

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1793.

PARIS, October 20.

On Thursday the 18th instant, one thousand Marseillois arrived in Paris. They were divided into four columns and cantoned. Notwithstanding the clamours of the priest Chabot, and others, they received a most hearty welcome from the citizens of Paris.

Since the convention began to agitate the question of the king's trial, it is said, he has fallen into a profound melancholy. On the 25th. The return of the votes for the election of mayor of Paris, was last night examined, when it appeared, that of 14,317 votes, 13,745 were in favour of Pétion. The rest of the votes were divided between Messieurs Antonele, Luliere, Manuel, &c. Philip Egalite, (late duke of Orleans) obtained one vote; and, as there are always some persons who delight in jests, it was found, that Monsieur (the king's father) and the king of Prussia, had each of them one vote.

Addresses of Pétion to the commissaries, assembled to examine the ballots of the forty-eight sections.

Citizens,

I have had the honour, some time ago, to inform you that, being called to a seat in the national convention, I had accepted of that important mission; that I could, nor ought not to hold two different offices; and at the same time I had requested you to proceed to the nomination of a new mayor. You have a second time honoured me with your suffrages,—there is nothing more glorious for me; and I want words to express to you my gratitude. I can but view that choice as a mark of friendship, and of the recollection of the services which I may have rendered to this city. I confess it is very painful to me not to be able to correspond to that confidence, which I value so much. When I enter the house of assembly as a representative of the republic, I only obey the patriotic principles of serving well my country. Accept my sincerest regrets, and the assurance of my entire devotion to your welfare.

Your fellow-citizen,

PÉTION.

October 26, 1792.

It is assured that the section of Marseilles have come to a resolution, to invite the eighty-three departments to join them in refusing their sanction to a decree of the convention, which directs the assemblage of an armed force in the capital.

ARMY of the NORTH.

To the showers of fire which have, during ten days, deluged us with ruins, succeeds the roaring noise of a formidable army, which is encamped in the plain where Luckner was posted at the time of his expedition into West Flanders; and to that infernal storm succeeds at last, that peace of mind, which the glory of having deserved the approbation of one's country, can alone inspire. The Austrian satellites and plunderers, who had evacuated Roubaix, have returned, here to exercise anew their pillaging. They plundered yesterday two waggons loaded with the stuffs which are fabricated in that borough. We have skirmishes every day at Pont-Rouge, in which we have always the advantage.

Nov. 8. They seem to reproach general Dumourier, and the other generals, with not having done the Prussians, in their precipitate retreat, all the harm and mischief they could. It is an easy matter to act the part of a critic in the cloister, especially when we are neither acquainted with the places, the things nor the motives which determined our generals to act this or that part. To have reduced and compelled, by skillful manœuvres, an enemy fully able, to fall back, to have harassed them continually, to have intercepted their provisions, and their convoys, to have every day taken prisoners from them—is a result fortunate enough to disarm envy, and silence those aristocratical detractors. We have observed it at the beginning of the war, that the best combined system of defence, was not to hazard bloody battles, but precisely to do what was done. Success has fully justified our expectation, and we are far from pretending to the presumptuous self-love of being thought a warlike people.

After the surrender of Nice, the bishop of that city dared to congratulate the French general, who with amnesia answered him, that he could not believe his hypocritical language; and he advised him, for his own safety, to leave the town as soon as he could, which advice the bishop very wisely followed.

Citizen Anselme (Miss Anselme) sister of the brave general of the same name, who already has, in several encounters with the enemy, distinguished herself, not only by her valour, but also by her virtues, talents and love for the republic, has displayed in the army on the Var, the genius of the famous Montfort. She commands an army of 1500 men, and in the several engagements she has had with the enemy, she was always seen foremost with her glittering sabre in her

hand, to encourage her men; and indeed this amiable and valiant amazon, who possesses great talents and a tried courage, will be the Cloinda of her age. She has well deserved to share her brother's glory.

LONDON, November 8.

The king of Sardinia, on the news of the invasion of Savoy, shed tears, and shut himself up for several days, refusing to see even his ministers. During this period, the following label was pasted on the palace gate:

"In 1792—A kingdom without a king; but in 1793—A king without a kingdom."

Nov. 17. The productive state of the revenue of the year 1792, so greatly exceeding that of last year, causes the many conjectures as to what Mr. Pitt will do with the money. Another half-penny a pound off the candles, it is generally thought will certainly take place; and the next burthen which the minister is said to have in view to ease the public from, is the duty either part or in toto, that caused the rise of the half-penny on the candles, it is certain, may and will be taken off.

The sale of Paine's pamphlets, in most of the towns of England, has been prohibited on pain of prosecution by the attorney-general. Although we condemn his chimerical notions, and disapprove of their dissemination; yet, we believe, interdictions of this nature tend rather to awaken public attention, and inquiry, than to the suppression of the work.

Patras, the charming village in Greece, has been entirely depopulated by the plague—About three years ago the inhabitants, Turks, Jews, and Christians, amounted to 10,000 persons; at present, except a few Jews, the place is entirely deserted. Corinth, Vezizza, and some other places, have nearly experienced the like fate.

Nov. 18. Admiral Goodall has sent an English frigate into the roads of Nice, to bring away the English consul, and the merchants who may choose to leave that place. Truguet does not oppose this measure, so that no rupture between the kingdom of Great-Britain and the French nation will be produced by it. The English and all other persons have, indeed, had perfect liberty of entering and quitting Nice whenever they pleased, without the assistance of admiral Goodall.

The following is a copy of the convention concluded between general Montequiou, in the name of the French nation, and the Genevese deputies, in the name of that republic, which was read in the national convention on Friday last.

1. All the corps of the Swiss troops which are now in Geneva, shall successively retire into Switzerland, and the said retreat shall be completed betwixt the present period and the first of December next.

2. Between this time and the same epoch, the heavy artillery and the French troops who surrounded Geneva, and who had approached it on account of the differences terminated by the present convention, shall be withdrawn, and posted in such a manner as not to give any cause of alarm to Geneva.

3. From the date of the present convention, a free communication between the inhabitants of Savoy and the two republics, and full liberty of passing from Geneva to Switzerland, and from Switzerland to Geneva, shall be re-established on the same footing as in the time of peace, agreeably to treaty and to usage.

4. The republic of Geneva expressly and solemnly reserves to itself all anterior treaties with its neighbours, and particularly that of 1584, with the respectable cantons of Zurich and Bern, as well as the 11th article of the treaty of 1784; the French republic not meaning that the reserve should connect it with treaties in which it is not concerned, nor prejudice in any thing the power it has reserved to itself of revising its own treaties, executed provisionally until the time of such revision.

The present convention shall be ratified by the French republic and the republic of Geneva, and letters of ratification shall be exchanged on both sides, in the space of twelve days, or, if possible, sooner.

Done and agreed upon between us, at the quarters-general of Landrecy, November 2, 1792, first year of the French republic.

(Signed) MONTESQUIOU.

J. F. PRAVOIR, Chancellor of state.

AMI LULLIN, Chancellor of state, and member of the grand council.

FRANÇOISE D. HYVERNOIS, Member of the grand council.

Advices from Gibraltar state, that the Spanish garrisons have been withdrawn from St. Roche and Algeziras, and that the lines separating the rock and neutral ground from the main, are no longer manned as usual. The troops which manned these garrisons have been sent to Catalonia.

Nov. 20. Tippoo Sultan has made good all his engagements, and every prospect remains of a permanent tranquillity in India.

M. Chauvelin's situation in London must be extremely unpleasant. He is minister and no minister. On the one hand he must still be considered as the minister of the French king. It may be said—how can that be, when the king is deposed? But this country neither has, nor do we believe that it will acknowledge the assumed right of the French to do so. The king, it is true, is a prisoner, but he has not recalled his minister: and therefore until M. de Chauvelin shows credentials from another power, he is still the French minister.

On the other hand, as the French king is a close prisoner, M. de Chauvelin can have nothing to communicate from him. He has therefore no business at this court, nor does he attempt to see our ministers.

Were M. de Chauvelin to produce credentials from the present council executive in France, then it would become a matter of consideration with our court, whether it ought or would acknowledge him as a diplomatic character. We should hope, that it would accept of no such embassy.

The French are every where effacing the vestiges of royalty. In the army, all the symbols of monarchy, the fleurs de lys, escutcheons, &c. are torn from the standards.

A correspondent who eyed M. de la Fayette through the grate of his prison, at Wesel, describes him as sitting in sullen majesty—and says he saw the note from the Prussian monarch to the commandant, which was thus laconic—"Guard the traitor la Fayette."

NEW-HAVEN, January 25.

Extract of a letter from St. Eustatia, to a gentleman in this city, dated 26th December, 1792.

"I intend to go up to Guadaloupe in two days, but they are in great confusion there, and the people are leaving that island very fast, two or three vessels with passengers arrive here every day, and they have filled the English islands already, it is the same at Martinico; they committed a great error in hoisting the white flag, and sending away the troops which were sent from France—All the mulattoes have joined the patriots, and are more than a match for the other inhabitants.

"The reason of the present disturbances is their establishing the militia, appointing commanders in each quarter, and putting every thing as it formerly was under the old government; this was occasioned by a report that the duke of Brunswick had taken Paris, and established the king in his full power. A frigate had arrived, informing them that a fleet would sail from France in a few days for Guadaloupe.

"Captains Chapman, Benton, Whiting, M'Niel, and Smith, belonging to Connecticut, were at St. Eustatia."

NEW-YORK, January 23.

Modern revolutions, says one, are the reverse of the ancient: They are the effect of general causes, and originate from the republican principle of moral equality. This principle, capable of pervading millions at once, may electrify an whole nation at a shock, and, with the velocity of lightning, prove the irresistible power of liberty.

Extract of a letter from l'Orient, dated November 24, to a gentleman in this city.

"Ossend, Bruges, Ghent and Brussels are taken by Dumourier's army. The French have, at the siege of Mons, killed 4000 Austrians—taken 1500 prisoners, and an immense quantity of provisions and stores was found in that place."

PHILADELPHIA, January 28.

Extract of a letter from London, dated November 16, 1792.

"To those who are favoured with an eye of rational discernment, it will be sufficiently evident that we of the present day live in no common times. The faculties of man are every where upon the stretch to do himself justice, and to rid himself of that accumulation of wrongs which have oppressed his race for so many ages. Let us look through the world; what inequality do we see! millions crushed into the dust, eating the coarse bread of extreme poverty, while their worthless task-masters are rioting in unmerited plenty; and not satisfied with that, never rest from their endeavours till they are acknowledged the lords of their species, and are enabled to subject the will of every humiliated individual to their own! These observations apply in a most particular manner to the people in Germany and Italy, who, generally speaking, are spending their lives in beggary, to promote the pleasures, insolence, and tyranny of the privileged orders. May we not now hope that a general light is bursting upon those enslaved countries, from a quarter whence no man could have expected it; and that it

will in due time pervade the whole earth? with regard to the Papal tyranny, it has been a long time on the decline, and it appears that the finishing stroke is soon to be given by the united arms of France, and an end put to imposture and superstition in that part of the world. The scandalous spiritual prostitution, so much spoken of by the ancient prophets, will now, we doubt not, be punished in a manner of peculiar severity, and the guilty be forced to call upon rocks and mountains to fall upon and cover them from the terrors that are at hand. Some of the most judicious commentators upon holy writ have fixed the destruction of the papal power to the year 1806, from arguments that may be reckoned incontrovertible; so that in less than fourteen years considerable changes may be looked for in that part of Europe."

Jan. 29. The new theatre in this city is allowed by judges to be, in elegance and convenience, equal to most, and superior to many in Europe. The disposition of the boxes is nearly in a semicircle, whose centre is in the front of the stage; by this plan, the view from the side boxes will be much facilitated. The seats throughout the house are extremely commodious, on account of the distance between them. The theatre is decorated in a good taste; the ornaments are rich without being tawdry;—upon the whole, we think it does much honour to those who planned and to those who executed it. It is computed, that it will with perfect convenience, hold 2000 people, or about 600 pounds.

Captain Robert Lusk, of the ship Elizabeth, belonging to Greenock, in Scotland, arrived here on Monday evening from Salo, in Spain, which place he left the 11th day of December. He informs, that the Spaniards were in great consternation, upon hearing that the combined armies were obliged to retreat; that they were collecting all their troops from the interior garrisons, in order to fortify their frontier on the part of France; that he was compelled, through stress of weather, to put into Gibraltar, which place he left the 12th of December, where he left a ship belonging to Philadelphia, the name of which he forgets; that on the 19th of January, in lat. 34, 30, and long. 74, he spoke a sloop from North Carolina, bound to the island of Tobago, the name of which he could not learn from the severity of the weather. He saw several vessels off the Cape, but spoke none of them.

Extract of a letter from Stockholm, to a gentleman in this city.

"We have a great deal of funded paper in circulation, which is somewhat below par. The national bank notes are consequently less frequent. Otherwise the bank has plenty of cash; so that it will not receive any loans; and has also notified to its old creditors to take out their money or be contented with an interest of three per cent. Our national debt, part of which is from the time of Charles the 12th, does now amount to twenty-nine millions of rix-dollars, (something more than 30 many Spanish), yet luxury is very great. The duke regent gives us every laudable example of frugality in his own way of living, and I hope we shall grow wiser. The liberty of the press is now very extensive; so that when returning home, you may write almost what you please."

LEXINGTON, (Kentucky) December 22.

Extract of a letter from a Kentucky gentleman, now in Philadelphia, to his friend in Lexington, dated November 10, 1792.

"Our prospects with respect to a trade down the Ohio river brighten every day, and I have reason to hope, that all duties will be removed, and a free passage given to us, or at least that the duties will be inconsiderable."

KNOXVILLE, (South of the Ohio) December 29.

On Tuesday last the Hanging Maw, and twelve other Cherokees, arrived here under an escort from the frontier, with peace-talks from John Watts, which has afforded great pleasure to all descriptions of people; but must be particularly pleasing to the unhappy frontier inhabitants.

On Saturday the 22d instant, a party of Indians went to the house of Mr. Richardson, in Jefferson county, on Little Pigeon, twenty-five miles from this place, and killed Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. Foster, Miss Schull and two children, with tomahawks and a war-club, the latter of which they left in the house; robbed the house, and went off. It appears that they had laid in wait upon a hill which overlooked Richardson's door, many hours, and took the opportunity of his absence, of only half an hour, to massacre his family.

On the next day, Sunday, John Barkim, in the same neighbourhood, in search of his horses, saw two Indians attempting to catch them; on which he fired upon one, who dropped his arms, but it is feared he did not kill him.

We learn that Mrs. Crocket and eight children, were lately killed on the frontiers of Georgia, by the Cherokees; but are unable to give the particulars of the transaction.

Captain Henly, who was supposed to be killed, at the time his party was attacked and defeated on the Cumberland path, is now a prisoner at Will's-town, in the Cherokee nation.

BALTIMORE, February 2.

A letter of the 23d of November, from Liverpool, to a gentleman in this town, states, that it is expected, that all tithes will shortly be abolished.

A London paper of November 8, says, a soldier was lately flogged for reading Paine's Rights of Man. This had an effect nearly similar with the proclamation; it rendered all his comrades anxious to see the

book, and may inspire some of them with the erroneous idea that they have a common cause with the oppressed peasantry of the country.

A young woman by the name of Molly Culeigh, alias Cooley, who now resides at Saratoga Springs, was stolen by the Indians eleven years since, in some part of the United States, where she does not know. The printers on the western frontiers will oblige the unfortunate female, by giving this a place in their papers, that her relations may know where to find her.

[Vermont Gazette.]

From the (Philadelphia) FEDERAL GAZETTE.
Extract of a letter from Dublin, received by the brig Friendship, arrived at New-York, after a short passage.

"The Roman catholics are in almost open rebellion; I am confident, very soon we shall have some very serious business; hand-bills, under the signature of Paine, Common Sense, Rights of Man, America, &c. &c. are pasted up every morning in the most populous parts of the city, even the castle, house of lords and commons, and courts of justice, are not exempted, although you would think there is a soldier for every brick in those buildings, to watch the promoters, but in vain; walking through the city after dark, you may pick up hundreds of them.

"Government have ordered all the Irish troops away, one regiment only (that of Irish artillery) refused to march; they one and all said you may break us, but we will never forsake our country, more so for reason you have drained our city, of our friends and relatives, and in place of them given us English and Scotch.

"The guards on the castle and bank of Ireland are doubled."

ANNAPOLIS, February 7.

William Hindman, Esquire, is elected a member of the house of representatives of the congress of the United States, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Joshua Seney, Esquire.

William Craik, Esquire, is appointed chief justice of the fifth district, in the room of Richard Potts, Esquire.

To be SOLD, by virtue of a deed of trust to the subscribers, on the 18th day of this instant, at the late dwelling plantation of Mr. WILLIAM WORTHINGTON, on the north side of Magoth river,

A QUANTITY of cattle, horses, and other stock, some house furniture and plantation utensils. And, on the 23d instant, will be also sold, at the place of his present residence, in Prince-George's county, some horses, cattle, and other stock, house furniture and plantation utensils. The terms of each sale are, that the purchasers shall give bond, with approved security, to pay the amount of the purchase money in five equal annual payments, with interest.

THOMAS HYDE,
G. DUVALL,
CHARLES STEUART.

February 4, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to apply to the next Anne-Arundel county court, for a commission to prove the lines and bounds of the following tracts or parcels of land, to wit: TIMBER NECK, GOOSENECK ADVENTURE, VACANT LANE, and the HAPPY CHOICE, situate, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly in such case made and provided for the marking and bounding of lands.

DORSEY JACOB,
VACHEL GAITHER.

February 2, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next Anne-Arundel county court, by the vestry of Saint Margaret's Westminster parish, for a commission to mark and bound the lines of a tract or parcel of land called LUCK and IRON STONE HILLS, the glebe-land belonging to said parish, situate, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly, passed November session, 1786, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

By order, *J. D. G. J.*
CHARLES WATERS, Register.

February 6, 1793.

Pursuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Monday the twenty-fifth day of February next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the plantation of THOMAS MARIOTT, deceased, near the Head of Severn river, for CASH,

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of the deceased, consisting of horses, cattle, hogs, household furniture, and plantation utensils. The sale to commence at ten o'clock, A. M. and continue till all is sold.

THOMAS HAMS, Administrator.

All persons indebted to the above estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against it are desired to bring them in legally attested.

January 25, 1793. *J. D. G. J.*

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT all persons having claims against the estate of JOHN HENRY MACCUBBIN, late deceased, are requested to bring them in legally authenticated and proved, and those who are indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate settlement.

ANNE MACCUBBIN, Adm'r.

IN CHANCERY, January 30, 1793.

ON application to the chancellor, by a petition in writing, of EDMUND WAYMAN, of Montgomery county, an insolvent debtor, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and offering to deliver up, to the use of his creditors, all his property, real, personal, and mixed, to which he is any way entitled, and a list of his creditors, and a schedule of his property, so far as he can ascertain, on oath, being annexed to the said petition; and thereupon by the chancellor ordered, that the said Edmund appear before him, in the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, on the thirteenth day of March next, for the purpose of taking, in the presence of such of his creditors as shall attend in person or by their agents or attorneys, the oath by the said act prescribed for delivering up his property as aforesaid, and that in the mean time he give notice to his creditors of his application aforesaid, by either causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette at least four times before the said thirteenth of March, or by serving a copy of this order on each of his creditors, or on so many of them as can be served therewith, or on their agents or attorneys, at any time before the first day of March next.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of ELISABETH SEFTON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are desired to bring them in legally authenticated, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment, to

ROBERT PAIN DAVIS, Executor.

Pursuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the ninth of February, at the subscriber's house, on South river, for CASH, the NEGO MAN, the property of VACANT LANE, late of said county, deceased. The sale to be at ten o'clock, A. M.

WILLIAM JAMES, Administrator.
de bonis non with the will annexed.
January 28, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition, at April term next, for a commission to mark and bound the second line of a tract of land called CLARRY'S HOPE, which is contiguous to the lands now in the possession of THOMAS NORRIS, junior.

PETER PARISH.
Anne-Arundel county, January 26, 1793.

HEREBY forewarn and forbid all persons from hunting or fowling with either dog or gun on my plantation commonly called STEPNEY, and the lands adjacent thereto, lying on Beard's creek, or from fishing or hauling with Seine or Net on any of the same thereof.

J. H. STONE.

IN CHANCERY, January 24, 1793.

ON the application to the chancellor, by a petition in writing, of JOHN BURGESS, an insolvent debtor, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and offering, agreeable to the said act, to deliver up, to the use of his creditors, all his property, real, personal, and mixed, to which he is any way entitled, and a list of his creditors, and a schedule of his property, so far as he can ascertain, on oath, being annexed to the said petition; and thereupon by the chancellor adjudged and ordered, that the said John Burgess appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, on the second day of April next, for the purpose of taking, in the presence of such of his creditors as shall attend in person, or by their agents or attorneys, the oath by the said act prescribed for delivering up his property as aforesaid, and that in the mean time he give notice to his creditors of his application aforesaid, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette at any time before the first of February next, and continued therein four weeks successively.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

ALL persons indebted by bond, note or book debt to the house of TRECOTTHICK, THWAITES and WHEELWRIGHT, of London, and the house of Messieurs CRACROFT and HODGKIN, of Maryland, are desired to make immediate payment to Jesse Downes, whose receipt shall be a sufficient voucher for any such payments, or to the subscriber.

WILLIAM COOKE.
Annapolis, October 5th, 1792.

THE subscriber intends to petition, at March term next, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land called CATTAIL, which lies contiguous to the lands formerly the property of MORTIMER RUTH, deceased.

