

## MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JULY 4, 1771.

HAMBURG, April 12.

HE Report is general, that the Venetians have taken a Resolution of joining their naval Force to that of the Russians.

April 12. On the 12th Instant an Eit-fette arrived at Brunswick, with a Letter from Count Schaffer, to give Notice, that the King of Sweden and his Brother intended to arrive there at Dinner the next Day. As the Belts are represented to be full of Ice, it is thought his Swedish Majesty's Stay will be prolonged in these Quarters, as well as at Berlin, till the Passage from Stralund is less obstructed. It froze hard last Night, and it snows this Day.

BERLIN, April 13. The present Severity and extreme Rigour of the Weather is so very remarkable, that the oldest People here do not remember to have seen or heard of the like, for it still continues to freeze every Night as in the Middle of Winter, and a great Quantity of Snow lies on the Ground, which so distresses the poor Inhabitants of the Country, that the most melancholy Accounts are daily received of the Misery and Wretchedness occasioned by this dreadful Calamity.

L O N D O N,

April 12. It is an undoubted Fact, that the King of Prussia is at this Moment colliding as much Corn as can possibly be got into Magazines; nor are any Ships suffered to depart from any of his Ports without his special Licence.

April 19. We hear that an ingenious Watchmaker has lately had the Honour of shewing to his Majesty a very curious Machine of his Construction, calculated for accurately ascertaining the Progression of Sound, in order to the Computation of Distance. On the Dial are Five Circles, Two of which by their Indexes measure Time, the other Three Distances, viz. Miles, Furlongs, and Feet. This Machine may be very useful both in astronomical and geographical Observations.

The Russians have taken the Seat of Crajova in Wallachia, near the Dardanelles, by their Possession of which, and now being Masters of the Black Sea, they stop all Communication with Constantinople, where Provisions grow more and more dear every Day; but as yet we hear of no Insurrection.

They write from Paris, that there is not a Day passes without Numbers being taken up; since the Banishment of the Parliaments, no less than 1900 Persons have been arrested, for no other Crime than speaking rather freely in Behalf of that Body against the King, so that the Prisons are quite full: And what renders it still more melancholy is, that there are no Judges to try them, that they may be dismissed or punished. Trade is quite at a Stand. A young Clergyman has been taken into Custody for writing a Letter to his Friend, in which he described the Situation of the City, and foretold what he thought would be the Consequence; which Letter was intercepted. The Court of Aiders have remonstrated twice to the King, but he will return no Answer.

April 20. A Report goes that the Crown Lawyers are employed to secure a legal Acquittal of the Messenger of a great Assembly, rather than push the Mode of Privilege any farther, as the People seem resolved not to swallow any Draughts that are hurtful to the Constitution.

Yesterday there was a Levee at St. James's, after which the great Officers of State had a Conference with his Majesty.

April 21. An Evening Paper of Saturday has the following Paragraph: Some Time ago Lord North complained to the King, that he had not the Cabinet, but was out-voted there; his Majesty replied, Lord Sandwich shall be appointed to a Post, which will give him a Place in the Cabinet, and then his Voice will give you a Majority: Lord Sandwich was accordingly appointed. Soon after Lord North applied to the King, desiring that Lord Hinchinbrook, Son of the Earl of Sandwich, might be appointed Chamberlain to the Queen: His Majesty answered, that he never suffered any Minister to recommend to Places in his Household; that Department belonged to himself, and he meant to appoint his own Officers, but that Lord Sandwich might apply to the King: Lord Sandwich accordingly applied to the King, who answered, that he had no Objection to Lord Hinchinbrook, and approved very much of Lord Sandwich, and that Lord Hinchinbrook should certainly be appointed Chamberlain, if Lord Sandwich would apply to Lord Rochford to ask it for him; for, added his Majesty, Lord Rochford is the Man who delivers my Sentiments in the Cabinet. It is said Lord North has ever since been lavish in the Praises of Sincerity in Politics, and has been heard often to exclaim, how happy he is that Lord Sandwich was not debauched from him as soon as he was given to him.

The Spaniards are fitting out their Flota, all the Appearance of War being blown over.

April 22. Private Letters from Copenhagen advise, that the Queen of Denmark is with Child, to the great Joy of the whole Nation, and is happily in perfect Health. These Letters add, that the King of Denmark has confirmed the Liberty of the Press in his Dominions, and that his Majesty has received a Letter in consequence from M. de Voltaire, together with a Poem, wherein he files this Liberty the greatest Blessing which his Danish Majesty could have bestowed upon his Subjects for the Improvement of Learning.

This Morning, about 10 o'Clock, the Right Hon. Brads Crosby, Esq; Lord Mayor, accompanied by the Committee, went in Coaches from the Tower, through the City, to Westminster-hall, and being brought to the Court of Common-Pleas, Mr. Serjeant Glynn opened the Matter with great Energy, and was seconded by Mr. Serjeant Lee, pleading, that as his Lordship had acted as chief Magistrate of the City of London, he was answerable to no Jurisdiction but that of the Livery and Common Council; the Court was extremely attentive, and took Notes, as did several in the Galleries, which were exceeding full, among whom were the Rev. Mr. Horne and Mr. Wilkes. After the Council had ended, the Court spoke with great Precision and Clearness on the Subject, and found that no Court of Justice had any Jurisdiction over the House of Commons, who, in the present Case, were only acting with respect to their own Members, a Thing peculiar to every Society; and shewing a Power which was vested in them by the very Fundamentals of the Constitution; that his Lordship's Deed was not only a Contempt of the House of Commons, but even of the Citizens of London themselves, who are virtually a Part of that Hon. House by their Representatives; on which Account the Court found themselves incapable to relieve his Lordship, so that he was remanded back to the Tower.

Last Night arrived in Town, Watkin Lewes, Esq; with Addresses from the Counties of Carmarthen, Pembroke, and Cardigan, to the Lord Mayor, Mr. Alderman Oliver, and Wilkes, containing Expressions, we hear, of the highest Esteem and Approbation of their upright and faithful Discharge of their Duty as Magistrates.

It is said that Lord Chatham insists on a Dissolution of Parliament, as a previous Step to his coming into Office; which Measure is strongly opposed by some now in Office.

April 23. We hear that the Lord Mayor was never more eminently in his Office as Conservator of the Peace, than on his Return Yesterday from Westminster; for such was the honest though mistaken Zeal of his accompanying Friends (known at the West End of the Town by the Epithets Mob, Scum of the Earth, &c.) that they were ripe for the most desperate Enterprizes in his Favour, nor would they have permitted him to revisit the Tower, had he been less spirited or less judicious in his Intreaties to them.

It is confidently reported, that a Legacy of 50,000 l. has been lately bequeathed to Mr. Wilkes, by a Gentleman of the Name of Nesbit, near Hull in Yorkshire.

April 24. It is said, that the Bill for raising a military Force in the East Indies will not take Place.

The best Judges are now determined in their Opinion, that we shall have a Breach with Spain before next Spring.

April 27. Thursday the Higher Assembly concluded their Investigation of the embanking-Bill, on which they have been employed Six Days. Having had the fullest Evidence on the Subject and heard Council, they debated the Question in the House, and it was carried in Favour of the Embankment, and for committing the Bill, Twenty-nine to Four.

The Evidence on the Side of the Embankment was universally allowed to be the most satisfactory and conclusive that has ever been produced in any Cause, inasmuch that Lord Camden, though strongly inclined to support the City, could not defend their Claim of Right to the Soil of the River, and was obliged to acknowledge the publick Utility of the Embankment; and allowed that the Manner in which the City had exercised their Office of Conservancy was criminal.

Thus have the City of London been led into a most ungenerous and illiberal Opposition, carried on for a Length of Time, at an enormous Expence; and have so exposed their Titles, which till this Time were not sufficiently understood, that they must thereby forfeit a Revenue perhaps of Forty Thousand Pounds per Annum, to gain what their own Counsel acknowledged could not be valued by a Jury at more than 5 Pounds.

If the City had succeeded in this Measure, it must have been fatal to an Undertaking which has merited the publick Approbation, as the noblest and most elegant Attempt to improve and embellish the Capital.

All this Series of publick Misconduct and private Oppression has been adopted to indulge the peevish Humour and Rancour of Mr. Alderman Townsend and some of his Creatures.

The Fleet is now reducing as fast as possible to the Peace Establishment, which will exceed any former one. The Guardships are to be kept in constant Readiness in every Respect for Service, and Five Ships of the Line from Portsmouth, with as many more from Plymouth, under a Flag Officer, will be kept continu-

ally cruising the Summer Months, to the Westward, in the Soundings of the Channel, to exercise their Officers and Men, and to be ready constantly for any Emergency.

To the PRINTER of the PUBLICK ADVERTISER.

SIR,

TO write for Profit without taxing the Press; to write for Fame and to be unknown; to support the Intrigues of Faction and to be disowned, as a dangerous Auxiliary, by every Party in the Kingdom, are Contradictions, which the Minister must reconcile, before I forfeit my Credit with the Publick. I may quit the Service, but it would be absurd to suspect me of Desertion. The Reputation of these Papers is an honourable Pledge for my Attachment to the People. To sacrifice a respected Character, and to renounce the Esteem of Society, requires more than Mr. Wedderburne's Resolution; and though, in him, it was rather a Profession than a Desertion of his Principles [I speak tenderly of this Gentleman, for, when Treachery is in Question, I think we should make Allowance for a Scotchman], yet we have seen him in the House of Commons overwhelmed with Confusion, and almost bereft of his Faculties. But in Truth, Sir, I have left no Room for an Accommodation with the Piety of St. James's. My Offences are not to be redeemed by Repentation or Penitence. On one Side, our warmest Patriots would disclaim me, as a Burden to their honest Ambition. On the other, the vilest Prostitution, if Junius could descend to it, would lose its natural Merit and Influence in the Cabinet, and Treachery be no longer a Recommendation to the royal Favour.

The Persons who, till within these few Years, have been most distinguished by their Zeal for High-Church and Prerogative, are now, it seems, the great Assertors of the Privileges of the House of Commons. This sudden Alteration of their Sentiments or Language carries with it a suspicious Appearance. When I hear the undefined Privileges of the popular Branch of the Legislature exalted by Tories and Jacobites, at the Expence of those strict Rights, which are known to the Subject and limited by the Laws, I cannot but suspect, that some mischievous Scheme is in Agitation, to destroy both Law and Privilege, by opposing them to each other. They who have uniformly denied the Power of the whole Legislature to alter the Descent of the Crown, and whose Ancestors, in Rebellion against his Majesty's Family, have defended that Doctrine at the Hazard of their Lives, now tell us that Privilege of Parliament is the only Rule of Right, and the chief Security of the publick Liberty. I fear, Sir, that while Forms remain, there has been some material Change in the Substance of our Constitution. The Opinions of these Men were too absurd to be so easily renounced. Liberal Minds are open to Conviction. Liberal Doctrines are capable of Improvement. There are Professions from Atheism, but none from Superstition. If their present Professions were sincere, I think they could not but be highly offended at seeing a Question, concerning parliamentary Privilege, unnecessarily started at a Season so unfavourable to the House of Commons, and by so very mean and insignificant a Person as the minor Onslow. They knew that the present House of Commons, having commenced Hostilities with the People, and degraded the Authority of the Laws by their own Example, were likely enough to be resisted, *per fas & nefas*. If they were really Friends to Privilege, they would have thought the Question of Right too dangerous to be hazarded at this Season, and, without the Formality of a Convention, would have left it undecided.

I have been silent hitherto, though not from that shameful Indifference about the Interests of Society, which too many of us profess, and call Moderation. I confess, Sir, that I felt the Prejudices of my Education, in Favour of a House of Commons, still hanging about me. I thought that a Question between Law and Privilege could never be brought to a formal Decision, without Inconvenience to the publick Service, or a manifest Diminution of legal Liberty, and ought therefore to be carefully avoided; And when I saw that the Violence of the House of Commons had carried them too far to retreat, I determined not to deliver a hasty Opinion upon a Matter of so much Delicacy and Importance.

The State of Things is much altered in this Country, since it was necessary to protect our Representatives against the direct Power of the Crown. We have nothing to apprehend from Prerogative, but every thing from undue Influence. Formerly it was the Interest of the People, that the Privileges of Parliament should be left unlimited and undefined. At present it is not only their Interest, but I hold it to be essentially necessary to the Preservation of the Constitution, that the Privileges of Parliament should be strictly ascertained, and be confined within the narrowest Bounds the Nature of their Institution will admit of. Upon the same Principle on which I would have resisted Prerogative in the last Century, I now resist Privilege. It is indifferent to me, whether the Crown, by its own immediate Act, imposes new, and dispenses with old Laws, or whether the same arbitrary Power produces

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the same Effects through the Medium of the House of Commons. We trusted our Representatives with Privileges for their own Defence and ours. We cannot hinder their Defection, but we can prevent their carrying over their Aims to the Service of the Enemy. It will be said, that I begin with endeavouring to reduce the Argument concerning Privilege to a mere Question of Convenience; that I deny at one Moment what I would allow at another; and that to resist the Power of a prostituted House of Commons, may establish a Precedent injurious to all future Parliaments. To this I answer generally, that human Affairs are in no Instance governed by strict positive Right. If Change of Circumstances were to have no Weight in directing our Conduct and Opinions, the mutual Interchange of Mankind would be nothing more than a Contention between positive and equitable Right. Society would be a State of War, and Law itself would be Injustice. On this general Ground, it is highly reasonable, that the Degree of our Submission to Privileges, which have never been defined by any positive Law, should be considered as a Question of Convenience, and proportioned to the Confidence we repose in the Integrity of our Representatives. As to the Injury we may do to any future and more respectable House of Commons, I own I am not now sanguine enough to expect a more plentiful Harvest of parliamentary Virtue in one Year than another. Our political Climate is severely altered; and without dwelling upon the Depravity of modern Times, I think no reasonable Man will expect that, as human Nature is constituted, the enormous Influence of the Crown should cease to prevail over the Virtue of Individuals. The Mischief lies too deep to be cured by any Remedy less than some great Convulsion, which may either carry back the Constitution to its original Principles, or utterly destroy it. I do not doubt that, in the first Session after the next Election, some popular Measures may be adopted. The present House of Commons have injured themselves by a too early and publick Profession of their Principles; and if a Strain of Prostitution, which had no Example, were within the Reach of Emulation, it might be imprudent to hazard the Experiment too soon. But after all, Sir, it is very immaterial whether a House of Commons shall preserve their Virtue for a Week, a Month, or a Year. The Influence, which makes a septennial Parliament dependent upon the Pleasure of the Crown, has a permanent Operation, and cannot fail of Success. My Premises, I know, will be denied in Argument, but every Man's Conscience tells him they are true. It remains then to be considered, whether it be for the Interest of the People that Privilege of Parliament (which, in respect to the Purposes for which it has hitherto been acquiesced under, is merely nominal) should be contracted within some certain Limits, or whether the Subject shall be left at the Mercy of a Power, arbitrary upon the Face of it, and notoriously under the Direction of the Crown.

I do not mean to decline the Question of Right. On the contrary, Sir, I join Issue with the Advocates for Privilege, and affirm, that, "excepting the Cases, wherein the House of Commons are a Court of Judicature [to which, from the Nature of their Office, a coercive Power must belong], and excepting such Contempts as immediately interrupt their Proceedings, they have no legal Authority to imprison any Man for any supposed Violation of Privilege whatsoever." It is not pretended that Privilege, as now claimed, has ever been defined or confirmed by Statute; neither can it be said, with any Colour of Truth, to be a Part of the common Law of England, which had grown into Prescription, long before we knew any Thing of the Existence of a House of Commons. As for the Law of Parliament, it is only another Name for the Privilege in Question; and since the Power of creating new Privileges has been formally renounced by both Houses, since there is no Code in which we can study the Law of Parliament, we have but one Way left to make ourselves acquainted with it; that is, to compare the Nature of the Institution of a House of Commons with the Facts upon Record. To establish a Claim of Privilege in either House, and to distinguish original Right from an Usurpation, it must appear that it is indispensably necessary for the Performance of the Duty they are employed in, and also that it has been uniformly allowed. From the first Part of this Description it follows clearly, that whatever Privilege does of Right belong to the present House of Commons, did equally belong to the first Assembly of their Predecessors, was as completely vested in them, and might have been exercised in the same Extent. From the second we must infer, that Privileges, which, for several Centuries, were not only never allowed, but never even claimed by the House of Commons, must be founded upon Usurpation. The constitutional Duties of a House of Commons are not very complicated nor mysterious. They are to propose or assent to wholesome Laws for the Benefit of the Nation. They are to grant the necessary Aids to the King, petition for the Redress of Grievances, and prosecute Treason or high Crimes against the State. If unlimited Privilege be necessary to the Performance of these Duties, we have Reason to conclude, that for many Centuries after the Institution of the House of Commons, they were never performed. I am not bound to prove a Negative, but I appeal to the English History when I affirm, that with the Exceptions already stated (which yet I might safely relinquish) there is no Precedent, from the Year 1265 to the Death of Queen Elizabeth, of the House of Commons having imprisoned any Man (not a Member of their House) for Contempt or Breach of Privilege. In the most flagrant Cases, and when their acknowledged Privileges were most grossly violated, the poor Commons, as they styled themselves, never took the Power of Punishment into their own Hands. They either sought Redress by Petition to the King, or, what is more remarkable, applied for Justice to the House of Lords; and, when Satisfaction was denied them or delayed, their only Remedy was to refuse proceeding upon the King's Business. So little Conception had our Ancestors of the monstrous Doctrines now maintained con-

cerning Privilege, that, in the Reign of Elizabeth, even Liberty of Speech, the vital Principle of a deliberative Assembly, was restrained by the Queen's Authority to a simple Aye or No, and this Restriction, though imposed upon Three successive Parliaments, was never once disputed by the House of Commons.

I know there are many Precedents of arbitrary Commitments for Contempt; but besides that they are of too modern a Date to warrant a Presumption that such a Power was originally vested in the House of Commons, Fact alone does not constitute Right. If it does, general Warrants were lawful. An Ordinance of the Two Houses has a Force equal to Law; and the criminal Jurisdiction assumed by the Commons in 1621, in the Case of Edward Lloyd, is a good Precedent, to warrant the like Proceedings against any Man, who shall unadvisedly mention the Folly of a King, or the Ambition of a Princess. The Truth is, Sir, that the greatest and most exceptionable Part of the Privileges now contended for, were introduced and asserted by a House of Commons, which abolished both Monarchy and Peerage, and whose Proceedings, although they ended in One glorious Act of substantial Justice, could no Way be reconciled to the Forms of Constitution. Their Successors profited by the Example, and confirmed their Power by making a moderate or a popular Use of it. Thus it grew by Degrees, from a notorious Innovation at one Period, to be tacitly admitted as the Privilege of Parliament at another.

It however it could be proved, from Considerations of Necessity or Convenience, that an unlimited Power of Commitment ought to be intrusted to the House of Commons, and that in Fact they have exercised it without Opposition, still, in Contemplation of Law, the Presumption is strongly against them. It is a leading Maxim of the Laws of England (and without it all Laws are nugatory) that there is no Right without a Remedy, nor any legal Power without a legal Course to carry it into Effect. Let the Power, now in Question, be tried by this Rule.—The Speaker issues his Warrant of Attachment. The Party attached either resists Force with Force, or appeals to a Magistrate, who declares the Warrant illegal, and discharges the Prisoner. Does the Law provide no legal Means for enforcing a legal Warrant? Is there no regular Proceeding pointed out in our Law Books, to assert and vindicate the Authority of so high a Court as the House of Commons? The Question is answered directly by the Fact. Their unlawful Commands are resisted, and they have no Remedy. The Imprisonment of their own Members is Revenge indeed, but it is no Assertion of the Privilege they contend for. Their whole Proceeding stops, and there they stand, ashamed to retreat, and unable to advance. Sir, these ignorant Men should be informed, that the Execution of the Laws of England is not left in this uncertain defenceless Condition. If the Process of the Courts of Westminster-hall be resisted, they have a direct Course, sufficient to enforce Submission. The Court of King's Bench commands the Sheriff to raise the *Posse Comitatus*. The Courts of Chancery and Exchequer issue a *Writ of Rebellion*, which must also be supported, if necessary, by the Power of the County. To whom will our honest Representatives direct their *Writ of Rebellion*? The Guards, I doubt not, are willing enough to be employed; but they know nothing of the Doctrine of Writs, and may think it necessary to wait for a Letter from Lord Barrington.

It may now be objected to me, that my Arguments prove too much; for that certainly there may be Instances of Contempt and Insult to the House of Commons, which do not fall within my own Exceptions, yet, in regard to the Dignity of the House, ought not to pass unpunished. Be it so. The Courts of criminal Jurisdiction are open to Prosecutions, which the Attorney-General may commence by Information or Indictment. A Libel, tending to asperse or vilify the House of Commons, or any of their Members, may be as severely punished in the Court of King's Bench, as a Libel upon the King. Mr. de Grey thought so, when he drew up the Information upon my Letter to his Majesty, or he had no Meaning, in charging it to be a scandalous Libel upon the House of Commons. In my Opinion, they would consult their real Dignity much better, by appealing to the Laws when they are offended, than by violating the first Principle of natural Justice, which forbids us to be Judges, when we are Parties to the Cause.

I do not mean to pursue them through the Remainder of their Proceedings. In their first Resolutions, it is possible, they might have been deceived by ill considered Precedents. For the rest there is no Colour of Palliation or Excuse. They have advised the King to resume a Power of dispensing with the Laws by royal Proclamation; and Kings, we see, are ready enough to follow such Advice. By mere Violence, and without the Shadow of Right, they have expunged the Record of a judicial Proceeding. Nothing remained, but to attribute to their own Vote a Power of stopping the whole Distribution of criminal and civil Justice.

The publick Virtues of the chief Magistrate have long since ceased to be in Question. But it is said that he has private good Qualities, and I myself have been ready to acknowledge them. They are now brought to the Test. If he loves his People, he will dissolve a Parliament, which they never can confide in or respect. If he has any Regard for his own Honour, he will disdain to be any longer connected with such abandoned Prostitution. But if it were conceivable, that a King of this Country had lost all Sense of personal Honour, and all Concern for the Welfare of his Subjects, I confess, Sir, I should be contented to renounce the Forms of the Constitution once more, if there were no other Way to obtain substantial Justice for the People.

JUNIUS.

WILLIAMSBURG, June 20.

By a Gentleman from North Carolina we have a Confirmation of the Regulators dispersing, after the late Engagement, and of most of those who were in it

• In the Years 1593—1597—and 1601.

having taken the Oaths to Government. He also that Col. Waddell, with his Detachment, had joined Governor Tryon, who, some Time the Week before last, had begun his March for Salisbury, upon receiving Advice, that a large Body of Regulators, who had not been out before, were assembled in that Neighbourhood, and intended giving him Battle.

In the late Fresh, Two Lads and an old Negro Woman, being at work on Saunders's Island, on James River, were, by the sudden Rise of the Water, confined there from Saturday until Tuesday at 10 o'Clock without Sustenance of any Kind. They made an Effort to cross to Westham in a Canoe, but were overtaken in shallow Water; upon which the Lads tied the Canoe to a Tree, and the old Woman sat on its Bottom hugging the Tree the whole Time. By the Motion of the Canoe, and constant rubbing of the old Woman's Flesh against the Tree, the Bark was quite worn through. The Lads saved themselves, by climbing up a Sapling not thicker than a Man's Leg, where they remained the whole Time; and it every now and then by the Rapidity of the Current, bent so as to lay them almost under Water. The Reason they chose a Sapling was, the great Destruction they observed among the large Trees.

ANNAPOLIS, JULY 4.

A melancholy Accident happened here on Saturday Night last; Mr. Ralph Dobinson, officiating Clerk in the Prerogative Office under Mr. Fallett, went in the Cool of the Evening, in Company with Two other Persons, to swim in a Pond of this Place, situate near the Ice-House, and was there unfortunately drowned. It appears that One of the Company (who was no good Swimmer) when in the Water called for Assistance upon which the Deceased immediately plunged in to his Relief, but his Humanity cost him his Life: For, after some Conflicts between him and the Person he came to relieve, the latter got safe on Shore, but the former sunk and was seen no more. It is to be lamented, that those who went with him to the Water, and saw him thus sinking, did not remain on the Spot, to inform a Number of Gentlemen, who had immediately assembled, with the Place where he disappeared; for, after a vain Effort to find the Body by Boats and Pungers for almost Two Hours in the Midst of the Pond, the Scene at last discovered him in a different Place, very near the Shore. All Experiments of bleeding, rubbing, and rubbing with Salt, were tried without Effect.

