



Lemuel Malone, Editor and Proprietor.

"TRUTH WITHOUT FEAR."

\$1 Per Annum in Advance

VOLUME VIII.

SALISBURY, WICOMICO CO., MARYLAND, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1874.

NUMBER 6.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
SALISBURY, MD.
Practice in the Courts of Maryland and Delaware.

JUSTON HUMPHREYS,
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SALISBURY, MD.
Will attend strictly to a business entrusted to his care. Office over the store of A. G. Towline & Co., Main Street.

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Practice in the Courts of Somerset, Worcester and Wicomico Counties.
Prompt attention given to the collection of claims.

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OFFICE, 515 seventh Street, N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Will Practice in the

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
THE COURT OF CLAIMS IN ALL THE COURTS
OF THIS DISTRICT, AND IN THE COURTS OF
MARYLAND.

Special and prompt attention given to the Collection of Accounts and the Enforcement of Mechanics' Liens.

WM. M. THOROUGHGOOD,
BLACKSMITH.
All kinds of work which the wants and necessities of the public demand, such as

MACHINERY,
RIMMED WHEELS,
HORSE SHOEING,
CARRIAGE WORK,
and every other job of work in the province of
General Blacksmithing,
executed at the shortest possible notice and at
reasonable prices.

Robt. are ever turned away.
Work done from 10 o'clock on Camden and Lombard
streets, near the Camden bridge.
Orders for work are respectfully solicited.

WM. M. THOROUGHGOOD,
Salisbury, Md.
Jan 11-1875-1y.

JUST IN TIME!
SPENCER E. McALLISTER, has
opened at the

FIVE POINTS,
Salisbury, a fine assortment of
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, AND
FAMILY GROCERIES,

where may always be found the best
BRANDS OF FLOUR,
in market. The public are respectfully
invited to call and examine his stock be-
fore purchasing elsewhere. Quick sales and
small profits, is the order of the day.

TODD, WELCH & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
for the sale of

Oysters, Fish, Vegetables, Berries,
and Fruit of all kinds.

Returns made weekly. Shippers posted
weekly or oftener.

Refer to Harvey & Sister, Wilmington, Del.,
J. M. Emerson, assistant Editor of Commercial
Advertiser, Wilmington, Del., Layton & Brother,
Bridgeville, Del.

Consignments solicited. Orders for goods
promptly filled and forwarded.

TODD, WELCH & CO.,
Stand No 1, Odd Fellows Hall,
Wilmington, Del.

MARYLAND STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
For Baltimore via Cambridge.

THE LEONARD LEAVES Cambridge every Monday,
Wednesday and Friday at 8:30 P. M., upon arrival
of the Baltimore & Delaware train from Seaford
stoppage at Seaford and intermediate landings,
arriving in Baltimore at 4 A. M. the following
morning.

Passengers SEAFORD \$3. Round trip tickets \$2.
BALTIMORE \$1. Leaving Baltimore from Pier 3
Light at 9 P. M. every Tuesday, Thursday and
Saturday, making connection with the D. & D. R. R.
line the following morning (except Sunday) for
Seaford.

Flight reserved for all stations on the D. & D. R. R.,
and connecting Rail Roads, and carried at lowest
rates. For further information apply at the office of
C. F. Wright, No. 90 Light St., Baltimore.

MATCHES!
THE "HANG-UP" BOX.
200 Matches, full count, for 5 cents
EACH BOX A MATCH SAFE.

JOHN W. RICE & CO.,
Wholesale Wooden Ware Dealers,
32 South Calvert St.
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

Constant Employment—At home, Male or Female,
a week warranted. No capital required.
Particulars and valuable sample sent free. Address
with 5c. return stamp, C. F. Wright, 90 Light St., Baltimore.

THE GOLDEN EGG
for sale. Large income guaranteed. Enclose
stamp for circular. M. ALLISON, 115 Chambers
St., New York.

Hotel Advertisements.

PENINSULAR HOUSE,
MAIN STREET, SALISBURY, MD.
J. TRACY, Proprietor.

AMERICAN HOTEL,
CHESTNUT STREET,
Opposite Old Independence Hall
PHILADELPHIA.

S. M. HEULINGS, - - Proprietor,
COMERCIAL HOTEL,
826 MARKET STREET,
Philadelphia.

HENRY SCHLICHTER, Prop'r.
Board \$2 per Day.
November 23-1y

LA PIERRE HOUSE,
BROAD & CHESTNUT
Philadelphia.

J. B. BUTTERWORTH, Proprietor.
Terms \$3.50 per Day.
April 19-1y

TAYLOR'S HOTEL,
Jersey City, N. J.
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN—Open at all Hours.

Opposite the New Jersey Railroad Depot; near
the New Jersey Central, Morris & Essex, New York
& Erie, and Northern Railroad Depots; near the
Canal Street, and City Hall.
LYMAN FISK, Proprietor.

RIDGWAY HOUSE,
N. W. Corner
Market St., and Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

JAMES B. PILSETT, J. B. BUTTERWORTH,
Sup't. Prop't.

MALTYBY HOUSE,
BALTIMORE, MD.

C. R. HOGAN, Proprietor.
REDUCTION OF FARE.

In consideration of the general decline
in cost of all necessities pertaining to
Hotel keeping, the price of Board will be
Reduced and after January 1st, 1875, to

\$2.50 Per Day.
being determined that nothing will be left
done in the future to make the "Maltyby"
what it has been in the past—second to none
in the city. [Jan 25-y]

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
N. W. Cor. French & Water Sts.
WILMINGTON, DEL.

T. B. MERRITT, Proprietor.

The above house has been put in. Complete re-
pair for the reception of guests, where they will
receive all the accommodations of a first-class hotel.
Bar fitted with the choice of wines, liquors,
etc., and the table supplied with the best of the
market affords.

July 15-1y.

MALTYBY HOUSE,
Between Broadway & Bowery,
NEW YORK.

Having been thoroughly repaired, and
refitted, this House, central to business
and amusements, is again open for the
reception of guests, upon either the

American or European Plan,
TRANSIENT OR PERMANENT.

Transient—Table d'hôte, \$3.00. Rooms
\$1.00 Per Day.
Discount to Permanent Guests.

No. 23 Great Jones Street,
JULY 15-1y

FOXWELL HOUSE,
ON THE
EUROPEAN PLAN,
NO. 36 W. PRATT ST.
BALTIMORE, Md.

Meals served at all hours, Day & Night.

THE BAR
Is Stocked with the FINEST WINES,
LIQUORS, &c.

Board, per Day, \$1 25
" Week, 6 00
Meals, 25 and 50 cts.
Lodging, 40 "

F. G. FLETCHER, Prop'r.
May 23-1y

Clayton House,
Corner of Fifth and Market
AND EXTENDING TO KING STREET,
Wilmington, Del.

This new, large and commodious House
was opened as a First Class Hotel, on Thurs-
day, March 6th 1873.

The interior arrangement of this building
is admirable. The parlors, drawing-rooms,
&c., are elegantly furnished; and the sleep-
ing apartments are fitted out with
every modern appliance of utility and com-
fort will accommodate three hundred guests.

While the elevated situation of the Clay-
ton House affords facilities for the amiable
ventilation, it also commands, from the par-
lors and chambers, an extensive view of the
Delaware and Christina rivers; and from
the promenade, there is a panoramic view
unfolding, embracing the hills and valleys of
the classic Brandywine, unsurpassed in
picturesqueness and beauty.

The Proprietor having had a large ex-
perience in the management of hotels, and
having secured the service of competent as-
sistants, no effort will be spared to give
satisfaction to all who may favor the Clayton
with their patronage. Terms moderate.

H. W. SAWYER, Proprietor.

POETRY.

THE TWO ANCHORS.

It was a gallant sailor man
Had just come home from sea,
And as I passed him in the town
He sang "Ahoy!" to me.
I stopped, and saw I knew the man—
Had known him from a boy;
And so I answered, sailor-like,
"Avast!" to his "Ahoy!"
I made a song for him one day—
His ship was then in sight—
"The little anchor on the left,
The great one on the right."

I gave him a hearty grip,
"So you are back again?"
They say you have been pirating
Upon the Spanish Main;
Or was it some rich Indian man
You robbed of all his pearls?
Of course you have been breaking hearts
Of poor Kanaka girls!
"Wherever I have been," he said,
"I kept my ship in sight—
The little anchor on the left,
The great one on the right."

"I heard last night that you were in;
I walked the wharves to-day,
But saw no ship that looked like yours,
Where does the good ship lay?
I want to go on board of her!"
"And so you shall," said he,
"But there are many things to do
When one comes home from sea.
You know the song you made for me?
I sing it morn and night—
The little anchor on the left,
The great one on the right!"

"But bow's your wife and little one?"
"Come home with me," he said,
"Go on, go on; I follow you."
I followed where he led.
He had a pleasant little house;
The door was open wide,
And at the door the dearest face—
A dearer one inside!

He hugged his wife and child; he sang—
His spirits were so light—
"The little anchor on the left,
The great one on the right."

"Was supper-time, and we sat down—
The sailor's wife and child,
And he and I: he looked at them,
And looked at me and smiled.
"Think of this when I am tossed
Upon the stormy foam,
And though a thousand leagues away,
Am anchored here at home."

Then giving each a kiss, he said,
"I see in dreams at night
This little anchor on my left—
This great one on my right!"

—R. H. STODDARD, in Harper's Magazine for
October.

SELECT READING.

OUR FIRST DIFFICULTY.

Married life is seldom without its
trials, yet Robert and I had been
married eighteen months before we
seriously disagreed in anything. Our
life during that time had not been
a season of perfect bliss as some
would have it, but we certainly had
been happy—as happy I think as can
be before reaching Paradise, and
when our baby came it seemed as if
our cup was filled to overflowing.

I like, even now, to dwell on the joys
of those days when I was first a
mother, and as for Robert I think
there never was a prouder or more
affectionate father than he. "Well,
Esther," he would say when he came
in at night, "we are not rich in
houses or in lands as some are, but
we are rich in our daughter; she is
like wisdom, for she is more precious
than rubies. But I know that the
fond praise of others parents is but
emptyness to doings, so I will not tire
you by repeating all he said. It was
not idle talk to me, however, no
praise to my imagination was too
great for my little son, my Maybloss-
om, as I called her, for she came to
us in the merry month of May. Never
so we both agreed, was there a child
so wonderful as ours, and before the
little stranger had been with us a
month we had laid many brilliant
plans for the future.

But I am wandering from my story.

We were living in Kansas, far
away from both Robert's relations
and my own. We had not therefore,
as is generally the case, a host of
aunts, uncles and cousins to urge
that the child should be named ac-
cording to their fancy. So it came
to pass that our baby was nearly two
months old before the subject had
been debated. But one day, how
well I remember it, Robert said, as
he tossed her in his arms for a final
good-bye before returning to the
store. "Esther, don't you think it's
about time this maiden of ours had a
name of her own? Wilson was ask-
ing me this morning what we had de-
cided to call her, and I told him I
supposed we thought her good enough
without a name, for we had never
spoken of it."

"Mr. Wilson's child was named be-
fore he was a week old, so I don't
wonder that he thinks us rather lar-
dy," said I.

"Well, what shall it be, Esther?"
—Rosalind or Rachel? Bridget or

Joanna? Kate or Arabella? Or
haven't you thought of the matter
yet?"

"Our child's name was decided in
my own mind long ago," I answered,
and then for some reason I cannot
account for, I hesitated, though I
certainly had no idea of what was to
follow.

"Well, let us hear it. It is some-
thing extraordinary, I suppose, noth-
ing less would suit our darling."

"It is Mary."

"Mary! surely you must be joking.
You can't mean it, Esther!"

"Why not?" I asked, the blood
rushing to my face involuntarily.

"So you have a Byronic passion for
the name of Mary. Well, I must
acknowledge that I am entirely free
from it. But, seriously, Esther, you
cannot think of calling our daughter
by that name!"

"But I do think of it," I responded,
and I cannot imagine what objection
you can have, for almost every one
agrees there is no sweeter name."

My husband's face grew dark. "Any
name but that, Esther, you might as
well not name the child at all. Hardly
a family of any size in the country
but has a Mary among its members.

I shall be late, as it is. Look in the
dictionary and find something else
that suits you, and tell me at tea."

And he kissed both baby and me,
and was gone.

I can hardly tell you what my feel-
ings were during the long hours of
that afternoon. It is true my hus-
band and I had differed before in
matters of taste or opinion, but it had
been comparatively easy to yield
them. My child's name, however, was
a different matter. I could not re-
member the time when I had not
looked forward to calling my oldest
daughter by the name of Mary. My
doll babies, one and all had been call-
ed it. It was dear to me above every
other name—and now to give it
up—"Never, I cannot, and I shall
not," I said firmly to myself.

At the tea-table that evening, we
discussed a variety of topics, but
both avoided, as if by common con-
sent, the one subject nearest our
hearts. When the meal was over,
however, and we sat together over
our little one's cradle, Robert com-
menced:

"Well, Esther, have you found any
name this afternoon that pleased you?
I've been thinking the matter over
and have come to the conclusion that
Laura and Evelyn suit me very well.
Laura Evelyn Spencer. How do you
like it?"

"I like both names well enough,"
I answered, coldly. "But there is only
one name for our daughter, and that
I have told you; it is my mother's
name, as you know, Robert, and I
have always said that my first daugh-
ter should be my mother's namesake,
but I never dreamed that you would
feel so about it." I continued, ready
to cry, yet keeping the tears back by
a great effort.

"If your mother were not living,
Esther, there would be some reason
for your feeling so, but as it is—"

"If my mother was dead, I would
not care so much about it, for it then
could afford her no pleasure," I ex-
claimed.

"If it were any other name but
Mary, I would consent, even though
it did not please me," said Robert—
"Come Esther, be reasonable; there
are so many pretty names, and Mary,
besides being so common, is to me
the very essence of plainness."

But my mind was made up and I
would not listen.

"She is your daughter, as well as
mine, Robert, and of course you will
name her yourself, but to me she
can never be another than what I
have said."

How our conversation would have
ended, I can not tell, but fortunately
for us both, it was interrupted by
callers who spent the evening with
us, and for the time being our dispute
and its cause was forgotten.

At breakfast the next morning, the
subject was not once alluded to in
even the most remote way, and at
noon and in the evening it was the
same way.

Another day came and went, and
still another, and yet not a word was
said. Our table talk was no
longer the pleasant pastime it once
had been, for we found it difficult to
sustain a conversation on topics of
minor interest, while the one subject
which engrossed our hearts and minds
was tabooed.

"Behold how great a matter a little
fire kindleth!" As day after day
passed away, and the week drew to a
close, a heavy weight settled on my
heart. My husband appeared a dif-
ferent person to me. It seemed to
me that a great grief had come between
us, even baby, who before had been
associated only with the purest, deep-
est joy, seemed changed. I could
not take her into my arms without
thinking of what I chose to call my
trouble. Friday morning came. It
was a lovely sunny day, but it
seemed to me the dreariest ever sun
rose upon. "Who would think Rob-
ert could be so obstinate!" I said to
myself, as I rocked my little one to
sleep.

Just before noon our pastor called.

I was so ill at ease that it was with
difficulty that I sustained my part in

the conversation. I supposed he
noticed my agitation for he inquired
if I were as usual. For an instant I
felt half inclined to tell him all. It
seemed as if it would be a relief, to
open my heart to some one, but a
feeling of pride restrained me.

Robert seemed unusually silent at
dinner, and I fancied he was looking
pale and ill. He kissed the baby, but
did not toss her in the air and play
with her as he usually did; as for
myself every word I spoke cost me
an effort. When Robert had gone, I
took my little girl in my arms and
rocked her to sleep, then I threw my
self in my chair again and silently
brooded over my unhappiness. It
seemed to me that a good hearty
cry would be a luxury, but it was a
luxury in which I determined I
would not indulge.

The time passed slowly away, and
I began to wonder why baby did not
wake. I went over to the cradle. Her
face was flushed, and I thought her
breathing was unnatural. "What if
our darling should be ill?" I cried,
and then with a chill at my heart,
"What if God should take from us
the cause of our dispute?"

At that thought a great revulsion
of feeling came over me; I knelt
down by my baby's cradle, and wept
unrestrainedly. "After all," I thought,
"is it not natural that Robert should
not care to have his child given so
common a name as Mary? And what
right have I to decide without con-
sulting him what her name should be?
Oh, if he would only name!"

I took baby in my arms and went
to the window to look for him. Then
I remembered his pale face at dinner—
"If anything should happen, I should
never forgive myself," I said.

At last I heard his footsteps on the
stairs. I laid the baby down and just
rushed to meet him.

"Oh, Robert," I cried, as I threw
my arms around his neck, "name her
Laura, or any you please, but do let
us love each other again." He kissed
me in silence and then walked into
the parlor. In an instant he came
out, bringing with him my father's
wedding gift—a large family Bible.

He opened it, and turning to a line
under the head of Births; it was this:
"Mary Evelyn Spencer, born May 19,
1855."

"I wrote it this noon," he said.
"I cannot tell what happened next,
for I really do not know, but I have
had several children since then, and
they have been named without the
least particle of trouble between their
father and mother, and in closing this
little account of our first real difficul-
ty, I thank God that I am enabled to
declare it was not only our first but
last."

WINTER CLOAKS.

Regular cloaks are to be revived, a
fashion journal says. Long, comfort-
able looking cloaks, reaching to the knee,
are reported by all the first class fur-
nishing-stores as models for their midwin-
ter garments. These wraps are loose
sleeves with a deep cape in front, are wa-
ded, yet look slender and shapely, and
are all buttoned down before, and some-
times behind as well, by way of orna-
ment. There are no sleeves merely
armholes, but the cape is sewed to the
front, leaving a place for the hands to
come out, thus making a double front,
and giving ample protection. These
cloaks are not fitted to the figure, yet
cling closely to it, giving the slender ef-
fect now sought after. They are made
of the new black glen and wadded
silk called wustelasse silk, or else of the
real India cashmere called Rajampoor
cashmere, and are bordered with black
fur.

A LIVE LANTERN.

In the West Indies, and some other
hot countries, there are distant relations
of our glow-worms and fire-flies that
carry much larger sparks. These insects
give so much light that they are caught
by the natives, and sometimes a dozen
at a time are put into a gourd pierced
with many holes, each too small for the
insect to escape through. The opening
by which they are put into the gourd is
then stopped up, and the live lantern is
ready to be carried about on dark nights,
as you sometimes carry a glass one.

A very convenient lantern the insects
make, for the flame never burns any-
thing, and never goes out.

TO MAKE PASTE.

Paste that will keep unchanged in
warm weather may be made in the fol-
lowing manner: Put a teaspoonful
of powered alum in two quarts of water,
and let boil. Mix a pint of flour smooth-
ly into a pint of cold water, and stir it
into the boiling alum water continuing
the boiling and stirring until the flour
is cooked, and the whole is clear, like
starch. Add to this about half a tea-
spoonful of essential oil of cloves or cin-
namon, strain through a wire gauze or
perforated tin strainer, and bottle in
wide mouthed jars, which should be cork-
ed to keep out dust.

ZWINGLIUS, THE SWISS REFOR-
MER.

The Protestant may number Zwingli-
us among their apostles and their teach-
ers; we, who are democrats, liberals, re-
publicans, number him among our great
tribunes, our heroes and martyrs. Born
in the great mountains, which speak
of God and of the Infinite; nursed in the
bosom of nature, his intelligence nourish-
ed by great ideas and his body by whole-
some food; mingling with the blood of
his heart the purest affections, and with
the breath of his lungs the purest air;
leading a rustic life in his earliest years;
of a temperamental robust as the rude and
sublime Alpine country; going to sleep
throughout his boyhood at the hour
when the flocks were folded and the twi-
light was falling, to wake at the call of
the cock, when the sky-larks were tak-
ing their flight, and the hope of a new
day was awakening in the first flush of
morning which whitened the horizon;
near to heaven and far from the world,
like the mountain birds, his soul bathed
in the divine as a star in ether, he pre-
served in the battles of life the candor of
the shepherds, in the labors and innova-
tions of reform a love of tradition, in the
midst of cities he aroma of the eagles and
the song of the thrush, amidst the
wrath of men and of parties the infinite
clarity of the air and of the light, free to
all beings; and after having conversed
with philosophers and saints, drinking at
the sacred fountain of Plato and the bit-
ter tears of Job, singing the psalms of
David and the odes of Pindar, as if all
the currents of the human spirit flowed to
pour themselves in his own, he reduced
the most abstract ideas to commonplace
maxims, to scatter them among the peo-
ple he loved in sermons and prayers. He
was a hero in battle, a Sister of Charity
in the hospitals, a tribune in the public
place, a priest in the temple, everywhere
an apostle. One of those great charac-
ters who vary and turn with the breath
of their thought, with force of their will,
the currents of time, he died in the battle
for truth, in the purifying embrace of a
holy martyrdom.

And his reform was born and grew and
developed in the midst of a democracy, a
republic, a liberty ancient and deep-root-
ed, partaking of the character of the me-
dium in which it grew, and marching
resolutely forward to modify and improve
it. Less opposed and less persecuted than
other reformers, he appears much more
serene. His reform springs from the
conscience rather than from passion,
and relies more upon reason than upon
sentiments. Without breaking so openly
as his coadjutors in the common work
with the pope and the Church, he re-
stricts himself solely to what he finds ex-
pressly set down in the Scriptures. He
is an orator, and in his oratory there is
more of philosophic light than of the fire
of the tribune. He is a priest who preach-
es grace, and who distinguishes himself
by the charity and the grandeur of his
acts, who prays and works. The logic of
his arguments does not damage the sub-
tlety of his system, nor the force of rea-
soning the eloquence of his discourses.
He is confronted by less opposition, and
consequently fights with less revolutiona-
ry energy, than other innovators. It is
plain that his individual soul is a part of
the soul of a great democracy; that his
inner education has flowed from the two
great schools of nature and society, the
country and the republic. His
work is at once religious and political.
He preaches the merits of Christ, and
exalts the rights of every Christian; he
tears from his heart the ancient theocratic
faith with the same power with which
he tears from the earth the feudal tradi-
tions. He speaks of the Lord's Supper
as of a religious and a democratic com-
munion; he disseminates at the same
time a hatred of spiritual tyranny and a
hatred of the reactionary aristocracies,
and with the revolution against Roman
cosmopolitanism, a worship of the Swiss
fatherland. He reforms the understand-
ing and the morals. He demands that
the priest shall cease to carry souls to
the sacrifice before the alters of an un-
questionable authority, and that the
Swiss shall cease to sell the blood of
their dearest children children to the
armies of pitiless despot, that the cradle
of human nature shall not become a
pedestal of monarchical tyranny. His
doctrine, in fact, is a religion and a re-
public, the immortal soul of Switzerland,
renegated by this archer of ideas, the
soldier of logic, this William Tell of the
spirit, who exalts above the material na-
tion another more lofty and more endur-
ing that the eternal Alps; the ideal na-
ture of the conscience.—EMILIO CASTEL-
AR, in Harper's Magazine for Octo-
ber.

Two young men, not fitting were pass-
ing a farmhouse, where a farmer was
trying to harness an obstinate mule.

"Won't he draw?" said one of the men.

"Of course," said the farmer, "he'll
draw the attention of every fool that
passes this way." The young men drove
on.

A little girl at Dubuque amended the
Lord's prayer by asking for her "daily
gingerbread."

Local Advertiser.

Saturday, October 3, 1874.

This paper has the largest circulation of any paper in Salisbury.

Col. O. B. Fish is in town.

Organ grinders make about ten dollars a day in Snow Hill.

Our streets have presented a lively appearance this week.

Abram Birkhead, a worthy old colored man, died suddenly last Monday.

No freight train came up on Thursday morning last, owing to the fire at Crisfield, which delayed it.

Mrs. Isabella Humphreys is having her house handsomely painted inside and out. Munson is doing it.

Capt. C. W. Johnson is having his house nicely painted. It is situated on Poplar Hill avenue.

For Sale—The house and lot at present occupied by Squire Truitt. Apply to Lemuel Malone.

George Browington and Thomas Goslee, Esqs., whilst out sailing, had a general ducking in the mill-pond on Tuesday afternoon last. Tom advised George to keep cool, but George said he never was much cooler in his life.

The fire at Crisfield Thursday morning, should hurry this place up in getting a steam fire engine. We consider it of as much value as the River improvement.

Mr. Minus Timmons, formerly brakeman on the W. & P. R. R. has been appointed Conductor on the trains which run from Snow Hill to Berlin. A good appointment.

