

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, July 5, 1759.

B R E S T, March 21.

THE Captains who are to command the Ships now fitting out, have been just appointed. The Marshal de Conflans, having been declared Généralissimo, will hoist his Flag on board the Royal Sun.

The following Ships will be ready in a Month, viz. Royal Sun of 80 Guns, Tonant 80, Formidable 80, Intrepide 74, Magnifique 74, Theseus 74, Heros 74, Juste 70, Northumberland 70, Superbe 70, Eveille 64, Sphinx 64, and Bizarre of 64 Guns.

These will be joined by the following Ships from L'Orient, viz. L'Orient of 80 Guns, Robuste 74, Solitaire 64, and Brilliant, of 64 Guns.

And by the following from Rochfort, viz. Gloireux of 74 Guns, Dauphin Royal 70, Dragon 64, Inflexible 64, Hardi 64, and Warwick, of 50 Guns.

These 23 Ships of the Line will be joined by 12 or 15 Frigates, the greatest Part of which are now ready. The Chevalier des Roches is appointed Major of this Armament, and M. de l'Isle Adam, Commissary. Its Destination is not known.

The following Ships are also fitting out at Toulon, viz. Ocean of 80 Guns, Redoubtable 74 Guns, Souveraine 74, Guerrier 74, Temeraire 74, Centaur 74, Pantagruel 64, Triton 64, Lion 64, Fier 54, and Oriflamme, of 54 Guns.

This Squadron also will be reinforced by 7 or 8 Frigates.

Cádiz, March 14. The Armament going forward in the several Departments of the Marine, will be ready to put to Sea before the Middle of next Month. It consists of 25 Ships of the Line, from 60 to 80 Guns, nine Frigates, and six Xebecs. Our Port is to be the Rendezvous of the whole Fleet, and we expect in a few Days the Carthagena Squadron, commanded by M. Stuart. Two other Divisions of the Fleet are to be under the Command of Don Andrew Reggio and Don Francis Orofco. Such as can discover Futurity from the past or present, will perhaps guess at the Destination of this Fleet.

Genoa, March 17. Letters from Madrid say, that Don Pedro Stuart, Lieutenant General of the Naval Forces, set out the 1st Instant for Carthagena, from whence he is to go to Naples with 16 Ships of the Line, in order to convoy his Sicilian Majesty to Spain.

Dresden, March 24. There is actually a Body of 8000 Men in the Neighbourhood of Pirna and Dohna, detached from Prince Henry's Army, which amounts to 50,000 Combatants, all choice Troops.

Nuremberg, April 2. An Imperial Rescript has been communicated to the Ministers of the Circle of Franconia, dated the 28th of February, whereby the Emperor, considering the constant Rebellion of the King of Prussia and his Adherents, which is intended only to drain divers Countries of Men and Money, in order to increase their Forces, has expressly enjoined the Prince of Deux Ponts to penetrate into Hesse, and ravage the Country, as a Retaliation for the Excesses they continue to commit; and accordingly the said Prince has caused Letters Patent to be posted up in the Landgraviate, relative to his Imperial Majesty's Resolution.

Dunkirk, April 3. The Reparation of our Fortifications is not the only disagreeable Business for the English that is carrying on here. As soon as the Season will permit, we shall send out such a Number of Privateers that scarce an English Vessel shall dare to enter the Channel.

Paris, April 6. According to the last Letters from Madrid, which are dated the 20th of last Month, the King of Spain's Fever increased violently the preceding Day, a Looseness came on at the same Time, and the Swelling in his Legs was ascending to the Reins.

Warsaw, March 28. All the Russian Officers who are absent on Leave are ordered to rejoin the Army in eight Days. General Count Permor, since his Return, has ordered the necessary Dispositions for opening the Campaign, and it is thought, that all the Troops will be on their March by the 18th of next Month, to renew the War in Prussian Pomerania and Brandenburg.

Vienna, March 31. General de Laudon set out last Tuesday for Prague. It is thought the Army will soon be in Motion. The Operations are already begun on the Frontiers of Silesia and Lusatia.

Berlin, April 3. Letters from Dresden mention, that Prince Henry was tracing out a Camp at Zehista; that Magazines were forming at Pirna and Dohna for the Service of his Army, which amounts to about 50,000 Men; and that Major General de Wedel was with a considerable Body of Troops in the Circle of the Mountains, observing the Motions of 18,000 Austrians that are assembled near Augsp, upon the Frontiers of Bohemia.

April 5. Lieutenant-General de Platen, who lately commanded a Body of our Troops in Pomerania, and who arrived here a few Days ago from that Province, set out Yesterday to join Prince Henry's Army, where he is to have the Command of the Horse. According to the last Advices from Silesia, the King's Army continued to be cantoned between Schweidnitz and Frankenstein, and his Majesty had still his Quarters at Rhonstock, in the Neighbourhood of Strigau; but General de la Mothe Fouquet had been detached by the Way of Troppau with a separate Body, and strong Garrisons were put into Hirschberg, Goldberg, Bruntzlaw, and some other Posts on the Confines of Lusatia, to guard them from being surprized by the Austrians.

Frankfort, April 15. The Day before Yesterday we were Spectators, from the Height of our Towers, upon the Ramparts, of a most bloody Battle fought near Berghen, a League from this City, between the French and the Allies. The former attacked the latter about six in the Morning; at ten the Artillery began to play on both Sides with incredible Warmth, and the Action continued obstinate till between ten and eleven in the Evening, when the Night occasioned a Cessation of Hostilities. Both Armies continued on the Field of Battle till five the next Morning, when the Allies thought proper to retire about two Leagues.

It is natural to suppose, that in an Engagement which lasted 15 Hours, there must be a very great Loss on both Sides; all we know of it is, that our City is crowded with wounded and dying Men.

Extract of a private Letter from the Head-Quarters of the Allied Army at Windesken, a League from Hannan, dated April 14, 1759.

"Yesterday we attacked the French Army at Berghen. We found them very strongly posted, and every Advantage that the Ground derived from Nature, was heightened by all the Assistance that Art could give; and besides this, it fell out unfortunately that our Cavalry could not act. Notwithstanding all these Disadvantages, we returned several Times to the Charge, with a Spirit and Intrepidity, which do us Honour, even in the Opinion of our Enemies. The gallant Prince of Isenbourg was killed; Major-General Van Gilse, and the Colonels Heister and Schluter are wounded. We are now but a League from the Enemy, and are making all the necessary Dispositions for attacking them again."

Hague, April 21. According to the last Advices from Prussia, the Russians, who began to make Inroads, have received a pretty severe Check. Count Dohna is so ill of a Dropsy, that he has been obliged to go to Berlin; so that the Command of the Army is left to General Manteuffel. The Duke de Broglie has sent a very pompous Account of an Action that happened on Friday the 13th, between the Army under his Command and the Allies; but, according to private Letters, he has no great Reason to boast of that Advantage, as the

Loss is said to be, at least, equal on both Sides, and to amount to about 600 killed, and about 3000 wounded on each: The most unfortunate Circumstance in Regard to the Allies is the Loss of Prince Isenbourg, who was killed by a Cannon Shot, to which Accident chiefly was owing the Retreat. The Count de St. Germain march'd Night and Day to join the Duke de Broglie, but did not arrive Time enough to have any Share in the Battle. Prince Ferdinand encouraged his Troops to make five different Attacks. It is thought that when Prince Imhoff joins the Army of the Allies, which it is expected he will do by the 15th, they will again attack the Enemy.

L O N D O N.

April 24. Mons. Montay, who commanded the Count de St. Florentine Privateer, taken by the Achilles Man of War, who was killed in the Engagement, had insured 20,000 l. on his own Account in the said Ship and Cargo.

We hear from Yarmouth, that Capt. Gilchrist of the Southampton Man of War, is considerably recovered of his Wounds.

Letters from Lisbon advise, that the Affairs of State in Portugal continued very quiet.

Last Week Governor Mason, who lately arrived from Senegal, was introduced to his Majesty at St. James's, and had the Honour to kiss his Majesty's Hand.

Copy of a Letter from the Hon. Capt. Barrington, of his Majesty's Ship Achilles, of 60 Guns, to Mr. Cleveland, dated at Falmouth, April 16, 1759.

"I have the Pleasure to acquaint you of my Arrival here, with the Count de St. Florentine, of 60 Guns, and 403 Men, from Cape-François for Rochfort, commanded by the Sieur de Montay, whom I took on the 4th inst. in Lat. 44. 15. 60 Leagues to the Westward of Cape Finisterre, after a close Engagement of two Hours, in which I was so fortunate as only to have two Men killed, and 23 wounded, with my Masts, Sails and Rigging much damaged.—The Loss on the Enemy's Side was very considerable, having all his Masts shot away, with 116 Men killed and wounded, among the latter was the Captain, with a Musket Ball thro' his Body, of which he died two Days after.—I have sent to Sir Charles Hardy, desiring he would send me Jury Masts for the Prize; and when he is fitted will take the first Opportunity of carrying her to Plymouth.—I must beg you will acquaint their Lordships of the very gallant Behaviour of my Officers and People upon this Occasion."

P. S. Three of my Wounded are since dead, as likewise a great Number of the Enemy's.

Portsmouth, April 22. The Jamaica Sloop arrived at Spithead, brings Word, that there are in Basque Road seven Sail of French Men of War, and 60 or 70 Transports and Merchantmen; and that they are blocked up by four or five of our Men of War.

St. JAGO DE LA VEGA, April 28.

The Public must remember the cruel and base Treatment Capt. Phillips, Commander of one of the Packets from Great-Britain to this Island, met with, about two Years ago, from a Captain of a French Privateer, by whom he had the Misfortune to be taken, and who, upon making Capt. Phillips a Prisoner, ordered his Nose to be slit, and his Ears to be cut off: We have now the Pleasure of informing our Readers, that Monsieur Bart, General of Hispaniola, after a long and vigilant Pursuit of this detestable Butcher, has lately seized him, brought him to public Trial for this his Offence against the Law of Nations, and condemned him to the Gallies for Life; in Consequence of which Sentence, he is ordered for Old-France in Irons.—As this impartial and upright Conduct of Monsieur Bart must gain him the Esteem of all good Men; so must it, in a particular Manner, render his Name respectable to every-Englishman.

On Saturday last arrived the Tyger, Captain Burrows, from Liverpool, carrying 18 Guns, and

Men proportionable. In her Passage she was attacked by the Bon Angene, Capt. Gallocheau, a French Vessel, of 20 Guns, and 250 Men, bound to Martinico from Brest with warlike Stores; the Engagement continued two Hours, when they were both obliged to lie to to refit, and then renewed it again with great Intrepidity for above an Hour, when Gallocheau was obliged to strike his Colours, and is brought in by the brave Burrows.

St. JOHN'S (in ANTIGUA) May 16.

On Sunday Evening, his Majesty's Ship Griffin, Captain Taylor, brought in the Prince of Wales Privateer (formerly belonging to this Place). She was taken near Martinico, and was laden with Provisions from St. Eustatia. The Prisoners say, all the Provisions in Martinico have been seized by Officers appointed for that Purpose, and lodged in the Mountains; and that the Inhabitants have been at short Allowance ever since our Fleet left the Island. The Griffin also brought in the following re-taken Vessels, viz. Brig Unicorn, Capt. Falkner, from Philadelphia to St. Kitts, and a Brig from Liverpool.

One of the Flags of Truce, which sailed from hence some Time ago with French Prisoners for Martinico, is returned to St. Kitts with about 120 English Prisoners. Amongst the many Prizes lately carried into Martinico, are the following, which belonged to Philadelphia, viz. Ship Prince George, Captain Stevenfon, to Antigua. Ship Delahanty, Blair, to Ditto. Snow Adventure, Coburn, to Barbados. Also, the Sloop Greenwich, William Barnes, from Barbados to Philadelphia, was taken; but re-taken by a Privateer, and carried into St. Kitts.

But notwithstanding all the Prizes which have been carried into Martinico, Provisions are excessive dear there; and were it not for the Resources their Privateers bring in, there is little Reason to think, but that the Inhabitants of that Island would, before this Time, have very gladly embraced such a Capitulation as has been granted to those of Guadeloupe.

CHARLES-TOWN (in SOUTH-CAROLINA) May 12.

According to Letters received Yesterday from Gentlemen of Repute in Rowan County, in North-Carolina, upon the North Borders of this Province, dated the 28th of April, and 1st, 3d, and 5th Instant, many horrid Murders have lately been committed by Indians, on the Yadkin and Catawba Rivers. The Number of People killed, in some Letters, are said to be 13 or 14, in others 17 or 18; and the Murderers are supposed to be Cherokees, tho' they may as well be Shawanese, or of those Indians who were prevailed on to quit the Ohio with the French Garrison of Fort Duquesne. Among the Killed are named John Snap, Thomas Ellis, Thomas Adams, Daniel Holsley, and Joseph Rentford, in the upper Branch of the Yadkin; John Hannah, and his Family (supposed to be 7 in Number) near Fort Dobbs; and Conrad Mull, on the Catawba River. The Catawba Nation was greatly exasperated on this Occasion, and as soon as they heard of the Murders, sent out 30 of their best Warriors, under Capt. Matthew Tool, in Pursuit of the Enemy. In the mean Time all the Frontier Inhabitants are very much alarmed, many of them have desisted Planting, and others are fortifying themselves.—However alarming these Accounts may be, we are not without Hopes, that if the Murderers are even Cherokees, the Little Carpenter will, by keeping his Promise, refrain, if not effectually put a Stop to, such Violences for the future.

May 23. Captain Cowley arrived Yesterday Afternoon, in eight Weeks from Gibraltar, and informs, That the Earl of Home, Governor of that Place, was there with eight Regiments, and Admiral Broderick with ten Sail of the Line, and four Frigates, was in the Harbour. All was quiet in those Parts, and there seemed to be a more than usual Friendship between the Officers of the Garrison and the Spaniards. It was talked that a formidable Fleet was fitting out by the French at Toulon. Admiral Broderick had several small Vessels continually going for Intelligence. Some Frigates were stationed at proper Places, and the whole Fleet was ready to put to Sea on the first Notice of any French Ships of War stirring from Toulon. A great Number of French Prizes continued to be brought in daily to Gibraltar.

May 26. The Chickesaws, who lately went in Pursuit of the Shawanese that were removing from a Settlement they had made near the Halhama-Fort, to join a Nation of other Indians called Causcoskees, residing on the North Side of the Mississippi, near the new French Fort, lately erected in the Fork of the Ouabash and Cherokee Rivers, are returned from that Expedition: Of which we have the following Account, viz.—That on the

4th of February last, 140 Chickesaws, with Mr. John Brown, and 4 Pack-horse-men, set out to attack the Shawanese; but after travelling 19 Days in Search of Tracks, were obliged to return, the Season being so severe, that several Indians were Frost-bitten, and others taken sick. Mr. Brown and 3 Indians only, continued the Search, and discovered the Enemy: On their Return, they reported the Discovery they had made to the Nation, who received the Information with great Joy; and on the 8th of March, Pyramingo, a noted Warrior, having gathered 200 Indians, went a second Time in Pursuit of the Shawanese, with Mr. Brown, and one Pack-horse-man. On the 4th of April, towards the Close of the Evening, some Traces of the Shawanese Camp were discovered, and Mr. Brown proposed attacking it immediately; but the Chickesaws objecting to a Night-Engagement, as they would be liable to kill one another in the Dark, the Attack was deferred till the next Morning. The Shawanese were nearer than the Chickesaws imagined, and discovering their Enemy first, threw up a temporary Fort before Morning; it was a small Square, the Number of Indians in it, supposed to be about 270, and made of Sticks, Brush and Logs, faced and lined with Bark of Trees, to a considerable Thickness. Indians are not accustomed to attack their Enemy in this Situation; however on the 5th, early in the Morning, the Chickesaws began firing upon this Fort, and kept up a continual Fire till Noon: They made several Breaches in the Breastwork, and heard continually a most terrible Crying and Groaning till about 12 o'Clock, when the Voices heard in the Fort were very few: They then examined whether they were sufficiently provided with Ammunition to finish their Work, but finding that many had fired 60 Rounds, and no Bullets left, they concluded to draw off; and did so, first tying a Shawanese Woman, which they had taken Prisoner, to a Stake near the Fort, and setting Fire to her, to see if her Countrymen would come out to relieve her, but no Shawanese coming out the Chickesaws gathered up 240 Horses and Mares, being all the Treasure of the Enemy, and returned to the Nation with them, without attempting any Thing more. The Chickesaws had two Men killed, and six desperately wounded in the Action; but believe they have near totally destroyed the Shawanese.

The other Advices we have from the Chickesaw Nation are, That a Chickesaw, who was taken by some Northern Indians on the 15th of June last, and carried to the new French Fort on the Ouabash and Cherokee Rivers, had made his Escape, and returned to the Nation the 4th of December, and informed, that the Northern Indians were under very great Apprehensions of being attacked by the English; and that at the Time of his escaping, great Numbers of French were daily coming in there; no doubt those who retired from Fort Duquesne. That on the 19th of December a Peace was concluded between the Chickesaws and Chataways, who had ever been at War, conditionally, that the whole Chataway Nation quitted the French Interest entirely, and embraced that of the English, which they were extremely solicitous to do. That on the 1st of January last 14 Chickesaws, who had been at War against the French Fort before mentioned, returned with two Northern Indians Scalps; and told, that on this Side the said Fort, as they were returning, they discovered above 100 French coming down in Boats, and in the Night, the Moon shining clear, got up close to them, when every Man discharged his Piece, and made the best of his Way off. And that on the Third of April last, one Benjamin Lyons, formerly a Pack-horse-man, was killed in the old Fields, in Sight of the Nation, as he was hunting his Horses: But the Chickesaws were gone to take Satisfaction for his Death.

June 2. Altho' a Sloop arrived this Week from North-Carolina with upwards of 2,300 Bushels of Indian Corn, that useful Grain still sells at Thirty Shillings by the single Bushel, and 27 1/2 6d. by the Quantity; the Scarcity and exorbitant Price of which, is owing to more Causes than are publicly known.

WILLIAMSBURG, June 22.

Last Wednesday arrived in Hampton Road from Glasgow, his Majesty's Ship Eurus, Captain Elphinstone, having under his Convoy 3 Transports, with betwixt 3 and 400 Highlanders, belonging to Fraser's and Montgomery's Regiments, and two Merchant Ships. The Troops are to be immediately disembarked, and wait till further Orders.

At the same Time arrived several Vessels from the West-Indies, who inform that the French Privateers are at present very numerous among the Islands, and have lately taken a great many Vessels to the Windward of Barbados, laden with Provisions, &c.

BOSTON, June 18.

Since our last several Vessels arrived here from Louisbourg, one of which in 4 or 5 Days; by her we learn, that Admiral Saunders's Fleet, with our Forces, had sailed from thence for the River St. Lawrence, the last Division on the 6th Instant.

Extract of a Letter from Louisbourg, dated the 7th Instant. "Just now an Officer reports, that he saw a Gentleman who had been a Prisoner at Quebec for five Years; that he with four more had made their Escape in a Canoe; and in coming down the River he saw 13 Ships of War, but being

hazy, and fearing they should be apprehended, made the best of their Way. He reports that the Garrison of Quebec was very weak; and that 5000 Men were marched under Montcalm, to oppose General Amherst.

"This Moment a Party from St. John's informs us, that on the 19th ult. the Centry of the Cattle was killed, which alarmed the Fort. On the 20th Capt. Johnson, who commands Fort Amherst, sent out a Party to patrol the Woods: In the Morning they were suddenly attacked, a brisk Fire between them and the Fort continued till about 11 o'Clock, when the Enemy thought fit to retire. They killed and scalped a few of our Men. Some Hours after they sent a Flag of Truce to summon the Garrison to surrender. To which Capt. Johnson gave a categorical Answer, that he was determined to defend the Fort while he had a Man alive: Upon which they withdrew, and we have heard no more of them since."

Extract of a Letter from Lisbon, April 30, 1759.

"We have a strong Rumour of a new-formed Alliance betwixt the French, the Queen of Hungary, the King of Sardinia, and the King of Naples, in which the latter enters as Successor to the Crown of Spain: The French Party assert this constantly, but I hope it will prove chimerical, as such a Junction would ruin our Trade in the Mediterranean: I think while the King of Spain lasts it cannot well take Place; he continues much in the same Way, and by what I can find, may hold out in this debilitated State for a long Time. The Windsor Man of War has brought into this Port an outward bound French East-Indiaman; there were four in Company, but the other three made their Escape. I send you the Prints of the last Packet; but Letters of later Date mention, that Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick had destroyed three or four entire Regiments of the Enemy, and the Motions of the several Armies seem to tend towards warm Service speedily."

Capt. Warner, who arrived here on Friday last, left Spit-head in Company with eighteen or twenty Store-Ships for Louisbourg, three Mast Ships for Piscataqua, and several other Vessels for different Ports, under Convoy of his Majesty's Ship Norwich, of 50 Guns, and Echo Frigate; the Mast Ships parted from the Convoy off the Western Islands. Capt. Warner left the Men of War and Store-Ships on the Banks of Newfoundland, and imagines they are all arrived at Louisbourg by this Time.

The Report we had last Week of Admiral Boscawen's intercepting a French Fleet of seven Sail of the Line, and a Number of Transports, his taking two 60 Gun Ships, and destroying one or two others, his forcing the Rest to return into Port, and of his disconcerting the whole Scheme of the French in succouring Quebec, or of their attacking any of our Settlements in North-America, we believe is premature, as we cannot find that there is any good Foundation for it; except that it arose from the taking the Count St. Florentine Privateer of 60 Guns, by the Achilles Man of War; thus much we have thought proper to mention (as the Report, no Doubt, is spread in the Country for Truth) that we may not be too sanguine in our Hopes that the French in Canada are deprived of all Relief, but that we also remain upon our Guard against any Attempts that may be made by them against us.

NEW-LONDON, June 1.

On Tuesday the 23d ult. was found in a Swamp, in the Parish of Pentapage in Saybrook, an Infant buried under a Stone, being most inhumanly murdered; upon which a Jury of Inquest was immediately summoned, who brought in their Verdict that the Child was murdered. Thereupon the Authorities, in order to find out the Murderer, gave a general Invitation to the young Women to attend the Funeral, which was accordingly attended by all respecting one Anna Hayden, and she being suspected to be the Mother of the said Child, was apprehended and searched, when it was found she had had a Child. But about the 28th following, she, with the Assistance of one Philip Lygal, and some others, made her Escape with said Lygal, in a Boat; but being pursued, were both taken, and last Night were committed to Goal in this Place.

NEW-YORK, June 25.

Extract of a Letter from LONDON.

"The 22d of March came on the first Day, on a Dutch Prize to be heard, and the 23d of Ditto the Day appointed for the Sentence, when the Dutch Ship was ordered to be delivered, and the Captors to pay all Charges. This Affair makes a great Noise; and 'tis feared every one of the Dutch Ships will be given up; in my Opinion they will; altho' others think if the Property can be proved French Property, the Goods will be condemned. The Ship on which the Appeal was heard, was taken by the Privateers of Bristol. She came from St. Eustatia, very valuable. They proved the Ship had loaded from Banks which came from the French Islands with Sugar, &c. but as the Captors could not prove the Goods were in French Account, which was on them to prove, she was released; for the Lords in Council determined, that by the Treaty of 1764, the Dutch have great Liberty to trade with our Enemies, and may cover their Effects on board their Ships; which is sufficient for me to think all will be released. At one Time our Ministry were determined to condemn them all, or better to say, condemn the Commodation which they received in our Courts of Admiralty. But the Dutch were determined in that Case to carry Things to very great Extremes, which by no Means was thought advisable, as we must be Friends with them; and now you will see how a new Treaty very advantageous to this Nation. We have felt the Consequences ever since these Disputes have arisen: The Dutch have sold their Stocks, which have reduced them very low; besides taken away a large Circulation of Cash. They have no Concern in our last Subscription of 600,000 l. all which have made Cash so scarce in London, that such was never known in the last Rebellion. Therefore our Ministry have determined we cannot do without they are in Friendship with us, to keep up a Circulation of Money, and other good Motives, as you will see here; and general Good must take Place before that of Particulars."

