

SALISBURY ADVERTISER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT
Salisbury, Wisconsin County, Maryland

OFFICE ON DIVISION STREET AT HEAD OF MAIN
THOS. PERRY. HENRY A. HEARN.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of one dollar an inch for the first insertion and fifty cents an inch for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount on yearly ad-
Local Notices ten cents a line for the first insertion and fifty cents an inch for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount on yearly ad-
Subscription Price, one dollar per annum in advance. Single Copies, three cents.

For Office at Salisbury, Md.,
I hereby certify that the Salisbury Advertiser is a newspaper published at Salisbury, Md., and is authorized to be a publication entitled to admission in the mails at the post office of postage, and entry of it at such a rate as may be made upon the books of this office. Valid while the character of the publication remains unchanged.
MARY D. ELLIOTT, Postmaster.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1885.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

STATE TICKET.

For Governor:
JOHN E. HURST
of Baltimore City.

For Comptroller:
MARION DEKALB SMITH,
of Kent County.

For Attorney General:
CHARLES C. CROTHERS,
of Cecil County.

COUNTY TICKET.

State Senate:
HON. E. E. JACKSON.

House of Delegates:
GEORGE T. TRUITT,
WILLIAM S. MOORE,
GRANVILLE M. CATLIN.

State's Attorney:
THOMAS F. J. RIDER.

Sheriff:
JAMES C. JOHNSON.

Judges of Orphans Court:
KING V. WHITE,
LAMBERT H. COTTER,
GILLIS BUSSELL.

County Commissioners:
J. J. MORRIS,
H. JAMES MESSICK,
WILLIAM H. WILLIAMS.

County Treasurer:
DR. H. LAIRD TODD.

Surveyor:
PETER S. SHOCKLEY.

The County Commissioners last Tuesday took the initial step toward a reorganization of the County Treasurer's office, by appointing an expert to assist in the work—a step that should have been taken long ago, but better late than never. Just what the scope of Mr. Tobman's authority is, we have not been able to ascertain, but the work of the past 14 years should be audited and the best system should be instituted for the future. We know nothing of Mr. Tobman's qualifications but presume the commissioners have used due care in the selection of their expert.

What seems to us, however to have been a more practical way of proceeding would have been to first appoint a committee from among the accountants and managers of the financial institutions of this city, men whose business it is to know the best financial systems, and have the whole question referred to this committee, including the systems used in other counties, out of which a system that would be an improvement upon any of these might be evolved, and when the system to be adopted was agreed upon then selected some one familiar with the system as Mr. Tobman is with the Dorchester system, to open the accounts and instruct the Treasurer.

The auditing of the accounts for the past fourteen years and the indexing and alphabetizing of vouchers, correspondence and other documents filed in the office, should also be done. This it is true, will involve the outlay of a small sum to purchase suitable filing cabinets etc., but the public would not object to this outlay if it is to give us such a systematic arrangement as is found in the other offices of the Court House, especially the clerk's office which has lately been refurnished and is a model office in every way.

GOOD PROMISE OF THE HARVEST.

The weather-bureau for the week ending at eight p. m. Monday is decidedly encouraging.

Over a considerable portion of the upper Mississippi and Ohio valleys and most of Texas the rain was almost totally lacking. But in almost all other sections the rainfall was more than usual for this period, or very heavy. In the Texas, excepting South Carolina and Texas, cotton has generally improved. Tobacco is in good condition in Virginia, is growing rapidly everywhere but in Ohio. But the growing crop of grain is still more promising. The bulletin says—

The general outlook for an exceptionally fine crop continues flattering. Except in the Dakotas and Minnesota, where it is somewhat late, and in Indiana, where it is maturing slowly, the crop is generally in advance of the season, and early corn is practically made over the southern portion of the corn belt. Kansas and Missouri report much of the crop made, and in Missouri the largest crop ever raised in that State is promised.

Six hundred Iowa reports, all counties being represented, show the condition of corn as much above the average in sixty years, above the average of eight counties, while thirty counties promise a crop below the average. In Nebraska corn is in excellent condition in the Southwestern part of the State and in the counties along the Missouri River, but has been much injured in the southeastern section, except in the river counties.