The extension of the W. & P. R. R. to the Synapseux Bay, will be completed some time next week. The directors think they can begin to ship oysters &c., about Monday week.

The members of the Salisbury Lyceum will meet at E. Stanley Toadvin's office Monday evening next to re-organize. A full attendance earnestly requested.

By order of WILLIAM WALLER, Pres't.

One of the largest stocks of Boots, Shoes and READY MADE CLOTHING ever brought to this market is now on exhibition at J. CANNON'S ONE PRICE STORE, cor. Main & St. Peter's.

Fodder saving is about ended, and the crop of corn is considered a fair one, somewhat better than was expected at one time, although the low black land has failed to some extent.

Seeding wheat is going on bravely, our neighbor Woodcock has several lots of wheat up and growing finely, he is a model farmer and it is to be expected that he will be in advance of all others.

John D. Johnson, at the old stand of B. H. Parker, is now selling goods at cost, in order to make room for a more extensive line of Family Groceries. Call and see him. The highest price paid for country produce.

All persons indebted to Benjamin H. Parker, are hereby notified that payment is desired at once, in order that no cost may be incurred. Please call at the store of J. D. Johnson, where I am prepared to settle all accounts.

B. H. PARKER.

Apples are selling in our market at 75 cents per bushel. Sweet potatoes at 60 cents. Irish potatoes at 60 cents. Cabbage good at 5 and 6 cents per head. Green peas at 4 and 5 cents per lb. Old corn at 70 cents—no new in market. Wheat at \$1.20 to \$1.50 for prime.

Fresh fish are scarce and high. Oysters are plenty at 40 to 50c per bushel.

The Circuit Court is still in session here, and as we go to press we see no prospect of an adjournment to-day, unless a large number of cases are continued. The attendance during the week has been full, and much interest manifested in the proceedings, although no very important cases have been tried.

We are glad to hear that the last mail will be driven in the extension of the W. & P. R. R. to the sea on Wednesday next, and the cars will now run to the ocean and take oysters, &c., abroad. The next thing now is a steamboat between Salisbury and Baltimore, which is one of the indispensable. Let us have the boat by all means, to begin her trips in early spring.

ACCIDENT.—While Mrs. Capt. Peter Malone was engaged in house cleaning yesterday, she accidentally caught her foot in the stair carpet and fell to the bottom steps, where she cut her forehead severely and badly strained the leaders of her neck. Dr. F. M. Slemmons dressed her wound, and says that her injuries though painful are not dangerous.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—Pension orders were given as follows: Martha Martin for \$3 on J. W. Allen, one to Lavina Phillips for \$2 on Thos. B. Moore, one to Jane Morris on John White for \$2.

The Bridge over Green Hill was accepted. Bond filed by Geo. W. Cathell for building Stevens' Road was approved. Treasurer was ordered to pay bond of, of Priscilla Bradley.

The Commissioners will meet on October 3rd.

The following resolution was adopted at the late Democratic convention: Resolved, That the Hon. E. K. Wilson has faithfully and ably represented his constituents in the last Congress earning for himself their honest pride, and their sincere regrets at his voluntary retirement.

ORTHANS' COURT.—The Bond given by Elizabeth Connelly and James W. Williams as Administrators of Isaac W. Connelly, was approved and notice ordered to be given to creditors of dec'd.

Fourth Final Account of Mary E. Williams, administratrix of John D. Williams, was approved.

Final account of Wm. J. Wimbiow as administrator of David P. Wimbiow, was approved, and finally passed.

The Register was ordered to allow Thos. H. Williams Executor of James F. Williams 7 per cent for commission in stating his 1st. Final Account.

The Court will meet on the 13th of October, 1874.

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.—We take pleasure in recommending this medicine to those laboring under a morbid state of the liver, producing indigestion, burning sensations and dullness, want of appetite, &c. We have been taking the Regulator for several days, and find it one of the most pleasant, as well as most reliable purgatives now in use, while it is pleasant to the taste. Its effect is like magic; it works like a charm. We therefore recommend the Regulator to all persons who are laboring under a morbid state of the liver. Call at Dr. L. D. Collier's Drug Store, and get a package.

THE GREAT FIRE at Crisfield on Thursday morning last, consumed all that part of the town lying east of the Railroad pier, except the ticket office of the E. S. R. R. Company. The fire originated in the Oyster Packing House of Joseph Colbourne, and swept away the entire block of six large buildings, mostly Oyster Houses, and one Barber shop. The loss must approximate to some 15,000 or 20,000 dollars. There is some insurance on the property, but we are not at present advised to what extent the loss is covered. No injury was done to the R. R. property.

RUNAWAY AND ACCIDENT.—As Mr. Benjamin W. Truitt, with Mrs. Truitt in his carriage, was going to Quantico on Wednesday afternoon last, his horse took fright and ran off at a fearful rate. One of the reins breaking caused the animal to turn into the fence, when the carriage upset, injuring Mrs. Truitt very much about her arms, one arm being well nigh broken, and cutting Mr. Truitt on the head a fearful gash, but fortunately for both of them no bones were broken. The mare, a valuable one, worth two hundred dollars, after running some two or three hundred yards was so entangled in the broken fragments of the carriage that she killed herself before any one arrived to rescue her from her gear. The carriage was damaged to the extent of one hundred dollars, the horse worth two hundred dollars, a loss which falls heavy on Mr. T. These hard times. But we are glad the damage was no more serious to the parties in the carriage, as they were in great peril themselves, and the wonder is that neither of them were killed.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CIRCUIT COURT.—Court convened on Monday morning, 28th inst. Their honors Judges Franklin and Irving on the bench. S. P. Toadvin, Clerk; J. A. Parson's States Attorney; W. S. Moore, Sheriff; J. H. Brewington, Crier; J. D. Truitt, Bailiff. E. M. Waller was sworn as foreman of the Grand Jury. Jury sworn and charged by Judge Irving, and returned to their room, when the Court proceeded to the call of the several dockets. Took a recess till half-past 1 o'clock. After which time it proceeded to take up the Appeal Docket. A large number of attachments were ordered for delinquent witnesses.

No. 11. Criminal appearances was taken up. State vs. Silas J. Truitt, for voting illegally. This case is under an indictment where Silas J. Truitt Jr., voted under the name of Silas J. Truitt, Sr. Found guilty and fined ten dollars, and imprisoned in the county jail for 30 days from this date.

No. 7 Criminal Appeals. Saml Giles vs. State of Maryland. Appeal from Justice J. C. Bush's Docket. Assault and Battery. Plea not guilty. Judgment reversed with costs. Tarr for Appellant. Parsons for State.

No. 6. George L. Mills vs. the State of Md. Appeal from Judgment of Justice Bush. Assault and Battery. Plea not guilty. Judgment affirmed with costs. Tarr for Appellant. J. A. Parsons for State.

No. 11 Appeals. Wm. G. Thorogood vs. John Dorman. Appeal from Justice Jones' Docket. Judgment affirmed with costs. H. Humphreys for Appellant. Holland & Cooper for Appellee.

TUESDAY, Sept. 29th. No. 2 Appeals. John W. Maddox vs. James H. Mitchell. Appeal from Justice Maddox. Judgment reversed with costs. Ellogood for Appellant and Tarr for Appellee.

No. 1 Appeals. A. W. Goslee vs. R. D. Robertson. Appeal from Justice Walter. Judgment reversed with costs. Crisfield, H. & C. for Appellant. Tarr for Appellee.

No. 3 Appeals. Benjamin Horney

vs. Nauman Turner. Appeal from Justice Truitt. Judgment affirmed with costs. Graham for Appellant. Crisfield for Appellee.

No. 4 Appeals. Jesse Figgs vs. Elijah Hastings—Appeal from Justice Maddox. Judgment reversed. S. A. Graham for Appellant; Tarr for Appellee.

No. 5 Appeals. Heceshiah Shockley vs. Elijah Hastings—Appeal from Justice Maddox. Judgment reversed with costs. Graham for Appellant; Tarr for Appellee.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 30th. No. 10 Appeals. Josiah E. Pennell vs. Wm. J. Aikman—Appeal from Justice Truitt. Judgment reversed with costs. Crisfield for Appellant; Holland & Cooper for Appellee.

No. 12 Appeals. Tazwell Jones vs. Wm. J. Whyland—Appeal from Justice Fooks. Judgment reversed with costs. Holland & Cooper for Appellant; Graham & Crisfield for Appellee.

No. 22 Trials. J. A. Larmore vs. Theodore F. Disharoon. This was an action to recover for goods furnished and labor done. Trial by a jury who found for the defendant. Holland & Cooper and E. S. Toadvin for Plaintiff; S. A. Graham for defendant.

No. 17 and 18. Clara A. Turpin by John W. Turpin, her next friend, vs. Annie E. Brady and O. A. F. Brady.—This was a case of attachment. Judgment in favor of the plaintiff, on verdict of a jury. Crisfield for plaintiffs; Graham for defendants.

No. 10 criminal Appearances. State of Maryland vs. Isaac Evans and John Holloway. Not guilty.

Parsons for State; Graham for traverser.

No. 12. State of Maryland vs. George W. Evans and John J. Evans. Traversed before Court. Guilty and fined \$3 each, and costs. Parsons for State; Graham for traverser.

No. 27 Trials. Marshall Smith vs. Wm. B. Brattan. Action on the case for refusing to exempt one hundred dollars worth of property under the act of 1861. Trial by Jury. Judgment for the defendant. Crisfield and Tarr for plaintiff; Graham for defendant.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

FOR RENT FOR THE YEAR 1875.

The house and lot now occupied by Mrs. Eliza Parker. For further particulars inquire of B. H. Parker. Oct. 3, 1874.

FOR SALE.—7,000 cheap Shingles, can be bought very cheap. Those in need of Shingles please call and see these before buying elsewhere.

Apply to L. H. NOCK, East Camden St., Salisbury, Md.

HOUSE FOR RENT. The under-signed offers for Rent for the year 1875, the house where he now resides, on Division St., for particulars apply to CHARLES COVINGTON. Sept. 20th 1874.

FOR SALE. A second hand carriage with new silver mounted harness, carriage newly repaired and in excellent order. Inquire at this Office.

FOR SALE. One good second-hand Carriage, thoroughly repaired and nicely painted, can be bought very cheap. Now is your time to get a bargain. All that need a Carriage of this kind will do well to call at the Carriage Factory, East Camden street. Only one left. Call at once.

Friends hold your orders, I will be to see you, and will sell you fruit trees and small fruit plants as cheap or cheaper than any agent, and will remain with you to see that you are not deceived in the varieties.

H. D. SPENCE. F. C. Todd has the largest and most complete stock of Paints, Oils, Leads and varnishes kept on the shore. All colors, mixed and dry. Also agent for the celebrated Cottage Paints. 32 different colors, as well as liquid enamel of all shades.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—One second-hand Carriage and Harness. Also a lot of oak railing. Inquire at this office.

LATEST ARRIVAL.—A. G. Toadvin, with a large and well selected stock of Dry Goods, Notions and Furniture, all of which can be bought cheap for cash, at his one price cash store, Main St., Salisbury, Md. Give him a call.

BARAINS!! BARAINS!!! BARAINS!!! At Woodcock's Jewelry Store. He has all the latest and most fashionable styles of ladies' and gents' jewelry, watches, &c. Give him a call. Sign of the large Golden Watch. Main St. FROM OHIO.

The women's temperance war now raging in different parts of the country, particularly in the west, with such unparalleled success, recommends for persons who claim whiskey a necessity for medicinal purposes, to use Green's August Flower which contains no intoxicating spirits, and is a gentle laxative and a certain cure for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, Costiveness, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Coming up of the food after eating, Purifies the Blood and System. Just what is needed in the Spring of the year by everybody. Try it. Sold at Dr. L. D. Collier's Drug Store, Salisbury, Md.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS MANUFACTURED BY J. H. PUGH & CO., SUCCESSORS TO NOLAND & CO. FRAMES, DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS, BRACKETS, MOULDINGS, &c. Good Work at Low Prices.

WAREHOUSE IN BALTIMORE. Nos. 78 and 80 West Pratt Street, (NEAR GAY.) J. R. & F. W. TRIMBLE, AGENTS. Agents—17



THE FAVORITE HOME REMEDY. Is eminently a Family Medicine, and by being kept ready for immediate resort will save many an hour of suffering and many a dollar in time and doctors' bills.

After forty years' trial it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Eminent physicians commend it as the most EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC.

For all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Spleen. The SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a bitter or bad taste in the mouth, Pain in the Back, Sides or joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism, Sour Stomach; loss of appetite, Bile occasionally vomited and lax; Headache; Loss of memory; with a painful sensation of heat in the face and neck, and a thick yellow appearance of the Skin and Eyes, a dry Cough often mistaken for Consumption.

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SORE THROAT, Heart Burn, &c. The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the world.

MANUFACTURED BY J. H. ZEILIN & Co. MACON, GA., and PHILADELPHIA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



THE NEW IMPROVED REMINGTON SEWING MACHINE AWARDED THE "Medal for Progress," AT VIENNA, 1874.

The Highest Order of "Medal" Awarded at the Exposition. No Sewing Machine Received a Higher Prize.

A FEW GOOD REASONS. 1.—A New Invention Thoroughly Tested and secured by Letters Patent. 2.—Makes a perfect lock stitch, alike on both sides on all kinds of goods.

3.—Runs Light, Smooth, Noiseless and Rapid—best combination of qualities. 4.—Durable—Runs for Years without Repair.

5.—Will do all varieties of Work and Fancy Stitching in a superior manner. 6.—Is Most easily Managed by the operator. Length of stitch may be altered while running, and machine can be threaded without needing thread through holes.

7.—Design Simple, Ingenious, Elegant, forming the stitch without the use of Cog Wheel Gears, Rotary Cams or Lever Arms. Has the Automatic Drop Feed, which insures uniform length of stitch at any speed. 8.—The Thread Controller, which allows easy movement of needle-bar and prevents injury to thread.

9.—Construction most careful and finished. It is manufactured by the most skillful and experienced mechanics, at the celebrated Remington Sewing Machine Co., New York office No. 6 Madison Square, (Kurtz's Building.) July 1, 74.

Notice! The MORGAN BLACK HAWK

STALION will travel through the counties of Wisconsin and Somerset during the fall season. Persons wishing to improve their

STOCK will have an opportunity to do so. This horse is well known in the lower counties, and requires no further recommendation.

T. G. WILLOUGHBY, Proprietor. East New Market, Dorchester Co., Md.

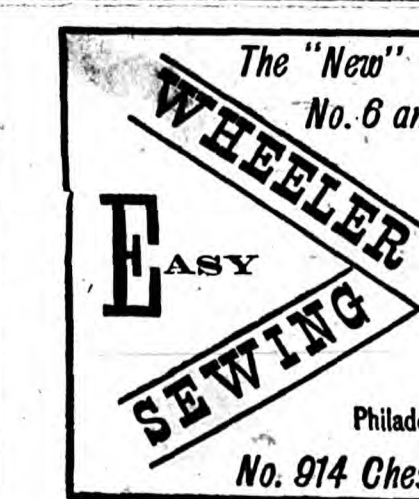
A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE!!

THE undersigned offer at private sale that valuable FARM on the south side of the Wisconsin river, about one mile above White Haven, known as WATERS' FARM, belonging to Dr. Thomas W. Stone. The Farm contains about three hundred and sixty acres of land, is finely situated, convenient to navigation, railways, school churches, &c., has on it a good site for a COUNTRY STORE. The buildings consist of a large

Dwelling House, PAINT BRICK, cellar, and all other necessary out buildings, is also convenient for the cyster trade, fine oysters grow within three miles of the landing. This

FARM is naturally one of the best grazing Farms in Somerset county. Cattle often pass the winter here without any feed except what the common and marsh afford. Taken altogether, it is a desirable property. The land is very productive. Terms made easy. Apply to DR. THOMAS W. STONE, Princess Anne, Md. Or to LEMUEL MALONE, Salisbury, Md.

HUSTON & COLLINS, (Late J. W. Huston & Co.) WHOLESALE COMMISSION DEALERS' COUNTRY PRODUCE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, ALSO, Fish and Oysters of Every Kind. No. 313 South Front Street, Philadelphia. Also, Nos. 29 and 30 Del. Ave. Fish Market, Philadelphia. Consignments Solicited. Prompt Returns Made.



COLORED SILKS FOR AUTUMN WEAR.

60 Pcs. Colored Silks at \$1.50. 20 Pcs. Colored Silks at \$1.65. 48 Pcs. Colored Silks at \$1.75. 60 Pcs. Colored Silks at \$2.00. 40 Pcs. Colored Silks at \$2.25. 20 Pcs. Colored Silks at \$2.50.

This magnificent assortment of Colored Silks for the Fall and Winter season are of our own direct importation, and having been under ordered under exceptionally favorable circumstances, we are enabled to offer them at even less than usual whole sale rates.

They include all the latest and most fashionable tints any colors. Samples cheerfully sent an application and all orders receive our prompt and personal attention. As we regularly have to the one price system, parties ordering from a distance may feel entire confidence that they purchase the goods as low as they could buy of us in person.

Also lately opened, new invoices of BLACK ALPACAS, BLACK MOHAIRS, BRILLIANTINES.

Which we gladly submit to a comparison with any goods imported into the U. S.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER, N. W. Cor. Eighth and Market Sts., PHILADELPHIA.

Another Chance!! FIFTH AND LAST GIFT CONCERT IN AID OF THE PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

POSTPONED TO Monday, 30th November, 1874. DRAWING CERTAIN AT THAT DATE.

LIST OF GIFTS. One Grand Cash Gift \$250.00 One Grand Cash Gift 100.00 One Grand Cash Gift 75.00 One Grand Cash Gift 50.00 One Grand Cash Gift 25.00 5 Cash Gifts, \$20.00 each, 100.00 10 Cash Gifts, 15.00 each, 150.00 15 Cash Gifts, 10.00 each, 150.00 20 Cash Gifts, 5.00 each, 100.00 25 Cash Gifts, 4.00 each, 100.00 30 Cash Gifts, 3.00 each, 90.00 50 Cash Gifts, 2.00 each, 100.00 100 Cash Gifts, 1.00 each, 100.00 240 Cash Gifts, 50c each, 120.00 500 Cash Gifts, 10c each, 50.00 19,000 Cash Gifts, 5c each, 950.00

Grand Total 2,000 Gifts, all cash, 2,500.00 PRICE OF TICKETS. Whole Tickets \$5.00 Halves \$2.50 Tenths, or each Coupon 50c 11 Whole Tickets for 5.00 22 1/2 Tickets for 1.00

For Tickets and information, address THO. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky. Or THOS. H. HAYS & Co., 609 Broadway, New York.

PENROCK SCHOOL FOR BOYS. A select English, Classical and Commercial Boarding and Day School, Nos. 157, 159 and 161 Madison Avenue, Baltimore. Prof. James C. Kincaid, A. M. Principal, aided by six Professors of established reputation. The twelfth session opens Monday, Sept. 7th. Tuition, \$10.00 per session, including board, fuel, and laundry. Books and stationery extra. Circulars at the school or by letter after August 1st. Circulars at the school, bookstores and drug stores.

START IN LIFE! BRYANT, STRATTON & SADBler Business College. No vacation—Enter any time. For Documents, Money, Specimens, Patrons, Address and Manager, W. H. SADBler, Pres't, Baltimore.

HALLS PATENT HUCKING GLOVES. VERY GREATLY IMPROVED in from the claws, and the more complete shielding of the parts subject to wear, by metal plates, making them wear five times as long, and do the work faster and easier than any other hucker. Made of the very best leather, and in four sizes, right left handed. Samples sent prepaid on receipt of price. Halls' Gloves, \$1.25; Full gloves, \$2.50 per pair. Address HALLS' HUCKING GLOVE CO., Chicago, Ill.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Terms cash. Address Geo. W. Wilson and Co., Portland, Me.

A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents in their own locality. Costs NOTHING to try. Particulars Free. P. O. VICKERY & Co., Augusta, Me.

"PSYCHICISM, or Soul Charming?" How often we may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any persons, together with their money, by the use of our "Soul Charming" power, free by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Storage Guide, Key, and Breast, from Hints to Ladies. A queer book. 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & Co., Publishers, Philadelphia.

LARGE NUMBER OF Young Horses and Mares slightly more, for sale cheap, at Railway Station, 42 Chestnut Street, and at Forty-fourth street and Columbia Avenue, Philadelphia.

SILVER CORNET BAND OF THE SALISBURY CHURCH OR ASSOCIATION FESTIVALS Can be secured at reasonable rates, for any public occasion. Parties needing a band apply at once. Address Leader of band, Salisbury.



STIEFF GRAND, SQUARE AND Upright Pianos

Have received a word of Fifty First Premiums, and are among the best now made. Every instrument fully warranted for five years. Prices are as low as exclusive cost of the very best materials and the most thorough workmanship will permit. The principal pianists and composers, and the piano-purchasing public of the South especially, unite in the unanimous verdict of the superiority of the STIEFF PIANOS. The DURABILITY of instrument is wonderfully established by over SIXTY-TWO SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES in the South using over 300 of our Pianos.

Sole Wholesale Agents for several of the principal manufacturers of Cabinet and parlor Organs, prices from \$50 to \$500. A liberal discount to Clergymen and Sabbath Schools.

A large assortment of second-hand Pianos at prices ranging from \$75 to \$300, always on hand.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue, containing the names of over 2,000 Southern who have bought and are using the Stieff Piano.

CHAS. M. STIEFF, Warerooms No. 9 North Liberty Street, BALTIMORE, MD. Factories, 84 & 86 Camden St., and 45 & 47 Perry St.

J. C. McNAUGHTON & CO., GENERAL Commission Merchants, DEALERS IN Grain, Lumber And all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. NO. 264 S. FRONT ST. PHILADELPHIA.

JOHN COMBES Fruit Commission Merchant, No. 100 PARK PLACE, New York.

Daily advice of sales. Checks sent weekly All Peach Baskets and Berry Crates, not delivered to R. K. Co., paid for.

A GOOD BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY THE HOWE MACHINE COMPANY! Are recognizing their AGENCY DEPARTMENT, and can offer better terms than ever before given to reliable, energetic men to sell their

New Light Running SEWING MACHINES IN MARYLAND and VIRGINIA. Apply at or address NO. 38 NORTH CHARLES STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.

N. B. Applicants for country territory must be able to furnish horse Agents wanted at Salisbury. [6-m]

OSWEGO SILVER GLOSS STARCH. For the Laundry. MANUFACTURED BY T. KINGSFORD & SON. HAS BECOME A HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY. Its great excellence has merited the commendation of Europe for American Manufacture.

PULVERIZED CORN STARCH PREPARED BY T. KINGSFORD & SON. Expressly for food, when it is properly made into puddings, is a dessert of great excellence.

For Sale by all first-class Grocers. June 17-3m. HE GREATER ST. WONDERS FOR THE AGE

THE TOY MONITOR. Patented Nov. 18th, 1873. PROPELLED BY A JET OF WATER. This beautiful Toy, 12 inches long and 3 wide, will be sent neatly packed in a Pasteboard Box to any part of the United States on receipt of \$2.

You will also find the best and largest assortment of Children's Carriages, Barrows, Rocking Horses, Toys and Fancy Goods, Wholesale and Retail, at 47 South 2nd St., Phila Pa., May 9th, 1874.

GOODS RETAINED AT WHOLESALE PRICES! At the Baltimore FAIR FACTORY, No. 83 WEST FAYETTE ST. Dress Shirts made to order in the best manner, of the very best material, for \$2.25, and guaranteed to fit perfectly. Shirts ready made of Wamatta Muslin and Fine Family Linen, only \$1.25. Best Linen Collars 6c for \$1.00. MONTGOMERY, agent. Write for Circular, with directions for self-measure.

H. L. BOGGS & CO FRUIT AND PRODUCE. Commission Merchants, 29 DELEWARE AVENUE MARKET, PHILADELPHIA. References: R. H. Boyd, Del. City. J. W. Taylor, 222 R. Del.

MELICK BROS. & EASTON, WHOLESALE Commission Merchants, FOR THE SALE OF FRUIT, VEGETABLES BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS, POULTRY. And all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. 108 Chambers Street, New York.

Constant Employment—At home, Male or Female, \$2.00 a week warranted. No capital required. Particulars and valuable sample sent free. Ad. to us with the return stamp, C. R. 88, Washington St. N. Y.

8 O'CLOCK. Especially designed for the use of the Medical Profession and the Family, possessing those intrinsic medicinal properties which belong to an Old and Pure Tonic. Indispensable to Female. Good for Kidney Complaints. A delicious Tonic. Put up in cases containing one dozen bottles each, and sold by all druggists, grocers, &c. A. M. H. H. H. & Co., established 1878, No. 133 Broadway, New York.

