal church. The site of this church, which was pointed out to the writer a few years ago, is now in the river, between the old Atkinson home and Elmwood, the home of John Page, Esq. The neighborhood must have been somewhat thickly populated to have maintained three churches of the same denomination. "In 1711," according to Dr. McIlvain, "Rev. Alexander Adams wrote to the Bishop of London, that he was the only clergyman of the Church of England in Somerset county."

Singularly enough, the "Old Monie" church, although "twice enlarged and three times repaired," was never formally consecrated until the 10th of November, 1845, at which time Bishop Whittingham, of the Diocese of Maryland, officiated. This event appears to have aroused renewed interest in the church, for ten years later Thomas Dashiell, in his will dated May 17th, 1755, "did give and bequest all that tract of land called Somerset, on which Monie (Monie) church now stands, to the use of said church and parish."

In a letter written to the late Robert Patterson, of Monie, from Louisville, Kentucky, about 1855, by W. W. Lawes, whose ancestors lived on the Little Monie creek as early as 1700, is the following interesting reference to the old church:

"A letter from Princess Anne has lost nothing of its interest for me. In your communication of last July you said that 'Old Monie' has lately been made less. As I had heard nothing about its being made less I did not understand your allusion. In your last letter, however, you mention that the addition put up on the north side had been taken away. Now I fully understand, I suppose, how it has been made less. That addition was put up by my father the year before we left. I was then a boy of 16, and worked on it with an older brother, Thomas, until it was completed. Henrietta had told me about the alterations inside—taking down and putting up the pews again. While putting up the addition in 1806 the sills of the old church were found to be decayed, and we were employed by the Vestry to put new ones in. To do this we were compelled to take out all the old pews, break the floor one board on each side, and to splice the large oak posts, which were also decayed near a foot at the lower end. We then put back the old double-seated pews just as they were before. The old pulpit on the South side, near the centre, was not removed."

In 1874-5 the old building was renovated at a cost of one thousand dollars, but, alas! the people were not to enjoy very long their more comfortable quarters.

One of the most helpful families connected with the church at that period of its existence was that of the late Capt. Thomas H. Fitzgerald, of Elmwood, on the Manokin. He and his wife were devoted to its interests, and their children were largely responsible for the success attending the music and the choir.

The writer spent the night of Wednesday, July 30th, 1879, at Captain Fitzgerald's home. Before daylight the following morning (July 31st) a severe wind and rain storm swept over that portion of the county. "Pine trees large enough for the masts of ships, and mighty oaks that had withstood the storms for more than a century, were laid low." Joseph N. Fitzgerald, a son of Captain Fitzgerald, and I made an early start for Princess Anne, where we were to take a train for Ocean City. After leaving the farm and entering the county road we frequently found our way obstructed by branches and trees blown across the road, but we

(Continued on eighth page, first column)

THE STEAM ENGINE

Its History a Romance of Philosophy and Mechanics.

UNCLE SAM'S FINE EXHIBIT.

The National Museum at Washington Shows the First Crude Machines Made as Well as Originals and Models of the First Locomotives.

Probably no museum collection in the world better illustrates the development of the steam engine, particularly the locomotive, than the exhibit of the United States National Museum at Washington, which includes two of the earliest original locomotives and numerous models and accessories.

The history of the steam engine is a materialistic romance without parallel in the record of human achievements. It covers the stupendous and persistent efforts of many early philosophers and mechanics who found steam a mysterious uncontrollable force and left it a comprehensible controllable factor of public service.

No one knows how long after it was observed that by holding down the lid of a kettle of boiling liquid a certain force was created, due to the compression of the steam, before any use was attempted with this newly discovered force. It is certain, however, that a sort of steam engine was exhibited in Alexandria, Egypt, about 200 years before our era began, and it was described in a work on pneumatics by Hero of Alexandria, written between 150 and 180 B. C. This machine was a rotary affair, more theoretical than practical, as were many of the results of philosophy in those days. A reconstruction of this engine in model form is in the museum exhibits.

Nothing more is to be found concerning the steam engine for centuries, a fact which is no doubt due to the lack of interest in anything which did not have to do with war or warfare implements. A book published in Rome in 1629 gives a description of Giovanni Branca's crude steam engine, showing it to have been an elementary steam turbine, with the sole defect that it lacked any appliances for making the steam follow the vanes, or buckets, of the revolving wheel, so that more of its energy might have been converted into useful work. One author in a treatise on locomotives claims that had some genius improved upon this early device the reciprocating engine would probably never have been invented, but that we would have had the advantage of our modern turbines much sooner.

The museum possesses a model of a very early machine designed by Sir Isaac Newton in 1680 which was propelled by a jet of steam projected backward against the air and a model of Denis Papin's invention of about the same time. The investigations of Savery and Papin and the successful experimental engines of Thomas Newcomen in 1705 with his piston and cylinder soon followed. Newcomen's ideas were improved by James Watt in 1769, who also introduced the high pressure engine, the condenser and later the double acting engine. The development of the engine was advanced by Cugnot, Evans, Hornblower and Murdoch. A model of the latter's engine is on display in the museum.

As the result of a wager made by a resident of Merthyr Tydfil, an important iron town of South Wales, that he could convey a load of iron nine miles by the power of steam alone Richard Trevithick made the first engine to run on rails in 1804 and won the wager for his employer the next year. Trevithick, it has been claimed, copied the stationary engine built in 1800 by Oliver Evans, an American, who was later ingenious enough to attach wheels to a scow and propel it by steam through the streets of Philadelphia in 1804. This curious creation, called the Orukter Amphibolis, was the first motorcar to run on American soil.

A model of Trevithick's engine is to be seen in the National museum, as is also the model of the engine employed by John Stevens in 1825 and his original tubular boiler. Other models illustrate nearly all the types which began to put in their appearance soon after 1825, when the Stourbridge Lion was built in England and shipped to America, where it was the first engine to run on full sized rails. The museum possesses not only the model of this historic engine, but the original engine itself. The other original full sized locomotive to be seen in the museum is the John Bull, built by George Stephenson & Sons of England and shipped to America for use in 1831 on the Camden and Amboy railroad. It is interesting to recall that this old relic of early railroading in America made a round trip under its own steam in 1833 from New York to Chicago, where it was exhibited at the World's Columbian exposition.

Among the models of early and historic locomotives are George Stephenson's Rocket, which was built in 1825; the B. and O. engine Tom Thumb, built by Peter Cooper in 1830; the grasshopper type engine Arabion of 1831; the Best Friend, used in 1830-1; Baldwin's Old Ironsides, constructed in 1832; the Sandusky, built in 1837, and models of engines made by Asa Whitney in 1840 and G. A. Nicholls in 1848. Besides the two locomotives and the numerous engine models, there are in the exhibit coach and car models, sections of rails, spikes, wheels and models and parts of valves, pistons and other early accessories pertaining to locomotives and railroads.

A Desperate Remedy

It Was Applied to Two Patients and Was Successful

By F. A. MITCHEL

"John," said my special friend, Mrs. Edith Allison, "I am very sorry to see you neglecting the most important matter in a man's or a woman's life. Some day, when you are an old man, tired of the social life, tired of your club, forced in the evening to go out to seek the companionship of persons whom you care little about, and many of whom care less for you; when you return to your lonely bachelor quarters, with no one to welcome you, to pass a night alone, you will regret having wasted years of opportunity to provide yourself with a home."

"What a horrible picture!"

"The picture is not half as horrible as the reality."

"Marriage is an awful risk."

"A risk, yes; the other is a certainty."

"But I can't compel myself to love any woman nor any woman to love me."

"That is where we in America err on the side of romance. Abroad the principal feature in wedlock is the dowry; here it is what we call love. A dowry is tangible; love is intangible. Far be it from me to decry a pure affection, but that emotional condition, which in men and women is one minute ecstatic and the next may turn to hate, or later to indifference, is no basis on which to make a life contract binding two persons together."

"Would you have me go into a room blindfolded where there are a number of unmarried women, take one of them by the hand and lead her to the altar?"

"You might as well do that as take a partner while blinded by love. You don't need to do either. One thing you can do that is reasonable in choosing a wife. If you take any one into your employ you require references, don't you?"

"Certainly."

"Very well. Why should you not all the more require references in taking a wife?"

"And the wife, I presume, should require references of me?"

"Certainly."

"It seems to me," I replied, after some hesitation, "that your idea would only serve to keep me and the woman I might marry still further apart."

"Not if it is properly carried out."

What was Edith driving at? I confess I could not make out. That she was a woman of great originality I knew. That she was my devoted friend I did not doubt. She had cautioned me before this against waiting till I was an old man before marrying, and I suspected that she now had some plan for me. I wondered if she was not bent on making a match between me and some young woman who, like myself, was growing out of her youth and should be mated.

"Come, Edith," I said; "set with it. You're bent on marrying me off. What is your plan?"

"She paused a few moments before replying; then she put down some fancy work she was doing and, looking me straight in the eye, said:

"Desperate cases require desperate remedies."

"Granted."

"It would do no good for me to introduce you to a woman who I believed would make you a good wife."

"I should probably spurn her."

"Nor would it avail to introduce such a woman to you, assuring her that she would be happy with you."

"She would wonder if you thought her bereft of any taste whatever."

"I have a woman in mind and have had just such a conversation with her as I have had with you."

"The dickens you have!"

"Yes, and she admits that any man introduced to her for the purpose of making a match would repel her."

"I see; you are going to throw us together without our knowing of your design."

"Nonsense. That threadbare theme of novelists might do for very young persons. You and the woman I have in mind are too old. The only way by which you can be united is for both to place the matter in the hands of a third party."

"As in Turkey, where the parents arrange matches for their children and the groom never sees the bride's face till he lifts her veil after they are married."

"You have stated the case exactly."

"Very well, to cease generalizing and come down to a definite plan?"

"The lady whom I have assured that you will make her a good husband has consented to leave the whole matter to me. My plan requires that you do the same. Do you consent?"

"How can I consent to what I don't know?"

"You are both being assured by me that neither will make a mistake; to turn the key of wedlock on yourselves without having seen each other."

"Great heavens!"

"Is it not done every day in Turkey?"

"Go on."

"You are to be married without any previous acquaintance, not having seen each other till you stand before the clergyman who marries you. At the conclusion of the ceremony you are to separate for a week, at the end of which time you may, if so disposed, call on your bride. From this time,

further, if you are both so disposed, you are to do as much or as little courting as you like."

"It seems to me that this is putting the cart before the horse."

"Not at all. It is simply applying a stimulant to obviate the indifference of middle life. If you cut a gash in your arm what do you do to draw the parts together?"

"Apply an adhesive plaster."

"That is the intention of this plan of mine. It is an adhesive plaster to draw you and the woman together. Married you cannot fly apart. You are bound by matrimony."

"Edith," I exclaimed, "what a head you have on your shoulders! You should have been a scientist."

"I am giving you nothing but common sense, nothing but what has been practiced in all parts of the world from time immemorial."

"Do you mean to tell me that you have succeeded in inducing a woman to consent to your plan?"

"She would consent to no other. There must be a plunge, then time to recover from its effects."

"I sat thinking over this remarkable proposition for some time without speaking."

"Edith," I said at last, "this is certainly a desperate remedy you propose, but it is as desperate for the woman you have in mind as for me. You would not, I know, connect such a scheme for me with any one except a lady and one in whom you repose great confidence. I only question whether in recommending me to her you are not influenced to wrong her on account of your friendship for me. The lady has doubtless had time to think the matter over. Give me the same. When I have decided I will advise you."

I went to my room and did the hardest job of thinking I have ever done in my life. I had already come to hate the loneliness of my abode, and my picture as a white-headed old man came up before me—trottering out alone to dinner and tottering back to get out of the hours remaining before bedtime. These and other pictures of the future I called up, contrasting them with the sweets of home, wife, children. On the other hand, I thought of being tied up with a woman who might turn out to be a virago. I remembered that my friend, Edith Allison, had said that the loneliness of old age is a certainty, matrimonial unhappiness a chance. As for waiting for a love affair, I had been doing that for twenty years, and there was less hope now than ever. True, under the influence of a sudden passion I had wished to marry one of several different women at different times. Fortunately they had all refused me. Later I found that my judgment of them had been execrable. In Mrs. Allison's judgment I had every confidence, but, her judgment of women.

One morning I was driven to the house of the dance. I had never danced and who had never seen me to be married, arriving at a few minutes before noon. I was prepared to wait until I met either a beauty or a Gorgon. At 12 o'clock the bride party entered the room where I waited. My wife-to-be was not beautiful, but I saw character in her face. I was relieved.

Her mother led the way and, advancing to me, grasped my hand, pressed it warmly and showed also a warm sympathy in her face. The bride, whose color seemed to have faded, did not raise her eyes to look at me. From thinking of the proposed plunge I was taking, my mind was turned to wondering if the bride and groom were the same. We stood together before the clergyman while members of the bride's family gathered on the sides. I placed the responses in a firm tone; the parties were barely audible.

When we had been pronounced man and wife my wife turned and for the first time fixed her eyes on my face. This first look at her husband was met by a sympathetic, assuring smile from me. At the same time I took her hand and pressed it. Then I turned to carry out the terms of this singular plan by leaving the house.

My wife did not relinquish my hand. Her mother, who was watching us, asked me to step into another room, where a breakfast had been prepared. It occurred to me that if my bride had been disappointed in me I would have been permitted to depart. Doubtless the mother saw in her daughter what decided her to detain me.

We passed into a breakfast room and seated ourselves about a round table. There was a stiffness among us for a time, but presently we were chatting as if we had known one another for years. All talked except the bride, who sat with her eyes fixed on her plate. But roses had come into her cheeks, and there was always on her lips that which resembled an ineffectual smile.

When we had refreshed ourselves we all rose from the table, and the members of the family vanished in different directions, leaving me and my wife alone in the hall, I with my hand on the knob of the front door.

I have narrated this important episode in my life so far as I intend to narrate it here. That part of the plan which related to a post-nuptial cohabitation I do not intend to touch upon, except to say that our courtship began when my wife first looked up at me after the ceremony, and, though I am now an old man, it is still in progress. Children have blessed our union, and our family circle is what family circles should be, so I consider it about all that makes life worth living.

I was induced recently to dine at a club one evening with a friend. An old bachelor whom I knew came in, took a seat alone at a neighboring table and desolately fed himself. What he did when his dinner was ended I don't know, but a month later he committed suicide.

The Key of Death.

The "key of death" is apparently a large key which is shown among the weapons at the arsenal at Venice. It was invented by Tithalos, who, disappointed in love, designed this instrument for the destruction of his rival. The key is so constructed that the handle may be turned around, revealing a small spring, which being pressed a very fine needle is driven with considerable force from the other end. This needle is so very fine that the flesh closes over the wound immediately, leaving no mark, but the death of the victim from poison is almost instantaneous.

Both of One Mind.

Mrs. Stormyweather, who had been engaged in a somewhat prolonged and heated dialogue with her husband, beat a dignified retreat so soon as she found she was getting the worst of the argument and turned her attention to culinary matters as a balm for her ruffled soul.

"Jane," she said, "I want you to put on your things at once and go out and see if you can get me a place."

"Yes'm," replied Jane, with alacrity. "And while I'm about it I may as well look for one for myself, too, for I'm blest if I can stand the master any more than you."—London Mirror.

Remorse.

A legal journal tells of a trial in which the following remorseful letter appeared in evidence:

"Mr. Bidwell: Dear Sir—This is what I never expect to come to. But it is trouble, and no one to help me out. So I want you to have this young woman buried. But me, let me lay top of ground, for the Turkey Buzards to eat for I have did rong. Joseph Bradley."

A Good Household Salve

Ordinary ailments and injuries are not of themselves serious, but infection or low vitality may make them dangerous. Don't neglect a cut, sore, bruise or burn because it's small. Blood Poison has resulted from a pin-prick or scratch. For all such ailments Bucklen's Arnica Salve is excellent. It protects and heals the hurt; is antiseptic, kills infection and prevents dangerous complications. Good for all Skin Blemishes, Pimples, Salt Rheum, Eczema. Get an original 2-ounce box, box from your Druggist.

[Advertisement.]

What Is the Best Remedy For Constipation?

This is a question asked us many times each day. The answer is

Perrin's Orderlies

We guarantee them to be satisfactory to you. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

T. J. Smith & Co.

If You Are Thinking of

PAINTING

USE

B. P. S.

BEST PAINT SOLD

or ever will be sold

T. J. SMITH

& CO.

DRUGGISTS

Princess Anne, Md.

NOTICE OF

County High School Levy

Office of School Board,

PRINCESS ANNE, MD., May 12th, 1915

To the County Commissioners of Somerset County:

In accordance with an Act of the Legislature, the School Board is required to submit a list of High Schools of the county, so that you may make a special High School levy.

We have five High Schools, located at Princess Anne, Crisfield, Marion, Fairmount and Deal's Island, of which the first two are on the approved list of the State Board of Education, the first being of the second group and the second in the first group, so that both of these are entitled to State aid.

Under this grouping, the cost for the Princess Anne school will be \$3,000.00. Cost of the Crisfield school will be \$5,000.00. For the principals of the three other High Schools, the sum of \$2,100.00 will be required, making the total cost of High Schools in the county, \$10,100.00. Of this the State will appropriate \$2,700.00, thus leaving \$7,400.00 to be levied by the County Commissioners.

Respectfully,

W. H. DASHIELL,

County Superintendent.

In compliance with the Act of Assembly above referred to, it is hereby ordered that the sum of \$8,400.00 be included in the coming County Levy.

By order of the Board,

PRINCESS ANNE, MD., May 11th, 1915. F-18

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

KATE HASTINGS.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-fifth Day of November, 1915, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 18th day of May, 1915.

H. FILLMORE LANKFORD, Executor of Kate Hastings, deceased. True Copy. Test: ROBERT F. MADDOX, Register of Wills.

SEEDS TESTED SEEDS

We are the only firm on the Eastern Shore that maintains a fully equipped SEED LABORATORY.

POTATOES FOR SUMMER PLANTING

HAVE YOU ORDERED WHAT YOU WILL NEED?

Maine Crown Cobblers - \$3.00 Great Rehobeths - \$2.75
Maine Crown Green Mountains 3.00 Hoosiers - 2.50

11 Peck Sacks, f. o. b. Philadelphia.

All orders to be accompanied with an advance of 50 cents per sack.

INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES

WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE, SUCH AS:

ARSENITE OF ZINC BORDEAUX MIXTURE
ARSENATE OF LEAD PARIS GREEN

Ask for Prices and Samples of

SOY BEANS ORANGE SORGHUM BUCKWHEAT
COW PEAS AMBER SORGHUM MILLET

ALL OTHER FIELD AND TRUCKING SEEDS

If interested in Seeds mentioned or not mentioned, we solicit your inquiry. Our line is complete

Peninsula Produce Exchange of Maryland
POCOMOKE CITY, MD.

Phone 109. Branch Stores: Salisbury, Md., Princess Anne, Md., Snow Hill, Md.

BURNT CHEAPEST IN PRICE

OYSTER

Quickest in Acting on Soil

SHELL

LIME

The Lime that Gives the Greatest Result for the Money Expended.

Sweet Soil is one of the first essentials to Successful Agriculture. Lime is needed in most of our soils to produce this condition. What the farmer should consider is how to attain the result at a minimum cost.

Our Experiment Station at College Park recommends the use of lime manufactured in the locality where used because of the saving in transportation. Experiments made at the Station demonstrate that

FREAK OF THE TIDE

Curious Phenomenon That Occurs
In the River Trent.

FURIOUS RUSH OF THE AEGIR.

Like a Monster Tidal Wave the Water
From the Sea Sweeps Up the Stream
With an Angry Roar, Flinging Its
Foam High Into the Air.

"Ware aegir! Ware aegir!"
The river Trent has been flowing out
to the sea for hours, leaving long
stretches of brown mud glittering in
the light of the setting sun. It is a
calm summer evening, and we sit wait-
ing and listening on one of the old
wharves of Gainsborough, Lincoln-
shire. The cry is taken up by every
boatman, who shouts it again upstream
—a strange, eerie warning.

Several small boats are now pushing
off into midstream to avoid the mass
of churning water which breaks on the
foreshore. A group of children add to
the tumult with a shrill cry of "Wild
aegir! Wild aegir!" which they con-
sider a much better rendering than
"Ware aegir!"

By craning forward we can see it
now, rounding a bend of the river by
the shipyard. The first wave is big
and smooth, stretching right across
the river, with a swirl of angry water
at each side; next follow five or six big
rollers, which roar and foam along,
leaving masses of broken water in their
wake. These are called the "whelps."

Presently we shall see the force of
these "whelps" when they reach those
big, unwieldy, square nosed barges—
which, by the way, are called "keels."
There is one such swinging at anchor
in midstream just opposite to us. For
the last half hour the old keelman has
been looting about the deck smoking his
clay and looking idly at the water.

Now he is alert all at once, and,
knocking the ashes out of his pipe, he
gives a turn at the windlass to tighten
the anchor chain. After a glance along
the deck to see that all is secure, he
looks back up the river. He is calcu-
lating where the aegir will carry
him to.

There is another barge higher up the
river, and as yet nobody has stirred
on board. The old man has noticed
it, for he shouts, "Ware aegir, Stoney,
my lad!" and a young fellow jumps
up the hatch and runs to the tiller.

The distant swirl has increased to a
pear now, and a feeling of intense ex-
citement grips us as we see a small
boat rise up on the first wave and dis-
appear for a moment in the hollow.
Up again she rises, right into the froth
of the "whelps." Another moment and
she is through into calmer water.

See! The billow dashes like a monster
tidal wave against a wharf and splashes
high up into the air with a roar
and another of white foam. Now it
has reached the "keel." With a groan
and rattle of chain she rises to the
wave and is carried along with it, but
not very far, for the anchor holds fast
and she swings slowly round.

The keel is broadside on now, and
the creamy "whelps" dash right over
her deck as she rolls in the trough of
waves, but as quickly as it takes to tell
she swings stem on to the current,
which is now rushing upstream with
tremendous force, and will continue to
do so for two hours or more until high
water, when the water lazily returns
toward the sea.

The aegirs are not all as big as this
one; some are a mere swell about a
foot high. The best time to see them
is in the spring and autumn, when the
equinoctial tides are big on the coast.
Just below Gainsborough the aegir is
seen at its best, as it rushes along
some of the longest reaches of the
Trent.

This curious tidal phenomenon only
occurs on one or two other rivers in
Great Britain, the Severn being one of
them, where it is known as the "bore."
Those who have seen it, however, say
that it does not equal the aegir in any
way.—Wide World Magazine.

How Railroads Create Wealth.
Our marvelous crops would count for
nothing if forced to lie in the fields
where they grow, or driven to seek
such markets only as the farmer's
team could reach. The cotton crop,
which brings to our shores annually
nearly half a billion dollars of foreign
gold, would be but a fruitless burden
on southern winds if there were no
railways to carry it to the seaboard.
We take from our mines and forests
and factories twenty billions of dol-
lars each year, but without means of
transportation these costly products
would be worthless junk.—Robert Ma-
ther in Leslie's.

The French Horn.
The French horn, or cor de chasse, is
regarded by some musicians as the
sweetest and mellower of all the wind
instruments. In Beethoven's time it
was little else than the old hunting
horn, which for the convenience of the
mounted hunter was arranged in spiral
convolutions to be slipped over the
head and carried sounding on one shoulder
and under the opposite arm. The
Germans still call it the waldhorn—
that is, "forest horn."

Glad to Play a Losing Game.
"I shrink from the ordeal," she said,
but there was a note of triumph in her
voice.
The lady was dieting and exercising
to reduce her flesh, and the scales had
just shown that she had sloughed off
thirty pounds.—Judge.

**Resolve to Walk in Weakness and to
Walk in Power.**—Charlotte Stetson.

BUYING WATER AND AIR

In slaking quicklime it may be changed into two
forms. If 56 pounds of pure quicklime, fresh from the
kiln, becomes water-slaked, it increases its volume and
weight to 74 pounds. If it is air-slaked the 56 pounds
may become from 74 to 100 pounds, depending on the
amount of carbon dioxide and water taken from the air.
From these figures it can be seen that when a farmer
purchases lime, he should know what he is buying. *It
is not usually profitable for farmers to buy water and
air; every farm is well supplied with these elements.*
When a farmer pays freight and hauling on air and
water, he is losing money. Farmers should insist on a
chemical analysis being furnished them with every pur-
chase of lime; only in this way can they know exactly
what they were buying. Usually it is not economical to
buy either water-slaked, "hydrated," or air-slaked lime.
—From Bulletin 187, page 28, of the Virginia Agricul-
tural Experiment Station.

**IT PAYS TO LIME—BUT
WHEN YOU LIME, USE THE BEST
THE MOORE-PENDLETON CO**
MANUFACTURERS OF
PULVERIZED OYSTER SHELL LIME

FACTORY:—Clifton Point on the Manokin.
POSTOFFICE:—Westover, Maryland.



HORSES AND MULES

WAGONS BUGGIES SURREYS Runabouts and HARNESS

J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.

Largest Carriage and Wagon
Dealer in Maryland

PRINCESS ANNE

MARYLAND

WE DEFY Com-
petition on any-
thing we sell,
and guarantee
to please. Our
profits are
small; our terms
reasonable;

you cannot afford to
buy until you exam-
ine this immense
stock. Buy early
and save money.

**ALL SIZES,
ALL KINDS
of HORSE
COLLARS**

Bell Telephones for June Brides

Start your wed-
ded life right—
with a telephone in
the home. Let it be
the very first thing
you arrange for.
There are so many
things the young
bride will have to attend to that telephone service
is almost a necessity.

Gifts, congratulations, invitations must be ac-
knowledged; the furnishing of the house attended
to; hundreds of little things that can be done by
telephone.

Speaking of June brides, why not a year's tele-
phone service as a wedding gift?

When you telephone—smile.

**THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC
TELEPHONE COMPANY**

H. W. CARTY, Local Manager

Tel. 9000

Salisbury, Md.

ARMY BUGLES.

Fashioned From Sheets of Copper by
an Ingenious Process.

From start to finish the making of
an army bugle is a process of much
ingenuity and interest. A bugle may
not at first sight present a striking re-
semblance to its cousin, the coach
horn, but one is practically a curled
up version of the other, for before the
bugle is bent into shape it consists of a
narrow tube fifty-one inches long.

In the first stage of manufacture the
bugle is cut out of sheet copper and
rolled into two thin cylinders, techni-
cally known as the "bell" and the
"branch." The narrow tube, which is
the "bell," is gradually shaped out on
molds until the opening is the regular
four inches in diameter. It is then
"spun" on a wonderful machine, and
an expert workman takes the rough
edges off the copper.

Both sections are afterward filled with
molten lead preparatory to the bending
stage, and it is this solid stuffing
which prevents the tube breaking in
the process and allows it to keep its
shape. The expert workman, with the
aid of a formidable lever and hammer,
bends the bugle into the familiar
shape, the lead being subsequently
melted out at a charcoal furnace, after
which the instrument is sent off to the
polishers.

One of the most intricate parts of the
bugle is the mouthpiece, which is made
of nickel silver and turned out on a
special lathe. With the mouthpiece
fixed the instrument is ready for the
finishing room.—Pearson's Weekly.

BUCK THE LINE HARD.

People Who Do Big Things Do Not Let
Themselves Be Held.

It was on the football field at one of
the large colleges. A big tackle had
been brought over to the varsity field
from one of the class elevens. It was
his first experience with the big team.
He played a fine game until the other
side had the ball. Then he did not
"break through" as he should. The
coach finally stopped the play and
went over to him.

"What is the trouble? Why don't
you get through?" he said.
"The man opposite me is not playing
fair. He is holding me," said the
tackle.

"If he holds you again I'll put you
out of the field," flashed back the coach.
Of course, as the tackle said, it is
against the rules to hold an opponent
unless he has the ball, but the coach
wanted results and not excuses. His
reason was that a man ought somehow
to break away; that no man must let
himself be held. And that is true, no
man ought to let himself be held. The
tackle may be excellent, but a player
who is held is put out of the game as
effectively as if he were off the field.
The point just as well be off the field.
The people who accomplish things
worth while in the world are those
who will not let themselves be held.
There have always been things enough
to hold them. They might have found
excuses enough, but they have not
used any excuses.—Youth's Com-
panion.

Home For a Holiday.

Some men on a home holiday tinker
all day long, others bring with them a
great many books which they never
read, and the result in both cases is
that housekeeping becomes a pro-
tracted picking up. All men at home
on a vacation eat a great deal more
than other men or than at other times,
but with the sole exception of the
seasonal academic, who is always
concerned for his gastronomy, they will
eat anything and enjoy it and say so.
A man at home for his holiday is al-
ways voraciously appreciative. His
happiness is almost enough to repay a
woman for the noise he makes and
the mess, yet statistics could show that
during any man's home vacation the
wages of the house lose just about as
many pounds as the man gains. But
what are women for, or homes?—April
Magazine.

Moore and "Lalla Rookh."

It was in 1815 that Tom Moore set
himself to produce his oriental ro-
mance, "Lalla Rookh." The poem, says
the Fall Mall Gazette, was the subject
of one of the most curious agreements
ever made between poet and publisher.
Longman undertaking to pay Moore
£1,000 guineas for an eastern poem and
to take it for better or worse at any
time that suited the author's conven-
ience and without any power to sug-
gest changes or alterations.

Acrobatic Feast.

"Percy gets along all right at these
afternoon teas."
"Does, eh?"
"Yes; he can hold a plate of salad
in one hand, a cup of coffee in the other
and balance a dish of ice cream on his
left shoulder."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Why He Was Late.

"Now, you are late this morning."
"Yes, boss. I lost mah hat, an' I
did have to go after it."
"Did you walk or run after it, Sam?"
"Neither one, boss. Dat 'nerry mule
kicked me after it."—Yonkers States-
man.

Birds' Nests.

Birds in the construction of their
nests almost without exception avoid
bright colored materials, which might
possibly lead to the discovery of their
place of abode by an enemy.

Neighborly Anyway.

"Is he an apostle of humanity?"
"Is he? He has twelve children and
won't let one of them take music les-
sons."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Decorated a Brave Horse.
Human beings hold no monopoly
when it comes to winning medals for
feats of valor in war. A Russian ar-
tillery horse won a bronze medal at
Plevna in the following manner:

Orders were taken for some ammu-
nition wagons to be hurried to a spot
that meant crossing the enemy's zone
of fire. All the time shells were crash-
ing among the horses, bringing them
down in heaps and frightening such
as escaped. Times without number
did the Russian drivers, sparing nei-
ther whip nor spur, attempt to urge
the horses forward, but they stood
cowed and shivering with fright. Some
were blindfolded, but the effect was
the same, and only one horse showed
any willingness to go. Thereupon the
driver jumped down and, cutting the
traces of the other horses, drove the
willing one at full gallop through the
fire. The wagon passed through with-
out exploding, and after the war the
horse was decorated and the driver
promoted.—Chicago Herald.

The Visitor.

Opportunity knocked twice at the
man's door and was about to knock a
third time when the door was hurriedly
opened by a woman.

"Where is the man?" said Opportu-
nity. "Come! I've no time to lose."
"You're the very one he's looking
for," said the woman. "But—he's oc-
cupied."

"You're his wife, aren't you? Tell
him to come."

"He won't believe me. He'll think
I'm mistaken. He'll think you are
some one else."

"That isn't my fault. I've done my
duty. Good day."

"Oh, please don't go! I'll tell him.
I'll try to convince him who you are.
Give me a little time."

Just at this moment the man rushed
out and grabbed Opportunity. Then he
turned roughly to his wife.

"Why didn't you let me know she
was knocking?" he said. "Why, she
almost got away! Just like you!"—
Life.

Trial by Jury.

While we do not think that trial by
jury ought to be abolished or that
there is any increasing sentiment in
that direction, we do believe that the
system should be modified by dispens-
ing with the requirement for unani-
mous verdicts. This would obviate the
element of individual eccentricity as
an impediment to the administration
of justice. Mental idiosyncrasy on the
part of judges is constantly exhibited
and scarcely excites comment. An
eminent and very able judge will dis-
sent from the ruling of his associates
when it is extremely difficult to under-
stand how so gifted a mind could have
gone off on that particular tangent.
By permitting affirmances or reversals
notwithstanding dissent the personal
equation is eliminated.—New York
Law Journal.

Armor in War.

Waterloo was the last great battle
in which bodily armor was used. Na-
poleon's cavalry using it and up to
that time with some success, but in
the charges there made his iron breast-
ed cuirassiers went down like rows of
pins before the quick moving English
horses dashing in upon them with only
naked swords and naked arms. Favia
(1825) was the first fight in which
troops in large numbers were armed
with the more efficient musket, while
artillery had already been employed at
Creedy (1846), and it was only a matter
of time for the new agent, gunpowder,
to knock out the man at arms. The
"mailed barons" had no show before
the new and terrible invention of fire-
arms.

Satan and Cerulean Deep.

"I'm in a quandry."
"What about?"
"I have two invitations to dinner
and I can't decide."
"Which one to accept?"
"No, which one to refuse. One is to
a home where a young lady has just
come home from a piano conservatory,
and the other is where a five-year-old
boy knows a lot of recitations."—Farm
Life.

Encouragement.

"Do you really expect to try to be
a good boy?" asked little Willie's in-
credulous mother.
"Yesum," replied that recent convert
to moral anation. "Dad says he'll give
me a quarter if I do and a lickin' if I
don't."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

What He Did.

"Doesn't your husband pay any at-
tention to the young men who call on
your daughter?"
"Yes, indeed, he does. One stayed
until after midnight recently, and he
waited on him hand and foot."—Detroit
Free Press.

Prody Mean.

Burton—Mean man, isn't he? Robin-
son—Mean! He's capable of going into
a barber shop for a shave, and then
getting his hair cut just to keep other
people waiting.—Boston Globe.

The Value of the Mitten.

Brook—Mrs. Smith is having trouble
with her two stepsons. Lynn—And
Mrs. Jones is having trouble with her
two-step sons.—New York Sun.

His Quality.

"I wonder who first discovered the
use of the nutmeg."
"Evidently somebody with a grate
mind."—Baltimore American.

His Prospects.

Cholly—I'm in love with your daugh-
ter, sir. The Old Man—What are your
prospects? Cholly—Fine! She's accept-
ed me.—Puck.

PETROGRAD IS A WONDER.

A City Built by Russia in Defiance of
the Laws of Nature.

It is an amazing monument to the
despotism of the czars that Petrograd
has flourished, as it was built, in de-
fiance of the laws of trade and of na-
ture herself. As a port it is immeas-
urably inferior to Riga, which has a
much longer open season, for Petro-
grad is icebound from early November
to the end of April. As a building site
it has been repeatedly and disastrously
flooded by the Neva. The highest
elevation within the bounds of the city
is less than fifteen feet above sea level,
and the cellars have to be baled out
nearly every spring when the ice melts
and the wind blows.

And the rigorous climate constantly
gnaws at walls and columns until the
city has been twice and thrice rebuilt
by the czars. Many of the most im-
posing structures are held together
only by means of iron clamps, and the
huge boulder on which Peter rides his
bronze horse is ever crumbling away.
The stones of the streets are continual-
ly sinking below the level, and the
great Cathedral of St. Isaac never
ceases to settle on a foundation in
which nearly \$1,000,000 was sunk. No
less than six tiers of piles were driven
for the beautiful column of Alexander
I., yet that eighty foot monolith, the
tallest and largest in Europe, has to
be clamped in iron.

As a dwelling place Petrograd re-
mains the most fatal of any great city
in the civilized world, with a mortality
of twenty-eight to each 1,000 of popu-
lation, and within ten years its death
rate actually exceeded its birth rate.—
Argonaut.

SUBMERGING A SUBMARINE.

It Takes Five Minutes For the Best of
Them to Get Under.

Submarines are not easy to handle
and it takes considerable skill and
daring to navigate them successfully.
Many people have the idea that as soon
as a submarine sees an enemy, the
officer in command gives a sharp order,
and almost before it has left his lips
the submarine is diving beneath the
waves.

As a matter of fact the very latest
submarines take a clear five minutes
before they can become submerged.
Many of the older submarines took ten
minutes to a quarter of an hour to
sink.

The reason that a submarine cannot
dive quickly, like a fish, is because the
water which must be let into her tanks
to make her heavy enough to sink,
must be let in comparatively slowly.
If it were let in with a rush the
chances are the vessel would not go
down on an even keel, but would heel
over and be in great danger of dis-
aster. If water, too, were let in too
quickly there is a danger of letting in
too much and in that case the sub-
marine would sink like a stone to the
bottom of the sea.

The depth at which a submarine
travels under the sea is regulated by
horizontal rudders. The water that is
let in the ballast tanks is just suffi-
cient to "balance" the vessel in the
sea without rising or sinking.—London
Spectator.

An Effective Question.

While Henry Clay was a senator a
resolution, in accordance with a some-
time custom, was introduced into the
Kentucky house of representatives in-
structing the senators from that state
to vote in favor of a certain bill then
pending in congress. The resolution
was in the act of passing without op-
position when a hitherto silent mem-
ber from one of the mountain counties,
springing to his feet, exclaimed, "Mr.
Speaker, am I to understand that this
legislature is undertaking to tell Hen-
ry Clay how to vote?" The speaker
answered that such was the purport
of the resolution, at which the mem-
ber from the mountains, throwing up
his arms, exclaimed, "Great heaven!"
and sank into his seat. It is needless
to add that the resolution was imme-
diately rejected by unanimous vote.

Why She Wasn't There.

An agent approaching a house met a
little boy at the gate and asked:
"Is your mother home?"
"Yes, sir," said the boy politely.
The agent walked across the long
lawn and after rapping several times
without receiving an answer returned
to the youth, saying:
"I thought you said your mother was
at home."
"Yes, sir; she is," replied the boy.
"But I have rapped several times
without receiving an answer."
"That may be, sir," said the boy. "I
don't live there."—Exchange.

He Got the New Suit.

"When I was a boy your age I used
to have to wear my father's trousers
cut down to fit me."
"I know, pa, and if you were the boy
that I think you were I'd bet you
vowed many a time that if you ever
had a son he'd never be made to wear
such clothes."—Detroit Free Press.

Her Majesty, the Cook.

"Well, in our dinner party going off
all right tonight?"
"I hope so."
"And what are we to have?"
"I don't know as yet. The cook is
to give me an audience at 4:30."—Kan-
sas City Star.

Logical.

Miss Butte—You really should give up
smoking; it affects the heart. Jack
Lover—By that reasoning I ought to
give up you too.—Boston Transcript.

We are never so happy or so un-
happy as we suppose.—Rochesterian.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD
Published Every Tuesday Morning
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.
Office, 367 Main Street. Local Phone No. 31.
Long Distance Phone, No. 62
Subscription Price \$1.00 Per Annum
WILLIAM H. DASHIELL
Editor and Proprietor
All Communications Should be Addressed to the
Marylander and Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 8, 1915

THE GUBERNATORIAL CAMPAIGN

The fact that Mayor Preston, of Baltimore, has taken sides with Senator Lee in his fight against Mr. Harrington for the governorship of Maryland, has started all kinds of peculiar talk about warfare between the city and the counties. Senator Lee, in his letter which we publish to-day, disclaims any such possibility, and claims that Baltimore and the counties are still too thoroughly allied to prevent even political ill feeling. Senator Lee fully appreciates Mayor Preston's position—a position that the Harrington men would be only too glad to possess.

We can understand, in a measure, the attitude of Congressman Lewis in espousing the cause of Mr. Harrington. It is natural for him to take that course, as one of his own friends from Western Maryland would like to be comptroller as against Mr. Copper, of the Eastern Shore. One thing that we cannot understand is the position of Senator Gorman. Four years ago Mr. Lee came within one of getting the nomination for Governor. He was defeated, and Senator Gorman's candidacy was espoused and heartily defended by Mr. Lee. It is singular treatment, after these four years, to see him turn his back upon his old friend and supporter, and take sides with Mr. Lee's opponent. How he can explain this he has not yet said, though in a recent interview he told a Baltimore newspaper man that he would do so in a few days. Why he could not have come out in a few words and said what he wanted to say, is rather remarkable.

This paper has supported Senator Lee from the beginning and with him Mr. Copper for Comptroller. The combination is most excellent. Senator Lee was one of the most—if not the most popular man in Maryland—four years ago. Nothing has happened since to cause a change in popular sentiment. Mr. Copper has stated what he proposes to do and no doubt he will do it, if elected. Four years ago we support Mr. Gorman. We now believe, as we have stated before, that Mr. Lee having been defeated by but one vote in the State Convention, is entitled to another trial and it is that trial we wish to give him. We believe that as his ambition is to be the Governor of the State, that ambition ought to be gratified.

Aside from this, Senator Gorman was defeated in 1911, as an organization candidate and a Republican became Governor. Such a result is not agreeable to the Democrats of the State. The Republicans will undoubtedly nominate Mr. O. E. Weller, of the State Roads Commission. A Democrat, to defeat him, must be popular. Mr. Harrington is a gentleman of excellent qualities and if he should receive the nomination over Mr. Lee, it will be our part to help to elect him. On the other hand, Mr. Lee ought to be as popular as he was some years ago, and we can see no reason why he should not receive the nomination. He has our support, and if nominated we shall be glad to aid in his election. The main thing is to settle up all pre-election differences at the primaries and after they are over to get together and help to elect the nominee.

That Second Term Plank

A local contemporary returns to the second term plank in the last Democratic National platform, and, like all of the Republican opponents of President Wilson, pretends to believe he will do something inconsistent if he accepts a second nomination at the hands of a Democratic National Convention. Not even those who profess such views really entertain them.

The next Democratic National Convention can do what it pleases under the law. It can even nominate Theodore Roosevelt if it wants to. It can declare in favor of 10 terms for a President if a majority of the delegates should be foolish enough to do so, but the succeeding Democratic convention in 1920 could take a contrary view as easily as the 1916 convention will, disagree with the one-term plank of the 1912 convention by naming Woodrow Wilson for a second time as the Democratic candidate for President.—Philadelphia Record.

What Is A Political Boss?

The present gubernatorial campaign presents some very amusing features. The supporters of Comptroller Harrington are alleging that Senator Lee, Mayor Preston and Joshua W. Miles are political bosses, while the supporters of Senator Lee are alleging that Senator John Walter Smith, Congressman Jesse D. Price and Comptroller Harrington have had the term "bosses" applied to them.

All of which is foreign to the real issues, namely, what do these candidates propose to do that will be for the real welfare of the State, if nominated and elected?

Wm. B. Copper, of Kent county, candidate for the State Comptroller nomination, has told the public what he will do. Recognizing, as does every business man in the State, the need of a complete change of the State's financial system as applicable to this branch of service, as a practical business man and an experienced financier, Mr. Copper, whose qualifications are recognized all over the State, definitely states what is needed and what will be done.

Senator William Milnes Maloy, of Baltimore, a candidate for the nomination as Attorney General, likewise states what he will do; how he will save the State thousands of dollars which it is now expending, and how he will give better service in the Attorney General's department, for less money than the State is now receiving.

These are things the people want to know. The public is tired of the suave, easy-going politician type, the men whose reputations have been built up on the number of jobs they can land for faithful followers; the State wants and needs economy and men whose determination and slogan will be, "better service and fewer jobs."—Cambridge Record.

Mark To The Wedding Bells

Now comes lovely, love-laden June—the month of blushing brides and—well, the bridegrooms are usually still more crimson of face, unless they are chalk-white with fear.

"In the spring a young man's"—you know the rest—and in June he most often gets his ideal—or whatever you may call her. Why the poet should have limited those spring "thoughts of love" to the mere masculine is not quite clear, unless he meant to infer that a young girl's "fancy" turned seriously in the same direction all through the year.

But let the scoffers scoff. However comical "love's young dream" may seem at times to the oldsters, it is, after all, the sweetest and the real thing in life, and the most appealing. It is the one real glimpse of Heaven that we poor earthworms get here below, and poor indeed is he or she who has never known its joy.

Sometimes the dream fades into a drab reality, or worse. Its ecstasy is at best but transient. Men find they have not married the angels they supposed, and brides soon discover that their liege lords are not the noble supermen they thought them.

But love, albeit saner and less idyllic, persists in a vast majority of American homes, and love is the greatest fact in human existence—the greatest gift vouchsafed to man from high Heaven.

Let the wedding bells ring out!—Baltimore Sun.

Will Either Want To See Another War?

In the early months of the European struggle we thought that Belgium illustrated the lowest depth of human wickedness producible by "civilized" warfare, and there is no doubt that its experience will stand out in history as among the extraordinarily pathetic examples of national destitution and suffering. But recent dispatches declare that conditions in certain parts of Poland far exceed in tragedy anything that has been witnessed in Belgium. And very likely this is true, since the whirlwind of war has swept back and forth across it many times in the last few months, and has permitted little outside succor to reach the unhappy human beings in this zone of hell and destruction. Sooner or later peace will return to both Belgium and Poland, the ruined and desolate places will be built up and the outward traces of war removed. But the memory of this period will probably persist for many years in a transmitted national horror; and it is safe to predict that if either Belgium or Poland is called on to vote in the next generation for or against war, there will be a tremendous majority for peace in each country.—Baltimore Evening Sun.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running ear or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

[Advertisement]

Governorship Causing Speculation

(Concluded from first page)

injustices that will be imposed on the counties in case a candidate favored by Mayor Preston and the city organization wins the nomination. Only a year or so ago the city gave Senator Smith himself 12,000 of the 15,000 majority he received in the Senatorial race. Only recently it gave Mayor Preston 17,000 majority. The Eastern Shore, which raises the cry, has for years gotten the lion's share of everything in politics, but in electing a Congressman one year ago the best it could do for Jesse D. Price, an avowed Smith man, was a few hundred majority. These Smith Democrats, it seems, like Baltimore city for its Democratic majorities, but for nothing else.

Whatever demands the city makes they will have to be granted by a Legislature in which Baltimore has 28 men against 101 representing the counties. Hence the occasion of the excitement that the Smith papers would arouse is not very well understood, and few think that it will help a Smith candidate with the voters of Baltimore city. In several of the anti-city articles there is a similarity that indicates the hand of the press agent, and so the effort is an organized one for which individual responsibility cannot be alleged.

The Confederate Reunion

The reunion that has just closed in Richmond probably will be the last ever held in that old capital of the Confederacy.

By this time Richmond can equitably ask for it again the survivors of the men who followed Lee and Jackson. "Job" Stuart and other splendid and brilliant Southern leaders will be too few and feeble to respond to such a roll-call. Yet we imagine that even when the last of them has passed away some form of memorial service or celebration will keep their memory as ever green in the hearts of their people as it will be ever glorious in history. A country that produced Lee and Jackson and such men as formed the bulk of their armies and such women as those of the South attained in four years the fame and glory that belong only to centuries in the life of other nations.

The United States is all the stronger, all the nobler, all the richer, for that four years of Southern heroism and genius. We are the heirs of the little nation which won immortality in less than half a decade and which passed away without a stain on its honor or a blot on its conscience.—Baltimore Sun of Saturday.

NOTICE

To The Tax Payers Of Somerset County

I will be at WESTVIEW, at E. D. Long & Son's store, on Thursday morning, June 17, 1915, and at CRISFIELD, at W. Jerome Sterling & Co.'s store on Friday morning, June 18th, 1915, for the purpose of receiving and collecting State and County Taxes.
JOHN E. HOLLAND, Treasurer.

Trustee's Sale

OF ATTRACTIVE

Water Front Farm

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, passed in a cause wherein Joshua W. Miles et al. are plaintiffs and the Chesapeake Charity Hospital et al. are defendants, the same No. 2,300, on the Chancery Docket of said court, the undersigned trustee named in said decree, will sell at Public Auction in front of the Court House, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, June 22nd, 1915
at about the hour of two o'clock p. m.

All that Farm, Tract or Parcel of Land located on Wicomico Creek, in Mt. Vernon Election District in said Somerset county, and being and binding on the North side of the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto, and containing

Two Hundred (200) Acres,

more or less, and being part of the farm known as "Melody Manor," wherein Kenneth S. Walters, et al. are plaintiffs and the Chesapeake Charity Hospital et al. are defendants, the same No. 2,300, on the Chancery Docket of said court, the undersigned trustee named in said decree, will sell at Public Auction in front of the Court House, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, June 22nd, 1915
at about the hour of two o'clock p. m.

Order Nisi
George H. Myers, ex parte power in mortgage from John T. Morris and wife.

No. 2998, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 15th day of May, 1915, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings and the distribution of the proceeds thereof, made and reported by George H. Myers, attorney, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 18th day of June, 1915, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some weekly newspaper printed in said Somerset county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 18th day of June next.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$212.
HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.
True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

Fetch your Job Printing to this office

'Twas Cold and Rainy Month

Nearly three times as much rain fell during the past month as compared with May of last year. The total rainfall for May, 1914, was 1.17 inches, while last month Baltimore dripped and waded under a total rainfall of 3.19 inches.

Wednesday was approximately 15 degrees colder than June 2 of 1914, and the Weather Bureau states that the conditions are very unusual for this time of the year. The entire month of May was 5 degrees lower this year than that of last year in average temperature. And, worst of all, the Weather Man holds out no hope for Thursday, but lugubriously states that it will probably continue to rain until Thursday night.—Baltimore Sun.

A Cough Remedy That Relieves

It's prepared from the healing Pine Balsam, Tar and Honey all mixed in a pleasant, soothing Cough Syrup called Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. Thousands have benefited by its use—no need of your enduring that annoying Cough or risking a dangerous Cold. Go to your dealer, ask for a 25c. original bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey, start using at once and get rid of your Cough and Cold.

[Advertisement]

Do Not Grip

We have a pleasant laxative that will do just what you want it to do. **Jexall Orderlies**. We sell thousands of them and we have never seen a better remedy for the bowels. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

T. J. Smith & Co.

Trustee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In Princess Anne

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, passed in a cause wherein Edward Herriman Cohn and Norman Bell, Jr., executors of Rudolph S. Cohn, deceased, are plaintiffs and the Chesapeake Charity Hospital et al. are defendants, the same No. 2,300, on the Chancery Docket of said court, the undersigned trustee named in said decree, will sell at Public Auction at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, June 22d, 1915,
at or about the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate in the town of Princess Anne, Maryland, of which the late Rudolph S. Cohn died seized, namely:

First—All that lot of land on the southwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Second—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Hampden or Mill Street and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on the first named street, and having a depth of eighty-eight feet on Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of the sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Third—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Fourth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Fifth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Sixth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Seventh—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Eighth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Ninth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Tenth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Eleventh—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Twelfth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Thirteenth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Fourteenth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Fifteenth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Sixteenth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Seventeenth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Eighteenth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Nineteenth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Twentieth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Twenty-first—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Twenty-second—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Twenty-third—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Twenty-fourth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

Twenty-fifth—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Linden Avenue and Church Street, fronting sixty feet on said avenue, and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said Church Street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvah H. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition and which C. C. Waller now resides in. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

SEASONABLE MERCHANDISE

AT LITTLE PRICES

ALL SPRING AND SUMMER

Coats and Suits REDUCED

Not every size—but if you can find your size in the lot, the saving will be about 1/2

A Special in Silks	Silk Gloves
Striped and checked silks 36 inches wide, at 60c., 75c. and 95c. yard. Usually these same silks sell for \$1.00 to \$1.50 per yard. The fact that they make up beautifully as Summer garments should prompt you to take advantage of the little prices now asked.	Short lisle gloves, black and white, 15c and 25c. Extra quality black silk gloves with white stitching 50c. and \$1.00. Extra quality white silk gloves with black stitching 50c. and \$1.00. Long white, black and tan silk gloves \$1.00 and \$1.25. Special—long white silk gloves, all sizes, 50c.

Our Waists At \$1.00	Neckwear
are Exceptional Values. They are easily worth \$1.50 to \$2.00. A big assortment of new summer styles in the choicest of the new materials. Sizes for all.	It is marvelous, the improvement in the appearance that is made by a simple piece of neckwear. It seems almost like an entire change of costume. Fancy collars of every description, 25c. to \$1.00.

SMART WASHABLE SKIRTS

Our skirts provide not only coolness and comfort, but give the stylish effect that fashionable women desire.

\$1.00 to \$5.00

T. F. HARGIS

DEPARTMENT STORE

POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

State of Maryland State Roads Commission

Notice To Contractors
Somerset County—Contract No. S-8.
Sealed proposals for building one section of State Highway from Marion to Hopewell, (concrete) will be received by the State Roads Commission, at its offices, 601 Garrett Building, Baltimore, Md., and until 12 M. on the 15th day of June, 1915, at which time and place they will be publicly opened and read.

Bids must be made upon the blank form containing the specifications and conditions of contract, and plans will be furnished by the Commission upon application and cash payment of \$1.00, as hereafter provided, to be returned to the Commission.

No bids will be received unless accompanied by a certified check for the sum of Five Hundred (\$500) Dollars, payable to the State Roads Commission.

The successful bidder will be required to give bond, and comply with the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland respecting contracts.

The Commission reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the State Roads Commission this 24th day of May, 1915.
W. L. MARLYN, Secretary.

GORDON TULL, Solicitor.

Order Nisi
In the matter of the tax sale of real estate in West Somerset County, Election District of Somerset County, assessed to Levin P. Phoebus, made and reported by John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset county. Beverly T. Hitch, purchaser, ex parte.

No. 3004, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity.

Whereas, a certain John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset county, in the State of Maryland, has reported to the Circuit Court for Somerset County, a sale made by him to Beverly T. Hitch, of all that lot and parcel of land in said West Somerset County, Election District of Somerset County, Maryland, viz: Lot No. 6—Being all that lot of land in said West Somerset County, Election District of Somerset County, Maryland, containing 2 1/2 acres, more or less, with the improvements thereon, situated on a road leading from the main county road to Trappe Mills and opposite the said Trappe Mills, adjoining the land of John W. Jones, conveyed to Levin P. Phoebus by William A. Wallace and wife, and recorded in Liber O. T. B. No. 39, folio 283, and assessed to said Levin P. Phoebus on the assessment books of said election district, for the said year 1913, and sold for the payment of taxes due and in arrears, together with all the proceedings had in relation thereto; and whereas upon examination it appears to the said Court that the said proceedings are regular and that the provisions of the law in relation thereto have been complied with.

Now, therefore, it is hereby ordered, by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 15th day of May, 1915, that notice be given by the publication of this order once a week for four successive weeks in the Marylander and Herald, a weekly newspaper published in Somerset county, before the 18th day of June, 1915, warning all persons interested in the said real estate to be and appear in this Court on or before the 21st day of June, 1915, to show cause, if any they have, why said sale should not be ratified and confirmed.

The said report states the amount of sales to be \$10.32.
HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.
True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

ROBERT J. WALLER, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Twenty-seventh day of October, 1915, or they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payments. Given under our hands this 21st day of April, 1915.

SIDNEY WALLER and H. FILLMORE LANKFORD, Executors of Robert J. Waller, deceased.
True Copy. Test: ROBERT F. MADDOX, Register of Wills.

Auditor's Notice

Ira E. Stevenson, trustee, under decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in No. 2964, Chancery.

All persons interested in the proceeds of the sale of the property of Mary A. Sterling, deceased, made and reported by Ira E. Stevenson, trustee, are hereby notified to file their claims, with the vouchers thereof, duly authenticated according to law, with me on or before the twenty-first day of June, 1915, as I shall on that day, at my office in Princess Anne, proceed to distribute the assets of said estate among the persons thereto entitled according to law.

E. D. McMASTER, Auditor.
Subscribe for the Marylander and Herald—only \$1.00 a year in

Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published free—but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of (5) five cents per line.

BUSINESS POINTERS

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter

Country Produce taken at DASHIELL'S DEPARTMENT STORE.

FOR SALE—300 bushels of Cow Peas. E. G. NEWTON, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—One Black Mare, kind and gentle. H. J. MUIR, Blacksmith, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—No. 1 Black Cow Peas at \$2.50 per bushel. C. H. SPEIGHTS, Westover, Md.

FOR SALE—Little wire wheel roadster automobile \$200. Address W. A. BROWN, Princess Anne, Md.

FOR SALE—Ice, Coal, Wood, Fertilizer, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flaxseed Meal, Cottonseed Meal, Bran, Middlings, Dairy Feeds, Hominy, Beef Scrap, Chicken Feeds, etc., wholesale and retail. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

COMFORT, PLEASURE, WEALTH—In the exclusive line of Baldwin Refrigerators and Ice Chests. When you save ice you save money. There is none just as good. Look over and receive prices on genuine in stock at HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

Mr. and Mrs. Harold W. Collins, of Pittsburgh, Pa., visited relatives in Princess Anne last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Ruhl left yesterday (Monday) morning for a visit to Baltimore city and Harford county.

Rev. and Mrs. J. S. Miller, of Newark, N. J., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Cassius M. Dashiell, on Beckford avenue.

Miss Cora C. Collins, of Crisfield, who has been visiting in Laurel, Del., spent last week with Mrs. Raymond M. Carey.

The ladies card club was entertained last Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. Mary D. Fitzgerald, on Beckford avenue.

The ladies of Princess Anne Grange will hold a candy social in the Grange Hall Saturday evening, June 12, at 8 o'clock. Everybody invited to come and enjoy an evening of fun.

The commencement exercises of the State Normal School will take place on Thursday evening, June 10th. Miss Marie Stephens Davis, of Crisfield, will be the only graduate from Somerset county.

The annual oyster supper will be held by the ladies of Grace Guild, at the hall in Mt. Vernon, on Wednesday, June 23d. If the weather should be inclement the supper will be held the next day.

Rev. Henry E. Spears, rector of Somerset Parish, and Judge H. L. D. Stanford attended the convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Easton, which was held at Centerville last week.

Rev. and Mrs. Henry E. Spears will leave to-day (Tuesday) for a trip to Pittsburgh, Penna.; Columbus, Ohio, and points South. They expect to be gone about one month. Mr. Spears has been rector of Somerset Parish for a year past.

Mr. J. Francis Brittingham, who has just completed a five years' course at the University of Missouri, arrived at home last Sunday afternoon. Mr. Brittingham is a son of Mrs. H. L. Brittingham and a brother of Postmaster H. L. Brittingham, of Princess Anne.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Duer, who accompanied Governor Goldsborough's party to the Panama-Pacific Exposition, returned to Princess Anne Monday of last week. Mr. Duer said that the trip had been a delightful one and that many courtesies had been extended to the Marylanders.

The twenty-second commencement of Randolph-Macon Woman's College, at Lynchburg, Va., closed last Tuesday. The enrollment this year was 610. Degrees were conferred upon 68 graduates, among them Miss Frances North Wainwright, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Charles W. Wainwright, of Princess Anne, who with their son Charles, attended the commencement.

At the commencement exercises of Delaware College, Newark, Del., to be held tomorrow morning, Messrs. George France Alderson and William Hulbard Alderson, of Wilmington, Del., will graduate. The young men are sons of Rev. and Mrs. George T. Alderson, who resided in Princess Anne a number of years ago when the former was pastor of Antioch M. E. Church.

Mrs. R. G. Norfleet, accompanied by her children and her sister, Miss Lena Woolford, left on Wednesday last for the Canal Zone, where her husband is engaged in the practice of dentistry. Dr. Norfleet left Princess Anne several months ago. Mrs. Norfleet and her party sailed from New York and they will land at Cristobal, and then go to Pedro, Miguel, where Dr. Norfleet is located.

Advised Letters

The following is a list of letters, remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice unclaimed for:

Miss Nancy Cannon, Miss Ada Leibrand, Mr. M. J. Maroney, Rev. C. W. Prettyman, Miss Sadie Smith, Mr. J. E. Stevenson, Mr. George Stinson, Mr. John Strapp, Miss Dora B. Wata, Mr. Riley J. Williams, Miss Leila Wilkins. Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised. H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hancock moved the early part of last week to Felton, Delaware, where the former is now engaged in business.

Considerable excitement was caused last Sunday evening at 6.30 o'clock by an alarm of fire from the home of Mrs. Wm. S. McMaster, on Main street. The fire was located under a fireplace in the dining room. An opening was made and the fire was soon extinguished after slight damage.

At the teachers' examination held in Princess Anne last Tuesday and Wednesday by Supt. William H. Dashiell, there were but ten present, eight young ladies and two young men. This is but about half the number that usually appears for examination. The summer school requirement no doubt has reduced the number of applicants.

Salisbury is enjoying full street car service by the Peninsula Rapid Transit Company. All cars meet at Main and Division streets, and transfers are issued so that passengers can go from one line to the other without delay on the same fare. The cars run hourly from early morning until late at night in the thickly-settled portions of the city, and once in two hours to the suburbs.

Victory For Mt. Vernon Team

Two games of base ball were played at Mt. Vernon last Saturday afternoon, which resulted in a victory for Mount Vernon in both games, as follows: Mt. Vernon vs. Mardella, 5 to 3; Mt. Vernon vs. Crisfield, 8 to 1. These were the opening games of the season and were well attended.

Birthday Party

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Thomas, of Mt. Vernon district, gave a party on Saturday, May 29th, in honor of the ninth birthday of their daughter, Louise.

Among those present were: Mrs. Clara Mason; Misses Gladys Mason, May Cole, Frances Geoghegan, Inez and Edna Webster, Ethel, Mona and Lucy Whitelock, Dora Whitelock, and Olive Hopkins; Masters Harpel and Hopkins Moore, Dryden Whitelock, and Ollis Thomas. Refreshments were served at 5 o'clock, after which all left for their homes, having spent a pleasant afternoon.

Edward W. Cluff Dead

Mr. Edward W. Cluff, a prominent citizen and fruit and produce buyer, died at Salisbury last Saturday. He is survived by a widow, Annie M. Cluff, and the following children: Mrs. L. W. Griffith, of Meadville, Pa., and T. Guy Cluff, R. William Cluff and the Misses Hilda and Susie Cluff.

Mr. Cluff was a native of Somerset county, and a son of the late Robert W. Cluff, and was recently elected manager of the Talbot County Produce Exchange and had just begun the management of the exchange's affairs in that county.

Conference Of Farm Agents

Twelve counties were represented at a conference of county agricultural agents held at College Park on May 28th, and it was decided to hold an agricultural demonstration campaign in every county of the State in July and August. In carrying out the plan the State has been divided into districts, and one week's campaign will be conducted in each district as follows: July 28th, 29th and 30th in St. Mary's, Charles and Calvert counties; August 4th, 5th and 6th in Queen Anne's, Talbot and Anne Arundel counties, and August 17th, 18th and 19th in Allegany and Garrett counties.

Every Postoffice a Bank

Beginning July 1, every person in the United States can have a postal savings bank deposit, if he has a dollar or more. This announcement has been made by Postmaster-General Burleson. Deposits and withdrawals may be made by mail if a depositor does not live where there is a postal savings bank. A would-be depositor will apply to his local postmaster, who must act as an agent to receive the deposit and forward it to a regular postal savings office. In effect this makes every postoffice, however small, a postal savings agency.

It is stated that postal savings bank deposits increased \$19,000,000 in the eight months ending April 1.

Restored To Good Health

"I was sick for four years with stomach trouble," writes Mrs. Otto Gans; Zanesville, Ohio. "I lost weight and felt so weak that I almost gave up hope of being cured. A friend told me about Chamberlain's Tablets, and since using two bottles of them I have been a well woman." Obtainable everywhere. (Advertisement)

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION

The partnership heretofore existing between John B. Roberts and Jefferson D. Webster, trading as Roberts & Webster, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All bills now due will be paid by Roberts & Webster, bills to be sent to John B. Roberts, Princess Anne, Md. All bills due Roberts & Webster should be paid to John B. Roberts, Princess Anne, Md., checks payable to Roberts & Webster. 6-15

If Mothers Only Know

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for children relieve Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy worms. They break up Colds in 24 hours. Used by mothers for 25 years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample free. Address, A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

UNHAPPY SERVIA

The Distressing Conditions Still Call for Active American Aid.

The following article, written by Katherine M. Crooks to the editor of the Public Ledger, of Philadelphia, of a recent date, was given to us with a request to publish:

"All Americans returning from Serbia report conditions there to be terrible, and give warning that the Serbian epidemic of typhus may spread to other countries. The land has four and a-half million inhabitants, ordinarily thrifty and prosperous.

"Owing to incessant hardships, and the misery of present conditions, most of the population, both soldiers and civilians, are in rags, as war has exhausted the resources of the brave little country. These rags cannot be cast aside for lack of other clothing, and on account of the contagion of the epidemic, they are infected and have become the breeding places of typhus bringing vermin. To check the constantly spreading epidemic all these filthy, vermin-filled garments must be burned up.

"What is needed in their place, and what the public is now asked to contribute, is such a number of garments for the women, and of pajamas as day clothes for the men, that all the population of the disease-stricken provinces may be reclothed. The woman's garment should be simply made of unbleached muslin, like a short (48 inches), full kimono night-gown with half-high neck bound with a bias band, and buttoned placket in front. Smaller sizes may also be made. The pajamas should be made in various sizes after the usual manner. In summer time in so primitive a country a very small amount of clothing will suffice. Slightly worn skirts and blouses for the women, if freshly laundered, will be acceptable, but the suggested garment would cover nakedness and permit cleanliness.

"If every woman in this country who reads this appeal is willing to make one of the garments proposed, the number desired can be obtained. When made the garments should be sent prepaid by parcel post or express to the Committee for Relief in Serbia, Building No. 2, Bush Terminal, Brooklyn, N. Y., marked with the following trade mark:—(The small organization to which the writer belongs has already sent 600 pajamas, but such great need demands the kindly labor of many more persons.

"Therefore, we make this earnest appeal to the women of America with full confidence in their sympathy and generosity. May we count on you, the reader of this letter, to give us your aid in the attempt to help the men and women of Serbia in their hour of extremity?"

This appeal coincides almost verbatim with an appeal which was addressed to me a few days ago by the vice president of the Serbian Red Cross in Nish, Servia, and I endorse it most heartily. M. I. PUFIN, Hon. Consul General of Serbia, Columbia University, N. Y., May 22, 15

Bilious Attacks

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach, and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter. Obtainable everywhere. (Advertisement)

First-Class Highland Pasturage FOR RENT T. F. YARROW Princess Anne, Md.

ATTRACTIONS FOR THIS WEEK AT THE AUDITORIUM Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Nights

Motion Pictures Admission 5 Cents First Pictures, 7.45; second at 9 o'clock

PHILIP M. SMITH Undertaker and Embalmer PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Undertaking in all its branches will receive prompt attention. A full line of Funeral Supplies always on hand. UPHOLSTERING AND FURNITURE REPAIRED AND REFINISHED will receive prompt attention. Phone 45

Ice for Sale

My new ice plant is now completed and I am prepared to furnish the public with FIRST-CLASS ICE in any quantity at the plant.

At as Low Price as Can Be Furnished Elsewhere

YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED. ROBERT F. MADDOX, PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Beacom Business Colleges Wilmington, Delaware Salisbury, Maryland In Session All Summer WRITE FOR CATALOG

Buys Old Normal School

Baltimore City's offer of \$20,000 for the old State Normal School building at Lafayette and Carrollton avenues, Baltimore, has been accepted by the State Normal School Commission, and the statement was made that the building will be used as a training school for white teachers.

The city will get possession of the property next fall, when the new Normal School at Towson will be opened. The transaction is the result of an ordinance introduced in the First Branch City Council nearly a year ago by Albert C. Tolson, of the Sixteenth ward. At first the Normal School Commission wanted \$40,000 for the property.

When a man has a clear conscience he doesn't care if people do see through him.

An Easy, Pleasant Laxative

One or two Dr. King's New Life Pills with a tumbler of water at night. No bad, nauseating taste; no belching gas. Go right to bed. Wake up in the morning, enjoy a free, easy bowel movement, and feel fine all day. Dr. King's New Life Pills are sold by all Druggists, 36 in an original package, for 25c. Get a bottle today—enjoy this easy, pleasant laxative. 2

(Advertisement)

GORDON T. WHELTON COUNTY SURVEYOR CRISFIELD, MARYLAND At Princess Anne Every Tuesday OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE (Formerly used by Tax Collectors)

ELTON H. ROSS The BARBER

Sanitary Shop Three Chairs Clean Towels Hot and Cold Water PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

GLASSES Prescribed by Charles W. Purnell at O. A. Jones' Drug Store Monday Afternoon, June 7th.

Satisfaction is assured. CHARLES W. PURNELL OPTOMETRIST Phone 457-J Cambridge, Md.

WASHINGTON HOTEL TONSORIAL PARLOR

Sanitary and Up-to-date Expert Workmen Only ROBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor

SAMUEL J. PRITCHETTE AUCTIONEER PRINCESS ANNE, MD. Route No. 2 When you have a Sale call on me Terms Reasonable

Gwendolyn B. Dennis SHAMPOOING Scalp Treatment Appointments made. Ladies exclusively ANTIOCH AVENUE Princess Anne, Maryland

J. E. GREEN AUCTIONEER Eden, Md. R. F. D. No. 2 Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

Do You Want a Good Complexion? Velvet Skin Lotion is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers.

If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief. Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving. Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

OMAR A. JONES Druggist Princess Anne

FREE DELIVERY

MAIL ORDERS SOLICITED

GET NEXT TO THE BEST . .

THINK OF IT! IS THE BEST TOO GOOD FOR YOU?

At this time everybody wants the best their money will buy. And why not? Any merchant that does not follow this policy is not worthy of your patronage. If the merchant follows this policy how can he expect you not to. "Deal where you get the most pork for your shilling," is an old Phoebe maxim that still holds good. The place is

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

that offers the goods you want at the price you can put up to all comers.

MATTINGS, CARPETS, RUGS and FLOOR COVERINGS IN LARGE VARIETY

FURNITURE FOR ALL PARTS OF THE HOME, LAWN, PORCHES

Dress Your Home and Self at

Somerset County's Best Department Store

Ask for PRICES, ESTIMATES, SAMPLES, Goods You Can't Find Elsewhere. It will Pay You

Purchases over \$5.00 will be delivered to you anywhere on the Eastern Shore. This, coupled with other advantages we have to offer, should cement you to our Plan, Place and Policy

GET A THREE BURNER NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK STOVE at \$8.50

Oil 10c. per gallon makes low-priced Summer Cooking with Comfort

W. O. LANKFORD

THE HOME FURNISHER

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

SPECIAL SALE

FOR TWO WEEKS

Beginning June 5th, Ending June 19th

DICKINSON'S

ALL SUITS AND COATS

One Suit was \$19.00	now \$9.50
Two Suits were \$18.00	now 9.25
One Suit was \$7.50	now 3.75
Two Suits were \$25.00	now 5.00
One Suit was \$22.50	now 5.00
One Suit was \$18.50	now 5.00
Seven Coats were \$16.00	now 8.00
Three Coats were \$12.50	now 6.25
One Coat was \$11.00	now 5.50

WOOLEN DRESS GOODS

In all Colors: Black, Navy, Blues, Browns, White and Checks

In all colors \$1.75	now \$1.49
In all colors \$1.50	now 1.19
In all colors \$1.25	now .99
In all colors \$1.00	now .69
In all colors .75	now .59
In all colors 50	now .39

ALL INGRAIN CARPET

75c values	now 49c
50c values	now 39c
35c values	now 23c
25c values	now 19c

Terms—CASH. No goods charged at these prices

W. S. DICKINSON & SON

Pocomoke City, Maryland

DRAKE AS A KING

Sir Francis Thought He Was the Monarch of California.