FRANCIS HOLLAND.
Harford county, November 14, 1792.

RAN AWAY on the 2d of this instant, a negro lad named ISAAC, about nineteen years of age, five feet five or six inches high, dark complexion, and flammery very much in his speech if he is spoke to very sharp by any body; if he has any marks I know them not. Any person securing the above fellow in any goal, so that I get him, shall receive THREE POUNDS, and all reasonable charges paid by

NICHOLAS WATKINS, of Stephen.

On TUESDAY the 26th offered to the highest bidder.

THE subscribers PL Arundel county, containing thirty-five acres, three slaves, and some household property will be sold on three years' time, giving bond with approve annually.

And on THURSDAY the 28th offered to the highest bidder of ELISHA GREEN, in Prince-George's county.

TWENTY-ONE val of different faxes the stock of horses, cattle, hold furniture and plantation estate of the said deceased.

The subscriber offers at following VALUAS

PARTS of SILVER ST being on Fishing cr Chesapeake Bay, containing fifty acres of as rich he in the state; two third heavy wood, the remain will readily produce 50 per annum, added to the wated for small grain is of these valuable tracts a duce as fine grass, and in the world; much more may be made into meadows affords the desirable advantage of the tobacco houses, con air. Its inestimable v renders every other enco

One other tract of L hundred and eighty-five upwards of one hundred with heavy timber, the peculiarly adapted to the fields small grain in abundance in meadow, which a considerable quantity easily made into meadows other, which no spot c the advantage of fish, o season, and is situated i The above lands lie ab of government, and abe to which places the p market (by water) the A part of the purchase due will be made easy Possession to take place. Notable title will be g above tracts lie within of which places have a s to support stock.

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Doctor James Jordan Maryland.

Mr. Patrick Carbery near Leonard-town

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January 15, 1793

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TEINS, of Stephen

On TUESDAY the 26th February next, will be offered to the highest bidder, on the premises,
THE subscribers PLANTATION in Anne-Arundel county, containing about nine hundred and thirty-five acres, thirty valuable country born slaves, and some household furniture. The above property will be sold on three years credit, the purchasers giving bond with approved security, paying interest annually.
JACOB GREEN.

And on THURSDAY the 14th March, will also be offered to the highest bidder, at the late dwelling of ELISHA GREEN, deceased, on Patuxent river, in Prince-George's county, on the above terms,
TWENTY-ONE valuable country born SLAVES, of different sexes and ages, together with all the stock of horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs, the household furniture and plantation utensils, belonging to the estate of the said deceased.
JACOB GREEN, Administrator.

Anne-Arundel county, Herring-Bay, January 15th, 1793.
The subscriber offers at PRIVATE SALE, the following VALUABLE ESTATES, viz.

PARTS of SILVER STONE and MAJOR'S CHOICE, being on Fishing creek, and full in view of the Chesapeake Bay, containing about three hundred and fifty acres of as rich heavy timbered LAND as any in the state; two thirds of which is covered with heavy wood, the remainder is in cultivation, which will readily produce 50,000 pounds of fine tobacco, per annum, added to this advantage, the land cultivated for small grain is extremely rich; several acres of these valuable tracts are now in meadow, and produce as fine grass, and as great quantity as any place in the world; much more land (at a trifling expense) may be made into meadow equal in goodness; it affords the desirable advantage of most excellent fish, oysters, and wild fowl, in their season; the improvements are an overseer's house, several negro quarters, three tobacco houses, corn house, &c. all in good repair. Its inestimable value and agreeable situation, renders every other encomium unnecessary.

—ALSO—

One other tract of LAND, containing about three hundred and eighty-five acres, lying on Herring-Bay, upwards of one hundred acres of which are covered with heavy timber, the soil of this valuable tract is peculiarly adapted to the growth of fine tobacco, and yields small grain in abundance, about fifteen acres are now in meadow, which produce a great crop and a considerable quantity of low-ground, which can be easily made into meadow so as to yield as much as the other, which no spot can excel: This place has also the advantage of fish, oysters, and wild fowl, in their season, and is situated in an agreeable neighbourhood. The above lands lie about twenty miles from the seat of government, and about fifty from Baltimore-town, to which places the proprietors can readily convey to market (by water) the produce of these fertile lands. A part of the purchase must be paid in cash, the residue will be made easy on giving bond with security. Possession to take place immediately, when an indisputable title will be given to the purchaser. The above tracts lie within two miles of each other, both of which places have a sufficient quantity of salt-marsh, to support stock.

RICHARD CHEW.

Lower part of Anne-Arundel county, near Herring-Bay, January 6, 1793.

NECESSITY COMPELS THE MEASURE.

WHEREAS I have been much injured by people riding through my grain fields and other parts of my lands, and leaving my fencing down, and by hunting, and my sheep and other stock been much damaged, and on part of my lands they have made several roads and cart ways which have injured them much; I have been informed that there are dealings carried on with my negroes, and that persons have harboured them: I hereby forewarn all persons whatever from hunting with either dog or gun on my lands, or crossing any part thereof, except the main roads that lead through, and from dealing with or harbouring any of my negroes, the lands where my tenants live are excepted, but no other of them, as I am determined to prosecute all such offenders as the law directs.

JAMES PATTISON.

A LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-Office, Chaptico, which, if not taken up before the first day of April next, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

MRS. JANE PLOWDEN, St. Mary's county.
Mr. Ignatius Haydon, at New-town, near Chaptico.
Doctor James Jordan, Chaptico, St. Mary's county, Maryland.

Mr. Patrick Carberry, at the Head of Clement's Bay, near Leonard-town, St. Mary's county.
Mr. Hannah Rogers, Maryland, Clement's Bay.
Mr. Ignatius Haydon, Britton's Bay, St. Mary's county, Maryland.

Mr. Joseph Walker, Head of Clement's Bay, St. Mary's county.
Messieurs Jeremiah Neale and Sons, St. Mary's county, Clement's Bay.

Mr. William H. Roach, St. Mary's county.
Mr. Llewellyn, St. Mary's county.
JOSHUA E. GRINDALL, D. P.
January 15, 1793.

SETH SWEETSER.

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has moved to the house lately occupied by Mr. STEPHEN CLARK, next door but one to where he formerly lived, where he intends carrying on his business in all its various branches, in the neatest and most fashionable manner, and on the lowest terms, as he has lately received a fresh supply of Morocco leather of different colours, suitable for ladies slippers, boot legs and bend soles, of the best quality, and is determined to carry on his business with the greatest punctuality and dispatch. He returns his sincere thanks to his friends and customers for the encouragement he has already received since his commencement in business; he hopes by his attention and punctuality to merit the custom of those who please to favour him with their commands.

He has also for sale;

New-England sole leather, bend soles, a general assortment of shoemakers tools, gentlemen's plated and plain boot buckles, shoe ditto, best blacking ball and brushes for cleaning boons and shoes, coffee, candles, soap, butter, and rosin. Orders for any of the above-mentioned articles will be thankfully received and duly attended to.

N. B. Two or three JOURNEYMEN are immediately wanted; application to be made as above.

S C H E M E OF WILLIAM ALLEIN'S LAND, &c. LOTTERY.

- No. 1, 1 Prize of 520 acres of woodland lying on Bennet's creek, in Montgomery and Frederick counties, within thirty miles of the federal city, 793 10 0
- 2, 1 ditto of 40 acres of valuable land, mostly wood, lying and adjoining the waters about three miles from Lower-Mariborough, 320 0 0
- 3, 1 ditto of 20 acres of land adjoining No. 2, all wood, 200 0 0
- 4, 1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto, 100 0 0
- 5, 1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto, 100 0 0
- 6, 1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto, 100 0 0
- 7, 1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto, 100 0 0
- 8, 1 ditto of 100 dollars cash, 37 10 0
- 21 ditto of 8 ditto each ditto, 63 0 0
- 145 ditto of 8 ditto, payable in genuine Scotch snuff at 4s. per pound in bottles, 435 0 0
- First drawn blank, 1 0 0
- 173 Prizes. £. 2250 0 0
- 577 Blanks.
- 750 Tickets, at £. 3 each, £. 2250 0 0

M A N A G E R S.

John Muir, Annapolis; Benjamin Stoddert, Georgetown; James Bell, Queen-Anne; John Brooks, Upper-Mariborough; Thomas Tillard, Pig-Point; Robert Bowie, Nottingham; Trueman Compton, Magruder's; John Forbes, Benedict; James Somerville, Thomas Harwood, junior, Joseph Wilkinson, William Grambs, Peter Emmersen, Charles Williamson, John Chesley, Thomas Parran, Henry Hunt, Calvert county; of whom tickets may be had, and of all the merchants on Patuxent.

No. 1, contains all woodland, Bennet's creek running through it, and lies within thirty miles of the federal city, fully worth the estimated amount. 2 to 7 contains very valuable land lying near the town of Lower-Mariborough, where wood commands 20s. per cord, the cartage to the water little more than half a mile from the extent of the land, and each lot to have the privilege of a cart way to the water. Deeds, with general warranties, to be made for the land. Plots of the land may be seen with each of the managers. The cash prizes to be paid on demand; the snuff warranted genuine and good, and to be delivered at Lower-Mariborough. Crop or transfer notes for tobacco, on Patuxent, will be taken in payment at the market prices. Ten per cent. deduction to be made to those who pay the cash before the day of drawing. The lottery is purposed to be drawn on the third Tuesday in June next, if the tickets are all sold, at Lower-Mariborough. Notice will be given of the time, and a list of the fortunate numbers published immediately after drawing. Country produce will be taken at the market price, if delivered at the subscriber's mill within one month of drawing the lottery.

W. ALLEIN.

Raleigh's Plant, March, 1792. 33

WE the subscribers, do hereby forewarn all persons from hunting or fowling on our plantations, or crabbing, oystering or fishing on the adjacent shores, passing or re-passing on foot, horse-back, or with carts.
January 16, 1793. 3X HENRY MILES, ROBERT PRICE.

TO BE SOLD,

A neat PHAETON,

With or without a PAIR of young stout BAY MAREs.
Inquire of the Printers

By virtue of a decree of the honourable the chancellor of Maryland, will be SOLD, on the premises, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the first day of March next,

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, lying in Kent county, within three miles of Chester-town, part of the estate of the late John Gleaves; this farm contains 500 acres of land, about 200 acres of it in woods; the soil is well adapted to wheat, corn and tobacco; there are on the premises a large brick dwelling house, with four rooms on a floor, a brick kitchen, a farm house, a good barn, stables, blacksmith's shop and other out buildings; a valuable shad and herring fishery, and a great abundance of natural meadow ground. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser either pay down the cash, or with two good securities enter into bonds for the payment within five years, at instalments, with interest from the day of sale.

The creditors of the late JOHN GLEAVES, are required to lodge their claims legally proved, in the Chancery-office, or with the subscribers on or before the fifteenth day of July next.

NATHANIEL COMEGYS, } Trustees.
JOHN SCOTT, }
Kent county, 10th January, 1793.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, from the general court to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, at the dwelling place of STEPHEN STEWARD, on West-river, on FRIDAY the 15th FEBRUARY next, if fair; if not, the first fair day, Sunday excepted, at twelve o'clock,

SEVERAL TRACTS and parts of TRACTS of LAND, being the whole of the real estate of Stephen Steward, deceased, containing near one thousand acres of valuable LAND, with the improvements thereon; taken as the property of the late Stephen Steward, and sold to satisfy a debt due to Mr. ISAAC WARTON. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

WM. GOLDSMITH, Sheriff
of Anne-Arundel county.

January 19th, 1793.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a negro fellow by the name of JOHN; but since says his name is WAT, and that he is the property of a Mr. NOBLE, in Frederick county, Virginia; he appears to be about forty-six or seven years old, five feet six inches high, his clothing very common and sorry. His master is desired to take him away in two months from this date, if not, he will be sold for his fees.
JAMES SIMMS, Sheriff of Charles county.
December 21, 1792.

THE subscriber proposes, in the ensuing spring, to have a number of STAVES, of different kinds, made on his land, situated about eight miles from George-town, and five from Bridge-town, at the head of Chester, Kent county, in this state, and about eight miles from Duck-creek, in the state of Delaware. He wishes to put the business into the hands of a careful and experienced person, who is to procure such workmen under him as may be necessary, can give good security, if required, for any engagements he may enter into, and will prepare the STAVES for whatever market they are intended for, at his own expense. He would prefer paying the person he contracts with a certain proportion of the net profits arising from the sale of the staves, to giving a fixed price. As some parts of the timber will not answer for staves, but may suit for ship-building, he means to have such parts prepared for that purpose. Any person inclined to undertake the business, is requested to make known his proposals, in writing, between this and the 10th day of March next.

He will also dispose of a number of TREES, standing, if a generous offer is made.

WALTER DULANY.

Annapolis, December 28, 1792.

THE creditors of the estate of the late general WILLIAM SMALLWOOD, deceased, are informed that the twentieth day of February next is appointed for a dividend, at Port-Tobacco, of the money arising from the sale of the personal property of the said estate, before which day all claims are requested to be presented, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, in Port-Tobacco, who is legally authorized to receive the same and pay their respective proportions.

WILLIAM CRAIK.

Port-Tobacco, January 10, 1793.

P L A N S

OF THE

City of Washington;

To be SOLD, at the

PRINTING-OFFICE,

Price, half a Dollar.

A LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-Office, Port-Tobacco, which, if not taken up before the first day of April next, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

ROW RIDGATE, Arche Dobbin, Mr. M'Neale, Port-Tobacco; William H. M'Pherson, William Clements, Charles county; Dr. David Clarke, St. John's, Antigua.

REAZER DAVIS, D. P. M.
January 10, 1793.

An ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three.

BE IT ENACTED, by the general assembly of Maryland, That Randolph Brandt Latimer be agent of this state, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, until the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four.

And be it enacted, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrearages and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this state, appointed since the first day of January, seventeen hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent is hereby authorized and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective shires for an accurate statement of all the arrearages and balances due from such collectors, and such account shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all balances due to the state on open account; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and if necessary to sue for the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding four years from the first day of December, seventeen hundred and ninety-two, always requiring annual payments of the interest, and equal annual payments of the principal.

And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all monies due to the state for duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and amerciaments, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licences, and to require payment, and (if necessary) sue for the same; and the said agent may allow for insolvencies, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law; and for his information of the law he may take the advice of the attorney-general in writing.

And be it enacted, That whenever there shall be occasion to expose to public sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be directed for this purpose, the agent shall cause public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the state, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed for the use of the state, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrearages due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased; and any property so purchased for the use of the state, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms for the interest of the state, and if the same be sold on credit, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore, from the several purchasers of such property; and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, into the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers and their securities from their respective dates.

And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains unsold, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding four years, from the first day of December, seventeen hundred and ninety-two, always requiring annual payment of the interest, and equal annual payments of the principal.

And, whereas there are still some balances due to this state upon sales of confiscated property unbonded for, and it appears to this general assembly that in some cases the purchasers are unable to make payment, and the property is becoming daily of less value, **Be it enacted**, That the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, be authorized to release any of the said purchasers who are unable to pay from their purchases, and take back the property for the use of the state; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with the said purchasers for the use of the said property, and take bonds for the same to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding four years, from the first day of December, seventeen hundred and ninety-two, always requiring annual payment of the interest, and equal annual payments of the principal; and any property taken back the said agent shall dispose of in the same manner as he is before authorized to dispose of confiscated British property unsold, and to take bonds in the same manner for the purchase money, and on the same credit and terms; provided, that in no case shall the state refund any part of the principal or interest paid by such purchasers.

And be it enacted, That the governor and council be authorized, if they shall think it necessary, to require new bond and security from any debtor who has not installed, and to limit a time within which such new bond and security shall be given, and if the same be not given within the time so limited, they shall direct the said agent to cause process to issue on the bonds of such debtors, and their securities, or to proceed on any execution already issued and served and suspended, as the case may require, for the whole principal and interest due from such debtors.

And be it enacted, That if any bond debtor shall neglect to make payment, agreeably to the condition of his bond, and sundry resolves of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued and served and suspended as aforesaid, as occasion may require.

And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all balances due on

bonds taken for taxes due before the first of January, seventeen hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds installed, or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of seventeen hundred and sixty-nine and seventeen hundred and seventy-three.

And be it enacted, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in consequence of this act, the said bonds shall be a lien on all the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bond, in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

And be it enacted, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them, respectively cause them, with the schedules annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore at the expense of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be as good evidence in any court of law or equity in this state as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner that papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expense of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the said clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be good evidence as aforesaid.

And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days for the sale of property taken on fieri facias at the suit of the state as he may think proper, always taking care to give twenty days notice thereof.

And be it enacted, That no process shall issue against any of the collectors aforesaid since the first day of January, seventeen hundred and eighty-three, unless by direction of the said agent.

And be it enacted, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in specie, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

And, whereas in Worcester county no collector of the fund tax for the year seventeen hundred and ninety-one hath been appointed, **Be it enacted**, That the said agent be authorized to appoint a collector of the said tax in said county, who shall give security for the performance of his duty agreeably to law; and the said agent may contract with and allow the person so to be appointed, a commission not exceeding twelve per cent. for collecting the same; and the said collector shall proceed to act in the same manner, and be liable to the same duties in all respects, as if he had been appointed by the commissioners.

And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act, to the general assembly at their next session, and shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: For all payments made to either of the treasurers on bonds for confiscated property, one per cent. for all bonds with security, taken by the said agent on sales of confiscated property in virtue of this act, two and a half per cent. for all monies collected on open accounts, four per cent. and for all other monies or bonds, paid in or taken in virtue of this act, one and a half per cent.

And be it enacted, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the state, before the governor and the council, in the penalty of twenty thousand pounds current money, with such securities as the governor and the council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties of agent, under the act, entitled, "An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three," to the best of his skill and judgment; the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on, the said bond.

And be it enacted, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after acceptance he shall not give bond and take the oath aforesaid before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and the council are hereby authorized and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said Randolph Brandt Latimer by this act, such person first giving security and taking the oath aforesaid.

In COUNCIL, January 8, 1793.

ORDERED, That all debtors to this state for the purchase of confiscated British property, and others who might have installed their debts under the act of assembly passed November session, 1790, entitled, "An act respecting the creditors and debtors of this state, and who neglected to comply with the terms of the said act, be and they are hereby required to install all such debts on or before the twentieth day of June next.

ORDERED, That the agent be and he is hereby required, immediately after the said twentieth day of

June next, to cause process to issue on the bonds of such debtors as shall neglect to install within the time above limited, and their securities, or to proceed on any execution already issued and served and suspended, or otherwise, as the case may require, for the recovery of the whole principal and interest due from such debtors.

By order,

T. JOHNSON, Jan. 8.

NOTICE.

THE debtors to the state of Maryland for real estate property purchased, and others who have installed their debts, and whose installments became due on the first day of December last, and which still remain unpaid, will be pleased to observe, that process has as yet issued, or will issue, for the recovery thereof, until after the twentieth day of February next. This notice, it is sincerely hoped, will be attended to, it will save the debtor a considerable expense, and the officer the disagreeable task of enforcing the collection. Process will certainly be commenced, without regard to persons, on the twenty-first day of February, against every delinquent.

The several county clerks, who did not make their returns on the first of November last, for fines, forfeitures and amerciaments, put into the sheriff's hands for collection, and their payments for marriage, ordinary, and retailers licences, received by them, will be pleased also to observe, that they are subject to very heavy penalties for neglect of duty, and that every day to the public will compel me to pursue the direction of the law, unless a speedy compliance is had.

RANDOLPH B. LATIMER.

Annapolis, January 8, 1793.

CONSTANT attendance will be given, by the COMMISSIONERS of the federal buildings, to a person properly authorized by them, at their office in George-town, from the first day of April to the first day of May next, to execute assignments and assignments of lands in the CITY OF WASHINGTON. The proprietors thereof, whose lands have been conveyed in trust, or subjected by the act of assembly, concerning the territory of Columbia and the city of Washington, to the terms and conditions of the deeds in which the lands in the city, are requested to attend, and the allotments may be made by agreement; for the commissioners, after the first day of May, will proceed to make allotments, agreeably to the directions of the above recited act of assembly. The other proprietors are hereby informed, that process will issue after the first day of May next, to have their lands raised, if the same are not conveyed on the usual terms before that time. For the convenience of such proprietors, deeds will be left at Annapolis, with Mr. Thomas Buchanan; at Baltimore, with Mr. Archibald Ritchie; at Upper-Marlborough, with Mr. David Crawford, and at George-town, with

JOHN M. GANTT, Clerk to the commissioners.

George-town, December 4, 1792.

THE COMMISSIONERS of the federal buildings want to employ FOUR SETS of SAWYERS immediately in the city of Washington; one set is well acquainted with sawing mahogany. Applicants to be made to Mr. JAMES HOBBS, in the city. If the employment will be steady, it may therefore be an object.

George-town, December 5, 1792.

Ten Pounds Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 15th inst. a negro man named WILL, about 23 years of age, five feet nine or ten inches high; had on, when he went away, a round felt hat, of nabrig kind, trousers, and a coarse cloth over jacket, short round, he had other cloaths with him, which cannot well be described, he is likely, of a very dark complexion, full faced, and has a remarkable fine set of teeth, he is slow of speech, and rather awkward in his manners, is a tolerable good blacksmith, but never worked as foreman of a shop; he was formerly the property of Henry May, late of this county, blacksmith. This fellow was taken out of gaol at Alexandria, in Virginia, about eight days ago, but has made his escape; when he was apprehended he had forged pass in his possession, and it is expected he may have procured another. Whoever takes up the said negro and brings him to me, or secures him in gaol so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward.

