

## MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, October 2, 1751.

*A Continuation of the Proposals for Uniting the Kingdoms of GREAT-BRITAIN and IRELAND, which was begun in our last.*

**B**UT the People need not be alarmed. The Fact is not yet become a Matter of Dispute, and to prevent all future Apprehensions, we shall endeavour to prove, that whatever Trade *Ireland* shall gain by an Union, will not be gained from *Great-Britain*, but from other Countries, her Rivals in Trade, or her natural Enemies.

Let us then suppose the Trade of the whole World divided into twenty Parts. Let us suppose (a very large Supposition in favour of *Great-Britain*) that she hath five of these Parts. Will it not plainly follow, that *Ireland* will gain a Proportion of three fourths from other Countries, and only one from *Great-Britain*. Let us then compute the great additional Duties, which *Ireland* must pay for the Liberty of Trade, and it will clearly appear how considerably *Great-Britain* must gain by this dreaded Article of an Union.

If indeed she were able alone to supply every foreign Market with her Woolen Manufactures; if no other Nation had already, or might hereafter take from her any Part of it, she would then very wisely forbid *Ireland* to meddle with it. But since the *Dutch* and the *French* have already a great Share of it, and are every Year gaining yet greater; since there is a larger Demand in foreign Markets, than *Great-Britain* can possibly supply, were it not worthy of her Wisdom to give, at least, some Part of it to *Ireland*? The *Irish* would, in Truth, only become her Factors, since all their Wealth, after a little Circulation at home, would certainly fix at last in *Great-Britain*.

The *French* have already got Possession of the *Turky* Woolen Trade, nor is it said in the Spirit of Prophecy, that it will never be recovered, until the *Irish*, whether united or ununited, be permitted to manufacture and export their Wool for that Purpose.

But, in Truth, this Branch of Trade seems to be lost for ever. Even the *Irish*, with all their Advantages, will not be able to recover it. The *French* are much better situated. Their Port of *Marseilles* opens to the main Ocean, and they sail directly to *Turky*. The Voyage from *Ireland*, without reckoning Accidents of Wind and Weather, is at least five Weeks longer; consequently the *French* go so much cheaper, and so much earlier to Market. However, it would greatly distress them, were the *Irish* allowed to manufacture their Wool, since it would effectually stop that unhappy Practice of running it, by which the *French* Trade is in a great measure supported.

But in a far more valuable Branch of the Woolen Manufacture, that of Stuffs and Camblots, the *French* a few Years ago were able to undersell the *British* Merchant in *Portugal*. This Trade was wholly lost. The *Irish* attempted it, and in spite of all Prohibitions effectually recovered it, and even at this Time possess it, although apparently at the great Discount of sixteen per Cent to maintain it. This is not mere Reasoning; it is more; it is Matter of Fact, and the Consequences attending it are equally manifest as the Fact itself, and equally shew how very far from Rivalship, how greatly serviceable *Ireland* may be to *Great-Britain*, if she were allowed some Part of this Trade.

But when *Ireland* shall know her true Interest, she will not employ her People in the Woolen Trade, beyond her own Home Consumption, nor suffer such extended Tracts of her best Land to lie uncultivated in Sheep-walks. She will rather

improve and extend her Linnen Manufacture, as far more profitable, and in which she would probably soon excel the whole World. This Assertion may require some Proof.

Let us therefore suppose a thousand Acres of Land stocked with Sheep; let us compute the Losses by Death, with all Expenses of Shepherds, Sheering, Dressing, Spinning, Weaving, Dying, Pressing, the Wool they produce. Let us again suppose the same Number of Acres manured and cultivated for Flax; let us compute the Expence of Dressing, Spinning, Weaving, Whitening, and when we carry them both to Market, we shall find the Linnen will produce at least two thirds more than the Woolen Cloth.

Yet in whatever Degree, or in whatever Manner, *Ireland* shall increase her Wealth, we shall find a large Proportion of it annually coming to *Great-Britain*. The List of her Absentees is already very numerous. The Sums expended here by her People of Business, or her People of Idleness, and by her Youth for Education, are considerable. But if we suppose the Lords and Commons, chosen to be her Representatives in Parliament, residing here, perhaps the whole Year, certainly during the Sessions, with their Wives, Children and Domestic; if we compute the Numbers, whom Business and whom Pleasure (as they will then have no Court or Parliament in *Dublin*) will bring over hither, we shall be convinced how large a Part of the Treasures of that Kingdom will annually come hither, without any Possibility of returning. Even the Taxes, to be remitted hither, will make no inconsiderable Addition to the Account.

In what Proportion *Ireland* may be supposed capable of paying her Share of the common Taxes, must be left to the Wisdom and Integrity of the Persons, whom his Majesty shall please to appoint in each Kingdom, to make a fair and equitable Calculation. But it is apparent, that even immediately, upon the very first good Effects of an Union, she will be able to pay a considerable Portion of the necessary, annual Expence of the Government. Thus *Great-Britain* will be greatly relieved under the Weight and Pressure of her Taxes. She may be enabled to support another War, when the Ambition or Injustice of her Neighbours shall make it necessary.

Even these Reasons, for it would be tedious to enumerate more, may convince us how advantageous an Union will be to *Great-Britain*. Every Reader, in Proportion to his Abilities, will find other Arguments, and some, perhaps, better. We shall only mention one more, to prove, that this is the proper Time for proposing it.

The *Irish*, by a late Spirit of Improvement, and an Emulation of Industry, encouraged by Premiums, however inconsiderable in themselves, are increasing the Wealth of the Nation. The Natives are growing more industrious; their Lands are a little better cultivated, and their Manufactures, of all Kinds, improving. Their Progress is indeed slow, but they are in the right Road, and every last Step is an Encouragement to proceed. Yet as even a little Addition of Wealth, to them, who have lived long in extreme Poverty, is apt to inspire them with Insolence and Vanity, perhaps the *Irish*, influenced by such Motives, may hereafter unwilfully refuse an Union, if offered to them, and certainly it will never be a wise Measure to force them to accept it. The People of *Great-Britain* are too sincerely the Friends of Liberty to attempt it, and the *Irish* are of too warm a Spirit tamely to submit to it, altho' Resistance would be their Ruin. May the good Providence of God, which watches over the Happiness of these Nations, forbid even a Thought of it.

Let



Let us now consider what Advantages the *Irish* may promise themselves by an Union. Let them then imagine their Country, within a few Years, improved in the Number of its Inhabitants, in the Health of its Climate, in the Cultivation of its Lands, in a Degree of Riches and Plenty, which they must not expect in Ages, according to their present Measures of Improvement. Let them see their lowest Natives reclaimed from Ignorance and Superstition; and animated with Sentiments of Liberty, which do Honour to human Nature, as well as best secure its Happiness. Let them see their Ports opened to the Trade of the World, and their Ships going abroad with their own Manufactures, and returning with the Blessings, which Providence hath divided to different Countries, as if with Design to promote an universal Commerce of good Offices among Mankind, for their mutual Happiness. If Ambition have any Effect upon them, let them seize this Opportunity of entering into the Affairs of *Europe*; of having an honourable Share in determining the Fate of other Nations, and fixing their own for ever.

At present *Ireland* hath no Character, not even a Name in the Affairs of *Europe*. Her little Regalia, her Parliaments and their Debates are confined within their own Kingdom. And however the Gentlemen of *Ireland* may love to talk of Freedom and Independence; however warm they are in their Sentiments of Liberty, yet these Sentiments (altho' hereafter they may be of Use to the great Cause of Liberty in general) with regard to them are purely imaginary. No Nation is truly free, that cannot resent the Insults, and repel the Violence of her Enemies; but *Ireland* hath really no Being, as a Nation; neither domestic Trade, nor foreign Influence, but under the Protection of *Great Britain*. Should she withdraw that Protection, *Ireland* must fall a Prey to the first Invader, without even the Power of chusing herself a Master.

When *Ireland* considers her own Poverty, she must naturally be alarmed at the Names of Taxes, Customs and Excise. But let her recollect, that altho' she should be obliged to pay all Duties of Import and Export equally with *Great Britain*, yet the Sum of the Duties of Exportation will always be proportioned to her Degree of Trade, which will sufficiently enable her to pay them, and that those of Importation will in a great measure depend upon herself.

All Duties, in general, of Importation, may be divided into those upon Goods, that contribute to Luxury, and those, of which we have the same kind, altho' in less Perfection, manufactured in our own Country. We might frugally live without those of the first sort, such as Wines, &c. or might in Part supply the Want of them at Home; or as they are generally used only by the Rich, the Payment of them is a Tax only upon Folly and Extravagance. The second kind of Duties is laid upon the Importation of Goods, in some measure necessary, such as Silks, Velvets, &c. but which, in tolerable Perfection, may be manufactured at Home. The Duties upon this Kind can never be laid too high, that the Poor of the Country may be employed, and the Rich may be punished for their Luxury in encouraging foreign Manufactures.

From hence it is manifest, that the *Irish* will have it in their own Power, in some measure, to fix the gross Sum of their Duties of Importation, nor can they ever be greatly oppressive, but by their own extreme Wickedness and Folly. The same Reasoning is equally just with regard to the Excise.

[The Conclusion in our next.]

#### UTRECHT, June 29.

ACCORDING to Letters from Genoa, Leghorn, and many other trading Cities of Italy, there is just brought on the Carpet the Project of a League between the principal Powers of that Continent, for uniting their Maritime Forces against the Corsairs of Barbary, whose Piracies cause so great a Prejudice to Commerce. The Powers whereof this League is to be composed, are, the Pope, the King of the Two Sicilies, the Republic of Venice, and that of Genoa, who are jointly to maintain a certain Number of Ships destined only to clear the Sea of those Pirates. Great Pains are taking to draw into this Plan the Courts of Spain and Portugal, who will find an equal Interest in the Success of the Undertaking.

Madena, June 2. The write from Genoa, that the Captain of a French Ship arrived there from Malta, reported, that the Corsairs of Barbary had landed some Troops on the Island of Pantalarce, situated towards the Coast of Tunis, and

dependent upon the Kingdom of Sicily; but they were repulsed by the Inhabitants, and obliged to retreat to their Ships with great Precipitation, with the Loss of about 40 Men killed and wounded.

Schaffhouse, June 7. It is confirmed that the Negotiations are begun again about the Renewal of the Alliance between the Crown of France and the Helvetic Body. Letters from Bern advise, that Mr. de Villetes Minister from the King of Great Britain, has received a Courier with important Dispatches from London, concerning the Proposals which that Minister is charged to make to the Protestant Cantons.

Paris, June 11. We learn from Pay in Velay, that the Bishop of that City, attended by some Thousands of People of his Diocese, going in Procession upon Account of the Jubilee, and being in the Church of L'Hotel-Dieu, Part of the Roof fell in, by which 150 Persons were killed, or dangerously wounded. Forty Thousand Muskets, and the same Number of Swords and Bayonets are making at St. Etienne en Ferroz, in order to be sent to our Settlements, in the East-Indies, and particularly to Pondicherry.

#### L O N D O N.

June 8. Our last Advices from Copenhagen, say, that there is a Naval Expedition on the Carpet, which is conducted with all imaginable Secrecy; and the Issue of which, it is believed will be of the last Importance.

Some private Letters from Amsterdam, mention their having received an Account, that the Algerine Rovers in the Mediterranean have of late cruized under Saletine Colours, and take Ships of all Nations, except the English, who are at Peace with the Crown of Morocco.

By private Letters from Dresden, we learn, that the French Ministry are labouring to defeat the British Minister's Negotiations at that Court; Overtures being actually made for renewing the Treaty concluded some Years ago between their Most Christian and Polish Majesties, upon Terms very advantageous to the latter.

They tell us from Berlin, that notwithstanding the Russian Court pretends to be in no Pain about the Preparations or Designs of the Turks, they have Advice from the Frontiers of Poland, that divers Russian Regiments are on their March to form a Camp in the Ukraine towards the Borders of Tartary. His Majesty's Most Gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament, at the Close of the Session, June 25, 1751.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

THE advanced Season of the Year makes it necessary for me to put an End to this Session of Parliament; and I do it with the greater Satisfaction, as your diligent Application to the public Business has brought it to so happy a Conclusion. On this Occasion I cannot but return you my hearty Thanks for the many Proofs you have given me, of your Zeal and Affection for me and my Government, and the Care and Attention which you have exerted for the Interests of my People.

As *Europe* now enjoys a happy Tranquillity, very little Alteration has been made in the State of Foreign Affairs since your Meeting. My Resolution to preserve the general Peace is the same; and I have the greatest Reason to rely on the like good Disposition in the Powers in Alliance with me, not only being continued, but confirmed and improved.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

The Readiness with which you have granted me the Supplies for the current Year, demands my particular Acknowledgements; and the Prudence and Firmness you have shewn in completing the Reduction of the Interest of the national Debt, is as agreeable to me, as that Measure is essential to the Strength and Welfare of my Kingdom.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I have nothing to desire of you, but effectually to consult your own true Happiness and Interest. Let it be your Care to maintain, in your several Countries, the public Peace and good Order; to encourage and promote a just Reverence for Government and Law; and not to suffer these good Laws, which are enacted here, to lose their Effect, for want of a due Execution.

After this the Parliament was prorogued to August 13.

June 27. Our Correspondents at Paris acquaint us, that a strict Silence is observed with respect to the Proceedings of the eight French Ships that were last Year on the Coast of Guiney, but that however it is very well known, that Branch of Commerce commands, in a great Measure, the Ministers Attention.



July 2. We hear from Barcelona, that they have received Orders from Court to lay up large Quantities of Provisions and Warlike Stores, which are said to be partly destined for the West Indies, and the rest perhaps for an Expedition against the Algerines, or against the Imperialists in Italy, or else to go and take Possession of Corsica; they can't tell which: In the mean Time the King's Commissaries are visiting the Magazines at Barcelona, and taking an Account of the Stores actually therein.

#### ANNAPOLIS.

On Monday last his Excellency in Council, was pleased to further prorogue the Assembly to the second Tuesday in November.

Last Night came to Town the Honourable Benjamin Tasker, jun. Esq; who came Passenger from London; in the Snow Nancy, who is gone into Wye River. She has had a long Passage, and we cannot as yet learn, she has brought in much News. Mr. Richard Lloyd of Kent County, and Mr. William Thomas of West-River, also came Passengers in the Nancy.

This Evening will be performed, by a Set of Gentlemen, a Concert of Music, in the Council Chamber, for the Benefit of the Talbot County Charity School.

#### ADVERTISEMENTS.

**CAPTAIN JOHN RENDELL**, of Baltimore Town, designing to leave the Province this Fall, hereby gives Notice thereof, that if any Persons have any Claim or Demands on him, they may bring them in and they shall be Paid: And those who are indebted to him are desired to make speedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.

September 12, 1751.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Justices of Prince George's County, will meet at Upper Marlborough Town, at the Court-House, in the County aforesaid, on Friday the 29th Day of November next, to treat with such Persons, who shall then offer to undertake Building a Public Prison for the said County, agreeable to the Act of Assembly, in that Case, late made and provided.

Signed per Order,

JOSEPH SIM, Clerk of the said County Court.

September 28, 1751.

**ON** Tuesday Night last, one John Mitchell, late Miller to Mr. George Brown, at Gunpowder Forest, stole out of Mrs. Sarah Ramsay's Orchard, at the Head of Severn, a Dark Brown Mare; which probably he has since quitted. Whosoever shall apprehend the said Mitchell, shall have Five Pounds Reward, paid by either Thomas Thornton, at Jeppa, or Sarah Ramsay. He is a tall Man, near six Feet high, very thin, and freckled in the Face, has a large shambling Walk, and clumsy Legs. Had on and with him three Jackets, a light Drab coloured Cloth Coat, a Bundle of Shirts, and other Apparel.

#### JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by the Subscriber at William Elton's, near the Dock in ANNAPOLIS,

**ALL** Sorts of Liverpool Earthen Ware, White Ware, Boxes of Medicines, Staughton's Bitters, Hungary Water, Turlington's Balsam, and British Oil: Also Tea-Chests, Looking-Glasses, Check'd Linnen, and Bed Ticking, &c.

THOMAS RIMMER.

September 25, 1751.

**STOLEN** or Strayed on Tuesday Night last, from the Subscriber, at the Head of Severn River, a small Brown Mare, having a Blaze in her Face, and is branded I M.

Whoever will bring home the said Mare, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, paid by

SARAH RAMSAY.

#### JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD by the Printer hereof, Price 6d.

**A**N Extract of a Law relating to Tobacco; which had passed the Honourable the House of Commons, and lay before the House of Lords in June last.

**R**AN away from the Baltimore Iron Works on Patuxent River, the 27th of last Month, a Negro Man, named Banjer Jack, he took with him three Osnabrigs Shirts, a Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, Negro Flats, and an old Hat: He walks somewhat lame, having his Toes sometime ago Frost-bitten: he is of low Stature, has a flat Nose, talks pretty good English; he has been at Mr. Snowden's since he went away, and is supposed will make towards Virginia; he has been much used about the Iron Works.

Whoever apprehends him, so that he may be had again, by the Subscriber, at the said Works, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, if taken in Maryland; and if in Virginia, two Pistoles, paid by

WILLIAM WILLIAMS.

N. B. One of the Shirts is very yellow with Mine Bank Clay.

#### JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store, in ANNAPOLIS,

**C**ORDAGE and Sail Duck; also an Assortment of European and East India GOODS; likewise good Barbadoes Rum, and Muscovado Sugar.

LANCELOT JACQUES.

#### TO BE SOLD

**A** Tract of Land in Frederick County, called Park Hall, containing by Patent 1550 Acres, lying at no greater Distance than twelve Miles from Frederick-Town, and at much the same Distance from the Mouth of the River Monocacy: The Land is very valuable, being well Timbered, well Watered, abounding with Meadows, and has a great deal of Pasturage Ground. For the Terms of Sale and Title, enquire in Annapolis, of

M. MACNEHARA.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, that there is at the Plantation of John Wilcoxon, in Frederick County, near the Mouth of Monocacy River, taken up as a Stray, an old Flea-bitten Horse, which has been used to the Draught; he paces a little, is about 13 Hands and a half high, and is branded on each Shoulder and Thigh with a Mark not very plain, but seems to be somewhat like a Figure of 2 turn'd Bottom upwards.

The Owner, proving his Property, and paying Charges, may have him again.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of William Stone, near Regues Harbour, in Anne Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a very small young Sorrel Horse, about 11 Hands high, has no Brand, a Wart on his near Flank, a small white Spot near his right Eye, four white Feet, and a small white Spot on his Nose.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of David Sullivan, in Kent County, near Chester-Town, taken up as a Stray, a small Grey Gelding, about 12 Hands high, neither dock'd nor branded: He was at the said Sullivan's Plantation last Winter, and was not Cut when he came; and has a white Snip on his Nose.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**A**LL Persons indebted to the Printer hereof, for more than one Year's Gazette (and more especially those who owe for four or five Years) and those otherways indebted to him, are desired to comply with the Apostle Paul's Injunction in his Epistle to the Romans, Chap. xiii. V. 7. Render—to all their Dues,—which will greatly oblige him [their humble Servant] and enable him to comply with the same great Apostle's Injunction in the next Verse, Owe no Man any Thing, but to love one another.

IMPORTED



# **I M P O R T E D.**

In the last SHIPS from ENGLAND, Variety of European and India Goods, to be SOLD very reasonably by Beale Bordley, opposite to Mr. Soumaien's in ANNAPOLIS; among which are

**F**ine broad cloths and trimmings in patterns, striped plain and blue camblets, super-fine drab sagathies, black serge de nim, Scotch plaid, single and double alopecens, silveretts, striped lutestrings, Persian taffeties, scarlet bays, fine broad Irish frize, fine mix'd beardskin, duffels, spotted flannel, imbossed serges, corded drugget, forest cloths, super-fine Saxon green cloth, striped flannel, half-thicks, kerseys, dyed negroes cotton, cotton counterpanes tufted, fine corded dimity, super-fine India dimity, striped cottons, striped garlix, figur'd dimity, womens and girls whalebone and cane hoops, silk clogs, womens best velvet caps, shammy skins, patterns of scarlet knit worsted for waistcoats, hosiery, gloves, rugs and blankets, searnothing jackets, sweet oil per quart, China bowls, dishes, plates, milk-pots and custard cups, fine wormed wine, beer, and cyder glasses, Naples biscuit pans, mens and boys hats, boys laced ditto, womens fur hats, ship and boat compasses, pewter, ofenabrigs, white linnens, checks, long lawns, pistol and flower'd ditto, striped muslins, cambricks, blue linnen, calicoes and chints, hummum, silk, cotton, and linnen handkerchiefs, Russia towelling, white and brown sheeting, chilloes, best single and double refin'd London loaf sugar at 1 s. 6 d. and 2 s. 2 d. raisins per jar, salt petre, allspice, nutmegs, cinnamon, fago, ginger, pepper, roll brimstone, allom, glue, fine gunpowder, shot and lead, 30 d. 20 d. 10 d. 8 d. and 6 d. nails, scythe-stones, grindstones, variety of rasps and files, iron pots, skillets, and frying-pans, spades, and other iron ware, neat fowling pieces, school dictionaries, Raddiman's rudiments, Clark's exercises, small histories, variety of prints, maps, &c. sadlery, snuff, pigtail tobacco, pocket steel-yards, blank account books, memorandum books, common-prayer books with the new version of psalms, with and without cuts, protractors scales and dividers, painted Dutch tiles for chimney-pieces, Lamp Black, &c. &c.

Also good Barbadoes rum, muscovado sugar, coffee, chocolate, and sherry wine.

September 3, 1751.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, about a Mile from Patuxent Iron-Works, on the first of this Instant, an Irish Convict Servant named John Ewdale; he is a lusty well-set Fellow, about 5 Feet high, fresh colour'd, pitted with the Small-Pox, and has several Moles on his Face: He had when he went away a dark colour'd Cloth Jacket, an old white Linnen Jacke, a check Shirt, an Ofenabrigs Shirt, two Pair of Ofenabrigs Trowsers, a Castor Hat almost new, a Silk Handkerchief, old black Leather Shoes with Holes cut in the Toes of them, and a long brown Wig; he is about 45 Years of Age, by Trade a Joyner and Carpenter.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home, or so secures him as his Master may have him, shall have Four Pounds Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

THOMAS SNOWDEN.

Cecil County, August 8, 1751.

**T**Aken up, on Suspicion of being Runaways, and now in Custody in Cecil County Goal, two Men, who say their Names are Patrick Anderson and John Anderson; they pretend to be Sailors, and say they came from South-Carolina in a small Boat about 12 Feet Keel, in order to go to the Northward for Employment; but it is believed they came from Virginia, or the Lower Parts of Maryland; but will not own their Masters. One had on a Soldier's Coat, and Trowsers; the other a short blue Jacket and Trowsers: One is a short well-set Man; the other a tall elderly Man.

Whoever owns the said Boat, may have her, on paying Charges, and applying to

RICHARD THOMPSON,  
Ranger in Cecil  
County.

**WILLIAM PREW, HATTER, from LONDON,**  
Near the Town-Gate in the City of ANNAPOLIS,  
**M**AKES and Sells all Sorts of Beaver and Castor Hats for Men, Women, and Children, in the best and cheapest Manner: He likewise turns, cleans, and dyes Hats. He also gives Ready Money for all Sorts of Fur.

## **T O B E S O L D,**

**A**TRACT of Land, called Griffith's Park, lying in Frederick County, between the Upper and Lower Falls of Potowmack River, near the Mouth of Capt. Johns's Creek; containing, by Patent, 500 Acres. It is a Body of choice Land, and very conveniently situated. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to  
JANE THOMPSON, Executrix of  
John Thompson, late of Cecil County, deceased.

**T O B E S O L D** by the Subscriber, Trustee of WILLIAM CUMMING, of the City of ANNAPOLIS, Esq; for the Use of his Creditors, the following Tracts of Land; viz.

**O**NE Tract, called Gray's Bowyer, containing one Hundred Acres.

One Tract, called Presley, containing four hundred and seventeen Acres, both lying in Anne Arundel County.

**A L S O,** The following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, for the Use aforesaid.

Part of a Tract, called Accord, containing one hundred Acres.

Part of a Tract, called Amsterdam, containing eighty Acres.

Part of a Tract, called Preston's Marsh, containing six hundred and fifteen Acres.

One Tract, called Norway, containing six hundred and thirty Acres.

One Tract, called Barber's Beginning, containing one hundred Acres.

One Tract, called Drum Mine, containing six hundred and sixty eight Acres.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to William Cumming, Esq; in the City of Annapolis, or to the Subscriber at Linganore, in Frederick County.

WILLIAM CUMMING, junior.

## **Y U S T I M P O R T E D,**

In the BRITON, Capt. COOLIDGE, from LONDON, And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the Store in ANNAPOLIS, where Mr. JAMES DICK lately kept Store,

**G**REAT Variety of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates, for Money, Bills, or Tobacco. Also Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from 1 to 6 Hundred, Sail Duck, Twine, and Ship Chandlery.  
STEPHEN WEST, junior.

**T**HE Subscriber intending for London early next Shipping, all Persons indebted to him are desired speedily to make Payment or settle their Accounts. Attendance will be given every Day at Mr. West's Store in Annapolis.

JAMES DICK.

## **T O B E S O L D** by the Subscriber,

**T**HE following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, viz.

One Tract, called Friendship, containing 400 Acres.

One Tract, called Gordon's Purchase, containing 150 Acres.

One Tract, called Exchange, containing 700 Acres.

Also a Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called Fountain Rock Marsh, containing 500 Acres, being Part of his Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit-Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Any Person or Persons inclining to Purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

JAMES DICK.



om London,  
POLES,  
nd Casor Hats  
best and chea-  
es Hats.  
Fur.

Park, lying in  
nd Lower Falls  
John's Creek;  
body of choice  
tile and Term  
Executrix of  
ate of Cecil

of WILLIAM  
for the Use of  
viz.

ning one Hun-

hundred and se-  
anty.

ing in Frederick

ne hundred A-

g eighty Acres.  
taining six hun-

ndred and thir-

taining one hun-

fix hundred and

ase, may be in-  
applying to Wil-  
or to the Sub-

MINO, junior.

D, LONDON,  
in ANWAPOLIT,

Store,

dia GOODS,

nable Rates, for

nd Cables of all

ck, Twine, and

VEST, junior.

y next Shipping,

peedily to make

ce will be given

AMES DICK.

iber,

g in Frederick

o Acres.

ning 150 Acres.

Acres.

of Land, called

eing Part of his

aying a yearly

may be infor-

ing to the Sub-

AMES DICK.

in

T H E  
MARYLAND GAZETTE

*Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.*

WEDNESDAY, October 9, 1751.

*The Conclusion of the Proposals, for Uniting the Kingdoms of GREAT-BRITAIN and IRELAND, which was begun in Gazette N<sup>o</sup>. 335.*

**W**E might here congratulate the *Irish* upon one Duty, which, it is hoped, may effectually put a Stop to their ruinous Trade with *France*, and amount almost to a Prohibition of *French* Wines. Their Lands will soon be better employed, than in grazing Cattle for foreign Exportation; or whatever they shall think proper to feed for that Purpose, besides what may be necessary for our own Colonies, *Jamaica*, and the *Leeward* Islands, the *French* will be obliged to purchase at their own Price. Whereas at present they not only send their Beef and Butter and Money, but, it is to be feared, even their Wool, for a most destructive Commodity. Such Trade is not merely unprofitable. It is pernicious in a moral, as well as mercantile Sense. Wines, in large Quantities, are not a simple Commodity. They bring with them every Excess of Luxury, Riot, and Diseases. And altho' the Gentlemen of *Ireland* will lose many jovial Hours of Mirth and Good Humour, yet we think too highly of their Patriotism to doubt, that they will cheerfully resign them to the Good of their Country.

But however the Duties of Import and Export may be rated, the Land-tax, the most formidable of all others, will be laid according to the present Valuation of Land; consequently the raised Rents, which may be justly expected from an Union, will never be liable to be taxed. Yet as no public Benefit, however great, should be purchased, without absolute Necessity, by doing Injury to private Persons, there is one particular Distress, which deserves to be considered. There are some Estates in *Ireland*, which are let upon Leases of Lives, renewable for ever; consequently, whatever Advantages the Tenants may gain by an Union, the Landlord will be obliged to pay the Land-tax, without being able to raise the Income of his Estate.

Among other Schemes to redress such Grievances, the following may merit some Regard. The Crown-Rents, and Quit Rents, which these Estates already pay, and which are in Truth a Land tax, altho' under another Name, may be remitted. But such Distresses as this are inconsiderable. It is mentioned only to shew, with how much Equity this great Scheme may be executed.

It was not intended in this Paper to propose any Plan of Equalities, upon which an Union might be formed. They may, without Difficulty, be fairly and equitably stated. The Writer intended only to shew how desirable, how equally advantageous such a Measure may be to both Nations. Let him, however, be forgiven, if he presume, tho' with all due Modesty, to offer his Sentiments upon a very delicate Part of his Subject, that of bringing the Lords of *Ireland* into the *British* Parliament. When the Number shall be fixed, which can only be done by a Scale of Equalities formed on a Proportion of Taxes, let them not be elected every Parliament, as the Peers of *Scotland* are. If his Majesty shall be graciously pleased to consent to it, let the Honour of sitting in the *British* House of Peers, with all other Privileges of the Peerage, be granted for Life to the Persons first chosen in their own Country, whether they be chosen there by Ballot or Election. When any of them dies, let another be appointed in the same Manner. Thus all Inconveniencies of frequent Elections, Disputes, Quarrels, Animosties will be, in a great measure, avoided. The Peers of *Ireland* will be more united with those of *Great Britain*;

they will come over independent of the Caprice, Resentments and Inconstancy of their Electors; they will bring with them such unbiassed, uninfluenced Sentiments, as are worthy of a *British* Parliament.

But indeed there is little Apprehension, that they will bring with them any other Sentiments of Loyalty and Liberty, than those upon which a limited Monarchy is founded. There is, in general, this Difference between the Subjects of the two Kingdoms, that the Protestants of *Ireland* are more clear and unmixed in their Zeal for the present Government. Their Loyalty to their Prince, and their Love of their Country, are yet untainted with that unhappy Distinction between Court and Country. I had almost said, that unmeaning Distinction. A Prince, who knows our Constitution, if not irritated by an unnecessary, malignant Opposition to his Measures, and the People, if not inflamed by the bad Arts of a few designing, ambitious, turbulent Spirits, will easily distinguish, and naturally pursue the public Good. Their Interests are truly inseparable. They should not be supposed capable of being divided, and ought not to be distinguished away by Party or by Factions. At least, it is a Contradiction to the Principles of Patriotism, certainly to those of Liberty, to enlist in a Party against the Court; to think it a Breach of Engagements ever to imagine it right in its Measures, or give a Vote in its Favour. As if his Majesty were the only Person in his Dominions, incapable of knowing his own Interests, and his Ministers were always most infallibly either weak or wicked. May we not hope, that the Gentlemen of *Ireland*, who shall be chosen into either House of Parliament, as they will come disengaged and unbiassed, will have some Influence in preventing the fatal Consequences of these unhappy Divisions; this unnecessary Spirit of Opposition.

Let us now acknowledge, that there is one Difficulty, in the Execution of this great Plan, which yet seems insuperable: For if no private, single Person should be injured for the sake of whatever Advantages to the Public, it is with infinite Concern we mention a most venerable Body of Men, the Right Reverend the Lords Bishops of *Ireland*, as likely to suffer most essentially by an Union, and without any possible Equivalent to be paid them. Even the public Good must suffer with them. To their Eloquence in the House of Lords of *Ireland*; to their Wisdom, that Nation is in a great measure indebted for all the salutary Laws made there. They would, undoubtedly, bring with them, into a *British* House of Peers, the same Wisdom, the same Eloquence and Integrity; but it were an Outrage to their sacred Character, to propose bringing them so far from the better Business of their holy Function, as it would be Cruelty to expose them to Voyages and Journeys, hazardous and fatiguing. I doubt not, that in a just Contempt of the Vanities of this World, they will gladly resign these troublesome Offices of Greatness, which their Obedience to the Laws alone could oblige them to accept, and hereafter place their true Dignity in *adorn*ing the *Doctrines* of the Gospel by the Influence of their Example, and Preaching.

Other Difficulties may probably arise in forming, and some in executing a Plan of such Extent. But when we consider, in how short a Time the Union with *Scotland* was brought to Perfection, in Opposition to a national Dislike to it, an ancient Antipathy between the Kingdoms, a total Difference of Laws, Religion, Customs, and Manners, we should not be discouraged from attempting a Scheme, in which none of these Difficulties appear; which promises such Advantages to both Nations, and so much greater than either can enjoy in a separate State.



Not that we mean to represent it as intirely free from Difficulty. It would not then do that Honour, which will continue as long as the Benefits it shall produce, to the Persons, who shall carry it into Execution. In Truth, it requires Men of Abilities and Probity; of clear, dispassionate Terms, who will meet together with a mutual Spirit of Condescension and Compliance with Circumstances and Necessities on either Side; who can so far throw off the partial Affections and Prejudices of human Nature, as to look upon both Kingdoms, as their common Country, for whose Welfare they should be equally zealous. Clamours, Resentments, and Reproaches they must expect from the Populace of both Nations; for a Scheme of this Kind is too large, and of too great a Variety of Parts for the Generality of People to take in at one View. Besides, Persons of partial Interests, disaffected Spirits, and weak Understandings, which are generally joined with warmer Tempers, will find abundant Occasion to misrepresent it.

However, let us, on the contrary, recollect, that there never was, there probably never will be, a Time more proper for executing it. We are at Peace with the whole World, and his Majesty hath assured us, that he hath received from all the contracting Powers, in the Definitive Treaty of *Aix-la-Chapelle*, the most full and clear Declarations of their Resolution to preserve the general Peace. No foreign Power will therefore interrupt or hinder the Progress of our Scheme.

This is a Reflection of such Importance, that if France had considered how much her Interests were concerned, or rather had not her whole Forces been engaged in opposing the great Duke of Marlborough, had she thrown even a small Body of Men into Scotland, when the Union was proposed there, she would have effectually for that Time, and, perhaps, for ever, prevented it.

Let us add, that there never was a Period of Time, when Great Britain was more at Peace within herself; surely of more Consequence to her Happiness, than to be at Peace with the whole World. The late Rebellion hath convinced the Nation, in general, how much the Preservation of our Religion, Property, Liberty, and Laws, depends upon the Preservation of his Majesty and his Royal Family.

The Writer of this Paper would not flatter even a King, nor would he presume to praise Him, if he could avoid it. Some Characters and Persons are really above Praise. Were it not, therefore, absolutely necessary to our Subject, we would not presume to say, that his Majesty is equally the Father of all his People; and equally concerned for their common Happiness. To his Probity, as an honest Man, the noblest Work of God, according to an Expression of Mr. Pope, the Happiness and Interests of Nations might be intrusted. What good Effects may we not promise ourselves in this great Affair from His Justice, Integrity, and Love for His People? Upon His Choice of Commissioners, the Success of it will in some measure depend, and, happily for us, there never was a Set of Men in both Kingdoms better qualified for this great Work. And altho' the present Ministry have given Peace to Europe; altho' they have restored to this Nation its ancient friendship and good Correspondence with Spain, which neither the Treaties of twenty Years, nor a long, expensive War could recover; altho' they have already made, and are continuing to make a successful and happy Progress in the Reduction of the Interest of the National Debt, yet all these great Things only make us expect yet greater. The present Scheme is truly worthy of their Abilities; and since Fame is the noblest Reward in this World for Virtue, next to its own Consciousness of Well doing, let them be assured, besides the Gratitude of the present Age, it will be remembered to latest Posterity, that the Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland were united, when GEORGE the Second was their King, and Mr. Pelham was Chancellor of the Exchequer.

LONDON, May 25.

WE have received the following Particulars of the melancholy Affair which happened in Elm Street, near Berkeley Square, last Friday Evening the 24th of this Instant. Mr. Paul, a young Gentleman of Fortune, came about Ten o'Clock in a Chair to the House where Mr. Dalton lodg'd, desiring to speak with him, and upon being inform'd that he was not at Home, went into the Parlour, wrote a Letter, and ordered

the Servant to find out his Master and deliver it to him: The Servant, who knew Mr. Paul to be an Acquaintance of his Master's, went out, found him at the Brawn's Head Tavern in Bond Street, and gave the Letter, which his Master reading, returned immediately home with him, and ordered him not to stir unless he called him. The Servant soon heard the Noise of their pushing at one another, and presently that of the Street Door shutting. He went up, and opening the same, was told by the Chairman who had been in waiting for Mr. Paul, that he was gone out, gave them Two Shillings, and went up the Street in a very great Hurry. The Servant on this opened the Parlour Door, and found his Master dead on the Floor, with the Candles out. The Deceased, upon Examination, appears to have received a single Wound only, on the upper Part of the left Breast. It seems these two Gentlemen had drunk Tea together that Afternoon at a young Lady's in Bond Street, who happened to pull out a Snuff Box that had been given her by Mr. Dalton; and Mr. Paul liking it, she told him it was at his Service; which Mr. Dalton being displeased at, a Sort of Scuffle arose in the Presence of the Lady, her Sister, and another Gentleman, in which, at last, Mr. Dalton wrested it from him. Mr. Paul then expressed some Resentment, and Mr. Dalton, and the other Gentleman adjourned to the Brawn's Head. When the Letter came, Mr. Dalton read it to his Friend, who would have gone with him; but receiving a Message from the Ladies, Mr. Dalton persuaded him to go over to them, and took that Opportunity of going home to his Lodgings. The Gentleman returning presently, and missing him, instantly followed; but tho' he knock'd at the Door, he could not gain Admission, the Servant having received Orders to the contrary. The Gentleman then went back to the Ladies, and returned with their Servants, and then was made sensible of the fatal Catastrophe, the Door being open, and a Number of People about the House.

#### ANNAPOLIS.

Extract of a Letter from a Merchant in London, to his Friend here, dated July 6, 1751.

This is to advise you, that an Act of Parliament has been made this Session, for preventing of Frauds in the Tobacco Trade, by which we shall once again stand a Chance of being on a Footing with our Competitors, the Scotch and our Port Gentry; for that pernicious Practice of Smuggling is now in a fair Way of being entirely extirpated, and this City that has so long suffered by that infamous Practice is to become a Branch of its Trade, will by this salutary Law, once more become the Grand Market of the united Kingdoms, and be for the future remarkable for Vending the largest Quantities of Tobacco, as it has incontestably been for rendering the Gentlemen Planters the highest Prices for the Produce of their Estates; and as this will, in all human Probability, be the Case, I hope it will induce the Planters and Merchants in Maryland, freely to consign their Tobaccoes to this Market.

We learn from Talbot County, that on the 24th of September last, after a lingering Illness, died Mr. Perry Bassett, who for many Years had served as a Magistrate in that County. He was a Gentleman of great Integrity, and has left a very fair Reputation behind him.

We mentioned last Week the Arrival of the Honourable Col. TASKER, in the *Nancy*, from London. He brought in with him a Commission to his Excellency SAMUEL OGLE, Esq; from the Right Honourable FREDERICK, Absolute Lord and Proprietary of the Provinces of Maryland and Annapolis, Lord Baron of Baltimore, &c. continuing his Excellency Governor and Commander in Chief in and over this his Province of Maryland: And on Wednesday last the same was open'd and publish'd with the usual Solemnity.

The same Day his Excellency, in Council, was pleas'd to issue his Proclamation, requiring that all Officers Civil and Military, holding their several and respective Offices, by Virtue of Commissions in the Name of, or under the Authority or Powers derived from the late CHARLES, Lord Baltimore, Deceased, forthwith to renew such Commissions.

Yesterday, his Excellency, attended by several of the Gentlemen of his Lordship's Council of State, sat out from the Seat in Prince George's County, for Virginia.



# TO BE SOLD.

By the Subscriber, at his Store in ANNAPOLIS, by Wholesale or Retail.

**S**UNDRY Sorts of European Goods, Barbadoes and Antigua Rum, Muscovado Sugar, Linseed Oil, London and Bristol Crown Glass, 12 by 10, 11 by 9, 10 by 8, and 6 by 4 Inches Square; also Diamond Glass; for Cass or Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Beans, Barley, Pork, Beef, Bees Wax, good Pine or Oak Plank, or Cypress Shingles.

PATRICK CLEACH.

# TO BE SOLD.

By the Subscriber in ANNAPOLIS;

**B**ARBADOES Rum by the Hogshead, and Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel, or smaller Quantity; also fresh Lemons and Limes, by the Barrel or Hundred.

WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

N. B. The said Reynolds has two Eight Day Clocks in good Repair; which he would dispose of reasonably.

Bladensburg, October 6, 1751.

**T**HE Subscriber intending for England, in the Spring, requests all Persons indebted to Andrew Reid, Esq; of London, Merchant; to Messieurs Reid and Stewart; or to Messieurs Stewart and Armour, Merchants in London; or to himself; to come and discharge their Debts, else they must not take it amiss, if Suits are brought for the same, without further Notice.

DAVID ROSS.

**T**O be sold the Lease of a Tract of Land, for three Lives, containing 150 Acres, being Part of Simon's Delight, lying on the Eastern Branch of Potomack River, about two Miles from Bladensburg, and six from Rock Creek, on which is a Dwelling House, finished above and below, 24 Feet by 16, with a Brick Chimney and a good Cellar. Also another House of 24 Feet by 16, divided into a Kitchen (with a Brick Chimney) of 16 Feet square, and a Room of 9 by 16; there is a 30 Feet Tobacco House, a Quarter, and Corn House; and the Plantation in exceeding good Repair; the yearly Rent is 1200 Hogsheads of Tobacco. For the Conditions of Sale, enquire of the Subscriber.

N. B. As soon as the present Crop is secured, the Negroes, Servants, Tobacco, Corn, Stock and Utensils thereon, will also be sold; and Notice given of the Time of Sale.

FRANCIS FIN.

October 3, 1751.

**T**HIS Day was committed to my Custody a young Man, who says his Name is John Anderson, and passes for Sailor; He had a large Pair of Pot Hooks about his Neck, is about 18 Years of Age, and says he sailed with Capt. Johnson, who has a Vessel now lying at Hampton in Virginia. Whoever will prove his Property to the said Fellow, and pay the Charges, may have him again from

BARTHOLOMEW ENNALLS,  
Sheriff of Dorchester, County.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Joseph Linbicum, at the Head of South River, taken up as a Stray, a middle sized Black Horse, branded blindly P W or R W, about 6 Years old, was shod before when first taken up, and had a Bell on.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. Henry Watson, at the Mouth of Rock Creek, in Prince George's County, taken up as a Stray, a large Bay Horse, branded on the near Shoulder with I H, two strokes across the H, the Letters about 4 Inches long; and on the near Buttock, &c.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of John Hardin, near South River Church, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse about 15 Hands high, branded blindly with a C on the near Buttock, and paces a Canter.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. James Elliott, near the Head of South River, taken up as a Stray, a low squat Dark coloured Horse, branded with something on the near Buttock which looks like 2 large Dots and one small one above them, has a few white Hairs in his Forehead, and looks as if he had been shot through the Nose; he has been about that Place for near a Year and a Half, and had a Bell on.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Robert Lee, in Frederick County, near a Branch called Cynica, taken up as a Stray, a small Chestnut Sorrel Horse; about 12 Hands and a Half high, branded on the near Buttock H, and on the near Shoulder something like a Pair of Flesh Forks, and a Star in his Forehead.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**S**TOLEN or Strayed from Baltimore Town, about four Months ago, a Dark Bay Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock E D, an old Brand supposed to be I J, he trots fast. Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber at Annapolis, shall have a Pistole Reward. He was bred at Connecquotague, the Back of Monacry.

EDWARD DORSEY.

October 9, 1751.

**S**TRAYED away, about 2 Years and 5 Months ago, from the Subscriber, near Mr. Justice Smith's at Connecquotague, a Bright Bay Mare, 5 Years old, middle sized, paces well, but can trot; has some saddle Marks, and is branded on the near Shoulder A. Whoever secures the said Mare and gives Notice so as the Owner may have her again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward; or, if they bring her home, Three Pounds.

WILLIAM SMITH.

**C**APTAIN JOHN RENDELL, of Baltimore Town, designing to leave the Province this Fall, hereby gives Notice thereof, that if any Persons have any Claim or Demands on him, they may bring them in and they shall be Paid; And those who are indebted to him are desired to make speedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.

September 12, 1751.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Justices of Prince George's County, will meet at Upper Marlborough Town, at the Court-House, in the County aforesaid, on Friday the 29th Day of November next, to treat with such Persons, who shall then offer to undertake Building a Public Prison for the said County, agreeable to the Act of Assembly, in that Case, late made and provided.

Signed per Order,  
JOSEPH SM, Clerk of the said County Court.

September 28, 1751.

**O**N Tuesday Night last, one John Mitchell, late Miller to Mr. George Brown, at Gunpowder Forest, stole out of Mrs. Sarah Ramsay's Orchard, at the Head of Severn, a Dark Brown Mare; who probably he has since quitted. Whoever shall apprehend the said Mitchell, shall have Five Pounds Reward, paid by Thomas Threlton, at Joppa, or Sarah Ramsay. He is a tall Man, near six Feet high, very thin, and freckled in the Face, has a large shambling Walk, and clumsey Legs. Had on and with him three Jackens, a light Drab coloured Cloth Coat, a Bundle of Shirts, and other Apparel.

# JUST IMPORTED.

And to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store, in ANNAPOLIS.

**C**ORDAGE and Sail Duck; also an Assortment of European and East India GOODS; likewise good Barbadoes Rum, and Muscovado Sugar.

LAURELOT JACQUES.

STOLEN



September 25, 1751.

**STOLEN** or Strayed on Tuesday Night last, from the Subscriber, at the Head of *Sewern River*, a small Brown Mare, having a Blaze in her Face, and is branded I M. Whoever will bring home the said Mare, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, paid by

SARAH RAMSAY.

**ALL** Persons indebted to the Printer hereof, for more than one Year's Gazette (and more especially those who owe for four or five Years) and those otherways indebted to him, are desired to comply with the Apostle PAUL's Injunction in his Epistle to the *Romans*, Chap. xii. V. 7. *Reader—*to all their Debt, which will greatly oblige him [their humble Servant] and enable him to comply with the same great Apostle's Injunction in the next Verse, *Cure no Man any Thing, but to love one another.*

#### IMPORTED;

In the last SHIPS from ENGLAND, Variety of European and Indix Goods, to be SOLD very reasonably by Beale Bordley, opposite to Mr. Soumaien's in ANNAPOLIS; among which are

**F**ine broad cloths — trimmings in patterns, striped plain and blue camblets, super fine drab sagathies, black serge de nim, Scotch plaid, single and double alopecans, silveretts, striped lutestrings, Persian taffeties, scarlet bays, fine broad Irish frize, fine mix'd bearskin, cuffs, spotted flannel, imbossed seiges, corded druggat, forest cloths, super fine Saxon green cloth, striped flannel, half-thicks, kerseys, dyed negroes cotton, cotton counterpanes tufted, fine corded dimity, super fine India dimity, striped cottons, striped garlix, figur'd dimity, womens and girls whalebone and cane hoops, silk clogs, womens best velvet caps, shammy skins, patterns of scarlet knit worsted for waistcoats, hosiery, gloves, rugs and blankets, searoothing jackets, sweet oil per quart, China bowls, dishes, plates, milk-pots and custard cups, fine wormed wine, beer, and cyder glasses, Naples biscuit pans, mens and boys hats, boys faced ditto, womens fur hats, ship and boat compasses, pewter, ofsnabrigs, white linnens, checks, long lawns, pistol and flower'd ditto, striped muslins, cambricks, blue linnen, calicoes and chints, hummum, silk, cotton, and linnen handkerchiefs, Russia towelling, white and brown sheeting, chilloes, best single and double refin'd London loaf sugar at 1 s. 6 d. and 2 s. 2 d. raisins per jar, salt petre, allspize, nutmegs, cinnamon, sago, ginger, pepper, roll brimstone, allom, glue, fine gunpowder, shot and lead, 30 d. 20 d. 10 d. 8 d. and 6 d. nails, scythe-stones, grindstones, variety of rasps and files, iron pots, skillets, and frying-pans, spades, and other iron ware, neat fowling pieces, school dictionaries, Ruddiman's rudiments, Clark's exercises, small histories, variety of prints, maps, &c. saddlery, snuff, pigtail tobacco, pocket steel-yards, blank account books, memorandum books, common prayer books with the new version of psalms, with and without cuts, protractors, scales and dividers, painted Dutch tiles for chimney-pieces, Lamp Black, &c. &c.

Also good Barbadoes rum, muscovado sugar, coffee, chocolate, and sherry wine.

September 3, 1751.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, about a Mile from Patuxent Iron Works, on the first of this Instant, an Irish Convict Servant named John Ewdale; he is a lusty well set Fellow, about 6 Feet high, fresh colour'd, pitted with the Small-Pox, and has several Moles on his Face: He had when he went away a dark colour'd Cloth Jacket, an old white Linnen Jacket, a check Shirt, an Osnabrigs Shirt, two Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, a Castor Hat almost new, a Silk Handkerchief, old black Leather Shoes with Holes cut in the Toes of them, and a long brown Wig: he is about 45 Years of Age, by Trade a Joyner and Carpenter.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home, or so secures him as his Master may have him, shall have Four Pounds Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

THOMAS SNOWDEN.

**WILLIAM PREW, Hatter**, from LONDON, Near the Town Gate in the City of ANNAPOLIS,

**MAKES** and Sells all Sorts of Beaver and Castor Hats for Men, Women, and Children, in the best and cheapest Manner: He likewise turns, dyes, and dyes Hats. He also gives Ready Money for all Sorts of Fur.

#### TO BE SOLD,

**A**TRACT of Land, called *Griffith's Park*, lying in Frederick County, between the Upper and Lower Falls of Potowmack River, near the Mouth of Capt. John's Creek, containing, by Patent, 500 Acres. It is a Body of choice Land, and very conveniently situated. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to

JANE THOMPSON, Executrix of John Thompson, late of Cecil County, deceased.

**TO BE SOLD** by the Subscriber, Trustee of WILLIAM CUMMING, of the City of ANNAPOLIS, Esq; for the Use of his Creditors, the following Tracts of Land, viz.

**ONE** Tract, called *Gray's Broder*, containing one Hundred Acres.

One Tract, called *Presley*, containing four hundred and seventeen Acres, both lying in Anne Arundel County.

**ALSO**, The following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, for the Use aforesaid.

Part of a Tract, called *Accord*, containing one hundred Acres.

Part of a Tract, called *Amsterdam*, containing eighty Acres.

Part of a Tract, called *Preslon's Marsh*, containing six hundred and fifteen Acres.

One Tract, called *Norway*, containing six hundred and thirty Acres.

One Tract, called *Barber's Beginning*, containing one hundred Acres.

One Tract, called *Drum Mine*, containing six hundred and sixty eight Acres.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to William Cumming, Esq; in the City of Annapolis, or to the Subscriber at Linganore, in Frederick County.

WILLIAM CUMMING, Junior.

#### JUST IMPORTED,

In the BRITON, Capt. COOLIDGE, from LONDON, And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the Store in ANNAPOLIS, where Mr. JAMES DICK lately kept Store.

**G**REAT Variety of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates, for Money, Bills, or Tobacco. Also Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from 1 to 6 Hundred, Sail Duck, Twine, and Ship Chandlery.

STEPHEN WEST, Junior.

**T**HE Subscriber intending for London early next Shipping, all Persons indebted to him are desired speedily to make Payment or settle their Accounts. Attendance will be given every Day at Mr. West's Store in Annapolis.

JAMES DICK.

#### TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber,

**T**HE following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, viz.

One Tract, called *Friendship*, containing 400 Acres.

One Tract, called *Gordon's Purchase*, containing 150 Acres.

One Tract, called *Exchange*, containing 700 Acres.

Also a Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called *Fountain Rock Marsh*, containing 500 Acres, being Part of his Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to Purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

JAMES DICK.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master at his PRINTING-OFFICE in Charles Street: where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper.



THE  
MARYLAND GAZETTE,  
Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, October 16, 1751.

PETERSBURG, May 29.

It is well known that the Affairs of the North have of late been the chief Matters under Consideration at the Porte, our Ministry are drawing up a kind of Memorial, which is to be dispatched in a few Days to Constantinople, in order to acquaint the Turkish Court, with the present Dispositions of the Empress, and to make them sensible that her Imperial Majesty is sincerely inclined to maintain Peace with Sweden on the Footing of ancient Treaties, and the solemn Declaration made by the new King, at his Accession to the Throne. Baron Penckler, to whom this Memorial is to be sent, will be desired to make the Ottoman Ministry observe, when he presents it to them, how uniform the Empress's Conduct has been, with respect to the Affairs of the North, and how grossly some People have deceived themselves, in supposing that her Imperial Majesty's private Views did not tally with her public Professions and Declarations.—If there is nothing to be feared from the Turks, where is the Necessity for stooping to a Vindication or Apology.

Hague, June 19. O. S. It is not astonishing, says a Letter from a foreign Minister who resides at Constantinople, that the Bashaw of Rhodes, who might glory in having attempted an Enterprize, which, had it succeeded, would have been very advantageous to the Ottoman Porte, absolutely denies to have had directly, or indirectly, any Hand in such Attempt. In short, seeing that Affairs did not succeed as he expected, he perceives that he should be hated and detested, even by the Government itself, should he confess that he had, and that moreover, he should pass for a Man capable of the blackest Attempts; but the same Letter intimates, that the Ottoman Court knows better, than to give into these Declarations, made by the Bashaw; and if they applied to the Court of France, to endeavour to obtain the Liberty of this Bashaw, it was not for Love of him, but the Divan thought it would be an Infamy, which would fall upon the Porte itself, in Case one of the principal Officers of the Empire, had been publicly executed for a Crime, which, in the Eyes, even of the most barbarous Nations, would have appeared detestable.

Vienna, June 30. Letters from Constantinople bring Advice, that the Tartars in the Crimea have made a fresh Incursion into the Russian Territories; but a large Body of Cossacks being assembled, came up with and repulsed them with Loss. Her Russian Imperial Majesty has sent orders to her Minister at the Ottoman Porte, to demand Satisfaction for these repeated Insults.

They write from Copenhagen, that the Squadron which lately sailed from thence was double mann'd, and had Soldiers on board, with large Quantities of Provisions and Ammunition; and 'tis assured they are gone to make some new Discoveries in the North.

Madrid, June 18. O. S. Mr. Keene, his Britannic Majesty's Minister at this Court, has had several Conferences, within these few Days, with the Count de Carvajal, and has sent the several Results thereof to the Court at London, by a special Courier, whom he dispatched for that Purpose.

Genoa, June 22. Our Letters from Madrid advise, that the Ministers of that Court fix their greatest Attention on the Affairs of America, and that they expect with a great deal of Impatience a Ship from thence to know the State of Affairs of that Country; they are making Preparations to send thither a Squadron well armed; and they also write, that the Negotiation of Mr. Keene, the British Minister, meets with Difficulties.

June 22. O. S. The Master of a French Ship just arriv'd here from Smyrna reports, that a large Corsair of Tripoli had

taken a Maltese Vessel off Rhodes, after a long and bloody Engagement: The Maltese were boarded five times, and is often clear'd their Deck, but at the sixth Onset were overpowered, and 80 of them, being all that survived the Fight, were made Slaves.

Algiers, July 6. As such a Prize is a very uncommon Sight here, the whole City flocked down to see one of our Chebecks come in with a Maltese Ship in Tow. The Dey has presented the Captain of the Chebeck with a thousand Pistols and a Slave, and has distributed Rewards among the common Seamen according to their Alacrity in boarding the Enemy, particularly he who first boarded her had 200 Chequins and a Slave; and in order to animate our Corsairs to such glorious Captures, the Divan have decreed to give the like Remuneration to all who for the future shall overcome and bring in any armed Vessel.

A small Spanish Saick, with some Money on board, has been brought in here; and one of our Cruizers has carried into Tripoli a Venetian Felucca, which he immediately sold for 1200 Sequins.

If the Neapolitan Commander who broke the Neutrality of Ports should fall into the Hands of any of the Powers of Barbary, he is likely to meet with rough Usage.

Madrid, July 23. The Necessity of stocking our Possessions in the West Indies with a great Addition of European Colonists, especially Handicraftsmen and Labourers, having been laid before his Majesty, and that besides the Advantage to the Public, Order and Subjection would be the better secured, the nearer the Number of Europeans came to that of the Natives, and that these Measures should preferably take place in those Towns and Districts who had manifested any Dispositions to shake off the Yoke, and set up for themselves, as their Word is; these Representations having been approved by the Council, it has been resolved to make the most encouraging Offers of Privileges, Immunities and pecuniary Assistance, to any Italian Families who will enter themselves to settle in the King's American Dominions, and there follow the same Trades and Occupations by which they maintained themselves at home.

Leghorn, Aug. 8. Several Ships have been freighted here in order to go to the Levant and load with Corn; this is a happy Precaution to the Merchants and the Public, for by the Scarceness of the Harvest in Lombardy and Naples, that Commodity, so absolutely necessary, is rising to a Price which seems to threaten a very calamitous Dearh.

The Express which was sent to Vienna on the Giglio Insult is returned; but the Answer he has brought is not yet known; however that Indiscretion has already created some ill Blood betwixt us and the Neapolitans, who one and all glory in it as a gallant Action not to be frighten'd by a Port which pretends to shelter Infidels.

Genoa, July 31. A Vessel from Naples brings the agreeable News, that one of the Cruizers had taken Sabre in hand a large Tunefine Chebeck, which it had carried into Otranta; two Portuguese Men of War had much easier Work with an Algerine; and a Sallateen is fallen into the Spaniards Hands.

Paris, July 1. O. S. We have the Satisfaction to hear, that 13 Ships, richly laden, are arriv'd from our American Colonies at Bourdeaux.

Hamburg, July 5. O. S. We hear that his Prussian Majesty intends to visit Silesia this Summer, in order to review the Troops quarter'd in that Province. According to an authentic List of the Forces of that Prince, they amount to 147,030 effective Men, and the annual Maintenance of them to about 8,000,000 of Rixdollars.



September 25, 1751.

**STOLEN** or Strayed on Tuesday Night last, from the Subscriber, at the Head of Severn River, a small Brown Mare, having a Blaze in her Face, and is branded I M. Whoever will bring home the said Mare, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, paid by

SARAH RANNEY.

**ALL** Persons indebted to the Printer hereof, for more than one Year's Gazette (and more especially those who owe for four or five Years) and those otherways indebted to him, are desired to comply with the Apostle Paul's Injunction in his Epistle to the Romans, Chap. xiii. v. 7. *Reader—* to all their Debt, which will greatly oblige him [their humble Servant] and enable him to comply with the same great Apostle's Injunction in the next Verse, *Cave no Man any Thing, but to love one another.*

### IMPORTED;

In the last SHIPS from ENGLAND, Variety of European and India Goods, to be SOLD very reasonably by Beale Bordley, opposite to Mr. Soumaien's in ANNAPOLIS; among which are

**F**ine broad cloths and trimmings in patterns, striped plain and blue camblets, super-fine drab figathies, black serge de nim, Scotch plaid, single and double slopcoats, silverens, striped lutestrings, Persian taffeties, scarlet bays, fine broad Irish frize, fine mix'd beaufkin, duffels, spotted flannel, imbossed serges, corded drugget, forest cloths, super-fine Saxony green cloth, striped flannel, half thickets, kerseys, dyed negroes cotton, cotton counterpanes tufted, fine corded dimity, super-fine India dimity, striped cottons, striped garlix, figur'd dimity, women and girls whale-bone and cane hoops, silk clogs, womens best velvet caps, shammy skins, patterns of scarlet knit worsted for waistcoats, hosiery, gloves, rugs and blankets, fearnothing jackets, sweet oil per quart, China bowls, dishes, plates, milk-pots and custard cups, fine wormed wine, beer, and cyder glasses, Naples-biscuit pans, mens and boys hats, boys faced ditto, womens fur hats, ship and boat compasses, pewter, ofsnabrigs, white linnens, checks, long lawns, pistol and flower'd ditto, striped muslins, cambricks, blue linnen, calicoes and chints, hummum, silk, cotton, and linnen handkerchiefs, Russia towelling, white and brown sheeting, chilloer, best single and double-refin'd London loaf sugar at 1 s. 6 d. and 2 s. 2 d. raisins per jar, salt petre, allspice, nutmegs, cinnamon, sago, ginger, pepper, roll brimstone, allom, glue, fine gunpowder, shot and lead, 30 d. 20 d. 10 d. 8 d. and 6 d. nails, scythe-stones, grindstones, variety of rasps and files, iron pots, skillets, and frying-pans, spades, and other iron ware, nest sowing pieces, school dictionaries, Ruddiman's rudiments, Clark's exercises, small histories, variety of prints, maps, &c. saddlery, snuff, pigtail tobacco, pocket steel-yards, blank account books, memorandum books, common prayer books with the new version of psalms, with and without cuts, protractors scales and dividers, painted Dutch tiles for chimney-pieces, Lamp Black, &c. &c.

Also good Barbadoes rum, muscovado sugar, coffee, chocolate, and sherry wine.

September 3, 1751.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, about a Mile from Patuxent Iron Works, on the first of this Instant, an Irish Convict Servant named John Escudale; he is a lusty well set Fellow, about 6 Feet high, fresh complexion, pitted with the Small-Pox, and has several Moles on his face: He had when he went away a dark colour'd Cloth Jacket, an old white Linnen Jacket, a check Shirt, an Ofsnabrigs Shirt, two Pair of Ofsnabrigs Trowsers, a Castor Hat almost new, a Silk Handkerchief, old black Leather Shoes with Holes cut in the Soles of them, and a long brown Wig: he is about 45 Years of Age, by Trade a Joiner and Carpenter.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home, or so secures him as his Master may have him, shall have Four Pounds Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

THOMAS SHROBORN.

**WILLIAM PREW, HATTER**, from LONDON, Near the Town-Gate in the City of ANNAPOLIS.

**MAKES** and Sells all Sorts of Beaver and Castor Hats for Men, Women, and Children, to the best and cheapest Manner: He likewise turns, dyes, and dyes Hats. He also gives Ready Money for all Sorts of Fur.

### TO BE SOLD.

**A**TRACT of Land, called Griffith's Park, lying in Frederick County, between the Upper and Lower Falls of Potomack River, near the Mouth of Capt. John's Creek, containing, by Patent, 300 Acres. It is a Body of choice Land, and very conveniently situated. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to

JAMES THOMPSON, Executor of John Thompson, late of Cecil County, deceased.

**TO BE SOLD** by the Subscriber, Trustee of WILLIAM CUMMING, of the City of ANNAPOLIS, Esq; for the Use of his Creditors, the following Tracts of Land, viz:

**ONE** Tract, called Gray's Beaver, containing one Hundred Acres.

One Tract, called Presley, containing four hundred and seventeen Acres, both lying in Anne Arundel County.

**ALSO**, The following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, for the Use aforesaid.

Part of a Tract, called Accord, containing one hundred Acres.

Part of a Tract, called Amsterdam, containing eighty Acres.

Part of a Tract, called Preston's Marsh, containing six hundred and fifteen Acres.

One Tract, called Norwary, containing six hundred and thirty Acres.

One Tract, called Barber's Beginning, containing one hundred Acres.

One Tract, called Drum Mine, containing six hundred and sixty eight Acres.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to William Cumming, Esq; in the City of Annapolis, or to the Subscriber at Linganore, in Frederick County.

WILLIAM CUMMING, Junior.

### JUST IMPORTED.

In the BRITON, Capt. COOLIDGE, from LONDON, And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the Store in ANNAPOLIS, where Mr. JAMES DICK lately kept Store.

**G**REAT Variety of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates, for Money, Bills, or Tobacco. Also Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from 1 to 6 Hundred, Sail Dock, Trawl, and Ship Chandlery.

STEPHEN WEST, Junr.

**T**HE Subscriber intending for London early next Shipping, all Persons indebted to him are desired speedily to make Payment or settle their Accounts. Attendance will be given every Day at Mr. West's Store in Annapolis.

JAMES DICK.

### TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber.

**T**HE following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, viz:

One Tract, called Friendship, containing 400 Acres.

One Tract, called Gordon's Purchase, containing 150 Acres.

One Tract, called Exchange, containing 700 Acres.

Also a Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called Fountain Rock Marsh, containing 200 Acres, being Part of the Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

JAMES DICK.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master at his PRINTING-OFFICE, in Charles Street: where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper.

W 31070



THE  
MARYLAND GAZETTE,  
*Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.*

WEDNESDAY, October 16, 1751.

PETERSBURG, May 29.

✱✱✱ S it is well known that the Affairs of the North  
✱✱✱ have of late been the chief Matters under Con-  
✱✱✱ sideration at the Porte, our Ministry are drawing up  
a kind of Memorial, which is to be dispatched in  
a few Days to Constantinople, in order to acquaint  
the Turkish Court, with the present Dispositions of the Em-  
press, and to make them sensible that her Imperial Majesty is  
sincerely inclined to maintain Peace with Sweden on the Foot-  
ing of antient Treaties, and the solemn Declaration made by  
the new King, at his Accession to the Throne. Baron Penck-  
ler, to whom this Memorial is to be sent, will be desired to  
make the Ottoman Ministry observe, when he presents it to  
them, how uniform the Empress's Conduct has been, with re-  
spect to the Affairs of the North, and how grossly some People  
have deceived themselves, in supposing that her Imperial Ma-  
jesty's private Views did not tally with her public Professions  
and Declarations.— If there is nothing to be feared from the  
Turks, where is the Necessity for stooping to a Vindication or  
Apology.

Hague, June 19. O. S. It is not astonishing, says a Letter  
from a foreign Minister who resides at Constantinople, that the  
Bashaw of Rhodes, who might glory in having attempted an  
Enterprise, which, had it succeeded, would have been very  
advantageous to the Ottoman Porte, absolutely denies to have  
had directly, or indirectly, any Hand in such Attempt. In  
short, seeing that Affairs did not succeed as he expected, he  
perceives that he should be hated and detested, even by the  
Government itself, should he confess that he had, and that  
moreover, he should pass for a Man capable of the blackest  
Attempts; but the same Letter intimates, that the Ottoman  
Court knows better, than to give into these Declarations, made  
by the Bashaw; and if they applied to the Court of France, to  
endeavour to obtain the Liberty of this Bashaw, it was not for  
Love of him, but the Divan thought it would be an Infamy,  
which would fall upon the Porte itself, in Case one of the  
principal Officers of the Empire, had been publicly executed  
for a Crime, which, in the Eyes, even of the most barbarous  
Nations, would have appeared detestable.

Vienna, June 30. Letters from Constantinople bring Ad-  
vice, that the Tartars in the Crimea have made a fresh Incur-  
sion into the Russian Territories; but a large Body of Cossacks  
being assembled, came up with and repulsed them with Loss.  
Her Russian Imperial Majesty has sent orders to her Minister at  
the Ottoman Porte, to demand Satisfaction for these repeated  
Insults.

They write from Copenhagen, that the Squadron which  
lately sailed from thence was double mann'd, and had Soldiers  
on board, with large Quantities of Provisions and Ammuni-  
tions; and 'tis assured they are gone to make some new Disco-  
veries in the North.

Madrid, June 18. O. S. Mr. Keene, his Britannic Ma-  
jesty's Minister at this Court, has had several Conferences,  
within these few Days, with the Count de Carvajal, and has  
sent the several Results thereof to the Court at London, by a  
special Courier, whom he dispatched for that Purpose.

Genoa, June 22. Our Letters from Madrid advise, that the  
Ministers of that Court fix their greatest Attention on the  
Affairs of America, and that they expect with a great deal of  
Impatience a Ship from thence to know the State of Affairs of  
that Country; they are making Preparations to send thither a  
Squadron well armed; and they also write, that the Negotia-  
tion of Mr. Keene, the British Minister, meets with Difficulties.

June 22. O. S. The Master of a French Ship just arriv'd  
here from Smyrna reports, that a large Corsair of Tripoli had

taken a Maltese Vessel off Rhodes, after a long and bloody  
Engagement: The Maltese were boarded five times, and as  
often clear'd their Deck, but at the sixth Onset were over-  
powered, and 80 of them, being all that survived the Fight,  
were made Slaves.

Algiers, July 6. As such a Prize is a very uncommon Sight  
here, the whole City flocked down to see one of our Chebeks  
come in with a Maltese Ship in Tow. The Dey has present-  
ed the Captain of the Chebeck with a thousand Pistoles and  
a Slave, and has distributed Rewards among the common  
Seamen according to their Alacrity in boarding the Enemy;  
particularly he who first boarded her had 200 Chequins as a  
Slave; and in order to animate our Corsairs to such glori-  
ous Captures, the Divan have decreed to give the like Re-  
compence to all who for the future shall overcome and bring  
in any armed Vessel.

A small Spanish Saick, with some Money on board, has  
been brought in here; and one of our Cruizers has carried in-  
to Tripoli a Venetian Felucca, which he immediately sold for  
1200 Sequins.

If the Neapolitan Commander who broke the Neutrality of  
Ports should fall into the Hands of any of the Powers of  
Barbary, he is likely to meet with rough Usage.

Madrid, July 23. The Necessity of stocking our Possessions  
in the West Indies with a great Addition of European Colo-  
nists, especially Handicraftsmen and Labourers, having been  
laid before his Majesty, and that besides the Advantage to  
the Public, Order and Subjection would be the better secu-  
red, the nearer the Number of Europeans came to that of the  
Natives, and that these Measures should perferably take place  
in those Towns and Districts who had manifested any Dispo-  
sitions to shake off the Yoke, and set up for themselves, as their  
Word is; these Representations having been approved by the  
Council, it has been resolved to make the most encouraging  
Offers of Privileges, Immunities and pecuniary Assistance, to  
any Italian Families who will enter themselves to settle in the  
King's American Dominions, and there follow the same  
Trades and Occupations by which they maintained themselves  
at home.

Leghorn, Aug. 8. Several Ships have been freighted here  
in order to go to the Levant and load with Corn; this is a  
happy Precaution to the Merchants and the Public, for by  
the Scarceness of the Harvest in Lombardy and Naples, that  
Commodity, so absolutely necessary, is rising to a Price which  
seems to threaten a very calamitous Dearh.

The Express which was sent to Vienna on the Giglio In-  
sult is returned; but the Answer he has brought is not yet  
known; however that Indiscretion has already created some  
ill Blood betwixt us and the Neapolitans, who one and all  
glory in it as a gallant Action not to be frighten'd by a Fort  
which pretends to shelter Infidels.

Genoa, July 31. A Vessel from Naples brings the agree-  
able News, that one of the Cruizers had taken Sabre in hand a  
large Tunefine Chebeck, which it had carried into Otranta;  
two Portuguese Men of War had much easier Work with an  
Algerine; and a Salletreen is fallen into the Spaniards Hands.

Paris, July 1. O. S. We have the Satisfaction to hear,  
that 13 Ships, richly laden, are arriv'd from our American  
Colonies at Bourdeaux.

Hamburg, July 5. O. S. We hear that his Prussian Majesty  
intends to visit Silesia this Summer, in order to review the  
Troops quarter'd in that Province. According to an authentic  
List of the Forces of that Prince, they amount to 147,030  
effective Men, and the annual Maintenance of them to about  
8,000,000 of Rixdollars.



L O N D O N.

May 25. The Biller which Mr. Paul sent to Mr. Dalton, was, as near as can be remembered, in the following Words;  
Sir,

*We have long been intimate Friends, but your Behaviour in this Affair cannot be passed over. The least Degree of Satisfaction that any Gentleman could expect, is all that is required,*  
Yours, &c.

P. S. I am sorry I am obliged to find for you here, as it may be thought wrong.

On Saturday Evening the Coroner having summon'd a Jury, they sat on the Body of Mr. Dalton, but his Servant being gone into the Country, to carry the afflicting News to his Master's Relations, obliged them to adjourn to Yesterday Afternoon; when, after hearing the Evidence properly examined, they brought in their Verdict, *Wilful Murder*.

June 5. A few Days since was conducted to his untimely Grave, the Remains of — Dalton, Esq; a young Gentleman educated to the Law; but being entitled to a considerable Fortune after his Father's Death, he soon quitted that Profession, and dedicated himself to Studies more fitting to improve and adorn a Mind and Genius like his. From his Infancy he was guided by the Dictates of Virtue, Honour, Humanity, and Politeness; from whence he became singularly remarkable for his Religion to his Maker, Duty and Obedience to his Parents, Zeal and Sincerity in his Friendships, and Justice, Compassion and good Breeding to all Mankind. These uncommon good Qualities, in an Age so very degenerate, gained him the Esteem and Opinion of a young Lady of very great Fortune and singular Merit, who soon distinguished his Virtues, and with her they would soon have met with the greatest Kind of Reward this World is capable of giving, had he not fallen a melancholy Sacrifice to the barbarous Fashions of the present Times, and to the Effects of a warm Temper, the only thing like a Crime that ever could be laid to his Charge. A fatal Misconstruction of innocent and trifling Circumstances made a Breach between him and one of his most intimate Friends; and Youth and unguarded Passion, in a very few Hours, hurried them to a Duel, which deprived Mr. Dalton of his Life, and his Antagonist of what is much more valuable, Tranquility of Mind. By this sudden Accident the one, when just elated with the Expectations of every Nuptial Felicity, was laid in his cold Grave; the other, for the Sake of flying from public Justice, is perhaps forever destined to be a Wanderer from his Friends, Relations, and Native Country, loaded with the Reflections of having destroyed a Friend whose Virtues he ever adored and imitated. The Life of this excellent young Man was an Example to many; let this Satisfaction attend him to his Grave, that his Death is so likewise. Let it teach to all what Hopes are defeated, and what Miseries are created, by these illegal and impious Proceedings: But let such (for many such there are) who, from the Notion of Honour, established by long Usage, and from their Station in Life, think that Injuries or Affronts must some Times be redressed by Methods like these, let such be taught to make those Methods as justifiable as possible, by deferring them, at least, till Time, Reason, Temper, or Reflection, have given to both Parties an Opportunity of explaining or acknowledging the Effects of Passion, Misunderstanding, or Thoughtlessness. Had any Thing like this prevailed in the present melancholy Case, Mr. Dalton had now lived a Blessing to his Friends, and most likely hereafter would have been an Ornament to his Country.

July 31. Sir John Strange, and General Bland, are appointed by his Majesty, to enquire into the Demands of the Inhabitants of Minorca upon General Anstruther, their late Governor, against whom there was a very heavy Charge preferred the last Session of Parliament.

Mr. Keppel, Commander of the British Squadron in the Mediterranean, has at length settled all the Difference between his Court and the Dey of Algiers, by waving the Restitution of the Money and Effects taken out of the Prince Frederick Packet Boat, on Condition, that his Majesty's Packet-Boats shall never be obliged to carry Algerine Passports, but on producing their Commissions, shall be at full Liberty to pursue their Voyage; and that the British Merchants shall enjoy the Privilege of Trading in all the Ports and Places belonging to the Kingdom of Algiers, with fair and legal Passports; with which they are allowed a proper Time to furnish themselves.

Mr. William Curtis, Commander of the Good-Will Merchant Ship, now in the River, who left Cape Francois June 4, were he had been eight Months, in that Time saw 1500 English Sailors in the French Service, on board their Merchant Ships; and says that he took an Account of 480 Sail that went out of that Port for France, all richly laden.

August 3. Capt. M'Kenzie, of the Prince George, from Caroma, arrived at Cowes, took up the Master and Crew of the Diamond, Capt. Caldwell, of Londonderry, from Philadelphia, for Antigua, who was the 27th of June overfet, 120 Leagues East of the Capes of Virginia.

August 9. According to some Accounts from Madrid, the Spanish Navy, including Ships on the Stocks, consists of about 50 Sail of Men of War, viz. 6 of 90, 11 of 80, 8 of 70, 10 of 60, and 15 Ships from 50 to 20 Guns; besides Xebecs, Gallies, and other light Vessels.

August 10. By a Letter from the Cape of Good Hope, dated the 10th of April last, to a Gentleman in this Town, there is Advice, that at that Time there were at the Cape, two French outward bound India Ships, full of Officers, and Soldiers, and that eleven others, provided in the like Manner, had gone before, which they pretend was only to repair the Loss they had sustained; but it alarmed our People with strange Apprehensions.

*Extract of a Letter from Capt. Wood at South Carolina to his Friend in London.*

'We left Cadiz the 30th of January, and next Day had a hard Gale of Wind westerly, which drove me into Gibraltar, which I left the 3d of February, and had a fine Passage until I got within 150 Leagues of this Place; where on the 10th of March, about Midnight, I met with a dismal Crack, together with a Shower of Fire, which broke over us, as if the whole Dissolution of the World was come. It killed me three Men, and several others much hurt; it split my Top gallant Mast to Pieces, shattered my Main mast in such a Manner that I am obliged to get a new one. It split my Pumps, burst one of them between Decks, tore up three of my lower Deck Planks, and burst through my main Wale, about two Foot above Water, and filled the Ship full of a Sulphurous Smoke. The Crack was of no longer Continuance than the Snap of breaking a Pipe.'

N E W Y O R K, September 23.

By Capt. Daniel Seymour, who arrived here last Week from Coracoa, we have Advice, that the Spanish Privateers and Guarda Costas, are very busy about that Coast, taking all the Vessels they can, without respect of Persons; that one of the Coracoa Sloops coming up from Aruba, was taken by one of them, and carried off; whereupon the Commander at Coracoa caus'd two Spanish Schooners and two Sloops, which came in there, to be seiz'd as Reprisals, on board of which were Effects and Money to the Value of 40,000 Pieces of Eight; and Proclamations were sent off just before Capt. Seymour left Coracoa, ordering four stout Vessels to be immediately fitted out, with full Orders to cruize against the Spaniards, and to take or destroy all they meet with.

We further hear, that Capt. Ramadge, in a Sloop of this Port, bound to Coracoa, is taken by one of those Spaniards, and carried into the Margarittes, with several other Vessels whose Names we have no Account of.

A N N A P O L I S.

Sunday Evening last, Mr. BEALE BORDLEY of this Place, Merchant, was married to Miss MARGARET CHAW, an agreeable well accomplish'd young Lady, with a good Fortune.

We hear that the last Provincial Court, set aside the Orders of the County Courts, relating to Convicts, mentioned in Gazette N<sup>o</sup>. 330.

[In Part of the Impression of our last Week's Gazette, a Mistake happen'd in Mr. Fin's Advertisement, which the Reader is desired to excuse, Instead of 1200 Hogheads, read 1200 Pounds.]

IF DAVID CUNINGHAME second Son to Sir JOHN CUNINGHAME of Robertland in Scotland, who came from thence to Virginia or Maryland about 22 Years ago, is alive, he may be informed of something to his Advantage, by applying to Mr. Robert Peter, Merchant in Bladenburg, or to Mr. William Cuninghame, Merchant, at the Falls of Rappahannock River, in Virginia.



October 11, 1751.

## FIFTEEN GUINEAS REWARD.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, at the Naval Office in Charles County, Maryland, on the 6th Instant, two Convict Servant Men, the one named *Jeseph Rainbird*, a Cabinet Maker and Joyner by Trade; he is about five Feet nine Inches high, fair Complexion, looks thin having been lately sick with intermittent Fevers, has a great Variety of Wearing Apparel, in particular a Scarlet Waistcoat and Breeches, and a black Cloth Waistcoat; he is a very smooth tongued insinuating Fellow, and an *Englishman* born: The other named *James Cole*, a Bricklayer by Trade, about five Feet ten Inches high; well made, is a brisk active Fellow, very talkative, and has an insolent daring Aspect when provoked, is of a brownish Complexion naturally, and is very much Sun burnt, has lost the Finger next his Thumb on his right Hand, being cut close off to the first Joint. They went off in a Skew, and took with them a Gun, and a Joyner's Hatchet; he was meanly apparell'd, but 'tis probable that the Joyner will supply him with Cloaths. Whoever apprehends them or either of them, and conveys them safely to the Subscriber, shall have Ten Guineas Reward for the first mentioned Convict Servant, and Five Guineas for the latter, to be paid on Delivery, by

RICHARD LEE.

**N. B.** A Servant Man, a Barber by Trade, went off at the same Time, (in Company with the aforesaid Servants), belonging to *Benjamin Fordall*, Esq; is about five Feet eight Inches high, has a darkish Complexion, sickly Look, an *Irishman* born, is a Fellow that has much of the Brogue. Whoever delivers him to his Master, will receive Two PISTOLES Reward, exclusive of the Allowance by Law.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, that there is at the Plantation of *Charles Griffith*, junior, in *Anne Arundel* County, on the South Side of *Sewern*, near *Col. Tasker's* Vineyard, taken up as a Stray, a small Dark Bay Horse, branded on the near Buttock with a Cross, has a hanging Mane, Sprig Tail, large Snip on his Nose, and one hind Foot white as high as the Footlock Joint.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Thomas Stevens*, in *Queen Anne's* County, near *Queen's Town*, taken up as a Stray, a small Sorrel Horse, has a white Star in his Forehead, a white Spot on his Buttock, no Brand perceivable, and has a short Switch Tail.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Robert Soper*, in *Prince George's* County, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Bay Horse, branded on the near Buttock R, and on the off Buttock O, and on the off Side of the Neck R, about 12 Hands high, and has a Switch Tail.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Charles Gessuch*, near *Baltimore Town*, taken up as a Stray, a Grey Mare, branded on the near Shoulder E M, and has a Switch Tail.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Mr. James Elliott*, near the Head of *South River*, taken up as a Stray, a low squat Dark coloured Horse, branded with something on the near Buttock which looks like 2 large Dotts and one small one above them, has a few white Hairs in his Forehead, and looks as if he had been shot through the Nose; he has been about that Place for near a Year and a Half, and had a Bell on.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

October 16, 1751.

**L**OST on Friday Night last, upon the Plantation of *Col. Charles Hammond*, over *Sewern*, A new Saddle, with a blue Cloth Housing, and blue Fringe round it, about half-worn. Whoever brings the said Saddle to the Printer hereof, shall have Ten Shillings Reward. *Mr. Malins*

## TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber, at his Store in ANNAPOLIS, by Wholesale or Retail,

**S**UNDRY Sorts of European Goods, *Barbadoes* and *Antigua* Rum, *Muscavado* Sugar, Linseed Oil, *London* and *Bristol* Crown Glass, 12 by 10, 11 by 9, 10 by 8, and 6 by 4 Inches square; also Diamond Glass; for Cash or Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Beans, Barley, Pork, Beef, Bees Wax, good Pine or Oak Plank, or Cypress Shingles. *PATRICK CREAGH.*

## TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber in ANNAPOLIS,

**B**ARBADOES Rum by the Hogshead, and *Muscavado* Sugar by the Barrel, or smaller Quantity; also fresh *Lemons* and *Limes*, by the Barrel or Hundred.

*WILLIAM REYNOLDS.*

**N. B.** The said *Reynolds* has two Eight Day Clocks in good Repair, which he would dispose of reasonably.

*Bladenburg, October 6, 1751.*

**T**HE Subscriber intending for England, in the Spring, requests all Persons indebted to *Andrew Reid*, Esq; of *London*, Merchant; to *Messieurs Reid* and *Stewart*; or to *Messieurs Stewart* and *Armour*, Merchants in *London*; or to himself; to come and discharge their Debts, else they must not take it amiss, if Suits are brought for the same, without further Notice. *DAVID ROSS.*

**T**O be sold the Lease of a Tract of Land, for three Lives, containing 150 Acres, being Part of *Simon's Delight*, lying on the Eastern Branch of *Potomack River*, about two Miles from *Bladenburg*, and six from *Rock Creek*, on which is a Dwelling House, finished above and below, 24 Feet by 16, with a Brick Chimney and a good Cellar. Also another House of 25 Feet by 16, divided into a Kitchen (with a Brick Chimney) of 16 Feet square, and a Room of 9 by 16; there is a 50 Feet Tobacco House, a Quarter, and Corn House, and the Plantation in exceeding good Repair; the yearly Rent is 1200 Pounds of Tobacco. For the Conditions of Sale, enquire of the Subscriber.

**N. B.** As soon as the present Crop is secured, the Negroes, Servants, Tobacco, Corn, Stock and Utensils thereon, will also be sold, and Notice given of the Time of Sale.

*FRANCIS FIN.*

*October 3, 1751.*

**T**HIS Day was committed to my Custody a young Man, who says his Name is *John Anderson*, and passes for Sailor: He had a large Pair of Pot Hooks about his Neck, is about 18 Years of Age, and says he sailed with *Capt. Johnson*, who has a Vessel now lying at *Hampton* in *Virginia*. Whoever will prove his Property to the said Fellow, and pay the Charges, may have him again from

*BARTHOLOMEW ENNALLS,*  
Sheriff of *Dorchester* County.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Jeseph Linticum*, at the Head of *South River*, taken up as a Stray, a middle-sized Black Horse, branded blindly P W or R W, about 6 Years old, was shod before when first taken up, and had a Bell on. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *John Hardin*, near *South River Church*, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse about 15 Hands high, branded blindly with a C on the near Buttock, and paces a Canter. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.



IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Robert Lee, in Frederick County, near a Branch called *Cynica*, taken up as a Stray, a small Chestnut Sorrel Horse, about 12 Hands and a Half high, branded on the near Buttock H, and on the near Shoulder something like a Pair of Flesh Forks, and a Star in his Forehead.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

STOLEN or Strayed from Baltimore Town, about four Months ago, a Dark Bay Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock E D, on an old Brand supposed to be I I; he trots fast. Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber at Annapolis, shall have a Pistole Reward. He was bred at *Connococheague*, the Back of *Monacoffy*.

EDWARD DORSEY.

October 9, 1751.

STRAYED away, about 2 Years and 5 Months ago, from the Subscriber, near Mr. Justice Smith's at *Connococheague*, a Bright Bay Mare, 5 Years old, middle siz'd, paces well, but can trot; has some Saddle Marks, and is branded on the near Shoulder A. Whoever secures the said Mare and gives Notice so as the Owner may have her again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward; or, if they bring her home, Three Pounds.

WILLIAM SMITH.

CAPTAIN JOHN RENDELL, of Baltimore Town, designing to leave the Province this Fall, hereby gives Notice thereof, that if any Persons have any Claim or Demands on him, they may bring them in and they shall be Paid: And those who are indebted to him are desired to make speedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.

September 12, 1751.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Justices of Prince George's County, will meet at Upper Marlborough Town, at the Court-House, in the County aforesaid, on Friday the 20th Day of November next, to treat with such Persons, who shall then offer to undertake Building a Public Prison for the said County, agreeable to the Act of Assembly, in that Case, late made and provided.

Signed per Order,

JOSEPH SIM, Clerk of the said County Court.

September 28, 1751.

ON Tuesday Night last, one John Mitchell, late Miller to Mr. George Brown, at Gunpowder Forest, stole out of Mrs. Sarah Ramsay's Orchard, at the Head of Severn, a Dark Brown Mare; which probably he has since quitted. Whoever shall apprehend the said Mitchell, shall have Five Pounds Reward, paid by either Thomas Thornton, at Joppa, or Sarah Ramsay. He is a tall Man, near six Feet high, very thin, and freckled in the Face, has a large shamling Walk, and clumsy Legs. Had on and with him three Jackets, a light Drab coloured Cloth Coat, a Bundle of Shirts, and other Apparel.

#### JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store, in ANNAPOLIS,

CORDAGE and Sail Duck; also an Assortment of European and East-India GOODS; likewise good Barbadoes Rum, and Muscovado Sugar.

LANCELOT JACQUES.

ALL Persons, indebted to the Printer hereof, for more than one Year's Gazette (and more especially those who owe for four or five Years) and those otherways indebted to him, are desired to comply with the Apostle PAUL's Injunction in his Epistle to the Romans, Chap. xiii. V. 7. *Render—to all their Dues*,—which will greatly oblige him [their humble Servant] and enable him to comply with the same great Apostle's Injunction in the next Verse, *Owe no Man any Thing, but to love one another*.

WILLIAM PREW, HATTER, from London, Near the Town-Gate in the City of ANNAPOLIS,

MAKES and Sells all Sorts of Beaver and Castor Hats for Men, Women, and Children, in the best and cheapest Manner: He likewise turns, cleans, and dyes Hats. He also gives Ready Money for all Sorts of Fur.

#### TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land, called *Griffith's Park*, lying in Frederick County, between the Upper and Lower Falls of Potowmack River, near the Mouth of Capt. John's Creek; containing, by Patent, 500 Acres. It is a Body of choice Land, and very conveniently situated. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to

JANE THOMPSON, Executrix of John Thompson, late of Cecil County, deceased.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber, Trustee of WILLIAM CUMMING, of the City of ANNAPOLIS, Esq; for the Use of his Creditors, the following Tracts of Land; viz.

ONE Tract, called *Gray's Beaver*, containing one Hundred Acres.

One Tract, called *Presley*, containing four hundred and seventeen Acres, both lying in Anne-Arundel County.

ALSO, The following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, for the Use aforesaid.

Part of a Tract, called *Accord*, containing one hundred Acres.

Part of a Tract, called *Amsterdam*, containing eighty Acres.

Part of a Tract, called *Preslon's Marsh*, containing six hundred and fifteen Acres.

One Tract, called *Norway*, containing six hundred and thirty Acres.

One Tract, called *Barber's Beginning*, containing one hundred Acres.

One Tract, called *Drum Mine*, containing six hundred and sixty eight Acres.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to William Cumming, Esq; in the City of Annapolis, or to the Subscriber at Linganore, in Frederick County.

WILLIAM CUMMING, junior.

#### JUST IMPORTED,

In the BRITON, Capt. COOLIDGE, from LONDON, And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the Store in ANNAPOLIS, where Mr. JAMES DICK lately kept Store,

GREAT Variety of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates, for Money, Bills, or Tobacco. Also Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from 1 to 6 Hundred, Sail Duck, Twine, and Ship Chandlery.

STEPHEN WEST, junior.

THE Subscriber intending for London early next Shipping, all Persons indebted to him are desired speedily to make Payment or settle their Accounts. Attendance will be given every Day at Mr. West's Store in Annapolis.

JAMES DICK.

#### TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber,

THE following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, viz.

One Tract, called *Friendship*, containing 400 Acres.

One Tract, called *Gordon's Purchase*, containing 150 Acres.

One Tract, called *Exchange*, containing 700 Acres.

Also a Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called *Fountain Rock Marsh*, containing 500 Acres, being Part of his Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit-Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Any Person or Persons inclining to Purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

JAMES DICK.



THE  
MARYLAND GAZETTE  
Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, October 23, 1751.

From a late MAGAZINE.

Mr. ARCHIBALD BOWER's Motives for leaving his Office of Secretary to the Court of INQUISITION at Macerata in Italy. With the Difficulties he met with in escaping from thence.

**M**R. Bower says, that what first occasioned him to contrive his Escape from the Inquisition, was the Cruelty exercised there, particularly on two Gentlemen, whose Stories he thus relates.

Information having been given to the Inquisition at Macerata, that a Gentleman had been guilty of speaking disrespectfully of their Office: all imaginable Diligence was used to discover him; and Advertisements fixed up at Rome, and other Places, describing him to be a tall black Man, with an Impediment in his Speech.

One of their emissaries happening to be at Florence, in the public Walks, met with a Person, whom he thought answered the Description. Accordingly, he spared no Pains to insinuate himself into his Acquaintance; and succeeded so far, that the Gentleman finding him to be a Stranger, offered to shew him the principal Curiosities of the Place; and entertained him at his House, in a free and hospitable Manner.

After some Time the Stranger told him, that he hoped he would suffer him to return the Obligation, by accompanying him to Rome; and passing some Days with him at his Seat, in the Neighbourhood of that City, where he found the Gentleman had never yet been.

Accordingly, they set out together, and instead of carrying him to any House of his own, he led him directly to the Palace of the Inquisition at Macerata, where, after bringing him to the great Hall, he desired him to amuse himself with the Paintings there; and excuse his leaving him a little, to give the necessary Orders in the House.

Whilst he was thus admiring the Grandeur of the Place, and suspecting, from the Richness of the Furniture, that he had not treated his Friend with the Respect that was his due, he observed several Persons peeping one by one at the Door, and staring him full in the Face.

Upon this, seeing no Sign of his Companion's Return, he began to suspect some Treachery, and was just stepping out, when a Person came up to him, and enquiring where he was going, told him, that Nobody was suffered to depart thence; that he was now in the Hall of the Inquisition, and must certainly have been guilty of some great Crime, or he would not have been brought thither.

Immediately he was thrust down into the Dungeon, where, after being fed for a Week with Bread and Water, he was brought up in the Middle of the Night, to a Room hung with black, where the Council of the Inquisition was sitting, (one of which was Mr. Bower himself) where he was told, by the Inquisitor General, that he must certainly have been guilty of some great Offence; for the Holy Inquisition never accused any one rashly, so that he must consider what it was, and impeach himself.

Upon his protesting his Innocence, he was prepared for the Torture, which was inflicted in this Manner. The unhappy Man was stripped naked, and by means of four Ropes which ran upon as many Pulleys, at each Corner of the Room, his Arms and Legs were extended, within one Degree of breaking; and he was laid upon his Back, with an Iron Spike fixed under him.

In this Condition he lay for some Time, in extreme Anguish; but still refusing to accuse himself, he was remanded back to his Dungeon, where he had not been long, before

the Inquisition, having dispatched an Express to Rome, with their Suspicions, that from this Resolution, and other Circumstances, he could not be the Man they imagined, received for Answer, that they need give themselves no farther Trouble about him, for that they had discovered the true Offender; upon which this Gentleman was discharged, after they had given him an Oath of Secrecy. But the Hardships under which he had laboured, and the Torment he had suffered, had so far deprived him of the Use of his Faculties, that he continued the remainder of his Life senseless and distracted in the Neighbourhood of Macerata.

This, Mr. Bower says shock'd him extremely. But what determined him to leave them, when Opportunity offered, was the following Affair, which he relates thus.—As a Nobleman (a Friend of his) who was just married, was walking in his Garden with his Lady, two Capuchin Friars passed by with their Feet and Heads bare, and the mortifying Gait of their Order. When they were got to some Distance, and, as he thought, out of Hearing, he express'd to his Wife his Surprise, that any Person could be so far insatuated, as to believe, that such a particular Dress could be meritorious in the Sight of God.

Unhappily for him, he was overheard by the Friars, who made their Report to the Inquisition. Mr. Bower, as one of the Inquisitors, was ordered to take a sufficient Guard, which they always had in waiting, to bring his unfortunate Friend before them.

About the Middle of the Night, he and his Attendance appeared before the Nobleman's Door; when, upon their knocking, a Servant look'd out of the Window, and enquiring who was there, was answered, *The Holy Inquisition*. Upon this, knowing the Consequence of a Refusal, he hastened down, opened the Door, and conducted them into the Bed Chamber, where the new married Couple were fast asleep.

The first who wak'd was the Lady, who seeing such a Crew of Ruffians in the Room, screamed out, for which, she was saluted by one of them with a Blow on the Face, that made the Blood gush out.

This wak'd the Husband, who being very much surprized at what had happened, casting his Eyes on Mr. Bower, cry'd out, Ah, my Friend, is it you? Yes, he replied, it is; and you must immediately rise and follow me. This he soon complied with. Accordingly he was conducted to the Inquisition, where he was told, he was certainly guilty of some great Crime; and that he had a Week given him to recollect himself what it was and so accuse himself.

All that Time he was confined in a Dungeon, and fed with nothing but Bread and Water in order to weaken him, and render him less able to undergo the Torture.

At the End of the Week he was brought in the Night, before the Infernal Tribunal: And so altered, that he was scarce known to be the same. And upon his declaring that he was not conscious of any Thing culpable, he was led to the Torture; which was thus inflicted on him.

By means of four Cords, which came over four Pulleys, at each Corner of the Room, and met in the Center, he was hoisted up to the Ceiling, where, by a sudden Jerk, all his Bones were dislocated.

After he had hung some Time in this deplorable Condition, the Inquisitor General thinking he had not yet suffered enough, commanded them to slacken the Cords, in order to let him fall with a Shock to the Ground. This, after what had been done before, is thought to be one of the greatest Torments that Humane Nature is capable of sustaining. But when they came



IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Robert Lee, in Frederick County, near a Branch called Cynica, taken up as a Stray, a small Chestnut Sorrel Horse, about 12 Hands and a Half high, branded on the near Buttock H, and on the near Shoulder something like a Pair of Flesh Forks, and a Star in his Forehead.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

STOLEN or Strayed from Baltimore Town, about four Months ago, a Dark Bay Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock E D, on an old Brand supposed to be I I; he trots fast. Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber at Annapolis, shall have a Pistole Reward. He was bred at Connockbeague, the Back of Monacofy.

EDWARD DORSEY.

October 9, 1751.

STRAYED away, about 2 Years and 5 Months ago, from the Subscriber, near Mr. Justice Smith's at Connockbeague, a Bright Bay Mare, 5 Years old, middle siz'd, paces well, but can trot; has some Saddle Marks, and is branded on the near Shoulder A. Whoever secures the said Mare and gives Notice so as the Owner may have her again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward; or, if they bring her home, Three Pounds.

WILLIAM SMITH.

CAPTAIN JOHN RENDELL, of Baltimore Town, designing to leave the Province this Fall, hereby gives Notice thereof, that if any Persons have any Claim or Demands on him, they may bring them in and they shall be Paid: And those who are indebted to him are desired to make speedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.

September 12, 1751.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Justices of Prince George's County, will meet at Upper Marlborough Town, at the Court-House, in the County aforesaid, on Friday the 29th Day of November next, to treat with such Persons, who shall then offer to undertake Building a Public Prison for the said County, agreeable to the Act of Assembly, in that Case, late made and provided.

Signed per Order,

JOSEPH SIM, Clerk of the said County Court.

September 28, 1751.

ON Tuesday Night last, one John Mitchell, late Miller to Mr. George Brown, at Gunpowder Forest, stole out of Mrs. Sarah Ramsay's Orchard, at the Head of Severn, a Dark Brown Mare; which probably he has since quitted. Whoever shall apprehend the said Mitchell, shall have Five Pounds Reward, paid by either Thomas Thornton, at Joppa, or Sarah Ramsay. He is a tall Man, near six Feet high, very thin, and freckled in the Face, has a large shamling Walk, and clumsy Legs. Had on and with him three Jackets, a light Drab coloured Cloth Coat, a Bundle of Shirts, and other Apparel.

#### JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store, in ANNAPOLIS,

CORDAGE and Sail Duck; also an Assortment of European and East India GOODS; likewise good Barbadoes Rum, and Muscovado Sugar.

LANCELOT JACQUES.

ALL Persons indebted to the Printer hereof, for more than one Year's Gazette (and more especially those who owe for four or five Years) and those otherways indebted to him, are desired to comply with the Apostle PAUL's Injunction in his Epistle to the Romans, Chap. xiii. V. 7. *Render—to all their Dues,*—which will greatly oblige him [their humble Servant] and enable him to comply with the same great Apostle's Injunction in the next Verse, *Owe no Man any Thing, but to love one another.*

WILLIAM PREW, HATTER, from LONDON, Near the Town-Gate in the City of ANNAPOLIS,

MAKES and Sells all Sorts of Beaver and Castor Hats for Men, Women, and Children, in the best and cheapest Manner: He likewise turns, cleans, and dyes Hats. He also gives Ready Money for all Sorts of Fur.

#### TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of Land, called Griffith's Park, lying in Frederick County, between the Upper and Lower Falls of Potowmack River, near the Mouth of Capt. John's Creek; containing, by Patent, 500 Acres. It is a Body of choice Land, and very conveniently situated. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to

JANE THOMPSON, Executrix of John Thompson, late of Cecil County, deceased.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber, Trustee of WILLIAM CUMMING, of the City of ANNAPOLIS, Esq; for the Use of his Creditors, the following Tracts of Land; viz.

ONE Tract, called Gray's Beaver, containing one Hundred Acres.

One Tract, called Presley, containing four hundred and seventeen Acres, both lying in Anne Arundel County.

ALSO, The following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, for the Use aforesaid.

Part of a Tract, called Accord, containing one hundred Acres.

Part of a Tract, called Amsterdam, containing eighty Acres.

Part of a Tract, called Preston's Marsh, containing six hundred and fifteen Acres.

One Tract, called Norway, containing six hundred and thirty Acres.

One Tract, called Barber's Beginning, containing one hundred Acres.

One Tract, called Drum Mine, containing six hundred and sixty eight Acres.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to William Cumming, Esq; in the City of Annapolis, or to the Subscriber at Linganore, in Frederick County.

WILLIAM CUMMING, junior.

#### JUST IMPORTED,

In the BRITON, Capt. COOLIDGE, from LONDON,

And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the Store in ANNAPOLIS, where Mr. JAMES DICK lately kept Store,

GREAT Variety of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates, for Money, Bills, or Tobacco. Also Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from 1 to 6 Hundred, Sail Duck, Twine, and Ship Chandlery.

STEPHEN WEST, junior.

THE Subscriber intending for London early next Shipping, all Persons indebted to him are desired speedily to make Payment or settle their Accounts. Attendance will be given every Day at Mr. West's Store in Annapolis.

JAMES DICK.

#### TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber,

THE following Tracts of Land, lying in Frederick County, viz.

One Tract, called Friendship, containing 400 Acres.

One Tract, called Gordon's Purchase, containing 150 Acres.

One Tract, called Exchange, containing 700 Acres.

Also a Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called Fountain Rock Marsh, containing 500 Acres, being Part of his Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit-Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Any Person or Persons inclining to Purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

JAMES DICK.



No. 339.

# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

*Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.*

WEDNESDAY, October 23, 1751.

From a late MAGAZINE.

*Mr. ARCHIBALD BOWER's Motives for leaving his Office of Secretary to the Court of INQUISITION at Macerata in Italy. With the Difficulties he met with in escaping from thence.*

**M**R. Bower says, that what first occasioned him to contrive his Escape from the Inquisition, was the Cruelty exercised there, particularly on two Gentlemen, whose Stories he thus relates.

Information having been given to the Inquisition at Macerata, that a Gentleman had been guilty of speaking disrespectfully of their Office; all imaginable Diligence was used to discover him; and Advertisements fixed up at Rome; and other Places, describing him to be a tall black Man, with an Impudent in his Speech.

One of their Emisseries happening to be at Florence, in the public Walks, met with a Person, whom he thought answered the Description. Accordingly, he spared no Pains to insinuate himself into his Acquaintance; and succeeded so far, that the Gentleman finding him to be a Stranger, offered to shew him the principal Curiosities of the Place; and entertained him at his House, in a free and hospitable Manner.

After some Time the Stranger told him, that he hoped he would suffer him to return the Obligation, by accompanying him to Rome; and passing some Days with him at his Seat, in the Neighbourhood of that City, where he found the Gentleman had never yet been.

Accordingly, they set out together, and instead of carrying him to any House of his own, he led him directly to the Palace of the Inquisition at Macerata, where, after bringing him to the great Hall, he desired him to amuse himself with the Paintings there; and excuse his leaving him a little, to give the necessary Orders in the House.

Whilst he was thus admiring the Grandeur of the Place, and suspecting, from the Richness of the Furniture, that he had not treated his Friend with the Respect that was his due, he observed several Persons peeping one by one at the Door, and staring him full in the Face.

Upon this, seeing no Sign of his Companion's Return, he began to suspect some Treachery, and was just stepping out, when a Person came up to him, and enquiring where he was going, told him, that Nobody was suffered to depart thence; that he was now in the Hall of the Inquisition, and must certainly have been guilty of some great Crime, or he would not have been brought thither.

Immediately he was thrust down into the Dungeon, where, after being fed for a Week with Bread and Water, he was brought up in the Middle of the Night, to a Room hung with black, where the Council of the Inquisition was sitting, (one of which was Mr. Bower himself) where he was told, by the Inquisitor General, that he must certainly have been guilty of some great Offence; for the Holy Inquisition never accused any one rashly, so that he must consider what it was, and impeach himself.

Upon his protesting his Innocence, he was prepared for the Torture, which was inflicted in this Manner. The unhappy Man was stripped naked, and by means of four Ropes which ran upon as many Pullies, at each Corner of the Room, his Arms and Legs were extended, within one Degree of breaking; and he was laid upon his Back, with an Iron Spike fixed under him.

In this Condition he lay for some Time, in extreme Anguish, but still refusing to accuse himself, he was remanded back to his Dungeon, where he had not been long, before

the Inquisition, having dispatched an Express to Rome, with their Suspicion, that from this Resolution, and other Circumstances, he could not be the Man they imagined, received for Answer, that they need give themselves no farther Trouble about him, for that they had discovered the true Offender; upon which this Gentleman was discharged, after they had given him an Oath of Secrecy. But the Hardships under which he had laboured, and the Torment he had suffered, had so far deprived him of the Use of his Faculties, that he continued the remainder of his Life senseless and distracted in the Neighbourhood of Macerata.

This, Mr. Bower says shock'd him extremely. But what determined him to leave them, when Opportunity offered, was the following Affair, which he relates thus.—As a Nobleman (a Friend of his) who was just married, was walking in his Garden with his Lady, two Capuchin Friars passed by with their Feet and Heads bare, and the mortifying Garb of their Order. When they were got to some Distance, and, as he thought, out of Hearing, he express'd to his Wife his Surprize, that any Person could be so far insatuated, as to believe, that such a particular Dress could be meritorious in the Sight of God.

Unhappily for him, he was overheard by the Friars, who made their Report to the Inquisition, Mr. Bower, as one of the Inquisitors, was ordered to take a sufficient Guard, which they always had in waiting, to bring his unfortunate Friend before them.

About the Middle of the Night, he and his Attendance appeared before the Nobleman's Door; when, upon their knocking, a Servant look'd out of the Window, and enquiring who was there, was answered, *The Holy Inquisition*. Upon this, knowing the Consequence of a Refusal, he hastened down, opened the Door, and conducted them into the Bed Chamber, where the new married Couple were fast asleep.

The first who wak'd was the Lady, who seeing such a Crew of Russians in the Room, screamed out, for which, she was saluted by one of them with a Blow on the Face, that made the Blood gush out.

This wak'd the Husband, who being very much surprized at what had happened, casting his Eyes on Mr. Bower, cry'd out, Ah, my Friend, is it you? Yes, he replied, it is; and you must immediately rise and follow me. This he soon complied with. Accordingly he was conducted to the Inquisition, where he was told, he was certainly guilty of some great Crime; and that he had a Week given him to recollect himself what it was and so accuse himself.

All that Time he was confined in a Dungeon, and fed with nothing but Bread and Water in order to weaken him, and render him less able to undergo the Torture.

At the End of the Week he was brought in the Night, before the Infernal Tribunal: And so altered, that he was scarce known to be the same: And upon his declaring that he was not conscious of any Thing culpable, he was led to the Torture; which was thus inflicted on him.

By means of four Cords, which came over four Pullies, at each Corner of the Room, and met in the Center, he was hoisted up to the Ceiling, where, by a sudden Jerk, all his Bones were dislocated.

After he had hung some Time in this deplorable Condition, the Inquisitor General thinking he had not yet suffered enough, commanded them to slacken the Cords, in order to let him fall with a Shock to the Ground. This, after what had been done before, is thought to be one of the greatest Torments that Humane Nature is capable of sustaining. But when they



came to inflict it, they found the unhappy Man was already dead; upon which they buried him in a private Manner, and sent a Note to his Wife, desiring her to offer up Prayers for his Soul, in all the Churches in *Rome*.

After two such Pieces of unexampled Cruelty, and sanctify'd Villainy, he was determined, at all Events, to make his Escape from the Inquisition.

He was sensible of the Difficulties he had to encounter, none being suffered to stir out without leave first obtained from the Inquisitor General. To him therefore he apply'd for a Permission to go on a Pilgrimage to *Loretto*, a Thing that he had hitherto long neglected.

The Inquisitor General applauded his Resolution, and gave him leave; but immediately dispatched an Express to *Loretto*, to know precisely the Time he arrived there.

Accordingly Mr. *Bower* set out on Horseback, and having armed himself with a Pocket Pistol, was determined, in Case he found he could not otherwise escape, to dispatch himself; being persuaded, that if ever suicide was excusable, it must be in his Circumstances, in order to avoid the Torments, which, if he should be taken, would be inflicted on him.

After many Contests with himself, he continued firm to his Original Project; and with Design to pursue it, cross'd out of the Road not far from *Loretto*, and shaped his Course towards *Switzerland*; knowing that if he could but reach *Bern*, a Protestant Canton, he should be safe. In order to attain it, he travelled Day and Night upon the Mountains; but at last, himself and Horse growing faint, for want of Sustenance, he made up to a Town, which he took to be *Bern*; but which proved, to his great Concern to be a Popish Canton. However, he alighted at an Inn, where there happened to be two Men who were reading a Paper, which, casting his Eye upon, he found to be a Description of himself; promising a great Reward for apprehending him.

He endeavoured to conceal his Confusion as much as he could, wiping his Face with a Handkerchief to prevent his being observed; till at last, one of the Men asking him why he wiped his Face, as if he was afraid of being seen; desired him to read that Paper, which he did, as he says, with great seeming Composure.

In the mean while, one of them whispered his Companion; and soon after they retired into a Room together, to consult whether they should apprehend him or not, as it was a hazardous Affair; it being possible that he might be a Courier of the *British*, or some other Minister.

Mr. *Bower* took this Opportunity to fly to his Horse, which he mounted with the utmost Expedition, and gallop'd into a neighbouring Forest, where he concealed himself for some Time, and afterwards pursued his Journey; subsisting himself, for several Days, upon nothing but what the Fields and Woods afforded. At last, his Horse, as well as himself, being almost worn out with Hunger and Fatigue, happening one Morning, to spy a light at a Distance, he made up to it at all Events; and, upon his knocking at the Door, a Man looked out at the Window, and of whom he enquired whether it was a Protestant Country; to whom he reply'd, yes, thank God for it. Immediately upon hearing this joyful News, he desired him to come down and open the Door; for that he was the unfortunate *Bower* that had escaped from the Inquisition, and was now in the utmost Distress for Want of Rest and Food. Accordingly he alighted, and was received by the Landlord with the utmost Hospitality; who, upon his enquiring how far it was to *Bern*, informed him about two Miles; and offered himself for his Guide.

Upon his Arrival at *Bern*, he was advised, in order to avoid several Popish Countries, to take Shipping on the *Rhine*, as far as *Straßburg*. He embarked therefore on that River; and one of his Companions in the Vessel happened to be a Jesuit, who not knowing him, entered into Discourse with him about his own Escape from the Inquisition.

When they were got pretty near to *Straßburg*, the Vessel bulged upon a Rock, so that they, with great Difficulty, escaped to Shore, where Mr. *Bower* immediately took Post-Horses for *Calais*. No sooner was he arrived there, and alighted at the Inn, than he saw on the Gate, Advertisements describing him, and promising a Reward for apprehending him. This made him resolve to depart as soon as possible; so that he went down to the Shore, in order to see if there was any Vessel ready to sail for *England*; but to his great Mortification,

found none; and the Wind being high, could not prevail with any to put to Sea.

At last, for a considerable Sum of Money, he engaged some Fishermen to carry him over. Scarce had they set sail, but the Waves ran so high, that the Men declared it impossible to succeed, for that no Boat could live. In vain he offered them all he was worth, in Case they would venture; for all their Reply was, that he must have been guilty of some very great Crime, to attempt to run so great a Hazard. Accordingly they put back, and landed him again.

But instead of going to the same Inn, he went to another; where thinking he heard in the next Room the Voice of some *English* Gentlemen, he determined to discover himself to them, being of Opinion, that no Persons so merry and cheerful as they appeared to be, could harbour any Ill will against him.

Animated by these Reflections, he knocked at the Door; and, to his great Satisfaction, the first that came to him was Lord *Baltimore*, with whom he had before some small Acquaintance.

His Lordship was much surprized at seeing him there, but told him he had no Time to lose, for that strict search had been made after him, and Spies planted about every Person that went for *England*. In short, he accompanied him to the Sea Shore, and offered him his own Yatch to carry him over, in which he immediately embarked, and soon landed safe at *Dover*.

The next Day, Mr. *Bower* was much surprized with a Letter brought in, directed to him; but much more when upon opening it, he found it came from the Inquisitor General: With promises of great Honour and Rewards, in Case he would return to the Inquisition.

This, it seems, being left undirected, was ordered to be delivered to him, as soon as it was certainly known that he was arrived in *England*; but upon his Enquiry for the Person who brought it, Nobody could tell what was become of him. However, he had seen too much already, to rely on what they had promised; and contented himself with expressing his Gratitude to God, for happily escaping out of their Clutches, and safely arriving in a Free and Protestant Country.

#### L O N D O N, July 25.

BY Letters brought by Yesterday's Post we learn, that the Ships which lately went out under the Command of Commodore Rodney, in search of the Island, of which Information upon Oath was given to the Lords of the Admiralty, are returned to Spithead, without having been able to make the least Discovery of any such Island.

*Bristol, August 3.* There is Advice from Antigua, that so many French Ships trading on the Coast of Guiney, have greatly injured that Trade, and have advanced the Purchase of Slaves to the highest Rate that was ever known on the African Shore: Inasmuch, that it is thought several Merchants of Great-Britain decline sending out any more Ships to that Coast.—And from Liverpool we have an Account, that the Merchants of that Port have been great Sufferers by the Encroachments of the French in that Trade, who will have Negroes at any Rate.—So that this once profitable Branch of Commerce is now in a fair Way of being inverted; and whereas we and the Dutch did for a Course of many Years supply the French Islands with Slaves, they now are extraordinary active to save us that Trouble, and will do it themselves.

#### B O S T O N, October 2.

Last Friday came to Town from New-London, Capt. Samuel Gallop, late Master of the Brigantine Polly of this Place, who sail'd from hence the 19th of August last bound for Antigua, and informs us, That in his Passage on the 6th of September last, in Lat. 29 and 21, he met with a violent Gale of Wind at E. S. E. which obliged him to scud before it; but the Wind shifting to the Southward in a Moment they shipped a Sea which stove in the Dead-Lights, clear'd the Deck, and wash'd every Soul over-board, and thereupon she immediately fill'd and overset.—Capt Gallop and two of the Men getting upon the Weather-side endeavour'd to save themselves, but were wash'd off again by the next Sea; and whilst striving in the Sea, he the said Gallop accidentally caught hold of a Rope, by which he hoisted himself up whilst the lay on her Side; but her Masts giving way she righted, when he took to the Bow-sprit, where he continued twelve Days, subsisting only upon



upon some Apples, a few salt Mackrel, and some Cabbage Seed; and then was relieved by Capt. Parker, who had likewise received considerable Damage in the said Hurricane, bound from Barbadoes to New-London, where he arrived the 29th of September last.—All the rest of the Men perished.

#### ANNAPOLIS.

Some Days ago, a Negro Boy belonging to Mr. John Matthews, of Baltimore County, climbing up a Tree after a Raccoon, fell about 40 Feet and broke his Thigh so that the Bone run into the Ground, and he died soon after.

During the *October* Meeting in Talbot County, a Man wanting to quarrel with another, followed him about from Place to Place, to provoke him, and at last struck him, on which the other gave him a few Knocks, when the quarrelsome Man fell down and died on the Spot.

Yesterday his Excellency our Governor returned safe and in good Health from Virginia.

We hear that the General Assembly of this Province will be dissolved in a few Days, and Writs issued for a new General Election.

#### JUST IMPORTED,

In the *NANCY*, Capt. HENDERSON, from LONDON, And to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store opposite the Church, in ANNAPOLIS.

**G**REAT Variety of European and East-India GOODS, proper for the Winter Season, by Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest Prices, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit.

DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

#### LIKEWISE,

*West-India* Rum, Arrack, London Porter, White Wine Vinegar, Citron Water, Castile Soap, Muscovado Sugar, &c.

**A**S there may be some Books now in the Library of the late Rev. Mr. HENDERSON, which have been borrowed from his Friends, it is desired they will give Notice to the Subscribers what Books they are, that they may be reserved for them.

And all Persons who have any Books belonging to the said Mr. HENDERSON, it is hoped will send them as soon as possible to the Printer of this Paper, or to the Subscribers.

MARY HENDERSON,

ROBERT TYLER, junior. } Executors.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, living at *Elk-Ridge*, on the 12th of this Instant *October*, the three following Negroes; viz. A Man, named *Cuffee*; a Woman, named *Rachel*; and a Girl, named *Sue*: They have Variety of wearing Apparel; and are supposed to be gone towards *West-River*.

Whoever takes up the said Negroes, and delivers them to the Subscriber, shall have Four Pounds Reward, paid by

ADAM SHIPLEY.

**J**AMES STEVENS, Taylor, (Son of JOHN STEVENS, Chandler and Grocer) lately come to Maryland, has an Uncle in this Country, one Mr. William Gray, who came from *Fotheringhay* in England some Years ago: Now this is to request the said Gray, if living, to let his said Nephew know in what Part of Maryland he lives, by a Line directed to the Printer of this Paper, for he has something of Consequence to communicate to him.

**I**F DAVID CUNINGHAME second Son to Sir JOHN CUNINGHAME of Robertland in Scotland, who came from thence to Virginia or Maryland about 22 Years ago, is alive, he may be informed of something to his Advantage, by applying to Mr. Robert Peter, Merchant in Bladenburg, or to Mr. William Cunningham, Merchant, at the Falls of Rappahannock River, in Virginia.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Emanuel Teal, near Baltimore-Town, taken up as a Stray, a middle-sized Black Horse, branded on the off Shoulder thus VA, joined together by a Stroke being drawn across. He has a large Blaze in his Face, and is blind on the near Side.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Charles Griffith, junior, in Anne Arundel County, on the South Side of Severn, near Col. Taffer's Vineyard, taken up as a Stray, a small Dark Bay Horse, branded on the near Buttock with a Cross, has a hanging Mane, Sprig Tail, large Snip on his Noser, and one hind Foot white as high as the Footlock Joint.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Thomas Stevens, in Queen Anne's County, near Queen's Town, taken up as a Stray, a small Sorrel Horse, has a white Star in his Forehead, a white Spot on his Buttock, no Brand perceivable, and has a short Switch Tail.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Robert Soper, in Prince George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Bay Horse, branded on the near Buttock R, and on the off Buttock O, and on the off Side of the Neck R, about 12 Hands high, and has a Switch Tail.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Charles Gofsch, near Baltimore-Town, taken up as a Stray, a Grey Mare, branded on the near Shoulder E M, and has a Switch Tail.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. Henry Watson, at the Mouth of Rock Creek, in Prince George's County, taken up as a Stray, a large Bay Horse, branded on the near Shoulder with 1 H, two strokes across the H, the Letters about 4 Inches long; and on the near Buttock, &c.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

*October 16, 1751.*

**L**OST on Friday Night last, upon the Plantation of Col. Charles Hammond, over Severn, A new Saddle, with a blue Cloth Housing, and blue Fringe round it, about half-worn: Whoever brings the said Saddle to the Printer hereof, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

#### TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber, at his Store in ANNAPOLIS, by Wholesale or Retail.

**S**UNDRY Sorts of European Goods, Barbadoes and Antigua Rum, Muscovado Sugar, Linseed Oil, London and Bristol Crown Glass, 12 by 10, 11 by 9, 10 by 8, and 6 by 4 Inches square; also Diamond Glass; for Cash or Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Beans, Barley, Pork, Beef, Bees Wax, good Pine or Oak Plank, or Cypress Shingles.

PATRICK CREAGH.

#### TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber in ANNAPOLIS,

**B**ARBADOES Rum by the Hoghead, and Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel, or smaller Quantity; also fresh Lemons and Limes, by the Barrel or Hundred.

WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

N. B. The said Reynolds has two Eight Day Clocks in good Repair, which he would dispose of reasonably.

*Bladenburg, October 6, 1751.*

**T**HE Subscriber intending for England, in the Spring requests all Persons indebted to Andrew Reid, Esq; of London, Merchant; to Messieurs Reid and Stewart; or to Messieurs Stewart and Armour, Merchants in London; or to himself; to come and discharge their Debts, else they must not take it amiss, if Suits are brought for the same, without further Notice.

DAVID ROSE.



**T**O be sold the Lease of a Tract of Land, for three Lives, containing 150 Acres, being Part of *Simon's Delight*, lying on the Eastern Branch of *Potowmack River*, about two Miles from *Bladensburg*, and six from *Rock Creek*, on which is a Dwelling House, finished above and below, 24 Feet by 16, with a Brick Chimney and a good Cellar. Also another House of 25 Feet by 16, divided into a Kitchen (with a Brick Chimney) of 16 Feet square, and a Room of 9 by 16; there is a 50 Feet Tobacco House, a Quarter, and Corn House, and the Plantation in exceeding good Repair; the yearly Rent is 1200 Pounds of Tobacco. For the Conditions of Sale, enquire of the Subscriber.

N. B. As soon as the present Crop is secured, the Negroes, Servants, Tobacco, Corn, Stock and Utensils thereon, will also be sold, and Notice given of the Time of Sale.

FRANCIS FIN.

October 3, 1751.

**T**HIS Day was committed to my Custody a young Man, who says his Name is *John Anderson*, and passes for Sailor: He had a large Pair of Pot Hooks about his Neck, is about 18 Years of Age, and says he sailed with Capt. *Johnson*, who has a Vessel now lying at *Hampton* in *Virginia*. Whoever will prove his Property to the said Fellow, and pay the Charges, may have him again from

BARTHOLOMEW ENNALLS,  
Sheriff of *Dorchester County*.

**S**TOLEN or Strayed from *Baltimore Town*, about four Months ago, a Dark Bay Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock E D, on an old Brand supposed to be I I; he trots fast. Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber at *Annapolis*, shall have a Pistole Reward. He was bred at *Connoccheague*, the Back of *Monacoff*.

EDWARD DORSEY.

October 9, 1751.

**S**TRAYED away, about 2 Years and 5 Months ago, from the Subscriber, near Mr. Justice *Smith's* at *Connoccheague*, a Bright Bay Mare, 5 Years old, middle siz'd, paces well, but can trot; has some saddle Marks, and is branded on the near Shoulder A. Whoever secures the said Mare and gives Notice so as the Owner may have her again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward; or, if they bring her home, Three Pounds.

WILLIAM SMITH.

**C**APTAIN JOHN RENDELL, of *Baltimore Town*, designing to leave the Province this Fall, hereby gives Notice thereof, that if any Persons have any Claim or Demands on him, they may bring them in and they shall be Paid: And those who are indebted to him are desired to make speedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.

September 12, 1751.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Justices of *Prince George's County*, will meet at *Upper Marlborough Town*, at the Court-House, in the County aforesaid, on Friday the 20th Day of *November* next, to treat with such Persons, who shall then offer to undertake Building a Public Prison for the said County, agreeable to the Act of Assembly, in that Case, late made and provided.

Signed per Order,

JOSEPH SIM, Clerk of the said County Court.

**A**LL Persons indebted to the Printer hereof, for more than one Year's Gazette (and more especially those who owe for four or five Years) and those otherways indebted to him, are desired to comply with the Apostle *PAUL's* Injunction in his Epistle to the *Romans*, Chap. xiii. V. 7. Reader—to all their Dues,—which will greatly oblige him [their humble Servant] and enable him to comply with the same great Apostle's Injunction in the next Verse, *Owe no Man any Thing, but to love one another.*

WILLIAM PREW, HATTER, from *London*,  
Near the Town-Gate in the City of *ANNAPOLIS*,  
MAKES and Sells all Sorts of Beaver and Castor Hats for Men, Women, and Children, in the best and cheapest Manner: He likewise turns, cleans, and dyes Hats. He also gives Ready Money for all Sorts of Fur.

TO BE SOLD,

**A**TRACT of Land, called *Griffith's Park*, lying in *Frederick County*, between the Upper and Lower Falls of *Potowmack River*, near the Mouth of Capt. *John's Creek*; containing, by Patent, 500 Acres. It is a Body of choice Land, and very conveniently situated. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to JANE THOMPSON, Executrix of *John Thompson*, late of *Cecil County*, deceased.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber, Trustee of WILLIAM CUMMING, of the City of *ANNAPOLIS*, Esq; for the Use of his Creditors, the following Tracts of Land; viz.

**O**NE Tract, called *Gray's Bower*, containing one Hundred Acres.

One Tract, called *Presley*, containing four hundred and seventeen Acres, both lying in *Anne Arundel County*.

ALSO, The following Tracts of Land, lying in *Frederick County*, for the Use aforesaid:

Part of a Tract, called *Accord*, containing one hundred Acres.

Part of a Tract, called *Amsterdam*, containing eighty Acres.

Part of a Tract, called *Preston's Marsh*, containing six hundred and fifteen Acres.

One Tract, called *Norway*, containing six hundred and thirty Acres.

One Tract, called *Barber's Beginning*, containing one hundred Acres.

One Tract, called *Drum Mine*, containing six hundred and sixty-eight Acres.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to *William Cumming*, Esq; in the City of *Annapolis*, or to the Subscriber at *Linganore*, in *Frederick County*.

WILLIAM CUMMING, junior.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the *BRITON*, Capt. *COOLIDGE*, from *LONDON*,  
And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the Store in *ANNAPOLIS*,  
where Mr. *JAMES DICK* lately kept Store.

**G**REAT Variety of *European and East-India GOODS*, by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates, for Money, Bills, or Tobacco. Also Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from 1 to 6 Hundred, Sail Duck, Twine, and Ship Chandlery.

STEPHEN WEST, junior.

**T**HE Subscriber intending for *London* early next Shipping, all Persons indebted to him are desired speedily to make Payment or settle their Accounts. Attendance will be given every Day at Mr. *West's* Store in *Annapolis*.

JAMES DICK.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber,

**T**HE following Tracts of Land, lying in *Frederick County*, viz.

One Tract, called *Friendship*, containing 400 Acres.

One Tract, called *Gordon's Purchase*, containing 150 Acres.

One Tract, called *Exchange*, containing 700 Acres.

Also a Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called *Fountain Rock Marsh*, containing 500 Acres, being Part of his Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit-Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Any Person or Persons inclinable to Purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

JAMES DICK.



# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

*Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.*

WEDNESDAY, October 30, 1751.

P A R I S, August 10.

HE premier President repaired the 3d of this Month, by Order of the King, to Compiègne, when his Majesty ordered him to tell his Parliament, that he disapproved of the Steps lately taken by that Body in respect to the Government of the Hospitals, and expressly forbade them from interfering for the future, in any Thing more than examining into the Conduct of the Sub-directors; and ordered them to issue no more Arrêts against the Regulations which the Archbishop of Paris should think proper to make for the good Order of the Hospitals; and, as well in this Respect as in all others, the King desires his Parliament to forbear making any more Remonstrances, his Majesty insisting upon being obeyed without Reply.

Hanover, August 10. All the Letters which have been received from the several Parts of this Electorate, are full of Accounts of the extraordinary Damages which the late Storms have caused, as well in the Cities as in the Country. The Hopes that had been conceived of a plentiful Harvest, are vanished, most of the Corn having been destroyed by the Hail, and the Waters that have fallen from the neighbouring Mountains.

Genoa, August 2. Fiorenzo is the Place pitched upon for the final Congress to decide the Corsican Broils, or to make them break out with inextinguishable Fury. We have the more Reason to hope for an Acquiescence, as the Republic is so extremely indulgent in its Concessions.

Copenhagen, August 10. This Day two Men of War of sixty and fifty Guns were launched in the King's Presence, and several more new Ships will shortly be finished, his Majesty having resolv'd to increase his Marine, seeing all the Powers of Europe are in the same Humour.

Hamburg, August 10. They write from Copenhagen, that they have receiv'd Letters from the Danish Missionaries upon the Coast of Coromandel, dated in January last, which mention the Advantages gain'd by the French of Pondicherry, with this Circumstance, that the Dutch Factors settled at Masulipatnam, in order to prevent any Inconvenience in regard to their Commerce, had thought proper to withdraw themselves, with their Effects, to Netzapour and Madusapalam.

Brussels, August 16. A new Negotiation is talk'd of for definitively regulating the Affairs of the Barrier to mutual Satisfaction; and, 'tis assur'd, that the King of Great Britain will send a Minister hither on that Occasion.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, dated August 10.

"According to the Report made to the Court by M. Glandeves, who returned some Weeks since with two Men of War from the Coast of Guiney, the Son of one of the Kings of that Country, whose District is call'd Santsini, came on board of M. Glandeves's Ship, dress'd entirely in the French Fashion, with a laced Hat, Bag Wig, &c. and profess'd a very great Affection for our Nation, which he said he had had Time to acquire a thorough Knowledge of, by a few Years Residence in this Kingdom, and that he should love and esteem us as long as he liv'd; adding, that his Father's Affection for France was altogether as strong as his, and that to manifest his Esteem and Respect for our Monarch, he had lately assumed the Name of Lewis."

Hague, August 18. By the last Post from Lisbon we have received a very agreeable Piece of News, viz. That the King of Portugal has revoked the Edict of the Year 1739, whereby it was forbid to bring any East-Indian Commodities into his Dominions in foreign Vessels. If this be true, our India Company will be great Gainers by it.

Paris, August 20. On Monday the Parliament, to the Number of thirty-eight, went to the King relating to the Administration of the General Hospital, and the following is the King's Answer thereto:

"Submission is the principal Duty of my Subjects, and it is my Parliament which ought to set the Example of this fundamental Law of my Kingdom.

When I permit them to make Remonstrances relating to Edicts and Declarations which I send them to register, I do not give them Power to disannul or alter them.

I shall not refuse to hearken to the Representations which shall be made me, when they shall really have no other Object than the Good of my Subjects, public Order, and the Independence of my Crown.

I insist, that my Declaration of the 24th of May last be registered without any Alteration. I will send Orders to this Effect to my Parliament."

In the Evening of the same Day the King sent Orders to his Advocates and Attorneys General, to proceed to the registering the above Declaration.

The next Day the Parliament sat all the Morning, and put it to the Vote, Whether they should proceed to register the Declaration; but there were only two for it, against 132. This Court afterwards named Commissaries to more strictly examine into the Affair, and upon their Report, they will determine what Course to take.

Hague, August 2. The following is the Memorial by which the Earl of Holderness took his Leave of the States General:

High and Mighty Lords!

THE King having thought proper to fix my Abode in England, by the Charge of Secretary of State, which his Majesty has design'd to confer on me, has expressly order'd me, in presenting my Letters of Recall, to renew, in his Name, the Assurances of his Affection and Friendship for your Republic, and his constant and invariable Resolution to support and promote, at all Times, your Interests, which his Majesty regards as his own.

These Sentiments, High and Mighty Lords, have been already verified by an infinite Number of memorable Examples, and they cannot be too often repeated, or too strongly expressed. The compleat Return on the Part of your High Mightinesses, which I have so often experienced in the Course of my Ministry, assures the eternal Duration of an Union, which is the Basis of the Equilibrium of Europe, and the Guardian of the Public Liberty: An Union formed on the same Principles, the same Views, the same Interests; cemented by the close Alliance of the great Prince who so gloriously fills the Post of his illustrious Ancestors: An Union, which neither Force nor Artifice have been, or ever will be, able to impair.

The Fidelity of his Majesty in fulfilling religiously his Engagements with all Powers, and his Zeal for the Support of the System on which solely depends the Common Security, are so well known and approved, that the Repetition of the King's Sentiments, in this Respect, would be entirely superfluous. The King's Thoughts are, and will ever be, the same. The Wisdom of your Counsels, High and Mighty Lords, in concurring with his Majesty in these salutary Views, secures the Continuation of the Repose and Tranquillity so recently given to Europe.

There remains nothing more for me, High and Mighty Lords, than to express my most hearty Acknowledgements for all the Marks of Favour and Bounty with which it has pleas'd your High Mightinesses to honour me; and of which I shall retain



retain an eternal and sensible Remembrance. Nearer the Sacred Person of my Sovereign, I shall perhaps have more frequent Opportunity of manifesting my Zeal for the Service of the Republic. Happy, that in such a Situation I find the Duty of a faithful Subject of the King reunited with the natural Inclination, which ardently leads me to embrace all your Interests. Accept, High and Mighty Lords, with your wonted Goodness, the Prayers which I shall never cease to make for the Prosperity of the Republic, and for the Preservation of the Illustrious Family which will secure its Grandeur, its Liberty and its Religion.

*Done at the Hague the  
30th of July, 1751.*

(Signed)

HOLDERNESS.

BOSTON, October 2.

*Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman dated at Stockbridge, August 31, 1751.*

"We have had credible Information from the Mohawks, that the French are now gone from Canada, with an Army of 600 Men, 400 French, and 200 Indians (intending to augment their Army to 1000 as they go along) in the South Western Parts of Northern America, in order to strengthen their own Interest, and ruin ours in those Parts; particularly to destroy the Nation of Tooweehtowees, tho' they are very friendly to the English; and to kill a certain Virginia Trader, who, by his honest Dealing with the Indians, has lately gained the Affections of many, and greatly drawn their Trade that Way; and that C. J. having had Intelligence of this by a Frenchman who deserted from the Army, and various other Ways, had sent a Belt of Wampum to all the Six Nations, to give them Notice of it, and to excite them to oppose the Designs of this Army."

PHILADELPHIA, October 17.

Last Week at a Court of Oyer and Terminer, held in Lancaster, two Men (Father and Son) both nam'd Sigismund Hainly, were tried for counterfeiting the Halfcrown and Ninepenny Bills of this Province, found guilty, and receiv'd Sentence of Death. The following is the Substance of the Confession of the Father, which he made to several Gentlemen in Jail, after he received Sentence of Death; viz.

"That when he was last in Germany, he applied to a Person in Hamblebaugh, in the Principality of Fulda, (whose Name he could not remember) to engrave Plates for printing the Halfcrown and Ninepenny Bills: That the Person applied to was a Printer, who accordingly printed and sign'd about Twenty Pounds of them: That when they were discovered to be bad, he put the rest into a hot Oven, and consumed them: That no Person was privy or concern'd with him: That after he received this Quantity of bad Money from the Printer, he saw him erase the Engraving from the Plates, in order as he supposes, to use them for other Purposes. he solemnly declares his Son's Innocence, and says, That he paid him about Twenty Shillings in false Bills, but never told him they were Counterfeits."

ANNAPOLIS.

Since our last his Excellency our Governor has been pleased, with the Advice of the Council, to issue his Proclamation dissolving the General Assembly of this Province: And Writs for a new General Election are issued, which are returnable the 6th Day of December, at which Time the Assembly will certainly meet here for the Dispatch of Public Business.

Monday the 11th Day of November ensuing, is fix'd for the Election of two Representatives for this City: And Wednesday the 27th of November, for the Election of four Representatives for the County.

On Friday next Thomas Bavin, is to be executed here pursuant to his Sentence at the last Provincial Court.

The Execution of George Wilson (alias Newson or Jones) is respited for a while.

The poor Woman who was sentenced to Die for Felony, and pleaded her Belly, has since obtain'd his Excellency's Pardon.

This Morning sail'd from hence, the Ship Triton, Capt. Thomas Akew, and the Snow Neptune, Capt. Oliver Noyes, for London.

We hear from Baltimore-Town, that about a Fortnight ago, there came into that small Place, in two Days, no less than sixty Waggon from the Back Settlements, chiefly laden with Flax Seed, which was mostly purchased by one Merchant there at Five Shillings a Bushel.

Saturday next will be Published, (containing 24 Pages in Folio, very necessary to be known by all Dealers in Tobacco)

THE ACT of Parliament, passed the last Session at Westminster, Entitled, *An Act for the more effectual securing the Duties upon Tobacco.* To be Sold by the Printer hereof, Price 2/6d.

TO BE SOLD, at Public Vendue, to the highest Bidder,

A LOT containing one Acre, lying in Fairfax County, Virginia, upon Great Hunting Creek, at a Place commonly known by the Name of Cameron, within two Miles of Potowmack River, convenient to two Landings upon the said Creek, in the Center of four very public Roads, leading up and down the Country, and exceeding well situated for Trade, upon which is a Dwelling-House 26 Feet square, commodious, and neatly finish'd off, with a Cellar, the same Dimensions of a Brick Wall, 7 Feet deep, a Kitchen 24 Feet long and 18 wide, a Store House 24 Feet square, in which is a Counting Room 12 Feet by 16, with a Division in the back Part, 24 Feet by 8, Brick Chimneys to the Whole, and Weather boarded with Plank, a Garden 144 Feet square, with all convenient Out-houses, and the Whole paved in after the best Manner. The Purchaser to pay one Third of the Value in six Months, and the remaining two Thirds, at two annual Payments, after first giving Bond and good Security.

To be Sold likewise, Three Tracts of Land, one containing 575 Acres, lying within half a Mile of the said Buildings, very well timber'd, and good Ground sufficient to work several Hands.

One containing 236 Acres, lying within two Miles and a Half of the said Buildings, upon which is a Plantation, with a good Dwelling House, Tobacco House, and other Out-houses, paying yearly Rent, 630 Pounds of Tobacco, and no Lease granted.

The other containing 275 Acres, well timber'd, and lying within five Miles of the said Buildings.

To be Sold also, A Lot in Belhaven, very convenient to a Landing, upon which is a Warehouse, 36 Feet long and 24 wide, 4 Divisions below, 2 Grainaries above, and a Cellar the Dimensions of the House, of a Stone Wall, 7 Feet deep, a Room join'd to the Warehouse 12 Feet square, lat'd and plaister'd, with a Brick Chimney.

Twelve Months Credit will be given the Purchaser of the four last, on giving Bond and good Security; and the Sale of the Whole, to be on Tuesday the 10th of December next, at the Subscriber's Dwelling House in Cameron.

JOHN PAGAN.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the House of the Subscriber, living near Herring-Bay, on Saturday the 16th of November,

A SLOOP completely rigg'd, which will carry twenty Hogheads of Tobacco, and is a very good Sailor.

GEORGE CHOCKE.

RAN away the 1st of this Instant from Samuel M'FERRAN, of Conococheague, in Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, a Servant Man, named Mitchell Macally, aged about 20 Years, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, a thin Fellow, of a sickly Complexion, dark brown Hair inclining to a Curl. Had on when he went away, a Felt Hat, an ash coloured Coat with a small Velvet Cape, old white Jacket of Country Cloth with Hat Metal Buttons, old white Shirt, good Buckskin Breeches, old Shoes, and speckled Stockings; he carried with him one Pair of good Pumps, grey Worsted Stockings, Check Shirt, and Leather Waistcoat without Sleeves: He formerly lived in Caroline County, Virginia, and has changed his Name to William Griffith. Whoever apprehends the said Servant, so as his Master may have him again, shall have Two Pistoles Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

SAMUEL M'FERRAN.

Mr. Hapburn



ON the 20th of July last, was committed into the Custody of the Subscriber as a Runaway, a tall slim Negro Man, who speaks very little English; but as far as I can understand him, his Name is Glasgow, and belongs to one James Brown, a Merchant. Whoever owns the said Negro, on making his Property appear, paying the Charge of this Advertisement, and the Fees by Law established, may have him by applying to  
JOHN HANSON, Sheriff of  
Charles County.

ON Tuesday the 12th Day of November next, will be exposed to public Sale, at the late Dwelling Plantation of *Jerem Plummer*, deceased, the Lease of 65 Acres of Land, Part of his Lordship's Manor, on which stands a very good Water Mill, in good Repair, well supplied with Water at all Seasons of the Year, and in a good Neighbourhood for Employment.

Also, The Lease of 114 Acres of Land, Part of his Lordship's Manor, well improved and very good Land, a considerable Part of which is Wood Land.

Likewise, A choice Parcel of Negroes, Men, Women, and Children; Stock, Household Furniture, and sundry other Things, by  
MARY PLUMMER,  
SAMUEL GALLOWAY.

#### TO BE SOLD

PART of a Tract of Land called *Clagget's Forest*, and other Lands adjoining thereto, lying near the Head of *South River* in *Baltimore County*, containing about Thirteen Hundred Acres.

Also, A Tract of Land lying in the said County, near the Branches of *Deer Creek*, called *Bond's Gratiuity*, containing Four Hundred Acres.

Any Person inclinable to purchase may know the Terms, by applying to  
PHILIP THOMAS.

TO BE SOLD by Public Vendue, at November Court in *Frederick County*, the three following Tracts of Land, which belonged to *Meredith Davis*, late of *Prince George's County*, deceased; viz.

ONE Tract called *Meredith Hunting Quarter*, containing 498 Acres, situate at the Mouth of *Monocoffy* convenient to the Ferry, whereon is a good Dwelling House, 24 Feet square, and other convenient Houses.

One other Tract, called *The Meredith*, containing 200 and odd Acres, lying on *Seneca*, whereon is a Dwelling House, a new 48 Feet Tobacco House, and other convenient Houses.

Also, A Tract, called *The Welsh Tract*, lying on the North Side of *Monocoffy*, containing 100 Acres.

MEREDITH DAVIS.

October 30, 1751.

STOPPED, supposed to be stolen, A large Silver Spur. The Owner, describing the same, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement, may have it again, by applying to the Printer hereof.  
Wm. H. G.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Annapolis*, on the 10th Instant, a Mulatto Man, named *James Anderson*, a tall luffy Fellow, talks good English, and is a Carpenter and Sawyer by Trade. He had on when he went away, a blue Pea Jacket, Cotton Waistcoat and Breeches, good Shoes and Stockings, and his Hair when on, pretty grey. Whoever takes up the said Mulatto, and brings him to his Master, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, and all reasonable Charges, paid by  
WILLIAM ROBERTS.


N. B. I should be very much obliged to any Person, who would be so kind as to inform me, by Letter or otherwise, which Way the said Mulatto is gone.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Mr. Joseph Ward*, in *Baltimore County*, taken up as a Stray, a small Sorrel Mare, having no discernable Brand, a Blaze in her Face, a hanging Mane, one of her hind Feet white, and is not docket.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.  
Capt. Dullam

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Thomas Fowler*, Son of *Daniel*, at the Head of *South River*, taken up as a Stray, a light Bay Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded blindly on the off Buttock RB, and has a large white Spot on each Side of his Neck.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Mr. James Wham*, near *Jeppa*, in *Baltimore County*, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Bay Horse, which paces and trots, and is branded on the near Buttock with a Mark much like this  the Stroke going a little above the circular Line.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.  
Capt. Dullam

#### JUST IMPORTED

In the NANCY, Capt. HENDERSON, from LONDON, And to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store opposite the Church, in ANNAPOLIS.

GREAT Variety of European and East India GOODS, proper for the Winter Season, by Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest Prices, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit.  
DAN EL WOLSTENHOLME.

#### LIKEWISE,

West India Rum, Arrack, London Port or White Wine Vinegar, Citron Water, Castile Soap, Muscovado Sugar, &c.

As there may be some Books now in the Library of the late Rev. Mr. HENDERSON, which have been borrowed from his Friends, it is desired they will give Notice to the Subscribers what Books they are, that they may be referred for them.

And all Persons who have any Books belonging to the said Mr. HENDERSON, it is hoped will send them as soon as possible to the Printer of this Paper, or to the Subscribers.

MARY HENDERSON,  
ROBERT TYLER, Junior: } Executors.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at *Elk Ridge*, on the 12th of this Instant October, the three following Negroes; viz. A Man, named *Cuffee*; a Woman, named *Rachel*; and a Girl, named *Sue*: They have Variety of wearing Apparel; and are supposed to be gone towards *West-River*.

Whoever takes up the said Negroes, and delivers them to the Subscriber, shall have Four Pounds Reward, paid by  
ADAM SHIPLEY.

JAMES STEVENS, Taylor, (Son of JOHN STEVENS, Chandler and Grocer) lately come to Maryland, has an Uncle in this Country, one Mr. William Gray, who came from *Fetheringhay* in England some Years ago: Now this is to request the said Gray, if living, to let his said Nephew know in what Part of Maryland he lives, by a Line directed to the Printer of this Paper, for he has something of Consequence to communicate to him.

IF DAVID CUNINGHAME second Son to Sir JOHN CUNINGHAME of *Robertland* in Scotland, who came from thence to Virginia or Maryland about 22 Years ago, is alive, he may be informed of something to his Advantage, by applying to Mr. Robert Peter, Merchant in *Bladenburg*, or to Mr. William Cuninghame, Merchant, at the Falls of *Rappahannock River*, in Virginia.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Emanuel Teal*, near *Baltimore-Town*, taken up as a Stray, a middle sized Black Horse, branded on the off Shoulder thus VA, joined together by a Stroke being drawn across. He has a large Blaze in his Face, and is blind on the near Side.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.



**I**N Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Charles Gofuch*, near *Baltimore Town*, taken up as a Stray, a Grey Mare, branded on the near Shoulder E M, and has a Switch Tail. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

October 16, 1751.

**L**OST on Friday Night last, upon the Plantation of Col. *Charles Hammond*, over *Severn*, A new Saddle, with a blue Cloth Housing, and blue Fringe round it, about half-worn. Whoever brings the said Saddle to the Printer hereof, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber, at his Store in ANNAPOLIS, by Wholesale or Retail.

**S**UNDRY Sorts of European Goods, *Barbadoes* and *Antigua* Rum, *Muscavado* Sugar, Linseed Oil, London and Bristol Crown Glass, 12 by 10, 11 by 9, 10 by 8, and 6 by 4 Inches square; also Diamond Glass; for Cash or Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Beans, Barley, Pork, Beef, Bees Wax, good Pine or Oak Plank, or Cypress Shingles.

PATRICK CREACH.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber in ANNAPOLIS;

**B**ARBADOES Rum by the Hogshead, and *Muscavado* Sugar by the Barrel, or smaller Quantity; also fresh Lemons and Limes, by the Barrel or Hundred.

WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

N. B. The said *Reynolds* has two Eight Day Clocks in good Repair, which he would dispose of reasonably.

Bladensburg, October 6, 1751.

**T**HE Subscriber intending for England, in the Spring requests all Persons indebted to *Andrew Reid*, Esq; of London, Merchant; to Messieurs *Reid* and *Stewart*; or to Messieurs *Stewart* and *Armour*, Merchants in London; or to himself; to come and discharge their Debts, else they must not take it amiss, if Suits are brought for the same, without further Notice.

DAVID ROSS.

**T**O be sold the Lease of a Tract of Land, for three Lives, containing 150 Acres, being Part of *Simon's Delight*, lying on the Eastern Branch of *Potomack* River, about two Miles from *Bladensburg*, and six from *Rock Creek*, on which is a Dwelling House, finished above and below, 24 Feet by 16, with a Brick Chimney and a good Cellar. Also another House of 25 Feet by 16, divided into a Kitchen (with a Brick Chimney) of 16 Feet square, and a Room of 9 by 16; there is a 50 Feet Tobacco House, a Quarter, and Corn House, and the Plantation in exceeding good Repair; the yearly Rent is 1200 Pounds of Tobacco. For the Conditions of Sale, enquire of the Subscriber.

N. B. As soon as the present Crop is secured, the Negroes, Servants, Tobacco, Corn, Stock and Utensils thereon, will also be sold, and Notice given of the Time of Sale.

FRANCIS FIN.

**S**TOLEN or Strayed from *Baltimore Town*, about four Months ago, a Dark Bay Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock E D, on an old Brand supposed to be I I; he trots fast. Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber at *Annapolis*, shall have a Pistole Reward. He was bred at *Conneccheague*, the Back of *Monacoff*.

EDWARD DORSEY.

**C**APTAIN JOHN RENDELL, of *Baltimore Town*, designing to leave the Province this Fall, hereby gives Notice thereof, that if any Persons have any Claim or Demands on him, they may bring them in and they shall be Paid: And those who are indebted to him are desired to make speedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.

October 3, 1751.

**T**HIS Day was committed to my Custody a young Man, who says his Name is *John Anderson*, and passes for Sailor: He had a large Pair of Pot Hooks about his Neck, is about 18 Years of Age, and says he sailed with Capt. *Johnson*, who has a Vessel now lying at *Hampton* in *Virginia*. Whoever will prove his Property to the said Fellow, and pay the Charges, may have him again from

BARTHOLOMEW ENNALLS,

Sheriff of *Dorchester* County.

October 9, 1751.

**S**TRAYED away, about 2 Years and 5 Months ago, from the Subscriber, near Mr. Justice *Smith's* at *Conneccheague*, a Bright Bay Mare, 5 Years old, middle sized, paces well, but can trot; has some Saddle Marks, and is branded on the near Shoulder A. Whoever secures the said Mare and gives Notice so as the Owner may have her again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward; or, if they bring her home, Three Pounds.

WILLIAM SMITH.

September 12, 1751.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Justices of *Prince George's* County, will meet at *Upper-Marlborough Town*, at the Court-House, in the County aforesaid, on Friday the 29th Day of November next, to treat with such Persons, who shall then offer to undertake Building a Public Prison for the said County, agreeable to the Act of Assembly, in that Case, late made and provided.

Signed per Order,

JOSEPH SIM, Clerk of the said County Court.

**A**LL Persons indebted to the Printer hereof, for more than one Year's Gazette (and more especially those who owe for four or five Years) and those otherways indebted to him, are desired to comply with the Apostle *PAUL's* Injunction in his Epistle to the *Romans*, Chap. xiii. V. 7. *Render—* to all their Dues,—which will greatly oblige him [their humble Servant] and enable him to comply with the same great Apostle's Injunction in the next Verse, *Owe no Man any Thing, but to love one another.*

JUST IMPORTED,

In the *BRITON*, Capt. *COOLIDGE*, from *LONDON*, And to be Sold by the Subscriber, at the Store in ANNAPOLIS, where Mr. *JAMES DICK* lately kept Store,

**G**REAT Variety of European and East India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates, for Money, Bills, or Tobacco. Also Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, Anchors from 1 to 6 Hundred, Sail Duck, Twine, and Ship Chandlery.

STEPHEN WEST, junior.

**T**HE Subscriber intending for London early next Shipping, all Persons indebted to him are desired speedily to make Payment or settle their Accounts. Attendance will be given every Day at Mr. *West's* Store in *Annapolis*.

JAMES DICK.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber,

**T**HE following Tracts of Land, lying in *Frederick* County, viz.

One Tract, called *Friendship*, containing 400 Acres.  
One Tract, called *Gordon's Purchase*, containing 150 Acres.  
One Tract, called *Exchange*, containing 700 Acres.

Also a Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called *Fountain Rock Marsh*, containing 500 Acres, being Part of his Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Any Person or Persons inclining to Purchase, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to the Subscriber.

JAMES DICK.