The Deceased was a Stranger to, and had resided but Four Years in, this Place. He was, by former Papers extant, of good Extraction, but his Family is not certainly known. He was, when in Life, far from many good Qualities and affable Demeanor, generally esteemed by all who knew him, and his untimely Death is universally lamented.

To be let for a Term of Years by the Subscriber, in Delaware County, Maryland.

A Merchant Mill on Hunting-Creek, in good Repair, with Two Water-Wheels, One carries a Pair of French Burs, double geered, hoisting and bolting Materials in good Order, with several other Buildings at said Mill. Also, sundry Farms near the said Mill, with and without Slaves, &c. would be leased: And in the Town of Cambridge, Dwelling-Houses with other Improvements suitable for Tradesmen, where such, if sober and industrious, would meet with good Encouragement.

As I purpose leaving the Province next Spring, I would dispose of a Sea Sloop, that will carry about 3000 Bushels of Grain, well calculated for the *W. I.* India Trade, sails well, about Two Years old, and sheathed. Also, a small Bay Schooner, carries about 1100 Bushels; and some other smaller Craft. As the Situation at the Mill is very convenient for a Store, having Water Carriage to the Mill Tail, and a much frequented publick Road leading by it, in a good Wheat and Corn Country, any Person inclining to farm the Mill, that would keep a Store of wet and dry Goods, I think would find his Advantage in purchasing one or other of said Vessels, for which any reasonable Time would be given for Payment, on paying Interest and giving Security, if required.

N. B. Land Carriage to Delaware Landings does not exceed 36 Miles from the Mill, and Water Carriage about 80 Miles to Baltimore-Town.

(2m) JAMES MURRAY.

Just imported, in the Polly, Capt. John Kelyce, from London, and to be sold by the Subscriber, in Church-Street, Annapolis, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable Terms.

A Large and neat Assortment of European and India Goods, suitable to the different Seasons.

THOMAS GASSAWAY, junr.

A considerable Difference will be made to those who pay ready Cash.

Imported likewise in said Ship, and to be sold for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit, an unopened and well assorted Cargo of European and India Goods, amounting to about 1400l. Cost and Charges.

(1f) T. G. junr.

July 1, 1771.

ALL Persons having any Claims against the Estate of Mordecai Jacob, late of Prince George's County, deceased, are desired to bring them in legally proved, as they may be adjusted, and all those indebted to the said Estate are desired to pay.

JEMIMA JACOB, BENJAMIN JACOB, & MORDECAI JACOB. } Executors.

(3w)



Dorchester County, Maryland, June 26, 1771.  
To be leased, the Houses and Lots belonging to the Sub-  
scriber, in the Town of Cambridge, viz.

THE Dwelling-House where he at present lives, with all the Improvements belonging to the said Lot, as also, about Fifteen Acres of good Pasture Ground on the opposite Side of the Street, on which is a Stable, Chaise-House, and a large Granary convenient to the Water. Likewise a Lot and a Half, with a large Dwelling, and other Out-Houses near the Court-House, which from its Situation is one of the most convenient Places in the said Town for a Tavern, or other publick Business, with the Advantage of about Ten Acres of very good Grass Land for Pasturage, and the Privilege of getting Fire-Wood for the Use of each of the above-mentioned Dwelling-Houses, from Land contiguous to the said Town.

To be let or leased likewise, for a Term of Years, a Farm, with the Slaves and Stock on it, about Two Miles from the aforesaid Town, on which is a good convenient Dwelling-House and Kitchen, with other requisite Out-Houses, and from its central Situation as to the County, and lying partly between Two much frequented Roads; it is very fit for a Person in any publick Way. The Pasturage remarkably fine, and a good deal of Branch, that may with little Expence be finished into good Meadow.

There are Two other Plantations with Slaves, Stock, and the necessary Utensils for cultivating of the Land, to be leased; the furthest of them not exceeding Four Miles from Cambridge, the soil very good, and in good Repair.

(2m) HENRY MURRAY.

Lower-Marlborough, June 27, 1771.

AS the Subscriber intends to decline keeping a Tavern after August next, this is to desire all Persons indebted to him to come and settle their Accounts without further Trouble.

DANMUND CRAMPHIN.

Frederick County, June 25, 1771.

WHEREAS on the 22d Day of September, 1769, I gave my Bond to one James Collet, of Prince-George's County, Maryland, in behalf of a certain John Palmere, for the Sum of 25l. upon a Supposition that Palmere owed Collet that Sum, and upon Proviso that he should afterwards make out the Justice of his Claim, which at that Time he was unprepared to do, and has never done since, and (as I have the strongest Reason to believe) cannot do at all; therefore I forewarn all Persons from taking an Assignment of the said Bond, since I am resolved not to pay any more than I have already paid, till such Time as Collet establishes his Claim against Palmere, agreeable to the Condition upon which the Bond was given. THOMAS TRIPLET.

JAMES LOGAN, who not only has been regularly bred to the tailoring Trade in the most capital House for that Business, in the City of Cork, but also worked for a considerable Time with much Applause, with most eminent Masters in England and Ireland; has now opened Shop at the House of Mr. William Goldsmith, Shoemaker, near the Town-Gate, Annapolis, where he intends carrying on his Trade in all its various Branches; from a superior Ability in his undertaking, and constant Adherence to the due Affiduity highly necessary in the Execution thereof, he flatters himself he will be able to give the utmost Satisfaction to those who please to favour him with their Customs.

July 2, 1771.

WHEREAS Eleanor Leech, the Wife of the Subscriber, living in Annapolis, hath eloped from her Husband; this is therefore to forewarn all Persons from trusting her on his Account, for he will pay no Debts of her contracting from the Date hereof. JAMES LEECH.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

Baltimore, June 24, 1771.

RAN away last Night from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named William Springate, a Gardiner by Trade, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, a dark ruddy Complexion, black Eyes, and wears his own Hair which curls naturally, he was born in Wales, bred in Bristol, and speaks in that Dialect, he is much addicted to drinking and thieving, and when drunk is very quarrelsome and abusive, he has the Marks of a severe Whipping given him lately for breaking into a House: Had on and took with him, a Suit of light coloured Wilton, Buckskin Breeches, white Thread Stockings, and a black Silk Handkerchief about his Neck. Whoever brings him home to his Master, shall have Five Pounds Reward, and if delivered into any Jail in this Province, Three Pounds, paid by DANIEL CHAMIER.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Annapolis, on Tuesday Night the 18th of June last, a Country-born Servant Man, named Luke Bullin, a luffy well set Fellow, about Six Feet high: Had on, a coarse short Bearskin Coat, Osnabrig Shirt and Trowsers, Country made Shoes, and Felt Hat. Whoever secures the said Servant in any Jail, shall have the above Reward, including what the Law allows, paid by THOMAS RUTLAND.

(4w)

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

Baltimore, June 28, 1771.

ESCAPED out of my Custody last Night, a certain Andrew Williams, about 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, has scarce any Appearance of a Beard, and about 27 or 28 Years of Age: Had on, an Osnabrig Shirt, and a Pair of old Leather Breeches, he speaks much in the West of England Dialect; it is supposed he will steal other Cloaths (as he is a noted Villain) he being committed to my Custody for thieving, he may very probably try to pass himself as a Soldier and Deserter, which he attempted to do here; he has served his Time and likely will produce a Discharge from his first Master, named George Hdil. Whoever takes up and secures said Williams in any Jail, shall have the above Reward, and if brought home the same Reward and reasonable Charges, paid by JOHN R. HOLLIDAY, Sheriff.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

June 26, 1771.

RAN away last Night from the Subscriber, living within 2 Miles of Baltimore-Town, 2 Convict Servant Men, the One is a young Fellow, much pock marked, well set, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, and took with him a young bay Mare, with a Boy's Saddle newly mended on the Pommel, and also behind: Had a Fustian Coat and Jacket of a light Colour, with yellow Buttons, Osnabrig Breeches and Trowsers, Country Thread Stockings, talks broad, was a Schoolmaster, is a good Scholar, and took with him a Silver Watch. The other is about 44 or 45 Years of Age, by Trade a Blacksmith, has a Scar on his left Wrist, near the Back of his Hand; took with him a Fearnought Pea Jacket, white Shirt and Osnabrig ditto, Crocus Trowsers, old Leather Breeches, Worsted Stockings; has black Hair and a Wig with him; he is well set, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, and talks broad; they are both Englishmen, the first is named Paul Higon, the other named William Roberts.

Whoever secures the said Servants, so that the Owners may have them again, shall have Fifty Shillings, if in the County; if out of the County, Five Pounds; and, if out of the Province, the above Reward, paid by JOHN GORSUCH, JOB GARRESON.

N. B. They have stole a light coloured Country Cloth Coat and blue Jacket, and Two Holland Shirts. It is supposed they will forge Passes.

\* \* All Masters of Vessels are forewarned from carrying them off.

June 17, 1771.

RAN away last Night from the Subscriber, living on Elk-Ridge, 2 indentured Servants, viz.

ABRAHAM MILSON, about 5 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, well made, of a brown Complexion, brown Hair, commonly tied, gray Eyes, is not inclined to talk much, and has a down look when spoke to: Had on, and took with him, a black and white Country Cloth Jacket, a brown Holland ditto, Two Osnabrig Shirts, and One white ditto, a Pair of Osnabrig Trowsers, black Breeches, and a Pair of Ruffia Drab ditto, white Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, and a half worn Hat; his other Apparel unknown.

SUSANNA MILSON, an Irishwoman, his Wife, about the same Height, is much freckled, and has sandy coloured Hair: Had on, when she went away, a striped Linsey Gown, green Petticoats, bordered with different Sorts of Calico, and One white ditto; her other Cloaths unknown.

Whoever takes up said Servants, and brings them home, shall receive Three Pounds, including what the Law allows, if in the Province, and, if out of the Province Five Pounds, paid by CHARLES G. RIDGELY.

\* \* They may probably have a forged Pass with them.

THERE is at the Plantation of Henry Bateman, living in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a gray Horse, branded on the near Buttock thus ) no other perceivable Brand, about 14 Hands high, switch Tail, standing Mane, appears to be aged, and shod before.

The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Joshua Ridgway, near William Duval's, on Bush-Creek, Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a bay Mare, about Twelve and a Half Hands high, and about Nine Years old, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock thus W 3.

The Owner may have her again, proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Possession of James Offutt, living in Frederick County, near the Great Falls of Patowmack, taken up as a Stray, a black Horse, about Thirteen Hands and a Half high, paces and gallops, has a ridge Mane and switch Tail, appears to be Five or Six Years old, and branded on the near Thigh thus W he had also a small Bell on, with a Leather Collar.

The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Christian Streiock, near Causel's Mill, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a gray Mare, about Thirteen Hands high, and about Eight Years old, branded on the near Shoulder thus .T. and on the near Buttock thus B has both her Ears slit, and appears to have had a Filula.

The Owner may have her again, proving Property and paying Charges.

AKEN up as a Stray by John Ferrie, living on Swanfons Creek, in Prince George's County, a light foxtel Horse, between Eleven and Twelve Hands high, has some white saddle Spots on his Back, and his Mane hangs over the near Side, branded thus W appears to be about Eight Years old, trots and gallops.

The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of George Hunter, living at Port-Tobacco, Charles County, taken up as a Stray, a dark bay Gelding, about Thirteen Hands high, paces slow, has a large Blaze in his Face, a white Spot on the near Shoulder, and has no Brand that can be perceived.

The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges. (3w)

THERE is at the Plantation of Bejil Smith, taken up as a Stray, a black Horse, with a Star in his Forehead, switch Tail and Mane, has no Gaits, and appears to be very old.

The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges.

Annapolis, June 20, 1771.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscriber is authorized to receive his Lordship's Quittances of Anne-Arundel and Calvert Counties, payable from the 29th of last September. I do therefore earnestly request all Persons indebted, to be very punctual in their Payments, otherwise I shall be obliged to act in such a Manner, as will not be agreeable to them. Constant Attendance will be given at my House in Annapolis, and at Calvert County Court-House every Court, for the receiving of the same. WILLIAM NOKE.

(w4)

COMMITTED to my Custody as a Runaway, Negro Jit, who says he belongs to Bannaby Egan, of Calvert County, he is about Five Feet Nine or Ten Inches high: Has on, a mixt Country Cloth Jacket, white Country Cloth Breeches, old blue worsted Stockings, and an Osnabrig Shirt. His Master is desired to take him away and pay Charges, to

JENIFER TAYLOR, Sheriff of St. Mary's County.

May 26, 1771.

Just imported, in the Trimly, Captain Page, from London,

A Large and well assorted Cargo of European and East-India Goods, which are to be sold very cheap at my Store, at Elk-Ridge Landings by Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills of Exchange or Tobacco.

JOHN DORSEY.

To be SOLD, by William Watkins, at his House in Annapolis,

BARBADOES Spirit, West-India and Continent Rum, Loaf and Muscovado Sugar of different Prices and Qualities, Window Glass of different Sizes, Indigo-Blue, Chocolate, Mustard, Soap and Candles, London Steel, Powder and Shot, Coffee, Rice, Pepper, Ginger, Nutmeg, Allspice and Mace, Bohea and common Green Tea, sundry Drugs and patent Medicines. Osnabrig and brown Rolls, Pins, a few coarse Woollens and Irish Linens, &c. &c. All which Articles he will sell remarkably low for ready Money.

N. B. He has also a Mare to dispose of, fit for Saddle or Draught. (w2)

JAMES DICK and STEWART, At their Stores in Annapolis and London-Town, have just imported, in the Ship Planters Friend, Captain George Buchanan, from London,

A Large Assortment of European and East-India Goods, which they will sell cheap for ready Money or short Credit, by Wholesale or Retail. They have likewise for Sale, Madeira Wine by the Pipe, Hoghead, or Quarter Cask, West-India Rum by the Hoghead, Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel, Spermaceti Candles by the Box, Castile Soap, Pimento, London double refined Sugar, London and Philadelphia single ditto. Also, Sail Duck of all Numbers, Anchors and Grapnels, Hoxton's Drafts of the Bay, Mariners Compasses, Spy Glasses, Hadley's and Davis's Quadrants, and all Sorts of Ship Chandlery—and Cordage made at Newington Rope-Walk, where all Orders are complied with in the most speedy Manner. (3w)

THERE is at the Plantation of Joseph Weedon, living in Prince-George's County, near Magruder's Warehouse, taken up as a Stray, a black Horse, branded on the near Buttock thus B.

The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

To be SOLD cheap for ready Money,

R. JAMES's Fever Powders and Pills, with Papers of Direction. Enquire at the Printing-Office.



Annapolis, June 6, 1771.  
Just imported, and to be sold, Wholesale or Retail, upon  
the low Terms by the Subscriber, at the Store next  
Door below the Coffee-House.

A Large Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-  
INDIA GOODS.  
(tf) ROBERT BUCHANAN.

Annapolis, June 1, 1771.  
Just imported, in the Betsey, Captain Henrick, from  
London, and to be sold by the Subscriber at his Store,  
near the Dock, at the very lowest Price, for Cash,  
by Wholesale or Retail.

A Great Variety of European and East India  
Goods, suitable to both Seasons. Also may  
be had as usual, Wine, Rum, Molasses, Linseed  
Oil, loaf and brown Sugar, Chocolate, and some  
Seines, with Leads, Corks, and Cords compleat.  
(w6) NATHAN HAMMOND.

Herring-Bay, May 15, 1771.  
RAN away from the Subscriber the 7th Inst.,  
a Negro Man named Harry, about 45 Years  
of Age, well set, bow legged, and has a remarka-  
ble long Beard: Had on, when he went away, a  
Felt Hat, Linen Cap, Two Cotton Jackets, Two  
Osnabrig Shirts, Cotton Breeches, coarse Shoes and  
Stockings, and a Belt round his Body. He pretends  
to be a Kind of a Doctor in the Tooth-drawing and  
bleeding Way. It is very likely he will endeavour  
to get to Baltimore County, where he formerly  
lived.

Whoever secures the said Negro, so that his  
Master may get him again, shall receive Four Dol-  
lars Reward, if taken in this County, and if out of  
this County, Eight Dollars, and reasonable Charges  
if brought home, paid by  
(tf) THO. GASSAWAY HOWARD.

Baltimore-Town, June 7, 1771.  
FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.  
STRAYED or stolen, some Time last July, from  
the Subscriber's Plantation, in Frederick County,  
a small Strawberry roan Mare, about Thirteen and  
an Half Hands high, between 9 and 10 Years old,  
paces, trots and gallops, branded on the near Buttock,  
but not perceivable; has large Scars on the hind  
Part of her Thighs, a small Star in her Forehead,  
and a remarkable thick Mane, was bred near Anna-  
polis, and is supposed to have made that Way.

Whoever takes up said Mare, and secures her, so  
that the Owner may have her again, shall receive  
the above Reward, and reasonable Charges, if  
brought home, paid by  
(w4) MORDECAI GIST.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Kent  
County, Maryland, an English Convict Servant,  
named Thomas Randall, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high,  
round shouldered, of a brown Complexion, black  
Hair, has had a sore Leg, which makes it appear  
less than the other, and full of Knots: Had on, and  
took with him, a new Felt Hat, One Osnabrig Shirt,  
One fine ditto, One black Handkerchief, and One  
red ditto, a light coloured Coat, let out at the Sides,  
and Two blue Jackets without Sleeves, Two Pair of  
light coloured Breeches, and One Pair of Leather  
ditto, Two Pair of Thread Stockings, Two Pair  
of blue ditto, and Two Pair of new Shoes. He took  
with him a new Spade, and may pass for a Banker.  
It is supposed he has a good deal of Money with  
him, and went in Company with an old Woman and  
her Daughter, whose Names are Marr. Whoever  
takes him up, and secures him, shall have a Reward  
of Forty Shillings, besides what the Law allows.  
(w5) CHARLES FOREMAN.

Annapolis, June 19, 1771.  
Just imported, in the Betsey, Capt Henrick, from  
London, and to be sold by the Subscriber very cheap,  
for Bills of Exchange or Current Money.

A Great Variety of European and East-India  
Goods, suitable to each Season. Also may  
be had as usual, Wine, Rum, Molasses, Chocolate,  
Coffee, and Sugar, &c. &c.

PHILIP HAMMOND, junr.

MR. JOSEPH COUDEN, who formerly kept  
the FREE-SCHOOL of Cecil County, and is  
now Master of the Kent County School in Chester-  
Town, after a long and very diligent Inquiry, has  
lately had an Uther well recommended to him, who  
is thought well qualified for that Purpose, upon a  
proper Examination made by the Visitors. Such Per-  
sons as may do Mr. Couden the Honour to entrust  
their Children or Wards to his Care for Instruction,  
may depend on his and his Assistant's utmost Dilig-  
ence and Attention both to their Literature and  
Morals. Good Lodgings are to be had in the Town  
on reasonable Terms.  
(6w)

June 18, 1771. Published by Order of the Visitors.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN, at the PRINTING-  
OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. a Year, ADVERTISEMENTS,  
of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5s. and 1s. for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones  
in Proportion to their Number of Lines.—At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS,  
viz. COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS  
annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed  
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Enlargement of the human Understanding in America,  
will greatly contribute towards this beneficial Purpose,  
by sending their Names and Residence, as intentional  
Purchasers of any of the forementioned literary Works,  
to any of the Bookellers and Printers on this Conti-  
nent, where printed Proposals and Specimens may be  
seen; the sooner this Favour is granted, the more ex-  
pediently will the Works be forwarded, and the Obliga-  
tion shall be gratefully remembered by the Publisher,  
ROBERT BELL.

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tioned Places, with ROBERTSON'S HISTORY of  
CHARLES the FIFTH, complete, in Three Volumes  
8vo. for Three Dollars, although the British Edition is  
sold at Fifteen Dollars, and Four Thousand Guineas  
were actually given to the Rev. Dr. Robertson for the  
manuscript Copy of this elegantly instructive History.

Patuxent, June 5, 1771.  
ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber, are de-  
sired to come, settle and pay off their Ac-  
counts; and those who have any Demands on him,  
will please to send them in, that they may be paid.  
Constant Attendance will be given at his Store till  
the First of August next; and those who do not  
pay, or settle by that Time, need not expect any  
longer Indulgence.  
(6w) JOSEPH MULLAN.

Annapolis, May 22, 1771.  
PETER SINNOTT, TAYLOR, from Dublin,  
HEREBY informs the PUBLICK, that he  
carries on his Trade in all its Branches, at  
the House of Mr. JAMES REID, Barber, where all  
Gentlemen who please to favour him with their  
Custom, may depend on having their Cloaths well  
made, according to their Directions, in the newest  
and neatest Fashion, either in Europe or America.—  
He also scours and cleans Cloaths in a superior Man-  
ner than has hitherto been done in this Place, and  
is infallible at taking Spots and Stains out of Scarlet  
Cloth: He likewise makes Ladies Riding Dresses,  
long and short Cloaks, &c. whose Favours will be  
greatly acknowledged by PETER SINNOTT.

Elk-Ridge Landing, May 31, 1771.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.  
RAN away last Night from the Subscriber, Four  
Servant Men, lately imported from Ireland, viz.  
James Routledge, John Worgar, Roger Mealy, and  
Thomas Bryan; the First Two are Englishmen, the  
other Irishmen. I cannot particularly describe  
them, but they are likely healthy Men; Three of  
them had on, when they went away, striped Linsey  
Jackets, with striped Woollen Caps. Whoever takes  
them up, and secures them in any Jail, shall have  
the above Reward, or Twenty-five Shillings each,  
besides what the Law allows, and reasonable Charges,  
if brought home.  
(w5) JAMES FRENCH.

Kent-Island, June 5, 1771.  
WANTED IMMEDIATELY,  
A PERSON who is well qualified in the Business  
of burning BRICKS. Such a one will meet  
with proper Encouragement, by applying to the  
Subscriber.  
JAMES HUTCHINGS.

WHEREAS Richard Culverwell, of Cheever, in  
the County of Somerset, in May 1759, was  
shipt on board the Atlas, then lying in the Port of  
Bristol, and bound for Maryland; this is to give  
Notice, that if the said Richard Culverwell is living,  
and will apply to Mr. John M'Kirdy, Captain of the  
Royal Charlotte, now lying at Baltimore-Town, he will  
hear of something to his Advantage; or if the said  
Richard Culverwell is dead, and any Person can give  
a satisfactory Account of his death and when, by  
applying as above, shall be rewarded to his satis-  
faction.  
(tf)

Annapolis, May 28, 1771.  
SOME Time in the latter End of the Summer  
1769, I lent a Pair of Wool Combs to one  
Thomas Sawidge, a Wool-comber by Trade, who  
went to Prince-George's County (as he told me) to do  
some Work there, and promised to return my  
Combs in some short Time after, which he has  
not done, nor can I hear with any Certainty what  
is become of him. Any Person that knows where  
he is, and will recover my Combs, or the Value  
(Three Pounds) in Dollars, at Seven Shillings and  
Six-pence each; the Favour shall be gratefully ac-  
knowledgeed, and if he refuses to deliver my Combs  
with One Pipe and some spare Teeth, which I lent  
him with the Combs, I shall esteem it as a Favour,  
that any Person will order a Writ for him in my  
Name, to oblige him either to deliver the Combs,  
&c. or to pay for them Three Pounds as above.  
(6w) WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

N. B. Said Reynolds wants to employ a Person to  
repair Three Stocking Frames; any one capable to  
undertake such a Job, he would be glad to employ.

May 22, 1771.  
TO BE SOLD,  
A Commodious Plantation, on Elk-Ridge, with-  
in Twenty-two Miles of Annapolis, Eighteen of  
Baltimore-Town, and Ten of Elk-Ridge Landing,  
well adapted to Grain and Grass. A View of the  
Premises will sufficiently evince the Beauty of the  
Situation and Fertility of the Soil.  
(tf) H. GRIFFITH.

May 1, 1771.  
Just imported in the Galloway, Captain Bishoprick,  
from London, and to be sold by the Subscriber,  
Wholesale or Retail, at their Store, in Church-  
Street, Annapolis.

A Gentle, and well assorted Cargo of European  
and India Goods, suitable to each Season, a-  
mong which are a great Variety of fashionable Silks  
and Millenary.

(tf) THOMAS HARWOOD, &  
JOHN BRICE.

THE Subscriber being fully empowered to settle  
and adjust the Accounts of Mr. Joshua Job-  
son, late of this Province, requests all those who have  
any Claims against him to bring them in; and all  
those who are indebted to him to make immediate  
payment; those who neglect to comply with this  
Request, will have Suits commenced against them to  
August Court next. Constant Attendance is given  
at my Office.  
JOHN DAVIDSON.