RICHARD BRADY.

N. B. It is probable this fellow may endeavour to pass for a free man, as there are many free blacks passing about the country; when he went to Alexandria his intention was to have made his escape by water, therefore forewarn all masters of vessels, and others from harbouring or concealing him at their peril, they should they may expect to be dealt with agreeably to law.

Anne-Arundel county, June 20, 1792.

THE subscribers hereby forewarn all persons whatever from hunting, with either dog or gun, on the lands in South river neck belonging to the estate of William Sanders, lately deceased.

FREDERICK GREEN.
WILLIAM BROGDEN.

November 26, 1792.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SANVA
GREEN.

(XLVIIIth YEAR

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1793.

BRUSSELS, November 9.

LL is confusion here. All the members of the government are gone to Ruremonde in Guelderland. In short, there is a general breaking up. The army of Bourbon, which has fled from the environs of Namur, arrived at night at the gates of this city, but entrance was refused them.

DORTRECHT, (Holland) November 13.

The 25th of last month, there arrived five ships from France, and yesterday evening arrived eight more. We are all struck with admiration, on account of the rapid success of the French arms. The news of the capitulation of Mons, which puts alllanders and Brabant in the power of your republic, finds contradictors, although no doubt can be entertained of its validity. The commandant of the island of Anvers, say they, has announced to the magistrates, that he will defend it to the last extremity. You cannot conceive the sensations which are excited by these events in this place; they are further confirmed by the numerous deserters who are continually passing through it; whole groups of emigrants and Brabanters fill our streets. Our aristocrats affect good countenance; but judge for yourself, what are their internal apprehensions; our patriots do not disguise their satisfaction and their hopes. I fear Duquenois will not attempt to free us; it appears that he has some other designs in contemplation, from the manner in which he treated with the Prussians during his retreat. Some talk of a quadruple alliance, if the French are cautious, the revolution will take place before that can be effected. Terror already alarms the partisans of the reigning stadtholder; they wish to exculpate themselves from the imputation of having caused those persecutions which have taken place. They talk of returning the arms to the peasantry, from whom they had taken them; on the other hand, the troops are ordered to hold themselves in readiness, at a minute's warning, but they dare not march into the interior country.—In a word, all depends upon the French general, if he only sets foot in our territory, we are free, or at least a counter-revolution will immediately commence. If he does not advance in order to assist us, it is a proof that he is not interested in our success, and we shall once more be sacrificed to political views.

P A R I S, November 16.

The commissaries of the prisons have reported, that among the number of prisoners, there are some forgers of false assignats. The council have decreed, that these criminals shall be separated and have communication with no person whatsoever.

Copy of a letter from general Labourdonnaye, read before the national convention.

"I announce to you, citizens, that my advance guard will, this day, march for Anvers, through Tournai, and that it will arrive there to-morrow, or at the latest the day after.

"The citadel will surrender the same day to the arms of the French republic under my command. The inhabitants of Anvers are armed; the cockade is very numerous, and there remain in the citadel only five or six thousand men, and some sick; the Austrians have sent off in boats, the greater part of their provisions; my advance guard has intercepted some of them, laden with grain and ammunition, at Mousmont; but notwithstanding all our diligence, they are too far advanced for us to have it in our power to capture the whole convoy. I have sent some battalions to occupy Bruges and Ostend; by which means the Northern army will be in possession of the maritime parts of all Austrian Flanders.

"LABOURDONNAYE."

Statement of the ARTILLERY captured at Mons. Ninety-seven brass cannon, nineteen brass mortars, fourteen ditto beds, total 130 pieces. 107 iron cannon, total with the mortars, 237 pieces. Bullets by thousands, about 3000 bombs, near 300,000 cannon balls of all sizes, 1437 good fire arms, tents, sabres and pistols by thousands.

L O N D O N, November 20.

The trial of Mr. Thomas Paine is expected with more than usual eagerness by the public: Nothing can be more interesting to Englishmen than to know whether opinion is free, or not, upon general subjects of politics; for such is precisely the question to be tried.

Every possible attempt has been made to seduce Mr. Erskine from standing forth Mr. Paine's counsel. Thus he is there found, in the kingdom, men base enough to attempt debauching the honour and interest of the British bar. It is almost needless to say, that every endeavour of this kind had no effect upon Mr. Erskine. The fight will be odd enough.

ber of the French national convention to be tried at the English bar, for asserting the Rights of Man!

A learned professor in France, who has for a long time employed himself in making researches into the comparative anatomy of the brain, has published one great discovery, relative to the influence of the structure of the brain on the intellectual faculties. He has found the brain, from the most accurate investigation, to consist of a vast number of *laminae*, or thin shells, similar to the coats of an onion. These, in some persons, he has found to amount to the number of 780. In others, they may possibly amount to more. In the brain of an idiot, which he dissected, were found no more than 364, and in a dumb person only 362. He therefore, with great reason, supposes, that the intellectual powers of man are proportionate to the number of these *laminae*, or thin coats of the brain. It would have been curious to have dissected such a brain as that of Newton, the *laminae* would probably have exceeded 1000.

B A S S E T E R R E, December 14.

Extract of a letter from a French gentleman in Rozeau (Dominica) to a gentleman in St. Eustatia, dated December 2.

"The news which we have this day received are highly calculated to throw balm into the bowl of every good Frenchman. The frigate *La Felicite*, commanded by citizen Lacroze, has just anchored in this road, after a passage of 35 days from Brest. She was yesterday off St. Pierre, but having learned, by her communication with a fishing boat, of the rebellion at Martinico, the captain made the best of his way for this port.

"The influence of France gains ground, and the whole universe will shortly be free. How glorious is it for the French to have brought about this great revolution!

"At the departure of the *Felicite*, we had more than 600,000 men on the frontiers. An army of this force, composed of freemen, are sufficient to subdue the universe.

"It appears very certain that Rochambeau will return from the Cape with considerable land and sea forces. Consternation reigns in the town of St. Pierre; all the inhabitants, except the known aristocrats, wish to get away, but I doubt whether they will be permitted. The lukewarm and pusillanimous souls must certainly regret that they did not follow our example—they will regret, but too late, that they approved the rebellion of Martinico by their tenaciousness. The captain told me, that when he left France, what has happened in these colonies was suspected; that in consequence of it they were hastening the armament of a ship (formerly the *Royal Louis*, but now the *Republican*) of 120 guns, and four frigates, for these seas. What will they then do, when they hear, from citizen Duval, that Martinico and Guadeloupe have hoisted the white flag? Adieu, my dear Sir; communicate my letter to all the patriots with you, nay, even to the aristocrats. I am engaged for four hours, with many citizens, on board the frigate—I shall learn much more, and I only regret that it will not be in my power to acquaint you with it, as the bearer of this sets off this evening.

"P. S. The titles of Mr. and Madame are entirely abrogated in France—the address now is, Citizen such a man, Citizen such a woman."

B O S T O N, January 23.

Extract of a letter from a citizen, dated l'Orient, 19th October, 1792, to the editor.

"The Spaniards are making every preparation for war, the French anxiously wishing a declaration of it. If the wind will permit we shall sail this day for Bourdeaux, from which place, should any thing of a public nature transpire, we will inform you by the earliest opportunity."

N E W - L O N D O N, January 31.

Sunday last arrived here sloop Sally, captain Hurlbut, from Port-au-Prince. Captain Hurlbut left that port on the 1st instant, at which time, he informs, a compromise had taken place between the *whites* and *blacks* of that quarter, by which the servitude of those unfortunate and miserable Africans is rendered more tolerable. They had all returned to the plantations—and the people were again looking forward with a prospect of happy times.

P I T T S B U R G H, January 26.

Brigadier-general Putnam, and the reverend Mr. Heckenwelder, passed through this town on Monday last, for Philadelphia, having in part, completed the business they were sent on by congress, to the Indian nations. It is said, that by the intelligence they have received from the Miami Indians there appears to be no disposition for peace on their part.

Colonel Thomas Procter, of Philadelphia, arrived here on Sunday last, and on Monday proceeded on for

Fort Franklin, accompanied by Joseph Nicholson, Indian interpreter,—his business is not known, but it is thought to be with the Six Nations.

From the ALBANY GAZETTE of December 27.

It is said that the honourable Philip Schuyler, Esquire, of this city, is appointed one of the commissioners, by the executive of the United States, for negotiating a peace with the western Indians, at the treaty proposed to be holden the ensuing spring.

It is with the most lively pleasure we can inform our readers that in addition to the truce which has been agreed on, between congress and the Miami and other nations of the western Indians, that a doubt cannot now exist, but a lasting peace will be the result.

General Chapin of Ontario, passed through this city last week, on his way westward, carrying with him the olive branch to those hostile tribes—Congress having acceded to the proposals of holding a great treaty at the falls of the Miami to settle all difference as soon as the leaves are out in spring.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, February 2.

Our last accounts leave England in a critical situation. Doubts respecting Mr. Pitt's resignation are not entirely solved. If a reform in parliament is the price of his remaining in office, he will be the last prime minister under the present British constitution; great changes will be the consequence of an equal representation, and if this is not granted by the government, to judge from the spirit which pervades England and Ireland, the people will demand and obtain it, by open force if necessary.

Feb. 4. An English paper presents the following view of the present *humiliating* situation of the prince of Wales—"He devotes five sixths of his income to the liquidation of his debts, and with the remaining 12,000l. a year, he, in a small house, served by half a dozen domestics in brown frocks, enjoys all the comforts of a private gentleman." This little remnant of his income, upon which the prince now lives in so frugal a manner, is upwards of 50,000 dollars a year, or more than twice the annual salary of the president of the United States—So much for monarchy.

Private letters from Europe say, that since the national convention of France has begun to agitate the question of the king's trial, he has fallen into a profound melancholy, of rather the lethargic kind—that the empress of Russia has positively refused to furnish her quota of troops to the confederacy against France, preferring to pay her contingent in money. Every thing in Germany wore the appearance of a long war, and fresh contributions were levying to carry it on with renewed fury—this was considered as a dreadful incident for the lower and middling classes of people, whose earnings were almost nothing, and to make things still worse, hardly any money was current. The manufacturers at Vienna had discharged upwards of 6000 hands, most of whom were reduced to beg their bread in the streets. Their number soon amounted to 8 or 9000, who went in a body to the emperor Francis and petitioned to be reinstated in their places; their request was refused, they then surrounded the palace, crying out, grant us bread, we do not want wages! The military were then called instantly in, and this starving mob dispersed.

Almost the whole of last week passed in festivity and rejoicings at Boston in consequence of the success of the cause of liberty in Europe. One of the many toasts on this occasion was, May tyranny, despotism, and usurpation, with their concomitants, be for ever blotted from the records of man, and securely deposited in the archives of that region, prepared by the Deity for the reception of every evil work!

Illuminations, processions, and plain though abundant tables in every quarter testified the joy of the citizens on this exhilarating occasion, and to complete the display of republicanism, a balloon was to be dispatched to the upper departments of the atmosphere, inscribed in large letters, LIBERTY and EQUALITY; the animated rejoicings of Boston, on the glorious success of the arms of republican France, is a striking contrast to the indifference and coldness with which the news has generally been received at the seat of the federal government.

Feb. 6. "There is a letter in town, received yesterday by a French gentleman from Marseilles, which mentions that the city of Rome has surrendered to the army of the French, commanded by general Anselmi; he advanced so rapidly, that his holiness could not effectuate his escape, and has been taken prisoner. Particular details of this new conquest are not expressed, but we hope to be able soon to give full information about it, having the strongest grounds to think that this very interesting intelligence, will be authenticated in a few days. The same letter mentions also that Holland has acknowledged the sovereignty of the republic of France—and that the king of Prussia himself is ready to follow the example."

On Monday last the senate of the United States negatived the bill (sent from the house of representatives on Monday January 28th for concurrence) for the assumption of the balances of the state debts,—17 to 41.

The last accounts from Guadaloupe say, that M. Rochambeau was daily expected from leeward with considerable land and sea forces, to reinstate good order in that island and Martinico. A fleet was also hourly looked for from France, to assist in effecting the same object.—The aristocrats were flying from both islands, in all directions.

Extra of a letter from Rochambeau on the Ottawa river, or Miami of Lake Erie, dated October the 9th, 1792.

"I congratulate you on the agreement of the council of the confederated tribes to listen to proposals of peace from your government: but on the express condition, that you shall not only make your foolish young men honest, but that your government shall be so, and not aim at depriving the Indians of their lands, as heretofore, or at 'sole and absolute sovereignty' over them, as claimed at your former treaties. I am fully of opinion, that it will be your own fault, if you do not establish an advantageous and permanent peace and commerce with all the Indian nations. But to secure these, you must employ and trust those who know how the business ought to be conducted; for an error in judgment may be as fatal to you as your former errors in Indian politics have been. I shall commit this letter to the Rainbow, a Seneca chief, who has promised to forward it to you from Fort Franklin."

BALTIMORE, February 3.

A letter from a gentleman in Dublin, to his friend in New-York, dated November 14, says, "We had here some disagreeable work, on the first reading of the catholic bill. A numerous mob paraded the streets, shouting 'Liberty and equality'; they then proceeded to the parliament-house, in order, it is said, to give greater force to the question then in agitation, shouting as before, 'Liberty or death.' The sheriffs attended by the military, appeared, and seized the ring-leaders; they immediately retaliated, by seizing the officer of the guard; the sheriffs strove to call them to a sense of their duty, but in vain; the enraged multitude threw stones in every direction, the drums beat to arms—when those friends to liberty, the Irish volunteers, turned out, headed by their patriotic commanders, colonel James Napper Tandy, and colonel Smith; a volley was discharged on each side, immediately afterwards, the military were ordered to their barracks, fearing the result of offending citizen-soldiers, who appeared for the purpose of protecting the little liberty they now enjoy."

A letter of the 1st instant, from a gentleman in New-York, to his correspondent in Philadelphia, says,—"Three days since, the French packet, bearing the cap of liberty on her main-top-gallant-mast-head, arrived here, after a passage of sixty days. I have been on board the packet, with a friend who perfectly understands the French language, by whose aid, together with my own inquiries, I learned, that when Dumourier took Brussels, he also took 4000 prisoners, and the next day was joined by 1500 deserters; cannon by hundreds, &c. and that the king of Prussia had declared and acknowledged the French a free and independent people—that he has retired to Berlin, and swears vengeance against the emigrant princes for deceiving him, besides demanding reimbursement for men and expences.—All Italy, it was expected, would fall immediately into the hands of the French, and that the pope was actually a prisoner before the time of the packet's sailing.—Of these things, however, we shall soon be able to mention further particulars."

ANNAPOLIS, February 14.

The federal senate have negatived the question of opening the doors.—Two were for the affirmative and eighteen for the negative. When this question was first decided, there were but two members in the minority.

Extra of a letter from P'orient, dated the 26th November, to a gentleman in New-York.

"The defalcation of Fayette is lamented by some, and pitied by others; but he has long been suspected by both parties to have been inimical to the rights of man. Notwithstanding the ample revenge we took on the foreign mercenaries that invaded our free republic, they did us very material injury at Lisle and Unionville. Louis XVI. is still in prison; the national convention have taken the necessary steps to bring him to a trial; this monster merits a worse fate than death; he deserves to live the contempt of mankind. We have refined in abolishing titles in so great a measure, that even the appellation of Mr. and Mrs. is totally done away, and the address substituted is Citizen."

"France has now turned her views towards restoring entire tranquillity to her distracted West-India colonies. A fleet and army is now afloat, not only sufficient to reduce the revolted, but absolutely to exterminate this whole race. Some traitors at Guadaloupe have thrown off the mask and declared for a counter-revolution, but their joy will be but short lived. Blanchelande, former governor of St. Dominique, has arrived here. The governors of aristocratical principles in our other islands, have been impeached before the convention, and we are determined the white flag shall never be displayed in any place belonging to the republic."

"We have an army of 43,000 men, ready at the first notice to penetrate into the heart of Spain. The people of England are much in our favour."

Messieurs GREEN,

By inserting the enclosed in your next paper you will oblige a considerable number of your correspondents.

To the PLANTERS.

Beware of wolves in sheep's clothing, for such are abroad.

ANIMATED by the warmest attachment to your substantial interest, and solicitously anxious to make the earliest communication of such information as may be necessary for your government at this crisis, be it known, that by letters of a late date from England we are informed, that the tobaccoes, then at the London market, which were shipped from the upper Patuxent warehouses, commanded from three-pence three farthings to six-pence half-penny sterling per pound; that the quantity at market was very trifling; and, that if the accounts of the great destruction of tobacco by the froit in this country should be confirmed, the price would be very high—as a proof that the quantity in the market was not up to the demand, eastern shore tobaccoes were selling brisk at two-pence five eighths per pound—Europe appears to be pregnant with revolution—Be assured that in as much as the condition of the great body of the people in Europe will be meliorated by the overthrow of that arbitrary rule under which they have so long groaned, in the same proportion the demand for American produce of all kinds will increase—England herself has caught the political fever, and if the enemies to a reform should be able to make a formidable opposition, a civil war will probably ensue; in such event, our tobaccoes will be greedily sought after by both sides of the question. Peace or war, if you my countrymen will hold together, tobacco must rise during the ensuing summer to a wholesome independent price.

THE PLANTER'S FRIEND.

Anne-Arundel county, February 12, 1793.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Upper Marlborough, if not taken up before the first of April, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

CHARLES ALLEN, Huntington creek, Calvert county.

Lingan Boteler, near Upper Marlborough, Prince-George's county.

William Berry, Prince-George's county, Maryland, Joseph Byas.

Doctr. Richard H. Courts, Prince-George's county.

John Chamberlain, at Doctr. Colmore Beanes, Patuxent, Maryland.

Right Rev. Doctr. Clagett, Upper Marlborough.

Mrs. Sally Crauford, Green Wood Park.

Capt. Thomas Cole, ship Cincinnatus, Lower Marlborough.

Edward Hall Duval, Anne-Arundel county, care of Saml. Green.

Zadock Duval, near Upper Marlborough.

Robert Darnall, Esq; Poplar Hill, Prince-George's county.

John Debuts, Esq; — Hall, Patuxent.

Edward Edeline, Piscataway, Prince-George's county.

John Fisher, to the care of Joseph Nesbet, West Nottingham.

William Graham, merchant, Lower Marlborough, Maryland.

Thomas Glifton, Prince-George's county.

Capt. John Handly, snow Minerva, care of capt. Dorsett.

James Hollyday, Esq; Queen-Anne's county, Maryland.

Henry Hardy, Esq; Maryland, Prince-George's county, Piscataway.

John Henry Hall, Upper Marlborough.

Robert Lumar, Queen-Anne, Maryland.

Mrs. Sarah A. Lyles, Calvert county, Maryland.

Miss Peggy Murdoch, Queen-Anne.

Miss Becky Murdoch, Queen-Anne.

The Rev. Joseph Messenger, Doctr. St. John's Parish, Prince-George's county.

Mrs. Selba Pownall, Prince-George's county.

Doctr. — Pottenger, Prince-George's county, care of John Snowden.

Thomas Pownall, Upper Marlborough, Prince-George's county.

Mrs. Margaret Rogers, Upper Marlborough.

John Stone, joiner, Hollowing Point, Maryland.

Doctr. Clement Smith, Queen-Anne, Prince-George's county, 2 letters.

Capt. Peter Sharp, of ship Nancy, Lower Marlborough, 2 letters.

Edward L. Wailes, Esq; near Magruder's warehouse, Prince-George's county.

Mess. Joseph Wilkinson, & Co. merchants, Queen-Anne, Patuxent river.

1027/6 SAM. HAMILTON, D. P. M. Upper Marlborough.

To be HIRED,

A Healthy Mulatto Woman,

Who understands all kinds of house work, and is a very good NURSE.—Inquire of the Printers.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP of JOHNSON and HARWOOD, was by mutual consent dissolved on the 31st of December last. All persons indebted thereto, are earnestly requested to make immediate payment to Robert Johnson, who is authorized to settle the affairs of the company.

14th February, 1793.

R. JOHNSON, J. HARWOOD.

JUST PUBLISHED.

And to be sold at the Printing-Office, Price seven shillings and six-pence.

The LAWS OF MARYLAND,

Passed November session, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to apply to the next Anne-Arundel county court, for a commission to mark and bound the lines of a tract or parcel of land called BOND FOREST, situate, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

MORDECAI RIDGELY,
JOHN WILLIAMS

February 12, 1793. N. Warfall

THIS is to inform all persons that it may concern, that at the next court held for Allegany county, I shall petition the court of the said county, for a commission to mark and bound my two tracts of land, situate in the said county, called WASHINGTON, and ADDITION to WASHINGTON, pursuant to an act of the general assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

JOHN HODGE BAYARD.

January 5, 1793. I A. Collier

JOHN WELSH

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,

Corn-hill-street, Annapolis,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has received a quantity of the best boot legs and soles, and a general assortment of sole and upper leather; he intends to carry on the above business in various branches, in the most fashionable manner on the lowest terms; those who please to favour him with their commands may depend on their being complied with. Orders from the country will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

N. B. As he intends to embark for Europe by the 15th March he hopes those indebted to him by note, or open account, will come and discharge the same, and those who have claims against him requested to bring them in that they may be settled.

February 11, 1793.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away, on the seventh day of January last, a negro man named JEM, about twenty years of age, five feet nine or ten inches high, made, and has one of his upper fore teeth out, which may be easily discovered when he speaks or laughs; had on when he went away, a felt hat, cotton pants with a blue collar or cape, a cotton pair of breeches, a striped shirt, and country made shoes and stockings. Whoever takes up said negro, and delivers him to the subscriber, near Port-Tobacco, in Charles county, or secures him in gaol, shall receive FOUR DOLLARS REWARD if in the county, and if out of the county the above reward, including what the law allows.