Constant Employment—At home, Male or Female, \$2.00 a week warranted. No capital required. Particulars and valuable sample sent free. Ad. to us with the return stamp, C. R. 88, Washington St. N. Y.

Constant Employment—At home, Male or Female, \$2.00 a week warranted. No capital required. Particulars and valuable sample sent free. Ad. to us with the return stamp, C. R. 88, Washington St. N. Y.

W. CONNOLLY, C. R. RINGOLD,
CONNOLLY & RIGGOLD,
Commission Merchants,
318 South Front St.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Consignments solicited and order
promptly attended to.
Apr. 11, 1874.

NANTICOK HOUSE,
At the JUNCTION of the
Dorchester & Delaware Rail
ROADS,
SEAFORD, DELAWARE.

MOSTERD & WARFIELD Proprietors.
R.D. ELLEGOOD
WITH
T. & D.G. RYER,
FRUIT
Commission Merchants,
46, 48 & 50 CENTRE ROW,
W. WASHINGTON MARKET, N. Y.

WILLIAM S. GORDY
D. D. STARIN & DUNCAN
PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
And Dealers in all kinds of
FRUIT.
98 Park Place, New York,
ESTABLISHED 1853.

References, by special permission:—A. T. Hays,
Esq., Cashier N. Y. River Bank, N. Y. City;
John Mulford, Esq., Vice-President West Side
Bank, New York City; R. M. Feltgen, Esq., Cashier
First National Bank, New York City; J. Joseph W.
Holmes, Esq., President Lockport City Bank,
Lockport, N. Y. May 15-18.

WICOMICO MILLS,
HEAD OF DIVISION STREET,
Salisbury, Md.,
Wholesale and Retail.
Thomas Humphreys, Proprietor.
WICOMICO FAMILY,
SALISBURY EXTRA,
LOCUST GROVE SUPER,
FINE.

Patronize Home Manufactures.
Sept. 12-14.
Cottage Color Paints
\$1.00 to \$1.50 per Gallon.
English Roof Paint,
GROUNDED IN OIL, 50c per gal.
Liquid Slate Roof Paint,
FIRE PROOF, \$1.25 per gal.

Patent Petroleum Linseed Oil,
Works in all Paints as usual Linseed, only 20c.
per gal.
Machinery Oils,
B. O. KELLEY'S PATENT STEAM OIL, \$1.00
ENGINE OIL, 75c
FILTERED ROCK LUBRICATING OIL, 60c
Send for cards of colors and circulars.
NEW YORK CITY OIL
116 N. 10th Lane, New York.

A. W. WOODCOCK,
Has on Hand
THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF
Elgin, Waltham & Springfield
AMERICAN WATCHES

Also
SWISS & ENGLISH WATCHES
For Ladies and Gentlemen, solid 18k gold;
fine Gold Chains, Opera, Matinee,
Leontine and Chateleine; hand-
some stock of Plain, Carved
and Enamelled Jewelry;
Bracelets, Slaves,
Buttons, Studs,
Lockets,
Sets, Rings,
Charms, Gold Keys,
Armlets, Gent's Pins,
Shawl Pins, Scarf Pins, Em-
blematical designs 18k Wedding
Rings, etc., etc., etc.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE
Finest quality Cutlery, Table and Tea
Spoons, Forks and Knives, Butter
Berry dishes, Cake and Card
Baskets, Napkin Rings, Lad-
dles, Fruit Knives,
Pickle Forks, Su-
gar and Pre-
served Spoons, and many other articles in
this line. Full line of Black Jewelry.
Celebrated Mable & Todd Pens
None made finer and none can equal.
Agent for the celebrated
Lazarus & Morris Spectacles.

Full line of Gold, Silver, Steel and Rub-
ber Spectacles and Eye Glasses.
SILVER WATCHES from \$5.00
Just received a large stock of
CLOCKS—Very Low.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry care-
fully and practically repaired and war-
ranted.
AMOS W. WOODCOCK,
MAIN ST., SALISBURY, Md.

FREE
TARGE CASH WAGES GRANTED
any one who can be done during leisure time

Miscellaneous Advertisements.
JUSTICE BROS. & CO.,
Produce Commission Merchants,
17 & 18 N. Del. Ave. Market,
PHILADELPHIA.

REFERENCES.
R. H. Taylor, Wyoming, Del.
A. W. Woodcock, Salisbury, Md.
F. W. Chamberlain, Seaford, Del.
A. Moore, Greensboro, Md.
My 16-4m.

GET THE BEST
Webster's Unabridged Dictionary.
10,000 Words and Meanings not in other
Dictionaries.
3000 Engravings, 1840 Pages Quarto.
Price \$12.

Webster now is glorious—it leaves nothing
to be desired. [P. H. Raymond, Vasa-
r College.]
Every scholar knows the value of the
work. [W. H. Prescott, the Historian.]
He is the best of the best of the best of
the language. [Dr. J. G. Holland.]
superior in most respects to any other
known to me. [George F. Morris.]
The standard authority for printing in this
office. [A. H. Clegg, Government Printer.]
sees all others in giving and defining
scio the terms. [President Hittcock.]
emblematic compendium of human know-
ledge. [W. S. Clark, President Agricultural Col-
lege.]
ALSO
WEBSTER'S NATIONAL PICTORIAL
DICTIONARY.
1040 Pages Octavo, 800 Engravings. Price \$5
20 TO 1.

The sales of Webster's Dictionary are
throughout the country in 1873 were 20
times as large as the sales of any other Dic-
tionaries. In proof of this we will send of
any person, on application, the statements
of more than 100 booksellers from every
section of the country.
G. & C. MERRIAM, Springfield, Mass.
Publishers Webster's Unabridged.

Webster's Primary School Dictionary 204
Engravings.
" Common School " 274
" High School " 297
" Academic " 324
" Consulting House " 344
with numerous illustrations and many valuable
tables not to be found elsewhere.
Published by Ivison, Blakeman Taylor &
Co., New York.

CANFIELD BROS. & CO.,
Keep constantly on hand a very large Stock
of fine WATCHES, comprising
AMERICAN WATCHES,
European Watches, all last makes,
High Jewels, in every variety,
Oxydized and Plain, in every variety,
Chateleine and Perfume Bottles, new
Silverware, a full stock,
Traveling Bags, Belts and Cases,
Furnishings, Dressing Cases, Leather Goods,
Fanciful very low prices.
Cologne, Brushes and Soaps, Razors, &c.
CANFIELD BROS. & CO.
COR. BALTIMORE & CHARLES STS.,
BALTIMORE, Md.
5-62 Jan 1-17.

PRICE LIST
OF
B. WASKEYS
FURNITURE **WAREHOUSES**
No. 3, Nth. Gay Street,
NEAR BALTIMORE STREET,

Wall Chamber Suits \$5.00 to 600
Parlor " 20.00 to 200
Cottage Suits 20.00 to 100
Bedsteads 20.00 to 100
Bureaus 20.00 to 100
Washstands 20.00 to 100
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Rockers 20.00 to 100
Buffets and sideboards 20.00 to 100
Mattresses 20.00 to 100
Hair Mattresses 20.00 to 100
Feather Beds, Bedding, Pillows, Bolsters,
etc., etc., at the lowest rates.
COME AND SEE US.
Feb. 21, 74-75.

JOHN DUER & SONS
DEALERS IN
BUILDERS & CABINET HARDWARE,
AGENTS FOR FIRST-CLASS
SLATE & STATUARY
MARBLE MANTELS.
bureau 21, 74-75.
T. D. WILDER & CO.,
514 SOUTH WHARVES,
PHILADELPHIA, Pa.
Charles Helfrich, Ira C. Clark,
C. H. Helfrich & Co.,
COMMISSION DELAERS IN
COUNTRY PRODUCE.
108 Murry Street,
NEW YORK.

CHARLES P. STEVENS,
MANUFACTURER OF
CABINET FURNITURE.
Office and Warehouses, No. 8, Calvert St.
Factory, No. 6 Low St.
BALTIMORE, Md.
Apr 8-11
G. H. BARTELS,
Commission Merchant,
IN ALL KINDS OF
FRUIT & PRODUCE,
272 & 274 W. 10th & 100 & 110 Warren St
NEW YORK.

THE HANNAH MORE ACADEMY,
The Diocesan School for Girls,
Near Baltimore.
Offers special inducements to those de-
siring for their daughters careful training,
through instruction, high culture, and the
influence of a Christian Home. The next
term will begin Wednesday Sept. 10.
Address Rev. Arthur J. Hen, M. D.,
Reisterstown, Md.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.
GEO. W. HUGHES,
COMMISSION DEALER IN
FRUIT BUTTER, FISH
AND EGGS,
POULTRY
PRODUCE, OYSTERS.
314 South Front Street,
Philadelphia.
January 17-17.

VINEGAR BITTERS
"VEGETABLE FREE FROM
"PAINFUL CALICUM"
"DEWALLER'S CALICUM"
VINEGAR BITTERS

Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a pure & agreeable
preparation, made chiefly of the
native herbs found on the low ranges of the
Sierra Nevada mountains of California,
the medicinal properties of which
are extracted and concentrated without the use
of alcohol. The question is almost
daily asked, "What is the cause of the
unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?"
Our answer is, that they remove the
cause of disease, and the patient re-
covers his health. They are the great
blood purifier and life-giving principle,
a perfect Renovator and Invigorator
of the system. Never before in the
history of the world has a medicine been
compounded possessing the remarkable
qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the
sick of every disease man is heir to. They
are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic,
relieving Congestion or Inflammation of
the Liver and Visceral Organs in Bilious
Diseases.

The properties of Dr. WALKER'S
VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic,
Carminative, Nutritive, Laxative, Diuretic,
Sedative, Counter Irritant, Sudorific, Altera-
tive, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim
VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonder-
ful Invigorant that ever sustained the
sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters
according to directions, and re-
main long unwell, provided their
bones are not destroyed by mineral
poison or other means, and vital or-
gans wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent, and Inter-
mittent Fevers, which are so
prevalent in the valleys of our great
rivers throughout the United States,
especially those of the Mississippi,
Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee,
Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colo-
rado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl,
Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Ro-
noko, James, and many others,
with their vast tributaries, through-
out our entire country during the
Summer and Autumn, and remark-
ably so during seasons of unusual
heat and dryness, are invariably ac-
companied by the most dangerous
disorders of the stomach and liver, and
other abdominal viscera. In their
treatment, a purgative, exerting a
powerful influence upon these vari-
ous organs, is essentially necessary.

There is no cathartic for the purpose
equal to Dr. J. W. Walker's VINEGAR
BITTERS, as they will speedily remove
the dark-colored viscid matter with
which the bowels are loaded, at the same
time stimulating the secretions of the liver
and generally restoring the healthy
functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against dis-
ease by purifying all its fluids with
VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can
take hold of a system thus fire-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion. Head-
ache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs,
Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour
Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste
in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpi-
tation of the Heart, Nervousness, and
Languor, Pain in the region of the Kidneys,
and a hundred other painful symptoms,
are the offspring of Dyspepsia. One bot-
tle will prove a benefactor to the whole
family, and a lengthly advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil. White
Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled
Neck, Gout, Serpiginous Inflammations,
Indolent Indurations, Scalding Head,
Fistula, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin,
Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other
constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VIN-
EGAR BITTERS are the only and the best
cure, as they remove their great curative
powers in the most obstinate and in-
tractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic
Rheumatism. Gout, Bilious, Remittent
and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of
the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder,
these Bitters have no equal. Such Dis-
eases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons
engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as
Painters, Type-setters, and Lead-workers,
Miners, as they advance in life, are sub-
ject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard
against this, take a dose of WALKER'S
VINEGAR BITTERS daily.

For Skin Diseases. Eruptions,
Tetter, Salt Rheum, Itches, Spots, Pim-
ples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-
worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysip-
elas, and all eruptions of the skin, and
all humors and Diseases of the Skin of
whatever name or nature, are literally
slung up and carried out of the system in a
short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms.
lurking in the system of so many thou-
sands, are effectually destroyed and re-
moved. No system of medicine, no ver-
minicide, Type-setters, and Lead-workers,
Miners, as they advance in life, are sub-
ject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard
against this, take a dose of WALKER'S
VINEGAR BITTERS daily.

Railroad and Steamboat Notices.
Wicomico and Pocomoke
AND
WORCESTER R. R.
TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:
LEAVE Salisbury 3:00 P. M.
" Pocomoke 3:45 "
" Wicomico 4:15 "
" Martin's 4:45 "
" Whaleyville 5:15 "
" Queenstown 5:45 "
Arrive at Snow Hill 6:00 "
LEAVE Snow Hill 7:45 A. M.
" Pocomoke 8:30 "
" Wicomico 9:00 "
" Martin's 9:30 "
" Whaleyville 10:00 "
" Pocomoke 10:30 "
Arrive at Salisbury 11:00 "
The above trains meet with Philadelphia and
Baltimore mail trains.
H. R. PITTS,
Pres't. & Supt.

DORCHESTER & DELAWARE
RAIL ROAD.
Time Table.
On and after Monday, Dec. 27th, 1873.

PASSENGER TRAINS, WITH FREIGHT CARS
attached, will, until further notice, run as
follows, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED:
LEAVE CAMBRIDGE 9:20 A. M.
" LINCOLN 10:20 "
" EAST NEW MARKET 10:27 "
" LINCOLN 11:27 "
Arrive at SEAFORD 12:40 "
LEAVE SEAFORD 2:10 P. M.
" LINCOLN 2:47 "
" EAST NEW MARKET 2:54 "
" LINCOLN 3:47 "
Arrive at CAMBRIDGE 4:20 "

This train makes close connection with trains on
the Delaware, Chesapeake & Potomac, and
South of Seaford, and with Steamers at Cambridge
and from Baltimore.
JAMES M. MURPHY,
Superintendent.
Jan. 24-74
N. B.—All freight must be on the platform and
properly packed, half an hour before the schedule
time for the train's leaving.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.
On and after Tuesday, April 28, 1874 the
EASTERN SHORE STEAMBOAT CO., OF
BALTIMORE.

Will run their Boats as follows, (weath-
er permitting), until further notice:
"MAGGIE"
Capt. S. H. WILSON,
Will leave South Street Wharf, Balti-
more, every Tuesday and Friday at 5
o'clock, P. M. for Crisfield, Oxford, and
Pitt's Wharf, Concord, and Hungar's
Taylor's and Davis' Wharfs, Newbern
and Snow Hill.

Returning every Monday and Thursday
leave Snow Hill at 5 o'clock A. M. New
bern 7:00, Rehoboth 8:00, Cedar Hill 8:30,
Pitt's wharf 9:00, Concord 9:00 P. M.
The STEAMER "HELEN."
Capt. Geo. A. Raynor,
Will leave the same wharf every Wed-
nesday and Sunday at 5 o'clock, P. M.
for Crisfield, Hoffman's, Boggs', Concord,
Davis', Miles', Hungar's and Taylor's
Wharfs.

Returning every Friday and Tuesday,
leave Taylor's at 6:00 o'clock A. M.,
Hunger's 6:30, Miles 10:00, Davis' 10:30,
Concord 11:00, Boggs' 1:30 P. M., Hoff-
man's 2:00 P. M.

Both boats leave Crisfield for Baltimore
on arrival of down train.
Freight and Passengers received for all
points on the Eastern Shore, Worcester
and Somerset and Wicomico and Pocomo-
ke Rail Roads. On Tuesdays and
Fridays only for Worcester Rail Road,
via Snow Hill.

Freight received up to 4:30 P. M. and
must be pre-paid.
P. R. CLARK, Agent,
105 South St. Baltimore.
WM. THOMPSON, Supt.
Crisfield, Md.

WADDY & CO.,
GENERAL PRODUCE
Commission Merchants,
242 Washington St. and 93 Park Place,
NEW YORK.
Mr. J. S. Savage is our authorized Agent.
May 16-2m

Notice! Notice!!
Arrivals by Steamers
BERLIN and BALTIMORE,
My Own Importation Monthly of
SUPERIOR
Gold
and
SILVER
WATCHES!
Spectacles, Eye Glasses,
BEST FRENCH GLASS; also
NEW JEWELRY,
SILVER WARE,
SWISS RAZORS AND STRAP
Most Celebrated in Use.
Full Assortment of
FINE GOODS,
FOR SALE BY
CABRIEL D. CLARK,
33 S. Calvert St., Cor. Water St.,
THE OLD STAND between German & Lombard sts.
P. S.—Watches properly repaired and adjusted
correct time. Silver Plate or Coin bought at big
Prices for goods or cash. Feb 21 17-2m

CHRISTIAN & CO.
Commission Merchants,
For the sale of Grain,
No. 141 N. Water St. & 148 North Del.,
Avenue, Phila.
J. W. Bacon,
WITH
CHRISTIAN & CO.,
Solicits consignments to that firm of
Lumber of every kind, Staves, R. It. Trest
Wood by the Cargo, Tanner's Bark, Quer
City Bark, and all kinds of Grain, to
which he gives his undivided attention
The usual advances made on all ship-
ments to their office.
Reference:—Governor Ponder, Milton,
Del., and the Presidents & Cashiers of
the Delaware and Philadelphia Banks
generally.

Magistrate's Blanks
Advertise
8 O'CLOCK.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.
APPLETON'S
AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA.
New Revised Edition,
Entirely rewritten by the ablest writers on
every subject. Printed from new type,
and illustrated with Seven Thousand
Engravings and Maps.
The work originally published under the
title of The New American Cyclopaedia was
completed in 1863, since which time the
wide circulation which it has attained in all
parts of the United States and the signal
developments which have taken place in
every branch of science, literature, and art,
have induced the editors and publishers to
submit it to an exact and thorough revision,
and to issue a new edition entitled The American
Cyclopaedia.
Within the last ten years the progress of
discovery in every department of knowl-
edge has made a new work of reference an
imperative want.
The movement of political affairs has kept
pace with the discoveries of science, and
their fruitful application to the industrial
and useful arts and the convenience and ad-
vancement of social life. Great wars and
consequent revolutions have occurred, in-
volving national changes of peculiar mo-
ment. The civil war of our own country
which was at its height when the last vol-
ume of the old work appeared, has happily
been ended, and a new course of commercial
and industrial activity has been commenced.
Large accessions to our geographical
knowledge have been made by the indefatig-
able explorations of Africa, Asia, and the
last decade, with the natural result of the lapse
of time, have brought new names and a
multitude of new men, whose names are in
every one's mouth. Of those whose lives were
one a curious story of the past, the great
battles have been fought and important
signs maintained, of which the details are as
yet preserved only in the newspapers or in
transient publications of the day, but which
ought now to take their permanent place in
an authentic history.
In preparing the present edition for the
press it has accordingly been the aim of the
editors to bring down the information to the
latest possible dates, and to furnish an ac-
curate account of the most recent discoveries
in science, of every fresh production in lit-
erature, and of the newest inventions in the
practical arts, as well as to give a succinct
and original record of the progress of political
and historical events of our own times.
The work has been begun after long and
careful preliminary labor, and with the
ample resources for carrying it on to a suc-
cessful termination.
None of the original stereotype plates have
been used, but every page has been printed
on new type, forming, in fact, a new Cyclo-
paedia, with the same plan and compass as
its predecessor, but with a far greater per-
centage of new matter, and with such im-
provements in its typography as have been sug-
gested by longer experience and enlarged
knowledge.
The illustrations which are introduced for
the first time in the present edition have
been added for the sake of pictorial ef-
fect, but to give greater lucidity and force to
the explanations in the text. They em-
brace all branches of science and of natural
history, and depict the most famous and re-
markable features of scenery, architecture
and art, as well as the various processes of
mechanics and manufactures. Although
intended for instruction rather than embel-
lishment, no pains have been spared to in-
sure their artistic excellence; the cost of
their execution is enormous, and it is be-
lieved they will find a welcome reception as
an admirable feature of the Cyclopaedia, and
worthy of its high character.
This work is sold to subscribers only,
payable on delivery of each volume. It will
be completed in sixteen large octavo vol-
umes, each containing about 800 pages, fully
illustrated with several thousand Wood En-
gravings, and numerous colored Lithograph-
ic Maps.

PRIZE AND STYLE OF BINDING.
In extra Cloth, per vol. \$5.00
In Library Leather, per vol. 7.00
In Half Leather, per vol. 6.00
In Half Binding, per vol. 5.00
In Full Binding, per vol. 10.00
Six volumes now ready. Succeeding vol-
umes, until completion, will be issued one
in two months.
* Specimen pages of the American Cy-
clopedia, showing type, illustrations, etc.,
will be sent gratis, on application.
First-Class Canvasing Agents Wanted.
Address the Publishers,
D. APPLETON & CO.,
540 & 551 Broadway, N. Y.

W. W. HAYNE,
General Agent for State,
22 P. O. Avenue, Balt., Md.
J. C. HANDY,
WITH
JOS. D. NEAL,
Produce Commission Merchant,
Berries, Peaches, Apples, Pears and Green Fruit.
Nos. 23 & 24 South Delaware Ave. Mark's
PHILADELPHIA.

Refers to Hon. E. C. Wilson, I. T. Mat-
thews and Robert S. Todd, Snow Hill.
PENINSULAR STOVE HOUSE!!!
—:—
GEORGE W. McHEAT, Prop'r
MAIN ST.,
SALISBURY, MD.
—:—
At this Establishment may be found at all times
a well selected stock of Parlor, Dining Room and
Cooking Stoves, of the latest and best work
promptly attended to, and all work guaranteed.
Orders for Stoves from abroad will receive prompt
attention, such orders will be filled on as at-
tention as the factory terms as the buyer were present.
No charge for freight. See call and see for
ourselves before purchasing elsewhere. Stoves re-
pairs attended to at short notice.
(10-1)

WM. S. RINGGOLD & CO.,
FRUIT & PRODUCE
Commission Merchants,
REMITTANCES PROMPT.
Refer to Judge I. T. H. Irving, Hon. J. W.
Crisfield, Peoples Bank, Phil.
256 North Water Street,
PHILADELPHIA

Cambridge Female Seminary,
CAMBRIDGE, MD.
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR
YOUNG LADIES.
Fall Session will open September 1, 1874.
A Home institution for the daughters
of Maryland in which to thorough in-
struction in solid and ornamental branch-
es are added the care and protection of a
Christian household. For catalogues ad-
dress
J. F. BAUGHER,
Principal.
Aug. 1-6w.

Magistrate's Blanks
Advertise
8 O'CLOCK.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.
L. H. MILLER.
MILLER'S
SAFE & IRONWORKS
ESTABLISHED IN 1857.
The best now in use—warranted free from rust
dampness or decay.
FIRE-PROOF MERCHANTS' SAFES,
WELDED STEEL AND IRON.
BURGLAR—Proof Bank Safes,
— FIRST CLASS
KEY & COMBINATION LOCK.
BANK VAULTS, DOORS AND FRAMES.
Over 12,000 in Use.
TESTED IN 200 FIRES.
First Class Goods at Low Prices. Send for Illus-
trated Catalogue and Price List.
Refer to First National Bank, Lynchburg National
Bank and People's Saving Bank of Lynchburg
all the Banks in Baltimore; Treasury Department
Washington, D. C.
Also see near references:
Shenandoah County Bank, Woodstock, J. W.
Danner
Bank of Warren, Front Royal.
New Market Savings Bank, New Market.
Page County Bank, Luray, Va.
Bank of Berryville.
Union Bank of Winchester.
National Bank of Harrisonburg.
Warrenton Bank, Warrenton, Ore.
Bank of Culpeper, Culpeper, Va.
Citizens Bank of Charlottesville, Va.
Georgia Loan & Trust Co., Atlanta.
Seaford Rolling Mill
West & Edwards
J. B. Lankford,
Joseph E. Johnson & Co., Savannah.
Palmer & Bishop
O. J. Mathewson,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
Atwood & Lamplugh,
Cochran & Maguire,
John A. Brown & Co.,
W. W. Woodruff & Co.,
Gilford & Co.,
John A. Brown & Co.,
Smith & Melton,
National Bank, New York.
1000 in Baltimore; 200 in Richmond.
WASHINGTON, D. C. Feb. 18, 1872.
L. H. Miller, Miller's Safe & Iron Works,
Dear Sir:—We have at last got our Safe of
your make out of the ruins of the Opera House
burned two months since. It passed through the
entire fire and has been in the smoldering ruins
ever since. It is a safe to state that the
contents were entirely unharmed, and to add an-
other proof to the superiority of your safe. The
safe was an old one to use in our office.
Over 200 similar letters have been received, proving
the utter impossibility to destroy the contents
of a Miller Safe. 12,000 now in use and a text
of 25 years before the public as a first-class
safe.
L. H. MILLER,
355 Baltimore St.,
Baltimore, Md.