By several Vessels arrived here since our last from Santa-Croix, we learn that Commodore Moore was still at Dominica, whilst Monsieur Bomparr lay quietly at Martinico, neither of them having as yet weighed Anchor, notwithstanding all that has lately been said about the latter, and pulled about the former. [Both these Gentlemen seem to be very careful of their Constitution, and afraid of taking one Bomparr, and the other of Moore.]

From above came in the Carillon, f... Place: The Provision St... Quebec: 7... far up St. L... 60 or 70 M... Prideaux-L... Oneida-L... Thursday Joseph Smi... diz; by wh... Men of Wa... gena; and... Sail more... is to be co... tion of the... chagens... Fleet, und... to proceed... lic Majesty... Majesty fr... Advice fr... Troops ha... fistical St... were in M... were 14 S... besides Fr... Gibraltar... expected... Men of W... bound Ea... three Sail... Merchant... Popham, i... at Gibralt... Captain o... date Mat... This D... derfon, fa... Yesterday He failed... left at th... Cornish, i... of his M... 50; also t... the 9th of... acquainted... England... with nine... terranean... The 12... Snow Suc... for this P... Weeks o... her Hatch... We hav... verend D... Rector of... don, is la... Library... King's C... to be pai... F H... A G... Friend h... Fort St... "It is i... "an En... "out i... "Exten... "is now... "Spain"... "cut ou... "and en... "tain h... "all is l... "indeed... "proce... "and v... "his O... "hoped... "able t... "In a l... it is said... fests the... Twenty... gro to t... seemed... ment, a... Barring... they wo... And th... a great... but GO... bold an... greatly

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From above we are assured, That a Flag of Truce came in the Week before last to Port Edward from Carillon, something relating to the Exchange of Prisoners: That Mons. Bouconville was at that Place: That not more than 14 Sail of Store and Provision Ships only, out of 32, were arrived at Quebec: That Admiral Durell was actually as far up St. Lawrence as the Island of Coudre (about 60 or 70 Miles below Quebec): And that General Prideaux was got as far towards Oswego as the Oneida-Lake.

Thursday last the Sloop Little David, Captain Joseph Smith, arrived here in 8 Weeks from Cadiz; by whom we learn, that four Sail of Spanish Men of War had failed from that Port for Carthage; and were to be immediately joined by 12 Sail more of the Line, from Ferrol: This Fleet is to be commanded by Don Pedro Stuart, a Relation of the Duke of Berwick's, who is now at Carthage; and is, after being joined by the English Fleet, under the Command of Admiral Boscawen to proceed to Naples, upon the News of his Catholic Majesty's Death, in order to convey his Sicilian Majesty to the Kingdom of Spain: That the last Advices from Italy were, that 30,000 Neapolitan Troops had marched to the Frontiers of the Ecclesiastical State; and that 25,000 French Troops were in Motion on their Frontiers: That there were 14 Sail of English Men of War of the Line, besides Frigates, lying at, and cruising about Gibraltar: That the Toulon Squadron was daily expected to Sail from thence: That two Swedish Men of War were arrived at Cadiz with a outward bound East-Indiamen under their Convoy; as also three Sail of Dutch Men of War, with 14 Sail of Merchantmen under their Convoy: And that Mr. Popham, the English Consul for Salce, was arrived at Gibraltar, and is to proceed thence with the Captain of a Man of War, in order to accommodate Matters between them and the English.

This Day the General Wall Packet, Capt. Boulderson, fails from hence with the Mail for Falmouth. Yesterday Capt. Nufum came up from Madeira: He failed from thence the second of May, and then left at that Island, bound to the Indies, Admiral Cornish, in the Lenox of 74 Guns, with two more of his Majesty's Ships of 60 Guns, and one of 50; also three Indiamen; who were to fail about the 9th of May. The Captains of one of the Ships acquainted Capt. Nufum, that they failed from England in Company with Admiral Boscawen, with nine Sail of the Line, destined for the Mediterranean.

The 12th of June Capt. Nufum, spoke with the Snow Success, Capt. Cook, of Dublin, from Fyall for this Port, in great Distress, having been 15 Weeks out, and had but one whole Beam left from her Hatch-way to her Stern-Post.

We have it from good Authority, that the Reverend Dr. Bristow, a very worthy Clergyman, Rector of Alhallow's Barkin, in the City of London, is lately deceased, and hath bequeathed his Library, which is a very large and good One, to King's College, in this City, together with 60l. to be paid after his Widow's Decease.

PHILADELPHIA, June 28.

A Gentleman in London, in a Letter to his Friend here, wherein he mentions the Affair of Fort St. David, &c. in the East-Indies, says: "It is impossible to guard against the Attacks of an Enemy every where; but as good a Look-out is kept as can be imagined, considering the Extensiveness of our Possessions, and our Navy is now the Terror of the World. The King of Spain's Death, which is hourly expected, will cut out new Work for the Queen of Hungary, and enable the gallant King of Prussia to maintain his Ground with more Facility. At Home all is Peace and Unanimity. Mr. Pitt, who has indeed been a singular Blessing to his Country, proceeds steadily in the Plan he set out with, and will make us cut a glorious Figure, unless his Operations are clogged, which, it is to be hoped, all the Sons of Corruption will not be able to accomplish."

In a Letter from Barbados, dated the 28th ult. it is said the French, on Guadaloupe, were to possess their Habitations and Negroes, on paying Twenty Pounds Sterling per Head for each Negro to the English: That the greater Part of them seemed quite satisfied under an English Government, and said, that if they had known General Barrington would have used them so generously, they would have submitted sooner than they did: And that one of the Priests, in particular, expressed a great Likening to our People, saying, That none but GOD and Barrington could have succeeded in so bold an Attempt, as their Cession was so advantageously placed.

The Letter Writer adds, that the Nassau and Reasonable Men of War, two 64 Gun Ships, and a Store Ship, were just arrived from England, and had failed again to join Commodore Moore's Squadron: And that Capt. Tiviot, from this Place for that Island, fought the Privateer that took him six Hours, and killed him twenty Men; but was boarded a second Time by 80 Hands, when he was obliged to submit.

Captain Cobourn writes his Owners here, that when he was in Goal in Martinico, there were 16 Masters of Vessels Prisoners with him.

Capt. Brice, from Providence, informs, that a small French Privateer lately landed her Men on the Island of Andros, and carried off two Schooners, and some Negroes; and that she had retaken a Prize Sugar Sloop, belonging to Captain Kemp, in a Privateer of that Place, which he was sending in there.

On Monday last the Britannia Privateer, Capt. Macpherson, of this Port, arrived here, and brought with him four Prizes; one a Snow from Bourdeaux to the Mississippi, laden with Flour, Brandy, Wine, Dry Goods, &c. another a Sloop from Campechy for Mississippi, her Cargo consisting of Logwood, Dry Goods, Rigging, and other Things; the Third a Sloop retaken, belonging to New-England, homeward bound from Jamaica, loaded with Sugar and Melasses; and the Fourth a small French Privateer. Capt. Macpherson has taken, during his Cruise, 18 Vessels, but mostly small.

On Tuesday last Brigadier General STARWIX set out for the Army to the Westward.

By certain Accounts received the 22d Instant from Pittsburg, and the other Posts on the Communication, we have the following Particulars, viz. That a Convoy of Provisions was arrived at Fort Pittsburg, by Water, from Redstone Creek: That Colonel Stephens was to march with another large Convoy of Provisions, and Indian Goods, from Fort Ligonier, the 14th of this Month: That a Number of Indians had arrived from Pittsburg at Fort Ligonier, to meet and escort our Convoy going from thence: That some of them, who came lately from reconnoitring the Enemy's Posts to the Westward, bring Intelligence, that they are very much alarmed with the News they have received, of a large Body of English and Indians being assembled at Oswego; and further say, that a great Number were to be at Pittsburg in 15 Days, and that it was their Opinion that most, if not all the Western Indians, would thereupon join the English.

And we have also the Pleasure of acquainting the Public, that the Troops at Pittsburg, and those upon, and marching to, the Communication, are in perfect Health, and high Spirits; and there is no Doubt made, but by a hearty Concurrence in this and the neighbouring Provinces to furnish Carriages for the Transportation of Stores and Provisions to the Western Army, the utmost Good will result to these Colonies, and great Reputation and Honour to his Majesty's Arms.

Four Companies of the Royal Americans arrived at Fort Bedford the 13th Instant, and the whole of that Battalion is, by this Time, on the Communication.

ANNAPOLIS, July 5.

Sunday last arrived here, the Tryton, Captain John Johnston, one of the Fleet for Virginia and Maryland, who left the Convoy about the same Time as the Ships mentioned in our last.

By Capt. Johnston, we learn, that Admiral Boscawen, with 4 or 5 Sail of the Line, had block'd up 5 of the Enemy's Men of War and about 140 Transports, in Basque Road, and had sent to England for a Reinforcement and a few Fire-Ships, in order to destroy them.

Capt. Spencer is arrived in Patuxent, and Capt. Snow in Choptank.

This Morning arrived here from Barbados, the Sloop Elizabeth, of this Place, Captain James Reith. He came out of Barbados the 9th of June, with 28 Sail of Vessels, just arrived there from England, chiefly bound to Jamaica; under Convoy of Two Men of War, whom he left off Antigua, and proceeded on his Voyage; but on the 17th, in Lat. 23: 15: he was taken by a French Letter of Marque Brig, the Success, from Nantes for Cape-François, mounting Ten Guns, commanded by M. Nicholas la Cour, who accepted of £. 100 Sterling for the Ransom of Vessel and Cargo; her Loading Rum and Sugar.

Yesterday was Married at London-Town, by the Rev. Mr. DEANES, Mr. DAVID M'CULLOCH, Merchant, to Miss MARY DICK (eldest Daughter to Mr. JAMES DICK, Merchant); a young Lady endow'd with every amiable Quality, and a handsome Fortune.

Thursday next the MARLBOROUGH LOTTERY will begin Drawing in PRINCE-GEORGE'S County Court-House, where as many of the Adventurers, as shall please, may attend.

FRANCIS SPONG, BARBER and PERUKE-MAKER from LONDON (who lived lately in Annapolis) NOW keeps Shop in LEONARD-TOWN, near St. Mary's Court-House, where all Gentlemen who shall please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on having their Work done after the neatest Manner, and at reasonable Rates, by Their humble Servant, FRANCIS SPONG. N. B. He has a Supply of the best English Hairs, of all Colours.

TO BE SOLD. THE Corner LOT of GROUND in Annapolis (N^o. A) fronting N. W. on North-East-Street, and S. W. on Prince-George's-Street. For Terms enquire at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

MISSING, since Monday last, from Mrs. Shig's, in Annapolis, a Pine CAN; Sterling Plate, with a Cypher on it supposed to be done for HCW. Whoever finds it and brings it Home, or to the Printing-Office, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and no Questions ask'd. If Stole, and the Thief convicted, Forty Shillings Reward. If offer'd to Sale, it is desired it may be stopp'd, and Notice given.

TAKEN up by the Subscriber, living in Dorchester County, as a Runaway, a Negro Fellow, who calls himself George Frederick, and says he is a Freeman, and that he served his Time with one Capt. Sanders in Bristol; that he has been used to go by Water and catch Oysters for his Living in York River in Virginia, and that he was going up the Bay to Sassafras. He was taken in an old Boat, about 14 Feet Keel, with a Fore-Castle, and appears to have been a Flat built upon. He is a thick Fellow, is Peck-mark'd, and has a Scar upon his right Temple. He has a good many Cloaths (chiefly Sailor's) with him, a Great Coat of a Drab Colour, a Pair of Steel Buckles faced with Silver, and a Violin. He is now in this County Goal. His Master may have him, and the Boat, on Application, and paying Charges. THOMAS COOK.

THERE is in the Possession of Nathan Brahears, at the Plantation of Philip Thomas, Esq; on Anne-Arundel Manor, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Bay Mare, about 12 Hands high, branded on the off Shoulder and Buttock thus S R. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. R. Thomas.

THERE is at the Plantation of Timothy White, near the Mouth of Rock-Creek, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, an Iron Grey Mare, about 12 Hands high, with 4 white Feet, and an upper and under Bit in each Ear, and branded on the near Thigh S R. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Joshua Hickman, on Patowmack River, in Frederick County, Three Steers, Two of them are about 4 Years old, and the other about 6, their left Ears are under halved, and their Right (wallow forked; they are branded, but with what cannot be discerned. The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

RICHARD FORD, TAYLOR, from LONDON, HEREBY acquaints the Public, That he has obtained several very good Hands from England, and that he carries on that Trade at New-Town, Baltimore; where Gentlemen may depend on having their Work done in the best and newest Fashion, and at the least Warning: And also makes, in the genteelst Taste, Riding Dresses for Ladies; for Ready Money, or very short Credit. N. B. He makes a plain Suit for £. 5 0 Ditto full Trimmed for £. 10 0 And all other Things at a reasonable Rate.

COMMITTED as a Runaway to Anne-Arundel County Goal, a likely young Negro Fellow, who calls himself Isaac, and says he belongs to Col. Presley Thompson of Virginia. His Master may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying all Charges. Upton Scott, Sheriff.

Annapolis, June 28, 1759.

By Virtue of a *Fieri Facias* to me directed, agreeable to an Act of Assembly of this Province, made at February Sessions, 1755, entitled, *An Act directing the Commissioners of the Paper Currency Office, speedily to call in the Interest due on Bonds, and other Securities, and all Monies due on Funds payable into said Office*, there will be exposed to Public Sale, to the Highest Bidder, on Tuesday the 31st Day of July next, a Lot or Parcel of Ground containing about Three Acres, lying on *Severn River*, and contiguous to *North-East-Street*, in the *New-Town* of *Annapolis*; on which said Lot or Parcel of Ground, are the following Improvements, viz. A large Brick Brew-House, a Brick Dwelling-House one Story high, with Two Rooms and a Passage on the lower Floor, a small Frame House, a' now in the Possession of Mr. Patrick Creagh; and also a small Brick House now made use of by the Province as a Magazine for Powder; taken in Execution as the Lands and Tenements of *James Donaldson*, for the Use of the Commissioners or Trustees for Emitting Bills of Credit, established by Act of Assembly. The Sale to be made on the Premises, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon.

UPTON SCOTT, Sheriff
of *Anne-Arundel* County.

WHEREAS a certain Person in *Baltimore-Town* hath Reported to Strangers and Others, in order to prejudice me, That although I keep Two Boats and Hands at *Patapsco Ferry*, yet the Attendance given is very irregular and uncertain, and that Travellers might meet with great Difficulty and Hindrance at the said Ferry: This therefore is to assure all Persons, that the said Report is false and groundless, and that due Attendance is always given; where Gentlemen and Others may be sure of a ready Passage, from

Their humble Servant, FLORA DORSEY.

DESERTED, June the 2d, from *Phillip Lowe*, Ensign in the *Virginia Regiment*, *Thomas Fowler*, 21 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, a thick well-set Fellow, has dark Eyes and a red Complexion. Had on a coarse brown Coat, with large Flat Buttons, and Leather Breeches. He was born in *Ireland*, was enlisted near *Benedict-Town*, and deserted from *Rock Creek*. Whoever apprehends the said Deserter, and secures him so that he may be had again, shall receive TWO PISTOLES Reward from the said *Lowe*, or any other Officer belonging to the *Virginia Regiment*.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber's Plantation, near *South River Ferry*, about the 20th of May last, a Bay Gelding, about 13 Hands high, with one white Foot, a little white on one Side of his Nose, and believe is branded on the near Buttock thus SS, or on the Shoulder and Buttock with a single S, and his Hair is a little rubb'd with Drawing. Whoever will bring the said Gelding to the Subscriber, shall have a Pistole Reward.

THOMAS GASSAWAY.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Baltimore County*, a Servant Man named *Samuel Phillips*, a luffy Fellow, much pitted with the Small-Pox, of a swarthy Complexion, about 45 Years of Age. Had on a new Felt Hat, Check Shirt, Buckskin Breeches, blue Worsted Stockings, and old Shoes. He has no other Cloathing unless he has stolen it since he went away. He was in the Army the last Campaign, and has with him a Discharge, which it's supposed serves him for a Pass. Whoever secures the said Servant in any Goal, so that his Master may have him again, shall have Five Pounds Reward; and if brought home, reasonable Charges, paid by JOHN WILLMOTT.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Baltimore-Town*, a Convict Servant Lad, named *Hugh Pugh*, lately brought over in the *Snow Trial*, Capt. *Frederick*; he is about 19 Years of Age, has short black Hair, and cut close on the Top of his Head, dark Eyes, and mark'd with the Small-Pox. Had on when he went away, a Leather (Jockey's) Cap, an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, a Pair of good Shoes, but no Buckles in them. Whoever apprehends the said Servant, and brings him home, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, paid by JOHN ORRICK.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the *PRINTING-OFFICE*, the Sign of the Bible, in *Charles-Street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this *GAZETTE*, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertisements.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC SALE.

On Monday the 23d of July, at the House of Mr. James Cary, in *BALTIMORE-TOWN*,

FOUR valuable SLAVES, consisting of Men and Women, being Part of the Estate of *William Cromwell*, late of *Anne-Arundel* County, deceased.

All Persons indebted to the said Estate, or to the Subscriber, are desired to come and discharge the same; and as there has been so much Indulgence given already, it is hoped that no one will delay Payment, and thereby oblige the Subscriber to take such Methods as will be very disagreeable to him, and expensive to themselves. Those who have any Claims against the said Estate, are desired to come and settle the same. And for the Ease of those concerned, the Subscriber purposes to attend every Monday, till the last of July, at the Widow *Dorsey's*, at *Patapsco Ferry*.

JOSEPH CROMWELL, Executor.

To be LET.

A GRIST-MILL, FULLING-MILL, BOLTING-MILL, and BAKE-HOUSE, all compleat; with Conveniences for Storing near 2000 Bushels of Grain; belonging to *EDWARD LLOYD*, Esq; situated at the Head of *Wye River*. For Terms apply to the Subscriber, living at *Wye-Town*, near the Mouth of the said River.

ROBERT WILLSON.

TO BE SOLD, &c.

For Ready Money, at the Subscriber's Store, near the Dock in *ANNAPOLIS*,

FRESH BOLTED FLOUR by the Barrel, *Teneriffe* Wine by the Quarter Cask or Gallon, Barrel Bisket for Shipping, Rum by Retail, Currans, Rasins, fine Salt by the Bushel, and sundry European and East-India Goods, at the most reasonable Rates. NATHAN HAMMOND, junior.

JUST PUBLISHED,

In large Octavo, Price, neatly Bound, 12/6 Currency,

By JAMES BISSET, Attorney at Law,

AN Abridgment and Collection of the LAWS and ACTS of ASSEMBLY of the Province of *MARYLAND* at present in Force, with a small choice Collection of Precedents in Law and Conveyancing, calculated for the Use of the Gentlemen of the Province of *Maryland*.

As Abridging might alter the Meaning of the Enacting Clause, the first proposed Method is laid aside, and every Act containing any material Law is inserted and given in Full, in the very Words of, and carefully copied from, the original Act; nothing being Abridged but the Preamble, general Form of the Enacting Part of the Act, and the Form in every Penal Act of applying and recovering Fines.

There is a very full Index, a Table of the Acts inserted, and a Table of the expired and repealed Acts, and every Clause in any Act at present in Force, that has, by any subsequent Law, been repealed; mentioning when they expired, and the Acts whereby they stand repealed; so that upon comparing the Tables, any Person will directly see, that no material Law is omitted, nor any expired or repealed Act inserted.

The Precedents are alphabetically digested, great Variety given, such chosen as are free from Tautology, with a Number peculiarly adapted for *Maryland*; such as, Acknowledgments of Deeds, Probates of Causes of Action, Forms of Distraint for Rents, Superfideas's for Stay of Execution, &c.

As the Binding will take up some Time, they will, as fast as Bound, be sent to the respective Court-Houses in the Province, where the Subscribers, or such as chose to buy any of them, may call for them.

N. B. Advertisements will be affixed at the Court-House-Doors, advising who have the giving of them out.

May 16, 1759.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in *Queen-Anne's* County School: Any Person properly Qualified, applying to the Visitors of said School, will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will support them in.

Signed per Order, NATHAN WRIGHT, Register.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE.

On Tuesday the 13th of November next, at the House of *William Brown*, in *London-Town*, the following Tracts of LAND, belonging to the Estate of *William Peele*, deceased,

ONE TRACT called *Symphon's Stones*, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called *Huntington*.

One TRACT called *Batchelor's Choice*, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of *Patapsco*, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, survey'd for *Jane Gray*, called *Maiden's Bower*.

One TRACT called *Poplar Neck*, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

One TRACT called *Mitchell's Addition*, containing 181 Acres.

Part of a TRACT called *Paddington's Harbour*, containing 100 Acres.

These 3 last Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near *London-Town*.

Also, The late Mr. *Peele's* Dwelling-House, Store, and other Improvements, in *London-Town*, with several unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Persons who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in. And any inclining to Purchase the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to

JAMES MOUNT,
JAMES DICK,
JAMES NICHOLSON, } Executors.

ALL Persons who have any Demands against the Estate of *Stephen Pickering*, deceased, are desired to give in an Account thereof to the Subscriber, who will divide the Effects in his Hands equally amongst the Creditors, whose Debts are not yet satisfied, and of an equal Nature.

JAMES DICK, Executor.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the 5th of June last, a Convict Servant Man, named *John Boreburgh*, born in *Leicestershire* in England, and bred a Farmer, he is about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, and well-set, fresh colour'd, and much Pock marked. He took with him, a Pea-Jacket of a Reddish or Brick Dust Colour, a *Russia* Drab Coat half worn, and spotted in several Places with Tar, a Cloth coloured German Serge Waistcoat, a Pair of Leather Breeches, one white, one Check, and two Osnabrigs Shirts, three Pair of Stockings, a Pair of black Leather Shoes, with Brass Buckles, an old Felt Hat, and an old brown Wig, which he commonly wears.

The above Servant was imported here in the *Snow Trial*, Capt. *G. Frederick*, in January last.

Whoever secures the said Runaway, and delivers him to me at *Annapolis*, if taken in *Anne-Arundel* County, shall receive Thirty Shillings Reward; if taken out of said County, and delivered as aforesaid, shall receive Forty Shillings, besides reasonable Charges, paid by

JAMES MACCUBBIN.

LEST at Colonel *Barnes's* Warehouse in *St. Mary's* County, some considerable Time ago, a Parcel of WHIP and CROSS-CUT SAWS. The Owner may have them on paying the Charge of this Advertisement.

BENJAMIN WHITCOMB, STAY-MAKER.

Living in *PORT-TOBACCO*, in *Charles County*,

MAKES STAYS, JUMPS, and SULTEN-STAYS, after the newest, best, and newest Fashion, made of the best of Goods, and works inferior to none. Any Gentlemen, by directing their Commands to him, they shall be complied with, and may be assured the Work shall not be exceeded by any Master Stay-maker now in Being.

LEST at Mr. *Jacques's* Store in *Annapolis*, last Summer, a Box supposed to contain HATS, which came in the Ship *Tryon*, Capt. *Matthew Spencer*, mark'd N°. 1 and N W in a Diamond; and a large Bell Metal Skillet mark'd NK join'd in one. The Owner may have them, on producing a Bill of Lading, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement.

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, July 12, 1759.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

Capt. of Schomberg, near the Head Quarters of Bolckoway.