SAMUEL M'PHERSON.

February 7, 1793. I G. M'P'erson

St. Mary's county, Clement's Bay, February 5, 1793. TAKEN up as a stray, a bright bay MARE, about thirteen hands high, has a long mane, her nose, and a star in her forehead, no perceptible brand. The owner is desired to prove property, charges, and take her away.

1027/6 JOHN B. CARBERRY.

To be SOLD, by virtue of a deed of trust to the subscribers, on the 18th day of this instant, at the dwelling plantation of Mr. WILLIAM WORTON, on the north side of Magothy river,

A QUANTITY of cattle, hories, and other household furniture and plantation utensils. And, on the 23d instant, will be also sold, at the place of his present residence, in Prince-George's county, some hories, cattle, and other stock, house furniture and plantation utensils. The terms of each sale are, that the purchasers shall give bond, with approved security, to pay the amount of the purchase money in five equal annual payments, with interest.

THOMAS HYDE,
G. DUVAL,

CHARLES STEUART.

February 4, 1793.

Pursuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Monday the twenty-fifth day of February next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the plantation of THOMAS MARIOTT, deceased, near the Head of Severn river, for CASH,

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of the deceased, consisting of hories, cattle, hories, household furniture, and plantation utensils. The sale to commence at ten o'clock, A. M. and continue till sold.

THOMAS HAMS, Administrator. All persons indebted to the above estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against it are desired to bring them in legally attested.

January 25, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, intend to apply to the county court, for a commission to mark and bound the lines of the following tract of land, called TIMBER NECK, GOOSEBERRY LANE, and the HAPPY LAND, and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly in such case made, marking and bounding of land.

February 2, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, preferred to the next court, by the vestry of Saint Paul's, for a commission to mark and bound the lines of a tract or parcel of land called BOND FOREST, situate, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

By order, CHARLES

February 6, 1793.

In CHANCERY. ON application to the court, in writing, of EDMUND OMERY county, an invoice of an act for the relief of and offering to deliver up all his property, real, personal, and any way entitled, and schedule of his property in oath, being annexed hereupon by the chancery Edmund appear before the court in the city of Annapolis, March next, for the purpose of such of his creditors as by their agents or attorneys prescribed for delivery of his application, and that in the meantime of this order to be made at least four times in March, or by serving on his creditors, or on any time before the said day. Test. SAMUEL 2 Reg. C

NOTICE is hereby given, tends to petition, commission to mark and bound the lines of land called CL CONTIGUOUS to the lands of MAS NOXES, junior.

Anne-Arundel county

HEREBY forewarn hunting or fowling plantation commonly adjacent thereto, lying or hauling with Se thereof.

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In CHANCE

ON the application in writing, of J vent debtor, praying relief of sundry insolvent to the said act, to diters, all his property which he is any way tere, and a schedule of ascertain, on oath, be it thereupon by th dored, that the said chancery, in the ch napolis, on the second pole of taking, in the as shall attend in per nies, the oath by the up his property as a time he give notice aforesaid, by causing in the Maryland Gaz of February next, and successfully.

Test.

ALL persons ind to the house of WHEELWRIGHT, of near CRACKOFT a defined to make im whose receipt shall payments, or to the

Annapolis, Octob

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EL M'PHERSON.
N B. CARBERRY.

deed of trust to the
this instant, as the late
WILLIAM WORTON
lagoth river,
horses, and other
be also sold, at the
Prince-George's county
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terms of each sale are,
with approved security
half money in five
years.

OMAS HYDE,
DUVALL,
ARLES STEUART.

orphans court of Anne
Exposed to Public
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AMS, Administrator,
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NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to apply to the next Anne-Arundel county court, for a commission to prove the lines and bounds of the following tracts or parcels of land, to wit: **TIMBER NECK, GOOSENECK ADVENTURE, VALENT LANE, and the HAPPY CHOICE**, situate, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly in such case made and provided for the marking and bounding of lands.

DORSEY JACOB,
VACHEL GAITHER.

February 2, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next Anne-Arundel county court, by the vestry of Saint Margaret's Westminster parish, for a commission to mark and bound the lines of a tract or parcel of land called **LUCK AND IRON STONE HILLS**, the glebe-land belonging to said parish, situate, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly, passed November session, 1785, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

By order,
CHARLES WATERS, Register.

February 6, 1793.

In **CHANCERY**, January 30, 1793.

ON application to the chancellor, by a petition in writing, of **EDMUND WAYMAN**, of Montgomery county, an insolvent debtor, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and offering to deliver up, to the use of his creditors, all his property, real, personal, and mixed, to which he is any way entitled, and a list of his creditors, and a schedule of his property, so far as he can ascertain, on oath, being annexed to the said petition; it is thereupon by the chancellor ordered, that the said Edmund appear before him, in the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, on the thirteenth day of March next, for the purpose of taking, in the presence of such of his creditors as shall attend in person, or by their agents or attorneys, the oath by the said act prescribed for delivering up his property as aforesaid, and that in the mean time he give notice to his creditors of his application aforesaid, by either causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette at least four times before the said thirteenth day of March, or by serving a copy of this order on each of his creditors, or on so many of them as can be served therewith, or on their agents or attorneys, at any time before the said day of March next.

Test. **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD**,
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition, at April term next, for a commission to mark and bound the second line of a tract of land called **CLARRY'S HOPE**, which lies contiguous to the lands now in the possession of **THOMAS NORRIS, junior**.

3 **PETER PARISH**,
Anne-Arundel county, January 26, 1793.

HEREBY forewarn and forbid all persons from hunting or fowling with either dog or gun on my plantation commonly called **STEPNEY**, and the lands adjacent thereto, lying on **Beard's creek**, or from fishing or hauling with Seine or Net on any of the shores thereof.

3X **J. H. STONE**.

On **TUESDAY** the 26th February next, will be offered to the highest bidder, on the premises,

THE subscribers **PLANTATION** in Anne-Arundel county, containing about nine hundred and thirty-five acres, thirty valuable country born slaves, and some household furniture. The above property will be sold on three years credit, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, paying interest annually.

4 **JACOB GREEN**.
And on **THURSDAY** the 14th March, will also be offered to the highest bidder, at the late dwelling of **ELISHA GREEN**, deceased, on Patuxent river, in Prince-George's county, on the above terms, **TWENTY-ONE** valuable country born SLAVES, of different sexes and ages, together with all the stock of horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs, the household furniture and plantation utensils, belonging to the estate of the said deceased.

4 **JACOB GREEN**, Administrator.
Anne-Arundel county, Herring-Bay, January 15th, 1793.

The subscriber offers at **PRIVATE SALE**, the following **VALUABLE ESTATES**, viz:
PARTS of **SILVER STONE** and **MAJOR'S CHOICE**, being on Fishing creek, and full in view of the Chesapeake Bay, containing about three hundred and fifty acres of as rich heavy timbered LAND as any in the state; two thirds of which is covered with heavy wood, the remainder is in cultivation, which will readily produce 50,000 pounds of fine tobacco, per annum, added to this advantage, the land cultivated for small grain is extremely rich; several acres of these valuable tracts are now in meadow, and produce as fine grass, and as great quantity as any place in the world; much more land (at a trifling expence) may be made into meadow equal in goodness; it affords the desirable advantage of most excellent fish, oysters, and wild fowl, in their season; the improvements are an overseer's house, several negro quarters, three tobacco houses, corn house, &c. all in good repair. Its inestimable value and agreeable situation, renders every other encomium unnecessary.

—ALSO—
One other tract of LAND, containing about three hundred and eighty-five acres, lying on Herring-Bay, upwards of one hundred acres of which are covered with heavy timber, the soil of this valuable tract is peculiarly adapted to the growth of fine tobacco, and yields small grain in abundance, about fifteen acres are now in meadow, which produce a great crop and a considerable quantity of low-ground, which can be easily made into meadow so as to yield as much as the other, which no spot can excel: This place has also the advantage of fish, oysters, and wild fowl, in their season, and is situated in an agreeable neighbourhood. The above lands lie about twenty miles from the seat of government, and about fifty from Baltimore-town, to which places the proprietors can readily convey to market (by water) the produce of these fertile lands. A part of the purchase must be paid in cash, the residue will be made easy on giving bond with security. Possession to take place immediately, when an indisputable title will be given to the purchaser. The above tracts lie within two miles of each other, both of which places have a sufficient quantity of salt-marsh, to support stock.

4 **RICHARD CHEW**.
By virtue of a decree of the honourable the chancellor of Maryland, will be **SOLD**, on the premises, at **PUBLIC AUCTION**, on the first day of March next.

A **VALUABLE** tract of LAND, lying in Kent county, within three miles of Cheller-town, part of the estate of the late John Gleaves; this farm contains 500 acres of land, about 200 acres of it in woods; the soil is well adapted to wheat, corn and tobacco; there are on the premises a large brick dwelling house, with four rooms on a floor, a brick kitchen, a farm house, a good barn, stables, blacksmith's shop and other out buildings; a valuable shad and herring fishery, and a great abundance of natural meadow ground. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser either pay down the cash, or with two good securities enter into bonds for the payment within five years, at instalments, with interest from the day of sale.

The creditors of the late **JOHN GLEAVES**, are required to lodge their claims legally proved, in the Chancery-office, or with the subscribers on or before the fifteenth day of July next.

NATHANIEL COMEGYS, Trustees.
JOHN SCOTT,
Kent county, 10th January, 1793.

THE creditors of the estate of the late general **WILLIAM SMALLWOOD**, deceased, are informed that the twentieth day of February next is appointed for a dividend, at Port-Tobacco, of the money arising from the sale of the personal property of the said estate, before which day all claims are requested to be presented, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, in Port-Tobacco, who is legally authorized to receive the same and pay their respective proportions.

WILLIAM CRAIK.
Port-Tobacco, January 10, 1793.

By virtue of a writ of *fiat facias*, from the general court to me directed, will be **EXPOSED** to **PUBLIC SALE**, at the dwelling place of **STEPHEN STEWARD**, on West-river, on **FRIDAY** the 15th **FEBRUARY** next, if fair, if not, the first fair day, Sunday excepted, at twelve o'clock.

SEVERAL TRACTS and parts of **TRACTS** of LAND, being the whole of the real estate of **Stephen Steward**, deceased, containing near one thousand acres of valuable LAND, with the improvements thereon; taken as the property of the late **Stephen Steward**, and sold to satisfy a debt due to **Mr. ISAAC WARTON**. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

4X **WM. GOLDSMITH**, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.
January 19th, 1793.

S C H E M E
OF
WILLIAM ALLEIN'S LAND, &c.
LOTTERY.

No. 1, 1 Prize of 520 acres of woodland lying on Bennet's creek, in Montgomery and Frederick counties, within thirty miles of the federal city, 793 10 0
2, 1 ditto of 40 acres of valuable land, mostly wood, lying and adjoining the waters about three miles from Lower-Marlborough, 320 0 0
3, 1 ditto of 20 acres of land adjoining No. 2, all wood, 200 0 0
4, 1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto 100 0 0
5, 1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto 100 0 0
6, 1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto 100 0 0
7, 1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto 100 0 0
1 ditto of 100 dollars cash, 37 10 0
21 ditto of 8 ditto each ditto, 63 0 0
145 ditto of 8 ditto, payable in genuine Scotch snuff at 4s. per pound in bottles, 435 0 0
First drawn blank, 1 0 0
173 Prizes, £. 2250 0 0
577 Blanks.
750 Tickets, at £. 3 each, £. 2250 0 0

M A N A G E R S,
John Muir, Annapolis; Benjamin Stoddert, Georgetown; James Bell, Queen-Anne; John Brooks, Upper-Marlborough; Thomas Villard, Pig-Point; Robert Bowie; Nottingham; Trueman Compton, Nagsruder's; John Forbes, Bentzill; James Somerville, Thomas Harwood, junior, Joseph Wilkinson, William Grahame, Peter Emmerson, Charles Williamson, John Chesley, Thomas Parran, Henry Hunt, Calvert county; of whom tickets may be had, and of all the merchants on Patuxent.

No. 1, contains all woodland, Bennet's creek running through it, and lies within thirty miles of the federal city, fully worth the estimated amount. 2 to 7 contains very valuable land lying near the town of Lower-Marlborough, where wood commands 20s. per cord, the carriage to the water little more than half a mile from the extent of the land, and each lot to have the privilege of a cart way to the water. Deeds, with general warranties, to be made for the land. Plots of the land may be seen with each of the managers. The cash prizes to be paid on demand; the snuff warranted genuine and good, and to be delivered at Lower-Marlborough. Crop or transfer notes for tobacco, on Patuxent, will be taken in payment at the market prices. Ten per cent. deduction to be made to those who pay the cash before the day of drawing. The lottery is purposed to be drawn on the third Tuesday in June next, if the tickets are all sold, at Lower-Marlborough. Notice will be given of the time, and a list of the fortunate numbers published immediately after drawing. Country produce will be taken at the market price, if delivered at the subscriber's mill within one month of drawing the lottery.

W. ALLEIN.
Raleigh's Place, March, 1792.

THE subscriber proposes, in the ensuing spring, to have a number of **STAVES**, of different kinds, made on his land, situated about eight miles from George-town, and five from Bridge-town, at the head of Chester, Kent county, in this state, and about eight miles from Duck-creek, in the state of Delaware. He wishes to put the business into the hands of a careful and experienced person, who is to procure such workmen under him as may be necessary, can give good security, if required, for any engagements he may enter into, and will prepare the STAVES for whatever market they are intended for, at his own expence. He would prefer paying the person he contracts with a certain proportion of the net profits arising from the sale of the staves, to giving a fixed price. As some parts of the timber will not answer for staves, but may suit for ship-building, he means to have such parts prepared for that purpose. Any person inclined to undertake the business, is requested to make known his proposals, in writing, between this and the 10th day of March next.

He will also dispose of a number of **TREES**, standing, if a generous offer is made.
WALTER DULANY.
Annapolis, December 28, 1792.

(XLVIIIth YEAR.)

(No. 2406.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1793.

STOCKHOLM, November 23.

It is publicly asserted, that Count de Stackelberg, the Russian ambassador, has within these few days delivered a note to our court, demanding 12,000 troops and six ships of the line, agreeably to treaty; to act as auxiliaries next spring; but that our court, returned for answer, that succour could only be demanded in case Russia was attacked by a foreign power.

HANAU, December 4.

The day before yesterday the Prussians and Hessians took Francfort by assault, and made the garrison, consisting of 1500 men, prisoners. General Culline has been obliged to quit his post at Hochst, and retire to Singlingen, in disparting which he lost 500 men killed, and as many made prisoners. The Hessians and Prussians lost 200 men. The prince of Hesse-Philippthal was wounded in the thigh; several Hessian and Prussian officers were wounded, among the latter General Eben.

LONDON, December 4.

The news from the northern parts of the kingdom appear to be the most alarming. In Scotland there have been several insurrections, but of no other importance than that they shew the turbulent disposition of the people there. In Yorkshire, particularly at Sheffield, in Northumberland, and in Durham, spirit of riot has shewn itself. In imitation of the mob, the general cry among these rioters is, let us have a more equal division of property, for why should one man be richer than another.

The number of seditious clubs in and about the metropolis has likewise become a serious evil. But such is the vigilance of government, and so strong is the spirit of loyalty in the people, to support the constitution, that we have no reason to be under very great alarm.

During the last week, upwards of 100 pieces of cannon were conveyed from Woolwich to the tower; and are planted on the walls, and the remainder are ready to be removed wherever they may be wanted. The ditch, which surrounds the tower, is cleansing, and it is to be kept constantly filled with water. New gates are making to the principal entrances; and the whole is undergoing an entire repair.

One hundred and twenty persons, mostly Irish, are forming a plan of an intended republicanism, for Great-Britain, at White's hotel, in Paris, Paine and General Santerre are alternately chairman.

Yesterday Thomas Stanley and John Blackburne, Esquires, representatives for the county of Lancaster, attended by Mr. Pool, presented an address from the different manufacturers at Manchester to the king at St. James's, congratulating his majesty on the exertions of administration, on the appearance of difficulties in that and other parts of the kingdom.

A like address was also presented from the town of Liverpool, by Bamber Gascoyne, Esq; and Col. Tarleton, which was signed by more than 11,000 persons.

The gentlemen deputed as delegates from the Roman Catholics of Ireland, are arrived in London.

The preparations for war in the naval and military department are carried on with increased alacrity: on Wednesday more ships of war were put into commission, and ordnance were transmitted to the fleet; and several counties in England and Wales, to embody the militia.

Orders were received on Saturday morning at Plymouth for the Druid frigate, with the Childers sloop and a cutter, to cruise off Brest, to watch the motions of the French fleet; and should any ships sail, after discovering the course they steer, the cutter is to be dispatched to England with the account.

Dispatches by the last night's mail from Holland advise, that the Dutch have avowedly given up all hopes of contending, either by arms or negotiation, for the exclusive right to the navigation of the Scheldt.

No French emigrant is now allowed to remain in the dominions of Prussia longer than forty-eight hours.

Ten ships of the line, of which one is a first rate, three are second rates of 108 guns each, and six are third rates, are ordered to be prepared for sea with all possible dispatch, as well as eighteen large frigates.

Dec. 12. The military employed in guarding the bank, has since Tuesday night, been greatly augmented. Part of the tower guard, while placed there, are from Woolwich supply, are now employed on the bank-duty.

Mr. Fox, on Saturday, sent a message to Mr. Pitt, informing him, that he would retire in the session, and move for an inquiry into the conduct of the latter, for having by proclamations, ordinances, and the embodying the militia, greatly alarmed the public mind, without explaining his reasons. Mr. Pitt sent

an answer to Mr. Fox, that if he and the duke of Portland would do him the honour of a visit, he would give them every satisfaction on the subject, that they required. Mr. Fox sent a letter in reply, stating that he must decline a private intercourse on the subject with Mr. Pitt, as the circumstances being of great publicity, he would rather give him an opportunity of publicly explaining the motives of his actions.

Yesterday it was said, upon the stock-exchange, that news had been received from Holland, of a very serious insurrection having taken place there, and it had risen to such a height, as to be beyond the power of government to quell. Mr. Capet was given as the author. We cannot pretend to contradict this rumour, but, from the authority of certain dispatches, we have reason to believe it untrue.

Lord Simpel, a lieutenant in the 3d regiment of foot-guards, received notice on Saturday, from the secretary at war, that the king had no farther occasion for his services: Lord Edward Fitzgerald is also discharged from the military department; they having joined the revolution society.

Dec. 14. Yesterday being the first day of the meeting of parliament, his majesty went to the house of lords, and being seated on the throne, delivered the following most gracious speech:

My Lords and Gentlemen,

HAVING judged it necessary to embody a part of the militia of this kingdom, I have, in pursuance of the provisions of the law, called you together within the time limited for that purpose, and it is on every account, a great satisfaction to me to meet you in parliament at this conjuncture.

I should have been happy if I could have announced to you the secure and undisturbed continuance of all the blessings which my subjects have derived from a state of tranquillity; but events have recently occurred which require our united vigilance and exertion, in order to preserve the advantages which we have hitherto enjoyed.

The seditious practices, which had been in a great measure checked by your firm and explicit declaration in the last session, and by the general concurrence of my people in the same sentiments, have of late been more openly renewed, and with increased activity.

A spirit of tumult and disorder (the natural consequences of such practices) has shewn itself in acts of riot and insurrection, which required the interposition of a military force to support the civil magistrate.

The industry employed to excite discontent on various pretexts and in different parts of the kingdom, has appeared to proceed from a design to attempt the destruction of our happy constitution, and the subversion of all order and government; and this design has evidently been pursued in connexion and concert with persons in foreign countries.

I have carefully observed a strict neutrality in the present war on the continent, and have uniformly abstained from any interference, with respect to the internal affairs of France; but it is impossible for me to see, without the most serious uneasiness, the strong and increasing indications which have appeared there of an intention to excite disturbances in other countries, to disregard the rights of neutral nations, and to pursue views of conquest and aggrandisement, as well as to adopt towards my allies, the same general (who have observed the same neutrality with myself) measures which are neither conformable to the law of nations, nor to the positive stipulations of existing treaties.

Under all these circumstances I have felt it my indispensable duty to have recourse to those means of prevention and internal defence with which I am intrusted by law; and I have also thought it right to take steps for making some augmentation of my naval and military forces, being persuaded that these exertions are necessary in the present state of affairs, and are best calculated both to maintain internal tranquillity, and to render a firm and temperate conduct effectual for preserving the blessings of peace.

Nothing will be neglected on my part that can contribute to that important object, consistently with the security of my kingdom, and with the faithful performance of engagements which we are bound equally by interest and honour to fulfil.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I have ordered the estimates for the ensuing year to be laid before you, and I have no doubt that you will be ready to make such provision for the several branches of the public service.

You will certainly join with me in lamenting any necessity for extraordinary expenses, which may for a time prevent the application of additional sums, beyond those which are already annually appropriated, to the reduction of the public debt, or retard the relief which my subjects might have derived from a further diminution of taxes: But I am confident you will feel that those great ends will ultimately be best promoted by such exertions, as are necessary for our present and future safety and tranquillity; and it is a great consolation to me to reflect, that you will find ample resources for effectually defraying the expense

of vigorous preparations, from the excess of the actual revenue beyond the ordinary expenditure.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I have great pleasure in acquainting you, that the brilliant successes of the British arms in India, under the able conduct of the marquis Cornwallis, have led to the termination of the war, by an advantageous and honourable peace, the terms of which are peculiarly satisfactory to me, from their tendency to secure the future tranquillity of the British dominions in that part of the world.