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Miscellaneous Advertisements.
DYSPEPSIN
A Certain Cure For
DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, BILIOUSNESS, RICK HEADACHE, AND ALL ACID COSTIVENESS.
—:—
WHAT is Life without the en-
joyment of health? If you
died with Dyspepsia, or its kind-
red diseases, you could not enjoy
life. Dyspepsia is a prevalent dis-
ease, and its effects are brought
about by our habits and irregu-
larities. The Materia Medica has been
exhausted to find a remedy, and
the skill of the most learned phy-
sicians has failed to effect a cure.
Notwithstanding this declaration
you hesitatingly say: "MILLER'S
DYSPEPSIN is a Certain Cure for
Dyspepsia." It is a Certain Cure for
Dyspepsia, and its effects are brought
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larities. The Materia Medica has been
exhausted to find a remedy, and
the skill of the most learned phy-
sicians has failed to effect a cure.
Notwithstanding this declaration
you hesitatingly say: "MILLER'S
DYSPEPSIN is a Certain Cure for
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FOR PRESIDENT OF THE U. S.
ALLEN G. THURMAN,
OF OHIO.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.
THOMAS F. BAYARD,
OF DELAWARE.

FOR CONGRESS:
FIRST DISTRICT OF MARYLAND.
Hon. PHILIP F. THOMAS,
OF TALBOT COUNTY.

CONSECATED CHURCHES.

Not meaning to take any technical view of a subject, which in this relation we should be incompetent to discuss, recent events compel us to believe that the consecration of buildings devoted to the worship of Almighty God must have a certain chastening effect. There may be something "sentimental" about this conferred sanctity, but, nevertheless, there is sanctity; and there is a restraint which has hitherto been an unconsecrated graveyard, and that sense of sanctity is created by the consciousness that the dead repose below. One would hardly expect drinking booths or pnt a circus among graves, however ancient. And why should not a church be declared and kept sacred? The oldest forms of religion have accepted this discipline and practiced this observance. Twenty-eight centuries ago a Holy Temple was consecrated to the worship of the one God, and now, all over the world, the churches of that venerable form of faith are set apart for the same object. No indecorum, no irreverence of the great Presence which is believed to hallow it, no Fetich worship is there tolerated. The most ancient form of Christian faith consecrates the churches; and though as in the recent wedding at Washington, there are sometimes exceptional aberrations from the strict rules of good taste, even it was a religious ceremony, and as a general rule, indecorum does not exist. The younger sister of that church, the Anglican Commission, does the same thing, and the service of consecration is most impressive and exclusive of all out reverence for God. It "separates" a consecrated church "from all unhallowed, worldly and common uses, in order to fill men's minds with greater reverence for God's glorious majesty and affect their hearts with more devotion and humility." We cannot recall an instance when, in either of these forms of faith, any indecorum has occurred. And now for the moral of all this. We admit it is difficult to imagine such a man as Beecher, being minister of any of the orderly communions we have referred to; but assuming it to be so, could such acrobatic performances—such ground and lofty tumbling, with uproarious applause on the part of the audience as took place last Friday night in the Plymouth church, by any possibility occur in an edifice consecrated by solemn service and where the spirit of the Almighty is supposed to be present? Were it not indecorum, it would be ludicrous. The surging crowd filling the vestry room (or, as in their vernacular, it is called the "lecture-room") and then over flowing into the big church, the harmonious Beecher family, minus Isabella, but plus Harriet, in the front pew; the rosegrays, such as Theodore and Elizabeth used to send, arranged on the desk; the opening of the door and the appearance of Colonel Beecher (whose military prowess is unknown to history), and then the tumult of applause, at which we read the irreverent had laughed as a good joke, and finally Beecher himself, fresh from croquet and private theatricals. What occurred then words are wanting to describe. Men, including all the deacons, jumped up and huzzed. Women waved their moist handkerchiefs. It was the exact reverse of what was tried when Moulton came near being torn to pieces on the same "sacred" ground about a month ago. And Beecher gave out hymns which were sung with "expression," and uttered one of those admulatory and suggestive baragans called "prayers," and preached, and then, the benediction over, we read, everybody rushed to shake hands, and "Auld Lang Syne" was sung, after which Mr. Hall sang the "Marseillaise," and Mrs. John Hutchinson gave the "Last Rose of Summer," and in the midst of the chorus Beecher disappeared. And this is the Church of God, and these religious services; May we not rather call it Fetich worship, and the Gospel the Gospel of Beecher?—*Balto. Gazette.*

How THE MONEY GOES.—After November 20th, it will be easy to see how the money goes, for then the drawing will take place of the Public Library of Knowledge, and at that Grand Gift Concert \$25,000 in cash will be given away to ticket holders. The fortunate holder of the ticket drawing the first prize will walk off with \$250,000; of the second prize, \$100,000; of the third prize, \$75,000; of the fourth prize, \$50,000; of the fifth prize, \$25,000, &c., &c., until 20,000 grand prizes have all been distributed. Truly, this distribution will tell how the money goes!

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 6, 1874.

DEAR DOC:—In company with a number of our townsmen, we left Salisbury yesterday afternoon for a trip to the Monumental City. The train being on time we arrived at Crisfield before the steamer Maggie arrived, which gave us time to view the burnt district, which constitutes about one tenth part of the little Venice. We were informed that the greatest inconvenience was the interruption of business, as the property was insured to about its full value, so that no one was very badly injured except the insurance companies. We also found time to drop in and see our esteemed friend Evans, of the *Leader*, who is as genial as ever. Well, the Maggie arrived with a large number of passengers on board, and when our party got on board the number was about one hundred and fifty. We were not able to procure a state room or a berth, so we put on our overcoat and buttoned it up and threw ourselves back in an arm chair and made the best of it we could, but slept very little, not more than two hours during the night. We arrived safely at the wharf a little before five o'clock this morning, when we found our way up to the Maltby House, and after partaking of a good breakfast we felt greatly refreshed.

But we omitted to state that Capt. Wilson, of the Maggie, and his gentlemanly clerk and steward did all in their power to make the large number of passengers on board as comfortable as possible. We are here at the Maltby where we expect to get a good night's rest. Mine host, Mr. Hagan, can just keep a hotel as well as any man in the State, and all who make it convenient to stop at the Maltby find it to be one of the most substantial hotels to be found in the country. Well, we took a ride to Pimlico to-day and had a chance to see some of the finest cattle in the country. The stock of horses on exhibition was not so good as we expected to see; we mean so far appearance goes, but we were told that some game horses are among the number. To-morrow the races will begin and we will try and get you a full report at the end of the day in time to put in the "Tie" this week. The six who visit the fair grounds take the Fayette street cars to their terminus, then the Pimlico cars to the entrance of the grounds. The cars will take you there almost as quick as the hacks, and charge only fifteen cents while the hacks charge fifty cents. M.

MARTIAL LAW IN ALABAMA.

MONTEBERRY, October 6.—A letter to the Advertiser, from one of the most prominent and reliable citizens of Sumter county, says:

The United States Marshals are very actively engaged here. Martial law, in point of fact, exists in Sumter county. Houses are entered by United States soldiers without form or ceremony, private property is taken and carried off without leave or license, and private citizens, against whom there is no shadow of a charge, are arrested without a warrant or process of law. A few nights ago the whole body of the Democratic and Conservative Convention was put under arrest until the Deputy United States Marshal saw proper to release them. On the next night a squad of Federal soldiers went into the country and entered a house. Not finding the owner at the house, they took into their possession guns and pistols belonging to different parties. At one of the houses in charge of a negro man, who was sleeping in it with his little son, they in attempting to surround it awoke the little boy, who became frightened and started to run, when he was shot at eight or nine times, but whether wounded or not, I am unable to say. The next night Marshal Randolph, with soldiers and a detective, went to the house of one of the most quiet and respectable citizens and surrounded his house. When he got up in the morning he found that his premises were guarded all around. As soon as dressed, he opened the doors, and Randolph's soldiers and the detective came in. The gentleman was ordered to cross his hands so that he could be handcuffed. He demanded their authority for his arrest. The United States Deputy Marshal significantly tapped his musket and remarked, "This is my authority." Another old man started early to town, the United States Marshal with a squad met him and told him he was out too early, and arrested and held him for several hours. The Marshals appear surprised to find no white league in the country.

THE DELAWARE ELECTION.

WILMINGTON, Del., October 7.—An election was held yesterday in this State for inspectors and assessors, to conduct the election in November. A full vote was polled with the following results: Kent county, democratic majority 145; Sussex 217 and New Castle 102.

THE ELECTION IN GEORGIA.

The election for members of the Legislature passed off quietly. There was scarcely any opposition, except in a few counties, to the democratic candidates. The number of republicans in both houses of the next General Assembly will not exceed fourteen, giving a democratic majority on joint ballot, of two hundred and five. In one county seventeen hundred votes were polled. The democratic majority was fifteen hundred. J. C. C. Black, Patrick Walsh and Walter Clark were elected.

POLITICAL.

NEW ORLEANS, October 6.—R. H. Marr, President of the Conservative State Convention; Albert Voorhies, Vice President, and E. G. Dill and W. J. Bondendoff, Secretaries, have issued an address explanatory of the recent conference with the Kellogg party, and the agreement arrived at. After reviewing the circumstances which led to the uprising of September 14, and the subsequent negotiations for a compromise begun and broken off by the Kellogg party, but finally completed the address says: "The final negotiations were practically carried on by the State Central Committees representing the two political parties in the State. This responsibility was promptly assumed by said committees. As the regulations only affected questions with reference to conducting the political campaign, the question of government remains untouched and uncompromised, and no question of principle has been discussed, waived or concluded."

This agreement as to details does not operate a withdrawal of the Louisiana case from Congress. If not fully complied with by the other party it will only accumulate evidence of the hopelessness of the efforts made by our people to have a fair and legal expression of the popular will. We have always professed to be, and we are, a law-abiding people. Our reputation at home and abroad, our material interests, our devotion to our State, demand on our hands peace, order and good government.

The language used in the preamble of the agreement was not meant to make us accept the imputations that we are in any sense responsible for the disorders in this State, and we formally protest against any such interpretation. We merely pledge ourselves to lend our aid and influence to preserve order, provided the agreement is, in its spirit, fairly executed in all respects. We cannot too earnestly urge upon the conservative people to register and vote. United we advance against a divided and distracted enemy. Under the guarantees secured, with the great interests at stake, with the same firmness, vigilance and determination hitherto exhibited by our people, every Louisiana should exercise and enforce his electoral privilege, to make good our oft-repeated declaration that the majority of the voters of the State are in favor of an honest, pure and stable government.

ADMIT IN THE SKY.

A correspondent writes to the *Reader* that it was not Professor Phillips, but a young man by the name of Pennypacker, a resident of Columbia, who made the ascension in the balloon "Jonathan P. Moulton" from Columbia yesterday, though the airship was inflated under the superintendence of the Professor. After being filled, the balloon was towed two squares, and through some mismanagement or oversight it escaped without ballast and containing only Pennypacker, although it is capable of lifting three or four persons with ballast. The anchor caught a bay by the coat, and he was only saved from being carried into the air by Professor Phillips quickly cutting the rope. A high wind was blowing at the time, and the balloon, with its light weight, shot up with such frightful velocity as to nearly take away the breath of the occupant of the car. After being up an hour and a half, Pennypacker descended and was caught in the branches of a walnut tree in a field between Mount Joy and Elizabeth, when the airship was fearfully ripped, and Pennypacker made a narrow escape with his life. He says he doesn't want to go up again.

The airship will be duly repaired, and Prof. Phillips has arranged to make an ascension with it at Lewisburg on the 8th of October, and at Orwigburg on the 16th, from the Agricultural Fair Grounds. The balloon will be filled eighteen miles away from Lewisburg, and while inflated be towed to that place for the ascension.

A FATAL QUARREL.

A dispatch from Alexandria, Va., to the New York Republic states that persons from the neighborhood of Rectortown, Va., give the following particulars of the late shooting affair at that place on Thursday, October 1st: "A lady being in the store kept by L. E. Woodward, was asked by the latter to settle a bill she owed. She replied that she had not the required amount at the time, but would trade it out with him, meaning that she would bring country produce, and, thinking from his response that he intended to convey an insult, went home and so informed her brother, B. B. Spicer, who immediately repaired to the village, and, meeting Woodward, assaulted and beat him. Woodward, as soon as he could, got away from Spicer, ran to his house and getting a pistol advanced upon Spicer and shot at him, the ball grazing and wounding him in the forehead. Finding he had not killed him, he shot again, and this time N. B. Malone, having gotten within the range of the pistol, was accidentally struck by the ball and killed. Woodward closed his store immediately afterward, and up to last accounts has not been heard of."

Two Boys Shot by a Farmer.—A party of boys while climbing last Tuesday on the farm of Aaron K. Woodward, near Wilmington, Del., were ordered away. They were preparing to go when Woodward became exasperated and fired twice at them, wounding Wm. Jenkins and John Skelly. Jenkins died Wednesday night. Skelly was not fatally injured. Woodward has been committed to the New Castle jail.

CHANCES OF LIVING.

A medical writer of emulence has been collecting evidence as to the chances of life which children have, upon being born, in different countries. Out of 10,000 children born it is found from official statistics that in Norway as many as 7,416, or roughly speaking, three, out of every four, live to be twenty years of age. In England only 6,827 or live, or 788 fewer than in Norway. In the United States boys have nearly as good a chance of life as in England, while girls have not. But in France only 5,022, or scarcely more than one out of two reach twenty. While in Ireland no more than 4,855, or actually less than one out of two, attain that age. More surprising still are the statistics regarding old age. Out of the same 10,000, for example, we learn that in Norway 3,487, more than one out of three reach seventy; in England almost one out of four; in the United States, still men only one out of four—a trifle higher than England; in France 1,776, or about one, out of 8½, and in Ireland only 861, or one out of 11½. If this table is to be depended upon, we thus learn that of all countries in the world Norway offers the newborn child the best chance of long life; while Ireland offers the worst. And France, universally admitted to be so far as soil and climate are concerned one of the most favored regions of the earth, offers but little better chance than Ireland.

AN OYSTER SCHOONER WRECKED—THE CREW SUPPOSED TO BE DROWNED.

The oyster schooner *Georgiana*, Captain Lloyd Guy, left Pocomoke creek, Accomac county, Va., on the 30th ultimo, for the purpose of undergoing thorough repair. Shortly after she left a violent storm set in, and from subsequent events it is feared she foundered in the bay, and that Captain Guy and his crew met a watery grave. The vessel has not been heard of since, but the tariff of a schooner, with the name *Georgiana* painted on it, together with a trunk, a valise, a pair of boots, clothing containing two gold watches, some greenbacks and \$7 in gold, all identified as the property of Captain Guy and his crew, have been washed ashore. The wreck of the *Georgiana* has since been seen floating in the bay, in twelve feet water, only some two miles from Onancock creek.—These on board the schooner when she sailed were Capt. Lloyd Guy, Chas. Jones, his mate, and two colored sailors whose names are unknown. The entire crew are supposed to have either been picked up by an outward-bound vessel, or all drowned.—*Balto. Sun.*

THE WRONGS OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

COLUMBIA, October 6.—In a communication to the Attorney General of the United States, bearing date September 2, President Grant spoke of atrocities as existing here, which showed a disregard for law, civil rights and personal protection, that ought not to be tolerated in any civilized Government. The State Tax Union, which met in convention on the 10th of September, appointed a committee, consisting of one delegate from each county, to inquire what atrocities have been committed, and in what section, and by what class of persons. The committee has just made its report through Colonel James A. Rion, President. It says: "We have failed to ascertain a single case in the State of an injury, outrage or wrong committed during the present year by a white man upon a negro, in the slightest degree attributable to the race, color or previous condition of servitude of the negro, or upon any Republican on account of his political opinions."

OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

ACCEPTANCE BY GOV. THOMAS OF THE CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION.

Salisbury, Sept. 23, 74.

Hon. P. F. THOMAS:—We have been appointed a committee to convey to you the information that you have been unanimously selected by the Democratic Convention here assembled, as the nominee of that party for the next Congress.

In conveying to you this notice, permit us to avail ourselves of the opportunity to tender to you our personal congratulations and our earnest wishes for the largest measure of success.

We have the honor to be very truly Your obedient serv'ts,

A. HARGREAVE,
WM. E. TIMMONS,
HENRY PAGE,
WM. R. HAYWARD,
Committee.

EASTON, Sept. 25th, 1874.

Gentlemen:—I have had the honor to receive your letter of the 23d instant, informing me of my nomination by the Democratic Convention assembled at Salisbury on that day, as a candidate to represent the First Congressional District of Maryland in the next Congress of the United States. Appreciating fully, as I do, the distinguished honor which has thus been conferred upon me, I gratefully accept the nomination, and shall, at an early day, enter upon a canvass of the District, which I propose to make as thorough as the brief space of time which remains before the election will allow. With my sincere thanks for the very kind terms in which you have commended me to the result of the deliberations of the Convention, I have the honor to be,

Your obliged and ob'd serv't,
PHILIP F. THOMAS.

A. Hargreave, Wm. E. Timmons, H. Page, Wm. R. Hayward, Esquires, Committee.

IMPORTANT DECISION UNDER THE REGISTRATION LAW.

The register of voters for Petersville district, Frederick county, Md., having ceased from the list of voters the name of Ezra Slifer, the latter appealed to the Circuit Court, which gave a decision in the case last Thursday. On behalf of the register it was alleged that Slifer did not spend a month during the entire year in Petersville district, while on the other part it was shown that Slifer's original residence was in that district, where he had long previously voted and been registered without question. Being unmarried and without family, he did not keep house, but had a room in the house of a friend in that district, for whom he acted as agent when not otherwise employed. He boarded in Frederick city for the month during several years past, but never voted there, and had always considered Petersville his voting residence. Judge Bowie delivered the opinion of the court, declaring that Slifer is entitled to be registered in Petersville district. The question raised in this appeal is of general interest, similar cases having been of frequent occurrence throughout the State.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR QUININE.

For years, quinine was regarded as the only specific for malarious diseases, and immense quantities of the drug were annually consumed throughout our western country, more particularly along the river bottoms and adjoining low lands. With the fall months malarial, in all its varied forms, stalks like an epidemic through the land, and whole districts are prostrated with chills and fever, the entire population making with ages. Heretofore, quinine was regularly resorted to; but, while it frequently failed to effect a cure, it invariably damaged the stomach, producing nausea, vertigo and fugitive pains in the head so extensive that months elapsed ere the system recovered from its effects. These objections to its use were so marked, that the introduction of Misher's Herb Bitters was hailed as a triumph in medicine. Indubitably more certain in its beneficial effects than quinine, it possessed none of the demerits of that drug. Instead of nauseating, it tones and invigorates the stomach, and while speedily expelling the noxious humors, increases the appetite and facilitates digestion thus rendering the system stronger, and better fitted to resist the attacks of disease. In fact, a judicious use of Misher's Herb Bitters at this season of the year, will prevent the recurrence of this disease, even in those who have never passed an autumn without it. An experience of twenty years proves it to be the greatest ANTI-FETTER known to medical science.

There are, perhaps, no diseases so subject to climatic changes as affections of the kidneys. Hundreds of our farmers, mechanics, and laboring men, strong and hardy in all other respects, suffer continual inconvenience, and occasionally excruciating pains in the back and across the loins; experience a frequent desire to pass water, pain during its passage, and frequent stoppages in its flow. These are manifestations resulting from some strain or heavy lift (perhaps years ago), and aggravated by every change in the weather. Every slight cold flies direct to this one weak spot, and unless promptly attended to the disease becomes chronic, and the once strong man a miserable wreck. Misher's Herb Bitters is the only certain remedy for this class of diseases. It has a peculiar tendency to the kidneys, cleanses them to healthy action, and removing the cause, prevents the formation of brick-bust deposits, which, if permitted to continue, will by cohesion form gravel stones necessitating a painful operation for its removal. Many of the ingredients entering into its composition, are universally recognized as specifics for all complaints of the urinary organs. In Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, all disorders of the Bowels, and affections of the Throat and Lungs, it is equally certain and efficacious. While, as a remedy for the complaints peculiar to the females, it has equal claim. Laxative, and young, married and single, in every condition of life, will find this once sweetly prompt, safe, and reliable remedy. The sole and exclusive privilege of its manufacture is hereby granted to the undersigned. Sole and exclusive privilege of its manufacture is hereby granted to the undersigned. Sold only in bottles by all druggists and general dealers. Oct. 10, 74.

D. APPLETON & CO.,
549 & 551 Broadway, N. Y.

HAYNE,
Agent for State,
P. O. Avenue, Balto., Md.

J. C. HANDY,

WITH

JOS. D. NEAL,

Produce Commission Merchant,

Es, Peaches, Apples, Pears and Green Fruit,

23 & 24 South Delaware Ave. Mark's

PHILADELPHIA.

Refer to Hon. E. K. Wilson, I. T. Mat

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MINUSULAR STOVE HOUSE!!

GEORGE W. McBRIDEY, Prop'r

MAIN ST.,

SALISBURY, MD.

This Establishment may be found at all times

all selected stock of Furniture, Stoves and

Painting, Roofing, and all other work

promptly and cheaply executed.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

OF

Hardware, Stoves, Tin & Sheet Iron

Ware,

SOUTH OF PHILADELPHIA.

THE BEST COOK,

THE BEST

Cooking Stoves, June 13, 1871

Now in the Market. Price furnished with

For Wood and Coal. Nos. 6, 7, 8 and 9.

Plain & Beautiful Design,

Reversible Centres and Finished

Workmanship.

PATENT FEEDING AND SLIDING

FRONT DOORS.

Tin-Lined Oven Doors & Porcelain Knobs

Easily Managed.

Simple in Construction.

The Plates are heavy and

Plates unusually large.

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H. S. BREWINGTON,

Salisbury, Md.

September 1st.

Del. and Maryland Fast Freight Line

TO

JERSEY CITY.

The Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore and Pennsylvania

Rail Road Companies

Will commence running on or about September 20, 1874.

A Fast Freight Line between

Crisfield & Jersey City

Connecting with all points on Eastern Shore R. R.; Delaware

Division P. W. & B. R. R.; and all Branches and

Connections in Delaware and Maryland.

For the transportation of Oysters, Fish, Poultry, Eggs, Game, Fresh, Meats,

Produce, and all other Freight requiring quick dispatch and unusual

early delivery.

Trains of this line will be run at a high rate of speed, on schedule time

insuring their arrival at Jersey City in season for the earliest markets, and

for transhipment of freight by connecting lines, Express and Forwarding

Companies, running North and East, from New York, to which delivery will

be made immediately after arrival.

Empty packages will be returned Free.

General Merchandise for shipment by this line, at greatly reduced rates

to points in Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, will be received daily before

5 o'clock, P. M., at Pier 39, New York, or at Jersey City.

For full particulars, including rates, etc., apply to

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A. J. BENJAMIN, Agent, Philadelphia, Pa.

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And to all Agents Delaware Division P. W. & B. R. R., and Connecting

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WALTER FREEMAN, CHARLES K. IDE,

General Freight Agent, U. R. R. of N. J. Division, Master of Transportation,

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

September 5th, 6 weeks, 1874.

Best Collage Organ.

VOX HUMANA TREMOLO.

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Oct. 3, 2m



Lemuel Malone, Editor and Proprietor.

"TRUTH WITHOUT FEAR."

\$1 Per Annum in Advance

VOLUME VIII.

SALISBURY, WICOMICO CO., MARYLAND, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1874.

NUMBER 7.

THE
"Salisbury Advertiser"
IS PUBLISHED EVERY
Saturday Morning
AT
Salisbury, Wicomico County, Maryland.
LEMUEL MALONE, Publisher & Editor

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
1 line, 21 days, 10c; 1 month, 30c; 3 months, 80c; 6 months, 1.50; 1 year, 2.50.
10 lines, 1 month, 2.50; 3 months, 6.00; 6 months, 10.00; 1 year, 17.50.
100 lines, 1 month, 10.00; 3 months, 25.00; 6 months, 40.00; 1 year, 70.00.
Special rates for long advertisements.

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Practice in the Courts of Maryland and Delaware.

WILSON HUMPHREYS,
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Will attend strictly to all business entrusted to his care. Office over the store of A. G. Treadwell & Co., Main Street.

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Will attend strictly to all legal business entrusted to him, and to the sale of Real Estate.