ON the 11th inst, the King of Prussia, upon the Enemy's having moved towards Landshut, gave Orders to march the next Morning, and fixed the Head Quarters at Bolckoway, a small Town in the Mountains near Landshut; and the Cavalry advanced the same Day, and occupied the Quarters his Majesty had left. On the 2d of April, the King of Prussia detached some Battalions to occupy the strong Pass of Warthin in the Duchy of Munsterberg, which they took Possession of the next Day, and every Thing remained quiet upon the Frontier. It was said, that the Austrian Army would assemble at Munchengrätz in the Circle of Bontalan.

Head Quarters of Prince Ferdinand, at Windesore, April 14. The Troops of the Allied Army that were employed against that of the Empire, returned on the 7th Instant into the Neighbourhood of Fulde. On the 10th Instant Prince Ferdinand marched by Freyenstein and Budingen to Windesore, where he arrived the 12th. On the 13th his Serene Highness marched to Bergen, a Village situated between Frankfurt and Hanau, where the French occupied a very strong Post, which it was necessary to get Possession of in order to come at the Enemy's Line. The Army arrived at Nine in the Morning, opposite that of the Enemy, and the Grenadiers of the advanced Guard immediately began the Attack upon Bergen with great Intrepidity, and received a brisk Fire, which the Enemy had prepared for them; and though they were supported by a Reinforcement of several Battalions under Prince Henrich's Command, they could not however carry their Point so far as to dislodge the Enemy entirely from the Village, but were forced to retreat in some Disorder; yet rallied again upon being supported by the Hessian Horse. The rest of the Day passed in a Cannonade on both Sides, without any Ground being gained on either. His Serene Highness not having been able to succeed in forcing the Enemy in their Post, returned to Windesore, after having given Orders for burying the Dead, and carrying off the Wounded. The Loss on the Side of the Allied Army is not particularly known, but it is supposed, it does not exceed that of 1000 Men. Five Pieces of Cannon were lost, having been left behind in the Village. Prince Henrich is among the slain; and the General's Office, and Count Schomberg, among the Wounded.

Berlin, April 14. The Fort of Peenemunde, in Pomerania, surrendered between the 10th and 11th of this Month to General Manteuffel, who commanded the Army in the Absence of Count Dohna; and there were taken Prisoners of War, 150 Soldiers, 11 Officers of different Ranks, 12 Sergeants and Corporals, 3 Cannon of 24 Pounds, 4 of 24, 11 of 6, 4 of 3, 2 Mortars of 40, and 2 of 16. [Thus far the Gazette.]

Hague, April 17. Last Night the Count d'Alfly, the French Ambassador, received an Express from the Duke de Broglie with the following Relation: "The Duke de Broglie being informed that the Allied Army was marching to him, took Post, on the 24th, near the Village of Bergen, which he made the Right of his Army; and at the same Time he secured his Flanks and Center in such a Manner, that the Enemy might be obliged to make their Attack by that Village. They came in Sight on the 13th at Ten in the Morning; they had made their Dispositions under Cover of a Rising Ground. They came out at Ten o'Clock, and attacked the Village with the utmost Vivacity. Eight Battalions had been posted in it the preceding Night; and behind it the Duke de Broglie placed several Brigades of French Foot.

"The Enemy made Three Attacks in the Space of Two Hours and a Half; and were each Time repulsed. After remaining some Time behind the Rising Ground that covered their Dispositions in the Morning, they made a fresh Disposition, separated their Infantry into Two Bodies, one on the Right, and the other on the Left, whilst their Cavalry formed in the Center, with a small Column of Infantry before it.

"We now imagined that they intended to attack, at one Time, both the Village of Bergen and the Wood on our Left, where the whole Body of Saxons was placed; and if one of these Attacks should succeed, afterwards to fall on our Center. This was the most probable, as they had brought up a great Number of Cannon against the Village, with which they cannonaded it briskly, and as they had also several Pieces on their Right with which they cannonaded the Head of the Wood where the Volunteers were posted. Nevertheless, they did not return to the Charge; and nothing happened during the rest of the Day, but a brisk Cannonading, that lasted till Night, which they waited for to make their Retreat.

"The Duke de Broglie wrote on the 14th, at Five in the Morning, that the Detachments sent in Pursuit of the Enemy had not rejoined the Army, and that he knew not which Way they had directed their Retreat. Our Loss is very considerable."

Munster, April 7. Part of the heavy Artillery will set out to-morrow for Lipstadt, and we expect here in a very few Days 60 Pieces of Cannon from England, for the Service of which Seven Men are already draughted from each Regiment of Foot. The Retreats destined to complete the English Troops are arrived, and we shall soon receive Two Thousand Dragoons which have been detained at Sea by contrary Winds.

Paris, April 7. Notwithstanding the Armaments that are making in the Three Departments of the Marine of all the Ships of the Line and Frigates fit to put to Sea, there still remains a great Number of Sailors for cruising Vessels, besides what will be wanted to complete their Crews. It is said we shall have upwards of 30,000 Men this Year in Brittany.

LONDON, March 24. A particular Method of Recovering Persons that are Drowned; accomplished in the Case of a young Woman who had been some Hours under Water.

This Account is communicated to the Author of The Journal Historique par la matiere du jour, for December, 1758, by Dr. Du Moine, an eminent Physician, who, accidentally, and luckily for the poor Girl, happened to hear of her Misfortune soon after she was taken out of the Water.

A Servant Maid, he says, of about 18 Years of Age, had fallen into a River, down which she was carried, by the Force of the Stream, upwards of 150 Paces from the Place she fell in at. But her Cloaths catching hold of some Piles, driven down for the Use of a neighbouring Tinner, she there stopped; and, some Hours after, the Tanner's People coming that Way, she was taken up. Being personally unknown to those who first found her, she was exposed some Time before her Friends heard of the Disaster that had happened. At length she was carried to the House of her Mistress; where she was stripped and laid down before the Fire, without any Hopes, however, of her Recovery. In this Situation the Doctor found her, without Motion, stiff and cold, her Eyes shut, her Mouth open, her Countenance pale and hollow, and her whole Body much swelled and full of Water. She had no Pulse, and the Case being looked upon as desperate, the Doctor had a Mind to try an Experiment, suggested to him by what he had observed of Flies and other Insects, that being drowned and apparently dead, will yet recover by half burying them in Ashes or Salt. He accordingly ordered a sufficient Quantity of dry Pot-Ashes to be brewed upon a Bed to about three Inches deep. Upon this Layer of Ashes the Girl was placed; and another Layer of Ashes of about two Inches deep, was sprinkled over her. On her Head was put a Cap, containing a good Quantity of Ashes also; and round her Throat a Stocking filled with the same. The Blankets were now laid on the Bed, and thus the Patient lay about half an Hour; when her Pulse began to beat, by Degrees she recovered her Voice, and soon cried out articulately. O I am free—I am free.

A Cordial was administered, and she continued to lie eight Hours in the Ashes; during which Time the Water came away by the urinary Passage, to an amazing Quantity: After which she found herself greatly relieved; And tho' for the three following Days she was still a little indisposed, the indisposition was slight and went soon off. In want of a sufficient Quantity of dry Pot-Ashes, dry Salt may be used, and according to the Doctor, with the same Success.

April 26. Letters from Hanover import, that the Allies took Marburg the 15th Instant; and that the French Garrison had retired to the Castle.

Some private Letters from Germany, dated the 13th, give an Account that the Allied Army under Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick returned to give the French Battle a second Time, but that they thought proper to retire; in Consequence of which the Allies had taken Possession of Hanau; and two other Towns.

The Castle of Ulrichstein, situate in the Landgraviate of Darmstadt, about four Leagues from Gießen, surrendered the 8th Instant, to the Baron de Bulow, Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick's Adjutant-General, after a Cannonade of three Hours; and the Garrison engaged not to serve for a Year against his Britannick Majesty by his Allies.

According to some Advices, the King of Prussia has remained so long inactive, or as it were upon the defensive, only because he daily expected the News of the King of Spain's Death; an Event which, 'tis supposed, must some Way influence the Operations in the Field or in the Deliberations of the Cabinet.

They write from Lisbon, that three large Venetian Men of War, each of 80 Guns, have lain for some Time in that Port, which occasions much Speculation.

St. JOHN'S, in ANTIGUA, June 21.

On Thursday Evening the Detachment from the 38th Regiment, and also the Volunteers which went from hence to serve in the Expedition against Guadaloupe, &c. arrived here from that Island; every Thing being settled and regulated there; and these new Conquests effectually secured.

By a private Letter, of very good Authority, we are informed, that a Fleet of 23 Ships, under Convey of a Frigate, sailed from St. Eustatia the 27th ult. for Corcora, where they were to be joined by several other Ships and a Frigate, and proceed from thence to Helland. By this Letter we are also informed, that the Differences between Holland and England have been accommodated; and that all Dutch Vessels seized on the Passage from one Dutch Port to another, will, by Agreement, be released; but that Mr. PITT has declared in Council, that no Englishman should suffer by protected Bills drawn by Dutchmen.

By a private Letter from South-Carolina it seems probable, that an Expedition will be carried on this Summer, from that, or some other of the Southern Provinces, against the French Settlements on the Mississippi, which, like their other American Colonies, are in a very distressed State.

June 6. On Monday last his Majesty's Ship Rye arrived here with a retaken Brig, from Topsham.

Yesterday the Master of a Vessel arrived here from St. Christopher, to which Place he was carried in a Flag of Truce from Martinico, with a great Number of other English Prisoners; and by him we are informed that upwards of 50 Prizes were carried into Martinico between the 16th of May and the Time he left the Island, 9 of which were large Provision loaded Vessels from Ireland, and the rest were some from Bristol and other Parts of England, and some from North-America: That there are 80 Privateers belonging to Martinico, 50 of which are always at Sea; and that Prizes are carried in almost daily.

This Gentleman also informs, that upwards of 100 Prisoners were left behind at the Time he left Martinico; and that all the Prisoners are treated extremely ill, being closely confined in very bad Prisons (Masters of Vessels not excepted) and allowed Provisions hardly sufficient to support Nature. We hear that M. Bompar has been reinforced by two Ships of the Line, and that Commodore Moore sailed from Dominico 3 Days ago.

June 9. Commodore Moore has been at Basseterre in Guadaloupe with all the Ships, except the Nassau and Raisonable; and is sailed again from thence, but whether it is uncertain, tho' it is generally supposed he is gone to cruise off Martinico, to cover the two Fleets that may be shortly expected down from Barbados.

It is said that two Frigates are gone up to Barbados to bring down the homeward bound Ships from thence; and it is probable the Fleet will sail sooner than is generally expected.

BASSETTERE, (in St. Christopher) June 6. A List of Prizes carried into Martinico between the 4th of January and the 16th of May, 1759.

Sloop Black Snake, Randall, from Rhode-Island, on a Cruise; Schooner Joseph, Buhler, from Barbados for St. Martin's; Brig Dispatch, Bernard, from Lisbon for Newfoundland; Schooner Dolphin, Phillips, from Portsmouth for Montserrat; Ditto Robert and Henry, Gray, from Cadix for New-York; Ditto Peggy, Small, from North-Carolina for St. Kitts; Sloop Olive Branch, Roberts, from Surinam for New-England; Brig Charming Betty, Muchmore, from Piscataqua for Barbados; Ditto Little Samuel, Rust, from Ditto for Ditto.

The following were carried in between the Beginning and End of April.

Sloop What-you-will, Falkland, from New-York for Antigua; Ditto Milford, Stoe, from New-Haven for Barbados; Ship Prince George, Stevenson, from Philadelphia for Antigua; Snow Betty, Carnaby, from Whitehaven for Ditto; Brig Fanny, Gardner, from Boston for Ditto; Snow Celia, Kelly, from Cork for Nevis; Sloop Beckah, Nicholls, from Virginia for Barbados; Ship Berkeley, Haney, from Bristol for Jamaica; Sloop Greenwich, Barnes, from Barbados for Philadelphia; Snow Anne, Young, from Bideford for St. Kitts; Schooner —, Craig, from Montserrat, on a Cruise; Ship Wilson, Alexander, from South-Carolina for St. Kitts; Schooner —, Shepherd, from Montserrat, on a Cruise; Snow Adventure, Coburn, from Philadelphia for Barbados; Sloop Thomas, Hudson, from St. Croix for Ditto; Schooner —, Turrell, from Barbados for Guadaloupe.

Carried in between the 1st and 16th of May.

Brig Elizabeth, Parr, from Liverpool for Antigua; Ship William, Dure, from Boston for St. Kitts; Schooner West River, Crockett, from Barbados for Maryland; Brig Love-ly Lass, Dancomb, from North-Carolina for Antigua; Sloop Hunter, Curle, from Virginia for Barbados; Ditto Tiger, Mumford, from New-England for Ditto; Schooner Nancy, Dalton, from St. Kitts for Ditto; Ship Joseph, Adams, from Cork for Antigua; Schooner Betty, Howland, from Surinam to Boston; Brig —, Keaton, from Dublin for Antigua; Schooner Neptune, Patterson, from Rhode-Island for Antigua; Brig —, Rodman, from Ditto for Ditto; Brig Mary Anthony, Poor, from Dublin for Ditto; Brig Frier, Norrell, from Guadaloupe for Barbados; Snow Grove, Cole, from London for Jamaica; Sloop —, Warner, from Rhode-Island for Antigua; Brig Edward, Morton, from Dublin for Guadaloupe; Ditto Kingdon, Grett, from Cork for Jamaica; Snow Three Friends, Nicholls, from Bristol for Antigua; Sloop Ruby, Collins, from New-England for —; Brig Edward, Cavish, from Cork for Antigua; Snow Wheel of Fortune, Luther, from Ditto for St. Kitts; Ditto Swan, Blasyer, from Ditto for Antigua; Brig Cork Packet, Champion, from Ditto for St. Kitts; Two Privateer Schooners belonging to Montserrat; and Brig Bacchus, Nowland, for Barbados.

N. B. The Sloop Greenwich, belonging to Philadelphia, was on carried in, being retaken by a Privateer, and sent to St. Christopher.

June 23. On Sunday last was brought into the Road of Basseterre, by the Privateer Sloop General Barrington, Capt. M'Dougall, the Saint Esprit, a Prize Ship from Martinico. She was lately the Prince George, Captain Stephenson, and was taken in her Passage from Philadelphia.

June 26. The London Vessels for this Island which came out with the second Convey, arrived here on Thursday Morning. But they brought no News.

The same Day was brought into the Road of Basseterre, the Heures, a French Sloop, bound from Martinico for St. Eustatia, and loaded with Sugar, Coffee, Tobacco, Rum,

and Cotton. She was taken off St. Eustatia, by Capt. Hockley, of the Little Oliver.

BOSTON, June 25.

Tuesday last arrived here Capt. Nickles from Halifax, in whom came Passenger Capt. James Cox, late of the Sloop Sarah and Molly, belonging to Casco, and gives the following Information, that about the Middle of November last he sailed from Louisburg with a Number of Soldiers for St. John's, being 36 Persons in all on board; that on the 28th of the same Month, it being extreme cold stormy Weather, they were cast ashore at Cape Selaware, on the Main, and while on the Rocks, seven of the People were drowned, among whom was his Son, the rest, with great Difficulty, got ashore, and endeavoured to travel to Margomash, but after travelling 3 Days, 22 of 'em were froze to Death, and all the others, excepting himself, lost some of their Limbs, they having been without Fire or Victuals the whole Time: After which 7 Indians appeared with Spears to kill 'em, but were prevented by a French Priest, who relieved them with some Difficulty: He also informs, that they had News by the Indians, that the French in Canada were in Want of Provisions, which was occasioned by no Fleet coming up this Year, and were in great Distress for Fear of the English coming against them this Spring; that on the 10th of May not one Ship was arrived at Quebec from France; that their Forces of all Kinds were called in, and at that Time they had no Fireworks to hurt our Ships in going up.—And that about the Middle of May, he, with 4 or 5 others, after having undergone the greatest Hardships and Difficulties imaginable, found Means to escape in a French Schooner, which had been cast ashore near the Place where they were, and in which they got safe to Louisburg.

We hear a Vessel arrived at Rhode-Island last Week, the Master of which inform'd, that two Days before he got in, he spoke with a Vessel which the Day before spoke with three French Prizes, laden with Stores and Provisions, bound for New-York; they were taken in the River St. Lawrence by the Privateer——Captain Little, of New-York.

Extract of a Letter from Louisburg, June 9, 1759.

“I wrote you about a Gentleman who had made his Escape from Quebec, after being five Years a Prisoner: He is a Man of a most enterprising Genius, his Name is Stobo, born in or near Glasgow, and was a Field Officer with Col. Washington: His Tale is very long and very romantic. I cannot give you the Particulars now, but will endeavour it in my next, and would only observe, That he appears to be a sensible Gentleman, and his Information is relied on by every Body here; he immediately makes the best of his Way to General Wolfe:—He left Quebec the 1st of May in a Birch Canoe, and on the 11th off the Isle of Beek, he observed 14 Sail of large Ships, which upon Consideration could not be Admiral Durell, who they say here, sailed the 7th of May:—There is one Stephens, a young Man, who made his Escape with him, and was a Volunteer or an Officer with Major Rogers in the Skirmish that happened 8 Days before the Affair at Ticonderoga, and was then taken Prisoner; he asked me if I knew Mr. Griffin, to which I answered I did: He then desired me to inform him that his Nephew Capt. Beach was well, and was admitted into the Scheme of making off, but declined.”

NEW-YORK, July 2.

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated June 28.

“This Day an Express arrived from the Mohawk's River, with Advice, That at Port Harker they took an Indian, from whom, after a little Punishment, they extorted the following Confession, viz. That he had left the Little Falls Hill the 26th, where he left 15 Indians, and on the other Side of the Hill 200 Canadians and Indians. This Indian was sent as a Spy, as he spoke good English; they had been about that Place ten Days, and would have attacked the Little Falls, had they had a few Regulars.”

Monday last Captain Doyle, in the Letter of Marque Brig Catherine, of Bristol, arrived here in 52 Days. The 4th of May, he spoke with the Snow Venus, from South-Carolina for London, who 13 Days before had been taken by a Bayonne Privateer, called the Chevalier Baro, of sixteen 6 Pounders, and 140 Men, but afterwards ransomed for 2000l. Sterling. The 7th of May Capt. Doyle also spoke with Capt. Wright from Virginia for London; and with Capt. M'Cliever from Galway, in Ireland, for Virginia, the 20th of May.

Extract of a Letter from our Correspondent at St. Kitts, dated June 15, 1759.

“You will, I am afraid, have little News from

us for some Time; the West-India Campaign I believe is closed in the Reduction of Marigalante, which had stuck out for some Time, and which has now submitted on the same Terms as Guadeloupe. The Troops raised in these Islands are returned home to be disbanded; and General Barrington, it is said, is preparing to sail for Europe, with the Land Forces which shall remain after Draughts have been made to fill three Regiments to their full Complement. These three Regiments will stay to secure the conquered Islands, the Inhabitants of which enjoy contentedly the Advantages of an English Government, and think themselves happy in a well protected Trade, and in Privileges which they never had before. The Commodore is expected every Hour at Antigua, with 14 Sail of Men of War; he was last at Point-Petre, on Guadeloupe; and is to appoint a Convoy for the homeward bound West-India Fleet.

Letters by Yesterday's Mail from Albany inform us, That the Week before last, a Family near Schohary, consisting of five Persons, was carried off by the Enemy, when they were pursued by a Party of Germans to the Number of 60, who overtook them, exchanged several Shot, and obliged the Enemy to fly with so much Haste, that they left behind them all their Baggage; but the Prisoners they sent a-head during the Skirmish. That Sir William was at 1-ke Onside with 400 Indians; and that 400 more were at Onwego Lake, waiting with great Impatience for his coming up. And, that the Forces still continued healthy at Fort-Edward.

Capt. Corne, in a Brig of this Place, was cut out of Grandterre by a French Privateer.

Thursday last a Person came to Town from Louisburg, which he left the 8th of June, and gives us the following Particulars, viz. That the Gentleman mentioned in our last Monday's Postscript, under Boston Head, to be arrived at Louisburg from Quebec, was one Robert Stobo, who formerly was Captain of one of the Virginia Companies under Major Washington when he was taken by Monf. de Villiers in Fort-Necessity, July the 3d, 1754, and who (Stobo) at that Time was given, together with one Jacob Vembrane, another Virginia Captain, as Hostages to the French for the Return of a Party of French and Canadians, taken Prisoners by Washington the 24th of May, 1754. That when Stobo arrived at Louisburg, he delivered a particular Account of what passed with him after he left Fort Duquesne in 1754, to the Time of his Escape, the which was taken by the Secretary, and sent Home to Sir William Pitt, by an Express Boat dispatched just after the sailing of Admiral Saunders, the Substance of which Account is as follows, to wit, That as an Hostage he was used as well as he could expect for some considerable Time after he went as such:—That latterly they began to use him at Quebec but very indifferently, frequently imprisoning him, and at length had condemn'd him to die, the Execution of which was suspended till Intelligence was received from Old France, that at length it arrived, and his Sentence broke, upon which he was set at Liberty:—That an Opportunity offering, he, in Company with one Stephens, who was formerly Rogers's Lieutenant on our Frontiers, and taken Prisoner in a Skirmish about 18 Months ago, together with 3 other Englishmen, embarked on board a crazy Birch Canoe the 1st or 2d of May last:—That in coming down the River St. Lawrence, they seized a French Schooner with 3 Monfieurs on board, whom they secured, and set sail:—That soon after they espied 14 Sail of large Ships under French Colours, who fired a shot at the Schooner, but Stobo taking them to be what they appeared, and not imagining an English Fleet was up the River, stuck close in shore and came off:—That soon after they came across and overpowered a French Sloop with five Hands more on board; and from this Time till they arrived at Louisburg with both Schooner and Sloop, they met with no Opposition:—That the French had about 25,000 Men on command in the different Posts of Quebec, Montreal, and Crown-Point, (including 8 Regiments of Regulars, and 14 Battalions of Independants) but that Monsieur Moncalm had ordered them all to Quebec, to make the better Defence against the English Fleet and Armies:—That the Enemy had also made very large Entrenchments at every Place down the River where they thought our Forces could possibly Land; and had also built sundry large Floats, stored with immense Combustibles, in hopes thereby of setting our Fleet on Fire when they made their Appearance. That notwithstanding the Care the Enemy had taken to strengthen the Landing Places aforementioned, he (Stobo) would undertake to lead his Majesty's Forces to a Place

not many Miles below Quebec, where they might land with little or no Danger: Upon which Assurance the Governor of Louisburg (no doubt thinking he would be of Service to General Wolfe), immediately ordered a Fleet to be got ready to carry him up after the Admiral, about the 10th or 12th of June.

Our other Information from Louisburg is, That the large Spanish Ship, lately sent in there by Admiral Durell, had on board 140 Barrels of Gunpowder, which our Informant saw landed, besides large Quantities of Muskets, Cannon Balls, Soldiers Clothes, &c. The Captain of her is to have 4l. a Ton Freight paid him. That Saunders's Fleet, when he sailed, consisted of near 200 Sail, and that on the 7th of June they were seen to double the Cape, and run into the Gulph of St. Lawrence, with the Wind large.

From Halifax directly, our Intelligence runs, That the Trident Man of War, Capt. Julian Legge, had brought in there a large Spanish Ship of 20 Guns, bound from Martinico to Old France, loaded with 500 Hogheads of Sugar, 800 Casks of Coffee, besides Cotton, &c. And that on the 10th of June, one Skipper Deyer, just returned from Fishing, landed with his Crew on the opposite Shore to Webb's Island, in order to care his Fish, where he and his Men were soon surrounded by a Party of Indians, who fired upon them, and killed and scalped five out of six, the other being taken Prisoner.—And that at the Attack on Fort Amherst, St. John's Island, the 19th of May last, there were two Carpenters taken Prisoners, and two Regulars killed by the Enemy.