Your attention will now naturally be directed to such measures, for the future government of those valuable possessions, as shall appear, from experience and full consideration, most likely to provide for their internal prosperity, and to secure the important advantages which may be derived from thence to the commerce and revenue of this country.

I am persuaded it will be the object of your immediate consideration, to adopt such measures as may be necessary, under the present circumstances, for enforcing obedience to the laws, and for repressing every attempt to disturb the peace and tranquillity of these kingdoms.

You will be sensible how much depends on the result of your deliberations, and your uniform conduct is the best pledge, that nothing will be wanting on your part which can contribute to the present security and the permanent advantage of the country.

I retain a deep and unalterable sense of the repeated proofs which I have received of your cordial and affectionate attachment to me; and I place an entire reliance on the continuance of those sentiments, as well as on your firm determination to defend and maintain that constitution, which has so long protected the liberties, and promoted the happiness of every class of my subjects.

In endeavouring to preserve and transmit to posterity the inestimable blessings which, under the favour of Providence, you have yourselves experienced, you may be assured of my zealous and cordial co-operation; and our joint efforts will, I doubt not, be rendered completely effectual, by the decided support of a free and loyal people.

Dec. 15. A riot, attended with some circumstances of cruelty and persecution, has arisen at Manchester, and was not entirely quelled when the accounts came away. The populace there have imbibed, it seems, the wretched error, that all those persons, however respectable by property and private character, who now discover a wish for parliamentary reform, are enemies to the constitution of the country.

The mail from Flanders arrived yesterday. It brings an account of provisional elections of representatives in several towns of Flanders, and of decrees passed, relative to municipal and commercial regulations. The inhabitants of Brussels have been invited by their representatives to make contributions of bedding, for the purpose of lodging the French troops in barracks, and not in houses. Three companies of national guards, of an hundred men each, and one of cavalry of the same number, are to be raised in Brussels, from such persons as may obtain a recommendation from the society of Friends to Liberty and Equality; each person is to find his own arms and clothing.

PORTSMOUTH, December 12.

Private orders have come down here, to fit out the Victory, Royal William, Ganges, Prince of Royal, and Queen; and men are now busily employed on them.

Orders have also come down for disembarking the marine officers on guard-ship duty, and embarking those on the roster, for foreign service, which takes place to-morrow, with the full war complement. This is in orders.

NEW-YORK, February 6.

By captain Duplex, who arrived here yesterday, in 53 days from Corke, we learn, that all is bustle and confusion in England; that the day before he sailed, information was received at Corke, that 47 vessels had been ordered by the British ministry into service against France; that the Squirrel, a king's cutter, on the Irish station; was seen coming into Corke harbour, for the purpose, it was said, of passing men for the fleet. From the complexion of the above information, the affairs of France wear a very serious aspect.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Dublin, to his friend in this city, dated 21st of December last, received by the *Arcturion* and *Suffian*, in 53 days from Corke.

The surprising events now passing on the continent of Europe, are attended to with anxiety and solicitude, on all sides; to what lengths their consequences may extend, it is impossible to determine: that Holland will be involved, seems almost certain; and that England can no longer remain neutral, is generally dreaded. There are accordingly tumults and much faster than at the commencement of the

late war, or almost any former war. It may be well on your side to look forward to the effects of such an event on the mercantile system."

PHILADELPHIA, February 13.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in London, December 14, to a member of congress.

"The convention have commenced the trial of the king; it is thought that their determination will be fatal. Some members are of opinion, that the convention should regard him as already condemned, and they have only to resolve on his punishment. Another member has moved that the family should be extirpated."

KNOXVILLE, January 13.

On Sunday last arrived in town, James Carey, one of the interpreters, the Standing Turkey, the Warriors Son, the Big Fellow, George Paris and George Miller, from the beloved town of Etanawla, and several other Cherokees from Chota, with further confirmation of the sincerity of the overtures of Colonel Watts for peace with the United States; and on Tuesday they returned to Chota, under an escort to the frontiers.

On the 7th of December, a party of the cavalry in service for the protection of Mero district, about eight miles from Nashville, were fired on by about twenty Indians, who put them to flight, killed John Ankins, who was scalped and his body much mangled; and shot one horse.

On the 29th of the same month, John Haggard was killed and scalped about six miles from Nashville. Twelve balls were shot into him. His wife was killed last summer, by the Indians, and he has left five small children in poverty and wretchedness.

The Indians carry on horse stealing, according to custom, without cessation in that district.

On Monday the 31st of December, the Indians drove off eighteen head of very valuable horses, from Big Pigeon, Jefferson county, near where Richardson's family were murdered, and wantonly killed several cattle and hogs.

Lately arrived at Will's town, nine Shawanese, who have passed on to the Creeks and Choctaws, for the purpose of exciting them to go to war with the United States. They are to return through the Cherokee towns, with an expectation of meeting that nation in full council at Etanawla. They informed the Cherokees, that the Shawanese were determined to fall on the Chickasaws and cut them off, for joining the army of general St. Clair.

BALTIMORE, February 15.

A letter of the 31st of December, from a gentleman in London, to his friend in Philadelphia, per the packet, says, "Our public affairs are in a very critical situation. God alone can bring good out of evil! Government are greatly alarmed, and have suddenly summoned the parliament; great sacrifices must be made before the ferment is allayed; pensions reduced, sinecure abolished, parliament reformed by a far more equal representation, church preferment more equalized, and a variety of objects to be embraced, highly proper to have been effected half a century back; but this is an epoch high with events, and we are all alarmed and in anxiety. All Europe is occupied by the affairs of France, and much of it ready to follow her."

Another letter of the 5th of December, says, "Our funds have fallen considerably within the last fortnight, from the exertions which our government have been, and are now making, to prevent the disturbances of the internal peace of this kingdom and France, and the preparations which they seem to be making, to go against a foreign enemy. What the result of all this may be, it is impossible to say; but it is to be hoped that this storm may blow over."

Another letter of the same date, says, "It is with regret I have to inform you, that England is in a very critical situation. It has become serious and alarming to a degree. Government is taking every precaution to suppress it; which God grant they may. There is a double number of soldiers at the bank; the militia held in readiness; the towers strongly guarded; the cannon fixed on the old walls, besides new walls built to strengthen it."

"No person is permitted to walk on the parapet as was usual. These are too many disaffected people in Manchester and Sheffield, a great number in Leeds, and too many rebellious in London, both Scotch and Irish: It is supposed the presbyterians are the head."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Barbadoes, to his friend in this town, dated January 3, 1793.

"The ship Charlotte, captain Wilson, arrived here yesterday, from Bristol. By her was received a letter informing that the spirit of reformation had reached old England—that it discovered itself lately at the theatre, in London, where, when his majesty and the royal family entered, the orchestra struck up 'God save the King!' and that the music was instantly silenced by the gallery, &c. It is added, that the king bowed, the queen courted, and the princess fainted; but no commotion could be felt; the mob, who, on the following day, burnt the Effigy of the King at the Palace Gate."

ANNAPOLIS, February 21.

Private letters received at New York, by the Anne and Susan, contain the following particulars: "that Louis XVI. had been tried, was acquitted and is at Wingate. That several battles had taken place, which invariably decided in favour of Liberty and Equality; that Antwerp, that capital Austrian city, situated on

the river Scheld, was in possession of Dumourier and his army; that the British fleet was equipping with expedition, and, that the Dutch were alarmed, and it was believed would arm."

A letter from Paris of the 15th December, says, "Yesterday morning a letter was received in the Jacobin club, from the popular societies at Lyons, the purport of which was to demand, that Louis XVI. be condemned to death. The society ordered, that this letter be printed. It was also resolved, that they would present against any other judgment, relative to Louis, than the sentence of death."

"In the national convention this morning, the following question was discussed:—How shall the copy of the acts relative to the trial of Louis XVI. be communicated to him and his counsel, and that even the originals shall be communicated to him, if he or the counsel should require it?"

"It was decreed, That commissioners chosen for that purpose out of the commission of twenty-one, shall be charged to deliver copies of all acts and papers to Louis and his counsel, and that even the originals shall be shown him in presence of the commissioners."

"The next question that came before the convention was, what time shall be granted Louis Capet for his defence."

"The assembly has decreed, that Louis Capet shall appear again at the bar next Tuesday week."

"It is asserted, that the liegeois have determined to petition the convention for leave to be united to France as an 85th department."

"It is also reported, that a large detachment of Dumourier's army is before Maestricht, and that a body of French troops has arrived at Aix-la-Chapelle."

"The resolution of the council-general, to search, imprison, and administer an oath of secrecy to the advocates employed in defence of Louis XVI. has been treated by the convention, with all that contempt which it so richly deserves."

"Lately was married in London, JAMES CLERK, Esq; to Miss MARGARET LEE, youngest daughter of the late hon. Philip Thomas Lee."

CONGRESS

OF THE UNITED STATES.

IN SENATE, February 4.

Agreeably to the order of the day, the senate proceeded to consider the motion made the 2d of January, 1793, that the doors of the senate chamber remain open, whilst the senate shall be sitting in their legislative and judiciary capacity.

On motion for the previous question, to wit: Shall the question be now put on the following preliminary resolutions?

"Resolved, That the senate of the United States are individually responsible for their conduct to their constituents, who are entitled to such information as will enable them to form a just estimate thereof."

"Resolved, That the journals are too voluminous and expensive to circulate generally, and if it were otherwise, that the information they contain, as to the principles, motives and designs of individual members, is inadequate."

"Resolved, That this information, defective as it is, becomes more nugatory and delusive, in proportion as the occasion for it increases, since the senate make their own journals."

"Resolved, That the conducting of the legislative and judicial powers of the senate in public, and suffering an account of their measures and deliberations to be published in the news-papers, is the best means of diffusing general information concerning the principles, motives, and conduct of individual members; and that by withholding this information, responsibility becomes unavailing, the influence of their constituents over one branch of the legislature in a great measure annihilated, and the best security which experience has devised against the abuse of power, and a mal-administration abandoned."

It passed in the negative, yeas seven, nays twenty-one.

The yeas and nays being required by one-fifth of the senators present:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are Messieurs Burr, Butler, Edwards, Gunn, Monroe, Potts and Taylor.

Those who voted in the negative, are Messieurs Basset, Bradley, Brown, Cabot, Dickinson, Ellsworth, Foster, Hawkins, Henry, Johnson, Izard, King, Langdon, Morris, Read, Robinson, Rutherford, Sherman, Stanton, Strong and Wingate.

And on motion to agree to the main question, to wit:

"Resolved therefore, That it be a standing rule, that the doors of the senate chamber remain open, whilst the senate shall be sitting in a legislative and judiciary capacity, except on such occasions as in their judgment, may require secrecy; and that this rule shall commence and be in force on the first day of the next session of congress."

It passed in the negative, yeas ten, nays eighteen.

The yeas and nays being required by one-fifth of the senators present:

Those who voted in the affirmative, are Messieurs Brown, Burr, Gunn, Hawkins, King, Butler, Edwards, Monroe, Potts and Taylor.

Those who voted in the negative, are Messieurs Basset, Bradley, Cabot, Dickinson, Ellsworth, Foster, Henry, Johnson, Izard, Langdon, Morris, Read, Robinson, Rutherford, Sherman, Stanton, Strong and Wingate.

On the question to agree to the last resolution, that the doors of the senate chamber remain open, it passed in the negative, yeas ten, nays eighteen.

LAND FOR SALE.

For SALE, in Prince-William county, in the State of Virginia,

BETWEEN five and six thousand Acres of LAND, the property of the subscribers. This land lies near and adjoining to Occoquan-Run, it will be laid off in lots to suit purchasers and good titles made thereto by the subscribers. On this land there is a valuable mill-seat, as also a situation for a furnace, worth attention. Terms, &c. &c. apply to WILLIAM BEALE, jun. at Tayloe's Neabico furnace, near Dumfries, Virginia, who is appointed our agent to sell the same.

JOHN TAYLOE,
PRESLEY THORNTON.

February, 1793. 10/2/93

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, by the subscriber, on Tuesday the 19th of March next, at his plantation, within half a mile of South river church.

SUNDRY negroes, consisting of men, women and children, also a few articles of household furniture. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator of the estate of R. FORTER.

N. B. All persons having claims against the estate of R. Forter are requested to make them known, and those indebted are desired to discharge the same.

To be SOLD, on Thursday the 7th day of March next, at the dwelling plantation of JOHN DARNALL, in the Swamp,

SEVERAL country born SLAVES, consisting of men, women and children; taken in execution as the property of John Deale, and to be sold to satisfy a debt due to Richard Darnall, executor of John Darnall. The terms will be cash. The sale to begin at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

WM. GOLDSMITH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

February 18th, 1793.

For SALE.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed, will be SOLD, for CASH only, on Wednesday the 13th of March next, upon the premises,

A TRACT or parcel of land, the property of JOSEPH BRISCOE, containing about 250 acres, mostly cleared, lying in Kent county, and situated on the main road leading from Chelster-town to Georgetown, and about seven miles from the former; there are on said place, a convenient dwelling and out houses, a small apple orchard, several acres of meadow land, through which passes two fine streams of water, emptying themselves into the mill pond of the late col. Perkins. The sale to begin at eleven o'clock. Attendance will be given, by PHILIP REED, Sheriff.

February 9, 1793.

For SALE.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed, will be SOLD, for CASH only, on Thursday the 14th of March next, upon the premises,

A TRACT of land, the property of PENELOPE COOPER, containing about 170 acres, lying in Kent county, situate about seven miles from Chelster-town, and in the neighbourhood of the mill pond of the late col. Perkins and John Wilson; there are on said place, a dwelling and out houses, a peach and apple orchard, several acres of mowable meadow, through which passes a fine stream of water. The sale to begin at eleven o'clock. Attendance given, by PHILIP REED, Sheriff.

February 9, 1793.

Bank of Maryland.

NOTICE is hereby given to the STOCKHOLDERS in the BANK of MARYLAND, that, agreeably to charter, an election for twelve DIRECTORS, in the year ensuing, will be held at the Fountain-head, on Thursday the seventh day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

By order of the President and Directors,
EBENEZER MACKIE, Cashier.

Baltimore, February 4, 1793. 10/2/93

Dancing School.

JAMES ROBARDET returns his most grateful acknowledgments of gratitude to those ladies and gentlemen of Annapolis who honoured him last summer, at his school, with their presence; he respectfully informs them, and the public, that his school will be opened again on the first of April next. Those ladies and gentlemen who will honour him at his school, may rest assured that the greatest attention will be paid to the improvement of his scholars.

February 20, 1793. 10/2/93

MUSICAL PERFORMANCES.

At the ASSEMBLY ROOM, On THURSDAY the 25th, will be presented a comic opera, formed, &c.

The Old Woman of

Dressed in ch

The Old Woman, Grand-Daughter, Confiding of Recitatives

The performance will consist of new songs, duets, &c. &c. among which will be

Variety over much, 'Tis all a joke, by

To-morrow, by A Trip to Greta Green

The Ancient Triplet Summer, a pastoral song

The Ploughman's Escape Jockey and Jenny, Hunting Cantata, Fair Luna, a pastoral, &c.

The whole of the music of Mr. T.

Several extempore pieces among which will be

Tickets, one Dollar each, or of Mr. RICHARD

Young Ladies and Gentlemen, to begin at half

To begin at

JUST PU

And to be SOLD in ANN

Eternal Damnation

A SERMON, P. Reverend Mr. In the City

Price Ele

NOTICE is hereby Anne-Arundel cou

on Tuesday the 12th day By order

JOHN G. Anne-

February 20, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby intend to apply

county court, for a com twenty-seven counties of a

Hist. situate and being agreeably to an act of a

Session, 1785; for marking

February 12, 1793.

In CHANCERY

ON the application of

In writing, of TON, an insolvent

debt for the relief of fund

agreeably to the use of his creditors, and

and mixed, to which list of his creditors, and

as he can ascertain, said petition; it is th

judged and ordered, the

tion appear before the c

Sec. in the city of A

April next, for the pu

of each of his creditors

their agents or attorne

for delivering u

that in the mean time

of his application sh

order to be inserted i

before the eighth day

therein four weeks suc

Tell. SAMU

Reg

FOUR DOL

RAN away from

named ADAM

a thorough waltco

TAYLOR'S MUSICAL PERFORMANCE.

At the Assembly Room, Annapolis.
On **TUESDAY** the 25th of February, 1793.
Will be presented a comic **OPERA**, never per-
formed, called,

The Old Woman of Eighty-three.

Dressed in character.

The Old Woman, by Mr. Taylor.
Grand-Daughter, Miss Huntley.

Confiding of Recitative, Airs and Duetts.

The performance will likewise consist of a variety of
new songs, duets, &c. as will be expressed in the
bills, among which will be a comic song called,

Variety over much, by Mr. Taylor.

It's all a joke, by Miss Huntley.

To-morrow, by Mr. Taylor.

A Trip to Greta Green, Miss Huntley.

The Ancient Tiptoe, Mr. Taylor.

Summer, a pastoral song, by Miss Huntley.

The Ploughman's Escape from Sea, Mr. Taylor.

Jockey and Jenny, Miss Huntley.

Hunting Cantata, Miss Huntley.

Fair Luna, a pastoral, Miss Huntley, &c. &c.

The whole of the music original, and composed by

Mr. Taylor.

Several extempore pieces on the Grand Piano Forte,

among which will be introduced variations on some

favourite airs.

Tickets, one Dollar each, to be had at Mr. MANN'S,

or of Mr. RICHARDS, Hair-Dresser.

Young Ladies and Gentlemen, under twelve, ad-

mitted at half a Dollar each.

To begin at half past seven.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD by JOSEPH CLARK,
in ANNAPOLIS,

Eternal Damnation Reprobated.

A SERMON, PREACHED by the
Reverend Mr. McLANE,
In the CITY of ANNAPOLIS.
Price Eleven-pence.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the adjourned
Anne-Arundel county orphans court will meet
on Tuesday the 12th day of March next.

By order,
JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills
Anne-Arundel county.

February 20, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers
intend to apply to the next Anne-Arundel
county court, for a commission to mark and bound
twenty-seven courses of a tract of land called CUPOLA-
HILL, situate and being in the county aforesaid,
agreeable to an act of assembly, passed at November
Session, 1785; for marking and bounding lands.

JAMES WALKER,
SAMUEL GODMAN.

February 12, 1793.

In CHANCERY, February 16, 1793.

ON the application to the chancellor, by a petition
in writing, of WILLIAM WORTHING-
TON, an insolvent debtor, praying the benefit of an
act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and of-
fering, agreeably to the said act, to deliver up, to the
use of his creditors, all his property, real, personal,
and mixed, to which he is any way entitled, and a
list of his creditors, and a schedule of his property, so
far as he can ascertain, on oath, being annexed to the
said petition; it is thereupon by the chancellor ad-
judged and ordered, that the said William Worthing-
ton appear before the chancellor, in the chancery-of-
fice, in the city of Annapolis, on the eighth day of
April next, for the purpose of taking, in the presence
of such of his creditors as shall attend in person, or by
their agents or attorneys, the oath by the said act pre-
scribed for delivering up his property as aforesaid, and
that in the mean time he give notice to his creditors
of his application aforesaid, by causing a copy of this
order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette any time
before the eighth day of March next, and continued
therein four weeks successively.

Tell. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, a negro man
named ADAM; he had on when he went away,
a brown coat, waistcoat, and a pair of white cotton
breeches. Whoever brings him home shall receive the
above reward, from

JOHN BRICE.
Annapolis, February 10, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be
preferred to the next Anne-Arundel county
court, by the vestry of Saint Margaret's Westminster
parish, for a commission to mark and bound the lines
of a tract or parcel of land called Luck and Isaac
Brooks HILLS, the glebe land belonging to said pa-
rish, situate, lying and being in the county aforesaid,
agreeable to an act of assembly, passed November
Session, 1785, entitled, An act for marking and bound-
ing lands.

By order of the vestry,
CHARLES W. BAKER, Register.

February 6, 1793.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post Of-
fice, Upper Marlborough, if not taken up before
the 1st of April, will be sent to the General Post-
Office as dead letters.

CHARLES ALLEN, Huntingdon creek, Calvert
county.

Joseph Boteler, near Upper Marlborough, Prince-
George's county.

William Berry, Prince-George's county, Maryland,
Joseph Byas.

Doctr. Richard H. Courts, Prince-George's county.
John Chamberlain, at Doctr. Colmore Beanes, Pa-
tuxent, Maryland.

Right Rev. Doctr. Clagett, Upper Marlborough.
Mrs. Sally Crawford, Green Wood Park.

Capt. Thomas Cole, Ship Cincinnati, Lower Marl-
borough.

Edward Hall Duvall, Anne-Arundel county, care
of Saml. Green.

Zadock Duvall, near Upper Marlborough.
Robert Darnall, Esq; Poplar Hill, Prince-George's
county.

John Debutts, Esq; — Hall, Patuxent.
Edward Edeline, Piscataway, Prince-George's
county.

John Fither, to the care of Joseph Nesbet, West
Nottingham.

William Graham, merchant, Lower Marlborough,
Maryland.

Thomas Glifton, Prince-George's county.
Capt. John Handly, snow Minerva, care of capt.
Dorsett.

James Hollyday, Esq; Queen-Anne's county, Ma-
ryland.

Henry Hardy, Esq; Maryland, Prince-George's
county, Piscataway.

John Henry Hall, Upper Marlborough.
Robert Lamar, Queen-Anne, Maryland.