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Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

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OFFICE, 615 Seventh Street, N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
THE COURT OF CLAIMS, IN ALL THE COURTS
OF THIS DISTRICT, AND IN THE COURTS OF
MARYLAND.

Special and prompt attention given to the Collection of Accounts and the Enforcement of Merchants' Liens.
January 21-17.

WM. M. THOROUGHGOOD,
BLACKSMITH.
All kinds of work which the wants and necessities of the public demand, such as
MACHINE TOOLS,
HORSE SHOEING,
CARRIAGE WORK,
and every other job of work in the province of
General Blacksmithing,
executed at the shortest possible notice and at reasonable prices.

No jobs are ever turned away from the shop. Work done on the premises and on the road. Orders for work are respectfully solicited.
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SPENCER E. McALLISTER, has
opened at the
FIVE POINTS,
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DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, AND
FAMILY GROCERIES,
here may always be found the best
BRANDS OF FLOUR,
market. The public are respectfully
urged to call and see the stock before
purchasing elsewhere. Quick sales and
small profits, is the order of the day.
Jan 23-17

MARYLAND STEAMBOAT COMPANY.
For Baltimore Via Cambridge.

THE SOUTHERN HIGHLAND LIGHT, Capt. E. Leonard leaves Cambridge every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5:30 P. M., upon arrival of the Baltimore & Delaware Bay train from Seaford, arriving at Baltimore at 4 A. M. the following morning.

Passengers from SEAFORD \$3. Round trip tickets \$5. RETURNING—Leave Baltimore from Pier 3, Light at 9 P. M. every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, making connection with the D. & D. line the following morning (except Sunday) for Seaford.

Freight received for all stations on the D. & D. line, and connecting Rail Roads, and carried at lowest rates. For further information apply at the office of the company, No. 30 Light at Baltimore.

A RARE CHANCE!
FOR SALE OR RENT!
STEAM MILL.
I offer for Sale or Rent a first-class Steam Mill 40 horse power in good condition, recently fitted up. Contrary to custom, if desired, I will rent the establishment complete, and sell on reasonable terms. Team, Cattle, etc. The mill is situated within half a mile of Concord Wharf, on Occoquan Creek. Plenty of Lumber. Good local demand. A rare chance this, for an energetic party. Communicate with me at once.

Dr. E. G. BOOTH,
JOHN ADDISON, Esq.,
Concord Wharf, Va.
Oct 3, 2m.

Hotel Advertisements.
PENINSULAR HOUSE,
MAIN STREET, SALISBURY, MD.
J. TRACY, Proprietor.
COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
326 MARKET STREET,
Philadelphia.
HENRY SCHLICHTER, Prop'r.
Board \$2 per Day.
November 22-17

AMERICAN HOTEL,
CHESTNUT STREET,
Opposite Old Independence Hall
PHILADELPHIA.
S. M. HEULINGS, - - Proprietor,
LA PIERRE HOUSE,
BROAD & CHESTNUT
Philadelphia.

J. B. BUTTERWORTH, Proprietor.
Terms \$3.50 per Day.
April 19-17

TAYLOR'S HOTEL,
Jersey City, N. J.
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.—Open all hours.
Opposite the New Jersey Railroad Depot; near the New Jersey Central, Morris & Essex, New York & Erie, and Northern Railroad Depots; near the Grand Central Station, and within twelve minutes of Wall Street, Canal Street, and City Hall.

LYMAN FISK, Proprietor.
RIDGWAY HOUSE,
N. W. Corner
Market St., and Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

JAMES B. LIPSETT, J. B. BUTTERWORTH,
Supt. Prop'r.
April 19-17

MALTY HOUSE,
BALTIMORE, MD.
C. R. HOGAN, Proprietor.
REDUCTION OF FARE.

In consideration of the general decline in cost of all necessities pertaining to Hotel Keeping, the price of Board will be reduced and after January 1st, 1875, to
\$2.50 Per Day.
being determined that nothing will be left done in the future to make the "Malty" what it has been in the past—second to none in the city.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
N. W. Cor French & Water Sts.
WILMINGTON, DEL.
T. B. MERRITT, Proprietor.

The above house has been put in complete repair for the reception of guests, where they will receive all the accommodations of a first-class hotel. Bar filled with the choice of wine, liquors, etc., and the table supplied with the best of the market.

MALTY HOUSE,
Between Broadway & Bowery,
NEW YORK.
Having been thoroughly repaired, and refitted, this House, central to business and amusements, is again open for the reception of guests, upon either the
American or European Plan,
TRANSIENT OR PERMANENT.

Transient—Table d'hôte, \$3.00. Rooms \$1.00 Per Day.
Discount to Permanent Guests.
No. 23 Great Jones Street,
GEO. R. NASH, Proprietor.

FOXWELL HOUSE,
ON THE
EUROPEAN PLAN,
NO. 36 W. PRATT ST.
BALTIMORE, MD.
Meals served at all hours, Day & Night.

THE BAR,
Is Stocked with the FINEST WINES,
LIQUORS, &c.
Board, per Day, \$1.25
"Week, 6.00
Meals, 25 and 50 cts.
Lodging, 40 "

F. G. FLETCHER, Prop'r.
May 23-17

Clayton House,
Corner of Fifth and Market
AND EXTENDING TO KING STREET,
Wilmington, Del.

This new, large and commodious House was opened as a First Class Hotel, on Thursday, March 27, 1873.

The interior arrangement of this building is admirable. The parlors, drawing rooms, etc., are elegantly furnished; and the sleeping apartments which are fitted out with every modern appliance of utility and comfort will accommodate three hundred guests.

While the elevated situation of the Clayton House affords facilities for the coolest ventilation, it also commands, from the parlors and chambers, an extensive view of the Delaware and Christina rivers; and from the promenade, there is a panoramic view unfolded, embracing the hills and valleys of the classic Brandywine, unsurpassed in picturesque and beauty.

The Proprietor having had a large experience in the management of hotels, and having secured the services of competent assistants, no effort will be spared to give satisfaction to all who may favor the Clayton with their patronage. Terms moderate.

H. W. SAWYER, Proprietor

POETRY.
MEMORY.
BY E. HYDE.
Why, O memory! dost thou picture
To my heart the past,
With its wild, wild dreams of pleasure,
Dreams which could not last?
Ay! to night come long gone voices,
Of the loved of earth;
Like the ripple of soft music,
When the soul hath death.

But the mockery of gladness
O'er my soul doth swell,
Making only bitter sadness
In my heart to dwell.

Memory brings to heart so weary
Words of hope and love,
And of fond, false vows too dearly
Trusted—but to prove—

False! O memory, hush thy pleadings!
Lest I once more clasp
Form best loved of earth,
And wildly break the spell at last.

Is it not enough we parted,
And another claims
All the love I dreamed mine only?
'Twas not only dreams.

Do not shrink, I will but chide
For thy false words given,
When in thee I fondly trusted—
Hark! that trust was given.

Once for me the days were glorious,
Nights were moonlight ever
And the future pictured joyous,
What is sadness ever.

Memory, torture me no longer,
Hush that mocking voice;
In the gloom which settled o'er me
Bid me not rejoice.

Back, sad tears, I will not shed them—
Drink of Lethe's deep river
And forget, no grief should win thee
To her side forever.

See you cloud is lined with silver,
And a pale bright star above
Softly whispers—in that Heaven
All is perfect love.

Perfect love, there comes no shadow
Marring sunlight's gleam,
Weary ones forget their sadness
Drinking of that stream.

Those that bear a cross too heavy
Wear the lightest crown,
And it may be they sit nearer
Round the shining throne.

SELECT READING.
THE UNFINISHED WILL.

Clara Ellwell's face was the sunniest, the fairest, the pleasantest one I had seen for many a day; and when she called upon me for advice one morning, in reference to a "somewhat delicate affair," as she modestly termed the object of her business, I became instantly interested in her.

"I think you know Mr. Miles Graspell," she inquired, at first.

I told her I did. I had known this person, boy and man, for nearly forty years, and was his legal adviser.

"Then I need only add," she continued, "that he is my guardian. An honest, but miserably penurious man, crochety and willful in his way and determined in any plan he undertakes, to carry his point, without regard to the fancy or pleasure of others."

"Well," I replied, "he is rich, he has no family; he has passed the average of years of life considerably, and will make you his heir, miss, very likely. I have heard him speak of you often."

"I knew you had served him in a professional way," replied the young lady, "and this is why I called upon you to-day, in preference to consulting another."

"In what manner may I be able to serve you, then?" I inquired.

"My case is simply this," she said, "I have known Mr. Calder five years. I am eighteen, and have been engaged to him over a year. He is in every way worthy, industrious, fairly talented, honorable, and good, but he is a poor clerk, and is without present prospects. My old guardian never liked him, never countenanced him. He has always opposed our union, and has now matured acquaintance, and has a plan for my marriage with a creature of his own—a distant relative, I think, towards whom I entertain an unconquerable aversion."

"Then you are not altogether on friendly terms, I should say, with your guardian?"

"Oh, yes, always. He works very quietly, you see, sir. He does not talk much, as you are aware. But he keeps up a terrible thinking. Whenever he does allude to my affair, he repeats the words I have heard him pronounce a hundred times:—'You're a good girl, Cally. I've educated you; taken care of you since your early orphanage; and I will provide handsomely for you if you marry agreeably to my wishes.'"

"Well, what do you propose, miss?"

"I propose not to marry the man he has assigned me to," said the young lady, sharply. "Why, sir, he is old enough to be my father. And I will only marry the man I love, anyway."

"So far I applaud your decision, if, as you assert, the object of your affections is worthy—"

"In every way," she insisted, earnestly. "But his means are limited to a moderate salary, and his prospect for advancement is not very promising. Meanwhile my old guardian annoys me constantly with the presence of his disagreeable bachelor friend, whom he makes his guest at home from one month's end to another. I'm tired of this persecution. How shall I rid myself of this troublesome suitor?"

I smiled at Clara's earnest simplicity and replied that if it were a case of legal difficulties simply, I could find some way to assist her. As, however, I really did not see that a lawyer could aid her.

"But you are my guardian's legal adviser," she persisted.

"So I am, miss."

"You advise him in all his business affairs—"

"True. But in this kind of affair I could not assume to dictate to him. And if I did, I know him too well to believe that he would not follow out his notions to the end, in spite of any suggestions I could offer."

"You hint that I may be my guardian's heir. I never thought of this, nor do I care about it."

"And Mr. Calder?" I ventured.

"Has he no eye to your fortune, or dowry?"

"Not the least thought in that direction ever suggested itself to him. I honestly believe," she replied.

"And your guardian knows nothing of your engagement?"

"No, sir. Why, he won't allow Henry to approach me at all. He forbids him to visit the house even."

"Patience is all I can recommend, then. Your guardian may relent."

Miss Clara left me unconsoled, but evidently resolved not to be sacrificed to what she deemed her old guardian's unreasonable selfishness.

A room, comfortable apartment in a large, old-fashioned house.

Upon one side, a cheerful fire glowed from out the spacious grate, and in front of its searing genial warmth there stood an ample, high-backed easy chair, in which, sitting bolt upright, could be seen the form of an old man, whose gaze was fixed apparently upon the flitting flame, as if he were in deep meditation.

The aged man had sat before that grate, at evening, a thousand times before, in this same chair, and in the fixed attitude of contemplation or silent reflection; and the ancient attendant, who had been employed as a man of all work, had seen his crust old master there, the last thing before he replenished the fire at night, for years and years.

It was part of his ill-paid old servant's understood duty, that on these occasions he did not disturb the reveries of his irate employer, and so he did not discover that Miles Graspell was dead!

The flames of the fresh fuel rose slowly and burned low. The fire settled down, and a heap of smouldering ashes only remained.

Philip mounted to his cheerless attic, and slept soundly, as was his wont, till next morning, while Miles Graspell remained before the grate, cold and stark, sleeping the sleep that knows no waking in this life.

Upon the small table which stood at the right of his chair there lay a sheet of paper, on which was written, in the peculiar but well-known hand of the rich old guardian of Clara Ellwell, the commencement of the usual declaration of a will, which had evidently been undertaken by the old man at a previous date, and which he had that evening either been contemplating or making additions to, the last paragraph of which ran thus:

"I further give and bequeath unto Clara Ellwell, my well-esteemed ward and adopted daughter, only child of my sister Clara, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, in cash as a wedding gift, whenever said Clara decides to marry—"

And these were the concluding words of the instrument, which had been prepared, so far, with care and forethought by the hand of the man who had been stricken by death in the very midst of his intentions—whatever they were—who now sat in his old chair, an unconscious victim of paralysis!

Philip rose at his customary early hour in the morning, and repaired to the ancient sitting-room to put things in a—COMBES'—his hunger, went three hours before he got home, and asked his guest to dine with him, in order to look at his library. The bibliophile, allured by Philip's hunger, went three hours before he got home, and asked his guest to dine with him, in order to look at his library. The bibliophile, allured by Philip's hunger, went three hours before he got home, and asked his guest to dine with him, in order to look at his library.

would be—or thought he knew—should he disturb his employer's cogitations.—He was indifferently paid to perform certain menial duties, and he was forbidden to ask questions.

It was not a little strange that the old gentleman should have remained up all night; but perhaps he hadn't, thought Philip. He might have just come down stairs, and was sulkingly waiting for the fire to be rekindled.

Philip's eyesight was none of the best anyway. So he bustled about, clearing the ashes, removed the fender, when he looked at Miles, and the suddenly felt that something was wrong there.

The servant placed his hand, for the first time in his life, upon the blanched cold head of his master, and exclaimed, "Dead!"

And ten minutes afterwards the rigid corpse was surrounded by the alarmed house, foremost among whom came the beautiful Clara, in whose profound grief and copious lamentations there was no disguise.

But all was over with Miles Graspell. He occupied the old easy-chair for the last time, and he had written the last words he would ever write in this world.

I was most unexpectedly summoned to my patron's house on that fatal morning, and the first thing that arrested my attention on entering the room—where all remained yet undisturbed—was the document that lay on the table beside the dead man, whose hand-writing I was familiar with.

A ter consulting with the young lady briefly, physicians were called in; but it was apparent that the deceased had died of paralysis, and the mournful ceremonies of his funeral succeeded the events narrated.

Within a fortnight the unfinished will, which I took charge of, was examined, and was subsequently offered for probate.

The bequest contained in this document were unquestionable, written in the proper hand writing of the deceased, and embraced the disposal of most of his estate, in form, though the signature was wanting to the paper.

But Miles had no direct heirs, and there were none to contest the will. The clause which gave "to Clara Ellwell twenty-five thousand dollars—whenever she decides to marry"—was no doubt intended to have been completed by Miles with the name of the man her guardian had for years insisted she should wed.

But this name was not there, and in accordance with the written letter of the will, Miss Clara did "decide to marry" within the next six months, and duly received her twenty-five thousand dollars, upon becoming, as she did the following winter, the happy wife of Henry Calder, accountant.

A TREMENDOUS READER.

Probably no author of his time has read more than Carlyle. He actually devoured, and has devoured books ever since he was ten years old. He will go through an ordinary volume in two hours, and though he may not continue each page, he will find in it all that is worthy. His memory is prodigious, not only for generals, but for details. He could repeat poetry by the ell; he never does, however, for he is always averting that he hates poetry—that the greatest bards have crippled their thought and limited their range, by rhythm and rhyme. He thinks Homer, Dante, and Shakespeare would have been greater had they expressed themselves in prose.

Nevertheless, he is a poet—a poet, not without, but indifferent to form. He has a reputation of being better acquainted with all subjects, historic, philosophic, literary and scientific than any living Briton. For years and years he is reputed to have read on an average five volumes a day, and to have skinned eight or ten more. Reading has ever been a passion with him, and he has said that his idea of heaven would be to be turned into an inexhaustible library of new and good books, where he could browse for all eternity. He estimates, I have heard that he has glanced the contents of fully one hundred thousand volumes, which when we consider his voracity, rapidity, trained eyes and mind, is not at all unlikely. There is hardly a curious and remarkable book in the British Museum that he is not more or less familiar with. A gentleman's ordinary library he could eat up—all that is worth eating; that is—in a single fortnight.

It is asserted that a rich merchant, who had collected five or six thousand rare works, once besought the author to dine with him, in order to look at his library. The bibliophile, allured by Philip's hunger, went three hours before he got home, and asked his guest to dine with him, in order to look at his library.

At a trial in Auburn, N. Y., the counsel for the Government, after severely cross examining a witness, suddenly put on a look of severity, and exclaimed: "Mr. Witness, has not an effort been made to induce you to tell a different story?"

"A different story from what I have told you?" "That's what I mean." "Yes, sir; several people have tried to get me to do so, but they couldn't."

"Now, sir, I want you to tell me upon oath and oath those two persons were." "Well," said the witness, "I guess you've tried 'bout as hard as any of 'em."

ADAM AND EVE OVER AGAIN.

There was an old couple who earned a poor living, working hard all day in the field.

"See how hard we work all day," said the wife. "and it all comes of the foolish curiosity of Adam and Eve. If it had not been for that, we should have been living now in a beautiful garden, with nothing to do all day long."

"Yes," said the husband; "if you and I had been there, instead of Adam and Eve, all the human family had been in paradise still."

The Count, their master, overheard them talking in this way, and he came to them and said:

"How would you like it if I took you into my palazzo there, to live, and gave you servants to wait on you, and plenty to eat and drink?"

"Oh that would be delightful indeed! That would be as good as paradise itself," answered husband and wife together.

"Well, you may come up there, if you think so. Only remember, in paradise there was one tree that was not to be touched; so at my table there will be one dish not to be touched. You mustn't mind that," said the Count.

"Oh, of course not," replied the old peasant, "that's just what I say, when Eve had all the fruits in the garden, what did she want with just that one that was forbidden? And if we, who are used to the scantiest victuals, are supplied with enough to live well, what does it matter to us whether there is an extra dish or not on the table?"

"Very well reasoned," said the Count. "We quite understand each other then?"

"Perfectly," replied both husband and wife.

"You come to live at my place, and have everything you can want there, so long as you don't open one dish, which there will be in the centre of the table—If you open that you go back to your former way of life."

"We quite understand," answered the peasants.

The Count went and called his servant, and told him to give the peasants an apartment to themselves, with everything they could want, and a sumptuous dinner; in the middle of the table was to be an earthen dish, into which he was to put a little bird alive, so that if one lifted the cover, the bird would fly out. He was to stay in the room and wait on them, and report to him what happened.

The old people sat down to dinner, and praised everything they saw, so delighted at all seemed.

"Look! that's the dish we're not to touch," said the wife.

"No, better not look at it," said the husband.

"Pshaw! There's no danger of wanting to open it when we have such a lot of dishes to eat our fill out of," returned the wife.

So they set to and made such a repast as they had never dreamed of before. By degrees, however, as the novelty of the thing wore off, they grew old, they grew more and more desirous for something never and never still. Though when they first sat down it seemed that two dishes would be ample to satisfy them, they had now seven or eight, and they were wishing there might be others coming. There is an end to all things human, and no other came. There only remained the earthen dish in the centre of the table.

"We will just lift the lid up a little wee bit," said the wife.

"No, don't talk about it," said the husband.

The wife sat still for five minutes, and then she said: "If one peeped in just the least in the world, it would not be any harm, surely, and I should so like to know what the Count can have put in that dish?"

"I'm sure I can't guess in the least," said the husband, "and I must say I can't see what it can signify to him if we did look at it."

"No, that's what I think, and besides, how would he know if we peeped? It would not hurt him," said the wife.

"No, as you say, one could just take a look," said the husband.

The wife did not want more encouragement than that. But when she lifted one side of the lid the least mite, she could see nothing. She opened it the least mite more, and the bird flew out. The servant ran and told his master, and the Count came down and drove them out, bidding them never complain of Adam and Eve any more.—Roman Folk Lore.

THE FRENCH ZOUAVES.

We recommend the following authentic story to the attention of the innumerable admirers of the French Zouaves, who have won such a conspicuous place in military history. The Arabs of the Beni-Sansene tribe are great amateurs of gunpowder, and never neglect an opportunity of prowling about the French camp, and offering the soldiers large sums of money for the coveted article. They pretended to be Arabs of the neighborhood, friendly to the French, and say they want powder for hunting.

One day it was discovered that the Zouaves had been selling their powder.—To paint the fury of the officer in command of the Arab Bureau is an impossible thing, but he resolved to discover the culprits and punish them severely. An Arab in the service of the bureau went in a mysterious way in quest of powder. An old Zouave brought him four cartridges, and asked him twenty francs for them. The bargain was struck, but the spy instantly disclosed his official character, and brought the cartridge vender before the commander.

"Is it you," cried the officer, "coward and knave, who would have your comrades assassinated by the Beni-Sansene?"

"Yes, commander, I did it."

"You have committed a base action."

"I admit it, commander, but with this same powder that I sold I am going to blow my brains out, that will save the trouble of a court martial, and the Zouaves will not be dishonored by a public sentence."

With these words the Zouave took a cartridge, loaded a pistol with it, dropped a round ball in the barrel, and with superb coolness put the muzzle to his head and pulled the trigger. The weapon missed fire, and the Zouave burst into a hoarse laugh.

"The judge has acquitted me," said he.

"How so?" said the commandant.

"Why you see, commandant, that the powder I sold to the Beni-Sansene is only ground charcoal; the balls are made of clay, the whole done up in genuine cartridges. You have just seen the proof of it."

It is true. The Zouave had cheated his customer, and he added with an air of triumph:

"The first time the Beni-Sansene came into action all their pieces will miss fire, and you will gain the battle."

"Then you sold a good deal of powder."

"Rather"—and the Zouave exhibited a formidable pipe, set with solid gold. Though the Arabs may be pretty sharp fellows, they are no match in cunning for the Zouaves.

PARIS AT MIDNIGHT.

I walked to my quarters from a meeting of Americans and Parisians, says Forney, late the other night alone. It was half-past twelve, and the gay crowds were rapidly dispersing. I sauntered through the Champs Elysees; the lights of the little theatres were fading out; the music was over and the booths were silent; Pench and Judy had gone to bed; the flying horses were at rest after a hard day's work, and the tired feet of the tinseled dancers were in repose. But every few yards there was a policeman or gendarme, in clean uniform, with his medal on his breast, watchful and polite. Long rows of little iron chairs used by the people, from which to see the sights, and hired out for a sou, were exposed under the trees, and, like the flowers in the unfenced squares, were safe from prowlers. As I loitered on, a woman with a sweet face, in exquisite dress, stopped before me and spoke in her best French

SALISBURY



ADVERTISER.

Editor and Proprietor.

"TRUTH WITHOUT FEAR."

\$1 Per Annum in Advance

VOLUME VIII.

SALISBURY, WICOMICO CO., MARYLAND, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1874.

NUMBER 8.

THE ADVERTISER
Published weekly, except on Sundays and public holidays.
Subscription price, \$1 per annum in advance.
Single copies, 5 cents.
Advertisements, as ordered.

LEWEL MALONE, Publisher & Editor.
Salisbury, Wicomico County, Maryland.
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All kinds of work which require waste and need.

JUST IN TIME!
SPENCER E. McALLISTER, has opened at the FIVE POINTS, Salisbury, a fine assortment of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, AND FAMILY GROCERIES.

BRANDS OF FLOUR,
The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his stock, as he is purchasing direct from the mills, and can sell at small profit, in any order of the day.

FRUIT DEPOT,
L. W. WRIGHT, has opened at the FIVE POINTS, Salisbury, a fine assortment of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, AND FAMILY GROCERIES.

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POETRY.

AT MY BROTHER'S GRAVE.

BY ANNA.

Oh! Maple, flushed with scarlet pride,
I watch thy stealthy shadows glide
Across the graveyard's sacred rest;
And o'er fond memory's beaten track
A loved footstep comes softly back—
An ever fond and welcome guest.

And from my heart the long years fade—
A soft caressing hand is laid
Gently amid my curling hair;
I feel a soft kiss on my lips,
The clinging touch of finger tips
That hold me in their playful snare.

I hear a voice, soft-cadenced, low,
Through some sweet song's weird sub and flow
Rise and fall with the fitful strain;
Or hear some sad, despairing tale
Throb through the viol's plaintive wail,
Then fade away—a nameless pain!

And then, my gaze falls on thy grave,
The maple's banners softly wave
And drop their scarlet tokens down;
My eyes grow hot with unshed tears,
Born of the pain of parted years,
That Time's cold stream can never drown.

The moon has hung her crescent light,
Six times twelve upon the height
Of golden Hebe's beacon hill;
And yet, within my heart's deep shrine
A voice, a smile, or look like thine,
Is treasured for thy memory still!