From the Camp at Fort-Edward we learn, that all Things were preparing with the utmost Expedition; the Soldiers in a very good State of Health, and in high Spirits, thinking no Labour too hard to forward the Service; and trusted that in a very little Time they would be able to give a very good Account of their Expedition; as they were to move towards Lake George in a few Days, several Hundred Waggon Load of Provisions were sent forward under an Escort.

The Master of a Fishing Schooner arrived at Louisburg reported, That he saw two French Prize Ships just before he got in, that were taken by two New-York Privateers, to the Eastward, supposed to be a Ship and a Sloop. About this Time we had cruising to the Eastward, the Ship General Wolfe, Capt. Seamour, and Sloop Catherine, Sears, both belonging to New-York.

We are pleased to find that the following Paragraph will remove the Anxiety of the Public, about the fourteen Sail lately seen to the Eastward of Newfoundland, viz.

Before, June 25, 1759. The 14 Sail of large Vessels which Captain Mitchell, who lately arrived at Philadelphia from Londonderry, saw on the 29th of May about 100 Leagues to the Eastward of the Banks of Newfoundland, standing N. N. W. with the Wind at W. He thought were the Mail Ships for Portsmouth, and Transports for Louisburg, from London; as Capt. Warner, one of the above Fleet, who arrived here last Week, says, that on the same Day, viz. May 29th, they were standing N. N. W. the Wind at W. about 100 Leagues to the Eastward of the Banks of Newfoundland.

Since our last a French Prize Sloop arrived here, taken by the Privateer True Briton, Capt. Master-son of this Port.

A Letter from Albany, dated last Monday Se'night, says, That that Morning 500 Waggon Load with Provisions, under a proper Escort, were to set off from Fort-Edward for the Lake.

A Gentleman, in the Army at Lake-George, writes, that they are assured there, that the Force at present at Ticonderoga, under M. de Levey, consists of the Regiments of Lefar and Languebec, with the first Battalion of Berry's Regiment; and a Number of Canadians and Indians, not exactly known.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in the Army, dated at the Camp, 3 Miles on this Side Lake-George, June 20, 1759.

“Your Favours came to Hand, the first a few Days before we left Fort-Edward, and the 1st Saturday Morning the Day we marched for Half-Way-Brook, where we encamped, and left it Yesterday, and are now encamped here; as is likewise the Royal Scots, and the Jersey Blues. We are building a Stockaded Fort, which will be finished in a few Days; when, I suppose, we shall march for Lake-George.—Things are carried on with great Expedition, Care and Quietness:—No Waggon are allowed to go or come without Escort.—Last Sunday came to Half-Way-Brook a Flag of Truce, with Letters for General Amherst. He was sent down to Fort-Edward through

Woods, on Day, and Place be Business w a Major of vates, and will be at Batoues last, will And, im the same I hope have had Extract of dated I can passed this a rail Num for Lake be ready i The Stock To-morro for the L We be most barb seven Mi Paragraph

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Woods, and came back the same Way the next Day, and was escorted to the Lake, from which Place he set off Yesterday Morning.—What his Business was; I will not pretend to say.—He is a Major of the Militia; and had with him 4 Privates, and a Drum.—We expect the whole Army will be at the Lake this Day Se'nnight; Provisions, Baiters, Whale-Boats, and Artillery Stores, the last will be this Evening at Half-Way-Brook;—And imagine that we shall leave the Lake about the same Time that the Army did last Year, tho' I hope we may meet with better Success than we have had hitherto in this Quarter. I am, &c.

Extract of another Letter from the same Gentleman, dated (at the same Place as the above) June 22.
“I can now inform you, that General Amherst passed this Place Yesterday Noon, with 7000 Men, a vast Number of Waggon, Artillery Stores, &c. for Lake George. I believe that our Army will be ready in 14 Days, to set off from the Lake.—The Stockaded Fort will be finished this Day, or To-morrow; when we imagine we shall march for the Lake. I am, &c.

We hear from Albany, that a Man was lately most barbarously butchered by the Indians, within seven Miles of that Place.

Paragraph of a Letter from Louisbourg, dated May 29.
“You probably know that Admiral Durell is as far up as the Isle of Beek and Choudres, where a Detachment of Grenadiers he was with him will take Post, and make Excursions: He has already sent in three or four Prizes. I don't know what you may think on the Continent, but we are in great Spirits, and think ourselves rather encumbered with Men, having above 10,000: You won't doubt of this when you look at the Army Lists for our Regiments, and recollect our having 1200 Marines, and 300 Grenadiers from this Garrison.”

Some of the Indians at the Congress held at one of the Mohawk Castles in April last, who had been at Montreal, told Sir William Johnson, that the French were in great Want of Provisions; and that the Governor of Canada said to them, *Children, I am now reduced to eat Leg: I expect Reinforcements, &c. from France: If they get up the River St. Lawrence before the English, I may perhaps prefer to that one Leg; if not, then I shall leave it; therefore you must take Care of yourselves.* It was conjectured, that he had no other Provisions, Goods, nor Ammunition to give to the Indians, and therefore did not desire to see them, which occasioned his making such a speech. Sir William was well assured of 800 Indians joining in offensive Operations at all Events; but if any such Operations should be directed to the Westward, he could then bring 1000 into the Field.

PHILADELPHIA, July 5.

Extract of a Letter from Antigua, May 24, 1759.
“A Detachment of 800 Regulars, and 800 Leeward Island Volunteers, embarked for Marigalante, and landed under the Cover of the Guns of three Ships of the Line; and Yesterday we were informed, that the Inhabitants had surrendered upon the Capitulation of Guadaloupe and Grandterre. As they made very little Resistance, it seems that they wanted only the Form of a Summons, at the Head of some Troops, tho' they had before sent us very high Messages of Defiance. This is a very pretty Island, and was one of the first settled in this Part of the World.”

Extract of a Letter from St. Christopher, June 9.
“The Operations of the Expedition among these Islands concluded in the Reduction of Marigalante, which has submitted upon the same Terms with Guadaloupe. The Companies raised by the Islands are returned home and disbanded; and the General, it is said, preparing to go home with what Forces may remain, after Draughts have been made to complete three Regiments to their full Complement. These three Regiments are to be left for the Security of the conquered Islands, the Inhabitants of which seem well satisfied with the favourable Conditions that have been granted them.”

From St. Christopher we also learn, that M. Bompar is sailed from Martinico, with about twelve Sail of Men of War, but where he is gone uncertain; some think to the Cape, others for Quebec. *Extract of a Letter from Halifax, dated the 13th ult.*
“The Spanish Ship, brought in Yesterday, by his Majesty's Ship Trident, Capt. Legge, is about 500 Tons Burthen, her Lading Sugar, Coffee, and some Cocoa. The Capt. says he loaded at Fort St. Pierre, and was bound to Alicante; but he produces no Passport either from the King of Spain, or King of France, so that it is likely his Cargo, and perhaps his Ship may be condemned.”

We have the Pleasure of assuring the Publick, that the large Convoy of Provisions, which left

Fort Ligonier on the 14th ult. is arrived safe at Pittsburgh; where all were well fifteen Days ago.

Extract of a Letter from Pittsburgh, June 19, 1759.

“One Hundred and Sixty-four Warriors, of the Six Nations, Delawares, Shawanese, and Ottawas, came here, and met in Council. They all seem to be friendly disposed towards us, and say, they were sent by the Heads of their several Nations, to know how they would be received, and to carry back any Messages that might be sent by them.—The Beaver, a principal Man of the Delawares, is now on his Way to this Place, with some of the Heads of the Owendots, Twigtwees, Ottawas, and some others from or near Fort Detroit, and may be expected in a few Days.—The Indians here have sent Messages to the Indians at Venango, to withdraw from the French, which I hope will have a good Effect.”

On Tuesday last a Gentleman arrived here from Norfolk, in Virginia, which he left on Friday last, and informs us, that a Vessel was just arrived there in ten Days Passage from Antigua, and brought a Gazette, dated about the Middle of June, in which there was an Account of Admiral Boscawen, with nine Sail of Men of War, falling in with, and engaging, a French Fleet of seven Ships of War, and about 200 Sail of Transports and Merchantmen, off of Rochelle; that he had taken four of the Men of War, and burnt and destroyed all the Transports and Merchantmen: That in the same Paper there was Advice of the King of Prussia's having beat the Russians; and that the Allied Army had had a bloody Battle with the French and Austrians, and gained a complete Victory over them; but not without the Loss of a great Number of their best Troops. This Account was brought to Madeira by two Men of War that were in the Engagement off Rochelle; and were dispatched by Admiral Boscawen to join Admiral Cornish, bound to the East-Indies; and from thence conveyed by a Ship from that Place to Antigua, but her Passage not mentioned.

ANNAPOLIS, July 12.

Last Thursday Afternoon, a very melancholy Accident happened near Patuxent Bridge: A Number of Gentlemen being met there at an Entertainment, were firing of Guns, and in endeavouring to make three regular Reports with two Guns, that which was first fired was charged too soon with the Cartridge, and in order to convey it quick down to the Breach, Mr. WILLIAM HAMILTON, Merchant, of Prince-George's County, (who had but just join'd the Company) took hold of the Muzzle to shake it down, but as he was lifting it up, it went off, and mangled and tore away great Part of his Belly, so that his Entrails fell out, and he expired in a few Minutes. Another Man was thereby knock'd down, but he recovered. Mr. HAMILTON was a young Gentleman justly esteemed, and his immature Death is much regretted, having left a young Widow near her Time.

Sunday last came up the Bay, the *Charming Nancy*, Capt. Ridgely; the *Peggy and Elizabeth*, Capt. Brown; the *Thetis*, Captain Craymer; the *Betty*, Captain Strachan, and several others of the Fleet: And we have now the Pleasure to acquaint the Publick, that the whole Fleet from London, for Virginia and Maryland, are now arrived, except Two, Captains Montgomery and Lewis; and are said to be the richest Fleet which perhaps ever came into the Country. They came out under Convoy of the *Lynn* Man of War, *Walter Stirling*, Esq; Commander, who kindly took his Leave of them at the Cape. All the Captains bestow great Encomiums on Capt. Stirling, for his extraordinary Care of the Fleet; that he took every prudent Step that could be taken, and that it was not possible for any Man to shew a greater Regard to his Charge than he did, the whole Passage.

In the Fleet came Passengers, WILLIAM HUNTER, Esq; Post-Master-General, of Virginia; Messieurs SAMUEL GALLOWAY and HANCOCK LEE, Merchants; ROBERT GOLDENROUGH, Esq; Barrister; and his Lady, of this Province, and Others.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, Enter'd,
Sloop Elizabeth, James Reith, from Barbados;
Ship Peggy & Elizabeth, R. Brown, from London;
Ship Charming Nancy, C. Ridgely, from Ditto;
Ship Betty, William Strachan, from Ditto;
Ship Thetis, Matthew Craymer, from Ditto;
Brig Martha, Elijah Stoddart, from Ditto;
Ship St. George, John Parker, from Ditto;
Schooner Good-Intent, W. Dunlop, from N. York.

Cleared for Departure,

Brig Sharpe, Benjamin North, for Cork;
Schooner Nancy, Alexander Scougall, for South-Carolina;
Schooner Nancy, Henry Castle, for Barbados;
Brig Deborah, William Thomas, for Barbados.

JUST IMPORTED from MADIRA,
And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER
in ANNAPOLIS,

A PARCEL of choice WINES.
DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,

In the Ship BETSEY, Captain STRACHAN, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store near the Dock in ANNAPOLIS, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, or on short Credit, at the most reasonable Rates,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS.

He has likewise to sell, Wine by the Gallon, Rum, Salt, Flour, Currans, Raisins, &c. &c.
NATHAN HAMMOND, junior.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the THETIS, Capt. CRAYMER, and to be Sold on board the said Ship at Patapisco Ferry, or in BALTIMORE-TOWN, by Wholesale or Retail, the following GOODS, viz.

OSNABRIGS and Brown Rolls, Irish Linens and Sheetings, printed Long Cloths and Calicoes, Russia Drab, Welch Cottons, striped, spotted and plain Flannels, Druggets, Frizes, Half-Thicks, Broad-Cloths, Shalloons, Check Linen, dyed Jeans, Thickets, Grandarels, India Dimity, Cotton Gowns, Hats of all Sorts, Cheefe, Lemons, Mens and Womens Shoes, Mens Silk, Thread and Worsted Stockings, Silk and Worsted Mitts, Ditto Breeches Pieces with Furniture, several Sorts of Books, Magazines, Reviews, &c. Several Sorts of Mirrors, viz. Sconce Glasses, plain Ditto, Dressing Ditto, Mahogany Tea Chests, Scotch, colour'd and white Thread, Handkerchiefs, Table Cloths, plain and figur'd Lawn, Gauze and Lawn Handkerchiefs, Cambricks, spotted and figur'd Gauze, Scotch Linens and Canvas, best White Chapel Needles, Pins, Ribbons, sewing Silk, Gloves, Stock Tape, Sugar, Pepper, Tobacco Pipes, Medicines, Guns, best Florence Oil, Pickles, Mustard, Castile-Soap, Borax, Sago, Drop Shot, Battel Powder, Red, Port and Rhenish Wines, Nails, Tacks, Frying Pans, Padlocks, Hinges, Sickles, Files, Hoes, white Stone flower'd and plain Plates and Dishes, fine Agate Ditto, painted Ditto, Breakfast Plates, Fish Strainers, Sauce-Boats, Patty Pans, Pickle Plates, Fruit Baskets, Sallad Vessels, newest Fashions, white Stone Tea Pots, Cups and Saucers, black Tortoise Ditto, China Cups and Saucers, Bowls, Stone Mugs, Welch Porringers, Tureens, Chamber Pots, Gally Pots, &c. Drinking Glasses, Tumblers, Salts, cut and plain Decanters, Wine and Water Glasses, Glass Stands, Phials, Knives and Forks, Scissors, Raisins, Buckles, Combs, Rings, Metal, Lacquer'd and Silver Buttons, Snuff Boxes, Pewter Spoons, Spectacles, Punch Ladles, Fishing Rods, Palms, Nitting Needles, Fish Hooks, Backgammon Tables, Slates, Pencils, Sponges, Coffee Mills, Wool Cards, Necklaces, great Variety of printed Paper for Rooms, Ink Powder, Writing Paper, &c. &c.
JAMES HOUSTON.

July 9, 1759.

RAN away last Night, from the Subscribers Plantations, near Mr. Snowden's Iron-Works, the Two following Convict Servant Men, viz.

John Tinsley, born in England, he is a slim Man, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, he has a down Look, and is about 22 or 23 Years of Age. Had on a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, an Osnabrigs Shirt, an old Felt Hat, and old Shoes.

George Westfall, born in England, he is about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, about 24 or 25 Years old, of a pale Complexion, and is a pert talkative Fellow. Had on a blue grey Half-Thick Jacket, white Shirt, a Felt Hat, an old brown Wig, Osnabrigs Trowsers, and Negro Shoes.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and secures them so that their Masters may have them again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward for each.

THOMAS RUTLAND,

JOSEPH MACCUBBIN.

THERE is at the Plantation of Richard Thetis, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a White Gelding, about 14 Hands high, shod before, he is Flea-bitten about his Head and Neck, paces, trots and gallops, and appears to be about 10 Years old; but has not any perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

FRANCIS SPONG,
BARBER and PERUKE-MAKER from
 LONDON (who lived lately in Annapolis)
 NOW keeps Shop in LEONARD-TOWN, near
 St. Mary's Court-House, where all Gentle-
 men who shall please to favour him with their
 Custom, may depend on having their Work done
 after the neatest Manner, and at reasonable Rates,
 by
 Their humble Servant,
 FRANCIS SPONG.
 N. B. He has a Supply of the best English
 Hairs, of all Colours.

TO BE SOLD,
 THE Corner LOT of GROUND in Annapolis [N. W.] fronting N. W. on North-
 East-Street, and S. W. on Prince-George's-Street.
 For Terms enquire at the PRINTING-OFFICE.

THERE is in the Possession of Nathan Bra-
 spear, at the Plantation of Philip Thomas,
 Esq; on Anne-Arundel Manor, taken up as a Stray,
 a Dark Bay Mare, about 12 Hands high, branded
 on the off Shoulder and Buttock thus S R.
 The Owner may have her again, on proving his
 Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Timothy White,
 near the Mouth of Rock-Creek, in Frederick
 County, taken up as a Stray, an Iron Grey Mare,
 about 12 Hands high, with 4 white Feet, and
 an upper and under Bit in each Ear, and branded
 on the near Thigh S R.
 The Owner may have her again, on proving his
 Property, and paying Charges.

RICHARD FORD,
TAYLOR, from LONDON,

HEREBY acquaints the Public, That he has
 obtained several very good Hands from Eng-
 land, and that he carries on that Trade at New-
 Town, Baltimore; where Gentlemen may depend
 on having their Work done in the best and newest
 Fashion, and at the least Warning: And also
 makes, in the genteelst Taste, Riding Dresses for
 Ladies; for Ready Money, or very short Credit.
 N. B. He makes a plain Suit for £. 1 5 0
 Ditto full Trimmed for — 1 10 0
 And all other Things at a reasonable Rate.

SINCE the Publication of an Advertisement in
 Mr. GAIN'S New-York Mercury, at New-
 York, and in Mr. BRADFORD'S Pennsylvania Jour-
 nal and Weekly Advertiser, at Philadelphia, of the
 intended Sale of the Cargo of the Snow *Resolute*,
 (taken by Capt. Lowndes and lately Condemned
 here) to have been at Annapolis the 17th Day of
 July, Capt. Lowndes has received Letters from his
 Owners relating thereto; and the said CARGO
 will NOT be Sold at the Place and Time men-
 tioned, but will be Exported to Great-Britain.

Annapolis, June 28, 1759.

BY Virtue of a *Fieri Facias* to me directed,
 agreeable to an Act of Assembly of this Pro-
 vince, made at February Sessions, 1755, entitled,
*An Act directing the Commissioners of the Paper Cur-
 rency Office, speedily to call in the Interest due on
 Bonds, and other Securities, and all Monies due on
 Funds payable into said Office, there will be exposed
 to Public Sale, to the Highest Bidder, on Tuesday
 the 31st Day of July next, a Lot or Parcel of
 Ground containing about Three Acres, lying on
 Spawna River, and contiguous to North-East-Street;
 in the New-Town of Annapolis; on which said Lot
 or Parcel of Ground, are the following Improve-
 ments, viz. A large Brick Brew-House, a Brick
 Dwelling-House one Story high, with Two Rooms
 and a Passage on the lower Floor, a small Frame
 House, all now in the Possession of Mr. Patrick
 Craigh; and also a small Brick House now made
 use of by the Province as a Magazine for Powder;
 taken in Execution as the Lands and Tenements
 of James Donaldson, for the Use of the Commis-
 sioners or Trustees for Emitting Bills of Credit,
 established by Act of Assembly. The Sale to be
 made on the Premises, at Four o'Clock in the
 Afternoon.
 URRON SCOTT, Sheriff
 of Anne-Arundel County.*

THERE is at the Plantation of John Hick-
 man, on Patowmack River, in Frederick
 County, Three Steers, Two of them are about
 4 Years old, and the other about 6, their left Ears
 are under halfed, and their Right swallow forked;
 they are branded, but with what cannot be dis-
 cerned.

The Owner or Owners may have them again,
 on proving Property, and paying Charges.

WHEREAS a certain Person in Baltimore-
 Town hath Reported to Strangers and O-
 thers, in order to prejudice me, That although I
 keep Two Boats and Hands at Patapsco Ferry,
 yet the Attendance given is very irregular and un-
 certain, and that Travellers might meet with great
 Difficulty and Hindrance at the said Ferry: This
 therefore is to assure all Persons, that the said Re-
 port is false and groundless, and that due Attend-
 ance is always given; where Gentlemen and Others
 may be sure of a ready Passage, from
 Their humble Servant, FLORA DORSEY.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber's
 Plantation, near South River Ferry, about the
 20th of May last, a Bay Gelding, about 13 Hands
 high, with one white Foot, a little white on one
 Side of his Nose, and believe is branded on the
 near Buttock thus SS, or on the Shoulder and
 Buttock with a single S, and his Hair is a little
 rubb'd with Drawing: Whoever will bring the
 said Gelding to the Subscriber, shall have a Pistole
 Reward: 3 THOMAS GASSAWAY.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Bal-
 timore County, a Servant Man named Samuel
 Philips, a lassy Fellow, much pitted with the Small-
 Pox, of a swarthy Complexion, about 25 Years
 of Age. Had on a new Felt Hat, Check Shirt,
 Buckskin Breeches, blue Worsted Stockings, and
 old Shoes. He has no other Cloathing unless he
 has stolen it since he went away. He was in the
 Army the last Campaign, and has with him a Dis-
 charge, which it's supposed serves him for a Pass.
 Whoever secures the said Servant in any Goal, so
 that his Master may have him again, shall have
 Five Pounds Reward; and if brought home, rea-
 sonable Charges, paid by JOHN WILLMOTT.

JUST PUBLISHED,
 In large Octavo, Price, neatly Bound, 12/6 Currency,
 By JAMES BISSET, Attorney at Law,

AN Abridgment and Collection of the LAWS
 and ACTS of ASSEMBLY of the Province
 of MARYLAND at present in Force, with a small
 choice Collection of Precedents in Law and Con-
 veyancing, calculated for the Use of the Gentle-
 men of the Province of Maryland.

As Abridging might alter the Meaning of the
 Enacting Clause, the first proposed Method is laid
 aside, and every Act containing any material Law
 is inserted and given in Full, in the very Words
 of, and carefully copied from, the original Act;
 nothing being Abridged but the Preamble, general
 Form of the Enacting Part of the Act, and the
 Form in every Penal Act of applying and recover-
 ing Fines.

There is a very full Index, a Table of the Acts
 inserted, and a Table of the expired and repealed
 Acts, and every Clause in any Act at present in
 Force, that has, by any subsequent Law, been re-
 pealed; mentioning when they expired, and the
 Acts whereby they stand repealed; so that upon
 comparing the Tables, any Person will directly
 see, that no material Law is omitted, nor any ex-
 pired or repealed Act inserted.

The Precedents are alphabetically digested, great
 Variety given, such chosen as are free from Tau-
 tology, with a Number peculiarly adapted for
 Maryland; such as, Acknowledgments of Deeds,
 Probates of Causes of Action, Forms of Distraining
 for Rents, Superfideas's for Stay of Execution, &c.

As the Binding will take up some Time, they
 will, as fast as Bound, be sent to the respective
 Court-Houses in the Province, where the Subscri-
 bers, or such as chuse to buy any of them, may
 call for them.

N. B. Advertisements will be affixed at the
 Court-House-Doors, advising who have the giving
 of them out.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC SALE,
 On Monday the 23d of July, at the House of Mr.

James Cary, in BALTIMORE-TOWN,
 FOUR valuable SLAVES, consisting of Men
 and Women, being Part of the Estate of
 William Cromwell, late of Anne-Arundel County,
 deceased.

All Persons indebted to the said Estate, or to
 the Subscriber, are desired to come and discharge
 the same; and as there has been so much Indul-
 gence given already, it is hoped that no one will
 delay Payment, and thereby oblige the Subscriber
 to take such Methods as will be very disagreeable
 to him, and expensive to themselves. Those who
 have any Claims against the said Estate, are desired
 to come and settle the same. And for the Ease of
 those concerned, the Subscriber purposes to attend
 every Monday, till the 1st of July, at the Widow
 Dorsey's, at Patapsco Ferry.
 JOSEPH CROMWELL, Executor.

To be LET,
 A GRIST-MILL, PULLING-MILL,
 BOLTING-MILL, and BAKE-HOUSE,
 all complete; with Conveniences for Storing near
 2000 Bushels of Grain; belonging to EDWARD
 LLOYD, Esq; situated at the Head of Wye River.
 For Terms apply to the Subscriber, living at
 Wye-Town, near the Mouth of the said River.
 ROBERT WILLSON.