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The atmosphere is absolutely pure, and there is no dampness in any part of the cave, except at the bottom step where you can notice, by placing your finger against the walls, a little moisture, but not elsewhere in the cave; while in the lowest tier, there is a heavy dust caused by the many feet, and it is as dry as temperance town at election time. No living insect, reptile or animal of any kind, except man, is to be found in this wonderful cavern. The temperature in all parts of the cave remains the same, the year round, 45 degrees.

The Wind Cave, so called because of the continuous outrush of wind from its mouth, is situated about ten miles from Hot Springs. The country near the cave is somewhat hilly, with but few trees in the vicinity. In fact, it is a reserve of "park," which means, in the Black Hills, an open, level, strided land. In the immediate neighborhood of this show place of America, are a post-office, several dwellings, and as many barns. One of the barns is a "cave house" which by no means is indicative of the enchanting wonders which it so faithfully guards. In the floor of this Gibraltar, is a trapdoor, through which the eight-seer must pass into utter darkness, as the rushing wind, which is the only light in the cave. After you have descended a few rods, and the trap door is closed, then in the midst of beauty and grandeur, the candles are lighted, and the curtain is drawn.

It is not our purpose to describe many of the wonderful chambers of this cavern, but to speak briefly of a few. The first attraction is the post-office. The walls of this room are filled with nature's ornamented pigeon holes, or letter boxes, into which is deposited, cards of distinguished persons from all parts of the world. We visited the "Grand Opera," "Devil's Lookout," "Qu'en Drawing Room," "Methodist Church," "Capital Hill," "Amphitheater," "Confederate Cross Roads," "Chamber of Belles," "Monte Cristo's Palace," "Castle Garden," "Assembly Room," "St. Dominick's Chamber," "Yethub," "Catacombs," "Tabernacle," "Standing Rock," "Cathedral Heights," "World's Fair Ground," "Fallen Giant," "Masonic Hall," "Pearly Gates," "Saint's Rest," "Garden of Eden," and many others.

But the crowning wonder of the cave is the Peatly gates which is beyond the description of man. The guide placed a round the gates, lighted candles, and we also descended, as before entering beauty. As we passed through the gates, into the "Garden of Eden," and thence into the "Garden of Eden," we were, indeed, inclined to believe, we had passed through the pearly gates of which the Methodist brethren so often speak—never to return to the cares of earth. Picture a large room, the farther end opening as a shell gate, the ceiling and walls covered with the most beautiful lake-like floor work, fine as cobwebs, woven in the most intricate patterns, sparkling with all the brilliancy of thousands of diamonds and precious gems, and yet get into a faint idea of the picture of the "Garden of Eden." Remembering that you are at least 400 feet below the surface, and that you are looking at the beauty of nature, not marred by the hand of man, and a feeling of awe over, and captivated you to such an extent that you would willingly let the rest of the outside world, and remain in the temples of nature for a week.

From here we enter the Garden of Eden which surpasses anything in delicacy and beauty that I have yet seen. It is a three hundred feet square; and so weird, and strangely beautiful are the scenes along its sides that we hung our heads in silent awe. The arches are hung with the filmy frostwork, twisted and modulated into conical shapes, and we were so full of what we had seen, that we left the Garden of Eden with much the same regret that our progenitors did the Garden of old.

—If you know a good thing when you see it you will take in the Thursday excursion on the B. & O. A. Ry. to Ocean City.

THE WIND CAVE.

A Picture of a Remarkable Cave in the Black Hills of South Dakota.

A ROYAL PALACE OF NATURE

Prof. Irving L. Willey, of the Dakota University, who is spending the summer with his parents at Sharbottle, writes for the Advertiser, the following description of the Wind Cave, South Dakota.

There are few more wonderful, rugged and sublime creations by nature's power than the Wind Cave of South Dakota. A greater miracle than the world's famous Mammoth Cave, more wonderful than the Wind Cave of Colorado, it stands pre-eminent as an impressive object lesson of the mysterious influences that have been at work since the Paleozoic Era.

In this spacious cave which has been discovered within the last six years, you can sojourn several days without becoming weary of the beautiful sights presented. To date, there have been explored twenty-one hundred large chambers, along the separate routes which combine to make a passage way of more than ninety miles in length. The explorer's motto is still "plus ultra." Three hundred and seventy-five of these chambers have been named by various visitors who have represented nearly every nation of the earth, and who have come "miles" to see one of the most wonderful discoveries of the century. Most of the rooms have received the name of the object which they resemble, all the formations which the geologists have yet failed to account for, have been named in the same manner.

The numerous chambers fairly glisten with interesting crystallization, and are carved into geometrical figures by beautiful box-work formations which line the walls. A prominent writer has said "They are suggestive of some marvelous artist of old, ornamenting the rooms of Kings and Queens of the underground dominions, or hung in frost work as airy, and as delicate as the paintings of the real Frost King,

Highest of all in Leavening Power—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

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SALISBURY ADVERTISER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT
Salisbury, Wicomico County, Maryland
OFFICE ON DIVISION STREET AT HEAD OF MAIN

THOS. PERRY. EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.
PERRY & HEARN,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of one dollar an inch for the first insertion and fifty cents an inch for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount to yearly advertisers.
Local Notices take a line for the first insertion and five cents for each additional insertion. Death and Marriage Notices are charged free when exceeding six lines. Outgoing Notices five cents a line.
Subscription Price, one dollar per annum in advance. Single Copy, three cents.

POST OFFICE AT SALISBURY, MD., November 24, 1895.
I hereby certify that the SALISBURY ADVERTISER, a newspaper published at this place, has been determined by the Third Assistant Postmaster-General to be a publication entitled to admission in the mails at the pound rate of postage, and entry of it as such is accordingly made upon the books of this office. Valid while the character of the publication remains unchanged.
MARTIN ELLIOTT, Postmaster.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 24, 1895.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

STATE TICKET.
For Governor: JOHN E. HURST of Baltimore City.
For Comptroller: MARION DEKALB SMITH, of Kent County.
For Attorney General: CHARLES C. CROTHERS, of Cecil County.
COUNTY TICKET.
For Senator: HON. E. E. JACKSON.
House of Delegates: GEORGE T. TRUITT, WILLIAM S. MOORE, GRANVILLE M. CATLIN.
State's Attorney: THOMAS F. J. RIDER.
Sheriff: JAMES C. JOHNSON.
Judges of Circuit Court: KING V. WHITE, LAMBERT HADCOCK, GILLIS BUSELL.
County Commissioners: J. J. MORRIS, H. JAMES MESSICK, WILLIAM H. WILLIAMS.
County Treasurer: DR. H. LAIRD TODD.
Surgeon: PETER S. SHOCKLEY.

THE NEEDS OF THE HOUR.

There is no disguising the fact that the situation of the democratic party in the state is very critical.
Contrary to the wishes of the great masses of democratic voters in the state Mr. Gorman and Mr. Rasin ran the state convention. The nomination of any other man would have encountered the same opposition as the nomination of Mr. Hurst. It is against these men and their methods that the people are rising up in righteous indignation.
Mr. Hurst is the creature of these men and unfortunately for him he will have no way of proving between now and election day that he will not be their tool. No opportunity will be given him to prove this. Hence the seriousness of the situation.
The only thing left now is for the State central committee to get together and put the management of the campaign in the hands of different men, men not in sympathy with Mr. Gorman and Mr. Rasin, men that are in touch with the people. Mr. Hatterley, W. Talbot, the mouth piece of Senator Gorman, must retire from the state central committee and give place to some man that the people have confidence in, such a man for instance as Ex-Governor Whyte or Hon. Jas. E. Ellegood of this county, John R. Patterson of Dorchester, or Governor Brown. Another step to be taken is the retirement of Senator Gibson as a candidate for re-election. The people have enough of Mr. Gibson and enough of Mr. Gorman at present and have decided that if Mr. Gorman is "to run the machine or smash it" then they will take a hand in the smashing.

Vacation Time.

Is at hand and is gladly welcomed by all, especially those whose duties in life have caused them to greatly run down their system to meet the requirements of physical and mental, forced upon them. With these and others, it is important, whether at home, at the seashore or in the country, that some thought be given to diet, and as further assistance to nature, a good building-up medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla had best be resorted to. If the digestion is poor, liver deranged and frequent headaches seem to be the rule, Hood's will change all this and enable everyone to return to a life of home and business in a refreshed state of mind and bodily health.

G. A. R. National Encampment Louisville. The B. O. R. C. will sell Excursion Tickets to Louisville, Ky., and return at all ticket stations on its lines at the rate of one cent per mile for the round trip, for all trains September 7th to 10th, inclusive, valid for return journey until October 6th, inclusive. Tickets will also be placed on sale via B. & O. at all of its connecting lines. Stop overs will be allowed on the return trip.
Veterans will bear in mind that all B. & O. trains run Washington and Harper's Ferry.

Our celebrated Vienna Export Lager Beer, bottled especially for home use has no superior. It is absolutely pure and its quality never varies. Creamy head, mellow flavor sparkling brilliancy, absence of false fermenting and sediments, are among its distinguishing characteristics. The Wicomico Steam Bottling Works, Salisbury, Md.

Ocean City is the healthiest seaside resort on the Atlantic coast. It has the best and the prettiest girls. Take in Thursday's deep excursion via the B. & O. See and enjoy the fun in the breakers.

STATE POLITICS

Gov. Brown on the Political Situation in the State.

The Baltimore Sun of Wednesday contained the following:
In speaking of the political situation Gov. Brown said:
"In my opinion Mr. Hurst should withdraw from the contest and the democratic state convention should be called to make another nomination. The situation is critical, and unless something is done to be well up with the democratic state ticket."
"Mr. Hurst should write a letter withdrawing from the ticket. He should state in this letter that he withdraws in the interest of harmony, and that his nomination has proved so unsatisfactory to a large element in the party that he cannot make the fight. If he does not do this I am very much afraid that the result of the election will be disastrous."

ANOTHER CONVENTION SUGGESTED.
"I also think that in case Mr. Hurst should withdraw the convention should be called together and allowed to make the nomination untrammelled by the outside interference whatever. The leaders or bosses should keep their hands off and allow the delegates to do as they please. If the convention should be stamped and nominate some one they do not want they should put up with it and submit to the inevitable. The fact that a man is nominated in defiance of the leaders will make the man all the stronger before the people and would probably elect him."
"The people generally like to see a man defeat the managers and admire him all the more for his courage in defeating them and securing the nomination against their will."

A COLossal MISTAKE.
"Gorman and Rasin made a colossal mistake in compelling the convention to act as it did. They should have allowed it to ballot and will and should not have interfered. The truth is, they were afraid it would be stamped and that some one would get the nomination whom neither of them wanted."
"Rasin was afraid that Hayes might be nominated and Gorman was afraid that Judge Fisher might succeed, and incidentally he was afraid my friends might nominate me, although I was entirely out of the fight."

"Rasin feared Gorman with the possibility that the convention might nominate either Judge Fisher or myself, and Gorman feared Rasin with Hayes, and so the thing was worked."
MIGHT HAVE THE PARTY.
"If Mr. Hurst should withdraw it would make him the most popular man in the state. It would be looked upon as an act of useful delivery to the interests of the democratic party, and would not fail to meet with the commendation of all people. I believe that it would be the best thing that could be done at the present time. If it is done I consider the outlook for the democratic success this year anything but bright."

STATEMENT FROM THE GOVERNOR.
Shortly after the publication of the above article the Governor issued the following statement:
"I wish to understand more emphatically that I had no such advice to offer, and any remarks that I may have made in connection with the democratic nomination were made incidentally and in a joking way, with no intention of having the same in print, and with no idea that they would be so used."
"I regret exceedingly that my name was used in connection with the interview, which is calculated to mislead the public as to my position in the campaign. I have always supported the democratic ticket and will certainly do so in this contest."

"Mr. Hurst, as I understand it, was nominated without any solicitation on his part and is in every way qualified to fill the office. He is entitled to the support of his party as the nominee of the democratic state convention and I predict his election."

WHAT MR. HURST SAYS.
In reference to rumors that he contemplated withdrawing from the ticket, Mr. Hurst declared that there was no truth in such statements, saying that his position was unchanged. "I had an interview with Governor Brown," he added, "and a word was said by the Governor to the effect that his views were as reported, but on the other hand, he expressed great confidence in the outlook and result."

In the same issue it published an interview with Ex-Governor Jackson taken from the Washington Post, which says:
At the Hotel Page last evening Ex-Gov. E. E. Jackson, of Maryland, conversed with a Post reporter on the political situation in the state.
"It must be admitted," said he, "that the democratic party is in a bad way, while the republicans seem in good shape. They nominated a strong ticket, their candidate for Governor, Mr. Loomis is an excellent man. The democrats are badly divided, and unless they get together between this and election day, of which there seems but little prospect, there is no hope for them to carry the State. Maryland is still a democratic State, but the voters have grown weary of having things run by one or two men, giving the people no chance in the conduct of public affairs."

"Personally the democratic nominee Mr. Hurst is a most estimable gentleman, but the way in which his nomination was brought about was a grave political blunder. It was due the other candidates, Messrs. Hayes and Jones, that there should have been at least the semblance of carrying out the promises made to them. Hurst could have been nominated any way and the others would not have felt themselves the victims of a prearranged plan. This would have violated all dimensions and soreness and created that harmony and union of sentiment that would have insured success for the democracy."

"If the republicans carry Maryland this year, will not that put the state in the doubtful in 1897?"
"Not necessarily. The present condition is not due to dissatisfaction with the party as an organization. It is requested, a revolt against party leaders and a protest against what is termed bossism—a very natural protest, too, that may have a healthy effect. I look to see Maryland give its electoral vote in 1897 for the democratic nominees, but republican success this year will make next year's task more than usually difficult."

Uncollected Letters.
The following is a list of letters remaining in the Salisbury (Md.) Post office Saturday, August 24, 1895.
J. C. Morris, Henry Lockwood Miss Rebecca Crowe, Joseph Lynch, J. J. Marshall, Jas. W. Hastings, Chas. Evans.
Persons calling for these letters will please say they are advertised.
MARY D. ELLIOTT, Postmistress.

THE GRAHAM'S OF WICOMICO.

The Family of the Young Republican Nominee for Comptroller.

The Baltimore Sun last week published the following in connection with Mr. Robert P. Graham's nomination by the Republicans for comptroller: "There are some interesting facts about the Graham family of Wicomico county, one of whom, Mr. Robert P. Graham, was nominated by the republican convention for State comptroller," said a gentleman from that county yesterday. "His father was the late Samuel A. Graham, who went to Salisbury from Carlisle, Pa., during the civil war. His family at Carlisle was one of the most prominent in that section."

"Wicomico was created out of parts of Somerset and Worcester counties after Mr. Graham's arrival at Salisbury, which became the county seat. Although an ardent Union man and, although surrounded by men and influences in sympathy with the Southern cause, his integrity and his legal attainments won for him a high position at the bar, which he maintained till his death. He was for several years republican candidate for State's attorney of his county or for Congress in his district, and it was chiefly through him that the republican organization on the Eastern Shore was maintained. He married Miss O'Leary, a sister of Dr. L. D. Collier of Salisbury."

"Mr. Robert P. Graham has several brothers, all of whom are democrats. The oldest is Mr. Joseph A. Graham, editor of the St. Louis Republican, which is one of the standard democratic dailies in the West. Before he went West Mr. Joseph A. Graham was editor of the Salisbury (Md.) Advertiser, and as a democrat was elected State's attorney of Wicomico county, succeeding Mr. E. Stanley Towdine, who has since that time served two terms in the State Senate. Mr. Graham, when he first went West, settled in Kansas City and his newspaper abilities soon landed him in the chair of the managing editor of the Kansas City Times. Thence he went to a similar position in the office of the St. Louis Republic."

Another brother is Dr. Samuel Graham, cash of one of the national banks of Salisbury. Still another brother, Dr. Wm. A. Graham, is city editor of the Hartford (Conn.) Courant, which newspaper is owned by United States Senator Hawley. Dr. Wm. A. Graham voted for Cleveland in 1892."

Mr. Robert P. Graham, of all the sons of Samuel A. Graham, is the only one who, besides adhering continuously to the political faith of his father, has followed the profession for which he was educated. Mr. Joseph A. Graham was trained to be a lawyer, now he is a newspaper man. Dr. Samuel Graham graduated from a Philadelphia college as a dentist; he is a bank cashier. Dr. Wm. Graham was educated to be a physician and after his graduation practiced at Quantico, Wicomico county; now he is a newspaper man."

The Sun's informant was in error as regards the political faith of the six sons. All except Mr. Joseph A. Graham have always been republicans, although Dr. Wm. A. Graham, as stated by the Sun, was a Cleveland supporter; and Dr. S. A. Graham has frequently asserted that he was always for the best man, regardless of party."

HOW TO REMEMBER.

Advice to Those Who Wish to Commit Songs or Music to Memory.
"I wish you would teach me how to commit to memory the songs I want to sing," said an amateur musician to a friend. "I have never been able to commit my music to memory—at least have never done so—and I think it would be of use to me if I could."
"The process is not a difficult one," was the reply. "I have always found it easy to remember songs and poems by a certain rule or method that I adopted a long time ago. Take any popular song. 'The Last Rose of Summer,' for example. It is a good plan to read it over and get the sentiment of the verse, which comprehends the idea of loneliness, the fading away of beautiful things and the lack of sympathy in sadness. The rose is blooming alone. Its companions are faded and gone. No flower or kindred is left to share its pleasures or answer to its sighs. This is the groundwork, the skeleton, so to speak, of the verse. Impress this firmly on the mind and you will remember the thought. The sentiment. Imagine the garden with the one rose and faded leaves all around. Once this is fixed in the memory it is comparatively easy to fill in the remainder of the words. This is one of the simplest and surest ways of committing the words of a song to memory."
"With most people memorizing the air of the song is much easier, and this is done by humming again and again, referring to the music whenever there is any question. It is important to learn an air correctly at first, for when a mistake is made the correct one is almost certain to blunder at the same place over afterward."—New York Ledger.

The Horsehoe Superstition.
The other day as wedding guests were leaving the old South church a motorman left his car to pick up a horsehoe. For lack of not at all, but because it lay directly on the rail road, and in the interest of passengers and possibly rolling stock it was removed. The motorman gave it a fling so that it fell rolling across the feet of three ladies, one of whom was about to pick it up, when a practical member of the trio said: "Don't soil your gloves, and never mind if there are three nails in it. It was not you who found it, but the motorman, and he has flung it away, good luck and all." The citizen passed the spot three minutes later, and no trace of the horsehoe was found. Why? Because a Boston street girl's escort captured it and carried it off on his cane.—Boston Post.

A Lightning Photographer.
Business Man—Can you write short-appeal—Yes, sir.
"How many was a minute?"
"I never counted 'em, but the other day, when my wife found in my overcoat pocket a letter which she gave me to mail last fall, I took down every word she uttered as fast as she said them."

"You'll do."—Toronto Truth.

Children Cry

for Pitcher's Castoria.

ONE HEAD-UISHER.

The Ways Whence He Differed From Others of His Calling.

It is as old as the proverb that the cobbler's children are always poorly shod. The restaurant man goes home for dinner, and the bartender is a total abstainer.

The druggist may patronize the faith cure and the railway man knows of no greater luxury than a ride in a buggy. The street car conductor is glad to get a day off, so he can take a long walk.

A more remarkable case than any of these is that of the head uisher at the theater, and one theater in particular. Probably every playgoer in Chicago knows him. The title of "head uisher" does him an injustice. He is more like a host or the child of a reception committee.

There are head uishers who pounce upon you, grab the coupon, thrust them back into your fumbled hands and shout: "First aisle to the right!"

There are other head uishers who tell you to hurry, and step lively, and give you a good warning that all coupons must be ready.

They shout: "Hey, there!" and are constantly distracted because of the immense responsibility which they imagine is resting upon them.

As soon as a snippy young man gets into a box office or is engaged as an usher, he begins to imagine that he owns the house, the company and a good part of the frontage in the block.

But the exceptional head uisher is calm, polite, affable and solicitous. No matter how rapidly the crowd may pour in, it seems that every one who comes receives some courtesy at his hands.

He doesn't shout or grab and the small children are not afraid of him. The most remarkable thing about this model master of ceremonies, however, is that he knows very little about actors or plays.

The other evening, when the house was crowded and the performance was being received with noisy approval, a man who came into the foyer between acts remarked to him: "Well, it's a funny show."

"I dare say," he replied, "the house seems to like it."
"Didn't you see it?"
"No! I was out here all the time."

"Is that so? Don't you step inside to see the performances?"
"Oh, no. My duties keep me here. In the 15 years that I have been in this position I have never seen a performance."

At first the man wouldn't believe it, but it was a fact just the same.—Chicago Record.

FURNISHING NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS.

The Business Has Grown to Great Proportions in New York.

There is a peculiar industry in Gotham which has grown to astonishing proportions. This is the business of furnishing newspaper clippings to individuals, firms and corporations. There are half a dozen of these concerns in New York, which supply customers not only in the United States, but in all parts of the world. One of these newspaper clipping bureaus received an order from the Hawaiian government to send President Dole all the notices of the editorials, cartoons and other published matter regarding Hawaii, its government and its affairs.

Every prominent author, actor, politician and professional man is now a subscriber to one or more of the clipping bureaus, and a busy man finds the system very convenient, for he is enabled, as it were, to read his newspapers by proxy.

The manager of a New York clipping bureau in speaking of the penitentiary of his business said yesterday: "Many of our customers are folks with fads and hobbies. A man sent us an order recently for all the editorial matter on calves, three-legged chickens and other monstrosities. A leading politician ordered 100 Memorial day addresses, from which he could compile a Fourth of July oration which he had engaged to deliver. Society belles are beginning to make scrapbooks of the editorials, notices, and the custom will doubtless become a regular social fad in time."

The wives of public men are among the devotees of the editorial clipping bureau. About the strangest order we have is that of a dealer in tombstones and monuments. He takes all the death notices."

—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Working Up a Climate.

As he entered the barber shop (he was a prominent official of the Duluth road, very prominent, so near the top that he might be described as the top itself), he sat down in the chair and the barber went to work on his well-dressed head.

The barber was a cheerful man, fond of social intercourse and rather prided himself on his power as a conversationalist. So when he felt the head of the Duluth official with his taper fingers, he thought he would astonish and please him by some conversation and perhaps have the official's word in turn write out a ten years' pass on a piece of shaving soap.

So the barber was light and merry, learned and philosophical by turns, and was well pleased with the expression that stole over the official's face, so full of approbation was it. He knew that he would handle a poor bore of a quarter, but he did not get the idea. He was determined to please, and when the official asked him if he had any cotton handy the barber said he thought he had. He sent quickly to a store and secured a small supply of the cotton, and giving it to the official that gentleman took two small fragments and put them in his ears.

Then the barber thought of Casey at the bat.—St. Paul Dispatch.

A Distinguished Female Clergyman.

In all probability the most distinguished female clergyman in this country is Rev. Phoebe A. Hansford, at present a resident of Gotham. She is not occupying a pulpit, however, and it is hardly possible to give her the credit of Rev. Hansford for almost 30 years has been an ordained minister in successful charge of a number of congregations.

Dr. Hansford is a member of Sorosis and a well known writer and lecturer as well as minister. She has the honor to be the pioneer of women in the sacred desk in this country, as she was the first ordained woman minister in America and the fourth in the world.—Philadelphia Press.

Plaster casts in their natural state are best freed from dust by covering them with a thick layer of starch. When the starch is dry, brush them with a stiff brush, and it will be found that the dust has been removed with the starch.

NEVER

since we have been in business

WOULD A LITTLE MONEY

buy so much

Clothing, Shoes, & Gent's

Furnishing Goods

at our store as it will now. But we don't want you to take our word for it—Come and price the goods.

CANNON & DENNIS.

LOOK FOR SIGN OF BIG SHOE.



Miss Grace Wilson

Like a New Woman

I am feeling since I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was suffering from indigestion, catarrh and did not have any appetite. I am glad to say Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me of catarrh and all my other troubles. Grace Wilson, Haverhill, N. H.

Hood's Pills cure all humors, constipation, biliousness, sick headache, indigestion.

PUBLIC SALE

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

I will offer at public sale at my premises near Horry's Mill on

FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1895,

all my personal property consisting of Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Farming Implements, Household and Kitchen Furniture, and the Growing Crop.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on all sums under \$500, and on the balance a credit of three months will be given, with note and approved security. JOHN E. BETHARDS.

Surety Bonds of every kind.

American Banking and Trust Company, of Baltimore City.

Capital, \$500,000. Stockholders Liability, \$500,000. Total Responsibility, \$1,000,000.

James Bond, President. John H. Bond, Secretary. J. P. Bond, Treasurer. John T. Bond, Cashier.

GIVES SECURITY FOR

Executors, Administrators, Trustees, Receivers, Officers of Banks, and all other cases of Loans and Societies, Contractors, Clerks, Messengers, Conductors, Magistrates and all other employees.

Guarantees the Fulfillment of Contracts.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

By virtue of a power contained in a mortgage to the undersigned, John A. Jones and wife, dated the 24th day of August, 1891, the undersigned mortgagee will sell at public sale in front of the Court House in the town of Salisbury, Wicomico county, Md., on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 14,

1895, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. All that farm or tract of land in Wicomico county, Maryland, where the said John A. Jones is now living, containing 115 acres of land, more or less, and known as the "Starbuckly Dyke farm."

TERMS OF SALE—Cash.

E. STANLEY TOWDINE, Mortgagee.

STATEMENT

FINES—

Finances of Wicomico Co.

I. L. English, Collector 1893.

Interest on hand for collection \$2,287 31

Am't paid on levy \$1,322 50

Am't paid school board \$1,322 50

Am't paid on orders, etc. \$1,322 50

Commission \$1,322 50

Balance due \$1,322 50

S. P. Wilson, Collector 1894.

Interest on hand for collection \$3,253 37

Am't paid on levy \$1,322 50

Am't paid school board \$1,322 50

Am't paid on orders, etc. \$1,322 50

Commission \$1,322 50

Balance due \$1,322 50

S. P. Wilson, Collector 1895.

Interest on hand for collection \$3,253 37

Am't paid on levy \$1,322 50

Am't paid school board \$1,322 50

Am't paid on orders, etc. \$1,322 50

Commission \$1,322 50

Balance due \$1,322 50

J. W. Parker, Jr., Collector 1895.

Interest on hand for collection \$3,253 37

Am't paid on levy \$1,322 50

Am't paid school board \$1,322 50

Am't paid on orders, etc. \$1,322 50

Commission \$1,322 50

Balance due \$1,322 50

Alison Elliott, Collector 1895.

Interest on hand for collection \$3,253 37

Am't paid on levy \$1,322 50

Am't paid school board \$1,322 50

Am't paid on orders, etc. \$1,322 50

Commission \$1,322 50

Balance due \$1,322 50

James D. Keen, Collector 1895.

Interest on hand for collection \$3,253 37

Am't paid on levy \$1,322 50

Am't paid school board \$1,322 50

Am't paid on orders, etc. \$1,322 50

Commission \$1,322 50

Balance due \$1,322 50

NEVER since we have been in business WOULD A LITTLE MONEY buy so much Clothing, Shoes, & Gent's Furnishing Goods at our store as it will now. But we don't want you to take our word for it—Come and price the goods.

CANNON & DENNIS.

LOOK FOR SIGN OF BIG SHOE.

TENTH FAIR,

Easton, Maryland,

September 3, 4, 5, 6, 1895.