May 7, 1771.  
WANTED,  
AN ORGANIST for Port-Tobacco Parish, in Charles  
County.—The Salary is Four Pounds of  
Tobacco per Poll; there are about One Thousand  
Nine Hundred Taxables in said Parish, and it is  
mostly paid off at Twelve Shillings and Six-pence  
per Cent. Any Person inclinable to undertake the  
said Organs, is desired to apply to the Rev. Mr.  
Thomas Thornton, Rector of said Parish, who will  
have a Vestry called for that Purpose.

Signed per Order of the Vestry,  
THEO. HANSON, Register.

General Post-Office, New-York, Jan. 22, 1771.  
HIS MAJESTY'S Post-Master General, having  
(for the better facilitating of Correspondence  
between Great-Britain and America) been pleased to  
add a Fifth Packet Boat to the Station between Fal-  
mouth and New-York: Notice is hereby given, that  
the Mail for the future will be closed at the Post-  
Office in New-York, at Twelve of the Clock at  
Night, on the First Tuesday in every Month, and  
dispatched by a Packet the next Day for Falmouth.  
By Command of the D. Post Master General.  
(12m) ALEXANDER COLDEN, Secretary



(XXVIth YEAR.)

T H E

(N<sup>o</sup>. 1348.)

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J U L Y 11, 1771.

T U R I N, April 13.



ON the 13th Instant, about Ten o'Clock in the Morning, the Court being in Gala, the Ambassador from France had a solemn Audience of the King and the Royal Family, in which he made a Demand of the Princess Maria-Josepha Louisa, who, after having the Tokens of the Consent of the Duchess her Mother, was presented by the Ambassador with a Letter from the Count de Provence, together with the Picture of his Royal Highness.

PARIS, April 22. Last Thursday, in the Night, the Musketeers carried Letters de Cachet to the Twelve Members of the Great Council, who had resigned, ordering them to return to the Palace, and resume their Functions. Some of them would not go there, and others returned only to renew their Protests. Mr. Lambert, the Dean, having his Letter de Cachet in his Hand, declared that the King might command his Fortune, his Person, and his Life, but that he could not dispose of his Honour or his Conscience.

As soon as the Parliament of Rouen was informed of the Formation of a new Parliament of Paris, it passed an Arret couched in stronger Terms than any that has yet appeared; and at the Conclusion it forbids all Officers belonging to the Parliament of Rouen to acknowledge any Acts of this nominal Parliament of Paris.

HAGUE, April 26. The last Letters from Paris advise, that the Duke of Harcourt has refused to take the Command of the Troops in Normandy. They write from the Capital of that Province, that on the 15th Inst. the Day after the last Bed of Justice, the Parliament assembled and issued an Arret, which declares the Members of the new Parliament Intruders, Usurpers of the Effects of the People, Enemies of the State, and Violators of their Oaths, and strictly forbids the Acknowledgment or Execution of any of their Arrets: This Proceeding will probably cost the Parliament of Rouen very dear.—Eleven Members of the Great Council, who composed Part of the Great Chamber, and the Tournelle of the new Parliament, have resigned their Places. Two of them, viz. Messrs. Michael de Montepat and de Bonnaire, being Magistrates of great Integrity and Capacity, are much regretted. It is still uncertain what Part the Chatelet will take in the present Conjuncture.

L O N D O N,

April 30. Yesterday Sir George Rodney set out from his House in Welbeck-Street for Portsmouth, to take upon him the Command of the Squadron destined for Jamaica.

So greatly have Administration increased their Power of late, by an enormous Number of Dependents, that above 700,000l. per Annum goes to the several Officers concerned in collecting the various Taxes.

The Army have shewed that they retain the same Spirit of Liberty, which English Armies have always shewn:—They have had the Judgment, in the first Instance, to nip the Attempt of introducing foreign Troops into the English Dominions, and have dared to vote, in spite of Influence, against the Bill for the more effectually raising a military Force for the Protection of the Settlements and Possessions of the East-India Company, and threw it out, to the great Joy of all thinking Men, who are Friends to his Majesty and the House of Hanover, and the Liberties of England.

May 1. Yesterday the Lords North and Rochford, had a long Conference with his Majesty, at the Queen's Palace.

Yesterday Morning the Earl of Hillsborough, as Secretary of State for the Colonies, had a grand Levee of Colony Governors, Agents, and American Merchants, at his House in Hanover-Square.

The same Morning Lord Sandwich had a grand and numerous Levee of Admirals, and other naval Officers, at his House at the Admiralty.

The Sheriff of Middlesex, when he enters into his Office, swears, that he will truly return all the King's Writs. It is probable Mr. Wilkes did not know the Nature of the Sheriff's Oath, when he talked of refusing to make a Return in-Case of Mr. Luttrell's Seat being vacated as Member for the County of Middlesex. Besides, if it were possible to get over the Penalty, by the Statutes of 8 Henry VI. c. 7. and 23 Henry VI. c. 14. a Sheriff by such refusal would incur the Penalty of Two Hundred Pounds; One to the King, and the other to him who shall sue, and will likewise suffer a Year's Imprisonment.

The House of Commons will certainly finish their Business To-morrow, when they will adjourn till Monday or Tuesday, as it is thought impossible for the Upper-House to finish the whole of their Business till To-morrow Se'nnight, so that the Prorogation is now fixed for Thursday Se'nnight.

Extract of a Letter from Lisbon, March 23.

"A very extraordinary Event has happened lately here in regard to Commerce. Some Days ago French

Cloths were refused Dispatch in the Custom-House, and kept; and since then a general Order has been sent to that Tribunal, to stop all Goods of French Manufacture, which are either composed of Wool, or have any Mixture of that Material in them; even their Druggets are comprehended. You may easily conceive what an Uproar this has occasioned among the French Merchants; they have applied to their Envoy here, who has sent home their Case, and written to his Court for Instructions."

May 2. Sunday Evening an Express arrived over Land from Bombay, by which we learn, that Hyder Aly has sued for Peace with the Morattoes; that he has also desired the Assistance of the English on this Occasion; and that upon the whole, it was generally imagined this Affair would, in a very short Time, be amicably adjusted. This little Check upon the Asiatick Chiefs has thrown great Weight into the Scale of the English, as it tends to convince Hyder Aly and the Asiaticks, of the absolute Necessity they are under of always keeping well with the English. And some Persons go so far as to hint, that this little Discord between the Morattoes and Hyder Aly was, under Hand, fomented even by the English themselves; more especially, as the Express remarks, that all was quiet and tranquil when he left Bombay. By the same Channel we are informed, that Col. Coote is on his Passage home, and that his Arrival may be expected in the Course of this Month.

On Tuesday, in the Upper House, the Duke of Richmond made a Motion to rescind the Resolution which the House came to last Year, that the Middlesex Election was final and conclusive. After a long Debate, which lasted till Half past Seven o'Clock, there appeared for the Motion Thirty-five, against it Fifty-five.—The Speakers in Support of the Motion were, the Dukes of Richmond and Manchester, the Marquis of Rockingham, the Lords Chatham, Shelburne, Camden, Lyttleton, &c.

Yesterday the principal Inhabitants of the Ward of Aldgate waited on the Lord Mayor in the Tower, and presented his Lordship with an Address, expressing their Approbation of his late Conduct.

This Day the Common Councilmen, and many of the principal Inhabitants of Bread-Street Ward, presented an Address to the Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver.

On the Duke of Richmond's Motion Eight or Ten of the Ministry divided with the Minority.

It is said that the honourable Charles James Fox will soon be promoted to a very important Office in Administration.

A Patent is preparing for creating Sir Jeffery Amherst a Peer.

It is reported with great Confidence, that a very extraordinary Preferment was lately offered to Sergeant Glynn, which he nobly refused, though it was tendered to him at the Instance of a great Personage.

It is a Mistake that Mr. Wilkes at Mile-End talked of making no Return to the Writ. He mentioned not obeying it so far as to call the County together, when there was no legal Vacancy, and returning the Writ with the special Matter endorsed on the Back.

The State of the Corn Trade, for allowing the Exportation of Grain, &c. from America, Duty free, is dropt.

May 4. It is said that Sir Edward Hawke will be created a Peer at the same Time that Sir Jeffery Amherst is.

The Bill to prevent divorced Persons from marrying with the offending Party, we hear, is dropped.

Lord Chatham never appeared in Parliament with greater Lustre than on Tuesday last. No Man questions the Intrepidity of his Spirit; no Man denies the wonderful Extent of his Abilities. The Dignity, Firmness, and Consistency of his Conduct make his Character complete.—After giving the warmest Support to the Duke of Richmond's Motion on Tuesday, he entered largely into the Consideration of the melancholy State of the Country; the depraved System of Government, which had, in a very few Years, reduced us from a most flourishing to a most miserable Condition. He went through the whole Proceedings of the House of Commons in the late Business of the Printers, and arraigned every Part of it in the strongest Terms. He warmly defended the Magistrates in the conscientious Discharge of their Duty;—that the House, in committing them to Prison without hearing their Defence upon the Point of Privilege, had been guilty of a gross and palpable Act of Tyranny;—that they had heard the prostituted Electors of Shoreham in Defence of an Agreement to sell a Borough by Auction, and had refused to hear the Lord Mayor of London, in Defence of the Laws of England; that their expunging, by mere Force, the Entry of the Recognizance, was the act of a Mob, not of a Parliament; but that their daring to assume a Power of stopping all Prosecutions by their Vote, struck at once at the whole System of the Laws;—that it was solely to the Measures of Government, equally violent and absurd, that Mr. Wilkes owed all his Importances;—that the King's Ministers, supported by the slavish Concurrence of the House of Commons, had at once made him a Person of the greatest Consequence in the

Kingdom;—that they, in Effect had made him an Alderman of London, and Representative of the County of Middlesex; and now it seems they intend to make him Sheriff, and, in due Course, Lord Mayor of London;—that the Proceedings of the House of Commons, in Regard to this Gentleman, made the very Name of Parliament ridiculous;—that after repeated Resolutions, by which they had made him amenable to their Jurisdiction, they had shamefully given up the Point at last, and, in the Face of the World, acknowledged him to be their Lord and Master.—That there remained but one possible Remedy for the Disorders, with which the Government of this Country was universally infected:—That to save the Name and Institution of Parliaments from Contempt, the House of Commons must be dissolved. This he hoped might restore good Government on one Side—good Humour and Tranquillity on the other; yet that this was rather a Hope in him than any sanguine Expectation. He feared that it might prove only a temporary and partial Remedy; that to resist the enormous Influence of the Crown, some stronger Barriers must be erected in Defence of the Constitution. That formerly the Inconveniences of shortening the Duration of Parliament had great Weight with him; but that now it was no longer a Question of Convenience;—the *Summa Rerum* is at Stake;—your whole Constitution is giving way;—and therefore, with the most deliberate and solemn Conviction to his Understanding, he now declared himself a Convert to Triennial Parliaments.—His Lordship concluded with desiring a Call of the House for next Day, and declared his Intention to move an Address for the Dissolution of the present Parliament. Accordingly on Wednesday his Lordship made the Motion, but it was overruled, 72 against 23.

The other Day the French King found, under a Plate that was set for him at Dinner, a Scroll of a Paper, on which was written, "the first Damien missed his Aim, the Second will be sure."

The Disputes between the French King and his Parliament, it is thought, will be carried to much greater Lengths than were at first imagined, as that Monarch is not satisfied with the Dissolution and Banishment of the Members, but is determined to compel them to resume their nominal Dignity; and, however Repugnant to their Inclinations or Consciences, to oblige them to subscribe to the Measures he shall choose to pursue. Despotism, thank Heaven, a British Constitution, as yet, knows nothing of!

It is supposed that the Day the Lord Mayor and Mr. Oliver quit the Tower there will be more publick Rejoicings in this City than ever were known on any Occasion. It is much wished it was also a Day of Reconciliation among the Patriots.

Some Letters from Madrid mention that Two Chiefs of the Spanish Ministry are at present in Disgrace at Court, on Account of the Part they took in a late Convention.

It is said the following Motion was made on Wednesday last, by the Earl of Chatham, in the Upper House: "That an humble Address be presented to his Majesty, most dutifully and earnestly beseeching his Majesty, that under the late Violations of the Rights of the Electors of Great-Britain in the Election for Middlesex, still unredressed, and in the present Conflict which has so unhappily arisen between the Claims of Privilege of the House of Commons on one Side, and those of the Magistracy on the other, his Majesty will, in his paternal Wisdom, deign to open the Way to compose this alarming Warfare; and that, in order to prevent the said House and the Nation from being involved in intemperate Discussions of undefined Powers, which in the Extreme may endanger the Constitution, and tend to shake the Tranquillity of the Kingdom, his Majesty will be graciously pleased to recur to the recent Sense of his People, by dissolving, after the End of this Session, the present Parliament, and calling, with all convenient Dispatch, a new Parliament; Twenty-three for it, Seventy-two against it."

Yesterday a Court of Common Council was held at Guildhall, when it was moved, that this Court, with the City Officers, be desired to attend the Right Hon. Brasa Crosby, Lord Mayor, and Mr. Alderman Oliver, in their Gowns, in Procession from the Tower to the Mansion-House, on their Enlargement from their present Confinement, and on being put was carried unanimously.

We are assured, that upon the Day the Parliament is prorogued, the whole City of London will meet upon Tower-Hill and Places adjoining, in Carriages and on Foot, to attend the Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver to the Mansion-House. All the Bells in the City of London and Suburbs will ring the whole Day, and the Illuminations are expected to be more general than ever were known upon any other Occasion.

Mr. Alderman Wilkes, who stood foremost for the Discharge of the Printers, will attend the Lord Mayor to the Mansion-House.

Yesterday some farther Complaints from the British Merchants at Lisbon and Oporto were received by the Lisbon Mail.

By the last Accounts from Breff, Twelve Ships of the Line had just been laid up there, and their Crews discharged.



Some private Letters from Lisbon mention a very spirited Remonstrance, in the Name of the French King, having just arrived at Court, couched in Terms extremely humiliating to the Pride of the Portuguese Premier.

Both Houses of Parliament will be prorogued on Thursday next, when the Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver will leave the Tower, and be escorted by the most respectable Bodies in the City to the Mansion-House.

It is now conjectured from some Advices lately received, that the Aurora Frigate, by Accident, took Fire at Sea a few Days after she sailed from the Cape of Good-Hope.

#### WESTMINSTER-HALL INTELLIGENCE.

Court of Exchequer. After Sergeant Glynn had finished his Speech, for the Discharge of Mr. Alderman Oliver, on Tuesday last in this Court, every Body present, except Four, was so convinced, by Strength of Argument, and the irresistible Force of the learned Sergeant's Reasoning, as well as animated by the Love of Liberty which more than ordinary inspired the Sergeant on that Occasion, that N. body doubted the determination in Favour of fixed Laws against undefined Privilege. The Two learned Counsel, who spoke after Sergeant Glynn, followed his Example. The Arguments took Three Hours, upon this most important Question. It was decided by the Court in almost as many Minutes, that Mr. Oliver should be remanded to the Tower.

But, as usual, as if the Agents of the Crown were Friends to Liberty, several Flaws were discovered in the Return, which might have been fatal to the Carlton-House Junto, if Mr. Oliver, as it he had a Mind to be at cross Purposes too, had not stood up for arbitrary Power: When the Lieutenant of the Tower had, by his Blunders in the Return, left open a Window for the honourable Prisoner to escape, he preferred Captivity to Liberty on such Terms; and while the Crown Lawyers were confounded at the disgraceful Blunders, and saw, as it were, their Prisoner ready to slip through their Fingers, Mr. Oliver rose up and said, "If your Lordships will not release me on the general and public Ground, I do not wish to take Advantage of these Mistakes."—What could Regulus have done more?

#### BOSTON, June 17.

We are assured that the House of Representatives on Friday last, ordered a solemn Protest to be entered on their Journal, against all such Doctrines, Principles and Practices, as tended to establish ministerial Instructions as Laws within this Province; and particularly against the present Manner of exercising the Prerogative, in convening and holding the General Assembly at Harvard-College, in Cambridge, merely by Instructions, as an intolerable Grievance, which ought speedily to be redressed.

#### NEW-YORK, June 24.

Captain Boyd, in Twenty-eight Days from the Bay of Honduras, the 28th of May, in Lat. 21. Long. 77. spoke with a Ship and Two Snows, from Cadiz for the Havannah, with a Number of Sailors on board, to Man several 80 Gun Ships that were building there; and Two Days after he also spoke with a Brig from some Port in Spain, for the Havannah likewise, with Seamen for the like Purpose; the Captain of which Vessel acquainted Captain Boyd, that Five others sailed in Company with him, all bound for the Havannah.

#### WILLIAMSBURG, June 27.

We learn from North-Carolina that inconceivable Damage hath been done by the late Inundation or Fresh, which rose higher in many Places, by Nine Feet, than ever was known in the Memory of Man. The low Lands, which have been cultivated, are in a great Measure rendered useless to the Proprietors, by the Soil being overspread with a vast Quantity of Sand from the Washings of the Banks of the Rivers, and the Houses and Stocks of the poor Inhabitants totally swept away. An innumerable Quantity of Fence Rails, Walnut, and all Kind of Timber Trees, were drifted into the Bay of Edenton, and all along both Sides of Albemarle Sound clear to Roanoke Island; and every Thing seems to wear the Face of Desolation and Calamity. It is not possible, as yet, to ascertain any particular Damages which Individuals may have received; but it seems more than probable, that from the advanced Season of the Year, and the Scarcity of Timber in many Parts of the low Lands for Fencing, no Crops will be made in them; from whence every Species of Distress must be supposed to arise to the poor Inhabitants, already bereft of their Habitations and Stocks.

#### Alexandria, July 4, 1771.

For Sale, on the Third Monday in August next,

A Very valuable Acre of Ground, being 2 Lots in the Town of Alexandria, but now proposed to be sold in 8 Parts, viz. No. 1. Fronting the main Street on the East, being 58 Feet 10½ Inches in Front, and 123 Feet 5 Inches back, to a Lot of the same Dimensions that fronts Royal-Street, on the West. Six Lots, No. 2. to 7 inclusive bounded by Cameron-Street, on the South, and fronting the Lot on which the Court-House stands; each of these Lots contains 41 Feet 1 Inch and ½ in Front, and 117 Feet 8½ Inches back. On Lot No. 1. are several Buildings, that with some small Repairs may be made valuable. The Ground is level, stands in a good Part of the Town, and convenient to the Wharfs and Landings. One Half the Purchase Money to be paid on making good Deeds, Credit will be given for the other Half, Twelve Months, with approved Security if demanded. A good Title will be given and the Premises entered on immediately.

(w4)

HENRY SALKELD.

George-Town, Patowmack River, July 3, 1771.  
To be SOLD, on the 18th Instant, for the Benefit of the

EIGHT Pieces of damaged British OSNABRIGS, imported last Month in the JAMES; Capt. JOHN MONTGOMERY, from LONDON, by

WILLIAM WILSON:

Annapolis, July 4, 1771.

#### JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship Polly, Captain John Kelty, and to be sold by Thomas Hyde, at his Store in South-East-Street, for ready Money or short Credit.

A Neat Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA

GOODS, suitable to the Seasons. Likewise a Quantity of Train Oil and Goree, very cheap.

WHEREAS the Subscriber, living on Anti-Eatam, in Frederick County, has bought a Tract of Land of a certain Peter French, which, after being surveyed, was found not to be the Quantity sold for; and as he has got Two Bonds of me, one of Fifty Pounds, and the other of Ten, I hereby forewarn all Persons from taking them, as I shall not pay them until he makes good the Quantity of Land according to Agreement.

MARTIN FUNK.

WILLIAM HEWITT, Cooper, near the Church in Annapolis, begs leave to inform his old Customers and others, that he has for Sale at the lowest Rates,

A Neat Assortment of Earthen-Ware, just imported, viz. All Sizes of oval Cream coloured Dishes, Soup and shallow Plates of the same Kind, white Stone Dishes, Soup and shallow Plates, Turins, Egyptian Tea-Pots, Colliflower, Tea, Coffee, and Chocolate-Pots, Sugar-Dishes, Cream-Jugs, large and small enamelled Bowls, Tea-Cups and Saucers ditto, Quart, Pint, and Half Pint Mugs, and a great Variety of other Articles. He likewise carries on the Coopers Business in all it's Branches, having provided himself with complete Hands for that Purpose. He makes Bathing-Tubs, Coolers, Casks, and Kegs of all Sizes, Butter Churns, Pails, Piggins, Ship Buckets, Nunbuoys, Mest Cans, &c. Those who please to favour him with their Commands, may depend on being punctually and carefully served.

(3w)

#### BY THE MISSION OF HIS EXCELLENCY.

THE famous Mr. SAUNDERS will exhibit his highest Dexterity and grand Deception at the Lodge-Room, on every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday Evening during his Stay in this Place. He proposes being at Chester-Town about the 27th Instant, and at Baltimore-Town on the First of August next.

(w5)

CHOICE old Barbadoes Spirit by the Hoghead or smaller Quantity, and fine Hyson Tea in Cannisters, to be sold by Thomas B. Hodgkin, at his House near the Church.

(3w)

July 9, 1771.

WHEREAS Doctor JAMES THOMPSON, has empowered me to settle his Business in his Absence, this is therefore to request all Persons indebted to him on Bond, Note, or Book Account, to settle them with William Sellman, junr. Those that don't comply may depend I shall take such Steps as the Law requires to make them.

WILLIAM SMYTH.

Annapolis, June 9, 1771.

COMMITTED to my Custody as Runaways, Donald Clark, a Sailor, who says he belongs to the Ship Thornton, Capt. M<sup>d</sup> Dougall.

Negro Charles, who says he belongs to Mr. Jeremiah Adderton, of Charles County. The above Negro came to Annapolis in a Boat loaded with Shingles, and no other Person being on board, it is supposed he took her away in order to make his Escape. The Boat now lies in the Dock.

JOHN CLAPHAM, Sheriff.

June 8, 1771.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Upper-Marlborough, on Wednesday the 22d Day of May last, a Negro Fellow named STEVEN, about 21 or 22 Years of Age, near 6 Feet high, of a yellowish Complexion, he is a sensible, artful, deceitful, insinuating Fellow: Had on when he went away, a Negro Cotton Jacket and Breeches, and Osnabrig Shirts; but as he has many Cloaths, some of which are very good, 'tis probable he may change his Dress: He also had on, an Iron Collar with a Bell fixed to it, which he may have got off: I am not certain but he may have a Pass signed by me to John Cooke, Esq; where he has a Wife, and may be harboured there by some of the Negroes. I was informed some Time ago that he had agreed with a New-England Captain to carry him off the Province, I am therefore apprehensive that he may endeavour to get off by Water or otherwise. All Masters of Vessels and others are desired not to carry him away at their Peril. Whoever takes up the said Fellow, and secures him so that his Master may get him again, shall have a Reward of Forty Shillings Currency, if taken up within the County, if out of the County, Three Pounds, and if out of the Province, Five Pounds, paid by

(6w)

EBENEZER EDM. ORME.

THERE is at the Plantation of Zachariah Ellis, about 5 Miles below the Mouth of Monocacy, on Patowmack River, taken up as a Stray, a sorrel Horse, about 15 Hands high, has a Star in his Forehead, and has some Saddle Spots, has no Brand, and his near hind Foot is split. The Owner may have him again on proving Property and paying Charges.

Prince-George's County, June 6, 1771.

COMMITTED to my Custody as a Runaway, a Mulatto Man who can give no Account of himself: He has on an old Osnabrig Shirt, old Breeches, and a very old Hat. His Master is desired to pay Charges and take him away.

N. B. I understand he is the Property of Mr. William Lock Weems.

JOHN ADDISON, Sheriff.

#### FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

May 1, 1771.

RAN away from the Subscriber living in Baltimore County, about Twelve Miles from Baltimore-Town, an English Servant Man, named William Langley, about 26 Years old, 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, pale Complexion, down Look, short black Hair: Had on and took with him, a new Felt Hat, gray Fearnought Jacket, Two new Osnabrig Shirts, and Trowsers of the same, a Pair of blue ribbed Yarn Stockings, a Pair of Pumps, and a Pair of small square Steel Buckles; he can spin both Wool and Cotton, and can wash Linen well, and as he has served some Time in the Country may endeavour to pass as a Freeman. Whoever takes up said Servant and secures him so as the Subscriber may have him again, shall receive Forty Shillings if taken in this County, Three Pounds if out of the County, and if out of the Province the above Reward, with reasonable Charges, paid by

(w3)

ABRAHAM PATTON.

July 5, 1771.