And years shall wax, grow wane and die,
The stars fade out from Memory's sky
Ere Love shall break her vigil loose,
Ere Love's harp shall cease to wave
Above thy lonely grass-grown grave,
Their weird and solemn monotone;

For love is stronger than the tomb,
Life cannot match its deathless bloom,
Nor many waters quench its light;
And heaven and earth shall fade away
Beneath stern Time's relentless sway
And leave it still untouched by blight.

Then sleep on, brother, o'er thy tomb
Full many a year, shall shed its bloom
Of fragrant light and fragrant breath;
But thou shalt still remember me,
Love's fond memory's golden key,
And Love is stronger far than Death!

SELECT READING.

THE TWO HUSBANDS.

BY HELEN B. THORNTON.

"We are asked to the Sillmans, my dear, for to-morrow night," said pretty Mrs. Trevor, to her husband. "It will be so nice."

The Trevors had been married but a little while, and hitherto no husband could have been more obliging than Mr. Trevor. His deference, his many little attentions, which had charmed the girl, had still continued now that Helen was a wife. But at heart Mr. Trevor was one who thought only of himself. His love-like conduct had merely been put on; he had long grown tired of it; his real character was to assume its native hue.

"Let them ask," he said, gruffly, as he took off his coat in the hall, for Helen had come to the door to meet him. "You too tired, after a day's work is done, to go out of evenings. We had to do it for awhile among your family and mine, of course; but a wife must be put to it some time, and no time is as good as now. The Sillmans are not relations, or even connections, only acquaintances."

Helen's countenance fell. She still had the innocent delight of a pure, light-hearted girl in going into society, meeting old friends, and having a few new ones. She had counted on no little pleasure in attending this party, for the Sillmans were noted for the elegance of their entertainments, and for the choice people they gathered together.

Her countenance fell, as we have said, but she was a true wife, and she only said, meekly:
"Just as you please, dear."

"Well, then, that's settled," replied Mr. Trevor, as he put his hat on the rack, too oblivious to see how much his wife was disappointed, and not caring a straw if it must be confessed to her. "I did think, once or twice, that you might object to my purpose of staying at home after this. But you're a sensible woman, and so good about it; so well say no more about it."

No more about it! No, Helen never said any more about it. She never again even hinted that she wished to go out. But she could not help thinking about it sometimes, especially when one of her young friends had been to see her, and told her what a nice time they had at the Sillmans' the other evening, or the Wiggins' or some other of their mutual acquaintances, the night before. "So sorry that Mr. Trevor is too tired of evenings," they would all add, "we all miss you so much." For Helen was proud, and had told her friends that her husband was quite fagged out at night, though she herself had

already begun to see that he was more indolent than fagged.
Let us change the scene. The very night of this conversation there was another one, also between two married people, and also in reference to the Sillman party.

"So you have an invitation to the Sillmans to-morrow night," said Mr. Chatter to his young bride, as he received her kiss of welcome. "I met Sillman myself, who told me that it was got up in a great hurry, which accounts for the short notice. Now, mind, look your prettiest."

"But," said the wife, "you are so hard worked, just now. You come home looking so tired. Don't you think we'd better give up this party? We've been to a good many lately. You want rest."

"We, puss, there's some truth in what you say," answered the husband with another kiss. "You're a dear, good creature to be so thoughtful of me. But then, you see, that's a reason, all the more, why I should be careful of you in turn. Now I know something of a woman's life. It's the same indoor, humdrum day after day. A man, whatever his occupation, finds more or less excitement daily. At the most, even if he is a bookkeeper, which is one of the most confining of all pursuits, he has his brisk walk to the counting-house or bank in the fresh air. He meets people he knows, on the street, and has a chat and hears the news, even if it's only for a minute that he stops. But a woman gets no recreation after she's married unless she goes out, now and then, to a 'tea fight,' as you call it or a party. Why, my dear, if I was to let you stay at home forever, as some men do their wives, or make them, you'd soon lose those pretty cheeks of yours, and by-and-by become a dowdy, if not a confirmed invalid! Put a plant in a cellar, if you want to kill it; give it fresh air and sunshine, if you would have it bloom. Now, there's that fellow, Trevor I tell to-day, as if I would like to forsake him."

"Surely, Mr. Trevor has nothing to do with my going out," exclaimed Mrs. Chatter, in surprise.
"But he has with his wife's. The Trevors are asked also to the Sillmans. But this lazy fellow of a husband says he doesn't intend to let Mrs. Trevor go! It's time to put a stop to the thing," he told her.

"Why he doesn't work half as hard as you do! I've always heard his business was a very easy one."
"So it is. He's richer, too, than I am, and can afford to take life differently. But he was always selfish and tyrannical, as poor Helen will find out to her cost. Pity she hadn't found it out long ago."

Alas! she had already begun to find it out, and as the years went by she found it out more and more. She soon sank into a mere house-hold drudge. Her husband did not desert her to tavern nor to club; he would say that in his favor; but he betook himself to his newspaper and cigar, varied with an occasional doze. As he hardly exchanged a word with poor Helen, she might as well have been a thousand miles away. She sat in the same room with him, stitching, till her eyes ached with the monotony and the weariness of it all.

In the first year or two of their married life, he had continued the subscriptions to the two or three magazines and newspapers which had been her favorites before he left her father's house. But after a while he had them stopped. "What does a married woman want with love stories?" he said, imperiously, forgetting that his wife was his newspaper was to him. Often and often poor Helen thought that if she could only have a few books, a new poem, or a periodical of some kind, she could have borne things better.

Her life was so dry and hard that even the least glimpse of the world would have been to her what the cool spring in the desert is to the weary, thirsty traveler. But her husband said, in his dogmatic way, when once or twice, she ventured to borrow a book, and he found her reading, "Pshaw! A novel again; how can you waste your time with such nonsense; a pretty example you are setting to your daughter."

Mr. Trevor had been pretty, as we have said, when she married. But in less than ten years she was a faded, shrunken woman, whose cheeks were all awry, and who was fast sinking into a confirmed invalid. Before she had been married twenty years, before her eldest daughter was a grown girl, she quietly slipped into her coffin, and had done with this life forever. Her husband put on black, and wore the deepest crape on his hat, and went about telling people of his inconsolable loss, and then after a year, he married again.

Meantime what of the other pair? To-day, at forty, Mrs. Chatter is as handsome as ever, people say, and when she goes out with her daughter passes with strangers for an elderly sister. Her mind has not been

starved, her soul dwarfed. "A little judicious amusement is as necessary to a woman," her husband always said, "as food, or air, or affection." On this principle he acted. The result was that his wife always kept her spirits, her health, her good looks, and from being thoroughly happy herself, was able to make him all the happier.

"You can starve a human soul," he often said, "just as easy as the body. And so do it!"
Perhaps he was thinking of Trevor as he spoke. Whether he was or not, the recording angel was, and when the accounts come to be made up, in the great chancery of heaven, there will be little doubt as to which of the two husbands will win the verdict.

PONTIUS PILATE.

Among the scholars when Lamb and Coleridge attended school was a poor clergyman's son of the name of Simon Jennings. On account of his dismal and gloomy nature, his playmates had nicknamed him Pontius Pilate.

One morning he went up to the master, Doctor Boyer, and said, in his usual whimpering manner:
"Please, doctor, the boys call me Pontius Pilate."
If there was one thing which Doctor Boyer hated more than a false quantity in Greek and Latin, it was the practice of nicknaming. Rushing down among the scholars from his pedestal of state, with one in hand, he cried, with his usual voice of thunder:

"Listen, boys! The next time I hear any of you say Pontius Pilate I'll cane you as long as this cane will last! You are to say Simon Jennings, and not Pontius Pilate. Remember that, if you value your hides!"

Next day, when the same class were reciting the catechism, a boy of a remarkably dull and literal turn of mind had to repeat the "creed." He had got so far as "suffered under," and was about popping out the next word when the doctor's prohibition unexpectedly flashed upon his obtuse mind. After a moment's hesitation, he blurted out:

"Suffered under Saxon Jennings—was!"
The rest of the sentence was never uttered, for Doctor Boyer had already sprung like a tiger upon him, and the cane was descending upon his unfortunate shoulders.

When the irate doctor had discharged his cane-storm upon him, he said:
"What do you mean, you booby, by such blasphemy?"
"I only did as you told me," replied the simple-minded youth.

"Did I tell you?" roared the doctor, now wound up to something above the boiling point. "What do you mean?"
As he said this, he instinctively grasped his cane more furiously.

"Yes, doctor; you said we were all ways to call Pontius Pilate Simon Jennings. Didn't he, Sam?" appealed the unfortunate culprit to Coleridge, who was sitting next to him.

Sam said naught; but the doctor, who saw what a dunce he had to deal with, cried:
"Boy, you are a fool! Where are your brains?"

Poor Doctor Boyer for a second time was "floored," for the scholar said, with an earnestness which proved its truth, but to the intense horror of the learned potentate:
"In my stomach, sir."

The doctor always respected that boy's stupidity ever after, as though half-afraid that a stray blow might be unpleasant.

DON'T KNOW HIM.

Had you been in Washington a few weeks ago you might have had a hearty laugh at the expense of Captain Codman. In the last hours of the late Congress the Captain came tumbling down stairs in hot search of some one to carry from the committee room of Commerce a patent fog-horn entrusted to his care by an ingenious Yankee acquaintance. At the foot of the stairway he encountered a colored man sauntering along pulling away at a huge cigar.

"My good fellow," cried the captain, "I'll give you a dollar to carry down my fog-horn!"
"Who do de debil do you take me fuh?" responded Africa, drawing himself up in dignified wrath.
"An able-bodied man willing to make a dollar," responded Codman.
"Den you don't know me, sah."

"No, sir, and I have no time to seek and introduction. Who are you anyhow?"
"Me, sah? I 'se de honorably Mr. Cain, member of Congress."

"You don't say so," remarked the captain, thoughtfully. "Well, Mr. Cain, I am sorry, for you have probably lost the only opportunity you will ever have of making an honest dollar."

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST FIRE.

General Hints in case of Fire and on Means of Prevention.

Mr. John L. Durkee, fire marshal of San Francisco, in closing his tenth annual report to the board of fire underwriters of that city, presents the following suggestion to the public as the result of his observation and experience:

1. Be well acquainted with the best means of escape from your house, both at the top and the bottom.

2. Do not get confused; admit no one to your house except firemen, policemen, or neighbors.

3. If a lady or child's dress takes fire, endeavor to roll the person up in a rug, carpet, or any piece of woolen stuff.

4. Keep all doors and windows closed until the firemen arrive.

5. Always keep in your bedroom a piece of rope sufficiently long to reach the sidewalk, in case you cannot make your exit by the stairway.

6. If you cannot make your way from a building by the stairway, endeavor to get in a front room, and be careful to keep all doors shut behind you, for smoke will follow a draft, and flames the smoke. If smoke enters the room and it is difficult to stand erect, get your mouth as close to the floor as possible, and breathe easy, as there is always a fresh current of air near the floor.

7. In getting smoke from a room always open the upper portion of a window.

8. In case of a fire in a theatre, or any place where numbers of persons are, keep perfectly cool, and do all you can to prevent a panic, as there is generally plenty of time to escape if there is no panic.

9. Do not go into a building where there is a thick smoke, if you can help it, without a saturated sponge in your mouth, or a wet cloth or handkerchief over mouth and nose.

10. In ascending or descending a ladder, do so with a regular step, to prevent vibration.

11. Have metal or earthen vessels for matches, and keep them out of the reach of children. Wax matches are not safe.

12. Never leave small children in a room alone where there are matches or open fire.

13. Do not deposit ashes in a wooden vessel or upon a wooden floor.

14. Never use a light in examining a gas meter.

15. Never take a light into a closet.

16. Never smoke or read in bed by candle or lamp light.

17. Never put kindling wood on the top of a stove to dry.

POETRY.

DER BABY.

So help me gracious every day
I laugh me wild to see der vay
My small young baby dries do play—
Dot funny little baby.

When I look of them little toes,
Und saw dot funny little nose,
Und heard der vay dot rooster crows,
I smile like I was gray.

Und ven I heard der reel nice vay
Dhem peoples to mine wife eddy say,
"More like his fader" every day,
I was so brouh like blazes.

Sometimes dere comes a leetle schwall,
Dot's when der vindy wind vill caw,
Right in its leetle schtackack schwall,
Dot's too bad for der baby.

Dot makes him sing at night so schweet,
Und gorrybarrie he must eddy,
Und I must schump abby on my feet,
To help dot leetle baby.

He bulls my nose and kicks my hair,
Und grawls me over everywhere,
Und shobbers me—vat I care?
Dot was my schmall young baby.

Around my head dot little arm
Vas schquezin me so nice and varm—
Oh! may der never come some harm
To dot schmall leetle baby.

*Dot was me himself.

THE LAST MAN.

It is said there must be a last man in a procession; and it must always be so until some day is discovered of making up the procession in a circle, and then giving it motion like a rotary shaft, turning round its own axis and going straight ahead also. This last man is a weary, worn, pathetic creature, who looks as if life was a burden to him. He is a rusty, seedy biped, without any good clothes. No stars blaze on his breast. No banner shields him from the fiery sun. His ear never hears the inspiring notes of the band. He catches all the dust of the procession. Bystanders rush in front of him with impunity. He has no pride at all. There is no pomp about him, no majesty of mien. He always looks sick, tired, dishevelled and forlorn. Small boys jeered at him. Bus-drivers contemptuously order him out of the way. Reckless young men make desperate efforts to drive over him. He gets mixed up among newsmen, bootblacks, yellow dogs advertising wagons, fan sellers, darts and frantic women rushing after erratic children, and loses the procession, and by the time he regains it he is a poor, harassed, dejected man and a brother, and an object of universal pity. The chances are that if he does not go off with sunstroke or get run over by an ice-cart and have to be taken home in an express-wagon, he will, as the result of his pathetic situation, get drunk with remarkable despatch before sunset. So long as there must be a last man in every procession, there should be some compensation. Let him be made attractive. Let him be handsomely decorated and caparisoned. Let him have on two aprons. Let him carry a banner and have an American flag in his hat. Let him also have a drawn sword with which to keep off small boys and yellow dogs, and thus the last man in the procession will cease to be the most wretched object in existence.

FANCIES ABOUT THE MOON.

Every nation has its own traditions and myths about the heavenly bodies. We often talk about the man in the moon; but in Sweden they talk about a boy and a girl there. St. Nicholas says: The peasants' children see, instead of a man, a boy and girl in the moon, bearing between them a pair of water. This is an old Scandinavian legend, which means a legend known to Sweden and Norway in ancient times, when their name was Scandinavia. The legend says that Mani, the moon, stole these two children, Hinki and Bil, while they were drawing water from a large well. They were lifted up to the moon along with the bucket and well-pole, and placed where they could be seen from the earth. When next you look at the round, full moon, if you have imagination enough, you may see Hinki and Bil with their pail of water.

TRUTH WILL LIVE.

Philosophy has sometimes forgotten God; a great people never did. The skepticism of the last century could not uproot Christianity, because it lives in the hearts of the millions. Do you think that infidelity is spreading? Christianity never lived in the hearts of as many millions as at this moment. The form under which it is professed may decay, for they, like all that is the work of man's hands, are subject to the changes of moral beings; but the spirit of truth is incorruptible, it may be developed, illustrated, and applied; it never can die; it never can decline. No truth can perish. No truth can pass away. The flame is undying, though generations disappear. Wherever moral truth has started into being, humanity claims and guards the bequest. Each generation gathers together the imperishable children of the past, and increases them by new sons of light, alike radiant with immortality.

THEN HE WASN'T AFRAID.

A good story is told of the manner in which the English volunteer, artillery practice with an Armstrong gun, by the London Figaro. Having set upon Rye Beach a target a little larger than a man, they stationed about twenty yards away from it, in a lateral direction, one of their number known as Big Bob, to warn the shrimpers. The first few shots flew fiercely near to Bob that he got nervous and was about to go away from there, when suddenly—spang! went a big ball through the centre of the target. "I'm all right now," said Robert, calmly, feeling for his pipe; they're laid on another gunner, and the fool is firing at me. "I'll have a good smoke."

Don't marry a woman who bumps her head against the floor every time she sneezes.

FAILURES IN BUSINESS.

The man who never failed in business cannot possibly know whether he has any "grit" in him, or is worth a button. It is the man who fails, then rises, who is really great in his way.

Peter Cooper failed in making hats, failed as a cabinet maker, locomotive builder and grocer; but as often as he failed, he "tried again," until he could stand upon his feet alone, then "crowded" his victory by giving a million of dollars to help the poor boys in times of need.

Horace Greeley tried three or four lines of business before he founded the "Tribune," and made it worth a million of dollars.

Patrick Henry failed at everything he undertook, until he made himself the ornament of his age and nation.

The founder of the New York "Herald" kept on failing, and sinking his money for ten years, and then made one of the most profitable newspapers on earth.

Stephen A. Douglas made dinner tables, and bedsteads, and bureaus, many a year before he made himself a "giant on the floor of Congress."

Abraham Lincoln failed to make both ends meet by chipping wood; failed to earn his salt in the galley slave life of a Mississippi flat-bottomman; he had not even enough wit to run a grocery, and yet he made himself a grand character of the nineteenth century.

The lesson for every young man is this: As long as you have the health, and have power to do, go ahead; if you fail at one thing try another, and a third—a dozen even. Look at the spider: nineteen times it tried to throw its web to its place of attachment, and on the twentieth succeeded. The young man who has the gift of continence, is the one whose foot will be able to break the angry waters of human discouragement.

GRUMBLERS.

The grumbler sees nothing to be thankful for at any time. If the sun shines it shines too much for him; at any rate, its shining is a matter of acknowledgment. With these people, the weather is generally bad. It is too something all the time. The trouble is, that no matter what the weather, no matter where they meet, there is always a cloud upon their brows, a dark atmosphere of mental fog surrounding their persons. Try to be sunny yourself, endeavor to dispel this mist, and it only circles around, settling down again as before. Yet such people are sometimes cheerful, even entertaining. They might be so always. It is a sin for them to be otherwise. They may praise God in words morning and night; but with the unthankful countenance, the sour visage, there is no religion in it. People may have no moral or religious right to constantly carry with them a demeanor and countenance born of a willful persistence in finding fault and living in a moral atmosphere of fog.

PADDLE YOUR OWN CANOE.

Judge S. gave his son \$1,000, and told him to go to college and graduate. The son returned at the end of the freshman year without a dollar, and with several ugly habits. About the close of the vacation the Judge said to his son:

"Well, William, are you going to return to college this year?"
"Have no money, father."
"But I gave you a thousand to graduate on."

"That's all gone, father."
"Very well, my son, I gave you all I could afford to give you; you can't say here; you must pay your own way in the world."

A new light broke in upon the vision of the young man. He accommodated himself to the situation, he left home, made his way through college, and graduated at the head of his class. Studied law, became Governor of the State of New York, entered the cabinet of the President of the United States, and made a record for himself that will not soon die, being none other than Wm. H. Seward.

MISFORTUNES.

There was truth in the old Egyptian fable of the traveller who wrapped his cloak the tighter round for all the storm, wrath of rain and wind, but who flung it from his shoulders at the first kiss of the warm sunshine. Ease, comfort, indulgence are the midwife and runt of many a noble nature. And that man is strong indeed who always resists the "Mephistophelean" whisper that it is better to put off till to-morrow what may as well be done today, or any day. To enable us to overcome obstacles of this tedious species, even misfortune, often proves a very useful stimulant, and more than one winner of the world's prizes has lived to blame the day when the shock of some apparent calamity brought him, at the pressure of need, to bring forth the latent and otherwise might have lain in the napkin unheeded.

A Maine man, who was really a good fellow, was once very poorly. A doctor (quack), he said, after everything had been settled, "I guess Sam Hubbard has better lead the services. He's an easy, fluent leader, and I'll attend to his hear him. I've had deals with him, and allers found he set things out just about as they was."

Saturday, October 24, 1874.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE U. S.
ALLEN G. THURMAN,
OF OHIO.FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.
THOMAS F. BAYARD,
OF DELAWARE.FOR CONGRESS;
FIRST DISTRICT OF MARYLAND.
Hon. PHILIP F. THOMAS,
OF TALBOT COUNTY.

THE COMING CONTEST.

The Congressional election is rapidly approaching, and so far there has been but one Democratic meeting held in the county. We are very much afraid that we are all not as energetic as we should be; that we all feel sure of success, that it is not deemed necessary for us to try and influence votes for Gov. Thomas. In fact too many of the party think that it makes but little difference whether they vote or not; Thomas will be surely elected, and one vote more or less can be of small benefit to him. We ourselves believe that the election of our candidate is reasonably certain, but still there is a very remote possibility that he may be defeated. We have it in our power to give Mr. Thomas the largest majority of any county in the district, and in view of the fact that some one or two of the counties will certainly be carried by Goldsborough, it behooves us as Democrats to do our duty, come to the polls, vote, and do what we can to make up the losses in such counties as Somerset. We concede Somerset county to the Republicans, and that too by no small majority. The contest in Caroline county will also be close. Hamblenton had 1011 majority, with the colored vote cast solid against him. There is yet time to do much effective work in this campaign, and our word for it, if we only labor as hard as we did for Hamblenton, Thomas will have not less than 1200 majority. He is in every way worthy the support of all honest men, while no more unworthy or unscrupulous politician lives than Henry H. Goldsborough. He is the black sheep in an illustrious family. Many, very many republicans will not support him under any circumstances. He is most too well known. Had we the space to devote to him his biography would be read with disgust by all honorable people. There is no party work too dirty for him to attempt.

Before the nomination it was currently reported that in the event of our nominating a weak man, Judge Spence would be the nominee of the opposite party, but, if the Democratic nomination was a strong one, that Goldsborough would be the nominee of the Republican party—a sacrifice offered on the altar of his own inordinate vanity. It is well known that Goldsborough is the weakest candidate that the Republicans could place in the field. Judge Spence today would poll one thousand more votes than he in this Congressional District. He has not even the ghost of a chance for an election, save through the apathy of the masses who compose the Democratic party. In view of the glorious victories our comrades have achieved in several of the Western States recently it behooves us to be up and doing and send an unbroken delegation to the next Congress. Charles Sumner's infamous legacy, the Civil Rights bill will have to be passed upon by that body, and ten to one but what Goldsborough would earnestly support it if he had the opportunity, and saw a way of making anything out of it. He would hardly do it from principle, as his principles are at best subject to many changes.

It is expected on all sides that Gov. Thomas is by far the ablest man, and a man against whose character and integrity not even the breath of suspicion exists. He is a life-long Democrat, and did not join the party to share its spoils. Unjustly deprived of a seat in the Senate to which he had been fairly elected, all our nobler sympathies urge us to elect him, and by so doing express our feelings of scorn and censure for the party leaders who did the foul wrong. We advise the Democrats to at once take steps to hold a public meeting some day or evening previous to the 3rd of November, and by faithful

speeches and representations to show up the present aspect of affairs in the Southern States under radical carpet-bagger rule, that each and every Democratic voter may have no such enthusiasm infused, that neglecting (if necessary) all other business, he will on Tuesday, November 3rd, go to the polls and there like a man and a freeman deposit his vote for Philip F. Thomas, the living representative of principles which will never die. The eyes of your Democratic brethren in Ohio, West Virginia and Indiana are upon you, therefore fail not in your duty, and all will be well.

CAN LABORING MEN SUPPORT JOHN A. DIX?

Who brought the business and industry of the country into the present condition of stagnation and distress? Who caused the stoppage of mills and workshops, the dismissal of workmen, and the impossibility of finding employment? Who is primarily responsible for the suffering, want, misery and starvation that stare working people in the face? It is the Grant Republican party, its leaders and managers. For years they have had control of the Government. They have shaped legislation, made the policy of the country, held its offices, stolen its money, and managed its affairs. There has been no opposition to control or check them, and for all that they are responsible. It is their laws and their administration that have brought us where we are. It is they that have reduced the wives and children of the working multitude to rage and starvation and hopeless wretchedness.

John A. Dix is the candidate of this party for Governor. He approves all that it has done, and adopts it and makes it his own. Will any laboring man give his vote to such a candidate? Are the men who live by their own labor ready to bow down before him and give him their suffrages in return for the wretchedness wrought in their homes and the woes of their wives and little ones? We will not believe this possible until we see it—W. Y. Sna.

If we only place H. H. Goldsborough's name where John A. Dix appears it will suit the case before the people of this district. Dix, however, we believe to be a man of much more principle than H. H. G.