CROWNED BY THE INDIANS.

The Redskins Had Decorated Him With a War Bonnet of Feathers, but He Took It For the Real Thing in Crowns and Accepted the Title.

Hidden in the diary of Francis Fletcher, a sailor parson who acted as chaplain for the freebooters of Sir Francis Drake, is the story of the first hoax ever engineered by Californians. The joke was on Sir Francis. Until his last day he believed the Indians of California had crowned him their king—king of California. As a matter of fact, all they did was to give him a feather war bonnet and perform some native rites before him, hoping thereby to get their hands in his gift box again.

It happened in June, 1559. Drake was looking for the mythical north-west passage after a successful year looting and plundering in the Spanish colonies. His ship, the Golden Hind, sprang a leak, and Drake put into a little bay, just north of the present San Francisco, for repairs.

An Indian paddled out to the ship in a canoe. He scattered feathers on the water and went through a lot of pantomime. Drake feared to land until he found out the intent of the natives. The one Indian went back to shore. Then, to quote from Chaplain Fletcher:

"He shortly came again the second time in like manner and so the third time, when he brought with him, as a present from the rest, a bunch of feathers, much like the feathers of a black crow, very neatly and artificially gathered upon a string and drawn together in a round bundle, being verily clean and finely cut. With this also he brought a little basket made of rushes and filled with an herb which they called tobah, both being tyde to a short rodde he caste into our boat."

Drake tried to give presents in return, but the Indian paddled away quickly. He took only an old cocked hat which some sailor had thrown overboard. The hat made quite an impression on the tribe apparently, for they all gathered around the possessor on the beach.

In three days' time Drake concluded the Indians were friendly, so landed his men and began to unload the ship. A fort was constructed as a matter of precaution.

While the crew prepared the Golden Hind for sea Drake visited with the Indians. A tale, apocryphal perhaps, says he took an Indian chieftain's daughter to wife. At any rate, he got on famously with the natives, aided, no doubt, by generous gifts.

As the time neared for his departure and gifts grew fewer, the Indians announced that they intended to give a festival for Drake and his party. Drake came in full armor, and the Indians danced and played games for his benefit.

At the close of the ceremonies the Indians signaled that Drake was to be honored in some way. First an Indian approached bearing what Fletcher calls "a scepter." Drake accepted this kindly accoutrement. Then a chain was placed around his neck, and amid great shouting a "crown of feathers" was placed on his head.

Drake saw no other meaning of the ceremony than that he had been chosen king. What they really did was give him a pipe, a belt of wampum and a war bonnet. Drake drew his men up in line and, with a great flourish of trumpets and drums, accepted the kingship of California. As a postscript he added that he made no claims to being an independent monarch. He was still a vassal of Queen Elizabeth. He set up a monument to that effect:

"Our general caused to be set up a monument of our being there, as also of her majesties and successors right and title to that kingdom—namely, a plate of brass, fast nailed to a granite and firm post; whereon is engraven her grace's name, the day and year of our arrival there, and of the free giving up of the province and kingdom, both by the king and people, unto her majesties hands; together with her highness picture and arms, in a piece of sixpence current English monie, shewing itself by a hole made of purpose through the plate; underneath was likewise engraven the name of our general."

The hoax was successful. After accepting the kingship Drake sent for a large assortment of gifts for his subjects.—Kansas City Times.

President's Pardoning Power.
The president of the United States has power to pardon only those persons convicted in the federal courts of the United States. This pardoning power extends to convictions for offenses committed on the high seas and to convictions in consular courts having extra territorial jurisdiction in foreign countries. The pardoning power of the president of the United States does not extend to convictions in state courts.

Answering the Full Description.
"Why do you consider this necktie my wife bought me a joke? It doesn't make me laugh."

"That fact makes it all the more a joke. Whether or not you laugh depends entirely on who it's on."—Washington Star.

Power is a fearful thing and hath its wings always spread for flight.—Wallace.

WHAT CATARRH IS

It has been said that every third person has catarrh in some form.

Science has shown that nasal catarrh often indicates a general weakness of the body; and local treatments in the form of snuffs and vapors do little, if any good.

To correct catarrh you should treat its cause by enriching your blood with the oil-food in Scott's Emulsion which is a medicinal food and a building tonic, free from alcohol or any harmful drugs. Try it. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

RAILROADS IN ARGENTINA.

Run Under Rules Framed by a Strict Government Commission.

Argentina has a commission which is in some respects even more powerful than the interstate commerce commission. The direction general de ferrocarriles, as it is named, prescribes the number of trains to be run and insists on the number of coaches. Every night train must carry a certain number of sleeping cars, and dining cars, or restaurant cars, as they are known in Argentina, are obligatory on runs of certain distance. Every train is obliged to carry a letter box, and recently the railroads have been squeezed into carrying the mails for nothing.

A medicine chest, a stretcher and a bicycle—this last to establish quick communication with the nearest station in case of an accident—are compulsory on every passenger train.

Every passenger coach is disinfected each month, and the precautions for preserving the cleanliness of sleeping cars are probably the most thorough in the world.

No time table can be altered without the sanction of the director general and at least two months in advance of their taking effect. If trains stop at stations not scheduled a heavy fine is imposed, and all late trains must be reported to the government, with the reason for being delayed.—New York Tribune.

GERMS ON SALADS.

A Simple Method by Which All Danger May Be Avoided.

Drs. Lohr and Legagneux of Paris tested vinegar as a destroyer of the germs of typhoid fever. That they are killed by a mixture of wine and water in equal parts has long been known. These investigators prove now that twenty grams of vinegar to a liter of water kill the typhoid bacillus in an hour and five minutes.

"From this," writes the Paris correspondent of the London Lancet, "a practical inference may be drawn concerning salads. After washing the salad as usual, detaching each leaf, it should be put into water acidulated with ten grams of vinegar to the liter and remain immersed in this liquid for about an hour and a quarter. All vegetables ordinarily eaten uncooked may be subjected without any inconvenience to the same process."

A liter is equivalent to about a quart and ten grams are equivalent to about a third of an ounce. So if lettuce or other greens for salad be placed in water to which about one-third of an ounce of vinegar has been added and be left for about an hour and a quarter all danger of typhoid fever will be removed.

The Centipede.
The centipede was formerly a resident of the southern part of this country, but it has gradually worked its way to the north, so that now it is quite common in nearly every portion of the country. It thrives best in damp and warm places and has its redeeming feature in that it catches and destroys many of the domestic pests we are well rid of. Its method of catching an insect seems to be to spring over it, inclosing and caging it with its many legs. The belief occasionally met with that the centipede feeds on household goods and woollens or other clothing is without foundation. On the other hand, the bite of this creature is undoubtedly more or less poisonous, the effect depending on the susceptibility of the patient.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

"A Man is as Old as He Feels."
The well known saying, "A man is as old as he feels, a woman as old as she looks," it seems, is pure Liverpoolian, and legal at that. During the trial of a breach of promise case there arose some argument as to the desirability of a man of forty-nine marrying a girl of twenty, whereupon the judge delivered the famous epigram. He even went one better, for, when counsel for the defense argued that the lady had had a lucky escape from marrying such a man as his client, the witty judge observed, "What the woman loses is the man she thinks him to be."—Liverpool Post.

The Proof Conclusive.
They had disagreed.
They had disagreed about her cooking.

He had sprung the bomb about her not being able to cook even as his mother did.

Whereupon she asked him, "If that be so how is it that you haven't chronic dyspepsia, as your father had?"

Whereupon they disagreed more thoroughly than ever.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Letter For Letter.
"Why does a poet begin so many of his sentences with 'O'?" said the politician.

"There's no answer," replied Mr. Penwidge. "Why does a speechmaker begin so many of his sentences with 'T'?"—Washington Star.

CITTA VECCHIA.

Malta's Ancient Capital a Constant Reminder of St. Paul.

The place where Publius, the chief man of Malta in St. Paul's day, lived is thought to be Citta Vecchia, the ancient capital. It lies near the center of the island, about midway between Valetta and St. Paul's bay, and is connected with Valetta by a railroad.

Here every turn reminds us of St. Paul. The principal square is called Piazza San Paolo, and here we find a fine cathedral, which is said to be built on the very site of the house of Publius. Entering the cathedral, we see a great image of St. Paul, covered with a silver cloth, a reminder by contrast perhaps of how little of that precious metal he was possessed of in his lifetime.

In a nearby suburb of Citta Vecchia is another church dedicated to St. Paul and named for him, which the inhabitants devoutly believe is built over the very grotto in which he lived during his three months on the island, and the catacombs of the grotto are also called after his name.

One striking monument to the apostle reminds every passing traveler of this wonderful story. In the bay of St. Paul is a tiny island called Selman, and on this island is a towering statue of the apostle, which can be seen from far, a fit emblem of the colossal character which in all the ages since has so influenced and blessed the world.—Christian Herald.

SACRED NUMBERS.

Four and Forty Were Held in Reverence by the Ancients.

The number four was anciently esteemed the most perfect of all, being the arithmetical mean between one and seven. Omar, the second caliph, said, "Four things come not back—the spoken word, the sped arrow, the past life, the neglected opportunity." In nature there are four seasons and the four points of the compass.

Forty, a multiple of four by ten, is one of the sacred numbers. The probation of our first parents in the garden of Eden is supposed to have been forty years. The rain fell at the deluge forty days and nights, and the water remained on the earth forty days. The days of embalming the dead were forty. Solomon's temple was forty cubits long. In it were ten layers, each forty cubits long and containing forty baths.

Moses was forty years old when he fled into the land of Midian, where he dwelt forty years. He was on Mount Sinai forty days and forty nights. The Israelites wandered in the wilderness forty years. The Saviour fasted forty days and nights before entering upon public life. The same time elapsed between the resurrection and the ascension.—Exchange.

It's Complicated.
One day small Sadie was watching the lid of the teakettle rise and fall, emitting at the same time a puff of steam. Finally she said, "Mamma, you'd better call in the doctor. The teakettle's got the asthma."—Chicago News.

Retiring Before the Enemy.
Owens—My tailor will be here to halt an hour. Elevator Boy—Yes, sir, shall I ask him to wait? Owens—Certainly not, you idiot! What do you suppose I'm going out for?—Boston Transcript.

Domestic Bliss.
"Does your husband ever speak harshly to you?"
"No. Thank heaven, my husband and I are not on speaking terms."—Chicago Herald.

Reversible.
If the hat is becoming the girl is pretty, and if the girl is pretty the hat is becoming. It's easy.—Galveston News.

A BIT OF ADVICE

First—Don't Delay. Second—Don't Experiment.

If you suffer from backache, headache or dizziness, get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Hastings recommends. Foster—Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. (Advertisement)

Doan's Kidney Pills are especially prepared for kidney trouble. They are recommended by thousands. Can Princess Anne residents desire more convincing proof of their effectiveness, than the statement of a Princess Anne citizen who has used them and willingly testifies to their worth?

Mrs. Lena Hastings, Princess Anne, Md., says: "For nearly seven years I was afflicted with disordered kidneys and was made miserable by backache. Sometimes I was taken with severe headaches and pains in my joints. Finally, the kidney secretions became disordered. Reading about the cure Doan's Kidney Pills had made, I got this medicine at Omar A. Jones' drug store. The first box cured me of the trouble and toned up my entire system." (Statement given Oct. 14, 1907). Over four years later Mrs. Hastings said: "My former endorsement of Doan's Kidney Pills still holds good. My cure has been lasting."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for kidney pills, get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Hastings recommends. Foster—Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. (Advertisement)

You Can Enjoy Life
Eat what you want and not be troubled with indigestion if you will take a **Rexall Dyspepsia Tablet** before and after each meal. Sold only by us—25c a box.

T. J. Smith & Co.

TRUCK PACKAGES

You will soon be wanting CRATES, BARRELS or BASKETS for shipping your crops this season. Place your orders early, it gives you the satisfaction of knowing that you will be supplied when the time comes.

SEE US BEFORE BUYING

The Princess Anne Milling Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF
STRAWBERRY and TOMATO CRATES, BARRELS and TRUCK BASKETS,
LUMBER and BUILDING MATERIAL
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

GO TO KING'S

500 HORSES AND MULES AT PRIVATE SALE

EVERY DAY, 6 A. M. to 6 P. M.

We are first hands, and you save all other profits by buying direct from us

SELL YOUR HORSES AND MULES At KING'S AUCTION

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10.30 A. M.

Buyers get honest representation, and Sellers get a full Auction Value and their Money in 30 seconds. We don't charge to offer Horses and Mules not sold.

OUR REFERENCE—EVERYBODY

JAMES KING & SONS

High, Baltimore & Fayette Sts. BALTIMORE, MD.

N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect May 31, 1915

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS

LEAVE	49-1049	81	43	47-1047	45
New York (Penn. Station)	9:00			8:00	12:08
Philadelphia	11:17		7:25	10:00	3:00
Wilmington	12:01 a.m.		8:19	10:44	3:44
Baltimore	8:10 p.m.		6:30	7:00	1:43
Princess Anne					
Cape Charles					
Old Point					
Norfolk					

NORTH BOUND TRAINS

LEAVE	44	42	48-1048	80	50-1050
Norfolk			8:40		6:00
Old Point			9:25		7:00
Wilmington		8:00	11:40	5:30	9:20
Princess Anne		7:02	10:55	2:13 p.m.	8:30
Cape Charles		7:39	11:24	2:40	9:15
Baltimore		7:56	12:02 p.m.	2:59	9:30
Philadelphia					
New York					

CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward			CRISFIELD BRANCH—Northward		
Leave	A. M.	P. M.	Leave	A. M.	P. M.
King's Creek	7:45	2:25	Oriskany	6:00	1:00
Ar. Crisfield	8:30	3:10	Ar. King's Creek	6:45	1:45

Trains Nos. 42-1047, 47-1047, 8-1048, 50-1050 daily. Nos. 81, 43, 44, 45, 42, 80 daily except Sunday. C. L. LEIPER, Superintendent.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of DANIEL W. MILES.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the Thirtieth day of October, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 10th day of April, 1915.

ADDISON D. MILES and LORENA E. PORTER, Admrs. of Daniel W. Miles, deceased. True Copy. Test: SIDNEY WALLER, Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of L. THOMAS BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 18th day of March, 1915.

ASBURY P. BEAUCHAMP, SARAH E. BEAUCHAMP, Admrs. of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased. True Copy. Test: SIDNEY WALLER, Reg. W. S. C.

Will Save You Money on Your Spring Office and School Supplies

MEYER & THALHEIMER The Big Stationery Store

Baltimore and Howard Sts., Baltimore, Md.

Blank Books for Every Purpose
Loose Leaf Ledger Outfits and Devices
Wood and All-Steel Sectional Filing Cabinets
Commercial Stationery, School Supplies

Our Immense Variety and Reasonable Prices Assure Absolute Satisfaction

"The Best Possible Newspaper!"

What sort of a paper is it? In the first place, it must be a Home Paper—the Women's Friend and a part of her daily life. And it must be a necessity to the Business Man. It must not only tell what is happening in the world, but it must go farther and tell why it is happening and what it means. The Best Possible Newspaper has a staff of correspondents covering the world field of the Associated United Press, securing the news for vital human facts. It has fashion and art, books and music, literature and politics at its right hand. It has the markets for the farmer, the merchant, the broker.

The world has never seen a paper of greater constructive significance in politics, in science, in society. Every move in the field of action is a topic for discussion in cities, villages, hamlets, at crossroads. And the Best Possible Newspaper must equip its readers for intelligent understanding of all these things.

That is precisely why it is the simple truth that for your purpose, and for the purpose of the whole South, the BEST POSSIBLE NEWSPAPER is

THE BALTIMORE SUN

(Morning, Evening and Sunday)

Morning or Evening by Mail, 25c. a Month, \$3 a Year

THE SUNDAY SUN, by mail is { 1 Month, 15c. 2 Months, 25c. \$1.50 a Year

All three editions by mail \$7.50 a year

Address your order to THE A. S. ARELL COMPANY, Baltimore, Md.

WHEN in want of STYLISH and QUALITY PRINTING

Call or Phone MARYLANDER AND HERALD

The Baltimore American

ESTABLISHED 1773

The Daily American

Term By Mail, Postage Prepaid:
Daily, one month, \$1.00
Daily and Sunday, one month, \$1.25
Daily, three months, \$3.00
Daily and Sunday, three months, \$3.75
Daily, six months, \$5.50
Daily and Sunday, six months, \$6.75
Daily, one year, \$10.00
Daily and Sunday, one year, \$12.00
Sunday edition, one year, \$4.50

The Twice-A-Week American

The Cheapest and Best Family Newspaper Published
ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR
Six Months, 50 Cents

The Twice-A-Week American is published in two issues, Tuesday and Friday mornings, with the news of the week in compact shape. It also contains special correspondence, entertaining romances, good poetry, local matter of general interest and fresh miscellany suitable for the home circle. A carefully-edited Agricultural Department and full and reliable Financial and Market Reports, are special features.

Address all letters to CHAS. C. TILTON & CO., FELLIX AGENTS, Manager and Publisher, AMERICAN OFFICE, BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

The Baltimore News

An Independent Newspaper

Published Every Afternoon Including Sunday
A Newspaper for the Home For the Family Circle
Covers thoroughly the news of the City, State and Country. Complete Market Reports of same day reach you by mail early next morning. Buy it from your local newsdealer or order it by mail.

One Month, 30c
Three Months, 90c
Six Months, \$1.75
One Year, \$3.50

The Baltimore News

Baltimore Maryland

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of DAVID LOKEY.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the Ninth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 10th day of March, 1915.

MARCELLUS W. NISKEY, Administrator of David Lokey, deceased. True Copy. Test: SIDNEY WALLER, Register of Wills.

START RIGHT

If you want the big money out of

POULTRY

Let Mr. Fred Thayer, our expert poultryman from Cornell University, select your Poultry for you. You will save money and you will also be positive of getting the best you desire. We guarantee safe arrival and full count of strong, healthy, lively little thoroughbreds.

PRICES BABY CHICKS
25 50 100
S. C. Buff Orpingtons, \$4.50 \$9.00 \$18.00
S. C. Rhode Island Reds, 4.00 7.50 14.00
S. C. White Leghorns, 3.50 6.50 12.00
Brown Leghorns, 4.00 7.50 14.00
White Wyandottes, 4.00 7.50 14.00

EGGS FOR HATCHING
Can be sent by Parcel Post.
1 setting will weigh 4 pounds; 2 settings, 7 pounds.

Our eggs for hatching are from carefully selected pens of thoroughbred fowls. Write for prices.

POULTRY SECRETS
If there are any conditions existing with your fowls or in your poultry house which you do not know how to overcome, write us and you will receive our expert advice and suggestions by return mail free of any charge.

INSTRUCTION BOOK FREE
Our large 1915 Poultry and Poultry Supply Catalogue contains valuable information both for the beginner and the experienced poultry raiser. Send for your copy today.

FIVE DOLLARS IN GOLD
for the best ear of corn delivered at our store on or before October 1st. Corn from Boligiano's California Golden Country Gentlemen Sugar Corn. This corn is a wonderful combination of the Cream and Honey Sugar Corn and the well-known Country Gentlemen. Could you possibly think of anything more delicious? Send us ten cents in stamps, mention this paper and we will send you a large package of this delicious corn so you can enter this contest.

J. Boligiano & Son,
Founded 1818
Almost 100 years making "Big Corn"
Baltimore, Md.

OVER 65 YEARS EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANCOCK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, 1c a week; four months, \$4. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & Co. 35 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 25 F St., Washington, D. C.

SO EASY TO WORK

When you install one of these pumps you get lasting satisfactory service. For 40 years we have been building pumps fitted for wells.

KANAWHA PUMPS

RED JACKET

When we fit a pump for a well there is no guess work—It is correct, because—

—WE KNOW HOW—

Catalog on Request.
Sold by Dealers

Kanawha Pump Works
9 W. Pratt St., Baltimore, Md.

RAWLINGS PULVERIZING HARROWS & CULTIVATORS

ALL STEEL SIX SIZES

Baltimore, Md.
Manufacturers and Dealers in Implements Engines Vehicles

Stevens 1 Main, 1 Team, 1 Horse
No. 6 has 12 cutters, \$14.00

Tell your needs to us or to your dealer, but insist on Rawlings Goods.

The Baltimore Star

The Leading Evening Paper of the South

The Baltimore Star, established August 17, 1908, by the publishers of The Baltimore American, has won its place as the representative evening paper of the South. It gives more news and more reading matter than any other afternoon paper in Maryland. It is especially rich in departments—financial, sporting, society, children, women, and to these departments the best writers of America are regular contributors. The Star is the great home paper, with something for every member of the family. It is a cheerful newspaper, with plenty of entertainment. Those who try it keep on taking it.

The Star is elaborately illustrated. It has the first photographs of important events. Its portraits of leading men and women are unequalled.

The Star has two great news services, with wires direct to its offices from all parts of the world. The Star has a wireless equipment. It uses every modern invention and the best enterprise to get all the news.

The Star is different from other Southern papers. It has a quality of its own.

ONE CENT A COPY. One month, 25 cents; three months, 75 cents; one year, \$3.

Address:

FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher
C. C. FULTON & CO.,
American Building, Baltimore Maryland

SEVEN BARKS

For all cases of
INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION,
Dyspepsia,
Flatulence, Colic, and other
Stomach Disorders.

Allen's Foot-Powder, the antiseptic powder for painful, smarting, tender, nervous feet. It takes the sting of corns and bunions. Over 100,000 packages are being used by the German and Allied troops at the front. Sold everywhere. 25c. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Quimby, Le Roy, N. Y.

Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic

Railway Company

RAILWAY DIVISION

Schedule effective January 10, 1915.

EAST BOUND.

	9 A. M.	11 A. M.	3 P. M.
Lv. Baltimore	9:00	11:00	3:00
Salisbury	9:15	11:15	3:15
Ar. Ocean	9:30	11:30	3:30

WEST BOUND.

	6 A. M.	10 A. M.	12 P. M.
Lv. Ocean City	6:00	10:00	12:00
Salisbury	6:15	10:15	12:15
Ar. Baltimore	6:30	10:30	12:30

Daily except Sunday.
Gen. Pass Agent
WILLARD THOMPSON, General Manager.

T. E. JONES,
Div. Pass Agent

WOMEN

Love This Magazine

McCALL'S is the Fashion Guide and Home-keeping Helper of more women than any other magazine in the world. All the latest styles every month; also delightful stories that entertain, and special departments in cooking, home dressing, baby work, etc. that lighten housework and save money. Price, only 15c a year, with one colored McCall Dress Pattern FREE.

SEND A POSTAL CARD NOW FOR
1. A FREE Sample Copy of McCALL'S MAGAZINE; or
2. A FREE Copy of McCALL'S New 44-page PREMIUM CATALOGUE; or
3. McCALL'S Special Photo Offer to Every CHURCH.

Address Dept. 21
THE McCALL CO., 226 N. 5th St., New York, N. Y.

FREE

FREE

FREE

Mothers Only Know

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for children relieve Feverishness, Headache, Red Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy worms. They break up Colds in 24 hours. Used by mothers for 25 years. All Druggists. Sample free. Address, A. S. Quimby, Le Roy, N. Y.

FREAK BASEBALL PLAYS.

A Tin Can Throw and the Shortest Two Bagger on Record.

Freak plays make baseball humorous if not interesting. Some of these plays are said to be the result of quick thinking, but as a matter of fact most of them are simply luck, says Arthur Macdonald in the Physical Education Review. Curious things happen. A ball fell into a tin can, and, it being impossible to get it out in time, can and all were thrown to the baseman.

Another ball hit the end of a nail driven through the opposite side of a fence and could not be got down until all the runners scored.

A swift hit glanced off the pitcher's hand, is snapped up by an infielder and thrown to first, putting the man out.

Redhot liners or grounders sometimes hit the first or third base bag and glance away for singles or even two baggers.

The shortest two bagger known was when the ball grazed the bat, shot up a few feet and fell in front of the plate. As the catcher reached for the whirling ball it glanced from his glove and bounded back to the stand, and the batter made second easily.

A center fielder saw a mitt in the way of the shortstop and walked about sixty feet in to move it out of the way, when he heard the crack of the bat and saw a hot ball coming straight at him.

He could do nothing but try to catch it and did, to his surprise. But he was given credit by the crowd for being a great student of batters.

THE VOICE AND THE STAGE.

Being a Good Elocutionist Does Not Make a Good Actor.

Of all the things to eschew, elocution schools stand first. Actors should know nothing of the rules of elocution as taught in any school of which I have ever heard. I can always tell at the first glance whether an actor is a student of elocution. No good elocutionist was ever a good actor. That is, no good reciter—and elocution schools produce only reciters—is ever a good actor.

Reciting and acting are two entirely different arts. The reciter is never natural, never can be. A while ago one of the most distinguished professors of elocution in America—he had the chair of elocution at one of our biggest universities—came to be an actor. It was thought that he would be something wonderful because of his knowledge and gift of elocution. He went back to teaching. He could do that better than most, but his acting was bad. All the rules of elocution an actor ever needs can be obtained in singing lessons.

Now, proper enunciation of words is a different matter. An actor should not have to be taught that, but if he does need it it is a pretty bad need, and he should never rest until he has lost all slovenly habits. Some of my friends think I am too severe on this point. I am not. One cannot be too perfect in his smallest details, that makes for perfect illusion on the stage, and I am always for such work.—Henrietta Crossman in Century.

A Tragic Wedding Ring.

A tragic story of a forgotten wedding ring is told in the "Lives of the Landlady." He should have been at church when Colin Lindsay, the young Earl of Balcarras, was quietly eating his breakfast in nightgown and slippers. Reminded that Mauritia of Kinsau was waiting for him at the altar, he hurried to church, but forgot the ring. A friend present gave him one, which he, without looking at, placed on the bride's finger. After the ceremony was over the countess glanced at her hand and beheld a grinning death's head on her ring. She fainted away, and the omen made such an impression on her that on recovering she declared she was destined to die within a year, a prediction that probably brought about its own fulfillment, for in a few months the careless Colin was a widower.

Belgium's Military Cross.

The croix militaire of Belgium is an award founded in 1885 by Leopold II. It consists of two classes; the first is awarded to officers of twenty-five years' service, the second to noncommissioned officers and men who have served a similar period.

An Unhappy Client.

"Prisoner, have you anything to say?"

"Only this, your honor: I'd be mighty sorry if th' young lawyer you assigned to me was ever called upon to defend an innocent man."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Words of Different Size.

"Did they exchange words?"

"Yes, but it wasn't an even exchange. One spoke in English and the other in Russian."—New York Press.

Greatly Benefited by Chamberlain's Liniment

"I have used Chamberlain's Liniment for sprains, bruises and rheumatic pains, and the great benefit I have received justifies my recommending it in the highest terms," writes Mrs. Florence Sliffe, Washburn, Ind. If you are troubled with rheumatic pains you will certainly be pleased with the prompt relief which Chamberlain's Liniment affords. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement]

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

A hair preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For restoring color and beauty to Gray or Faded Hair.

Farm and Garden

WEED SEEDS ON THE FARM.

Preventive Measures That Constitute the Principles of Control.
(Prepared by United States department of agriculture.)

Preventing the introduction of weed seeds on the farm, preventing weeds from going to seed and preventing perennial weeds from making top growth are the three principles of weed control.

In purchasing for planting clover seed, grass seeds or grain many weed seeds as impurities are brought to the farm. In no permanent way will the quality of seeds offered for sale be improved except by a greater knowledge and alertness on the consumer's part.

The first requisite is to know what constitutes good seed; second, to know fairly closely what high grade seed is worth, and, third, to be willing to pay a fair price for it. Laxity on one or more of these points is responsible for most of the farmer's trouble over poor seeds. Cheap seeds are really the most expensive kind that can be purchased.

In improving his knowledge of what constitutes good seeds the farmer will find the advice of the state agricul-



A LAWN FULL OF DANDELION SEEDS OF THE HARM DONE BY WIND BLOWN SEED.

tural experiment stations and the United States department of agriculture of great assistance. These institutions gladly test samples of seeds for farmers free of charge.

Some kinds of stock feed are free of weed seeds, while others are not. Outworn meal, oil meal, brewers' and distillers' grains, corn bran, middlings and the gluten feeds are practically free of weed seeds, but molasses feeds, oat chop, wheat bran and the mixed feeds are apt to contain more or less seeds of various weeds. This is especially true of that class of mixed feeds made from mill byproducts, for the reason that such byproducts are partly composed of screenings. These screenings contain weed seeds resulting from the cleaning of grain. Some firms grind or heat the screenings that go into mixed feeds, and in such cases the percentage of live weed seeds is very low.

Nearly all purchased manure is full of weed seeds. If it is hauled to the farm when fresh many thousands of weed seeds are introduced, so that the farmer is storing up future trouble for himself. As this manure usually has to be removed from the town in the fresh state the only chance to control it is in order to make the weed seeds rot after it reaches the farm. It has been found that the weed seeds in manure piles rot quickly under ordinary conditions, so that practically all of them have lost their vitality in two months. Whether the farmer should compost city manure by leaving it in piles after he has drawn it to his farm is questionable. This would require extra handling, and unless care is exercised the manure will lose some of its value. Still, in many cases it would undoubtedly pay to do this for the sake of keeping the farm free of weeds. The answer to this question depends largely upon the farmer's cropping system.

Thrashing outfits are very likely to bring weed seeds to the farm. It is a wise precaution to see that the separator is well cleaned before it reaches the farm or at least is cleaned in a place where the weed seeds will not be scattered on the fields. Wild mustard is very apt to be introduced by these means.

Purchased hay and straw are almost sure to contain weed seeds, and as long as a man continues to buy them there is little chance for him to have a weed free farm. The only way to prevent seeds getting to the land where hay or straw is purchased to feed stock is to leave the resulting manure in a pile, or better yet, in a pit, for several months before spreading.

Weed seeds may get to a farm by being wind blown. This is especially true of cleome, dandelion, broom sedge, Canada thistle and such other weeds as possess a light feathery pappus. Such seeds may be carried a mile or more in a strong wind. The Russian thistle of the western states is perhaps the greatest wind blown weed pest. The matured plant, which is almost round in shape, rolls across the prairie, scattering seed as it goes. A good fence is very effective in arresting the progress of this enemy.

WHAT TO RAISE.

Farmers should raise the things to which their farms, their markets and themselves are adapted. They would better study how to raise the most and best of these things than to scatter their energies over a great variety of products merely to keep from buying them. The men who follow the right policy usually have cash enough to get what they need from other farmers who can produce it cheapest. There was a time when farmers were compelled to grow or make about everything they needed, but that day has long gone by. It is good business to raise things—but the right things. The scatteration plan involves neglect of some of these things without a corresponding gain in raising others.—National Stockman and Farmer.

ALFALFA AS HOG FOOD.

Comparative Returns When Sold as Hay and When Grazed by Hogs.

The Arizona experiment station figures the comparative return when alfalfa is sold as hay and when grazed by hogs. These figures represent local prices in Arizona.

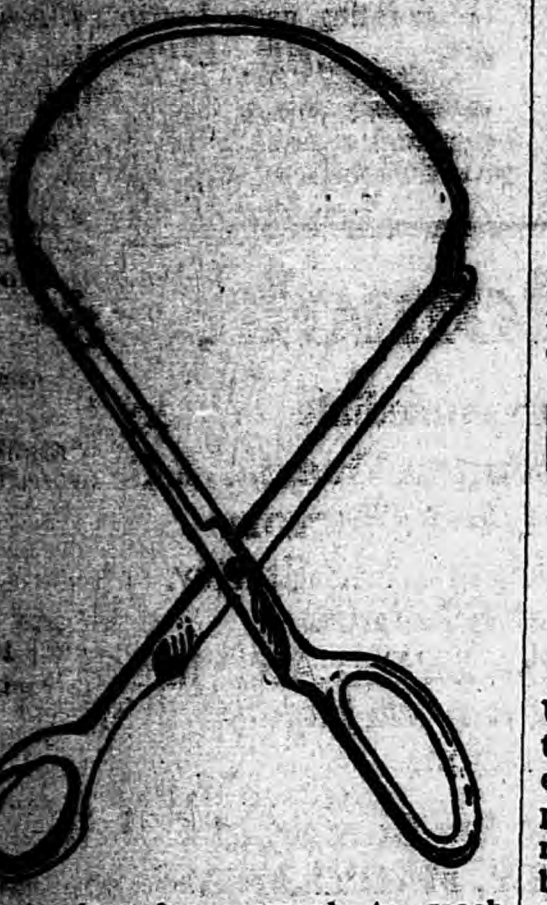
The net annual returns per acre of alfalfa, yielding six tons, when sold as hay were not over \$10. The net returns for a similar acre of alfalfa when grazed off by twelve hogs were \$47.23. These hogs were fed a supplemental ration of grain, but the value of this was determined and deducted.

The fertilizing ingredients in a ton of barnyard manure are worth \$2.50, calculated according to price of commercial fertilizers. On this basis the value of the hog manure as dropped over the field must be at least \$3 per ton. Figuring that 85 per cent of the six tons of alfalfa was returned as manure to the soil, there were then five tons of manure, worth \$3 per ton, or \$15. This added to \$47.23 would be \$62.23, representing the net gain per acre of alfalfa when grazed off by twelve hogs, as against \$10, which is the net gain per acre when the alfalfa is cured and sold as baled hay.

In this case the net price for alfalfa hay was only \$8 per ton, and, of course, the hogs paid more than that for it. There might easily be another situation where the reverse of this would be true. There are situations in the eastern states where alfalfa hay will bring \$18 or more per ton, while small droves of hogs would not pay. In such cases it might pay better to sell the hay and use chemicals to keep the soil fertile.

Fruit Jar Opener.

Get scissors make good fruit jar openers. Grind the broken ends to sharp points, so they will fit the rim of the jar top when the scissors are open. Then bore holes near the ends of each ground prong, and in the holes insert a stout piece of wire.



that is just long enough to reach around the jar top when the scissors are held open. Fasten the wire securely. By pressing the shears together the wire will take a death grip on the jar cover and it will be easily removed. The same device will screw the tops on the jars.—Missouri Valley Farmer.

TIMELY BEE HINTS.

If you have not done so already, by all means go over every colony and clip the wings of every laying queen, as this will enable you to live automatically every swarm that may come out, and if properly done it in no sense injures the queen. Bent manure scissors are the best instrument for this purpose.

If the tops of the combs of the brood nests are capped with nice white wax, indicating that new honey has been gathered, then place the surplus supers on without further delay. And where extracted honey is to be secured don't forget to put the queen's excluder boards between the brood nest and the extracting body, for the presence of unsealed brood in the extracting frames is annoying, to say the least.

Keep the grass and weeds away from the hives so that the returning heavily laden bees may not have to wend their way through a mass of weeds in order to reach their hives and store their hard earned sweets.

Every hive should rest upon a stand of some sort, and a platform of concrete upon the ground and about three feet square is both inexpensive and effective.

THE BATTLE OF THE TIRES

[Agricultural and Commercial Press Service]

It is interesting to watch the forces of civilization battling for supremacy. The struggle now going on between the rubber and the iron tire promises to be the liveliest contest of the Twentieth Century.

The struggle is a silent one and there are no war correspondents to write vivid descriptions of the conflict but the results are more far-reaching to present and future generations than the war of Europe.

The rubber tire has been maneuvering for point of attack for several years and has captured a few unimportant positions in traffic, but it has now pitched a decisive battle with its iron competitor by hurling a million "jitneys" at the street railways and the battle is raging from ocean to ocean. Upon the result of the struggle depends the future of the rubber tire. If it is compelled to retreat, its doom is sealed, but if it wins the battle it will revolutionize the transportation methods of this nation.

If the rubber tire conquers the street traffic its next struggle is with the railroads of the country, and then the greatest battle between economic forces ever fought out on the face of this earth is on, for iron is the undisputed master in transportation, and is fortified behind billions of dollars, and millions of men.

Stephenson applied the steel tire to an iron rail in 1814, but it was 1869 before the golden spike was driven at Promontory Point, which bound the country together with bands of steel. It took the iron tire fifty-five years to creep from ocean to ocean, but the rubber tire while warm from the creative mind of the inventive genius sped across the continent like an arrow shot from the bow of Ulysses. The roadbed was already prepared and therein lies the power of the rubber tire over that of iron, for government builds and maintains the public highway.

But iron is a stubborn metal and it has mastered every wheel that turns; has fought battles with every element above and beneath the earth and has never tasted the wormwood of defeat, and when rubber hurls its full force against this monarch of the Mineral Kingdom, it may rebound to the factory stunned beyond recovery.

The rubber tire first made its appearance on the bicycle, but it proved a frivolous servant and was dismissed for incompetency. It has always been too much inclined to revel in luxury to be taken seriously as a utility machine and its reputation is not one to inspire confidence in heavy traffic performance.

But to those who care to wait into dreamland, it is enchanting to note that there will be a marvelous difference between a rubber and an iron age. The rubber tire will scatter the cities throughout the valleys for with transportation at every man's door, why a city? It will traverse the continent with a net work of Macadam highways as beautiful as the boulevards built by Napoleon. It will paralyze the law making bodies of this nation for how could the legislatures run without the railroads to operate on?

FEDERAL INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION

By Peter Radford.

The recent investigation of the United States Commission of Industrial Relations brought together the extremes of society and has given the public an opportunity to view the representatives of distinct classes, side by side, and to study their views in parallel columns.

Capital and labor have always been glaring at each other over gulfs of misunderstanding and if the Federal Industrial Commission attempts to bridge the chasm, it will render the public a distinct service.

The farmer has been sitting on the fence watching capital and labor fight for many years and incidentally furnishing the sinews of war and it is quite gratifying to find them talking with, instead of about, each other. When honest men smile and look into each other's souls, it always makes the world better and far more satisfactory to the farmer, who in the end, bears the burden of conflict, than resplendent speeches or pamphlets containing charges and counter-charges.

The love for justice makes the whole world kin. Understanding is an arbiter far more powerful than the mandates of government, for there is no authority quite so commanding as an honest conscience; there is no decree quite so binding as that of the Supreme Court of Common Sense and no sheriff can keep the peace quite so perfect as Understanding.

We suppose the time will never come when capital and labor will not be occasionally blinded by the lightning flashes of avarice or frightened by the thunder peals of discontent. But Understanding is a Prince of Peace that ever holds out the olive branch to men who want to do right. A man's income is always a sacred thing for in it are the hope, ambition and opportunity of himself, and family, but there is nothing in a human heart quite so divine as Justice and Understanding is its handmaiden.

BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

Painting the Great Structure is a Long and Costly Job.

Every three or four years it becomes necessary to paint the Brooklyn bridge in order to prevent the corrosion and deterioration of its structural members, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. This is a task which requires the services of a small army of "human spiders," who climb about over the web of cables and stringers with almost as much composure and agility as if they were insects instead of men.

With buckets and brushes, they cling in the network, swinging in the wind, as the constant stream of traffic surges across the East river. Between them and the river beneath there are more than 200 feet of space and the cables.

Every exposed strand and spot of the whole structure must be painted, so the men scramble over the cables until they reach the topmost point of the great towers, which extend 272 feet above the water, and finally end up on the scaffolds suspended beneath the structure, where the mastheads of passing vessels scrape under the planking, sometimes missing them by a margin of only a few inches. This work continues usually for six or eight months before it is completed and costs approximately \$50,000.—Exchange.

SAYING A FEW WORDS.

When Your Turn Comes Remember That Short Speeches Never Bore.

If you are called upon to say a few words after dinner or at a meeting, don't be backward. Get right up and go at it.

The chances are that what you say on such an occasion, without preparation, will be of no importance and probably wouldn't have been of importance, if it had been prepared in advance, but that isn't the point.

The point is that the minds of your hearers will be quite as blank and amorphous as your own, and consequently the few who actually listen to you will have no means of judging whether what you say is rational or not. The majority, out of politeness, will assume that you did well, or if they do not wish to commit themselves too irretrievably they will say you did well "under the circumstances."

The whole secret in "saying a few words" lies in making it "few." If you go on and on and on, your audience will not heed or remember a thing you said. They will only remember that you talked long enough to bore them. Short speeches never bore.—E. O. J. in Life.

The Exercise of Choice.

The human faculties of perception, judgment, discriminative feeling, mental activity, and even moral preference, are exercised only in making a choice. He who does anything because it is the custom makes no choice. He gains no practice either in discerning or deciding what is best. The mental and moral, like the muscular powers, are improved only by being used. The faculties are called into no exercise by doing a thing merely because others do it, no more than by believing a thing only because others believe it.

He who lets the world, or his own portion of it, choose his plan of life for him has no need of any other faculty than the apollitic one of imitation. He who chooses his plan for himself employs all his faculties.—John Stuart Mill.

Names Usurped by Women.

Mary is not by any means the only name that has been borne by men and women alike, writes a correspondent of the London Chronicle, who has dipped into old parish and other registers. Sir Patience Ward was lord mayor of London in 1830, Eve Silfrifton is mentioned in a will of the sixteenth century, and Grace Hardwin was an old landowner in America.

As to male names usurped by the ladies, instances occur of feminine Phillips and Georges, and in one case a daughter was duly baptized Noah. A granddaughter of the Duke of Wellington was named Arthur in his honor, and in Eppingham church there is a monument to Timothy, wife of Richard Mabank.

Spoke as They Passed.

"I hope you don't associate with that man I saw you speak to in the street just now."

"Associate with him? What do you take me for? That man, sir, is one of the most rascally, corrupt, sneaking, underhand, low down, villainous and depraved scoundrels that ever managed to keep out of jail."

"I know it. But why are you on speaking terms with him at all?"

"Why, I'm—er—his lawyer."—London Mail.

Mutual Attraction.

"So the telephone operator in the hospital is going to marry the surgeon."

"So I fear."

"Affinity of tastes, I suppose. She cuts people off, and he cuts 'em up."—Baltimore American.

The Consultation.

"My wife always consults me about every article of attire she buys—frocks, hats, shoes, gloves, everything."

"My wife does, too—that is, she asks me for the money."

Between Girls.

"He says our engagement must be a secret."

"And when do you get the ring?"

"That seems to be a secret too."—Exchange.

O life—long to the wretched, short to the happy.—Syrus.

History Of Old Monie Church

(Continued from first page)

managed to get around them without serious mishap, in spite of the fact that we were driving a young and easily-frightened horse. Our dismay may be better imagined than described when we reached the old church to find that it had been completely wrecked by the cyclone of the early morning and was lying prone upon the earth. It is quite needless to state that we went no further that day but returned immediately to announce the sad calamity which had overtaken this venerable and beloved woodland fane.

The rector of the church, Dr. John O. Barton, was one of the kindest, saintliest men I have ever known. The destruction of the church was a most afflictive loss to him and his people, but with infinite trust in the great Head of the church he heroically gathered about him a devoted band who gave themselves with indomitable courage and energy to the task of securing funds for the re-erection of this ancient temple.

On the 31st of August, 1879, one month exactly after the cyclone, Dr. Barton preached a sermon to a sorrowing company among the trees near the ruins of the old church. It was a pathetic service; many tears were shed, and every heart was busy with its memories of other days. Dr. Barton said, in part:

"The dear old house of God in which we have so long worshipped—whose age and history called out our love and veneration—which has withstood the storms of more than a century and a-half, to-day lies prostrate at our feet. As a congregation we have no roof over our heads. . . . There are endearing associations connected with the old church that lies broken and scattered all around us, and the memories of loved ones in 'the better land' come to shame us if the thought were to enter our hearts of leaving the old friend prostrate in the dust."

"Think for a little while of the history of 'Old Monie'. We find no definite record of the date of its erection. Mr. George B. Waller frequently declared that it was the tradition of his family that the church was built the same year as the Waller homestead, on the Little Monie creek, on which there is the date of 1710. Among the papers of the White family there was lately found a receipt for pew rent, in Monie church, dated 1729. In the remnant of an old Parish book which lately came into my possession there is the record of the baptism of 'Mary Stoughton' in Monie church, September 27th, 1724. These facts, in connection with the verbal tradition, leave little doubt that 1710 was really the date of the first building. . . . That building stood in all its young glory twenty-two years before General Washington was born; and sixty-five years passed away before the Revolutionary War came on."

"The original size of the building was 24x50 feet, and so remained until 1767, when the Assembly of the Province of Maryland authorized a tax to be levied, and twenty feet were added to the eastern end of the church. At the same time a contract was made with Levin Ballard to build the 'New Chapel in Princess Anne Town.'"

"For a period of forty years—1766 to 1806—there were only four persons who held the office of Register of the Parish—John Jones, Thomas D. Woolford, John Stewart and William Waller."

"In 1769, the Vestry entered into contract with Jesse Evans for twenty-five pounds, to put 'a pale fence' around the church with two pallisade oak gates with an arched piece over each gate."

"In 1768 the following appears among the minutes of the Vestry: 'By consent of Levin Woolford, the hanging pew on the South side of the church is to be taken down, and he is to have the third from Col. George Gale's as his right.'"

"In 1779 it is recorded that the Vestry imposed a fine of twenty pounds on Levin Gale for refusing to serve as vestryman. At the next meeting it is mentioned that he paid the fine and that Henry Jackson was qualified as vestryman in his stead."

"The Rev. Hamilton Bell was rector of the parish for a great many years, and all through the trying times of the Revolutionary War, and died in 1783."

Dr. Barton closed his sermon with an impassioned plea for a united effort in behalf of the restoration of the old church, and with such good results did he and his people labor, that a new building was erected, and on Thursday morning, May 5th, 1881, the congregation had the joy of seeing it dedicated to the worship of God, free of debt. The church was crowded to its capacity. The sermon was delivered by Rev. Edmund D. Cooper, rector of the Church of the Redeemer, Astoria, Long Island. Among other clergymen present were, Bishop Lay, Dr. J. S. B. Hodges, of Baltimore; Rev. George C. Carter, New York; Dr. T. P. Barber, Cambridge; Rev. E. F. Dashiell, St. Michaels; Rev. W. Y. Beaven, Talbot county; Rev. James H. B. Brooks, Salisbury; Rev. H. T. Lee, Berlin; Rev. Algernon Batte, Snow Hill; Rev. F. W. Hilliard, Pocomoke City; Rev. Harrison Cruikshank, Coventry Parish; and the beloved rector of the parish, Dr. John O. Barton.

Honesty pays in the long run, but lots of people are merely sprinters.

The Reason For High Cost Of Living

One of our friends rises to remark that 'the cost of high living has about got us on the hummer. It may be all right to lay it on any old cause, but the people are somewhat to be blamed themselves. We can remember when such a thing as automobiles were unknown. Telephones, electric lights and dozens of other luxuries were unknown. The baby was rocked in a cracker box and lugged around in any old way. Now he is hauled around in a rubber-tired buggy, and where formerly he had just clothes enough to wad a shot-gun, now he has a whole wardrobe. We had meat once a day and biscuits on Sunday. Now it's a porter house, sirloin or rib roast every day, with coffee to wash it down, and pie to top it off. The old-fashioned fireplace has given way to the base burner and the kitchen range, while the homespun carpet is supplanted by the Brussels and Axminster. We used to eat what we could not sell; now we sell what we can't eat. We used to go to town with a made market basket and carry our stuff back. Now we call up over the telephone and have a delivery wagon to deliver it to us. We are going some, believe me."—Ex.

A Great Home-Coming

The Maryland State Normal School, preparatory to leaving its present quarters, Carrollton and Lafayette avenues, Baltimore, will have a home-coming night on the eleventh of June, in the old building.

It is hoped that all its graduates who can possibly come to the city will do so, and make this last grand rally in the old hall a memorable occasion. There will be music, instrumental and vocal, and community singing for the quiet folks; dancing for those who wish to enjoy the mazy whirl, and refreshments for all.

Graduates who expect to attend the home-coming will apply to the school for cards of admission.

Perryhawkins

June 5—Mrs. Fred A. Culver and little son, Charles, have returned home from a visit to friends in Princess Anne. Mr. and Mrs. John T. E. Myers, of Baltimore, have returned home after visiting at the home of Mrs. Myers' parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. D. West.

Mr. Woodland Culver and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Ponder C. Culver, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Howard, at Pitts Creek, Worcester county.

It is announced that Children's Day services will be held in Holland's M. E. Church, at Whitesburg, the third Sunday night in June, which will be June 20th.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera And Diarrhoea Remedy

This is a remedy that every family should be provided with, and especially during the summer months. Think of the pain and suffering that must be endured when medicine must be sent for or before relief can be obtained. Ask anyone who has used it. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement.]

Eugenics.

To judge by the fruit stores, horticultural eugenics have been practiced for some time.

THE VALUE OF WOOD PRESERVATIVES

Cheaper Woods Made Durable By The Creosoting Process

We are in receipt of the following from the Maryland State Board of Forestry, which should be read carefully by everyone, and especially the farmers:

The farmers of the State of Maryland require and use 1,750,000 fence posts annually. These posts will, on an average, have to be renewed in 6 years' time. Some, locust and cedar, may last for 20 years; others, like soft maple or sweet gum, be rotted out in two. It has been found that a treatment of (hot and cold) creosote costing 10 to 12 cents, and requiring a very short time, will add to the life of a cheap, inferior post as much as 15 years.

Tests extending over a period of years at the Maryland Experiment Station have shown that the first cost, peeling and setting of a locust post involves an expense of 38 cents; to buy, peel, treat and set one of spruce pine costs 28 cents. There is little difference in the average length of life of the high-priced cedar or locust post and that of the cheap, but treated kind. Experiments have demonstrated that pin oak, sycamore, black gum and tulip poplar posts, untreated, have rotted through in 2 years' time. The same, treated, should last 15 to 20.

There is now apparent from year to year a scarcity, which is increasing, of the better and more lasting woods on which the farmer has depended in years past for fencing, shingles, and other products of wood. Where red cedar and locust are scarce and costly, or even when they are not, timber treating with creosote makes the poorest material in the woodlot available to these uses, and durable in service. The State Board of Forestry has an efficient and readily portable plant for treating fence posts, shingles and small timbers. This they will loan to any responsible individual or association in Maryland. A demonstrator from the State Forester's office, Baltimore, will also be supplied to install and put in operation the plant.

Farmers having large quantities of posts they wish preserved, and treated to prevent decay, before putting them in use, or associations wishing to conduct demonstrations to test the proved cash value of this work, are urged to take this matter up with the Board at Baltimore.

Tired, Aching Muscles Relieved.
Hard work, over-exertion, mean sore muscles. Sloan's Liniment lights up, a little quiet, and your aches disappear like magic. "Nothing else helped like your Sloan's Liniment. I never thank you enough." "An excellent counter-irritant, better and cleaner than mustard." "Druggists, 25c. Get a bottle today. Penetrates without rubbing." [Advertisement.]

Yes—Many People
have told us the same story—after eating, gas, heartburn, indigestion, dyspepsia, flatulence, etc. Get a bottle today. before and after each meal will relieve you. Sold only by us—25c. T. J. Smith & Co.

Overland Automobiles

I have on hand ready for immediate delivery the
New 1916 Five Passenger Overland Car
Price \$750.00 f. o. b. Factory
35-Horse Power, Electric Lights, Self-Starter. Also
Roadsters at \$725.00

It will pay you to look the OVERLAND line over before purchasing your new car. An inquiry will bring the car to you for demonstration.

J. B. CULLEN, Agent for Somerset County
POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

Are you teaching your Child to save?

"WHEN young men are beginning life, the most important period, it is often said, is that in which their habits are formed—that is a very important period—but the period in which the ideas of the young are formed and adopted is more important still."

Why not open a savings account for your child today?

We pay 3 per cent on Savings Deposits
PEOPLES BANK of
SOMERSET COUNTY

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent
Princess Anne, Md.

Our Double Stores Comprise the Only Exclusive Shoe and Clothing Store in Princess Anne

CUSTOM
TAILORING
READY-TO-WEAR
CLOTHING

Shoes for the Whole Family
JOHN W. MORRIS & SON
Clothing for Men and Boys

Ladies' and Children's Dress Shoes a Specialty

HATS
CAPS AND
MEN'S
FURNISHINGS

PRINCESS ANNE

MARYLAND

A Year Without A Summer

The year 1816 was known throughout the United States as the year without a summer. January of that year was so mild that most people would have let their furnaces go out had they possessed any, and February was only occasionally colder. March and April coaxed the buds and flowers out, and May was a winter month, with ice and snow. By the end of May everything perishable had been killed by the cold, and the young leaves had been stripped from the trees. June was as cold as May. Both snow and ice were common throughout the month all over the corn belt, and after having planted corn two or three times the farmers threw up their hands. Snow fell ten inches deep in Vermont. The following winter was the hardest the people of the United States have ever known. One had to have a stockade around one's smokehouse.



E. A. Strout Farm Agency
Has Sold Over
10,000 Farms

We Can Sell Your Farm.
We maintain big general offices in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Syracuse for the convenience of farm seekers; we advertise in thousands of newspapers, farm papers and magazines; we have at all times in our files the names of over 100,000 prospective farm buyers.
You pay no fee of any kind unless we sell your farm. No charge for listing or advertising.
If you want to sell your farm write to-day for full information and free copy of "How to Sell Your Farm."

H. D. YATES
Agent for
E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc.

Announcement

E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc.

Announce that on and after June 1st, 1916 they will not charge a withdrawal fee in connection with the listing of farms.

No Charge of Any Kind Unless We Sell
If your property is already listed, see our local agent at once and have it relisted on new form of agreement.

E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc.
Boston New York Philadelphia Syracuse

Working For Farmers

That is what Bank of Somerset checks are doing every day.

Are our checks working for you? Are they going through the mail for you and making payments, thus allowing you to continue the farm work uninterrupted?

You send the checks out—that saves you time. We'll see that the same checks return to you as legal receipts—that saves you disputes and trouble. Have our checks work for you this Summer.

BANK of SOMERSET

"It Renders the Service"

Capital, Surplus, Profit, \$150,000

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

SEEDS TESTED SEEDS

We are the only firm on the Eastern Shore that maintains a fully equipped SEED LABORATORY.

POTATOES FOR SUMMER PLANTING

HAVE YOU ORDERED WHAT YOU WILL NEED?

Maine Crown Cobblers - \$3.00 Great Rehobeths - \$2.75
Maine Crown Green Mountains 3.00 Hoosiers - 2.50

11 Peck Sacks, f. o. b. Philadelphia.

All orders to be accompanied with an advance of 50 cents per sack.

INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES

WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE, SUCH AS:

ARSENITE OF ZINC BORDEAUX MIXTURE
ARSENATE OF LEAD PARIS GREEN

Ask for Prices and Samples of
SOY BEANS ORANGE SORGHUM BUCKWHEAT
COW PEAS AMBER SORGHUM MILLET

ALL OTHER FIELD AND TRUCKING SEEDS
If interested in Seeds mentioned or not mentioned, we solicit your inquiry. Our line is complete

Peninsula Produce Exchange of Maryland
POCOMOKE CITY, MD.

'Phone 109. Branch Stores: Salisbury, Md., Princess Anne, Md., Snow Hill, Md.

PRINTING We are in a better position than ever to give you the very BEST of PRINTING.

Dashiell's Department Store

Invites you to inspect our complete offering in Ladies' and Men's Furnishings. Our progress is indicated by the tremendous stock we are carrying and the superior qualities we are displaying

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES

Knu Shu the workman's shoe.

EMERSON
DOUGLAS

Utz & Dunn TRETCO

FASHIONABLE FOOT WEAR



We offer at reasonable low prices a surprisingly large assortment for Summer Wear in the Latest Styles and Shades

Ladies Waists, Ladies Skirts
Ladies' Muslin
Underwear
Ladies Hose and Neckwear
Pongees and Golf Cord
Sport Coats

Special Sale:

At greatly reduced prices we are disposing of a large assortment of our fashionable and stylish

MILLINERY

Floor Coverings

Crex Rugs
All Fibre Rugs
Sunfast Matting
Sunfast Fibre Rugs
Axminster Rugs

MEN AND BOYS SUMMER

CLOTHING

Shirts Hats Belts
Ties Caps Hose

STYLE, QUALITY, LOW PRICES

China Ware

Haviland and Johnson
Bavarian Dinner Sets
Large Assortment of
Open Stock
Cut Glass, Silverware

The FASHION BOOK

For SUMMER
of the Celebrated
PICTORIAL
REVIEW
PATTERNS
now on sale.



It costs only ten cents when purchased with one 15 cent PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERN.

Waist 22-26.
Skirt 22-30.

JUNE PATTERNS now ready

THE EDDY REFRIGERATOR

Dashiell's Department Store

363 Main Street

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, JUNE 15, 1915

Vol. XVII No. 45

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1862
SOMERSET HERALD, 1828

CHANGES IN REAL ESTATE

Number Of Deeds Recorded At The Office Of Clerk Of Court

Ella W. Crowell from George W. Revelle and wife, land in Fairmount district; consideration \$500.

George A. Cox from Joshua W. Miles, trustee, 9½ acres in Fairmount district; consideration \$100.

George A. Cox from Benjamin K. Green and wife, 9½ acres in Fairmount district; consideration \$5 and other considerations.

Joseph Douglass from Susan Douglass, 4 acres in Lawson's district; consideration \$10 and other considerations.

Taylor Waters from Wm. H. Adams, 1 acre in Fairmount district; consideration \$450.

John S. Webster from Maggie A. Taylor and husband, 1 acre in Tangier district; consideration \$200.

Moses Whittington from Aden Davis and wife, 4 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$100.

Parker's Executor Gives Up Fight

Curtis W. Long, executor named in the will of the late S. Quinton Parker, abandoned his defense of the will before the Orphans' Court of Somerset County. A caveat had been filed by the heirs-at-law of Mr. Parker for the purpose of ousting Mr. Long as executor. The caveaters alleged mental incapacity and undue influence, which the executor denied, and the question was set for a hearing before the Orphans' Court.

Before the case was called the parties on both sides with their attorneys held a conference, at the conclusion of which the caveat and answer were withdrawn and Mr. Long waived his right to administer on the estate. The Orphans' Court then appointed Daniel B. Cannon, treasurer of Wicomico county, and S. Quinton Johnson, administrators. They also are heirs-at-law of the deceased.

Mr. Parker died about three months ago, leaving an estate valued at \$45,000.

Young Lady Attempts Suicide

On Monday morning of last week Miss Grace Burke, the 26-year-old daughter of Mr. William Burke, of Crisfield, attempted to take her life with a 38-caliber revolver by shooting herself.

The bullet entered the breast, striking a bone and passing out through her arm. The young woman was hurried to the General and Marine Hospital by Dr. R. R. Norris for treatment, where she is doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

The young lady left a letter to her father giving her reasons for the attempt at suicide, stating that unhappiness was the cause of it. Sunday evening she had been out sailing with a gentleman, who had been paying her attention for some time, but this had no bearing on the case.

Daniel White Kills Man And Himself

Suddenly becoming insane last Wednesday, Daniel White, a young man of Shamrock, near Parsonsburg, Wicomico county, secured a shotgun, murdered J. B. Fink and then committed suicide.

As Mr. Fink, in company with a young boy named Holloway, was crossing the field of Mr. White the latter suddenly arose from a ditch in which he was concealed and fired directly into the body of Fink. The boy ran away, but claims that he heard him fire another shot at Fink.

White then reloaded the gun and blew his brains out. The two men had been the best of friends. Fink leaves a wife and one child. White was unmarried.

Building New Flour Mill

Mr. William H. Dolbey, of White Haven, is now putting in the machinery for his new flour mill at that place. The mill when finished will be one of the most complete in the county. It is a twenty-five barrel per day mill of the Midget type. Mr. Dolbey will have enough business to keep the mill busy every day and may have to run by night. There is a great amount of wheat grown in that section which has always had to be shipped to Baltimore or Salisbury. With this mill running all this wheat can be manufactured at White Haven and distributed in flour and feed over this territory.

Property Basis Of County Increased

Messrs. F. E. Matthews and Frank H. Dashiell, of the board of county commissioners of Somerset county, made a trip to Deal's Island and other western sections of the county on Friday last with a view to adding to the property basis of the county. The board also, on Wednesday, made a similar visit to southern sections, including Rehoboth, Sheltown and Crisfield. The visits proved to be of considerable value, and quite a good deal of property was added to the county list.

ROBERT G. HILTON SUBTREASURER

President Wilson Cleans Up Maryland's Federal Patronage Slate

President Wilson practically cleaned up the Maryland Federal patronage slate when he appointed Robert G. Hilton, of Montgomery county, a close friend of Senator Blair Lee, to be Subtreasurer at Baltimore last Wednesday. Mr. Hilton will succeed Clarence G. Pusey, of Havre de Grace, the last of Republican holdovers of Statewide Federal offices in Maryland.

Mr. Hilton can enter upon his new job at once. The appointment is a recess one, and consequently he does not have to wait for confirmation by the Senate before he can assume his duties. The appointment will come up for confirmation in December, when Congress convenes.

The post of Immigration Inspector at Baltimore, now held by Bertram N. Stump, is the only important Federal office in which the Republican has not been replaced with a Democrat by the Wilson administration. This office is not regarded as one of the first-class appointments, although it is a plum for which there will be many applicants when Mr. Stump's commission expires.

The new Subtreasurer is regarded as a splendid business man and well equipped for the post. He is the president of the Farmers' Banking and Trust Company of Rockville. Before entering the banking business he was clerk to the County Commissioners of Montgomery county.

He has long been a force in Montgomery county politics, and when the break came between Lee and the Peter faction, he sided with Senator Lee and became one of his chief lieutenants in his county.

Automobilists Hold Up Town

Warrants were issued Monday of last week for Robert and Carroll Bishop, of Wicomico county, and Byron Bishop Rounds, of Worcester county, charging them with disorderly conduct and operating an automobile while drunk. Eight other men, who, it is said, were with

trouble occurred, will be arrested.

It is said the automobile party attacked the residents of Parsonsburg Saturday night when, after their car overturned, help was refused. Pistols, pop bottles and a monkey wrench are said to have been used in the melee, and the Bishops and their friends are said to have held full sway in the village for three hours. State Roads Engineer Childs, who passed in his car on his way to Salisbury, was held up, it is alleged, and ordered to assist the automobile party, but after he showed fight he was let go.

State Roads Commissioner Walter B. Miller visited Parsonsburg, and after getting the facts went back to Salisbury and swore out warrants before Magistrate William S. Powell.

Mr. Miller says he is going to protect the people who travel over the road and that plain-clothes motorcycle men have been engaged to arrest reckless drivers. It is understood the matter will be taken before Automobile Commissioner Roe.

Children's Day Services Last Sunday

The Children's Day service of the Sunday School of the Presbyterian Church was held last Sunday morning. The exercises were of a most agreeable kind. Unfortunately the pipe organ was found to be out of order and the singing, which was conducted without its help, was excellent. An address was delivered by the pastor, Rev. W. F. Freund. Mr. W. O. Lankford is the superintendent. One hundred and three pupils of the school were present.

In the evening a similar service was held in the Court House for the Sunday School of Antioch M. E. Church. The room was crowded to overflowing. A program, entitled "Reign of Flowers," was beautifully rendered. Much attention had been given to the little folks who recited and sang. The music rendered by the Sunday School and the church choir, assisted by Mr. J. D. Hendrie upon the violin, was of a high order. Rev. D. J. Givan, the pastor, delivered an address. Mr. A. N. Gibbons is the superintendent. The number of pupils present was one hundred and four. About \$25 was raised for educational purposes.

Normal School Graduates

The State Normal School commencement was held last Thursday in the building at Carrollton avenue and Lanvale street, Baltimore. It was the last to be held there, as the new building will be ready next fall.

Among the graduates were: Miss Marie Stephens Davis, of Somerset county; Misses Pauline Howard and Nellie Gertrude Langrall, of Wicomico county, and Misses Mary Ellen Holloway and Edna Melson Riley, of Worcester county.

NOTE TO GERMANY FRIENDLY, BUT FIRM

Naval War Must Not Infringe Upon Rights Of Americans At Sea

The United States, in its latest note to Germany, made public last Thursday night, formally asks the imperial government for assurances that measures hereafter will be adopted to safeguard "American lives and American ships" on the high seas. The alternative in case of refusal is not stated.

It was this note, which William Jennings Bryan refused to attach his signature, resigning, instead, his portfolio of secretary of state and thereby precipitating a dramatic Cabinet crisis. Robert Lansing, secretary of state ad interim, signed the communication which went forth with the approval of President Wilson and his entire Cabinet.

Friendly terms characterize the document, which renews representations made in the American note that reached Germany on May 15, after the Lusitania was torpedoed and sunk, with a loss of more than 100 American lives. The German government, it is declared, "must have been misinformed" when it assumed that the Lusitania carried guns, as official information is at hand to corroborate the original contention of the Washington government that the Lusitania was an unarmed passenger ship which, since it did not resist capture, could not be sunk without transferring passengers and crew to a place of safety.

The communication informs Germany that it is "on the principle of humanity, as well as upon the law founded upon this principle, that the United States must stand firm." Opportunity is given to Germany to submit any evidence that American officials did not execute their tasks thoroughly in inspecting the Lusitania before she sailed, but the official fact—that the liner was given no warning and made no resistance—was primarily a passenger ship—American government declares, through "into the background any special circumstances of detail" and lifts the "out of the class of ordinary subjects of diplomatic discussion."

Crisfield Has A Big Day

Crisfield was crowded last Wednesday to witness and participate in the merchants' carnival, which was the greatest and largest celebration ever held in Crisfield. The Business Men's Association, of Crisfield, about three weeks ago, decided to observe June 9 of each year as merchants' day and to celebrate it with a carnival and athletic sports. Wednesday was the first of these celebrations and was a great success from every standpoint.

The celebration opened at 10 a. m., when a parade, which formed at the lower end of Main street, marched over the principal streets of the city. The parade was headed by the mounted police, followed by the Mayor and City Council and other public officials, officers of the Business Men's Association in automobiles, the Crisfield Cornet Band, Company L, Maryland National Guard, boy scouts, camp fire girls, fraternal societies and about 50 floats, both floral and advertising.

After the parade the large concourse of visitors and citizens gathered at the public square, on Central Main street, where they were highly pleased with a patriotic address delivered by Albert C. Ritchie, of Baltimore. Mr. Ritchie spoke for about an hour and dwelt upon patriotism, twentieth century progress and the history of Somerset county and the State of Maryland and the part played by them in making out national history.

In the afternoon motor-boat races were held in the Little Annemessex river, followed by motorcycle races on Maryland avenue and then a game of baseball between the Crisfield club and a strong team from Mount Vernon, Md., which resulted in a victory for the home team by a score of 5 to 1.

Heptasophs Supreme Conclave

The Supreme Conclave Improved Order Heptasophs at their session in Richmond, Va., last week, voted to reduce the salaries of officers, the decrease being equal to 50 per cent. The following officers were elected:

Supreme Archon, John C. Tolson, of Baltimore, in place of M. G. Cohen, who has held office for many years; supreme provost, Emil Schneider; supreme secretary, Frank E. Pletner; supreme treasurer, James Omliler; supreme medical director, Charles H. Bubert, M. D.; general counsel, Olin Bryan; supreme prelate, Charles A. Greer; supreme inspector, Harry Heidelberg; supreme warden, J. R. Lamkin; supreme sentinel, C. C. Donovan; supreme trustees, J. T. Bestor, W. E. Supple, Dr. Henry S. Beers; fraternal congress delegates, Harry Goldman and Thomas H. Cox.

STATE TEACHERS TO MEET JUNE 29

New Ocean City Educational Building Will Be Dedicated June 30th

The program of the forty-eighth annual meeting of the Maryland State Teachers' Association has just been completed. The session will be held in the Ocean City Education Building at Ocean City, June 29th to July 2d. An interesting feature of the program will be the dedication of the new building.

The first general session will be held Tuesday evening, June 28th. The address of welcome will be by Judge Robert Jones, of Snow Hill. The response will be made by Miss Pearl A. Miller, of the Girls' High School, Fredrick. This will be followed by an address by Dr. M. Bates Stephens, State Superintendent of Education. Dr. E. F. Schaefer, of Johns Hopkins University, president of the association, will then deliver his inaugural address.

The new Maryland State Education Building will be dedicated Wednesday night. The meeting will open with a solo by Miss Helen Braley, of Hagerstown, after which Mayor W. B. S. Howell, of Ocean City, will present the deed for the lot upon which the building has been erected to the State. The building will then be accepted by Governor Goldsborough, after which Dr. Stephens will present the key of the building to the Association. This will be followed by a solo by Miss Julia Scheidecker, of Salisbury, after which a dedicatory address will be delivered by Dr. Nathan C. Schaeffer, State Superintendent of Public Instruction of Pennsylvania. The session will end with a solo by Miss Helen Braley, of Hagerstown.

On Thursday evening Miss Scheidecker and Miss Braley will sing and John H. Latane, of Johns Hopkins University, and Dr. Edward H. Russell, president of the State Normal and Central School for women, who is a special delegate from the Virginia State Teachers' Association, will deliver addresses.

On Friday morning will be given over to the business meeting of the Association.

State Teachers' Reading Circle will be presented by Miss Mollie W. Tarr, secretary of the State Normal School, Baltimore. B. K. Purdum, Assistant State Superintendent for committee of educational progress; by Superintendent John E. Edwards, of Cumberland, for resolution committee, and Dr. Stephens, of the committee on legislation, will then report. This will be followed by the election of officers.

The general meeting of the departments of rural education and agriculture will be held Wednesday morning. The program has been arranged by Thomas W. Troxell, chairman of the department of rural education, Gaithersburg, and W. R. C. Connick, chairman of the agriculture section, Baden. Addresses will be made by E. A. Brown, of Sparks; Earl C. Baity, Street, G. O. Mudge, Preston, and by Dr. J. E. Metzger, College Park. Addresses will also be made by A. C. Monahan and by E. A. Miller, from the Department of the Interior, Washington.

Wednesday afternoon the primary section will hold its meeting. The program for this department has been arranged by Miss Ella Kreig, of Frederick, and Miss May C. Hill, of Salisbury. Albert S. Cook, Superintendent of Baltimore county; W. J. Holloway, Superintendent of Wicomico county, and O. B. Coblentz, School Commissioner of Frederick county, will speak. The department of secondary education will meet Thursday morning. The program has been arranged by Joseph Blair, Sparrows Point, and N. Price Turner, Salisbury. Addresses will be made by William M. Tinker, principal Allegheny High School; Arthur F. Smith, Central High School, Lonaconing; G. Mudge, principal of the High School, Preston.

Some Big Fish

Mr. J. Martin, of Saxia Island, brought to Crisfield Tuesday the largest sturgeon seen here in some time. This fish, which was between five and six feet in length, weighed 171 pounds and was bought by Messrs. Tawes & Adams, who shipped it to Joseph Bekoff, of Philadelphia, the price paid being \$40. The caviere from this sturgeon weighed 35 pounds, and is worth 50 cents a pound. This size fish is getting scarcer each year and it is now out of the ordinary to see one so large, though a few years ago the sight of a sturgeon as large as this man created no comment. —Crisfield News.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Adams gave a birthday party in honor of their son Milton Saturday evening, June 5th. Quite a number of friends were present and all spent a very enjoyable evening. Refreshments were served at 10.30 o'clock.