TAKEN up on Hill's Point, near Annapolis, in about Three Feet Water, sundry Bars of IRON marked Maryland. Whoever will prove Property and pay Charges, may have them again by applying to Edward Rickett, at Capt. Bryce's, near the Town-Gate.

To be let for a Term of Years by the Subscriber, in Chester County, Maryland.

A Merchant-Mill on Hunting-Creek, in good Repair, with Two Water-Wheels, One carries a Pair of French Burs, double geered, hoisting and bolting Materials in good Order, with several other Buildings at said Mill. Also, sundry Farms near the said Mill, with and without Slaves, &c. would be let: And in the Town of Cambridge, Dwelling-Houses with other Improvements suitable for Tradesmen, where such, if sober and industrious, would meet with good Encouragement.

As I purpose leaving the Province next Spring, I would dispose of a Sea Sloop, that will carry about 3000 Bushels of Grain, well calculated for the West-India Trade, sails well, about Two Years old, and sheathed. Also, a small Bay Schooner, carries about 1100 Bushels; and some other smaller Craft. As the Situation at the Mill is very convenient for a Store, having Water Carriage to the Mill Tail, and a much frequented publick Road leading by it, in a good Wheat and Corn Country, any Person inclining to farm the Mill, that would keep a Store of wet and dry Goods, I think would find his Advantage in purchasing one or other of said Vessels, for which any reasonable Time would be given for Payment, on paying Interest and giving Security, if required.

N. B. Land Carriage to Delaware Landings does not exceed 36 Miles from the Mill, and Water Carriage about 80 Miles to Baltimore-Town.

(2m)

JAMES MURRAY.

Just imported, in the Polly, Capt. John Keltye, from London, and to be sold by the Subscriber, in Church-Street, Annapolis, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable Terms.

A Large and neat Assortment of European and India Goods, suitable to the different Seasons.

THOMAS GASSAWAY, junr.

A considerable Difference will be made to those who pay ready Cash.

Imported likewise in said Ship, and to be sold for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit, an unopened and well assorted Cargo of European and India Goods, amounting to about 1400l. Call and Charges.

(tf)

T. G. junr.

ALL Persons having any Claims against the Estate of Mordecai Jacob, late of Prince-George's County, deceased, are desired to bring them in legally proved, as they may be adjusted, and all those indebted to the said Estate are desired to pay.

JEMIMA JACOB.

(3w)

BENJAMIN JACOB, & } Executors

MORDECAI JACOB.

THRE is at the Plantation of Henry Bateman, living in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a gray Horse, branded on the near Buttock thus J no other perceivable Brand, about 14 Hands high, swish Tail, standing Mane, appears to be aged, and shod before.

The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges.

TAKEN up as a Stray by John Perrie, living on Swanfons Creek, in Prince-George's County, a light sorrel Horse, between Eleven and Twelve Hands high, has some white Saddle Spots on his Back, and his Mane hangs over the near Side, branded thus W appears to be about Eight Years old, trots and gallops.

The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges.



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ADDISON, Sheriff,  
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May 1, 1771.

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July 5, 1771.

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Dorchester County, Maryland, June 29, 1771.

delivered, & the Houses and Lots belonging to the Sub-

scriber, in the Town of Cambridge, viz.

THE Dwelling-House where he at present lives;

with all the Improvements belonging to the

aid Lot, as also, about Fifteen Acres of good Pas-

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Dorchester County, June 31, 1771.

WHEREAS the Justices of Dorchester County

Court, were empowered, by an Act passed

at the last Sessions of Assembly, to levy on the tax-

able Inhabitants of said County, a Sum not exceed-

ing Two Hundred Thousand Pounds of Tobacco, for

the Purpose of building a Court-House; and we the

Subscribers were therein appointed Commissioners,

and authorized to contract for the doing and com-

pleating the same.

We do therefore hereby give Notice, that we shall

attend, for that Purpose, at the Town of Cambridge,

in the County aforesaid, on every Monday from the

Date hereof, until the last Day of August next, when

we shall be ready to contract with any Undertaker

that may offer, on his giving Security for the Per-

formance of his Agreement (if required)

Charles Dickinson,

Robert Goldborough,

William Ennalls,

Robert Harrison,

John Goldborough.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber's Plantation,

near Elk-Ridge Landing, the Four following

Convict Servants, viz.

JAMES BARBER, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high,

of a brown Complexion, short light brown Hair,

and about 25 Years of Age: Had on and took with

him, a Country Cloth Jacket and Breeches, an old

Felt Hat, Two new Osnabrig Shirts, old Shoes,

with flat Iron Buckles.

JOHN BATE, about 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 5

Inches high, of a fair Complexion, with short

straight brown Hair: Had on when he went away,

a blue Halthick Jacket, a Felt Hat, about half

worn, a new Osnabrig Shirt, old Crocus Trousers,

no Shoes or Stockings.

JOHN BATES, about 27 or 28 Years of Age, a

stout well looking Fellow, of a fair Complexion,

with short brown Hair, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches

high: Had on when he went away, a Country

Cloth Jacket, much worn, old Leather Breeches,

old Felt Hat, and Osnabrig Shirt.

JOHN TOM LISON, about 35 Years of Age,

5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, a well set Fellow, with

sandy Hair and Beard, a little knock-kneed, and

his Ancles sore: Had on when he went away, an

old Felt Hat, Country Cloth Jacket, much worn,

greasy Buckskin Breeches, Osnabrig Shirt, old gray

ribbed Stockings, and old Shoes.

Whoever takes up and secures the aforesaid Ser-

vants, or either of them, shall receive, if taken in

the Province, Forty Shillings; but if out of the Pro-

vince, Five Pounds for each, paid by

BENJAMIN HOWARD.

(3w) N. B. They are all Englishmen.

THOMAS MORGAN,

begs leave to inform the Publick, that he has opened a

Shop in Gay-Street, opposite Mr. Melcher Kiener's

Tavern.

WHERE he intends to carry on the Business of

Watch and Clock-making, in all its various

Branches. Those Gentlemen that will please to fa-

vour him with their Custom, may depend on being

carefully served, and with Dispatch. Likewise he

intends repairing and cleaning all Kinds of Watches

and Clocks after the best Manner: He further pro-

poses to engage his Performance for One Year, pro-

vided the Owner don't abuse the same. (w5)

June 7, 1771.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr.

Nicholas Greenbury Ridgely, late of Anne-Ar-

undel County, deceased, are desired to make immedi-

ate Payment, and those who have just Claims against

the said Estate, are desired to make them known to

Mr. Greenbury Ridgely, who is authorized to settle

with those that apply; all who neglect to discharge

their Balances before the 20th of July next, may de-

pend on being sued or warranted, as no Indulgence

can be given. JANE RIDGELY, Executrix.

ALL those who are indebted to Mr. Thomas

Philpot, of London, Merchant, for Dealings

with Mr. Charles Digges, deceased, at his Store in

Upper-Marlborough, are hereby requested to make

speedy Payment. As the Debts have been a long

Time due. Those who fail may depend on being

sued immediately after the 10th Day of August next,

without respect of Persons.

FRANK LEEKE, Attorney in Fact,

for THOMAS PHILPOT

Annapolis, May 22, 1771.

PETER SINNOTT, TAYLOR, from Dublin,

HEREBY informs the PUBLICK, that he

carries on his Trade in all its Branches, at the

House of Mr. JAMES REID, Barber, where all

Gentlemen who please to favour him with their

Custom, may depend on having their Cloaths well

made, according to their Directions, in the newest

and neatest Fashion, either in Europe or America.



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**T**HERE is at the Plantation of *William Arnold*, on the Eastern Branch of *Patoewmack*, taken up as a Stray, a black Horse, about Twelve Hands and a Half high, has a Star in his Forehead, is a bout Four Years old this Spring, he paces a little, trots and gallops well, but has no perceivable Brand. The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of *Matthias Ruiger*, living near *Frederick-Town*, *Frederick County*, *Maryland*, taken up as a Stray, a Mouſe coloured Mare, about Fourteen Hands high, a natural Pacer, ſhod before, about Seven Years old, has no Mark nor Brand. The Owner may have her again, proving Property and paying Charges.

(4w) **THOMAS RUTLAND.**  
*To be SOLD cheap for ready Money,*  
**D**R. JAMES's Fever Powders and Pills, with  
 Papers of Direction. Enquire at the Printing-  
 Office.

**ANNAPOLIS:** Printed by ANNE CATMARINE GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. a Year, ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5s. and 10s. for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.—At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, viz. COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.



(XXVI<sup>th</sup> YEAR.)


T H E

(N<sup>o</sup>. 1349)

## MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, J U L Y 18, 1771.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 8.



HE Porte returns nothing out  
vague Answers to all the Pro-  
positions for an Accommoda-  
tion by the Courts of Berlin  
and Vienna. The Resident of  
their Imperial Majesties had  
Three private Meetings with  
the Kaimacam within Fifteen  
Days, the Result of which was  
dispatched to Vienna and Ber-  
lin.

ELBING, April 17. We have received Advice, that  
the Russian Army, under Count Romanzow, is in full  
March. His Magazine is immense. Poland is taxed  
to furnish him with 55,000 Bushels of Oats, 3084 Last  
of Wheat, the Last to consist of 60 Measures, and  
15,000 Carriages.

All our Advices confirm the happy Event of the  
entire Cessation of the Plague. In Consequence of  
which, after the first of next Month, the Prussians  
will no longer subject Travellers and Merchandises  
coming from Poland to perform Quarantine. Never-  
theless, the Troops which formed the Cordon for the  
above Purpose, are to continue.

PARIS, April 24. Since the Dispersion of the Mem-  
bers composing the Parliament of Paris, all Law Pro-  
ceedings have been interrupted, and the Injury thus  
sustained by the Publick is beyond Expression. We  
promise ourselves, however, that Matters will soon  
return into their former Channel, as many Attornies  
and Counsellors have submitted to the new Parliament,  
and engaged to renew their Functions.

April 29. By a Decree of the Parliament of the  
Court, the Arrest of the Parliament of Rouen of the  
15th has been burnt by the Hands of the common  
hangman, as a seditious Libel, infringing upon the  
Royal Authority and the Laws of the Realm, as tend-  
ing to render the King suspicious of the Sentiments of  
the Magistrates, to shake the Loyalty of the People,  
to withdraw their Obedience, and as falsely attributed  
to the said Parliament.

L O N D O N,

April 25. Late on Saturday Evening a Secretary to  
the Count de Guigne, the French Ambassador at our  
Court, took French Leave of the Count, and at the  
same Time having availed himself of all the Papers and  
Documents in the Custody of the Count, many of  
which Papers contain several Instructions from the  
Duke de Choiseul to the Count Guigne, and also to  
his Predecessor Count Chatelet, marched off with the  
same to Versailles, in order, as it is apprehended, to  
find sufficient Materials out of them for the Condem-  
nation of the Duke de Choiseul, whose Ruin it seems  
is now irretrievably determined on.

Yesterday the Third Reading of the East-India Re-  
viving Bill came on according to Order in the Lower  
Assembly, and after a Debate thereon, the Question  
was put, whether the said Bill should be read a Third  
Time? The House divided, when it appeared 45 for  
it, and 45 against it; the Numbers being equal, the  
Speaker declared for the Ayes: An Amendment was  
afterwards moved for, and another Debate arose, after  
which the Question was put, Whether the Bill should  
pass? The House again divided, the Ayes were 50,  
and the Noes 51; and thus the Bill was lost by a Ma-  
jority of one.

April 30. An Accommodation between the Turks and  
Russians is impossible, till the Russian Minister, Mr.  
Obreskew, is delivered up by the former. The Wis-  
dom and Policy of the Empress of Russia are conspicu-  
ous in every Respect; and nothing can be more  
laudable than her Resolution to maintain the Law of  
Nations, so notoriously violated in the Treatment of  
her Ambassador.—The shining Qualities of this great  
Princess should make all the other Nations of Europe  
with her Success, as much as the Justice of her Cause,  
in which they are all equally interested. There can-  
not be a more illustrious Example of Royal Munifi-  
cence, than her Generosity to the English Captains  
who were employed in transporting Troops to the  
Archipelago; upon that Occasion she made a Present  
of 100 Guineas to each of them. There are other  
Proofs equally illustrious of her noble and generous  
Spirit. When Sir Charles Knowles was introduced to  
her Majesty, she made him a Present of 20,000 Rubles;  
and as a Mark of her great Regard for so able an Of-  
ficer, she immediately preferred him to the exalted  
Rank of Admiral and Superintendent of the Marine.

An Account of what passed in the Lower Room on Friday.

On Friday Mr. Sawbridge made a Motion in the  
Lower Room for leave to bring in a Bill to shorten the  
Duration of Parliaments. He shewed that this Branch  
of the Constitution had been established by our Saxon  
Ancestors, at which Time they had only been Annual;  
that they were set aside for 140 Years by the Nor-  
mans; That on their Revival they had continued of  
short Duration (mostly Annual) till the Reign of Hen.  
VIII. whose Tyranny was never complete till establish-  
ed by that long Parliament: That the next long Par-  
liament was that, commonly so called, in 1641, who,  
by establishing their Form of sitting, had brought the

greatest Destruction on the Constitution. The pen-  
sionary Parliament, in the Reign of Charles II. was  
also productive of bad Consequences to the Constitu-  
tion; to remedy which the triennial Bill was passed,  
restraining them to sit more than Three Years Dur-  
ation. This was overturned by that Breach into the  
Constitution in George the First's Reign, the voting  
themselves Septennial, and passing the septennial Bill.  
Though perhaps the particular Necessities of the Times  
might render such an Act at that Day necessary (a  
Rebellion just crushed, and a Pretender to the Throne  
making it highly improper to call the People together  
at that Time) yet that Necessity was now at an End,  
none of those Dangers now hanging over us. That  
the Length of Parliaments gave up that Power which  
the Constituents ought to have over their Representa-  
tives, that of frequent Examination into their Con-  
duct, and Rejection of them, if they thought them  
unworthy. That long Parliaments gave Opportunity  
to such an Intimacy between the Ministers and the  
Members, always dangerous and destructive to the  
Constitution: That in shortening the Duration of Par-  
liament, he should incline to annual, as subject to  
fewer Objections, in his Opinion, than triennial, but  
that must be the subject of future Debates.

Messrs. Alderman Townsend, Dempster, O'Turner,  
Barre, &c. supported this Measure: They frequently  
called on Administration to shew any Reasons why a  
Bill should not be brought in; but, to the Amaze-  
ment of most Members, not one Word was uttered by  
Administration; the most contemptuous Silence was  
observed. On this great national Question, the short  
Appeal was to Numbers; and the only declared Rea-  
sons were 105 to 54.

May 19. The Lord Mayor finding himself seized  
Yesterday Morning with a slight Fit of the Gout, by  
the Advice of his Friends, let out for his House at  
Dulwich, to spend a few Days there for the Recovery  
of his Health, and Sir William Stephenson sat at the  
Mansion-House in his Room.

Yesterday Mr. Alderman Oliver visited Earl Temple,  
at his House, in Pall-Mall, and afterwards paid his  
Respects to other Noblemen, &c.

Extra of a Letter from a Gentleman at Berlin to his  
Friend in London, dated April 27.

"I have reason to think that the Cloud gathering  
in Germany will not disturb the present Peace of the  
Empire. My Barometer is the actual State of Security  
and Tranquillity in which the King of Prussia remains,  
for from the Knowledge I have of that Prince's Tem-  
per and Way of acting, I have Reason to think, that  
if he entertained but the remotest Suspicion of any  
hostile Intention against him, or dangerous Consequen-  
ce to his natural Ally Russia, from the present  
Armaments of the House of Austria, he would not be  
so unactive, and appear so unconcerned. Besides,  
the good Understanding which apparently subsists at  
this Moment, betwixt him and the Court of Vienna,  
confirms me the more in this Opinion, and induces me  
to believe that he is no Stranger to the present Views  
and Designs of that Power, which tend, it is thought,  
with the mutual Consent of the Courts of Berlin and  
Petersburgh, to restore Tranquillity to Poland, and to  
oblige the Turks to a Peace with Russia, who, it is  
assured, has declared her Inclination to the Court of  
Vienna, to treat with the Porte on Terms so moderate  
and equitable, as gave the greatest Satisfaction to the  
Austrian Court. A very short Time, however, will  
soon discover the End and Intention of the present im-  
mense warlike Preparations of the House of Austria,  
with Regard to which the greatest Secrecy is observed  
at Vienna."

Extra of a Letter from the Hague, May 3.

"If some Letters from Madrid may be relied on,  
there seems to be a Coldness between the Courts of  
Madrid and Versailles, occasioned, it is said, by the  
King of Spain having been informed, that the French  
King has some Thoughts of re-establishing the Jesuits  
within his Dominions; a Step which hath so much  
affected the Spanish Monarch, that he hath sent Orders  
to his Ambassador, Resident at Paris, to declare to the  
Court of Versailles, that if it should take the Resolu-  
tion of re-establishing that Society in its States, at a  
Time when Affairs are in so good a Train to annihilate  
totally that pernicious Society, by whose destructive  
Machinations France, preferably to all other King-  
doms, hath too severely suffered, his Catholick Ma-  
jesty will find himself obliged to break the Treaty,  
known by the Name of *The Family Compact*, and to de-  
clare that he will no longer, in any Manner, be bound  
by it; also that he will recal his Ambassador from  
Paris. If this is true, as these Letters assure us it is,  
his Most Christian Majesty will re-consider this Matter,  
before he determines to recal the Disciples of Loyola  
into his Kingdom."

The Malcontents of Corsica keep the French in con-  
stant Alarms, frequently way-laying and killing any  
Parties they are able to over-power. To reconcile  
these Islanders to their new Yoke, the French King  
has resolved to appoint the principal Families to Of-  
fices of Trust, jointly with his natural born Subjects.

Sir Fletcher Norton had a grand Levee at his Hou-  
se on Wednesday Evening, where the Mobility, and  
others, who paraded the Streets that Evening repaired,  
and testified their *Respect*, by breaking most of the  
Windows.

The Mob, on Wednesday Night, broke a great  
Number of Windows in the Strand, and left not a  
whole Pane in Somerset-House Coffee-Room.

The Reason assigned for breaking open the Iron  
Gates at Sergeant's-Inn, is, that the Populace got In-  
telligence that the Recorder of London, who lives  
there, had given Directions to have the Gates shut  
much sooner than usual, to prevent any Illuminations  
in the Inn.

Wednesday Night a desperate Fray happened be-  
tween the Mob and a Party of Chairmen, in St. James's  
Square, when Two of the former, it is said, were  
killed on the Spot, and several, on both Sides, dan-  
gerously wounded.

May 11. There are several Letters in Town which  
positively affirm, that the interior Provinces of Russia  
are almost depopulated, by Means of the Wars, not-  
withstanding the Success of their Arms.

They write from Birmingham, that 15,000 Muskets,  
with Bayonets and Cartouch Boxes, were sent from  
thence in Waggon, to be shipped at Bristol for St.  
Petersburgh, on the Empress's Account, the 24th ult.

When the Lord Mayor came out of the Tower, he  
gave Ten Guineas to the Warders, as a Compliment  
for the Civility they shewed to him and his Friends;  
whilst he was under Confinement.

Extra of a Letter from the Hague, May 3.

"Letters just received from Paris mention, that it  
was never more necessary for Persons there to devote  
themselves to the God of Silence than at this Time.  
Three Persons, who now probably regret not having  
kept their Lips sealed, were lately arrested, and con-  
ducted to Prison, as they were coming out of the  
Palace. Two others met with the same Fate as they  
were quitting the Chatelet."

Last Wednesday Night the Mob assembled before  
Lord N——'s House in Downing-Street, and broke  
several of the Windows; likewise the Fan-Light, and  
the Two Lamps over the Door.

Sir F. N. came home not above Half an Hour before  
the Mob assembled in his Court-Yard; they threw  
Stones so fast at the Windows, that the Family were  
obliged to remain all the Time in the back Apart-  
ments.

A Gentleman sent a complimentary Card Yesterday  
Morning to Sir Fletcher Norton, desiring to know how  
he did after the Riot; to which he is said to have re-  
turned for Answer, "That he was very easy, for he  
had not one Pane left."

This Morning their Majesties came from Richmond  
to the Queen's-Palace, where Lord Rochford attended  
to deliver an Express to the King, which arrived last  
Night in Haste from the Hague.

On Wednesday Night his Majesty's Wardrobe at  
Richmond was broke open, and robbed of Valuables,  
to the Amount of 6000 l.

We are assured that some very important Secrets,  
relative to the Expenditure of a large Sum of the na-  
tional Treasure, have been brought to Light, within  
these few Days, by the indefatigable Zeal of some pa-  
triotick Members.

We are assured, by recent Letters from Paris, that  
the States-General have presented a Remonstrance to  
the French King, touching the Injustice done to the  
Subjects of Holland, who hold Annuities in that King-  
dom.

A Loan of 300,000 l. is now negotiating by an  
Agent in London, at 5 per Cent. for the King of  
Prussia.

The sudden Change of Affairs in Lisbon, in Favour  
of the English Traders, we are assured was effected by  
a Remonstrance sent from our Court by Captain Bel-  
four, in the Venus Frigate.

It is a Fact, that the Right Honourable the Lord  
Mayor received Yesterday a Letter, highly approving  
his Conduct with Respect to the Printers, from a Per-  
son in a distinguished Office at Court.

The Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, since his  
Arrival at the Mansion-House, has received upwards  
of 200 Cards of Congratulation from the Minority, on  
his Resignment from the Tower; to all which his  
Lordship returned suitable Answers.

Thursday Commissions were sent to Birmingham and  
Sheffield, to the Amount of 50,000 l. for Goods to be  
got ready for Exportation to America.

TO THE P R I N T E R.

S I R,

If the Voice of a cool dispassionate Man could be  
heard in the Clamour, Fury, and Madriest of the  
Times, would it be too rash and impertinent for a  
well meaning Individual to propose to his Countrymen  
an Act of Indemnity and Oblivion for past Offences  
on all Sides, both with Regard to Mr. Wilkes and to  
our Colonies? It has been the Practice of the wisest  
Nations; it has been the Practice of our own, when  
the publick Confusions have arisen to dangerous and  
alarming Crisis, and perhaps we shall be more to be

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S R E W A R D.

Subscriber, living near

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ward, including what

TOMAS RUTLAND.

for ready Money,

Orders and Pills, with

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proper BONDS

ork performed



commended and admired for doing it, to prevent the near Probability of a civil War, both at home and in our Colonies, than our Ancestors were for making and publishing such an Act; after the Mischief had been done, and the Kingdom had long groaned under the Mischief that Avarice, Ambition, Madness, and all other Evils could inflict upon it. Let all Messengers and Edicts of Wrath be recalled; and with the Money now waiting in endless and mutual Prosecutions erect a Temple to Concord. Let Mr. Wilkes lay the first Stone. Our People have been as famous for Goodness as for Valour. Let it not be said that both are now turned into a savage Ferocity!

It any of my Friends in either House of Legislature shall condescend to listen to, and improve this Hint, I shall think that I have neither wrote or lived in vain. The Character of Menius Agrippa as far exceeds that of Julius Caesar, as the happy Preservation of a great Kingdom is preferable to its Ruin and Destruction.

WILLIAM DRAPER.

#### INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

A political Physician of great Eminence has favoured us with the following List of *disordered* Persons, with some Account of their Disorders, in Order that those who are in good Health may keep out of the Company of such, from whom it is possible the *Infection* may be imbibed.

The K— is afflicted with a *Dimness of Sight*, occasioned by a *Film* of extraordinary thickness having grown over both Eyes.—He will not submit to *couching*.

The Q— is troubled with a *white Swelling*. This Complaint has been several Times removed but constantly returns.

The D— of C—d is troubled with a *Giddiness* in his Head.

Lord M—d with the *Scurvy*.

Lord W—m—h with the *Spleen*.

Lord R—r—n with *Pitts Blood*.

Lord B—t—t is *sick* of his Banishment.

Lord N—h labours under a *Mortification*.

Sir F—r—n has got the *Gripes*.

Mr. W—d—ne the *Itch*.

Mr. C. F—x the *Hydrophobia*.—He was bit by his Father.—This young Man's Keeper, on a late Occasion, acted very imprudently; for exhibiting him in the Window of a Coffee House, his strange Gesticulations alarmed a great Number of Persons, and had he not been suddenly removed it is thought they would have gone into *Fits*.

G—O—w has a *Vertigo* in his Head.

Lady S—B— a *Vertigo* in the Tail.

Lady G—r— is troubled with *fainting Fits*.

Lady H—n with the *Falling Sickness*.