A JOKE ON MISS ANTHONY.

On Thursday, during the proceedings of the Woman's Suffrage Association in Chicago, the following amusing till between Miss Susan B. Anthony and Mrs. Swisshelm took place:

... Mrs. J. G. Swisshelm next took the stand. She didn't agree with every thing Miss Anthony had said. There were more men willing to give women the ballot than there were women to ask it. It had always been her desire to get a law enabling tax-paying women to vote, but they had objected. If it was in her power to give all women of the country the franchise to-morrow she would not speak the word. She believed in enfranchising a few at a time on special subjects in which they were interested. In her opinion the suffragists had asked too much. They had drawn their bows at the sun, and may probably hit the moon. The speaker liked men better than she did women. The women hadn't asked for a franchise rightly; if they had, it would have been granted. If they would not declare that they would not pay taxes unless permitted to vote, but would just ask for the right to vote every time they pay their taxes, they would be more likely to have the privilege accorded them. If the women would only sit down beside the men—they might even sit on one of their knees—and ask for their rights, they would be more likely to receive them. This was followed by uproarious applause, Miss Anthony hiding her face, evidently reminded of the little Brooklyn episode. Mrs. Swisshelm went on to say that she understood men better than did Miss Anthony, and furthermore, she knew more about them than did her colleague, with whom she always felt privileged to disagree.

Miss Anthony replied to Mrs. Swisshelm, and remarked that they had always entertained opposite opinions, and there was no probability of either one converting the other. She was not content to receive her protection from the male portion of the community; she wanted to be at the mercy of herself. She was earnest in this matter, because she felt the position at present occupied by women was an insult and a degradation to her position in society.

TOTAL ECLIPSE OF THE MOON.—Tonight the moon will be totally eclipsed throughout the United States, the first time here in several years. East of longitude 100 west, the middle of the eclipse will take place early in the morning of Sunday 25th, but west of that longitude late in the evening of Saturday 24th. At Washington the eclipse will take place as follows—Begins 9h 36m A. M.—Duration of total eclipse, thirty-three minutes. Eclipse ends 3.46. Duration of eclipse, partial and total, two hours. Although the eclipse is called total, and the whole moon will pass through the shadow of the earth, our satellite will not wholly disappear, but will remain visible, of the hue of tarnished copper. This eclipse, as above stated, may be seen throughout the United States and all North America.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE.

The November Number contains a delightful variety of papers. A brief but decidedly rich and spicy installment of Mr. Stephen's "New Hyperion" is given, with some charming illustrations. An article by Prof. Emmette, entitled, "Where our Brownstone Fronts Come From," gives an admirable sketch of the origin, present condition, and manner of working of the Portland Brownstone Quarries of Connecticut, and is handsomely illustrated. The November installment of Mr. Black's "Three Feathers" is very choice and captivating. The paper on "The Genius of Conservation," by the late Lord Lytton, is a fine expression of the author's well-known clearness and force of diction, and manifests a true insight into the relationship of the conservative and democratic forces in the various phases of our Anglo-Saxon civilization. In "Little Joe," by Jennie Woodville, there is a good deal of genuine humor. "Galera," by T. Adolphus Trollope, is written in such familiar style that the reader soon feels as much at home in the neighborhood of Rome as in his native place. "The Naturalist in Buzzard's Bay," by W. D. Gunning, is a very happy description of a fishing excursion in Buzzard's Bay, with enough facts in it to make it quite instructive, and enough of adventure to keep the reader thoroughly awake and interested. The present installment of "Moloom," by George Macdonald, like the rest of the story, is so utterly unlike the ordinary Scotch and straightforward—that it possesses an interest altogether its own. "Love at First Sight" is a very pleasant story by the author of "Blindfold." "Euterpe in America" is a short, but chatty and quite suggestive, paper on the various developments of amateur musical attainment in the United States. There are some charming selections in "Our Monthly Gossip" this month, and the poems of the number—"Moonlight," by Kate Hillard; "November," by Mary B. Dodge; and "Fallen Leaves," by Will Wallace Harney, are all among the best efforts of these writers.

THE LEE MEMORIAL MONUMENT.—The latest devices from the Lee Memorial Association is that Prof. Edward V. Valentine, the sculptor, having procured from Vermont a block of pure white marble, is fashioning the statue of Gen. Lee, which is to be placed on the grand monument now being erected at his tomb, at the Washington and Lee University, Lexington, Virginia. The figure represents Gen. Lee reclining in an easy, recumbent position upon a couch, his head and shoulders slightly raised above the body, his left arm outstretched by the side of his sword, his right arm laid across his breast. He wears full Confederate uniform, including boots and gaiters, and a light drapery covers nearly the whole form. The appearance is natural and graceful, indicating peaceful slumber rather than death.

The monument, when surmounted with this fine work of art, will be a lasting memorial to one of Virginia's noblest sons and patrons. The members of this Association are gentlemen well and favorably known by the entire community, who will see that nothing is left undone that will add to the beauty and finish of this great work. We are advised by the Secretary, Mr. Chas. A. Davidson, of Lexington, Virginia, that the funds subscribed are insufficient to complete the monument. In order to further this object they have issued a life-size steel engraved portrait of Gen. Lee, to be sold only by subscription, through authorized agents, the proceeds of such sales to be applied toward the completion of the work. An opportunity is here presented to every person, not only to procure, at a reasonable price, a superb life-like portrait of the great General, but to aid in the erection of a lasting monument to his memory. Each subscriber will receive a certificate duly signed by the Secretary and Chairman of the Lee Memorial Association.

We commend this valuable portrait to the public, and predict for it an immense sale. Some energetic person should secure the agency in this section to assist in this noble work. W. W. Bostwick & Co., Nos. 177 & 179 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio, have been appointed General Managers of all agencies in the United States. All communications addressed to the above firm, for circulars, certificates and terms to agents, will receive their immediate attention.

Persons visiting the city of Philadelphia can find a safe and comfortable home during their stay at the Girard House Hotel. This popular hotel is now one of the best kept hotels in our land. Its central location, its commodious rooms and its general advantages should attract guests. Under its present management no pains are spared to make it a first class house. The fare has been reduced to \$3.00 per day, to suit the pressure of the times, while its comforts and good management have been augmented. It is easy of access to our people. On arriving in the city by rail, take the 9th street cars, get off at Chestnut street and you are at the door of one of the best hotels in the country. Mr. H. W. Kannan and his gentlemanly clerks and obliging servants will make you feel quite at home.

CHANGE IN THE CABINET.—Now that the President's Long Branch season is over, it is confidently asserted that there will be a change in the cabinet, and before the first of December. It is known that the President and all heads of departments have bought largely of tickets for the next Grand Gift Concert of the Public Library of Kentucky, to draw November 30, and they flatter themselves that they will capture one or more of the large prizes, which will make plenty of change in the cabinet.

ALABAMA.

Montgomery, October 19.—One month ago the Sheriff of Sumter county summoned a posse of forty-two men to suppress a negro riot near Belmont. The rioters dispersed without waiting for the arrival of the posse, and the posse was disbanded. A little negro who carried the United States mail on a mule was detained a few minutes on the road by the posse to prevent unnecessary spread of excitement in other and quiet settlements. A few minutes later he was arrested as Kuklux, and also for stopping the United States mail, and are now released on a bond of \$100 each.

Large numbers of men are summoned to appear before the United States Court in Huntsville on the extreme northern border of the State early in November. It is also reported to-day that from five hundred to eight hundred warrants have been issued for the arrest of men in districts where no disorders have been reported. Multitudes of deputy marshals are being appointed on the recommendation of Charles E. Mayer, Chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee, but the State was never more quiet.

THE GREAT STRIDE.

The displayed advertisement of Wanamaker & Brown, that appears in our columns to-day, will be read by thousands who turn away with indifference from the offers of new and unknown concerns. This greatest of American Clothing Houses, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Philadelphia, has kept in the van of business for many years, and "The Great Stride," as the advertiser justly terms this new departure, proves, what large capital, an extensive circle of customers, an unblemished reputation, and a brain seething with plans of improvement, can do to build up and extend a business. We advise every person who visits Philadelphia, to give half an hour to Oak Hall. The very history of the clothing trade can be read upon the labels attached to that immense stock of goods; for every garment bears the name and character of its materials upon a printed slip. There is but one price for every purchaser, and a signed Guarantee accompanies each garment, whereby it may be returned, and the money received back, if, within 10 days, the purchase gives dissatisfaction.

Cough, Hoarseness, Asthma, or any Irritation of the Throat or Bronchial Tubes, will be relieved by taking Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It has cured thousands. Recommend it to your friend and neighbor. Your druggist keeps it. Price, 25 cents.

ADVICE.

Take the open air.
The more you take the better.
Follow nature's laws
To the very letter.

Freely exercise,
Keep your spirits cheerful,
Let no dread of sickness
Ever make you fearful.

Take care of your money,
All excesses happy,
And to be lazing,
TOWER HALL for Clothing.

It is ever pleasant to get good clothes for little money; this you can always secure at BENNETT & CO., Tower Hall Clothing Bazaar, 518 Market Street, halfway between 5th and 6th Streets, Philadelphia.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR QUININE.

For years, quinine was regarded as the only specific for malarious diseases, and immense quantities of the drug were annually consumed throughout our western country, more particularly along the river bottoms and adjoining low lands.

With the fall months malaria, in all its varied forms like an inveterate thief, invades the stomach, producing nausea, vertigo and fugitive pains in the head to such an extent that months elapsed ere the system recovered from its effects. These obnoxious states, it is well marked, that the introduction of Miehler's Herb Bitters was hailed as a triumph in medicine. Infinitely more certain in its beneficial effects than quinine, it possessed none of the demerits of that drug. Instead of nauseating, it tones and invigorates the stomach, and while speedily expelling the noxious humors, increases the appetite and facilitates digestion thus rendering the system stronger, and better fitted to resist the attacks of disease. In fact, a judicious use of Miehler's Herb Bitters at this season of the year, will prevent the recurrence of this disease, even in those who have never passed an autumn without it. An experience of twenty years proves it to be the greatest anti-malarious known to medical science.

There are, perhaps, no diseases so subject to climatic changes as affections of the Kidneys. Hundreds of our farmers, mechanics, and laboring men, strong and hardy in all other respects, suffer continual inconvenience, and occasionally excruciating pains in the back and across the loins; experience a frequent desire to pass water, pain during its passage, and frequent stoppages in its flow. These are manifestations resulting from some strain or heavy lift (perhaps years ago), and aggravated by every change in the weather. Every slight cold files directly to this one weak spot, and unless promptly attended to the disease becomes chronic, and the once strong man a miserable wreck. Miehler's Herb Bitters is the only certain remedy for this class of diseases. It has a peculiar tendency to the kidneys, stimulates them to healthy action, and removing the cause, prevents the formation of brick-dust deposits, which, if permitted to continue, will by cohesion form gravel stones necessitating a painful operation for its removal. Many of the ingredients entering into its composition, are universally recognized as specifics for all complaints of the urinary organs. In Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, all disorders of the Bowels, and affections of the Throat and Lungs, it is equally certain and efficacious; while, as a remedy for the complaints peculiar to the female sex, it has no equal. Laxative, old and young, married and single, in every condition of life, will find this medicine a sure, prompt, safe, certain and reliable. The pale, sallow complexion is replaced by a blooming, healthful countenance, and its occasional use enables Nature to perform her functions usually and without inconvenience. Sold only in bottles by all Druggists and general dealers. Oct. 10, 24.

A GREAT STRIDE

UP AND OVER

This Advertisement Copyrighted.

Business Customers!

OLD METHODS found to be faulty or objectionable discarded. A new and vastly advantageous plan hastily adopted!

OAK HALL

Already the Largest Clothing Concern in America, and leading the Trade, IT STARTS ON A NEW CAREER!! Thoroughly reorganized on a greatly improved plan, by which it is hoped to double the already immense business of

WANAMAKER AND BROWN

ENORMOUS ESTABLISHMENT.

Thirteen years of interested and eager observation of different methods of doing business, while establishing and extending the largest clothing trade in the United States, have brought us to the following

Conclusions:

- 1st That a customer has a right to some GUARANTEE that his purchase shall prove exactly as represented.
- 2nd That Cash throughout is the only basis, consistent with the very lowest prices.
- 3rd That, though justice does not require it, comfort and actual security in dealing are greatly promoted by giving to the purchaser the privilege not only of Exchange of Goods, but of returning the same within a given time, and have promptly paid back the Cash to full.
- 4th That all customers buying at the same time, should pay precisely the same price for the same quality of goods.
- 5th That as customers naturally inquire into the character and quality of articles offered for sale, and may not always be correctly informed, or fully understand the clerks, a Label, made under the authority and guarantee of the firm, bearing a printed description of the name and quality of the goods, should be attached to each article.

NOTE.—Whenever the exigencies of the season, the state of trade, or the money market may demand, the right is reserved to go through our stock before or after business hours and mark down any lot or lots of goods, changing the figures on all the labels, so that the new rates are the same to all, and all buy alike at the mark down prices.

BUT WE UNHESITATINGLY ADOPT THEM ALL.

and confidently relying on the approval and support of an intelligent and discriminating public, we inaugurate what we believe to be the best system in the world, and we

NOW ANNOUNCE THESE AS

OUR CARDINAL POINTS.

ONE PRICE.
CASH THROUGHOUT.
FULL GUARANTEE.

EXPLANATION AND ELABORATION

OF WANAMAKER & BROWN'S NEW PLAN.

1st POINT.—Houses doing a credit business must provide for losses on bad debts. To bear such losses themselves would drive them out of business. Therefore a per cent. is "CASH," added to the price of each article, to cover this leakage, and Cash buyers whether they really know it or not, pay the bad debts and the interest on the long credits of the other customers!!

SO WE SAY CASH THROUGHOUT.

2nd POINT.—The fairness of this feature of our plan all will praise. It is simply treating all alike—exactness nothing from indifference to bargain or ignorance, and at the same time, conceding all that shrewdness on the shrewdest customer's part could possibly extort, because the "One Price" which we mark on our goods, shall invariably be

NOT THE "First" Price, but the LAST and LOWEST PRICE.

In other words, Salesmen or "Heidmen" are not allowed, under ordinary circumstances, to fall below a certain figure! It is at that, or at a lower figure, that we now determine to mark our goods, calculating the cost to the exact penny, and fixing the price at the low rate afforded where business is done on a large scale.

NOTE.—Whenever the exigencies of the season, the state of trade, or the money market may demand, the right is reserved to go through our stock before or after business hours and mark down any lot or lots of goods, changing the figures on all the labels, so that the new rates are the same to all, and all buy alike at the mark down prices.

WANAMAKER & BROWN WILL NEVER HOLD THEIR GOODS.

A printed Guarantee, bearing the signature of our firm, will accompany each garment as a Warranty. This is a sample:

GUARANTEE.

1st. That the price of our goods shall be as low as the same quality of material and manufacture are sold anywhere in the United States.
2nd. That the price is precisely the same in every body for same quality, on same day of purchase.
3rd. That the quality of goods is as represented on printed labels.
4th. That the full amount of cash paid will be refunded, if customers find the articles unsatisfactory, and return them unsoiled and unaltered within 10 days of date of purchase.

[Signed,] WANAMAKER & BROWN,
Sixth and Market Streets, Phila.

4th POINT.—This is simply a concession on our part to our customers, that they may have full confidence in dealing for goods they know very little about, and thus prevent any occasion for dissatisfaction on their part, and every cause whatsoever. If the garment is not exactly what you thought, if the "home folks" prefer another color or another shape, if you find you can buy the same material and style elsewhere for less money, if you wish you had not bought it, bring it back unsoiled and unaltered, and the full amount of money you paid will be returned on the spot.

THE ADVANTAGES

incident to a system having for its cardinal points these which we have explained, are innumerable. Saving of time and temper, perfect security, absence of all huckstering, &c., &c. But above all this

IT MAKES CLOTHING CHEAP.

!!!!!!

Sinking the prices several degrees below what they have been heretofore, or could possibly be under the old system.

By enforcing CASH Payments, the bad debts are avoided.

By putting plenty of ready money in hand, it enables us to buy goods at figures that credit men know nothing about.

By increase of sales, a smaller profit on each article is sufficient.

All of these "By Ways" lead direct to

CHEAPNESS,

and this without lowering the quality or style of our Celebrated make of Men's and Boys' Clothing.

We have for years been working towards the present point, and though naturally falling into the current of the time and the needs of the old systems, and have been carefully weighing for a long time these never plans, and preparing for this

ENTIRE CHANGE OF BASE

We now swing over of all combinations or customs, and burn the bridges behind us.

INVESTIGATION IS ASKED INTO ALL WE HAVE HERE PUT FORTH.

Staking the hard-earned reputation of our house on the exact fulfillment of all the promises and conditions herein laid down.

On this new Plan, we begin business.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1874.

Marvellous and Unprecedented Increase of Business for which we are well prepared.

With the improvements already noted, there are also new styles, new colors, new cuts and more careful finishing. Everything possible has been done to meet and gratify the rush, and now

LET IT BEGIN.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA.

S. E. COR. SIXTH & MARKET STS., PHILADELPHIA.

ROBERT D. ABDEL,
UNDERTAKER,
BUILDER, AND CABINET MAKER,
CHURCH ST., East of DIVISION ST.
SALISBURY MARYLAND.

Funerals in any part of the county attended to at short notice. Coffins made in the latest and most improved styles.
Estimates furnished, and houses built with dispatch.
Furniture neatly repaired.

J. C. McNAUGHTON & CO.,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
DEALERS IN
Grain, Lumber
And all kinds of
COUNTRY PRODUCE.
NO. 264 S. FRONT ST.
PHILADELPHIA.

Special attention paid to the return of empty barrels and kegs to mark the number sent on each box.
MAY 15-4

J. EISENHART
PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANT
AND SHIPPER OF
Berries, Fruits, Potatoes, Eggs, &c.
Office 124 Delaware Avenue Market,
PHILADELPHIA.

Consignments solicited. Attention paid to the return of Packages. Shipping orders promptly attended.
Ma y-2 m36-

ADVERTISER.

\$1 Per Annum in Advance

NUMBER 9

COURSE TO BE PURSUED IN PURCHASING A HORSE.

- 1st. Examine the eyes in the stable, then in the light; if they are in any degree defective, reject.
- 2d. Examine the teeth to determine

3d. Examine the poll, or crown of the head, and the withers, or top of the shoulders, as the former is the seat of Poll Evil, and the latter that of Fistula.

4th. Examine the front feet, and if the frog has fallen, or settled down between the heels of the shoe and the heels are contracted, reject him: as he, if not

Next observe the knees and ankles of the horse you desire to purchase, and if cocked you may be sure that it is the result of the displacement of the internal organs of the foot, a consequence of neglect of the form of the foot and injudi-

5th. Examine for interfering, from the ankle to the knee, and if it proves that he cuts the knee, or the leg between the knee and the ankle, or the latter badly, reject.

"Sperdy cut," of the knee and leg are the most serious in their effects.

Many trotting horses, which would be

6th. Carefully examine the hoofs for cracks in the hoofs.

If cracks are observable in any degree, reject.

Also, both look and feel for ringbones which are callouses on the bones of the

7th. Examine the hind feet for the same defect of the foot and ankle that we have named in connection with the front foot. Then proceed to the hock which is the seat of curb, and both bones and blood spavins.

the posterior and lower portion of the hock-joint; the second a bony excrescence on the lower, inner, and rather anterior portion of the hock, and the latter is a soft enlargement of the synovial membrane on the inner and upper portion of the back. They are either of them sufficient reason for rejecting

the front feet well under him, and observe both the heels of the feet and shoes to see if he "forges" or over-reaches, and in case he does, and the toes of the front feet are low, the heels high, and the heels of the front shoes a good thickness, and the toes of hind feet are of no proper

reaches with his feet in the condition described, he is incurable. If he props up both front feet, or points them alternately, reject.

9th. In testing the driving qualities take the reins while on the ground, inviting the owner to get in the vehicle first, then drive yourself. Avoid the mistake of

the use of the whip and if he has not sufficient spirit to exhibit his best speed without it, reject. Should he drive satisfactorily without, it will then be proper to test his amiability and the extent of his training in the use of the whip.

Thoroughly test his walking qualities first, as that gait is more important in the

10th. Always purchase of the breeder of the horse; if practicable; the reasons are obvious.

A rather snappish woman, who is evidently disgusted with her own experience, suggests a new way for young rustics to pop the question. Don't say to your "bright particular star" "Will you come and shine for me alone?" &c. But say "Will you marry me, and give me a little light."

my meat, and those of my hired help do the washing, ironing, sewing, mending, scrubbing, knitting, sweeping, dusting, bed-making, dish-washing, and housework generally take care of the dairy and the chickens? In case of a thunder-shower in haying, I shall want

Cotton factories in the South, in almost every instance, where well managed, pay from twenty to twenty-five per cent.

Butter down! as the goat remarked

China has streets paved with granite blocks laid over 300 years ago as good as new. The contractors are dead.

Patience is a great virtue, but how few of us possess it.

Picky pickers are persons who take things easy.



FOR PRESIDENT OF THE U. S.
ALLEN G. THURMAN,
OF OHIO.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.
THOMAS F. BAYARD,
OF DELAWARE.
FOR CONGRESS:
FIRST DISTRICT OF MARYLAND.
HON. PHILIP F. THOMAS,
OF TALBOT COUNTY.

Democrats and Conservatives, remember that on next Tuesday you will be called upon to select a congressman for the First District of Maryland, and it behooves you to be up and doing—let no business engagements deter you from your whole duty. Your foes are a wily set of fellows, and they have heads assisting them in their plans outside of the District. They know the importance to them of our defeat. They know that if we ever get a majority in Congress that their nefarious schemes must be exposed, and in view of that fact they will resort to every imaginable device to defeat us and keep themselves in office. We say, then, be up and doing. Get up early and see that your neighbors go to the polls. See that no Democrats remain at home, or stay away from the election on any pretense. Look to Ohio, Indiana and Arkansas. If they could afford to make such wonderful efforts, why can we not do the same? Go to the polls, persuade men to take care of their liberties, protect their households and foster the protection of white men, and in doing this you will indirectly promote the best interests of the negro, for there is nothing so good for all classes or conditions of men as good Government. It promotes a healthy growth to the tree of liberty, and improves every artery of the body politic. Then let us see that good and reliable men are sent to Congress, so that we may rest assured that all will be right.—Goldsbrough says he is all right, but we only have his word for it, while his acts and the company he keeps all give the lie to his declaration. Let us, therefore, trust the man who has always acted as well as spoke right. Thomas is right, and this we know, therefore there can be no mistaking his position. Therefore give him your hearty support, and your confidence will not be misplaced. Goldsbrough says he has belonged to every party except the Know Nothings, whom he condemns, as he does not like secret societies of any kind. He says it is a bad time when a man can't speak out his sentiments. We remember that he was accused of causing a posse of soldiers to enter a court house, and beating a Maryland Judge over the head with a revolver because that Judge had spoken out in his charge to the Grand Jury, in calling their attention to violations of laws and suggesting a remedy. Yes, a Maryland Judge was beaten over the head on the Bench by a Pennsylvania soldier for speaking out and exposing violations of the laws of the State by him without authority, and it is said that H. H. Goldsbrough was behind the scenes. Yet he now says it is a bad time when men can't speak their sentiments. We ought not to forget that he was the head of that convention which fastened upon us the Constitution of 1864, which provided for the disfranchisement of our citizens, which did not only prevent us from speaking but also from performing our sentiments. We were not allowed to vote for or against any men or measures which were presented, and H. H. Goldsbrough was at the head of this clan.

What say you, freemen, is H. H. G. the man to trust? We say, No! Then vote for P. F. Thomas, and remain free.

THE CRISIS IN THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

The crisis is approaching in the Episcopal convention. The report of the committee on canons is made the special order for to-day at noon. It recommends a new canon against ritualistic practices, specifying the use of incense, presenting the vestments, and the elevation and adoration of the elements. On the other side a memorial is presented bearing many names of note, such as Gov. John A. Dix and J. J. Astor, objecting to the passage of any canon on ritualism, chiefly on the ground that it would be a backward step toward sacerdotal dogma and con-

[COMMUNICATED.]

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28th, 1874.