SOMERSET ATHLETES IN CONTEST

Thirty-Three Left Princess Anne and Crisfield For Homewood Track Meet

Track and field athletes from each county in the State gathered last Friday at Homewood, the athletic field of Hopkins University, Baltimore, to represent the various counties at the State athletic meet. All school boys of Somerset county who were fortunate enough to win a first place in any of the events of last Field Day, May 7th, went to Baltimore last Thursday afternoon by way of Crisfield. They were accompanied by W. O. Lankford, of the Washington High School, at Princess Anne, and Rev. J. Vernon Ashworth and Thomas C. Hill, of the Crisfield High School. There were 33 boys as follows:

Kirk Maddrix, Crisfield—50 yard dash, and baseball throw.
Benson Nelson, Crisfield—Standing broad jump and 440 yard relay.
Arthur Benson, Crisfield—440 yard relay.

Edward Tawes, Crisfield—440 yard relay.

William Tilghman, Crisfield—440 yard relay.

Jennings Richards, Westover—50 yard dash and two standing broad jumps.

Robert Dickson, Princess Anne—Base ball throw.

Sidney Beauchamp, Princess Anne—440 yard relay.

Thomas Fitzgerald, Princess Anne—440 yard relay.

Charles Smith, Princess Anne—440 yard relay.

Owen Twining, Princess Anne—440 yard relay.

Hampden Dashiell, Princess Anne—70 yard dash.

Stewart Miles, Princess Anne—Running broad jump.

John Harris, Crisfield—Base ball throw and 660 yard relay.

Cranston Riggins, Crisfield—660 yard relay.

Austin Byrd, Crisfield—660 yard relay.

William Tawes, Crisfield—660 yard relay and mile relay.

Joseph Disharoon, Crisfield—80 yard dash and 880 yard relay.

Carroll Gunby, Crisfield—220 yard dash and running high jump.

Sandy Paxton, Westover—8 pound shot put.

Osborn Holland, Crisfield—880 yard relay.

Edgar Dougherty, Crisfield—880 yard relay.

Stanley Robin, Crisfield—880 yard relay.

Douglas Wallop, Princess Anne—100 yard dash.

Wilmer Lawson, Crisfield—880 yard run.

Robert Day, Marion—Running high jump.

Harold Elmore, Crisfield—Running broad jump.

Elmo Powell, Princess Anne—12 pound shot put.

Wilbur Sterling, Crisfield—Mile relay.

John Sterling, Crisfield—Mile relay.

Russell Wharton, Crisfield—Mile relay.

Baltimore county won first honors Friday at the State Olympiad, Baltimore. The distribution of points follows:

Baltimore county	85
Baltimore city	81
Allegheny county	25
Talbot	20
Frederick	17
Montgomery	15
Queen Anne's	14
Somerset	12
Prince George's	11
Harford	11
Wicomico	10
Cecil	8
Carroll	3
Howard	2
Worcester	2
Washington	1
Caroline	1
Charles	0

Total.....319

Among the winners of the field events from Somerset were: Kirk Maddrix, base ball throw, junior 80-pound class, and Jennings Richard, standing broad jump, junior 95-pound class.

The Olympiad, the first ever staged in Maryland, was participated in by the representative school athletes of 17 counties of the State and Baltimore. They were the cream of the sections from which they came, picked out—the four hundred or more of them—for this big championship event by a process of elimination through athletic meets.

It was something more than a mere athletic event. It was a get-together meeting in which the boys from all parts of the State had a chance to meet one another. It was certainly a successful athletic meet and a successful experience meeting, and those who took part in it, and those who engineered it so well are happy at the result of their plans and their strivings.

Leo Frank to Hang

Leo M. Frank failed last Wednesday in his appeal to the State Prison Board at Atlanta, Ga., for a commutation of sentence from death to life imprisonment. The adverse recommendation to the Governor was made by a majority of two to one, Commissioners Rainey and Davidson voting for the death penalty and Commissioner Patterson for a commutation.

Frank must pay the death penalty for the murder of Mary Phagan unless Executive clemency is extended between now and June 22nd.

SECRETARY BRYAN QUILTS THE CABINET

Differed With Wilson On German Note—Resignation Accepted

Refusing to be swayed by any personal or political pressure from the only course which he believes consistent with the honor of the United States, President Wilson last Wednesday accepted the resignation of William Jennings Bryan as Secretary of State.

The announcement of Bryan's resignation brought an end to a period in which Bryan sought by every means of persuasion and pressure at his command to have the President depart from his vigorous policy of holding Germany to "strict accountability" for the wrongs done American citizens in the sinking of the Lusitania and other incidents in the Kaiser's submarine warfare.

Bryan's letter tendering his resignation based his action on his unwillingness to uphold a policy which might lead to war. President Wilson's acceptance is notice to the world that Bryan's ideal of preventing war—whatever wrongs are suffered—has been rejected by the American Government in the present crisis.

Secretary Bryan's letter to President Wilson tendering his resignation, and President Wilson's acceptance of it, follow:

MR. BRYAN'S LETTER IN RESIGNING.

My Dear Mr. President:
"It is with sincere regret that I have reached the conclusion that I should return to you the commission of Secretary of State with which you honored me at the beginning of your administration."

"Obedient to your sense of duty and actuated by the highest motives, you have prepared for transmission to the German Government by means in which I cannot join without violating what I deem to be an obligation to my country, and the issue involved is of such moment that to remain a member of the Cabinet would be as unfair to you as it would be to the cause which is nearest my heart, namely, the prevention of war."

"I, therefore, respectfully tender my resignation, to take effect when the note is sent, unless you prefer an earlier hour. Alike desirous of reaching a peaceful solution of the problems arising out of the use of submarines against merchantmen, we find ourselves differing irreconcilably as to the methods for the nation; I consider it to be none the less my duty to endeavor as a private citizen to promote the end which you have in view by means in which you do not feel at liberty to use."

"In severing the intimate and pleasant relations which have existed between us during the past two years, permit me to acknowledge the profound satisfaction which it has given me to be associated with you in the important work which has come before the State Department, and to thank you for the courtesies extended."

"With the heartiest good wishes for your personal welfare and for the success of your administration, I am, my dear Mr. President,
"Very truly yours,
"W. J. BRYAN."

PRESIDENT WILSON'S ACCEPTANCE.

My Dear Mr. Bryan:

"I accept your resignation only because you insist upon its acceptance; and I accept it with much more than deep regret, with a feeling of personal sorrow. Our two years of close association have been very delightful to me. Our judgments have accorded in practically every matter of official duty and of public policy until now; your support of the work and purposes of the administration has been generous and loyal beyond praise; your devotion to the duties of your great office and your eagerness to take advantage of great opportunity for service it offered has been an example to the rest of us; you have earned our affectionate admiration and friendship. Even now we are not separated in the object we seek, but only in the method by which we seek it."

"It is for these reasons my feeling about your retirement from the Secretaryship of State goes so much deeper than regret. I sincerely deplore it. Our objects are the same and we ought to pursue them together. I yield to your desire only because I must, and wish to bid you Godspeed in the parting. We shall continue to work for the same causes even when we do not work in the same way—"

"With affectionate regards, sincerely yours,
WOODROW WILSON."

Robert Lansing, the counselor of the Department of State, who has become acting Secretary of State with the resignation of William Jennings Bryan, and who, many believe, will be the successor to Mr. Bryan as a ranking member of the Cabinet, is one of the ablest authorities in this country on the conduct of diplomatic affairs and on questions of international law. Mr. Lansing has been counselor of the State Department since April 1, 1914. At that time he succeeded John Bassett Moore, another American expert on international law. Mr. Lansing has served in that capacity ever since the United States landed troops in Vera Cruz, throughout the Mexican situation, and during all of the European war up to date.

Judge H. L. D. Stanford left on Monday evening of last week to represent Princess Anne Conclave, No. 227, Improved Order Heptasophs at the Supreme Conclave, at Richmond, Va.

THE TIME LOCK

A Case of Revenge and Repentance

By CLARISSA MACKIE

Tom Drayton looked over the top of his desk and smiled as he saw Dorothy Quayle enter the chief's office and close the door.

Dorothy Quayle was the chief's private secretary, and she was Tom's sweetheart. He knew that Dorothy was seeking an interview with Mr. Fair to hand in her resignation because of their approaching marriage.

"The chief will certainly get rattled without Dorry," muttered Tom as he returned to his work.

Another man had watched Dorry enter the office and had guessed her errand. Billy Brown slammed the covers of the heavy stock ledger, and turned hateful eyes upon Tom.

Billy gritted his teeth in impotent rage. "Some people have all the luck," he thought bitterly. "It was enough for Drayton to be promoted without winning her as well!"

The afternoon wore on. The chief went home, and one by one the clerks and stenographers closed their desks and followed suit. Dorothy Quayle was finishing some correspondence in her little room, while Tom Drayton waited to sign the letters.

Billy Brown still pored over the great stock ledger.

After Tom had cast one or two glances at the stock clerk Billy could delay no longer. Usually he was out of his seat before the stroke of 5 and putting the ledgers away in the great vault. Perhaps it was because Billy was a "clock watcher" that he was not promoted as rapidly as his fellows in the office.

Dorothy brought her letters out and Tom signed them. After they had been placed in the mail bag and taken away by the office boy, Dorothy left, while Billy Brown, having said good night and apparently departed, lingered in the coat room, watching Tom Drayton through a crack in the door.

Tom was going in and out of the vault, putting away valuable papers and the transfer books of the company. It was his duty to see that nothing was left outside and then to close the huge circular door of the vault and set the time lock. As it was Saturday, the time would be set for 9 o'clock Monday morning.

Billy Brown was considering all these facts, and he was watching and waiting with an evil smile on his lips and hatred in his miserable heart.

His rubber heels made no sound on the polished floor as he crept in behind the door of the vault.

Tom was standing inside with his back to the door. He was looking over some papers.

It was the work of an instant to softly close the inner steel doors and turn the knob. Then with a heavy metallic clang the great circular door slammed, and the bolts shot home.

Like the guilty wretch that he was, Billy Brown crept out of the office and down the stairs without meeting a soul. The elevators shot up and down through the great building, but Billy dared not enter one—he must be able to prove an alibi.

Not even Tom Drayton knew that Billy had remained behind.

Billy emerged from the building and disappeared in the hurrying crowd.

The minutes slipped by and still Tom did not come. Dorothy watching the opposite doorway was surprised to see Billy Brown slinking out.

"I thought he went home long ago," she wondered, and then forgot him in her anxiety about Tom.

"I will call him and find out why he is so long," she thought and stepped into the telephone booth.

But she received no answer to her repeated calls and finally went back to her station by the door of the shop. Six o'clock came and no sign of her lover.

Dorothy crossed the street and went up to the fifteenth floor. Her pass key admitted her to the offices.

Lights were burning above Tom's desk and the corners were in shadow. The door of the vault was closed.

Where was Tom?

She hurried into the wardrobe and saw his hat and overcoat.

Fear clutched at her heart. Had something happened to him? She had read of men falling from office windows.

But the windows were closed and locked and so was the vault.

She sat down to wait.

An hour passed. Silence fell on the street and the deserted building.

Presently the silence was broken by a muffled sound as of some one pounding at a great distance. There was another sound—was it a stifled cry? She crept to the vault and laid her ear against the cold surface.

Surely—surely—something was happening in there. A great light broke over her.

Tom—Tom Drayton was locked inside and the time lock was set for 9 o'clock Monday.

Dorothy flew to the telephone and

called up Mr. Fair's home, but the chief had gone to Boston and would not return until Sunday night.

Sunday night, and Tom would be dead by that time!

"I must think connectedly," she said, trying to control her panic. "If I could only talk to Tom now! I have it!"

Tom Drayton had once been a telegraph operator, and Dorothy understood enough of the Morse code to carry on a halting conversation with him. But would the sound reach that little prison behind the heavy steel doors?

She would try. She found a heavy steel ruler and sent her question to Tom in heavy blows.

"Tom, are you there?"

Presently came back the answer, "Yes."

After that it was comparatively easy to talk to him.

When she finally put the ruler away she knew that some one had deliberately locked her lover in the vault, and she guessed that the guilty man was Billy Brown, for she had seen him slinking away from the building long after he had apparently departed.

Tom had told her there was nothing to do save wait—wait until the clock runs down, and that would not be until death had overtaken him. He had tapped the name of a man to whom she could appeal, a man who would know just what to do, but unfortunately Dorothy could not correctly interpret the name. Wearied at last, she sat and sobbed helplessly while the big clock on the wall ticked away the hours.

She telephoned home that she would be late in returning, and so she sat there, feeling a vague comfort that she was near her lover and chafing against the helplessness of her situation.

True, she could rush out into the building and tell some one of Tom's plight, but it might be hours before he was released if in time. She was on the point of appealing to the police when suddenly the lights in the office died out, and there remained only intense darkness.

Some one was fumbling with the lock of the door. It turned and opened, admitting men, who spoke in guarded whispers. Dorothy crept behind the tall desk in the corner and watched.

A light suddenly flashed, a piercing white ray that searched the office carefully. The electric torch was then turned on the door of the vault.

On the reflected light Dorothy saw two masked men. One by his form and clothing appeared strangely familiar. It was Billy Brown!

The other man was a stranger, who talked in muffled tones and worked rapidly with many strange tools.

"A burglar!" thought Dorothy, with a strange joy filling her breast. "A burglar who can open the vault will release Tom! Oh, I could hug the dear thing!"

The burglar worked with skilled fingers, while his companion hovered over him in an agony of suspense.

"You will be too late, Shorty," he kept whispering until Dorothy realized that Billy Brown had repented of his dastardly deed and with the aid of this burglar was trying to save Tom Drayton from death.

Her heart glowed with gratitude.

"Shut up!" snapped the exasperated Shorty at last. "What made you lock him up, you little piker? Is there anything worth taking in there?"

"Nothing negotiable," growled Billy. "Hurry up, Shorty!"

"Say another word and I'll throw you out the window," threatened Shorty.

After that the silence was unbroken save for Shorty's heavy breathing and the occasional clink of his delicate tools. There was one important moment when he made Billy turn his back while he applied a certain secret implement.

There was a sharp click, a dull buzzing and a heavy jarring noise as the big door swung open. The two men gathered up the tools and opened the outer door. Shorty vanished into the darkened corridor, and Billy went back to turn the knob of the inner door and make his own escape. Of course he could not face Tom Drayton, dead or alive.

He turned the knob and set the inner door ajar and turned to flee, but he stared right into the face of Dorothy Quayle, who was holding the chief's revolver in her trembling little hand.

"Don't go yet, Billy Brown," she quavered. "If you've repented of your sin finish the job by getting Tom out and helping him home."

Without a word Billy Brown swung wide the door of the vault and found Tom leaning faint and almost unconscious against the shelves.

He carried Tom into the directors' room and laid him on the leather couch and administered restoratives.

When Tom opened his eyes he found Dorothy and Billy bending anxiously over him.

"I did it, Tom," said the repentant Billy.

But Dorothy's eyes flashed a message to Tom's, and so Tom's hand went out generously to the man who had tried to injure him.

"Forget it, Billy," admonished Tom, who guessed the bookkeeper's secret love for the unsuspecting Dorothy.

"Help me out of this and let us close up the place. If you will call a taxi we will go and get a bite to eat together."

In this way Dorothy Quayle and Tom Drayton extended forgiveness to the man who had tried to ruin their lives. Over that midnight supper in a quiet restaurant the three cemented a pact of friendship which was to endure long after Billy Brown had got over his love for Dorothy and married another girl.

The Draytons and the Browns keep the secret of the events of that Saturday night in the Consolidated offices, and Shorty, the professional safe opener, has quite forgotten such a mere incident in his life of crime.

CATARACT OF THE EYE.

It May Come at Any Time of Life, and Its Goal is Blindness.

Cataract is an opacity of the crystalline lens caused by interference with its nutrition. As the rays of light cannot penetrate this opaque matter it results in blindness. A cataract may come at any time of life, but is most apt to come in old age, when senile changes take place in all parts of the body.

A cataract may be caused by changes in the eye before birth. Children are born with a cataract. It may be caused by changes during childhood, by disease or injury, by excessive and persistent light and heat and by many other causes. Glassblowers are subject to it, X ray workers, sufferers from diabetes and many others. It may be a primary disease or it may be secondary to other diseases.

It is often very successfully treated by operation, particularly in the aged, the lens or lens and its capsule being removed. The development of cataract is sometimes very rapid, especially after injury, but in the aged it takes place slowly, sometimes requiring years before blindness results. The operation is not usually done until the cataract is mature or ripe. An earlier operation frequently militates against a successful result.—Philadelphia Record.

DEGREES OF COOKING.

What Is Meant by Rare, Medium and Well Done Meat.

Perhaps a word may be said about the degree of cooking, as indicated by the words rare, medium and well done, as in reference to the cooking of meat.

Some people interpret "rare" as meaning meat seared a little on the outside, but with the whole interior raw. This is far from a correct interpretation. The albumen should be coagulated, the fibers really cooked, but the juice may be yet red or pink. In "medium" there is still some pink left in the meat, though the red color has left the juice, while well done means no pink color in either juice or fiber, but not the stringy, overcooked, tasteless product so often served as "well done" meat.

The quantity and kind of meat used by any family depend upon its living habits, its appreciation of food values and the money available for food. The excessive use of meat means an unnecessary expenditure of money as well as an unnecessary tax upon the kidneys and liver, but in any case the preparation of it is a most important factor.—Woman's World.

A Shot That Made Trouble.

An odd incident happened in the then Danish West Indies in the last century that nearly caused serious international complications. An American man, man, paying a visit to Charlotte Amalie, amused the governor by an exhibition of his skill with the rifle. Sitting on the veranda of the government house, he said that he could cut with a bullet the signal halyards on the flagstaff of the fort and lower the Danish standard to the ground. As the lines were almost invisible in the distance the governor was willing to bet that he could not do it. The shot rang out, and the flag fell. Presently a horseman dashed up, informing the governor that some one had fired on the flag. There was great excitement. The governor, none too popular, it seems, with the military, ruined his political future by admitting that the affair was a joke in which he connived. Report being sent to Copenhagen, highly colored, of course, by the commandant, his excellency was summarily removed.

Dandelions.

The dandelion is an efficient plant. It is most excellently adapted to its job of keeping alive and spreading itself over the face of the earth. Except in early spring its leaves are too bitter to be eaten by man or by animals. They lie flat on the earth so that grazing beasts may tread on them without killing the plant. The roots take strong hold. The length of the elastic stem which bears up the blossoms is determined by the height of the other vegetation in which the dandelion finds itself. On a close cropped lawn the dandelion's stem is stubby; in tall grass it reaches up toward the sun. Its seeds fly lightly and far on every breeze. The dandelion will raise a series of seed crops extending up almost to the first snowfall.—Detroit News.

The Gypsies.

The origin of the people known as gypsies remains largely a mystery. Egypt, India, Persia and Arabia have in turn been pointed out as their original country, but there is little definite knowledge on the subject. The weight of evidence is in favor of their having originated in India. They first appeared in Europe about 1400 and from the Danube region spread all over the continent, appearing in England about 1520.

Juvenile Logic.

"Come, dear," said the mother of a little four-year-old miss; "it is getting late, and you should be upstairs in bed."

"But, mamma," protested the little one, "it won't be any earlier up there than it is down here."—Exchange.

Open to Any Offer.

Young Man—So Miss Ethel is your eldest sister. Who comes after her? Small Brother—Nobody ain't come yet, but pa says the first fellow that comes can have her.—Stray Stories.

The bee that gets the honey doesn't loaf around the hive.—Chicago News.

Marrying For Votes.

Marrying for votes was a device of old-time British election agents. As the law stood before the reform act of 1832 widows of freemen on marrying again made their second husbands freemen and therefore voters. At election times widows were consequently paid handsomely to go through a formal marriage with a voteless bachelor, who for a consideration similarly agreed to support the candidate. The pair were married, the man voted according to instructions, and then he and his wife, standing on either side of a tombstone, said, "Death us do part." With this literal fulfillment of the matrimonial vow they regarded their marriage dissolved. At the last election in Bristol before 1832 a hundred women gave votes to men.

Russia in the Sciences.

In the sciences Russia has done admirable work in the right spirit, and if it is less well known than it deserves to be it is because the Russians are not advertisers. How many English boys know that it was a Russian, Lobachevsky, who discovered the non-Euclidean geometry which has revolutionized the science, or how many boys who study chemistry remember that it was the speculation of a Russian, Mendeleev, which changed (by his periodic law of the elements) the whole current of thought among chemical investigators? As for history, Russians have made the Byzantine age their own. No specialist can afford to ignore their researches.—London Standard.

Two Viewpoints.

"Alas," sighed the writer, "if I did not have such a large family making daily demands on me what masterpieces I could write and what wealth I could win!"

"It's tough working all alone," sighed the writer across the way. "If I only had a family to work for and to make effort worth while what mighty things with the pen I could accomplish!"—Puck.

A Cutting Remark.

"You have cut my hair too short," said the man to the barber. "Now cut it longer."

And the barber, being a man of many sides and much resource, did so. He cut it three minutes longer.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Thought He Was Smart.

Wife—Do you mean to insinuate that your judgment is superior to mine? Husband—Certainly not, my dear. Our choice of life partners proves it isn't.

Is Sickness a Sin?

If not, it's wicked to neglect illness and means of relief. It's wicked to ignore Liver Ills, Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, when one dose of Po-Do-Lax gives relief. Po-Do-Lax is Pepsodylin (May Apple), without the grip. It arouses the Liver, increases the flow of bile—Nature's antiseptic in the Bowels. Your Constipation and other ills disappear over night because Po-Do-Lax has helped Nature to remove the cause. Get a bottle from your Druggist to-day. Get rid of your Constipation overnight. [Advertisement.]



E. A. Strout Farm Agency

Has Sold Over 10,000 Farms

We Can Sell Your Farm.

We maintain big general offices in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Syracuse for the convenience of farm seekers; we advertise in thousands of newspapers, farm papers and magazines; we have at all times in our files the names of over 100,000 prospective farm buyers.

You pay no fees of any kind unless we sell your farm. No charge for listing or advertising. If you want to sell your farm write to-day for full information and free copy of "How to Sell Your Farm."

H. D. YATES

Agent for E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc.

Announcement

E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc.

Announce that on and after June 1st, 1915 they will not charge a withdrawal fee in connection with the listing of farms.

No Charge of Any Kind Unless We Sell

If your property is already listed, see our local agent at once and have it relisted on new form of agreement.

E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc.

Boston New York Philadelphia Syracuse

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

THOMAS J. HANDY,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Twenty-seventh day of October, 1915.

Given under our hands this 26th day of April, 1915.

MARION O. HANDY, JOHN T. HANDY, Administrators of Thomas J. Handy, deceased. True Copy. Test: ROBERT F. MADDOX, Register of Wills.

PILOT LIGHTING PLANTS

HOME MADE ACETYLENE

for LIGHTING and COOKING

Acetylene Ranges For Quick Cooking In Country Kitchens

You housewives in the country who labor over hot stoves cooking big meals for hungry families—how would you like this convenience, which every city woman enjoys?

How would you like to do your cooking on a gas range?

How would you like to turn on your gas with a twist of your wrist—turn it up or down just as hot as you want it?

You know how much such a range will shorten your cooking hours and relieve you of the trouble and work of handling kindling, coal and ashes.

You also know what pleasure and comfort your house-

hold will derive from brilliant Acetylene lights throughout your house and barns.

A Pilot Plant will give you both these desirable services—Gas Cooking and Gas Lighting. The Pilot is the most widely used light plant for country homes in the world today. A complete plant can be installed in your home in a few days' time. You will then be ready to enjoy the comfort, safety, convenience and satisfaction of real gas cooking and lighting.

For full information, estimates, etc., address

CHAS. F. LUTZ
"The Delight" Salisbury, Md.
Salesman for
OXWELD ACETYLENE CO.
NEWARK, N. J.

BURNT OYSTER SHELL LIME

CHEAPEST IN PRICE

Quickest in Acting on Soil

The Lime that Gives the Greatest Result for the Money Expended.

Sweet Soil is one of the first essentials to Successful Agriculture. Lime is needed in most of our soils to produce this condition. What the farmer should consider is how to attain the result at a minimum cost.

Our Experiment Station at College Park recommends the use of lime manufactured in the locality where used because of the saving in transportation. Experiments made at the Station demonstrate that

2,000 Lbs. of Hydrated Lime are, in result, Equivalent to 3,800 Lbs. of Pulverized Oyster Shell Lime

We have Shells to Burn, and have Shells Burnt. Unless you have Money to Burn you will Buy Burnt Lime.

The SOMERSET PACKING CO.,

Licensed Manufacturers of

HYDRATED LIME

POSTOFFICE: UPPER FAIRMOUNT, MARYLAND
FACTORY—Maddox Island on the Manokin River

Do Not Delay With That Survey

Delays are often Costly

I am at your service

EARLE B. POLK

SURVEYOR

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

THOMAS J. HANDY,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Twenty-seventh day of October, 1915.

Given under our hands this 26th day of April, 1915.

MARION O. HANDY, JOHN T. HANDY, Administrators of Thomas J. Handy, deceased. True Copy. Test: ROBERT F. MADDOX, Register of Wills.

People Say To Us

"I cannot eat this or that food, it does not agree with me." Our advice to all of them is to take a

Renall Dyspepsia Tablet

before and after each meal. 25c a box.

T. J. Smith & Co.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

HERSCHEL FORD,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-ninth day of October, 1915.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1915.

ANNETTE FORD, Administratrix of Herschel Ford, dec'd. True Copy. Test: SIDNEY WALLER, Register of Wills.

J. E. GREEN

AUCTIONEER

Eden, Md.

R. F. D. No. 2

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

PRINTING—We Do It—PRINTING

A FAMOUS BATTLE.

The One Described In History as the "Victory of Victories."

The battle which is known in history as the "Victory of Victories" took place at Nehavend, in Ecbatana, and was fought between the new Moslem power in 637 and the empire of Persia, then one of the most powerful of the eastern monarchies. It was one of the most absolutely decisive battles in the history of war, and it was all the more amazing by reason of the fact that it was won by a people who twenty years before had been unknown barbarians, lost in the deserts of Arabia.

Arabian historians place the Persian loss in a single day at 100,000 men killed. This may be and probably is an exaggeration, but the fact remains that the Persian dynasty came to an end when the battle was over and that Zoroastrianism, which had been the religion of Persia for over a thousand years, was at once supplanted by Islam. Its modern representatives, as is well known, are now the Parsees of India.

The victory was so absolutely decisive that it extended the Arabian dominions over the whole of the region lying between the Caspian sea and the Indian ocean. With the exception perhaps of the battle of Tours, no single fight ever made such a difference in the after history of the world.—Exchange.

AN ARMY AND A MOB.

It's Discipline That Marks the Difference Between Them.

An army is not an army, but a mob, unless every item in it can be trusted to do the same thing at the same moment at the word of command. So obedience is not a virtue in a soldier, but a necessity, for, unless he learns it, he cannot attain to the military virtues. It has been proved, for instance, again and again that obedience is the way to courage.

When it is a habit with men they face danger as they form fours because they are told to, and the habit of obedience is stronger in them than their natural fears. It is, in fact, part of a soldier's technique, and unless he has learned it he is an amateur liable to stage fright.

There may, of course, be an irrational discipline which destroys a soldier's intelligence, as irrational technique destroys intelligence in any craft. But the fact remains that soldiers have to learn obedience by means of a training specially designed to teach them obedience, just as a musician has to practice scales. When he has learned it he can exercise his intelligence far better than if he had not learned it because he is braver and cooler for having learned it.—London Times.

Butler's Reply.

There was a time, while Lyman Trumbull was chairman of the senate committee on judiciary, that Benjamin Butler was chairman of the judiciary committee of the house. It was at this period that a delegation from one of the southern states visited Washington with a desire to secure the impeachment and removal of the federal judge of their state. They interviewed Mr. Butler as to the probability of carrying such a measure through that session.

"I don't know," was Mr. Butler's reply. "I am chairman of the judiciary committee of the house. The necessary action can be had here. But Lyman Trumbull is chairman of the senate committee, and Judge Trumbull is troubled with two things—the dyspepsia, which makes him miserable, and conscience, which makes him uncertain."

A Giant Among Dwarfs.

The intellect and genius of Franklin were perhaps never more manifest than when, as the colonial agent of Pennsylvania, he appeared before the British house of commons in order to undergo an inquisition into the taxation questions which were brewing the trouble which subsequently resulted in American freedom. Not fewer than 300 questions were propounded to him by some of the acutest legal and political minds of the old country. To each and every one of them he replied in a masterful manner. Edmund Burke in commenting on the matter said that Franklin reminded him of "a man being examined by a parcel of schoolboys," while Charles James Fox remarked that his inquisitors were "dwarfs in the hand of a giant."

Regulating Bread Prices.

A simple plan for the regulation of bread prices was in vogue in England from the time of Henry III. to the beginning of the nineteenth century. The "assize of bread" was set every week by the authorities of every borough and manor, when the price of the loaf was regulated by the ruling price of wheat, the margin of reasonable profit being left to the baker and miller. Departure from the official price was heavily punished.—London Mirror.

The Ruling Passion.

"Fore!" yelled the golfer. But the lady never moved. For she was thinking of a coming shopping tour. He should have called \$2.98 to have attracted her attention.—Philadelphia Ledger.

By Hook or by Crook.

The phrase "by hook or by crook" originated with the Irish defenders of Americk, who had to defend two channels, the Hook and the Crook, from English attacks.—Exchange.

It is not helps, but obstacles; not facilities, but difficulties, that make men.—W. Matthews.

BUYING WATER AND AIR

In slaking quicklime it may be changed into two forms. If 56 pounds of pure quicklime, fresh from the kiln, becomes water-slaked, it increases its volume and weight to 74 pounds. If it is air-slaked the 56 pounds may become from 74 to 100 pounds, depending on the amount of carbon dioxide and water taken from the air. From these figures it can be seen that when a farmer purchases lime, he should know what he is buying. *It is not usually profitable for farmers to buy water and air; every farm is well supplied with these elements.* When a farmer pays freight and hauling on air and water, he is losing money. Farmers should insist on a chemical analysis being furnished them with every purchase of lime; only in this way can they know exactly what they were buying. Usually it is not economical to buy either water-slaked, "hydrated," or air-slaked lime.—From Bulletin 187, page 28, of the Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station.

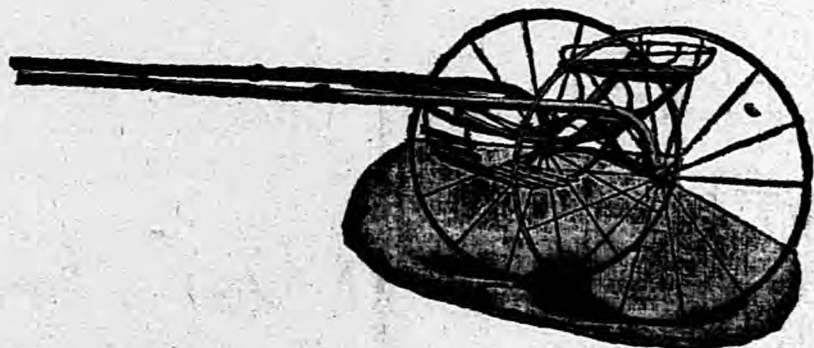
IT PAYS TO LIME—BUT WHEN YOU LIME, USE THE BEST

THE MOORE-PENDLETON CO

MANUFACTURERS OF

PULVERIZED OYSTER SHELL LIME

FACTORY:—Clifton Point on the Manokin.
POSTOFFICE:—Westover, Maryland.



HORSES AND MULES

WAGONS BUGGIES SURREYS Runabouts and HARNESS

J.T. TAYLOR, Jr.

Largest Carriage and Wagon
Dealer in Maryland

PRINCESS ANNE

MARYLAND

SEED TESTED SEEDS

We are the only firm on the Eastern Shore that maintains a fully equipped SEED LABORATORY.

POTATOES FOR SUMMER PLANTING

HAVE YOU ORDERED WHAT YOU WILL NEED?

Maine Crown Cobblers - \$3.00 Great Reboeths - \$2.75
Maine Crown Green Mountains 3.00 Hoosiers - 2.50

11 Peck Sacks, f. o. b. Philadelphia.

All orders to be accompanied with an advance of 50 cents per sack.

INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES

WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE, SUCH AS:

ARSENITE OF ZINC
ARSENATE OF LEAD

BORDEAUX MIXTURE
PARIS GREEN

SOY BEANS
COW PEAS

Ask for Prices and Samples of
ORANGE SORGHUM
AMBER SORGHUM

BUCKWHEAT
MILLET

ALL OTHER FIELD AND TRUCKING SEEDS

If interested in Seeds mentioned or not mentioned, we solicit your inquiry. Our line is complete

Peninsula Produce Exchange of Maryland
POCOMOKE CITY, MD.

Phone 109. Branch Stores: Salisbury, Md., Princess Anne, Md., Snow Hill, Md.

Going to BUILD

or remodel your house,
bank, church, or school?
Better phone, write or
see us about your plans.



BRINCKLOE & CANNING, Inc.

ARCHITECTS

EASTON, MARYLAND

GREAT FOUNTAIN GEYSER.

One of the Many Wonders in the Yellowstone National Park.

The Great Fountain geyser, in the Yellowstone National park, lies a mile and a half southeast of the Fountain geyser. It is the chief wonder of the lower basin and in some respects the most remarkable geyser in the park. Its formation is quite unlike that of any other.

At first sight the visitor is tempted to believe that some one has here placed a vast pedestal upon which to erect a monument. It is a broad, circular table about two feet high composed of hard, siliceous deposit. In its surface are numerous pools, molded and ornamented in a manner quite unapproachable, at least on so large a scale, in any other part of the park. In the center of the pedestal, where the monument ought to stand, is a large irregular pool of great depth, full of hot water, forming to all appearances a lovely, quiescent spring.

At times of eruption the contents of this spring are hurled bodily upward to a height sometimes reaching 100 feet. The torrent of water which follows the prodigious downpouring upon the face of the pedestal flows away in all directions over the white geyserite plain. No visitor to the Yellowstone can afford to miss the Great Fountain geyser. — "The Yellowstone National Park," by Hiram Martin Chittenden, Brigadier General United States Army. Retired.

EARTHQUAKES.

How the Process Known to Geologists as "Faulting" Generates.

It is a well known fact that the majority of the severest earthquakes are produced by movements and readjustments of the outer shell of the earth. The process, known to geologists as faulting, is as follows:

Owing to various subterranean causes the solid crust of the earth is put under stress. The stresses keep growing greater until finally they reach the breaking point of the rocks. These yield suddenly and move over another along the line of fracture until the strain is relieved. This breaking of the rocks sometimes along lines hundreds of miles in length and the movement of the broken parts over one another set up jars or vibrations which traveling outward in all directions through the rocks constitute an earthquake.

The severity of the shock depends upon the character and extent of the break, the amount of movement and the distance of the point from the place of origin of the disturbance.

Earthquakes also occur frequently in connection with volcanic eruptions, but these are likely to be more local in character and, on the whole, less severe than those due to faulting.—Review of Reviews.

Vegetable Ink.

There is in Colombia a curious vegetable product known as the ink plant. Its juice, called chanchi, can be used, it is said, without any previous preparation. The letters traced are of a reddish brown color at first, but turn a deep black in a few hours. This curious juice is less injurious to steel pens than the commercial inks. These qualities of the plant seem to have been discovered under the Spanish administration. Some writings intended for the mother country were wet through by sea water on the voyage. While the papers written with common ink were almost illegible, those written with the vegetable ink were quite uninjured. Orders were given in consequence that this plant juice be used for the inscribing of all public documents.—New York American.

On the Sea.

From all antiquity and in all ages men have gone down to the sea in ships and plowed the main. There is a fascination about the ocean that never grows old, and the terrors that encompass the waste of waters seem but to add to its attractions. Perhaps this arises from the fact that the ocean covers the only free land on the globe. The sailor on his humble bark has an equal right of way with the mighty steamship; he pays no rent and calls no man master. Once he touches land he must bow to the law of King This or Queen That, but on the high seas he can roam without let or hindrance and owes allegiance to no ruler but nature. The sailor leads a hard and perilous life and has the single boon of freedom to compensate for risk and privation.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Noise Rings.

Hindu married women wear a noise ring of the value suitable to their position. Sometimes it is simply a wire of gold; sometimes it is set with valuable and brilliant diamonds. Of whatever description, the noise ring is a most hallowed thing. If you are not careful how you speak with the lady about it, or if you say, "There is no necessity for wearing such a useless thing," she will understand by this that you wish her husband's death.

A Regular Excuse.

"Does your husband carry much life insurance?"
"I don't know the exact amount, but it's just enough so that whenever I want a new gown or hat he always manages to have a premium to meet."—Detroit Free Press.

When the Price Goes Up.

"We never learn to value things until after they are gone."
"That's very true. A silver plated butter dish that cost us \$4 becomes family plate worth \$100 if burglars break in and steal it."—Detroit Free Press.

MISSING LINKS.

Pages of Geological History That Nature Has Destroyed.

New details are continually being added by geologists to the known history of the earth, including the development of plants and animals. However, that history, which is recorded in the rocks, is still fragmentary, like a badly mutilated book. One of the great defects in the record in the Atlantic and gulf coastal plain regions of this country is the absence of the later part of the cretaceous and the early part of the eocene chapters—perhaps eight to ten millions years ago. A report by the geological survey discusses this missing part of the record and shows that the break must cover a very long period of time.

It is known that at that time the continents were at least as large as and probably larger than they are now, and the oceans were accordingly smaller. Any rocks that were then formed in the sea seem to have been weathered and washed away. Hundreds of kinds of plants and animals that lived before and hundreds that lived after this great period are known, but not one which lived during the period. Strange to say, few if any of the species which existed before the unknown period lived through it.

It is like a play in which the places of one act remain the same as in the preceding but the characters are all new, and yet many of the new players resemble the old ones so much that one is compelled to admit that they are close relatives. In each of the states bordering the Atlantic ocean are layers of rock which were formed before and after the period whose record is missing. In these layers are entombed sea shells of many kinds, but apparently not one species lived through from cretaceous to eocene time.

BECKONING THE DEAD.

The Call of the Indians to Which the Sea Responded.

On the rugged coast of Washington by the Copalis sands there is a tower from which the Indians watch for sea otter. They are very eager after that game, for the hide of one of those creatures is worth all the way from \$500 to \$2,000. Two young Indians were watching one day when they saw a sea otter off in the surf. Two shots from their rifles killed the otter, and then they rushed down to their surf-boat. The sea was heavy, and when they were out some distance from the shore their boat broke in two over a comb, and the men were thrown into the sea.

One of the Indians drifted ashore on a piece of wreckage. The other, although a splendid swimmer, was drowned. The news soon spread to the reservation, and the Indians from far and near came to the beach and stood on the sands, silently beckoning to the sea to give up its dead.

It was a solemn, impressive sight—the stalwart, rugged, copper colored men and women standing at the verge of the sea foam asking the sea by the motion of their hands to send the body ashore. For three days they waited and beckoned, and then a dark object was seen drifting into shallow water. Sometimes it was buried completely from view by the heavy surf; then it was seen again a little nearer, and so the body of the dead Indian came ashore at the call of his tribesmen.—Youth's Companion.

The First Great Bank.

The first great bank in the world was the bank of Venice, established in 1157 when the queen city of the Adriatic was the head of the commerce of the western world. At that time the great current of the trade between Europe and Asia passed through the Persian gulf and the Red sea to Alexandria, Egypt, and was carried in ships across the Mediterranean sea and through the Adriatic to Venice, where it was distributed to various parts of Europe. Venice was a sort of autocratic republic, founded and supported by its merchants, who were famed throughout the world for their wealth and reliability. They founded their bank, which was guaranteed by the government and was held in high credit in all the great cities on the routes of trade.

Happiness.

Money will not procure happiness, but happiness will help procure money. Happiness makes every task a pleasure and every worker optimistic, and an optimistic worker at a pleasant task can perform it in no way but well. Happiness is not only its own reward, but it is an irresistible magnet which is forever drawing unexpected rewards. And happiness can know no evil; evil happiness is a contradiction of terms. Happiness is a religion in itself.

He who has happiness has jumped just over the very goal of life.—Judge.

The Language of Cash.

"Ray, pop."
"Go on. Spill it."
"What does money say when it talks?"
"Whatever is necessary to make the mare go. Run on out now and play with the other boys."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

An Ungracious Remark.

"Here's a magazine offers prizes to ladies for telling how they helped their husbands make money."
"If they were telling how they helped spend money," snorted her ungallant husband, "you'd take first prize."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

While self confidence is important, the confidence of other people will also help some.—Atchison Globe.

ELECTRICITY.

Some Facts About This Wonderful and Puzzling Medium.

Here are some of the known facts about electricity that will enable those who know nothing about it to understand how it behaves. It must be understood that no one knows what electricity is. Only through its behavior can we arrive at an idea of its nature. The following facts are condensed from an article in the Electrical Experimenter:

All substances, from the heaviest metals to the lightest gases, are electric, but they differ widely in their electric qualities. Electricity is called positive when it exists or is excited in any body in an amount in excess of the amount natural to that body. It is called negative when it exists or is excited in any body in an amount which is less than the amount natural to that body. All electrical phenomena in nature depend upon the tendency of electricity to find an equilibrium between its positive and negative states.

Electricity resides in all substances and is, perhaps, an essential ingredient of their conditions, so every change in their state, whether from heat to cold or from cold to heat, from a state of rest to a state of motion, from solid to liquid or to aeriform, or vice versa, or whether substances combine chemically or are chemically separated—in every change the electrical equilibrium is disturbed, and in proportion to the degree of disturbance is the force exerted by electricity to resume its balance.

Electricity seeks to gain its equilibrium by passing through substances that are favorable to its diffusion. These are called conducting or non-conducting, according as they favor or oppose the passage of the electrical current.

Among the conductors are metals, charcoal, animal fluids, water, vegetable and animal bodies, flame, smoke and vapor. Among the nonconductors are also called insulators—are rust, oils, phosphorus, lime, chalk, rubber, camphor, marble, porcelain, dry gases and air, wool, silk, glass, transparent stones, wax and amber. Some of these become conductors when wet.

When electricity in considerable force, seeking its equilibrium, meets with insulating bodies intense heat and light are produced, in the evolution of which the electric force becomes expended. When the electric force is checked in its course by an insulator a spark is emitted if the current be strong. When currents pass toward each other along wires at the ends of which charcoal points are placed and these ends remain in contact, the electrical communication is uninterrupted and no light is emitted, but the instant the charcoal points are separated a layer of dry air, a nonconductor, is interposed, and the electricity in forcing its way through that nonconductor evolves intense heat and brilliant light. Such is an arc light.

Women as Executives.

David Grayson, writing "Hempfield" in the American Magazine, says: "I think sometimes that women are far better natural executives and organizers than men! To keep a great household running smoothly, provisioned, cleaned, made sweet and cheerful always and to do it incidentally, as it were, with a hundred other activities filling her thoughts is an accomplishment not sufficiently appreciated in this world. The true women of the race have this capacity highly developed. They have a real genius for orderliness, which is the sanity if not the religion of everyday life."

Old London Firms.

Two tradesmen, or, rather, two firms, mentioned by Pepys still exist in London—Hill, the Bond street violin maker, and Dan Rawlinson of Fenchurch street, the first grocer to sell tea in England, whose concern survives under the name of Davidson, Newman & Co.

The identical sign of three sugar loaves that hung over Rawlinson's shop adorns the present establishment. There, too, may be seen the canisters and scales dating from the seventeenth century. Dan Rawlinson charged his customers \$15 a pound for tea.—Exchange.

A Pupil of the "Best Teacher." "Cheer up, old boy," advised the married man. "You know 'tis better to have loved and lost than never to have loved at all."

"Yes," agreed the rejected suitor, jingling a bunch of keys in his pocket; "better for the florist, the confectioner, the messenger boy, the restaurant waiter, the taxi cabman, the theatrical magnate and the jeweler."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Harvest Moon.

The harvest moon is the full moon that appears about the time of the autumn equinox. Because of the small angle that is made by the moon's orbit with the horizon it rises at the same time for several nights. The hunter's moon is the next moon after the harvest and is a like phenomenon.

Basic of Charge.

Baldheaded Gentleman (in barber's shop)—You ought to cut my hair cheaper. There is nothing much to cut. Hairdresser—Oh, no. In your case we don't charge for cutting the hair; we charge for having to search for it.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Heart's Desire.

Warden—No. 41144, do you wish any book from the library? Prisoner—Yes. I'd like to have a railroad guide.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Philosophy is nothing but discretion.—Selden.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD
 Published Every Tuesday Morning
PRINCESS ANNE, MD

Office, 367 Main Street. Local Phone No. 31.
 Long Distance Phone, No. 62

Subscription Price \$1.00 Per Annum
WILLIAM H. DASHIELL
 Editor and Proprietor

All Communications Should be Addressed to the
 Marylander and Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 15, 1915

MR. LEE SHOULD BE CHOSEN

The Wilmington Every Evening, alluding to one of our last week's editorials, speaks of the Marylander and Herald as an ardent supporter of Blair Lee. It is that and it is our hope that he may secure the nomination at the coming primaries. We are not rebellious in our inclinations and it will not be our plan to decline to work for whoever is the nominee. So far, despite the protests of the Harrington papers, we see nothing but what is favorable to Mr. Lee.

There has been a singular turn about in Maryland politics of late. Heretofore the party regulars have dictated the nominations. Many of those who were formerly regulars have reversed what they formerly felt as obligations. The old time leaders are therefore without many of their old friends and co-laborers. Another singular thing about this change is the fact that what are known as progressive Democrats have allied themselves to organization candidates. The progressive organization four years ago were the firmest kind of friends to Blair Lee. Today they are away from their old friend and are taking up an organization man. It seems that the progressives are now regulars and the regulars have turned progressives.

This is a singular turn around. One can see good sense in former regulars' repudiating dictation of former leaders. It is not so easy to understand the reasoning that swerves the progressives to the regular ranks. In Somerset county, the change can be more readily understood than elsewhere. After all it is a question of who is to do the leading. Here the progressive Democrats are as averse as ever against any man that Hon. Joshua W. Miles favors. The friends of Mr. Miles are Lee men, just as Lee four years ago was a progressive Democrat's choice. If Mr. Miles should suddenly reverse his decision and change to Harrington, there is no telling what the Somerset progressives would then do—possibly they might go to Lee. Who knows?

The question that has not yet been answered is, will the progressives of this and other counties support the nominee, as we have already promised to do? As the Wilmington paper goes on to say, the Marylander and Herald is one of the most moderate of the Lee papers and this is because we have made such a declaration. Is it not fair to propound the question to our progressive friends whether or not they will be willing and whether or not they will support the nominee?

We shall continue to fight the Lee battle. We believe it is his turn and we shall do all in our power to help to name him as the gubernatorial candidate.

THE BRYAN DRAMA

Mr. William J. Bryan has resigned his position as Secretary of State upon the Cabinet of President Wilson. His resignation, remarked upon as dramatic but by no means vital, was occasioned by difference of sentiment with the President upon his second note to Germany bearing upon the sinking of the steamer Lusitania. This resignation is regarded by the press of the country as most unfortunate and ill-timed. Mr. Bryan, no doubt, has his personal admirers, but from the country at large he has lost prestige. Even from Lincoln, Nebraska, comes the word that whilst his friends are still true to him, his failure to stand by the President is considered to be most unwise.

Mr. Bryan has addressed a communication to the people of the United States attempting to defend his position. The people of this country, however, would prefer an open enemy to one whose action gives the appearance of gratifying an enemy. "Peace at any price" may seem to be a popular class of plea, but such a plea might mean the sacrifice of self respect as well as of self defense.

Mr. Bryan should have stood by the President. He did so when the first note to Germany was written and he should have done so when the final one was dispatched. His failure to do so means a loss of popular regard for the former Secretary and his final retirement to private life.

Just "Rocking The Boat"

Mr. Bryan "rocks the boat" in the midst of the rapids. That is the only practical effect of his resignation at this time, whatever we may think of the correctness of his views on the note to Germany, or his reasons for retiring. The "rocking" is all the more mischievous to the cause of peace and the welfare of the United States, if, as he indicates, Mr. Bryan will now try to bring popular pressure on the Administration to adopt his views by stumping the country.

The confidence of the American people in the President has not been shaken by the action of Mr. Bryan nor by his statement outlining his ideas of what our position in the differences with Germany should be. But both are quite likely to be misunderstood in Europe. They may foster and give color to the idea held in Germany that Americans are divided in opinion, and that the German sympathizers and the peace-at-any-price advocates form such a formidable force as would prevent the United States from taking a firm stand on any question that might in any circumstances lead to war.

Such an idea, absurdly false as it is, makes the chance of a rupture with Germany not less probable, but far more so. Thus instead of advancing the cause of peace to which Mr. Bryan is so much devoted, his action is likely to have exactly the opposite effect.

Consistency is called a jewel and devotion to an ideal is an admirable trait, but we believe that Mr. Bryan would have shown a finer patriotism and a better Christianity had he allowed himself to be misunderstood, and his record apparently marred, by standing firmly behind the President until the crisis is past, as other good Americans are doing. Afterward he would have found it easy to repair his record and put himself straight before the people by resigning.

If Mr. Bryan could accomplish anything of practical benefit by his action, it might be condoned; but he cannot. He did all he could to bring the President and the Cabinet to his way of thinking and failed. Will his leaving change the policy of the country and its leader, the President, by a hair's breadth? Not at all.

He has simply broken ranks under fire and risked demoralizing the line.—Baltimore Sun.

"Flag Day"

Yesterday (Monday) was "Flag Day"—our glorious flag being 138 years old. The American flag is a growth, rather than a creation. Its history can be traced back to the 12th century, or nearly 600 years prior to the first "Flag Day," June 14, 1777.

The stars are the only distinctive feature of the American flag. The official adoption of our first flag was in 1777. The 13 stars were arranged in a circle to symbolize the perpetuity of the union of the States. Vermont was admitted to the Union in 1791, and Kentucky in 1792. It was felt that these two new States ought to be recognized on the flag, so in 1794, Congress passed an act making the 15 stars and 15 stripes.

This remained the flag of the United States throughout the War of 1812, until there were 20 States in the Union. In 1816, an effort was again made to modify the flag so that all the new States would be represented on it. To be continually adding stripes would make the flag very awkward in shape and appearance, so after arguing the matter for two years, Congress decided to return to the original 13 stripes and one star for each State. Congress has never determined the arrangement of the stars nor the shape and proportions of the flag, and there has been great variation, specially in the stars. There are still many who believe that the symbolic circular grouping of stars should be restored.

Conditions in Mexico
 Of Mexico's 15,600,000 population less than 150,000 are in arms; the remainder is facing starvation.

Three revolutionary armies are in the field, Villa and Zapata supporting the "Convention" rule, and Carranza, with Obregon as his chief lieutenant, opposing the Convention.

Carranza's provisional capital is Vera Cruz; the Convention capital is Mexico City.

Zapata commands in Mexico City; Villa at Chihuahua and Aguascalientes; Obregon near Leon and Victoria.

Latest reports show there are less than 50,000 foreigners in Mexico.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.
 F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
 Sold by Druggists, 75c.
 Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.
 [Advertisement]

Senator Lee's Friends Organize

The candidacy of United States Senator Blair Lee for the Governorship nomination was endorsed and plans were made for an active campaign at a meeting of Democrats of Anne Arundel county held at Annapolis last Tuesday afternoon. Those attending the meeting were progressive Democrats who formed an organization four years ago when Senator Lee made the fight against former State Senator Gorman for the gubernatorial nomination.

The meeting marked the formal launching of Lee's campaign in the county. It was called by Bruner R. Anderson, the original Lee man in the county, who also presided. All of the districts were represented by delegations ranging from 5 to 10 men, and a number of other Democrats were in the audience. Working committees for each of the districts were appointed. It is planned to put a complete ticket of candidates in the field for the primaries.

Eleventh Month of War

The beginning of the eleventh month of the Great War finds no great progress since the beginning of the year. There have been gains and losses here and there, but on the whole the lines are not very different from those of January 1. Hundreds of thousands of lives have been sacrificed without any gain, for either side, large enough to stand out conspicuously. The Germans have held their own; so have the Allies. Each has displayed remarkable valor and staying quality—but all, as yet, to no apparent purpose.

Constipation Causes Most Ills

Accumulated waste in your thirty feet of bowels causes absorption of poisons, tends to produce fevers, upsets digestion. You belch gas, feel stuffy, irritable, almost cranky. It isn't you—it's your condition. Eliminate this poisonous waste by taking one or two Dr. King's New Life Pills to-night. Enjoy a full, free bowel movement in the morning, you feel so grateful. Get an original bottle, containing 35 pills, from your Druggist to-day for 25c.
 [Advertisement]

H. FILLMORE LANKFORD, Attorney.

PUBLIC SALE
 OF VALUABLE
Real Estate
 ON DEAL'S ISLAND

By virtue of the power and authority contained in the last will and testament of John H. White, late of Sussex county, Delaware, deceased, a duly authenticated copy of which will is on file in the office of the Register of Wills of Somerset county, Maryland, as executrix of said John H. White, I will sell at public auction, on the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, July 6, '15,

at or about the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m., all that lot or parcel of land on Deal's Island, Somerset County, Maryland, which was conveyed to the said John H. White by deed, dated and recorded the 27th day of December, 1906, recorded among the land records of said Somerset county in liber S. F. D. No. 44, folio 488 etc., containing

more or less, lying on the northwest side of the main county road leading through said island toward Princess Anne, bounded on the northeast by the land of St. Peter's district, and on the southwest by the land of John A. Messick, and on the west by the land of Zachariah W. Webster and the land of Calvin B. Seebler and Charles Keister.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-half cash on the day of sale, and the balance in six months and to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with approved security, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent, on the option of the purchaser. Title papers at the expense of the purchaser.
 SALLIE L. HEARN,
 Executrix of John H. White, deceased.

Receiver's Sale
 OF VALUABLE
Real Estate

BY VIRTUE of an order of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, passed in Chancery cause No. 2991, the same being the suit of William S. Bennett vs. Joseph F. Muir et al., the undersigned, receiver, duly appointed and sworn to by the Court, will sell by public auction in front of the Court House in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, July 6, 1915

AT ABOUT THE HOUR OF 2:30 O'CLOCK P. M., all the following described lots or parcels of real estate, formerly the property of the firm of Muir & Bennett, at Orville, to wit:
 FIRST—All that lot or parcel of woodland situated in St. Peter's election district, containing

Seven Acres,

more or less, located on the road leading to the James Hall farm and adjoining the land owned, or formerly owned, by Isaac Laird, Henry Phebus and others, and being the same land conveyed to the said Muir & Bennett by Biddy Brewington and husband, by deed dated November 12th, 1909, and recorded among the land records of said Somerset county, in liber S. F. D. No. 53, folio 166.
 SECOND—All those lots or parcels of land situated in said St. Peter's district, and lying and being on Geanquakin creek and on the county road leading from said Geanquakin creek to Dame's Quarter, and containing

Sixty and one-half Acres,

more or less, consisting chiefly of woodland, which were conveyed to the said Muir & Bennett by Robert J. Parks, by deed dated June 30th, 1910, and recorded among said land records in liber S. F. D. No. 54, folio 582 et seq.
 THIRD—All that lot or parcel of land whereon is located the store house of the said Muir & Bennett, situated in the village of Orville and on the north side of the county road leading through said village, bounded on the west by the property where said Gibbons resides and on the north by the first named lot. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third cash, the balance in two equal installments of six and twelve months, to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser or purchasers with approved security bearing interest from the day of sale, or all cash at the option of the purchaser or purchasers. Title papers at the expense of the purchaser or purchasers.
 EDWARD HERMAN COHN,
 Receiver.

GEORGE H. MYERS,

If Mothers Only Know
 Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for children relieve
 Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething
 Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy worms. They take up Catarrh of the Bladder. Used by mothers for 26 years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample free. Address, A. S. Ojagted, Le Roy, N.Y.

Outing Tragedies

It is not uncommon during the summer season for the Monday issues of Baltimore papers to announce deaths by drowning in the waters adjacent to the city or in some river or bay within the Maryland region. Indeed, it is the exception when the Monday papers, during the months of June, July and August, do not contain one or more announcements of drowning accidents. Monday of last week there were four drowning tragedies in Maryland waters involving two young men and two young women.

Generally there is the small boat with from two to six passengers. Quite frequently, but not always, there is the fool that rocks the boat. Sometimes it is a bathing story—the story of the boy or girl who ventured out too far. Maryland is fairly cobwebbed with pleasant streams that invite to open bathing. It is next to impossible to provide patrols for a thousand bathing places and it appears to be impossible to devise a plan for eliminating the tragic danger of open water bathing or of boating accidents.

Your Cough Can Be Stopped

Using care to avoid draughts, exposure, sudden changes, and taking a treatment of Dr. King's New Discovery, will positively relieve, and in time will surely rid you, of your Cough. The first dose soothes the irritation, checks your Cough, which stops in a short time. Dr. King's New Discovery has been used successfully for 45 years and is guaranteed to cure you. Money back if it fails. Get a bottle from your Druggist; it costs only a little and will help you so much.
 [Advertisement]

NOTICE

To The Tax Payers Of Somerset County

I will be at WESTOVER, at E. D. Long & Son's store, on Thursday morning, June 17, 1915, and at ORRIS, at W. Jerome Sterling & Co's store on Friday morning, June 18th, 1915, for the purpose of receiving and collecting State and County Taxes.
 JOHN E. HOLLAND, Treasurer.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION

The partnership heretofore existing between John E. Roberts and Jefferson D. Webster, trading as Roberts & Webster, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All bills now due will be paid by Roberts & Webster, bills to be sent to John E. Roberts, Princess Anne, Md. All bills due Roberts & Webster should be paid to John E. Roberts, Princess Anne, Md., checks payable to Roberts & Webster.
 J. E. ROBERTS.

Assignee's Sale

OF VALUABLE
Real Estate

By virtue of the power and authority contained in a mortgage from Phoebe Cribben and Antonette Shadlander et vir to Jane C. Wickham, dated the 10th day of February, 1912, and recorded among the land records of Somerset county, Maryland, in liber S. F. D. No. 61, folio 10 et seq., the said mortgage having been duly assigned to the undersigned, the undersigned assignee, will sell at public auction, on the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, July 6th, 1915,

at about the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., all that farm, tract or tract of land, known as "The Henry Cooper Farm," or by whatever name or names the same may be known or called, containing

190 ACRES,

more or less, situated in said Somerset county, and more particularly described as follows:
 FIRST—All that lot or tract of land situated and lying in Mt. Vernon district in said county and lying and being on the south side of Wicomico creek and bounded on the east by the land of Florence E. Price, on the north by the county road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin B. Seebler and Charles Keister.
 SECOND—All that tract of woodland situated, lying and being in West Princess Anne Election District, said county, bounded on the east by the land of Yvie Jones, on the south by the land owned or formerly owned by William T. Holland and others, and on the west by the county road leading from Loretto to the county road leading from Mt. Vernon to Loretto. This farm is improved by a large commodious DWELLING HOUSE, located on the creek front, and surrounded by large, well kept lawns.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash, as prescribed by said mortgage.
 GEORGE H. MYERS,
 Assignee.

Trustee's Sale

OF VALUABLE
Real Estate

In Princess Anne

Tuesday, June 22d, 1915,

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, passed in a cause in which Edward Herman Cohn and Norman Bell, Jr., executors of Rudolph S. Cohn, deceased, are plaintiffs and Alice Cohn and others are defendants, the undersigned trustee therein named, will sell at public auction at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, June 22d, 1915,

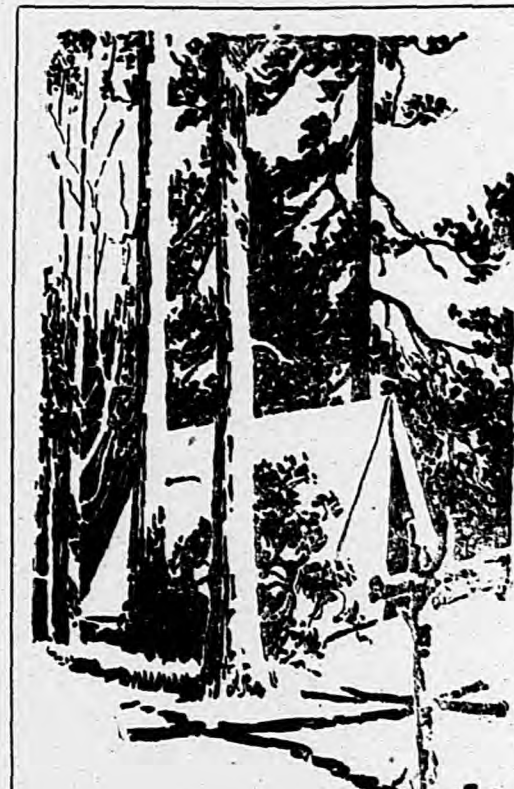
at or about the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate in the town of Princess Anne, Maryland, which the late Rudolph S. Cohn died seized, namely:
 FIRST—All that lot of land on the southwest corner of Linden avenue and Church street, fronting sixty feet on the west and having a depth of one hundred and thirty-eight feet on said street, measuring from the outer edges of sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where Alvin N. Gibbons resides and on the south by the lot hereinafter mentioned. This lot is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE in excellent condition, and where C. C. Waller now resides.

SECOND—All that lot of land on the northwest corner of Hampden or Mill street and Church street, fronting sixty feet on the first named street, and having a depth of eighty-eight feet on Church street, measuring from the outer edges of the sidewalks, bounded on the west by the property where said Gibbons resides and on the north by the first named lot. This lot is improved by an UNCOMPLETED DWELLING HOUSE.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third cash, the balance in two equal installments of six and twelve months, to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser or purchasers with approved security bearing interest from the day of sale, or all cash at the option of the purchaser or purchasers. Title papers at the expense of the purchaser or purchasers.
 EDWARD HERMAN COHN,
 Trustee.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of
 SAMUEL Q. PARKER,
 late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the
 Fifteenth Day of December, 1915,
 or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 8th day of June, 1915.
 SAMUEL Q. JOHNSON,
 DANIEL B. CANNON,
 Admin'ors c.t.a. of Samuel Q. Parker, deceased.
 True Copy: Test:
 ROBERT F. MADDOX,
 Register of Wills.

NOW IS THE
 TIME TO
**Plan Your
 Vacation**
 A STORE
 FULL OF
SUGGESTIONS
 For TRAVELERS



WASHABLE VELVET CORDUROY
 For Sport Suits, Skirts and Coats
 An excellent, serviceable and good looking material that makes ideal garments for country, mountain or seashore. Tubs perfectly and wears indefinitely.
 Plain White, 28 inches wide 50c. per yard
 White with narrow pin stripe of black,
 blue and green, 32 inches wide \$1.00 per yard
 Other novelty weaves for skirts, . . . 25c to 50c per yard

A Supply of Pretty Waists IS NECESSARY.
 How necessary you perhaps know better than we do. The important thing to remember is that we have a wonderful assortment ranging in price
From \$1 to \$5.00
Don't Leave Without a Parasol
 Besides serving the practical purpose of shielding you from the sun, these pretty new ones add a distinguishing note to your appearance. Many styles, shapes, colors and sizes
From 50c. to \$5.00

TRUNKS, BAGS, SUIT CASES
 THE BEST
 Fine traveling companions. Trunks so scientifically constructed that they serve as wardrobes. Many of the bags are fitted with toilet articles, others are plain. Suit Cases in all styles.
T. F. HARGIS
 DEPARTMENT STORE
 POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

Trustee's Sale
 OF ATTRACTIVE
Water Front Farm

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, passed in a cause wherein Joshua W. Miles et al. are plaintiffs and the Chicago Charity Hospital et al. are defendants, the same being No. 2340 on the Chancery Docket of said court, the undersigned trustee named in said decree, will sell at Public Auction in front of the Court House, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, June 22nd, 1915

at about the hour of two o'clock p. m.,

All that Farm, Tract or Parcel of Land

located on Wicomico Creek, in Mt. Vernon Election District in said Somerset county, and lying and being on the North side of the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto, and containing

Two Hundred (200) Acres,

more or less, and being part of the farm known as "Melody Manor," wherein Kenneth S. Walbank, late of said county deceased, resided in his lifetime, and the time of his death, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said Kenneth S. Walbank by Joshua W. Miles, attorney for Mary Van Hoes, except so much of the same as is included within the lines of that portion of said farm which was allotted to Rhoda Walbank, wife of said Kenneth Seddon Walbank, by commissioners appointed in the above named cause.

The said farm contains about Thirty Acres of good, well-set Marketable Pine Timber. It is improved by a LARGE BARN and other necessary Outbuildings, and by a handsome, commodious and well appointed DWELLING HOUSE, containing large hall, colonial fire places, fourteen rooms, bath, attic and two bath rooms. The house, located on the creek bank, is surrounded by large attractive lawns, ornamented with shrubbery and flower gardens.

The sale will be made subject to a right of way of the said Rhoda Walbank over the lane running through said farm from the said county road to Wicomico Creek, and to the use of the wharf on said creek.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third cash on day of sale, one-third at the end of one year from said date, and the balance in two years. The credit portion to bear interest and to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser, with sureties to the satisfaction of the trustee.
 GEORGE H. MYERS, Trustee.

Order Nisi

George H. Myers, ex parte, under power in mortgage from John T. Morris and wife.
 No. 2998, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 18th day of May, 1915, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings and the distribution of the proceeds thereof, made and reported by George H. Myers, attorney, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 18th day of June, 1915; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some weekly newspaper printed in said Somerset county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 18th day of June next.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$218.
 HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.
 True Copy: Test:
 W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

Subscribed for the Marylander and Herald—only \$1.00 a year in advance.

Auditor's Notice
 Ira E. Stevenson, trustee, under decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in No. 2864, Chancery.
 All persons interested in the proceeds of the sale of the property of Mary A. Sterling, deceased, made and reported by Ira E. Stevenson, trustee, are hereby notified to file their claims, with the vouchers thereof, duly authenticated according to law, with me on or before the twenty-first day of June, 1915, as I shall on that day, at my office in Princess Anne, proceed to distribute the assets of said estate among the persons therein entitled according to law.
 HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.
 True Copy: Test:
 W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of
 ROBERT J. WALLER,
 late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the
 Twenty-seventh Day of October, 1915,
 or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 21st day of April, 1915.
 SIDNEY WALLER and
 H. FILLMORE LANKFORD,
 Executors of Robert J. Waller, deceased.
 True Copy: Test:
 ROBERT F. MADDOX,
 Register of Wills.
 Fetch your Job Printing to this office

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 15, 1915

Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published free—but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of (5) five cents per line.

BUSINESS POINTERS

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter

Country Produce taken at DASHIELL'S DEPARTMENT STORE.

FOR SALE—300 bushels of Cow Peas. E. G. NEWTON, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—One Black Mare, kind and gentle. H. J. MUIR, Blacksmith, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—No. 1 Black Cow Peas at \$2.50 per bushel. C. H. SPEIGHTS, Westover, Md.

FOR SALE—Little wire wheel roadster automobile \$200. Address W. A. BROWN, Princess Anne, Md.

FOR SALE—Ice, Coal, Wood, Fertilizer, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flaxseed Meal, Cottonseed Meal, Bran, Middlings, Dairy Feeds, Hominy, Beef Scrap, Chicken Feeds, etc., wholesale and retail. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

COMFORT, PLEASURE, WEALTH—In the exclusive line of Baldwin Refrigerators and Ice Chests. When you save ice you save money. There is none just as good. Look over and receive prices on genuine in stock at HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

Dr. T. J. Smith and his son, Charles, spent part of last week in Baltimore.

Miss Jane Weaver, of Tocoa, Ga., is visiting the home of Judge H. L. D. Stanford.

Mrs. Ellen Mitchell, of Hampton, Va., is visiting Mrs. E. O. Smith, on Prince William street.

The Shoreland Club was entertained last Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. T. Taylor, Jr.

Mr. Oliver T. Beauchamp, who is a student at Mercersburg College, Pa., is home for the holidays.

Dr. C. W. Purnell, Optometrist, will be at Omar A. Jones' drug store Monday afternoon, June 21st. See adv.

Mrs. E. S. Pusey and two children, spent last week at the home of her father, Capt. Andrew Evans, of Mt. Vernon.

Mrs. Hubert A. Royster and children, of Raleigh, N. C., are visiting at the home of Mrs. Royster's mother, Mrs. Henry Page.

Mrs. William C. Hart, of Baltimore, is visiting her sister, Miss Emily R. Waters, at her old home, "Beechwood," in Princess Anne.

Yesterday (Monday) a new schedule went into effect on the Baltimore, Chesapeake & Atlantic Railway. See 8th page for changes.

Mr. Frank Taylor, who is connected with the Norfolk and Western railroad at Bluefield, W. Va., is visiting the family of Mr. S. H. Devilbiss.

We received last week from Mr. J. A. Johnson, who resides in East Princess Anne district, a box of "Mascot" strawberries. These berries are large and of delightful flavor. The largest berry measured 7 1/2 inches in circumference.

Miss Carrie Richardson is visiting friends in Lexington, Ky., after which she will spend the remainder of her vacation at her home in Bryan, Ohio. She expects to resume her duties at the Western Union office about the middle of July.

Mrs. S. Hampton Corson has issued cards announcing the marriage of her daughter, Alys Corson Ewing, to Mr. L. Irving Handy, Jr., which was solemnized on Thursday, June 3d, 1915, at Atlantic City, N. J. Mr. and Mrs. Handy will reside at Smyrna, Del.

Last Friday the Princess Anne base ball club visited Fruitland and crossed bats with the Fruitland club and were defeated by a score of 7 to 4. The feature was the batting of Todd, who got in four hits in four times at the bat. The batteries were: Princess Anne—Beauchamp, Huffington and Polk; Fruitland—Long and Bussells.

A mass-meeting will be held in the Auditorium tomorrow (Wednesday) afternoon by the friends and supporters of Emerson C. Harrington for the purpose of endorsing Mr. Harrington's candidacy for the Democratic nomination for Governor and formulating plans for the primary contest in this county. Mr. Harrington has been invited to address the meeting.

The Board of County Commissioners for Worcester have struck the levy for 1915. The rate was fixed the same as last year, \$1.00 on the one hundred dollars, while the State tax rate increased .01 1/2 cents. The amount allotted the schools is a little less than that of last year, when additions were built at Girdletree and at Pocomoke City schools and \$2,000 appropriated for the Ocean City school building, the State appropriating \$25,000.

Advised Letters

The following is a list of letters, remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice unclaimed for:

Mrs. Grant Ellis, Miss Emily V. Evans, Mrs. Anna Hitch, Miss Olivia Holland, Mrs. Albert Howard, Miss Manie Hall, M. E. Livingston, Mr. Albar Mears, Mr. J. Mulqueen, Hon. Frank Parran, Miss Ester Selby, Smith Drug Co., Miss Arine Waters.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.

H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

The junior declamation contest, held in McDowell Hall, St. John's College, Annapolis, last Friday evening, was won by Luther T. Miles, Jr., of Marion Station. The prize is a gold medal.