Numbers of the Ministry have broke out in horrid *Blethers*; but whether it is the *Leprosy* or the *Plague* is doubtful, though the Faculty in general believe it to be the latter.

The Minority have got the *Heartburn*.

The Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver are confined to their Chambers by a *Scurvy*.

The Recorder is afflicted with the *overflowing of the Gall*.

Sir R—d G—n with a *Lethargy*.

Mr. H—y with the *Yellow Jaundice*. And,

The People of England are in a *high Fever*.

#### REFLECTIONS upon the present Disputes between the House of Commons and the Magistrates of London.

Search all Europe round, and there is no where to be found so much mean Profringy in some, and to much generous Credulity in others, as within the Bills of Mortality; Circumstances which enable designing, unquiet, ambitious Spirits, to turn to their own Advantage the Crimes, the Weaknesses, and even the Virtues, of their Fellow Citizens.

Ignorant of the sublime Ideas of constitutional Liberty, they see not that it consists in the Subordination of Freeman to free Laws, but confounding the Principles of Equality with those of Liberty they pave the Way to the very worst of Tyranny, namely, that of the Populace; yet the Interests of that Populace they consider not, they regard not. To their Imaginations alone they pay Attention, and would flatter their Passions though it ended in their Ruin. Having much Reason themselves to fear the Laws, they wish to weaken them; for, after squandering the Funds of the City in Imprudence and Extravagance, they trust, in Clamours against others, to drown those which they expect against themselves, and can hope only, in the Disgrace of the Publick, to make their own be overlooked. They began, with the Help of their Enfranchisiers, by attempting to light up a civil War between Two Sister Nations. They next endeavored to break the Bonds which tie Parent and the Child (England and America) together. They then raised the People against the Parliament, by promoting Addresses to dissolve it; and in the End they held up the Dagger of every Englishman to plunge it in another Englishman's Breast, by asserting that the Parliament was dissolved, and that the People had a Right to disobey the Laws which it made. Every Disorder accompanied and followed such Attempts. One of their Number declared, in full Parliament, that he would not pay the King's Tax; although, willing to draw others into Danger, he afterwards struck from it himself. Another schooled his Sovereign in publick, though his Attendants, like Owls brought into the Light of the Sun, showed Modesty, for once, in the Presence of a King of England. With an affected Decency, when their Remonstrance was presented, they caused a Mob of only a few Hundreds to follow it to the Gates of the Palace; but with an insolent Display of their Power, they, a few Days after, brought out a Hundred Thousand People to shout at their Feast; a Contrivance intended, by the Contrast, to mark the more strongly to all that the Mob which they could raise they could command. When the great Merchants of this great City went in Procession, with the Splendour of Princes, to pour out their Sentiments of Loyalty and Confi-

dence at the Foot of the Throne, their Coaches were broken, their Persons insulted, and some of their Lives brought into Danger. To distress a Minister, the Men I complain of scrupled not to distress their Country; for they urged her to a naval War, and yet took from her the Means of Pretence, by checking the Power of pressing Seamen, betraying thus the Government and the Nation, under the Pretence of befriending the People. They opposed in Parliament an Undertaking calculated for the Convenience and Embellishment of that City they represent, *Emporium totius Europe*; merely because the Proprietors happened to be Scotsmen. These Men have now finished their Career, refusing their Obedience to the Orders of one of the Houses of Parliament; and ordering the Messenger who brought them to be sent to Jail.

N<sup>o</sup> W<sup>o</sup> B<sup>o</sup> R<sup>o</sup> N, June 7.

Since our last, the Honourable Samuel Cornell, Esq; returned home from our Troops in Orange County, and brings a certain Account of the Regulators being entirely broken and dispersed, and that near 13 or 1400 of them have laid down their Arms, taken the Oaths of Allegiance to his Majesty, and returned to their Habitations in Peace.

His Excellency the Governor, after the Battle, marched into the Plantations of Husband, Hunter, and several others of the outlawed Chiefs of the Regulators and laid them waste; they having most of them escaped from the Battle, and are since fled. A Reward of 1000 Acres of Land, and 100 Dollars, is offered by his Excellency for Husband, Hunter, Butler, and Rednap Howell, and several of the Regulators have been permitted to go in quest of them, on leaving their Children as Hostages.

The Lands of the outlawed Regulators are to be sold by the Sheriff of the County where they lie, agreeable to Act of Assembly; and many of them are of great Value, being perhaps the best Lands on this Continent, particularly Hermon Husband's, who had growing on his Plantation about 50 Acres of as fine Wheat as perhaps ever grew, with Clover Meadows equal to any in the northern Colonies; but, infatuated, unhappy Man! about 400 Head of Horses, which were turned in on it by our Troops, in a few Days left it without a Spear of Corn, Grass, or Herbage, growing, and without a House or Fence standing! A melancholy Consideration, but made necessary by the Laws of War.

A N N A P O L I S, JULY 18.

Yesterday the Body of William Smith, formerly a Servant to Mr. Reynolds, was found drowned floating in Severn River; he went out in a Canoe on Sunday last with another Man, who has not since been heard of, so that it is supposed his Companion has suffered the same Fate.

July 5, 1771.  
To be sold at publick Vendue, on Wednesday the 7th Day of August next, at Leonard-Town, by Virtue of an Act of Assembly for that Purpose.

A Tract of Land, lying on the Head of St. Clement's Bay, in St. Mary's County, whereon the Free-School formerly stood, containing 100 Acres.

Signed per Order,  
(2w) J. A. THOMAS, Register.

WANTS a Freight for any Part of Europe or the West-Indies, the Brig *Hawke*, Burthen 100 and 60 Tuns, *Bennet Mathews*, Master, now lying at *Fell's-Point*, and clear to take in. For Terms apply to said Master on board, or the Subscriber, who has for Sale, a large and neat Assortment of Cottons, Calicoes, *Irish* Linens, Handkerchiefs, &c. Likewise, Muscovado, loaf, and lump Sugars, *Jamaica* Spirit, Coffee, white Wine Vinegar, *Berlington's* Pork, Saltpetre Gammons, &c. &c.

(w3) DAVID STEWART.

N. B. The above Brig is not calculated for carrying Tobacco, therefore no Person need apply who wants her for that Purpose.

#### A N N A P O L I S R A C E S.

On TUESDAY, September 24.

A PURSE of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS, to be run for only by Horses, Mare, or Gelding, belonging to the Members of the JOCKEY CLUB; Heats 4 Miles each. Four Years old to carry 7 Stone, 5 Years 7 Stone 10lb. 6 Years 8 Stone 7lb. Aged 9 Stone.

On WEDNESDAY 25.

A SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of FIFTY POUNDS, give and take; Heats 3 Miles; Horses aged, 14 Hands high, to carry 9 Stone; for every Year under to carry Half a Stone less; and Half a Stone more or less to be allowed for Horses over or under 14 Hands.

On THURSDAY 26.

LADIES SUBSCRIPTION PURSE, which, with the Entrance Money added thereto, is expected will amount to FIFTY POUNDS. Heats 3 Miles each; Weights as First Day.

On FRIDAY 27.

A PURSE of FIFTY POUNDS, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, to carry 9 Stone. Heats 4 Miles.

The winning Horse each Day is excluded starting for any of the other Plates.

Subscribers of Three Pounds or upwards, may enter free for each, or all of the Three last Days Plates. Non-Subscribers to pay Two Guineas Entrance each Day.

WANTED, a single Man who understands the Business of a Skinner and Breeches-maker; any single Man who can be well recommended, may meet with good Encouragement, by leaving a Line with Mr. Charles Lansdale, Post-rider from St. Mary's County to Annapolis, directed to William Sears, Tavern-keeper at Broad-Creek, Prince-George's County.

THE Brigantine *Fairfax*, Capt. Samuel Bradie, Master, now lying at *Alexandria*, will take in Tobacco for *Liverpool*, with Liberty of Confignment, from both Sides of *Potowmack* River. Those that incline to ship, by sending their Notes or Order, to Mr. JOHN CARLYLE, will be taken care of and shipped.

To be sold, by the Subscriber on the Premises, on Tuesday the 30th Inst. for ready Sterling Cash, or good London Bills of Exchange.

PART of a very valuable Tract of Land called *Bird-head's* Lot, containing One Hundred Acres, whereon is an old Dwelling-House, a new Frame for a Dwelling House just put up, with sundry Convenient Out-Houses, and a good Tobacco House; Also, a young Negro Fellow.

RICHARD LEWIN,

THOMAS TILLARD,

Talbot, County, July 10, 1771.

WHEREAS Administration on the Estate of THOMAS BEALL, late of Talbot County deceased, hath been granted to the Subscriber, and whereas he hath good Reason to suspect that sundry Bonds or other Obligations and Vouchers for Debts due to him the said THOMAS BEALL, as also many of his Effects are secreted and concealed from him to the Prejudice of the said Estate, and the legal Representatives of the said THOMAS; this is therefore to warn all Persons indebted to the said THOMAS BEALL, deceased, upon Bond or otherwise, not to make any Payment of such Debt or Debts unto any Person whatsoever, except the Subscriber, or those properly authorized and empowered by him, or to concern themselves in the Negotiation of such Bonds or other Obligations for the Benefit of any other Person whatever, or purchase or convert any of the said Deceased's Effects, as aforesaid secreted and concealed, to their Use or Use, as he is determined in every such Case to take all legal Methods to bring such Persons to account for the said Bonds and Effects, wherever they may be found.

JAMES BEALL, Administrator.  
N. B. All Persons who know any Thing of such Bonds or other Obligations, or any of the Effects of the deceased concealed as above-mentioned, are requested for the sake of Justice to make Discovery of them to the Subscriber, or to Mr. Henry Downer, of the *Queen Anne's* County, who is fully authorized to receive all Debts due on the Estate.

July 9, 1771.

RAN away on the 16th of June last from the subscriber, living in *Marsh-Creek* Settlement, in York County, Pennsylvania, an *Irish* Servant Man, named David Clark, by Trade a Woolcomber and Tobacco-spinner, about 4 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, has a large long Nose, and loves Drink; Had on when he went last away, a coarse blue Jacket with broad white metal Buttons, and since he first went away, he was taken and committed to Prison in *Alexandria*, in *Potomac* County, Virginia, from whence he broke Jail, in Company with a Negro Fellow, about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, is well set, and calls himself *Will Jones*, but after that confessed his Name to be *Charles*, and says he belongs to *Brett Randolph*, Esq; and came away from Cumberland County, where one *Bernard Markham* is Overseer, on the first of January last. The said Negro has a large Scar on the left side of his Forehead, and a small one over his left Eye, and has been severely whipped; Had on, an old white Fustian Jacket, an Osnabrig Shirt, black Stocking Breeches, brown Yarn Stockings, and an old Pair of Shoes with Brass Buckles; he had a Waller, containing a Pair of old blue Cloth Breeches, with white Buttons, and much patched; a light coloured Camblet Coat with black Shalloon Lining, black Buttons and Bindings. It is probable that the white Man David Clark, may claim the said Negro, in order to entitle them to travel unmolested.

Whoever takes up the said white Man, and brings him to the Jail in *Alexandria*, shall have Forty Shillings *Pennsylvania* Currency Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by me.

ALEXANDER RAMSAY.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at *London-Town*, Two Country born Slaves, the one called WILL HALL, a Mulatto, the other a Negro, named GEORGE. They are so well known that a particular Description of them would be unnecessary. Whoever shall take up the above Slaves, and bring them to Mr. John Davidson at Annapolis, or the Subscriber at London-Town, shall receive Thirty Shillings Reward for each, including what the Law allows.

MARY STRACHAN.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Lake Jeffries*, living in *Prince-George's* County, near *Oxon-Run*, taken up as a Stray, a black Mare, about 15 Hands high; has a switch Tail, no perceivable Brand, and appears to be about 6 or 7 Years old.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

THERE is at the Plantation of *George Strickland*, near *Frederick-Town*, taken up as a Stray, a Chestnut forel coloured Mare, with a white Mane and Tail, about 14 Hands high, and about 10 Years old, has a Blaze down her Face, and branded on the near Buttock thus-B.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)



## SIX POUNDS REWARD.

Baltimore, July 15, 1771.  
 RAN away from the Subscriber, living  
 in Baltimore Town, Two Servant Men, viz.

THOMAS TOWNSEND and JOHN JOLLY,  
 (but might change their Names.) Townsend is a Cabi-  
 net-maker by Trade, a pretty well set Fellow, about 5  
 feet 5 inches high, of a light sandy Complexion,  
 fair Hair, Peck-marked and freckled, a small Scar  
 on the upper Part of his Forehead, talks so as to be  
 known to be an Irishman: Had on, a high coloured  
 light Blue Coat that has been turned, but is little  
 more than a Fustian Jacket without sleeves, an old  
 pair of Buff coloured Cloth Breeches, white Shirt,  
 Pair of Buff stockings, shoes that have been soled, and  
 Thread Stockings; he might alter his Cloaths, as he  
 Pinchbeck Buckles; he might alter his Cloaths, as he  
 took several Things with him belonging to other Per-  
 sons, particularly a brown Cloth Coat, a red and  
 blue striped Persian Jacket, Buckskin Breeches, white  
 Ticking ditto, Check Shirts, white shirt ruffled at the  
 Neck, Osnabrig Trowsers, &c. John Jolly is a Sad-  
 dler-Trembler, about 40 Years of Age, about 5 Feet  
 9 inches high, stoops in his walk, has his own light  
 Hair, lightish Complexion, large gray Eyes, and looks  
 away, and a remarkable large Nose: took with him, a  
 new red Surtout Coat, a purple broad Cloth Coat with  
 silver Basket Buttons, a Pair of Leather Breeches, a  
 Pair of white Ticking ditto, and several white Shirts,  
 a Felt Hat, and other Cloaths.—Whoever secures  
 said Servants, so as their Masters may have them again,  
 taken in the Province shall have Three Pounds, for  
 each, and if out of the Province Five Pounds, paid  
 by  
 ROBERT MOORE, &  
 AWBRAY RICHARDSON.

## SIX DOLLARS REWARD.

July 10, 1771.  
 RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Bladen-  
 burg, Prince George's County, Maryland, a Negro  
 Man, named FRANK, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet  
 6 or 7 inches high, a well made strong Fellow, has a  
 particular Mark on his right Side resembling a Wart,  
 his wearing Apparel uncertain, as he has stolen sundry  
 Cloaths; he formerly belonged to George Plater, Esq;  
 of St. Mary's County.—Whoever takes up said Negro,  
 and brings him home, shall receive the above Reward,  
 and reasonable Charges, paid by  
 HENRY SCOTT.

Fairfax County, Virginia, July 2, 1771.  
 NOW in the Jail of Alexandria, taken up as a Run-  
 away, a likely young Negro Man, about 20  
 Years of Age, 5 Feet 3 inches high, sneaks bad Eng-  
 lish, has a small Scald on his left Side, and a Mark  
 near his left Arm pit, supposed to be cut with a Knife,  
 calls himself CHARLES, says he belongs to JOHN  
 JACOBS, but the Place unknown: Had on when taken  
 up, a Felt Hat, a Pair of Crocus Trowsers, and an  
 old Cotton Jacket without sleeves.

His Master is desired to take him away and pay  
 Charges.  
 MICHAEL GREETER, Jailor.

Calvert County, July 12, 1771.  
 COMMITTED to my Custody as Runaways,  
 the Two following Men, viz. William Spring-  
 gate, a young Man, and says he belongs to Daniel  
 Chamier, Esq; of Baltimore County. James Barris,  
 about 5 Feet 8 or 9 inches high, fair Complexion,  
 appears to be about 30 Years old, hath scarce any  
 Beard, he says he belongs to Capt. John Pitt, of  
 Annapolis. Their Owners are desired to take them  
 away and pay Charges.  
 (2w) ALEXANDER SOMERVELL, Sheriff.

July 15, 1771.  
 STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subscriber,  
 living in Annapolis, on the First Day of May, a  
 foal Mare, with a blaze Face, about Thirteen  
 Hands and an Half high, branded on the near  
 Shoulder and Buttock CH, has Two white Spots  
 on her off Thigh, and several on her Back, Four  
 Years old last Spring, and is a natural Pacer.  
 Whoever brings the said Mare to the Subscriber,  
 at Richard Thompson's, in Annapolis, shall have a Re-  
 ward of Four Dollars, paid by  
 (w3) CHARLES O'NEAL.

May 18, 1771.  
 STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subscriber,  
 living on Matapany's Plantation, near Notting-  
 ham, Prince-George's County, a black Mare Colt, a-  
 bout Thirteen and a Half Hands high, Two Years  
 old, branded on the near Buttock R W.

Whoever takes up the said Mare, and brings her  
 to me, or will bring me any Intelligence of her, so  
 that I may get her again, shall receive Six Dollars  
 Reward, paid by  
 (3w) WILLIAM DUNKIN.

May 23, 1771.  
 STRAYED from the Subscriber on the 5th Inst.  
 a dark sorrel Horse, about 13 Hands 3 inches  
 high, branded on the near Shoulder F W paces  
 slow, trots and gallops, has a small Star in his  
 Forehead, and walks lame.

Whoever brings the said Horse to Capt. Francis  
 King, in Piscataway, or the Subscriber living in  
 Pomonkey Neck, shall receive 10 Shillings Reward.  
 RICHARD BRAND.

THERE is at the Plantation of Philip Hammond,  
 taken up as Strays, One bay Mare, about  
 Twelve Hands high, branded on the near Buttock  
 and Shoulder thus E D with a small Two Years old  
 Mare Colt, branded on the off Buttock with some-  
 thing like ID joined together; One bay Horse, about  
 Twelve and an Half Hands high, white Mane and  
 Tail, with a Star in his Forehead, appears to be  
 Three or Four Years old.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on  
 proving Property and paying Charges. (3w)

July 13, 1771.  
 STRAYED or STOLEN from Mr. William Spur-  
 rier's, near Elk-Ridge Landing, last Whittan-  
 tide, a bay Mare, about 14 Hands high, about 7  
 Years old, trots, paces, and gallops, and I think  
 is branded on both Shoulders, but do not remem-  
 ber the Brand, was shod on all 4 Feet, was bred at  
 Samuel Mount's, near Harpen-Ferry, where she will  
 probably make for.

Whoever takes up the said Mare, and contrives  
 her to the Subscriber living at Elk-Ridge Landing,  
 shall receive a Reward of Twenty Shillings Curren-  
 cy, paid by

(w4) WALTER DENT.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Moore,  
 near St. Thomas's Church, in Baltimore  
 County, taken up as a Stray, a black Horse, about  
 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock thus  
 IB with a star in his Forehead, Part hanging,  
 Part standing Mane, a white Spot near his Tail,  
 paces, trots, and gallops.

The Owner may have him again, on proving  
 Property and paying Charges. (3w)

THERE are at the Plantation of Aeneas Campbell,  
 living near the upper End of the Sugar-Lands,  
 in Frederick County, taken up as Strays, a black or  
 very dark bay Mare, I believe old, about Thirteen  
 and a Half Hands high, branded on the near  
 Shoulder and Buttock thus H and one the off  
 Shoulders thus D both Ears cropt, her Forehead  
 seems as if it had been scalded, a natural pacer:  
 Likewise a Chestnut sorrel Horse, about Thirteen  
 Hands and an Half high, about Six Years old, has  
 a Star in his Forehead, his hind Feet white, and  
 near Hoof bath some black Strokes, and on each  
 Side of his Back a Spot with gray Hairs, branded  
 on the near Shoulder thus WF his Mane and Tail is  
 mixed with gray Hairs, and is lame in his off Shoulder.  
 The Owner or Owners may have them again,  
 on proving Property and paying Charges. (3w)

Alexandria, July 4, 1771.

For Sale, on the Third Monday in August next,  
 A Very valuable Acre of Ground, being 2 Lots  
 in the Town of Alexandria, but now proposed  
 to be sold in 8 Parts, viz. No. 1. Fronting the  
 main Street on the East, being 58 Feet 10 1/2 Inches  
 in Front, and 123 Feet 5 Inches back, to a Lot of  
 the same Dimensions that fronts Royal-Street, on the  
 West. Six Lots, No. 2. to 7 inclusive bounded by  
 Cameron Street, on the South, and fronting the Lot  
 on which the Court-House stands; each of these  
 Lots contains 41 Feet 1 Inch and 2/3 in Front, and 117  
 Feet 8 1/2 Inches back. On Lot No. 1. are several  
 Buildings, that with some small Repairs may be  
 made valuable. The Ground is level, stands in a  
 good Part of the Town, and convenient to the  
 Wharfs and Landings. One Half the Purchase  
 Money to be paid on making good Deeds, Credit  
 will be given for the other Half, Twelve Months,  
 with approved Security if demanded. A good  
 Title will be given and the Premises entered on im-  
 mediately.

(w4) HENRY SALKELD.

Annapolis, July 4, 1771.  
 JUST IMPORTED,  
 In the Ship Polly, Captain John Kelty, and to be sold  
 by Thomas Hyde, at his Store in South-East-Street,  
 for ready Money or short Credit.

A N Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA  
 GOODS, suitable to the Seasons.  
 ••• Likewise a Quantity of Train Oil and Goree,  
 very cheap.

WILLIAM HEWITT, Cooper, near the Church in  
 Annapolis, begs leave to inform his old Customers  
 and others, that he has for Sale at the lowest Rates,

A Neat Assortment of Earthen-Ware, just im-  
 ported, viz. All Sizes of oval Cream coloured  
 Dishes, Soup and shallow Plates of the same  
 Kind, white Stone Dishes, Soup and shallow Plates,  
 Turins, Egyptian Tea-Pots, Colliflower, Tea,  
 Coffee, and Chocolate-Pots, Sugar-Dishes, Cream-  
 Jugs, large and small enamelled Bowls, Tea-Cups  
 and Saucers ditto, Quart, Pint, and Half Pint  
 Mugs, and a great Variety of other Articles. He  
 likewise carries on the Coopers Business in all it's  
 Branches, having provided himself with compleat  
 Hands for that Purpose. He makes Bathing-Tubs,  
 Coolers, Casks, and Kegs of all Sizes, Butter  
 Churns, Pails, Piggins, Ship Buckets, Nunbuoys,  
 Melt Cans, &c. Those who please to favour him  
 with their Commands, may depend on being punctu-  
 ally and carefully served. (3w)

Fairfax County, June 25, 1771.

WHEREAS on the 22d Day of September,  
 1769, I gave my Bond to one James Collet,  
 of Prince-George's County, Maryland, in behalf of a  
 certain John Palmore, for the Sum of 25l. upon a  
 Supposition that Palmore owed Collet that Sum, and  
 upon Proviso that he should afterwards make out  
 the Justice of his Claim, which at that Time he  
 was unprepared to do, and has never done since,  
 and (as I have the strongest Reason to believe) can-  
 not do at all; therefore I forewarn all Persons from  
 taking an Assignment of the said Bond, since I am  
 resolved not to pay any more than I have already  
 paid, till such Time as Collet establishes his Claim  
 against Palmore, agreeable to the Condition upon  
 which the Bond was given. THOMAS TRIPLET.

NOTICE is hereby given, that sundry of the In-  
 habitants of Baltimore and Cecil Counties, intend  
 preferring a Petition to the next general Assembly to  
 lay out and make straight the Post Road leading from  
 Susquehanna Lower Ferry to Bush-Town, and from  
 thence to the growing and flourishing Town of Balti-  
 more.

By PERMISSION of his EXCELLENCY.

THE famous Mr. SAUNDERS will exhibit his  
 highest Dexterity and grand Deception at the  
 Lodge-Room, on every Monday, Wednesday, and  
 Saturday Evening during his Stay in this Place.  
 He proposes being at Chester-Town about the 27th  
 Instant, and at Baltimore-Town on the First of  
 August next. (w5)

CHOICE old Barbadoes Spirit by the Hoghead  
 or smaller Quantity, and fine Hyson Tea in  
 Cannisters, to be sold by Thomas B. Hodgkin, at his  
 House near the Church. (3w)

July 9, 1771.  
 WHEREAS DOCTOR JAMES THOMPSON, has  
 empowered me to settle his Business in his  
 Absence, this is therefore to request all Persons in-  
 debted to him on Bond, Note, or Book Account, to  
 settle them with William Sellman, junr. Those that  
 don't comply may depend I shall take such Steps as  
 the Law requires to make them.

WILLIAM SMYTH.