Mr. Editor:—As the election in this city is of great importance this year, and of much interest to the country at large, I thought a letter at this time might be of interest to your readers, most of whom, I suppose, belong to the Democratic party. For the first time in the history of this State for many years, our election day is the same as that of old Maryland, and to the new constitution of this State, which went into effect last winter, are the people indebted for this great improvement in their election laws. Heretofore the State election has always been in October, and the result was looked for by the whole country with anxious eyes, and as went Pennsylvania so went the Union, was the common phrase. As you may be aware, the political parties in Pennsylvania, outside of this city, are pretty evenly divided, and the result here generally decides the State election, but this year the most prominent place upon the ticket has been given to the Hon. Warren J. Woodward, who was nominated by the Democratic Convention at Pittsburgh, as one of the Judges of the Supreme Court, which is equivalent to an election, according to the new constitution, which prevents the Judiciary from being chosen by one political party only. It is a wise provision in some respects, but takes away from the people the privilege of choosing their own judges, leaving that to their conventions. This city, according to the last census, is entitled to five representatives in Congress, and the two parties are very active at this time in behalf of their candidates. The Democrats have nominated able men as their candidates, while the Republican party are very much dissatisfied with their regular nominees, and in two districts there are two Republican candidates running, both of whom claim the suffrages of their party. This dissatisfaction will make success more certain for the Democracy, who, like a band of brothers, have been united for the past thirteen years in their efforts to place good men in power; who were influenced by a devotion to those principles of Jefferson, which made the Democratic party so great and illustrious. The Democratic leaders in this city, are such men as the Hon. Richard Vaux, Hon. William H. Witte, the able editor of the "Commonwealth" (our best Democratic weekly published in this city), Hon. Thos. B. Florence, Ex-Mayor Fox, Gen'l William M. Candless and a host of other able men, who are doing their utmost to rid this city of Radical, Republican Ring Rule, which has disgraced it for so many years. That success will crown their efforts there is every reason to expect, and if the ring in this city, (now controlled by such denagogues as William B. Mann, William Kemble, William D. Kelly and a few others,) is broken on next Tuesday, it will be hailed with joy unspeakable by the great Democratic party throughout the country, for it will make this great commonwealth cast its electoral vote in 1876 for a Democratic President, who will be chosen from one of the great Western States, which have so lately been victorious in their great battle against a despotic administration, backed by a party calling themselves the Republican Party, whose death-knell has been sounded by Ohio and Indiana. The people of this city are anxiously watching the Democracy of old Maryland, and hope to see her send a full delegation to Congress, from the mountains of Alleghany county, down to the sandy shores of Somerset and Worcester, and settle forever the claims of those two men, who misrepresented the State during the last session of Congress, owing to the dissatisfaction of the party with the nominee for President.

Business here during the past few weeks has been encouraging, and it is thought by many that it will improve as cold weather increases. Our streets are full of strangers who have come to buy their winter goods and to view the many attractions now offered in the way of amusement. The crowd at the Franklin Institute is greater than ever, and an effort will be made to have it continued a few weeks longer. The people from the country who now visit it, can have some idea what a great event will take place in 1876, when the Centennial Exposition will be held in old Fairmount Park, now the scene of much activity. When you correspond "Box" next visit our city, let him not neglect to visit the Zoological Garden, which is daily thronged with visitors, and which is the only garden of the kind in this country. More anon.

OMOO.

NEW DEPARTURE.

To say "Oak Hall," means "corner of Sixth and Market streets, Philadelphia," as every child knows, and suggests the name of the giant hotel, Wanamaker & Brown. This great House announces in our columns for the fall and winter trade, A NEW DEPARTURE: 1. Cash, the invariable terms. 2. Every garment will be labeled with a printed price, naming the goods, and specifying in open figures the invariable price. 3. A guarantee, signed by the firm, to accompany each garment. 4. The money to be returned the purchaser, if within ten days he finds room for discontent at his purchase. Under these considerations, Messrs. Wanamaker & Brown justly ask all lovers of honest and liberal dealing, who are willing to lift in lifting this important branch of trade upon their lofty and solid "Platform of four planks," to purchase their fall and winter stock at Oak Hall. Be sure to read and peruse the advertisement found in our present issue.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup has been before the public for years, and is pronounced by thousands superior to all other articles for the cure of Coughs, Colds, In-

THE FRUITS OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S POLICY.

The dispatches from Louisiana convey the very painful information that the anticipated arrests of citizens of Shreveport and other points have commenced, and that many of them are made upon affidavits of the notorious General Merrill, who wrought so much wretchedness while engaged in similar business in South Carolina. When the President gave over questions of alleged outrages in the South to the Attorney General it was with the expressed view of dealing with them under the shield of civil authority, the military to be used only in case of absolute necessity. But it seems the Attorney General has picked out a military officer only distinguished for his experience in such heartless work, who appears to have no quality of the civil about him, and who is not a citizen of the State, to "work up" cases against citizens of Louisiana. Upon the affidavits of this military creature, who can really know nothing of the people, warrants are issued and arrests made, whereas, under the instructions originally issued, it was supposed that they would be done altogether by civil agents. Admiral Semmes a few days ago exposed in a Mobile court a murderer who had been making similar arrests under United States authority upon subpoenas dated two weeks before the date of the alleged offenses. Such creatures of course the Attorney General can "procure" anywhere to go anywhere and do anything that is mean and dastardly. Is the distinguished Attorney General going to fight out the Southern political problem on that line if it takes till he is turned out of office or banished to Russia?

FIFTH AND LAST GIFT CONCERT IN AID OF THE PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

The management have determined to have the drawing of the Fifth and Last Gift Concert of the Public Library of Kentucky on the 30th day of November next. We believe now that all the tickets will be sold, and that the drawing will be a full one; but whether all are sold or not, the drawing will nevertheless certainly come off on the day appointed. The special object of this card is to call a meeting of the ticket-holders at Public Library Hall, on the 20th of November, to make arrangements in connection with the committee appointed by the Trustees to superintend the counting of the tags representing the numbers of tickets sold. While there is no actual necessity for the presence of ticket-holders, as under our arrangements the interests of all are equally cared for, yet at the same time it would greatly prefer that as many of those interested as can, would attend this meeting and see each for himself how perfectly fair and impartial the distribution must be.

Every arrangement has been made for the drawing—but let it more than a month remain for the sale of the remainder of the tickets, and whatever is done must be done promptly.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky., Oct. 22, 1874.

A CITY WITHOUT LIGHT.

Dublin, the capital of Ireland, has just sustained a heavy loss in the total destruction of the city gas works, leaving the city in total darkness at night. The intense heat and noxious vapor from the burning and escaping gas prevented the firemen from doing anything to save the works. Dublin is a large and splendid city, in fact one of the finest in the British empire, and such a loss as this will be severely felt, because of the time that must elapse before it can be repaired, and the danger to life and property in the meantime. The calamity is one to which all great cities lighted with gas are now exposed, and yet against which no adequate precautions are taken.

GATHERINGS IN THE SOUTH.

There has been much written lately that is very dubious about political gatherings and conflict of races, yet there is one class of gatherings all over the South about which there is not even the shadow of doubt, namely, gathering for the purpose of purchasing the remaining tickets for the next and last Gift Concert of the Public Library of Kentucky, to come off November 30. The South has been impoverished, and a reasonable share of the \$2,500,000 then to be distributed will be very acceptable.

SUMMARY JUSTICE IN KANSAS.

In Kansas, justice, if she is blind, goes at the rate of a mile a minute whenever she is after a horse thief. Vincent Morgan, grand equine larcenist, as aforesaid, was arrested about sunrise, and his preliminary examination before breakfast, was bound over, was taken to Hiawatha, and by 2 o'clock P. M. he had been indicted, arraigned, tried, found guilty, and sentenced to the penitentiary for two years. Such velocity of proceeding must have made Mr. Morgan's head swim; but he may thank his stellar influences, that he is safe within stone walls, for, short as the proceedings were, a vigilance committee might have made them a good deal shorter.

A HINT.

If you would aspire To anything higher, Or kindle the tenderest passion For clothes you must call At Bennett's TOWER HALL. And get just the "tip," of the fashion: The best goods of every kind, style and grade, made up into the most stylish Clothing can always be procured here, Garments at lower prices than anywhere else. BENNETT & CO., TOWER HALL CLOTHING BAZAAR, 518 MARKET STREET, half-way between 5th and 6th Streets, Philadelphia.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR QUININE.

For years, quinine was regarded as the only specific for malarious diseases, and immense quantities of the drug were annually consumed throughout our western country, more particularly along the river bottoms and adjoining low lands. With the fall months malaria, in all its varied forms, stalks like an epidemic through the land, and whole districts are very much afflicted with chills and fever, the entire population shuddering with ague. Heretofore, quinine was regularly resorted to; but, while it frequently failed to effect a cure, it invariably deranged the stomach, producing nausea, vertigo and fugitive pains in the head to such an extent that months elapsed ere the system recovered from its effects. These objections to its use were so marked, that the introduction of Misher's Herb Bitters was hailed as a triumph in medicine. Infinitely more certain in its beneficial effects than quinine, it possessed none of the demerits of that drug. Instead of nauseating, it tones and invigorates the stomach, and while specially adapted to the malarious season, it increases the appetite and facilitates digestion thus rendering the system stronger, and better fitted to resist the attacks of disease. In fact, a judicious use of Misher's Herb Bitters at this season of the year, will prevent the occurrence of this disease, even in those who have never passed an autumn without it. An experience of twenty years proves it to be the greatest ANTI-PELVIC known to medical science.

There are, perhaps, no diseases so subject to climatic changes as affections of the Kidneys. Hundreds of our farmers, mechanics, and laboring men, strong and hardy in all other respects, suffer continual inconvenience, and occasionally excruciating pains in the back and across the loins; experience frequent desire to pass water, pain during its passage, and frequent stoppages in its flow. These are manifestations resulting from some strain or heavy lift (perhaps years ago), and aggravated by every change in the weather. Every slight cold directs to this one weak spot, and unless promptly attended to the disease becomes chronic, and the once strong man a miserable wreck. Misher's Herb Bitters is the only certain remedy for this class of diseases. It has a peculiar tendency to the kidneys, stimulates them to healthy action, and removing the cause, prevents the formation of uric-acid deposits, which, if permitted to accumulate, necessitate a painful operation for its removal. Many of the ingredients entering into its composition, are universally recognized as specifics for all complaints of the urinary organs. In Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, all disorders of the Bowels, and affections of the Throat and Lungs, it is equally certain and efficacious; while, as a remedy for the complaints peculiar to the females, it is unsurpassed. Laxative, and young, married and single, in every condition of life, will find this GREAT FEMALE REMEDY prompt, safe, certain and reliable. The pale, sallow complexion is replaced by a blooming, healthy countenance, and its occasional use enables Nature to perform her functions REGULARLY AND WITHOUT INCONVENIENCE. Sold only in bottles by all Druggists and general dealers. Oct. 10, 2m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers at private sale the farm formerly owned by Thomas Williams, about one and a half miles on the road from Salisbury to Spring Hill. This farm contains

220 ACRES.

and is improved by a two-story Dwelling House and all necessary out buildings; lies on it a fine Orchard, Peach Orchard, and is susceptible of a high state of improvement, having a clay subsoil. This farm has on it an abundant supply of wood and timber, and enough could be spared to pay a large amount of the purchase money. It is finely located for trucking, being near the R. R. and navigation, and offers a rare chance for an investment.

Terms easy. Apply to LEMUEL MALONE, Salisbury, Md.

LOT FOR SALE!

The Lot in California, known as the "Mex. Silver Mine Lot." This is a finely situated lot for a building lot, as it fronts beautifully on Main Street, extended. Persons desiring a fine location to put up a cottage, cannot find a more beautiful situation. Apply to LEMUEL MALONE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Wm. Birkhead and Lemuel J. No. 32. Malone, Trustees of Wm. J. In Equity. Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the sale in the above entitled cause, as made and reported by William Birkhead and Lemuel Malone, Trustees to sell the real estate of William Gamby, deceased, to file their claims, with the vouchers thereof, with the subscriber on or before the 20th day of November next, 1874, at which time I shall proceed to state an account, otherwise they may be excluded from all benefit of said estate and account. H. LAIRD TODD, Auditor.

Wilmington Loan Association, No. 105 Chancery Association, In Equity, in the Circuit Court for the County of Sept. Term, 1874.

ORDERED by the subscriber, Stephen O. P. Toadvine, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Wicomico County, Maryland, this fifth day of September eighteen hundred and seventy-four, that the report of Thomas Humphreys, Trustee, to make sale of the real estate mentioned in the above entitled cause, and the sale by him reported, be and the same is hereby ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary appear by exceptions filed before the first day of next term, or provided a copy of this Order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Wicomico County, once in each of three successive weeks before the first day of December next. The report states the amount of sales to be \$1500.00.

S. P. TOADVINE, Clerk. True Copy. S. P. TOADVINE, Clerk. Oct. 10, 31. ARTHUR MUNSON, SIGN PAINTER, Plain and Ornamental PAINTING, FRESKOING, Paper Hanging, &c., Neatly and Ornamentally Executed. Shop opposite the Post Office, Salisbury Maryland.

A GREAT STRIDE UP AND OVER

This Advertisement Copyrighted. Business Customs! OAK HALL

OLD METHODS found to be faulty or objectionable discarded. A new and vastly advantageous plan hereby adopted!

Already the Largest Clothing Concern in America, and leading the Trade, WE START ON A NEW CAREER!! Thoroughly reorganized on a greatly improved Plan, By which it is hoped to double the already immense business of

Wanamaker and Brown ENORMOUS ESTABLISHMENT.

Thirteen years of interested and eager observation of different methods of doing business, while establishing and extending the largest clothing trade in the United States, have brought us to the following

Conclusions:

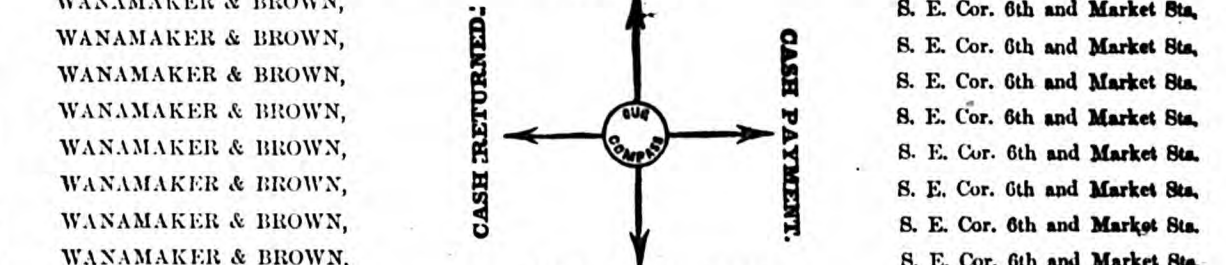
- 1st That a customer has a right to some GUARANTEE that his purchase shall prove exactly as represented.
- 2nd That Cash throughout is the only basis, consistent with the very lowest prices.
- 3rd That, though justice does not require it, comfort and actual security in dealing are greatly promoted by giving to the purchaser the privilege not only of Exchange of Goods, but of returning the same within a given time, and have promptly paid back the Cash in full.
- 4th That all customers buying at the same time, should pay precisely the same price for the same quality of goods.
- 5th That as customers naturally inquire into the character and quality of articles offered for sale, and the authority and guarantee of the firm, bearing a printed description of the name and quality of the goods, should be attached to each article.

BUSINESS MEN thoroughly bent on upright dealing, have been thinking over, working out and experimenting on propositions similar to the above, and here and there is an establishment which has accepted one or another of these conclusions.

BUT WE UNHESITATINGLY ADOPT THEM ALL, and confidently relying on the approval and support of an intelligent and discriminating public, we inaugurate what we believe to be the best system in the world, and we

NOW ANNOUNCE THESE AS

OUR CARDINAL POINTS.



Wanamaker & Brown, S. E. Cor. 6th and Market Sts., S. E. Cor. 6th and Market Sts., S. E. Cor. 6th and Market Sts., S. E. Cor. 6th and Market Sts., S. E. Cor. 6th and Market Sts., S. E. Cor. 6th and Market Sts., S. E. Cor. 6th and Market Sts., S. E. Cor. 6th and Market Sts.

EXPLANATION AND ELABORATION

OF WANAMAKER & BROWN'S NEW PLAN.

Houses doing a credit business must provide for losses on bad debts. To bear such losses themselves would drive them out of business. Therefore a per cent. is "CASH," added to the price of each article sold, to cover this leakage, and Cash Buyers whether they really know it or not, pay the bad debts and the interest on the long credits of the other customers!

SO WE SAY CASH THROUGHOUT.

The fairness of this feature of our plan all will praise. It is simply treating all alike—extending nothing from indisposition to bargain or ignorance, and at the same time, conceding all that shrewdness on the shrewdest customer's part could possibly extort, because the "One Price" which we mark on our goods, shall invariably be NOT the "First" Price, but the LAST and LOWEST PRICE.

In other words, Salesmen or "Headmen" are not allowed, under ordinary circumstances, to fall below a certain figure! It is at that, or at a lower figure, that we now determine to mark our goods, calculating the cost to the exact penny, and fixing the price at the low rate afforded when business is done on a large scale.

NOTE:—When the exigencies of the season, the state of trade, or the money market may demand, the right is reserved to go through our stock before or after business hours, and mark down any lot or lots of goods, changing the figures on all the labels, so that the new prices are the same to all, and all have alike at the mark-down a price.

WANAMAKER & BROWN WILL NEVER HOLD THEIR GOODS.

A printed Guarantee, bearing the signature of our firm, will accompany each garment as a Warranty. This is our plan.

GUARANTEE.

We hereby guarantee: 1st. That the price of our goods shall be as low as the same quality of material and manufacture are sold anywhere in the United States. 2d. That the price shall be precisely the same to everybody for same quality, on same day of purchase. 3d. That the quality of goods is as represented on printed labels. 4th. That the goods of cash paid will be refunded, if customers find the articles unsatisfactory, and return them unused and unaltered within 10 days of date of purchase.

[Signed] WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL, Sixth and Market Streets, Phila.

DATE.

This is simply a concession on our part to our customers, that they may have full confidence in dealing for goods they know very little about, and thus prevent any occasion for dissatisfaction from any and every cause whatsoever. If the garment is not exactly what you thought, if the "home folks" prefer another color or another shape, if you find you have not bought it, bring it back unworn and unaltered, and the full amount of money you paid will be returned on the spot.

THE ADVANTAGES

Incident to a system having for its cardinal points these which we have explained, are innumerable. Saving of time and temper, perfect security, absence of all huckstering, &c., &c. But above all the advantages

IT MAKES CLOTHING CHEAP.

!!!!!!

Sinking the prices several degrees below what they have been heretofore, or could possibly be under the old system.

By enforcing CASH Payments, the bad debts are avoided.

By putting plenty of ready money in hand, it enables us to buy goods at figures that credit men know nothing about.

By increase of sales, a smaller profit on each article is sufficient.

All of these "By Ways" lead direct to

CHEAPNESS.

and this without lowering the quality or style of our Celebrated make of Men's and Boys' Clothing.

We have for years been working towards the present point, and though naturally falling into the current methods of trade, we observed and noted the defects of the old system, and have been carefully weighing for a long time these newer plans, and preparing for this

ENTIRE CHANGE OF BASE

We now swing clear of all combinations or customs, and burn the bridges behind us.

INVESTIGATION IS ASKED INTO ALL WE HAVE HERE PUT FORTH.

Staking the hard-earned reputation of our house on the exact fulfillment of all the promises and conditions herein laid down.

On this new Plan, we begin business,

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3d, 1874,

Marvellous and Unprecedented increase of Business for which we are well prepared.

With the improvements already noted, there are also new styles, new colors, new cuts and more careful finishing. Everything possible has been done to meet the rush, and now

LET IT BEGIN.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA.

S. E. COR. SIXTH & MARKET STS., PHILAD'A.

ROBERT D. ABDEL, UNDERTAKER, BUILDER, AND CABINET MAKER, CHURCH ST., East of DIVISION ST., SALISBURY MARYLAND.

J. EISENHART, PRODUCE, AND SHIPPER OF Berries, Fruits, Poultry, Butter, Lard, Eggs, &c., Office 124 Delaware Avenue Market, PHILADELPHIA.

Consignments solicited. Attention paid to the return of Packages. Shipping orders promptly attended.

May 2nd 1874

Consignments sent by express, and delivered.

Special attention paid to the return of empty boxes and kegs, and to the return of the same on each box.

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Special attention paid to the return of empty boxes and kegs, and to the return of the same on each box.

May 2nd 1874

Consignments sent by express, and delivered.

This paper great circulation per in Salisbu

Thanksgiving day

Our shade and ot

be leaders.

We had a very

day.

Among the new

day's issue is a valua

L. Malone.

Burying cabbage

tions of four farmers

now.

Our town is sadly

dust on the streets i

at times.

Have you fortune

gipsy girl's and bo

half dollar.

Dick Turner wan

he has recovered fr

accident and "Rich

Go to the polls n

your vote for Phil

gress.

Mr. Wm. Rigg

this town lost a val

low-horn on last B

If you vote for

you vote for Social

and the obnoxious

There is a consid

both married and

sent out of work.

To-night is "All

the boys and see

cin pants and cab

Democrats! loc

tickets on Tuesday

ticket and see that

Philip F. Thomas

CONNOLLY & RINGGOLD,
Commission Merchants,
318 South Front St.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Consignments solicited and order
promptly attended to.
Apr. 11, 1904.

NANTICOKE HOUSE,
At the Junction of the
Dorchester & Delaware Rail
ROADS,
SEAFORD, DELAWARE.
MUSTARD & WARFIELD Proprietors.

WICOMICO MILLS,
HEAD OF DIVISION STREET,
Salisbury, Md.
Wholesale and Retail.
Thomas Humphreys, Proprietor.
WICOMICO FAMILY,
SALISBURY EXTRA,
LOCUST GROVE SUPER,
FINE.
Patronize Home Manufactures.
Sept. 12-14.

A. W. WOODCOCK,
Has on Hand
THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF
Elgin, Waltham & Springfield
AMERICAN WATCHES

Also
SWISS & ENGLISH WATCHES
For Ladies and Gentlemen, solid 18k gold,
fine Gold Chains, Opera, Matinee,
Leontine and Chatelet; hand-
some stock of Plain, Carved
and Enamelled Jewelry;
Bracelets, Sleeve-
buttons, Studs,
Lockets,
Sets, Rings,
Charms, Gold Keys,
Armlets, Gent's Pins,
Shawl Pins, Scarf Pins, Em-
blematic designs 18k Wedding
Rings, etc., etc.
SILVER AND PLATED WARE
Finest quality Castors, Table and Tea
Spoons, Forks and Knives, Butter
Bery dishes, Cake and Butter
Baskets, Napkin Rings, Lad-
des, Fruit Knives,
Pickle Fork, Su-
gar and Pres-
erve Spoons, and many other articles in
this line. Full line of Black Jewelry.
Celebrated Mable & Todd Pens
None made finer and none can equal.
Agent for the celebrated
Lazarus & Morris Spectacles.

Full line of Gold, Silver, Steel and Rub-
ber Spectacles and Eye Glasses.
SILVER WATCHES from \$5.00
to \$50.00.
Just received a large stock of
CLOCKS—Very Low.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry care-
fully and practically repaired and war-
ranted.
AMOS W. WOODCOCK,
MAIN ST., SALISBURY, MD.
on 17-18-19-20-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1033-1034-1035-1036-1037-1038-1039-1040-1041-1042-1043-1044-1045-1046-1047-1048-1049-1050-1051-1052-1053-1054-1055-1056-1057-1058-1059-1060-1061-1062-1063-1064-1065-1066-1067-1068-1069-1070-1071-1072-1073-1074-1075-1076-1077-1078-1079-1080-1081-1082-1083-1084-1085-1086-1087-1088-1089-1090-1091-1092-1093-1094-1095-1096-1097-1098-1099-1100-1101-1102-1103-1104-1105-1106-1107-1108-1109-1110-1111-1112-1113-1114-1115-1116-1117-1118-1119-1120-1121-1122-1123-1124-1125-1126-1127-1128-1129-1130-1131-1132-1133-1134-1135-1136-1137-1138-1139-1140-1141-1142-1143-1144-1145-1146-1147-1148-1149-1150-1151-1152-1153-1154-1155-1156-1157-1158-1159-1160-1161-1162-1163-1164-1165-1166-1167-1168-1169-1170-1171-1172-1173-1174-1175-1176-1177-1178-1179-1180-1181-1182-1183-1184-1185-1186-1187-1188-1189-1190-1191-1192-1193-1194-1195-1196-1197-1198-1199-1200-1201-1202-1203-1204-1205-1206-1207-1208-1209-1210-1211-1212-1213-1214-1215-1216-1217-1218-1219-1220-1221-1222-1223-1224-1225-1226-1227-1228-1229-1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