May 16, 1759.
 WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master
 in Queen-Anne's County School: Any Per-
 son properly Qualified, applying to the Visitors of
 said School, will meet with as much Encourage-
 ment as the Law relating to Free-Schools will
 support them in. Signed per Order,
 NATHAN WRIGHT, Register.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
 On Tuesday the 13th of November next, at the
 House of William Brown, in London-Town, the
 following Tracts of LAND, belonging to the
 Estate of William Peale, deceased,

ONE TRACT called *Sympher's Stones*, contain-
 ing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place
 called *Huntington*.

One TRACT called *Banbaker's Choice*, contain-
 ing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main
 Falls of Patapsco, and contiguous to a Tract of
 Land, survey'd for *Jane Gray*, called *Maiden's
 Bower*.

One TRACT called *Poplar Neck*, containing by
 Patent 250 Acres.

One TRACT called *Mitchell's Addition*, contain-
 ing 181 Acres.

Part of a TRACT called *Paddington's Harbour*,
 containing 100 Acres.

These 3 last Tracts lie contiguous to one
 another, and near London-Town.

Also, The late Mr. Peale's Dwelling-House,
 Store, and other Improvements, in London-Town,
 with several unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Persons who have any Demands against the
 said Estate, are desired to bring them in. And
 any inclining to Purchase the above Lands, may
 be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by
 applying to JAMES MOUNT, } Executors.
 JAMES DICK, }
 JAMES NICHOLSON, }

ALL Persons who have any Demands against
 the Estate of Stephen Pickering, deceased, are
 desired to give in an Account thereof to the Sub-
 scriber, who will divide the Effects in his Hands
 equally amongst the Creditors, whose Debts are
 not yet satisfied, and of an equal Nature.
 JAMES DICK, Executor.

BENJAMIN WHITCOMB,
STAY-MAKER,
 Living in PORT-TOBACCO, in Charles County,
 MAKES STAYS, JUMPS, and SULTEEN.
 STAYS, after the neatest, best, and newest
 Fashion, made of the best of Goods, and works
 inferior to none. Any Gentlemen, by directing
 their Commands to him, they shall be complied
 with; and may be assured the Work shall not be
 exceeded by any Master Stay-maker now in Being.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-
 OFFICE, the Sign of the BIRD, in Charles-Street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GA-
 ZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted
 for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertisements.

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE, [Numb. 741.]

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, July 19, 1759.

LANDSHUT, in the Mountain of Silesia, April 25.

On the 12th Instant his Prussian Majesty marched from Bolkenhagen, and fixed the Head Quarters at Landshut; the Troops that were Detached had Orders likewise to advance, and are cantoned in the Villages in the Mountains along this Frontier.

This Morning an Out-Guard of Hussars was attacked by about 300 Austrian Cavalry. The Officer that commanded the Prussian Party retired to Libau, with the Loss only of one Man taken Prisoner. It is said the Right of the Austrian Army is at Brannau, and the Left extends to Gabel.

Prince Henry of Prussia's Head Quarters at Linay, in Bohemia, April 27. The greatest Part of the Austrian Troops, which were upon the Borders of Saxony, having marched towards the Frontiers of Silesia, and the Empire, his Royal Highness Prince Henry formed a Design of driving such of them as still remained in Bohemia beyond the Elbe, and seizing the Magazines which the Enemy had upon the Elbe, and in their late Quarters; and accordingly this Prussian entered Bohemia the 12th Instant. One Column marched towards Petersthal, and another, under the Command of General Holfen, towards Passberg and Commotau. The Van Guard of that which marched to Petersthal, found the Enemies behind the Village fortified by a Redoubt, before which a considerable Number of felled Trees were laid; defended by 600 Croats, and some Hungarian Infantry: This Post was forced, and, upon that Occasion, a Major and about 30 Men were made Prisoners, and 15 of the Enemy were left dead upon the Spot. The Time necessary for clearing a Way for the Passage of the Troops, facilitated the Enemy's Retreat, and gave the Alarm to their Quarters. The Van Guard divided into two Bodies, one of which marched to Aufsig, and the other to Toplitz, but the Enemy retired on all Sides with the greatest Precipitation.

The Magazine at Aufsig was destroyed, and all the Boats on the Elbe were burnt. The Van Guard helped again on the 16th Instant. All the Meat and Forage which the Enemy abandoned at Loboschitz and Leitmeritz was seized, and all the Boats, and the Bridge which the Austrians had lately built there, were burnt. The Van Guard is to be this Day at Budin, where the Enemy has another Magazine of Provisions. General Holfen, on his Part, found the Pass of Passberg defended by a Body of Croats, and by the Regiments of Konigsegg and Andlau. The Cavalry, which passed through Prebitz, attacked the Enemy in the Rear, at the same Time that they were attacked by the Infantry, who drove the Austrians out of all their Intrenchments. General Renard, with 90 Officers, and 1000 Men, were made Prisoners. Three Pair of Colours, two Standards, and three Pieces of Cannon, were taken. The Prussians lost only 70 Men killed and wounded in the Attack of Passberg.

Budapest, April 18. Letters from Madrid, of the 10th Instant, say that the King had continual fainting Fits, and that every Moment was expected to be his last.

Hamburg, April 20. Count d'Affry, the French Ambassador, has declared, That as the King his Master had a particular Interest in the Republic's not receding from any of its Claims on the British Court, he was ordered to acquaint the Senate, That if the Deputies gone to London did not insist on the immediate Restoration of the Vessels which have been seized, and are still detained; and if their High Mightinesses should relinquish any of the Rights and Privileges they enjoy by Treaty, his Most Christian Majesty would issue positive Orders to all French Privateers, to cruise on, stop, search, and even carry into French Ports, all Dutch Vessels without Distinction, on board of which should be found British Commodities, treating them in the same Manner as the English in the trading Ships of the Republic.

Nassau, April 19. The Army of Marshal Daun is very much confined in its Quarters of Cantonment, the Right extending towards Strickstadt, and the Left towards Arnau. We cannot undertake the Siege of Olitz without first seizing the Dens of Silberberg and de Jannaberg, but more especially those of Wartha, where the Enemy has a Body of Troops, supported by that of General Fouquet, which is at Frankenstein, and near enough to be succoured by the King himself. The County of Olitz is in a Manner the Citadel of Silesia, Bohemia, and Moravia. The Importance of the Opening of this Campaign requires Circumpection rather than Courage; but the Season of the Year, and the Wants of so great an Army, oblige Marshal Daun to make Use of this present Delay. The Imperial House never had to great a Force on Foot as at present: All the several Corps of which the Army consists are complete, and the whole amounts to 223,000 effective Men, full of Ardour and Good Will, and full of Confidence in their Generals. The King of Prussia will likewise have in the Field this Campaign about 230,000 Men.

Nuremberg, May 7. It is thought here that Prince Henry of Prussia will join Prince Ferdinand with a Body of 30,000 Men: If these two Princes should march against the French, they will find who they have got to deal with, and the Prince of Daun's Party will take this Opportunity to penetrate into Saxony, and at least prevent the Troops that are left in that Electorate from interrupting the Operations of Marshal Daun's Army.

Bonn, April 24. Prince Ferdinand will be joined this Day by 8000 Men, brought by General Imhoff from Mun-

ster. The Troops under General Wangelheim, that form a Chain along the Lippe, remain quiet in their Posts.

Paris, April 25. The Field Equipage for the Dauphin, who is to command the Army in the Netherlands, in case the Emergency of Affairs should render it necessary, is getting ready.

Warsaw, April 17. General Fermor has detached several Bodies of Troops towards the New-Marche and Brandeburg. The rest of his Army will follow. The Hussars and Cossacks make Incursions as far as Landberg, and spread Terror every where. On the 17th Inst. a Detachment of Light Troops marched to New-Smitin to dislodge the Prussians. The latter informed of it's March, placed at some Distance from the Place, a Squadron of Hussars, which, notwithstanding it's advantageous Position, was forced to retire, after a vigorous Resistance. The Prussians had 14 Hussars killed, and a great Number wounded. They lost M. Wollow, Captain of Dragoons, and another Officer, named Hohenstreff. We took twelve Men, several Horses, and a great Quantity of Arms.

Frankfort, April 26. It seems the Affairs of Bergen has terminated or suspended the Operations of the Campaign for a good while; at least the two Armies are gone from each other, and are at present at twenty Leagues Distance. In the mean Time, the Marquis de Blainville's Corps, which has been joined by Col. Fischer, has gained another Advantage over the Allies at Cransberg. The Prussian Regiment of Finckenstein Dragoons suffered most. It lost, on this Occasion, its Standards and Military Chest, with a great Number of its Men, who are to be brought here Prisoners of War.

Vienna, April 26. The Russians, to the Number of 120,000 Men, are going to take the Field in three separate Bodies. The First, consisting of 60,000, will march towards Grand-Olozyn. The other Two, each of 40,000, will take their Route, one into Pomerania, and the other to fix itself in the Heart of Prussia.

LONDON, May 1.

The Hon. Mr. Alexander has put in a Claim, and proved his Title, as Heir to the Earl of Stirling; whose Ancestor had a Grant to divide Nova-Scotia.

May 3. The Paris Account of the Battle of the 17th inst. between Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick and the French under the Command of the Duke de Broglie, makes the Loss of the Allies 4000, and that of the French 3000 Men, and the Berlin Account says, that the French had 2225 Men killed, and 4000 wounded; and that the Allies lost only 2350 killed and wounded.

Lord Anson is expected to set out for Portsmouth in a few Days, to take the Command of a Fleet.

The Charming Jenny, Scott, from London to Cadix, is taken by a French Frigate of 32 Guns.

May 5. It is reported, that the Dutch Commissioners at our Court have, in a Manner, settled Matters to mutual Satisfaction; but as we have not sufficient Authority, we can only say that such a Thing is talked of.

They write from Holland, that further Instructions had been sent over to their three Deputies at London, accompanied with a Plea composed by a Member of the Regency, proving their Right to Trade on the French Colonies, of which he alleges they cannot be deprived without a manifest Violation of the Treaty of 1674. In the Conclusion he insinuates, that the Republic may possibly give up the Trade to the French Colonies directly, but that she will on that Account maintain, with the greatest Firmness, the Liberty of trading to them directly. It is added, that the Declaration of the Count d'Affry of the Severity of the French Administration towards Dutch Vessels, in Case too much Complaisance should be shown to the English, will induce the Deputies to be on their Guard against every vague Temperament that may be proposed. The Dutch expect much from the great Abilities of M. Borel, one of the three.

May 8. Twelve Magazines were taken and destroyed in Bohemia by the Troops under the Command of Prince Henry of Prussia.

Admiral Boscawen is, with the Ships under his Command, arrived safe at Obedahar.

We hear that the Bonetta Sloop, which was coming to England with the Dispatches from Guadaloupe, foundered at Sea.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, April 26.

"Affaires begin to take a favourable Turn. The Advantage gained by the Duke de Broglie is more considerable than was thought at first. The Court, who are highly pleased with the excellent Dispositions he made, and the Proof he gave of his Military Capacity, have sent Orders to him to advance with a strong Force towards Hettli, if such they want to get Possession, while the Marshal de Camille profits on the other Bank of the Rhine, and endeavours to draw it over the Water. These Operations are to be mutually regulated on each other, and if they succeed, as we have Reason to hope they will, a Part of the Duke de Broglie's Army will march towards Saxony; the Disposition of that Country being absolutely essential to us."

"The Count d'Affry, Marchen Argell, the Marshal de Broglie's Correspondent in England writes to him that the French had a strong Party in Scotland. The Marshal had made a long Speech in Council, setting forth the Utility of a Defense in Scotland, and bringing the Pretender on the Stage. The Speech was not unanimously approved; but notwithstanding the Opposition made to it, a Resolution was taken, that the Pretender should make his Appearance, and endeavour to fix himself in Scotland in the Month of two Months."

We are informed that the Senate General have received Advices from their Deputies in England, which are far from being favourable. It is said a Resolution hath therefore been taken to send more ample Instructions to those Gentlemen, clothed in the strongest Terms: That is to say, that they must, as soon as possible, either conclude Matters amicably, or come to an open Rupture.

May 10. Some Letters from Lisbon of the 18th of May, intimate, that they had received an Account there, that the combined Troops of Spain and Portugal, had been entirely defeated by the Indians in Paraguay.

We hear that the three Deputies from the States of Holland set out Yesterday Morning on their return Home, greatly dissatisfied at the Reception they met with.

Admiral's Office, May 1.

Extract of a Letter from Captain Faulkner, of the Windsor, of 60 Guns, to Mr. Cleveland, dated at Lisbon, April 8.

"The 27th inst. we discovered four large Ships to Leeward; on giving them Chase, they drew into a Line of Battle a-head, at the Distance of about a Cable's Length ahead, and remained in that Station till we had engaged the foremost Ship near an Hour, when the three headmost made all the Sail they could from us; on seeing which, the Ship we were engaged with struck her Colours. She proved to be La Duc de Chartres, pierced for 60 Guns, had 24 French Twopenny Pounders mounted, and 204 Men, 28 of which were killed, and 18 wounded. The Windsor had in this Action 1 Man killed, and 6 wounded. The Prisoners inform us, the Landing of the La Duc de Chartres consisted of forty Tons of Gunpowder, One Hundred and fifty Tons of Cordage, Flour, Sail Cloth, Wines, &c."

"The other three Ships that ran off, were La Massat, pierced for 70 Guns, had 26 Twopenny Pounders mounted, and 300 Men; the East-India Company, pierced for 54 Guns, had 24 12 Pounders mounted; and 274 Men; and the St. Luke, pierced for 24 Guns, had 18 Twopenny Pounders mounted, and 200 Men: They all belonged to the French East-India Company, sailed from Port L'Orient the 22d of March, and were bound to Pondicherry."

May 14. His Grace the Duke of Bedford, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, hath ordered all such Officers of his Majesty's Forces upon the Establishment of Ireland, as are absent, and not on the recruiting Service, to repair immediately to their respective Posts in that Kingdom.

BOSTON, July 2.

We have Advice from Louisbourg, that Admiral Saunders's Fleet received no Damage in the hard Gales of Wind we had here on the 7th and 8th of last Month.

Capt. Merriweather, who arrived here last Week from Bristol, informs, that on his Passage he spoke with a Dutch Ship, the Master of which told him, that about the 12th of May last, he spoke with Admiral Boscawen's Fleet off Cape Ortugal, bound up the Mediterranean; and that the French Fleet was not sailed from Brach, but still remained blockaded up in that Harbour, by our Fleet in the Bay.

Extract of a Letter from New-London, June 26.

"A Vessel arrived here in 12 Days from Monto Christo, the Master of which says, that the English Men of War take all the Vessels bound in and from that Port, and carry them to Jamaica, where they are condemned."

We hear from Newport, Rhode-Island, that a Schooner was arrived there in 21 Days from Monto Christo, and informs, that soon after they came out they were brought to and detained some Time by an English Man of War, who acquainted them that they were going to the Mount, in order to carry all the English Vessels they found there to Jamaica.

Yesterday Evening the Courier came in from Albany, which Place he left last Thursday Afternoon, and informs, That about 2 or 300 French and Indians were come down within a Mile of Herkemer's Fort, on the Mohawk River, but had not yet done any Mischief, and that our People had taken two of the Indians, and hung them up: That General Amherst with all his Troops have been at Lake George for near a Week past, where he was making the necessary Preparations for carrying on the designed Operations against the Enemy, and it was thought would soon cross the Lake.

Extract of a Letter to his Excellency from Cape Hellmouth, dated on board the Ship King George, Lat. 37: 10: N. Long. 21: W.

"I have frequent Accounts of 3 Privateers, a Brigantine, Schooner and Sloop cruising here, of which I have been informed by almost every Vessel I have spoke with; on the 17th Instant a Vessel from Antigua was chased by them for some Time, when they had a Sloop in Company, but Night coming on left off Chase, after firing 7 Shot at him, which went over him; but being to Windward got clear; since and before that I met with several others who had been fired upon and chased; from this Intelligence I shall be detained longer on this Station than I expected, without I am lucky enough to meet with them soon. I am now amongst the thickest of the Whalesmen, 7 of them are near us (2 of them have great Luck-To-day) every Person who has informed me of these Privateers has agreed in their Account, the Brigantine black Top and white Bottom, full of Sails, and a Tier of Guns, not very large, the Schooner two Top-sails, Stay-sails, Ring-sails, Sprit-sails, &c. the Sloop with a Top-sail, Ring-sails, and full of small Sails."

Yesterday last Captain Ripley in a Sloop arrived here in 23 Days from Louisbourg, by whom we learn, that the Echo Frigate, with 20 Sail of Transports, laden with Provisions, Stores, &c. were safe arrived there from London, and had sailed again, under Convoy of 3 Frigates, together with 23

other Transport Ships, and a Number of Sloops, Schooners, &c. with live Stock for the River St. Lawrence as Yesterday Fortnight.—And that the Garrison of Louisburg were very healthy, and Provisions Plenty.

L O N D O N.

A Sportive Fancy might amuse itself by a Survey of the Brute Creation, and find out such Animals as would bear a Comparison with most of the Kingdoms and States in Europe: We might do our Gallick Friends the Honour to place them at the Head of a List of Beasts on this Occasion. Suppose, then, we should compare them to a Fox, ever on the Watch to steal the Poultry from the neighbouring Farms; his Wiles and Doublings aptly enough represent their Chicane in the Observation of Treaties.—A Wolf, may well enough design the Empress-Queen; whose cruel and ferocious Disposition has stained whole Rivalets with the Blood of murdered Lambs.—The Marmoset, gives us a lively Picture of Spanish Indolence; she hides her Head in the cold Season of Danger and Difficulties, and patiently waits the Sunshine of Peace to shew herself.—The busy Pertness of the Squirrel, puts us in Mind of his Sicilian Majesty, skipping from Bough to Bough in Search of Golden Fruit.—His Sardinian Majesty, like a Pointer, marks his Prey, and waits a Signal from the Fowler to start it.—The unwieldy Figure of an Ox gives us an Idea of the Russians, who know not their own Strength, but stalk about, with unmeaning Loziness.—The half-reasoning Elephant, as Pope calls him, denotes the Greatness and Wisdom of the Turkish Empire.—The Swedes are Village Curs, who impotently bark at the noble Steed that traverses their Town.—The Poles are the amphibious Otter; Beasts of no Consequence, either by Land or Water.—England may be compared to her own Bull-dogs; peaceable, if let alone; when provoked, never letting go her Hold, till she has brought her Enemy to the Ground.—The Mole, represents the blind Batavian, looking under Ground for Wealth, and careless of what passes above.—The Lyon, is emblematical of Prussian Courage; though beset with cruel and rapacious Enemies, he keeps them all at Bay, erects his shaggy Main, and deals Destruction with his tremendous Tail.—The States of Germany are Wasps, who sting the noble Beasts; whom he, by lashing his own Sides, may soon destroy.—His Holiness is the timorous Hare; who hearing the Hounds on every Side, seems doubtful which way to direct her Steps.—The Venetians are the stately Camel; who with steady Pace, keep in their beaten Track of Politics.—The Hungarians are the faithful Spaniel; who the more they are beat, become the more obedient to their Tyrant Master.—And the Genoese are Rabbits; wantonly frisking about in Time of Safety; but when Danger appears, burying themselves in the Holes of Neutralities.—This is the State of Europe.—Where is the sagacious Beak, that can reconcile such different Tempers? FUNNIBUS.

WILLIAMSBURG, June 29.

To the PRINTER of the VIRGINIA Gazette.

S I R,

AS I published in your Gazette (No. 436) under a fictitious Name, the Mention of a Machine for expeditiously threshing out Grain in the completest Manner, being the most expeditious of any yet invented, in order to know how the Invention should be approved of by the Public; but the Generality not apprehending the Proposal to be genuine, or looking upon it as the Production of some idle Person only to amuse the Readers, I desire you will insert the following in your next Paper.

I PROPOSE a Threshing-Mill (the Machine mentioned in your Paper) to be set up on any clear Plantation or Farm, to be moved by a small Breeze of Wind, and to thresh out 100 Bushels of Wheat in 12 Hours, with a moderate Gale; as well as at other Times, to beat Bark, break Flax and Hemp; beat Cyder, or (if required) to beat Indian Corn into a fine Meal in a very little Time; or, in short, to do any such Kind of laborious Work. This Mill to be tended by one Person, of common Understanding, and turned to the Wind by one Person or two at most; but when the Wind blows fresh, it will dispatch the Wheat as fast as four or five People can bring in the Sheaves, and carry off the Straw. I propose that the Building shall not exceed Half the Height of Great Wind-Mills, the Threshing-Floor not being above seven Feet from the Ground, and the Ascent by eight or nine easy Steps, on the Outside; to be stopped by

the Person tending it in a Minute, and set to Work in a Quarter of an Hour, at any Time. The Expense will be very little more than the Timber and Plank for an House about 17 Feet long by 13, or 14 Feet wide, the Pitch something higher than common Houses of that Construction; the Iron-Work that would be necessary would not cost above 30 or 50 Shillings, exclusive of Nails for the House. I propose, if I can get an Hundred Subscribers in this Colony, Maryland and Pennsylvania, to build so many of these Mills, as may be near me, at 50 Pounds each, the Timber and Plank being brought to the Place; or, in Case the Subscribers are too remote for my constant Attendance, I will engage to instruct any good Carpenters that Gentlemen may employ, who understand the Framing of Houses well, effectually to build the remaining Quantity of them, for 25 Pounds each.

On the whole, if I find that this Piece of Mechanism, never before put in Practice, be acceptable to the Public (which I may easily have an Opportunity of knowing, by Gentlemen advertising their Approbation in some Public News-Paper) I would immediately set Subscription-Papers on Foot at the several Places following, viz. At Williamsburg, Annapolis, and Philadelphia; and to the End that Gentlemen, who may incline to favour this so advantageous a Thing to Mankind, may not suffer any Disappointment, I do not desire, nor expect, any Thing from the Subscribers, unless the Project shall succeed. I further engage to all those who are convenient to me, that theirs shall be built as soon as possible, and the whole in four Years, from the Time of signing the Subscription; the first subscribed for to be first built, and to commence this present Year.

Mill-Creek, near Hampton, JACOB WALKER.

Virginia, June 26, 1759.

NEW-YORK, July 9.

Wednesday Capt. Duncan Brown, in the Snow Friendship, arrived here in 34 Days from Gambia, on the Coast of Africa: He says that on the 9th of May the Ship Upton, of Liverpool, Capt. Burton, arrived there with a French Ship, which he had taken off the Canary Islands, with a Cargo on board valued at 5000 £ Sterling; that the Depey, of London, late Capt. Glas (with 14 other English Vessels) were at Gambia, but that the Crew of the Depey were all dead, and that he carried her to Cape-Verde.

Captain Stewart sailed from Bristol the 16th of May, in Company with 13 Sail, one of which was a Brig for Bolton; Captain Hatton for Philadelphia, several for Virginia and Newfoundland, the rest for Africa, under Convoy of his Majesty's Ship the Aldborough; but left the Fleet about 300 Leagues to the Westward of Scilly.

When Captain Stewart left England, it was thought by the most judicious in Bristol, that a Dutch War was inevitable; that a greater Pretext was never known in England, and that 10,000 Seamen were demanded from the Town of Glasgow alone.

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated July 5.

"The following is a Copy of a Letter from Lake George, viz. The second Instant, 16 of the Jersey Blues were sent without the Camp to gather a little Brush for the General's Baker, but were not an Hour gone before they were surprised in Sight of the Camp by a Party of the Enemy, consisting of about 240, who killed and scalped six, wounded two, took four Prisoners, and only four of the whole Party escaped. They showed themselves plainly to the whole Army after they got the Scalps, gave a Hailloo, and then made off to their Battos, which were not more than two Miles from the Head of the Lake: A large Party was ordered out after them, but in vain. They butchered our People in a most shocking Manner, by cutting Pieces of Flesh out of their Necks, Thighs and Legs."