June 8, 1771.  
 RAN away from the Subscriber, living near  
 Upper-Marlborough, on Wednesday the 22d  
 Day of May last, a Negro Fellow named STEVEN,  
 about 21 or 22 Years of Age, near 6 Feet high, of  
 a yellowish Complexion, he is a sensible, artful,  
 deceitful, insinuating Fellow: Had on when he  
 went away, a Negro Cotton Jacket and Breeches,  
 and Osnabrig Shirts; but as he has many Cloaths,  
 some of which are very good, 'tis probable he may  
 change his Dress: He also had on, an Iron Collar  
 with a Bull fixed to it, which he may have got off.  
 I am not certain but he may have a Pass signed by  
 me to John Cooke, Esq; where he has a Wife, and  
 may be harboured there by some of the Negroes. I  
 was informed some Time ago that he had agreed  
 with a New-England Captain to carry him off the  
 Province, I am therefore apprehensive that he may  
 endeavour to get off by Water or otherwise. All  
 Masters of Vessels and others are desired not to carry  
 him away at their Peril. Whoever takes up the said  
 Fellow, and secures him so that his Master may get  
 him again, shall have a Reward of Forty Shillings  
 Currency, if taken up within the County, if out of  
 the County, Three Pounds, and if out of the Pro-  
 vince, Five Pounds, paid by  
 (6w) EBENEZER EDM. ORME.

## FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

May 1, 1771.  
 RAN away from the Subscriber living in Bal-  
 more County, about Twelve Miles from Balti-  
 more-Town, an English Servant Man, named William  
 Langley, about 26 Years old, 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches  
 high, pale Complexion, down Look, short black  
 Hair: Had on and took with him, a new Felt Hat,  
 gray Fearnought Jacket, Two new Osnabrig Shirts,  
 and Trousers of the same, a Pair of blue ribbed Yarn  
 Stockings, a Pair of Pumps, and a Pair of small  
 square Steel Buckles; he can spin both Wool and  
 Cotton, and can wash Linen well, and as he has  
 served some Time in the Country may endeavour to  
 pass as a Freeman. Whoever takes up said Servant  
 and secures him so as the Subscriber may have him  
 again, shall receive Forty Shillings if taken in this  
 County, Three Pounds if out of the County, and if  
 out of the Province the above Reward, with reason-  
 able Charges, paid by  
 (w3) ABRAHAM PATTON.

To be let for a Term of Years by the Subscriber, in Dor-  
 chester County, Maryland,

A Merchant Mill on Hunting-Creek, in good  
 Repair, with Two Water Wheels, One car-  
 ries a Pair of French Burs, double geered, hoisting  
 and bolting Materials in good Order, with several  
 other Buildings at said Mill. Also, sundry Farms  
 near the said Mill, with and without Slaves, &c.  
 would be leased; And in the Town of Cambridge,  
 Dwelling-Houses with other Improvements suitable  
 for Tradesmen, where such, if sober and industri-  
 ous, would meet with good Encouragement.

As I purpose leaving the Province next Spring, I  
 would dispose of a Sea Sloop, that will carry about  
 3000 Bushels of Grain, well calculated for the West-  
 India Trade, sails well, about Two Years old, and  
 sheathed. Also, a small Bay Schooner, carries a-  
 bout 1100 Bushels; and some other smaller Craft.  
 As the Situation at the Mill is very convenient for a  
 Store, having Water Carriage to the Mill Tail, and  
 a much frequented publick Road leading by it, in a  
 good Wheat and Corn Country, any Person in-  
 clining to farm the Mill, that would keep a Store of  
 wet and dry Goods, I think would find his Advan-  
 tage in purchasing one or other of said Vessels, for  
 which any reasonable Time would be given for Pay-  
 ment, on paying Interest and giving Security, if re-  
 quired.

N. B. Land Carriage to Delaware Landings does  
 not exceed 36 Miles from the Mill, and Water Car-  
 riage about 80 Miles to Baltimore-Town.  
 (2m) JAMES MURRAY.



*Patuxent, June 3, 1771.*  
**A**LL Persons indebted to the Subscriber, are desired to come, settle and pay off their Accounts; and those who have any Demands on him, will please to send them in, that they may be paid. Constant Attendance will be given at his Store till the First of August next; and those who do not pay, or settle by that Time, need not expect any longer Indulgence.  
 (6w) **JOSEPH MULLAN.**

*Annapolis, June 19, 1771.*  
**M**R. JOSEPH COUDEN, who formerly kept the FREE-SCHOOL of Cecil County, and is now Master of the Kent County School in Chester-Town, after a long and very diligent Inquiry, has lately had an Usher well recommended to him, who is thought well qualified for that Purpose, upon a proper Examination made by the Visitors. Such Persons as may do Mr. Couden the Honour to entrust their Children or Wards to his Care for Instruction, may depend on his and his Assistant's utmost Diligence and Attention both to their Literature and Morals. Good Lodgings are to be had in the Town on reasonable Terms.  
 (6w) *June 18, 1771. Published by Order of the Visitors.*

*Annapolis, June 19, 1771.*  
*Just imported, in the Betsey, Capt. Henrick, from London, and to be sold by the Subscriber very cheap, for Bills of Exchange or Current Money.*  
**A** Great Variety of European and East-India Goods, suitable to each Season. Also may be had as usual, Wine, Rum, Molasses, Chocolate, Coffee, and Sugar, &c. &c.  
**PHILIP HAMMOND, junr.**

*Annapolis, June 19, 1771.*  
**R**AN away from the Subscriber, living in Kent County, Maryland, an English Convict Servant, named *Thomas Randall*, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, round shouldered, of a brown Complexion, black Hair, has had a fore Leg, which makes it appear less than the other, and full of Knots: Had on, and took with him, a new Felt Hat, One Osnabrig Shirt, One fine ditto, One black Handkerchief, and One red ditto, a light coloured Coat, let out at the Sides, and Two blue Jackets without Sleeves, Two Pair of light coloured Breeches, and One Pair of Leather ditto, Two Pair of Thread Stockings, Two Pair of blue ditto, and Two Pair of new Shoes. He took with him a new Spade, and may pass for a Banker. It is supposed he has a good deal of Money with him, and went in Company with an old Woman and her Daughter, whose Names are *Marr*. Whoever takes him up, and secures him, shall have a Reward of Forty Shillings, besides what the Law allows.  
 (w3) **CHARLES FOREMAN.**

*Baltimore-Town, June 7, 1771.*  
**F**ORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.  
*STRAYED* or stolen, some Time last July, from the Subscriber's Plantation, in Frederick County, a small Strawberry roan Mare, about Thirteen and an Half Hands high, between 9 and 10 Years old, paces, trots and gallops, branded on the near Buttock, but not perceivable; has large Scars on the hind Part of her Thighs, a small Star in her Forehead, and a remarkable thick Mane, was bred near Annapolis, and is supposed to have made that Way.  
 Whoever takes up said Mare, and secures her, so that the Owner may have her again, shall receive the above Reward, and reasonable Charges, if brought home, paid by  
 (w4) **MORDECAI GIST.**

*Herring Bay, May 15, 1771.*  
**R**AN away from the Subscriber the 7th Instant, a Negro Man named *Harry*, about 45 Years of Age, well set, bow legged, and has a remarkable long Beard: Had on, when he went away, a Felt Hat, Linen Cap, Two Cotton Jackets, Two Osnabrig Shirts, Cotton Breeches, coarse Shoes and Stockings, and a Belt round his Body. He pretends to be a Kind of a Doctor in the Tooth-drawing and bleeding Way. It is very likely he will endeavour to get to Baltimore County, where he formerly lived.  
 Whoever secures the said Negro, so that his Master may get him again, shall receive Four Dollars Reward, if taken in this County, and if out of this County, Eight Dollars, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by  
 (tf) **THO. GASSAWAY HOWARD.**

*Kent-Island, June 5, 1771.*  
**W**ANTED IMMEDIATELY,  
**A** PERSON who is well qualified in the Business of burning BRICKS. Such a one will meet with proper Encouragement, by applying to the Subscriber.  
**JAMES HUTCHINGS.**

**ANNAPOLIS:** Printed by **ANNE CATHARINE GREEN**, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. a Year, ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5s. and 1s. for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones, in Proportion to their Number of Lines.—At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.

*Annapolis, June 1, 1771.*  
*Just imported, in the Betsey, Captain Henrick, from London, and to be sold by the Subscriber at his Store, near the Dock, at the very lowest Price, for Cash, by Wholesale or Retail.*

**A** Great Variety of European and East-India Goods, suitable to both Seasons. Also may be had as usual, Wine, Rum, Molasses, Linseed Oil, loaf and brown Sugar, Chocolate, and some Seines, with Leads, Corks, and Cords compleat.  
 (w6) **NATHAN HAMMOND.**

**T**HE Subscriber being fully empowered to settle and adjust the Accounts of Mr. *Joshua Johnson*, late of this Province, requests all those who have any Claims against him to bring them in; and all those who are indebted to him to make immediate payment; those who neglect to comply with this Request, will have Suits commenced against them to August Court next. Constant Attendance is given at my Office.  
**JOHN DAVIDSON.**

*Just imported in the Galloway, Captain Bishoprick, from London, and to be sold by the Subscribers, Wholesale or Retail, at their Store, in Church-Street, Annapolis.*

**A** Genteel, and well assorted Cargo of European and India Goods, suitable to each Season, among which are a great Variety of fashionable Silks and Millenary.  
 (tf) **THOMAS HARWOOD, & JOHN BRICE.**

**T O B E S O L D,**  
**A** Commodious Plantation, on Elk-Ridge, within Twenty-two Miles of Annapolis, Eighteen of Baltimore-Town, and Ten of Elk-Ridge Landings, well adapted to Grain and Grass. A View of the Premises will sufficiently evince the Beauty of the Situation and Fertility of the Soil.  
 (tf) **H. GRIFFITH.**

**T H O M A S M O R G A N,**  
*Begs leave to inform the Publick, that he has opened a Shop in Gay-Street, opposite Mr. Melcher Kiener's Tavern.*

**W**HERE he intends to carry on the Business of Watch and Clock-making, in all its various Branches. Those Gentlemen that will please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on being carefully served, and with Dispatch. Likewise he intends repairing and cleaning all Kinds of Watches and Clocks after the best Manner: He further proposes to engage his Performance for One Year, provided the Owner don't abuse the same.  
 (w5) **JANE RIDGELY, Executrix.**

*June 7, 1771.*  
**A**LL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. *Nicholas Greenbury Ridgely*, late of Anne-Arundel County, deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment, and those who have just Claims against the said Estate, are desired to make them known to Mr. *Greenbury Ridgely*, who is authorized to settle with those that apply; all who neglect to discharge their Balances before the 20th of July next, may depend on being sued or warranted, as no Indulgence can be given.  
**JANE RIDGELY, Executrix.**

**A**LL those who are indebted to Mr. *Thomas Philpot*, of London, Merchant, for Dealings with Mr. *Charles Digges*, deceased, at his Store in Upper-Marlborough, are hereby requested to make speedy Payment. As the Debts have been a long Time due. Those who fail may depend on being sued immediately after the 10th Day of August next, without respect of Persons.  
**FRANK LEEKE, Attorney in Fact, for THOMAS PHILPOT.**

*Dorchester County, June 3, 1771.*  
**W**HEREAS the Justices of Dorchester County Court, were empowered, by an Act passed at the last Sessions of Assembly, to levy on the taxable Inhabitants of said County, a Sum not exceeding Two Hundred Thousand Pounds of Tobacco, for the Purpose of building a Court-House; and we the Subscribers were therein appointed Commissioners, and authorized to contract for the doing and completing the same.  
 We do therefore hereby give Notice, that we shall attend, for that Purpose, at the Town of Cambridge, in the County aforesaid, on every Monday from the Date hereof, until the last Day of August next, when we shall be ready to contract with any Undertaker that may offer, on his giving Security for the Performance of his Agreement (if required).

*Charles Dickinson, Robert Goldborough, William Ennall, Robert Harrison, John Goldborough.*

*Annapolis, May 22, 1771.*  
**P**ETER SINNOTT, TAYLOR, from Dublin, carries on his Trade in all its Branches, that he the House of Mr. *JAMES REID*, Barber, where all Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on having their Cloaths well made, according to their Directions, in the newest and neatest Fashion, either in Europe or America. He also scours and cleans Cloaths in a superior Manner than has hitherto been done in this Place, and is infallible at taking Spots and Stains out of Scarlet Cloth: He likewise makes Ladies Riding Dresses, long and short Cloaks, &c. whose Favours will be greatly acknowledged by  
**PETER SINNOTT.**

*General Post-Office, New-York, Jan. 22, 1771.*  
**H**IS MAJESTY'S Post-Master General, having (for the better facilitating of Correspondence between Great-Britain and America) been pleased to add a Fifth Packet Boat to the Station between Falmouth and New-York: Notice is hereby given, that the Mail for the future will be closed at the Post-Office in New-York, at Twelve of the Clock at Night, on the First Tuesday in every Month, and dispatched by a Packet the next Day for Falmouth.  
 By Command of the D. Post-Master General.  
 (12m) **ALEXANDER COLDEN, Secretary.**

*Elk-Ridge Landings, May 31, 1771.*  
**FIVE POUNDS REWARD.**  
**R**AN away last Night from the Subscriber, Four Servant Men, lately imported from Ireland, viz. *James Routledge, John Worgan, Roger Mealy, and Thomas Bryan*; the First Two are Englishmen, the other Irishmen. I cannot particularly describe them, but they are likely healthy Men; Three of them had on, when they went away, striped Linsey Jackets, with striped Woollen Caps. Whoever takes them up, and secures them in any Jail, shall have the above Reward, or Twenty-five Shillings each, besides what the Law allows, and reasonable Charges, if brought home.  
 (w5) **JAMES FRENCH.**

*Annapolis, June 6, 1771.*  
*Just imported, and to be sold, Wholesale or Retail, upon the lowest Terms by the Subscriber, at the Store next Door below the Coffee-House.*  
**A** Large Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS.  
 (tf) **ROBERT BUCHANAN.**

*Philadelphia, May 13, 1771.*  
**E N O C H S T O R Y**  
**B**EGS leave to inform the Publick in general and his Friends in particular, that he has removed to a House well situate for Business, at the Corner of Market and Second Streets, near the Court-House, in this City, where he has fitted up a convenient Store for the Reception of Merchandise, which he proposes selling upon Commission, on the lowest Terms for Cash only, either there or at his Vendue-House up Second Street, (upon certain Days, of which timely Notice will be given) as may be most agreeable.  
 He also proposes doing Business as a Broker, to buy or sell West-India or European Goods, Bills of Exchange, Ships or other Vessels, Houses, Lands, &c. &c. and in general, such Business as he may be intrusted with, and that upon such low Terms, as may make it advantageous for the Gentlemen, Merchants, and Traders of this City, and those of the neighbouring Provinces to employ him.  
 He begs leave to assure them, his utmost Endeavours shall be exerted to give Satisfaction in the Management and Negotiating any Business that may be put under his Direction; and the Favours conferred on him will be thankfully received and gratefully remembered.

**N. B.** We the Subscribers, being acquainted with the above named *Enoch Story*, are of Opinion, from our Knowledge of his Abilities and Character, that he is well qualified to execute the several Branches of Business above mentioned.  
*Rese Meredith, Thomas & Isaac Wharton, James & Drinker, Stecker & Wharton, Willing & Morris, Samuel Morris, junr. Edwara Pennington, James Wharton.*

**T**AKEN up as a stray by *John Perrie*, living on Swanans Creek, in Prince-George's County, a light sorrel Horse, between Eleven and Twelve Hands high, has some white Saddle Spots on his Back, and his Mane hangs over the near Side, branded thus W appears to be about Eight Years old, trots and gallops.  
 The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges.



(XXVI<sup>th</sup> YEAR.)

T H E

## MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, JULY 25, 1771.

T E M E S W A E R, April 18.



THE Ottoman Army is actually on its March towards the Enemy, and is 150,000 strong. Huffy Bey, Pacha of Romelia, commands the advanced Guard, which consists of a Body of 30,000 Men, as well Albanians as Bosniacs. The Grand Vizir is advancing by the Way of Kirek, with the Grand Army and the Artillery, which is very numerous. He has already traced out and fortified a Camp between Bazargic and Silistrie, from whence he intends to carry on his Operations against the Russians.

BERLIN, April 30. Last Sunday the different Regiments which compose this Garrison marched out of Town, and were exercised by his Prussian Majesty, in the Presence of the King of Sweden, and of his Brother Prince Frederick Adolphus, who both expressed great Admiration at the Celerity and Exactness with which the Troops performed their various Exercises and Evolutions.

L O N D O N,

May 7. When the next general Election takes Place; we are well informed, that the Condition of voting in Favour of a Candidate will be, that he gives a solemn Promise to promote a Bill for triennial Parliaments.

The Friends of Liberty are determined to exact this Vot from every Man that claims their Vote and Interest.

May 9. Yesterday his Majesty went to the House of Peers, and being seated on the Throne, with the usual Ceremonies, the Usher of the Black Rod went and commanded the immediate Attendance of the House of Commons; who being come to the Bar with their Speaker, the Royal Assent was pronounced to the Lottery Bill, Sinking Fund Bill, the Gunpowder Bill, the Bill to incapacitate several Persons at New Shoreham; the Durham Yard Embanking Bill, the Bill to prevent the Counterfeiting Copper Coin, the Bill relating to controverted Elections, the Bill to prevent the Exportation of live Cattle, the Whale Fishery Bill, the St. Luke's paving Bill, to Fourteen other publick, and Ten private Bills; which being done, his Majesty made the following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament.

"My Lords and Gentlemen,

"As the State of publick Business no longer requires your Attendance, I think it right, at this Season of the Year, to put an End to the present Session of Parliament.

"The Satisfaction I have obtained from his Catholic Majesty for the Injury I had received, together with the Proofs which the Courts of France and Spain have given me, by laying aside their Armaments, of their sincere Disposition to preserve the general Tranquility of Europe; have enabled me to reduce my Forces by Sea and Land. The Zeal with which you have exerted yourselves, upon the Apprehension of a Rupture with Spain, must convince the World of your affectionate Attachment to me, and of your constant Regard for the true Interests of your Country. On that Support I shall always rely for the Defence of my Honour, and for the Security of the Rights of my People.

"With Regard to the Troubles which still agitate some Parts of the Continent, my Endeavours have never been wanting to bring them to an End; and in those Endeavours, you may be assured, I shall persevere.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

"It was with real Concern that I found myself called upon, by the Situation of publick Affairs, to ask of my faithful Commons more than ordinary Supplies for the Service of the current Year; and I cannot sufficiently thank you for the Unanimity, cheerfulness, and publick Spirit, with which they have been granted.

"My Lords and Gentlemen,

"While we acknowledge the Goodness of divine Providence in preserving us from those Calamities with which some Parts of Europe have been afflicted, let me exhort you to employ your best Endeavours, in your several Stations and Counties, to render the national Happiness complete, by discouraging and suppressing all groundless Suspensions and domestic Disturbances. I have no other Object, and I can have no other Interest, than to reign in the Hearts of a free and happy People. And it is my earnest Wish, that my Subjects may not be prevented, by any Mistakes or Animosities amongst themselves, from enjoying, in the fullest Extent, the Blessings of a mild and legal Government. The Support of our excellent Constitution is our common Duty and Interest: by that Standard I would wish my People to try all publick Principles and Professions, and to look upon those as their most dangerous Enemies, who, under any Pretence whatsoever, would persuade them to violate those Laws, and undermine that Authority, which the Constitution has provided for the Purpose of preserving the general Liberty and Happiness."

And the Lord Chancellor, by his Majesty's Command, prorogued the Parliament to Tuesday the 23d of July next.

A great Personage, when he was told of the Revival of the Decree in Favour of Lord Chatham, observed, that it reflected Honour on Lord Camden to have his Decree confirmed by the unanimous Voice of the Judges.

We are informed, that as soon as News was carried to Hayes, that the Right Honourable the Earl of Chatham had carried his Cause in the House of Lords; every House was illuminated, and the Populace were entertained at his Lordship's Charge.

Yesterday Morning the Crown was privately sent for from the Tower to the House of Lords. At the same Time the Lord Mayor received a Letter from a Member of Parliament, that the House would rise that Day; whereupon his Lordship sent to the Mansion-House his Bed, Bedding, &c. in Two Hackney Coaches. Immediately Summonses were issued to all the Common Councilmen to meet at Guildhall, in Order to go from thence to the Tower. Orders were also sent to the Artillery Company, to be under Arms in the Artillery Ground at Twelve o'Clock, and to march to Tower-Hill. Notice was likewise sent to the Goldsmiths Company, the Livery of that Company having come to a Resolution to walk before the Lord Mayor to the Mansion-House. Tower-Hill, and all the Streets from the Tower to the Mansion-House, were covered with respectable Citizens, who strove to outvie each other in Plaudits; the Bells rang throughout London, and a general Joy prevailed; every Testimony that could be given of universal Approbation of the noble and spirited Conduct of the Two Magistrates was forcibly expressed: At Night the City was illuminated, and the Names of Crosby and Oliver re-echoed through every Street. It was remarkable that the Conduct of the House of Commons, who had taken every violent, every illegal Method; of punishing the just, was as generally condemned and despised as that of the truly noble *Dissimulate* was applauded and rejoiced in.

The one will be handed down to perpetual Infamy; the others, by a small temporary Confinement will deservedly meet with never ceasing Honour and Esteem. No greater Proof can be given of the high Respect the Conduct of the Lord Mayor and Mr. Oliver is universally thought to merit, than that every Ward in London have addressed and thanked them, every County in the Kingdom is filled with Admiration, and every good and honest Individual adores and approves their Behaviour; on the contrary, Contempt, Abhorrence; and general Detestation attend on their Persecutors, who; setting Law, Justice; and Morality, at defiance, have, with gigantic Steps, waded through a Sea of Infamy and Violence.

The King of Prussia, unwilling to entail a War upon his Family, has, by a Treaty, agreed to give up Silesia to the Austrians, and he is in Return to have the Remainder of Prussia and the City of Dantzick. The Russians, upon Promise of not being molested in the War against the Turks, have acceded to the Treaty.

May 10. A Correspondent observes, that when he saw the sincere unthought Acclamations of the People on Wednesday from the Tower to the Mansion-House; and compared them with those of the purchased Shouts at the other End of the Town, he was shocked to reflect that the Ministry were reduced to the shameful Expedient of hiring a despicable Set of Wretches to huzzas a great Personage, whom, but for their iniquitous Proceedings, every true Englishman would bless as he passed along.

At this Time several Ships of War are paying off, yet no Reduction is made in those Taxes which were levied for the Purpose of defraying the Extra-expences of the Marine.

As the Warrant of the Speaker is invalidated at the Expiration of a Session, it seems alone a full Proof of the Illegality of such Warrant.

We hear from good Authority, that his Majesty wishes to have Lord Camden with Government, as he is now well assured the Loss of that great and good Man has been severely felt, not only in the Law Department, but likewise in the Cabinet.

May 11. A private Letter from Rotterdam, received by the last Mail, mentions the Arrival of the Earl of Bute in that City, on his Way to England; and that he proposed to come over in the next Packet. It is added, that his Lordship is extremely weak, is unable to stir out of his Apartments, and eats nothing but Milk and Vegetables.

A Correspondent observes, that the clamour made about a Mob being hired to huzzas a great Personage, is not an unprecedented Measure, but was frequently done in both the late Reigns; and that the then Duke of Newcastle was well known to have hired and headed Mobs in Behalf of those Monarchs on several Occasions.

Extract of a Letter from Vienna, April 17.

"A Report prevails here, that the Emperor had declared to the foreign Ministers, that he cannot look with an indifferent Eye on the great Advantages which the Russians have gained over the Ottomans; and that he is resolved to make Use of his Forces to oppose the Passage of the Former over the Danube, should they attempt it to augment their Conquests; that in consequence he has sent Prince Lobkowitz to Peterburgh to inform the Empress of this Resolution; and that if

her Answer, which is expected the 10th of next Month, should not be conformable to his Expectation, he will immediately Order his Troops to prevent the Russians from passing the Danube.

Yesterday Admiral Montague set out for Portsmouth, to take the Command of the Fleet destined for North-America, which is to consist of One and Twenty Sail.

A Letter from Copenhagen says, "Our King gains upon the Hearts of his People approaching to Adoration. His whole Study seems bent towards making them a great and happy Nation. He seems to bid fair to realize the Idea of a *Patriot-King*. As Princes are but a Sort of Trustees for the People; and are possessed of the Means to make them happy, it is Matter of Wonder that so few should have the Inclination."