Ocean City promises to be more popular this season than ever before as a delightful place for holding conventions. The seasons opens up June 22nd with the Surfmen's Association; the State Teachers' Association June 29th to July 3rd; the annual Gun Club shoot July 15th; the Teachers' Training School five weeks during the summer, beginning July 6th; the Peninsula Retail Jewelers' Association; and the Delmarva Editorial Association, and the Tri-County Teachers' Institute closes the season with the last week in August and the first week of September.

Here is an item from Seaford, Del., which is a pretty big cackle, even for a Blue Hen chicken. We pass it on to our readers without any further comment. An old hen belonging to John Hadaway, near Radcliff Mill, is setting, laying and mothering chicks at the same time. The hen lays as she is setting, and her chickens, which are about a month old, crowd about her nest and follow her when she goes for food, while at night they pile about and upon her while on the nest. It all happens up a willow tree, which grows at an angle of about 45 degrees, where the hen made her nest.

New Traffic Bureau

Mr. Bruce W. Duer, of Baltimore, who for many years was connected with the operating department of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and with other railroads, will head the new traffic bureau which will be established by the Public Service Commission. His immediate task in the future will be to lead in the investigation of the properties of the United Railways.

Mr. Duer, is a former resident of this town and is a brother of Mr. Robert F. Duer and Mr. Thomas Dixon, of Princess Anne.

Dr. Morgan Heads Dickinson College

The trustees of Dickinson College have elected Dr. James H. Morgan to be president of the institution.

Dr. Morgan was born January 21, 1857, near Concord, Del. His preliminary education was obtained at Rugby Academy, Philadelphia. He was graduated with honors from Dickinson College in the class of 1878. Immediately upon his graduation from Dickinson he became an instructor in Pennington Seminary, where he remained three years. He taught for a while at Rugby Academy and was then called to Dickinson College in 1882 as principal of Dickinson Preparatory School, now Conway Hall.

For the past 33 years Dr. Morgan's labors have been directed to the enlargement and development of Dickinson College. He remained in the preparatory school two years, then became professor of Greek in 1884. From 1893 to 1914 he was dean of the college and it was under his guidance and management that Dickinson grew in fame and prestige. He has been a member of the Central Pennsylvania Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church for the past 20 years.

Summer School To Have 70 Courses

Seventy courses, the largest number yet offered by the University, are included in the circular which has just been issued of the Johns Hopkins University Summer School. Dr. Edward F. Buchner is director of the summer courses. The fifth year of summer courses at Hopkins will open on Monday, July 5, and continue until August 12. Each course will consist of 30 class exercises or their equivalent. Examinations will be held at the close of the courses. As the summer courses are authorized by the trustees and their credits fixed by the board of university and collegiate studies they are an integral part of the work of the university. Some courses offered are designed to meet the needs of graduate and collegiate students who wish to advance their standing or to make up deficiencies; others to enable non-matriculated students to absolve in part the entrance requirements. Courses in some subjects not given in the regular session are offered to meet the special needs of schools.

An elementary school of seven grades will be conducted by the university during the session designed primarily to demonstrate typical means and material for more effective teaching in rural schools. There are no formal examinations for admission. Students, both men and women, will be admitted to such courses as they are found qualified by the respective instructors to pursue with advantage. A feature of the summer school are the lectures and recitals which will be given every Wednesday afternoon and Friday evening in co-operation with the summer session of the Peabody Conservatory of Music.

Restored To Good Health

"I was sick for four years with stomach trouble," writes Mrs. Otto Gans; Zanesville, Ohio. "I lost weight and felt so weak that I almost gave up hope of being cured. A friend told me about Chamberlain's Tablets, and since using two bottles of them I have been a well woman." Obtainable everywhere. (Advertisement)

Agricultural College Commencement

The commencement exercises of the Maryland Agricultural College began last Sunday with a baccalaureate sermon by Rev. Randolph McKim, D. D., of Washington. Yesterday was celebrated with Class Day and other exercises. To-day the Alumni meet, and in the evening the President gives a reception to the graduates. To-morrow the commencement exercises will be held. Dr. Charles E. Monroe, Dean of George Washington University Graduate School, will deliver an address. The commencement ball will be held the same evening. Messrs. Richard Dale, of Princess Anne, and Charles E. Robinson, of Virginia, will be among the graduates.

Must Put Value On Corpse

Don't attempt to ship a corpse unless you are prepared to place a value upon it. The baggageman acting under the Cummins' amendment to the Interstate Commerce act will not check it unless a value is placed upon it.

This state of affairs arises from the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission holding that baggage comes under the Cummins' amendment requiring railroads to reimburse shippers for the full value of shipments when lost in transit. Coffins containing corpses are checked on a ticket as though they were baggage.

Reports reaching Washington indicate that the Interstate Commerce Commission's ruling, holding that the railroads cannot limit the value of baggage to \$100, is raising a storm in the traffic centers. When baggage is checked under the new orders the passenger must declare its value, and he is required to pay 10 cents for \$100 as insurance on amounts over the first \$100. The railroad holds that they are compelled to collect the additional insurance in order to cover additional liability which the Cummins' amendment forces them to assume.

Children's Day services at Quinton Methodist Protestant Church, of which Rev. N. O. Gibson, of the Pocomoke charge, is pastor, was a success, despite the inclement weather, on Sunday the 6th. Among the interesting numbers were several recitations by tiny tots, a Japanese solo by one of the juniors and a motion song by the primary class.

Bilious Attacks

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter. Obtainable everywhere. (Advertisement)

First-Class
Highland Pasturage
FOR RENT
T. P. YARROW
Princess Anne, Md.

Attractions For This Week At The Auditorium

Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Nights

Motion Pictures

Admission 5 Cents
First Pictures, 7.45; second at 9 o'clock

PHILIP M. SMITH
Undertaker
and Embalmer

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Undertaking in all its branches will receive prompt attention. A full line of Funeral Supplies always on hand. UPHOLSTERING AND FURNITURE REPAIRED AND REFURNISHED will receive prompt attention. Phone 45

Ice for Sale

My new ice plant is now completed and I am prepared to furnish the public with FIRST-CLASS ICE in any quantity at the plant.

At as Low Price as Can Be Furnished Elsewhere

YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.
ROBERT F. MADDOX,
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Beacom Business Colleges
Wilmington, Delaware Salisbury, Maryland
In Session All Summer
WRITE FOR CATALOG

Anti-Saloon League Convention

The great national convention of the Anti-Saloon League will be held at Atlantic City, N. J., July 6th to 9th, 1915. This promises to be the greatest gathering in the interest of temperance ever held in America or in the world. The convention will be addressed by such noted speakers as Sam Small, John G. Woolley, Booker T. Washington, Richmond P. Hobson, Clinton N. Howard, ex-Governor Stubbs, of Kansas, U. S. Senator Sheppard, ex-Governor Patterson, of Tennessee, and many other noted temperance workers. The music at the convention will be in charge of Prof. E. O. Excell, and one of the special features will be a great male chorus.

Each local church organization, each Sunday school, each young people's society, and each local, village, township, city, county, state or national temperance society or organization for moral uplift is entitled to one delegate, and should appoint a delegate who will attend. Besides the delegates, every one interested in the anti-liquor movement is entitled to register as a visitor. Registration as a visitor will entitle one to all the privileges of a delegate except voting power and special seat reservations in the convention halls.

Delegates should communicate with the office of the Anti-Saloon League of Maryland, 800 Equitable Building, at once for the purpose of registry and to get data concerning the Maryland headquarters and such other information as they may desire.

GORDON T. WHELTON
COUNTY SURVEYOR
CRISFIELD, MARYLAND
At Princess Anne Every Tuesday
OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE
(Formerly used by Tax Collectors)

Our Advice Is:
When you feel out of sorts from constipation, let us say that if

do not relieve you, see a physician, because no other home remedy will. Sold only by us, 10 cents.
T. J. Smith & Co.

ELTON H. ROSS
The BARBER

Sanitary Shop Three Chairs
Clean Towels
Hot and Cold Water
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

GLASSES
Prescribed by Charles W. Purnell at
O. A. Jones' Drug Store Monday Afternoon, June 21st.

Satisfaction is assured.
CHARLES W. PURNELL
OPTOMETRIST
Phone 457, J Cambridge, Md.

WASHINGTON HOTEL
TONSorial PARLOR

Sanitary and Up-to-date
Expert Workmen Only

HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor

Gwendolyn B. Dennis
SHAMPOOING
Scalp Treatment

Appointments made. Ladies exclusively
ANTIOCH AVENUE
Princess Anne, Maryland



Do You Want a Good
Complexion?

Velvet Skin Lotion

is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers.

If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief.

Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving. Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

OMAR A. JONES
Druggist Princess Anne

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

FREE DELIVERY

MAIL ORDERS SOLICITED

GET NEXT TO
THE BEST . .

THINK OF IT! IS THE BEST TOO GOOD FOR YOU?

At this time everybody wants the best their money will buy. And why not? Any merchant that does not follow this policy is not worthy of your patronage. If the merchant follows this policy how can he expect you not to.

"Deal where you get the most pork for your shilling," is an old Phoebe maxim that still holds good. The place is

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

that offers the goods you want at the price you can put up to all comers.

MATTINGS, CARPETS, RUGS and
FLOOR COVERINGS
IN LARGE VARIETY

FURNITURE FOR ALL PARTS OF THE
HOME, LAWN, PORCHES

Dress Your Home and Self at

Somerset County's Best Department Store

Ask for PRICES, ESTIMATES, SAMPLES,
Goods You Can't Find Elsewhere.
It will Pay You

Purchases over \$5.00 will be delivered to you anywhere on the Eastern Shore. This, coupled with other advantages we have to offer, should cement you to our Plan, Place and Policy

GET A THREE BURNER NEW
PERFECTION OIL COOK STOVE at \$8.50

Oil 10c. per gallon makes low-priced Summer Cooking with Comfort

W. O. LANKFORD

THE HOME FURNISHER
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

SPECIAL SALE

FOR TWO WEEKS

Beginning June 5th, Ending June 19th

DICKINSON'S

ALL SUITS AND COATS

One Suit was \$19.00	now \$9.50
Two Suits were \$18.00	now 9.25
One Suit was \$7.50	now 3.75
Two Suits were \$25.00	now 5.00
One Suit was \$22.50	now 5.00
One Suit was \$18.50	now 5.00
Seven Coats were \$16.00	now 8.00
Three Coats were \$12.50	now 6.25
One Coat was \$11.00	now 5.50

WOOLEN DRESS GOODS

In all Colors: Black, Navy, Blues, Browns, White and Checks . . .

In all colors \$1.75	now \$1.49
In all colors \$1.50	now 1.19
In all colors \$1.25	now .99
In all colors \$1.00	now .69
In all colors .75	now .59
In all colors 50	now .39

ALL INGRAIN CARPET

75c values	now 49c
50c values	now 39c
35c values	now 23c
25c values	now 19c

Terms: CASH. No goods charged at these prices

W. S. DICKINSON & SON

Pocomoke City, Maryland

WORRY IS A PERIL

It Often Causes Ills Greater by Far Than Itself.

LIABLE TO LEAD TO DEATH.

In Many Cases It is an Important Agent in the Production of Diabetes, Gout, Goiter, Chronic Heart Disease and Other Physical Troubles.

With the possible exception of those in the period of happy childhood, every one is at times a victim of worry. In fact, the average individual thinks of and accepts worry much as he thinks of and accepts disagreeable weather conditions—as one of the bitter things of life which must be taken with the sweet. In other words, he regards it as a fact, but does not attempt to analyze it.

The wisest thinkers of all times have recognized the condition, and many well known writers have expressed their views of its psychology. What has not been sufficiently recognized, however, until very recently, is the importance of worry, not merely in itself, as implying the absence of happiness, but as the cause of ill far greater than itself, the cause predisposing to secondary manifestations which would otherwise have been escaped altogether.

Having fully comprehended this fact, the next logical step in scientific progression is to determine the exact mechanism by which these disturbances are brought about. Through the combined efforts of psychologists and physiologists we are just beginning to reach the true physical basis of this important subject.

The keynote of worry is beyond doubt a disturbance of the mind, says Dr. E. D. Forrester in the Medical Record. It may be defined as the restless consciousness of all incumbrances which we accept under protest.

To elaborate this definition, it is the mind's unrest about anything which concerns us, whether it relates to our future, our dear ones, a cause we have espoused, our happiness, our salvation, our means of support, our position in life, our health, our fate or our success in general. It does not consist solely in our interest in all these things; it is rather a disquietude arising from a feeling of helplessness before the various chances and claims of life.

The popular opinion seems to be that the mental condition is one of depression, possibly because the physical manifestations are chiefly depressive in nature. The fact cannot be too strongly emphasized, however, that the primary mental condition is one of overactivity and, moreover, overactivity along lines of fixed ideas.

Without taking up individually the phases of worry brought about by the various specific causes the physical manifestations of worry in general may be said to be depression of respiration, sighing, disturbances in rate and force of heart beat, vasomotor changes, disturbances in secretion, pallor, cold extremities, relaxation and decreased motility of the alimentary tract, dilatation of the pupil, loss of weight, insomnia and general physical exhaustion.

These disturbances may vary in their prominence and may appear as groups of symptoms characterizing well known diseases. Thus worry is sometimes an important agent in the production of diabetes, gout, exophthalmic goiter and chronic heart disease.

Inasmuch as worry is primarily a disease of the mind, and since every portion of the body is intimately connected with every other part by a network of nervous tissue of great complexity, we naturally seek for the causes of these manifestations, first of all, in the nervous system.

In every individual at a given time there is a limited amount of potential energy stored up in the cells of the brain. This function seems to rest in the chromatin granules of the nerve cells, and it has been shown repeatedly that a liberation of nervous energy, whether in response to a psychic or sensory stimulus, results in a physiological degeneration of the chromatin granules, and consequently of the cells themselves. Obviously a prolonged discharge of nervous energy diminishes by so much the amount left in the brain cells. Furthermore, stimuli of sufficient number, intensity or duration may cause exhaustion and death.

Origin of the Sun Flag.
The origin of the emblem of the sun as the Japanese national symbol dates back to time immemorial. The first record of its use on land is that of a famous war lord of the eleventh century; again in the fifteenth century the emblem was adopted by the feudal lords and warriors. The connection of the emblem with the navy is also deep rooted, having had local usage as early as 71 A. D. and a more extended field in 110 A. D. The official adoption of the sun flag to represent the nation took place in 1810.—Bulletin of the Japan Society.

Downward Revision.
Two Minutes After the Exam.—Aw, that was a cinch. I crashed that easy! Right between the eyes!
One Day After the Exam.—Of course there were a couple of little things I didn't get quite right.
Two Days After the Exam.—Say, I think I got two questions all wrong.
Three Days After the Exam.—Pass it? Well, I should say not. I flunked it cold.—Yale Record.

Conscience is the highest of all courts.—Victor Hugo.

A WORD FOR MOTHERS

It is a grave mistake for mothers to neglect their aches and pains and suffer in silence—this only leads to chronic sickness and often shortens life.

If your work is tiring; if your nerves are excited; if you feel languid, weary or depressed, you should know that Scott's Emulsion overcomes just such conditions. It possesses in concentrated form the best elements to invigorate the blood, strengthen the tissues, nourish the nerves and build strength.

Scott's is strengthening thousands of mothers—and will help you. No alcohol. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

Glacier Protection.
Protecting itself against a glacier is the peculiar problem that confronts the town of Valdez, Alaska. This glacier, situated between mountain masses several miles away, has proved dangerous in periods of long sunshine, when great masses of ice sometimes fall to the ground, releasing tons of water that had been held in pools and ponds on the glacier. The water rushing to the town picked up trees and boulders on the way, often doing considerable damage, as in 1911, when 108 structures were carried to the ocean. United States army officers conceived the idea of preventing the recurrence of such floods by the construction of a dike. The dike is in a general U shape, so constructed that the town lies within the arms out of reach of the water. It is 7,500 feet long and six feet wide, constructed of earth. During flood times guards patrol the dike ready to give warning if any weakness or break is discovered.—Technical World.

The Good Birds Do.
The department of agriculture informs us that out of fifty species of hawks and owls only four are actually injurious to crops. One observer tells us that he has seen with his own eyes an owl of his acquaintance swallowing nine field mice, one after another, until the tail of the last remained in evidence. However, in four hours, this meal having been digested with no apparent effort, the owl was ready for four more mice. The old hawk and his wife will consume a round dozen of mice each during a single day, and in two months' time their youthful brood will devour a similar quantity. It has been stated that a colony of hawks will kill 10,000 rodents in three months' time. We all know what damage mice perpetrate in our grain fields. The farmer may well spare a chicken or two from his henyard in payment for service rendered him by these birds of prey.—Countryside Magazine and Suburban Life.

The House Centipede.
The common house centipede is not a creature to be dreaded, although its bite is more or less poisonous, but there are so few cases on record of its biting human beings that the danger from this source may be said to be negligible. On the other hand, the centipede is a valuable destroyer of other and far more disagreeable vermin. According to a bulletin of the United States department of agriculture, it feeds on houseflies, cockroaches, moths, bedbugs and other such pests. It does not eat holes in blankets, curtains, carpets or furniture. The centipede thrives in damp places, such as bathrooms, closets, cellars and conservatories; it loves hot water pipes and steam radiators. It is not an insect, but one of the order of myriapoda. If by chance a person be bitten by a centipede, bathing the spot with ammonia will speedily cure it.

Mother and Efficiency.
The efficiency experts appear to have overlooked the most important field of all. While the railroads have been subjected to the closest scrutiny, while the automobile industry has been reduced to the lowest cost minimum, and filing systems, group work, overhead charges, etc., have all received their meed, mother appears to have escaped. Mother still does pretty much as she pleases. Her whims still continue to regulate the prices of the leading commodities. Whether a large portion of the community shall travel, how much they shall eat and what they shall wear still depends upon mother, who buys nine-tenths of everything that is bought. Until the "mother efficient" is inaugurated, how can we expect to make much progress?—Life.

Stars Hotter Than the Sun.
Scientific research shows that the sun has a temperature of 4850 degrees; Aldebaran, that beautiful star in Taurus, 5150 degrees; the polar star, 5200 degrees, and the dog star Sirius, 7500 degrees. This goes to show that the sun is undoubtedly one of the coldest of the stars. It also is evidence that absurdly low temperatures of the earth which living things here consider hot are, as compared with the heavenly bodies, regions of frigidities. Even the electric furnace, with its 3500 degrees of heat, is as ice compared with temperatures in the dog star and the others.—New York American.

Northern Lights.
The frequency of the Aurora Borealis is supposed to be variable, with a period of about eleven years, corresponding almost exactly with that of the frequency of sun spots. For this reason, among others, it is supposed that some connection exists between the two.

The Human Jaw.
The human jaw is very loosely socketed in the skull, so that it is often dislocated by the mere act of yawning. Not being intended for biting purposes, offensive or defensive, no attention seems to have been paid by nature to making it fast.

Two Convincing Reasons.
Lord Peterborough, who lived in the reign of Queen Anne, was very frolicsome, and one day, seeing from his carriage a dancing master with pearl colored stockings lightly stepping over the broad stones and picking his way in extremely dirty weather, he alighted and ran after him with drawn sword in order to drive him into the mud, but into which he, of course, followed himself. This nobleman was once taken for the Duke of Marlborough and was mobbed in consequence. The duke was then in disgrace with the people, and Lord Peterborough was about to be roughly handled. Turning to them, he said:
"Gentlemen, I can convince you by two reasons that I am not the Duke of Marlborough. In the first place, I have only five guineas in my pocket, and, in the second, they are heartily at your service."

Burned For Thirty Years.
Some illicit whisky distillers once set up their plant in the workings of a disused coal mine on a lonely part of the South Sauchie coal field, in Scotland, but an accident compelled them to change their quarters. They discovered that one of their furnaces had caused a smoldering fire in the abandoned coal seam, and, falling in their efforts to extinguish it, the "moon-shiners" left the place in a hurry without reporting the occurrence to the authorities. The fire in the old pit continued to smolder until at night the flames, issuing from the mouth of the shaft, attracted the attention of the inhabitants around. But it was found that the fire had reached such a point that all attempts to put it out proved futile. It burned itself out in thirty years.—London Mail.

Defeated Himself.
When couched in negative form requests bring negative results. A young man said to a father, "I suppose you will refuse if I ask for the hand of your daughter." The father replied, "Yes, I will refuse, but if you had put it the other way, that you were bound to have my daughter if you had to kill me first, you could have had her. As it is, you have defeated yourself at the start, and I do not want a son-in-law of that type of mind. A man who defeats himself on propositions at the start needs to be looked after by some one else most of the time."—Tomorrow's Topics.

An Unreasonable Fellow.
"Oh, it's no fun being engaged to him," she said bitterly.
"Why not?" asked her dearest friend.
"Why, when you stir up a little quarrel just to drive away the ennui he takes it seriously and keeps you worried for fear you've really lost him."

Different Now.
"Time alters many things."
"What's the matter?"
"Here I have been half an hour trying to wake up little Willie, and when he was a baby many a time I'd have given all I had just to get him to sleep."—Detroit Free Press.

Taking a Chance on Him.
"What was you askin' for the widder's bonnet, mum?"
"Well—er—I thought ninnepence."
"It's very ill, mum. I think I'll risk it."—London Tatler.

On the Trip.
Captain—Looks like a baby squall coming up. Passenger—I suppose it is coming from the cradle of the deep.—Baltimore American.

You can't gain admission to a man's confidences by knocking.—Omaha World-Herald.

CONFIRMED TESTIMONY

The Kind Princess Anne Readers Cannot Doubt
Doan's Kidney Pills have stood the test.
The test of time—the hardest test of all.
Thousands gratefully testify.
To quick relief—lasting results.
Princess Anne readers can no longer doubt the evidence.
It's convincing testimony—twice-told and well confirmed.
Princess Anne readers should profit by these experiences.
C. F. Parks, prop. general store, Landonsville, says: "I suffered for several months from irregularity of kidneys and at night my rest was disturbed. I had soreness in the kidneys and if I attempted to stoop or lift, I had sharp twinges. I heard so much about Doan's Kidney Pills that I decided to give them a trial. I could not have received better results for I was relieved." (Statement given May 8, 1908) over two years later Mr. Parks said: "The cure I got some time ago is still permanent."
Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Parks had. Foster-Milburn Co., Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y. (Advertisement)

OVER 25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
Foreign and Domestic
Copyrights &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. We can also advise you free of charge as to securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any patent journal. Terms, \$2 a year in advance. Single copies, 10c.
MUNN & CO., 36 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 405 F St., Washington, D. C.

TRUCK PACKAGES

You will soon be wanting CRATES, BARRELS or BASKETS for shipping your crops this season.
Place your orders early, it gives you the satisfaction of knowing that you will be supplied when the time comes.

SEE US BEFORE BUYING
The Princess Anne Milling Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF
STRAWBERRY and TOMATO CRATES, BARRELS and TRUCK BASKETS,
LUMBER and BUILDING MATERIAL
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

GO TO KING'S 500 HORSES AND MULES AT PRIVATE SALE

EVERY DAY, 6 A. M. to 6 P. M.
We are first hands, and you save all other profits by buying direct from us

SELL YOUR HORSES AND MULES At KING'S AUCTION

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10.30 A. M.

Buyers get honest representation, and Sellers get a full Auction Value and their Money in 30 seconds. We don't charge to offer Horses and Mules not sold.

OUR REFERENCE:—EVERYBODY
JAMES KING & SONS

High, Baltimore & Fayette Sts. BALTIMORE, MD.

N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect May 31, 1915

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	49-1049	81	43	47-1047	45				
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.				
New York (Penn. Station)	9:00			8:00	12:06				
Philadelphia	11:17		7:25	10:00	3:00				
Wilmington	12:01 a. m.		8:13	10:44	3:44				
Baltimore	8:10 p. m.		8:30	9:00	1:45				
Delmar		A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.				
Salisbury		3:09	6:50	11:48	1:35	7:12			
PRINCESS ANNE		3:20	7:03	12:05 p. m.	1:48	7:26			
Cape Charles		3:32	7:15	12:15	2:03	7:33			
Old Point		6:05	10:25		4:45	10:50			
Norfolk		8:20			6:40				
					9:00				
*8:00 a. m. on Sundays									

NORTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	44	42	48-1048	80	50-1050				
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.				
Norfolk			8:40		6:00				
Old Point			9:25		7:00				
Cape Charles			11:40		9:20				
PRINCESS ANNE			12:05 p. m.		11:50				
Salisbury			7:39	11:34	2:40				
Delmar			7:56	12:07 p. m.	2:59				
					9:30				
Wilmington		A. M.	P. M.		A. M.				
Baltimore		Ar. 11:09	3:49	5:40 p. m.	4:05				
Philadelphia		11:55	5:05		5:00				
New York		12:42 a. m.	5:56	7:22	6:00				
		3:00	5:00	9:15	7:32				

CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward					CRISFIELD BRANCH—Northward				
Leave	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	Leave	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
King's Creek	7:15	8:55			Crisfield	6:40	1:00		
Ar. Crisfield	8:30	9:05			Ar. King's Creek	8:45	1:45		
No Sunday trains on this branch.									
Trains Nos. 49-1049, 47-1047, 8-1048, 50-1050 daily. Nos. 81, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50 daily except Sunday. R. E. COOKE, Traffic Manager. C. I. LEIPER, Superintendent.									

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset county letters of administration on the estate of
DANIEL W. MILES,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the
Thirtieth day of October, 1915,
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 16th day of April, 1915.
ADDISON D. MILES and LORENA E. PORTER,
Admrs. of Daniel W. Miles, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER,** Register of Wills. 4-13

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset county letters of administration on the estate of
L. THOMAS BEAUCHAMP,
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the
Sixteenth day of September, 1915,
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.
ASBURY P. BEAUCHAMP, SARAH E. BEAUCHAMP,
Admrs. of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER,** Reg. W. S. C. 3-16

Will Save You Money on Your Spring Office and School Supplies

MEYER & THALHEIMER The Big Stationery Store

Baltimore and Howard Sts., Baltimore, Md.
Blank Books for Every Purpose
Loose Leaf Ledger Outfits and Devices
Wood and All-Steel Sectional Filing Cabinets
Commercial Stationery, School Supplies
Our immense Variety and Reasonable Prices
Assure Absolute Satisfaction

"The Best Possible Newspaper!"

What sort of a paper is it? In the first place, it must be a Home Paper—the Woman's Friend and a part of her daily life. And it must be a necessity to the Business Man. It must not only tell what is happening in the world, but it must go farther and tell what it is happening and what it means. The Best Possible Newspaper has a staff of correspondents covering the world field of the Associated United Press, securing the earth for vital human facts. It has fashions and art, books and music, literature and politics at its right hand. It has the markets for the farmer, the merchant, the broker.
The world has never seen an age of greater constructive significance in politics, in science, in society. Every move in the field of action is a topic for discussion in cities, villages, hamlets, at crossroads. And the Best Possible Newspaper must equip its readers for intelligent understanding of all these things.
That is precisely why it is the simple truth that for your purpose, and for the purposes of the whole South, the BEST POSSIBLE NEWSPAPER is

THE BALTIMORE SUN

(Morning, Evening and Sunday)
Morning, or Evening by Mail, 25c. a Month, \$3 a Year
THE SUNDAY SUN, by mail is { 1 Month, 15c. \$1.50 a Year
{ 2 Months, 25c.

All three editions by mail \$7.50 a year
Address your order to
THE A. S. ABELL COMPANY, Baltimore, Md.

**WHEN in want of
STYLISH and QUALITY PRINTING**
Call or Phone **MARYLANDER and HERALD**

The Baltimore American

ESTABLISHED 1873.

The Daily American
Term By Mail, Postage Prepaid:
Daily, one month, \$1.25
Daily and Sunday, one month, \$1.45
Daily, three months, \$3.75
Daily and Sunday, three months, \$4.50
Daily, six months, \$7.00
Daily and Sunday, six months, \$8.25
Daily, one year, \$12.00
Daily, with Sunday edition, one year, \$13.50
Sunday edition, one year, \$1.50

The Twice-A-Week American
The Cheapest and Best Family Newspaper
Published
ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

The Twice-A-Week American is published in two issues, Tuesday and Friday mornings, with the news of the week in compact shape. It also contains special correspondence, entertaining romances, good poetry, local matter of general interest and fresh miscellany suitable for the home circle. A carefully prepared Agricultural Department and full and reliable Financial and Market Reports, are special features.
Address all letters to
CHAS. C. FULTON & CO.,
FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher
AMERICAN OFFICE
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

The Baltimore News

An Independent Newspaper

Published Every Afternoon
Including Sunday
A Newspaper for the Home
For the Family Circle
Covers thoroughly the news of the City, State and Country. Complete Market Reports of same day reach you by mail early next morning. Buy it from your local newsdealer or order it by mail.
One Month, 30c
Three Months, 90c
Six Months, \$1.75
One Year, \$3.50

The Baltimore News

Baltimore - Maryland

**YOU CAN
SHARE IN THE GREAT SAVING**
On Commercial Fertilizers
By The Use Of



CRIMSON CLOVER

Send Farmers Bulletin No. 876 on Crimson Clover, 12c. Free, to U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.
A bushel of Crimson Clover Seed sown on four acres of ground will increase the succeeding yield of Corn or Cotton about the same amount as would a ton of complete fertilizer applied at the rate of 500 lbs. per acre. A good stand of Crimson Clover turned under will ordinarily double the yield of the crops which follow. The physical condition of the soil is also materially benefited. The Sandy Soils are increased in Humus and Nitrogen. Crumbs. The stiff, heavy soils are rendered more open and friable.
Crimson Clover makes an excellent grazing crop, hay, ensilage and pasture for all classes of live stock. Milch cows make considerably more milk when pastured on Crimson Clover. It is also valuable as a honey plant, furnishing an abundant supply of nectar in the spring.
Crimson Clover is valuable as a Winter Cover crop. It is especially valuable in Orchards where it is generally plowed under as a green manure crop. The plants retain for the use of the trees the following season much of the plant food which would otherwise leach out of the ground during the Winter and early Spring. A good stand of Crimson Clover not only reduces the erosion and the gullying of the fields, but on sandy soils, the blowing of the soil by the wind is greatly lessened. The plants also serve to hold the soil in place to a greater extent than if the field was left bare during the Winter. More and more each year farmers are realizing the importance and great value of Crimson Clover.

Belgian's "Gold" Brand Standard
is exceptionally fine. It has large well matured plump bright golden berries. If you want the best Field Seeds of any kind always insist on getting Belgian's "Gold" Brand Standard Clovers and Grasses.
We Offer Enormous Stocks
Cow Peas, Winter Vetch, Sudan Grass, Timothy Seed, Red Clover, Alfalfa, Blue Grass, Orchard Grass, Winter Rye, Tall Meadow Oats Grass, Millet, Permanent Pasture Mixture, Dwarf Essex Rape, all varieties of Turnip Seed, including Cow Horn Turnip, Southern Seven Top, Yellow Globe, Etc. Cabbage, Kale, Spinach, Winter Radish.
We both buy and sell Fancy Seed Wheat
Send Samples.
Instruction Books Free
Send for our large Garden, Field and Flower Seed Catalogue, also our 24 page Poultry and Poultry Supply Catalogue, containing valuable information for all Poultry Raisers.
Five Dollars in Gold
For the largest and best developed Red Top White Globe Turnip grown on our seed and delivered at our store on or before November 15th 1915. This is the hardest and most reliable Turnip. It is a large, rapid-growing sort, with globular shaped roots, flesh pure white. The skin is white and purple. The under portion being white and the top bright purple.
Send us ten cents in stamps, mention this paper and we will send you a large package of this wonderful turnip so you can enter this contest.

J. Belgiano & Son,
Almost 100 years selling "Big One" Seeds.
Baltimore, Md.

**SAMUEL J. PRITCHETTE
AUCTIONEER**
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.
Route No. 2
When you have a Sale call on me
Terms Reasonable

SO EASY TO WORK TO FIX

When you install one of these pumps you get lasting satisfactory service. For 40 years we have been building pumps fitted for wells.

KANAWHA PUMPS

When we fit a pump for a well there is no guess work—it is correct, because

—WE KNOW HOW—

Catalog on Request. Sold by Dealers

Kanawha Pump Works
9 W. Pratt St., Baltimore, Md.

RAWLINGS PULVERIZING HARROWS & CULTIVATORS

ALL STEEL SIX SIZES

Manufacturers and Dealers in Implements Engines Vehicles

Saves 1 Man, 1 Team, 1 Horse
Saves 10 to 12 Dollars, \$14.00

Tell your needs to us or to your dealer, but insist on Rawlings Goods.

The Baltimore Star

The Leading Evening Paper of the South

The Baltimore Star, established August 17, 1908, by the publishers of The Baltimore American, has won its place as the representative evening paper of the South. It gives more news and more reading matter than any other afternoon paper in Maryland. It is especially rich in departmental—financial, sporting, society, children, women, and to these departments the best writers of America are regular contributors. The Star is the great home paper, with something for every member of the family. It is a cheerful newspaper, with plenty of entertainment. Those who try it keep on taking it.

The Star is elaborately illustrated. It has the first photographs of important events. Its portraits of leading men and women are unequalled.

The Star has two great news services, with wires direct to its offices from all parts of the world. The Star has a wireless equipment. It uses every modern invention and the best enterprise to get all the news.

The Star is different from other Southern papers. It has a quality of its own.

ONE CENT A COPY. One year, 25 cents; three months, 75 cents; one month, \$3.

Address:

FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher
C. C. FULTON & CO.,
American Building, Baltimore Maryland

Don't suffer longer with RHEUMATISM

No matter how chronic or how helpless you think your case may be, you can get quick and permanent relief by taking nature's remedy, "SEVEN BARKS." Get at the root of the disease, and drive the uric acid and all other poisons out of your system for good. "SEVEN BARKS" has been doing this successfully for the past 43 years. Price 50 cents per bottle at all druggists or from the proprietor, LYMAN BROWN, 68 Murray St., New York, N. Y.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Powder, the antiseptic powder for painful, smarting, tender, nervous feet. It takes the sting of corns and bunions. Over 100,000 packages are being used by the German and Allied troops at the front. Sold everywhere. 25c. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic

Railway Company

RAILWAY DIVISION

Schedule effective January 10, 1915.

EAST BOUND.

Fr. Baltimore.....	9 P. M.	3 A. M.
Salisbury.....	2 30	6 30
Ar. Ocean.....	8 15	12 02
	9 16	1 06
	P. M.	P. M.

WEST BOUND.

Lv. Ocean City.....	6 10	10 P. M.
Salisbury.....	6 20	10 30
Ar. Baltimore.....	40	3 55
	1 15	9 35
	P. M.	P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

T. MURDOCH, Gen. Pass. Agent
WILLARD THOMPSON, General Manager.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE

WOMEN

Love This Magazine

McCALL'S is the Fashion Guide and House-keeping Helper of more women than any other magazine in the world. All the latest styles every month; also delightful stories that entertain, and special departments in cooking, home dressing, fancy work, etc., that lighten household work and save money. Price, only 50c a year, with one celebrated McCall Dress Pattern FREE.

SEND A POSTAL CARD NOW FOR

1. A FREE Sample Copy of McCALL'S MAGAZINE; or

2. A FREE Copy of McCALL'S 60c. 40-page FASHION CATALOGUE; or

3. McCALL'S 60c. 40-page Price List to Every CHURCH.

Address Dept. N

THE McCALL CO., 236 N. 2nd St., New York, N. Y.

FREE

FREE

11 Mothers Only Know

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for children relieve Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, etc., and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. They break up Colic in 24 hours. Used by mothers for 26 years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample free. Address, A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Bulldogs.

The origin of the bulldog for a long time has been a matter of controversy, although the origin of the name has been easy to find. It comes from the dog that was used for bull baiting, a sport that was popular some years ago. In attacking the bull the bulldog always attacked him in front and usually fastened to his lip, tongue or eye and would hold on in spite of the strenuous efforts of the bull to shake him off. Puppies of six months of age were sometimes tried against a bull to see of what mettle they were made, although a dog was not thought ready for his best work until he was fifteen or eighteen months of age and would not reach his prime until four or five years. The bulldog of today is usually well past his prime at five years of age. This undoubtedly has been brought about by inbreeding in order to get perfect show specimens, and as a result their constitutions weakened.—Exchange.

In the Days Before Coal.

People sometimes wonder how their forefathers got on in the days before coal became the staple heater. They fared ill. Wood was the chief commodity in use, both in its natural state and as charcoal, the latter being prepared in the country and suburbs of London and brought into the city in carts, the chief means of its sale being at Smithfield and on Cornhill. By an enactment of Richard II. it was decreed that the price of charcoal should be fixed at tenpence per quarter from Michaelmas to Easter and eightpence per quarter during the remainder of the year, the regulation of its sale—as well as that of firewood—being committed to the mayor and aldermen. Among the poorer folk fern, reeds and stubble served as fuel, and quite a common method of keeping warm was to sit over pots filled with hot water.—London Chronicle.

The Battery an Historic Spot.

New York city has nature at both ends, the Bronx park at the north, while at the southern extremity one finds the Aquarium, which is so far out of the way as to be much neglected. And what changes this spot has seen! Originally a rocky point, with a few guns for defense, it became a resort for fresh air seekers and then was serviceable for public meetings, for which the enormous building was so well adapted. Here Louis Kossuth delivered his fervent eloquence to sympathizing crowds, and here Barnum held the Jenny Lind, concerts, as it was the only building of sufficient size. Then it became the entrance for immigrants, where thousands first trod American soil, and, last of all, it is now the wonderful Aquarium, free to the public.—Magazine of American History.

Greatly Benefited by Chamberlain's Liniment

"I have used Chamberlain's Liniment for sprains, bruises and rheumatic pains, and the great benefit I have received justifies my recommending it in the highest terms," writes Mrs. Florence Slife, Wabash, Ind. If you are troubled with rheumatic pains you will certainly be pleased with the prompt relief which Chamberlain's Liniment affords. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement]

Take a Rexall Orderlie

Tonight

It will act as a laxative in the morning

T. J. Smith & Co.

If You Are Thinking of PAINTING USE

B. P. S.

BEST PAINT SOLD

or ever will be sold

T. J. SMITH & CO.

DRUGGISTS

Princess Anne, Md.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

DAVID LOKEY.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Ninth Day of September, 1915,

or they may otherwise be lawfully excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 4th day of March, 1915.

MARCELIUS W. NISKEY.

Administrator of David Lokoy, deceased.

True Copy. Test:

SIDNEY WALLER.
Register of Wills.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

A toilet preparation of merit. Restores color and beauty to gray or faded hair. 25c. and 50c. per bottle.

FIGHTING IN FANCY DRESS.

One English Troop Used to Be Called the Golden Goldfinches.

Dandies were much in evidence in the Peninsular war, and an officer of the famous Light division has recorded how some of the officers were "rigged out in all the colors of the rainbow. Some had gray braided coats, others brown; some again liked blue, and the comical appearance of a number of infantry officers loaded with leather bottoms to their pantaloons and huge chains suspended from the side buttons was amusing enough. * * *

The "cut down" hat, exactly a span in height, was another rage. This burlesque on a chapeau was usually topped by some extraordinary looking feather."

The Duke of Wellington, however, never troubled about what his officers wore if only they brought their men intact into the firing line with sixty rounds of ammunition apiece, and one of the chaplains, known as "the Fighting Parson," always wore a red hussar jacket, while during the battle of Vittoria General Picton wore, instead of the usual cocked hat, a round and very old hat and carried "a huge white umbrella lined with green."

But it is doubtful if any regiment has ever been dressed more strangely than the old Portsea volunteers, who in 1797 wore gold and scarlet cords, golden rosettes, feathers, cockades, white waistcoats, "gold wings" (to quote the official description) and "frilled skirts, largely figured." Hence their nickname, "The Golden Goldfinches."—London Tit-Bits.

NOBEL'S GREAT GIFT.

Yearly Prizes That Come From the Fund He Left to Posterity.

Alfred B. Nobel, the Swedish scientist and inventor of dynamite, died in 1896, leaving his fortune, which was estimated at \$9,000,000, to the founding of a fund of which the interest should be yearly given as prizes to those persons who had during the year contributed most to "the good of humanity." The interest is divided in five equal shares, awarded as follows:

"One to the person who in the domain of physics has made the most important discovery or invention, one to the person who has made the most important chemical discovery or invention, one to the person who has made the most important discovery in the domain of medicine or physiology, one to the person who in literature has provided the most excellent work of an idealistic tendency and one to the person who has worked most or best for the fraternization of nations and the abolition or reduction of standing armies and the calling and propagating of peace congresses."

The value of each prize is, on an average, \$40,000. The awards for physics and chemistry are given by the Swedish Academy of Science, that for physiology or medical work by the Caroline Institute (the faculty of medicine in Stockholm), that for literature by the Swedish Academy of Stockholm and the peace prize by a committee of five persons elected by the Norwegian storting.—Philadelphia Press.

The Seven Seas.

The phrase "the seven seas" has been current for some time—was so current when Kipling universalized it twenty years ago—to denote all the great waters of the earth. Its use divides into seven parts the "tripartite ocean (the Atlantic, Pacific and Indian oceans) as the north and south Atlantic, the north and south Pacific, the Indian, the Arctic and the Antarctic oceans. It is interesting to note that Roman Italy had its "seven seas," the chain of salt lagoons about the mouth of the Po, separated from the Adriatic by strips of sand or embankments. The lagoons were in ancient days much more extensive than now, and the "Septem Mares" afforded a continuous means of internal navigation from Ravenna to Altinum.—New York Times.

Deep Sea Diving.

Diving with the aid of artificial mechanism is at least 1,000 years older than the Christian religion. Homer compared the fall of Hector's chariot to the descent of an oyster diver. Aristotle mentioned a diving apparatus, and while Alexander the Great had no submarines, still he ordered divers to destroy the underwater defenses of Tyre. Later on Livy told about treasures being recovered from sunken ships by divers. So it appears that our old world has made but slight progress in penetrating the depths of the sea, which in some places is six miles deep.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Impudence.

Two-thirds of Jones' makeup is curiosity, the other third wit. A short time ago he met his neighbor proudly displaying a valuable horse. "That is a fine horse you have there, Brown!" he exclaimed cordially. "How much did you give for him?"

"I gave my note," was the crisp rejoinder.

"Well, you got him cheap," said Jones.—Chicago News.

Not in His Line.

Wife—A tramp at the back door who has already eaten a piece of that pie I made yesterday wants to know if you can do anything for him. Husband—Tell him, my dear, that I am a commission merchant, not a doctor.—Houston Post.

Opportunities.

The wise man grasps small opportunities and makes them big, while the fool sits in an easy chair and waits for great opportunities to come his way.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Scientific Farming

CORN THAT BEATS FROST.

This Can Be Grown in the Northwest-ern Wheat Regions.

After nearly twenty years of work by the Agricultural college of Washington and co-operating farmers two varieties of corn adapted to the rigorous climate of the Pacific northwest are making strong bids for a permanent place in the farming of those states whose climate is characterized by occasional late spring frosts, cool nights, even in midsummer, and fairly early fall frosts, writes J. L. Ashlock in the Country Gentleman. The problem of western and northern corn growers, whose exclusive interest till lately has been in wheat, has been to find or develop a type of corn that will stand the late spring frost and the cool midsummer nights and ripen up ahead of the fall frosts.

The two new varieties of corn are distinct types, known in the work of the Agricultural college as Thayer Yellow Dent and Windus White Dent. Oddly enough, authentic facts relative to their introduction into the northwest cannot be determined. Nearly twenty years ago C. H. Thayer, now dead, and his neighbor, W. V. Windus, who is still living, were growing



YELLOW DENT CORN.

them in Whitman county, Wash. Windus grew the white and Thayer the yellow. Each man had obtained his seed from a neighbor. The neighbors, now dead, apparently had obtained the seed "somewhere in the east" and had done a good deal of field selecting, which in turn was taken up by the Agricultural college.

As years passed by Thayer and Windus grew their corn with increasing success. In the early nineties the agricultural college was founded in the state of Washington, and when attempts were made a few years later to introduce corn Windus and Thayer, who lived near the new institution, enthusiastically donated seed for trial, each vowing that his was superior to the other.

In succeeding years many varieties of corn were tried out and eliminated by late frosts or the cool nights of midsummer. Several kinds escaped the frosts and coolness of summer, only to be nipped in the fall even before they could be shelled. The white and yellow dents, however, promptly gave evidence of their worth. Still, it was several years before the agricultural college felt safe in recommending the corn to the farmers. In 1907 it seemed advisable to offer limited quantities of the seed for trial. By this time one was called Thayer Yellow Dent and the other Windus White Dent.

But men who were successfully engaged in the production of wheat and knew corn only as seen in the great corn states of the middle west and east looked askance. Only by the utmost coaxing could the agricultural college induce thirty farmers to try small patches of it. The results were so good that in the next year, 1908, it was possible to distribute 275 samples of seed among farmers who promised to give it a fair trial. In 1909 700 samples of the corn were distributed. Each year since then has marked an additional step in overthrowing the wheat farmer's prejudice against corn, till the present year finds corn quite well established in northwestern wheat regions. In January, February and March of the present year the agricultural college distributed more than 5,000 pounds of Windus and Thayer Dent, representing only a fractional part of what will be planted.

On the state farm at Pullman, Whitman county, Wash., the Thayer Yellow Dent grows from five to seven feet high, ears well and produces four to seven tons of silage an acre. Yields running all the way from thirty to sixty bushels have been obtained, which is pretty good for a region far too rigorous for corn as found in its natural habitat. Planted from the 10th to the 15th of May, the yellow corn usually is ready to cut by the middle of September. Under like conditions the Windus White Dent grows about a foot taller than the Thayer Yellow, with correspondingly heavier stalks and foliage. It ears well and by October or a little earlier yields six to eight tons of silage to the acre.

CLUBROOT IN CABBAGES.

When cabbages, cauliflower, turnips or similar crops are grown repeatedly or in succession on the same piece of ground the roots of these vegetables are likely to become attacked by what is known as clubroot. In our older gardens we do not seem to have very much trouble from that source. Nor is there much danger in soils that contain a good proportion of lime. Lime applications are therefore often recommended as a means to head off the disease. The vegetables of this family should be kept out of any piece of ground where the disease has once made its appearance, at least for several years. If you set plants entirely free from infection and put them in a spot that was free from clubroot last year you will not be likely to have your plants injured or destroyed by this disease.

KILLING THE POTATO BEETLE

Paris Green and Lead Arsenate the Favorite Remedies.

A good method is to mix the paris green with ten to twenty parts of cheap flour, sifted land plaster or air slaked lime before applying. It is always advisable to add lime (air slaked) to neutralize the soluble acid contained in paris green, and if this is done no injury will result. Large plants can be much more thoroughly treated by spraying. The paris green should be used at the rate of one pound in 100 gallons of water to which two pounds of fresh slaked lime have been added. It can be combined with bordeaux mixture, which is used to control blight, without the addition of the extra lime.

Lead arsenate is replacing paris green in spraying potatoes, as in all other spraying with arsenicals. The paste lead arsenate should be used at the rate of three pounds in fifty gallons of water or the dry lead arsenate at the rate of one and one-half pounds in fifty gallons of water. The lead arsenate is less liable to injure foliage, sticks to the leaves much better than paris green, and one application is often as effectual as two or more of the latter.

Poison should be applied as soon as the young larvae begin to hatch, and the number of applications to be given will depend upon the abundance of the pest as the season advances.

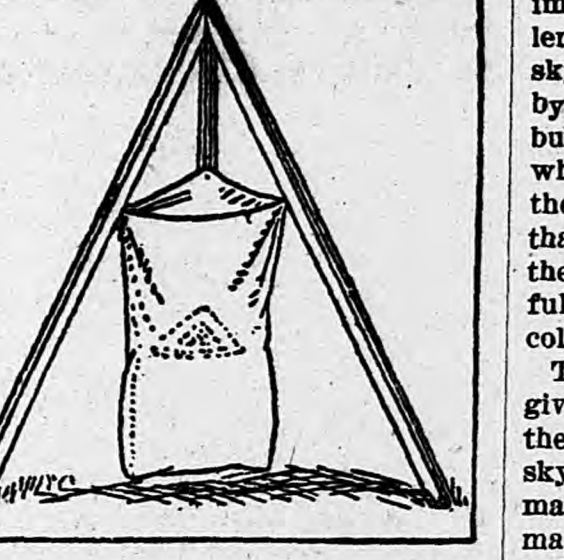
Often only an occasional plant will be infested at first, and with a small amount of poison in a compressed air knapsack sprayer one can treat these in a short time. Frequently this will reduce the numbers so that no further treatment will be necessary.

Dr. J. B. Smith of New Jersey recommends spraying potatoes as soon as the beetles begin to feed in order to kill these before the eggs are laid.—B. H. Walden, Experiment Station, New Haven, Conn.

Handy Bag Filling Device.

A handy device for filling bags can be made by following the plan given herewith:

Set up three posts, as shown in picture. The apex should be about six feet from the ground. Screw into each post a stout hook at the height that



will let the bag rest lightly on the ground when filled. If they are too high the bag will tear out. By means of this arrangement one man can do the work of one man and a boy. It can easily be moved from one place to another, as the posts can be made of 2 by 4 inch pipe material, light enough for a man to carry easily.

MARKET GARDENING.

Don't neglect thinning the lettuce. If sown in rows thin the plants to stand eight inches apart. The thinned plants may be set in other ground if desired.

Cauliflower is not considered an easy crop to grow, but it is such a good vegetable that every home gardener should try to grow it. Seafoam is one of the best varieties for the late crop. It seems to be more resistant to hot, dry weather than most other varieties. Good crops can't be grown on poor soils. The most important factor, then, in vegetable gardening is to make the soil good. Drainage, humus, plant food, tillage and moisture are the main factors in making soils productive.

Many farmers have not learned the value of Swiss chard. It produces an enormous quantity of leaves, which are valuable for greens as well as for the poultry, especially if the fowls are kept in small yards. Sow the seed as early as possible. There should be at least fifteen inches between rows. Thin the plants to about four inches and then to eight inches. The young plants are most tender and delicious for greens.—National Stockman and Farmer.

DROWNING OUT A FIRE.

High Pressure Water Streams That Tear Down Room Partitions.

Just think of picking up a pond or a small reservoir containing about 30,000 gallons of water and throwing it bodily at a fire, and then picking up another pond or reservoir containing the same amount of water and throwing that at the fire within a moment's time, and keeping up this performance every minute for an hour until the fire is drenched with nearly 2,000,000 gallons of water! Quite a "bucket brigade," eh?

Practically that is what the New York fire department does today with its high pressure system, for with this method of water supply the firemen can obtain 30,000 gallons of water a minute and, if necessary, at a maximum pressure of 300 pounds to the square inch—sufficient pressure or "pushing power" behind the stream to carry it from the street to the top of an eight story building or even higher. It has the greatest possible advantage over the "throwing" method, since the firemen, with the aid of their water towers and monitor nozzles, can direct right into the heart of the fire this immense volume of water—enormous streams that smash windows, tear down partitions, sweep aside merchandise and squirm, twist and force themselves into every nook and corner of a building, searching out the fire better than the firemen can and smothering it before it can reach the danger mark.

And this is why that in a portion of New York city noted a few years ago for destructive fires the big fire has, in a sense, disappeared.—Charles T. Hill in St. Nicholas.

THE CORNCOB PIPE.

At Times It's Risky, and It Doesn't Go Well With a Silk Hat.

The corncob pipe is a democratic institution. One evidence of the fact that this country is not so democratic as foreigners believe is that, according to the code of an American gentleman, the corncob pipe must not be smoked while wearing a silk hat. On the other hand, it may be for this reason that Americans so seldom affect the silk hat.

But some men find difficulty in adapting themselves to the "Missouri meerschaum." They contend that the first puff from a new corncob pipe is like a breath from the nether regions. This aversion arises from the circumstance that, like a sponge, a new corncob pipe should be dipped in water before it is used. After the first pipeful of tobacco has been smoked it will be found that a liberal coat of ashes has attached itself to the walls of the pipe, rendering it thereafter much less likely to burn the tongue than if it were initiated without the formality of baptism.

There is one place, however, where the corncob pipe is distinctly dangerous, and that is in the mouth of a beginner in the mellow art of smoking. Mothers who dread the day when their sons shall feel obliged to assert their entrance into man's estate by acquiring a taste of tobacco will do well to buy a corncob pipe and leave it carelessly about the house. In time it will be missed. So will the boy's appetite. But the appetite will come back.—Indianapolis News.

Artificial Skies.

Sky and air are the hardest things to imitate on the stage, but this old problem has been solved. Clear sky, cloudy sky and distance effects are obtained by shooting light on a very carefully built concrete dome. The smooth white surface of the concrete reflects the light rays in so many directions that they all blend. At the same time the light thrown on the dome is carefully filtered to obtain just the right color.

The combined result can be made to give the impression that the roof over the stage has been taken off to let the sky in. Then, with a moving picture machine in the wings, cloud effects may be added without difficulty.—Saturday Evening Post.

Some Pet Aversions.

Julius Caesar was so much afraid of thunder that he wanted to get under ground to escape from the terrible noise. Queen Elizabeth always shuddered when the word death was pronounced in her presence. Marshal Saxe, who knew no fear in the hottest battle, would flee with screams from a cat. Peter the Great dreaded always to cross a bridge. Byron would not help any one to salt at table nor would he be helped, and if salt was spilled he would leave his meal unfinished. Many such peculiarities could be cited from the biographies of well known men.

That's All.

"Didn't I see daughter in the kitchen yesterday?" inquired father.

"Yes."

"That's a hopeful sign."

"Don't be too hopeful," said mother wearily. "She is merely going to read a paper on domestic science at her club."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Effective.

"The climax to his wooing was very romantic. He proposed to her on the verge of a mountain gorge."

"What did she do?"

"She threw him over."

The Proof.

"X is the unknown quantity, isn't it?"

"Try to borrow one and you'll soon find out."—Baltimore American.

Early and provident fear is the mother of safety.—Burke.

SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

News Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

Venton
June 12—Miss Helen Windsor is visiting her grandmother at Monie.

Misses Susie White and Matilda Melson visited in Champ Sunday.

Mr. Eddie Sims, of Mt. Vernon, visited relatives and friends here Sunday. Misses Mabel and Ruth Porter, of near Princess Anne, were visitors here Tuesday.

Misses Hilda Fisch and Susie White were guests of Miss Matilda Melson Saturday last.

Miss Iva Smith spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of her brother, Mr. Mace Smith, at Princess Anne.

Miss Emma Bozman, of Champ, has returned home after spending some time with her cousin, Miss Matilda Melson.

Misses Flossie and Addie Lawson have returned to their home at Monie, after spending a couple of weeks with their friend, Miss Ethel Bloodworth.

Mrs. Matt Melson, Jr., and little daughter, Rose Pauline, have returned home after spending a couple of weeks at the home of Mrs. Melson's mother at Seaford, Del.

Relatives and friends honored Mr. August Kohlheim on Wednesday night by giving him a surprise party on his sixty-sixth birthday. About thirty were present. Refreshments were served at midnight, after which the people returned to their homes wishing him many more birthdays and health and prosperity for the year. **JOHNNIE JUMP UP.**

Kingston
June 12—Mr. C. T. Ward has been ill for the past week.

Mrs. G. R. Farlow, of Salisbury, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. George Jones.

Miss M. Eleanor Gorsuch, a teacher in Tiffin, Ohio, is home for the summer vacation.

Mr. Claude Lyons, of Philadelphia, after several days visit at "The Bowland Home," has returned to the city.

Miss Lucy McDaniel has returned from a visit to her brother in Shelltown. Her little niece, Beatrice Long, returned with her.

Hon. L. M. Milbourne is buying at his factory all capped strawberries at \$1.75 and crate returned. This is a considerable help to the farmers.

Miss Mary E. Bowland left Monday to attend the graduating exercises at the Maryland Agricultural College, where her brother, Mr. J. E. Bowland, graduates.

The ladies of St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal Church will hold their annual festival at Kingston Hall on Thursday, July 1st. They will serve supper beginning at 6 p. m.

Wenona
June 12—Miss Daisy White is ill with malaria fever.

Mr. M. L. Kirwan made a trip to Baltimore the past week.

Mr. John Campbell made a short trip to Baltimore the past week.

Mrs. Vernon Horstman, who has been on the sick list, is much improved.

Mrs. Leon Webster and little daughter, Irene, visited here the past week. Mrs. Ralph Gladden, of Chance, visited her parents, Rev. and Mrs. S. T. Horstman, the past week.

Miss Nathalie Vetra was carried to the Peninsula General Hospital, Salisbury, Monday last to be operated on for appendicitis.

A delightful sail was given by Capt. William Horstman to Crisfield on Wednesday last to attend the merchants' carnival. Those on board were: Capt. and Mrs. William Horstman, Mr. and Mrs. William Horstman, Jr., Mrs. Thomas Bozman, Mrs. Nolan White and children, Harold and Florence; Misses Anna, Delma and Geneva Horstman and Mr. Guy Horstman. **BLUE EYES.**

St. Peter's
June 12—Mr. George Ward, of Salisbury, visited Mr. B. F. Laird this week. The O. S. C. were entertained at the home of the Misses Lawson on Thursday evening.

Mr. Edgar Lawson, who has been on the sick list the past several days, is improving.

Mrs. George P. Short and children, of Seaford, Del., visited friends at Monie a few days of this week.

Mr. John Denwood Noble, after spending several weeks with his mother, will return to New York Monday next.

Miss Virginia Lawson returned to Cambridge Friday, after spending several weeks with her father, Mr. John Lawson.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Hearn and their daughters, Misses Flossie and Elsie, and Mr. S. P. Woodcock, all of Salisbury, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Cannon last Sunday. **IRIS.**

Western Maryland College

Western Maryland College reappears in our columns this week soliciting the patronage of our people. This College has established a reputation in the 48 years of its existence as a safe, thorough and earnest school. Its young people are doing it credit and its work has been felt all over the state. From its recent catalogue it appears to have 230 students and 21 teachers. It has graduated over 900. The courses of study cover the usual subjects in the best Colleges and we have no reason to think they are not well covered. We are interested especially in the course of Pedagogy which is offered to graduates, by which they are prepared to teach in the public schools and are given a certificate to teach by the State Board of Education without examination. We have heard nothing but good reports of this institution and we commend it to our readers.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera And Diarrhoea Remedy

This is a remedy that every family should be provided with, and especially during the summer months. Think of the pain and suffering that must be endured when medicine must be sent for or before relief can be obtained. Ask anyone who has used it. Obtainable everywhere. **[Advertisement]**

County Agent H. S. Lippincott's Report

County Agent H. S. Lippincott has given farm advice on 210 farms since February 22nd last and has had requests from 102 farmers whose farms he has not had a chance to visit yet. He has taken drainage up on 15 farms where tiling will be run, and now has 32 Corn Club boys to look after.

Mr. Lippincott has filed with the County Commissioners the following list of farms where demonstrations were conducted:

P. E. Twining—Alfalfa, 5 acres; top dressing grass with nitrate of soda and acid rock.

L. A. Renshaw—Winter oats, 4 acres; wheat, 10 acres; alfalfa, 2 acres; spraying fruit trees.

George Bounds—County Poor Farm—Corn, 5 acres; potatoes, 1 acre; top dressing grass with nitrate of soda and acid rock; general farm advice.

John Roberts—General farm advice; 20 fruit trees pruning.

J. L. Cowger—1 acre soybeans; top dressing grass with nitrate of soda and acid rock; 5 acres strawberries; 4 acres wheat.

William Stoddard—Spraying fruit trees and 5 acres tomatoes.

Edgar Jones—Pruning fruit trees; 5 acres wheat.

Charles H. Speights—5 acres wheat. William W. Porter—1 acre soybeans, 2 acres winter oats, 1 acre alfalfa; general farm advice.

F. M. Widdowson—5 acres wheat. Frank Weidman—Alfalfa; 2 acres winter oats, 1 acre wheat.

S. R. Chaffey—2 acres wheat, 5 acres tomatoes.

D. W. Dickson—General farm advice. Thomas Yarrow—5 acres alfalfa; general farm advice.

S. J. Sweet—Drainage. Oscar Overholt—1 acre Sudan grass, 1 acre soybeans; general farm advice.

Thomas Marter—25 acres soybeans. C. F. Cannon—5 acres wheat; general farm advice.

F. M. Hemminger—2 acres winter oats. H. H. Cullen—General farm advice.

John Page—1 acre soybeans, 1 acre Sudan grass, alfalfa, corn; spraying fruit trees.

S. C. Ennis—Wheat, oats and corn. E. E. Cook—Half-acre Sudan grass; general farm advice.

Norman Pusey—Alfalfa. D. H. Lamey—2 acres corn, 5 acres wheat, 3 acres strawberries.

J. R. Gentry—1 acre soybeans. Ernest Sterling—General truck farming.

Arnold Brothers—Corn, spraying and pruning fruit trees; general farm advice. W. H. Handy—1 acre soybeans, 1 acre Sudan grass.

Western Starr—1 acre Sudan grass, 1 acre soybeans.

Princess Anne Academy—1 acre Sudan grass, 1 acre soybeans, 5 acres alfalfa.

Frank Matthews—1 acre Sudan grass. Robert H. Jones—3 acres strawberries, 12 acres corn, 1 acre soybeans.

William Fontaine—Pruning trees. Dr. Chas. T. Fisher—Spraying fruit trees, general farm advice.

C. J. Bradd—5 acres wheat. C. C. Gelder—20 acres corn. Hartley C. Wolley—Wheat, alfalfa.

H. R. Costen—Wheat, oats, alfalfa. E. Cox—1 acre Sudan grass.

Joseph A. Ellegood—10 acres alfalfa. Frederick Meredith—Half acre Sudan grass, 1 acre soybeans.

The editor of an Illinois exchange is a public benefactor, and when he dies the people of his county ought to erect a monument to the honor of his memory. He has discovered a new way to get rid of mosquitoes. He tells you simply to rub alum on your face and hands. When the mosquito takes a bite it puckers his gazopie so it can't sting. Then it sits down in a damp place, tries to dig the pucker loose, catches its death of cold and dies of pneumonia.

Mr. Nelson Gives His View of Case

The following letter of Mr. H. J. Nelson was received last week too late for publication and is published this week by request:

In the Baltimore Sun of May 28, State's Attorney Tull writes Governor Goldsborough that 70 days before the April Court in the county a poor infelicitous negro, as Mr. Tull puts it, was arrested on a charge of receiving \$2, which had been stolen from the man now prosecuting him. This statement is absolutely false.

The negro in question was arrested for stealing a \$20 note and the writ went through the State's Attorney to the Justice, as the docket will show. The negro was given a hearing before Justice Porter. He acknowledged getting and spending the \$20, and was held under bond for the action of the grand jury. In default of bail the negro was committed to jail. The prosecuting witness, through mercy for the negro, intended to have his bond reduced and offered to go half on the bond with a neighbor in order that the neighbor could have the services of the negro.

The prosecuting witness told the negro in jail in presence of witnesses that he did not want him to have around boys, but sooner than let him lay in jail would go half on his bond for him to have a neighbor to remedy his wrong.

This negro, 23 years old, now in jail, whom the State's Attorney terms infelicitous, has already been in prison five different times to my knowledge.

After the first hearing on January 29, the evidence in the case showed that the negro had taken \$6 more of the prosecuting witness' money from an apprentice boy, \$2 at three different times. The negro was told by prosecuting witness to watch the boy to see if he had any money and if so, to tell him, as the money did not belong to the boy. The prosecuting witness arrested the negro the second time on the charge of receiving \$2 stolen money. He was given a hearing on May 25 before Justice Porter and, according to the evidence in the case, was again held under bond for the action of the grand jury.

Before the second hearing it was rumored that State's Attorney Tull was not willing to prosecute the negro on the second charge. When asked concerning this rumor before the second hearing, State's Attorney Tull most emphatically denied he ever made such a statement; and when the boy witness in the case told Mr. Tull that the negro man told him to go to the house and get a question, between the prosecuting witness and his neighbor, there was never a word. As far as I know my neighbor and I are on friendly terms.

Mr. Tull was not present at either hearing. After being invited by the Justice he refused to attend the case. The State's Attorney greatly erred when he states that the prosecuting witness in an enraged mood asked him to proceed against the negro the second time, as I never spoke to him a second time. State's Attorney Tull says the Justice was asked by the prosecuting witness and, contrary to his (State's Attorney's) instructions, committed the negro to jail in default of "excessive" bail.

Fellow citizens of Somerset county I did not know it was the custom for a State's Attorney to sit in his office and decide to a Justice how to decide a case before the Justice had heard the case. **HENRY JAMES NELSON.**

Overland Automobiles
I have on hand ready for immediate delivery the New 1916 Five Passenger Overland Car Price \$750.00 f. o. b. Factory 35-Horse Power, Electric Lights, Self-Starter. Also Roadsters at \$725.00

It will pay you to look the OVERLAND line over before purchasing your new car. An inquiry will bring the car to you for demonstration.
J. B. CULLEN, Agent for Somerset County
POCOMORE CITY, MARYLAND

"THE MENOMINIE" MOTOR TRUCKS

IN ALL SIZES
From a Bakery Truck to a Passenger or a Heavy Freighter

All Are Shaft Drive—No Chains in Grit

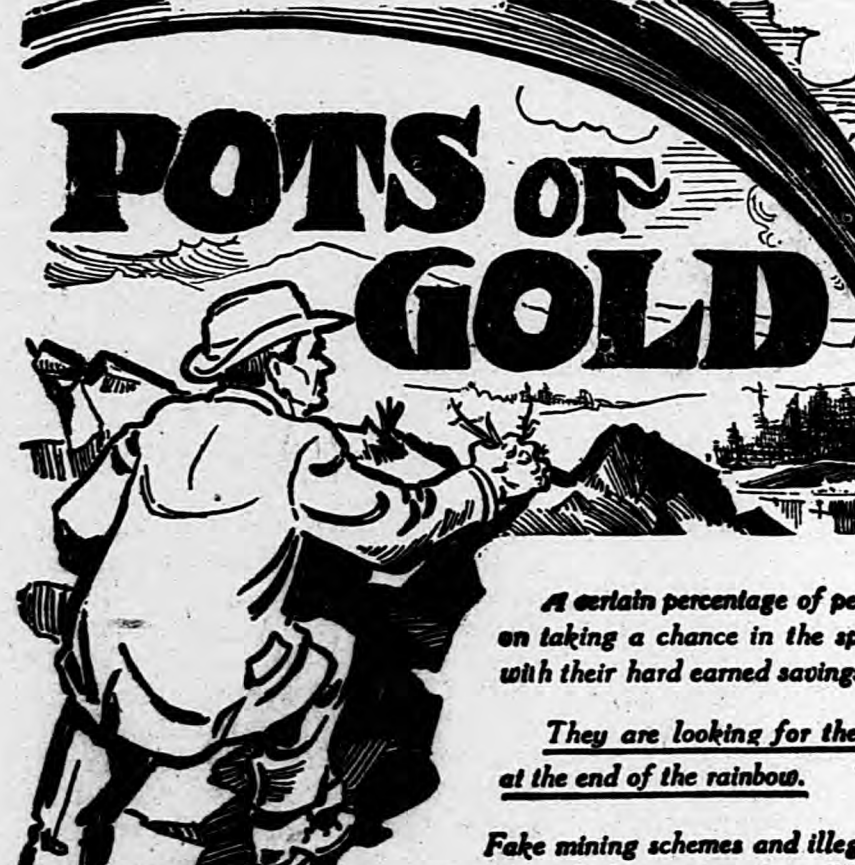
Ask the man who has a pleasure car if he would have a chain drive. The same principal applies to a truck.

Equipments are of the best and guaranteed for one year. It will be to your interest to get in touch with me and get catalogue and information before making your final decision.

P. E. CORKRAN, EASTON, MARYLAND

Baltimore, Chesapeake & Atlantic Railway Company

RAILWAY DIVISION											
Schedule Effective Monday, June 14th, 1915											
EAST BOUND						WEST BOUND					
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Leave Baltimore	7:30	7:30	10:10	8:28	7:41	2:07	12:05	9:25			
Leave Ocean City	1:05	1:12	11:11	8:27	8:32	2:07	1:11	10:30			
WEST BOUND						EAST BOUND					
Arrive Baltimore	6:12	6:12	10:10	10:15	10:15	10:15	10:15	10:15	10:15	10:15	10:15
Leave Baltimore	7:30	7:30	10:10	8:28	7:41	2:07	12:05	9:25			
Leave Ocean City	1:05	1:12	11:11	8:27	8:32	2:07	1:11	10:30			
SUNDAY ONLY						TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SUNDAY					
WILLARD THOMPSON						T. MURDOCK					
General Manager						Genl. Pass. Agent					
						Div. Pass. Agent					



POTS OF GOLD

A certain percentage of people seem bent on taking a chance in the speculative field with their hard earned savings!

They are looking for the pots of gold at the end of the rainbow.

Fake mining schemes and illegitimate investments, which promise impossible returns, are but the creation of rainbow painters.

Every common sense man or woman knows that there is but one way to keep your savings intact and at the same time working for you—and that is a savings account at our bank.

We pay 3 per cent on Savings Deposits
PEOPLES BANK of SOMERSET COUNTY
Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent
Princess Anne, Md.

Our Double Stores Comprise the Only Exclusive Shoe and Clothing Store in Princess Anne

Shoes for the Whole Family

JOHN W. MORRIS & SON

Glothing for Men and Boys

Ladies' and Children's Dress Shoes a Specialty

HATS
CAPS AND
MEN'S
FURNISHINGS

PRINCESS ANNE MARYLAND


17-Year Locust Coming
Swarms of 17-year-old locusts will visit five counties in Maryland this month, according to an announcement of the Department of Agriculture at Washington. The counties are Carroll, Cecil, Montgomery, Prince George's and Washington.

Charlotte, Chesterfield, Fairfax, Powhatan, Prince Edward and Smith counties, Virginia, and New Castle county, Delaware, also will be on the calling list of these pests.

Almost the entire Atlantic seaboard, together with many Middle Western States, will be touched in spots by the locusts this month it is said.

A Medicine Chest For 25c.
In this chest you have an excellent remedy for Toothache, Bruises, Sprains, Stiff Neck, Backache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism and for most emergencies. One 55c. bottle of Sloan's Liniment does it all—this because these ailments are symptoms, not diseases, and are caused by congestion and inflammation. If you doubt, ask those who use Sloan's Liniment, or better still, buy a 25c. bottle and prove it. All Druggists.

Many People In This Town never really enjoyed a meal until we advised them to take a **Rexall Dyspepsia Tablet** before and after each meal. Sold only by us—25c a box.
T. J. Smith & Co.



"Enclosed Please Find Check"

More farmers than ever are writing those words, because mailing checks makes quick work of paying bills.

We do the book-keeping, remember, when you have a Checking Account here. This makes it easy to keep money records straight.

Better start a Checking Account soon, for it is certainly convenient when farm work is rushing to pay bills by writing "enclosed please find check."

BANK of SOMERSET

"It Renders the Service"

Capital, Surplus, Profit, \$150,000

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND
REV. T. H. LEWIS, D. D., LL. D., PRESIDENT

For Young Men and Young Women in Separate Departments

LOCATION unexcelled, 1,000 feet above the sea, in the highlands of Maryland. Pure air, pure water, charming scenery. Only an hour's run from Baltimore.