Mrs. Sarah A. Lyles, Calvert county, Maryland.
Miss Peggy Murdock, Queen-Anne.

Miss Becky Murdock, Queen-Anne.
The Rev. Joseph Mellenger, Doctr. St. John's
Parish, Prince-George's county.

Mrs. Selba Pownall, Prince-George's county.
Doctr. — Pottinger, Prince-George's county.

care of John Snowden.
Thomas Pownall, Upper Marlborough, Prince-
George's county.

Mrs. Margaret Rogers, Upper Marlborough.
John Stone, joiner, Hollowing Point, Maryland.

Doctr. Clement Smith, Queen-Anne, Prince-
George's county, 2 letters.

Capt. Peter Sharp, of ship Nancy, Lower Marl-
borough, 2 letters.

Edward L. Wailes, Esq; near Magruder's war-
house, Prince-George's county.

Mess. Joseph Wilkinson, & Co. merchants, Queen-
Anne, Patuxent river.

SAM. HAMILTON, D. P. M.
Upper Marlborough.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers
intend to apply to the next Anne-Arundel
county court, for a commission to prove the lines and
bounds of the following tracts or parcels of land, to
wit: TIMBER NECK, GOOSENECK ADVENTURE, VA-
CANT LANE, and the HAPPY CHOICE, situate, lying
and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act
of assembly in such case made and provided for the
marking and bounding of lands.

DORSEY JACOB,
VACHEL GAITHER.

February 2, 1793.

In CHANCERY, January 30, 1793.

ON application to the chancellor, by a petition in
writing, of EDMUND WAYMAN, of Mont-
gomery county, an insolvent debtor, praying the be-
nefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors,
and offering to deliver up, to the use of his creditors,
all his property, real, personal, and mixed, to which
he is any way entitled, and a list of his creditors, and
a schedule of his property, so far as he can ascertain,
on oath, being annexed to the said petition; it is
thereupon by the chancellor ordered, that the said
Edmund appear before him, in the chancery-office,
in the city of Annapolis, on the thirteenth day of
March next, for the purpose of taking, in the pre-
sence of such of his creditors as shall attend in person,
or by their agents or attorneys, the oath by the said
act prescribed for delivering up his property as aforesaid,
and that in the mean time he give notice to his
creditors of his application aforesaid, by either causing
a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland
Gazette at least four times before the said thirteenth
day of March, or by serving a copy of this order on each
of his creditors, or on so many of them as can be
served therewith, or on their agents or attorneys, at
any time before the first day of March next.

Tell. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

JUST PUBLISHED.

And to be sold at the Printing-Office,

Price seven Shillings and six-pence,

The LAWS OF MARYLAND,

Passed November session, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers
intend to apply to the next Anne-Arundel
county court, for a commission to mark and bound the
lines of a tract or parcel of land called BOND
FOREST, situate, lying and being in the county
aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly, entitled,
An act for marking and bounding lands.

MORDECAI RIDGELY,
JOHN WILLIAMS.

February 12, 1793.

THIS is to inform all persons that it may con-
cern, that at the next court held for Allegany
county, I shall petition the court of the said county,
for a commission to mark and bound my two tracts of
land, situate in the said county, called WASHINGTON,
and ADDITION to WASHINGTON, pursuant to an act
of the general assembly, entitled, An act for marking
and bounding lands.

JOHN HODGE BAYARD.

January 5, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber in-
tends to petition, at April term next, for a
commission to mark and bound the second line of a
tract of land called CLARRY, HOPE, which lies
contiguous to the lands now in the possession of Tho-
mas Norris, junior.

PETER PARISH.

Anne-Arundel county, January 26, 1793.

In CHANCERY, January 24, 1793.

ON the application to the chancellor, by a petition
in writing, of JOHN BURGESS, an in-
solvent debtor, praying the benefit of an act for the
relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and offering, agree-
ably to the said act, to deliver up, to the use of his cre-
ditors, all his property, real, personal, and mixed, to
which he is any way entitled, and a list of his credi-
tors, and a schedule of his property, so far as he can
ascertain, on oath, being annexed to the said petition;
it is thereupon by the chancellor adjudged and or-
dered, that the said John Burgess appear before the
chancellor, in the chancery office, in the city of An-
napolis, on the second day of April next, for the pur-
pose of taking, in the presence of such of his creditors
as shall attend in person, or by their agents or attor-
nies, the oath by the said act prescribed for delivering
up his property as aforesaid, and that in the mean
time he give notice to his creditors of his application
aforesaid, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted
in the Maryland Gazette at any time before the sixth
day of February next, and continued therein four weeks
successively.

Tell. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

On TUESDAY the 26th February next, will be
offered to the highest bidder, on the premises,

THE subscribers PLANTATION in Anne-
Arundel county, containing about nine hundred
and thirty-five acres, thirty valuable country born
slaves, and some household furniture. The above prop-
erty will be sold on three years credit, the purchasers
giving bond with approved security, paying interest
annually.

JACOB GREEN.

And on THURSDAY the 14th March, will also be
offered to the highest bidder, at the late dwelling
of ELISHA GREEN, deceased, on Patuxent river,
in Prince-George's county, on the above terms.

TWENTY-ONE valuable country born SLAVES,
of different sexes and ages, together with all
the stock of horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs, the house-
hold furniture and plantation utensils, belonging to the
estate of the said deceased.

JACOB GREEN, Administrator.

By virtue of a decree of the honourable the chancellor
of Maryland, will be SOLD, on the premises, at
PUBLIC AUCTION, on the first day of March
next,

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, lying in Kent
county, within three miles of Chester-town,
part of the estate of the late John Gleaves; this farm
contains 500 acres of land, about 200 acres of it in
woods; the soil is well adapted to wheat, corn and
tobacco; there are on the premises a large brick dwell-
ing house, with four rooms on a floor, a brick kitchen,
a farm house, a good barn, stables, blacksmith's shop
and other out buildings; a valuable mud and herring
fishery, and a great abundance of natural meadow
ground. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser
either pay down the cash, or with two good securities
enter into bonds for the payment within five years, at
instalments, with interest from the day of sale.

The creditors of the late JOHN GLEAVES, are re-
quired to lodge their claims legally proved, in the
Chancery-office, or with the subscribers on or before
the fifteenth day of July next.

NATHANIEL COMEGYS, } Trustees.
JOHN SCOTT, }

Kent county, 10th January, 1793.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP of JOHNSON and HAR-
WOOD, was by mutual consent dissolved on the
31st of December last. All persons indebted thereto,
are earnestly requested to make immediate payment to
Robert Johnson, who is authorized to settle the affairs
of the company.

R. JOHNSON,
J. HARWOOD.

14th February, 1793.

An ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three.

BE IT ENACTED, by the general assembly of Maryland, That Randolph Brandt Latimer be agent of this state, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, until the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four.

And be it enacted, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrearsages and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this state, appointed since the first day of January, seventeen hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent is hereby authorized and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective shires for an accurate statement of all the arrearsages and balances due from such collectors, and such account shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all balances due to the state on open account; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and if necessary to sue for the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding four years from the first day of December, seventeen hundred and ninety-two, always requiring annual payments of the interest, and equal annual payments of the principal.

And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all monies due to the state for duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and amerciaments, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licences, and to require payment, and (if necessary) sue for the same; and the said agent may allow for insolvencies, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law; and for his information of the law he may take the advice of the attorney-general in writing.

And be it enacted, That whenever there shall be occasion to expose to public sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be directed for this purpose, the agent shall cause public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the state, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed for the use of the state, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrearsages due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased; and any property so purchased for the use of the state, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms for the interest of the state, and if the same be sold on credit, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore, from the several purchasers of such property; and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, into the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers and their securities from their respective dates.

And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains unsold, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding four years, from the first day of December, seventeen hundred and ninety-two, always requiring annual payment of the interest, and equal annual payments of the principal.

And, whereas there are still some balances due to this state upon sales of confiscated property unbonded for, and it appears to this general assembly that in some cases the purchasers are unable to make payment, and the property is becoming daily of less value, Be it enacted, That the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, be authorized to release any of the said purchasers who are unable to pay from their purchases, and take back the property for the use of the state; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with the said purchasers for the use of the said property, and take bonds for the same to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding four years, from the first day of December, seventeen hundred and ninety-two, always requiring annual payment of the interest, and equal annual payments of the principal; and any property taken back the said agent shall dispose of in the same manner as he is before authorized to dispose of confiscated British property unsold, and to take bonds in the same manner for the purchase money, and on the same credit and terms; provided, that in no case shall the state refund any part of the principal or interest paid by such purchasers.

And be it enacted, That the governor and council be authorized, if they shall think it necessary, to require new bond and security from any debtor who has not installed, and to limit a time within which such new bond and security shall be given, and if the same be not given within the time so limited, they shall direct the said agent to cause process to issue on the bonds of such debtors, and their securities, or to proceed on any execution already issued and served and suspended, as the case may require, for the whole principal and interest due from such debtors.

And be it enacted, That if any bond debtor shall neglect to make payment, agreeably to the condition of his bond; and sundry resolves of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued and served and suspended as aforesaid, as occasion may require.

And be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds taken for taxes due before the first of January, seventeen hundred and eighty-three, and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds installed; or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of seventeen hundred and sixty-nine and seventeen hundred and seventy-three.

And be it enacted, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in consequence of this act, the said bonds shall be a lien on all the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bond, in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

And be it enacted, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them, respectively cause them, with the schedules annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore at the expense of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be as good evidence in any court of law or equity in this state as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner that papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expense of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the said clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be as good evidence as aforesaid.

And be it enacted, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days for the sale of property taken on fieri facias at the suit of the state as he may think proper, always taking care to give twenty days notice thereof.

And be it enacted, That no process shall issue against any of the collectors aforesaid since the first day of January, seventeen hundred and eighty-three, unless by direction of the said agent.

And be it enacted, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in specie, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

And, whereas in Worcester county no collector of the fund tax for the year seventeen hundred and ninety-one hath been appointed, Be it enacted, That the said agent be authorized to appoint a collector of the said tax in said county, who shall give security for the performance of his duty agreeably to law, and the said agent may contract with and allow the person so to be appointed, a commission not exceeding twelve per cent. for collecting the same; and the said collector shall proceed to act in the same manner, and be liable to the same duties in all respects, as if he had been appointed by the commissioners.

And be it enacted, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act, to the general assembly at their next session, and shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: For all payments made to either of the treasurers on bonds for confiscated property, one per cent. for all bonds with security, taken by the said agent on sales of confiscated property in virtue of this act, two and a half per cent. for all monies collected on open accounts, four per cent. and for all other monies or bonds, paid in or taken in virtue of this act, one and a half per cent.

And be it enacted, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the state, before the governor and the council, in the penalty of twenty thousand pounds current money, with such securities as the governor and the council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties of agent, under the act, entitled, "An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three," to the best of his skill and judgment; the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on, the said bond.

And be it enacted, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after acceptance he shall not give bond and take the oath aforesaid before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and the council are hereby authorized and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said Randolph Brandt Latimer by this act, such person first giving security and taking the oath aforesaid.

In COUNCIL, January 8, 1793.
ORDERED, That all debtors to this state for the purchase of confiscated British property, and others who might have installed their debts under the act of assembly passed November session, 1790, entitled, An act respecting the creditors and debtors of this state, and who neglected to comply with the terms of the said act, be and they are hereby required to install all such debts on or before the twentieth day of June next.

ORDERED, That the agent be and he is hereby required, immediately after the said twentieth day of

June next, to cause process to issue on the bonds of such debtors as shall neglect to install within the time above limited, and their securities, or to proceed on any execution already issued and served and suspended, or otherwise, as the case may require, for the recovery of the whole principal and interest due from such debtors.

By order, T. JOHNSON, Jan. 10.
NOTICE.

THE debtors to the state of Maryland for real estate property purchased, and others who have installed their debts, and whose installments became due on the first day of December last, and which still remain unpaid, will be pleased to observe, that no process have as yet issued, or will issue, for the recovery thereof, until after the twentieth day of February next. This notice, it is sincerely hoped, will be attended to, it will save the debtor a considerable expense, and the officer the disagreeable task of enforcing the collection. Process will certainly be commenced, without respect to persons, on the twenty-first day of February, against every delinquent.

The several county clerks, who did not make their returns on the first of November last, for fines, forfeitures and amerciaments, put into the sheriffs hands for collection, and their payments for marriage, ordinary, and retailers licences, received by them, will be pleased also to observe, that they are subject to very heavy penalties for neglect of duty, and that any delay to the public will compel me to pursue the direction of the law, unless a speedy compliance is had.

RANDOLPH B. LATIMER.
Annapolis, January 8, 1793.

CONSTANT attendance will be given by the COMMISSIONERS of the federal buildings, or by a person properly authorized by them, at their office in George-town, from the first day of April to the first day of May next, to execute assignments and allotments of lands in the CITY OF WASHINGTON. The proprietors thereof, whose lands have been conveyed in trust, or subjected by the act of assembly, concerning the territory of Columbia and the city of Washington, to the terms and conditions of the deeds in trust, the lands in the city, are requested to attend, that allotments may be made by agreement, for the millioners, after the first day of May, will proceed to make allotments, agreeably to the directions of the above recited act of assembly. The other proprietors are hereby informed, that process will issue on the first day of May next, to have their lands valued, if the same are not conveyed on the usual terms before that time. For the convenience of such, proprietors' deeds will be left at Annapolis, with Mr. Thomas Buchanan; at Baltimore, with Mr. Archibald Robinson; at Upper-Marlborough, with Mr. David Crawford, and at George-town, with

JOHN M. GANTT, Clerk to the commissioners.
George-town, December 4, 1792.

THE COMMISSIONERS of the federal buildings want to employ FOUR SETS of SAWYERS, immediately in the city of Washington; one set to be well acquainted with sawing mahogany. Applications to be made to Mr. JAMES HOBEN, in the city. If the employment will be steady, it may therefore be an object.

George-town, December 5, 1792.

Ten Pounds Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 15th inst. a negro man named WILL, about 23 years of age, five feet nine or ten inches high; had on, when he went away, a round felt hat, olivabrig shirt and trousers, and a coarse cloth over jacket, short and round, he had other cloaths with him, which cannot well be described, he is likely, of a very dark complexion, full faced, and has a remarkable fine set of teeth, he is slow of speech, and rather awkward in his manners, is a tolerable good blacksmith, but has never worked as foreman of a shop; he was formerly the property of Henry May, late of this county, blacksmith. This fellow was taken out of gaol at Alexandria, in Virginia, about eight days ago, but has since made his escape; when he was apprehended he had a forged pass in his possession, and it is expected he may have procured another. Whoever takes up the said negro and brings him to me, or secures him in any gaol so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward.

RICHARD BEARD.
N. B. It is probable this fellow may endeavour to pass for a free man, as there are many free blacks passing about the country; when he went to Alexandria his intention was to have made his escape by water, therefore forewarn all masters of vessels, and others, from harbouring or concealing him at their peril, if they should they may expect to be dealt with agreeably to law.

Anne-Arundel county, June 20, 1792.

THE subscribers hereby forewarn all persons whatever from hunting, with either dog or gun, on the lands in South river neck belonging to the estate of William Sanders, lately deceased.

FREDERICK GREEN.
WILLIAM BROGDEN.
November 26, 1792.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

R O M E
We have received a letter from Vecchia the expected there is a plenipotentiary republic, the pope, orders have been sent to receive of twenty-one guns, attention, and to escort him to the most state, where he will be the pope.

S T O C K H O L M
Circular letter to the president verner of Stockholm, the and the commanders of reg I have this day issued a and superfluity. It is found their pernicious consequences purest intentions. Its effect and I require less the utility in office, than the sincere attached to me and his country in your own house, in your your encouragement, and of you, and at the same private conversations with your college, (the inhabi habitants of the province, to inform them, that I do may, notwithstanding am to present themselves structures, laces, or other shall on all applications of ally examine, whether the ruin of their families, or if its of their station as wives inconveniences which the I diness of the female sex I forced, render some confu their increase.

I remain, with Almu well affectioned, du and master's minor (Signed)

F L O R E N

We have accounts from fact is at present in the 10 ships of war of the ships of war are expected troops. The same acco have requested of the days of buisicuit, and fom

A N T W E

We had the satisfaction frigates and four cutters, their arrival was announ of the ramparts and citi answered by a salute, wh

H A G U

The following is the by the States General, ivered the 22d of Nov relative to the intention the Scheld, and attac made by the latter for for that purpose.

With regard to the es case, that a compliance would be contrary to Holland and Austria, trality which the form demand of the French quashed his highest th admiral-general, to guard ship stationed a refuse the passage, and "that by virtue of t the Scheld."

L O N D

The multitude see in fortifying the town appointed generaliss cretionary powers, all directions round ment when the exc societies, which fity is a general spirit of alty in its true mea visible in every part to inquire into the people meet and star ing where this rebell

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, FEBRUARY 28, 1793.

R O M E, November 9.

✠✠✠✠✠ We have received an express from Civita Vecchia that two French frigates are expected there, on board one of which is a plenipotentiary from the French republic, charged with dispatches for the pope, in consequence of which orders have been sent to receive that minister with a salute of twenty-one guns, to shew him the greatest attention, and to escort him to this place with the utmost state, where he will have a public audience of the pope.

S T O C K H O L M, November 23.

Circular letter to the presidents of colleges, the governor of Stockholm, the governors of provinces, and the commanders of regiments.

I have this day issued a caution against extravagance and superfluity. It is founded on my persuasion of their pernicious consequences, and given with the purest intentions. Its effect depends much on you, and I require less the usual intervention of a person in office, than the sincere assistance of a citizen attached to me and his country: by your own example, in your own house, in your private life, your counsel, your encouragement, and your correction. I expect of you, and at the same time charge you, in your private conversations with the officers and clerics in your college, (the inhabitants of Stockholm, the inhabitants of the province, the officers of your regiment) to inform them, that I do not intend to receive any salary, notwithstanding this my declared will, ven-
to present themselves before me in foreign ma-
nufactures, laces, or other vain finery; also that I shall on all applications of widows for pensions, care-
fully examine, whether they have conducted to the ruin of their families, or if they have fulfilled the duties of their station as wives and mothers. The many inconveniences which the immoderate desires and giddiness of the female sex have in modern times occasioned, render some consideration necessary to prevent their increase.

I remain, with Almighty God graciously, your well affectioned, during my most gracious king and master's minority.

(Signed)

CHARLES.

F L O R E N C E, November 15.

We have accounts from Genoa, that the whole French fleet is at present in the gulph of Spezia; it consists of 20 ships of war of different sizes, besides which 24 ships of war are expected from Toulon with 16,000 troops. The same accounts add, that the French fleet have requested of the Republic 2000 cattle, 4000 bags of biscuit, and some money.

A N T W E R P, December 9.

We had the satisfaction yesterday to see four French frigates and four cutters, well armed, enter our port: their arrival was announced by the firing of the guns of the ramparts and citadel, to which all the vessels answered by a salute, which lasted two hours.

H A G U E, December 14.

The following is the purport of the resolution taken by the States General, in consequence of the note delivered the 22d of November by the Imperial minister, relative to the intention of the French to proceed up the Scheldt, and attack Antwerp, and the request made by the latter for the passage of some armed vessels for that purpose.

With regard to the emperor, the States General declare, that a compliance with the request of the French would be contrary to the treaties subsisting between Holland and Austria, and inconsistent with the neutrality which the former has professed. As to the demand of the French, the States General have requested his highness the prince of Orange and Nassau, admiral-general, to order the commander of the guard ship stationed at the opening of the Scheldt to refuse the passage, and inform the French commander, "that by virtue of treaties no ship of war can enter the Scheldt."

L O N D O N, December 3.

The multitude see hundreds of workmen employed in fortifying the tower. They hear of the lord mayor appointed generalissimo of an armed force, with discretionary powers. They see troops assembling from all directions round the metropolis—and at this moment when the exception of some half dozen obscure societies, which fifty countables could disperse, there is a general spirit of order, industry, and loyalty (loyalty in its true meaning of submission to the laws) visible in every part of the town. Curiosity is excited to inquire into the meaning of all this, and mobs of people meet and stare with stupid anxiety, demanding where this rebellion in disguise is to be found.

Dec. 4. All the exalted characters, members of the Whig Club of England, will this day attend the meeting at the London Tavern, and thereby give the lie to the reports, so industriously circulated, that they are discordant and disunited.

Large quantities of wood were taken into the Royal Exchange on Saturday evening, supposed to be for the intention of building barracks in that neighbourhood.

Great preparations of defence are making at the tower, which is fortifying on all sides. Three hundred artillery-men and engineers have been at work there for the last three days in digging entrenchments, raising parapets, and mounting the cannon on the walls. Some hundreds of old ruin punchcoons have been filled with earth to serve as a barricade, and all the small breaches have been filled up.

Accounts from Cleves, dated November 28, say, that yesterday the king of Prussia marched against Valence and Bournonville, whose advanced posts were near Taerbach. The consequences may be expected to be very serious to the French, as the Prussians moved with the determination to conquer.

Dec. 5. Monday night the attorney and solicitor-general had a further conference, by appointment, with the minister, respecting some intended prosecutions for seditious writings.

The East Kent battalion of militia are now embodied, and the men are assembling with all convenient speed at Canterbury. The West Kent battalion is also assembling at Maidstone.

That part of the Buckinghamshire militia which has been trained in the course of this year, is summoned to attend at Buckingham immediately.

Yesterday major-general Sir William Meadows arrived in town from Bengal; he immediately waited on the minister at his house in Downing-street, with whom he had a private interview.