May 13. Lord Chatham, towards the Conclusion of his Speech on Wednesday se'annight, in the House of Lords, on his Motion for a Dissolution of Parliament, said, "that though no Man prided himself more on his Attachments to his native Country, the Proceedings of those People who called themselves its Governors, had rendered it so disagreeable to him, that was he but Ten Years younger, he would spend the Remainder of his Days in a Country (meaning America) which had already given such Earnests of its independent Spirit; nor should my advanced Age (continued that spirited Nobleman) even now prevent me, did not Considerations of the last Consequence (my bodily Infirmitates) interfere."

The same Nobleman speaking of the Shoreham Election, said, "he hoped, that that Borough, which had been so long the Property of Bengal and Indostan, would be at last found to belong to the County of Sussex."

To the Printer of the PUBLICK ADVERTISER.

SIR,

I Have carefully attended to the Dispute between Mr. Wilkes and his Antagonists concerning the Office of Sheriff, which I think may be reduced to the following Conversation.

Mr. Wilkes. It is my Resolution, Mr. Oliver, to serve the Office of Sheriff with you next Year; and I tell you so this Day the 9th of April.

Mr. Oliver. Sir, I will not serve it with you; because our political Aims are very different; and you know there are many other strong Reasons, both publick and private, against it; and I tell you so this Day the 11th of April.

Mr. Wilkes. My Common-Council have persuaded me on the 11th of April in the Evening, to serve the Office of Sheriff; so you see it is not an original Measure of mine (though I determined it long ago) but the Sense of the Livery.

Mr. Horne. Sir, as this Question so materially affects the Freeholders of Middlesex, you should surely have known their Sentiments before you had published your Resolution.

Mr. Wilkes. Sir, I never had a Thought about it till I had taken the Sense of the County of Middlesex, and of my respectable Friends; and as a Proof of it, I must tell you that on the 23d of April (which is not above a Fortnight after I published my Resolution) my enlightened Friend Sir Joseph Mawbey put the Question in Form to the Antigallicans who gave their Approbation.

Mr. Horne. Sir, the Meeting of the Antigallicans is not a Meeting of the Freeholders; nor had the Freeholders any Notice of your Intention to put such a Question. You had a better Method to have known their Opinions: If you had kept your Promise of returning personally to each Freeholder your Thanks, you might have asked them individually.

Mr. Wilkes. Sir, I was prevented by the *Dog Star*.

Mr. Horne. The *Dog Star* why last Summer was the coolest we have had in England many Years: And it was not hotter in the County of Middlesex than in the Counties of Kent and Sussex; nor did the *Dog Star* rage more in Staines, Uxbridge, Twickenham, Brentford, Poplar, Limehouse and the Neighbourhood of London; than in Margate, Tunbridge, Brighthelmston, Canterbury, &c. where you were running about with your French Servants, and borrowing Money for their Support. Besides you came out of the King's Bench in April 1770, and it is now May 1771. Does the *Dog Star* rage all the Year round in Middlesex?

Mr. Wilkes. Sir, if the *Dog Star* does not satisfy you, I shall give you no other Answer.

Mr. Horne. But the French Servants. Will the *Dog Star* justify your squandering the generous Subscriptions of Englishmen on a Set of French Servants?

Mr. Wilkes. Sir, they ought to be supported by all good Patriots; for they had the Honour of serving an Englishman in Exile.

Mr. Horne. Exile! You mean when you fled like a Coward from the Laws of your Country. But, Sir, it is not possible to furnish you with Money sufficient to support all the French who may have had the Honour to serve you in Exile. But you know that the French Valet de Chambre you brought over with you, quitted you as soon as you went into Prison, not

is, May 22, 1771.  
LOR, from Dublin,  
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TER SINNOTT.

k, Jan. 22, 1771.

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of the Clock at

every Month, and

Day for Falmouth.

after General.

LDEN, Secretary.

g, May 31, 1771.

S REWARD.

ne Subscriber, Four

ed from Ireland, viz.

Roger Mealy, and

are Englishmen, the

particularly describe

y Men; Three of

way, striped Linen

aps. Whoever takes

any Jail, shall have

five Shillings each,

reasonable Charge.

JAMES FRENCH.

polis, June 6, 1771.

ale or Retail, upon

er, at the Store next

OPEAN and EAST-

RT BUCHANAN.

bia, May 13, 1771.

T O R Y

Publick in genera

r, that he has re-

for Business, at the

ets, near the Court-

has fitted up a con-

n of Merchandize,

Commission, on the

ther there or at his

er, (upon certain

ill be given) as may

efs as a Broker, to

ean Goods, Bills of

els, Houses, Lands,

usiness as he may be

uch low Terms; as

the Gentlemen, Mer-

r, and those of the

py him.

his utmost Ende-

Satisfaction in the

ny Business that may

nd the Favours con-

received and grate-

being acquainted

ry, are of Opinion,

ities and Character,

execute the several

tioned.

s Isaac Wharton,

s Wharton,

Morris, junr.

Wharton.

ohn Perrie, living on

e-George's County, a

eleven and Twelve

addle Spots on his

ver the near Side,

e about Eight Years

again, proving Pro-

PRINTING-

RTISEMENTS,

Long Ones

s of BLANKS,

proper BONDS

RK performed



chusing the Honour of serving you there. What is become of the honest faithful Englishman who had the Honour of serving you in *Prison*? You felt no Qualms at discharging him whilst you retained your Frenchman.

Mr. Wilkes. Sir, all this proceeds from Malice. There is a Set of you that have determined my Ruin. To avoid Suspicion, and to ruin me the more effectually, you have struggled to get me returned Four Times Member for Middlesex, and Twice Alderman of London; you have procured me a Thousand Pounds; you have paid my Fines of a Thousand Pounds; you have paid Two Thousand Pounds of my Election Expences; you have discharged above Twenty Thousand Pounds of my Debts; you offered to get me an Annuity of 6000. a Year; you permitted me to pocket the 40000. of Lord Halifax's Damages. All this was done to ruin me. There is a Gang of you the most atheistical, profligate, prodigal Fellows in the World, who have conspired against me from Envy to my Virtue and Character. There is Lord Chatham who resigned the Privy-Seal; Lord Camden who gave up Twenty Thousand a Year; Lord Shelburne who refused to continue Secretary of State; Mr. Dunning who threw up the Solicitor Generalship; Mr. Townsend who declined his Father's Contract of 1800. a Year, and quitted the situation of a Country Gentleman to become Alderman and Sheriff at the Expence of 18000. Mr. Sawbridge who has declined no Labour nor Expence; Mr. Oliver who is in the Tower; Sir Robert Bernard; Mr. Bellas; Mr. Lovell who by advancing 3000. and by giving an unlimited Security concealed my Robbery of the Foundling Hospital; Mr. Tooke who covered my Fraud upon the Paris Jeweller by discharging the Debt; Mr. Serjeant Glynn who pleaded my Cause when every other Serjeant in the Common Pleas refused it; Mr. Maclean who saved me from a French Jail by paying down for me 18000. at Paris; Mr. Fitzherbert who procured a Pension for me of One Shilling in the Pound out of the Salaries of the Rockingham Ministry; Mr. — who after contributing his Money and doing me the most essential Services, would not let me lay with his Wife; the late Society of the Bill of Rights; the Great Mogul and Pretter John. Edridge who run the Skewer through my Gizzard; and the Princess Dowager of Wales:—All these under the Influence of the beggarly Parson of Brentford have entered into a formal written Agreement, of which the Original is in my own Possession, to destroy my Popularity and prevent those great Schemes of national Liberty, which I John Wilkes with my only steady Friends, Mr. Croft, Sir Joseph Mawbey and Mr. Adair, have laid down for the People of England.

Mr. Horne. Sir, If only to come in these Men went out, They surely took the longest Way about. But you cannot wonder at my Influence over these People when you consider the large Pensions I allow them out of my Living; and when you consider the enormous Sums which have flowed into my Exchequer from my Publications, the Subscriptions to Mr. Glynn's Election, and Sir Joseph's Three Bank Notes which have been equally distributed amongst my Creatures.—But you may say if you are Sheriff and Mr. Luttrell should vacate his Seat, you will not make any Return to the Writ for a new Election. How will you avoid the Perjury arising from the Two Oaths you must take? And how will you escape the Penalties inflicted by the Statutes of 8 Hen. 6. and 23 Hen. 6? How will you prevent the Writ from being executed by the Coroner on your Refusal?

Mr. Wilkes. Are not you ashamed to falsify an Oath? Yes, Sir, I say falsify an Oath. I am to take only one of the Oaths. The Sheriff of London does not take the Oath you have quoted, though the other Sheriffs of England do. In the Oath I take there is no mention made of Returns. There, Sir, I give you a printed Copy of it signed by Sir James Hodges, Knight.

Mr. Horne. One Perjury is still Perjury. The Copy of the Oath which you have given, has these Words—"ye shall well and lawfully keep the Shires of London and Middlesex, and th' Offices that to the same Shires pertain to be done well and lawfully ye shall doe after your Writt and Power."—Is it an Office pertaining to the Shire of Middlesex to make a Return to a Writ of Election? If it is, and you take this Oath with a Resolution to make no Return, you are perjured in the very Moment of taking it.

Mr. Wilkes. But suppose I endorse all my Reasons on the Back of the Writ?

Mr. Horne. Tell the County of Middlesex what you mean to do; and then they will be able to judge; but whilst you shift in this Manner from no Return to what you call a *Special Return*, the County cannot judge of the Propriety of an uncertain Measure. You have been wise to talk no more about the Freeholders' Book, and packing of Juries; You have done well to make no Answer to the Objections drawn from the Penalties inflicted by Statutes for making no Return or an insufficient Return. But let me desire you to explain one strange Thing. If you think it proper to pay no Regard to a Writ of Election, because you are the Representative of Middlesex; why do you pay Obedience to other Writs? Why do you give Bail (which you have done) when you are arrested? Why do you not plead Privilege as Representative of the County of Middlesex? Why do you thus give up the Privilege of Parliament and of the People?

Mr. Wilkes. I will never again say you cannot laugh; I perceive you are laughing at me now; and I will not answer your jesuitical Questions, lest every one else should laugh with you. What Business have you with these Things? you are an Atheist, and therefore ought to go and christen the Children and take Care of the Souls of your Parish.

CHARLES-TOWN, (S. Carolina,) June 6.

The uncommon Quantity of Rain that has fallen during the Course of the last Month, which is usually

a dry one, has done incredible Damage almost throughout the Province, but more especially to the Plantations upon the fresh Water River Swamps, where the Freshes have risen from Fifteen to more than Thirty Feet in Twenty-four Hours, totally destroyed the whole Crops of a great Number of industrious poor (as well as rich) Inhabitants, drowned a great Quantity of Cattle and Hogs, and put many People to the greatest Difficulties imaginable to save their Lives, upon the Tops of their Houses, Trees and little Ridges of high Land: In short, the Accounts from all Quarters are very melancholy. The first Cutting of Indigo is entirely gone; Hemp has suffered much; and more than a Third of the Crop of Rice and Corn is thought to be lost. The principal Sufferers are on the Congaree, Santee, Pedee, Wateree, and Savannah Rivers. Many Planters in Georgia are also likely to sustain great Losses by the late wet Weather.—These Accounts have occasioned the Rise of the Price of Rice to 31. per Hundred, and of Corn to Twenty Shillings per Bushel; and 'tis to be hoped, 'twill prevent the further Exportation of the latter Grain.

June 17. About the middle of last Month, a Party of Creek Indians going to War, met a Party of Choctaws on the same Errand: A Battle ensued, in which Nine Creeks were killed, and it is said not more than Two or Three Choctaws. Some Weeks before the Skirmish above mentioned, a Party of Creeks from the Alabama Fort, fell in with a Party of Choctaws, Three of whom they killed, and took One Man and Three Women Prisoners; a few Days after their Return home they burnt the Man in the Tuskegui Town, the Women they keep as slaves. All the Appearances of a Peace between the Creeks and Choctaws are vanished.

NEW-YORK, July 15.

On Monday last, in the *Sloop Sukey*, Capt. Yarborough, in Five Days from North-Carolina, his Excellency William Tryon, Esq; our newly appointed Governor, with his Lady and Daughter, arrived at the Narrows about Three o'Clock in the Morning, and between Twelve and One came up to Town, where at his Landing he was welcomed by a Salute of Fifteen Guns from the Fort, to which he was conducted by the Gentlemen of the Council, and others, who waited his Landing.

On Tuesday the Gentlemen of his Majesty's Council assembled at the Fort, where his Excellency's Commission was read, and the Oaths of Office administered, after which, attended by the Mayor and Corporation, the Sheriff and other Officers of the City, with many other Gentlemen, they marched in Procession to the City Hall, where his Commission was published, and after the customary Formalities, his Excellency, with the Gentlemen of the Council, returned to the Fort, where an elegant Dinner was provided. At Night the City was illuminated.

We hear that Col. Josiah Martin, now in this City, who succeeds to the Government of North-Carolina, will this Week depart for that Place, in the same Vessel in which his Excellency our Governor lately arrived from thence.

ANNAPOLIS, July 25.

On Friday last arrived here the *Ship Eden*, Captain Nicholson, from London, with whom came Passengers, Thomas Eden, Esq; Brother to his Excellency our Governor, William Reynolds, Esq; of Virginia, and Mr. James Carmichael, of Queen-Anne's County.

Annapolis, July 23, 1771.

TO BE SOLD BY THE SUBSCRIBER, ROBERTSON'S HISTORY OF CHARLES the FIFTH, YORICK'S SENTIMENTAL JOURNEY, BELLISARIUS, &c. &c. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD.

Annapolis, July 24, 1771.

THE Subscriber has lately received Letters from England, informing him of sundry Books, on Painting, and a Number of Prints being sent him, but by what Ship, or to what Part of Virginia or Maryland they were sent, he is totally at a Loss to find out. Any Gentleman that may be in Possession of the Books, Prints, &c. and will send them to the Subscriber, or give him Information of them, shall be well rewarded for his Trouble, and receive the Thanks of his Very humble Servant,

CHARLES W. PEALE.

Annapolis, July 23, 1771.

THE Subscriber takes this Method of acquainting his Friends and the Publick; that he intends to decline keeping Tavern August Court next, and returns his sincere Thanks for the Countenance and Encouragement he has hitherto met with; and as he much wishes to settle every Account before he quits the said Business, earnestly requests those who are indebted to him, to call and discharge their respective Balances; and all those who have Claims against him to bring them in, and they shall be punctually adjusted and paid. JAMES REITH.

JAMES LOGAN, who not only has been regularly bred to the tailoring Trade in the most capital House for that Business, in the City of Cork, but also worked for a considerable Time with much Applause, with most eminent Masters in England and Ireland; has now opened Shop at the House of Mr. William Goldsmith, Shoemaker, near the Town-Gate, Annapolis, where he intends carrying on his Trade in all it's various Branches; from a superior Ability in his undertaking, and constant Adherence to the due Assiduity highly necessary in the Execution thereof, he flatters himself he will be able to give the utmost Satisfaction to those who please to favour him with their Custom. (4-)

Just imported in the *Ship Camden*, Capt. Richardson, and the *Ship Eden*, Capt. Nicholson, from London, and to be sold Wholesale and Retail, very cheap, for Cash, by William Rooke, at his Corner Store, the Head of the Dock, Annapolis, a great Variety of GOODS, among which are the following Articles, viz.

OSNABRIGS, brown, white, Russia and Irish Sheetting, Russia Drab, Irish and German Doubls, 3-4 7-8, 4-4, Irish Linens, Bed Bunts, 3-4, 2-8, 4-4, and Apron Breadth Checks and Manchester Cotton Stripes, printed Cottons, Calicoes, and Lins, pencil'd and Copper-Plate ditto, India Nankeens, check and printed Handkerchiefs, Gauze and Lawn ditto, Silk and Muslin ditto, Book Muslin, Catgut, white Parifinet, plain, figured, striped, and spotted Silk Gauze, clear Lawns, fine sprig'd Lawn Aprons, red Cardinals, plain ditto trimm'd with Ermine, black Sattin and pink Cardinals, plain ditto trimm'd with Ermine and Lace, trimmed and plain Silk Bonnets and Hats, India Pearl Necklaces, Wax ditto, black Velvet for Ladies Necks, great Variety of Silk Blond Lace, Rugs and Blankets, Camblets, Plaids, rich Damascus, Tammies and Durants, black Ruffes, Calimancoes, Irish Stuffs, Crape, pink Broglio, Tenim, drest Tean, mixt Drab, scarlet and green Coating, Frizze, plain, white, red, and check'd Flannels, fine French Pasts set in Silver, Ladies and Gentlemens Shoe Buckles, Kneer, Stock, and Shirt, Broches ditto, Cruets and Stands, cut Diamond Glass with Silver Tops; Assortment of Ribband, Shoemakers Measures, Laits, Hammers, Awls, Haffs, Nippers and Pinchers; Milon's Trowels and Hammers, Plasterers Trowels, H Hinges, Stock Locks, Brass Calf ditto, Iron ditto, Chest, Cupboard, Box, Desk, Drawer and Padlocks; Currycombs and Brushes, Steel, plated, and Meute Spurs; plated, Steel, Pinchbeck, Platina, Bath Metal, Tin and mourning Shoe and Kneer Buckles; Paper, enameled and Tin Souff-Boxes, Pocket Looking-Glasses, Slates and Pencils, Needles, Pins, Fishhooks, Hooks and Eyes, Japan'd, Iron, Tin, Brads and plated Candlesticks; Ladies and Gentlemens red, blue, green, and black Leather Pocket-Books, with or without Instruments; an Assortment of Stationary, Boot-Garters, Chaise and Horsewhips, Turkey and common Saddle-Cloths, Curb and Saddle Bridles, Bridle-Bits, Girths, Saddle-Straps, Bridle Gun Locks, common ditto, Mouse-Traps, Wood Screws, smoothing Irons, Carpenters Irons, square 4, 5 6 7 Inches Iron Bolts, Firmers, Gouges, Chisels, socket Gouges and Chisels, Augers and plain Irons, Coopers Adzes and Hammers, best Steel Tenant and Hand-Saws, Files and Raps assorted, Horn, Sillegree, gilt and lacquered Buttons, Basket and Death-Head ditto, sewing Silk, Scarf and Twilt, Breeches Pattern, Kneer-Garters, coloured, stitching, Scotch and Num Thread; silk Laces, Bobbin, Tapes; Gartering, Cat and Shoe Binding, Men and Womens Thread, Cotton, and Worsted Hoes; Penknives, Knives and Forks, Spices, Spectacles, Powder; Shot, and Flint; Sagr, Caudy, Epion and Gläuter Salts, Spanish Liquor, Turlington's Balsam, Godfrey's Cordial, Stoughton's Drops, Jesuits Bark, Hungary and Lavender Water, Ivory and Horn Combs; an Assortment of Tin Ware, Dime Pewter, Ditto Flint Glass, Copper Tea Kettles, Coffee Pots and Skellets, Brass Warming-Pans, best Crown Scythes and Stones, Shovel and Tongs, Womens black Sattin, Callimanco, Everlasting, and Leather Shoes; Mens Shoes and Pumps, Spades and Shovels, Seine Twine, Sail Twine, Bed Cords, Lead Lines, Drum, Rock and Perch Lines; Coffin Furniture, white and lacquered; bottled Perry, Gloucester Cheese, Saltpetre, Liverpool Salt; Also to be sold, Pitch, Tar, and Turpentine; Jamaica Spirit, West-India and Country Rum, English and Philadelphia double and single refined Loaf Sugar, Muscovado ditto, Rice, Indigo, Starcli and Blue, Soap and Candles, Mustard, Ginger, Raisins, fine Hyson Tea at 25s. 6d. per Pound, Green at 22s. and best Bohea Tea at 6s. per Pound, Chocolate at 11s. 8d. and Jamaica Coffee at 11s. 6d. &c. &c. &c. (4-)

Charles County, July 19, 1771.

LOST, and supposed to be detained by some Person in Annapolis, a POCKET MEMORANDUM Book, containing a Set of Bills of Exchange for 500. Sterling, drawn by Messrs. Barner and Ridgatt, on *Offical Hanbury*, Esq; and Co. Merchants in London, payable to and indorsed by me on the Back of each Bill; besides several other Papers. Whoever will give Intelligence of the said Pocket Book and Contents, to the Printers, or the Subscriber, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward, paid by JERE ADERTON.

N. B. The Bills can be of no Use to any but the Owner, Payment being stopped.

Cambridge, Dorchester County, July 19, 1771.

THIS is to acquaint the Publick, and my kind Customers in particular, That I have lately furnished myself with a large and compleat Assortment of European, West-India and Country Goods, which I will sell very reasonable for Cash, Wheat, Flaxseed, Corn, Pork, Staves, Plank, and Feathers. MICHAEL BURKE.

May 23, 1771.

STRAYED from the Subscriber on the 5th Inst. a dark sorrel Horse, about 13 Hands 3 Inches high, branded on the near Shoulder F W paces slow, trots and gallops, has a small Star in his Forehead, switch Tail, hanging Mane, and walked lame when he went away.

Whoever brings the said Horse to Capt. Francis King, in Piscataway, or the Subscriber living in Pomonkey Neck, about Nine Miles below Piscataway, shall receive Four Dollars Reward; if further than Twenty Miles from my House, Five Dollars. (4w)

RICHARD BRANDT.



Copy Richardson,  
on, from London,  
very cheap, for Cash,  
the Head of the  
of GOODS, among

re, Russia and Irish  
German Douglis,  
uns, 3-4, 2-8, 4-4,  
Manchester Cotton  
and Linen, pen-  
Nankens, check  
and brown ditto,  
lin, Catgut, white  
and spotted Silk  
Linen Aprons, red  
with Ermine, black  
ditto trimmed with  
in Silk Bonnets and  
ditto, black Velvet  
of Silk Blond Lace,  
laid, rich Damas-  
black Roll, Call-  
Broglie, large  
scarlet and green  
ed, and embroidered  
Silver, Ladies and  
Stock, and Shirt,  
cur Diamond Glass  
Ribband, Shoema-  
Awls, Hairs, Nip-  
rels and Hammer,  
stock Locks, Bris-  
board, Box, Dek-  
ombs and Brushes,  
plated, Steel, Pinch-  
mourning Shoe and  
and Tin Snuff-Box,  
Pencils, Needles,  
Japan'd, Iron, Tin,  
Ladies and Gentle-  
black Leather Pocket-  
ents; an Assortment  
fe and Horsewhips,  
rs, Curb and Snuff  
iddle-Straps, Bridle  
ouse-Traps, Wood  
ers Irons, square  
s, Gouges, Chisels,  
ers and plain Irons,  
Steel Tenant and  
ed, Horn, Sileggee,  
et and Death-Head  
Breeches Pattern,  
s, Scotch and Num-  
es; Carriage, Coat-  
ens Thread, Cotton  
Knives and Forks,  
and Flints; Sagar,  
Spanish Liquor,  
al, Stoughton's Drops,  
nder Water, Ivory  
of Tin Ware, ditto  
Tea Kettles, Coffee-  
ng-Pans, best Cotton  
Tongs, Women's  
asting, and Ladies  
Spades and Shovels,  
Cords, Lead Lines,  
s; Coffin Furniture,  
y, Gloucester Cheese,  
to be Sold, Pitch,  
Spirit, West-India  
Philadelphia double  
uscovado ditto, Rice,  
nd Candles, Mustard,  
ea at 25s. 6d. per  
lohea Tea at 6s. per  
and Jamaica Coffee at

(tf)

**R**AN away from the Subscriber the 3d of this In-  
stant, a well made Negro Man named JACK,  
about 5 Feet 8 Inches high: Had on when he went  
off, an Osnabrig Shirt and Trousers, Cotton Jacket,  
and an old Hat bound with Linen. Whoever will  
deliver the said Negro to John Jennings his Overseer,  
at the Mouth of Coffee Creek, or secure him so that  
his Master may get him again, shall have a Reward  
of Thirty Shillings if taken up in Queen-Anne's  
County, Fifty Shillings if out of Queen-Anne's Coun-  
ty and within the Province, and Five Pounds if out  
of the Province, paid by  
**JAMES TILGHMAN, 3d.**  
N. B. It is conjectured he is gone off by Water

(1f)

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, living in  
Chesler-Town, Maryland. Two white Servant  
Lads, viz. The one named JAMES FRANCIS,  
belonging to Stephen Bordley, junr. the other named  
GEORGE TIPPINS, belonging to William Boraley.  
JAMES FRANCIS is short thick set, of a fair Com-  
plexion, has fair Hair, and down look, can write a  
tolerable good Hand, and pretends to know some-  
thing of Navigation: Had on and took with him,  
a brown Country made Coat, Country Linen  
Trousers, a Pair of white broad Cloth Breeches that  
will not fit him, Two Silver Knee Buckles not  
Fellows, and a Pair of Shoes that were not made for  
him, and upon Examination will appear too long  
and narrow for him. GEORGE TIPPINS is slender  
made, of a fair Complexion, short light coloured  
Hair, has been some Time on board of a Man of  
War, can neither read or write: Had on and took  
with him, an old blue lapelled broad Cloth Coat,  
an old Nanken Coat patched at the Elbows and  
under the Arms, with new Nanken, a Pair of light  
blue Breeches, and a Pair of white Breeches made  
of Ticking. It is probable JAMES FRANCIS may  
forge Passes for them both. Whoever takes them  
up and secures them, so that the Subscribers get  
them again, shall receive Five Pounds Reward, from  
STEPHEN BORDLEY, junr.  
WILLIAM BORLEY.