EQUIPMENT complete. Twenty acre Campus; Modern Buildings; comfortable living accommodations; Laboratories, Library, Gymnasium, Power and Heating Plant.

CURRICULUM up to date. Classical, Scientific, Historical and Pedagogical Courses, leading to A. B. degree. Music, Elocution and Oratory. Strong Faculty.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL for those not ready for College.

Send for Catalogue and Book of Views.


PRINTING We are in a better position than ever to give you the very BEST of PRINTING

Dashiell's Department Store

Invites you to inspect our complete offering in Ladies' and Men's Furnishings. Our progress is indicated by the tremendous stock we are carrying and the superior qualities we are displaying

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN'S SHOES

Knu Shu the workman's shoe
EMERSON DOUGLAS
Utz & Dunn **TRET CO**
FASHIONABLE FOOT WEAR



Special Sale:

At greatly reduced prices we are disposing of a large assortment of our fashionable and stylish

MILLINERY

Floor Coverings

Crex Rugs
All Fibre Rugs
Sunfast Matting
Sunfast Fibre Rugs
Axminster Rugs

China Ware

Haviland and Johnson
Bavarian Dinner Sets
Large Assortment of Open Stock
Cut Glass, Silverware

Men and Boys Summer CLOTHING

Shirts Hats Belts
Ties Caps Hose
STYLE, QUALITY, LOW PRICES

Millinery

MID-SUMMER SALE
WE have too many hats left on hand, and they must be sold at once. We can't carry them over to another season, because we do not sell out-of-season goods. They must be sold now to the mid-summer buyers. You know what that means, that we have to make a big sacrifice on every hat. Best come at once, for every hat is a bargain.

THE EDDY REFRIGERATOR

Dashiell's Department Store

363 Main Street PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, JUNE 22, 1915

Vol. XVII No. 46

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1862
SOMERSET HERALD, 1828

LARGE SHIPMENTS OF BERRIES

The Pickers At Marion Station Received \$76,800 This Year

During the season there have been 488 solid cars of strawberries shipped from Marion Station, and enough shipped in open lots to nearby markets to bring the amount up to 500 cars. Each car generally carries 240 crates containing 32 quarts each, which equals 7,680 quarts of berries in a car. Now if there were 500 cars shipped from Marion Station we find that they contained 3,840,000 quarts.

The pickers received 2 cents per quart for picking these berries—\$76,800. If we stop and consider the amount of berries shipped from other sections of Somerset county and the amount received by the pickers—who spend the money mostly with home merchants—they put a large amount of money in circulation in this section.

Real Estate Transfers

Charles T. Laird from Elmer H. Daniels et al., 2½ acres in Crisfield district; consideration \$500.

W. Jerome Sterling from Isaac Sterling, Jr., et al., ½ of an acre of land in Asbury district; consideration \$5.00 and other considerations.

Herman Dashiell from James E. Denison and others, 1200 acres in Dames Quarter district; consideration \$600.

John W. Revell from Stephen D. Watson, 30 acres in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$10.

George S. Tilghman from Caroline Morgan, 1 acre in Brinkley's district; consideration \$5.00 and other considerations.

Henry B. Phoebus from Elwood Sterling, Sheriff, 1½ acres in St. Peter's district; consideration \$75.00.

Who Is Most Popular Conductor?

The Philadelphia Press is conducting a contest as to who is the most popular conductor on the N. Y., P. & N. Railroad, the winner to receive a handsome railroad lantern. Thomas R. Phillips is in the lead, followed by Harry L. Parker, Joseph Frazier, D. J. Truitt, H. M. Walters, Thomas Robinson, W. C. Truitt, C. S. Conroy, R. R. Phillips, J. E. Sturgis, J. C. Conway and W. Z. Lear, in the order named.

Mr. Milbourne according to this statement is now sixth in the race. He has been serving the Crisfield Branch of the railroad for many years and his agreeable manners can not fail to commend him as a winner of this prize.

Recent College Graduates

Among the recent graduates at the Maryland Agricultural College, College Park, Md., we note the names of J. Edwin Bowland, of Kingston; John J. Tull, of Crisfield; Charles Edward Robinson, of Franktown, Va., and Richard Dale, of Princess Anne.

Among those from Western Maryland College, Westminster, Md., is Miss Margaret Tull, of Marion Station.

Mr. Alexander Roy Woodland, of Crisfield, Md., at Washington College, Chestertown, was awarded a prize for the greatest progress during college course and also first honor for debating.

Commissioners Pass Ordinance

Last Tuesday the County Commissioners passed an ordinance making it unlawful to leave crab scrap uncovered either when spread or in compost more than twenty-four hours. This applies to all lands in Somerset county. The ordinance carries a penalty for a violation of the law. The Commissioners were led to pass this law by the many complaints made to them from citizens of Lawsonia and Hopewell, also through the advice of Dr. John S. Fulton, State Health Officer, as well as Drs. Smith and Collins.

House Party

Mrs. Anna L. Haines last week entertained at her home on Beechwood avenue, Mrs. Joseph Haines and her daughter, Miss Helen Haines, of Somerton, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Haines, Jr., and their son, Joseph Haines, 3d, now six months old, a great grandson of the hostess, of Rydale, Pa.; Mr. Walter Herbert and Miss Coralie Peale, a niece of Mrs. Haines, of Philadelphia. The party motored to Princess Anne the middle of the week and returned to their homes on Sunday.

Miss Toadvin To Wed

Miss Katharine Toadvin at a luncheon at her home in Salisbury last Friday night announced her engagement to Mr. Thomas H. Lewis, Jr., son of Dr. Thos. H. Lewis, president of the Western Maryland College at Westminster.

Miss Toadvin is a daughter of Judge E. Stanley Toadvin. Mr. Lewis is a member of the law firm of Bennett & Lewis, of Salisbury, and a graduate of Western Maryland College and of the University of Michigan Law School.

LOCUSTS OBSCURE THE SUN

Honduras Plantations Ravaged By Swarms Of Insects

After doing millions of dollars of damage to cereal and fruit crops in Nicaragua, swarms of locusts so vast as to obscure the sun for hours, have invaded the Atlantic Coast section of Honduras and are ravaging the great banana plantations near Ceiba and Truxillo. Passengers who arrived in New Orleans last week from Ceiba told of the appearance of the locusts over the city of Ceiba on June 9th.

They said that for several hours the sky was hidden above and to the south of the city by millions of insects. They had the appearance of a great cloud, moving rapidly and getting more dense every minute. The high mountains back of the city were entirely obscured for more than an hour.

After hanging over the city the locusts began to settle down in the banana valleys of the south. In spots the ground was even covered to a depth of several inches and so numerous were the hungry insects that they left great trees bare of leaves and bark.

Richards-Speights Wedding

At noon last Tuesday Miss Doris Elizabeth Speights, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Speights, was married to Mr. Lawson F. Richards, Jr., of Detroit, Michigan. The ceremony was performed at the bride's home, "Riverside," in lower Revell's Neck Somerset county, by the groom's father, Rev. L. F. Richards, pastor of the Lutheran Church at Hagerstown, Md. Miss Kathryn Speights, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and the wedding march was played by Miss Maude Remsburg, of Hagerstown.

Among the guests were: Rev. and Mrs. L. F. Richards, Miss Maude Remsburg and Donovan Beachley, of Hagerstown; Mrs. Hazleton Joyce and son, Hazleton, Jr., of Cambridge; Rev. and Mrs. F. P. Mullineux, of Baltimore; Mrs. James Wynne and Miss Agnes Hall, of Crisfield; Mrs. Luther T. Miles and daughter, William J. Hall and daughter, Miss Corinne Adams, of Marion; Mr. and Mrs. John Robertson, of Kingston; Mrs. John Holland, Mrs. Robert F. Maddox, Miss Irene Taylor, Mary Adams, Amanda Lankford and James Taylor, Jr., of Princess Anne.

State Bankers Go To Cape May

The twentieth annual meeting of the State Bankers Association will be opened tomorrow (Wednesday) morning at Cape May, New Jersey, with the annual address by the president, George R. Gehr, cashier of the First National Bank of Westminster.

This year the reception committee has planned "a merry dance" for Tuesday evening and a vaudeville entertainment on Wednesday evening. The committee is composed of William T. Henning, Gordon Tull, J. W. Oster, J. H. Brady, Jr., A. D. Graham, L. Wethered Barroll, Fred W. Legg, H. Lay Duer and R. S. Thompson.

While the business sessions of the Bankers Association are technical and serious, these annual outings have many pleasant features, for the members are always accompanied by their wives and other members of their families.

Camp Fire Girls

A company of Camp Fire Girls has been organized in Princess Anne. The company was instituted two weeks ago. The members are as follows: Miss Marie Colborn, guardian; Misses Clara Baldwin, Eva Swanger, Grace Taylor, Olive Johnson, Hilda Carrow, Mildred Colborn, Zadieth Reese and Thelma Rulein. Meetings are held twice a week at the residence of Mr. W. M. Baldwin. The dues per member for each of the organization is six cents per week. The young ladies were scheduled to leave yesterday (Monday) for the home of Mr. J. E. Moore on the Wicomico river, where they are to camp out until Friday next. The organization has two fine tents, flags and other regalia, including personal adornment of khaki mid-blue suits.

Negro Minister Dead

The Rev. Storer J. Jolley, a negro preacher and lecturer, died at Cambridge, Md., Saturday the 12th instant. He had been for six years pastor of Wagh Methodist Episcopal Church, Cambridge, and at his Sunday afternoon meetings he numbered in his audience many white people. He was educated at Morgan College and Andrew Theological Seminary and took a post-graduate course at Columbia.

A large number of colored people from lower Somerset attended the funeral Monday of last week being conveyed to Cambridge in a chartered car of the Peninsula Rapid Transit Co.

A soft answer may turn away wrath, but a book agent is more persistent.

OPERATION OF JIM CROW LAW

Maryland Status Requiring Separate Coaches For Colored Passengers

The Public Service Commission last Wednesday received from W. Cabell Bruce, its chief counsel, an opinion on the operation of the Jim Crow law in Maryland. Following a decision by the Maryland Court of Appeals, Mr. Bruce said that the law cannot be made to apply to passengers traveling from one state to another, but for passengers traveling wholly within the state, railroad companies must provide separate accommodations for white and colored travelers.

The opinion was the result of an inquiry by Robert D. Grier, of Salisbury, who wanted to know if the law applied to the branch line of the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad between King's Creek and Crisfield. Mr. Grier states that on a recent occasion he counted fourteen white and twenty-three colored passengers in a coach on a train plying between the above points.

In his opinion Mr. Bruce says: The Maryland law requires carriers of passengers in the State of Maryland to provide separate cars or compartments of equal convenience for the transportation of white and colored passengers and directs the passengers of the different races to occupy the cars to which they are respectively assigned. This act has been construed by the Court of Appeals of Maryland and it was held to be unconstitutional so far as it related to interstate passengers, because it involved a regulation of commerce between the states, a matter in which the power of Congress was exclusive, but that it was valid in so far as it applied to passengers whose journeys begin and end within the state and that it must be construed only as applying to such passengers.

Assessments Have Arrived

The State Tax Commission has sent to the County Commissioners of the several counties certification of the number of shares of stock in corporations owned by residents of the respective counties, the assessment placed upon the various stocks and the tax to be collected for the year. The number of shares owned by residents of each county is as follows:

There are three classes of stocks—those of ordinary business corporations, such as incorporated mercantile enterprises; those of financial concerns, other than banks, such as trust and insurance companies, and those of national and State banks. The assessment upon the stock of incorporated ordinary business enterprises is determined by the tangible property of the corporation; that upon the other two classes of corporations determined by the value of the stock.

In the case of ordinary business corporations and trust and insurance companies, etc., the regular tax rates apply, that is, the regular State and county rates and the municipal rate, is the holder of stock live in municipality. In the case of national and State banks the county and municipal rates are set aside under the Bank Tax act of 1914, and a flat rate of 1 per cent. applied. The regular State tax rate is collected in addition to the 1 per cent. rate making the total rate for the State for this class of stock \$1 on the hundred, plus 31 cents, or \$1.31.

The proceeds of the rate of 1 per cent. or \$1 on the hundred, which if applied in lieu of the regular county and municipal rates, is divided between county and municipality, according to the proportion which the regular county and municipal rates bear to each other. For example, if in a given county or town the regular municipal rate is \$1.05 and the regular county rate is 50 cents, a total of \$1.55, the proceeds of the special rate of \$1 is divided by giving the county \$1.05-\$1.55 and the town .50-\$1.55 of the proceeds. Of course, where the holder does not live in a town, the entire receipts from the assessment upon his stock go to the county, and if he lives in Baltimore city, which is not a part of any county, the entire receipts go to the municipality.

Joseph L. Bailey For Senate

Mr. Joseph L. Bailey, of Wicomico county, announced last Wednesday that he was a candidate for the State Senate. When ex-Senator Jesse D. Price was elected to Congress last year Mr. Bailey stated he would seek Mr. Price's seat and he since has been making a canvass in a quiet way.

Mr. Bailey was State's Attorney for 12 years and has always been active in Democratic politics. He will be opposed by L. Atwood Bennett, who formerly represented Wicomico county in the Legislature.

Dr. Thomas Fell, president of St. John's College, at Annapolis, has been informed by the War Department that St. John's College had been selected as one of the ten colleges in the United States with highest military proficiency.

MANAGE OF WHITE PLAGUE IN NEGRO

Danger From Tuberculosis Victims Shown At Baltimore Exhibit

Among the exhibit shown at the recent National Conference of Charities and Correction held in Baltimore, and on view at the City Club is a section devoted to the subject of Tuberculosis among the Negroes, consisting of six 3 foot panels and a central device. The section is the property of the Maryland Association for Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis. The first panel shows that in 1913 the negro, with 17½ per cent of the total population, furnished 37½ per cent of the total mortality from tuberculosis. Another panel shows when suspicious cases are discovered by nurses, how it often requires great effort, repeated persuasion on the part of the nurse to get the suspect to the tuberculosis dispensary for examination. The fourth panel, Hospital Care, shows that in the whole state there are 10 beds that can be used by tuberculosis negroes, 45 of which in Baltimore are only for negro residents of the city who are willing to declare themselves paupers; the remaining 19 beds are in the counties.

The last panel reproduces the resolution adopted at the first State Conference of Tuberculosis, at Annapolis, last January, emphasizing the section: "That adequate provision be made for the segregation, treatment and care of negroes suffering from tuberculosis."

One of the most interesting parts of the exhibit is the central device, which is composed of a house of several rooms, supposedly a white home, with a staff of negro servants. On the outside of the house are other negro employees, and a path leading to a row of dilapidated and insanitary dwellings. In the rear of this path is a negro woman carrying laundry to the house. On the path above the background of the exhibit is the keynote of the exhibit—Negro Tuberculosis—Whose Danger?

The Maryland Tuberculosis Association recently issued a pamphlet, "Negro Tuberculosis—Whose Danger?" in which the entire exhibit is reproduced by photograph. Requests for the pamphlet should be sent to the executive secretary, Robert C. Powell, 1801 North Charles street, Baltimore.

Meeting Of P. E. T. Company

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Peninsula Rapid Transit Company was held at Salisbury on Monday of last week. A large crowd of stockholders were present when President Graham Gunby called the meeting to order.

The following directors were elected for the ensuing year: Graham Gunby, Walter S. Sheppard, William P. Ward, William M. Cooper, A. W. W. Woodcock, G. L. Verlender, and Augustus Toadvine, representing the Retail Merchants Club, of Salisbury. The other directors are N. L. Mitchell, Upper Fairmount, and Dean W. Richardson, Willard.

An important matter which was considered by the stockholders meeting was the question of authorizing the directors to issue bonds on the company for the purpose of paying all the outstanding debts of the concern and clearing the company of all obligations, so that the business might be expanded. The statements showed that the company is doing a fine business and that the stockholders have a good investment in the stock of the company. There is a demand that funds be provided to meet the growing business and pay for the cars which have been purchased to date. After going thoroughly into the matter a resolution was passed authorizing the company to issue bonds not to exceed \$20,000 in amount and for less quantity if it was found that a less amount would pay all the debts of the company. It was proposed to issue a first mortgage bond on all the assets of the corporation, and that the bonds and stocks be offered to the public by a committee to be selected by the directors and the Business Men's Association.

Trunk From Lusitania Found

Fred Gauntlett, of the Newport News Ship Building Company, a survivor of the Lusitania, while in Baltimore last Tuesday was advised of the recovery of his trunk, filled with valuable papers, that he will be glad to get back despite the fact that they are well soaked.

The trunk was found floating about 300 miles from the spot where the liner went down. Gauntlett says it was in his stateroom under his bunk and the only explanation which he and other ship experts can give for its drifting loose is that the ship has gone to pieces. Gauntlett finds it harder to explain how his trunk, which must have been heavy, could have floated.

HARRINGTON'S SUPPORTERS MEET

Organize And Appoint A Campaign Committee Last Wednesday

Last Wednesday afternoon a Democratic meeting was held in the auditorium, Princess Anne, by the supporters of Emmerson C. Harrington's candidacy for the Democratic nomination for Governor.

The meeting was well attended, about 70 being present. Nearly all the districts in the county were represented. The meeting was called to order by Lorrie C. Quinn, Sr., of Crisfield, and Henry J. Waters was made permanent chairman. He made a brief address, in which he commended the candidacy of Mr. Harrington, saying that the people of the State would make no mistake if they selected him as the nominee of the Democratic party.

Resolutions reported by a committee, of whom Western Starr, of Westover, was chairman, and adopted by the meeting, indorsed the administration of Woodrow Wilson; commended the candidacies of Mr. Harrington, Hugh A. McMullen, of Allegany county, and Albert C. Ritchie, of Baltimore, for the nominations for Governor, Comptroller and Attorney-General, respectively, and praised Mr. Harrington's fight in the interest of the oystermen at the last session of the Legislature in securing the passage of the Sheppard bill.

Mr. Starr made the principal address. He was followed by Hazleton A. Joyce Jr., of Dorchester county, who made a brief speech in the interest of the candidacy of Mr. Harrington.

A working committee for each district and a campaign committee for the whole county were appointed. The members of the campaign committee follow:

Princess Anne district—William T. G. Polk, John W. Morris.
Dublin district—John A. Holland.
Brinkley's district—Aden Davis, Jr., Harry Whittington.
Lawson's district—F. M. Heminger.
Crisfield district—Lorrie C. Quinn, Sr., A. E. Goodrich.
Asbury district—William F. Byrd.
Westover district—Western Starr.
Fairmount district—John H. Ford.
Dames Quarter district—Ernest Kelly.
Tangier district—John W. Tyler.
Deal's Island district—Dr. H. G. Alexander.
Mt. Vernon district—D. J. Bounds.
Smith's Island district—Warren Evans.

W. H. Killian Heads Oystermen

William H. Killian, of Baltimore, was re-elected president and general manager of the Oyster Growers and Dealers' Association of North America at its seventh annual convention, which opened at the Willard Hotel, Washington, D. C., last Tuesday. Three hundred delegates were present from all parts of the country, and the convention demonstrated that the growers and dealers' central organization is co-operating with the national and state pure food officials in an effort to promote the oyster trade. Maryland and Virginia were well represented in the convention, with over 30 delegates from the former state.

At the morning session the convention elected the national directors, seven of whom were chosen for Maryland as follows:

Baltimore—H. M. Somers, E. B. Weyman, W. H. McGee, W. H. Killian.
Cambridge—George W. Woolford, John C. Phillips.
Crisfield—James C. Tawes.
The directors met at night and elected the following national officers: President and business manager, William H. Killian, of Baltimore; first vice president, Frank C. Darling, of Hampton, Va.; second vice president, Fred W. Beardsley, of Bridgeport, Ct.; third vice president, John R. Stubbs, of Boston, Mass.; secretary, E. D. McCarthy, New Haven, Ct.; treasurer, H. Leroy Lewis, Bridgeport, Ct.

Among the Marylanders present were: Baltimore, W. H. Killian, E. B. Weyman, W. H. McGee, William Adams, William Heyser, C. L. Applegarth, Ed. A. Smith, Andrew Jackson, Charles J. Sinn, Joseph M. Wiest, Henry Ross, Louis Grebb, H. M. Somers, George M. Roberts, H. M. Fox, J. H. Collison, Charles Neubert, Charles Groves, T. E. Travers.

Cambridge—Mace Woolford, George W. Woolford, John C. Phillips.
Crisfield—J. T. Handy, James C. Tawes.

Following two sessions Wednesday morning and afternoon the association held its annual banquet at the Willard on Wednesday night, with Hon. Harry R. Houston, of Virginia, acting as toastmaster, an address by Secretary Redfield, of Department of Commerce; Governor Henry C. Stewart, of Virginia; Mrs. Julian Heath, president of the National Housewives League, was followed by dancing.

BIG CROWD HEAR LEE AND PRESTON

Mayor Preston Quotes Figures To Show That Lee Is Popular

United States Senator Blair Lee's campaign in Baltimore for the Democratic nomination for Governor was started last Tuesday night at a remarkably large meeting at the Concord Club, 12 North Carey street. Speeches were made by Senator Lee, Mayor Preston, State Senator William Milnes Maloy, candidate for the nomination for Attorney-General on the Lee ticket, and City Solicitor S. S. Field. Daniel J. Loden called the meeting to order and John F. O'Meara, President of the First Branch of City Counsel, presided.

Senator Lee took occasion to state some of the planks in the platform upon which he intends to appeal to the Democratic voters. He declared for the budget system in handling the finances of the State; for the consolidation of all the State's legal business in the office of the Attorney-General, thus eliminating the counselships to the several departments of the State government; for consolidation of State boards where possible, and for substitution of a single executive officer instead of a board where possible; for annexation by Baltimore city of such territory as will give it the entire harbor, and for "the broadest measure" of home rule for the city and the counties.

Mayor Preston's speech was devoted to a "mathematical demonstration," as he termed it, of the strength of Senator Lee as a vote getter, the demonstration being principally a comparison, as follows:

Four years ago the Democratic party, largely through the influence of Senator Smith, selected a candidate for governor who did not prove strong before the people, and a Republican was elected governor. Two years ago the candidate for the State Senate, backed by Senator Smith, in his own county lost on the face of the returns and obtained his seat in the Senate only by a contest. In the same year Mr. Harrington, who is now backed by Senator Smith for governor, was elected comptroller, but received 6,509 less votes than were cast for Lee on the same ticket for the United States Senate. Last year the Democratic candidate for Congress in the First district, which is Senator Smith's district, was one of Senator Smith's chief lieutenants and was elected largely through the influence of Mr. Harrington, and although the district has an affiliated Democratic majority of about 4,000, the candidate who was favored by Senator Smith and Mr. Harrington was elected by a plurality of only 397, while the Democratic candidates for Congress in the two Baltimore city districts were elected by majorities of 3,378 and 7,196, respectively.

In 1914 Senator Smith was elected United States Senator by a plurality of 15,340, as compared with a plurality of 40,630 for Lee in 1913; and, what is more significant, Senator Smith's entire plurality came from Baltimore city and Baltimore county.

In some parts of the country the tide seems to be running against Democracy. We may not be in any danger in Maryland, but thoughtful Democrats think that this is not a good time for the Democratic party to take chances with a weak candidate.

The defeat of Mr. Gorman four years ago, the close vote in Worcester county in 1913, the fact that Mr. Harrington ran 6,509 votes behind Lee when they were on the ticket two years ago, the fact that the plurality of 40,630 for Lee in 1913 dropped to a plurality of 15,340 for Senator Smith the next year, and the fact that the Democrats elected the First district last year by only 397, vindicates me that it would not be wise for the Democratic party to nominate a candidate for governor who would be called Senator Smith's candidate.

He also praised the Senator's public record in very warm terms. In beginning his speech Senator Lee said that after canvassing the counties he felt that he could say the situation there looked even better for him than in 1911, when he carried 15 of the 23 counties in the State.

He then stated that it had been demonstrated that the people in both the counties and the city appreciated the work of those who stand for "genuine progress" in legislation and administration, the proof being in the increased majorities given them; and that, on the other hand, the defeats and decreased majorities in the State, and in the Eastern Shore counties especially, "seem to show that it would not be wise for the Democratic party to nominate a candidate for Governor who could be called Senator Smith's candidate."

He followed with a reference to his long advocacy of the direct primary and the principle that nominations should be made by the rank and file of the party; stated that he had appealed directly to the people for every position held by him, and argued that, therefore, if nominated for Governor, he would be regarded as the candidate of the whole party and not of a faction.

After speaking at the overflow meeting at the Concord Club Senator Lee, Mayor Preston and Senator Maloy went to the Fairmount Democratic Association, of the Sixth ward, 2120 Fairmount avenue, and spoke there to another large crowd. In the big meeting at the Concord Club were a number of well-known Democrats from various parts of the city and State, including Major James W. Denny, Speaker James McC. Tripp, Eugene O'Dunne, Councilman J. Tyler Gray of the Eleventh ward, Register of Wills Howard W. Jackson, Collector of Internal Revenue Joshua W. Miles, William H. Lamar and Brooke Lee, Senator Lee's son.

THE EVIL EYE

A Tale of the Sea

By DWIGHT NORWOOD

Jim Butterworth, a sailor, while ashore with a liberty party at Tangier got into a row with a Mohammedan snake charmer and had an eye gouged out. Jim was not overparticular about his looks, but tired of answering questions about how he lost his eye. The orifice left after the eye had been eliminated was certainly shocking to behold and caused every one who came near him to shudder. He wore a green patch over it for awhile, but found it very troublesome to keep in position. One day a shipmate said to him:

"Jim, why don't you get an artificial eye put in your face?"

"What's that?" asked Jim.

"Why, an eye made of glass painted to look just like a real eye. They make 'em so fine you can't tell 'em from the real thing."

"Where do you get 'em'?"

"Oh, at any respectable port. They sell 'em in the shops."

The next port the vessel Jim had signed with stopped at was Naples. As soon as Jim was permitted to go ashore he took two or three of his shipmates with him, went to one of the shopping streets, and the party stopped at an optician's. The shopkeeper brought out a tray full of artificial eyes and set it before the sailors for selection.

Jim's single natural eye was a dark brown, but it did not seem to occur to any of the party that the artificial eye should be of the same color as the real one. One recommended a blue, another a steel gray, another a black with a superfluity of red in it. Doubtless the artist who had painted in the colors had done his best to make the glass resemble real eyes, but the best was by no means good. Indeed, some of them were soulless, some wild, and a number were well fitted to express insanity.

The shopkeeper, realizing that the sailors were about to make a mistake in the selection, picked up a brown eye, the nearest match to Jim's remaining eye, and offered it as the one best suited to the case. But Jim's mates scoffed at it.

"Wot?" cried one of them. "Put that thing into his head! You might, as well give him an eye from a dead man."

"There's a dandy," said another, taking one of a greenish hue with a tinge of red from the tray and holding it up beside Jim's natural eye. "There's some expression in that eye. You'd clean out the sultan's harem with it, Jim. No woman could resist you."

Jim took it and stood before a mirror, holding it in position to see how it would look in its proper place.

"Matos," he said, "if you all agree that it's wot's wanted I'll take it, but I don't believe any of you would stand your ground at meetin' me wearin' it on the fo'c'sle on a dark night with the lightning playin' round."

"It's a jim dandy," replied one.

"A beauty!" cried another.

"It reminds me of the eyes of a gal I fell in with at Madeira," said another.

"Well," said Jim, "since you all agree that it's becomin' and I brought you 'ere for your opinions I reckon all I've got to do is to plunk down the price."

The shopkeeper was willing to part with the artistic production for the sum of 10 lire, which Jim produced; the vendor adjusted it in Jim's eye, and the party departed to enjoy themselves in a neighboring wine shop.

When the men returned to the ship Jim found that his artificial eye attracted more attention than the empty socket. But when he asked his shipmates their opinion as to the looks of his "new eye" they all pronounced it "one o' the finest blinkers afloat."

The eye not having been put into the socket by a skilled surgeon was not very comfortable, and Jim soon sought relief in wearing it in his pocket instead of in his face. Then he fell to alternating between the glass eye, the patch and the empty socket. The crew gradually became accustomed to the "blinker," but the time never came when it ceased to excite comment. And whenever Jim went ashore, no matter at what port, his eye excited the astonishment and often the terror of the inhabitants. Children especially would flee from him, bawling. As to the girls, Jim never found a sweetheart in any land while wearing it, except on the African coast.

But a day came when all this was changed; when Jim's eye was an object of worship by both the officers of the ship and his messmates; when Jim was as proud of his glass eye as if it had been a decoration.

One day the Mary Robinson was sailing under a four knot breeze in the Malay archipelago, when the captain raised a glass and brought it to bear on a dhow on his starboard quarter. This archipelago has always been dangerous water, being a favorite region for pirates. The dhow under the glass did not improve. Captain Wainwright could see the decks crowded with copper colored men, who were leaning over the bulwarks to get a glimpse of the Mary Robinson. The interest manifested argued that it was of a coveted kind. The captain well knew that if the crew did not have designs upon

his ship they would not have paid any attention to it.

"Mr. Ruggles," he said to the first officer, "we're going to have trouble with that craft out there. Put on full sail. We may leave her behind."

"Aye, aye, sir," said the mate and gave the order as directed.

The Mary Robinson was a poor sailer, and there was a better breeze where the dhow was than with the other. The moment the ship hoisted all her canvas the dhow did the same and pointed to head off the Mary Robinson. It soon appeared that in this she would be successful.

The ship's crew soon saw what the upshot of the matter was and from the captain down were much frightened. They had no means of defense worthy of the name, a couple of six pound carronades and small arms. However, Captain Wainwright ordered the carronades loaded and provided with ammunition, of which there was a plenty, and the muskets and cutlasses brought on deck. It was not probable that the pirates had any extensive armament, but there were so many of them that the danger was they would overpower their opponents by force of numbers.

The pirate drew nearer, and in time the men on her decks could be seen brandishing their weapons and by their looks indicated that they were anticipating an easy prey. The crew of the ship showed no signs of what they felt within, which was that in case they were captured every man of them would either be cut down in cold blood or forced to walk the plank. Naturally every man felt that it was incumbent upon him to fight to the death. Every available weapon was brought into requisition, even to caldrons of boiling water. There were but twenty-six men in all for defense, including the officers.

The ship and the dhow were converging to a meeting. As soon as the latter got within range she opened a port, there came a puff of smoke, and a round shot went tearing through the bowsprit chains. Captain Wainwright had ordered his carronades to be placed on that side of the ship and replied, sending a shot into a crowd of copper colored villains standing against the gunwale. This opened the fight, the pirate craft edging constantly nearer, and men could be seen from the Mary Robinson getting grappling irons ready to use for boarding purposes.

This the white men dreaded on account of the superiority in numbers of the pirates. They might kill as many Chinamen as themselves and double the number would remain. Captain Wainwright would have sheered off if possible, but his ship was as close hauled to the wind as she could get without going about. However, when the pirate came within a cable's length the tiller was put hard down, and the Mary Robinson swung round and stood off at a right angle with the pirate's course.

The dhow followed this maneuver, though not at once. For awhile she kept on her course and since she was a faster sailer than the other gained leeway. It was evident that she would grapple the Mary Robinson on the next tack. Having made what gain she required, she swung round and sailed on a course to head off her enemy. Captain Wainwright, seeing that when the two met his ship would be boarded, called the crew aft and said to them:

"Men, if those cutthroats board us we are all doomed. See to it that the first man doesn't get aboard alive."

When the two vessels met their bows formed a right angle. Every man on the Mary Robinson was on the forecable armed either with a cutlass or a loaded musket (if it were within reach) except Jim Butterworth, who preferred an ax. He took position as first man and waited with his weapon high in the air to cut off the hand or cleave the skull of the first would be boarder. A powerful Malay stood at the head of the pirates ready to jump the moment the ships touched.

Suddenly the advanced pirate was seen to shrink away as though he had seen something to take the stiffening out of him. Jim saw at once that it was his glass eye. Lifting a hand he removed it and made a motion to throw it at the Chinaman, who shrank back, pushing his followers to the rear. Jim returned the eye to the socket. Others among the Chinamen by this time had become impressed with what they considered the evil eye and those in front crowded to the rear.

"Give 'em a volley!" roared Jim.

Every white man dropped his cutlass and seizing a musket poured a couple of dozen bullets into the throng of pirates crowded on the forecable of the dhow, dropping a goodly number of them. A cry was raised by the pirates which was not understood by the white men, but in English it meant: "The evil eye!"

Jim unloosed a grappling iron that had been fastened to the ship's forward gunwale, and slowly the dhow sheered off, Jim staring at the pirates with his glass eye while every man of them was trying to hide himself from its evil influence.

The two vessels became separated and the pirates did not return. As soon as it was evident that the crew of the Mary Robinson was saved all hands crowded around Jim, those nearest to him embracing him. Then all gave way to Captain Wainwright, who, taking Jim by the hand, said:

"Men, the first man who cracks a joke at Butterworth's glass eye will receive punishment to the full extent of what maritime law allows me as master of this vessel. That eye has saved every mother's son of us from death at the hands of the yellow varnishes. He will hereafter be third mate and in future will be addressed as Mr. Butterworth, and don't you forget it."

Cheers greeted this speech and grog was served to the crew.

A Curious Illusion.

What has come to be called the "Firehole" in the Yellowstone National park is a large hot spring from the bottom of which, to all appearances, a light colored flame is constantly issuing, only to be extinguished in the water before it reaches the surface. At times it has a distinct ruddy tinge, and it always flickers back and forth like the lambent flame of a torch. When seen under favorable conditions the illusion is perfect, and the beholder is sure that he has at last caught a glimpse of the hidden fires which produce the weird phenomena of this region. But it is only illusion. Through a fissure in the rock superheated steam escapes and divides the water just as bubbles do on a small scale. The reflection from the surface thus formed accounts for the appearance, which is intensified by the black background formed by the sides and bottom of the pool.—"The Yellowstone National Park," by Hiram Martin Chittenden, Brigadier General, U. S. A., Retired.

Prolific Fungi.

An average sized mushroom will produce as many as 1,300,000,000 spores, and a common toadstool shaggy cap has been shown to produce as many as 5,000,000,000. Fortunately for the other inhabitants of the world, however, the probability of successful growth of any given spore is somewhat remote. The mushroom or toadstool plant is formed by fine filamentous threads which ramify beneath the soil, and if we assume that a successful plant of the mushroom or shaggy caps produces as many as ten mushrooms or toadstools we find that the chance against successful growth to maturity is respectively about 18,000,000,000 and 50,000,000 to one in the two species mentioned. Even more prolific than the mushrooms and toadstools proper is the giant puffball, a large specimen of which has been known to produce as many as 7,000,000,000,000 spores.—London Knowledge.

Wasn't She Right?

The lesson in natural history had been about the rhinoceros, and the teacher wanted to know how well the lesson had been learned.

"Now, name something," she said, "that is very dangerous to get near to and that has horns."

"I know, teacher, I know!" called little Annie Jones.

"Well, Annie, what is it?"

"An automobile,"—Ladies' Home Journal.

A Big Birdcage.

A very peculiar institution in the New York zoo is what is known as "the flying birdcage." This magnificent aviary is the largest of its kind in the world, being 55 feet high, 72 feet wide and 150 feet long. Large oak and other trees grow in this cage, and the birds live within the entire existing bounds in the utmost freedom. The frame of the cage is built of iron pipes, which are covered over with thin meshed netting.

People Ask Us.

What is the best laxative? Years of experience in selling all kinds leads us to always recommend

Pexell Orderlies
as the safest, surest and most satisfactory. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

T. J. Smith & Co.

J. E. GREEN AUCTIONEER

Eden, Md.

R. F. D. No. 2

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

HERSCHEL FORD,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twentieth Day of October, 1915,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 13th day of April, 1915.

ANNETTE FORD,
Administratrix of Herschel Ford, dec'd.
True Copy. Test: SIDNEY WALLER,
Register of Wills.

TRUCK PACKAGES

You will soon be wanting CRATES, BARRELS or BASKETS for shipping your crops this season. Place your orders early, it gives you the satisfaction of knowing that you will be supplied when the time comes.

SEE US BEFORE BUYING

The Princess Anne Milling Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

STRAWBERRY and TOMATO CRATES, BARRELS and TRUCK BASKETS, LUMBER and BUILDING MATERIAL PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

REV. T. H. LEWIS, D. D., LL. D., PRESIDENT

For Young Men and Young Women in Separate Departments

LOCATION unexcelled, 1,000 feet above the sea, in the highlands of Maryland. Pure air, pure water, charming scenery. Only an hour's run from Baltimore.

EQUIPMENT complete. Twenty acre Campus; Modern Buildings; comfortable living accommodations; Laboratories, Library, Gymnasium, Power and Heating Plant.

CURRICULUM up to date. Classical, Scientific, Historical and Pedagogical Courses, leading to A. B. degree. Music, Elocution and Oratory. Strong Faculty.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL for those not ready for College.

Send for Catalogue and Book of Views.

Lord Salisbury's Joke.

Count Myratovich, former Serbian minister, told in London the story of a meeting he once had with the late Lord Salisbury. "He was a brilliant man and a great statesman," he said. "A little cynical, he never lost an opportunity of having a laugh at one's expense, but in his laugh there was never a trace of any malice. In the interview I recounted my nation's history, when he seemed a little bored. At the end Lord Salisbury dryly remarked: 'I thank you, minister. Now I know what I did not know before—that you have a brilliant history. But, my dear friend, it would have been much better for the Serbs if you had a less brilliant history and a port on the Adriatic.'"

News in Olden Times.

Not many minutes after a statesman has finished a speech nowadays the news is selling in the streets and has been flashed to every capital in Europe.

It was different in the elections in the time of Pitt. He made a memorable speech one March, and the eager public only learned exactly what he said from the Gentleman's Magazine of the following November.—London Saturday Review.

The Real Toll.

"I used to practice five hours a day on the piano," said the musician.

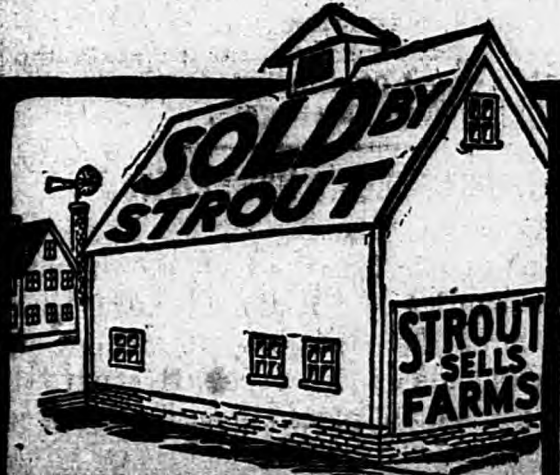
"You are through with that drudgery now."

"Drudgery? Those were times of restful leisure. Now I have to work fourteen hours a day giving lessons."—Washington Star.

A Doctor's Prescription For Coughs An Effective Cough Treatment

One-fourth to one teaspoonful of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken as needed, will soothe and check Coughs, Colds and the more dangerous Bronchial and Lung Ailments. You can't afford to take the risk of serious illness, when so cheap and simple a remedy as Dr. King's New Discovery is obtainable. Go to your Druggist today, get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, start the treatment at once. You will be gratified for the relief and cure obtained.

[Advertisement.]



E. A. Strout Farm Agency

Has Sold Over

10,000 Farms

We Can Sell Your Farm.

We maintain big general offices in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Syracuse for the convenience of farm seekers. We advertise in thousands of newspapers, farm papers and magazines; we have at all times in our files the names of over 100,000 prospective farm buyers.

You pay no fees of any kind unless we sell your farm. No charge for listing or advertising. If you want to sell your farm write to-day for full information and free copy of "How to Sell Your Farm" to

H. D. YATES

Agent for

E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc.

Announcement

E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc. Announce that on and after June 1st, 1915 they will not charge a withdrawal fee in connection with the listing of farms.

No Charge of Any Kind Unless We Sell If your property is already listed, see our local agent at once and have it relisted on new form of agreement.

E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc. Boston New York Philadelphia Syracuse

BURNT OYSTER SHELL LIME

CHEAPEST IN PRICE

Quickest in Acting on Soil

The Lime that Gives the Greatest Result for the Money Expended.

Sweet Soil is one of the first essentials to Successful Agriculture. Lime is needed in most of our soils to produce this condition. What the farmer should consider is how to attain the result at a minimum cost.

Our Experiment Station at College Park recommends the use of lime manufactured in the locality where used, because of the saving in transportation. Experiments made at the Station demonstrate that

2,000 Lbs. of Hydrated Lime are, in result, Equivalent to 3,800 Lbs. of Pulverized Oyster Shell Lime

We have Shells to Burn, and have Shells Burnt. Unless you have Money to Burn you will Buy Burnt Lime.

The SOMERSET PACKING CO.,

Licensed Manufacturers of

HYDRATED LIME

POSTOFFICE: - - - UPPER FAIRMOUNT, MARYLAND
FACTORY—Maddox Island on the Manokin River

SEEDTESTEDSEEDS

We are the only firm on the Eastern Shore that maintains a fully equipped SEED LABORATORY.

POTATOES FOR SUMMER PLANTING

HAVE YOU ORDERED WHAT YOU WILL NEED?

Maine Grown Cobblers - - \$3.00 Great Rehobeths - - - \$2.75
Maine Grown Green Mountains 3.00 Hoosiers - - - 2.50
11 Peck Sacks, f. o. b. Philadelphia.

All orders to be accompanied with an advance of 50 cents per sack.

INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES

WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE, SUCH AS: ARSENITE OF ZINC BORDEAUX MIXTURE
ARSENATE OF LEAD PARIS GREEN

SOY BEANS ORANGE SORGHUM BUCKWHEAT
COW PEAS AMBER SORGHUM MILLET

ALL OTHER FIELD AND TRUCKING SEEDS. If interested in seeds mentioned or not mentioned, we solicit your inquiry. Our line is complete.

Peninsula Produce Exchange of Maryland
POCOMOKE CITY, MD.

Phone 109. Branch Stores: Salisbury, Md., Princess Anne, Md., Snow Hill, Md.

Do Not Delay
With That Survey
Delays are often Costly
I am at your service
EARLE B. POLK
SURVEYOR
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

GO TO KING'S
500 HORSES AND MULES
AT PRIVATE SALE
EVERY DAY, 6 A. M. to 6 P. M.
We are first hands, and you save all other profits by buying direct from us

SELL YOUR HORSES AND MULES
At KING'S AUCTION
Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10.30 A. M.

Buyers get honest representation, and Sellers get a full Auction Value and their Money in 30 seconds. We don't charge to offer Horses and Mules not sold.

OUR REFERENCE:—EVERYBODY
JAMES KING & SONS
High, Baltimore & Fayette Sts. BALTIMORE, MD.

WHEN in want of
STYLISH and QUALITY PRINTING
Call or Phone **MARYLANDER AND HERALD**

A Battle Within a Battle

By M. QUAD

Copyright, 1915, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.

Our battery had been doing splendid service. From our position on the right we could see the shells drop into the woods and break up the formation of the Confederate cavalry every time they left cover.

We knew where they were. Jeb Stuart's old troopers were there; Wade Hampton's dragoons were there—Imboden, Rosser, Mosby—every Confederate cavalry command we had fought in Virginia was making ready in the shelter of the woods to charge on our left flank.

"Boom! Boom! Boom!" The gunners knew what was at stake. The orders were to die at the guns if the position could not be held. For half an hour their bursting shells kept the front clear, and we of the cavalry cheered them.

Out from the cover of the forest at half a dozen places gallop the gray troopers by hundreds. They wheel to the right and left, form in two lines, take their distance, close up with a trembling motion, and now there will be a grand charge. The shells burst in front of them, among them, but discipline is stronger than the fear of death.

Less than 300 of us—all cavalry—to support the battery. If that mob of gray riders ever reaches the foot of the slope we shall be picked up and sent whirling like dry leaves in a hurricane. The fire of the six guns becomes more rapid. It is truly terrible, but in their haste the gunners do less execution.

"Left wheel! Forward! Right dress!" Just 278 of us by actual count as we dress in two ranks. What are we going to do?

"Draw sabers! Forward! Trot! Gallop! Charge!"

They are driving us down at that body of men—ten times our number—to break and check the charge. If we can stop them for ten minutes the battery will be saved by the infantry. We oblique to the left as we go to close up. We are a living wedge, driving down to enter a living mass and split it in twain.

The wedge enters. The wedge drives ahead over fallen horses and dismounted men, yelling, slashing, cutting, keeping their pace. A trooper slashes at me, a horse goes down in front of mine, I feel myself falling with my horse, and then I am out of the fight for a moment.

The darkness which enshrouded things passes away after a bit, and I and my horse lying across my feet with the saddle flap so holding him that his dead body must be lifted up to get me out.

The charge of the gray troopers was broken. That wedge drove right through the mass and turned to attack them in the rear. Swirling about in circles like the vulture of war, the mass of men edges away until the field about me is clear of all but the dead and wounded. I've got a saber cut on the shoulder and can feel the warm blood bathing my arm, but I know I could walk away if I could get my feet clear. I am working to extricate them when I hear hoofbeats behind me. The next moment a riderless horse dashes up and comes to a halt. He has not been hit, but he has left his rider dead back there in the stubble, a Federal captain.

The horse stands pawing and snorting when out from the whirl of death, half a mile away, breaks a chestnut charger and comes galloping down upon us. There is blood on the saddle flaps—drops of blood on his shiny flanks. It is not his blood, but that of the Confederate man who rode him, and who has been cut down by a stroke of the saber.

It is gray versus chestnut—Federal versus Confederate. The newcomer is still a hundred feet away, when the gray horse rushes at him with ears laid back and mouth open, and as I watch them I forget that shells are screaming, bullets whistling and the saber doing bloody work within sound of my voice. As the two horses come together they rear up, neigh defiance at each other and a fight begins—a battle within a battle. Each seems embued with a deadly hatred for the other, and to be determined to destroy his antagonist.

Of a sudden I realize that they are close upon me. In their mad fury they see neither dead nor wounded—hear not the shout and shot of battle.

The gray kicks a dead man aside as he backs up for a fresh effort; the chestnut tramples the life out of a wounded man as he dances about. They will be over me if I do not stop them. The heels of the gray are throwing dirt into my face as I unsling my carbine and rest it across my dead horse for a shot. I fire at the gray, as he is the nearer and the greater menace, but the bullet misses the target. At that moment they begin to work to the left, and in the next they are past me, leaping over dead horses and trampling on dead men as they scream and bite and kick.

Above the roar of battle I hear a rifle shell coming. It gives out a growling, complaining sound which no man ever hears without a chill. The sound grows louder—nearer—crash! The horses were fifty feet away, and it must have struck one of them. There was a cloud of smoke, a whizzing of ragged fragments, and when I could see again both horses were down—torn and mangled and almost blotted off the face of the earth by the awful force of the explosion.

BUYING WATER AND AIR

In slaking quicklime it may be changed into two forms. If 56 pounds of pure quicklime, fresh from the kiln, becomes water-slaked, it increases its volume and weight to 74 pounds. If it is air-slaked the 56 pounds may become from 74 to 100 pounds, depending on the amount of carbon dioxide and water taken from the air. From these figures it can be seen that when a farmer purchases lime, he should know what he is buying. *It is not usually profitable for farmers to buy water and air; every farm is well supplied with these elements.* When a farmer pays freight and hauling on air and water, he is losing money. Farmers should insist on a chemical analysis being furnished them with every purchase of lime; only in this way can they know exactly what they are buying. Usually it is not economical to buy either water-slaked, "hydrated," or air-slaked lime. —From Bulletin 187, page 28, of the Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station.

IT PAYS TO LIME—BUT WHEN YOU LIME, USE THE BEST

THE MOORE-PENDLETON CO
MANUFACTURERS OF
PULVERIZED OYSTER SHELL LIME

FACTORY:—Clifton Point on the Manokin.
POSTOFFICE:—Westover, Maryland.



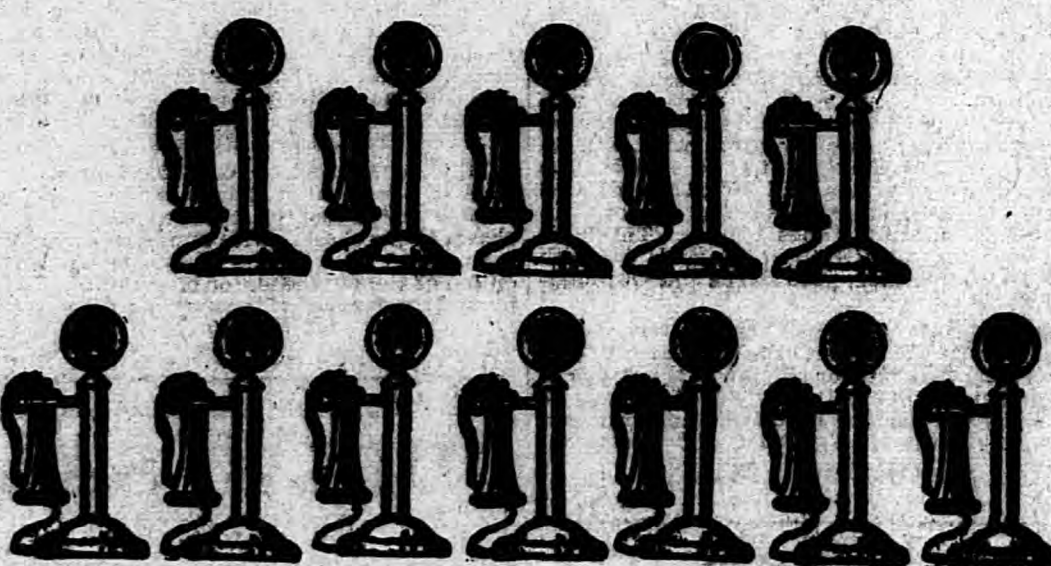
**HORSES
AND
MULES
WAGONS
BUGGIES
SURREYS
Runabouts
and
HARNESS**

J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.

Largest Carriage and Wagon
Dealer in Maryland

PRINCESS ANNE

MARYLAND



Telephones for Everybody

Do you know that you can have Bell telephone service for a few cents a day? It is a comfort and convenience at all times, and in an emergency it is the quick way to the source of relief.

You need telephone service in your office and home. Why not order it today?

Ask the Local Manager.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC
TELEPHONE COMPANY

H. W. CARTY, Local Manager

Tel. 9008

Salisbury, Md.

GOOD CATCHERS.

They Must Be Quick Thinkers and Are Hard to Develop.

Good fielders and hard hitters there are who are not quick witted, but never a catcher, who is the first to see signs of weakness in the pitcher and sends word to the bench for another pitcher to warm up. Three years' experience with a major league is regarded as necessary to make a catcher competent. Only a few continue long enough to have such experience.

Good catchers say that when they hear the ball touch the bat their hands instantly fly toward the ball, no matter where it glances off the bat. Some after losing sight of a fly in the sun have the ability to reach it nevertheless.

Some catchers are unjustly blamed for not putting a runner out who gets a big lead off the pitcher, who is really at fault. Here not only a good throw will fail, but it is often useless to throw at all.

Good catchers make many unexpected throws. They must throw from an unnatural position and with a jerky motion of the arm. Archer threw with a snap of the arm while standing flat footed and put many out on first base.

The catcher signals second baseman that he is going to throw the next pitched ball to him; the pitcher delivers it a little to one side so that it can be handled easily; the shortstop knows the next ball will not be hit and so can back up second base. This unexpected throw often puts the runner out on second.

A similar play is when the runners move up every time the ball is pitched. If those on second and third both get well off the bags the catcher again signals the pitcher to waste a ball and makes as if he were going to throw to third, but instead throws quickly to second and retires the runner there, or makes as if he were going to throw to second, but instead throws just beyond the pitcher, when the baseman starts for second, and he, without stopping, runs up, catches the ball and sends it home to retire the man seeking to score. —Arthur Macdonald in American Education Review.

EVOLUTION OF THE CHAIR.

Benches Without Backs Served For Seats in the Middle Ages.

It seems odd to contemplate that with the multitude of chairs to be found in every home these days, once upon a time there were no chairs as we know them in any home. In those days benches answered the purpose now served by chairs, and when a family drew up to the table for its meals in the middle ages they sat on long benches, which had no support for the backs, instead of chairs.

From long ago there were heavy thrones on which the rulers sat, but these throne chairs were so heavy that they could not be easily moved. Later the benches were given a back, and still later the chairs as we know them today were evolved.

It was not until 1800, in the time of Charles I., that the average Englishman knew of chairs or had them in his house, according to those who have made a study of furniture. The first English chairs were imported from France, and the native cabinetmakers and carpenters made chairs in imitation of these.

In those days the fashion in chairs changed with the fashion of clothes. When full skirts were the style the chairs became wider, so that lady and her skirts could be accommodated on one chair. The difference in the size of chairs that we have today, made in imitation of old styles, comes from this difference in clothes.—London Standard.

Why a Whip "Cracks."

In a lecture on "Mechanics in the Home" delivered to boys at the Royal Institution, in London, Professor C. V. Boys tried to explain why a whip cracks. The Scientific American remarks that his explanation was only tentative, and the greatest authorities on dynamics have been at a loss to give the reason. Briefly, it has to do with the fact that, owing to the action of centrifugal and other forces, the speed at which the whip travels through the air is greater and greater throughout the length of its lash and so great at the end that it comes up to the velocity of sound.

Mimicking Death.

Sarah Bernhardt's fondness for playing death scenes (you remember her habit of sleeping in a coffin) made her an object of terror to the ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid. When the great actress visited Constantinople years ago Abdul refused absolutely to see her or witness her playing, declaring that he had no wish to come in contact with a woman who could mimic death to such perfection.—London Chronicle.

True, but Misleading.

"Dick hugged me last night before I had the faintest idea of what he was about."
"And what did you do?"
"Why, of course I was instantly up in arms about it."—Baltimore American.

An Awkward Situation.

"For \$2 I will foretell your future."
"Are you a genuine soothsayer?"
"I am."
"Then you ought to know that I haven't got \$2."—Kansas City Journal.

Economy.

"What! You are eating crabs just at the time they are most expensive?"
"Yes, I always have had luck. When they are cheap I have no money."—Munich Fliegende Blätter.

How She Got Him

By MARTHA V. MONROE

Didn't I never tell you how your Uncle Cyrus and I come to get married? Well, I'll tell you all about it now. Your uncle was a long, lean, rawboned young feller, twenty-two years old, and had the farm walk. I don't know where our farmer boys get that walk unless it comes from follerin' the plow. But Cy was a stiddy feller and had a lot o' stuff in him. I knew two young women that wanted him, and I made a third. But the other two was either o' 'em so much better fixed than I that I didn't think there was any chance for me, though I didn't see much prospect of any of us havin' him 'cause he was so modest. He wouldn't be likely to think any of us would have him and wouldn't propose.

One day when I'd been to the store for some things I wanted and was walkin' home Cy come down into the road by a cow path and jined me.

"Mornin', Miss Harker," he said.

"Mornin', Mr. Rogers," I answered.

"You got a lot o' red in your cheeks this mornin'." It's powerful becomin'."

He was lookin' at me kind o' admirin'.

"Seems to me either the young fellers about here have mighty poor taste or you don't want to get married."

"Oh, law sakes! Mr. Rogers, there's no one wants to marry a girl with no property of her own and no prospects."

"Would you really like to get married?"

"Of course I would. I don't know any girl that wants to be an old maid; I don't, shore."

"If you feel that a-way I reckon I kin help you out. I know a man that lost his wife about a year ago and wants to get married to have some un to take keer of his children. I wouldn't mind introducin' him to you."

Fust off I was mad at his talkin' like that instead o' wantin' me for himself, but purty soon I reckoned he was so modest that he hadn't the spunk to put himself forward and was hidin' himself behind the widower. So I didn't let on I suspected, and I says:

"Mr. Rogers, if you kin get me that situation I'll be ever so much obleeged to you."

He didn't look very cheerful at my bein' willin' to take up with somebody else, but he didn't say anything except that he'd bring the widower to see me. I told him the sooner the better, for I was gittin' on, and purty soon even a widower with a hull lot o' children wouldn't look at me.

I knew well enough that his widower was all in his imagination. When ever I met Cy after that I asked him when he was goin' to bring his friend around. First it was the spring plantin' that kept him too busy to do anything else; then the corn, and when the crops was all got in I hadn't seen the widower at all. One evenin' when I was drivin' the cows home Cy jined me on the road. I made up my mind that I wasn't goin' to be foolin' along that a-way any longer, so I said, says I:

"Mr. Rogers, I thort you was goin' to keep me from bein' an old maid by gittin' me the position o' mother to a man's motherless children. I'm mighty disappointed. It's half a year since you made that promise, and you hain't kept it yet."

"Tain't my fault," says Cy. "I made the promise at the wrong time. Ef a farmer's goin' to promise anything he oughtn't to do it in the spring, when the summer work's jist comin' on."

"I thort the spring was jist the season for lovin'akin'." Ef you'd brought yer man to see me then like enough we'd done enough courtin' by this time to be married."

Cy didn't look very happy over it. But he didn't seem able to git up enough courage to go on with his way o' courtin', and I made up my mind to boost him.

"Tell you what, Mr. Rogers," I says, "you bring yer man round Saturday night and I'll forgive you for all the time you've wasted. Now, don't you forget it. Come about 8 o'clock, and I'll be ready for him."

I smiled at him the best I knowed how, and jist then we come to the lane leadin' down to the barn, and I turned the cows into it, follerin' 'em myself, and Cy went on down the road.

When Saturday night come round I put on my Sunday clothes and made myself look as well as I could. A leetle before 8 I see Cy comin' down the road. Of course he was alone, for his widower was no more a human bein' than a scarecrow in a cornfield is. When he knocked at the door I opened it, and he, bein' alone, I said, says I:

"Where's your man?"

Cy was makin' up excuses when I interrupted him with, "Here I am all dressed up to receive a lover and there's no lover to receive." I went back into the house and, sittin' down on a sofa, tuk out a handkerchief and pretended to wipe tears out o' my eyes. Cy sat down beside me to comfort me.

He said he was mighty sorry to have disappointed me. Ef he wasn't so un-gainly he'd offer to take the place o' the widower himself; but, seein' he was freckled and rawboned and had the plow stoop, of course he wouldn't be a fit substitute, and all that.

I jist throwed my arms around his neck and said I'd rather have a man rawboned and freckled fust off than a secondhand man with half a dozen children. Your uncle was mighty pleased to hear me say that, and when he went away that night at 11 o'clock we was engaged.

OUR BRIGHT BLUE SUN.

It Is the Air or Moisture That Makes It Look White or Red.

There is a general belief that sunlight is white and therefore that the sun is white. But this is a long way from the real condition of things. The sun is a bright blue, as blue in color as seems the water of a deep mountain lake. It is the air that makes the sun seem white.

Everybody has noticed when the air is very foggy that the sun appears as a red ball, as red as a redhot poker. Yet we know the sun hasn't changed at all. It is the mist in the air that makes the color seem different. And in the dawn and dusk, no matter how clear the air may be, the sun is much redder in color than when it is overhead in the middle of the day. The reason for this is that in the morning and evening we see the sun through a thicker belt of air. It is this thicker air which makes it look redder, just as it is the fog which has the same effect. If the air were taken away entirely, then we should expect the sun to be still less red.

Since in the middle of the day the sun is white, how could it be less red? By being blue.

The atmosphere is really like a thick orange colored veil spread between the world and the bright blue sun. Like a veil it dims the light, and its color acts as a filter. Actually the air stops most of the blue rays, but lets nearly all the orange colored rays come through.

It has been quite definitely shown that if it were not for the orange colored veil of the air we could not live upon the earth today. Even as it is the actinic rays of sunlight give sunstroke in summer, and it is in the blue and violet rays that the damage is done. The air softens the sunlight enough for us to bear it.

A few million years hence the sun will be yellow, and already some of its earlier blue heat is gone. But for a million years ahead—"we should worry!"—New York American.

TAKING A PERFECT 'BREATH.

Proper Method of Filling the Entire Lung Cavity With Air.

It does not suffice to breathe pure air. It must be properly breathed. All breathing should be done through the nose—never through the mouth—and, if possible, in the open air, or, at least, before an open window, and several times daily.

The passage of air through the nose has the advantage of being warmed and moistened and, in reality, filtered.

While deep breathing has been advised and written about during recent years, it is interesting to know that oriental teachers and philosophers have known and practiced it for generations. This best of all practices may not promote muscular strength or increase the size of the lungs, but it surely makes directly for the health of the lungs, heart, liver and abdominal organs, and thereby greatly and surely serves the brain.

To take a perfect breath:

Stand erect by an open window or out of doors. Pucker up the lips as though starting to whistle and slowly blow out the breath and empty the lungs of air. Then, closing the mouth, breathe through the nose, inhaling slowly and steadily, filling the entire lung cavity, which is done by bringing into play the diaphragm, which, descending, exerts a gentle pressure on the abdomen. In the final movement the lower part of the abdomen will be drawn in, which movement gives the lungs a support and also helps to fill the highest points of the lungs. Retain the breath for a few seconds. Then once again pucker up the lips as if to whistle and through the small opening slowly and gently exhale the breath.—Boston Post.

The Sun in Alaska.

Noon on Dec. 21 at Fairbanks, Alaska, is identical with midnight, June 21, at the same place except that it is usually 130 degrees colder and there is snow on the ground. In winter the sun in interior Alaska rises about 10 o'clock and sinks out of sight again about 2 in the afternoon.

The temperature in the latter part of December usually is 40 degrees below zero. Sometimes it goes down to 60 below. In summer the thermometer on June 21 will often show 90 degrees in the shade, thus giving a range of 150 degrees.—Popular Mechanics.

Exchange of Courtesies.

One of the keenest journalists and wits, Moritz Gottlieb Saphir, had the better of the irate stranger against whom he ran by accident at the corner of a street in Munich. "Beast!" cried the offended person without waiting for an apology. "Thank you," said the journalist. "and mine is Saphir."

From an Author's Journal.

I mortgaged my home to purchase an automobile; then the auto, in a humorous freak, ran down and disabled for life the man who held the mortgage. And to think I had so many enemies I had hoped to put out of business with that same machine—Atlanta Constitution.

At Our Boarding House.

"We become what we eat," said the theosophist without any excuse whatsoever.

"No wonder I feel like a menagerie," volunteered the cheerful idiot. "I've been eating hash for a month."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Bells.

The invention of bells is attributed to the Egyptians, who are credited with having made use of percussion instruments to announce the sacred fates of Osiris.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD
Published Every Tuesday Morning
PRINCESS ANNE, MD
Office, 367 Main Street. Local Phone No. 31.
Long Distance Phone, No. 62
Subscription Price \$1.00 Per Annum
WILLIAM H. DASHIELL
Editor and Proprietor
All Communications Should be Addressed to the
Marylander and Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1915

MR. LEE BEGINS CAMPAIGN

The Hon. Blair Lee began his campaign in Baltimore last Tuesday night. Mayor Preston also made a strong address in which he gave his reasons for supporting Mr. Lee for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination. We quote from both speeches in another column.

In his platform Mr. Lee declared for home rule for city and counties, annexation, a State law department, organization of the State administration with a view to economy and economy in road construction.

In opening his campaign he could not have made a better beginning. The absurd doctrine of differences between city and counties is thus exploded in the start and the alliance between the two parts of the State will be much improved. Judging from this beginning of the campaign, it is our opinion that Mr. Lee has greatly strengthened his position. The Democrats of Maryland now know where he stands and what his ideas of future action are.

It is this class of talking that the people of Maryland like. It is straight out and out to the point. Mayor Preston too, in assigning his reasons for supporting Mr. Lee, also made a complete demonstration. He sees no reason why Mr. Lee, who is filling out an unexpired term in the Senate, should fail in his ambition to be Governor of his own State, an ambition that he nearly reached four years ago. He believes that Senator Lee's turn has come and he wants to aid him in securing the coveted prize.

It is our belief, as it has been from the beginning of this campaign, that Senator Lee is one of the strongest men in Maryland today, and it is our further belief that he will be not only nominated but also elected as Governor of Maryland.

THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

The last commencement exercises of the Maryland State Normal School at the old building in northwest Baltimore was an event of more than average importance. There was also a reunion of the alumni of the old school. Next September the institution will be moved to the new building near Towson, where every convenience and higher standards will be offered prospective students.

One of the grave questions affecting the Normal School is that of its principal. Present impressions seem to favor the retention of Miss Sarah E. Richmond. Miss Richmond is one of the best known teachers in Maryland. She has been connected with the Maryland State Normal School for many years. Miss Richmond exerted great influence in securing the new building, and it would seem to be unfair to dislodge her as it is about to be opened. At this juncture, if ever, she deserves the approbation of the State Board of Education as well as of the people of Maryland. She has been a wise head of an old institution and she should so continue.

Parents now looking for appointments of their children to the State Normal School will no longer be affected by the peculiar possibilities of strange boarding places in the city. The many people will now be cared for in the dormitories of the new school, where every protection will be thrown around them. The State Board has also raised the educational standard of the school, and the chances of the Normal School for greater usefulness will be vastly increased.

WELLER VS. GOLDSBOROUGH

During Governor Goldsborough's official absence in the West Mr. O. E. Weller, chairman of the State Roads Commission, after a conference with some of his friends, entered his name as a Republican candidate for Governor. When this information reached the Governor, with whom it had been agreed that nothing should be done during his absence, it was natural that he should not like such a situation. Upon his return an interview took place, in which Mr. Weller made what explanations he could but no attempt at apology. The

Governor let it be understood that he himself would in all probability be a candidate again, and the impression is that he will again go before the Republicans of Maryland for their support.

It is an unusual thing for a Governor to ask for a second edition of his official holding, and so far as we are informed, it has never been successfully carried out. Governor Goldsborough relies upon the record he has made during his four-year term. On the other hand Mr. Weller is regarded by his friends as a most valuable man and one who exactly fits the Republican situation. He relies upon his success as a road builder and what he has done for the State in that direction.

Of course a Democratic paper has no interest in either of these men. It has, however, quite a good deal to do with the question of right or wrong to an absent official. It seems to be conceded that Governor Goldsborough has not had a square deal and if that is his opinion he is right in going before the people again. The question will then hinge on whether his record will offset the advantage of having a man like Weller on the ticket or whether that record is sufficient to warrant an uprooting of the old policy that no Governor shall be permitted to succeed himself.

The Republicans thus far have some interesting questions to settle for themselves. How they will be settled waits to be seen.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

(Advertisement)

GORDON TULL, Solicitor.

Order Nisi

In the matter of the tax sale of real estate in Fairmount Election District of Somerset County, assessed to Louis A. Tyler, made and reported by John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, for the year 1915. William J. Phillips, purchaser, ex parte.

No. 3009, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity.

Whereas, a certain John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, in the State of Maryland, for the year 1915, has reported to the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 15th day of June, 1915, that notice be given by him to William J. Phillips of all that lot or parcel of land in Fairmount Election District of Somerset County, in the State of Maryland, viz: No. 9 being all that lot or parcel of land, containing 2 acres, more or less, with the improvements thereon, situated on the Manokin river, adjoining the lands of Thomas Blake, Kate Winder and David Tyler, conveyed to Louis A. Tyler by deed recorded in Liber O. T. B. No. 37, folio 218, etc., and assessed to said Louis A. Tyler on the assessment books of said election district for the said year 1915, and sold for the payment of taxes due and in arrears, together with all the proceedings had in relation thereto, and whereas upon examination it appears to the said Court that the said proceedings are regular and that the provisions of the law in relation thereto have been complied with.

Now therefore, it is hereby ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 15th day of June, 1915, that notice be given by the publication of this order once a week for four successive weeks in the Marylander and Herald, a weekly newspaper published in Somerset County, before the 21st day of July, 1915, warning all persons interested in said real estate to be and appear in this Court on or before the 21st day of July, 1915, to show cause, if any they have, why said sale should not be ratified and confirmed.

The said report states the amount of sales to be \$45.00.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.
True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

Order Nisi

In the matter of the tax sale of real estate in Fairmount Election District of Somerset County, assessed to Thomas S. Lattimer, made and reported by John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, for the year 1915. William J. Phillips, purchaser, ex parte.

No. 3010, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity.

Whereas, a certain John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, in the State of Maryland, for the year 1915, has reported to the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 15th day of June, 1915, that notice be given by him to William J. Phillips of all that lot or parcel of land in Fairmount Election District of Somerset County, in the State of Maryland, viz: No. 9 being all that lot or parcel of land, containing 1 acre, more or less, with the improvements thereon, situated on the private road leading from the colored church to Hall's Creek, adjoining the land owned or formerly owned by Mrs. Brinkley, conveyed to Thomas Lattimer by Samuel L. Hall by deed recorded in Liber H. P. L. No. 7, folio 228, etc., and assessed to said Thomas S. Lattimer on the assessment books of said election district for the said year 1915, and sold for the payment of taxes due and in arrears, together with all the proceedings had in relation thereto, and whereas upon examination it appears to the said Court that the said proceedings are regular and that the provisions of the law in relation thereto have been complied with.

Now therefore, it is hereby ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 15th day of June, 1915, that notice be given by the publication of this order once a week for four successive weeks in the Marylander and Herald, a weekly newspaper published in Somerset County, before the 21st day of July, 1915, warning all persons interested in said real estate to be and appear in this Court on or before the 21st day of July, 1915, to show cause, if any they have, why said sale should not be ratified and confirmed.

The said report states the amount of sales to be \$12.50.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.
True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

Rexall
Dyspepsia Tablets
Will Relieve Your Indigestion
T. J. Smith & Co.

The "Dropping" of Mr. Bryan

While it is not probable many newspapers will follow the announced purpose of the Atlanta Constitution to "drop" Mr. Bryan by refusing to allow his name to appear on its pages, it will not be surprising if he should soon occupy much less space in all newspapers than at present. Just now it is deemed essential to give him prominence for two reasons—to denounce the deep wrong of his course and to inform the people as to the extent and character of his public utterances on the present situation.

The remarkable career of Mr. Bryan as a public man precludes the possibility of ignoring him in an instant. He must first be "dealt with." As the accepted leader of a great political party for several campaigns, and up to recently a leader of great influence, he is not to be "dropped" in a single day, even by newspaper order. Until the close of the present phase of our relations with Germany he will continue to figure as an element in the consideration.

But Mr. Bryan's day of decadence is here, and he will sink lower and lower in the scale of public interest and attention. Just now he holds position "on the first page," but as soon as new questions arise, in which he can have no more part than any other private citizen, he will be relegated to "the inside pages," and receive only such attention as he may deserve. Then there will be very little of Mr. Bryan in the public press, and as his exclusion will be entirely legitimate, he may become almost forgotten. —Wilmington Evening.