The Earl of Leicester Packet, Capt. Morris, arrived at Falmouth in 30 Days from this Port.

Extract of a Letter from the Camp at Lake-George, June 27.

"The most of our Artillery is up, and we are raising the Battos every Day: The Sloop is not raised yet.—All the Artificers in the Army are employed; and indeed I can't say but what every one is.—The French come in Sight of our Camp very often.—Mr. Turnbull, an Officer of the Rangers, and four of the Light Infantry of Lord John Murray's Royal Highland Regiment, went out Yesterday in a Whale Boat to fish about the Islands in the Lake; but while they were fishing they perceived three Whale Boats and a Bark Canoe coming out altogether from the second Island, and making towards them: At first Mr.

Turnbull thought they were some of our own People; but when they came nigher he soon discovered them to be Enemies; on which he and his Men made the best of their Way for the Shore, and the Enemy pursued them very hard, especially the Bark Canoe, in which were 12 or 14 Indians, but our People happily got to Shore before them, and ran up thro' the Woods: The Enemy followed them for four Miles, but could not take any of them Prisoners: They all five came safe home to Camp about 8 o'Clock the Day after; but without either Coat, Breeches, Shoes or Hose.

By a Letter from Lake-George we are informed, that the Army in general keep their Health very well, and are all in high Spirits.

General AMHERST, we hear, intended to cross Lake-George, with his whole Army, as Yesterday.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.

At a Court of Admiralty, held here last Week, the four Prizes, lately brought in by the Britannia Privateer, Capt. M'Pherson, were all condemned.

Extract of a Letter from Boston, June 25, 1759.

"A Vessel is just arrived here in 8 Days from Louisburg, by which we learn, that a French Schooner was sent in there, taken by Admiral Durell's Squadron, within 15 Leagues of Quebec. The Schooner was bound down the River, and informed the Admiral that two French Ships of the Line, three Frigates, and thirteen or fifteen Transports, had got up to Quebec, and others were daily expected; but we hope our Fleets will prevent them."

We have Advice from Albany, that two Families were lately cut off, within five or six Miles of Sir William Johnson's.

Extract of a Letter from Pittsburgh, June 26, 1759.

"There lately arrived here two Indian Messengers from Chiese, a Town of the Seneca Nation, with a Message to all the Tribes settled on the Ohio, acquainting them, that the Six Nations had taken, near that Place, Joncor, the famous French Interpreter, with another Officer, and killed a Third, whose Scalp, with the two French Officers, and some French Soldiers, they had sent to Sir William Johnson."

Extract of another Letter from the same Place, dated the First Instant.

"The Convoy is arrived safe, which would have been attacked by a large Body of French and Indians, if they had been one Day longer on their March. Upwards of 400 Indians, of different Nations, have been lately at this Port, and were all clothed. The Beaver Chief, with several other Chiefs, of sundry Tribes, and their Attendants, are expected."

ANNAPOLIS, July 19.

We hear that on Wednesday last Week a Party of French and Indians made a sudden Attack upon Loyal Hamlet, killed Three of the Royal Americans, and carried off Two Prisoners. On Thursday they attacked Steep-Creek, and killed Capt. Jones of the Pennsylvanians, Three Privates, and one Woman, who were looking over the Redoubt; and would in all Likelihood have carried that Post, had not Four Hundred of the Royal Americans very fortunately entered it about an Hour before. On Friday they made an Attempt upon Ray's Town, and killed Three or Four there: At which last Place a Field Officer's Guard is kept, as they expect another Visit from them. 'Tis said that by Advice from Pittsburgh, this Party consists of Three Hundred Indians and Sixty French, of whom we hope soon to have a more agreeable Account.

Last Monday Capt. David Lewis, in the Fish and Jane, who came out with the Fleet, arrived in Dutch River; the whole Fleet being now arrived, except Captain Montgomery in the Care, who met with some Damage soon after she came out, and put back.

There have lately been several Robberies committed at Bladenburg, and Threatening Letters dropp'd; and a few Days since a young Gentleman was shot at as he was leaning over the Rail of the Bridge; and the Bullet went thro' his Hat (within about an Inch of his Head) and knock'd it off.

A LIST of the PRIZES drawn in the MARYBOROUGH LOTTERY, will be inserted in our next GAZETTE.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANAPOLIS, Entry 2.

Sloop Catherine, Joseph Granbury, from St. Christopher's.

Ship John and Jane, David Lewis, from London.

Cleared for Departure.

Sloop James, John Lackey, for Virginia.

Schooner Lyon, Samuel Norton, for Dublin.

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CAPTAIN STIRLING, Commander of
his Majesty's Ship *Lynn*, has desired his Ex-
cellency our Governor to have it Notified to the
Merchants and Masters of Ships in this Province,
that, in Obedience to his Instructions, he must
leave *Virginia* the latter End of September; and
Captain *Stirling* desires, that whoever is ready and
willing to proceed to *Europe* under his Convoy,
may be at *York* in *Virginia* by that Time.

Upper-Marlborough, July 14, 1759.

JUST IMPORTED

By the Subscribers, and to be Sold for Tobacco, Cash,
or Bills of Exchange.

**A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN
and EAST-INDIA GOODS**, by
Wholesale or Retail.

Likewise to be Sold, some likely healthy Men
Negroes from *Africa*, and *Madeira* Wine by the
Pipe or Quarter Cask. *By J. J.*
ALEXANDER and ANDREW SYMMER.

JAMES JOHNSON,

Has Removed from his Store in FRANKLIN-STREET,
to the South Side of CHURCH-STREET, opposite
to Mr. ROBERT SWAN'S Store, where he hath
to sell, just Imported, in the BETSY, Captain
STRACHAN, the SARAH, Capt. MONTGOMERIE,
from LONDON, and the BOLINTON, Captain
BUCHANAN, from GLASGOW, very cheap,
for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit.

**GREAT Variety of EUROPEAN and
EAST-INDIA GOODS.**

Also Soap, Candles, Raisins, and good West-
India Rum by Wholesale or Retail.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,
and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store, at
the Head of the Dock in ANNAPOLIS;

**A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and
INDIA GOODS**, at very reasonable Rates.
L. J. G. 101 LAURELOT JACQUES.

JUST IMPORTED

By the FLEET from LONDON, and to be Sold
by the Subscriber, at his Store at UPPER-MARL-
BOROUGH, PIC-POINT, and ROCK-CREEK.

**GREAT Variety of EUROPEAN and
EAST-INDIA GOODS**; old Cheshire
and Gloucester Cheese, Ramfury Ale and London
Porter in Bottles, Raisins and Currans, English
and German Steel, Sail Cloth No. 1 to 8, Box
and Brass Compasses, Bunting, Ship Chandlery,
&c. for Shipping.

Likewise Barbados Rum and Muscovado Sugar.
STEPHEN WEST.

N. B. He intends to purchase this Fall, Corn,
Wheat, Pork, Pease, &c. for Exportation. And
now wants about 16 to 20,000 good Cyprus Shin-
gles, to be delivered at Rock-Creek on Patowmack,
and about 10,000 at Pig-Point on Patuxent.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the WILSON, Capt. SLATOR, from LONDON,
and to be Sold by the Subscribers at QUEEN-ANNE
in Prince-George's County, very cheap, for Bills,
Cash, or Tobacco.

**A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN
and EAST-INDIA GOODS.**

Likewise Barbados Rum and Muscovado Sugar.
STEPHEN WEST.
RICHARD MOORE.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,
In the Ship BETSY, Capt. WILLIAM STRACHAN,
and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store
in ANNAPOLIS.

**A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN
and EAST-INDIA GOODS**, at rea-
sonable Rates.

L. J. G. WILLIAM ROBERTS.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship CHARMING NANCY, Capt. CHARLES
RIDGELY, from LONDON.

**A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN
and EAST-INDIA GOODS**, to be
Sold by the Subscriber in Baltimore-Town, Whole-
sale and Retail.

Also West-India Rum, Sugar, Cordage, &c.
THOMAS DICK.

1 no 51 R.
On WEDNESDAY the Fifteenth Day of Au-
gust next, will be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE,
at or near Mr. Walter Daugherty's, at Chester-
Town in Maryland,

THE REMAINS of the HULL of the
Brigantine *Sophia*, lately burnt at Chester-
Town, with the following Articles, which were
saved from the Fire, viz.

3 Anchors, one about 9 C. one about 8 C.
and one about 3 C. Weight; 1 old Cable, a Par-
cel of 2 Inch Oak Plank, 4666 lbs. of Tobacco,
in 5 Hogheads, a Parcel of Iron Bolts, &c. some
Cordage, a Set of half-worn Sails, 20 Water Hog-
heads, 2 Barrels English Beef, 1 Barrel English
Pease, 1 Swivel Gun, 1 Stew-Kettle, 1 Sauce-
Pan, 1 Tea-Kettle, 1 Pair Bellows, 1 Pair Double
Screws, 1 Pair Single Screws, 2 Iron Crows, 1
Iron Cabouse, Mats, Paunches, Parrels, and Par-
rel Ropes, 1 Dish, 6 Plates, and 2 Basins, 43
Yards Canvas, one Piece Pump Leather, and one
Long-Boat.

GEORGE KIMBER.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Wednesday the 8th Day of August next, at the
House of the Subscriber, near South River Church,
for Ready Money only.

PART of a Tract of LAND called Beninton,
containing 230 Acres, belonging to the Estate
of Samuel Chambers, deceased.

SAMUEL WATKINS.

TWENTY-THREE PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in Kent Coun-
ty, Maryland, on the 9th of this Instant July,
a Mulatto Servant Man, named Thomas Williams,
about 5 Feet 8 or 10 Inches high, is a strong, able,
well-made Man, his Cloaths uncertain: He had
about Thirty Pounds Cash with him, and also his
Wife, who is of his own Colour, and has a great
Impediment in her Speech. It's supposed they
went to *Virginia* in a Shallop.

Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and se-
cures him, so that his Master gets him again,
shall have FIFTEEN PISTOLES Reward; and
EIGHT PISTOLES for discovering the Person
that carried him away, so that he may be convict-
ed thereof according to Law.

JOHN BORDLEY.

July 18, 1759.

FOUR PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away Yesterday Morning from the Bal-
timore Iron-Works, an Irish Convict Servant
Man, named Lawrence Farrell, he is a luffy well-
set Fellow, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, 23 Years
of Age, has a very lubberly Walk, wears long
black Hair, and has a long sharp Nose. Had on
when he went away, a Cotton Jacket, Crocus
Trowsers, Offnabrig Shirt, Country Shoes, and a
Cap of Sail Duck, lined with black Sheepskin.

Whoever secures the said Servant, so that he
may be had again, shall have, if taken 20 Miles
from home, Two Pistoles Reward; and if out of
the Province, Four Pistoles; and reasonable Char-
ges if brought home.

1 no 51 R. JAMES FRANKLIN.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. William
Magruder, in Prince-George's County, near
Upper-Marlborough, taken up as a Stray, a small
yellow colour'd Dun Horse, with a small Blaze in
his Face, and a bob Tail; but has not any per-
ceivable Brand.

The Owner may have him again, on proving
his Property, and paying Charges. 1 no 51 R.

THERE is at the Plantation of Lawrence
Clark, in Baltimore County, taken up as a
Stray, a middle-siz'd Bay Mare, branded on the
near Buttock, but can't make out the Letters, she
has a white Spot on each Side of her Back, a few
white Hairs in her Face, and is a natural Pacer.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his
Property, and paying Charges. 1 no 51 R.

THERE is at the Plantation of Charles Run-
nolds, in Prince-George's County, near Broad-
Creek, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse about
12½ Hands high, he has a large white Star in his
Forehead, a Switch Tail, and branded on the off
Buttock E.

The Owner may have him again, on proving
his Property, and paying Charges. 1 no 51 R. X

THERE is at the Plantation of George Beck-
with, in Frederick County, near Frederick-
Town, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Horse, he
appears to be branded on the near Thigh, but can-
not be discerned with what, and has never been
dock'd.

The Owner may have him again, on proving
his Property, and paying Charges.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber's
Plantation, near South River Ferry, about the
20th of May last, a Bay Gelding, about 13 Hands
high, with one white Foot, a little white on one
Side of his Nose, and believe is branded on the
near Buttock thus SS, or on the Shoulder and
Buttock with a single S. Whoever will bring the
said Gelding to the Subscriber, shall have TWO
PISTOLES Reward. THOMAS GASSAWAY.

JUST IMPORTED from MADEIRA,
And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER
in ANNAPOLIS,

A PARCEL of choice WINES.
DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,

In the Ship BETSEY, Captain STRACHAN, and to
be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store near
the Dock in ANNAPOLIS, for Cash, Bills of Ex-
change, Tobacco, or on short Credit, at the most
reasonable Rates.

**A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN
and EAST-INDIA GOODS.**

He has likewise to sell, Wine by the Gallon,
Rum, Salt, Flour, Currans, Raisins, &c. &c.

NATHAN HAMMOND, junior.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the THETIS, Capt. CRAYMER, and to be Sold
on board the said Ship at Patapsco Ferry, or in
BALTIMORE-TOWN, by Wholesale or Retail, the
following GOODS, viz.

OSNABRIGS and Brown Rolls, Irish Linens
and Sheetings, printed Long Cloths and Cal-
icoes, Russia Drab, Welch Cottons, striped, spot-
ted and plain Flannels, Druggets, Frizes, Half-
Thicks, Broad-Cloths, Shalloons, Check Linen,
dye'd Jeans, Thicksets, Grandurels, India Dimity,
Cotton Gowns, Hats of all Sorts, Cheese, Le-
mons, Mens and Womens Shoes, Mens Silk,
Thread and Worsted Stockings, Silk and Worsted
Mitts, Ditto Breeches Pieces with Furniture, feve-
ral Sorts of Books, Magazines, Reviews, &c. feve-
ral Sorts of Mirrours, viz. Sconce Glasses, plain
Ditto, Dressing Ditto, Mahogany Tea Chests,
Scotch, colour'd and white Thread, Handkerchiefs,
Table Cloths, plain and figur'd Lawn, Gauze and
Lawn Handkerchiefs, Cambricks, spotted and fi-
gur'd Gauze, Scotch Linens and Canvas, best
White Chapel Needles, Pins, Ribbons, sewing
Silk, Gloves, Stock Tape, Sugar, Pepper, To-
bacco Pipes, Medicines, Guns, best Florence Oil,
Pickles, Mustard, Castile Soap, Borax, Sago, Drop
Shot, Battel Powder, Red, Port and Rhenish
Wines, Nails, Tacks, Frying Pans, Padlocks,
Hinges, Sickles, Files, Hoes, white Stone flow-
er'd and plain Plates and Dishes, fine Agate Ditto,
painted Ditto, Breakfast Plates, Fish Strainers,
Sauce-Boats, Patty Pans, Pickle Plates, Fruit Bas-
kets, Salad Vessels, newest Fashions, white Stone
Tea Pots, Cups and Saucers, black Tortoise Ditto,
China Cups and Saucers, Bowls, Stone Mugs,
Welch Porringers, Tureens, Chamber Pots, Gally
Pots, &c. Drinking Glasses, Tumblers, Salts,
cut and plain Decanters, Wine and Water Glasses,
Glass Stands, Phials, Knives and Forks, Scissars,
Raisins, Buckles, Combs, Rings, Metal, Lacquer'd
and Silver Buttons, Snuff Boxes, Pewter Spoons,
Spectacles, Punch Ladles, Fishing Rods, Palms,
Nitting Needles, Fish Hooks, Backgammon Ta-
bles, Slates, Pencils, Sponge, Coffee Mills, Wool
Cards, Necklaces, great Variety of printed Paper
for Rooms, Ink Powder, Writing Paper, &c. &c.

JAMES HOUSTON.

DESERTED, June the 2d, from Philip Lowe,
Ensign in the *Virginia* Regiment, Thomas
Fowler, 21 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 5 Inches
high, a thick well-set Fellow, has dark Eyes and
a red Complexion. Had on a coarse brown Coat,
with large Flat Buttons, and Leather Breeches.
He was born in Ireland, was enlisted near Broad-
Creek, and deserted from Rock-Creek. Whoever
apprehends the said Deserter, and secures him so
that he may be had again, shall receive TWO
PISTOLES Reward from the said Lowe, or any
other Officer belonging to the *Virginia* Regiment.

July 9, 1759.
RAN away last Night, from the Subscriber's Plantations, near Mr. Snowden's Iron-Works, the Two following Convict Servant Men, viz.

John Truhy, born in England, he is a slim Man, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, he has a down Look, and is about 22 or 23 Years of Age. Had on a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, an Osnabrigs Shirt, an old Felt Hat, and old Shoes.

George Westfall, born in England, he is about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, about 24 or 25 Years old, of a pale Complexion, and is a pert talkative Fellow. Had on a blue grey Half-Thick Jacket, white Shirt, a Felt Hat, an old brown Wig, Osnabrigs Trowsers, and Negro Shoes.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and secures them so that their Masters may have them again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward for each.

THOMAS BUTLAND,
JOSEPH MACCUBBIN;

FRANCIS SPONG,
BARBER and PERUKE-MAKER from
LONDON (who lived lately in Annapolis)

NOW keeps Shop in LEONARD-TOWN, near St. Mary's Court-House, where all Gentlemen who shall please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on having their Work done after the neatest Manner, and at reasonable Rates, by
Their humble Servant,
FRANCIS SPONG.

N. B. He has a Supply of the best English Hairs, of all Colours.

THERE is in the Possession of Nathan Brasfords, at the Plantation of Philip Thomas, Esq; on Anne-Arundel Manor, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Bay Mare, about 12 Hands high, branded on the off Shoulder and Buttock thus S R.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Timothy White, near the Mouth of Rock-Creek, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, an Iron Grey Mare, about 12 Hands high, with 4 white Feet, and an upper and under Bit in each Ear, and branded on the near Thigh S R.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

RICHARD FORD,
TAYLOR, from LONDON,

HEREBY acquaints the Public, That he has obtained several very good Hands from England, and that he carries on that Trade at New-Town, Baltimore; where Gentlemen may depend on having their Work done in the best and newest Fashion, and at the least Wearing: And also makes, in the gentlest Taste, Riding Dresses for Ladies; for Ready Money, or very short Credit.

N. B. He makes a plain Suit for £. 1 5 0
Ditto full Trimmed for — — — 1 10 0
And all other Things at a reasonable Rate.

Annapolis, June 28, 1759.

BY Virtue of a *Fieri Facias* to me directed, agreeable to an Act of Assembly of this Province, made at February Sessions, 1755, entitled, *An Act directing the Commissioners of the Paper-Currency Office, specially to call in the Interest due on Bonds, and other Securities, and all Monies due on Bonds payable into said Office, there will be exposed to Public Sale, to the Highest Bidder, on Tuesday the 31st Day of July next, a Lot or Parcel of Ground containing about Three Acres, lying on Severn River, and contiguous to North-East Street, in the New-Town of Annapolis; on which said Lot or Parcel of Ground, are the following Improvements, viz. A large Brick Brew-House, a Brick Dwelling-House one Story high, with Two Rooms and a Passage on the lower Floor, a small Frame House, all now in the Possession of Mr. Patrick O'neill; and also a small Brick House now made use of by the Province as a Magazine for Powder; taken in Execution as the Lands and Tenements of James Duncanson, for the Use of the Commissioners or Trustees for Emitting Bills of Credit, established by Act of Assembly: The Sale to be made on the Premises, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon.*

URSON SCOTT, Sheriff
of Anne-Arundel County.

THERE is at the Plantation of Richard Thomas, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a White Gelding, about 14 Hands high, shod before, he is Flea-bitten about his Head and Neck, paces, trots and gallops, and appears to be about 10 Years old: but has not any perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

WHEREAS a certain Person in Baltimore-Town hath Reported to Strangers and Others, in order to prejudice me, That although I keep Two Boats and Hands at Patuxent Ferry, yet the Attendance given is very irregular and uncertain, and that Travellers might meet with great Difficulty and Hindrance at the said Ferry: This therefore is to assure all Persons, that the said Report is false and groundless, and that due Attendance is always given; where Gentlemen and Others may be sure of a ready Passage, from
Their humble Servant, FLORA DORSET.

SINCE the Publication of an Advertisement in Mr. GAINE's *New-York Mercury*, at New-York, and in Mr. BRADFORD's *Pennsylvania Journal and Weekly Advertiser*, at Philadelphia, of the intended Sale of the Cargo of the *Snow Resolute*, (taken by Capt. Leander and lately Condemned here) to have been at Annapolis the 17th Day of July, Capt. Leander has received Letters from his Owners relating thereto; and the said CARGO will NOT be Sold at the Place and Time mentioned, but will be Exported to Great-Britain.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Baltimore County, a Servant Man named Samuel Phillips, a luffy Fellow, much pitted with the Small-Pox, of a swarthy Complexion, about 45 Years of Age. Had on a new Felt Hat, Check Shirt, Buckskin Breeches, blue Worsted Stockings, and old Shoes. He has no other Cloathing unless he has stolen it since he went away. He was in the Army the last Campaign, and has with him a Discharge, which it is supposed serves him for a Pals. Whoever secures the said Servant in any Goal, so that his Master may have him again, shall have Five Pounds Reward; and if brought home, reasonable Charges, paid by JOHN WILLMOTT.

JUST PUBLISHED,
In large Octavo, Price, neatly Bound, 12/6 Currency,
By JAMES BISSET, Attorney at Law,

AN Abridgment and Collection of the LAWS and ACTS of ASSEMBLY of the Province of MARYLAND at present in Force, with a small choice Collection of Precedents in Law and Conveyancing, calculated for the Use of the Gentlemen of the Province of Maryland.
As Abridging might alter the Meaning of the Enacting Clause, the first proposed Method is laid aside, and every Act containing any material Law is inserted and given in Full, in the very Words of, and carefully copied from, the original Act; nothing being Abridged but the Preamble, general Form of the Enacting Part of the Act, and the Form in every Penal Act of applying and recovering Fines.

There is a very full Index, a Table of the Acts inserted, and a Table of the expired and repealed Acts, and every Clause in any Act at present in Force, that has, by any subsequent Law, been repealed; mentioning when they expired, and the Acts whereby they stand repealed; so that upon comparing the Tables, any Person will directly see, that no material Law is omitted, nor any expired or repealed Act inserted.

The Precedents are alphabetically digested, great Variety given, such chosen as are free from Tautology, with a Number peculiarly adapted for Maryland; such as, Acknowledgments of Deeds, Probates of Wills of Action, Forms of Distraint for Rent, Superfideas for Stay of Execution, &c. As the Binding will take up some Time, they will, as fast as bound, be sent to the respective Court-Houses in the Province, where the Subscribers, or such as chuse to buy any of them, may call for them.

N. B. Advertisements will be affixed at the Court House Doors, advising who have the giving of them out.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC SALE,

On Monday the 23^d of July, at the House of Mr. James Cary, in BALTIMORE-TOWN,

FOUR valuable SLAVES, consisting of Men and Women, being Part of the Estate of William Cromwell, late of Anne-Arundel County, deceased.

All Persons indebted to the said Estate, or to the Subscriber, are desired to come and discharge the same; and as there has been so much Indulgence given already, it is hoped that no one will delay Payment, and thereby oblige the Subscriber to take such Methods as will be very disagreeable to him, and expensive to themselves. Those who have any Claims against the said Estate, are desired to come and settle the same. And for the Ease of those concerned, the Subscriber purposes to attend every Monday, till the last of July, at the Widow Dwyer's, at Patuxent Ferry.

JAMES CROMWELL, Executor.

TO BE LET,
A GRIST-MILL, FULLING-MILL, BOLTING-MILL, and BARK-HOUSE, all complete, with Corn-Store, containing 2000 Bushels of Grain; belonging to Edward Lloyd, Esq; situated at the Head of Wye River. For Terms apply to the Subscriber, living at Wye-Town, near the Mouth of the said River.