(7w)

**L**OST between M'Donnell's Tavern and Dr.  
Smit's Plantation, on the Baltimore Road, on  
Sunday Morning, a light coloured Chefnut, com-  
monly called forrel or yellow Gelding, with a good  
deal of white on his Face, and on Two of his Legs,  
and had a Saddle on. Whoever brings him to the  
Governor's Coachman at Annapolis, shall receive 20  
Shillings.

(1f)

**T**HE Subscriber being a languishing Prisoner in  
Charles County Jail, gives this publick Notice;  
that he shall apply to the next Assembly for Relief.  
**ROBERT HORNER.**

(7w)

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of Serratt Dickerson,  
living in Frederick County, on the Head of Rock-  
Creek, taken up as a Stray, a dark brown Mare, paces  
a little, about Twelve Hands high, has a small Blaze  
in her Face, branded on the near Shoulder thus C,  
and on the near Thigh thus Cc. The Owner may  
have her again, proving Property and paying Charges.

(7w)

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of Ninnian Tanne-  
hills, living in Frederick County, near the  
Great Falls of Patowmack, taken up as a Stray, a  
dark bay Mare, about 13 Hands high, branded on  
the near Shoulder thus X, paces tolerable well, shod  
before. The Owner may have her again, proving  
Property and paying Charges.

(7w)

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of Elisha Hoffinson,  
junr. in Prince George's County, near the  
West Point Branch, taken up as a Stray, a dark  
bay Horse, about Twelve and a Half Hands high,  
with a Blaze in his Face, has no visible Brand, trots,  
paces, and gallops, was shod before, and had on a  
small Bell. The Owner may have him again, on  
proving Property and paying Charges.

(7w)

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of William Crandell,  
living at Eyon's-Creek, taken up as a Stray, a  
redish Cow, with a white Head, white Back and  
Belly, both Ears cropt, the left Ear has one Notch  
in it, the right has Two.

(7w)

**T**he Owner may have her again, proving Property  
and paying Charges.

(7w)

**T**o be sold at publick Vendue, on Wednesday the 7th Day  
of August next, at Leonard-Town, by Virtue of an  
Act of Assembly for that Purpose.

(7w)

**A** Tract of Land, lying on the Head of St.  
Clement's-Bay, in St. Mary's County, whereon  
the Free-School formerly stood, containing 100  
Acres.

(7w)

Signed per Order,  
**J. A. THOMAS, Register.**

(2w)

**S**TRAYED or STOLEN from the Subscriber,  
living in Annapolis, on the First Day of May, a  
forrel Mare, with a blaze Face, about Thirteen  
Hands and an Half high, branded on the near  
Shoulder and Buttock C H, has Two white Spots  
on her off Thigh, and several on her Back, Four  
Years old last Spring, and is a natural Pacer.

(7w)

Whoever brings the said Mare to the Subscriber,  
at Richard Thompson's, in Annapolis, shall have a Re-  
ward of Four Dollars, paid by

CHARLES O'NEAL.

Baltimore, July 15, 1771.

**W**ANTS a Freight for any Part of Europe or the  
West-Indies, the Brig *Hawke*, Burthen 100  
and 60 Tuns, Bennet Matthews, Master, now lying  
at Fell's-Point, and clear to take in. For Terms  
apply to said Master on board, or the Subscriber,  
who has for Sale, a large and neat Assortment of  
Cottons, Callicoes, Irish Linens, Handkerchiefs,  
&c. Likewise, Muscovado, loaf, and lump Sugars,  
Jamaica Spirit, Coffee, white Wine, Vinegar,  
Burlington's Pork, Saltpetre Gammons, &c. &c.

(w3)

**DAVID STEWART.**  
N. B. The above Brig is not calculated for car-  
rying Tobacco, therefore no Person need apply  
who w n's her for that Purpose.

**A N N A P O L I S R A C E S,**

On TUESDAY, September 24.

**A** PURSE of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS,  
to be run for only by Horse, Mare, or Geld-  
ing, belonging to the Members of the JOCKEY  
CLUB; Heats 4 Miles each. Four Years old to  
carry 7 Stone, 5 Years 7 Stone 10lb. 6 Years 8  
Stone 7lb. Aged 9 Stone

On WEDNESDAY 25.

**A** SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of FIFTY POUNDS;  
give and take; Heats 3 Miles; Horses aged, 14  
Hands high, to carry 9 Stone; for every Year  
under to carry half a Stone less; and Half a Stone  
more or less to be allowed for Horses over or under  
14 Hands.

On THURSDAY 26.

**LADIES SUBSCRIPTION PURSE**, which, with  
the Entrance Money added thereto, is expected will  
amount to FIFTY POUNDS. Heats 3 Miles each;  
Weights as First Day.

On FRIDAY 27.

**A** PURSE of FIFTY POUNDS, free for any  
Horse, Mare, or Gelding, to carry 9 Stone. Heats  
4 Miles.

The winning Horse each Day is excluded starting  
for any of the other Plates.

Subscribers of Three Pounds or upwards, may  
enter free for each; or all of the Three last Days  
Plates. Non-Subscribers to pay Two Guineas  
Entrance each Day.

July 11, 1771.

**T**HE Brigantine *Fairfax*, Capt. Samuel Brodix,  
Master, now lying at Alexandria, will take in  
Tobacco for Liverpool, with Liberty of Consignment,  
from both Sides of Patowmack River. Those that  
incline to ship, by sending their Notes or Order to  
Mr JOHN CARLYLE, will be taken care of and  
shipped.

To be sold by the Subscriber on the Premises, on Tuesday  
the 30th Inst. for ready Sterling Cash, or good London  
Bills of Exchange.

**P**ART of a very valuable Tract of Land called Birk-  
head's Lot, containing One Hundred Acres,  
whereon is an old Dwelling-House, a new Frame for a  
Dwelling-House just put up, with sundry Convenient  
Out-Houses, and a good Tobacco House: Also, a  
young Negro Fellow.

RICHARD LEWIN.  
THOMAS TILLARD.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of Luke Jeffries,  
living in Prince-George's County, near Oxen-  
Run, taken up as a Stray, a black Mare, about 13  
Hands high, has a switch Tail, no perceivable  
Brand, and appears to be about 6 or 7 Years old.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Prop-  
erty and paying Charges.

(w3)

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of George Stricke,  
near Frederick Town, taken up as a Stray, a  
Chefnut forrel colour d Mare, with a white Mane  
and Tail, about 14 Hands high, and about 10  
Years old, has a Blaze down her Face, and branded  
on the near Buttock thus B.

The Owner may have her again, on proving Prop-  
erty and paying Charges.

(w3)

**H**IS MAJESTY'S Post-Master General, having  
(for the better facilitating of Correspondence  
between Great-Britain and America) been pleased to  
add a Fifth Packet Boat to the station between Fal-  
mouth and New-York: Notice is hereby given, that  
the Mail for the future will be closed at the Post-  
Office in New-York, at Twelve of the Clock at  
Night, on the First Tuesday in every Month, and  
dispatched by a Packet the next Day for Falmouth.

By Command of the D. Post-Master General.

(12w) ALEXANDER COLDEN, Secretary.

Elk-Ridge Landing, May 31, 1771.

**FIVE POUNDS REWARD.**

**R**AN away last Night from the Subscriber, Four  
Servant Men, lately imported from Ireland, viz.  
James Routledge, John Worgar, Roger Mealy, and  
Thomas Bryan: the First Two are Englishmen, the  
other Irishmen. I cannot particularly describe  
them, but they are likely healthy Men: Three of  
them had on, when they went away, striped Linsey  
Jackets, with striped Woollen Caps. Whoever takes  
them up, and secures them in any Jail, shall have  
the above Reward; or Twenty-five Shillings each,  
besides what the Law allows, and reasonable Charges,  
if brought home.

(w5)

JAMES FRENCH.

Calvert County, July 12, 1771.

**C**OMMITTED to my Custody as Runaways,  
the Two following Men, viz. William Spring-  
gate, a young Man, and says he belongs to Daniel  
Chamier, Esq; of Baltimore County. James Barrie,  
about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, fair Complexion,  
appears to be about 30 Years old, hath scarce any  
Beard, he says he belongs to Capt John Pitt, of  
Annapolis. Their Owners are desired to take them  
away and pay Charges.

(2w) ALEXANDER SOMERVELL, Sheriff.

**SIX POUNDS REWARD.**

Baltimore, July 15, 1771.

**R**AN away last Night from the Subscriber, living  
in Baltimore Town, Two Servant Men, viz.

THOMAS TOWNSEND, and JOHN JOLLY,

(but might change their Names.) Townsend is a Cab-  
inetmaker by Trade, a pretty well set Fellow, about 5  
Feet 5 Inches high, of a light sandy Complexion,  
sandy Hair, Pock-marked and freckled, a small scar  
on the upper Part of his Forehead, talks so as to be  
known to be an Irishman: Had on, a lightish coloured  
tight Bearskin Coat that has been turned, but is little  
wore since, a Fustian Jacket without sleeves, an old  
Pair of Blossom coloured Cloth Breeches, white Shirt,  
Thread Stockings, Shoes that have been soled, and  
Pinchbeck Buckles; he might alter his Cloaths, as he  
took several Things with him belonging to other Per-  
sons, particularly a brown Cloth Coat, a red and  
brown striped Persian Jacket, Buckskin Breeches, white  
Ticking ditto, Check shirts, white shirt ruffled at the  
Bosom, Osnabrig Trowsers, &c. John Jolly is a Sad-  
dle-Treemaker, about 46 Years of Age, about 5 Feet  
9 Inches high, stoops in his walk, has his own light  
Hair, lightish Complexion, large gray Eyes, and looks  
awry, and a remarkable large Nose: took with him, a  
new red surtout Coat, a purple broad Cloth Coat with  
Silver Button Buttons, a Pair of Leather Breeches, a  
Pair of white Ticking ditto, and several white Shirts,  
a Felt Hat, and other Cloaths. Whoever secures  
said servants, so as their Masters may have them again,  
if taken in the Province shall have Three Pounds, for  
each, and if out of the Province Five Pounds, paid  
by

ROBERT MCORE, &  
AWBRAY RICHARD ON.

May 18, 1771.

**S**TRAYED or STOLEN from the Subscriber,  
living on Matapany's Plantation, near Notting-  
ham, Prince-George's County, a black Mare Colt, a-  
bout Thirteen and a Half Hands high, Two Years  
old, branded on the near Buttock R W.

Whoever takes up the said Mare, and brings her  
to me, or will bring me any Intelligence of her, so  
that I may get her again, shall receive Six Dollars  
Reward, paid by

(3w) WILLIAM DUNKIN.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of Philip Hammond,  
taken up as Strays, One bay Mare, about  
Twelve Hands high, brand d on the near Buttock  
and Shoulder thus E D with a small Two Years old  
Mare Colt, branded on the off Buttock with some-  
thing like ID joined together; One bay Horse, about  
Twelve and an Half Hands high, white Mane and  
Tail, with a Star in his Forehead; appears to be  
Three or Four Years old.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on  
proving Property and paying Charges

(3w)

WILLIAM HEWITT, Cooper, near the Church in  
Annapolis, begs leave to inform his old Customers  
and others, that he has for Sale at the lowest Rates,  
Neat Assortment of Earthen-Ware, just im-  
ported, viz. All Sizes of oval Cream coloured  
Dishes, Soup and shallow Plates of the same  
Kind, white Stone Dishes, Soup and shallow Plates,  
Turins, Egyptian Tea-Pots, Coinflower, Tea,  
Coffee, and Chocolate-Pots, Sugar Dishes, Cr am-  
Jugs, large and small enamelled Bowls, Tea-Cups  
and Saucers ditto, Quart, Pint, and half Pint  
Mugs, and a great Variety of other Articles. He  
likewise carries on the Coopers Business in all its  
Branches, having provided himself with comp'eat  
Hands for that Purpose. He makes Bathing-Tubs,  
Coolers, Casks, and Kegs of all Sizes, Butter  
Churns, Pails, Piggins, Ship Buckets, Nunbuoys,  
Moss Cans, &c. Those who please to favour him  
with their Commands, may depend on being punc-  
tually and carefully served

(3w)

July 9, 1771.

**W**HEREAS Doctor JAMES THOMPSON, has  
empowered me to settle his Business in his  
Absence, this is therefore to request all Persons in-  
debted to him on Bond, Note, or Book Account, to  
settle them with William Sellman, junr. Those that  
don't comply may depend I shall take such Steps as  
the Law requires to make them.

WILLIAM SMYTH.

**T**HOMAS MORGAN,

Begs leave to inform the Publick, that he has opened a  
Shop in Gay-Street, opposite Mr. Melcher Kiener's  
Tavern.

**W**HERE he intends to carry on the Business of  
Watch and Clock-making, in all its various  
Branches. Those Gentlemen that will please to fa-  
vour him with their Custom, may depend on being  
carefully served, and with Dispatch. Likewise he  
intends repairing and cleaning all Kinds of Watches  
and Clocks after the best Manner: He further pro-  
poses to engage his Performance for One Year, pro-  
vided the Owner don't abuse the same.

(w5)



TAKEN up on Hill's Point, near Annapolis, in about Three Feet Water,undry Bars of IRON marked Maryland. Whoever will prove Property and pay Charges, may have them again by applying to Edward Rickett, at Capt. Bryce's, near the Town-Gate.

Dorchester County, Maryland, June 29, 1771.  
To be leased, the Houses and Lots belonging to the Subscriber, in the Town of Cambridge, viz.

THE Dwelling-House where he at present lives, with all the Improvements belonging to the said Lot; as also, about Fifteen Acres of good Pasture Ground on the opposite Side of the Street, on which is a Stable, Chaise-House, and a large Granary convenient to the Water. Likewise a Lot and a Half, with a large Dwelling, and other Out-Houses near the Court-House, which from its Situation is one of the most convenient Places in the said Town for a Tavern, or other publick Buiness, with the Advantage of about Ten Acres of very good Grass Land for Pasture, and the Privilege of getting Fire-Wood for the Use of each of the above-mentioned Dwelling-Houses, from Land contiguous to the said Town.

To be let or leased likewise, for a Term of Years, a Farm, with the Slaves and Stock on it, about Two Miles from the aforesaid Town, on which is a good convenient Dwelling-House and Kitchen, with other requisite Out-Houses, and from its central Situation as to the County, and lying partly between Two much frequented Roads; it is very fit for a Person in any publick Way. The Pasture remarkably fine, and a good deal of Branch, that may with little Expence be finished into good Meadow.

There are Two other Plantations with Slaves, Stock, and the necessary Utensils for cultivating of the Land, to be leased; the furthest of them not exceeding Four Miles from Cambridge, the Soil very good, and in good Repair.

(2m) HENRY MURRAY.

THERE is at the Plantation of George Hunter, living at Port-Tobacco, Charles County, taken up as a Stray, a dark bay Gelding, about Thirteen Hands high, paces slow, has a large Blaze in his Face, a white Spot on the near Shoulder, and has no Brand that can be perceived.

The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges. (3w)

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscriber is authorized to receive his Lordship's Quittrents of Anne-Arundel and Calvert Counties, payable from the 29th of last September. I do therefore earnestly request all Persons indebted, to be very punctual in their Payments, otherwise I shall be obliged to act in such a Manner, as will not be agreeable to them. Constant Attendance will be given at my House in Annapolis, and at Calvert County Court-House every Court, for the receiving of the same.

(w4) WILLIAM NOKE.

To be SOLD, for ready Cash.  
A Tract of Land, lying in Frederick County, called and known by the Name of Pool's Delight, containing 287 Acres, some of which is good Meadow Ground, cleared, and the rest is well timbered. A View of the Premises will sufficiently convince the Fertility of the Soil. Any Person willing to purchase said Land, may know the Conditions, by applying to

(tf) ANNE MIDDLETON, at Annapolis.  
N. B. As I intend to decline keeping Tavern, I beg of those Persons who have not yet settled their Accounts, to make speedy Payment. I shall take in Boarders, and keep as usual good Hay and Oats, likewise Ferry Boats to any Part of the Bay. Those Gentlemen that will favour me with their Custom, may depend on being punctually served, by A. M.

ALL Persons having any Claims against the Estate of Mordecai Jacob, late of Prince George's County, deceased, are desired to bring them in legally proved, as they may be adjusted, and all those indebted to the said Estate are desired to pay:

(3w) JEMIMA JACOB, BENJAMIN JACOB, & MORDECAI JACOB. } Executors.

THERE is at the Plantation of Henry Bateman, living in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a gray Horse, branded on the near Buttock thus ) no other perceivable Brand, about 14 Hands high, switch Tail, standing Mane, appears to be aged, and shod before.

The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. a Year, ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5s. and 1s. for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones viz. COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.

Just imported, in the Polly, Capt. John Keltie, from London, and to be sold by the Subscriber, in Church-Street, Annapolis, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable Terms.

A Large and neat Assortment of European and India Goods, suitable to the different Seasons. THOMAS GASSAWAY, junr.

A considerable Difference will be made to those who pay ready Cash.

Imported likewise in said Ship, and to be sold for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit, an unopened and well assorted Cargo of European and India Goods, amounting to about 1400l. Cost and Charges.

(tf) T. G. junr.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near Annapolis, on Tuesday Night the 12th of June last, a Country born Servant Man, named Luke Bullin, a lusty well set Fellow, about Six Feet high: Had on, a coarse short Bearskin Coat, Onabrig Shirt and Trousers, Country made Shoes, and Felt Hat. Whoever secures the said Servant in any Jail, shall have the above Reward, including what the Law allows, paid by

(4w) THOMAS RUTLAND.

To be SOLD cheap for ready Money,  
DR. JAMES's Fever Powders and Pills, with Papers of Direction. Enquire at the Printing-Office.

THERE is at the Plantation of William Arnold, on the Eastern Branch of Patowmack, taken up as a Stray, a black Horse, about Twelve Hands and a Half high, has a Star in his Forehead, is about Four Years old this Spring, he paces a little, trots and gallops well, but has no perceivable Brand. The Owner may have him again, proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Matthias Ruiger, living near Frederick-Town, Frederick County, Maryland, taken up as a Stray, a Mouse coloured Mare, about Fourteen Hands high, a natural Pacer, shod before, about Seven Years old, has no Mark nor Brand. The Owner may have her again, proving Property and paying Charges.

Just imported, from London and Glasgow, and to be sold on reasonable Terms by the Subscriber, at his Store near the Church in Annapolis, Wholesale or Retail.

A Large and compleat Assortment of European and East-India Goods, suitable to the different Seasons. COLIN CAMPBELL.

THERE is at the Plantation of Margaret Hickman, near the Sugar-Lands in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a black Mare, about Thirteen Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder thus H, a white Spot on the near Side of her Jaw, is shod before, and trots.

The Owner may have her again, proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

Baltimore-Town, June 7, 1771.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.  
STRAYED or stolen, some Time last July, from the Subscriber's Plantation, in Frederick County, a small Strawberry roan Mare, about Thirteen and an Half Hands high, between 9 and 10 Years old, paces, trots and gallops, branded on the near Buttock, but not perceivable; has large Scars on the hind Part of her Thighs, a small Star in her Forehead, and a remarkable thick Mane, was bred near Annapolis, and is supposed to have made that Way.

Whoever takes up said Mare, and secures her, so that the Owner may have her again, shall receive the above Reward, and reasonable Charges, if brought home, paid by

(w4) MORDECAI GIST.

Herring-Bay, May 15, 1771.  
RAN away from the Subscriber the 7th Instant, a Negro Man named Harry, about 45 Years of Age, well set, bow legged, and has a remarkable long Beard: Had on, when he went away, a Felt Hat, Linen Cap, Two Cotton Jackets, Two Onabrig Shirts, Cotton Breeches, coarse Shoes and Stockings, and a Belt round his Body. He pretends to be a Kind of a Doctor in the Tooth-drawing and bleeding Way. It is very likely he will endeavour to get to Baltimore County, where he formerly lived.

Whoever secures the said Negro, so that his Master may get him again, shall receive Four Dollars Reward, if taken in this County, and if out of this County, Eight Dollars, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by

(tf) THO. GASSAWAY HOWARD.

July 13, 1771.  
STRAYED or STOLEN from Mr. William Sparrier's, near Elk-Ridge Landing, last Whittitude, a bay Mare, about 14 Hands high, about 7 Years old, trots, paces, and gallops, and I think is branded on both Shoulders, but do not remember the Brand, was shod on all 4 Feet, was bred at Samuel Mount's, near Harpen-Ferry, where she will probably make for.

Whoever takes up the said Mare, and contrives her to the Subscriber living at Elk-Ridge Landing, shall receive a Reward of Twenty Shillings Currency, paid by

(w4) WALTER DENT.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Meak, near St. Thomas's Church, in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a black Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock thus IB with a Star in his Forehead, Part hanging, Part standing Mane, a white Spot near his Tail, paces, trots, and gallops.

The Owner may have him again, on proving Property and paying Charges. (3w)

THERE are at the Plantation of James Campbell, living near the upper End of the Sugar-Land, in Frederick County, taken up as Strays, a black or very dark bay Mare, I believe old, about Thirteen and a Half Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock thus D and one of the Shoulders thus P both Ears cropt, her Forehead seems as if it had been scalded, a natural pacer; Likewise a Chestnut sorrel Horse, about Thirteen Hands and an Half high, about Six Years old, has a Star in his Forehead, his hind Feet white, and near Hoof hath some black Strokes, and on each Side of his Back a Spot with gray Hairs, branded on the near Shoulder thus WF his Mane and Tail is mixed with gray Hairs, and is lame in his off Shoulder. The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property and paying Charges. (3w)

Alexandria, July 4, 1771.

For Sale, on the Third Monday in August next, Very valuable Acre of Ground, being 2 Lots in the Town of Alexandria, but now proposed to be sold in 8 Parts, viz. No. 1. Fronting the main Street on the East, being 58 Feet 10 1/2 Inches in Front, and 123 Feet 5 Inches back, to a Lot of the same Dimensions that fronts Royal-Street, on the West. Six Lots, No. 2. to 7 inclusive bounded by Cameron-Street, on the South, and fronting the Lot on which the Court-House stands; each of these Lots contains 41 Feet 1 Inch and 1/2 in Front, and 117 Feet 8 1/2 Inches back. On Lot No. 1. are several Buildings, that with some small Repairs may be made valuable. The Ground is level, stands in a good Part of the Town, and convenient to the Wharfe and Landings. One Half the Purchase Money to be paid on making good Deeds, Credit will be given for the other Half, Twelve Months, with approved Security if demanded. A good Title will be given and the Premises entered on immediately.

(w4) HENRY SALKELD.

Annapolis, July 4, 1771.

JUST IMPORTED,  
In the Ship Polly, Captain John Keltie, and to be sold by Thomas Hyde, at his Store in South-East-Street, for ready Money or short Credit.

A Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable to the Seasons.  
Likewise a Quantity of Train Oil and Goree, very cheap.

Annapolis, June 1, 1771.  
Just imported, in the Betsey, Captain Henrick, from London, and to be sold by the Subscriber at his Store, near the Dock, at the very lowest Price, for Cash, by Wholesale or Retail.

A Great Variety of European and East-India Goods, suitable to both Seasons. Also may be had as usual, Wine, Rum, Molasses, Linseed Oil, loaf and brown Sugar, Chocolate, and some Seines, with Leads, Corks, and Cords compleat.

(w6) NATHAN HAMMOND.

WANTED, a single Man who understands the Buiness of a Skinner and Breeches-maker; any single Man who can be well recommended, may meet with good Encouragement, by leaving a Line with Mr. Charles Lansdale, Post-rider from St. Mary's County to Annapolis, directed to William Sears, Tavern-keeper at Broad-Creek, Prince-George's County.

CHOICE old Barbadoes Spirit by the Hoghead or smaller Quantity, and fine Hyson Tea in Cannisters, to be sold by Thomas B. Hodgkin, at his House near the Church. (3w)