Yesterday at one o'clock, a full board was held at the admiralty-office, when upwards of twenty captains and lieutenants received commissions. The board broke up at an early hour, adjourned till this day.

The committee appointed to examine the papers lately found in the Tuilleries, are said to have discovered proofs, so convincing, of the corruption of Mirabeau, that it will be necessary to expel him from the Pantheon. The bishop of Autun, Delellant, Chapellier, and Saint Poy, are also named in this criminal list.

A letter from Cadiz mentions that Bowles, the Cherokee chief, who had been confined in the common gaol of that city, for nearly four months, and had been sentenced to death for the depredations committed by him at New-Orleans, was at length liberated.

Dec. 10. The London Gazette, of December 8, contains his majesty's proclamation, prohibiting the exportation of corn.

And rewards of 100l. for the apprehending of John Terence Frost, of Westminster, and Sampson Perry, of Westminster; the first for scandalous, wicked, malicious and seditious words of and concerning his present majesty, and the constitution of the realm; and the latter for having printed and published a false, scandalous, wicked, malicious and seditious libel. Both rewards to be paid by the solicitor of his majesty's treasury.

On Saturday last their royal highnesses the prince of Wales and duke of York were in the tower all the morning, and in company with several general officers and engineers, together with the governor of the tower and officers of the guards and artillery on duty there, inspected the state of defence into which the tower has been put, at which their royal highnesses expressed their satisfaction. The princes breakfasted with the officers, during which the music played and the soldiers sung God save the King. After breakfast their royal highnesses viewed the armories, ordnance, regalia, and mint, and concluded by visiting the lions. The princes at quitting the tower, expressed their satisfaction at the attention shewn them, and seemed much pleased at their morning's amusement. Their royal highnesses treated the soldiers with beer, &c.

Yesterday an order was issued from the war-office for the whole army of Great-Britain to be augmented ten men a company, cavalry as well as infantry.

This morning several evil-minded persons were taken into custody for defacing and pulling down the proclamation and bills, which were stuck up at different parts of the town.

Mrs. Pinckney, lady of the American minister, was presented to her majesty, in form, by lady Grenville.

Dec. 13. The report circulated last week, that the duke of Sutherland had acknowledged the new republic of France, is without foundation.

The frigates that have sailed from Portsmouth, are to cruise it is said, at the mouth of the Scheldt; if so, the die is cast, for the evident intention of their cruising there, must be to prevent vessels from navigating that river; and as the French have dispatched vessels

to convey provisions up that river to Antwerp, the question of war may be brought to a speedy issue, and the parliament of England be saved the trouble of discussing the question.

Extract of a letter from Ramsgate, December 10.

"Wind at W. brought in by Deal-men to refit; the Governor Rowdoin, an American East-Indianman, captain Edward Dawes, of Boston, from Boston to Ostend, with tea, &c. having sprung her rudder, lost several sails, an anchor and cable."

Dec. 14. The king of France went to the convention in a carriage drawn by two horses only, the glasses of which were down. A solemn silence prevailed during his whole passage from the temple to the convention, which took up nearly the space of an hour: so great was the number of armed, that the populace collected on the occasion could scarcely be supposed to see the procession.

According to a published account by the mayor, the procureur de la commune, and the secretary recorder, who were commissioned to convey the king from the temple to the convention, and other information, the following appears to have been the conduct of Louis: "Arrived at the temple (say our narrators) we comported ourselves as we conceived consistent with the dignity of officers representing the sovereign people." The king was informed of their mission, and desired to walk down stairs; they addressed him by the name of Louis Capet. "I am not usually called Louis Capet, said he; my ancestors, indeed, bore that name, but it never was applied to me; however, it matters not; your behaviour in this agrees exactly with what I have experienced these four months past!" The mayor, without making any reply, desired him again to descend. This he immediately did; and being seated in the carriage appointed to convey him, he pronounced not a single word till he reached the convention; there, however, while cruelly kept in waiting, he could not forbear observing that he thought himself very hardly dealt with; the more particularly so, as the time there wasted was lost to the society of his beloved son, the only comfort in life which now remained for him.

After he retired from the bar of the convention, in a chamber adjoining, he took, by way of refreshment, declaring himself exhausted, a small piece of bread. It was then five o'clock. He again entered the carriage, but did not speak much on his return. The multitude were at that time as great as on his passage to the convention, but generally orderly; some voices, however, were heard to mingle with the cries of *Vive la Nation, Vive la Republique*, that of "*To death!*" He was conveyed to his apartment at half after six, where, before the mayor left him, he pressed for a speedy answer to his demand of counsel to plead his cause. This he is said to have done with considerable agitation. The mayor answered, he had executed his commission, and could say no more; however, he added, that he had no doubt that the convention would accede to his wish, as far as was proper.

The king has chose for his council either M. Target or M. Tronchet, or both; and the convention in consequence passed a decree on Wednesday, admitting a freedom of choice, and permitting Target and Tronchet to have communications with him.

Some military proceedings of general Anselme's army were reported in the sitting of the convention of Wednesday, December 12.

Paris remains tranquil.

Dec. 20. Last week the dissenters of Birmingham sent a present of 500l. to doctor Priestly, which the doctor has since returned, with a very polite letter, expressive of his gratitude, saying, he thinks they have sufficiently suffered; and that he has received such a number of presents from various quarters, and particularly from members of the established church, as amount already to more than a compensation for all his losses.

MILITARY EMIGRANTS.

A party of French recruits, intended for the service of M. M. d'Artois and Conde, have been landed in England, under the following circumstances:

They were enlisted in the south of France for the French princes, and are partly deserters from regiments of the line, and partly other persons. Having passed secretly into Spain, they were mustered in one of the ports there, and embarked on board a ship for Flanders, through which they were to march to Liege or Coblenz. Their vessel came in view of Ostend, within a few hours after the French republican flag had been hoisted there; the captain immediately changed his course for England; and here has landed his passengers.

The men in number, we are told, amount to three or four hundred, are now chiefly in London, and in the greatest distress. They have found their way, however, to the bishop of St. Pol de Leon, who was once in the army, and under whom one of them has served. By his means they will probably receive some immediate assistance, after which they will proceed for their original destination.

The Royal George.

Some ingenious experiments are making at present, by two clever mechanics, to raise the Royal George, which have been attended with infinite success. Several guns, pistols, bayonets, &c. have been taken from the wreck; and by means of a lantern, which keeps lighted under water, the diver can see the situation of the ship, and examine every thing on deck. It is intended to lighten the vessel as much as possible, before the grand effort is made to raise her from the deep. Should the parties be successful, of which they have the most sanguine hopes, they will clear at least 20,000, by their industry. The cannon are brass, which will sustain little injury; and there is, besides the usual materials, a great quantity of specie on board. —Bets are now offered, that this ship will be aloft before the expiration of the ensuing year.

A letter was read in the national assembly of France, on the 2d instant, from a commissioner on board the fleet before Genoa, informing the convention, that the Genoese were about to assert their rights, and make themselves free. The presence of the French squadron gives them courage, and they ardently wish to be united to France.

Ruhl, in the name of the reigning prince Frederick de Salm Korboung, prince of the state of Epire, and a citizen of France, announced to the convention, that that prince acknowledged the sovereignty of the people; that he considered his former subjects now in no other light than that of fellow-citizens, of friends, and all his children, and requested the assistance of the French towards abolishing in his estates, the fanaticism of priests and monks, and personal servitude.

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) December 6.

The Tankerville packet, which arrived here the 3d instant, spoke the Dutton East-Indiaman, homeward bound, and having on board 310 tons of sugar. General Meadows was a passenger, and had perfectly recovered. No particular news.

Dec. 7. Two other East-India ships were to follow the Dutton, mentioned in our yesterday's paper, each having on board 300 tons of sugar.

Dec. 15. The French ship Ladoraine, which failed from this port on Sunday last, is totally lost off Cape Tibourn. Two white men, a white woman and child, with six negroes, are drowned. The remainder of the crew and passengers, numbering eight persons, were picked up by captain Rofs, and are safe arrived. On board this ship was a quantity of merchandise and 10,000 dollars.

St. JOHN'S, (Antigua) November 12.

An attempt has been lately made at Martinico to burn the Firme, a French 74 gun ship, but it was fortunately discovered before the fire could do any damage.

Dec. 17. Several French ladies arrived here yesterday from Guadaloupe; they bring accounts of the total desertion of the women and children from the towns, in consequence of the violent commotions at present subsisting there; that as many of them as possible are quitting the island, but that not a single man will be suffered to leave it. The aristocrats, who are by far the strongest party, have issued a proclamation declaring their intention of defending themselves to the last against any national force that may be sent out against them, and that if all should fail, they are determined to fire the towns and blow up the forts.

Dec. 18. A smart shock of an earthquake was felt in this island about twenty-five minutes past seven o'clock on Saturday evening last. It was of very short duration, and its direction seemed to be from north to south.

NEW-YORK, February 13.

Captain Snow, who arrived at Boston on the 6th instant, and in twenty seven days from Martinico, informs, that on the day he failed, a capitulation had been agreed upon that the national flag of France, should be substituted in room of the aristocratic flag, the next day; and that on the same day the flag was hoisted at Guadaloupe. That the downfall of the late spirit of rebellion was complete, and that the market for American produce was good.

The London Chronicle of November 29, 1792, gives the following notice from the commissioners of the royal hospital of Greenwich, "that the light-house on the North-Foreland has been repaired, considerably heightened, and a lantern fixed thereon, in which on the first of next month, will be shewn a new improved light, with argand lamps, reflectors and lenses."

A letter from London mentions the following as to the prices of American stocks, on the 12th December.

Six per cents	105
Three per cents	93
Deferred	66

A Panther, (or Cat-a-Mount) was lately killed in Salisbury, in the state of New Hampshire. The skin has been stuffed; the tail was about two feet and a half long, and from the nose to the end of the tail, nearly eight feet. From what part of the distant forest this dreadful animal strayed is unknown—it was of the male species. —He was followed by his track in the snow, by a Mr. Calfe, who discovered him partly under an old root, and discharged a musket ball and three buck shot into the hind part of his body, unperceived—the animal leaped several rods and expired.

Mr. Erskine we find, was escorted by men, not horses, from Guildhall, after defending the Rights of Man—it is said, there were 10,000 loyal subjects in the train!!!

We are credibly informed, that there is a letter in town, giving an account of a very numerous meeting

at Birmingham, England, who, after having dressed in an ASS in royal robes, and paid it all manner of loyal obsequies, in the evening resolved unanimously, "That they would no longer be governed by an ass"—and immediately beheaded him.

The ambassador of France at Naples, has received orders to retire from that capital.

ANNAPOLIS, February 28.

One of the Annapolis packets on Friday last, on her way to Baltimore, unfortunately overboard the mouth of the river, by which unhappy accident nine out of ten persons, one only being saved, lost their lives, to wit: Mr. Thomas Pryle, saddler, Mr. John Rofs, Mr. John Hammond and Mr. Benjamin Buckland, cabinet-makers, Mr. Thomas Garibon and Mr. William Lockerman, owners of the vessel, and Mr. James Jennings, all of this city, Mr. Thomas Coats of Greenbury's point, and a negro boy.

On Saturday last, Mr. Thomas Dapce, of this city, platterer, being at work on the inside of the dome of the Stadt-houfe, and making a false step, fell to the floor, and died in a few hours afterwards.

Mr. Henry Voigt, watchmaker, of Philadelphia, is appointed by the president, with the advice and content of the senate, principal coiner to the mint of the United States.

"On Tuesday the 12th of this month, departed this life, at George-town, in Montgomery county, in the 30th year of her age, after a long and tedious illness, which she sustained with uncommon patience and resignation, Mrs. ELIZABETH KING, wife of Mr. WILLIAM KING. Such was the mildness of temper, the gentleness of manners, and the many amiable qualities, of this truly deserving woman, that she was universally beloved by all who had the happiness to be acquainted with her, more particularly by her relations and friends, who unite in sympathetic sadness on this affecting occasion—that has bereaved a disconsolate husband of an affectionate wife, and a little dutiful daughter of a tender parent, and the community of a valuable member."

To the CITIZENS of ANNAPOLIS.

A REPORT is in circulation, (but I will not undertake to answer for the truth of it) that the SMALL-POX is to be introduced into this city, by inoculation, about the beginning of the ensuing month.

I think it will be well for those who so intend (if there be such an intention) to consider well the propriety of putting it in practice.

The weather, in the month of March, is more variable and uncertain than it is in any month of the year, and, for that reason, I should think it the most improper for this purpose. Frequently in the course of one day, nay in a few hours, we experience the effects of the four seasons. The most healthy and robust persons often feel the evil influence of these effects. What then must be the situation of those who are in a state of preparation to receive that disorder, and especially those who are actually under its operation? I confess myself but little acquainted with the nature of the small-pox, or the state of the patient when preparing for it; but if it be a case within the reach of common sense and common observation, I will venture to pronounce his condition very hazardous, more liable to take cold, and less able to bear the ill consequences of it. This remark appears to me to be reasonable, let parents and others reflect on it.

The change that has taken place in our climate, in the spring season, for some years past, has been considerable. This we all know. That genial air which revives torpid nature, gives vigour to man and animals, and breathes life into the vegetable tribes, is now seldom felt before the latter end of April or the beginning of May. At that season every garden and field will hold out assistance to the physician, and comfort to the patient; and, as our unhappy lot makes it necessary to bring voluntary diseases upon ourselves and our dependents, we should, in my opinion, chuse that time to undergo them when it can be done with most safety and least suffering.

By a law of the corporation, there are only two months in the year in which this disorder cannot be introduced into the town by inoculation, the months of July and August. The spring, I suppose, is preferred by every one to the fall and winter months. As the month of March is, I think, certainly an improper season, and April, or a great part of it, a very doubtful one, we have only the months of May and June, and perhaps half of April at most, left. Now, Fellow Citizens, I submit it to your good sense and feelings (for you must have feelings on this occasion) in what part of the above period you will determine to have your families inoculated. In this the wisdom and humanity of the gentlemen of the faculty, I trust, will be your surest directors.

I have thrown these few remarks together on a subject that I have already professed I have no other acquaintance with, than what a plain capacity can furnish on an obvious matter, at least it appears so to me. They who have had more experience, and are otherwise better qualified to judge, than I can pretend to be, will be your best advisers. I wish you to follow the best advice; but in deciding on this point, should those who differ from me, offer their sentiments to you, they are bound, I think, to prove, to your satisfaction, that the small-pox is really unlike other disorders, that sudden and frequent changes from cold to heat, from rain to snow, from a dry and serene to a damp and cloudy sky, have no influence upon the human frame in this state of sickness and debility. Should this be done, I shall confess myself mistaken; but unless this be done, I think it will be the height of indiscretion, to say the least of it, in you, so manifest-

ly to risk the lives and constitutions of yourselves, your children and dependents.

A CITIZEN.

February 26, 1793.

Since writing the above, I have been informed that a subscription paper is handing about to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city this season. Of this I shall only say, that the citizens have a right to determine for themselves. They alone are interested in the matter. But should that measure fail, I submit it to their consideration, whether some time between the middle of May and the first of June will not be the most seasonable time for inoculation; if we pursue that conduct, the jurors, and others, who have business at the general court, which is to meet the second Tuesday of the month, will be freed from any apprehension on that head, and of course will give their attendance. I mention this now, it did not occur to me before; however the citizens will act as they think best.

To be SOLD, on credit, At Private Sale,

THAT valuable and well improved FARM, late the residence of Mr. WILLIAM ATKINSON, deceased, pleasantly situated on West river, in Anne Arundel county, containing 419 1/2 acres. There is on this farm a genteel dwelling house, in complete order for the immediate reception of a family, and also every necessary out-building. The land is well watered, and has on it a well of very good water; 85 bushels of wheat were seeded on it last fall. The purchaser may have the stock on the plantation upon reasonable terms. Possession will be given in time to go on with a crop. For further particulars inquire of

F. GREEN, } Executors.

J. CLAPHAM, }

All persons having claims against the estate of Mr. William Atkinson, are earnestly requested to make them known immediately, and those indebted to make speedy payment, to the executors.

THE subscriber will sell, upon a credit of three years, a valuable lot of GROUND, containing four acres, in the town of Lower Marlborough. This lot is well improved with a framed dwelling house with brick chimneys at each end, and two rooms below and above stairs, and an excellent well with stone walls under the house. There are also upon the lot a framed store house, a stable and some fruit trees. The lot is situated upon Patuxent river, and has the privilege of having wharfs extended into the river. He has for sale, upon the same credit, two other lots of ground, adjoining each other, upon one of which stood the public inspecting house, and where there is at present a tolerable good wharf. Captain Thomas Harwood, who resides in the town, will shew the lots to any person inclined to purchase, who, for further terms, may apply to me at the mouth of Patuxent river, in Calvert county.

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

To the PUBLIC. PROPOSALS For Establishing a Circulating Library

In the City OF ANNAPOLIS.

THE utility of so extensive a library, as this is proposed to be, for profit and pleasure, as well for the citizens as the students at this grand seminary of learning, needs no comment.

It is proposed that books shall be purchased, to compose the library, in Europe, to the amount of ten guineas, that they shall consist of the latest editions of law, physics, divinity, history, science, essays, and works of eminent writers, purchased to the best advantage, and the librarian shall covenant to add to the library books to the amount of ten guineas annually, at his own expence, such as the trustees shall think proper to direct.

There shall be 100 subscribers at ten guineas each, payable on the arrival of the books, and establishment of the library, and each of the subscribers shall be entitled, for the said subscription, to read the books of the library for ten successive years. Every subscriber shall have the privilege of transferring his interest in the library at any time.

The library shall be duly attended by Joseph Clark, his heirs or assigns.

The books purchased shall be the property of the subscribers for the ten successive years; at the end of that period they shall become the property of Joseph Clark, his heirs or assigns. A compensation for ten years services as agent and librarian.

The terms that the subscribers shall be furnished with books from the library, and all other business relative thereto, shall be by the direction of a committee of three trustees, to be chosen immediately after the subscription is made up, and they are to be annually rechosen from among the subscribers by a majority of their voices.

A room shall be fitted up, and taken care of, in the city of Annapolis, at the expence of the subscribers, sufficiently commodious to contain all the books, for the use of the subscribers. A printed catalogue shall be prepared for each subscriber.

A general catalogue, to be made out by the first appointed trustees, shall be as far as possible completed.

JOSEPH CLARK.

Annapolis, February 27, 1793.

ANNAPOLIS, EVERY person having any estate of THOMAS DAWSON, is requested to present it lawfully and

It is expected he has left a few debts, and this mode is pursued and trouble of administration.

CITY OF WASHINGTON NUMBER of LOTS offered for SALE at auction, on the 17th of the month, the fourth part of the proceeds, the residue in these lots, which yearly interest on the whole

JOHN

Extract of an act of the general land, "concerning the territory of the city of Washington."

"Be it enacted, That any lot, hereafter to be made, that part of the said territory, in the same manner as is made; and the same lands may be transmitted to, and be relations, as if he and they were provided, That no foreigner be entitled to any other or further

In CHANCERY.

ON the application to the in writing, of JOHN, debtor, praying the relief of sundry insolvent debts to the said act, to deliver all his property, real, which he in any way entitled, and a schedule of his certain, on oath, being made is thereupon by the chancery, that the said John, in the chancery, on the second day of taking, in the presence of the said John, on the oath by the said act, his property as aforesaid, he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of the Maryland Gazette at February next, and containing the same, to be published. Test. X SAM R

On TUESDAY the 26th

offered to the highest bidder

THE subscribers PL Arundel county, containing thirty-five acres, three acres, and some household furniture will be sold on three years bond with approval annually.

On THURSDAY the 26th

offered to the highest bidder

of ELISHA GREEN, deceased, in Prince-George's county

TWENTY-ONE val

of different sexes

of horses, cattle,

old furniture and plantation

of the said-deceased

JACOB

by virtue of a decree of

of Maryland, will be

PUBLIC AUCTION,

next.

A VALUABLE tract

county, within the

part of the estate of the

contains 300 acres of land

woods; the soil is well

wood; there are on the

ing house, with four rooms

farm house, a good barn

and other out buildings

very, and a great quantity

ground. The terms of

other pay down the cash

into bonds for the

payments, with interest

The creditors of the

desired to lodge their

chancery-office, or with

the 15th day of July

NATHANIEL

JOHN SCOTT

Kent county, 10th

NOTICE is hereby

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March, 1785, for mar

February 12, 1793

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JOSEPH CLARK.
93.

ANNAPOLES, February 27, 1793.
EVERY person having any legal claim against the estate of THOMAS DANCE, deceased, are requested to present it lawfully authenticated, to JOSEPH CLARK.
It is expected he has left a sufficiency to pay his just debts, and this mode is pursued to save the expence and trouble of administration.
JOSEPH CLARK.

CITY OF WASHINGTON, January 7, 1793.
NUMBER OF LOTS in this city, will be offered for SALE at auction, by the COMMISSIONERS, on the seventeenth day of September next. One fourth part of the purchase money is to be paid down, the residue in three equal annual payments, with yearly interest on the whole principal unpaid.
JOHN M. GANTT, Clerk to the commissioners.

Extract of an act of the general assembly of Maryland, "concerning the territory of Columbia and the city of Washington."
"Be it enacted, That any foreigner may by deed or will, hereafter to be made, take and hold lands within that part of the said territory which lies within this state, in the same manner as if he was a citizen of this state; and the same lands may be conveyed by him, and transmitted to, and be inherited by his heirs or relations, as if he and they were citizens of this state: Provided, That no foreigner shall, in virtue hereof, be entitled to any other or further privilege of a citizen."

In CHANCERY, January 24, 1793.
ON the application to the chancellor, by a petition in writing, of JOHN BURGESS, an insolvent debtor, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and offering, agreeably to the said act, to deliver up, to the use of his creditors, all his property, real, personal, and mixed, to which he is any way entitled, and a list of his creditors, and a schedule of his property, so far as he can ascertain, on oath, being annexed to the said petition; it is thereupon by the chancellor adjudged and ordered, that the said John Burgess appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, on the second day of April next, for the purpose of taking, in the presence of such of his creditors as shall attend in person, or by their agents or attorneys, the oath by the said act prescribed for delivering up his property as aforesaid, and that in the mean time he give notice to his creditors of his application aforesaid, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette at any time before the sixth day of February next, and continued therein four weeks successively.
Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

On TUESDAY the 26th February next, will be offered to the highest bidder, on the premises, THE SUBSCRIBERS PLANTATION in Anne Arundel county, containing about nine hundred and thirty-five acres, thirty valuable country born slaves, and some household furniture. The above property will be sold on three years credit, the purchasers giving bond with approved security, paying interest annually.
JACOB GREEN.

On THURSDAY the 14th March, will also be offered to the highest bidder, at the late dwelling of ELISHA GREEN, deceased, on Patuxent river, in Prince-George's county, on the above terms, TWENTY-ONE valuable country born SLAVES, of different sexes and ages, together with all the flock of horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs, the household furniture and plantation utensils, belonging to the estate of the said-deceased.
JACOB GREEN, Administrator.

By virtue of a decree of the honourable the chancellor of Maryland, will be SOLD, on the premises, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the first day of March next, A VALUABLE tract of LAND, lying in Kent county, within three miles of Chester town, part of the estate of the late John Gleave; this farm contains 500 acres of land; about 200 acres of it in woods; the soil is well adapted to wheat, corn and tobacco; there are on the premises a large brick dwelling house, with four rooms on a floor, a brick kitchen, a farm house, a good barn, stables, blacksmith's shop and other out buildings; a valuable shed and herring dory, and a great abundance of natural meadow ground. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser either pay down the cash, or with two good securities enter into bonds for the payment within five years, at installments, with interest from the day of sale.
The creditors of the late JOHN GLEAVE, are required to lodge their claims legally proved, in the chancery-office, or with the subscribers on or before the fifteenth day of July next.
NATHANIEL COMEGYS, Trustees.
JOHN SCOTT, Trustees.
Kent county, 10th January, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to apply to the next Anne-Arundel county court, for a commission to mark and bound every seven courses of a tract of land called CURTIS, situate and being in the county aforesaid, agreeably to an act of assembly, passed November 1791, for marking and bounding lands.
JAMES WALKER,
SAMUEL GODMAN.
February 12, 1793.

To be SOLD, on Thursday the 7th day of March next, at the dwelling plantation of JOHN DEALE, in the Swamp.

SEVERAL country born SLAVES, consisting of men, women and children, taken in execution as the property of John Deale, and to be sold to satisfy a debt due to Richard Darnall, executor of Henry Darnall. The terms will be cash. The sale to begin at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.
Wm. GOLDSMITH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.
February 13th, 1793.

For SALE.
By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be SOLD, for CASH only, on Wednesday the 13th of March next, upon the premises

A TRACT or parcel of land, the property of JOSEPH BARSON, containing about 250 acres, mostly cleared, lying in Kent county, and situate on the main road leading from Chester-town to Georgetown, and about seven miles from the former; there are on said place, a convenient dwelling and out houses, a small apple orchard, several acres of meadow land, through which passes two fine streams of water, emptying themselves into the mill pond of the late col. Perkins. The sale to begin at eleven o'clock. Attendance will be given, by PHILIP REED, Sheriff.
February 9, 1793.

For SALE.
By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, will be SOLD, for CASH only, on Thursday the 14th of March next, upon the premises, A TRACT of land, the property of PEREGRINE COOPER, containing about 170 acres, lying in Kent county, situate about seven miles from Chester-town, and in the neighbourhood of the mills of the late col. Perkins and John Willson; there are on said place, a dwelling and out houses, a peach and apple orchard, several acres of mowable meadow, through which passes a fine stream of water. The sale will begin at eleven o'clock. Attendance given, by PHILIP REED, Sheriff.
February 9, 1793.

In CHANCERY, February 16, 1793.
ON the application to the chancellor, by a petition in writing, of WILLIAM WORTHINGTON, an insolvent debtor, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and offering, agreeably to the said act, to deliver up, to the use of his creditors, all his property, real, personal, and mixed, to which he is any way entitled, and a list of his creditors, and a schedule of his property, so far as he can ascertain, on oath, being annexed to the said petition; it is thereupon by the chancellor adjudged and ordered, that the said William Worthington appear before the chancellor, in the chancery-office, in the city of Annapolis, on the eighth day of April next, for the purpose of taking, in the presence of such of his creditors as shall attend in person, or by their agents or attorneys, the oath by the said act prescribed for delivering up his property as aforesaid, and that in the mean time he give notice to his creditors of his application aforesaid, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette any time before the eighth day of March next, and continued therein four weeks successively.
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

Dancing School.
JAMES ROBARDET returns his most grateful sense of gratitude to those ladies and gentlemen of Annapolis who honoured him last summer, at his school, with their presence; he respectfully informs them, and the public, that his school will be opened again on the first of April next. Those ladies and gentlemen who will honour him at his school, may rest assured that the greatest attention will be paid to the improvement of his pupils.
February 20, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next Anne-Arundel county court, by the vestry of Saint Margaret's Westminster parish, for a commission to mark and bound the lines of a tract or parcel of land called LUCK and IRON STONE HILLS, the glebe-land belonging to said parish, situate, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly, passed November session, 1786, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.
By order, CHARLES WATERS, Register.
February 6, 1793.

Bank of Maryland.
NOTICE is hereby given to the STOCKHOLDERS in the BANK OF MARYLAND, that, agreeably to charter, an election for twelve DIRECTORS, for the year ensuing, will be held at the Fountain-Inn, on Thursday the seventh day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
By order of the President and Directors, EBENEZER MACKIE, Cashier.
Baltimore, February 4, 1793.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Upper Marlborough, if not taken up before the first of April, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

CHARLES ALLEN, Huntington creek, Calvert county.
Lingan Borsler, near Upper Marlborough, Prince-George's county.
William Berry, Prince-George's county, Maryland, Joseph Byas.
Doctr. Richard H. Coats, Prince-George's county.
John Chamberlain, at Doctr. Colmore Beanes, Patuxent, Maryland.
Right Rev. Doctr. Clagett, Upper Marlborough.
Mrs. Sally Crauford, Green-Wood Park.
Capt. Thomas Cole, ship Cincinnati, Lower Marlborough.
Edward Hall Duval, Anne-Arundel county, care of Saml. Green.
Zadock Duval, near Upper Marlborough.
Robert Darnall, Esq; Poplar Hill, Prince-George's county.
John Debut, Esq; — Hall, Patuxent.
Edward Edeline, Piscataway, Prince-George's county.
John Fisher, to the care of Joseph Nesbit, West Nottingham.
William Graham, merchant, Lower Marlborough, Maryland.
Thomas Glisson, Prince-George's county.
Capt. John Hamdy, snow Minerva, care of capt. Dorsett.
James Hollyday, Esq; Queen-Anne's county, Maryland.
Henry Hardy, Esq; Maryland, Prince-George's county, Piscataway.
John Henry Hall, Upper Marlborough.
Robert Lamar, Queen-Anne, Maryland.
Mrs. Sarah A. Lyles, Calvert county, Maryland.
Miss Peggy Murdock, Queen-Anne.
Miss Becky Murdock, Queen-Anne.
The Rev. Joseph Messenger, Doctr. St. John's Parish, Prince-George's county.
Mrs. Selba Pownall, Prince-George's county.
Doctr. — Pottenger, Prince-Georges's county, care of John Snowden.
Thomas Pownall, Upper Marlborough, Prince-George's county.
Mrs. Margaret Rogers, Upper Marlborough.
John Stone, joiner, Hollowing Point, Maryland.
Doctr. Clement Smith, Queen-Anne, Prince-George's county, 2 letters.
Capt. Peter Sharp, of ship Nancy, Lower Marlborough, 2 letters.
Edward L. Wailes, Esq; near Magruder's warehouse, Prince-George's county.
Mess. Joseph Wilkinson, & Co. merchants, Queen-Anne, Patuxent river.
SAM. HAMILTON, D. P. M. Upper Marlborough.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to apply to the next Anne-Arundel county court, for a commission to prove the lines and bounds of the following tracts or parcels of land, to wit: TIMBER NECK, GOOSEBILLS ADVENTURE, VACANT LANE, and the HAPPY CHOICE, situate, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly in such case made and provided for the marking and bounding of lands.
DORSEY JACOB, VACHEL GAITHER.
February 2, 1793.

In CHANCERY, January 30, 1793.
ON application to the chancellor, by a petition in writing, of EDMUND WAYMAN, of Montgomery county, an insolvent debtor, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and offering to deliver up, to the use of his creditors, all his property, real, personal, and mixed, to which he is any way entitled, and a list of his creditors, and a schedule of his property, so far as he can ascertain, on oath, being annexed to the said petition; it is thereupon by the chancellor ordered, that the said Edmund appear before him, in the chancery-office, in the city of Annapolis, on the thirteenth day of March next, for the purpose of taking, in the presence of such of his creditors as shall attend in person, or by their agents or attorneys, the oath by the said act prescribed for delivering up his property as aforesaid, and that in the mean time he give notice to his creditors of his application aforesaid, by either causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette at least four times before the said thirteenth of March, or by serving a copy of this order on each of his creditors, or on so many of them as can be served therewith, or on their agents or attorneys, at any time before the first day of March next.
Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the adjourned Anne-Arundel county orphan court will meet on Tuesday the 12th day of March next.
By order, JOHN GASSAWAY, Reg. Wills Anne-Arundel county.
February 20, 1793.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.
RAN away from the subscriber, a negro man named ADAM, he had on when he went away, a searought waistcoat, and a pair of white cotton breeches. Whoever brings him home will receive the above reward, from JOHN BRICE.
Annapolis, February 19, 1793.

SETH SWEETSER,

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has moved to the house lately occupied by Mr. STEPHEN CLARK, next door but one to where he formerly lived, where he intends carrying on his business in all its various branches, in the neatest and most fashionable manner, and on the lowest terms, as he has lately received a fresh supply of Morocco leather of different colours, suitable for ladies slippers, boot legs and bend soles, of the best quality, and is determined to carry on his business with the greatest punctuality and dispatch. He returns his sincere thanks to his friends and customers for the encouragement he has already received since his commencement in business; he hopes by his attention and punctuality to merit the custom of those who please to favour him with their commands.

He has also for sale,

New-England sole leather, bend soles, a general assortment of shoemakers tools, gentlemen's plated and plain boot buckles, shoe ditto, bell blacking ball and brushes for cleaning boots and shoes, coffee, candles, soap, butter, and rosin. Orders for any of the above-mentioned articles will be thankfully received and duly attended to.

N. B. Two or three JOURNEYMEN are immediately wanted; application to be made as above.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away, on the seventh day of January last, a negro man named JEM, about twenty-eight years of age, five feet nine or ten inches high, well made, and has one of his upper fore teeth out, which may be easily discovered when he speaks or laughs; had on when he went away, a felt hat, cotton jacket, with a blue collar or cape, a cotton pair of breeches, of nabrig shirt, and country made shoes and stockings. Whoever takes up said negro, and delivers him to the subscriber, near Port-Tobacco, in Charles county, or secures him in goal, shall receive FOUR DOLLARS REWARD if in the county, and if out of the county the above reward, including what the law allows.

SAMUEL M'PHERSON.

February 7, 1793.

St. Mary's county, Clement's Bay, February 5, 1793. TAKEN up as a stray, a bright bay MARE, about thirteen hands high, has a long snip on her nose, and a star in her forehead, no perceivable brand. The owner is desirous to prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

JOHN B. CARBERRY.

Anne-Arundel county, Herring-Bay, January 15th, 1793.

The subscriber offers at PRIVATE SALE, the following VALUABLE ESTATES, viz.

PARTS of SILVER STONE and MAJOR'S CHOICE, being on Fishing creek, and full in view of the Chesapeake Bay, containing about three hundred and fifty acres of as rich heavy timbered LAND as any in the state; two thirds of which is covered with heavy wood, the remainder is in cultivation, which will readily produce 50,000 pounds of fine tobacco, per annum, added to this advantage, the land cultivated for small grain is extremely rich; several acres of these valuable tracts are now in meadow, and produce as fine grass, and as great quantity as any place in the world; much more land (at a trifling expence) may be made into meadow equal in goodness; it affords the desirable advantage of most excellent fish, oysters, and wild fowl, in their season; the improvements are an overseer's house, several negro quarters, three tobacco houses, corn house, &c. all in good repair. Its inestimable value and agreeable situation, renders every other encomium unnecessary.

—ALSO—

One other tract of LAND, containing about three hundred and eighty-five acres, lying on Herring-Bay, upwards of one hundred acres of which are covered with heavy timber, the soil of this valuable tract is peculiarly adapted to the growth of fine tobacco, and yields small grain in abundance, about fifteen acres are now in meadow, which produce a great crop and a considerable quantity of low ground, which can be easily made into meadow so as to yield as much as the other, which no spot can excel. This place has also the advantage of fish, oysters, and wild fowl, in their season, and is situated in an agreeable neighbourhood. The above lands lie about twenty miles from the seat of government, and about fifty from Baltimore-town, to which places the proprietors can readily convey to market (by water) the produce of these fertile lands. A part of the purchase must be paid in cash, the residue will be made easy on giving bond with security. Possession to take place immediately, when an indisputable title will be given to the purchaser. The above tracts lie within two miles of each other, both of which places have a sufficient quantity of salt-marsh, to support stock.

RICHARD CHEW.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to apply to the next Anne-Arundel county court, for a commission to mark and bound the lines of a tract or parcel of land called BOND'S FOREST, situate, lying and being in the county aforesaid, agreeable to an act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

MORDECAI RIDGELY,
JOHN WILLIAMS.

February 12, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, THAT all persons having claims against the estate of JOHN HENRY MACCUBBIN, late deceased, are requested to bring them in legally authenticated and proved, and those who are indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate settlement.

ANNE MACCUBBIN, Adm'x.

PLANS
OF THE
City of Washington,
To be SOLD, at the
PRINTING-OFFICE,
Price, half a Dollar.

S C H E M E OF WILLIAM ALLEIN'S LAND, &c. LOTTERY.

No. 1, 1 Prize of 529 acres of woodland lying on Bennet's creek, in Montgomery and Frederick counties, within thirty miles of the federal city, 793 10 0
2, 1 ditto of 20 acres of valuable land, mostly wood, lying and adjoining the waters about three miles from Lower-Marlborough, 320 0 0
3, 1 ditto of 20 acres of land adjoining No. 2, all wood, 200 0 0
4, 1 ditto of 10 ditto ditto 100 0 0
5, 1 ditto of 10 ditto ditto 100 0 0
6, 1 ditto of 10 ditto ditto 100 0 0
7, 1 ditto of 10 ditto ditto 100 0 0
1 ditto of 100 dollars cash, 37 10 0
21 ditto of 8 ditto each ditto, 63 0 0
145 ditto of 8 ditto, payable in genuine Scotch snuff at 4s. per pound in bottles, 435 0 0
First drawn blank, 1 0 0
473 Prizes. £. 2250 0 0
577 Blanks.
750 Tickets, at £. 3 each, £. 2250 0 0

M A N A G E R S.

John Muir, Annapolis; Benjamin Stoddert, Georgetown; James Belt, Queen-Anne; John Brooke, Upper-Marlborough; Thomas Tillard, Pig-Point; Robert Bowie, Nottingham; Trueman Compton, Magruder's; John Forbes, Benedict; James Somerville, Thomas Harwood, junior, Joseph Wilkinson, William Grubbs, Peter Emmerfon, Charles Williamson, John Chesley, Thomas Parran, Henry Hunt, Calvert county; of whom tickets may be had, and of all the merchants on Patuxent.

No. 1, contains all woodland, Bennet's creek running through it, and lies within thirty miles of the federal city, fully worth the estimated amount. 2 to 7 contains very valuable land lying near the town of Lower-Marlborough, where wood commands 20s. per cord, the cartage to the water little more than half a mile from the extent of the land, and each lot to have the privilege of a cart way to the water. Deeds, with general warranties, to be made for the land. Plots of the land may be seen with each of the managers. The cash prizes to be paid on demand; the snuff warranted genuine and good, and to be delivered at Lower-Marlborough. Crop or transfer notes for tobacco, on Patuxent, will be taken in payment at the market price. Ten per cent. deduction to be made to those who pay the cash before the day of drawing. The lottery is purposed to be drawn on the third Tuesday in June next, if the tickets are all sold, at Lower-Marlborough. Notice will be given of the time, and a list of the fortunate numbers published immediately after drawing. Country produce will be taken at the market price, if delivered at the subscriber's mill within one month of drawing the lottery.

W. ALLEIN.

Raleigh's Plant, March, 1792.

JOHN WELSH,

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,

Corn-hill-street, Annapolis.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has lately received a quantity of the best boot legs and bend soles, and a general assortment of sole and upper leather; he intends to carry on the above business in its various branches, in the most fashionable manner and on the lowest terms; those who please to favour him with their commands may depend on their being complied with. Orders from the country will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

N. B. As he intends to embark for Europe by the 15th March, he desires those indebted to him by bond, note, or open account, will come and discharge the same, and those who have claims against him are requested to bring them in that they may be settled.

February 11, 1793.

S C H E M E OF A LOTTERY

For the purpose of disposing of valuable property in the district of COLUMBIA, consisting of three tracts or lots of LAND about one mile north of the city of WASHINGTON, and fourteen lots in the lower part of the town of GEORGE-TOWN, as follows:

LOT No. 1, contains 100 acres, on it are 18 acres of meadow-ground, and a promising young apple orchard containing 175 bearing trees of various fruit. At the western extremities thereof is a delightful eminence that commands a view of the river Potomack and city of Washington. This lot contains about 16 acres of wood-land, lies upon a main road, and is not more than one mile from the city of Washington.

LOT No. 2, contains 84 acres, and bounds with the preceding lot; about 35 acres thereof are in wood, and about 17 acres in meadow-ground. This lot is bounded on the west by the meandering water of the Piny-Branch. On this stream is a fall of 21 feet, and abounds with quarries of excellent building stone. On this lot are two beautiful situations for houses.

LOT No. 3, contains 39 acres, and bounds with lot No. 1. This lot contains 20 acres of wood, and has on it a beautiful eminence for a house, and a country seat.

The fourteen lots in George-Town are situated east of the town which is contiguous to the city of Washington, and are all advantageous and beautiful situations.

4000 Tickets at 35s. each, dollars at 7s. 6d. in £.

No. 1, 1 prize of 107 acres of land at £. 2000 0 0
2, 1 do. of 84 do. do. 2140 0 0
3, 1 do. of 39 do. do. 1680 0 0
1 to 14, 14 lots in George-town, 780 0 0
at 65l. each, 910 0 0
1 prize in cash, 100 0 0
1 ditto, 50 0 0
1 ditto, 46 0 0
647 ditto, of 40s. each, 1294 0 0
667 Prizes.
3333 Blanks.

M A N A G E R S.

Robert Peter, colonel William Deakins, Benjamin Odet, Thomas Beall of George, John Threlkild, and Samuel Davidson, Esquires, George-Town. George Wake Esquire, city of Washington. Wallace and Blair, and John Davidson, Esquires, Annapolis.

This scheme contains several very valuable lots of land contiguous to the city of Washington, which create in value will keep pace with the growth of the rising empire of the United States of America—Hence, therefore, without any further definition, it will be evident that for the small sum of one Guinea a valuable and beautiful country seat may be obtained in the vicinity of the capital of America; or a lot in a town now possessing an extensive commerce.

The subscriber proposes drawing this Lottery in George-Town, on the first Monday in May next, sooner if the tickets are all sold, which he trusts himself will be the case from his present prospects. Deeds, with a general warranty, will immediately be given for the lots of land, and the money for the prizes will be paid on demand. Notice will be given of the drawing in the public papers, and a list of the fortunate numbers will be immediately published. The crop now on the lots is reserved to the subscribers. A plot of the lots may be seen at Mr. George Mann.

TICKETS may be had of Messrs. Wake, Muir, John Davidson, Esquires, and Mr. George Mann.

JOHN THOMAS BOUCHER.

THIS is to inform all persons that it may concern, that at the next court held for Allegany county, I shall petition the court of the said county, for a commission to mark and bound my two tracts of land, situate in the said county, called WASHINGTON, and ADDITION TO WASHINGTON, pursuant to an act of the general assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

JOHN HODGE BAYARD.

January 5, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition, at April term next, for a commission to mark and bound the second line of tract of land called CLARRY'S HOPE, which is contiguous to the lands now in the possession of Thomas Morris, junior.

PETER PARISH.

Anne-Arundel county, January 26, 1793.

THE COMMISSIONERS of the federal building intend to employ four sets of SAWYERS immediately in the city of Washington; one set to be well acquainted with sawing mahogany. Applications to be made to Mr. JAMES HOBEN, in the city, as the employment will be steady, it may therefore be an object.

George-town, December 5, 1792.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

(XLVIIIth YEAR

MAR

GENEVA
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Liberty was
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the people, al
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used to assem
draws to an end.
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us close, with a formidable
garrison has made a fortie, i
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gious campaign, to be en
ing as possible.

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which is to decide either
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al assembly. This ag
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