ROBERT WILLSON.

May 16, 1759.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in Queen-Anne's County School: Any Person properly Qualified, applying to the Visitors of said School, will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will support them in: Signed per Order,
NATHAN WRIGHT, Register.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Tuesday the 13th of November next, at the House of William Brown, in London-Town, the following Tracts of LAND, belonging to the Estate of William Peete, deceased.

ONE TRACT called *Synthes's Steer*, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called *Huntington*.

ONE TRACT called *Batchelor's Choice*, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of Patuxent, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, Survey'd for *Just Gray*, called *Maiden's Bourne*.

ONE TRACT called *Poplar Neck*, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

ONE TRACT called *Mitchell's Addition*, containing 181 Acres.

Part of a TRACT called *Paddington's Harbour*, containing 100 Acres.

These 5 last Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near *London-Town*.

Also, The late Mr. Peete's Dwelling-House, Store, and other Improvements, in *London-Town* with several unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Persons who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in. And any inclining to Purchase the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to
JAMES MOVAT,
JAMES DICE,
JAMES NICHOLSON, } Executors.

ALL Persons who have any Demands against the Estate of Stephen Pickering, deceased, are desired to give in an Account thereof to the Subscriber, who will divide the Effects in his Hand equally amongst the Creditors, whose Debts are not yet satisfied, and of an equal Nature.

JAMES DICE, Executor.

BENJAMIN WHITCOMB,
STAY-MAKER,

Living in PORT-TOWN, in Charles County.

MAKES STAYS, JUMPS, and GILTREN-STAYS, after the newest, best, and newest Fashion, made of the best of Goods, and works inferior to none. Any Gentlewoman, by directing their Commands to him, they shall be complied with, and may be assured the Work shall not be excused by any Master Stay-maker now in Being.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the *PRINTING OFFICE*, the Sign of the *Star*, in *Charles-Street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this *GAZETTE*, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertisements.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, *July* 26, 1875.

A LIST of the Numbers that came up PRIZES in the *Upper-Marlborough* LOTTERY,
drawn *July* 12th and 13th, 1759.

[illegible]

LONDON, MAY 1

W E hear that Boopole will be granted for the Purple mentioned in the following letter sent on Thursday by his Majesty to Parliament:

"GEORGE R.

HIS Majesty, being sensible of the Zeal of Viceroy
with which his faithful Subjects in NORTH-
AMERICA have exerted themselves in Defence of his
Majesty's just Rights and Possessions, recommends it to
this House, to take the same into Consideration, and to
enable his Majesty to give them a proper Compensation
for the Expenses incurred by the respective Provinces in
the Levying, Cloathing, and Pay of the Troops raised by
the same, according to the active Vigour and firmness
Efforts of the respective Provinces shall justly appear to
be merited.

O. B.

The 20,000 l. for the support of our Settlements in the East-Indies was granted in Consequence of the following Motion:

Below, indicate that

42 **H**is Majesty being desirous that a proper reward
 43 may be employed in the Settlements of the mind
 44 Company of Merchants of England, trading to the East-
 45 Indies, recommends to this House, to enable his Majesty
 46 to aid the said Company in defraying the Expenses of a
 47 military Force in the East-Indies, to be maintained by
 48 them in Lieu of the Battalion commanded by Colonel
 49 Alderson, withdrawn from thence, and now returned
 50 Ireland.

*Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at New-Castle, to his
Friend at York, April 30.*

"Yesterday an Express arrived for all the Pilots who know the Holland Coast, to go directly to London. This, which causes much Speculation, may be depended on for Fact."

In destroying the Austrian Magazine at Budia, in Bohemia, the Wind drove the Flames into the Town, and entirely consumed it to Ashes, to the great Grief of Prince Henry, who endeavored all in his Power to extinguish it;

The following Circumstance is told of the Death of the Prince of Hanover. Just as he was going to lead his Grenadiers to the Assault of the Enemy's Trenches, he said with great Composure, Count my Friends, whoever

NAS COVENANT, LET HIM FOLLOW ME. Since had he pronounced these words, when he received a Muller-Bell in his hand, and expired immediately. Twelve Men carried off his Body in a Chaise to be buried in the Tomb of his Ancestors.

We hear that the Right Honourable the Earl of Bessborough, one of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, and

the Hon. Robert Tyrer Hampden, Esq; formerly Minister Resident at the Hague, are appointed joint Post-masters-general of Great-Britain, in the room of the Earl of Leicester, and Sir Edward Faulkner.

The Right Honourable Secretary PITT, who has been for some time indisposed with the Gout, is so well recovered as to be able to do Business as usual.

Yesterday tonight an Express arrived at Penzance from the Land's End, with Advice that a Vessel was taken that Morning by a French Privateer Brig, within Sight of the Shore. The Diligence Sloop of War, being then in Gweva Lake, weighed Anchor immediately and put to Sea, and on Tuesday Morning returned with the Privateer. She is called the Dilpatch, belongs to Morlaix, mounts 10 Guns, and had about 30 Hands on board when she was taken. She had made five Captures, and sent them to France.

The St. Antony de Padua, Vice-Comodoro, from London, arrived at Gibraltar, in His Passage, in the Channel, she was boarded by two English Privateers, one of which took out two Sacks of Flour and one Basket of Cheese; and when the Captain asked for Payment, the Privateer's Men beat him severely.—Well may the Neutral Powers now think this Policy of Inference in the following Manner: "Free of Captures and Seizures from Turks, Moors, English, and other Barbarians."

The Madonnella Carmella, from London to Venice, Braila, Miller, is taken and carried into Africa. The above Ship fought a considerable Time with two of the Algerine Cruisers, and beat them off, but two more coming down to their Assistance, she was obliged to strike, after an Engagement of two Hours, in which the best Men Killed, besides the first and second Captains, who were Brothers.

It is said the Salaries of all great Plans that become vrant will be sent to the Exigencies of State.

We are informed that an Officer who was lately in his Majesty's Service, and died in his Passage home from the East-Indies, has left the Bulk of his Fortune, which amounts to upwards of 30,000 l: to a Relation who is now a Journeyman Printer.

The following is a Translation of the *SPEECH* made to the KING by the Dutch Deputies, on delivering their Credentials:

23 our Letter of Credence, from their High Mightinesses the
 24 States-General of the United Provinces of the Netherlands
 25 Masters, Your Majesty will perceive that the Character, how-
 26 ardently their High Mightinesses are desirous to cultivate the
 27 sincere Friendship which hath so long subsisted between
 28 the two Nations, and which is so necessary to their com-
 29 mon Welfare, may we be yet happy enough, pursuant

" to our Masters Commands, to remove those Difficulties
 " which have for some Time past diminished this Friendship,
 " and caused so much Prejudice to the principal Subjects of
 " the Republic, who, by the Trade they carry on, are it's

" We place our whole Confidence in your Majesty's Equi-
ty, for which the Republic hath the highest Regard; and

"in the Good-Will your Majesty hath always expressed to-
wards a State, which on all Occasions hath interested it-
self in promoting your Glory, and which is the Guardian
of the precious Trust left by a Prince to dear to your
Majesty.

"Full of this Confidence, we presume to flatter ourselves, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to listen to our just Demands; and we shall endeavour, during the Course of our Ministry, to merit your Approbation, and to strengthen the Bonds which ought to unite the two Nations for ever.

His MAJESTY'S ANSWER.

“GENTLEMEN,
“I have always had a regard for the Republic, and I look

upon their High Mightinesses as my best Friends. If Dis-
cussions have arisen touching Trade, they might be so considered
as the Consequences of a Northern War we are obliged to
wage with France. You may assure their High Mightinesses,
that I shall endeavour on my Part, to remove the Obstacles in
Reason, that I am afraid are put, Gentlemen, that you are
concerned with the same Difficulties."

ST. JOHN'S (in ANTIGUA) - May 10.
The Master of a Vessel lately arrived from New-England.

took up at Sea, in Lat. 29, and Long. 62, a Quantity of Tent-Poles, Mallets, &c. and few a large Quantity of other warlike Stores, and a Boatsprit (which seemed to have been cut away) floating in the Sea, marked [4th Regiment]; which Regiment is now at Louisbourg. Hence it is feared, some of the Transports which sailed with Admiral Holmes has met with some Disaster.

Captain Higgins, of the Brig Hawk, a Flag of Peace from Martinico, arrived here this Morning, with about 40 Masters of Vessels, by whom we have a Confirmation of those Accounts, which, with uncommon Reluctance, we have before been obliged to mention, viz. That English Privateers have been daily carried into Martinico.

The general Account of the Number of Prisons lately carried
in, is such as must move every one who feels for his Coun-
try: might we not hope, that when the List appears, this

June 16. This day arrived here a large Dutch sugar-laden Sloop, of 12 Guns, taken on her Passage from Martinico to St. Eustacia, by the Majesty's Ship Griffin, Captain Tayler, who was left in Pursuit of two others which were

in Company with this, and which it was believed the would come up with. We have Captain Taylor has confined the Bloop's Company, for firing into his Majesty's Ship. Their Vessels are supposed to be Part of seven, which sailed from Martinico last night the French Flag of Truce.

Captain Solley, who sailed from here about 10 Days ago, for North-Carolina, was taken a few Days ago to the Northward, and is retained in an English Flag of Truce which arrived from Martinico on Thursday, together with Captain Wyatt, who was taken in Sight of Point-Pierre, in a Bloop belonging to this Place, and many others; but a complete List of the Prizes lately carried into Martinico, we have not yet received. On all the Prisoners agree, that 75, or 80, have been carried in since the Middle of January; and, whilst adds to the Sting of this bitter Account, we have the Mercantile to find, that the bravest Men have fallen Victims to this common Calamity. The Defence many of our Merchants made, would have done Honour to Men in a much higher Station; but in particular, the Case of Captain Poppleton, of the Ship Griffin, from London, moves our Pity and Regard; this brave, but unfortunate Man, had 14 small Guns, 25 Men, 4 Boys, and 4 Passengers in his Ship; when he was attacked with great Fury by two Privateers together, both of which he beat, and, with great Slaughter, obliged them to run away; but the Day following, before his Damages could be repaired, two others fell on him with equal Fury, but no better Success; and he had hardly got clear of these, before two others assailed the Combat, at a Time when his Ship looked more like one defeated and conquered, than at ready to receive a superior Force; but Courage supplied every Want; one of these he reduced to a Wreck, and the other he made off; and the Bolt of the other was carried away, when a Fire-Ball, thrown in at his Cabin Window, blew up his Ship, and himself perished in the Flames; only 30 of his People being saved.

A French Flag of Truce arrived here Yesterday with English Prisoners, by whom we learn, that M. Bompar has certainly left Martinico, but whether he is gone is uncertain. It is said his Ships are almost filled with Sugar.

CHARLES-TOWN (IN SOUTH-CAROLINA) July 7.
On Wednesday last put in here for a Supply of Water, the Ship Black-Prince, of Bristol, Captain William Miller Commander, from the Coast of Angola, with 500 Negroes, bound for Virginia. Capt. Miller says, his was the only English Vessel that had been upon that Coast this Year; but he left six large Ships there, under Dutch Colours, supposed to be bound for the French West-India Islands.

The Ship Polly, Capt. Hamilton, and the Ship Mercury, Capt. Ingledale, both of Bristol, were lately lost on the Coast of Africa. Captain Hamilton was destined for this Port with a Cargo of Slaves.

A Sloop commanded by a Brother of the above Captain Ingledale, Slaving up the River Gambia, was attacked by a Number of the Natives, about the 27th of February last, and made a good Defence; but the Captain finding himself desperately wounded, and likely to be overcome, rather than fall into the Hands of such merciless Wretches, when about 30 Negroes had boarded his Vessel, discharged a Pistol into his Magazine, and blew her up; himself and every Soul on board perished.

The Snow-Perseus, Capt. William Potter, of Liverpool, bound for this Port, is also cut off by the Negroes in the River Gambia, and every Man on board murdered; the Vessel lost.

The Upton, Capt. Birch, a Letter of Marque Ship of Liverpool, on her Passage to the Coast of Guinea, off the Canaries, took a French Bark, valued at 2000l. Sterling.

H A L I F A X, June 30.
Copy of a Letter, taken in a Prize by Admiral Dorell's Squadron.

Rebun, April 19, 1759.

Dear Brother in Law,

The Letter you favoured me with, of the 16th of January, I received with the greatest Pleasure; I am charmed you have got the better of your Sickness, and are in a fair Way of Recovery; I hope the little Tear you have made to St. Augustine has had the desired Effect: If your Winter has proved melancholy, now, I assure you, but not long; you have been reduced to a quarter of a Pound of Bread, per Day, and have often had no Meat at all; but the Week is, our Misery increased; Beef, which all the last Winter sold for 20 to 22 Pence the Pound, at present sells for 45; and the Butchers say, the small Quantity they have will sell for 3 Livres a Pound, French and Dutch are above any Price; Corn sells for 40 Livres; Wine 150 Livres a Hoghead; all Corn has commonly sold for 450 Livres. In a Word, every Thing is almost Priceless: 'Tis a most unbecoming Civility to think what will become of us; it is my Opinion, if France does not immediately take Place, or great Successes sent us from France, our Colonies had much better submit to the English than continue in their present Miseries. The English threaten us in every Place; Crown-Point is no longer looked upon as safe, nay, it appears a Resolution is taken to burn and abandon every Thing, and intrust themselves at the Mouth of St. John's, as the last Winter, we are finding in Crown-Point only 300 Men, who were composed of Barry's and the Queen's, the rest that comprised that Number are Canadians; this Body marched to-morrow, under the Command of Mous. Deschamps; Mous. Montcalm and Mous. Levy remain with the rest of the Troops here. We were learnt by a Prisoner, taken the 10th of last Month, at Carleton, that at Albany they daily expected the Arrival of 6000 old British Troops, commanded by the General Officer who had taken Louisbourg; he has the Character of being a Man of great Experience, and our Colonies per General must be cautious of this Prisoner's Account; reports, we shall be attacked here before, notwithstanding our Measures seem to be taken for our Defence. We have at yet no News from France, tho' a flattering Gazette 3 Days from the N. E. gave us Reason to expect it.

By a Vessel arrived here from Louisbourg, we have Advice, that two Days before they left that Place, on Captain Clark, in a Schooner, with his Family, and two other Men, had arrived there from Quebec, and gave the following Account, viz: that he and his Family had lived at Quebec about two Years, but not failing to carry with them any longer, he and the other two Men, which came with him, contrived to make their Escape; accordingly they had a Birch Canoe, with which they went on board a small Ship that lay at Anchor a little Way down the River, on board of which were two Frenchmen, and after obliging them to help to fetch Anchor, and haul the Sails, they gave the Frenchmen the Canoe and sent them ashore; in the Ship they provided dinner for the River, if they came to a small

Schooner, where lay a Schooner, which they taking better than the Ship, took Possession of, and burnt the Ship; they then went on Shore, well-armed, and killed 12 French and Indians, five of whom they scalped, and then returned to the Schooner, and set sail for Louisbourg, where they arrived with the Scalps as above. They also inform, that the French had driven off all their Flocks from Quebec, except about 5000 Animals, which they left with the Women and Children, in Order to make their Escape; (and perhaps left) Effects against General Amherst. They further inform, that there was a great Scarcity of Provisions at all times at Quebec, inasmuch that they were obliged to kill their working Cattle and Horses for Sustenance.

B O S T O N, July 9.

Saturday last Capt. Ayers arrived here in 2 Weeks from London, but left from Gravesend, which he left the 14th of May; by him we learn, that the French are fitting out a powerful Fleet at Breit, consisting of 18 Ships of the Line, and near one Hundred Sail of Transports, with Troops on board. That it was imagined they designed a Defence on England or Ireland, where the greatest Preparations were making to receive them, should they be so lucky as to get to either Place, which 'twas doubted, as we had a Number of Cruisers out, in order to give Intelligence to Admiral Hawke, who lay at Torbay with 25 Capital Ships, who was immediately to put out and follow them. And, that just before he sailed they had Advice of one of our Expects having taken a French one of 24 Nine Pounders, and carried her into Plymouth.

We hear from Kitzary, that Sir William Pepperell, Bart. died there last Friday Morning, in the 63d Year of his Age, after a long Indisposition.

A Letter from Halifax, dated June 29, 1759, we have certain Intelligence that the Fleet has got up the River as far as the Island of Cedre, which is but 9 Leagues below Quebec.

N E W - Y O R K, July 16.

By the Albany Post, who came in last Night, we hear, That an Express arrived at Albany from Lake-George on Thursday Morning last, and reported, that the Army continued in high Spirits; and every Thing was preparing for a speedy crossing of the Lake: And that a Party of 50 Men, under the Command of Capt. Jacobs, had been out upon a Scout from our Camp, and had returned with the Loss of 6 or 7 of them. The Manner in which he lost them, we have not heard.

Part of a Letter from the Camp at Lake-George, dated July 10.

"We sent out a Scout of 30 Indians, under Captain Jacobs, three Days ago, who after having reconnoitred Ticonderoga, on their Return were in the first Nazomus pursued by 7 Bark Canoes, and only eleven of the Party are yet come in; the rest, we fear, are either killed or taken Prisoners."

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated July 12, 1759.

"We have several Accounts from Oswego, by Letters dated the 10th of June, that General Prideaux, with 2000 Men, and 670 Indians, was to embark the next Day for Niagara; they were to be joined by 500 Indians more at a Creek a little distant from Oswego."

On Monday last arrived here three Transport Vessels, having on board a Number of Highlanders for Fraser's and Montgomery's Battalions. They came from Scotland but left from Virginia, where they arrived some Time since.

Friday last Capt. Carman, called by here in his Way to Amboy, in 40 Days from Madeira, who informs us, that a Ship had arrived at Madeira from London, the Day before he came away, and brought a certain Account of three French East-Indiamen being taken in the English Channel.

Yesterday arrived here the Rye Man of War, from St. Kitts, and brought under Convoy 9 Transports, and an Hospital Ship, having the 2d Battalion of the Royal Highlanders, with about 6 or 700 Draughts on board.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, July 19.

Since our last we have been favoured with the following Letters (of good Authority) from Pittsburgh and Lancaster.

Pittsburgh, June 26, 1759.
Narcissus Landing the late Stories, propagated by some Indians, of Reinforcements arrived at Venango, I have the Pleasure of informing you, that no great Danger need be suspected from that Quarter."

"Friendly Indians daily arrives here; and, by their Speeches and Behaviour, make it plain that they are desirous of living with us upon amicable Terms. The Wyandots, particularly, profess the greatest Friendship; with us may take Root in this Spot; and complain grievously of the French Impediments in Point of Trade."

"Captain Croghan embarked, a few Days ago, 189 Indians, and few of these were without Shins to trade without besides. Indeed our Indian Interests gain Strength every Day; and, were the Enemy once dislodged from the Ohio, scarcely an Indian will be found to stand out against the beneficial Terms proposed for their Assistance. Shingoes arrived last Night with a Message from the Beaver, informing us, that a considerable Number of the Chief Men of all their Allies were on the Road to Success, there to hold a Conference, before they treat here; to which Place we are to send them Provisions. We look daily for the Arrival of the Army. The Garrison is chiefly employed in preparing Shins for the Indians, and a proper Garden for the Winter. We have now above 200 Men with for Day; and the English, stationed here last Winter, are now all very heavy, and able to do, in Strength and Spirit, with any Troops in the Campaign."

Another Letter from Pittsburgh, of the same Date with the above.

"At Two o'Clock this Afternoon the two Indians that were sent from hence the 18th Instant to Venango for Intelligence, returned, and report, that there are not above 200 French and Indians at Venango; that they are scarce of Provisions, have no Cannon, and appear to be very dull and low spirited: That the Ottawas, Mesquagos, and Wyandots, which were there with the French, told them that they had made, a few Miles above Venango, where the Bark was plenty, fifty Canoes; but for what Purpose they did not say. Our Spies tell us, it is their Opinion, if they have made these Canoes, it is only to come down the Ohio to the Mouth of Kiskimutonga Creek, and there leave them till they go and way-lay the Road between this and Ligonier, in order to cut off some of our Retreats with Provisions."

"The Chief of the Indians, with the French, told these Spies, that they had sent the Heads of all the Nations were to meet at least to be a few from France; and that as soon as they heard that was done, they would, to a Man, abandon the French."

"Two Indian Messengers arrived here from Chibcha, a Town belonging to the Senecas, who say, that the Sen Nations were all in Arms, and had sent a War Belt to Sir William Johnson, to proceed with all the Mohawks, Oneidas, Tuscaroras, Mischickadeens, and Montaignes, with the King's Troops, immediately towards Niagara, to reduce that Fortress; and said, they were ready to join him on the Lake, with the three upper Nations, viz. Senecas, Oneidas and Cayugas; that this Message was sent ten Days ago, and they expected Sir William was then near Oswego; so that this Day they imagine they are before Niagara."

"These Messages were likewise charged with a Message to all the Nations on the Ohio, to make ready to join the Six Nations upon the first Notice they should receive from them, in order to cut off all the French on this Side the Lakes."

"Upon receiving this News, we summoned a full Council of all the Indians of the different Nations here, and acquainted them with the same; they received it with seeming Pleasure, and we believe with sincerity; and it appears to us, that we only want a few Troops, and Provisions, to be able to go and take the Forts on this Side the Lake, as we shall be joined by the Indians here, which we think will soon be very numerous, at the Great Council with all the Western Nations will take Place here in eight Days at farthest."

Pittsburgh, July 2, 1759.

"Yesterday arrived here 20 Delaware from Venango, who inform, that they passed two Days ago, at the Kittanning, with 40 French, and 250 Indians, going to way-lay the Road between this and Lancaster. The French have drawn all their Force to Venango from Presque-Ile and Beef-River, to make up this Party of Indians; and they report that there are 500 more Indians coming over the Lakes; but neither we nor the Indians believe it. We keep good Spies out, so that the Enemy cannot stir from Venango without our Knowledge. Upwards of 400 Indians, of different Nations, have been lately clothed here, and they seem all very well pleased. The Delawares, Shawanese, and all the other Nations, on this Side the Lakes, are busy drawing their People from the Enemy; and to-morrow the Beaver, with several Chiefs of different Nations, and their Attendants, will be here, in order to hold a Treaty, finally to confirm the Peace."

Extract of a Letter from Fort Ligonier, July 7, 1759.

"Yesterday, about One o'Clock, the French and Indians returned to Camp, and reported that they had not seen the least Sign of the Enemy; upon which, in Compliance with Major Tallikin's Request, I sent Lieutenant Blane, with the Royal Americans, to Scolded; and, as the Party was but small, ordered a Sergeant and 12 chosen Woods-Men, to conduct him thro' the Woods, to the Foot of the Island Hill, on the West Side, with Directions to return to Camp, without touching the Road."

"About three Quarters of an Hour after this Detachment had marched, the Enemy made an Attempt to surprise this Post. I cannot ascertain their Numbers, but am certain they were considerably superior to ours."

"At first, I imagined the Enemy only intended to smother the Garrison, while they were engaged with Lieutenant Blane's Party; but finding the Fleet involved in an Ambush, and the Enemy pushing greatly, I began to entertain Hopes of their Safety, and was only anxious for the Sergeant and 12 Men."

"The Enemy made an Effort from every Quarter, but the Fire on the first Redoubt was hottest; in it Capt. Jones was killed."

"We are extremely obliged to Lieutenant Mitchellson, of the Artillery, for his Vigilance and Application. After a few well played Shells, and a brisk Fire from the Works, the Enemy retired into the Skirts of the Woods, and continued their Fire at a Distance till Night."

"The Sergeant (Patrick, of the Virginians) returned about 500 Yds, without seeing an Enemy, until he came within Sight of the Fort. The Party behaved well, fought until they had Orders to retreat, and got in without the Loss of a Man."