Trustee's Sale

OF ATTRACTIVE
Water Front Farm

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, in a cause wherein John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, is plaintiff, and the Chicago Charity Hospital, et al. are defendants, the same being No. 2,940 on the Chancery Docket of said court, the undersigned trustee named in said decree, will sell at Public Auction in front of the Court House, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, June 22nd, 1915
at about the hour of two o'clock p. m.,

All that Farm, Tract or Parcel of Land located on Wicomico Creek, in Mt. Vernon Election District in Somerset County, and being the same land and building on the North side of the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto, and containing

Two hundred (200) acres,

more or less, and being part of the farm known as "Melody Manor," wherein Kenneth S. Walcott, et al. are plaintiffs, and the Chicago Charity Hospital, et al. are defendants, the same being No. 2,940 on the Chancery Docket of said court, the undersigned trustee named in said decree, will sell at Public Auction in front of the Court House, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, June 22nd, 1915
at about the hour of two o'clock p. m.,

Order Nisi

In the matter of the tax sale of real estate in Fairmount Election District of Somerset County, assessed to Louis A. Tyler, made and reported by John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, for the year 1915. William J. Phillips, purchaser, ex parte.

No. 3008, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity.

Whereas, a certain John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, in the State of Maryland, for the year 1915, has reported to the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 15th day of June, 1915, that notice be given by him to William J. Phillips of all that lot or parcel of land in Fairmount Election District of Somerset County, in the State of Maryland, viz: No. 7 being all that lot or parcel of land, containing 2 acres, more or less, with the improvements thereon, situated on the Manokin river, adjoining the lands of Thomas Blake, Kate Winder and David Tyler, conveyed to Louis A. Tyler by deed recorded in Liber O. T. B. No. 37, folio 218, etc., and assessed to said Louis A. Tyler on the assessment books of said election district for the said year 1915, and sold for the payment of taxes due and in arrears, together with all the proceedings had in relation thereto, and whereas upon examination it appears to the said Court that the said proceedings are regular and that the provisions of the law in relation thereto have been complied with.

Now therefore, it is hereby ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 15th day of June, 1915, that notice be given by the publication of this order once a week for four successive weeks in the Marylander and Herald, a weekly newspaper published in Somerset County, before the 21st day of July, 1915, warning all persons interested in said real estate to be and appear in this Court on or before the 21st day of July, 1915, to show cause, if any they have, why said sale should not be ratified and confirmed.

The said report states the amount of sales to be \$42.00.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.
True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

Order Nisi

In the matter of the tax sale of real estate in Fairmount Election District of Somerset County, assessed to Thomas S. Lattimer, made and reported by John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, for the year 1915. William J. Phillips, purchaser, ex parte.

No. 3011, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity.

Whereas, a certain John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, in the State of Maryland, for the year 1915, has reported to the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 15th day of June, 1915, that notice be given by him to William J. Phillips of all that lot or parcel of land in Fairmount Election District of Somerset County, in the State of Maryland, viz: No. 9 being all that lot or parcel of land, containing 2 acres, more or less, with the improvements thereon, situated on the Manokin river, adjoining the lands of Thomas Blake, Kate Winder and David Tyler, conveyed to Louis A. Tyler by deed recorded in Liber O. T. B. No. 37, folio 218, etc., and assessed to said Louis A. Tyler on the assessment books of said election district for the said year 1915, and sold for the payment of taxes due and in arrears, together with all the proceedings had in relation thereto, and whereas upon examination it appears to the said Court that the said proceedings are regular and that the provisions of the law in relation thereto have been complied with.

Now therefore, it is hereby ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 15th day of June, 1915, that notice be given by the publication of this order once a week for four successive weeks in the Marylander and Herald, a weekly newspaper published in Somerset County, before the 21st day of July, 1915, warning all persons interested in said real estate to be and appear in this Court on or before the 21st day of July, 1915, to show cause, if any they have, why said sale should not be ratified and confirmed.

The said report states the amount of sales to be \$42.00.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.
True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

War Is A Nuisance, Says Bryan

War is an international nuisance, William Jennings Bryan last Wednesday declared in the first instalment of his views on "The causeless war and its lessons for us." His statement Wednesday was headed "The war as it is and its injury to neutrals."

Mr. Bryan suggests an international conference after the war to change international law so as to place the burdens of war on the belligerents and not neutrals. He says present international law "seems to be made for nations at war," whereas the "presumption should be for peace."

"If nations are determined to fight they should bear the burdens themselves," he argued.

Neuralgia Pains Stopped

You don't need to suffer those agonizing nerve pains in the face, head, arm, shoulder, chest and back. Just apply a few drops of soothing Sloan's Liniment; lie quietly a few minutes. You will get such relief and comfort! The face and the world will look brighter. Get a bottle today. 3 ounces for 25c., at all Druggists. Penetrates without rubbing. I

(Advertisement)

Assignee's Sale

OF VALUABLE
Real Estate

By virtue of the power and authority contained in a mortgage from Phoebe Combes and Antonette Stadlander et vir to J. C. Wickham, dated the 15th day of February, 1912, and recorded among the records of said county, in and to the Liber S. F. D. No. 61, folios 10 et seq., the said mortgage having been duly assigned to the undersigned, and default having been made by the mortgagors in the payment and covenants of said mortgage, the undersigned assignee, will sell at Public Auction in front of the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, July 6th, 1915,
at about the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., all that farm, tract or tract of land known as "The Henry Cooper Farm," or by whatsoever name or names the same may be known or called, containing

190 ACRES,

more or less, situate in said Somerset County, and more particularly described as follows:

First—All that lot or tract of land situate and lying in Mt. Vernon Election District in said County, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister, and being the same land and building on the south side of Wicomico Creek and bounded on the east by the land of Edward D. Price, on the south by the County Road leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler

Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published free—but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of (5) five cents per line.

BUSINESS POINTERS

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter

Country Produce taken at DASHIELL'S DEPARTMENT STORE.

FOR SALE—300 bushels of Cow Peas. E. G. NEWTON, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—One Black Mare, kind and gentle. H. J. MUIR, Blacksmith, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—No. 1 Black Cow Peas at \$2.50 per bushel. C. H. SPEIGHTS, Westover, Md.

WANTED—A tenant for my farm, known as the Louis Lankford place, near Princess Anne, for the year 1916. Crop rent. L. A. GENTRY, Pr. Anne.

FOR SALE.—Ice, Coal, Wood, Fertilizer, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flaxseed Meal, Cottonseed Meal, Bran, Middlings, Dairy Feeds, Hominy, Beef Scrap, Chicken Feeds, etc., wholesale and retail. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

COMFORT, PLEASURE, WEALTH—in the exclusive line of Baldwin Refrigerators and Ice Chests. When you save ice you save money. There is none just as good. Look over and receive prices on genuine in stock at

HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

WANTED—Information as to the address of Samuel W. Jones, or widow or heirs if dead. He saw service in the U. S. Navy in 1868, and probably during the Civil War, and his address was given as Somerset county. Small recovery can probably be made. Address EDWIN W. SPALDING, Pacific Building, Washington, D. C.

One-half the world is up and doing, the other half is down and being done.

Miss Aline Wallop, who last week attended the June ball at Princeton University, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lankford and their daughter, of Macon, Ga., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Gibbons.

Misses Ellen and Carrie Crisfield, who are engaged in teaching at the Waynfleet school at Portland, Maine, are home for the summer vacation.

Mr. O. Sadler, the editor of the Crisfield News, and Dr. C. E. Collins, of Crisfield, were welcome callers at the Marylander and Herald office last Tuesday.

A complete survey just made of the 50 farms owned by the late William McKenney, of Centerville, Md., shows that he owned 15,722 acres of land.

The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon Rev. W. O. Hurst, of Upper Fairmount, Md., by St. John's College, Annapolis, last Wednesday.

Mr. Robert H. Maddox, who is a student at St. John's College, Annapolis, is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Maddox, on Beckford avenue.

The Ladies Card Club of Princess Anne was entertained last Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. Robert F. Duer, on Main street. This was the final meeting of the Club until next fall.

Misses Lettie Dong, Gertrude Flurer and Mildred Powell, students of Western Maryland College, Westminster, returned to their respective homes last Thursday morning to spend the summer.

Miss Emily I. Dashiell, who is teaching German and Latin in the Dover (Del.) High School, is spending the vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dashiell, on Prince William street.

Mr. J. Francis Brittingham, who recently completed his fifth year at the University of Missouri, and was graduated as a civil engineer, left last Sunday for Washington, D. C., where he has accepted a position.

The Comptroller last Tuesday made his fourth distribution of the State School Tax, payable on or after June 25th. The amount for Somerset county is \$5,050.93. The proportion of Free Book Fund is \$866.88, and for Approved High Schools, \$925.

Mrs. John Dale, Mrs. Wm. H. Gale and Mrs. Frank T. Smith, of Princess Anne, were among those who attended the commencement exercises of the Maryland Agricultural College on June 16th. Mrs. Dale's son, Mr. Richard Dale, was graduated as Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering.

Mr. E. C. Cannon, who, in connection with supplying electricity for the town of Princess Anne, also pumps the water, informs us that the old Lambert gasoline engine, formerly used in pumping, is being converted into an air compressor, and with its aid the water in one of the Shanahan wells, 65 feet deep, is to be blown into a 10x10 storage tank and then pumped up to the tank. The capacity of the pumping station is thus expected to be doubled. The work is now under way and is soon expected to be completed. Both pumps will thus be going and a much better service is expected.

Advertised Letters

The following is a list of letters, remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice unclaimed for:

Mrs. E. S. Bradford, Miss Eliza Cottman, Mrs. C. G. Gayman, Miss Mary Jones, Mr. Estal Lewis, Mr. Preston Withers.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.

H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

Mr. E. P. Duer, of Baltimore, spent the week-end with his brother, Mr. Robert F. Duer, on Main street.

Mrs. George W. Brumley and her two sons, Frank and George, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Josiah W. Pollitt, near Eden.

Miss Mildred Beauchamp, of Princess Anne, was in town Saturday afternoon and evening to attend the Chautauqua. —Salisbury Advertiser.

Misses Virginia Moore and Miss Artie Baker, of Harrington, Del., were guests of Mrs. D. J. Givan, at the Methodist Parsonage last week.

The Government crop estimate shows there is a decrease in pea acreage of 18 per cent, tomato acreage, 10 per cent, and an increase in corn of 4 per cent.

Mr. Fred. R. Nelson, of Revell's Neck, shipped six crates of tomatoes from Peninsula Junction last Saturdays. These were the first tomatoes shipped from this county this season, so far as we have heard.

Mrs. S. G. Myers and daughter, Miss Mattie, of Hagerstown, Md., and Mr. Charles G. Myers, principal of the High School at Rockville, Md., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. George H. Myers, on Beckford avenue.

The Auditorium will be closed this week for repairs and will be opened Saturday night, June 26th, with everything new. There will be a special good picture show for the opening night at the same price—5 cents.

Mr. H. L. D. Stanford, who is a student at St. John's College, Annapolis, is spending the vacation with his parents, Judge and Mrs. H. L. D. Stanford. Mr. Stanford received a prize for Bible study at the late commencement.

The wedding of Miss Sara Gladys Sudler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William T. Sudler, of Manokin, to Mr. Harry N. German, of Baltimore, will take place at one o'clock on June 23rd, at St. Stephen's Church, Upper Fairmount. No cards in the county.

The barn of Mr. Thomas S. Ward, near Hopewell, was struck by lightning Wednesday and destroyed, with its contents. Ben Johnson, a negro, who was on the farm, was shocked and set on fire. He was taken to the General and Marine Hospital in Crisfield for treatment.

The Princess Anne base ball club defeated the Fairmount boys last Friday in Princess Anne by a score of 8 to 1. The pitching of Huffington being the feature, striking out 15 men. Batteries: Princess Anne—Huffington and Polk. Fairmount—Walston, S. Cox and W. Cox.

Mr. Charles Russell Higgins and Miss Lulu King, both of Pocomoke city, were married Wednesday at the home of the bride by the Rev. J. Watkins Lacey, pastor of the Presbyterian church. The bride is a granddaughter of the late Dr. J. T. B. McMaster. They will live in Pocomoke City.

One-third of the fools in the country think they can beat a lawyer expounding the laws. One-half think they can beat the doctor in healing the sick. Two-thirds of them think they can put the ministers in the hole expounding the gospel, and all of them think they can beat the editor running a paper.

Mr. Wm. F. Long, formerly of Princess Anne, but subsequently residing in California, and now living in Washington, D. C., spent last week in Somerset county. Mr. Long was, at one time, bailiff for the corporation of Princess Anne, and was a most efficient officer. He was a visitor to Princess Anne on Thursday last.

Mr. P. E. Twining, who resides on the John Woolford farm about four miles west of Princess Anne, presented us last week with a basket of "May Flower" peaches, for which we extend our thanks. This fruit is one of the earliest peaches grown. Mr. Twining has an orchard of about four acres. The fruit is soft and luscious.

Mr. O. E. Weller, chairman of the State Roads Commission, and Mr. Walter B. Miller spent last Friday in Princess Anne. Mr. Weller is a well known Republican candidate for the Governorship of Maryland. During their stay these gentlemen were closeted with Mr. Robert F. Duer, who is the Republican leader of Somerset county.

Frank F. Burnworth, the 16-year-old son of Mr. J. A. Burnworth, formerly of Cherry Grove farm, graduated June 9th, in a class of twenty from the High School at Girard, Ohio. Frank spent his first half year in the High School at Washington Academy, Princess Anne. He is a member of an orchestra and assistant superintendent of the First Presbyterian Sunday School at Girard.

Mr. Samuel M. Crockett, editor of the Worcester Democrat, of Pocomoke City, left last Thursday for a visit to his brother-in-law, Mr. Edward F. Brown, at El Paso, Texas, who is connected with the office of the Land Commission of the United States. Mr. Crockett will also visit San Diego, the San Francisco Exposition, the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, Yellow Stone Park and other places of national interest, remaining away about six weeks.

Rural Teachers Amateurs

Figures collected by the United States Bureau of Education show that the rural public schools of the country are taught "largely by young unmarried people who have no idea of following teaching as a profession." According to these figures the average age when teaching is begun is 19 years and the average time devoted to the profession is six and a half years.

The average time for a teacher to remain in any one school, according to Harold W. Foght, who compiled the figures, is less than two years of 140 days each. This average is really less for the majority of teachers, and is raised to the year figure by the "few permanent professional teachers alone."

The conclusions of Mr. Foght are: "So long as teachers continue to be peripatetics, the best result in community leadership cannot be expected. A change from amateur to professional teaching in the rural schools would be hastened by giving the teacher a salary that would enable him to provide comfortably for his family, and would be compelling the community, through legal enactments, to erect a teachers' cottage in close proximity to every school plant."

The compiler of the bulletin made special inquiries regarding the housing of teachers in rural communities. Of 3,000 teachers who replied to the inquiry only 73 lived in homes provided by the community. In these cases, however, the bulletin says, it is demonstrated that the providing of such homes makes the teacher a community leader.

Marriage Licenses

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset county last week:

WHITE

Charles L. Weber, 25, and Emma Somers, 25, both of Deal's Island. James F. Budd, 32, and Maggie Shrieves, 21, both of Accomac county, Virginia.

Jacob F. Walker, 21, of Princess Anne, and Jennie Heath, 16, of Somerset county. Charles A. Swift, 21, of Hopewell, and Laura E. Hanson, 18, of Marion. George W. Hahn, Jr., 24, of Baltimore, and Esther Godman, 21, of Crisfield.

Lawson F. Richards, 27, of Detroit, Mich., and Doris E. Speights, 25, of Westover. Charles R. Middleton, 24, and Mary L. Evans, 23, both of Smith's Island.

COLOR

Martin Soril, 22, and Nola M. Bowden, 21, both of Onancock, Va. Robert C. Waters, 21, and Maggie L. Miles, 18, both of Jamestown, Md. John W. Waters, 64, of Puncheon Landing, and Sarah Robertson, 47, of Jamestown, Md.

Bilious Attacks

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement]

First-Class Highland Pasturage FOR RENT

T. P. YARROW

Princess Anne, Md.

Attractions FOR THIS WEEK AT THE AUDITORIUM

Saturday Night

Special Pictures for this Night

Motion Pictures

Admission 5 Cents

First Pictures, 7.45; second at 9 o'clock

PHILIP M. SMITH Undertaker and Embalmer

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Undertaking in all its branches will receive prompt attention. A full line of Funeral Supplies always on hand. UPHOLSTERING AND FURNITURE REPAIRED AND REFINISHED will receive prompt attention. Phone 45

Ice for Sale

My new ice plant is now completed and I am prepared to furnish the public with FIRST-CLASS ICE in any quantity at the plant.

At as Low Price as Can Be Furnished Elsewhere

YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

ROBERT F. MADDOX,

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Beacom Business Colleges

Wilmington, Delaware

Salisbury, Maryland

In Session All Summer

WRITE FOR CATALOG

Spencer Arrested for Selling Whiskey

The Wicomico News of last Thursday says: "One of the nerviest whiskey sellers on record in Salisbury is Jack Spencer, colored, of Princess Anne, who was caught red handed by Deputy Sheriff Denson Monday night last, selling whiskey on the Court House grounds right under the eaves of the county jail. Spencer distributed two quarts of whiskey to two customers and received two dollars a quart for same. Deputy Sheriff Denson saw the transaction from the door of the jail which was open at the time and walked out and picked up the negro and locked him up. He secured the four dollars which was paid for the whiskey and will round-up the two buyers as witnesses."

"The sheriff says that since the arrest of Spencer he has discovered that three more are implicated in the business and that there has been quite a traffic by this concern in Salisbury lately. He hopes to gather in the other three this week, and to have the pleasure of taking the four over to the Cut for six months stay this summer and fall. The next thing we expect to hear of is the use of the Court House as a selling place for these speakeasy fellows. The boldness of this operator is really a surprise to the officers."

Constipation Cured Overnight

A small dose of Po-Do-Lax tonight and you enjoy a full, free, easy bowel movement in the morning. No griping, for Po-Do-Lax is Podophyllin (May Apple) without the gripe. Po-Do-Lax corrects the cause of Constipation by arousing the Liver, increasing the flow of bile. Bile is Nature's antiseptic in the bowels. With proper amount of bile, digestion in bowels is perfect. No gas, no fermentation, no Constipation. Don't be sick, nervous, irritable. Get a bottle of Po-Do-Lax from your Druggist now and cure your Constipation overnight. 1 [Advertisement]

GORDON T. WHELTON
COUNTY SURVEYOR
CRISFIELD, MARYLAND
At Princess Anne Every Tuesday
OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE
(Formerly used by Tax Collectors)

ELTON H. ROSS
The BARBER

Sanitary Shop Three Chairs
Clean Towels
Hot and Cold Water
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

GLASSES

Prescribed by Charles W. Purnell at O. A. Jones' Drug Store Monday Afternoon, June 21st.

CHARLES W. PURNELL
OPTOMETRIST

Phone 457 J Cambridge, Md.

WASHINGTON HOTEL

TONSorial PARLOR

Sanitary and Up-to-date
Expert Workmen Only

HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor

Gwendolyn B. Dennis
SHAMPOOING
Scalp Treatment

Appointments made. Ladies exclusively

ANTIOCH AVENUE

Princess Anne, Maryland



Do You Want a Good Complexion?

Velvet Skin Lotion

is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers. If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief.

Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving.

Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

OMAR A. JONES

Druggist Princess Anne

DID THIS EVER OCCUR TO YOU

That To visit Princess Anne without seeing our stock of **Mid-Summer Specials** is about like staying home?

That Our large line of **WALL PAPER** puts within your easy reach an opportunity to brighten up the home at a small expense?

That With the warm weather you might need a new **Refrigerator**, or a new **Hammock**, or some new **Porch Furniture** with a new **Couch Swing, Lawn Swings, Lawn Seats, Croquet Sets**, etc.?

That We pay the largest traders license of any retail merchant in Somerset County?

That You never knew us to advertise anything we could not deliver, as advertised?

That Twenty-five Salisbury merchants advertise to offer better dealing propositions than any town on the Shore, and that twenty-three of them know this to be false? You are being misled.

That We deliver free any sales above \$5.00 to your nearest Railroad Station?

That Our Carpet and Rug Department sends you an invitation to get your Summer outfit here?

That Stone lined Refrigerators are sanitary and economical above others, and prices low for the kind? \$27.00 and up.

That Shoes bought from us are as good for the price as can be had?

That To patronize our Ribbon Department means a saving to you of 10 to 25 per cent?

That You can get suited in Summer Dress Materials at our counter? "Best Yet."

That Gloves, Hosiery, Underwear, Nemo Corsets, Laces etc. are here for your inspection?

LANKFORD

THE HOME FURNISHER

316-318 Main St.

PRINCESS ANNE

SUMMER COMFORTS

Now is the time for you to complete your Sewing for the Hot Summer Months which are now approaching. Do not wait any longer.

COME IN TO-DAY

Silk Voile	Cotton Voile	Organdies
Linens	Seed Voile	Corduroy
Lawns	Percaloes	Cotton Checks
Silk Mulls	Flaxon	Cotton Marquisette
Poplins	Cobweb Weave	Gingham

A Beautiful line of Medium Price Laces to go with the above goods

FOR THE HOME IN SUMMER

Porch Chairs	Porch Rockers	Porch Screens
Lawn Swings	Porch Swings	Porch Couches
Baby Swings	Refrigerators	Ice Chests
Matting	Matting Rugs	Grass Rugs
Wool and Fibre Rugs	Fibre Matting	Wall Paper

FOR THE HOME ALL THE YEAR ROUND

Parlor Suits	Dining Room Suits	Library Suits
Rockers	Library Tables	Chiffonier
Couches	Wool Rugs	Curtains

W. S. DICKINSON & SON

Pocomoke City,

Maryland

SO EASY TO WORK TO FIX

When you install one of these pumps you get lasting satisfactory service. For 40 years we have been building pumps fitted for wells.

KANAWHA PUMPS

When we fit a pump for a well there is no guess work - It is correct, because - **WE KNOW HOW** -

Catalog on Request. Sold by Dealers.

Kanawha Pump Works
9 W. Pratt St., Baltimore, Md.

RAWLINGS PULVERIZING HARROWS CULTIVATOR

RAWLINGS IMPLEMENT COMPANY
Baltimore, Md.
Manufacturers and Dealers in Implements, Engines, Vehicles

Tell your needs to us or to your dealer, but insist on Rawlings Goods.

The Baltimore Star

The Leading Evening Paper of the South

The Baltimore Star, established August 17, 1908, by the publishers of The Baltimore American, has won its place as the representative evening paper of the South. It gives more news and more reading matter than any other afternoon paper in Maryland. It is especially rich in departments - financial, sporting, children, women, and to these departments the best writers of America are regular contributors. The Star is the great home paper, with something for every member of the family. It is a cheerful newspaper, with plenty of entertainment. Those who try it keep on taking it.

The Star is elaborately illustrated. It has the first photographs of important events. Its portraits of leading men and women are unequalled. The Star has two great news services, with wires direct to its offices from all parts of the world. The Star has a wireless equipment. It uses every modern invention and the best enterprise to get all the news.

The Star is different from other Southern papers. It has a quality of its own.

ONE CENT A COPY. One month, 25 cents; three months, 75 cents; one year, \$3.

Address: **FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher**
C. C. FULTON & CO.,
American Building, Baltimore Maryland

EAT ANYTHING, ANYTIME!

Relieve that after-dinner distress, remove the cause of indigestion, drowsiness and headache, the symptoms of indigestion, take nature's remedy. It quickly cleans the system by its natural tonic action on the bowels, and restores vigor to a weary stomach. Clears the blood and caters to the Acid. Price 50 cents a bottle at all druggists or from the proprietor.

Lyman Brown, 48 Murray St., New York City.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Powder, the antiseptic powder for painful, smarting, tender, nervous feet. It takes the sting of corns and bunions. Over 100,000 packages are being used by the German and Allied troops at the front. Sold everywhere, 25c. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

L. THOMAS BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

Keep Gloom From Sickroom.

There ought to be some sort of a test for sickroom visitors. People who are just recovering from the throes of death and have the grim reaper's shoulders on the mat should not be placed at the mercy of the disconcerting, disheartening and depressing friends who gain admittance to the chamber under the guise of kindness. If some one can devise a way to detect the visitors who know of somebody who died of the patient's malady and stop them at the threshold, recoveries will be quicker and deaths fewer. In the absence of such a test the best kindness folks with grousches, hard luck tales and yarns of misery in their system can do for those in sickness is to stay away. Many a patient has spent days recovering from the effects of a ten minute visit by a misguided gloom spreader. - Detroit Free Press.

Women Architects.

"I wonder why there are so few women architects?"

"Perhaps women are afraid they might be called designing creatures."

Becoming Faint.

Cook-The tea is quite exhausted. ma'am. Mistress-I noticed that it seemed very weak the last time. - Boston Globe.

He that always complains is never pitied. - German Proverb.

Greatly Benefited by Chamberlain's Liniment

"I have used Chamberlain's Liniment for sprains, bruises and rheumatic pains, and the great benefit I have received justifies my recommending it in the highest terms," writes Mrs. Florence Slife, Wabash, Ind. If you are troubled with rheumatic pains you will certainly be pleased with the prompt relief which Chamberlain's Liniment affords. Obtainable everywhere.

(Advertisement)

If You are troubled with heartburn, gases and a distressed feeling after eating take a

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablet

before and after each meal and you will obtain prompt relief. Sold only by us, 25c.

T. J. Smith & Co.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

DANIEL W. MILES.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Thirteenth day of October, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 10th day of April, 1915.

Admrs of Daniel W. Miles, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

THOMAS J. HANDY.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Twenty-seventh day of October, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 20th day of April, 1915.

Admrs of Thomas J. Handy, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **ROBERT F. MADDOX.**
Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

KATE HASTINGS.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Twenty-fifth day of November, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 18th day of May, 1915.

Admrs of Kate Hastings, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **ROBERT F. MADDOX.**
Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

-This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

ASSURBY P. BEAUCHAMP.

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth day of September, 1915.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admrs of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy. Test: **SIDNEY WALLER.**
Reg. W. S. C.

Making the Little Farm Pay

By C. C. BOWSFIELD

Onions are important enough as a market commodity to compel the attention of landowners generally. The crop is reasonably sure, and there is a demand all the year.

One great advantage is the keeping quality of onions. They do not have to be marketed at any particular time, and one may choose favorable market conditions. The price is in keeping with the high level of other farm products, and fair profits are assured.

A little study of the markets will show that the growing of bunch onions for table use is profitable. This may pay better than letting the bulbs mature if the land is handy to market. Growing onion sets is thought by many to be the best method of all.

An acre of onions will produce on an average 300 bushels, although large tracts are made to yield an average of 500 bushels an acre at a cost for growing not exceeding \$50. In districts where the ordinary varieties of onions



ONIONS AS A MARKET COMMODITY.

are planted in rows three feet apart and cultivated with horse tools the yield is generally about 150 bushels an acre, and the cost of production is frequently not more than \$10 or \$12 an acre.

Most of the onions grown in the United States are propagated from seed. Propagation from seed is conducted by three more or less distinct methods - first, by sowing the seed in the rows where the crop is to grow and mature; second, by sowing the seed in specially prepared beds and transplanting the seedlings to the open ground; third, by first growing sets from seed and then, after keeping them through the winter, planting them in the field to produce the crop of mature bulbs.

While it is desirable to plant quite early, it never pays to sow the seed before the land is in the best possible condition. When the soil has been brought to a smooth, even surface and is fine and mellow, the seed is sown by means of one of the common seed drills, of which there are several makes upon the market. The hand drills, which sow one row at a time, are extensively employed, but many of the larger growers employ a gang of drills hitched together and plant from five to seven rows at once.

When the soil is inclined to be lumpy and difficult to reduce to a well pulverized condition, a wooden drag or leveler and smoother will be indispensable, and should be run over the ground until it is reduced to a thoroughly fine condition. The seed should be sown as early in the spring as the soil is in good condition for working. Only moderately rich soil should be used for the growing of onion sets, as they will have a tendency to grow too large in strong soils.

Onion seed germinates quickly, and the young plants will be up high enough to make the rows plainly distinguishable in eight to ten days from the date of sowing, when cultivation should immediately begin and continue as often as once a week during the growing season, or to within a short time before harvest time. This will be indicated by the turning yellow of the tips of the leaves, when cultivation should be discontinued. Hand weeding will have to be done at least twice, and if the soil is very weedy a third and perhaps the fourth weeding will be required. Never allow the weeds to get the upper hand. If this occurs the crop will soon be brought to a condition bordering on ruin. Success depends on about four important factors - suitable soil, its proper preparation for the seed, good seed and clean cultivation. All of these are necessary and of equal importance to the successful growing of this crop.

The Seed Bed.

A well prepared seed bed is of nearly as much importance as is the seed. It may be easy or difficult for the young plants to get food from the soil, depending on whether the seed bed has been well or poorly prepared. To gather moisture and food through the roots it is necessary that the roots be in actual contact with the soil particles. Therefore it is obvious that the seed bed should be fine and compact, such as would be made on fall plowed land by disking in the spring and harrowing at least once before and once after sowing. A lumpy and open or too wet and heavy seed bed does not afford the hospitable condition which insures a prompt, vigorous germination and growth. The best of seed may make a perfect stand when sown upon such a seed bed under favorable conditions of heat and moisture, but seed weak in vitality must have a perfectly prepared seed bed to insure a fair stand. Even with seed of the best quality it is always wise to prepare the seed bed well. - Andrew Boss, Experiment Station, St. Paul.

USE OF FERTILIZERS.

A Great Shortage of Imported Grades, but an Ample Supply of Domestic.

Though a great shortage of imported fertilizers has developed, an ample supply of domestic and South American grades is available. These are bound to become substitutes for those heretofore imported from abroad. The latter are potash and sulphate of ammonia, used for any crops; sulphate of potash, used for root and grain crops, and muriate of potash, principally used for corn and grain crops.

Of the domestic and South American fertilizers there are a number of varieties available and, most important of all, at prices as yet unaffected by the foreign shortage. What particular kinds to use and how to apply them are subjects which have been discussed in bulletins and books by many authors. Experts nevertheless are agreed that the advice is more valuable in teaching principles, in suggesting means of experimenting and in designating the probabilities of any line of action than in specifying what particular fertilizer should be used.

Uniform uses of certain kinds, however, have been decided on after continuous application to given crops. For potatoes, for instance, phosphate has been found to be the best fertilizer, applied in quantities from 400 to 600 pounds to the acre. High grade ammoniated phosphate to the amount of 600 pounds to the acre may also be used with good results, and, besides, it is adaptable for nearly all vegetables. Nitrate has been found excellent for inoculating clover and other legumes. It is a liquid fertilizer to be dissolved in water. The seed is saturated in the solution to start a quick, germinating process.

One of the strongest fertilizers used for farming and gardening in general is nitrate of soda, brought here from Chile. Only 100 or 150 pounds are required for one acre. This fertilizer acts very quickly.

It should be applied after the plants are above ground. The safest way to use it is to dissolve half a pound of nitrate in ten gallons of water and then spray with the solution. In small gardens the solution may be sprinkled with an ordinary watering can.

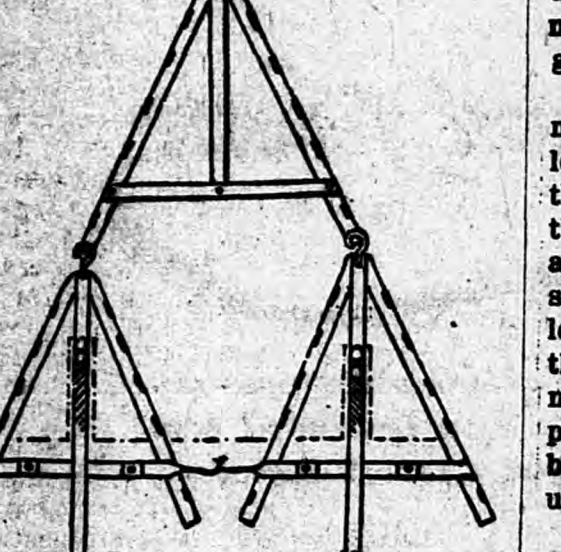
Still another fertilizer for field and lawn uses is sulphate of iron, 100 pounds of which dissolved in fifty-two gallons of water is sufficient for treating one acre. The solution should be applied with a fine sprayer. It is an excellent destroyer of the Canada thistle and other weeds difficult to eradicate. Bone flour is recommended for potted plants and flower beds, while other good fertilizers for general use are bonemeal, from 600 to 800 pounds to an acre, and wood ashes, the latter requiring at least 1,000 pounds to improve the soil of a similar area.

Intensive cultivation is expensive and is called for at times when farm labor is extremely busy, but there seems to be no other way to eradicate some weeds completely. The cost of cultivation is in many cases returned in the increased yield of the crops following.

Short crop rotations are useful in keeping quack grass under control, and, when arranged so as to provide an opportunity to attack the quack grass at seasonable times, they will permit eradication of the weed without losing the use of the land. A good two-year rotation for this purpose uses ensilage corn after fall rye. Plow the land after removal of rye, disk and prepare for ensilage corn the next year. Plow the land after harvesting the corn and sow to rye immediately. The following three year rotation may be used: (1) Fall rye or barley seeded to clover; (2) clover hay, first crop; plow between July 1 and Aug. 1 and disk as above; (3) ensilage corn. A fall rye, corn, barley and clover rotation may be managed so as to eradicate the quack grass between the first and second years.

Handy Harrow.

L shaped beams of steel bent into triangular frames to form a nose and two legs and L shaped braces perpendicular to each other and bolted or riveted to the main part of frame, as shown, make this new harrow. The



rear harrows have handles attached to the braces, so that a man following a harrow may reach down and lift a harrow to release piles of cornstalks, brush, stones and other matter that collect when harrowing. - Farming Business.

Blackberries.

According to a recent bulletin of the United States department of agriculture, an average yield of 2,300 quarts of blackberries per acre may be expected under good management. The best land, it is said, is a deep, fine, sandy loam with a large supply of humus and abundant moisture at the ripening season. In growing blackberries one of the most important considerations is to have an easily reached market. Hauling the berries long distances injures them.

BANKERS URGED TO CO-OPERATE WITH FARMERS

SOUL MATERIAL HAS ENTERED THE BANK VAULTS OF THE NATION.

The Bank a Financial Power House to the Community.

By Peter Radford.

One of the greatest opportunities in the business life of the nation lies in practical co-operation of the country banks with the farmer in building agriculture and the adventure is laden with greater possibilities than any forward movement now before the American public.

A few bankers have loaned money to farmers at a low rate of interest, and oftentimes without compensation, to buy blooded livestock, build silos, fertilize the land, secure better seed, hold their products for a better market price, etc. The banker in contributing toward improving the grade of livestock; the quality of the seed and the fertility of the soil, plants in the agricultural life of the community a fountain of profit, that, like Tennyson's brook, runs on and on forever. Community Progress a Bank Asset.

The time was when money loaned on such a basis would severely test the sanity of the banker; such transactions would pain the directors like a blow in the face. A cashier who would dare to cast bread upon waters that did not return buttered side up in time for annual dividends would have to give way to a more capable man. This does not necessarily mean that the bankers are getting any better or that the milk of human kindness is being imbibed more freely by our financiers. It indicates that the bankers are getting wiser, becoming more able financiers and the banking industry more competent. The vision of the builder is crowding out the spirit of the pawnbroker. A light has been turned on a new world of investment and no usurer ever received as large returns on the investment as these progressive bankers, who made loans to uplift industry. The bankers have always been liberal city builders, but they are now building agriculture.

A Dollar With a Soul.

It is refreshing in this strenuous commercial life to find so many dollars with souls. When a dollar is approached to perform a task that does not directly yield the highest rate of interest, we usually hear the rustle of the eagle's wings as it soars upward; when a dollar is requested to return at the option of the borrower, it usually appeals to the Goddess of Liberty for its contractual rights; when a dollar is asked to expand in volume to suit the requirements of industry, it usually talks solemnly of its redeemer, but soul material has entered into the vaults of our banks and rate, time and volume have a new basis of reckoning in so far as the ability of some of the bankers permit them to co-operate in promoting the business of farming.

God Almighty's Noblemen.

These bankers are God Almighty's noblemen. Heaven lent earth the spirit of these men and the angels will help them roll in place the cornerstones of empires. They are not philanthropists; they are wise bankers. The spirit of the builder has given them a new vision, and wisdom has visited upon them business foresight.

The cackle of the hen, the low of kine and the rustle of growing crops echo in every bank vault in the nation and the shrewd banker knows that he can more effectively increase his deposits by putting blue blood in the veins of livestock; quality in the yield of the soil and value into agricultural products, than by business handshakes, overdrafts and gaudy calendars.

SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

Newsy Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

Kingston
June 19—Mr. Gleason Hayman spent Wednesday in Salisbury.

Rev. R. K. Lewis is expected home today, Saturday.
Miss Lucy McDaniel entertains this evening in honor of her 19th birthday.

Mrs. G. R. Farlow, of Salisbury, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. G. W. Jones.

Mrs. Augustus Bowland and two children, of Pocomoke City, are the guests of Mrs. L. E. Bowland.

Mr. Walter Smith, of Crisfield, who has been visiting his uncle, Mr. C. T. Ward, has returned home.

Miss Grace S. Tull, who has been visiting Mrs. Robert Jones, in Fairmount, has returned home.

A surprise party was given to Miss Julia Derby last Tuesday evening in honor of her eighteenth birthday.

The ladies of St. Mark's Church will hold their annual festival and supper at Kingston Hall, Thursday, July 1st.

A base ball game between Kingston and Westover last Saturday resulted in a victory for our team, the score being 25 to 5.

Master Edward Ward has returned from the Peninsula General Hospital, at Salisbury, where he was operated on for appendicitis.

Mr. Frank Schirmer residing on the W. T. Davis farm, which he purchased about two years ago, is offering same for sale including all stock, implements, etc.

Mr. Kendall Lewis left Wednesday for Belair, Md., to attend the graduating exercises of Belair school. His sister, Miss Elizabeth, is one of the graduates.

Lewis Waters Milbourne, who has been attending the Baltimore City College, arrived here Friday morning to spend his vacation with his aunt, Mrs. R. K. Lewis.

The drama "A Doctor by Courtesy," which was held in Kingston Hall last month, will be given in Jamestown Hall Friday, June 26th. The proceeds to go for the benefit of Salem Methodist Protestant Church and St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal Church. Admission 25 cents.

Perryhawkin

June 19—Mr. W. A. Riffin had the misfortune to lose a valuable young mule last Sunday.

Miss Mamie Dykes, of Salisbury, is spending some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Dykes.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Bounds, of near Snow Hill, visited relatives in this vicinity the first of the week.

Mrs. Ellen Riffin visited at the home of her sister, Mrs. Emma Riffin, at Salisbury, Thursday and Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Gibbons and little son, spent the week-end at the home of Mrs. Gibbons' parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Parsons, near Snow Hill.

The Christian Endeavor Society of Perryhawkin Church will hold a festival, in the grove adjoining the church, on Thursday afternoon and evening, July 8th.

Mr. F. W. Marriner while drawing potato sprouts from the bed last Saturday morning had the misfortune to be bitten by a snake. The wounds were dressed and Mr. Marriner is getting along all right.

Wenona

June 18—Miss Pauline Webster, of Deal's Island, was the week-end guest of Miss Geneva Horstman.

Mr. Thomas Daniel left on Tuesday's boat for Baltimore where he will secure a position.

Messrs. Henry Tilghman and Leland Johnson, of Princess Anne, were recent visitors here.

Mr. Joseph Campbell, of Seaford, Del., is spending the summer with his brother, Mr. John Campbell.

Quite a number of our citizens motored to Princess Anne Wednesday last to attend the Democratic mass-meeting.

Children's Day services which were successfully rendered at St. Paul's M. E. Church Sunday, June 18th, were well attended in spite of the storm.

BLUE EYES.

The Aerial Raid On Karlsruhe

Daring aviators of the Allies' forces on Monday made a raid over the city of Karlsruhe, in Germany, and dropped a large number of bombs. Eleven persons were killed, a number injured, and a large amount of property was destroyed by the explosions and the resultant fires. From the war point of view, this raid was "entirely successful."

But was it? Is it even a military success to kill and wound innocent non-combatants, men, women, and even children, dwelling in an unfortified city? Despite the daring of the exploit, will it be possible for those who engage in such extreme measures of war to feel any real satisfaction over their accomplishments in the future, especially when they reflect upon the innocent children whose lives they have destroyed?

But Germany, with her huge Zeppelins, inaugurated this kind of warfare and has made a specialty of it. Reprisals in kind, therefore, are only natural. But such warfare is horrible; so is the submarine warfare which destroys the lives of innocent people. Both are methods of assassination.—Wilmington Every Evening.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera And Diarrhoea Remedy

This is a remedy that every family should be provided with, and especially during the summer months. Think of the pain and suffering that must be endured when medicine must be sent for or before relief can be obtained. Ask anyone who has used it. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement]

Eugenics

To judge by the fruit stores, horticultural eugenics have been practiced for some time.

Why The Home Paper

Have you ever asked yourself why you take your home paper, or why it is necessary to have a home paper at all? Do so, and you will start a train of thoughts that will be illuminating to you. The big city daily comes to you and gives you the important news of outside world, but you and the home people are too small for a place in its columns. About its only thought of you is the money it gets from you. It deals in world matters and is of value to you because through it you obtain much of your knowledge of the greater affairs of life. Hence the local paper, and likewise your reason for taking the local paper. You cannot exist without a knowledge of the affairs of your home community. You must know of the plans and of the work of the local authorities, and you must know of the doings of the churches, and the lodges, and of your neighbors, and of the community in general. You cannot obtain this knowledge from the big city paper, but you can and do find it in the columns of the home paper. You buy the big city daily because you must know of the progress of the world, for your mind is developing day by day and demands this greater fund of information. But your mind craves even a more intimate knowledge of affairs that are vital to the interests of you and yours, and these things you find only in the home paper. To the great city daily you are but as a single pebble upon the beach, a drifting sand of the desert. But to the home paper you are one of us, an important factor in the community, a force with which to be reckoned.

A disrupted and disintegrating community means a shrinkage and loss in property values and a stagnant public mind. Hence the home paper has an ever watchful eye to the interests of the community and of yourself, for only in the preservation of the community and of yourself can the home paper hope for a continued existence. The home paper is your friend, and you know it. And because you are loyal to your friends and to the community you believe in the home paper and its ceaseless work for home and home people. Your interests and those of the home paper are identical, and you need it quite as much as it needs you. And the man who recognizes the necessity for a community of interests becomes a builder, and not a destroyer.

Thirty-Six For 25 Cents

Dr. King's New Life Pills are now supplied in well-corked glass bottles, containing 36 sugar coated white pills for 25c. One pill with a glass of water before retiring is an average dose. Easy and pleasant to take. Effective and positive in results. Cheap and economical to use. Get a bottle today, take a dose tonight—your Constipation will be relieved in the morning. 36 for 25c., at all Druggists.

[Advertisement]

Flowers That Yield Soap.
English countryfolk on occasion, still find substitutes for soap among the wild flowers of the hedgerow. The best of these is the soapwort, which contains a mucilaginous juice which lathers freely, but almost equally good for washing purposes are the torn cockle, the wild lychnis, the scarlet pimpernel, and the familiar clove. The fruit of the horse chestnut, also, has saponine qualities, and is largely used in place of soap in rural districts on the continent.

"THE MENOMINEE" MOTOR TRUCKS

IN ALL SIZES
From a Bakery Truck to a Passenger or a Heavy Freighter.

All Are Shaft Drive—No Chains In Grit

Ask the man who has a pleasure car if he would have a chain drive. The same principal applies to a truck.

Equipments are of the best and guaranteed for one year. It will be to your interest to get in touch with me and get catalogue and information before making your final decision. Liberal terms of settlement made with customers.

P. E. CORKRAN, EASTON, MARYLAND

Just a moment, please

Did the value of accumulating small savings in the bank at 4 per cent interest, compounded twice a year, ever occur to you?

Consider this carefully:

Amount deposited each week	For five years	For ten years	For twenty years	For forty years
One Dollar	\$ 293	\$ 699	\$ 1,614	\$ 3,177
Two Dollars	\$ 585	\$ 1,398	\$ 3,228	\$ 6,354
Five Dollars	\$ 1,462	\$ 3,495	\$ 8,070	\$ 15,885

Great Oaks From Little Acorns Grow—Begin

We pay 3 per cent on Savings Deposits
PEOPLES BANK of SOMERSET COUNTY

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent
Princess Anne, Md.

A Great Wheat Crop

The greatest wheat crop the United States ever produced is forecasted by the federal crop reporting board. There is every indication that this country proposes to meet the enormous demand for foodstuffs resulting from the necessities of the European military powers. The combined final production it is estimated will reach 590,000,000 bushels, possibly a billion, or over 50,000,000 bushels greater than the largest previous crop. Such figures give a substantial basis to American prosperity.

"I Don't Feel Good"

That is what a lot of people tell us. Usually their bowels only need cleansing. **Jewell Ciderlies** will do the trick and make you feel fine. We know this positively. Take one tonight. Sold only by us, 10 cents. T. J. Smith & Co.

Bryan Mortuus Est

Ring out, ye bells, your merry chimes. Let all the people shout; An omen comes of better times. For Bryan's fired out.
We know not where he's going now. Nor shall we seek to find him. To fate at last he makes his bow. His future is behind him.
We stood him long, he would not go. Although the Nation asked it— "Praise God from whom all blessings flow." His head is in the basket.
[CHARLES H. REQUA in N. Y. Evening Telegram]

Restored To Good Health

"I was sick for four years with stomach trouble," writes Mrs. Otto Gans, Zanesville, Ohio. "I lost weight and felt so weak that I almost gave up hope of being cured. A friend told me about Chamberlain's Tablets, and since using two bottles of them I have been a well woman." Obtainable everywhere. [Advertisement]

Overland Automobiles

I have on hand ready for immediate delivery the
New 1916 Five Passenger Overland Car
Price \$750.00 f. o. b. Factory
35-Horse Power, Electric Lights, Self-Starter. Also
Roadsters at \$725.00

It will pay you to look the OVERLAND line over before purchasing your new car. An inquiry will bring the car to you for demonstration.

J. B. CULLEN, Agent for Somerset County
POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND



Your Savings Department

Your Savings Department never varies its interest in you. Regardless of whether you deposit or draw out money, our desire is always to serve you to your satisfaction.

Your Savings Department believes in you, approves your ambition to build a bigger bank balance, and desires to serve you at every point possible.

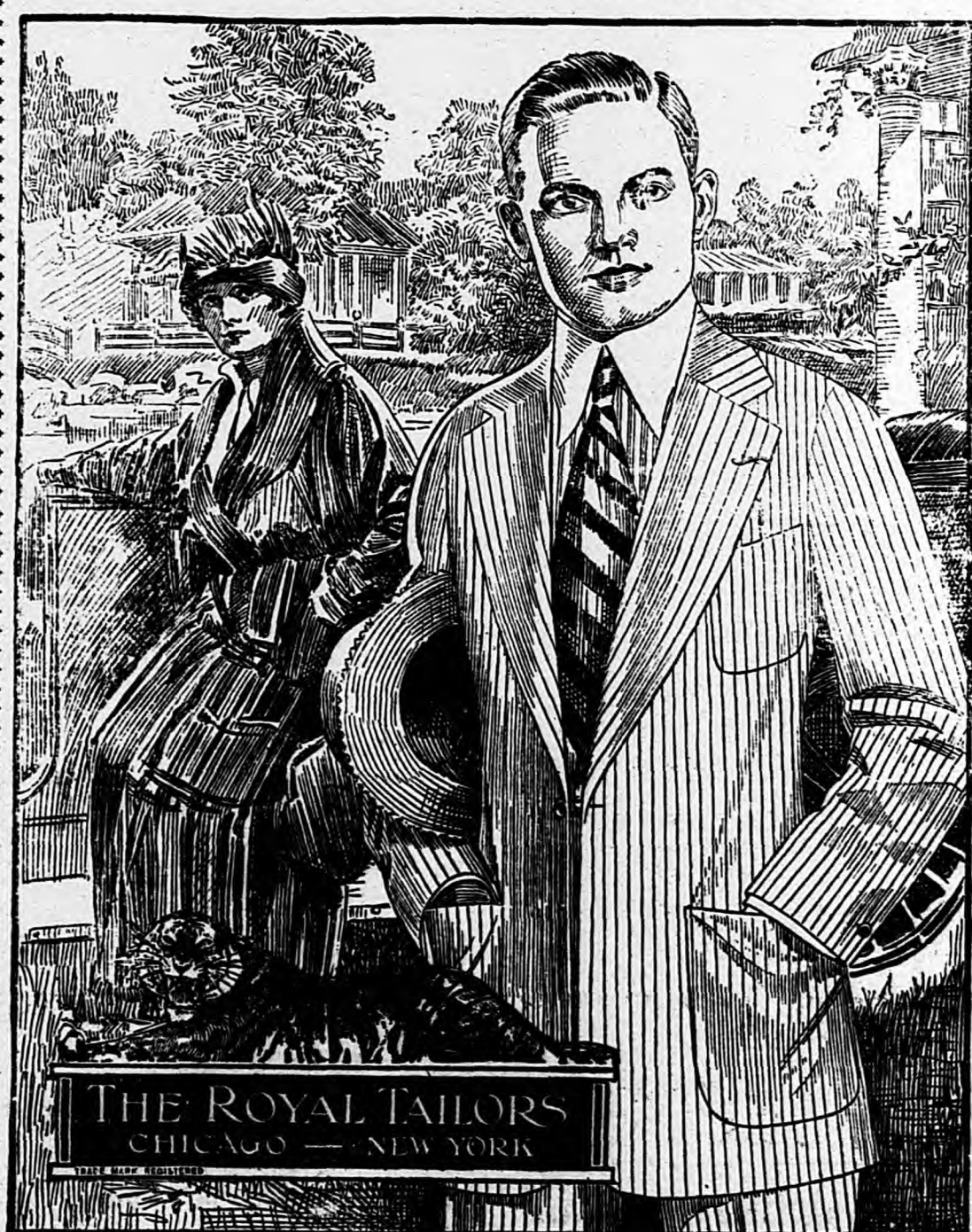
So every pay-day try to have some money left over to put in your account. The 3% interest always helps, and is always here for you, at your Savings Department.

BANK of SOMERSET

"It Renders the Service"

Capital, Surplus, Profit, \$150,000

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND



PLAY THE GAME OF "BEAT THE HEAT"

—IN OUR—

Palm Beach Suits

AND YOU'LL WIN

The "big game" that every mother's son of us must play all day and every day is "Beat the Heat." MORRIS' PALM BEACH SUITS not only make Summer durable but pleasurable. They are cool, clean and comfortable. They let the body breathe—the heat isn't less but you feel it less.

Come in and let us make you cool
Sizes 34 to 44—Prices \$4.00 \$8.00



P. S.—We carry a full line of Shirts, Collars, Hosiery, B. V. D. Underwear, and all the essentials of correct apparel at moderate prices.

WHEN in want of
STYLISH and QUALITY PRINTING
Call or Phone **MARYLANDER and HERALD**

PRINTING—We Do It—PRINTING

Dashiell's Department Store

Invites you to inspect our complete offering in Ladies' and Men's Furnishings. Our progress is indicated by the tremendous stock we are carrying and the superior qualities we are displaying

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES

Knu Shu the workman's shoe
EMERSON DOUGLAS
Utz & Dunn **TRETCO**
FASHIONABLE FOOT WEAR



We offer at reasonable low prices a surprisingly large assortment for Summer Wear in the Latest Styles and Shades

Ladies Waists, Ladies Skirts
Ladies' Muslin Underwear,
Ladies Hose and Neckwear
Pongees and Golf Cord Sport Coats

Special Sale:

At greatly reduced prices we are disposing of a large assortment of our fashionable and stylish

MILLINERY

Floor Coverings
Crex Rugs
All Fibre Rugs
Sunfast Matting
Sunfast Fibre Rugs
Axminster Rugs

MEN AND BOYS SUMMER

CLOTHING

Shirts Hats Belts
Ties Caps Hose
STYLE, QUALITY, LOW PRICES

China Ware

Haviland and Johnson
Bavarian Dinner Sets
Large Assortment of
Open Stock
Cut Glass, Silverware

Millinery

MID-SUMMER SALE

WE have too many hats left on hand, and they must be sold at once. We can't carry them over to another season, because we do not sell out-of-season goods. They must be sold now to the mid-summer buyers. You know what that means, that we have to make a big sacrifice on every hat.

Best come at once, for every hat is a bargain.

THE EDDY REFRIGERATOR

Dashiell's Department Store

363 Main Street

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1862
SOMERSET HERALD, 1888

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, JUNE 29, 1915

Vol. XVII No. 47

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

John E. Milbourne from Christopher Jackson, 5 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$300.
James T. Lecates and wife from Harry J. Muir, lot in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$1500.
Joseph Jones and wife from Levin S. McGrath and wife, 1 acre in Brinkley's district; consideration \$50.
Marian V. Tawes from John W. Nock and wife, lot in Crisfield; consideration \$1500 and other valuable considerations.
Sidney F. Smith and another from David F. Sneade and wife, two lots on Smith's Island; consideration \$1200.
William S. Johnson from Charles H. Ward and wife, 9 acres in Lawson's district; consideration \$450.
J. Lee Carey from Fred B. Mason and wife, 62½ acres in Dublin district; consideration \$100 and other valuable considerations.
Noah W. Webster from James O. Lackman and wife, 1½ acres on Deal's Island; consideration \$1.00 and other considerations.
Hannah P. Fisher from George H. Myers, trustee, et al., lot in West Princess Anne district; consideration \$218.
Frank Lano from Edward Herrman Cohn, lot in Princess Anne; consideration \$2500.
M. Alice Carroll from Frank Lano and wife, lot in Princess Anne; consideration \$950.

Dr. Samuel J. Windsor Dead

Dr. Samuel J. Windsor, 52 years old, and for many years one of the ablest physicians of the Eastern Shore, died suddenly at 10 o'clock Monday morning of last week at his home, 913 North Broadway, Baltimore, of heart trouble. He was taken ill Sunday afternoon.
Born in Somerset county, Dr. Windsor was a member of one of the oldest families of the State. After graduating from the College of Physicians and Surgeons he took up practice in this county. Two years ago he moved from Dames Quarter to Baltimore and began practice there. He was a member of the Masonic order and is survived by a widow, who was Miss Carrie L. Shane, and five children—Misses Madge, Grace and Adeline Windsor and Messrs. Walter and Carl Windsor.
His remains were brought to Dames Quarter and funeral services were conducted at the Methodist Episcopal Church last Wednesday afternoon with Masonic rites performed by Tangier lodge and the Rev. Edmond McDowell, pastor of the church, conducting the services.

German-Sudler Wedding

Last Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock Miss Sara Gladys Sudler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William T. Sudler, of Upper Fairmount, was married to Mr. Harry N. German, of Baltimore. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. George Vest, of Norfolk, Va., in St. Stephen's Protestant Episcopal Church, Upper Fairmount. Miss Dorothy Sudler, of Salisbury, sister of the bride, was maid of honor.
Mr. German is a son of Mr. I. German, of Baltimore. He recently bought the large department store of Mr. George A. Cox, of Upper Fairmount, and is now engaged in the mercantile business at that place.
After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. German took the New York express for northern cities.

Teachers On Sick List

Miss Iris Stevenson, who has been teaching at Quindocqua school, in Brinkley's district, has been compelled to abandon her school relations on account of her health. Her father, Mr. Ira E. Stevenson, left with her on Saturday last for the mountains of Western Maryland.
Miss Carrie L. Gunby, first assistant teacher at Marion High School, has been ordered to a sanatorium on account of throat trouble.
Miss Helen E. Bassford, teacher of Phoenix school, in Lawson's district, is ill with typhoid fever at the Peninsula General Hospital at Salisbury. Her residence is at Upper Fairmount, Maryland.

Shoreland Club Gives Prize

The ladies of the Shoreland Club last Thursday afternoon held their final meeting for the summer at the Washington Hotel, where they were entertained by Mrs. J. D. Wallop. The meeting was a most agreeable one. A prize, purchased from sums received as fines, etc., had been offered to the person guessing the largest number of Shakespeare's characters, was awarded to Miss Aline Wallop. Miss Mildred Beauchamp and Miss Wallop had made equal guesses and upon drawing for the prize it had fallen to the latter. The prize was a very beautiful bust of Shakespeare.

Forgive your enemies and you can sometimes save yourself a lot of trouble

GRANDFATHER CLAUSE DECLARED VOID

The United States Supreme Court Restores Franchise To Negroes

The Supreme Court of the United States, in a decision last week, so clear and emphatic as to set at rest forever all further attempts to violate the Fifteenth Amendment, declared the Oklahoma law and the Annapolis ordinance, both of which attempted a disfranchisement of the negro voters by a Grandfather Clause, to be unconstitutional.
The court, speaking its unanimous decision through Chief Justice White, reviewed in detail the efforts made in Oklahoma to prevent negroes from voting at federal and at state elections and in Annapolis at municipal elections, and declared all these efforts illegal, unconstitutional and ineffective. In each case the law contained other provisions which the court did not find repugnant to the Constitution.

"The 'grandfather clause' of both the Oklahoma and Maryland enactments was designed to restrict negro suffrage. In Oklahoma the clause was written in the State Constitution and applied to Federal, State, county and municipal elections. In Maryland the clause applied only to municipal elections at Annapolis and has no bearing whatever on Federal or State-wide elections in this Commonwealth.

This clause provides that any person whose grandfather was not a registered voter of any state cannot register. The 'grandfather clause,' as written in the Oklahoma Constitution, was copied from the North Carolina law. It is the product of the mind of Senator Simmons, of that State, who led the fight twenty-five years ago and overthrew negro domination of his Commonwealth. As can be readily seen, only a few negroes can produce evidence that their grandfathers were voters, and as a result, the black vote was wiped from the registration books in wholesale lots.

Democratic leaders of Southern states deeply regretted the efforts of the Maryland Democratic organization to adopt the Grandfather Clause amendment for those of them who had legal training always recognized that the device was repugnant to the Fifteenth Amendment, and could be condoned only by conditions existing in some of the Southern states, like Mississippi, Arkansas and South Carolina, conditions which had no parallel in Maryland.

They recognized if ever a case testing the validity of the Grandfather Clause was brought before the Supreme Court from a state where the white voters easily outnumbered the blacks, the Supreme Court would nullify the law. Last week the Supreme Court, by its decision, has proved the means to restore the franchise to hundreds of thousands of colored voters throughout the South, who have been deprived of their vote under the Grandfather Clause.

The unanimous opinion of the court, as handed down by Chief Justice White, applies only to registration cases coming from Oklahoma and Annapolis, Md. It can, however, be made applicable to other Southern States which have adopted this clause as a part of their election machinery, if some interested party makes an attack upon it in the Supreme Court. As a result it is now anticipated that immediate steps will be taken to knock out the 'grandfather clause' in North and South Carolina and in Mississippi.

Dashiell-Chambers

The marriage of Miss Charlotte Chambers, granddaughter of Mrs. Mildred L. Lewis, 2125 North Calvert street, Baltimore, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Edgar Chambers, of East Falls Church, Va., to Mr. Franklin Dashiell, also of Baltimore, was solemnized in that city Thursday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the Church of St. Michael and All Angels, St. Paul and Twentieth streets, in the presence of the members of the two families and a few immediate friends. The Rev. Charles Fiske, rector of the church, performed the ceremony.
The bride, who had no attendants, was gowned in a going-away suit of white corduroy and wore a large bouquet of lilies of the valley. She entered the church with her uncle, Snowden A. Haslop, who gave her in marriage. Henry Dashiell Huntmann, of Washington, cousin of the groom, acted as best man, and C. Dunning French, of Philadelphia, and Walter Wells, of Baltimore, served as ushers. Mr. Dashiell is the son of Mrs. Elizabeth T. Dashiell and the late Charles W. Dashiell.

After August 1, Mr. and Mrs. Dashiell will be 'at home' at 621 West North avenue, Baltimore.

Last week Mr. James R. Stewart presented us with a small box of peaches of the 'Mayflower' variety. They were fine and very delicious.

PRINCESS ANNE ACADEMY ANNEX

Mr. Columbus Lankford, as contractor, has completed an annex to the woman's dormitory at the Princess Anne Academy, for colored youth, near Princess Anne. The building is a three-story one with a finished floor in the attic. The size of the building is 32x76 feet. There are 42 rooms in the building, which, with those in the old dormitory, make 75, or a capacity for 150 pupils. In the cellar there is a double steam heating plant, so as to heat both buildings. The building has also been wired for electricity, which, in due time, will be manufactured on the premises. There are baths and toilets on three floors and a sewer to connect with the canal ditch will take off the drainage.

The cost of the entire building is about \$8,000. The work is being done by the Board of Trustees of Morgan College, of Baltimore. Mr. Lankford has had charge of the entire work, including the heating and wiring. The work has been done in a most satisfactory way and to the entire satisfaction of the Board of Trustees of the College, whose representatives, Rev. J. O. Spencer and Dr. Edward Deale, were here about two weeks ago.

On Friday last Messrs. Thomas H. Beck, W. O. Lankford, H. F. Lankford, E. I. Brown, F. D. Layfield and W. H. Dashiell, of Princess Anne, also visited the Academy and inspected the new annex.

A summer school for inexperienced colored teachers began yesterday at the Academy and the new building was brought into immediate use.

To Increase Assessment of N.Y.P. & N.

At the meeting on Tuesday last a resolution was adopted to increase the assessment of the N. Y. P. & N. Railroad track property in this county at the rate of about \$3,000 per mile. The railroad company has approximately 11 miles of tracks on the main line between the Wicomico and Worcester lines. This property has been assessed up to the present time at \$3,000 and \$400 per mile. The proposed increase of King's Creek to Crisfield is approximately 19 miles in length, and this has been assessed in the past at \$5,000 per mile. The resolution passed by the Commissioners on Tuesday provides that the assessment on the main line tracks shall be increased to \$10,000 per mile, and on the branch line to \$7,000. This would mean an average increase of \$3,500 per mile on the main line trackage and an increase of \$2,000 per mile on the tracks of the branch from King's Creek to Crisfield, raising the taxable basis of the county something more than \$100,000 meaning a gain to the county of more than \$1,100 in revenue yearly.

Chas. Handy, Jr., Accidentally Killed

A sad accident occurred last Wednesday night between Port Royal and Beaufort, S. C., when Mr. Charles Handy, Jr., who was on his way to the latter place, was instantly killed by being thrown from his motorcycle upon the shaft of an approaching train. The shaft penetrated his chest. There was a sharp turn in the road where the accident occurred, which accounts for his not having seen or heard the train coming.

Mr. Handy is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. J. Handy, who reside between Port Royal and Beaufort, and who formerly resided in Princess Anne. He was nearly 21 years of age. Mr. and Mrs. Handy were in Norfolk when the accident occurred, the latter being in a hospital at that place. At the time this was written Mrs. Handy had not been told of her son's death.

The remains were brought to Princess Anne and were interred in the cemetery of Manokin Presbyterian Church last Saturday afternoon, Rev. D. J. Givan, conducting the services.

Auditorium Greatly Improved

Mr. B. H. Dougherty, owner of the Auditorium on Main street, has made some important improvements in the Auditorium Hall. The hall has been lengthened by the erection of a new stage at the west end of the building. New scenery has been added and the lighting facilities have been greatly improved. The hall has been recently painted and papered. The gallery at the east end has been rounded up and extended. Fire escapes have also been added. A convenient little ticket office has also been built at the right of the main entrance.

Mr. Dougherty closed up the hall last week in order to facilitate the final repairs. The building was reopened on Saturday night last with an installment of bright motion pictures, which will be continued from now on.

The painting and papering was done by Messrs. E. J. Carey & Son, which reflects credit upon them.

ICE FROM SKY WREAKS RUIN

Wide Areas In The Sections Visited Were Laid Waste.

Grain almost ready for harvest was slashed, corn was stripped, vegetables were slashed, fruit driven from the trees, window panes in public and private buildings broken, animals pelted, they almost dropped and poultry killed last Tuesday afternoon, between 2 and 3 o'clock, in one of the most damaging hail storms that has ever visited the Western and Eastern sections of the State.

The storm was only slight in Princess Anne and vicinity, but considerable damage was done in the eastern and western sections of the county to the corn, tomato, potato, cantaloupe and watermelon crops. In these sections it is said that the hail was as large as hen eggs.

Princess Anne county was visited by a hail storm, accompanied by a heavy fall of rain. Rolie Knowles' six-acre place on the southern limits of the county was struck by lightning and Mrs. Knowles and her children were in an outbuilding and thus escaped. The hail, running into the corn, was by hail, which was of the county simply growing corn, laid low the corn to pieces, the cantaloupe vines, and in some places the fruit trees were stripped of their leaves.

Many hail fell for about half an hour, many of the growing crops will be ruined. The hail was in some places as heavy as Bay Hundred. In St. Michaels districts, the hail was ready for cutting the ground and in many places the corn crop will have been destroyed. What was left in many cases was covered by the blades of the corn.

At the State capital the hailstones were as big as a clenched fist and the storm was the worst in the experience of the oldest inhabitants. The Naval Academy chapel suffered severely, as the hail drove holes in the skylights and windows. Plate glass in the store fronts was broken, windows smashed in private homes and horses standing on the streets were battered so that they nearly fell from exhaustion.

Throughout Howard county crops were ruined and poultry suffered. Valuable shade and ornamental trees were stripped of their foliage and the flowers and shrubbery on lawns were ruined. The damage to the truckers will also be great, tomatoes being cut from the vines and in many instances the plants themselves cut off.

Windows were broken by the large stones. At the Howard House, Ellicott City, practically the whole skylight was broken and a number of windows were broken in the Courthouse. The poultrymen will also suffer a heavy loss. It is said the storm came up so quickly that there was not time to get the chickens and other poultry under shelter.

One hailstone picked up in Ellicott City measured in circumference nine and five-eighths inches, and another weighed about three ounces.

A funeral procession passing through the town was halted, and a number of holes were broken in the carriage windows, but no one was injured.

A terrific hail and thunder and wind storm visited the upper part of Dorchester county. The growing crops of corn and tomatoes were badly injured and in some cases are reported entirely destroyed. Peach and apple crops are also badly hurt. A barn on a farm belonging to Mrs. S. Emma Davis was struck by lightning and set on fire and burned to the ground. Several mules and horses perished in the flames.

Demonstrators Visit Farms

County Demonstrator H. S. Lippincott had with him in the county on Friday last Prof. J. B. S. Norton and Prof. C. E. Temple, both of Maryland Agricultural College, College Park, Md. Thirty-one farms were visited and over 70 miles covered during the day. They were looking over potato fields for early and late blight and tomato fields for wilt, which is cutting down many fields. The early potato fields are too far advanced for spraying; but as to the tomato crops advice was given to spray with Bordeaux Mixture at the rate of 4-4-50 (4 pounds copper sulphate, 4 pounds lime to 50 gallons of water). Any one wishing a demonstration in spraying on their farm will kindly write County Agent Lippincott. Remember it pays to spray.

STATE BANKERS MEET AT CAPE MAY

The Maryland State Bankers' Association met at Cape May, New Jersey, Wednesday morning.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. W. D. McCurdy of the Cape May Baptist Church, after which Mr. Gehr introduced I. S. Haines, president of the New Jersey Bankers' Association, who made the address of welcome. It was responded to by Harvey L. Cooper, of Denton.

Mr. Waldo Newcomer, president of National Exchange Bank, of Baltimore, delivered one of the most interesting addresses on the program at the opening session.

Following this Charles Hann, assistant cashier of the Merchants-Mechanics' National Bank, and William Marriott, cashier of the Western National Bank, of Baltimore, read their respective reports as secretary and treasurer.

An important feature of the morning was the appointment of the nominating committee. This is composed of William C. Page, chairman, of Baltimore; James M. Sloan, of Lonaconing; Mr. McKenney, of Centerville; W. E. Brattan, of Snow Hill, and W. H. Book, Jr., of Cockeysville. The committee to audit the treasurer's account consisted of W. M. Shipley, of Sykesville; W. F. Sterling, of Crisfield, and Carroll Vanness, of Baltimore.

On Thursday the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Harvey L. Cooper, Denton National Bank; first vice-president, James M. Sloan, Lonaconing Savings Bank; vice-presidents, Harry J. Hopkins, Farmers' National Bank, Annapolis; Townsend Scott, Baltimore; G. W. Waters, Jr., Citizens' National Bank, Laurel; Robert B. Dixon, Eastern National Bank, Easton; Samuel M. Hann, Fidelity Trust Company, Baltimore; J. F. Rolph, Centerville National Bank; W. W. Beck, Chestertown Bank of Maryland; secretary, Charles Hann, Merchants-Mechanics' Bank, Baltimore; treasurer, William Marriott, Western National Bank, Baltimore.

The convention closed with the annual banquet Thursday night, which was attended by all the bankers, their wives and daughters, and in addition a number of specially invited guests. Judge R. H. Henderson, of Cumberland, was the toastmaster and the speakers included John Barrett, director general of the Pan-American Union; Rev. Dr. John McDowell, of Brown Memorial Church, Baltimore, and E. J. Cattell, of Philadelphia.

Lee Opens Headquarters in Baltimore

The Baltimore city headquarters of Senator Blair Lee were formally opened last Thursday morning. William N. Davis, who has been associated with Senator Lee in the latter's Washington law office, will have charge of the headquarters.

Reports from the Lee leaders indicated that a red-hot campaign will be begun within a short time in every county to supplement the fight already started. The Young Men's Lee League, which was formed Wednesday night, will work in Baltimore city. Similar young men's clubs will be formed in the several counties.

With the 28 votes of Baltimore city to start with, the friends of Senator Lee claim they see clear sailing ahead, as far as the nomination is concerned. The indications of the Harrington people that they propose to make the fight a bitter one all down the line has materially changed some of the campaign plans of the opponents. The Lee people deny the responsibility for a campaign of mud-slinging, but they say frankly that if the direct issue is going to be made that the records of the opposing candidates will be brought before the people.

Western Maryland Filers Crash

Eight persons were killed and a score injured Thursday afternoon when the Blue Mountain Express and accommodation train No. 10, of the Western Maryland Railway, crashed together on High Bridge, near Thurmont, Frederick county. The accident, in the opinion of railroad officials, was due to the inability of the train dispatcher at Sixty Mile Siding, near the scene of the accident, to get proper connections for signaling either one of the trains, despite several attempts. The storm of Tuesday, it is said, was responsible for the defective telegraph facilities.

It is said that the west-bound train had an order to pass the east bound at Flint and the east bound was ordered to take the Sixty Mile Siding. Between these sidings there are several high bridges. On the first of these, west of Thurmont, known as High Bridge, the two trains crashed into each other. The impact was terrific. There are two curves approaching the bridge and neither engineer saw the other train approaching until almost on each other. The engines completely telescoped.

WHY PRESTON PREFERS SENATOR LEE

The Most Popular Democrat And a Sincere Friend to Baltimore

Referring to the interview of Mr. Frank A. Furst in the Baltimore newspapers, Mayor Preston said:

"Mr. Furst has the same right to support Mr. Harrington that I have to support Blair Lee. Every Democrat has the right to express his choice both before and at the primary election for the nominee of his party. But we ought not to say or do anything in the primary that will furnish ammunition for the Republicans in the general election. We must not make the same mistake we made four years ago. Especially ought every Democrat to refrain from raising any sectional issue of counties against city or city against counties, or indulging in any personalities or disparagement of either Harrington or Lee.

"I think Mr. Furst is mistaken in supposing that there is any feeling among Democrats in Baltimore 'hostile to Senator Lee.' The only safe test of public sentiment is an election, and by this test Blair Lee is the most popular man in Maryland. He not only received the largest majority ever received by any man in Maryland, but he polled a considerably larger vote than has been polled by any Democrat in this State in the last 15 years; larger than Warfield, or Crothers, or Harrington, or Smith; even larger than the vote for President Wilson.

"I think Mr. Furst will not strengthen Harrington by attempting to belittle Blair Lee's qualifications. There is no better type of Maryland citizen than Blair Lee. He has the advantage of wealth and education, combined with democratic simplicity, a fine mind, sound judgment and broad sympathies with the average man, which qualify him to fill any position with credit to himself and to his constituents.

"His record for eight years in the State Senate and for two years in the United States Senate has been that of a thoroughly progressive statesmanlike Democrat. So far from his experience in the United States Senate having been disappointing to him it would be difficult to find another Senator who has exercised as much influence upon his first entrance into the Senate as Lee has during the last two years.

"After the death of Senator Rayner the people of Maryland did want Lee to uphold President Wilson's hands. He was elected President by a landslide, defeating the President by running for governor. Senator Lee is not leaving the Senate in the beginning of his term; he was elected to fill out the balance of Senator Rayner's term, which would only last another year. It is only a question whether he shall run for governor this fall or run for the United States Senate to succeed himself next fall. He can do the President and the Democratic party of the country more good by becoming a candidate for governor this fall, and, with his popularity, insuring a good Democratic majority in Maryland than he could by waiting and becoming a candidate to succeed himself in the Senate during the presidential campaign next fall.

"I do not see that Blair Lee has done anything to justify Mr. Furst's charge that he is seeking State leadership. Blair Lee has the right to offer himself as the Democratic candidate for governor, and no one has the right to charge him, any more than they would have a right to charge Mr. Harrington, with aspiring to State leadership simply because he is a candidate for governor. The fact is that times have changed and we must keep up with the times.

"Under the Democratic principle of nominating all candidates by a direct vote of the rank and file of the party the office of State leader is more imaginary than real. Under the Primary Election Law, for which the people largely have Blair Lee to thank, the Democratic voters are the real State leader.

"Mr. Furst says he does not think the election of Lee would benefit the city of Baltimore, and that Mr. Harrington is much more the city's real friend. With great respect to Mr. Furst, it seems to me that the study which I have given to the city's interests during the last four years and my experience with the last two legislatures entitle my judgment to more weight upon this point. We know where Blair Lee stands. He has declared himself in favor of the extension of the city's limits and of the fullest measure of home rule for Baltimore city and the counties alike. Mr. Harrington has not stated his position with regard to the city; but some of his newspaper supporters have been saying some pretty hard things about the city, trying to array the counties against the city, and so far I have not seen any statement from Mr. Harrington disclaiming that position or defining his own position toward Baltimore city.

"Not only have we Blair Lee's open and clear stand in favor of fair treatment to Baltimore city and the attitude of hostility to the city shown by some of Mr. Harrington's newspaper supporters, but we saw in the last legislature Mr. Harrington's friends combining with Republicans to prevent fair treatment of Baltimore city as to certain measures.

"It seems to me, therefore, that unless Mr. Harrington states his position toward Baltimore city, the Democrats of Baltimore will not be justified in taking Mr. Furst's statement as to Mr. Harrington's friendship for the city. The city only wants what is fair; wants reasonable room for that growth, which will benefit the entire State, and to have the same privilege, which the counties have, of managing its local affairs. Beyond this the Democrats of the city want to make sure of having a Democratic governor, and we think the way to be sure of that is to nominate Lee."

Still Waters Run Deep

By EUNICE BLAKE

Wilton Page was twenty years old and handsome as a picture. He had an oval face, large dreamy eyes and came cut features.

Wilton entered a parlor car one day for a journey. On the opposite side were three women. One was about thirty, another twenty and the third seventeen. The two younger ones called the oldest Aunt Sue, while she called the next younger Dorothy and the younger Fanny. Aunt Sue seemed to be on terms of equality with the others and was the merriest of the three. Dorothy and she were continually cracking jokes with each other, while Fanny was sober, but childlike.

Wilton, having placed his hand bag in the rack above him, settled himself in his chair, pulled a novel from his pocket and began to read. He did not therefore observe the effect his manly beauty had on the ladies. Dorothy looked from him to Aunt Sue and back again to him with an expression that being interpreted meant, "Isn't he just too lovely for anything?" Aunt Sue returned the glance, indicating "Handsome enough to kiss." Little Fanny observed the mute comments of her elders, but said nothing.

Dorothy leaned toward Aunt Sue and whispered something in her ear. Aunt Sue cast her eyes aside, rested them on Wilton for a few moments, then whispered something in Dorothy's ear. Then Dorothy swung her chair around and said something to Fanny, who glanced at Wilton and shook her head, indicating a negative.

Wilton read on unconscious of the attention he was attracting from those three ladies. Indeed, he had not given them a glance on entering the car and had begun his reading as soon as he had settled himself. They were all comely, dressed in a manner to indicate that they were persons of refinement, and since women like to be noticed Wilton ignoring them may have spurred them to a conspiracy they concocted concerning him. But of this the reader must form his or her own opinion after hearing what this conspiracy was.

Those were the days when trains on passing through tunnels were not lighted as they are today. On the line upon which these three persons were traveling was a tunnel so long that some three minutes by the watch were required for a train to pass through it. The train reached the tunnel in about an hour after starting. As soon as they entered it, Wilton dropped his book on his knee and with his face to the window waited for the return of light. About half the distance underground had been passed when he felt a pair of arms thrown around his neck and a pair of lips pressed against his own.

Having been plucked from behind, he was powerless to resist the kiss—if he had wished to do so—or to get a hold on the kisser. He tried to clutch the arms, but they evaded him, and all the satisfaction he derived from the attempt was a knowledge that they were covered with feminine material. He reached out wildly in the dark, but came in contact with nothingness.

Nearly two minutes elapsed before the train shot out into daylight. When it did so Wilton swept the car with his glance with a view to discovering who had kissed him. There were a number of women in it besides the three ladies mentioned. Having noted those at a distance, he fixed his glance upon his neighbors. Aunt Sue was peering out of the window, and, her back being toward him, he could not see her face. Dorothy was wiping the dust out of her eyes with her handkerchief. Fanny was leaning back in her chair looking up at the car ceiling apparently wrapped in thought.

Wilton formed an opinion that he had been kissed by one of his neighbors. He came to this conclusion because they were so near him and because there was no other woman on the train who looked as if she would be likely to commit such an act. Of the three he fixed upon Dorothy as the culprit. And yet when she finished wiping the dust out of her eyes he noticed an amused rather than a guilty expression on her face. Aunt Sue kept her back turned toward him so long that he was not sure after all that she was not the perpetrator. The only one of the three that he was quite sure was innocent was Fanny. She looked fitted to sit as a model for a Madonna.

When the train reached the terminal Wilton left the car, still uncertain as to who had kissed him. The three ladies left at the same time, and he saw them driven away in a private carriage. They took no notice of him, seeming to be oblivious of him.

One evening not a week later Wilton appeared, handsomer than ever in evening dress at a function. He was walking toward a group of ladies, and when within a few feet of them one of them whose back was toward him turned suddenly and faced him. The moment she saw him she turned scarlet.

She was Fanny. An introduction—embarrassing for the young lady—followed, while a satisfied smile played on Wilton's lips. Since they are now an old couple there can be no harm in stating that she was put up to kissing her fellow traveler by the other two women, who assured her that they would draw the gentleman's attention to themselves as soon as an inspection was made.

But what at the time saved Fanny from detection was her admirable nerve.

PARIS AS AN ART CENTER.

Its Treasures in the Louvre and its Gems of Architecture.

In population Paris ranks third among the cities of the earth, with more people than Washington, Mexico City, Rio, Buenos Aires and Santiago together. It is the world's capital in many respects. Its art treasures surpass those of any other city; its fashions dominate the civilized world and even influence the uncivilized; its language is the court tongue of the earth; its history is a panorama of the story of civilization from the days of the Goth and the Vandal down to the present.

In the heart of the city stands one of the world's most noted of buildings—the palace of the Louvre. It is the priceless art museum of France, and there are contained within its three departments—sculpture, paintings and antiquities—examples of the highest expression of human genius. The collections of the Louvre, were they offered for sale, would bring a total price so stupendous as to be unbelievable. For example, in the gallery of Apollo, among other treasures, rest the diamond hilted sword of Bonaparte, valued at \$400,000; the famous Regent diamond, valued at \$3,000,000; the gems of many a beautiful queen of France, and the sword and spurs of Charlemagne.

A life might be spent in study here, and libraries might be written upon the treasure which the Louvre houses. In the hall of sculpture stands the peerless Venus of Melos, a thing more ravishing than any other vision ever hewn from a stone. In this hall there are many pieces of antiquity and of more modern times, the loss of any one of which would be irreparable. Yet the strange people of this city, fired with enthusiasm for a communistic theory, once mined the Louvre, poured petroleum over it and prepared to destroy with gunpowder what it had taken the world more than 2,500 years to produce.

Paris is overrich in the possession of the beautiful, the impressive and the magnificent. Its famous buildings make an almost unending list. Richest among the world's theaters is the Paris home of opera—without, an architectural delight; within, a fascinating inspiration in snow white marble, onyx, jasper, malachite and bronze. Its famed grand stairway is a fitting prelude to the highest moods that can be produced by the music on its stage.

And there is not wanting a strong element of gruesome and terrifying reminiscence in this glorious city. The traveler stands amid the wide sweep of the Place de la Concorde (Place of Peace), and he thinks that here before an assembled bestial mob the razor blade of the guillotine rose and fell uttering while head after head, mid bitter jest and song, rolled from the gory mass into the great common basket and the quivering trunks were corded at its side. Age and youth and loveliness were sacrificed to brutish passion on this now serene square in a way that only Rome had equaled.

Every contrast is found in Paris and all varieties of excellence. Here is the world's highest structure, the Eiffel tower. This huge shaft of steel is one of the most overpowering things within the city. Forty draftsmen worked two years on the 15,000 different designs necessary for its 15,000 sections. Restaurants, shops and a theater are housed upon its steps and within its corridors. Ten thousand people can gather here at one time.

Grocers as Fighting Men.
In olden times in England the grocers' trade played a useful part in national defense. The Grocers' company was commanded in 1557 to furnish sixty men for "the resistance of such iniquitous attempts as may be made by foreign enemies." Further demands of the same kind were satisfied in successive years, and in 1588 the company supplied 500 men to resist the Spanish armada. Authority was granted to press men into this service, and apprentices and journeymen were called upon to leave the counter for the battlefield. Sir John Philpot, an early master of the Grocers' company, cleared the North sea of a horde of Scottish pirates by means of a fleet equipped entirely at his own cost. — London Chronicle.

Men in Petticoats.
It will probably be a matter of surprise to the general reader to learn that the petticoat was first worn exclusively by men. In the reign of King Henry VII, the dress of the English was so fantastic and absurd that it was difficult to distinguish one sex from the other. In the inventory of Henry V. appears a "petticoat of red damask, with open sleeves." There is no mention of a woman's petticoat before the Tudor period.

Early Submarines.
One of the earliest references to under water craft is in connection with piracy. Olaus Magnus, bishop of Upsala, writing in 1555, makes mention of "skiffs and vessels constructed of leather," two of which he had seen, in which the pirates of Greenland "go wherever they wish, either above or below water, and by their means pierce and make great holes in passing merchant ships." — Pall Mall Gazette.

Unhappy Endings.
"You say all the stories he writes have unhappy endings?"
"Every one of them."
"But he can't sell stories with unhappy endings."
"He never does sell any. That's their unhappy ending." — Houston Post.

There never lived a man who was not injured by perpetual compliments. — Newell D. Hillis.

Rise and Fall of a Mining Town.
A curious instance of the latter day rise and fall of a mining town developed at Hosmer, in the Crow's Nest district, Canada. Coal was found and a mine opened without regard to expenditure. In all over \$1,000,000 was put into the operations. Many promising seams were cut, and so sure were the engineers of the quality and quantity of coal to be reached that a double tunnel, with a side air passage, was driven the whole length. Expensive tipples, tramways and a washer were constructed and a battery of 240 cokes ovens built to take care of the washed slack coal product from the mine. However, the coal seams proved to be so broken and irregular that operations were entirely too expensive and were abandoned. As a consequence the town of Hosmer, which had a population of about 1,000, is now a deserted village.

A Multiplication Trick.
Here is a little trick in multiplication that may amuse you. Ask a friend to write down the numbers 12345679, omitting the number 8. Then tell him to select any one figure from the list, multiply it by 9 and with the answer to this sum multiply the whole list, thus assuming that he selects either the figure 4 or 6:

Select 4 x 9 = 36
12345679
36
76740714
87087087
44444444

You see, the answer of the sum is composed of figures similar to the one selected. Any figure used will turn the same trick.

Fitting Mates.
"So the dressmaker married the tailor."
"Yes. I don't know of a marriage where there could be more fitting mates." — Baltimore American.

Only learn to catch happiness, for happiness is ever by you. — Goethe.

There Is No Question
but that indigestion and the distressed feeling which always goes with it can be promptly relieved by taking a **Rexall Dyspepsia Tablet** before and after each meal. 25c a box. T. J. Smith & Co.

J. E. GREEN AUCTIONEER
Eden, Md.
R. F. D. No. 2
Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

Overland Automobiles

I have on hand ready for immediate delivery the **New 1916 Five Passenger Overland Car** Price \$750.00 f. o. b. Factory 35-Horse Power, Electric Lights, Self-Starter. Also Roadsters at \$725.00

It will pay you to look the OVERLAND line over before purchasing your new car. An inquiry will bring the car to you for demonstration.

J. B. CULLEN, Agent for Somerset County POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

"THE MENOMINEE" MOTOR TRUCKS

IN ALL SIZES
From a Bakery Truck to a Passenger or a Heavy Freight

All Are Shaft Drive—No Chains in Grit

Ask the man who has a pleasure car if he would have a chain drive. The same principle applies to a truck.

Equipments are of the best and guaranteed for one year. It will be to your interest to get in touch with me and get catalogue and information before making your final decision. Liberal terms of settlement made with customers.

P. E. CORKRAN, EASTON, MARYLAND

TRUCK PACKAGES

You will soon be wanting CRATES, BARRELS or BASKETS for shipping your crops this season.

Place your orders early, it gives you the satisfaction of knowing that you will be supplied when the time comes.

SEE US BEFORE BUYING

The Princess Anne Milling Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF
STRAWBERRY and TOMATO CRATES, BARRELS and TRUCK BASKETS, LUMBER and BUILDING MATERIAL
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND
REV. T. H. LEWIS, D. D., LL. D., PRESIDENT

For Young Men and Young Women in Separate Departments

LOCATION unexcelled, 1,000 feet above the sea, in the highlands of Maryland. Pure air, pure water, charming scenery. Only an hour's run from Baltimore.

EQUIPMENT complete. Twenty acre Campus; Modern Buildings; comfortable living accommodations; Laboratories, Library, Gymnasium, Power and Heating Plant.

CURRICULUM up to date. Classical, Scientific, Historical and Pedagogical Courses, leading to A. B. degree. Music, Elocution and Oratory. Strong Faculty.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL for those not ready for College.

Send for Catalogue and Book of Views.

HE WENT BY THE RULE.

But He Should Have Halted a Moment and Noted the Exceptions.

It is not bewildered foreigners alone who fall into the traps for the unwary that our confusing grammar and orthography lay. Many a despairing American with no natural aptitude for spelling hesitates or flies to the dictionary long after his student days are over because, although he remembers the rule, he does not remember the exceptions.

"And in our rules of spelling," protested one unfortunate professor—not of orthography—"it isn't even a case of 'majority rules.' It's merely plurality. Sometimes, I'm sure, the majority of exceptions to a rule isn't beaten by the words that comply with it by more than one."

A correspondent of the New York Sun recalls an illustrative incident of his school days. His teacher was self-satisfied and young, thought he knew it all—but did not.

There was in the class a young lady who rejoiced in the good Scots name of Gillies. When the class was organizing the "professor" read her name as "Jillies." The young lady protested, but in vain; "g" before "i" is soft.

"Well, of course an eighth of a quart is a jill, but what of a fish's gill?" And the "know it all" teacher should have been hanged on a g(j)ibbet, but even he would not have asked the hardware man for a jilnet. Not in his jiddiest moment of pedagogic authority would he have said, "Jilbert, jive me a jilt wheeled jig." If he wanted the livery man to supply him a gig with gilded spokes for his holiday diversions. Not even he, snapshot arbiter of linguistic niceties, would have asked at the library for Jibbons' "Decline and Fall." And if he has a daughter will she be a jilt? But Gillies must be called Jillies because "g" before "i" is soft.—Youth's Companion.

Passed It On.
Doctor—You have nervous dyspepsia, just the same as Brown had. His was caused by worrying over his butcher's bill. I directed him to stop worrying. Stranger—Yes, and now he's cured and I've got it. I'm his butcher.—Boston Transcript.

A Good Household Salve
Ordinary ailments and injuries are not of themselves serious, but infection or low vitality may make them dangerous. Don't neglect a cut, sore, bruise or hurt because it's small. Blood Poison has resulted from a pin-prick or scratch. For all such ailments Bucklen's Arnica Salve is excellent. It protects and heals the hurt; is antiseptic, kills infection and prevents dangerous complications. Good for all Skin Blemishes, Pimples, Salt Rheum, Eczema. Get an original 2-ounce 25c. box from your Druggist. (Advertisement.)

BURNT OYSTER SHELL LIME

CHEAPEST IN PRICE

Quickest in Acting on Soil

The Lime that Gives the Greatest Result for the Money Expended.

Sweet Soil is one of the first essentials to Successful Agriculture. Lime is needed in most of our soils to produce this condition. What the farmer should consider is how to attain the result at a minimum cost.

Our Experiment Station at College Park recommends the use of lime manufactured in the locality where used because of the saving in transportation. Experiments made at the Station demonstrate that

2,000 Lbs. of Hydrated Lime are, in result, Equivalent to 3,800 Lbs. of Pulverized Oyster Shell Lime

We have Shells to Burn, and have Shells Burnt. Unless you have Money to Burn you will Buy Burnt Lime.

The SOMERSET PACKING CO.,

Licensed Manufacturers of

HYDRATED LIME

POSTOFFICE: - - - UPPER FAIRMOUNT, MARYLAND
FACTORY—Maddox Island on the Manokin River

SEED TESTED SEEDS

We are the only firm on the Eastern Shore that maintains a fully equipped SEED LABORATORY.

POTATOES FOR SUMMER PLANTING

HAVE YOU ORDERED WHAT YOU WILL NEED?

Maine Crown Cobblers - - \$3.00 Great Repobeths - - - \$2.75
Maine Crown Green Mountains 3.00 Hoosiers - - - 2.50

11 Peck Sacks, f. o. b. Philadelphia.

All orders to be accompanied with an advance of 50 cents per sack.

INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES

WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE, SUCH AS:

ARSENITE OF ZINC BORDEAUX MIXTURE
ARSENATE OF LEAD PARIS GREEN

Ask for Prices and Samples of

SOY BEANS ORANGE SORGHUM BUCKWHEAT
COW PEAS AMBER SORGHUM MILLET

ALL OTHER FIELD AND TRUCKING SEEDS

If interested in Seeds mentioned or not mentioned, we solicit your inquiry. Our line is complete.

Peninsula Produce Exchange of Maryland POCOMOKE CITY, MD.

Phone 109. Branch Stores: Salisbury, Md., Princess Anne, Md., Snow Hill, Md.

Do Not Delay
With That Survey
Delays are often Costly
I am at your service
EARLE B. POLK
SURVEYOR
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

GO TO KING'S
500 HORSES AND MULES
AT PRIVATE SALE

EVERY DAY, 6 A. M. to 6 P. M.

We are first hands, and you save all other profits by buying direct from us

SELL YOUR HORSES AND MULES

At KING'S AUCTION

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10.30 A. M.

Buyers get honest representation, and Sellers get a full Auction Value and their Money in 30 seconds. We don't charge to offer Horses and Mules not sold.

OUR REFERENCE—EVERYBODY

JAMES KING & SONS

High, Baltimore & Fayette Sts. BALTIMORE, MD.

PRINTING We are in a better position than ever to give you the very BEST of PRINTING

How a Clodhopper Made a General's Reputation

By F. A. MITCHEL

Johnny Hunker enlisted in 1861 in an Ohio regiment to "fight for Abraham Lincoln's daughter," as the phrase had it in those days. Johnny was a farmer's boy and didn't know any more about war than he did about managing a circus. It so happened that he fell under the command of a general who had graduated in the engineer corps at West Point, had been sent abroad during the Crimean war to observe the strategy of European armies and had written a report which had caused him six years later to be picked out for one of the great commanders of the war between the states. In short, he was at the apex of the pyramid of military intelligence, while Johnny was one of the many thousands who formed the base.

The force that Johnny served with formed the extreme of the right wing of an army whose commander was anxious to advance, but a fort so situated in a pocket in the hills that it was difficult to take was delaying him, for it is a military principle that an army must not leave a fortification in its rear. The scientific soldier who commanded this wing was approaching the fortification in accordance with the principles of military engineering—in other words, by zigzag trenches. The only objection to this plan of reducing the fort was that it took a lot of time and delayed an army of 70,000 men from advancing. Meanwhile the men who composed the army were costing the government immense sums of money, were dying of camp fever and were getting generally demoralized.

Johnny Hunker, who didn't know enough about military matters to keep himself in camp unless permitted to go elsewhere, one night, feeling restless, stole out without waking his tent mates, evaded the camp guard and wandered away. He was too stupid to avoid going in the direction of the enemy, and while men were crouching in the trenches he was stumbling along in the dark toward the fortification they were trying to dig out. Presently he came to a dirt wall. Lighting a match, he saw that it was inclined and about ten feet high, but he thought he could climb it and he did. At the top he laid his hands on something that felt like a log. By feeling along it he found that it was a log. Vaulting over it, he proceeded along the top of the dirt wall, which was some eight feet thick, and came to another log. In this way he discovered a number of logs side by side on top of the dirt wall.

Hearing a storm of snoring below him, he concluded that they might come from Confederates, and concluded to retrace his steps. Sliding down the incline, he was groping his way back, as he supposed, over the same route by which he had come, when suddenly he dropped into a trench, falling on several sleeping men.

Angry at being disturbed in their slumbers, they reported Johnny's appearance among them, stating that he was likely a spy from the fort who had lost his bearings and fallen into a trap. The result was that the young man was sent to the rear in care of an officer, who was directed to turn him in as a captured spy.

In the morning Johnny's capture was reported to the general and after breakfast a staff officer was sent to bring him to headquarters. When Johnny appeared the general began to question him.

"Who are you?"

John Hunker of Company B, —th Ohio.

The general sent for the captain of Company B and went on with his questioning. He asked Johnny how he happened to be out among the trenches at night, and Johnny told the story. When he came to the dirt wall, as he called it, and the logs the general pricked up his ears. He asked Johnny how many men he had heard snoring, and Johnny replied, "A hull lot." On being asked what he meant by "a hull lot" Johnny explained, "There must 'a' been four or five of 'em."

While the questioning was going on Johnny's captain came in and identified him as a private in his command. He was very severe in his manner to the culprit, being mortified that one of his men should have been caught in such a breach of discipline.

Within half an hour after the interview between Johnny and his commander the right wing of the army was drawn up in line of battle and an order given to march upon the fort. When the men reached it they clambered up the sides to the parapet, as Johnny had done the night before, without drawing a single shot. They found that what he had supposed to be a row of logs were Quaker guns—that is, logs shaped to represent cannon. A few lean Confederates in buttoned were seen clambering up the hillside. They had been in charge of the fort and kept the guns from falling off their supports.

The commanding general was informed that a scout had discovered that the fort was practically deserted. The commander of the right wing was promoted, and the army advanced.

As for Johnny, he was killed during the campaign that followed and never knew that he had informed one of the most scientific strategists in the army that he was besieging a deserted fort. Perhaps it was as well, since the general emerged from the war with great honors, and it would be a pity if it had been known that a stupid clodhopper had been at the bottom of his rise.

BUYING WATER AND AIR

In slaking quicklime it may be changed into two forms. If 56 pounds of pure quicklime, fresh from the kiln, becomes water-slaked, it increases its volume and weight to 74 pounds. If it is air-slaked the 56 pounds may become from 74 to 100 pounds, depending on the amount of carbon dioxide and water taken from the air. From these figures it can be seen that when a farmer purchases lime, he should know what he is buying. *It is not usually profitable for farmers to buy water and air; every farm is well supplied with these elements.* When a farmer pays freight and hauling on air and water, he is losing money. Farmers should insist on a chemical analysis being furnished them with every purchase of lime; only in this way can they know exactly what they are buying. Usually it is not economical to buy either water-slaked, "hydrated," or air-slaked lime. —From Bulletin 187, page 28, of the Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station.

IT PAYS TO LIME—BUT
WHEN YOU LIME, USE THE BEST
THE MOORE-PENDLETON CO
MANUFACTURERS OF
PULVERIZED OYSTER SHELL LIME

FACTORY:—Clifton Point on the Manokin.
POSTOFFICE:—Westover, Maryland.



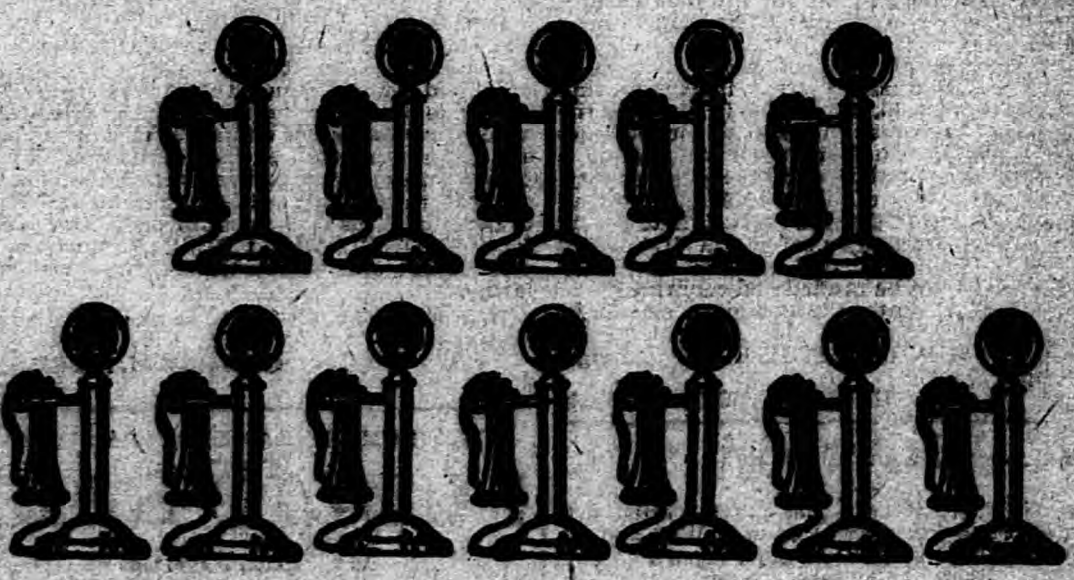
**HORSES
AND
MULES
WAGONS
BUGGIES
SURREYS
Runabouts
and
HARNESS**

J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.

Largest Carriage and Wagon
Dealer in Maryland

PRINCESS ANNE

MARYLAND



Telephones for Everybody

Do you know that you can have Bell telephone service for a few cents a day? It is a comfort and convenience at all times, and in an emergency it is the quick way to the source of relief.

You need telephone service in your office and home. Why not order it today?

Ask the Local Manager.

**THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC
TELEPHONE COMPANY**

H. W. CARTY, Local Manager

Tel. 2000

Salisbury, Md.

Early Use of Gunpowder.

Reference is made to the first definite use of gunpowder in battle by Ernest Protheroe in his book, "The British Navy." The author says:

"Of all the world's great battles Crecy possesses a unique interest. The English only used three pieces of field ordnance. They were small cannon made of trees, bored and bound with iron hoops, and the missiles were of stone scarcely larger than cricket balls. Doubtless this rude artillery made far more noise than it effected damage. It was the long bow and the broadsword that won the battle, but nevertheless gunpowder was henceforth to play an ever increasing part in the strife of nations. Explosives wrought a vast change in fighting methods on land, for many of the old time weapons were rendered quite useless in face of death dealing ball and shot. Warfare afloat, too, would be revolutionized. Hitherto the fighting ships had been largely carriers of soldiers in order to board and fight as on land, whereas the time was at hand when ships could be riddled with cannon balls without the crews coming into actual contact."

Really Accommodating.

"A cyclone is not such a bad thing, after all," remarked the portly salesman as he settled himself comfortably in his chair. "One saved \$5 for me once."

"How did it happen?" asked a listener.

"I was in a little town about two years ago and wanted to get to another small town fifteen miles distant. There was no railroad between the two towns, and I was standing in front of the livery stable arguing with the liveryman, who wanted \$5 to take me and my sample cases over when a cyclone came along and, picking me up, landed me right in the little town to which I wanted to go."

"How about your sample cases?" followed an avid listener.

"Oh," snuggled replied the salesman, "the cyclone landed them just ahead of me and had my goods all spread out on display when I got there!" —New York Times.

Criminals and Cleave.

Pierre Janne, the French detective, once traced a murderer within forty-eight hours with no clew save a trouser button. Such a feat seems almost incredible, yet many criminals have been brought to justice through clever sleuths following up the very slightest clue.

Janne was first awakened in the middle of the night by the spelling of the victim's name, "Elmore," with two "l's" in a forged letter; Bennett, of Yorkshire society, was traced through a laundry mark on a piece of linen, and a woman who murdered a constable at Exeter in 1884, was brought to the gallows by an initial on a chisel.

"If you want to be a criminal you had better go out naked and unarmed. Even then some special constable might take note of you."—London Chronicle.

Suits and Blunders.

Many years ago I heard the following notice read out in a church in England: "There will be a procession next Sunday afternoon, but if it rains in the afternoon the procession will take place in the morning."

Among mixed metaphors the most delightful I think I have ever heard was the statement of a town councillor in a Hampshire town some years ago during a discussion on projected expenditure on town improvements. "Gentlemen," he said, "we will have nothing to do with it; it is but the thin end of a white elephant."

A distinguished leader of the Ulster party, writing to me, said, "Before the home rule bill is enforced Asquith will have to walk over many dead bodies—his own included."—London Spectator.

Every Man to His Trade.

A bank should be cleaned out by the janitor, not by the cashier.

A hen can't lay the dust any more than a watering cart can lay an egg.

No boy can spin a web like a spider, but a spider can't spin a top like a boy.

A dentist can't draw a picture any better than an artist can draw a tooth.

Any one can pick a quarrel, but it requires a certain amount of skill to pick a lock.

Some men are handy with their hands and some with their feet. Some are knockers, and some are kickers.—Judge.

Tomboy.

Verstegen gives the following origin of the word "tomboy" as applied to roving girls: "Tumbe, to dance; tumble, danced; hereof we yet call a wench that skipeth or leapech lyke a boy, a tomboy; our name also of tumbling cometh from hence."

Variable.

He—Do you believe that two can live as cheaply as one? She—That depends a good deal on the income and expenditure of the one selected as the basis of comparison.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Rich Relations.

Probably the worst thing about rich relations is the way they look down on you because you are not rich enough to look down on them.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Turkey Stone.

The turquoise, formerly known as Turkey stone, derives its name from the fact that the first specimens were introduced through Turkey.

The measure of a man's sin is the difference between what he is and what he might be.—Jordan.

Carl Weber's Surprise

By EDITH V. ROSS

When the great European war broke out Carl Weber, whose father was a baker in Berlin, being a member of the reserve, was given ten days to prepare to leave for the front. The reason of his having been given so long a time when there was such a hurry for troops was that the unmarried members of his corps were recommended to take wives before going to the war in order that the depletion of men consequent upon the dangers of the service might be balanced by a crop of children.

Carl chose for a partner for life—or more likely for death—Gretchen, the daughter of Hans Kopp, who kept a grocery store next door to the bakery. Hans was twenty years old; Gretchen was seventeen. There was no time for courting—indeed, no time for either groom or bride to deliberate on the subject. Carl's father made the proposition to Gretchen's father that the youngsters be married, and since both men considered that the marriage was a duty to the fatherland a marriage it must be.

Neither Carl nor Gretchen was averse to a marriage. Being young they did not consider the fact that the young husband would probably be killed or die of disease. A great many soldiers who go to war return. Why not Carl? So they were married and passed a week's honeymoon together, which slid away very quickly, and Carl was obliged to tear himself from his bride to be entrained for Belgium. The last he saw of his wife she was standing on the sidewalk weeping.

Then for the first time Carl realized what it all meant. It was terribly serious. The first mowing down of men by modern machinery had taken place, and the death toll was terrible. On the way to the front he met trainloads of wounded, and the sight sickened him. What a change in every way had come over him! A fortnight before he had not thought of either war or marriage. Now he was deep in both. How he wished he could return, take his weeping wife in his arms and remain with her forever! But, no; very likely he would never see her again, while she—what would become of her? Would she weep for him throughout eternity? We are prone to picture those loved ones from whom we are separated as we last saw them. Carl throughout his army service never thought of Gretchen but that she was standing on the sidewalk looking after him through her tears.

Carl escaped death, but after a while he was severely wounded. He was taken to the rear and placed in a hospital. There he lingered for a long while and at last began to mend. He was able to be about long before he was fit to return to the front, so he was permitted to go home for the rest of the period necessary for him to be prepared to go forth to be shot at again.

Carl wrote to his parents and his wife that he would be at home on a certain day. He did not like to surprise her, for he feared that the joy of meeting him suddenly might have a deleterious effect upon her. The day he arrived his father met him at the station, embraced him, kissing him on both cheeks, then led the way to his delivery wagon, which was waiting, for Carl was not equal to walking home.

Now, it so happened that the stork visited the house with a ten pound boy the very day of Carl's arrival. Indeed, the little fellow was just fifty-five minutes old when the train bearing his father rolled into the station. It had been arranged that Carl should be kept in ignorance of the fact till the last possible moment in order that he might have a pleasant surprise. Gretchen had continued to live with her parents, and his father was to take him home and await notice just when he might be introduced to his wife and child.

The idea of being a father had never entered the young soldier's head. For months he had remembered his wife in tears, and he was possessed with one idea—to get home and dry those tears. When his father drove up before the bakery over which he lived he suggested to Carl to go in and meet his mother before meeting his wife. Respect for parents is so strong in Germany that Carl consented, but after giving the old woman a hasty kiss he broke away and hobbled to the next house to see his wife.

Finding no one in the shop below, he pulled himself upstairs by means of a ballister and tried to open the door. It was locked. He tried the doors to the other chambers and found them all open, but no one was in any of the rooms. Carl began to be frightened. He had asked his father innumerable questions about Gretchen, and the old man had seemed noncommittal.

He rapped at the door of his wife's room again, then listened. He heard a hoarse sound as if a deaf mute was trying to speak. He knocked again and heard a man's voice say, "You may come in in about ten minutes."

Great heavens! A man in his wife's bedroom, telling him when he might come in. Surely something frightful had happened. Weak as he was, he paced the hall like a caged tiger; then suddenly the door was thrown open, and there, lying in bed, was Gretchen, on her arm taking his first breakfast on a baby boy, and, instead of tears coursing down her cheeks, on her lips was the happiest smile that had ever been there.

The doctor and the grandmother retired and left the family alone together.

SAVED THE TOWN.

The Fisherman Lied, Stuck to His Story and Got a Surprise.

More than two centuries ago, when an allied English and Dutch fleet, under Admiral Russell, approached Les Sables d'Olonne, on the bay of Biscay, to bombard it, a difficulty arose. The conformation of the shore partly concealed the settlement behind a ridge, and they did not know how to train their guns. But they had captured a fishing smack in the bay, and Admiral Russell summoned the fisherman, Daniel Fricaud, and ordered him to tell exactly how the town lay and where to aim in order to destroy its principal buildings. Fricaud, who appeared to be a poor, ignorant fellow, very much frightened, pointed to a pier with a group of old, rickety buildings. The admiral was doubtful, but the trembling fisherman assured him that just beyond and almost exactly in range was the market square, the very heart of the town.

"Do you understand," asked the admiral sternly, "that if you are telling me a lie I shall soon find it out and have you hanged from the yardarm of my ship?"

"I know," answered the fisherman, "and if I have lied you must hang me. I can only tell you—it is there that you should aim your guns."

Convinced that the man would not venture a deception, Admiral Russell ordered the bombardment to begin. A little while after shells had begun to fall behind the screening ridge and shabby wharf, and great columns of smoke arose, which rapidly increased in volume. It seemed that half the place must be on fire. Only when he thought its destruction nearly enough accomplished did the fleet withdraw—first releasing Fricaud and his fishing boat.

The fisherman, amazed and anxious, hastened to the town to learn what could possibly have happened, for he knew well that in the quarter that had been shelled there were only a few worthless sheds and storehouses. That was why, at the risk of his neck, he had pointed it out. Never for a moment had he thought of aiding the enemy to destroy his native place, and he had fully expected to pay the penalty. What could the smoke be?

It proved that the inhabitants had practiced a clever ruse. Seeing that the shells were falling exactly where they did the least harm, they had built huge bonfires to convey the impression of a conflagration. The trick had probably saved the town. It had certainly saved a brave fisherman from being hanged.—Youth's Companion.

LAUNCHING A BIG VESSEL.

Always a Risky Task For Which Great Preparations Are Made.

To slide a steel structure as big as a thirty story office building down hill into the water and have it arrive right side up without damage is a big job, even in these days of big achievements.

The builders of the latest Dreadnought raked nearly \$7,000,000 worth of material and labor when the launching triggers were released. The outcome depended on the correctness of calculations made before the big fighting ship's keel was laid on the blocks, for before the first construction work on a ship is begun the preparations for its launching must be started.

It is comparatively easy to build a ship on land, but to get it into the water is another matter, as Robinson Crusoe discovered after working seven years to construct a boat which, when finished, proved so big that he could not launch it. After the Great Eastern, for forty-three years the largest ship in the world, was built in 1858 it took three months to get it afloat.

The larger the vessel the more ticklish is the job of sliding it safely into the water. Although years of experience and careful study have reduced the methods used to a standard practice, yet there is always a degree of uncertainty about the operation. In spite of the navy's record of an unbroken series of successful launchings, those responsible for each succeeding one experience considerable anxiety until the crisis is safely past. Even though every known precaution has been taken there is always the chance that some unknown factor may ruin the plan and wreck the ship.—Crosby McCarthy in Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Australia's Stony Desert.

The great stony desert of north Australia was discovered by Captain Sturt, an Australian explorer, in 1845-6. It is north of the river Darling and is about 300 miles long and 100 broad, consisting of sandy dunes or ridges. Its want of trees, except along the creeks, gives the country a sterile appearance. These ridges were probably formed by the joint effect of winds and a gradually retreating sea.

One on the Slower.

"Can't open the safe this morning," said the clerk in the theatrical manager's office.

"Well," said the manager between puffs, "wait until the press agent gets here. Perhaps he can blow it open." —Yonkers Statesman.

On the Other Side.

"Is Mrs. Gaussip a friend of yours?" "No; she's a friend of my wife." "Isn't that the same thing?" "Not at all. She feels very sorry for my wife." —Stray Stories.

Then Silence Was Profound.

"Did you ever see a company of women perfectly silent?"

"Yes, once. Some one had asked which of those present was the oldest." —Boston Transcript.

MARYLANDER AND HERALD
Published Every Tuesday Morning
PRINCESS ANNE, MD

Office, 367 Main Street. Local Phone No. 31.
Long Distance Phone, No. 62
Subscription Price \$1.00 Per Annum
WILLIAM H. DASHIELL
Editor and Proprietor
All Communications Should be Addressed to the
Marylander and Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1915

COMPACTS—POLITICAL AND OTHERWISE

Participation in political primaries means loyalty to one's party. Abiding by the result of the primaries is a political obligation. Some men do not heed such a compact. A primary result different from the one anticipated may suggest to them the right to change their political relations. It was such a violation of duty four years ago that gave Maryland a Republican Governor.

The present campaign in Maryland ought to be of such a character as to restrain men from a tendency that is impulsive and at the same time violative of political compacts. No man is justified in participating in Democratic primaries and then voting a Republican ticket.

Compacts, whether of a political or a business character, should be kept and kept strictly. The fact that men engage in primary elections, having first given their political affiliation, binds them to the result. They need not vote at such primaries unless they choose; but if they do they are bound by their party's choice.

One of the greatest mistakes in all primary elections, and one that casts shame upon the system, is what is termed "mud-slinging." The system of primaries should be conducted in such a way as to avoid extravagancies of any kind. One may have to vote for the men they have vituperated. It is no wonder that the old Convention System should appeal to disclaimers of the "mud-slinging plan."

Primary elections are supposed to be a choice of suitable candidates for office. They are between men of the same party organization. Hence the impropriety of saying things of party opponents that are bound to bring unpleasant reminders. Republicans may say what they please of Democrats, and vice versa. Of one's party people, the primaries should obtrude nothing that is offensive or to which exception can afterwards be taken.

The main thought is to keep people true to their political obligations. Hence the propriety of keeping within due bounds and the avoidance of hasty expressions. It is unfortunate that within our own State and in our own county we have men who do not hold to the one but are prone to the other. We should feel in duty bound to obey every obligation, whether political or otherwise, and in attempting their execution, the greatest caution against imprudent talk is essential.

Lansing Named Secretary of State

Robert Lansing, who, as counselor of the State Department, has advised President Wilson in law and precedent in the policy pursued by the United States toward belligerent governments since the outbreak of the European war, last Wednesday was named Secretary of State, to succeed William Jennings Bryan.

Few appointments in recent years have given such widespread satisfaction in the national capital. Lansing is a life-long Democrat, but he has devoted his time to international law and diplomacy and is as popular with former Republican officials as with his colleagues. Members of the Cabinet who talked with the President on the subject were unanimous in their recommendation that he should be appointed. Colonel E. M. House and other close personal friends of the President advised the selection, and Bryan himself, although not consulted, is understood to have hoped for the promotion.

Official announcement of the selection of Lansing, who has been serving as Secretary ad interim since the resignation of Bryan, on June 8, was made in the following statement issued from the White House at 6 o'clock Wednesday night:

Before leaving this evening for a brief rest in New Hampshire, the President announced that he had offered the post of Secretary of State to Mr. Robert Lansing, the present counselor of the Department of State, and that Mr. Lansing had accepted the appointment.

A commission was prepared, which President Wilson signed, giving Lansing a recess appointment. When Congress reconvenes the nomination will go to the Senate. No opposition to his confirmation is anticipated.

Mr. Bryan asked the public to sit in judgment without pity. The public sat, in response to the invitation, with spikes upon the seat of its trousers.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

First Blood For The Mayor

In the preliminary skirmishing over the Democratic nomination for Governor between the Mayor and Mr. Furst, the Mayor scores handily on the Harrington leaders by pointing out some of the reasons why it is to Baltimore's interest that Senator Lee should be nominated. In Mr. Furst's interview issues were entirely ignored. He was for Mr. Harrington—a reason that will not weigh heavily with the voters of the city when the time comes to act. But Mr. Harrington himself is yet to be heard from, and sensible men will wait before making up their minds.

Thus far the line-up appears to be made to forestall the city's effort to safeguard its future by getting under control the waterfront—an absolute essential for continued progress as a great port—and to take necessary and logical steps for the Greater Baltimore by annexing parts of Baltimore and Anne Arundel counties.

On the one side this has arrayed against the city administration Congressman Talbot and his Baltimore county machine. On the other side, Dr. Wells and his Anne Arundel county followers have joined hands to block the city's move in their direction. As the city reaches out it grows at the expense of these two counties, diminishing their taxable basis and lowering their prestige. Their attitude is understandable. But the city must go forward or go backward. It cannot stand still. Whatever it gets it must get from Baltimore and Anne Arundel counties. There is no other escape from the bonds that confine and restrict it. If, as seems to be certain, this means a fight, the city must fight. It can do nothing else. Its attitude will have to be determined by this issue alone in the absence of powerful motives for neglecting so important a matter.

The intricacies of Maryland politics are sometimes past finding out. But on this occasion, though there are other issues, of course, that concern the people of Baltimore, it is becoming clearer day by day that the real purpose back of the artfully contrived scheme of arraying the counties against the city is to hold the city in check. It is a game of stranglehold.

Senator Lee has made his attitude on the issue clear. He is for giving the city room in which to expand. We believe he speaks the real sentiment of the people of the State, who must know that the day is not merely approaching but is now here when Baltimore, which is their metropolis, cannot be denied the territory it needs if it is to keep its pace as one of the great seaboard cities.

Evidence Of Weakness Of Cause

The Wisconsin News of last week in an article with above title says: Another demonstration of the weakness of the Harrington forces on the Eastern Shore, and how the drowning men are grabbing at straws, was the meeting held last week in Princess Anne for the purpose of organizing Somerset county for Harrington. It is said that after much trouble there was gotten together just 67 people in Princess Anne to represent Mr. Harrington, and Mr. Western Starr was made chairman of the Resolutions Committee.

Mr. Starr is the gentleman who last fall occupied a box at the head of Main street one evening and made such a rank speech against Senator John Walter Smith and Congressman Jesse D. Price. At that time Mr. Starr could see nothing very attractive about Senator Smith. His speech aroused the Smith following in Salisbury to the highest pitch of indignation, and yet Mr. Starr this year is one of the strongest supporters of Mr. Harrington, because Mr. Miles is supporting Senator Lee. The old saying that "politics makes strange bedfellows" is certainly a true one. Somerset county, however, is as safely in the Lee column as it is possible for any county to be. It would not be surprising if Lee carried every voting precinct in Somerset county.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

[Advertisement]

Rexall Orderlies

Sick headache, biliousness, piles and bad breath are usually caused by inactive bowels. Get a box of Rexall Orderlies. They act gently and effectively. Sold only by us at 10 cents.

T. J. Smith & Co.

The Hereditary Voters

The "grandfather clause" of State Constitutions was invented about 15 years ago as a means of disfranchising a part of the negroes. They could not be disfranchised directly, and it was provided in several States that the right to vote should be conditioned on the ability to read, with the proviso that persons whose ancestors had the right to vote in 1866 to 1868 (the same date was not used in all cases) should not be disfranchised on account of illiteracy. Thus the illiterate white could vote because his grandfather did, but the illiterate black could not vote, for his ancestor did not have the right to vote in the first two or three years following the civil war.

Cases arising under such a provision of the Alabama Constitution were taken to the Supreme Court several years ago, but the Court declined jurisdiction on the ground of certain technicalities. Oklahoma tried to get into the Union with a similar provision, but was obliged to omit it in order to obtain Statehood. Once in the Union, it proceeded to amend its Constitution by inserting the provision that would have kept it out. Maryland adopted a similar restriction in the case of Municipal elections. Suits were instituted in both States, and on Monday the Supreme Court declared the restriction to be void.

The States may impose a reading and writing test if they wish to, but it has got to apply to all voters. The grandson of a white man who could vote in 1866, and the grandson of a negro who could not vote at that time, must be subjected to the same tests.

No man's political rights are a matter of inheritance, or race, and an illiterate white cannot vote if an illiterate black may not. The Court makes short work of the sophistry that sought to defend the discrimination between the descendant of a voter and the descendant of a non-voter. "The grandfather clause" is so obviously inconsistent with all American political ideas that it is difficult to see how even ingenious lawyers could have expected it to stand the scrutiny of the Supreme Court.—Philadelphia Record.

NOTICE

All Traction Engine Owners who use Waterloo Bridge, do so at their own risk.
ROBERT S. JONES,
Roads Engineer.

FREE SCHOLARSHIPS

The following scholarships will be awarded by the School Board on Tuesday, July 13th, 1915:
Maryland State Normal School—Two—Princess Anne County. Applications must be received by the School Board on or before the 10th day of July.
Frederick Normal School—Two—Princess Anne County. Applications must be received by the School Board on or before the 10th day of July.
St. Mary's Seminary—One—Princess Anne County. Applications must be received by the School Board on or before the 10th day of July.
Maryland Institute of Art and Design—One—Princess Anne County. Applications must be received by the School Board on or before the 10th day of July.
Blue Ridge College—Partial—Princess Anne County. Applications must be received by the School Board on or before the 10th day of July.

Trustee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, passed in a case in which Mary T. Mull and John James Tull are defendants, the undersigned trustee therein named, will sell at public auction at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, July 20th, 1915,

at or about the hour of 2:30 o'clock p. m., all that lot or parcel of land in and known as the late Thomas W. Landon by Robert F. Parks and wife, by deed dated the 1st day of April, 1871, recorded in the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 12, folio 674, etc., lying on the county road leading from Fairmount to Teague's Creek, containing

ONE ACRE,

more or less, adjoining the lands of E. J. Parks, Victim of Deafness, and others, and known as the late Thomas W. Landon by Robert F. Parks and wife, by deed dated the 1st day of April, 1871, recorded in the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 12, folio 674, etc., lying on the county road leading from Fairmount to Teague's Creek, containing

ONE ACRE,

more or less, adjoining the lands of E. J. Parks, Victim of Deafness, and others, and known as the late Thomas W. Landon by Robert F. Parks and wife, by deed dated the 1st day of April, 1871, recorded in the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 12, folio 674, etc., lying on the county road leading from Fairmount to Teague's Creek, containing

ONE ACRE,

more or less, adjoining the lands of E. J. Parks, Victim of Deafness, and others, and known as the late Thomas W. Landon by Robert F. Parks and wife, by deed dated the 1st day of April, 1871, recorded in the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 12, folio 674, etc., lying on the county road leading from Fairmount to Teague's Creek, containing

ONE ACRE,

more or less, adjoining the lands of E. J. Parks, Victim of Deafness, and others, and known as the late Thomas W. Landon by Robert F. Parks and wife, by deed dated the 1st day of April, 1871, recorded in the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 12, folio 674, etc., lying on the county road leading from Fairmount to Teague's Creek, containing

ONE ACRE,

more or less, adjoining the lands of E. J. Parks, Victim of Deafness, and others, and known as the late Thomas W. Landon by Robert F. Parks and wife, by deed dated the 1st day of April, 1871, recorded in the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 12, folio 674, etc., lying on the county road leading from Fairmount to Teague's Creek, containing

ONE ACRE,

more or less, adjoining the lands of E. J. Parks, Victim of Deafness, and others, and known as the late Thomas W. Landon by Robert F. Parks and wife, by deed dated the 1st day of April, 1871, recorded in the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 12, folio 674, etc., lying on the county road leading from Fairmount to Teague's Creek, containing

ONE ACRE,

more or less, adjoining the lands of E. J. Parks, Victim of Deafness, and others, and known as the late Thomas W. Landon by Robert F. Parks and wife, by deed dated the 1st day of April, 1871, recorded in the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 12, folio 674, etc., lying on the county road leading from Fairmount to Teague's Creek, containing

ONE ACRE,

more or less, adjoining the lands of E. J. Parks, Victim of Deafness, and others, and known as the late Thomas W. Landon by Robert F. Parks and wife, by deed dated the 1st day of April, 1871, recorded in the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 12, folio 674, etc., lying on the county road leading from Fairmount to Teague's Creek, containing

ONE ACRE,

more or less, adjoining the lands of E. J. Parks, Victim of Deafness, and others, and known as the late Thomas W. Landon by Robert F. Parks and wife, by deed dated the 1st day of April, 1871, recorded in the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 12, folio 674, etc., lying on the county road leading from Fairmount to Teague's Creek, containing

Frank Saved From The Gallows

Leo M. Frank, whose death sentence for the murder of Mary Phagan was commuted to life imprisonment early Monday of last week by Governor Slaton of Georgia, began serving his term at the State Prison farm in Milledgeville a few hours later. He will be known as "Convict No. 965."

Officials secretly took Frank by train and automobile from the Atlanta jail to Milledgeville and soon afterward Governor Slaton issued a long statement giving his reasons for commuting sentence which was to have been executed on Tuesday.

A Cough Remedy That Relieves

It's prepared from the healing Pine Balsam, Tarr and Honey, all mixed in a pleasant, soothing Cough Syrup, called Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. Thousands have benefited by its use—no need of your enduring that annoying Cough or risking a dangerous Cold. Go to your dealer, ask for a 25c. original bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey, start using at once and get rid of your Cough and Cold.

[Advertisement]

Receiver's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

BY VIRTUE of an order of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, passed in Chancery cause No. 2901, the same being the suit of William S. Bennett, vs. Joseph E. Mull, et al., the undersigned, receiver, duly appointed by the Court, will sell by public auction in front of the Court House in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, July 6, 1915

AT ABOUT THE HOUR OF 2:30 O'CLOCK P. M., all the following described lots or parcels of real estate, formerly the property of the firm of Mull, Bennett, et al., to wit:

Seven Acres,

more or less, located on the road leading to the James Hall farm and adjoining the land owned, or formerly owned, by Isaac Laird, Henry Phoebe and others, and being the same land conveyed to the said Mull & Bennett by Eddy E. Swearington and husband, by deed dated November 15th, 1909, and recorded among the land records of said Somerset County in Liber S. P. D. No. 53, folio 165.

Second—All those lots or parcels of land situated in said St. Peter's district, and lying and being on the road leading from said St. Peter's district to Dame's Quarter, and containing

Sixty and one-half Acres,

more or less, consisting chiefly of woodland, which was conveyed to the said Mull & Bennett by Robert J. Parks, by deed dated June 30th, 1910, and recorded among said land records in Liber S. P. D. No. 54, folio 262 et seq.

Third—All that lot or parcel of land whereon is located the store house of the said Mull & Bennett, situated in the village of Orle and on the north side of the county road leading through said village, bounded on the west and north by St. Peter's Creek, on the east by the road leading to the same land, conveyed to the said Mull & Bennett by Frank Waters and wife, by deed dated August 18th, 1914, and duly recorded as aforesaid, in Liber S. P. D. No. 54, folio 165, etc.

Fourth—A LARGE STORE HOUSE, with DWELLING attached, good barns and Outbuildings, situated on the road leading from said St. Peter's district to Dame's Quarter, and containing

Terms of Sale—One-third cash on day of sale, one-third in six months and the balance in twelve months from said date, all cash at the option of the purchaser; the credit portions, if any, to be secured by the bond or bonds of the purchaser, with surety to the satisfaction of said receiver.

GEORGE H. MYERS,

Receiver

GORDON TULL, Solicitor.

Order Nisi

In the matter of the tax sale of real estate in Fairmount Election District of Somerset County, assessed to Laura Miles, made and reported by John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, for the year 1915, William J. Phillips, purchaser, ex parte.

Order Nisi

Whereas, a certain John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, in the State of Maryland, for the year 1915, has reported to the Circuit Court for Somerset County, a sale made by him to William J. Phillips, of all that lot or parcel of land in Fairmount Election District of Somerset County, in the State of Maryland, viz: No. 3 all that lot of land located as aforesaid, containing 1 acre, more or less, with the improvements thereon, situated on the private road leading from the colored church to Hall's Creek, adjoining the land owned or formerly owned by Mrs. Brinkley, conveyed to Thomas Lattimer by Samuel L. Hall, by deed recorded in Liber O. T. B. No. 7, folio 223, etc., and assessed to said Thomas S. Lattimer's estate on the assessment books of said election district, for the year 1915, and sold for the payment of taxes due and in arrears, together with all the proceedings had in relation thereto, and that the provisions of the law in relation thereto have been complied with.

Now therefore, it is hereby ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 15th day of June, 1915, that notice be given by the publication of this order once a week for four successive weeks in the Marylander and Herald, a weekly newspaper published in Somerset County, before the 1st day of July, 1915, warning all persons interested in said real estate to be and appear in this Court on or before the 31st day of July, 1915, to show cause, if any they have, why said sale should not be ratified and confirmed.

The said report states the amount of sales to be \$42.10.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.

True Copy. Test: **W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.**

Order Nisi

Robert F. Duer, Attorney, ex parte. Trust created by mortgage from John T. White and wife and others to the People's Bank of Somerset County.

No. 2906, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, May Term, 1915.

Ordered this 17th day of June, 1915, by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, that the sale of the property mentioned in these proceedings made and reported by Robert F. Duer, attorney, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 16th day of July, 1915. Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Somerset County once in each of three successive weeks before the 16th day of July next.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$38.00.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.

True copy. Test: **W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.**

Order Nisi

Edward Herrman Cohn and Norman Bell, Jr., ex parte. Trust created by mortgage from John T. White and wife and others to the People's Bank of Somerset County.

No. 2981, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, May Term, 1915.

Ordered by the subscriber, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 15th day of June, nineteen hundred and fifteen, that the second report of Edward Herrman Cohn, the trustee mentioned in the above cause, and the sales of real estate by him reported, be and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary appear by exceptions filed before the 21st day of July, 1915; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Somerset County once in each of three successive weeks before the 21st day of July, 1915.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$3025.

W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

Order Nisi

By virtue of the power and authority contained in the last will and testament of John H. White, late of Somerset County, Delaware, deceased, (a duly authenticated copy of which said will is recorded in the office of the Register of Wills of Somerset County, Maryland), as executrix of said John H. White, I will sell at public auction at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Three and One-half Acres,

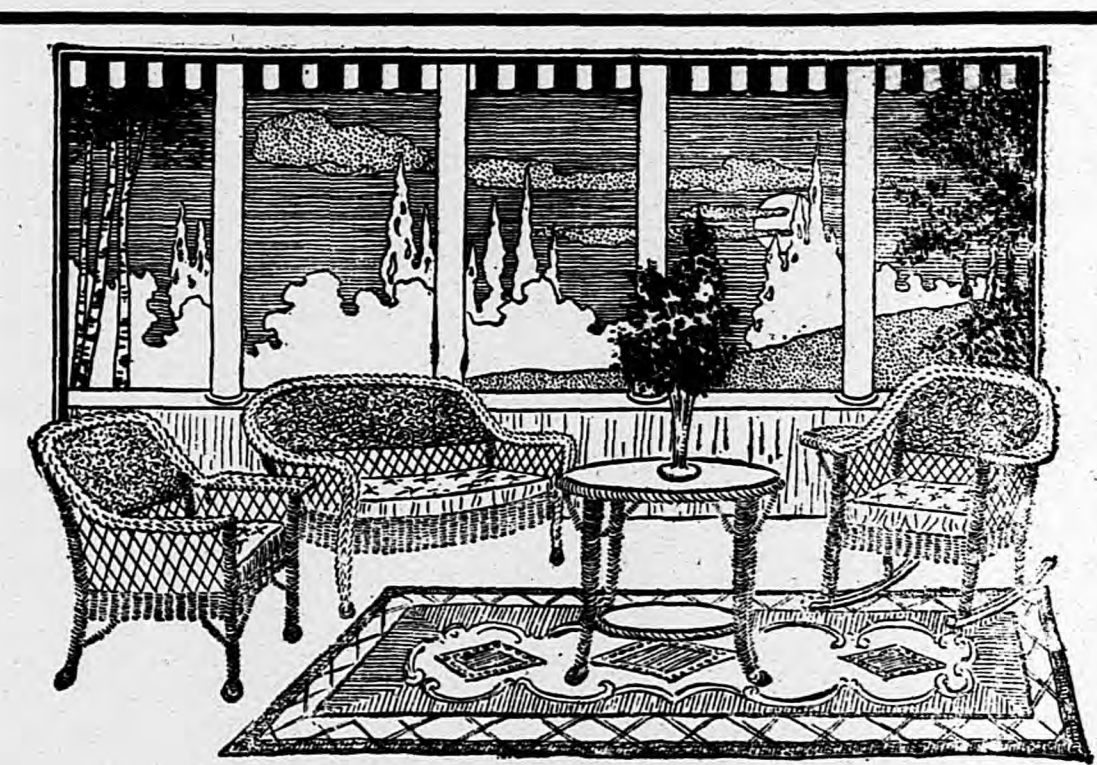
more or less, lying on the northwest side of the main county road leading through said island of John H. White, bounded on the northeast by the land of John A. Measick, and on the south by the land of Zachariah W. Webster and the land of Thompson A. Wallace.

Terms of Sale—One-half cash on the day of sale, and the balance in six months and to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, with approved security, bearing interest; or all cash at the option of the purchaser. Title papers at the expense of the purchaser.

SALLIE L. HEARN,

Executrix of John H. White, deceased.

GORDON TULL, Solicitor.



YOU CAN LITERALLY
Live On The Porch
WHEN IT IS PROPERLY FURNISHED

AEROLUX AND CLIPTWOOD PORCH SHADES

These Shades have many special features that make them particularly desirable. They are light and pretty, are easily adjusted and provide full protection from sun and heat. If you are interested let us show them to you.

Strong and Comfortable Couch Hammocks

\$5.00 \$9.00 to \$16.00
Fine for a nap, and artistic enough to add materially to the porch's attractiveness. Shown in a number of styles. Complete with fixtures for hanging.

WOVEN HAMMOCKS New This Season

\$1.25 to \$5.00

CREX GRASS RUGS PORCH ROCKERS

Are cool and pretty and are easily kept clean. Shown in many pretty new patterns and a fine assortment of sizes.
50c. to \$3.00
Frames are very strong; made of clear maple, highly polished. Built for comfort and wear as well as looks.

T. F. HARGIS
DEPARTMENT STORE
POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

Assignee's Sale
OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

By virtue of the power and authority contained in a mortgage from Phoebe Combes and Antonette Stadlander et al. to Jane C. Wickham, dated the 16th day of February, 1912, and recorded among the land records of Somerset County, Maryland, in Liber S. P. D. No. 61, folio 10 et seq., the said mortgage having been duly assigned to the undersigned, and default having been made by the mortgagors in the payment and covenant of said mortgage, the undersigned assignee, will sell at public auction in front of the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, July 6th, 1915,

at about the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., all that farm, tract or tracts of land known as "The Henry Cooper Farm," and whatever name or names the same may be known or called, containing

190 ACRES,

more or less, situated in said Somerset County, and more particularly described as follows:

First—All that lot or tract of land situated and lying in Mt. Vernon district in said county, and being on the south side of the county road, bounded on the east by the land of Florence D. Price, on the south by the county road, leading from White Haven to Loretto and on the west by the lands owned or formerly owned by Calvin E. Sechler and Charles Keister.

Second—All that tract of woodland situated, lying and being in West-Princess Anne Election District, and being in the land known as the land of Verne Jones, or by Ernest B. White by deed dated the 27th day of December, 1906, recorded among the land records of said Somerset County, Maryland, as executrix of said John H. White, I will sell at public auction at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Terms of Sale—Cash, as prescribed by said mortgage.
GEORGE H. MYERS,
Assignee.

H. FILLMORE LANKFORD, Attorney.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

ON DEAL'S ISLAND

By virtue of the power and authority contained in the last will and testament of John H. White, late of Somerset County, Delaware, deceased, (a duly authenticated copy of which said will is recorded in the office of the Register of Wills of Somerset County, Maryland), as executrix of said John H. White, I will sell at public auction at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Three and One-half Acres,

more or less, lying on the northwest side of the main county road leading through said island of John H. White, bounded on the northeast by the land of John A. Measick, and on the south by the land of Zachariah W. Webster and the land of Thompson A. Wallace.

Terms of Sale—One-half cash on the day of sale, and the balance in six months and to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, with approved security, bearing interest; or all cash at the option of the purchaser. Title papers at the expense of the purchaser.

SALLIE L. HEARN,

Executrix of John H. White, deceased.

GORDON TULL, Solicitor.

Order Nisi

In the matter of the tax sale of real estate in Fairmount Election District of Somerset County, assessed to Louisa A. Tyler, made and reported by John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, for the year 1915, William J. Phillips, purchaser, ex parte.

No. 3009, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity.

Whereas, a certain John E. Holland, County Treasurer for Somerset County, in the State of Maryland, for the year 1915, has reported to the Circuit Court for Somerset County, a sale made by him to William J. Phillips of all that lot or parcel of land in Fairmount Election District of Somerset County, in the State of Maryland, viz: No. 9 being all that lot of land located as aforesaid, containing 2 acres, more or less, with the improvements thereon, situated on the Manokin river, adjoining the lands of Thomas Blake, Kate Winder and David Tyler, conveyed to Louisa A. Tyler by deed recorded in Liber O. T. B. No. 37, folio 215, etc., and assessed to said Louisa A. Tyler on the assessment books of said election district, for the year 1

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1915

Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published free—but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of (5) five cents per line.

BUSINESS POINTERS

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter

Country Produce taken at DASHIELL'S DEPARTMENT STORE.

FOR SALE—Four Fresh Cows. I. M. RHODES, Belmont Farm.

FOR SALE—300 bushels of Cow Peas. E. G. NEWTON, Princess Anne.

WANTED—Tenant on a farm. MRS. E. B. CLARK, Princess Anne, Route 3.

FOR SALE—One Black Mare, kind and gentle. H. J. MUIR, Blacksmith, Princess Anne.

FOR SALE—No. 1 Black Cow Peas at \$2.50 per bushel. C. H. SPEIGHTS, Westover, Md.

WANTED—A tenant for my farm, known as the Louis Lankford place, near Princess Anne, for the year 1916. Crop rent. L. A. GENTRY, Pr. Anne.

FOR SALE—Ice, Coal, Wood, Fertilizer, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flaxseed Meal, Cottonseed Meal, Bran, Middlings, Dairy Feeds, Hominy, Beef Scrap, Chicken Feeds, etc. wholesale and retail. W. P. TONK, Princess Anne, Md.

COMFORT, PLEASURE, WEALTH—In the exclusive line of Baldwin Refrigerators and Ice Chests. When you save ice you save money. There is none just as good. Look over and receive prices on genuine in stock at

HAYMAN'S HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

WANTED—Information as to the address of Samuel W. Jones, or widow or heirs if dead. He saw service in the U. S. Navy in 1868, and probably during the Civil War, and his address was given as Somerset county. Small recovery can probably be made. Address EDWIN W. SPALDING, Pacific Building, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. H. L. D. Stanford and daughter, Eleanor, spent a few days in Baltimore last week.

Mr. L. N. Whitcraft, after a week's visit to his Somerset home, returned to Pittsburgh, Pa., yesterday, Monday.

Miss Mary E. Wilson, of Clarksburg, West Virginia, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. James Wilson, on Depot street.

Mrs. Frank Branford, of Loretto, is very ill and has been taken to the Peninsula General Hospital, Salisbury, for treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. B. Spiva, Messrs. Omar J. Crowell and Gordon Tull attended the State Bankers' Convention at Cape May last week.

Miss Aurelia Dashiell, of Cambridge, Md., is spending several weeks with her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Dashiell, on Beckford avenue.

Mrs. J. J. Leary, who has been spending the past six months with her son, Mr. E. S. Leary, returned to her home in Findley, Ohio, last Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Clarence P. Lankford and her daughter, Miss Priscilla, of Crisfield, spent several days last week at "Beckford," the home of Mr. H. Fillmore Lankford.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Wilson, who have been spending a week or more with Mr. Wilson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Wilson, at Westover, have returned to their home in New York City.

Miss Sarah V. Taylor, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Taylor, Jr., has been appointed a clerk in the office of Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue Armstrong, at Wilmington, Delaware.

Mr. F. Stanley Porter, who is studying law at the Washington and Lee University of Virginia, is spending the summer vacation at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Porter, near Loretto.

Mr. W. O. Lankford has resigned his position as first assistant in the High School Department of the Washington Academy at Princess Anne. He has been teaching for the past year and a half and has given very satisfactory service.

Mr. George P. Smith, a student of Mt. St. Mary's College, Emmittsburg, Md., and Miss Alice Smith, of Ursuline Academy, Wilmington, Del., are spending their vacation with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Smith, north Beech street.

The Ladies' Aid Society of John Wesley Methodist Episcopal Church, Mt. Vernon, will hold their annual supper and festival in their hall on Wednesday, July 7th. All the delicacies of the season will be served. Ice cream and cake for sale. Go and get a good supper.

The Farmers Bank of Somerset County, at Marion Station, gives away \$17.50 this year at their annual exhibit and potato contest on July 15th. The first prize is \$10; the second \$5, and the third \$2.50. Each contestant is required to exhibit 12 potatoes on that date, and are requested to consider the uniformity, purity and marketable size of the stock; how many grown per acre, the kind of fertilizer used and the method in growing the potatoes.

Advertised Letters

The following is a list of letters, remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice unclaimed for:

Mrs. Robert Fitzgerald, Mrs. Bertha G. Herrill, Miss Emily R. Jones, Mrs. Ella Matlock, Mr. N. L. Partridge, Mr. John Purnell, Mr. Hattie Reese, Floyd Robinson, Mrs. Louisa White, Annie Bell Woods.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.

H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

Misses Anna and Mary Campbell, of Roanoke, Va., are visiting Mrs. F. T. Smith on Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Newell J. Hayman and daughter, Margaret, of Clarksburg, W. Va., are visiting Mrs. Littleton Hayman and other relatives in the county.

Mr. Henry J. Waters, with his two sons, Henry and Wilson, spent several days last week at the home of his brother, Mr. A. E. Waters, near Baltimore.

Last Thursday 850 cars loaded with potatoes passed over the New York, Phila., and Norfolk Railroad en route to Northern cities. Each car contains 180 barrels, making a total of 153,000 barrels.

The Ladies' Aid of Salem Methodist Protestant Church will hold a festival and supper on the church lawn on the evening of July 8th. All the delicacies of the season will be for sale, including ice cream and cake.

Mr. Charles Packard, of Crisfield, and Miss Bessie Vanderberry, of Norfolk, Va., were quietly married at the home of the bride's parents in Norfolk, on Thursday, June 17th. Following the ceremony a reception was held. Mr. and Mrs. Packard returned to Crisfield and will make that city their future home.

The second quarterly meeting of the Somerset Pomona Grange will be held on June 30th, at Jamestown. All Grangers should make it a point to be present at this meeting, as it will be a very important one. The County Grange Deputy, Mr. C. J. Bradd, expects to organize the Jamestown Grange at this meeting. The Pomona will gladly welcome this new Grange into membership. A good program is being prepared by the Pomona Lecturer for that day and should not be missed.

Rapid Transit Case Settled

In a decision handed down on Tuesday last, the Maryland Court of Appeals sustained the lower court in its decision in the injunction suit of the city officials of Crisfield against the Somerset Rapid Transit Company.

Crisfield officials enjoined the Transit Company from operating its motor cars on the streets of the city, on the ground that the operation of the cars were doing great damage to the public highways. The Transit Company filed a demurrer to the injunction, but the Crisfield officials were sustained by the Somerset county court. The Transit Company then took the case to the Court of Appeals, but the case was decided against them, in the decision rendered last Tuesday.

Nicks' Forecasts for July

The first reactionary storm period is central on the 1st and 2nd. The Moon being on the celestial equator on the 2nd, the temperature will rise to very high readings on and next to that day. On and touching the 3rd and 4th, the barometer will make a decided rise, bringing northwesterly winds and change to cooler, pleasant weather.

The first regular storm period is central on the 7th, extending over the 5th to the 9th, inclusive.

The second reactionary storm period is central on the 12th, 13th and 14th. This is at the entrance of a Mercury period, with the Moon at it's new, or in conjunction with the Earth and Sun on the 12th. As a rule we are to look for higher temperatures on and about the dates of new Moon, and electrical storms are more common at such times. This is especially true when the Moon is on the celestial equator at its conjunction with Earth and Sun.

The second regular storm period is central on the 18th, extending from the 16th to the 21st, inclusive. The regular Vulcan period is about coincident with the center of the Mercury period, the Moon being on the equator with Mercury's center on the 17th, and at first quarter on the 19th. The very close conjunction of Venus and Saturn on the 17th, and the conjunction of Neptune, Sun and Earth, on the 23rd, all may add perturbing influences on storm, weather and earthquake which may be easier to note, and more unpleasant to endure, than it is to fully comprehend and explain the phenomena. Storms, in all probability, will be much more pronounced, from Saturday the 17th to Tuesday the 20th.

The third reactionary storm period is central on the 23rd, 24th and 25th. The Moon is in perigee and at greatest declination south on the 23rd.

The third regular storm period is central on the 30th, reaching from the 28th to August 3rd. The Vulcan disturbance stands almost alone at this time. The passage of the Moon over the celestial equator on the 29th, will bring a crisis of high temperature, with possibly some rattling thunder storms on and touching that date. A general fall of the barometer, warm, south winds, with summer blustering, and possibly violent, local winds and rains, need not surprise readers of these forecasts. These disturbances will be in progress as we pass from July to August.

Restored To Good Health

"I was sick for four years with stomach trouble," writes Mrs. Otto Gans, Zanesville, Ohio. "I lost weight and felt so weak that I almost gave up hope of being cured. A friend told me about Chamberlain's Tablets, and since using two bottles of them I have been a well woman." Obtainable everywhere.

Rural Mail Delivery By Autos

Announcement is made by the Postoffice Department that rural mail delivery by automobiles will begin in many parts of the United States August 2, when 105 machines with Uncle Sam's mail will traverse more than 5,500 miles of rural post roads daily except Sunday. The first dispatch of rural mails by auto will be made July 1. Two pioneer routes radiating from Quarryville, Pa., one 55.1 miles and the other 56.8 miles long, will go into operation on that date.

The auto rural route is created by a combination of two mail wagon routes. The rural carriers must provide the motorcar, and get \$1,500 to \$1,800 a year, according to conditions of travel. The wagon carrier gets \$1,200 a year.

The postoffice Department believes that within a few years the bulk of the rural mail delivery will be by motorcars, which will greatly lessen the cost of the service. The idea is to establish routes about 60 miles long. Only those sections which have good roads will get auto delivery. The auto routes thus far authorized are as follows: Oklahoma, 44; Georgia, 28; California, 19; Texas, 8; Florida, 3; Pennsylvania, 2, and Louisiana, 1.

If anybody ever tells again they saw hail as big as hen eggs, believe them, don't doubt for a minute. It's so. We all saw them and felt them, too, here yesterday, and know it's a fact. They're even bigger than hen's eggs. Some would not go into a tea cup. They were as large as base balls. Believe us!—Annapolis Capital.

Marriage Licenses

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset county last week:

WHITE.
Roland Hoffman, 23, and Rosa Pearson, 19, both of Smith's Island.
Ralph W. Evans, 20, and Emmie L. Bradshaw, 19, both of Ewell.
Roland Gray, 20, and Mary Rew, 18, both of Deep Creek, Va.
Rufus J. Miles, 33, and Addie Bradford, 30, both of Fairmount.
George E. Jones, 24, and Marie Gietes, 16, both of Rock Creek.
Harry Nelson German, 23, and Sarah G. Sudler, 27, both of Fairmount.
Sherman P. Green, 21, and Willie P. Barnes, 18, both of Pocomoke City.
Alfred L. Kibler, 20, of Fitchetts, Va., and Nannie L. Stevenson, 18, of St. Davids, Va.

COLORED.
Samuel C. Jones, 35, and Hennie Fields, 18, both of Dames Quarter.
William J. Tingle, 21, and Elnora Jones, 20, both of Kings Creek.

Bilious Attacks

When you have a bilious attack your liver fails to perform its functions. You become constipated. The food you eat ferments in your stomach instead of digesting. This inflames the stomach and causes nausea, vomiting and a terrible headache. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will tone up your liver, clean out your stomach and you will soon be as well as ever. They only cost a quarter. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement]

First-Class
Highland Pasture
FOR RENT
T. P. YARROW
Princess Anne, Md.

Attractions
FOR THIS WEEK AT
THE AUDITORIUM
Tuesday, Thursday and
Saturday nights

Motion Pictures
Admission 5 Cents
First Pictures, 7:45; second at 9 o'clock

PHILIP M. SMITH
Undertaker
and Embalmer
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Undertaking in all its branches will receive prompt attention. A full line of Funeral Supplies always on hand. UPHOLSTERING AND FURNITURE REPAIRED AND REFINISHED will receive prompt attention. Phone 45

Ice for Sale
My new ice plant is now completed and I am prepared to furnish the public with FIRST-CLASS ICE in any quantity at the plant.

At as Low Price as Can Be
Furnished Elsewhere
YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.
ROBERT F. MADDOX,
PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Beacom Business
Colleges
Wilmington, Delaware Salisbury, Maryland
In Session All Summer
WRITE FOR CATALOG

Progress Of State Road In Somerset

Mr. Walter B. Miller, of the State Roads Commission, was in Crisfield on Monday of last week making the final arrangements for the construction of the gap of state road between Hopewell and Marion, to connect up with the road which is now under way between Marion and Harold's Corner. Mr. Miller found that the right-of-way had been secured through all properties except those of Mr. Washington Beauchamp and Miss Lizzie Stevenson, and it is understood that they agreed to arbitration in the matter of assessing damages. The Commission will appoint one arbitrator, the property owners the second and those two arbitrators a third one. The three will then assess damages to the properties, and the Roads Commission has agreed to pay the owners an advance of 25 per cent. over the assessment levied by the arbitrators.

The contract for this work has been awarded to the McNerny Construction Co., and they state that they expect to begin work on this road the first week in July. Their equipment includes a private railway which will convey all material from the railroad to the scene of the road construction and greatly expedite the work. They state that they will have the Somerset road completed within two months.

Summer School Opens

One hundred and eight school teachers from various sections of the State registered as students for the summer school which opened at the Agricultural College last Tuesday and will continue till July 31st. Additional enrollments are expected to bring the total number up to about 150, which is more than three times that of the pioneer summer schools in 1914.

A large number of these students are taking college credit work which will count, eventually, to a regular degree, courses in elementary education, mathematics, elementary agriculture and domestic science. The course in domestic science is being given under Miss Emma E. Jacobs, director of domestic science in the Washington public schools. Instruction in agriculture and general science subjects is being given by the regular staff of the Agricultural College.

Although the work of the summer school is intended primarily for the training of rural teachers, ample provision has been made for instruction in general educational subjects.

ELTON H. ROSS
The BARBER

Surgical Shop Three Chairs
Clean Towels
Hot and Cold Water
PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

GLASSES
Prescribed by Charles W. Funnell at
O. A. Jones' Drug Store Monday Afternoon, July 12th.

Satisfaction is assured.
CHARLES W. FUNNELL
OPTOMETRIST
Phone 497 J Cambridge, Md.

WASHINGTON HOTEL
TONSorial PARLOR

Sanitary and Up-to-date
Expert Workmen Only
HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor

Do You Want a Good
Complexion?
Velvet Skin Lotion

is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers. If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands, or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief. Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving. Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

OMAR A. JONES
Druggist Princess Anne

LANKFORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

DID THIS EVER
OCCUR TO YOU

That To visit Princess Anne without seeing our stock of Mid-Summer Specials is about like staying home?

That Our large line of WALL PAPER puts within your easy reach an opportunity to brighten up the home at a small expense?

That With the warm weather you might need a new Refrigerator, or a new Hammock, or some new Porch Furniture with a new Couch Swing, Lawn Swings, Lawn Seats, Croquet Sets, etc.?

That We pay the largest traders license of any retail merchant in Somerset County?

That You never knew us to advertise anything we could not deliver, as advertised?

That Crisfield merchants used Salisbury thunder and claimed advantages to offer you to deal with them? They are feeling us. They are guessing. Continue to support us. It's to your good.

That We deliver free any sales above \$5.00 to your nearest Railroad Station?

That Our Carpet and Rug Department sends you an invitation to get your Summer outfit here?

That Stone lined Refrigerators are sanitary and economical above others, and prices low for the kind? \$27.00 and up.

That Shoes bought from us are as good for the price as can be had?

That To patronize our Ribbon Department means a saving to you of 10 to 25 per cent.?

That You can get suited in Summer Dress Materials at our counter? "Best Yet."

That Gloves, Hosiery, Underwear, Nemo Corsets, Laces etc. are here for your inspection?

LANKFORD

THE HOME FURNISHER

316-318 Main St.

PRINCESS ANNE

SUMMER
COMFORTS

Now is the time for you to complete your Sewing for the Hot Summer Months which are now approaching. Do not wait any longer.

COME IN TO-DAY

Silk Voile	Cotton Voile	Organdies
Linens	Seed Voile	Corduroy
Lawns	Percales	Cotton Checks
Silk Mulls	Flaxon	Cotton Marquisette
Poplins	Cobweb Weave	Gingham

A Beautiful line of Medium Price Laces to go with the above goods

FOR THE HOME IN
SUMMER

Porch Chairs	Porch Rockers	Porch Screens
Lawn Swings	Porch Swings	Porch Couches
Baby Swings	Refrigerators	Ice Chests
Matting	Matting Rugs	Grass Rugs
Wool and Fibre Rugs	Fibre Matting	Wall Paper

FOR THE HOME ALL THE
YEAR ROUND

Parlor Suits	Dining Room Suits	Library Suits
Rockers	Library Tables	Chiffonier
Couches	Wool Rugs	Curtains

W. S. DICKINSON & SON

Pocomoke City,

Maryland

WHY SHOULD WOMEN VOTE?

WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE FROM THE VIEWPOINT OF LEADING FARMERS.

Why should women vote? That is the question that is ringing from ocean to ocean and reverberating from the Canadian boundary to the Mexican border. It is the mission of a newspaper to give the news and the action of the Texas Farmers' Union in opposing woman's suffrage when that question was recently before the Texas legislature is significant as representing the attitude of the organized plowmen. We reproduce in part the argument presented by Hon. W. D. Lewis, president of the Texas Farmers' Union, in opposing the bill: "It is gratifying to note that it is not the farmer's wife who is clamoring for the ballot. She is too busy trying to make happier homes, molding the minds of future citizens and sharing with her husband the cares of life to indulge in political gossip. The ballot will give her no relief from drudgery, give no assistance in clothing the children or bring to the home additional comforts, conveniences or opportunities in life. It is, as a rule, the city woman promoted to idleness by prosperity, who is leading the suffrage movement.

"From many standpoints, perhaps a woman has as much right to vote as a man. So has she as much right to plow as a man; she has as much right to work in a factory as a man; she has as much right to shoulder a musket as a man, but we would rather she would not do so from choice and we regret that necessity oftentimes compels her to earn a living by engaging in gainful occupations. We do not consider misfortune a qualification for suffrage or a business accident a reason for granting franchises. We are opposed to woman at the ballot box the same as we are opposed to woman in the field, in the factory or in the army and for the self-same reasons. We had rather see her plant flowers than sow wheat; rather bouquet than pick cotton and rear children than raise political issues, although she may have as much right to do one as the other.

Opposed to Unsexing Humanity.

"Sex qualification for suffrage may have its apparent inconsistencies. No general rule adjusts itself perfectly to all conditions. It is a favorite argument advanced by the proponents of woman's suffrage that many cultivated and noble women are far more capable of intelligently exercising sovereignty than a worthless negro, but the South never was anxious for negro suffrage, and while culture and refinement, and even morality, are desirable virtues, they are not the daily qualifications for franchise.

"The primary, inherent and inseparable fitness for suffrage is supporting a family. The plow handle, the hoe and the struggle for bread afford experience necessary to properly mark the ballot. Government is a great big business and civilization from the very beginning assigned woman the home and man the business affairs of life.

"There has been much freakish legislation enacted during the past decade that no doubt appeals to woman's love for the ridiculous, but to undertake to unsex the human race by law is the height of legislative folly and a tragedy to mankind.

"We are opposed to the equal rights of woman—we want her to ever remain our superior. We consider woman's desire to seek man's level, the yellow peril of Twentieth Century civilization.

"Woman is the medium through which angels whisper their messages to mankind; it is her hand that plants thoughts in the intellectual vineyard; it is through her heart that hope, love and sympathy overflow and bless mankind. Christ—the liberator of woman—was satisfied to teach the lessons of life and He was a man. He chose to rule over human hearts and refused worldly power and men followed after Him, women washed His feet, little children climbed upon His knees and the ruler of the universe said that in Him He was well pleased. Can woman find a higher calling?"

THEMISTOCLES

When Themistocles was asked by his host at a dinner party to entertain the guests by playing the lute, he replied that he could not play the lute, but that he could make a small town a great city. We have in this nation many politicians who are good "lute-players," but they cannot make a small town a great city. We are overrun with orators who can play upon the passions of the people, but they can't put brick and mortar together. We need builders.

Let those who hunger and thirst for power understand that the highest glory of a statesman is to construct, and that it is better for a man that he should build a public highway than that he should become Governor of a state, and that he start a plow than that he become the author of a law. The true test of statesmanship is the plow and the hammer, not let those who would govern, first build.

NOT ENOUGH CHILDREN

ever receive the proper balance of food to sufficiently nourish both body and brain during the growing period when nature's demands are greater than in mature life. This is shown in so many pale faces, lean bodies, frequent colds, and lack of ambition.

For all such children we say with unmistakable earnestness: They need Scott's Emulsion, and need it now. It possesses in concentrated form the very food elements to enrich their blood. It changes weakness to strength; it makes them sturdy and strong. No alcohol.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

Locating a Cabinet Leak.

Once years ago, when Daniel Webster was secretary of state, there was an important foreign matter up for discussion before the cabinet, and the utmost secrecy was of course maintained, but the whole thing was blazoned about in a few hours after the cabinet meeting. So the president hastily sent for his cabinet to talk over this leak. Each man had a different idea of it.

Finally Mr. Webster arose, saying, "You, gentlemen, go on with your discussion, and I'll be back in a minute." In a few minutes he returned and repeated every word that had been spoken in the room in his absence. He explained that if by standing close to the door outside the cabinet room you held your ear to it you could not distinguish one intelligible word, but if moving back from the door and a little to one side upon a certain spot in the carpet, you kept an attentive ear every word could be plainly heard as though whispered. Some enterprising eavesdropper had been experimenting with the door and had found that upon that exact spot there was some acoustic property of the door or room that conveyed the sound in perfect entirety.

A Lesson For Nellie.

Mrs. Washington was a strict disciplinarian about certain matters and among other things always required the members of the household to follow the example of her husband and dress for dinner, which was at 3 o'clock. On one occasion Nellie Custis and her cousin, Martha Dandridge, appeared at the table in their morning gowns, but no comment was made upon it until a coach was seen approaching and the visitors, some French officers of high rank and Charles Carroll, Jr., of Carrollton, one of Miss Custis' ardent suitors, were announced. Instantly the girls, in a flutter of excitement, begged to be excused in order to change their gowns, but Mrs. Washington shook her head. "No," she said. "Remain as you are. A costume good enough for President Washington is good enough for any guest of his." Needless to say, Miss Nellie never overlooked her proper garb for dinner again.

Rise of the Sap.

The cause of the sap rising to the tops of trees and plants is one of the many mysterious operations of nature which cannot be definitely explained. What we call sap in trees is the water which they draw for their nourishment by means of their wide branching roots in the soil and which by some beautiful mechanism is distilled and distributed through every part of the tree. The water is absorbed into the plant by delicate hairs attached to the roots and ascends by capillary attraction or a sort of root pressure remotely resembling the circulation of the blood in the human body. Even scientists, however, cannot explain the mode of action, and they find the furnishing of sap to the smallest plant or single blade of grass as great a mystery as the more powerful current that pervades the tallest tree.

Good Taste.

I do not call taste a species of judgment, although it is actually that part of judgment whose objects are the sublime, beautiful and affecting; because this kind of judgment is not the issue of reason and comparison, like a mathematical inference, but is perceived instantaneously and obtruded upon the mind like sweet and bitter upon the sense, from which analogy it has borrowed the name of taste. Good taste is the inward light or intelligence of universal beauty. True taste discovers with delight the image of nature and pursues it with a faithful passion.—James Usher.

Remembered.

"Mother, you must have known our principal when you went to school." "Why, yes, I guess I did." "He seemed to remember you today. He told me what a bright girl I was, and then he said, 'It doesn't seem possible that you can be Amy Jones' daughter.'"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Made It Very Clear.

"How do you suppose she manages to keep up appearances on her husband's income?" "What is her husband's income?" "I don't know; but, of course, it can't be as big as it would have to be if they could afford to live as they do."—Chicago Herald.

Sensation.

Young Actress—I am going to get married and I would like you to make a big story about it. Dramatic Editor—I don't see just how I can. Young Actress—Oh, yes, you can. You can have a great headline saying, "Actress Marries For the First Time in Her Life!"—Pack.

Not to Be Outshone.

"Ma, Belle says the repartee at Mrs. Smartleigh's tea the other afternoon was simply delicious." "Well, dear, find out where she gets it, and then we'll order some of it for our next reception."—Baltimore American.

Father of Medicine.

Aesculapian was styled the father of medicine and the god of medicine with equal propriety, as it is not certain whether he was half god or mere man. His pedigree is involved in the mazes of mythology. He is represented as having practiced medicine so successfully as not only to have prevented the death of the living, but to have recalled the dead to life. Tradition says that Jupiter, for some offense, slew him with a thunderbolt, and after his death he received divine honors. One of his whims was to invest the serpent with a sort of sacred character as the symbol of veneration and also because of its supposed power of discovering healing herbs. A heroic sized statue of him in Berlin represents him as leaning on a staff around which is coiled a huge snake that rests its head in friendly fashion on his arms. Aesculapian had two daughters, whose names are preserved in modern English—Hygiea and Panacea.—Philadelphia Press.

When Connecticut Owned Chicago. Connecticut once claimed the territory Chicago now occupies. This was at the close of the Revolutionary war, when what is now Chicago was only a ruined fort, built long before, and called Checaw-gou. In 1783 Massachusetts, Connecticut, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia claimed to own the territory west of them as far as the Mississippi river, although the territories of Massachusetts and Connecticut were interrupted by parts of New York and Pennsylvania. The line between Massachusetts and Connecticut came a little north of what is now Chicago. It was Maryland that reduced these huge domains. Having no western territory herself, she refused to accept the articles of confederation unless the other states would agree to cede the western territories to the confederation. It was made in course of time, into new states.

Dogs of War.

In the British army the Afrikaner terrier is used extensively. His coat is of such nature that it is adapted to any climate and he is a highly intelligent dog with a wonderful power of scenting and hearing, is of a docile nature and is often used as a scout to enter a well as an aid to the Red Cross. The Afrikaner can readily distinguish the smell of his master from that of a stranger. These qualities dogs are taught not to bark. When they scent the enemy they give a low growl and often will stand like a statue. They are of great service as night sentries.—Argonaut.

Cause and Effect.

"Miss Dawker," said Professor Billing with a hesitating manner, "a certain impulse prompts me to ask you if you will be my wife." "Something of the same sort," said Mr. Billing last night, "prompted me to recall the prompt me to say 'Yes'."—Baltimore Sun.

The Bait.

Father—I'm very much afraid that little will elope with that young rascal. Mother—I don't think so. I reminded her last evening that girls who eloped got no wedding presents, and I feel sure that my words sank deep into her heart.

Sarcasm.

Husband—After all, civilization has its drawbacks. People in the western state seldom get ill. Wife (sweating). I wonder if that's the reason you're so healthy.

Musical Note.

Host—Must you leave so soon, Mrs. Tootles? I thought you were very fond of good music. Mrs. Tootles—I am. Musical America.

CONFIRMED TESTIMONY

The Kind Princess Anne Readers Cannot Doubt.

Doan's Kidney Pills have stood the test. The test of time—the hardest test of all. Thousands gratefully testify. To quick relief—to lasting results. Princess Anne readers can no longer doubt the evidence. It's convincing testimony—twice told and well confirmed.

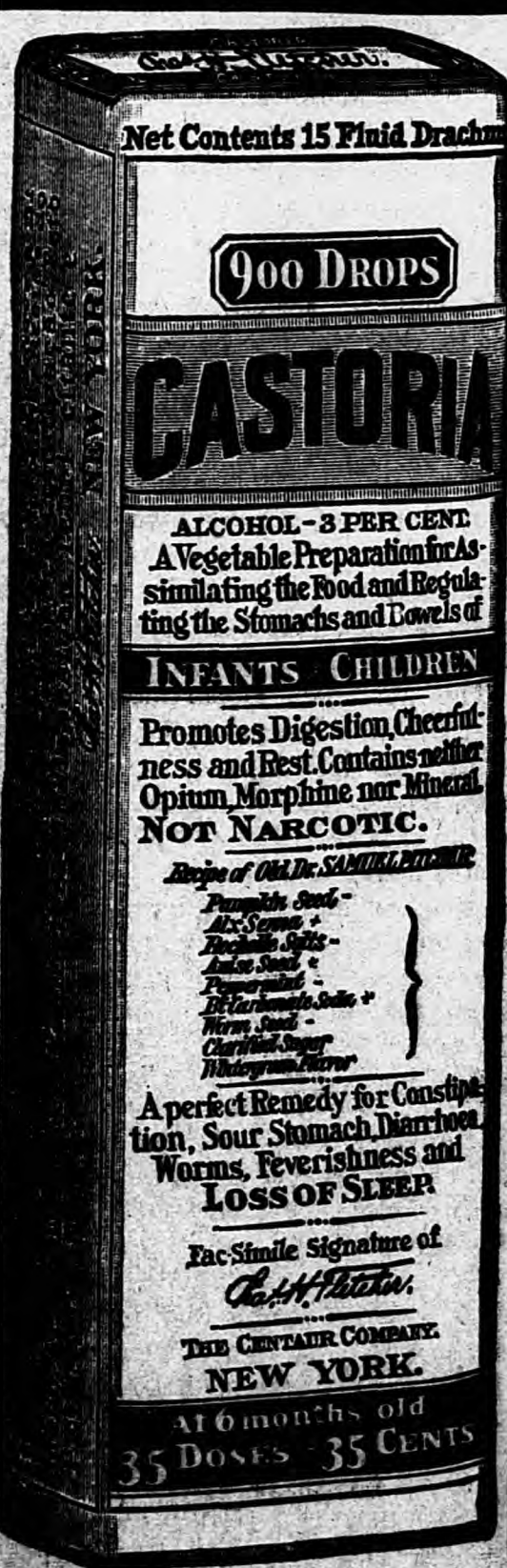
Princess Anne readers should profit by these experiences. C. F. Parks, prop. general store, Ladonville, says: "I suffered for several months from irregularity of kidneys and at night my rest was disturbed. I had soreness in the kidneys and if I attempted to stoop or lift, I had sharp twinges. I heard so much about Doan's Kidney Pills that I decided to give them a trial. I could not have received better results for I was relieved." (Statement given May 8, 1909) over two years later Mr. Parks said: "The cure I got some time ago is still permanent."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Parks had. Foster-Milburn Co., Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y.

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free of charge. We inventors' and artists' sketches are made in our office. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year in advance. Single copies, 10c. Munn & Co. 35 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 637 F St., Washington, D. C.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

J. H. Fletcher

of

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTURY COMPANY, NEW YORK, CITY.

N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect May 31, 1915

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	40-1040	51	42	47-1047	45				
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.				
New York (Penn. Station)	7:00	11:45	3:00	7:00	12:00				
Philadelphia	13:17		7:25	10:00	3:00				
Wilmington	13:17		7:25	10:00	3:00				
Baltimore	13:17		7:25	10:00	3:00				

LEAVE	40-1040	51	42	47-1047	45				
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.				
Baltimore	7:00	11:45	3:00	7:00	12:00				
Philadelphia	13:17		7:25	10:00	3:00				
Wilmington	13:17		7:25	10:00	3:00				
New York	13:17		7:25	10:00	3:00				

LEAVE	40-1040	51	42	47-1047	45				
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.				
CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward									
King of Prussia	7:00	11:45	3:00	7:00	12:00				
Ar. Crisfield	3:00								

LEAVE	40-1040	51	42	47-1047	45				
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.				
CRISFIELD BRANCH—Northward									
Crisfield	7:00	11:45	3:00	7:00	12:00				
Ar. King of Prussia	3:00								

LEAVE	40-1040	51	42	47-1047	45				
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.				
Wilmington	7:00	11:45	3:00	7:00	12:00				
Philadelphia	13:17		7:25	10:00	3:00				
New York	13:17		7:25	10:00	3:00				

LEAVE	40-1040	51	42	47-1047	45				
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.				
CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward									
King of Prussia	7:00	11:45	3:00	7:00	12:00				
Ar. Crisfield	3:00								

LEAVE	40-1040	51	42	47-1047	45				
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.				
CRISFIELD BRANCH—Northward									
Crisfield	7:00	11:45	3:00	7:00	12:00				
Ar. King of Prussia	3:00								

Trains Nos. 40-1040, 47-1047, 51-1048, 50-1049 daily. Nos. 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100 daily except Sunday. R. E. COOKE, Traffic Manager. C. I. LEIFER, Superintendent.

Baltimore, Chesapeake & Atlantic Railway Company

RAILWAY DIVISION
Schedule Effective Monday, June 14th, 1915

LEAVE	111	117	119	7	7	7	7	7	7
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Baltimore	7:00	7:30	8:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00
Salisbury	7:00	7:30	8:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00
Leave Ocean City	7:00	7:30	8:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00

LEAVE	111	117	119	7	7	7	7	7	7
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Arrive Baltimore	1:00	1:30	2:00	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30	1:00
Salisbury	7:00	7:30	8:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00
Leave Ocean City	7:00	7:30	8:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00

† Sunday only. ‡ Daily, except Sunday. § Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday. WILLARD THOMPSON, General Manager. T. MURDOCK, Genl. Pass. Agent. I. E. JONES, Div. Pass. Agent.

Will Save You Money on Your Spring Office and School Supplies

MEYER & THALHEIMER
The Big Stationery Store

Baltimore and Howard Sts., Baltimore, Md.
Blank Books for Every Purpose
Loose Leaf Ledger Outfits and Devices
Wood and All-Steel Sectional Filing Cabinets
Commercial Stationery, School Supplies

Our Immense Variety and Reasonable Prices
Assure Absolute Satisfaction

"The Best Possible Newspaper!"

What sort of a paper is it? In the first place, it must be a Home Paper—the Woman's Friend and a part of her daily life. And it must be a necessity to the Business Man. It must not only tell what is happening in the world, but it must go farther and tell why it is happening and what it means. The Best Possible Newspaper has a staff of correspondents covering the world field of the Associated and United Press, securing the earth for vital human facts. It has fashions and art, books and music, literature and politics at its right hand. It has the markets for the farmer, the merchant, the banker. The world has never seen an age of greater constructive significance in politics, in science, in society. Every move in the field of action is a topic for discussion in cities, villages, hamlets, at crossroads and the Best Possible Newspaper must equip its readers for intelligent understanding of all these things. That is precisely why it is the simple truth that for your purpose, and for the purpose of the whole South, the Best Possible Newspaper is the best.

THE BALTIMORE SUN

(Morning, Evening and Sunday)
Morning, or Evening by Mail, 25c. a Month, \$3 a Year
THE SUNDAY SUN, by mail is { 1 Month, 15c. \$1.50 a Year
2 Months, 25c.

All three editions by mail \$7.50 a year
Address your order to
THE A. S. ARELL COMPANY, Baltimore, Md.

The Baltimore American

ESTABLISHED 1773

The Daily American
Term By Mail, Postage Prepaid:
Daily, one month, \$1.25
Daily and Sunday, one month, \$2.25
Daily, three months, \$3.75
Daily and Sunday, three months, \$6.75
Daily, six months, \$7.50
Daily and Sunday, six months, \$13.50
Daily, one year, \$12.00
Daily, with Sunday edition one year, \$22.50
Sunday edition, one year, \$1.50

The Twice-A-Week American
The Cheapest and Best Family Newspaper
Published
ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR
Six Months, 50 Cents

The Twice-A-Week American is published in two issues, Tuesday and Friday mornings, with the news of the week in compact shape. It also contains special correspondence, entertaining romances, good poetry, local matter of general interest and fresh miscellany suitable for the home circle. A carefully-edited Agricultural Department and full and reliable Financial and Market Reports, are special features.
Address all letters to
CHAS. FULTON & CO.,
FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher
AMERICAN OFFICE
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

The Baltimore News

An Independent Newspaper

Published Every Afternoon
Including Sunday
A Newspaper for the Home
For the Family Circle

Covers thoroughly the news of the City, State and Country. Complete Market Reports of same day reach you by mail early next morning. Buy from your local newsdealer or order it by mail.
One Month, \$0.40
Three Months, \$0.90
Six Months, \$1.75
One Year, \$3.50

The Baltimore News

Baltimore - Maryland

YOU CAN SHARE IN THE GREAT SAVING

On Commercial Fertilizers
By The Use Of



CRIMSON CLOVER

Read Farmers' Bulletin No. 576 on Crimson Clover. It's Free. Address U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.
A bushel of Crimson Clover Seed sown on four acres of ground will increase the succeeding yield of Corn or Cotton about the same amount as sowing a ton of complete fertilizer applied at the rate of 500 lbs. per acre. A good stand of Crimson Clover turned up in the spring doubles the yield of the crops which follow. The physical condition of the soil is also materially benefited. The heavy soils are increased in Humus and Nitrogen Content. The stiff, heavy clay soils are rendered more open and friable.
Crimson Clover makes an excellent grazing crop, hay, ensilage and pasture for all classes of live stock. Much cow milk considerably more milk when pastured on Crimson Clover. It is also valuable as a honey plant, furnishing an abundant supply of nectar in the spring.
Crimson Clover is valuable as a Winter Cover crop. It is especially valuable in Orchards where it is generally plowed under as a green manure crop. The plants retain for the use of the tree the following season much of the plant food which would otherwise leech out of the ground during the Winter and early Spring. A good stand of Crimson Clover not only reduces the erosion and the gullying of the fields, but on sandy fields the blowing of the soil by the wind is greatly lessened. The plants also serve to hold the snow to a greater extent than if the field was left bare during the Winter. More and more each year farmers are realizing the importance and great value of Crimson Clover.

Balgiano's "Gold" Brand Standard
Crimson Clover is a large well matured plump bright golden berries. If you want the best Field Seeds of any kind always insist on getting Balgiano's "Gold" Brand Standard Clovers and Grasses.

We Offer Enormous Stocks
Cow Peas, Winter Vetch, Sudan Grass, Timothy Seed, Red Clover, Alfalfa, Alsike, Red Top or Birds Eye, Kentucky Blue Grass, Orchard Grass, Winter Oats, Tall Meadow Oats Grass, Millet, Permanent Pasture Seed, Blue Grass Rape, all varieties of Turnip Seed, including Cow Horn Turnip, Southern Seven Top, Yellow Globe, Etc. Cabbage, Kale, Spinach, Winter Radish.

We both buy and sell Fancy Seed Wheat and Barley.

Instruction Books Free
Send for our large Garden, Field and Flower Seed Catalogue, also our 24 page Poultry and Poultry Supply Catalogue, containing valuable information for all Poultry Rectors.

Five Dollars in Gold.
For the largest and best developed Red Top White Globe Turnip grown from our seed and delivered at our store on or before November 15th 1915. This is the hand-somest and most valuable Turnip. It is a large, rapid-growing sort, with globular shaped roots, flesh pure white. The skin is white and purple. The under portion being white and the top bright purple.
Send us ten cents in stamps, mention this paper and early Spring a good stand of this wonderful turnip so you can enter this contest.

SO EASY TO WORK TO FIX

When you install one of these pumps you get lasting satisfactory service. For 40 years we have been building pumps fitted for wells.

KANAWHA PUMPS

When we fit a pump for a well there is no guess work—it is correct, because

—WE KNOW HOW—

Catalog on Request. Sold by Dealers.

Kanawha Pump Works
9 W. Pratt St., Baltimore, Md.

RAWLINGS PULVERIZING HARROWS & CULTIVATORS

RAWLINGS IMPLEMENT COMPANY
Baltimore, Md.
Manufacturers and Dealers in Implements Engines Vehicles

Save 1 Mox, 1 Team, 1 Harrow No. 6 has 12 coulters, \$14.00

Tell your needs to us or to your dealer, but insist on Rawlings Goods.

The Baltimore Star
The Leading Evening Paper of the South

The Baltimore Star, established August 17, 1908, by the publishers of the Baltimore American, has won its place as the representative evening paper of the South. It gives more news and more reading matter than any other afternoon paper in Maryland. It is especially rich in departmental—financial, sporting, society, children, women, and to these departments the best writers of America are regular contributors. The Star is the great home paper, with something for every member of the family. It is a cheerful newspaper, with plenty of entertainment. Those who try it keep on taking it.

The Star is elaborately illustrated. It has the first photographs of important events. Its portraits of leading men and women are unequalled.

The Star has two great news services, with wires direct to its offices from all parts of the world. The Star has a wireless equipment. It uses every modern invention and the best enterprise to get all the news.

The Star is different from other Southern papers. It has a quality of its own.

ONE CENT A COPY. One month, 25 cents; three months, 75 cents; one year, \$3.

Address
FELIX AGNUS, Manager and Publisher
C. C. FULTON & CO.,
American Building, Baltimore, Maryland

SEVEN BARKS
A Sure and Safe Remedy for
DYSPEPSIA and all STOMACH TROUBLES.

Seven Barks, which is the richest of Barks and Herbs, will make you digest, banish headache, regulate your Liver and Kidneys, give you new life, and keep you well. Price 50 cts. a bottle at all druggists or from the proprietor,
Lyman Brown, 64 Murray St., New York City.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Powder, the antiseptic powder for painful, smarting, tender, nervous feet. It takes the sting of corns and bunions. Over 100,000 packages are being used by the German and Allied troops at the front. Sold everywhere. 25c. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of
L. THOMAS BEAUCHAMP, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the
Sixteenth day of September, 1915, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 15th day of March, 1915.

Admin'r of L. Thomas Beauchamp, deceased.
True Copy, Test: **SIDNEY WALLER**, Register of Wills.

WOMEN
Love This Magazine

McCALL'S is the Fashion Guide and Housekeeping Helper of more women than any other magazine in the world. All the latest styles every month; also delightful series that entertain, and special departments in cooking, home decorating, fancy work, etc., that lighten housework and save money. Price only 50c a year, with one celebrated McCall Dress Pattern FREE.

SEND A POSTAL CARD NOW FOR
A FREE Sample Copy of McCALL'S MAGAZINE; or
2. A FREE COPY of McCALL'S 36c 44c PREMIUM CATALOGUE; or
3. McCALL'S 36c 44c Premium Card to Every Church.
Address: Dept. 31
THE McCALL CO., 235 E. 4th St., New York, N. Y.

FREE

For Mothers Only

Mother Gray's Sweet Powder for children relieves Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, moves and regulates the Bowels and destroys worms. They break up Colds in 24 hours. Used by mothers for 25 years. All Druggists, 50c. Sample free. Address, A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Making It Clear to Him.

He (bitterly)—Before we were married you never found my social deficiencies so annoying. She (sweetly)—Perhaps not, but you must allow something for the broadening influence of time. The very fact that I married you revealed my own callow inexperience. —Richmond Times-Dispatch.

To Help Him Meet the Cost.

"So you are contemplating marriage?" "That's what?" "Have you paused to consider the high cost of living?" "Nary pause. I considered it on the way to propose and then I put on more speed. Her father has money." —Houston Post.

How It Works Out.

"I'll never forget the favor you have done me," said the man who doesn't mind asking for what he wants. "Don't say that," replied the cold blooded person. "When a man keeps brooding over an obligation he's almost sure to get resentful instead of appreciative." —Washington Star.

He Was.

"Jane, what time is it?" called down the irate father. "I don't know, pa. The clock isn't going." "But I am," spoke up the young man, who could take a hint.—Detroit Free Press.

Greatly Benefited by Chamberlain's Liniment

"I have used Chamberlain's Liniment for sprains, bruises and rheumatic pains, and the great benefit I have received justifies my recommending it in the highest terms," writes Mrs. Florence Shiff, Wabash, Ind. If you are troubled with rheumatic pains you will certainly be pleased with the prompt relief which Chamberlain's Liniment affords. Obtainable everywhere.

(Advertisement)

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets

will relieve your indigestion. Many people in this town have used them and we have yet to hear of a case where they have failed. We know the formula. Sold only by—25c a box.
T. J. Smith & Co.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of
DANIEL W. MILES, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the
Thirtieth day of October, 1915, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 10th day of April, 1915.

Admin'r of Daniel W. Miles, deceased.
True Copy, Test: **SIDNEY WALLER**, Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of
THOMAS J. HANDY, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the
Twenty-seventh day of October, 1915, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 20th day of April, 1915.

Admin'r of Thomas J. Handy, deceased.
True Copy, Test: **ROBERT F. MADDOX**, Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of
KATE HASTINGS, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the
Twenty-fifth day of November, 1915, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 21st day of May, 1915.

Executors of Kate Hastings, deceased.
True Copy, Test: **ROBERT F. MADDOX**, Register of Wills.

If You Are Thinking of PAINTING USE

B. P. S.
BEST PAINT SOLD or ever will be sold

T. J. SMITH & CO.
DRUGGISTS
Princess Anne, Md.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Red Hair, Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair, 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

Napoleon III.

Kinglake, the British historian, gave a curious explanation of the origin of the title of Napoleon III., assumed by Louis Napoleon. He said that when Louis Napoleon's adherents were manufacturing public sentiment to receive him a subservient minister, who was preparing a proclamation, wrote these words: "The people's cry will be 'Vive Napoleon!!!'." The printer misread the three exclamation marks for three I's, and the proclamation was so issued. This was considered a good story when it was related, but it has lacked confirmation.

Chicago.

The word Chicago is taken from the Indian word "Chicagoua," the redskin word for thunder and name of the Indian thunder god. The name was given by the Indians to the "Chicago river," an inlet into Lake Michigan, and this gives its name to the city.—In dianapolis News.

The Change of Mind.

"What's the baby's name, Bill?" "Algernon." "What? I thought you were going to name him John?" "Oh, that was when I still thought I had something to say in the matter!" —Philadelphia Ledger.

Widow's Cap.

The widow's cap is as old as the days of Julius Caesar. An edict of Tiberius commanded all widows to wear the cap under penalty of a heavy fine and imprisonment.

Beth.

Beth in the names of places mentioned in the Bible is the Hebrew word for "house." Thus, Beth-lehem is the house of bread; Beth-saida, house of mercy.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

SOLD BY STROUT

E. A. Strout Farm Agency
Has Sold Over 10,000 Farms

We maintain big general offices in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Syracuse for the convenience of farm buyers. We advertise in thousands of newspapers, farm papers and magazines; we have at all times in our files the names of over 100,000 prospective farm buyers.

You pay no fees of any kind unless we sell your farm. No charge for listing or advertising. If you want to sell your farm write to day for full information and free copy of "How to Sell Your Farm" to

H. D. YATES
Agent for
E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc.

Announcement

E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc.

Announce that on and after June 1st, 1915 they will not charge a withdrawal fee in connection with the listing of farms.

No Charge of Any Kind Unless We Sell

If your property is already listed, see our local agent at once and have it relisted on new form of agreement.

E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc.
Boston New York Philadelphia Syracuse

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of
ROBERT J. WALLER, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the
Twentieth day of October, 1915, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 21st day of April, 1915.

Admin'r of Robert J. Waller, deceased.
True Copy, Test: **ROBERT F. MADDOX**, Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of
ANNETTE FORD, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the
Twentieth day of October, 1915, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 21st day of April, 1915.

Admin'r of Annette Ford, deceased.
True Copy, Test: **SIDNEY WALLER**, Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of
SAMUEL Q. PARKER, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the
Fifteenth day of December, 1915, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 8th day of June, 1915.

Admin'r of Samuel Q. Parker, deceased.
True Copy, Test: **ROBERT F. MADDOX**, Register of Wills.

Crystal Wedding Anticipated.

"What did he send you for a wedding present?" "A glass." "A glass? I suppose?" "No, a necklace." —London Standard.

Grassed Tongues.

It is not generally known that every tongue is covered over with fine vessels, so as to make it run easily in its tube as well as to protect the valuable weapon from rust and sea water.

Hard Luck.

"Terrible predicament Jones was in." "What was that?" "Got in hot water and couldn't get anybody to bail him out." —Baltimore American.

To New money III is indeed often a crime, but to get it III is a worse one, and to spend it III is worst of all. —Ruskin.

Subscribe for the Marylander and Herald—only \$1.00 a year in advance.

Wheels and the World.

The history of the evolution of locomotion as well as an infinity of other studies of the keenest interest could all be centered in the wheel.

Without wheels we should have no watches, no steering at sea. We should be unable to utilize the waterfalls as motor force, nor should we have hundreds of other things of the utmost attraction and utility.

All our modern civilization has come to us on wheels. All we know about other countries, all the commerce we have established throughout the world and our means of wealth we owe to the wheel. It is difficult to imagine what the world would come to if suddenly all wheels vanished from our midst. No war, no famine, no revolution, could be one-hundredth part as effective in putting us back centuries as the lack of wheels.

The romance of wheels has gone, never to return again. Wheels are now looked upon merely as accessories, whirling indifferently, faster and faster, but practically ignored.

He Saw the Battle.

There were no war correspondents in Wellington's time, but that his attitude toward such would have been friendly may be judged by a story told by Lady Dorothy Nevill.

At Waterloo the duke noticed a little man in plain clothes, mounted on a sturdy cob, who rode hither and thither in the thick of the fight. He had him brought to him to demand his business, whereupon the man explained that he was traveling for a Birmingham button maker and, chancing to be in Brussels and never having seen a battle, he was taking the opportunity of seeing this one. Wellington not only allowed him to continue his observations, but presently trusted him with a dispatch for one of his generals in the firing line. The safe delivery of the message was rewarded, in more peaceful times, by a comfortable government appointment. —London Opinion.

Placing the Defendant.

A legal journal says that a suit brought by a portly man against a little man with a hacking cough had gone to the jury, at which time it appeared from the evidence and the instructions of the court that the big man had won the case. After half an hour the jury was called and asked if a verdict had been reached.

"No, your honor," replied the foreman. "We only want to know which is the defendant and which is the plaintiff."

"The large man sitting over there is the plaintiff, and the small gentleman seated at the defendant's" replied the judge.

"They fled back to the jury room. In a few minutes they signaled that they had reached a verdict. The judge called them back and for the man with the coughing."

Early Hand Guns.

When Edward IV. returned to England in 1471, ten years after he succeeded to the throne, he obtained some forces from his brother-in-law, the Duke of Burgundy, including 300 Flemings armed with hand guns, thus being the first to introduce these weapons into England. Afterward they became common. At first they were fired by the application of a lighted match to the touchhole in the pan. The match was a stick lighted and pressed against the powder in the pan. The invention of a lock to fire the powder in place of the hand was suggested by the trigger of the crossbow. The matchlock fired the arquebus, or barquebus, used by the soldiers of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, in projecting a ball which weighed nearly two ounces. —London Telegraph.

FREE PORTS BUILDERS OF COMMERCE

CONGRESS SHOULD GIVE THEM PREFERENCE IN APPROPRIATIONS.

By Peter Radford.

This nation is now entering upon an era of marine development. The wreckage of European commerce has drifted to our shores and the world war is making unprecedented demands for the products of farm and factory. In transportation facilities on land we lead the world but our port facilities are inadequate, and our flag is seldom seen in foreign ports. If our government would only divert the energy we have displayed in conquering the railroads to mastering the commerce of the sea, a foreign bottom would be unknown on the ocean's highways.

This article will be confined to a discussion of our ports for the products of the farm must pass over our wharves before reaching the water. We have in this nation 51 ports, of which 41 are on the Atlantic and 10 are on the Pacific Coast. The Sixty-second Congress appropriated over \$51,000,000 for improving our Rivers and Harbors and private enterprise levies a toll of approximately \$50,000,000 annually in wharfage and charges for which no tangible service is rendered. The latter item should be lifted off the backs of the farmer of this nation and this can be done by Congress directing its appropriations to ports that are free where vessels can tie up to a wharf and discharge their cargo free of any fee or charge.

A free port is progress. It takes out the unnecessary link in the chain of transactions in commerce which has for centuries laid a heavy hand upon commerce. No movement is so heavily laden with results or will more widely and equally distribute its benefits as that of a free port and none can be more easily and effectively secured.

THE VITAL PROBLEM OF AGRICULTURE

By Peter Radford.

There is no escaping the market problem and the highest development of agriculture will not be attained until it is solved, for a market is as necessary for the producer as land on which to grow his crop.

Governmental and educational institutions have spent \$180,000,000 in the United States during the past ten years for improving soil production and improving seeds and plants, but very little attention and less money has been given to the marketing side of agriculture.

The problem is a monumental one and one which will never be solved until it gets within the grasp of a gigantic organization where master minds can concentrate the combined experience and wisdom of the age upon it. It is a problem which the farmers, merchants, bankers, editors and statesmen must unite in solving.

The Farmers' Union stands for all there is in farming from the most scientific methods of seed selection to the most systematic and profitable plans of marketing, but does not believe in promoting one to the neglect of the other. We consider the work of farm demonstrators valuable and we ask that governmental and commercial agencies seeking to help us, continue to give us their assistance and advice, but we believe that their influence should be extended to the marketing side of our farm problems also.

We cannot hope to develop manufacturing by over-production of the factory; we cannot build up mercantile enterprises by the merchants loading their shelves with surplus goods and no more can we develop agriculture by glutting the market with a surplus of products.

DARIUS

The neigh of a horse made Darius King of Persia, the six contending powers for the throne agreeing among themselves that the one whose horse should neigh first should possess the kingdom. This ancient method of settling disputes among politicians could be revived with profit today. If our partisan factions and petty politicians could only settle their disputes by the neigh of a horse, the bark of a dog or the bray of a donkey, it would be a great blessing and would give our citizens a better opportunity to pursue the vocations of industry free from political strife.

Let those who pick political plums by raising rows and who flash swords dripping in the blood of industry understand that they cannot turn the public forum into a political arena and by a clash of personal aspirations still the hammer and stop the plow and that their quarrels must be settled in the back alleys of civilization.

Subscribe for the Marylander and Herald—only \$1.00 a year in advance.

A Case of Blackmail

By SADIE OLCOTT

Pietro Caraculi was deliberating on a plan to extort money by sending a threatening letter to some one who could afford to hand over the cash to avoid trouble, when chance gave him a fine opportunity. He was walking past the estate of the Hethringtons one night about 11 o'clock when he espied a light flash among the trees within the inclosure.

Pietro was of an enterprising turn of mind, arguing that one can never tell when a secret may be picked up which may be turned into money. The flash had revealed to him something that he had not expected to see at that time of night in a rich man's grounds—namely, a gentleman carrying a small oblong box under his arm. Moreover, Pietro got a glimpse of a lady moving beside the gentleman. Both were young, and the lady was beautiful.

Pietro climbed the fence with the agility of youth and, creeping through such plants as adorn gentlemen's estates, made his way toward the couple, who were moving to a rear corner of the grounds.

Pietro did not need to be the adept he was at theorizing to feel sure that this young couple were going to bury the body of a child contained in the box they had with them. If the little one had died without mystery there would have been no need of their interring it at this time of night and in this secret manner. Stealthily he followed the couple, who stopped at a large open space in the shrubbery. The man dug a grave and, having put the box in it, shoved in the earth and smoothed the surface, while the lady, holding the lantern, stood by, a picture of melancholy. A big dog stood by the lady, viewing the burial with evident interest. When it was finished and the couple were about to return to the house the dog pricked up his ears and gave a low growl. Pietro beat a hasty retreat. The dog dashed toward him, and Pietro got over the fence just in time to save himself from a pair of powerful jaws.

Pietro believed that he had a valuable secret. If he was right in his inference that the body of a child had been buried there who had interfered it would undoubtedly give a large sum for the preservation of the secret. Pietro was a methodical rascal and would have visited the grave, dug up the box and assured himself of the truth of his inference, but he had a wholesome dread of the dog's jaws. To go there in the daytime was impracticable, and at night the dog was unloosed and permitted to roam over the grounds.

Pietro thought of going to the house and making inquiries of the servants that would help him in determining what the secret burial meant, but he was farseeing and looked forward to a possible future arrest, in which case to be identified as having prowled around the place, the denizens of which he proposed to bleed, would prove a great disadvantage to him. He determined to proceed on the theory that there was something to be concealed.

He learned the name of the owners of the place, then wrote a note mentioning what he had seen and offering to keep the secret on payment of \$5,000, giving an assumed name to be addressed at the general delivery of the postoffice. In a week's time he received a note written in a feminine hand imploring him not to divulge what he had witnessed. The money to pay for his silence was being got together, and as soon as it was ready he would be notified.

A fortnight later, not having heard anything further in the matter, he wrote again, demanding immediate payment or the police would be notified that a crime had been covered up. To this he received a reply that \$3,000 of ready money had been raised and would be turned over to him in any manner that he might designate. Each year for four years \$500 would be paid him provided the secret was kept.

This looked to Pietro like a bona fide offer. He had not thought that the parties would likely provide against being called on for blackmail in future. He accepted the proposition and appointed a meeting at a certain day and hour at a street corner near the scene of the burial to receive his first payment. He would wear a brown suit and would carry a book in his left hand. Any attempt at treachery would result in the death of his would be captor.

At the time appointed a man appeared at the scene and, seeing another in a brown suit and a book in his hand, asked him if he were the party to be paid for keeping a secret. Pietro admitted that he was, and the other put his hand into his inside coat pocket, took out a fat pocketbook and was about to hand it over when several men started from different points near by, one of whom clutched Pietro from behind before he could make any defense. Then he was taken to a police station.

Pietro, instead of having provided for his freedom for five years, had provided for his board at the expense of the state for an exact term. No explanation was made as to the secret of the burial, for none was needed. The lady's poodle had died in the evening, and she and her husband were to go on a journey early the next morning. The night burial was therefore necessary.

FREE PORTS BUILDERS OF COMMERCE

CONGRESS SHOULD GIVE THEM PREFERENCE IN APPROPRIATIONS.

By Peter Radford.

This nation is now entering upon an era of marine development. The wreckage of European commerce has drifted to our shores and the world war is making unprecedented demands for the products of farm and factory. In transportation facilities on land we lead the world but our port facilities are inadequate, and our flag is seldom seen in foreign ports. If our government would only divert the energy we have displayed in conquering the railroads to mastering the commerce of the sea, a foreign bottom would be unknown on the ocean's highways.

This article will be confined to a discussion of our ports for the products of the farm must pass over our wharves before reaching the water. We have in this nation 51 ports, of which 41 are on the Atlantic and 10 are on the Pacific Coast. The Sixty-second Congress appropriated over \$51,000,000 for improving our Rivers and Harbors and private enterprise levies a toll of approximately \$50,000,000 annually in wharfage and charges for which no tangible service is rendered. The latter item should be lifted off the backs of the farmer of this nation and this can be done by Congress directing its appropriations to ports that are free where vessels can tie up to a wharf and discharge their cargo free of any fee or charge.

A free port is progress. It takes out the unnecessary link in the chain of transactions in commerce which has for centuries laid a heavy hand upon commerce. No movement is so heavily laden with results or will more widely and equally distribute its benefits as that of a free port and none can be more easily and effectively secured.

THE VITAL PROBLEM OF AGRICULTURE

By Peter Radford.

There is no escaping the market problem and the highest development of agriculture will not be attained until it is solved, for a market is as necessary for the producer as land on which to grow his crop.

Governmental and educational institutions have spent \$180,000,000 in the United States during the past ten years for improving soil production and improving seeds and plants, but very little attention and less money has been given to the marketing side of agriculture.

The problem is a monumental one and one which will never be solved until it gets within the grasp of a gigantic organization where master minds can concentrate the combined experience and wisdom of the age upon it. It is a problem which the farmers, merchants, bankers, editors and statesmen must unite in solving.

The Farmers' Union stands for all there is in farming from the most scientific methods of seed selection to the most systematic and profitable plans of marketing, but does not believe in promoting one to the neglect of the other. We consider the work of farm demonstrators valuable and we ask that governmental and commercial agencies seeking to help us, continue to give us their assistance and advice, but we believe that their influence should be extended to the marketing side of our farm problems also.

We cannot hope to develop manufacturing by over-production of the factory; we cannot build up mercantile enterprises by the merchants loading their shelves with surplus goods and no more can we develop agriculture by glutting the market with a surplus of products.

DARIUS

The neigh of a horse made Darius King of Persia, the six contending powers for the throne agreeing among themselves that the one whose horse should neigh first should possess the kingdom. This ancient method of settling disputes among politicians could be revived with profit today. If our partisan factions and petty politicians could only settle their disputes by the neigh of a horse, the bark of a dog or the bray of a donkey, it would be a great blessing and would give our citizens a better opportunity to pursue the vocations of industry free from political strife.

Let those who pick political plums by raising rows and who flash swords dripping in the blood of industry understand that they cannot turn the public forum into a political arena and by a clash of personal aspirations still the hammer and stop the plow and that their quarrels must be settled in the back alleys of civilization.

Subscribe for the Marylander and Herald—only \$1.00 a year in advance.

BALTIMORE SIXTH WEALTHIEST CITY

Table Showing Values In Every County In This State.

Baltimore is the sixth in rank among the wealthiest cities in the country and Maryland ranks fifteenth in this respect among the states.

The assessed valuation of all property subject to ad valorem taxation in the State of Maryland is, according to latest official information, \$1,235,457,607.

The assessed valuation of all property subject to ad valorem taxation in the city of Baltimore, by the same rule of thumb, is \$723,800,340, of which \$677,518,417 represented real property and improvements and personal property, while \$46,281,923 represented the value of other Baltimore property.

The only cities richer than Baltimore in this respect are New York city, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago and Cleveland, in the order named. The assessed valuation of all property subject to ad valorem taxation in these cities—the only wealthier cities than Baltimore are:

New York city	\$8,204,862,430
Philadelphia	1,533,791,567
Boston	1,489,608,820
Chicago	940,450,171
Cleveland	756,831,185
Baltimore	723,800,340

The assessed valuation of all property subject to ad valorem taxation in the principal cities and towns of Maryland in 1912 is set forth by Uncle Sam's investigators as being as follows:

Baltimore	\$723,800,340
Annapolis	4,842,634
Cumberland	16,088,010
Frederick	6,488,097
Hagerstown	12,638,974
Brunswick	971,748
Cambridge	3,528,249
Chestertown	1,436,969
Crisfield	1,750,760
Easton	2,024,531
Frostburg	3,107,199
Havre de Grace	1,390,000
Salisbury	5,096,125
Westernport	1,002,753
Westminster	3,127,467

Another interesting section of the report shows the assessed valuation of property in every county in the United States. This table deals with Maryland and its counties as follows:

Allegany	\$39,141,553
Anne Arundel	21,352,952
Baltimore	189,044,408
Calvert	3,136,866
Carroll	14,804,124
Cecil	24,972,942
Charles	15,855,940
Dorchester	5,927,317
Frederick	14,002,372
Garrett	30,812,275
Harford	11,871,110
Howard	19,915,376
Kent	11,179,964
Montgomery	10,618,106
Prince George	20,844,083
Queen Anne's	17,584,978
St. Mary's	10,688,223
Somerset	5,051,326
Talbot	8,088,229
Townsend	12,978,272
Washington	35,980,049
Wicomico	12,597,404
Worcester	9,593,908
Baltimore City	723,800,340

Total.....\$1,235,457,607

These significant facts are displayed in a 200-page monograph issued last week by the United States Census Bureau covering the results of a special investigation of the assessed valuation of property and amounts and rates of levy in the United States from 1880 to 1912. This monograph has been prepared in connection with the decennial investigation to present in advance a part of the data to be included in the complete report of the federal census of 1910 and to furnish a convenient volume for reference for the use of those interested especially in the statistics of assessed valuations and tax levies.

The report shows that during the 10 years elapsing between 1902 and 1912 the per cent. of increase in assessed valuation of all property in Maryland was 68.7 per cent. compared with an average increase of 96.5 per cent. for the whole country, while the per cent. of increase in assessed valuation of real and personal property and improvements in Maryland during the same 10-year period was 134.4 per cent., compared with an average increase of 96.3 per cent. for the entire country.

W. C. T. U. Convention

The third annual tri-county convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, composed of the unions of [Wicomico, Somerset and Worcester counties, was held last Tuesday at Sharptown, Md., Mrs. W. J. Downing presiding. The address of welcome was delivered by Miss Edna Cooper, of that town, and the response by Mary Grise, of Berlin. Morning and afternoon sessions were devoted to the business affairs of the several unions. At night Rev. T. H. O'Brien delivered an address, as did also Mrs. Mary R. Haslop, State president, from Baltimore.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

This is a remedy that every family should be provided with, and especially during the summer months. Think of the pain and suffering that must be endured when medicine must be sent for or before relief can be obtained. Ask anyone who has used it. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement.]

Watch Your Children

Often children do not let parents know they are constipated. They fear some thing dreadful. They will like **Small Children's**—a mild laxative that tastes like sugar. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

T. J. Smith & Co.

SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

News Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

June 25—Miss Lois Campbell entertained quite a number of friends Sunday.

Mrs. George A. Somers visited Baltimore the past week.

Mrs. Hattie Wallace after visiting in Dames Quarter has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Marsh and two sons visited relatives in Mt. Vernon the past week.

Mrs. Amanda Parks and Mrs. Fannie McDorman were the guests of Mrs. Jennie Parks the past week.

Mrs. Zach Shores and daughter, Margie, were the guests of Mrs. Shores' sister, Mrs. Scott Bozman, Monday.

Mrs. James Jordan and two daughters, of White Hall, Md., and Mrs. A. W. Goodhand and little son, of Fairmount, are guests of their mother, Mrs. I. T. Parks, Sr.

A delightful surprise party was given Miss Nada Bozman on Saturday evening. Games were indulged in and, at 10.30 the guests were invited to the dining room where the table was beautifully decorated in sweet peas and ferns. Miss Bozman received many nice presents, and wishes to thank her many friends for the delightful surprise.

The O. S. C. met at the home of Miss Inez Tyler, at Chance, on Thursday evening. The merry party was taken to Miss Tyler's home on a straw ride, and consisted of Misses Letha Horner, Hilda Dryden, Lois Campbell, Nada and Laura Bozman, Ethel Noble, Hattie, Flossie and Addie Lawson, Thelma Smith, and Messrs. Crawford Tankersley, Preston Phoebe, Ervin Laird, Willie Horner, Harry Walker, Reginald Wilson, and those who motored there from our vicinity were: Messrs. Algine Bozman, Olin Pusey, Maxwell Anderson, James Powell and Leonard Taylor. Games and music were indulged in, which made the evening a very pleasant one. At a late hour refreshments were served, after which the guests departed for their respective homes. RED WING.

Philadelphia Sunday Record

Sunday newspaper readers who know what's what have come to look upon the tabloid fiction magazine in colors as one of the most desirable and attractive features of the complete Sunday paper. Therefore it will interest them to learn that at this time "The Philadelphia Record" Sunday Magazine is the only publication of its kind regularly issued each week by a Philadelphia Sunday newspaper.

If you don't know "The Philadelphia Record" Sunday Magazine, now is the time to get acquainted with it. From the beginning it has been at the head of its class. Its contributors are men and women of literary reputation whose names are familiar to the readers of the better grade of monthly magazines. Its serials and short stories are as strong and as gripping as its articles from gifted pen are informative and interesting. It is illustrated in the best style of well-known artists, printed on good, calendared paper and bound in a fetching and always varied colored cover. It is worth by itself more than the price of the Sunday newspaper of which it is only a supplemental part.

You'll like "The Sunday Record" for itself—for its reliable news, its authentic sports, its authoritative weekly departments—but you will especially appreciate its superior fiction magazine. Be sure to get your newswoman to reserve a "Record" for you next Sunday. After that you'll be a regular reader of "The Philadelphia Sunday Record"—and you'll have to settle the family question as to who is to have the first chance at the magazine, for one copy of which is furnished with each copy of the newspaper.

West

June 26—Miss Mabel M. Brittingham visited relatives and friends in Salisbury last week.

Miss Edith F. Ball paid a short visit to Salisbury and Ocean City last week. Mr. John Brumley, of Pocomoke City, spent last Saturday and Sunday at the home of Mr. T. Ellis.

Mrs. Andrew Greig and two children spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Daniel Doody, at Eden.

Mr. Louis E. Wilkinson, of Hebron, spent last Sunday at the home of his cousin, Mr. Charles C. Ball.

Misses Edith F. and E. Elizabeth Ball are visiting at the home of their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Ira B. Tull, at Crisfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert McDaniell, of Salisbury; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Collins, of Girdletree, and Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Jones and little daughter, of near Snow Hill, spent last Saturday and Sunday at the home of Mr. Henry L. Runk.

Delaware Strawberry Crop

Strawberry shipments from Sussex county, Delaware, this year have been more than 6,000,000 quarts more than last year's, according to figures issued by William T. Carter, Jr., supervising agent of the Delaware Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. The total number of quarts of strawberries shipped this season is 18,256,365, compared with last season's total of 12,660,580 quarts.

An Easy, Pleasant Laxative

One or two Dr. King's New Life Pills with a tumbler of water at night. No bad, nauseating taste; no belching gas. Go right to bed. Wake up in the morning, enjoy a free, easy bowel movement, and feel fine all day. Dr. King's New Life Pills are sold by all druggists, 25c in an original package, for 25c. Get a bottle today—enjoy this easy, pleasant laxative.

[Advertisement.]

More Quakes In The West

Further earthquake shocks were felt at Calexico, California.

An earthquake shook the Imperial valley of California, killed five persons, caused damage estimated at \$1,000,000 in the valley's little cluster of towns, but left almost undamaged the great irrigation system which had transformed the valley from a desert into a fertile farming country.

El Centro suffered more than any other town. The five killed were caught in falling walls at Mexicali, just across the border. Martial law was proclaimed there.

The Alamo wasteway at Calexico, by which the flow of water is controlled, was considerably damaged, say engineers of the California Development Company.

Fire destroyed two buildings there and some arcades over the sidewalks collapsed.

Buildings in every town in the Imperial valley were damaged.

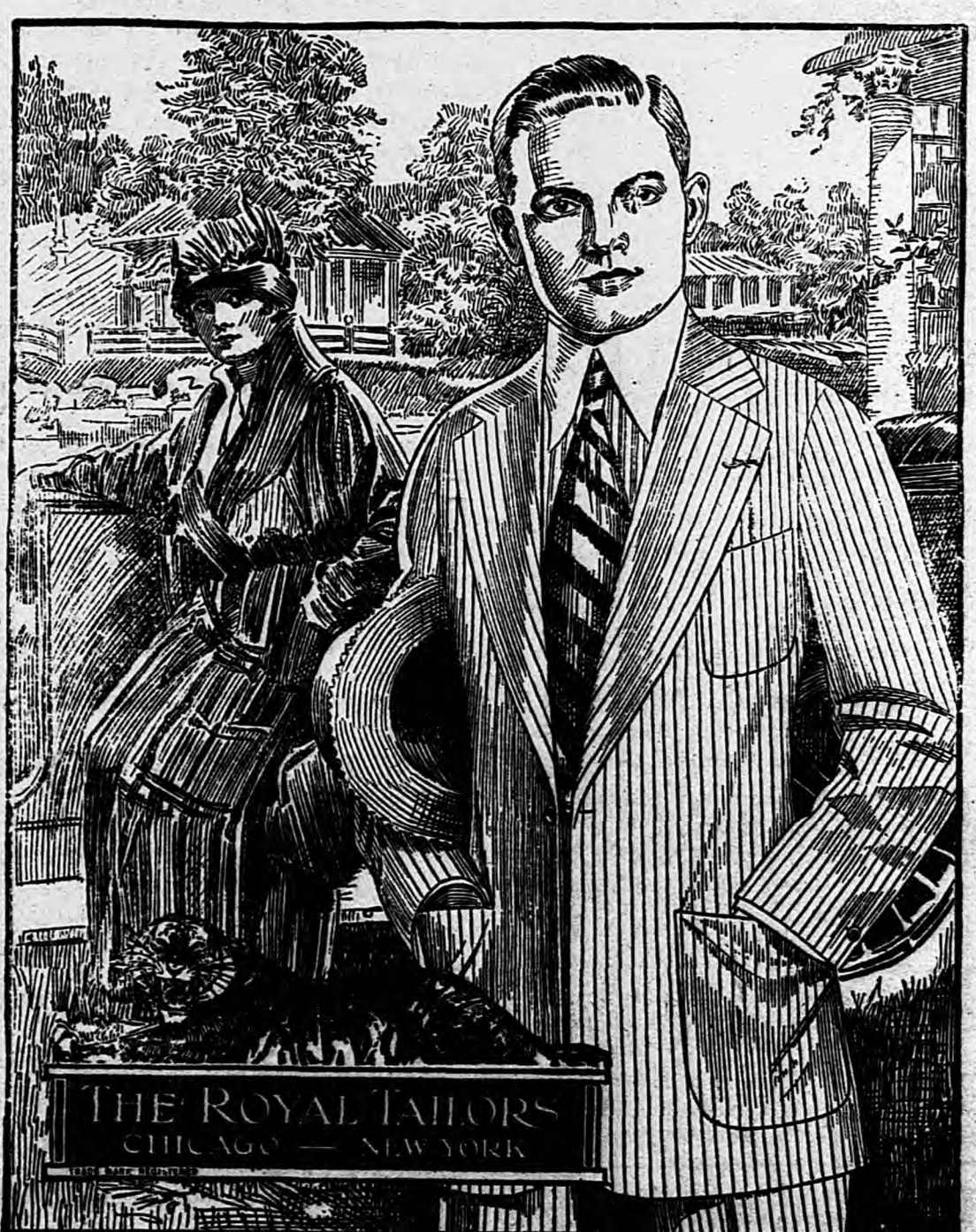
Personal Equation

Calculating machines have nothing on the calculating mother with three marriageable daughters on her hands.—Judge.

Tired, Aching Muscles Relieved

Hard work, over-exertion, mean stiff, sore muscles. Sloan's Liniment lightly applied, a little quiet, and your soreness disappears like magic. "Nothing ever helped like your Sloan's Liniment. I can never thank you enough," writes one grateful user. Stops suffering, aches and pains. An excellent counter-irritant, better and cleaner than mustard. All druggists, 25c. Get a bottle today. Penetrates without rubbing.

[Advertisement.]



PLAY THE GAME OF "BEAT THE HEAT"

IN OUR

Palm Beach Suits

AND YOU'LL WIN

The "big game" that every mother's son of us must play all day and every day is "Beat the Heat." MORRIS' PALM BEACH SUITS not only make Summer durable but pleasurable. They are cool, clean and comfortable. They let the body breathe—the heat isn't less but you feel it less.

Come in and let us make you cool
Sizes 34 to 44—Prices \$4.00 \$8.00



P. S.—We carry a full line of Shirts, Collars, Hosiery, B. V. D. Underwear, and all the essentials of correct apparel at moderate prices.



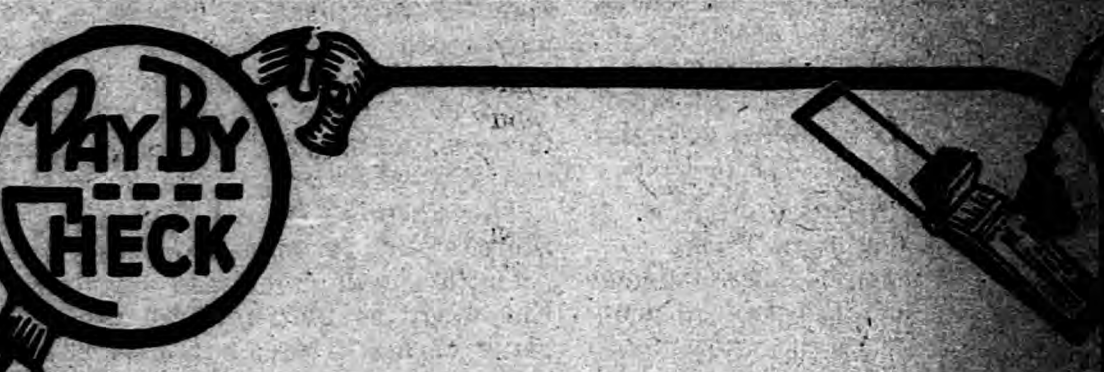
WHEN in want of

STYLISH and QUALITY PRINTING

Call or Phone

MARYLANDER AND HERALD

PRINTING—We Do It—PRINTING



Wage Earners and Wealth Earners

This country abounds with men who make large earnings—wealth earnings. Yet a great many of these men began with wage earnings, and started a Savings Account.

"Save money" is the advice these men give to-day. "Open your Savings Account with one dollar" is the invitation we give you to-day.

Rich men and poor men alike are entitled to, and receive, the 3% interest our Savings Department pays.

BANK of SOMERSET

"It Renders the Service"

Capital, Surplus, Profit, \$150,000

PRINCESS ANNE,

MARYLAND

Gwendolyn B. Dennis SHAMPOOING Scalp Treatment

Appointments made. Ladies exclusively

ANTIOCH AVENUE

Princess Anne, Maryland

GORDON T. WHELTON COUNTY SURVEYOR CRISFIELD, MARYLAND

At Princess Anne Every Tuesday

OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE

(Formerly used by Tax Collectors)

Fetch your Job Printing to this office

Dashiell's Department Store

Invites you to inspect our complete offering in Ladies' and Men's Furnishings. Our progress is indicated by the tremendous stock we are carrying and the superior qualities we are displaying

MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN'S

SHOES

Knu Shu the workman's shoe

EMERSON

DOUGLAS

Utz & Dunn TRETCO

FASHIONABLE FOOT WEAR



We offer at reasonable low prices a surprisingly large assortment for Summer Wear in the Latest Styles and Shades

Ladies Waists, Ladies Skirts

Ladies' Muslin

Underwear,

Ladies Hose and Neckwear

Pongees and Golf Cord

Sport Coats

Special Sale:

At greatly reduced prices we are disposing of a large assortment of our fashionable and stylish

MILLINERY

Floor Coverings

Crex Rugs
All Fibre Rugs
Sunfast Matting
Sunfast Fibre Rugs
Axminster Rugs

MEN AND BOYS SUMMER

CLOTHING

Shirts Hats Belts

Ties Caps Hose

STYLE, QUALITY, LOW PRICES

China Ware

Haviland and Johnson
Bavarian Dinner Sets
Large Assortment of
Open Stock
Cut Glass, Silverware

Millinery MID-SUMMER SALE

WE have too many hats left on hand, and they must be sold at once. We can't carry them over to another season, because we do not sell out-of-season goods.

They must be sold now to the mid-summer buyers. You know what that means, that we have to make a big sacrifice on every hat.

Best come at once, for every hat is a bargain.

THE EDDY REFRIGERATOR

Dashiell's Department Store

363 Main Street

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.