"The Enemy never melted us in the Night. Small Parties of them have shown themselves in the Skirts of the Woods, and fired at a Distance To-day, without doing us any Hurt."

"We were happy in having the Bullock Guard, and Cavalry; and all the Horses, employed in the public Service, were luckily returned to Bedford. I have not heard from Pittsburgh since the last Instant, where the Captains Woodward and Morgan then arrived with a Detachment of 250 Men, having under their Care 80 Horse Load of Flour."

N. B. We have only Capt. Jones killed, & 3 Men wounded; and flatter ourselves the Enemy's Loss is considerable. By Captain Simpson, from Lancaster, a Gentleman there writes his Friend here as follows:

"There is all the Appearance that the ensuing Campaign will be a bloody one. The French at War on the Continent have entered themselves in the attack this Winter, to be able to bring our Armies into the Field; and they are already in Motion. If the King of Prussia can find his Ground this Year, it is thought his Armies will be ready to fight a War. And by his aid for it; for he takes the Field this Spring with as few as 20,000 as he has had since the War began, and hitherto he has very little furnished his own People for Supplies either of Money or Men, drawing both from his Enemies or Neighbours. And while the Enemy will be God only knows. Even great Alexander, the most powerful in Europe, besides the Swedes, all on his Back at once. No Magnanimity but his own, could think of leaving it; so Courage but his that would not make it; nor any life Bravery, Skill and Activity than his, that would be equal to it. If he again should draw them all round, and in length obtain an Advantage and advantageous Peace, his Revenue will far exceed that of all the Monarchs in Europe."

A N D A. P. O. A. I. S., July 26.
Last Saturday the Body of a Man was found above Abcon on Howe-Fort. He is supposed to have been flying from on board some Vessel."

Tuesday last the Schooner Chester, Captain John Soper, arrived here in 25 Days from St. Christopher. She says 14. Bunker left Martinico about the Middle of June, but returned thither just before he came away."

This Day arrived here with Convicts, the Ship Atlas, Capt. Cole, from N-Hol, which he left the 10th of May. By him we have the English Journal to the 20th; but they contain no News."

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JUST IMPORTED

In the BAY, Capt. STRACHAN, and the CHARMING NANCY, Capt. RINGOLD, from LONDON, and to be SOLD by the Subscribers, by Wholesale or Retail, very cheap, for Ready Money or *Good Credit*.

GREAT Variety of superfine and coarse Broad-Cloths, Furze Cloths, German Stuffs, Druggots, Durys, superfine Regattas, Pess-noughts, sare Duffels, Broadclins, Half-Thickness, Kerseys, embossed Serges, check'd and striped Swan-kins, white Flannels, Hair Plush, *Marchef* for Velvets, striped Duffel Blanketing, Rugs, Blankets and Coverlets, *Washed* Cottons, *Irish* Linens and Sheetings, Linen and Cotton Checks, striped Cottons and Hollands, *Squid* and striped Dimities, Counterpanes, dyed Jeans, Thickens, Red Batts and Bed Ticking, *Raffia* Drabs, Cambricks, Clear Lawns, white Calicoes, Humhams, Mullins, Printed Linens, Cottons and Calicoes, striped China Taffeties, *India* Damasks, plain and striped *India* Persians, Cotton Romals, Table Cloths and Napkins, *Raffia* Diapers for Towelling, Tammies, Durans, Starrens, superfine scarlet and other colour'd Cambricks, fine *Ell* Callimancoes, superfine black Reffels, black, scarlet and buff colour'd Everlastings, black, scarlet and buff Amens, Serge Denims, blue and black *North* Crapes, Hat-band Crapes, Variety of figured Driddens, Vellurets, *Prussian* Floramels, Silk *Prussian* Grogams and shaded Brollors for Men and Womens Wear, *Alamode*, *Minerva* Silk, Lutestring, green Maskets Knitting for Bed Curtains, or Blinds for Windows, great Variety of Millinery and Haberdashery Wares, Writing Paper, Bound Books, and other Stationary, Nails and Iron Ware of all Sorts, Variety of China and Glass Ware, fine Bobes, Hyson and Green Teas, Spicery and other Grocery, *Waxton* and *Arnold's* Snuff, Corks, gilt Trunks, *Men* Saddles and Bridles, Turbary, all Kinds of Ship Chandlery, Brasery, Pewter, Gunpowder, Shot, *Men* and Womens Silk, Thread, Cotton, and Worsted Stockings, Gloves, Hats, Womens Shoes, Cutlery, Anchors, Cables, all Sorts of Cordage, &c. &c.

ALl Persons indebted to the Subscriber on open Accounts, are requested to discharge the same, or to call and give Obligations for the Balances due, payable at a Time more convenient to them; and it is hoped this Request will be complied with, to save further Trouble.

JAMES DICK.

A very large Quantity of 30 Penny and Two Shilling Nails being sent in by Mistake, any Person that will take a whole Cask, may have them at the first Cost and Charges.

FOR LIVERPOOL,

The BALTIMORE PRIVATE, FRANCIS LOWNDES,

Commander,

Now lying in Patuxent, mounts Eighteen 9 and 6 Pounders, besides Swivel, carries 60 odd Hands, and is completely fitted with *Close* Quarters.

TAKES in TOBACCO for JAMES GILDART, Esq. at Twelve Pounds Sterling per Ton. As great Part of her Cargo is already engaged, she will sail with all Expedition. For Freight or Passage, apply to the Commander.

N. B. He has a Quantity of *Indian* Corn to dispose of.

To be SOLD in the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Wednesday the 22d of August next, at Calvert Court-House, for Bills of Exchange, Cash, or Tobacco.

A PARCEL of MEDICINES, imported lately from London. A Catalogue of which may be seen on the Day of Sale at the above Place.

NATHANIEL PARKER.

TAKEN up adrift on Eastern Neck Island Plate, about the 1st of June, by Thomas Smith, living in Kent County, on the Mouth of Chester River, a small old Boat about 10 Feet by the Keel and 5 wide, and furnished a little above Light Water Mark, her Gunwales have been lately mended with *Alb*, her Stern Post appears to have been cut off, and three Pieces of narrow Plank nailed up her Stern Board, she has small Stern Sheeps, a Ring Bolt in her Stern, with above a Fathom of Rope fastened therein, and had in her two very good Hiss Oars.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VINDUE,

On the first Wednesday in OCTOBER next,

A DISTILLERY, with it's Appurtenances, in CHARLES-TOWN, MARYLAND, at the Head of the fine Bay of Chesapeake, being on a Quarter of a Lot of Land in the same Town, near the Public Wharf. The Still-House is built of Cedar 39 1/2 by 26 1/2 Feet clear: In it are two Stills fixed, the largest containing between 1400 and 1500 Gallons, and the other about 200 Gallons, with Cooler and Worms, sixteen Cisterns, two Returns, one Low-Wine Cistern, Pumps, &c. Also a new Framed House 20 1/2 by 19 1/2 Feet, with a Cellar under it; convenient to the Still-House.

Any one who is acquainted with the Country, may see a great Opening for the carrying on a very extensive and profitable Business through Chesapeake and it's many fine Rivers, from this only Distillery in Maryland, if not also Virginia.

All Grain is there cheap, being usually from 6 d. upwards cheaper in the Bushel than at Philadelphia. Wood is there at 3 1/2 per Cord, and there is a good Market for Flour, Lumber, and other Commodities, for a *West-India* Trade, to be purchased cheap.

The Country is in flourishing Circumstances, and consumes great Quantities of spirituous Liquors, which at all Times are sold at a considerable Advance upon the Philadelphia Price. As a further Encouragement to the Business of a Distiller in Maryland more than till late has been in 1758 an Excise of 4 d. per Gallon on Rum and spirituous Liquors imported from other Provinces is laid on the Retailer or Consumer; and in 1758 a further Duty is laid upon what shall be brought from Pennsylvania and the Three Lower Counties of 3 d. per Gallon, to be paid by the Importer, which together make 7 Pence Duty per Gallon; whereas there is only 2 d. per Gallon charged on what is made and consumed in Maryland.

Also the Dwelling-House, Store-House, &c. of the late *Peacock* Bigger, in this said Town, fitted for a Tavern or Store-keeper.

One Third of the Purchase Money to be paid down at the Sale, and Time to be given for Payment of the Remainder upon Security given.

The Sale to be on the Premises.

July 22, 1759.

RAN away last Saturday Night, from the Ship *Tyrus*, lying in *Patuxent* Ferry Branch, three Sailors, with the Ship's Long-Boat, without either Mast or Sails. They are very remarkable, being all Foreigners, viz.

Bartholomew Djar, is a tall thin visaged Man, with his own Hair, and has lost his left Hand at the Wrist, was born in *Minerva*, and has a very great Impediment in his Speech.

Jacome Emanuel, of a middle Stature, brown Complexion, and a little fresh colour'd, was born in *Malta*, and speaks very bad *English*.

Emanuel Antonio, he is a stout robust Fellow, near 6 Feet high, of a very yellow Complexion, wears either a Cap or Wig, was born in *Portugal*, and speaks very bad *English*.

None of these three Persons exceed 30 Years of Age. They have taken all their own Cloaths with them, and a great many belonging to the rest of the Ship's Company.

Whoever apprehends them, and secures them in any Goal, or brings them to the Ship, with the Long-Boat, shall receive FIFTY POUNDS Reward, paid by J. JOHNSTON.

July 24, 1759.

FOUR PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from *Baltimore-Town* last Night, a Convict Servant Man named *Thomas* Wood, a short well-set Fellow, about 42 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, dark Complexion, is lame in his right Ankle, being sprained when young, has been used to Farming, was born in *Lincolnshire*, and speaks much in that Dialect. Had on when he went away, an old Felt Hat trimmed round the Brim, Osnabrigs Shirt, mix'd Country Cloth Sertout or Cape Coat, Osnabrigs Petticost Trowfers, Yarn Stockings, good black Leather Shoes, and wears a white Leather Belt.

Whoever secures the said Servant, so that he may be had again, shall have, if taken within this Province, Two Pistoles; and if out of it, Four Pistoles, and reasonable Charges if brought home.

J. CARRAN.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Joseph* May, near *Federick-Town* in *Fredrick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Bay Horse, branded on the near Shoulder and branded thus: The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at *Opie's* Iron-Works, *Baltimore* County, an Irish Servant Man named *Lawrence* Smith, aged about 30, 5 Feet 3 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, wears his own light Hair, which curls, and his right Leg is much shorter than the other, which occasions him to walk on his Toes. He had on and with him, a brown German Serge Jacket, blue Half-Thickness Brooches, blue Worsted Stockings, old Shoes, with Brass Buckles in them, 1 *Irish* Linen and 2 Osnabrigs Shirts.

Whoever will apprehend the said Servant, and bring him home, shall have Two Pistoles Reward, beside what the Law allows, and reasonable Charges.

JOSEPH SMITH.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas* Alley, in *Prince-George's* County, near the Mouth of the Eastern Branch of *Patuxent* River, taken up as a Stray, a small Grey Mare, branded on the off Buttock I O, and her off hind Foot is white.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

CAPTAIN STIRLING, Commander of his Majesty's Ship *Lynx*, has desired his Excellency our Governor to have it Notified to the Merchants and Masters of Ships in this Province, that, in Obedience to his Instructions, he must leave *Virginia* the latter End of *September*; and Captain *Stirling* desires, that whoever is ready and willing to proceed to *Europe* under his Convey, may be at *Tert* in *Virginia* by that Time.

Upper-Marlborough, July 14, 1759.

JUST IMPORTED

By the Subscribers, and to be Sold for Tobacco, Cash, or Bills of Exchange.

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail.

Likewise to be Sold, some likely healthy Men Negroes from *Africa*, and *Madras* Wine by the Pipe or Quarter Cask.

ALEXANDER and ANDREW SYMMER.

JAMES JOHNSON

Has Removed from his Store in *FRANCIS* STREET, to the South Side of *CHURCH* STREET, opposite to Mr. ROBERT SWAN'S Store, where he hath to sell, just Imported, in the BETAY, Captain STRACHAN, the SARAH, Capt. MONTGOMERIE, from LONDON, and the EGLINTON, Captain BUCHANAN, from GLASGOW, very cheap, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or *Good Credit*.

GREAT Variety of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS.

Also Soap, Candles, Raisins, and good *West-India* Rum by Wholesale or Retail.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store, at the Head of the Dock in ANNAPOLIS.

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, at very reasonable Rates.

LANCLOUT JACQUES.

JUST IMPORTED

By the FLEET from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store at Upper-Marlborough, Piquet, and Rock-Creek.

GREAT Variety of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, old *Cheshire* and *Gloucester* Cheests, *Ramsey* Albs and *London* Potatoes in Bottles, Raisins and Currans, *English* and *German* Steel, Sall Cloth N^o. 1 to 8, Box and Brass Compasses, Bunting, Ship Chandlery, &c. for Shipping.

Likewise *Barbados* Rum and *Mycesoad* Sugar.

STEPHEN WHEAT.

N. B. He intends to purchase this Fall, Corn, Wheat, Peas, Pease, &c. for Exportation. And now wants about 16 to 20,000 good Cyprus Shingles, to be delivered at *Rock-Creek* on *Patuxent*, and about 10,000 at *Pig-Farm* on *Patuxent*.

JUST IMPORTED

from LONDON, in the Ship BETAY, Capt. WILLIAM STRACHAN, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store in ANNAPOLIS.

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, at reasonable Rates.

WILLIAM ROBERTS.

JUST IMPORTED.

In the WILSON, Capt. SLATOR, from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscribers at QUEEN-ANNE in Prince George's County, very cheap, for Bills, Cash, or Tobacco.

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS.

Likewise Barbados Rum and Muscovado Sugar. STEPHEN WEST, RICHARD MOORE.

On WEDNESDAY the Fifteenth Day of August next, will be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, at or near Mr. Walter Daugherty's, at Chester-Town in Maryland,

THE REMAINS of the HULL of the Brigantine Sophia, lately burnt at Chester-Town, with the following Articles, which were saved from the Fire, viz.

3 Anchors, one about 9 C. one about 8 C. and one about 3 C. Weight; 1 old Cable, a Parcel of 2 Inch Oak Plank, 1666 lbs. of Tobacco, in 5 Hogheads, a Parcel of Iron Bolts, &c. some Cordage, a Set of half-worn Sails, 20 Water Hog-heads, 2 Barrels English Beef, 1 Barrel English Pease, 1 Swivel Gun, 1 Stew-Kettle, 1 Sauce-Pan, 1 Tea-Kettle, 1 Pair Bellows, 1 Pair Double Screws, 1 Pair Single Screws, 2 Iron Crows, 1 Iron Cabouffe, Matts, Paunches, Parrels, and Parrel Ropes, 1 Dish, 6 Plates, and 2 Basins, 4 Yards Canvas, one Piece Pump Leather, and one Long-Boat. GEORGE KIMBER.

TWENTY-THREE PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, in Kent County, Maryland, on the 9th of this Instant July, a Mulatto Servant Man, named Thomas Williams, about 5 Feet 8 or 10 Inches high, is a strong, able, well-made Man, his Cloaths uncertain. He had about Thirty Pounds Cash with him, and also his Wife, who is of his own Colour, and has a great Impediment in her Speech. It's supposed they went to Virginia in a Shallop.

Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and secures him, so that his Master gets him again, shall have FIFTEEN PISTOLES Reward; and EIGHT PISTOLES for discovering the Person that carried him away, so that he may be convicted thereof according to Law.

JOHN BORDLEY.

July 18, 1759.

FOUR PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away Yesterday Morning from the Baltimore Iron-Works, an Irish Convict Servant Man, named Lawrence Bannell, he is a lusty well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, 23 Years of Age, has a very lubberly Walk, wears long black Hair, and has a long sharp Nose. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket, Crocus Trowsers, Osnabrig Shirt, Country Shoes, and a Cap of Sail Duck, lined with black Sheepskin.

Whoever secures the said Servant, so that he may be had again, shall have, if taken 20 Miles from home, Two Pistoles Reward; and if out of the Province, Four Pistoles; and reasonable Charges if brought home. JAMES FRANKLIN.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber's Plantation, near South River Ferry, about the 20th of May last, a Bay Gelding, about 13 Hands high, with one white Foot; a little white on one Side of his Nose, and believe is branded on the near Buttock thus SS, or on the Shoulder and Buttock with a single S. Whoever will bring the said Gelding to the Subscriber, shall have TWO PISTOLES Reward. THOMAS GARRAWAY.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON.

In the Ship BETSEY, Captain STRACHAN, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store near the Dock in ANNAPOLIS for Cash, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, or on short Credit, at the most reasonable Rates.

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS.

He has likewise to sell, Wine by the Gallon, Rum, Salt, Flour, Currans, Raisins, &c. &c. NATHAN HAMMOND, junior.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, On Wednesday the 8th Day of August next, at the House of the Subscriber, near South River Church, for Ready Money only.

PART of a Tract of LAND called Bezzinton, containing 230 Acres, belonging to the Estate of Samuel Chambers, deceased.

SAMUEL WATKINS.

JUST IMPORTED from MADEIRA, And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER in ANNAPOLIS.

A PARCEL of choice WINES. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

JUST IMPORTED.

In the THETIS, Capt. CRAYMER, and to be Sold on board the said Ship at Patapisco Ferry, or in BALTIMORE-TOWN, by Wholesale or Retail, the following GOODS, viz.

OSNABRIGS and Brown Rolls, Irish Linens and Sheeting, printed Long Cloths and Calicoes, Russia Drab, Welch Cottons, striped, spotted and plain Flannels, Druggatts, Frizes, Half-Thicks, Broad-Cloths, Shalloons, Check Linen, dyed Jeans, Thicksets, Grandurels, India Dimity, Cotton Gowns, Hats of all Sorts, Cheese, Lemons, Mens and Womens Shoes, Mens Silk, Thread and Worsted Stockings, Silk and Worsted Mitts, Ditto Breeches Pieces with Furniture, several Sorts of Books, Magazines, Reviews, &c. several Sorts of Mirrors, viz. Sconce Glasses, plain Ditto, Dressing Ditto, Mahogany-Tea Chests, Scotch, colour'd and white Thread, Handkerchiefs, Table Cloths, plain and figur'd Lawn, Gauze and Lawn Handkerchiefs, Cambricks, spotted and figur'd Gauze, Scotch Linens and Canvas, best White Chapel Needles, Pins, Ribbons, sewing Silk, Gloves, Stock Tape, Sugar, Pepper, Tobacco Pipes, Medicines, Guns, best Florence Oil, Pickles, Mustard, Castile Soap, Borax, Sago, Drop Shot, Bartel Powder, Red, Port and Rhenish Wines, Nails, Tacks, Frying Pans, Padlocks, Hinges, Sickles, Files, Hoes, white Stone flower'd and plain Plates and Dishes, fine Agate Ditto, painted Ditto, Breakfast Plates, Fish Strainers, Sauce-Boats, Patty Pans, Pickle Plates, Fruit Baskets, Salad Vessels, newest Fashions, white Stone Tea Pots, Cups and Saucers, black Tortoise Ditto, China Cups and Saucers, Bowls, Stone Mugs, Welch Porringers, Tureens, Chamber Pots, Gally Pots, &c. Drinking Glasses, Tumblers, Salts, cut and plain Decanters, Wine and Water Glasses, Glass Stands, Phials, Knives and Forks, Scissars, Razors, Buckles, Combs, Rings, Metal, Lacquer'd and Silver Buttons, Snuff Boxes, Pewter Spoons, Spectacles, Punch Ladles, Fishing Rods, Palms, Nitting Needles, Fish Hooks, Backgammon Tables, Slates, Pencils, Sponge, Coffee Mills, Wool Cards, Necklaces, great Variety of printed Paper for Rooms, Ink Powder, Writing Paper, &c. &c. JAMES HOUSTON.

July 9, 1759.

RAN away last Night, from the Subscribers Plantations, near Mr. Snowden's Iron-Works, the Two following Convict Servant Men, viz.

John Tinsley, born in England, he is a slim Man, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, he has a down Look, and is about 22 or 23 Years of Age. Had on a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, an Osnabrigs Shirt, an old Felt Hat, and old Shoes.

George Wistall, born in England, he is about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, about 24 or 25 Years old, of a pale Complexion, and is a pert talkative Fellow. Had on a blue grey Half-Thick Jacket, white Shirt, a Felt Hat, an old brown Wig, Osnabrigs Trowsers, and Negro Shoes.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and secures them so that their Masters may have them again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward for each.

THOMAS RUTLAND, JOSEPH MACCUBBIN.

May 16, 1759.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in Queen-Anne's County School: Any Person properly Qualified, applying to the Visitors of said School, will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will support them in. Signed per Order,

NATHAN WRIGHT, Register.

RICHARD FORD,

TAYLOR, from LONDON.

HEREBY acquaints the Public, That he has obtained several very good Hands from England, and that he carries on that Trade at New-Town, Baltimore; where Gentlemen may depend on having their Work done in the best and newest Fashion, and at the least Wearing. And also makes, in the gentlest Taste, Riding Dresses for Ladies; for Ready Money, or very short Credit. N. B. He makes a plain Suit for £. 1. 5. 0. Dime full Trimmed for — — — 1. 10. 0. And all other Things at a reasonable Rate.

Annapolis, June 28, 1759.

BY Virtue of a *Fieri Facias* to me directed, agreeable to an Act of Assembly of this Province, made at February Sessions, 1755, entitled, *An Act directing the Commissioners of the Paper-Currency Office, speedily to call in the Interest due on Bonds, and other Securities, and all Monies due on Funds payable into said Office, there will be exposed to Public Sale, to the Highest Bidder, on Tuesday the 31st Day of July next, a Lot or Parcel of Ground containing about Three Acres, lying on Severn River, and contiguous to North-East-Street, in the New-Town of Annapolis; on which said Lot or Parcel of Ground, are the following Improvements, viz. A large Brick Brew-House, a Brick Dwelling-House one Story high, with Two Rooms and a Passage on the lower Floor, a small Frame House, all now in the Possession of Mr. Patrick Creech; and also a small Brick House now made use of by the Province as a Magazine for Powder; taken in Execution as the Lands and Tenements of James Donaldson, for the Use of the Commissioners or Trustees for Emitting Bills of Credit, established by Act of Assembly. The Sale to be made on the Premises, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon.*

URSON SCOTT, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel County.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE.

On Tuesday the 15th of November next, at the House of William Brown, in London-Town, the following Tract of LAND, belonging to the Estate of William Peele, deceased,

ONE Tract called *Symson's Stone*, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called *Huntington*.

ONE Tract called *Batcliff's Choice*, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of Patapisco, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, survey'd for Jane Gray, called *Maiden's Bower*.

ONE Tract called *Poplar Neck*, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

ONE Tract called *Mitchell's Addition*, containing 18½ Acres.

Part of a Tract called *Paddington's Harbour*, containing 100 Acres.

These 3 last Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near London-Town.

Also, The late Mr. *Peele's* Dwelling-House, Store, and other Improvements, in London-Town, with several unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Persons who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in. And any Inclining to Purchase the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to

JAMES MOVAT, JAMES DICK, JAMES NICHOLSON, } Executors.

ALL Persons who have any Demands against the Estate of Stephen Pickering, deceased, are desired to give in an Account thereof to the Subscriber, who will divide the Effects in his Hands equally amongst the Creditors, whose Debts are not yet satisfied, and of an equal Nature.

JAMES DICK, Executor.

BENJAMIN WHITCOMB, STAY-MAKER.

Living in PORT-TOBACCO, in Charles County,

MAKES STAYS, JUMPS, and SULTEEN-STAYS, after the neatest, best, and newest Fashion, made of the best of Goods, and works inferior to none. Any Gentlemen, by directing their Commands to him, they shall be complied with, and may be assured the Work shall not be exceeded by any Master Stay-maker now in Being.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the Bible, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion.