

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 1, 1760.

PARIS, January 14.

WE are informed, That the Inflexible Ship of War, of 74 Guns, in the River Villaine, is entirely ruined by the last Storms; and that an English Ship of 74 Guns also, and a Privateer of 20, had been wrecked on the Coast near Quiberon; and at the Departure of the Express with this News, the French were busy in saving the Enemies Ships.

Jan. 24. It is finally determined that the Marshal Prince Soubise shall command an Army of 50,000 Men on the Lower Rhine. The greatest Part of the Troops cantoned in Flanders, and the Pais d'Aittois, are immediately to march to the Country of Cleves, in order to cross the Rhine, and begin the Campaign the Beginning of March.

Jan. 25. A Navigator lately returned from Canada, has, it is said, presented to the Court a Project, the Execution of which would re-establish our Affairs in that Part of America. It is only raising Two or Three Millions to gain the Indians, and reinforce our Troops, in order not only to recover our Losses, but to penetrate into the ancient Establishment of the English. They add, that the Court had examined this Plan, and having found it practicable, were taking proper Measures to carry it into Execution.

Jan. 26. A Company of Merchants have contracted to fit out, at their own Expence, three Ships of 74 Guns each, two Frigates of 32 Guns, and two large Flutes of about 800 Tons Burthen. They are to carry 400 Tons of Warlike Stores to Martinico, and on that Condition the King permits them to enjoy all the Profit that may arise from the Rest of their Cargoes, together with the Prizes they may take from the Enemy. M. de la Touche Truville is to have the Command of this little Squadron.

As the Court does not intend to make any great Efforts next Year by Sea, Orders have been sent to disarm the Men of War that lie in the River Villaine, and to send back the Officers to their respective Departments; and as it is determined to act vigorously by Land, there is a Talk of a new Militia, and of incorporating the old into the Regiments of Regular Troops.

Madrid, Jan. 12. The King and his Ministers observe a profound Silence in regard to the general Affairs of Europe, but the Colonels of all the Regiments have received repeated Orders to complete their Corps, and the Sea Officers to accelerate the Repairs and Construction of their Ships; they now call to Mind at Court the many Infractions of the Neutrality of the English. Orders have been sent to Cadiz to place two of the King's Ships between the English and French Squadrons, and the Governor has Orders to punish any Insult that may be offered on either Side; the Commanders of maritime Places and Ports have likewise Orders to sink, without Mercy, any Ships that shall violate the Neutrality in their Sight, or within Reach of their Cannon.

Hague, Jan. 21. The Estimate of the Charge of our Forces for 1760, is such as gives no Room to apprehend our taking Part in the present War. We still hope that the Rigour of the Court of London against the Trade of our Merchants in America will abate. It is evident they are unwilling that any Thing should distract their Attention to their Operations against France.

Leipsick, Jan. 16. We learn from Dresden, that a Conspiracy had been formed, but discovered; and that one of the Chiefs of the Conspiracy, who was on the Point of being taken into Custody, had prevented his Punishment by swallowing a Dose of Poison: They add, that some of the Accomplices were Persons of Rank, as well Ecclesiastical as Laymen.

Berlin, Jan. 25. We were in daily Expectation of a bloody Battle in Saxony; but we are

now informed, that the uncommon Rigour of the Season would not permit the King to an Action. His Majesty has contented himself with keeping the Austrians under such Alarms, as to make them pass most Nights under Arms; by which they have lost a prodigious Number of Men: It is assured that about 4000 have died by the Cold in the Space of 16 or 17 Days. Our Troops have not been wholly exempted from the Inclemency of the Season; but his Majesty provided for them many Conveniences. Besides the great Fires that have been kept up, and are still continued in all the Towns and Villages where our Troops are cantoned, the greatest Part of them have been clothed, and furnished with Waistcoats and Half-gaiters. Add to this, that their Pay has been augmented, so that the poor Fellows are very happy.

Lisbon, Dec. 18. On the 13th a violent Storm arose on our Coast with the Wind at S. E. which lasted 24 Hours without Intermision. The Damage done in the Tagus only is computed at Two Millions of Crusadoes. Among the Ships lost are two of the last Pernambuco Fleet, both very richly laden.

Berlin, Jan. 29. General Manteuffel passed the Peene the 19th Instant, and drove the Swedes from their advanced Posts at Zietzen, having killed and wounded upwards of 300 of the Enemy, and made 200 Prisoners, among whom are five Officers. They took besides three Pieces of Cannon, and two Ammunition Waggon. The Loss of the Prussians was only four killed, and seven wounded.

L O N D O N, January 31.

We hear that a Day will soon be fixed for the Sitting of the Court Martial on Lord Charles Hay, Major-General of his Majesty's Forces, of which the Public is in great Expectation, as they understand many remarkable Anecdotes will appear relating to the American Campaign of that ever memorable Year 1757.

We are informed that an Express arrived last Monday from the King of Prussia, to demand a categorical Answer from this Court, Whether or no we would assist him with 30,000 Troops, and send a Fleet up the Baltic? for without a strong Diversion being made by us, he must be obliged to make Peace, which he had then a favourable Opportunity of doing. In Consequence of which several Councils have been held, wherein, it is said, a Resolution has been taken to assist his Majesty as much as possible.

The Grand Expedition Fleet, it is thought, will be ready for sailing from Spithead by the first Day of next Month, and will have upwards of 18,000 Troops on board.

And it is now said, with some Certainty, that a Fleet of 24 large Ships will be sent to the Baltic; that another of the same Force will keep hovering all the Year on the French Coast; and that the Mediterranean Fleet will consist of ten Ships of the Line.

A Squadron of 20 Ships of the Line, with 15,000 Land Forces, will be employed against the French Settlements on the Mississippi.

Our Forces in the East-Indies will be strengthened by the Addition of five Men of War, and 4000 Regulars, in order to reduce Pondicherry, and some other French Settlements.

There are Letters from Paris which say, that Marshal Daun has proposed a Plan of Operations against the King of Prussia, which requires the Marshal de Broglie's Assistance with 40,000 Men. If this Plan be approved of, the Chevalier Mui's will command on the Mayn.

General Amherst, Admiral Saunders, and Francis Belavall, Esq; it is said, will have the vacant Garters of the Order of the Bath.

We are assured, that 80 Ships of War are to be ready to sail from Portsmouth, Plymouth, and other Ports of this Kingdom, in the Spring, upon divers Expeditions against the French; 17 of which,

with Troops on board, are designed for the East-Indies, to attempt the Conquests of all the French Settlements.

We hear that Ad. Broderick has brought to Cadiz a large Ship from Martinico, valued at 30,000 l.

We daily expect an Express from Mr. Keith, the British Minister at the Russian Court, touching an Agreement for the Cessation of Hostilities between the Russian and Prussian Forces.

The Sum raised by the Land Tax since the Revolution, amounts to 113,250,000 l.

We are assured a Resolution is taken to send over 16,000 Men into Germany, to the Assistance of the King of Prussia.

A Fleet is preparing to sail into the Baltic early in the Spring.

It is said that the King of Spain is become Mediator for Peace between the Powers at War; to bring about which, an Ambassador is shortly expected here from Madrid.

Lord G. S. we are assured, has objected to three of the General Officers appointed to be Members of the Court Martial.

The 4000 Troops said to be intended for the East-Indies, are to be sent, as it is confidently reported, in Consequence of Advices received from General Clive to this Purpose: That if the Government will supply him with 4000 Men, he will engage to make Return of 2,000,000 l. in Specie; if with 8000 Men, a Sum sufficient to discharge the national Debt; as by this Means he will be enabled to conquer a Country, where it is a Custom to bury in the Earth, against a Time of Necessity, immense Riches in Coin, brought thither from different Nations.

Letters from France advise, that there are several Privateers and Frigates, from 30 to 36 Guns, lately fitted out, and sent into the North-Seas; and that the French intended to convert many more of their Ships into Vessels of the like Force, in order to annoy our Trade more sensibly, and oblige the English to sail in Fleets with Convoy.

By a Gentleman just arrived in Town from Petersburg, there is a Confirmation of the Uneasiness of the Courts of Sweden and Russia, in regard to the Report of an English Fleet being to be sent into the Baltic in the Spring. Tho' these Courts would, in Conjunction, be able to make up a Fleet superior to the English, yet their Number of Sailors is so reduced, that it is thought they could scarce man six Ships of War.

They write from Frankfurt, that the Emperor has broke all the Officers of the Army of the Empire, who being made Prisoners by the Prussians, and released, gave an Obligation to appear when called upon.

The last Accounts from Hanover say, that their Talk of Peace was entirely dropped, and that Preparations for War were carrying on with all possible Vigour.

Feb. 5. We hear that there has been a great Redemption of Slaves made at Morocco, by the Danish and Swedish Courts, among whom several British Subjects are included, that were taken in the Ships of those Nations, who are all speedily expected home.

The following Letter is said to have been sent from the King of Prussia to General Finck.

"Your Letter of the 21st, has been remitted to me. A Prussian Corps laying down their Arms before an Enemy, is an Example hitherto unheard of! We never had the least Idea of such a Case. Therefore I suspend my Judgment upon the Foundation of the Thing, since I am intirely ignorant of the Circumstances in which you were found. In the mean time, I remain your affectionate King, FREDERICK."

Feb. 7. By Letters from Rotterdam, we are advised the Dutch are very clamorous on Account of the Dutch East-India Ship that was seized in the East-Indies by the French, to answer the pressing Exigences of M. Lally and his Troops.

In a Letter of good Credit from Madrid are these Words: "It is very apparent that the new King desires to see Peace restored in Europe, and will readily employ his good Offices for that End, which must naturally have some Effect in the present Situation of the belligerent Powers, all of whom are groaning under the Load of a ruinous War."

They write from Saxony, that the Merchants, and other principal Inhabitants of the City of Leipzig, have been sent Prisoners to Magdeburg, as Security for the Payment of Contributions demanded by the Prussians.

We hear that his Royal Highness Prince Edward intends to go on the next Expedition, supposed to be on the French Coast, for which Preparations have been some Time making.

Letters of Thank from one Branch of the Legislature have been wrote to Brigadier Generals Moulton and Murray, at New-York, in America, for their gallant Behaviour at the Taking of Quebec.

By a Letter from Quiberon Bay we hear, that the Indefatigable is totally lost, and Eveille (both of the Guns, in the River Villaine) has received so much Damage, that she is with great Difficulty kept above Water.

The Joanna, Shear, from Philadelphia, is arrived at Dublin. The Marlborough, Rofs, from Philadelphia, bound to Londonderry, is lost at Londonderry, 120 Casks of Flaxseed saved. The Britannia, Garrison, from New-York, is lost near Lifford; two of the Crew are saved.

The French Squadron that sailed from Cadiz the 2d of January, is arrived at Toulon.

It is said Sir Percy Brett will have the Command of a Mediterranean Squadron the ensuing Summer; and that there will be three Captains soon promoted to the Degree of Admirals.

It is reported that the Admirals Osborne, Pocock and Saunders, will be created Knights of the Bath.

It is reported that Letters are brought by the Elephant French East-India Ship, lately arrived at the Groyne, giving Advice of the Surrender of Pondicherry to the English. But as no Confirmation of this Event has been received, we do not give it as authentic.

Tuesday Evening, January 8th, a Comet was discovered, and astronomically observed, by Mr. Dunn, at his Academy in Chelsea. It appeared to the naked Eye like Jupiter or Venus through a thin Fog, and made a near Appulse to the Star in Orion's right Knee, and moved more than four Degrees of the Heavens in four Hours of Time.

Feb. 12. The King has been pleased to issue his Royal Proclamation for a General Fast (in order to implore the Blessing of God on his Majesty's Arms) throughout Great-Britain and Ireland, on Friday, the 14th Day of March next.

On Friday the East-India Company exported 20,000 lb. of Gunpowder, and 160 Tons of Military Stores, for the Use of their Settlements.

Sunday Night it was reported, that an Express had arrived that Day from Germany, with the agreeable News of the King of Prussia's having got a great Advantage over Count Daun, by which he has prevented any Communication between him and Dresden.

The Catherine, Jamieson, from Boston to Clyde, is lost in the Highlands of Scotland.

There are 93 Ships of the Line preparing at the several Dock-yards, to put to Sea upon different Services.

Sir Edward Hawke is preparing for Sea again.

However incredible it may appear, it is believed by some Folks, that an Accommodation will soon take Place, between the Empress Queen and the King of Prussia; the Consequence of which is to be a Junction of their Forces, in order to drive the French entirely out of Germany; the Alteration of a political System amongst Princes, however seemingly inconsistent to a Person, who views the World with a philosophic Eye, ought no more to be a Matter of Wonder, than the Alteration of the Weather.

We hear there is an Account come, that the Plague rages to such a Degree in Dresden, that it carries off some Hundreds every Day; and as the Austrians keep it blockaded up on one Side, and the Prussians on the other Side, they do not suffer any Body to come out; and whoever attempts to save themselves by Flight, are fired at and killed by either Party. In Consequence of this, the numerous Garrison must quit the Place, or suffer alike with the Inhabitants.

Extract of a Letter from Holland.

"The French are moving Heaven and Earth, in order to make a vigorous Effort next Campaign;

so that all Thoughts of Peace are vanished. The French Minister has, indeed, Conferences now and then with the Members of our State, and so has Major General Yorke; but it is not supposed they are relative to Peace. The Disgrace that France has incurred by a national Bankruptcy, might certainly have been avoided, had she been inclined to Peace; and that patriotic Zeal of all Ranks of People, in making down their Plate, was intirely unnecessary, if they were not resolved upon carrying on the War. The Subsidies have been paid, and they already see the good Effects of these Payments; for the Northern Powers begin to move, especially the Swedes, who are recruiting their Troops with the utmost Diligence, and putting their Navy in a respectful Posture. This looks as if they expected a Visit from an English Fleet this Season in the Baltic; and there are People here who think that, far from a general Pacification, the War is likely to become more general. This you may depend on, however, that, Congress, or no Congress, we shall have no Peace this Summer."

Yesterday his Majesty held a Chapter of the Garter at St. James's, when the Right Honourable the Marquis of Rockingham, and the Right Honourable the Earl Temple, were created Knights of that most noble Order.

It is said Lord Temple is to succeed the Duke of Bedford as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, January 21.

"Councils are frequently called, and the Subjects under Consideration are of the utmost Importance. The Ministry will not give Ear to any Proposals of Peace, unless they be advantageous and honourable: The Cup is filled, and we must drink it. The King's Coffers are full; his Armies are numerous, and in good Order. France will have on Foot, next Campaign, at least Three Hundred Thousand Combatants, by Land and Sea, and they only long for an Opportunity to restore to our Arms that Lustre and Eclat which have been tarnished by some adverse Turns of Fortune. Our Enemies, all put together, are not able to find or maintain so many Troops: They are drained of Men and Provisions, through the Devastation occasioned by the great Number of Troops with which they have been successively overrun since the Beginning of this fatal War."

We hear that a great Number of Troops are ordered to be in Readiness on the shortest Notice, which, it is thought, are designed for the Coast of France; and we hear a Compliment has been made to some of the Gentlemen of the Militia, if they have any Inclination for going.

It is said that a Person of Distinction, from a great Northern Potentate, arrived in Town last Week. 'Tis said his Errand is to demand a positive Answer, Whether a Fleet is to be sent into the Northern Sea, or not?

Saturday last arrived at Portsmouth, several Waggons loaded with Money, it is said, to the Amount of near one Million and a Half, to be sent to North-America. The Waggons were escorted by a Party of Dragoons.

At Spithead Admiral Durell, with 21 Men of War.

Sixteen Regiments of Infantry are appointed to go over to join Prince Ferdinand.

By some particular Letters from Vienna of the 16th, we have an Account, that that Court having consulted with the Ministers of the Courts of France, Russia and Saxony, have come to a Resolution to consent to a Cessation of Hostilities, in order to set on Foot a Treaty of Accommodation of all Differences between said Powers, viz. that all Damages during the Continuance of the War, shall be made good to the aforesaid Courts, and that in Return Minorca shall be delivered up to Great-Britain; that all Places taken either from the Dominions of his Britannic or his Prussian Majesty, shall be restored; that the Swedish Towns in Pomerania, shall be yielded up by Prussia; that Dunkirk, new and old Works, shall be demolished, as also those of Louisburg; and that the Limits of North-America be settled at a Congress, to be held between the Plenipotentiaries of the said contending Powers.

We hear that Orders have been sent some Time since to several of the Governors of the West-Indies, to raise a Body of Land Forces, to be ready to join the Fleet and Land Forces on their Arrival from England, to act in Conjunction in attacking Martinico or some other Place.

A Match is said to be on the tapis between Kennedy, mentioned in the Papers some Time ago, who escaped the dreadful Shipwreck on the Rocks of Scilly, when Sir Cloudesly Shovell unfortunately perished, and the celebrated Miss Edith Hannum of Bradford; a Lady whom Age has made

wine, Infirmities patient, and Poverty meek; Requisites not always to be found in the Marriage State. What is remarkable in this Pair is, that each of them, on their next Birth Day, enter in the 110th Year of their Age.

B O S T O N, April 14.

Thursday last Captain Gilbert arrived at Cape-Ann in 37 Days from Lisbon, who informs, That 14 Days after he sailed from thence, he was met with and taken by a French Frigate, who was cruising off the Western Islands, and ransomed for 800 l. Sterling. Captain Gilbert also informs, that one of the New-York Packet Boats was also lately taken by the above Frigate and ransomed, but whether bound to or from New-York, is yet uncertain, but most likely the former, as the Harriot Packet, Capt. Bonnel, who left England the 20th of January last, was not arrived at New-York when the last Post came from thence.—The General Wall Packet sailed from New-York the 18th of February last, so that she could have been out but 10 Days when Captain Gilbert left Lisbon.

Yesterday Captain M'Farland arrived here from Penobscot; in whom came four of the Chiefs of that Tribe of Indians, in order to treat with this Government for a lasting and honourable Peace. We hear there are now 28 of that Tribe, Men, Women and Children, at Fort-Pownall.

NEWPORT (Rhode-Island) April 15.

On Sunday last returned from a short Cruise of 29 Days, the Schooner Success, Abraham Michener, Commander. On the 28th of March, in Lat. 24. Long. 69, he fell in with a French Brig of about 80 Tons, bound from Cape-Francois to Bourdeaux, under the Command of Mons. Jappie, which he has safely conducted into this Port. She has on board upwards of 3500 Weight of Indigo, and a large Quantity of white Sugar, which, with other Effects, must render her a valuable Prize.

WILLIAMSBURG, April 18.

We learn from Augusta, that early in the Morning of the 30th ult. the Houses of Malcomb Campbell, James Mafon, James Neely and James Bane, on Roanoke in Augusta, were attacked by different Parties of Cherokees, the whole Number supposed to be upwards of 80: None of the Houses had above three or four Men in them, who made so good a Defence (altho' surprized in such a Manner) that the Indians were beat off from each Place with the Loss of two of their Scalps; and it is supposed four more were killed, or mortally wounded, which the other Indians carried off. Two of the white Men happened to be out, one of which was killed and scalped; the other scalped, but yet alive, tho' mangled in a most barbarous Manner. Two other white Men were slightly wounded in the Attacks.—Capt. Gift of the Virginia Regiment being in that Neighbourhood with some Men, used his utmost Endeavours, as soon as his Men could be collected from their several Stations, to fall in with the Enemy, but to no Purpose. Major Lewis and Capt. Gift, with what Soldiers are stationed there, and a good many of the Inhabitants, are now on a Scout; and intend to go to the Head of Reed Creek, where there is a great Probability of overtaking the Enemy. The People in that Part of the Country are in the utmost Consternation, and Colonel Buchanan, with some others, have removed their Families, as Signs of the Enemy were found as far down as Loney's Ferry.

NEW-YORK, April 21.

The Captains Bradford, from London, and Stoper from Bristol, who sailed the Middle of November last for the Port of Boston, having beat on the Coast a whole Month, were obliged to put away for the West-Indies; but they were both taken and carried into Martinico, the former by a Privateer of 12 Carriage Guns, and 100 Men, after an Engagement of four Glasses, in which Bradford had none killed, and only a Passenger wounded, but Monsieur had 12 killed.

The Captains Bruce, Bryant, Turell and Cook, of and from New-England to the West-Indies, are also taken and carried into Martinico.

The French Captains at Martinico gave out they intended to come and cruise off the Coasts.

Crown-Point, April 4, 1760.

"I am sorry to acquaint you, that on the 31st of March last, there was a small Party of 19 Men across the Lake a fishing, and before ever they knew or could get to their Boat, were taken by a Party of French and Indians, without ever seeing a Gun on either Side; in this small Party were 3 Officers, Capt. Tate, of the Rangers, tenant Fortescue, and Ensign Stewart, of the 27th Regiment. The private Men consist of 3 Regulars and 3 Rangers; those Savages have killed none of the Party. This Lake is almost clear of ice

and in a few Days down from Ticond and watch the River.

We have Reason to think that the Packet that is taken is no Advice of the allowing Capt. Gift to have sailed from and to be taken in February to the be taken that Day the Schooner was enough for the G Sailer, to be in the

A N N A

We hear that she arrived at New-Y in near 200,000 ment of his Majesty

By the same Mail (brought here by DANIEL WOLST appointing him Co of the District of Death of WILLI last.

Sunday last, the Thunder Gult, from but little Wind, a Province, they A Gentleman who Oxford to this Pla that at 2 o'Clock Westward of Peop and prodigious late ten Minutes, and stones seem'd like an Inch Thickne one of them in p pit, he took up, 4 Inches in Length.

JUST And to be Sol THE LAWS ASSEMB

By PERMISSION For

Master

This At the THEAT a TRAGE HUME, call'd,

DO

To Night a D A Wife, a M The Story of h And grant your

Lord Randolph DOUGLASS: val, Mr. Mo

Lady Randolph

The original P

To which w The VI

An OLD

Between th Hippley's hum by

DANCIN TICKETS at the PRINT Middletons Tav Bo

The Audience ning at H

THERE is near the by, taken up a Hands high, h ad on the near Ms

The Owner his Property, a

Re-
Marriage
is, that
enter in

at Cape-
ns, That
was met
who was
formed for
informs,
was also
unfomed,
k, is yet
the Har-
land the
at New-
e.—The
York the
have been
ft Lisbon.
here from
Chiefs of
with this
ble Peace.
ibe, Men,

il 15.
ort Cruise
raham Mi-
March, in
French Brig
Francois to
onf. Jappie,
Port. She
t of Indigo,
which, with
le Prize.

il 18.
at the Morn-
omb Camp.
James Bane,
by different
er supposed
Houies had
who made so
uch a Man-
each Place
s; and it is
tally wound-
ff. Two of
ne of which
ped, but yet
ous Manner.
wounded in
rginia Regi-
with some
oon as his
eral Stations,
rpose. Ma-
Soldiers are
of the Inhab-
nd to go to
re is a great
. The Peo-
in the utmost
n, with some
s, as Signs of
as Loney's

il 21.
London, and
Middle of No-
aving beat on
bliged to put
ey were both
e former by a
nd 100 Men,
es, in which
y a Passenger
ed.
rell and Cook,
eft-Indies, are
aico.
gave out they
Coasts.

il 4, 1760.
at on the 31st
ty of 19 M
fore ever
ere taken
out ever
all Party
Rangers,
rt, of the 27th
ilt of 3 Regu-
ave killed none
clear of ice

and in a few Days we expect the Sloops and Brig down from Ticonderoga, which will cruise about, and watch the Enemy's Motions."

We have Reason to think 'tis the General Wall Packet that is taken, and not the Harriot, as there is no Advice of her sailing from Falmouth; and allowing Capt. Gilbert, who brought the Account to have sailed from Lisbon the beginning of March, and to be taken 14 Days after, from the 18th of February to the 10th of March (supposing her to be taken that Day, which was four Days before the Schooner was taken) is 21 Days, and Time enough for the Gen. Wall, known to be a prime Sailer, to be in the Latitude of the Western-Islands.

ANNAPOLIS, May 1.

We hear that the Lizard Man of War is lately arrived at New-York, from England, and brought in near 200,000 Pounds in Specie, for the Payment of his Majesty's Forces in North-America.

By the same Man of War came in a Commission (brought here by Express on Monday last) to DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME, Esq; of this City, appointing him Collector of his Majesty's Customs of the District of North Patowmack, vacant by the Death of WILLIAM DEACON, Esq; in December last.

Sunday last, the 27th of April, we had here a Thunder Gult, from the Westward, attended with but little Wind and Rain; but in some Parts of the Province, they had much Wind and large Hail: A Gentleman who was then crossing the Bay from Oxford to this Place in a deck'd Boat, informs us, that at 2 o'Clock, about a Mile and Half to the Westward of Poplar-Island, they had a high Wind, and prodigious large Hail, which continued about ten Minutes, and then a hard Rain: The Hailstones seem'd like broken Cakes of Ice of about an Inch Thickness, and fell 6 or 8 Feet asunder, one of them in particular, which fell in the Cock-pit, he took up, and thinks it was upwards of two Inches in Length, and an Inch and a half wide.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be Sold at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

THE LAWS made at the last SESSION of ASSEMBLY.

By PERMISSION of his EXCELLENCY

For the BENEFIT of

Master A. HALLAM.

This present EVENING,

At the THEATRE, in this City, will be presented, a TRAGEDY, written by the Reverend Mr. HUME, call'd,

DOUGLASS.

To Night a DOUGLASS your Protection claims,

A Wife, a Mother, Pity's softest Names!

The Story of her Woes indulgent bear,

And grant your Suppliant all she begs—a Tear.

Lord Randolph, Mr. SCOTT: Glenalvon, Mr. DOUGLASS: Douglass, Mr. HALLAM: Norval, Mr. MORRIS: Officer, Mr. MURRAY.

Lady Randolph, Mrs. DOUGLASS: Anna, Miss CRANE.

The original Prologue will be spoken by Mr. HALLAM.

To which will be added, a FARCE, call'd,

The VIRGIN UNMASK'D,

Or,

An OLD MAN Taught WISDOM.

Between the PLAY and FARCE Hippesley's humorous Scene of a Drunken Man, by Mr. HALLAM.

DANCING, by Master A. HALLAM.

TICKETS may be had of Master A. Hallam, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, and at the Bar of Mr. Middleton's Tavern.

BOXES 10s. PIT 7/6.

The Audience may depend on the Play's beginning at Half an Hour after Six o'Clock.

THERE is at the Plantation of Edmund Castiel, near the Wood-Yard in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Horse about 13½ Hands high, he has a Star in his Forehead, branded on the near Shoulder S, and on the near Thigh M.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Baltimore Iron Works, April 28, 1760.

RAN away last Night Three Convict Servant Men, viz.

Richard Carman, a middle aged Man, of a pale Complexion, well-set, speaks in the West Country Dialect, has on a dirty Frock of Furled Linen, and his other Apparel is such as Servants commonly wear, and very dirty, as he work'd in the Coal-ing Business.

John Carman, a luffy lubberly Fellow, and Brother to the above named Richard, is about thirty Years of Age, of a fresh Complexion, and speaks in the West Country Dialect. His Apparel is coarse and dirty.

James Singwood, belonging to Col. Benjamin Taffer, came into the Country this Year, he is about 30 Years of Age, brown Complexion, a middle-sized Man, well-set, and stoops much in his Shoulders, has a Parcel of greasy Cloaths which he brought with him from the Ship, and two white Shirts. He is an Englishman.

Whoever secures the said Convicts in any Prison, so that they may be had again, shall receive Fifty Shillings for each or either, if taken in this Province; and if out of the Province, Four Pounds for each, and reasonable Charges if brought home. R. CROXALL.

N. B. Richard and John Carman are Weavers by Trade. They all may steal other Apparel, and change their Names.

St. Mary's County, April 28, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the 22d Instant, an Irish Convict Servant Man, named Cornelius O'Neil, a well looking Fellow, about 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, with a red Head and Beard, and wears a brown cut Wig, a brown Surtout Coat, a strip'd Swan-skin Jacket, and a blue Pair of Breeches; he is an impertinent Fellow, and is supposed to have a forged Pass as from Capt. John Dickinson, Master of the Ship Swale, whom he came in with, and may pretend to pass for a Pedlar, as he had a small Pack with him when he went away; he may also pretend to be a Sailor, as he was on board the Ship all the while she was in the Country. Whoever secures the said Servant, so that he may be had again, shall have a Pistole Reward, beside what the Law allows.

JAMES MILLS.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,

And to be SOLD by SAMUEL EVANS, Book-Binder, near Mrs. Howard's in Annapolis,

A COLLECTION of BOOKS, consisting of History, Law, and Physic; together with great Variety of School-Books and Stationary.

During his Stay here, which will be about two Months, he will Bind old or new BOOKS in the neatest and most expeditious Manner.

ABRAHAM MILTON, Author of the FARMER'S COMPANION, informs the Public, That altho' the Time appointed for taking in Subscriptions for the same is compleated, yet the several Accounts not being sent in, he cannot ascertain what Number is subscribed for, and therefore refers the same till about the last of June next, hoping by that Time to have every Thing in Order for the Press.

Lower-Marlborough, April 14, 1760.

RAN away last Night, a Servant Man named William Steuphenson, a Scotchman; he is about six Feet high, smooth-faced, has black Hair, a pleasant Countenance, and is very talkative. Had on when he went away, a light colour'd Duffel Coat, Osnabrigs Shirt, Yarn Stockings, and good Shoes.

Whoever delivers the said Servant to me, shall have Two Pistoles Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by PHILEMON YOUNG.

April 7th, 1760.

LOST by the Subscriber in ALEXANDRIA, the 18th ultimo, Ten FREDERICK-TOWN LOTTERY TICKETS, from N°. 1661 to 1670, signed by Mr. George Murdock. Let the Purchasers beware. X 3 JOHN MUIR.

To be SOLD very reasonably, by the Subscriber in Annapolis,

A NEAT London made BILLIARD-TABLE, about 5 Years old, with Tacks and Balls. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may have Credit, on giving Security, and paying Interest.

CORNELIUS GARRETSON.

To be RENTED or LEASED for a Term of YEARS,

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, containing 1000 Acres, lying in Fairfax County, in Virginia, about 40 Miles above Alexandria, on the main Road leading from thence to Winchester. The said Land will be laid out in Tenements of One or Two Hundred Acres, and has a Quantity of rich Meadow Ground upon it.

For Terms, enquire of the Subscriber, living in Prince-George's County, Maryland.

THOMAS BROOKE, Son of Walter.

To be FREIGHTED or CHARTERED,



THE Snow Nancy and Molly, a prime Sailer and new Vessel, which will carry about 300 Hogheads, and will be ready to take in Tobacco about the middle of May. And,

To be FREIGHTED or CHARTERED for any Part of the WEST-INDIES,



THE Schooner LITTLE JOHN; she will carry about 1500 Bushels of Grain, and is compleatly fitted.

Whoever is inclinable to Freight or Charter either of the above Vessels, are desired to apply to Henry Ward, at Vienna on Nanticoke River.

To be Exposed to SALE, on Wednesday the 18th Day of JUNE, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling Cash, or Maryland Currency,

A CHOICE Parcel of LAND lying in Frederick County, on Patowmack, containing 500 Acres, well Timber'd and Water'd, and some Meadow Ground may be easily made.

For Terms, apply (any Time before the Day of Sale) to NINIAN EDMONSTON.

ANY Person of a good Character, that is or may soon be qualified for a Bar-Keeper, may, by applying to the Subscriber, meet with great Encouragement. HENRY GASSAWAY.

March 17, 1760.

STOLEN from the Plantation of Philip Thomas, on his Lordship's Manor of Anne-Arundel, Two small Plow Horses. The one a Sorrel, with a blazed Face, four white Feet, a Brand on the near Buttock resembling a Cross, and about 12½ Hands high. The other a Dark Grey, branded on the near Buttock and Shoulder TP (join'd in one) not very clear, about the same Size. They are suspected to be taken by one John Smith, who came some Time since from the back Parts of Virginia, and is supposed to be gone there again.

Whoever shall bring the said Horses to the said Philip Thomas, or shall apprehend the said John Smith, and bring him before any Magistrate in Anne-Arundel County, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward.

April 17, 1760.

TAKEN (as supposed by Mistake) from behind the Scenes at the Play-House, on Tuesday the 8th Instant, a new Devonshire Kersey Great Coat, with a Velvet Collar, and an old Coat left in the Place of it.

Whoever took it, is desired to return it to Mr. Wilkins's, where he may have his own.

If the above Coat has been stolen, whoever will discover the Offender, shall have a Dollar Reward. WALTER MURRAY.

STRAYED from the Subscriber, living with John Ducker, at the Head of South River, a Black Gelding, about 13 Hands high, he has a Star in his Forehead, some grey Hairs in his Tail, branded on the near Shoulder P B, paces slow, and is shod before.

Whoever takes up the said Gelding, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Fifteen Shillings Reward, paid by WILLIAM COX.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Wells, in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Gelding, with a Star in his Forehead; but has not any perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

In a Letter of good Credit from Madrid are these Words: "It is very apparent that the new King desires to see Peace restored in Europe, and will readily employ his good Offices for that End, which must naturally have some Effect in the present Situation of the belligerent Powers, all of whom are groaning under the Load of a ruinous War."

They write from Saxony, that 200 Merchants, and other principal Inhabitants of the City of Leipzig, have been sent Prisoners to Magdeburg, as Security for the Payment of Contributions demanded by the Prussians.

We hear that his Royal Highness Prince Edward intends to go on the next Expedition, supposed to be on the French Coast, for which Preparations have been some Time making.

Letters of Thanks from one Branch of the Legislature have been sent to Brigadier Generals Monkton and Murray, at New-York, in America, for their gallant Behaviour at the Taking of Quebec.

By a Letter from Quiberon Bay we hear, that the Inflexible is entirely lost, and Eveille (both of 64 Guns, in the River Villaine) has received so much Damage, that she is with great Difficulty kept above Water.

The Joanna, Shea, from Philadelphia, is arrived at Dublin. The Marlborough, Rosa, from Philadelphia, bound to Londonderry, is lost at Londonderry, 150 Casks of Flaxseed saved. The Britannia, Garrison, from New-York, is lost near Biddeford; two of the Crew are saved.

The French Squadron that sailed from Cadiz the 2d of January, is arrived at Toulon.

It is said Sir Piercy Brett will have the Command of a Mediterranean Squadron, the ensuing Summer; and that there will be three Captains soon promoted to the Degree of Admirals.

It is reported that the Admirals Osborne, Pockock and Saunders, will be created Knights of the Bath.

It is reported that Letters are brought by the Elephant French East-India Ship, lately arrived at the Groyne, giving Advice of the Surrender of Pondicherry to the English. But as no Confirmation of this Event has been received, we do not give it as authentic.

Tuesday Evening, January 8th, a Comet was discovered, and astronomically observed, by Mr. Dunn, at his Academy in Chelsea. It appeared to the naked Eye, like Jupiter or Venus through a thin Fog, and made a near Appulse to the Star in Orion's right Knee, and moved more than four Degrees of the Heavens in four Hours of Time.

Feb. 12. The King has been pleased to issue his Royal Proclamation for a General Fast (in order to implore the Blessing of God on his Majesty's Arms) throughout Great-Britain and Ireland, on Friday, the 14th Day of March next.

On Friday the East-India Company exported 20,000 lb. of Gunpowder, and 160 Tons of Military Stores, for the Use of their Settlements.

Sunday Night it was reported, that an Express had arrived that Day from Germany, with the agreeable News of the King of Prussia's having got a great Advantage over Count Daun, by which he has prevented any Communication between him and Dresden.

The Catherine, Jamieson, from Boston to Clyde, is lost in the Highlands of Scotland.

There are 95 Ships of the Line preparing at the several Dock-yards, to put to Sea upon different Services.

Sir Edward Hawke is preparing for Sea again.

However incredible it may appear, it is believed by some Folks, that an Accommodation will soon take Place, between the Empress Queen and the King of Prussia; the Consequence of which is to be a Junction of their Forces, in order to drive the French entirely out of Germany; the Alteration of a political System amongst Princes, however seemingly inconsistent to a Person, who views the World with a philosophic Eye, ought no more to be a Matter of Wonder, than the Alteration of the Weather.

We hear there is an Account come, that the Plague rages to such a Degree in Dresden, that it carries off some Hundreds every Day; and as the Austrians keep it blockaded up on one Side, and the Prussians on the other Side, they do not suffer any Body to come out; and whoever attempts to save themselves by Flight, are fired at and killed by either Party. In Consequence of this, the numerous Garrison must quit the Place, or suffer alike with the Inhabitants.

Extract of a Letter from Holland.

"The French are moving Heaven and Earth, in order to make a vigorous Effort next Campaign;

so that all Thoughts of Peace are vanished. The French Minister has, indeed, Conferences now and then with the Members of our State, and so has Major General Yorke; but it is not supposed they are relative to Peace. The Disgrace that France has submitted to by a national Bankruptcy, might certainly have been avoided, had she been inclined to Peace; and that patriotic Zeal of all Ranks of People, in melting down their Plate, was entirely unnecessary, if they were not resolved upon carrying on the War. The Subsidies have been paid, and they already see the good Effects of these Payments; for the Northern Powers begin to move, especially the Swedes, who are recruiting their Troops with the utmost Diligence, and putting their Navy in a respectful Posture. This looks as if they expected a Visit from an English Fleet this Season in the Baltic; and there are People here who think that, far from a general Pacification, the War is likely to become more general. This you may depend on, however; that, Congress, or no Congress, we shall have no Peace this Summer."

Yesterday his Majesty held a Chapter of the Garter at St. James's, when the Right Honourable the Marquis of Rockingham, and the Right Honourable the Earl Temple, were created Knights of that most noble Order.

It is said Lord Temple is to succeed the Duke of Bedford as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, January 21.

"Councils are frequently called, and the Subjects under Consideration are of the utmost Importance. The Ministry will not give Ear to any Proposals of Peace, unless they be advantageous and honourable: The Cup is filled, and we must drink it. The King's Coffers are full; his Armies are numerous, and in good Order. France will have on Foot, next Campaign, at least Three Hundred Thousand Combatants, by Land and Sea, and they only long for an Opportunity to restore to our Arms that Lustre and Eclat which have been tarnished by some adverse Turns of Fortune. Our Enemies, all put together, are not able to find or maintain so many Troops: They are drained of Men and Provisions, through the Devastation occasioned by the great Number of Troops with which they have been successively overrun since the Beginning of this fatal War."

We hear that a great Number of Troops are ordered to be in Readiness on the shortest Notice, which, it is thought, are designed for the Coast of France; and we hear a Compliment has been made to some of the Gentlemen of the Militia, if they have any Inclination for going.

It is said that a Person of Distinction, from a great Northern Potentate, arrived in Town last Week. 'Tis said his Errand is to demand a positive Answer, Whether a Fleet is to be sent into the Northern Sea, or not?

Saturday last arrived at Portsmouth, several Waggon loads with Money, it is said, to the Amount of near one Million and a Half, to be sent to North-America. The Waggon loads were escorted by a Party of Dragoons.

At Spithead Admiral Durell, with 21 Men of War.

Sixteen Regiments of Infantry are appointed to go over to join Prince Ferdinand.

By some particular Letters from Vienna of the 16th, we have an Account, that that Court having consulted with the Ministers of the Courts of France, Russia and Saxony, have come to a Resolution to consent to a Cessation of Hostilities, in order to set on Foot a Treaty of Accommodation of all Differences between said Powers, viz. that all Damages during the Continuance of the War, shall be made good to the aforesaid Courts, and that in Return Minorca shall be delivered up to Great-Britain; that all Places taken either from the Dominions of his Britannic or his Prussian Majesty, shall be restored; that the Swedish Towns in Pomerania, shall be yielded up by Prussia; that Dunkirk, new and old Works, shall be demolished, as also those of Louisbourg; and that the Limits of North-America be settled at a Congress, to be held between the Plenipotentiaries of the said contending Powers.

We hear that Orders have been sent some Time since to several of the Governors of the West-Indies, to raise a Body of Land Forces, to be ready to join the Fleet and Land Forces on their Arrival from England, to act in Conjunction in attacking Martinico or some other Place.

A Match is said to be on the Tapis between Kennedy, mentioned in the Papers some Time ago, who escaped the dreadful Shipwreck on the Rocks of Scilly, when Sir Cloudesly Shovell unfortunately perished, and the celebrated Miss Edith Hannum of Bradford; a Lady whom Age has made

wife, Infirmities patient, and Poverty meek; Requisites not always to be found in the Marriage State. What is remarkable in this Pair is, that each of them, on their next Birth Day, enter in the 110th Year of their Age.

B O S T O N, April 14.

Thursday last Captain Gilbert arrived at Cape-Ann in 37 Days from Lisbon, who informs, That 14 Days after he sailed from thence, he was met with and taken by a French Frigate, who was cruising off the Western Islands, and ransomed for 800 l. Sterling. Captain Gilbert also informs, that one of the New-York Packet Boats was also lately taken by the above Frigate and ransomed, but whether bound to or from New-York, is yet uncertain, but most likely the former, as the Harriot Packet, Capt. Bonnel, who left England the 20th of January last, was not arrived at New-York when the last Post came from thence.—The General Wall Packet sailed from New-York the 18th of February last, so that she could have been out but 10 Days when Captain Gilbert left Lisbon.

Yesterday Captain M'Farland arrived here from Penobscot; in whom came four of the Chiefs of that Tribe of Indians, in order to treat with this Government for a lasting and honourable Peace. We hear there are now 28 of that Tribe, Men, Women and Children, at Fort-Pownall.

NEWPORT (Rhode-Island) April 15.

On Sunday last returned from a short Cruise of 29 Days, the Schooner Success, Abraham Michener, Commander. On the 28th of March, in Lat. 24, Long. 69, he fell in with a French Brig of about 80 Tons, bound from Cape-François to Bourdeaux, under the Command of Mons. Jappie, which he has safely conducted into this Port. She has on board upwards of 5000 Weight of Indigo, and a large Quantity of white Sugar, which, with other Effects, must render her a valuable Prize.

W I L L I A M S B U R G, April 18.

We learn from Augusta, that early in the Morning of the 30th ult. the Houses of Malcomb Campbell, James Mason, James Neely and James Bane, on Roanoke in Augusta, were attacked by different Parties of Cherokees, the whole Number supposed to be upwards of 80: None of the Houses had above three or four Men in them, who made so good a Defence (altho' surprized in such a Manner) that the Indians were beat off from each Place with the Loss of two of their Scalps; and it is supposed four more were killed, or mortally wounded, which the other Indians carried off. Two of the white Men happened to be out, one of which was killed and scalped; the other scalped, but yet alive, tho' mangled in a most barbarous Manner. Two other white Men were slightly wounded in the Attacks.—Capt. Gift of the Virginia Regiment being in that Neighbourhood with some Men, used his utmost Endeavours, as soon as his Men could be collected from their several Stations, to fall in with the Enemy, but to no Purpose. Major Lewis and Capt. Gift, with what Soldiers are stationed there, and a good many of the Inhabitants, are now on a Scour; and intend to go to the Head of Reed Creek, where there is a great Probability of overtaking the Enemy. The People in that Part of the Country are in the utmost Consternation, and Colonel Buchanan, with some others, have removed their Families, as Signs of the Enemy were found as far down as Loney's Ferry.

NEW-YORK, April 21.

The Captains Bradford, from London, and Stoper from Bristol, who sailed the Middle of November last for the Port of Boston, having beat on the Coast a whole Month, were obliged to put away for the West-Indies; but they were both taken and carried into Martinico, the former by a Privateer of 12 Carriage Guns, and 100 Men, after an Engagement of four Glasses, in which Bradford had none killed, and only a Passenger wounded, but Monsieur had 12 killed.

The Captains Bruce, Bryant, Turell and Cook, of and from New-England to the West-Indies, are also taken and carried into Martinico.

The French Captains at Martinico gave out they intended to come and cruise off the Coast.

Crown-Point, April 4, 1760.

"I am sorry to acquaint you, that on the 31st of March last, there was a small Party of 19 Men across the Lake a fishing, and before ever they knew or could get to their Boat, were taken by a Party of French and Indians, without ever firing a Gun on either Side; in this small Party, there were 3 Officers, Capt. Tute, of the Rangers, Lieutenant Fortescue, and Ensign Stewart, of the 27th Regiment. The private Men consist of 3 Regulars and 3 Rangers; those Savages have killed none of the Party. This Lake is almost clear of ice

and in a few Days down from Ticonderoga and watch the Entrance.

We have Reason to think that the Packet that is taken is no Advice of having failed from and to be taken in February to the be taken that the Schooner was enough for the G Sailer, to be in the

A N N A We hear that the arrived at New-York in near 200,000 ment of his Majesty. By the same Mail (brought here by DANIEL WOLST appointing him Chief of the District of Death of WILLIAM last.

Sunday last, the Thunder Gust, from but little Wind at the Province, they A Gentleman who Oxford to this Place that at 2 o'Clock Westward of Poplar and prodigious late ten Minutes, and stones seem'd like an Inch Thickener one of them in the pit, he took up, 10 Inches in Length

JUST And to be Sold THE LAW ASSEMBLY

By PERMISSION For the

Master

This At the THEATRE a TRAGEDY HUME, call'd,

DO

To Night a D A Wife, a M The Story of the And grant your

Lord Randolph DOUGLASS: val, Mr. Mo

Lady Randolph

The original F

To which was The VI

An OLD

Between the Hippiessy's hum by

DANCING TICKETS at the PRINCE Middleton's Tavern

The Audience ning at H

THERE is near the ty, taken up a Hands high, h ed on the near M.

The Owner his Property, a

at Cape-
ms, That
e was met
who was
informed for
b informs,
is was also
ransomed,
ork, is yet
as the Har-
ngland the
at New-
ce.—The
v-York the
d have been
left Lisbon.
d here from
ne Chiefs of
t with this
able Peace.
Tribes, Men,
ll.

April 15.

short Cruise
braham Mi-
f March, in
French Brig
-Francois to
Monf. Jappie,
is Port. She
ht of Indigo,
which, with
ble Prize.

April 18.

in the Morn-
comb Camp-
James Bane,
d by different
ber supposed
e Houses had
who made so
such a Man-
om each Place
ps; and it is
rtally wound-
off. Two of
one of which
alped, but yet
ous Manner.
y wounded in
Virginia Regi-
d with some
as soon as his
veral Stations,
urpose. Ma-
at Soldiers are
of the Inhabi-
end to go to
ere is a great
y. The Peo-
e in the utmost
an, with some
es, as Signs of
vn as Loney's

April 21.

London, and
Middle of No-
having beat on
obliged to put
they were both
the former by a
and 100 Men,
sses, in which
ly, a Passenger
led.

April 21.

arell and Cook,
est-Indies, are
nico.
o gave out they
Coasts.

April 4, 1760.

hat on the 31st
arty of 19 Men
efore ever they
ere taken by a
hout ever firing
alt Party, there
Rangers, Lieu-
art, of the 27th
sist of 3 Regu-
ave killed none
il clear of ice

and in a few Days we expect the Sloops and Brig down from Ticonderoga, which will cruise about, and watch the Enemy's Motions."

We have Reason to think 'tis the General Wall Packet that is taken, and not the Harriot, as there is no Advice of her failing from Falmouth; and allowing Capt. Gilbert, who brought the Account to have failed from Lisbon the beginning of March, and to be taken 14 Days after, from the 18th of February to the 10th of March (supposing her to be taken that Day, which was four Days before the Schooner was taken) is 21 Days, and Time enough for the Gen. Wall, known to be a prime Sailer, to be in the Latitude of the Western-Islands.

ANNAPOLIS, May 1.

We hear that the Lizard Man of War is lately arrived at New-York, from England, and brought in near 200,000 Pounds in Specie, for the Payment of his Majesty's Forces in North-America.

By the same Man of War came in a Commission (brought here by Express on Monday last) to DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME, Esq; of this City, appointing him Collector of his Majesty's Customs of the District of North Potowmack, vacant by the Death of WILLIAM DRAGON, Esq; in December last.

Sunday last, the 27th of April, we had here a Thunder Gust, from the Westward, attended with but little Wind and Rain; but in some Parts of the Province, they had much Wind and large Hail: A Gentleman who was then crossing the Bay from Oxford to this Place in a deck'd Boat, informs us, that at 2 o'Clock, about a Mile and Half to the Westward of Poplar-Island, they had a high Wind, and prodigious large Hail, which continued about ten Minutes, and then a hard Rain: The Hailstones seem'd like broken Cakes of Ice of about an Inch Thickness, and fell 6 or 8 Feet asunder, one of them in particular, which fell in the Cockpit, he took up, and thinks it was upwards of two Inches in Length, and an Inch and a half wide.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be Sold at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

THE LAWS made at the last SESSION of ASSEMBLY.

By PERMISSION of his EXCELLENCY

For the BENEFIT of

Master A. HALLAM.

This present EVENING,

At the THEATRE, in this City, will be presented, a TRAGEDY, written by the Reverend Mr. HUME, call'd,

DOUGLASS.

To Night a DOUGLASS your Protection claims,

A Wife, a Mother, Pity's softest Names!

The Story of her Woes indulgent hear,

And grant your Suppliant all she begs—a Tear.

Lord Randolph, Mr. SCOTT: Glenalvon, Mr. DOUGLASS: Douglass, Mr. HALLAM: Norval, Mr. MORRIS: Officer, Mr. MURRAY.

Lady Randolph, Mrs. DOUGLASS: Anna, Miss CRANE.

The original Prologue will be spoken by Mr. HALLAM.

To which will be added, a FARCE, call'd,

The VIRGIN UNMASK'D,

Or,

An OLD MAN Taught WISDOM.

Between the PLAY and FARCE
Hippesley's humorous Scene of a Drunken Man,
by Mr. HALLAM.

DANCING, by Master A. HALLAM.

TICKETS may be had of Master A. Hallam, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, and at the Bar of Mr. Middleton's Tavern.

BOXES 10s. PIT 7/6.

The Audience may depend on the Play's beginning at Half an Hour after Six o'Clock.

THERE is at the Plantation of Edmund Casteel, near the Wood-Yard in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Horse about 13 Hands high, he has a Star in his Forehead, branded on the near Shoulder S, and on the near Thigh M.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Baltimore Iron Works, April 28, 1760.

RAN away last Night Three Convict Servant Men, viz.

Richard Carman, a middle aged Man, of a pale Complexion, well-set, speaks in the West Country Dialect; has on a dirty Frock of Furred Linen, and his other Apparel is such as Servants commonly wear, and very dirty, as he work'd in the Coal-ing Business.

John Carman, a lusty lubberly Fellow, and Brother to the above named Richard, is about thirty Years of Age, of a fresh Complexion, and speaks in the West Country Dialect. His Apparel is coarse and dirty.

James Singewood, belonging to Col. Benjamin Taffer, came into the Country this Year, he is about 30 Years of Age, brown Complexion, a middle-sized Man, well-set, and stoops much in his Shoulders, has a Parcel of greasy Cloaths which he brought with him from the Ship, and two white Shirts. He is an Englishman.

Whoever secures the said Convicts in any Prison, so that they may be had again, shall receive Fifty Shillings for each or either, if taken in this Province; and if out of the Province, Four Pounds for each, and reasonable Charges if brought home.

R. CROXALL.

N. B. Richard and John Carman are Weavers by Trade. They all may steal other Apparel, and change their Names.

St. Mary's County, April 28, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the 22d Instant, an Irish Convict Servant Man, named Cornelius O'Neil, a well looking Fellow, about 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, with a red Head and Beard, and wears a brown cut Wig, a brown Surtout Coat, a strip'd Swan-skin Jacket, and a blue Pair of Breeches; he is an impertinent Fellow, and is supposed to have a forged Pass as from Capt. John Dickinson, Master of the Ship Swale, whom he came in with, and may pretend to pass for a Pedlar, as he had a small Pack with him when he went away; he may also pretend to be a Sailor, as he was on board the Ship all the while he was in the Country. Whoever secures the said Servant, so that he may be had again, shall have a Pistole Reward, beside what the Law allows.

JAMES MILLS.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,

And to be SOLD by SAMUEL EVANS, Book-Binder, near Mrs. Howard's in Annapolis,

A COLLECTION of BOOKS, consisting of History, Law, and Physic; together with great Variety of School-Books and Stationary.

During his Stay here, which will be about two Months, he will Bind old or new BOOKS in the neatest and most expeditious Manner.

ABRAHAM MILTON, Author of the FARMER'S COMPANION, informs the Public, That altho' the Time appointed for taking in Subscriptions for the same is compleated, yet the several Accounts not being sent in, he cannot ascertain what Number is subscribed for, and therefore refers the same till about the last of June next, hoping by that Time to have every Thing in Order for the Press.

Lower-Marlborough, April 14, 1760.

RAN away last Night, a Servant Man named William Stephenson, a Scotchman; he is about six Feet high, smooth faced, has black Hair, a pleasant Countenance, and is very talkative. Had on when he went away, a light colour'd Duffel Coat, Osnabrigs Shirt, Yarn Stockings, and good Shoes.

Whoever delivers the said Servant to me, shall have Two Pistoles Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

PHILEMON YOUNG.

April 7th, 1760.

LOST by the Subscriber in ALEXANDRIA, the 18th ultimo, Ten FREDERICK-TOWN LOTTERY TICKETS, from N^o. 1661 to 1670, signed by Mr. George Murdock. Let the Purchasers beware.

X 3 JOHN MUIR.

To be SOLD very reasonably, by the Subscriber in Annapolis.

A NEAT London made BILLIARD-TABLE, about 5 Years old, with Tacks and Balls. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may have Credit, on giving Security, and paying Interest.

X 3 CORNELIUS GARRETSON.

To be RENTED or LEASED for a Term of YEARS,

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, containing 1000 Acres, lying in Fairfax County, in Virginia, about 40 Miles above Alexandria, on the main Road leading from thence to Winchester. The said Land will be laid out in Tenements of One or Two Hundred Acres, and has a Quantity of rich Meadow Ground upon it.

For Terms, enquire of the Subscriber, living in Prince-George's County, Maryland.

THOMAS BROOKE, Son of Walter.

To be FREIGHTED or CHARTERED,



THE Snow Nancy and Molly, a prime Sailer and new Vessel, which will carry about 300 Hogheads, and will be ready to take in Tobacco about the middle of May.

To be FREIGHTED or CHARTERED for any Part of the WEST-INDIES,



THE Schooner LITTLE JOHN; she will carry about 1500 Bushels of Grain, and is compleatly fitted.

Whoever is inclinable to Freight or Charter either of the above Vessels, are desired to apply to Henry Ward, at Vienna on Nanticoke River.

To be Exposed to SALE, on Wednesday the 18th Day of JUNE, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling Cash, or Maryland Currency,

A CHOICE Parcel of LAND lying in Frederick County, on Potowmack, containing 500 Acres, well Timber'd and Water'd, and some Meadow Ground may be easily made.

For Terms, apply (any Time before the Day of Sale) to

NINIAN EDMONSTON.

ANY Person of a good Character, that is or may soon be qualified for a Bar-Keeper, may, by applying to the Subscriber, meet with great Encouragement.

HENRY GASSAWAY.

March 17, 1760.

STOLEN from the Plantation of Philip Thomas, on his Lordship's Manor of Anne-Arundel, Two small Plow Horses. The one a Sorrel, with a blazed Face, four white Feet, a Brand on the near Buttock resembling a Cross, and about 12 Hands high. The other a Dark Grey, branded on the near Buttock and Shoulder TP (join'd in one) not very clear, about the same Size. They are suspected to be taken by one John Smith, who came some Time since from the back Parts of Virginia, and is supposed to be gone there again.

Whoever shall bring the said Horses to the said Philip Thomas, or shall apprehend the said John Smith, and bring him before any Magistrate in Anne-Arundel County, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward.

April 17, 1760.

TAKEN (as supposed by Mistake) from behind the Scenes at the Play-House, on Tuesday the 8th Instant, a new Devonshire Kersey Great Coat, with a Velvet Collar, and an old Coat left in the Place of it.

Whoever took it, is desired to return it to Mr. Wilkins's, where he may have his own.

If the above Coat has been stolen, whoever will discover the Offender, shall have a Dollar Reward.

WALTER MURRAY.

STRAYED from the Subscriber, living with John Ducker, at the Head of South River, a Black Gelding, about 13 Hands high, he has a Star in his Forehead, some grey Hairs in his Tail, branded on the near Shoulder P B, paces slow, and is shod before.

Whoever takes up the said Gelding, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Fifteen Shillings Reward, paid by

WILLIAM COX.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Wells, in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Gelding, with a Star in his Forehead; but has not any perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD,
A NEAT CHAIR, handsomely painted, and well finished.
Also a compleat GELDING, fit for the Saddle, and will draw well in a Chaise.

WANTED,
A Person that understands Clerk's Business, and can write a good Record Hand. Such a Clerk will meet with Encouragement. Enquire of the Printers hereof.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,
FOR Raising the Sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds for Enlarging and Repairing the PUBLIC WHARF, and Erecting a GRAMMAR SCHOOL, in Alexandria, viz.

3 Tickets at £. 50	£. 150
1 Ditto at 25	75
10 Ditto at 10	100
20 Ditto at 5	100
40 Ditto at 2	80
745 Ditto at 1	745
821 Prizes.	Sum raised 250
2799 Blanks.	

3000 Tickets at 10 s. £. 1500

THE above is not three Blanks to a Prize, without any Deduction.
The Drawing to begin the first Day of September next.

The Prizes to be published in the Virginia and Maryland Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished.

All Prizes not demanded in six Months after Publication, will be deemed as generously given to the Uses aforesaid.

The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, George William Fairfax, William Ramsay, John Carlyle, Gerard Alexander, John Dalton, George Johnston, George Mason, John Hunter, Robert Adams, and John Muir, Trustees of the said Town, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath that they faithfully discharge the Trust reposed in them.

Tickets may be had from the aforesaid Managers, or from Col. John Champe, or Allan Macar, Merchant, at Dumfries; Hector Ross and Benjamin Greyson, Merchants, at Colchester; Philip Richard Fendall, of Charles County; Messrs. Symmers and John Weldon, Merchants, at Upper-Marlborough; and at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship PHOENIX, Captain Mc GACHIN, from LONDON,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, to be Sold at the Subscriber's Store in UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, by Wholesale or Retail, for ready Money, Bills, or short Credit.

DANIEL CARROLL,

March 26, 1760.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.
RAN away last Night from the Baltimore Iron-Works, on Patuxent in Maryland, two Convict Servant Men, viz.

Thomas Woodcock, a thin faced Englishman, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, dark Complexion, short brown Hair, sloops in his Walk, and snuffles in his Speech. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oz-nabrig Shirt, Country Shoes nailed round the Sole, Yarn Stockings, a knit Yarn Cap, and old Hat.

Lawrence Parrole, an Irishman, a luffy, well set Fellow, about 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, black Hair, has a long sharp Nose, and lat-berly Walk. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oz-nabrig Shirt, speckled Yarn Stockings, Country Shoes, and Felt Hat.

Whoever secures the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have, if taken in Baltimore County, Forty Shillings for each; if in any other County of the Province, Fifty Shillings; and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward for each or either of them; and reasonable Charges if brought home.

R. CROXALL.

N. B. They may steal other Cloaths, and change their Names.



THE PHOENIX (a very fine Ship for Force and Speed, and carries about 600 Hogsheads) now lying in PATUXENT RIVER, Takes in TOBACCO for LONDON, consigned to Mr. JOHN STEWART and Company.
at Twelve Pounds Sterling per Ton. She will sail about the first of June, but her Stay is limited, so that she cannot exceed the 10th of that Month. And the Insurance of the Tobacco is made in such a Manner in London, that the Shippers may have what they put on board insured for us to recover, in Case of Loss, from Five Shillings per Hogshead to Fifty Pounds per Hogshead, or they may choose whether they will accept of any Insurance or not; provided Notice of their Intention is given to Captain William Mc Gachin, or to the Subscriber, before the Bills of Lading are signed.

DAVID ROSS.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Thursday the 18th of October last, Two New Negroes; the one a Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, supposed to be about 25 Years of Age. Had on when he went away, a Crocus Shirt and Trowsers, and a new white Plaiding Jacket. He will answer to the Name of Isaac. The other a Woman, is very small, talks in her own Language very fast, and appears to be older than the Man. Had on when she went away, a Crocus Shift, and a white Plaiding Petticoat; she also carried with her a Piece of greenish colour'd Cloth, which I suppose may supply the want of a Jacket. She will answer to the Name of Sarah.

Whoever takes up the said Negroes, and brings them to me at George-Town on Patuxent River, or secures them so that I can have them again, shall have a Reward of Twenty-five Shillings for each, besides reasonable Charges paid, if taken up 20 Miles from home, and delivered to me.

ROBERT PETER.

Since first publishing the above Advertisement, some Circumstances have been discovered, by which it is conjectured the above Slaves were stolen.

Virginia, March 20, 1760.

WHEREAS I have built a compleat Forge with three Fires in it, with all Conveniences in and about the same, on a good Stream, which it is thought will supply the Works constantly so that I am now only in want of proper Officers to carry on the same, having both Woodcutters and Colliers (Slaves) sufficient to carry on the Works constantly, and a Furnace about eight Miles distant; and whereas the Success of such Undertakings depends on the good Management of the Works, and good Workmen; this is therefore to inform those whom it may concern, that a Clerk is wanted for the Forge, who is not only well acquainted with keeping Accounts, but capable of taking Charge of the same, to whom good Encouragement will be given, and a Prospect of advancing. A Hammerman is wanted at 25 s. Pennsylvania Money per Ton, and two strong young Fellows found to work with him; and two Finery Men at 30 s. per Ton, and two strong young Fellows to work with each of them. If either the Hammerman, or Finery Men, choose to find their own Hands, then I purpose to allow 35 s. per Ton for drawing, and 45 s. for making, to be paid in Specie half yearly, or quarterly, in Paper, and Goods, &c. furnished very cheap. A good Dwelling-House, Garden, and Fire Wood, will be found. I will contract for three, five, or seven Years, on the above Terms. As the Post will now come down once a Fortnight, an Answer to any Letter will be returned by the same Post.

BENJAMIN GRAYES.

P. S. I have Sloops that bring Ore from Moale's Point near Baltimore-Town, so that a Passage may be had from thence for any Household Goods.

Upper-Marlborough, March 18, 1760.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscribers, in Account of above one Year's standing, are desired to make immediate Payment, or they may expect to be sued without further Notice.

ALEXANDER and ANDREW SYMMER.

SEVERAL Tracts of very valuable LAND lying in Frederick County, to be Sold by the Subscriber, for Sterling, Bills of Exchange, Crop Tobacco, or Current Money.

HENRY WRIGHT CRABB.

JUST IMPORTED in the PHOENIX, Captain Mc GACHIN, from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store at George-Town, at Rock-Creek, the Head of Potomack.

TWO Hundred Pieces of English Sail Cloth sorted; Numb. 1. to Numb. 8; Grapnels and Anchors from Half a Hundred to 500 Wt. sorted; Brass and Wood Compasses; Bunting; Log Lines; Sand Glasses; hand Pumps; Scupper, and Pump Nails; hand Leads and Lines; Trum-pets; Oakum; Pump Leather; Sail, and Bolt Rope, Twine; Housline and Marline; Hambro', and deep Sea Lines; some Cordage; sheathing Paper; Flock Beds; Sailor's ready made Cloaths; and other Ship Chandlery.

LIKEWISE, Variety of European and India Goods, Rum, Sugar, &c. very Cheap, for Ready Money, or short Credit, Bills, Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, &c.

STEPHEN WEST.

N. B. George-Town is very conveniently situated for either Virginia or Maryland; a good Landing Navigable for Vessels of any Burthen. I expect every Day a large parcel of Rum, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Cotton, Chocolate, Wine, &c. and shall be constantly supplied with these Commodities.

Frederick-Town, February 26, 1760.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR raising Five Hundred Dollars, for purchasing a FIRE ENGINE for the Use of Frederick-Town, in Frederick County, to consist of 1750 Tickets at Two Dollars each, 532 of which to be Fortunate, without any Deduction, viz.

1 of 200 DOLLARS, is	200
2 of 80	are 160
3 of 40	are 120
4 of 20	are 80
20 of 10	are 200
50 of 8	are 400
450 of 4	are 1800
1 First drawn Blank,	20
1 Last drawn Blank,	20

532 Prizes. Sum raised 500
1218 Blanks.

1750 Tickets at 2 Dollars each, is 3500

THE Overplus of the Profits after purchasing the FIRE ENGINE and its Appurtenances (if any) to be applied towards erecting of a MARKET-HOUSE in the said Town.

By the above Scheme there are little more than Two Blanks and a Quarter to a Prize, and the Profits retained are not quite Fifteen per Cent upon the Whole.

When the Tickets are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin (on 14 Days previous Notice, at least, to be given in this Gazette) in the Court-House of the said County, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Drawing, it is supposed, will be in Two Months at farthest, as a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged.

The Managers are, Messrs. Thomas Schley, James Dickson, Conrad Groff, Arthur Charlton, Christopher Edelin, Michael Ramar, Caspar Shnaaf, Thomas Price, Levi Cuban, John Cary, and George Murdock, who are to give Bond, and take an Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be published in this Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished; and the Prizes to be paid off without any Deduction.

Prizes not demanded within Six Months from the Publication aforesaid, to be deemed as a generous Present for the Use intended, and applied accordingly.

N. B. The Value of Seven Shillings and Six Pence in Maryland or Pennsylvania Currency, will be received in Lieu of each Dollar in the Sale of Tickets, and the same Currency to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes by the fortunate Adventurers.

TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 8, 1760.

[Numb. 783.]

Last Sunday Morning arrived here the Ship ST. GEORGE, Captain JACOB WALTERS, from London, which he left the 4th of March. By him we have English Prints to the 3d of that Month, from which we have taken the following Advices, viz.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, of March 1st.

DUBLIN, February 23.

YESTERDAY Morning a little before Eleven o'Clock, an Account was received, that a Body of French, supposed to be about 1000 Men, were landed at Carrickfergus, on Thursday Morning. Immediately upon the Receipt of this Intelligence, his Grace the Lord Lieutenant gave Orders for the assembling, with the utmost Expedition, at Newry, four Regiments of Infantry, viz. Pole's, Anstruther's, Sandford's, and Sebright's; and three Regiments of Dragoons, viz. Mollay's, Yorke's, and Whitley's; and his Grace made no Doubt, that, should the French be hardy enough to hazard themselves at any Distance from their Ships, the Troops, he should be able to get together, in a very few Days, will be more than sufficient to protect the Country from any Violence, and to drive them out of the Kingdom. And this Morning, at Half past Seven, a further Account was received, That Lieutenant Colonel Jennings had suffered himself, with four Companies of Major General Strode's Regiment under his Command at Carrickfergus, to be made Prisoners of War: And that, on the 22d in the Morning, about Eight o'Clock, a Flag of Truce came to Belfast, and made a Demand of several Articles of Provisions, and other Necessaries, to be delivered that Day at Two o'Clock, promising to pay for them, and threatening, in Case of Refusal, to burn Carrickfergus, and afterwards to come up and burn Belfast also: With which Demands the Gentlemen of Belfast thought it best to comply. The French Prisoners of War had been removed from Carrickfergus and Belfast to Lifford.

DUBLIN, February 24.

This Evening, his Grace the Lord Lieutenant received the following Letter from Major General Strode, dated, Belfast, February 23, 1760, at Six in the Evening, viz.

INFORMATION of Benjamin Hall, Lieutenant and Adjutant to my Regiment, who, this Moment, arrived here, on his Parole, from Carrickfergus, in order to get Provisions for the Officers and Soldiers of my Regiment there, says, that, on the 21st Instant, three Ships appeared off the Life of Magee, standing in Shore, for the Bay of Carrickfergus; and at Eleven o'Clock came to an Anchor, about Two Miles and an Half to the North-East Part of the Castle, and within Musket Shot of the Shore of Killin Point. At this Time, the small Number of Troops, belonging to the Garrison, were at Exercise, about Half a Mile on the Road to Belfast; and, at a Quarter after Eleven o'Clock, the Guard was turned out, made up and marched off, to relieve that on the French Prisoners in the Castle; the rest of the Men continued in the Field of Exercise, where an Account was soon brought, that the three Ships, just come to an Anchor, had taken and detained two Fishing Boats, and with them and several others, were plying on and off betwixt the Shore and the Ships; on which, immediate Orders were sent to the Castle for both Guards to continue under Arms, and double the Centries over the French Prisoners, and be particularly strict and watchful over them, till such Time as they could be satisfied, whether they were Friends or Enemies; though, at the same Time, a strong Report prevailed with some, that it was an English Frigate, and two Store Ships: But, to be convinced what they were, after the Troops had assembled in the Market Place, the said Lieutenant Hall went off with a reconnoitring Party, and took Post on a rising Ground, where he could plainly perceive Eight Boats landing armed Men; and that they drew out in Detachments, and took Post on the Dykes, Hedges, and all the rising Grounds, from whence they could have the most extensive Views; upon which he gave the necessary Orders to his Non Commissioned Officers, and Men, to have a watchful Eye of their Approaches, and to take particular Care, that they did not get round them, by going at the Foot of the Hill undisturbed; in order to prevent which, he posted them himself, and told them, as soon as ever their advanced Guard came within Shot to fire upon them, and continue so to do, until they repulsed them, or, if necessitated to retreat, he likewise pointed that out to them, with Orders to take every Opportunity, on Advantage of Ground, in their Retreat, to retard the Enemy's Approach, and to be sure to keep a Communication with the Town as much as possible; and on this, he immediately went to the Town, and acquainted Lieutenant Colonel Jennings, where he found him with the Troop on the Parade; who immediately ordered Detachments to be made to defend the Gates of the Town, and all the Avenues leading thereto. Soon after which the reconnoitring Party retired, after having spent all their Ammunition; during which Time, the Lieutenant Colonel, and chief Magistrate of the Town, sent off the Sheriff, and Mr. Mucklewaine, (who is Captain of the Militia of the Corporation) with Orders to take off the

French Prisoners of War, and convey them with all Speed to Belfast, where they were to receive further Orders from me. By this Time the Enemy were in full March for the Town, which he computed to be near 1000 Men; and two or three flagging Hosts, on Horses they had picked up after Landing, attempted to enter the Gates, but, on the first Fire, retired, but were soon supported by Parties of Foot, who attacked both the North and Scotch Gates, as also the Garden Walls of Lord Donnegall, who were repulsed also, and kept back as long as the Men had Ammunition; on which Colonel Jennings ordered the Whole to retire to the Castle; which he had sufficient Time to do, as, at this Time, the Enemy was a little checked from our Fire; and would have been more so, had the Men had Ammunition. Before the Gates of the Castle were shut, they made their Appearance in the Market-place; and then it was in his Opinion the Destruction of the Enemy would have commenced, had it not been, that till (he begs Leave again to observe) the then dreadful Want of Ammunition, notwithstanding the Supply of Powder they had had, a few Days before, from Belfast, by my Order, but was in Want of Ball, and even Time, if they had that, to make them up; from which, the Enemy, finding our Fire so cool, attacked the Gates sword in Hand, which, from the battering of the Shot on both Sides, the Bolts were knocked back, and the Gates opened, and the Enemy marched in; but Lieutenant Colonel Jennings, Lord Wallingford, Captain Bland, Lieutenant Ellis, with some other Gentlemen, and about Fifty Men, repulsed the Enemy, and beat them back. Here it was he saw great Resolution in a few Irish Boys, who defended the Gate, after it was opened, with their Bayonets; and those from the Half-Moon, after their Ammunition was gone, threw Stones and Bricks. Had this Attack of the Enemy been supported with any Degree of Courage, they must certainly have succeeded in it, but they retired back under Cover, leaving the Gates open with our Men in the Front of it, which gave them a short Time to consider what was best to be done; first to see the Men's Ammunition, which, if they had had any, would have certainly failed, and even so without it, had not Colonel Jennings, and all the Officers, thought the Enterprise too hazardous. Then they considered, if the Gate could be defended, the Breach in the Castle Wall could not, it being near Fifty Feet long; and, having but a short Time to deliberate, all agreed, a Parley should be beat, and Lieutenant Hall sent out to know on what Terms they might surrender; which was accordingly done, and, on his going out, found the greatest Part of the Enemy under Shelter of the old Walls and Houses before the Castle Gate; and after the usual Ceremony, demanded of the Commandant (the General being wounded) what Terms would be given the Troops on their Surrender, and at the same Time sent the Drum to call Colonel Jennings out of the Castle, in order to treat with the French Commandant on Articles of Capitulation, which, he says, as well as he can remember, were as follows, viz.

Colonel Jennings demanded, that the Troops should march out with all the Honours of War, and the Officers to be on their Parole in Ireland; and not to be sent Prisoners to France; the Soldiers also to stay in Ireland, and that an equal Number of French Prisoners should be sent to France, within one Month, or as soon after as Ships could be got ready for that Purpose.

Granted.

That the Castle of Carrickfergus should not be demolished, or any of the Stores destroyed, or taken out of it.

Granted.

That the Town and County of Carrickfergus should not be plundered or burnt, on Condition the Mayor and Corporation furnished the French Troops with necessary Provisions.

Granted.

This, as well as he can remember, was the Verbal Articles agreed on, though, on Writing them, the French Commandant, after consulting his Principal Officers, declared, he could not, by any Means, answer to his Master, the French King, granting to his Britannic Majesty the Stores in the Castle, which he insisted upon; and Colonel Jennings, to his great Grief, had it not in his Power to refuse, declaring solemnly, at the same Time, with a grave Countenance, that he had rather have been buried in the Ruins. To which the French Commandant replied, that he could not insert it in the Articles of Capitulation, yet he would give his Word and Honour, and did so, that, if there was nothing of great Value in the Castle, belonging to the King, besides Powder, he would not touch it, (which there really was not) but how far he will keep his Promise, is not yet known. Likewise the Magistrates of Carrickfergus, not furnishing the French with necessary Provisions, they plundered the Town; declaring it was their own Fault, as they were convinced they had it in their Power to supply them, as they had found enough in the Town afterwards.

Mr. Hall further informs me, that he has discovered by some of the French, there was a Disagreement betwixt their General and Captain Thurot, the General being for

the Attack of Carrick, and Thurot for landing at the Whitehouse, and attacking Belfast. He likewise judges the Frigates to be, one of 40 Guns, the other two about 20 each.

Lieutenant Hall begs Leave to present his Duty to your Grace, and hopes your Grace will excuse any Inaccuracy, that may be in his Description, as he was no ways provided with any Papers, but his Memory, and often interrupted by Numbers of Gentlemen of the Militia, who were crowding perpetually in the Room to receive Orders. I beg Leave to subscribe myself,

Belfast, Feb. 23, 1760. My Lord, &c. Wm. STRODE.

[That for the Gazette.]

Fluency, Feb. 2. Last Week anchored at Leghorn from a Cruise, his Britannic Majesty's Ship the Ambuscade, Capt. Balfett, Commander, having brought in two French Prizes of a considerable Value, which Vessels, as well as the Fame Privateer, and two other French Prizes brought in by him, were all drove ashore a few Days ago; but it is thought they might be got off without much Damage. The Favourite Sloop has likewise brought into Leghorn a French Ship laden with Cloath and Indigo from Marseilles, bound for Alexandria. A Detachment of 350 Recruits, to complete the Tuscan Troops in Germany, are to set out on the 15th Instant.

Hague, Feb. 12. It's said that the King of Spain has declared to the Earl of Bristol that he will join his Fleet to that of France, in Case England should persist in the Design of attacking Martinico. This Resolution of his Catholic Majesty is attributed partly to the Pains taken by the French Ambassador at the Court of Spain, and partly to an Opinion which his Majesty has adopted, that the English cannot make any further Conquests in America without giving Alarm to the Spanish Settlements there. There can therefore be no Reason to be under Apprehensions for Louisiana, the Invasion of which would enable England to make Encroachments upon Florida. It's thought that this first Declaration of the King of Spain is only a Prelude to something more decisive towards restoring the Liberty of Trade and Navigation.

Vienne, Feb. 13. A Train of Artillery, consisting of 26 Pieces of Cannon, 12 and 6 Pounders, went this Morning from our Arsenal for the Army of the Empire.

Prague, Feb. 13. An Austrian Officer just arrived from Warsaw says, that as he passed the Frontiers of Poland he met the Russian Army marching in several Columns, and followed by 5000 Waggon, with every Thing necessary for them to take the Field.

Paris, Feb. 13. A Ship lately arrived at Marseilles from the Levant has brought Advice, that the Town of Safat, in Palestine, and several adjacent Villages, have been swallowed up by an Earthquake. That Town, which is supposed to be the ancient Bethulia, was situated on a Mountain near the Sea, between Sayd and St. John d'Acre. It was much revered by the Jews, many of whom used to repair thither from all Parts of the World, in order to end their Days in the Land of their Ancestors.

LONDON, February 23.

They write from Plymouth, that the Harbore Cutter, with twelve Men and one Officer on board, attending Admiral Boscawen's Fleet, was lost in the late Storm.

There is Advice that two French East-Indiamen are arrived at Roshfort. These arrived before at Port d'Orion. The whole Number that sailed from the Indies was six; so that one is still expected.

The City of Damas in Syria suffered so much by an Earthquake on the 25th of November last, that one third Part of the Buildings are destroyed.

The same Earthquake was still more violent in Palestine, where whole Towns and Villages were overturned.

An Earthquake was felt at Lisbon on the 11th of last Month, and another the next Day, accompanied with a subterraneous Noise; but no Damage was sustained.

Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, dated Feb. 17.

Yesterday arrived the Royal William, Admiral Boscawen; the Sandwich, Admiral Giary; with the St. George and Union Men of War, from the Bay.

Last Friday Night the Ranger of Bermuda, from London for St. Kitts, was drove on Shore in Catwater. It is thought the Vessel will be lost, but the greatest Part of the Cargo will be saved. In the same Storm two light Privateers were drove on Shore; one has broke her Keel, but the other has not received any Damage.

The Ravillies Man of War, as she was returning from the Bay, overshot this Port, and was lost the same Night, about three Leagues to the Eastward of this Place, and all the Crew perished, except one Midshipman and twenty Men.

The Shrewsbury, Banjafant and Fairland Men of War were drove from their Mooring in Hammeaze, but received no Damage.

On Sunday last the Torrington Man of War sailed from Plymouth, with about sixty Sail of Transports under her Convoy.

Liverpool, Feb. 20. On Monday Morning an Express arrived here from the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, addressed to the Commander of any of his Majesty's Ships in this Port, which was immediately forwarded to the Tender lying at the Quay; at Noon the Commanding Officer sent a Message

TO BE SOLD,
A NEAT CHAIR, handsomely painted, and well finished.
Also a compleat GELDING, fit for the Saddle, and will draw well in a Chaife.

WANTED.
A Person that understands Clerk's Business, and can write a good Record Hand. Such a Clerk will meet with Encouragement. Enquire of the Printers hereof.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,
FOR Raising the Sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds for Enlarging and Repairing the PUBLIC WHARF, and Erecting a GRAMMAR SCHOOL, in Alexandria, viz.

3 Tickets	at £. 50	£. 150
3 Ditto	at 25	75
10 Ditto	at 10	100
20 Ditto	at 5	100
40 Ditto	at 2	80
745 Ditto	at 1	745
821 Prizes.	Sum raised	250
2179 Blanks.		
3000 Tickets at 10 s.		£. 1500

THE above is not three Blanks to a Prize, without any Deduction.
The Drawing to begin the first Day of September next.

The Prizes to be published in the Virginia and Maryland Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished.

All Prizes not demanded in six Months after Publication, will be deem'd as generously given to the Uses aforesaid.

The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, George William Fairfax, William Ramsay, John Carlyle, Gerard Alexander, John Dalton, George Johnston, George Mason, John Hunter, Robert Adam, and John Muir, Trustees of the said Town, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath that they faithfully discharge the Trust reposed in them.

Tickets may be had from the aforesaid Managers, or from Col. John Champe, or Allan Macrae, Merchant, at Dunfries; Hector Ross and Benjamin Greyson, Merchants, at Colchester; Philip Richard Fendall, of Charles County; Messrs. Symmers and John Weldon, Merchants, at Upper-Marlborough; and at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship PHENIX, Captain Mc GACHIN, from LONDON,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS; to be Sold at the Subscriber's Store in UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, by Wholesale or Retail, for ready Money, Bills, or short Credit.

DANIEL CARROLL.

MARCH 26, 1760.
TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last Night from the Baltimore Iron-Works, on Patuxet in Maryland, two Convict Servant Men, viz.

Thomas Woodcock, a thin faced Englishman, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, dark Complexion, short brown Hair, sloops in his Walk, and snuffles in his Speech. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oznabrig Shirt, Country Shoes nailed round the Sole, Yarn Stockings, a knit Yarn Cap, and old Hat.

Lawrence Farrole, an Irishman, a lusty, well-set Fellow, about 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, black Hair, has a long sharp Nose, and lubberly Walk. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oznabrig Shirt, speckled Yarn Stockings, Country Shoes, and Felt Hat.

Whoever secures the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have, if taken in Baltimore County, Forty Shillings for each; if in any other County of the Province, Fifty Shillings; and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward for each or either of them; and reasonable Charges if brought home.

R. CROXALL.

N. B. They may steal other Cloaths, and change their Names.



THE PHENIX (a very fine Ship for Force and Heels, and carries about 600 Hogheads) now lying in PATOWMACK River, Takes in TOBACCO for LONDON, consigned to Mr. JOHN STEWART and Company, at Twelve Pounds Sterling per Ton. She will sail about the first of June, but her Stay is limited, so that she cannot exceed the 10th of that Month. And the Insurance of the Tobacco is made in such a Manner in London, that the Shippers may have what they put on board insured so as to recover, in Case of Loss, from Five Shillings per Hoghead to Fifty Pounds per Hoghead, or they may choose whether they will accept of any Insurance or not; provided Notice of their Intention is given to Captain William Mc Gachin, or to the Subscriber, before the Bills of Lading are signed.

DAVID ROSS.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Thursday the 18th of October last, Two New Negroes; the one a Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, supposed to be about 25 Years of Age. Had on when he went away, a Crocus Shirt and Trowsers, and a new white Plading Jacket. He will answer to the Name of Isaac. The other a Woman, is very small, talks in her own Language very fast, and appears to be older than the Man. Had on when she went away, a Crocus Shift, and a white Plading Petticoat; she also carried with her a Piece of greenish colour'd Cloth, which I suppose may supply the want of a Jacket. She will answer to the Name of Sarah.

Whoever takes up the said Negroes, and brings them to me at George-Town on Patowmack River, or secures them so that I can have them again, shall have a Reward of Twenty-five Shillings for each, besides reasonable Charges paid, if taken up 20 Miles from home, and delivered to me.

ROBERT PETER.

Since first publishing the above Advertisement, some Circumstances have been discovered, by which it is conjectured the above Slaves were stolen.

Virginia, March 20, 1760.

WHEREAS I have built a compleat Forge with three Fires in it, with all Conveniences in and about the same, on a good Stream, which it is thought will supply the Works constantly so that I am now only in want of proper Officers to carry on the same, having both Woodcutters and Colliers (Slaves) sufficient to carry on the Works constantly, and a Furnace about eight Miles distant; and whereas the Success of such Undertakings depends on the good Management of the Works, and good Workmen; this is therefore to inform those whom it may concern, that a Clerk is wanted for the Forge, who is not only well acquainted with keeping Accounts, but capable of taking Charge of the same, to whom good Encouragement will be given, and a Prospect of advancing. A Hammerman is wanted at 25 s. Pennsylvania Money per Ton, and two strong young Fellows found to work with him; and two Finery Men at 30 s. per Ton, and two strong young Fellows to work with each of them. If either the Hammerman, or Finery Men, choose to find their own Hands, then I purpose to allow 35 s. per Ton for drawing, and 45 s. for making, to be paid in Specie half yearly, or quarterly, in Paper, and Goods, &c. furnished very cheap. A good Dwelling-House, Garden, and Fire Wood, will be found. I will contract for three, five, or seven Years, on the above Terms. As the Post will now come down once a Fortnight, an Answer to any Letter will be returned by the same Post.

BENJAMIN GRAYES.

P. S. I have Sloops that bring Ore from Moale's Point near Baltimore-Town, so that a Passage may be had from thence for any Household Goods.

Upper-Marlborough, March 18, 1760.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscribers, in Account of above one Year's standing, are desired to make immediate Payment, or they may expect to be sued without further Notice.

ALEXANDER and ANDREW SUMMER.

SEVERAL Tracts of very valuable LAND lying in Frederick County, to be Sold by the Subscriber, for Sterling, Bills of Exchange, Crop Tobacco, or Current Money.

HENRY WRIGHT CRAB.

JUST IMPORTED in the PHENIX, Captain Mc GACHIN, from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store at George-Town, at Rock-Creek, the Head of Patowmack.

TWO Hundred Pieces of English Sail Cloth sorted, Numb. 1. to Numb. 8; Grapnels and Anchors from Half a Hundred to 500 Wt. sorted; Brads and Wood Compasses; Bunting; Log Lines; Sand Glasses; hand Pumps; Scupper, and Pump-Nails; hand Leads and Lines; Trumets; Oakum; Pump Leather; Sail, and Bolt Rope, Twine; Houseline and Marline; Hambro', and deep Sea Lines; some Cordage; sheathing Paper; Flock Beds; Sailor's ready made Cloaths; and other Ship Chandlery.

LIKEWISE, Variety of European and India Goods, Rum, Sugar, &c. very Cheap, for Ready Money, or short Credit, Bills, Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, &c.

STEPHEN WEST.

N. B. George-Town is very conveniently situated for either Virginia or Maryland; a good Landing Navigable for Vessels of any Burthen. I expect every Day a large parcel of Rum, Sugar, Mellofesi, Coffee, Cotton, Chocolate, Wine, &c. and shall be constantly supplied with these Commodities.

Frederick-Town, February 26, 1760.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,
FOR raising Five Hundred Dollars, for purchasing a FIRE ENGINE for the Use of Frederick-Town, in Frederick County, to consist of 1750 Tickets at Two Dollars each, 532 of which to be Fortunate, without any Deduction, viz.

1 of 200 DOLLARS,	is	200
2 of 80	are	160
3 of 40	are	120
4 of 20	are	80
20 of 10	are	200
50 of 8	are	400
450 of 4	are	1800
1 First drawn Blank,		20
1 Last drawn Blank,		20

532 Prizes. Sum raised 500
1218 Blanks.

1750 Tickets at 2 Dollars each, is 3500

THE Overplus of the Profits after purchasing the FIRE ENGINE, and it's Appurtenances (if any) to be applied towards erecting of a MARKET-HOUSE in the said Town.

By the above Scheme there are little more than Two Blanks and a Quarter to a Prize, and the Profits retained are not quite Fifteen per Cent upon the Whole.

When the Tickets are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin (on 14 Days previous Notice, at least, to be given in this Gazette) in the Court-House of the said County, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Drawing, it is supposed, will be in Two Months at farthest, as a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged.

The Managers are, Messrs. Thomas Schly, James Dickson, Conrad Graft, Arthur Charlton, Christopher Edelin, Michael Ramar, Caspar Schaaf, Thomas Price, Levi Coban, John Cary, and George Murdock, who are to give Bond, and take an Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be published in this Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished; and the Prizes to be paid off without any Deduction.

Prizes not demanded within Six Months from the Publication aforesaid, to be deem'd as a generous Present for the Use intended; and applied accordingly.

N. B. The Value of Seven Shillings and Six Pence in Maryland or Pennsylvania Currency, will be received in Lieu of each Dollar in the Sale of Tickets; and the same Currency to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes by the fortunate Adventurers.

TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in Annapolis.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

THE
MAYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advice foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 8, 1760.

Last Sunday Morning arrived here the Ship ST. GEORGE, Captain JACOB WALTERS, from LONDON, which he left the 4th of March. By him we have English Prints to the 3d of that Month, from which we have taken the following Advice, viz.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, of March 1st.

DUBLIN, February 23.

YESTERDAY Morning a little before Eleven o'Clock, an Account was received, that a Body of French, supposed to be about 1000 Men, were landed at Carrickfergus, on Thursday Morning. Immediately upon the Receipt of this Intelligence, his Grace the Lord Lieutenant gave Orders for the assembling, with the utmost Expedition, at Newry, four Regiments of Infantry, viz. Pole's, Anstruther's, Sandford's, and Sebright's; and three Regiments of Dragoons, viz. Mottyn's, Yorke's, and Whitley's; and his Grace made no Doubt, that should the French be hardy enough to hazard themselves at any Distance from their Ships, the Troops, he should be able to get together, in a very few Days, will be more than sufficient to protect the Country from any Violence, and to drive them out of the Kingdom. And this Morning, at Half past Seven, a farther Account was received, that Lieutenant Colonel Jennings had suffered himself, with four Companies of Major General Strode's Regiment under his Command at Carrickfergus, to be made Prisoners of War: And that, on the 22d in the Morning, about Eight o'Clock, a Flag of Truce came to Belfast, and made a Demand of several Articles of Provisions, and other Necessaries, to be delivered that Day at Two o'Clock, promising to pay for them, and threatening, in Case of Refusal, to burn Carrickfergus, and afterwards to come up and burn Belfast also: With which Demands the Gentlemen of Belfast thought it best to comply. The French Prisoners of War had been removed from Carrickfergus and Belfast to Lifford.

DUBLIN, February 24.

This Evening, his Grace the Lord Lieutenant received the following Letter from Major General Strode, dated, Belfast, February 23, 1760, at Six in the Evening, viz.

INFORMATION of Benjamin Hall, Lieutenant and Adjutant to my Regiment, who, this Moment, arrived here, on his Parole, from Carrickfergus, in order to get Provisions for the Officers and Soldiers of my Regiment there, says, that, on the 21st Instant, three Ships appeared off the Isle of Magee, standing in Shore, for the Bay of Carrickfergus; and at Eleven o'Clock came to an Anchor, about Two Miles and an Half to the North-East Part of the Castle, and within Musket Shot of the Shore of Killbute Point. At this Time, the small Number of Troops, belonging to the Garrison, were at Exercise, about Half a Mile on the Road to Belfast; and, at a Quarter after Eleven o'Clock, the Guard was turned out, made up and marched off, to relieve that on the French Prisoners in the Castle; the rest of the Men continued in the Field of Exercise, where an Account was soon brought, that the three Ships, just come to an Anchor, had taken and detained two Fishing Boats, and, with them and several other vessels, were playing on and off betwixt the Shore and the Ships; on which, immediate Orders were sent to the Castle for both Guards to continue under Arms, and double the Centries over the French Prisoners, and be particularly strict and watchful over them, till such Time as they could be satisfied, whether they were Friends or Enemies; though, at the same Time, a strong Report prevailed with some, that it was an English Frigate, and two Store Ships: But, to be convinced what they were, after the Troops had assembled in the Market Place, the said Lieutenant Hall went off with a reconnoitring Party, and took Post on a rising Ground, where he could plainly perceive Eight Boats landing armed Men; and that they drew out in Detachments, and took Post on the Dykes, Hedges, and all the rising Grounds, from whence they could have the most extensive Views; upon which he gave the necessary Orders to his Non Commission Officers, and Men, to have a watchful Eye of their Approaches, and to take particular Care, that they did not get round them, by going at the Foot of the Hill undiscovered; in order to prevent which, he posted them himself, and told them, as soon as ever their advanced Guard came within Shot to fire upon them, and continue so to do, until they repulsed them, or, if necessitated to retreat, he likewise pointed that out to them, with Orders to take every Opportunity, on Advantage of Ground, in their Retreat, to retard the Enemy's Approach, and to be sure to keep a Communication with the Town as much as possible; and on this, he immediately went to the Town, and acquainted Lieutenant Colonel Jennings, where he found him with the Troops on the Parade; who immediately ordered Detachments to be made to defend the Gates of the Town, and all the Avenues leading thereto. Soon after which the reconnoitring Party retired, after having spent all their Ammunition; during which Time, the Lieutenant Colonel, and chief Magistrate of the Town, sent off the Sheriff, and Mr. Mucklewaine, (who is Captain of the Militia of the Corporation) with Orders to take off the

French Prisoners of War, and convey them with all Speed to Belfast, where they were to receive further Orders from me. By this Time the Enemy were in full March for the Town, which he computed to be near 1000 Men; and two or three straggling Hussars, on Horses they had picked up after Landing, attempted to enter the Gates, but, on the first Fire, retired, but were soon supported by Parties of Foot, who attacked both the North and Scotch Gates, as also the Garden Walls of Lord Donnegally, who were repulsed also, and kept back as long as the Men had Ammunition; on which Colonel Jennings ordered the Whole to retire to the Castle; which he had sufficient Time to do, as, at this Time, the Enemy was a little checked from our Fire; and would have been more so, had the Men had Ammunition. Before the Gates of the Castle were shut, they made their Appearance in the Market-place; and then it was in his Opinion the Destruction of the Enemy would have commenced, had it not been, that still (he begs Leave again to observe) the then dreadful Want of Ammunition, notwithstanding the Supply of Powder they had had, a few Days before, from Belfast, by my Order, but was in Want of Ball, and even Time, if they had that, to make them up; from which, the Enemy, finding our Fire so cool, attacked the Gates sword in Hand, which, from the battering of the Shot on both Sides, the Bolts were knocked back, and the Gates opened, and the Enemy marched in; but Lieutenant Colonel Jennings, Lord Wallingford, Captain Bland, Lieutenant Ellis, with some other Gentlemen, and about Fifty Men, repulsed the Enemy, and beat them back. Here it was, he saw great Resolution in a few Irish Boys, who defended the Gate, after it was opened, with their Bayonets; and those from the Half-Moon, after their Ammunition was gone, threw Stones and Bricks. Had this Attack of the Enemy been supported with any Degree of Courage, they must certainly have succeeded in it, but they retired back under Cover, leaving the Gates open with our Men in the Front of it, which gave them a short Time to consider what was best to be done; first to see the Men's Ammunition, which, if they had had any, would have certainly failed, and even so without it, had not Colonel Jennings, and all the Officers, thought the Enterprize too hazardous. Then they considered, if the Gate could be defended, the Breach in the Castle Wall could not, it being near Fifty Feet long; and, having but a short Time to deliberate, all agreed, a Parley should be beat, and Lieutenant Hall sent out to know on what Terms they might surrender; which was accordingly done, and, on his going out, found the greatest Part of the Enemy under Shelter of the old Walls and Houses before the Castle Gate; and after the usual Ceremony, demanded of the Commandant (the General being wounded) what Terms would be given the Troops on their Surrender, and at the same Time sent the Drum to call Colonel Jennings out of the Castle, in order to treat with the French Commandant on Articles of Capitulation, which, he says, as well as he can remember, were as follows, viz.

Colonel Jennings demanded, that the Troops should march out with all the Honours of War, and the Officers to be on their Parole in Ireland, and not to be sent Prisoners to France; the Soldiers also to stay in Ireland, and that an equal Number of French Prisoners should be sent to France, within one Month, or as soon after as Ships could be got ready for that Purpose.

Granted.

That the Castle of Carrickfergus should not be demolished, or any of the Stores destroyed, or taken out of it.

Granted.

That the Town and County of Carrickfergus should not be plundered or burnt, on Condition the Mayor and Corporation furnished the French Troops with necessary Provisions.

Granted.

This, as well as he can remember, was the Verbal Articles agreed on, though, on Writing them, the French Commandant, after consulting his Principal Officers, declared, he could not, by any Means, answer to his Master, the French King, granting to his Britannic Majesty the Stores in the Castle, which he insisted upon; and Colonel Jennings, to his great Grief, had it not in his Power to refuse, declaring solemnly, at the same Time, with a grave Countenance, that he had rather have been buried in the Ruins. To which the French Commandant replied, that he could not infer it in the Articles of Capitulation, yet he would give his Word and Honour, and did so, that, if there was nothing of great Value in the Castle, belonging to the King, besides Powder, he would not touch it, (which there really was not) but how far he will keep his Promise, is not yet known. Likewise the Magistrates of Carrickfergus, not furnishing the French with necessary Provisions, they plundered the Town, declaring it was their own Fault, as they were convinced they had it in their Power to supply them, as they had found enough in the Town afterwards.

Mr. Hall further informs me, that he has discovered by some of the French, there was a Disagreement betwixt their General and Captain Thurot, the General being for

the Attack of Carrick, and Thurot for landing at the Whitehouse, and attacking Belfast. He likewise judges the Frigates to be, one of 40 Guns, the other two about 20 each.

Lieutenant Hall begs Leave to present his Duty to your Grace, and hopes your Grace will excuse any Inaccuracy, that may be in his Description, as he was no ways provided with any Papers, but his Memory, and often interrupted by Numbers of Gentlemen of the Militia, who were crowding perpetually in the Room to receive Orders.

I beg Leave to subscribe myself,
Belfast, Feb. 23, 1760.
at Six in the Evening: My Lord, &c.
WM. STRODE.

[Thus far the Gazette.]
Florence, Feb. 2. Last Week anchored at Leghorn from a Cruise, his Britannic Majesty's Ship the Ambuscade, Capt. Balfett, Commander, having brought in two French Prizes of a considerable Value, which Vessels, as well as the Fame Privateer, and two other French Prizes brought in by him, were all drove ashore a few Days ago; but it is thought they might be got off without much Damage. The Favourite Sloop has likewise brought into Leghorn a French Ship laden with Cloth and Indigo from Marseilles, bound for Alexandria. A Detachment of 350 Recruits, to complete the Tuscan Troops in Germany, are to set out on the 15th Instant.

Hague, Feb. 12. It is said that the King of Spain has declared to the Earl of Bristol that he will join his Fleet to that of France, in Case England should persist in the Design of attacking Martinico. This Resolution of his Catholic Majesty is attributed partly to the Pains taken by the French Ambassador at the Court of Spain, and partly to an Opinion which his Majesty has adopted, that the English cannot make any further Conquests in America without giving Alarm to the Spanish Settlements there. There can therefore be no Reason to be under Apprehensions for Louisiana, the Invasion of which would enable England to make Encroachments upon Florida. It is thought that this first Declaration of the King of Spain is only a Prelude to something more decisive towards restoring the Liberty of Trade and Navigation.

Vienna, Feb. 13. A Train of Artillery, consisting of 26 Pieces of Cannon, 12 and 6 Pounders, went this Morning from our Arsenal for the Army of the Empire.

Prague, Feb. 13. An Austrian Officer just arrived from Warsaw says, that as he passed the Frontiers of Poland he met the Russian Army marching in several Columns, and followed by 5000 Waggon, with every Thing necessary for them to take the Field.

Paris, Feb. 15. A Ship lately arrived at Marseilles from the Levant has brought Advice, that the Town of Safat, in Palestine, and several adjacent Villages, have been swallowed up by an Earthquake. That Town, which is supposed to be the ancient Bethulia, was situated on a Mountain near the Sea, between Sayd and St. John d'Acre. It was much revered by the Jews, many of whom used to repair thither from all Parts of the World, in order to end their Days in the Land of their Ancestors.

LONDON, February 23.
They write from Plymouth, that the Hawke Cutter, with twelve Men and one Officer on board, attending Admiral Boscawen's Fleet, was lost in the late Storm.

There is Advice that two French East-Indiamen are arrived at Rochfort. Three arrived before at Port l'Orient. The whole Number that sailed from the Indies was six; so that one is still expected.

The City of Damas in Syria suffered so much by an Earthquake on the 25th of November last, that one third Part of the Buildings are destroyed.

The same Earthquake was still more violent in Palestine, where whole Towns and Villages were overturned.

An Earthquake was felt at Lisbon on the 11th of last Month, and another the next Day, accompanied with a subterraneous Noise; but no Damage was sustained.

Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, dated Feb. 17.

Yesterday arrived the Royal William, Admiral Boscawen; the Sandwich, Admiral Gray; with the St. George and Union Men of War, from the Bay.

Last Friday Night the Ranger of Bermuda, from London for St. Kitts, was drove on Shore in Cutwater. It is thought the Vessel will be left, but the greatest Part of the Cargo will be saved. In the same Storm two light Vessels were drove on Shore; one has broke her Keel, but the other has not received any Damage.

The Ramilies Man of War, as she was returning from the Bay, overshot this Port, and was left the same Night, about three Leagues to the Eastward of this Place, and all the Crew perished, except one Midshipman and twenty Men.

The Shrewsbury, Blenheim and Fairland Men of War were drove from their Moorings in Hammeaze, but received no Damage.

On Sunday last the Torrington Man of War sailed from Plymouth, with about sixty Sail of Transports under her Convoy.

Liverpool, Feb. 29. On Monday Morning an Express arrived here from the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, addressed to the Commander of any of his Majesty's Ships in this Port, which was immediately forwarded to the Tender lying at the Rock; at Noon the Commanding Officer sent a Message

LAND
old by the
nge, Crop

CRAB.

CENIX,
NDON,
is Store at
head of Po-

Sail Cloth
Grappells
500 Wt.
Bunting;
Scupper;
Trum-
Bolt Rope,
mbro', and
hing Paper;
loaths; and

and India
for Ready
eco, Wheat,
N WEST.

veniently situa-
good Landing
I expect eve-
Mellasse, Co-
sail be con-

26, 1760.

TERY,

ars, for pur-

Use of Fre-

to consist of

532 of which

tion, viz.

200

160

120

80

200

400

1800

20

20

raised 500

is 3500

after purchasing

s Appurtenan-

erecting of a

own.

little more than

Prize, and the

per Cent upon

the Drawing

Notice, at least

the Court House

ce of Five of

of the Adven-

will be in Two

Number of the

is Schly, Jamet

ton, Christopher

f, Thomas Price,

Murdoch, who

h for the faith-

shed in this Ga-

nished; and the

Deduction.

ix Months from

tem'd as a gene-

and applied ac-

shillings and Six

Currency, will

ar in the Sale of

to be accepted in

fortunate Adventu-

of the Managers,

police.

PRINTING-

d with this

and inserted

ong Ones.

upon the Magazine, and stating that his Grace the Duke of Bedford had informed him, that Thurot, with three Frigates, put into Carrickfergus, Lough on Thursday the 2nd Instant, &c. &c. Upon which Expresses were sent to Washington and Manchester, according to former Instructions from the War Office, requesting all the Military in those Parts to march immediately for this Town, as it was not known whether Thurot intended to visit us or not; and about nine o'clock on Tuesday Morning four Companies of the Southern Battalion of the Lincolnshire Militia came into the Town, having begun their March from Washington at two o'clock in the Morning, and at eight o'clock at Night the whole Northern Battalion of the Lincolnshire Militia came in from Manchester, consisting of ten Companies. On Wednesday Morning came in the Remainder of the Southern Battalion, consisting of six Companies, from Manchester. To the Honour of the British Marine, we can assure the Public, that immediately on Receipt of the Expresses from our Magistrates, their Officers ordered the Drums to beat to Arms, and they marched off for this Town in a few Hours, each Company consist of 60 Privates, a Drum, and 3 Sergeants, with their Officers.

London, Feb. 4. The following Gen. Officers are appointed for the Trial of Lord Charles Hay, Major General of his Majesty's Forces, who, we hear, is accused of every Military Crime that an Officer can be guilty of, except Cowardice and Desertion, neither of which Crimes are laid to his Lordship's Charge. Tuesday, the 12th of February, Judge Advocate's Office, Horse-Guards, is the Day and Place fixed for the said Trial.

Lieutenant General Charles, Earl of Cadogan, President.

Lieutenant-Generals. John Guise, Richard Onslow, Henry Pulteney, Sir Charles Howard, John Huske, John Campbell, John Lord Delaware, Sir John Mordaunt, James Cholmondeley, Henry Seymour Conway, William Earl of Albemarle, Henry Holmes, Lord Robert Manners, John Mordaunt.

In the last War, the small Privateer, the Charming Nancy, of Jersey, took 55 Prizes; the same Vessel was fitted out this War by the same Name, and, while she could swim, took 29 Prizes; about six Months ago she was rebuilt at Southampton, and has since taken two outward bound Martinico Ships, with Stores, so that in the whole she has taken 85 Prizes.

Feb. 9. An Officer in the Allied Army, by Way of Postscript, finishes a Letter to his Friend here thus: "The Highlanders at the Battle of Dillenberg on the 7th of January ult. cut to Pieces the greatest Part of the Regiment of Dragoons of Beaufremont, and mounted their Horses, which made such an Appearance as never was seen. The Highlanders are brave Fellows, they drive all before them."

Feb. 12. On Thursday last the Jamaica Merchants gave an elegant Entertainment at the Bedford Head to Admiral Holmes, on his being appointed Commander in Chief of a Fleet of Ships destined for the West-Indies.

Feb. 15. Letters from Hanover are full of the Preparations making throughout that Electorate for continuing the War with Vigour. Though they have already raised a Number of Men sufficient to recruit the Hanoverian Regiments, they continue enlisting with great Spirit, and talk of augmenting their Companies, and forming some Battalions of Light Troops.

Some Letters from Paris, by Yesterday's Mail, say, that a fresh Attempt has been made on the King's Life.

The following is the Substance of a Letter received at Cologne, from Petersburg.

"Every Preparation is making for a vigorous Campaign. The Empress, at the Solicitation of the High Chancellor, who is wholly in the Interest of the Courts of Vienna and Versailles, hath publicly declared her Intention to reinforce General Soltikoff's Army with 52,000 of her best Troops; and Orders have been issued for all the Regiments to advance to the Frontiers. It was long under Consideration, Whether the Army should be put again under the Orders of Field Marshal Soltikoff next Campaign; but after several Conferences held on this Subject, it was resolved that he should be continued in the Command. He owes this chiefly to the Chancellor, who places great Confidence in him: The Grand Master of the Ordnance, who is at present one of the Empress's chief Favourites, and a great Friend of Mr. Keith, the British Minister, wanted to have Soltikoff removed, but could not prevail; and if the Designs of the Austrian and French Ministers succeed, this Favourite will not long hold his present Share of the Empress's Esteem; for several Reasons, especially for his strenuous Endeavours to make her Imperial Majesty accept of the Proposals of the Kings of Great-Britain and Prussia."

The Royal William, Admiral Boscawen, which is put into Plymouth, was, by the high Winds, dismasted, and expected every Moment to have

been dashed to Pieces: She received other considerable Damage.

March 3. On Saturday the East-India Company received an Account of the Arrival of the Pitt and Warren Indiamen at Kinsale in Ireland.

Advices by the East-India Ship Pitt say, that Colonel Clive had obliged the Person whom the French had set up in Opposition to the Nabob of Bengal, Bahar, and Orissa, and who had invested Patna, to retire precipitately from thence upon the Colonel's Approach, who after he had settled the Tranquillity of the Country returned to Calcutta.

That soon after the Siege of Madras was raised, Major Brereton was detached with some Troops to harass the Rear of M. Lally's Army, which was abandoning the Country, Forts of Poonamalle and Trepassour, wherein some Guns and Ammunition were found that the French had not Time to remove. This and other detached Parties soon after joined the English Troops at Treparamadore, about 30 Miles from Madras; by which Time M. Lally had, with his whole Army, possessed himself of Conjeveram, a fortified Pagoda, 50 Miles distance from Madras: The English advanced within three Miles of that Pagoda, but were disappointed in their Hopes, notwithstanding all Efforts of bringing the Enemy to an Action, which M. Lally declined, tho' stronger by 200 Europeans; this induced Major Brereton to march to Vandewasli, a Country Fort, 40 Miles from Pondicherry, garrisoned by the French, which he attacked, hoping thereby to draw the Enemy from Conjeveram; this answered his Expectation, for altho' M. Lally had himself returned to Pondicherry, Major General Soupire, with the French Army, marched towards Vandewasli, and when within 10 Miles of it, the English Army moved towards him, and drew up in Order of Battle in Sight of the Enemy, continuing there three Nights; but M. Soupire had so entrenched himself that it appeared he had no Intention to come to Blows. It was then determined to make a forced March to Conjeveram, where the Enemy had 700 Seapoys, which done, on the 16th of April, the Gate-way was battered with two twelve and two six Pounders, and a Breach being soon made, it was storm'd and carried, many of the Garrison being put to the Sword. In the Pagoda 100 Horses, and some Provisions, were found. Our Army was cantoned here: The French returning to Arcot, 30 Miles from Conjeveram, and having no Pay, and but bad Provisions, it occasioned great Discontent and Desertion; all their German Hussars, amounting to eighty, have joined the English with their Horses and Accoutrements, and at least 400 of their other Men. On the 20th of June Mons. Lally joined his Army at Arcot, and moved towards Conjeveram, where the two Armies cannonaded each other for four Days, when Mons. Lally, whose Men continued to desert, retreated in the Night to Pondicherry.

The English Army remained cantoned in Conjeveram till the first of August, when Part of it under Major Monson advanced to the Attack of Conversepauk, which after two Days he took, granting the French Garrison a Capitulation. At the same Time Major Caillaud marched with 200 Europeans and some black Troops to dislodge the Enemy, who had taken Possession of Tirupoty, which he did with the Loss of very few Seapoys.

Maffulipatam was stormed and taken by Major Forde in April last, where he killed near 200, and made Prisoners about 300 French.

The Favourite Sloop from Pondicherry for Mauritius, taken by the Royal George, was brought into Madras Road the 14th of August last, with the Chevalier de Creilon and the Marquis de Chambois, Colonels, a Captain, and two Volunteers. This Prize was esteemed worth 40,000 Ruples.

The Ship Warren is also arrived at Kinsale, having left Madras the 20th of August last: She brings Advice, that the Winchelsea, Prince of Wales, Rhoda, Tilbury, and Britannia, had sailed for China; the two former the 22d of April, and the others the 19th of June. The Essex sailed from thence for China the 7th of August, and the Valentine and Suffolk were soon to follow. And that Admiral Pocock, then cruising between Pondicherry and Negaparam with his Majesty's Squadron, had taken under his Orders the Company's Ships Denham, Oxford, Pocock, Duke of Dorset, and Royal George.

The Ship Earl of Holderness was also arrived at Fort Marlborough.

Some Captains of Men of War, and some Captains of the Company's Ships, are suspended in the East-Indies.

We hear there is a large Train of Artillery, and

a vast Quantity of military Stores; such as are used in Sieges, now ready at Woolwich for Embarkation.

March 3. This Morning an Express arrived at the Admiralty-Office, with Advice, That Thurot, with his three Ships, were taken the 28th past, near the Isle of Man, in his Way down St. George's Channel, by his Majesty's Frigates *Aeolus*, Capt. Elliott, *Pallas*, Captain Clements, and *Brilliant*, Captain Logie: Thurot himself was killed in the Action.

From another Quarter.

As soon as Mons. Thurot set sail, with the Squadron under his Command, from Carrickfergus, it was imagined that his Design was next to make an Attack on the Town of Liverpool. Whereupon the Lincolnshire Militia was drawn out as a Security to that Part of the Coast. But happily his Majesty's Frigate the *Aeolus*, of 32 Guns, Captain Elliott; the *Pallas*, of 36 Guns, Capt. Clements, and the *Brilliant*, of 36 Guns, Captain Logie, two of which sailed from Kinsale in Search of the Enemy, came up with and engaged the Squadron near the Isle of Man: Monsieur Thurot was killed by the first Broadside from the English, and the three French Ships were taken. It is said the English had only five killed and thirty-one wounded. The Action was but very short.

On Friday the Court-Martial met; after the usual Forms of Swearing the Members and opening their Commission, Lord G. S. made a very elegant Speech, in which he mentioned his having often applied for a Court-Martial in Germany before he left the Army, and since he came home, to the Ministry, which, after a great deal of Application, having obtained, he thought himself happy in the Choice of the Honourable Members who composed that Court, by which he should have an equitable Trial, and an Opportunity of vindicating his Conduct to the Public. After he had done, a noble Earl asked him, *If he held any Commission in the Army?* To which he answered in the Negative; on which the Court was cleared for their private Debate; at the End of which the Court adjourned till Thursday; some say it was to take the Judges Opinion of the Power and Legality of their Court.

The Judges having given their Opinion in regard to the Authority of the Court-Martial, it's expected to sit and proceed on the Day they adjourned to.

The Torbay Man of War is sailed from Plymouth, with the Onslow, and Royal Duke, outward bound East-Indiamen.

The Juno Frigate is sailed from Plymouth, with the Victuallers under Convoy for Quiberon Bay.

Admiral Holmes and Sir James Douglass arrived at Portsmouth last Saturday Night; and on Sunday Morning a Signal Gun was fired for the Fleet of Merchantmen to get ready for sailing for the West-Indies.

Some Accounts brought over by the India Ships lately arrived in Ireland, say, that the Army defeated by Colonel Clive consisted of 60,000 Men, commanded by the Mogul's Son in Person, and that he had taken that Prince Prisoner.

The Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, has ordered six Regiments of Foot to be immediately raised in his Dominions, for the Use of the King of Prussia and his Allies.

By a List published at Madrid, the Troops belonging to Spain amount to 107,800 Men, viz. 90,580 Infantry, and 17,220 Cavalry.

His Majesty's Ship Vanguard is, we hear, to sail for Quebec the first Wind, and six Sail of Frigates with her.

Great Preparations are making for sending Troops to Germany; and a fine Train of Artillery, with proper Officers, &c. will be ready to embark in a few Days.

Lieutenant-General Honeywood's, and Lieutenant-General Dejean's Regiments of Dragoons, have Orders to embark directly for Germany.

Col. Laurence and Col. Draper are come home from the East-Indies.

Cork, Feb. 11. This Day arrived at Cove from Plymouth, his Majesty's Ship Nightingale, of 20 Guns, Captain Campbell. She is to convoy the Ships bound to North-America.

Galway, Feb. 14. Michael M'Daniel of New Ross, in the County of Wexford, Mariner, the only Survivor of the unfortunate Crew of the late Ship *Anne and Mary*, of this Port, which was wrecked on the Coast of Kerry in December last, arrived here on Saturday last, from whom we have the following Relation of the Sufferings of that unhappy Crew. He saith, that he, with eight others, sailed from Drontheim in Norway the first of September last, laden with Deals for this Town.

That after a Sea Weather, they or vation taken the to be within 15 in the opening of Allowance some how pleasing it was desired Port. But squally, in wearing overlet; in which about for the Spitting away the Rig (the only one the again: But during stove in, and whereby they lost they had left, but other Article that gating the Vessel, tasting a Morfel, equally shared an followed next not suggest. It was support the Rest; The first fell upon a poor Widow in for their immediate penfe with the Chaps before they further Recourse for them than th granted, and after Legs, which they a Morfel himself, ted to live 30 Ho the same Fate wa 3 Days before he Patrick Lee; an On these four Bo without any Kin they could catch the Rest subfi (Lot died in the of October to the the Vessel was d aforesaid. The were so worn out they were unabl Signs of Life, Care was extens about 30 Hours The same Care who, so soon as made the best dying Injunction aforesaid, who earnest Request, should, as speed to this Town, their miserable S

Geisport, Feb. Confirmation the into on the mel Majesty's Ship F and wailing is their Husbands, Children for the the Loss of their Capt. Taylor has left a Lady lable. A few castle upon a R Commander att and was carried

CH A R
About the M Inhabitants nea a Scout, came a Number, who lock near a d few Shot the Firing by bot Hours; at last some of his being much ex on Fire; and those two Mer same Time to were obliged t of seven India of the House, Dog followed River, where t till he was dro About the f Robert Gilles at Fort Dobbs ry, in Rowan and scalped l

as are used
for Em-

arrived at
that Thurot,
e 28th past,
St. George's
Colus, Capt.
d Brilliant,
killed in the

th the Squa-
ickfergus, it
xt to make
ol. Where-
awn out as a
But happily
Guns, Cap-
Capt. Cle-
ns, Captain
ale in Search
engaged the
sieur Thurot
the English,
n. It is said
d thirty-one
Short.

et; after the
ers and open-

S*****
he mention-
urt-Martial in
and since he

after a great
d, he thought
e Honourable

by which he
an Opportu-
Public. Af-

id him, if he
which he an-
the Court was

at the End of
urday; some
n of the Power

pinion in re-
t-Martial, it's
Day they ad-

iled from Ply-
al Duke, out-

lymouth, with
Quiberon Bay.
Douglafs arrived

and on Son-
d for the Fleet
sailing for the

he India Ships
the Army de-
60,000 Men,
in Person, and

er.
has ordered six
ly raised in his
of Prussia and

he Troops be-
800 Men, viz.
ry.

, we hear, to
fix Sail of Fri-

ng for sending
rain of Artil-
ill be ready to

s, and Lieute-
of Dragoons,
Germany.

are come home
d at Cove from
tingale, of 20
to convoy the

Daniel of New
Mariner, the
rew of the late
ort, which was

December last,
whom we have
fferings of that

he, with eight
Norway the first
for this Town.

That after a Series of contrary Winds and bad Weather, they on October 10th, from an Observation taken the Day before, computed themselves to be within 14 Leagues of the Islands of Aran, in the opening of this Bay. As they were put to Allowance some Time before, it is easy to judge, how pleasing it was to find themselves so near their desired Port. But that very Night, which proved equally, in wearing the Ship in order to lie to, she overlet; in which Condition she remained, tossed about for the Space of five Hours, when by cutting away the Rigging and Part of the Foremast, (the only one they could then come at) she righted again: But during this Disaster, her Counter was stove in, and her entire Cabin carried away, whereby they lost not only what little Provisions they had left, but also their Compass, and every other Article that could be of Use to them in navigating the Vessel. Ten Days passed without their tasting a Morfel, except two Rats, which were equally shared among the starving Crew. What followed next nothing but devouring Famine could suggest. It was agreed, that one should die to support the Rest; and accordingly they cast Lots. The first fell upon Patrick Lidane, the only Son of a poor Widow in this Town, who requested, that for their immediate Subsistence, they would dispense with the Calves of his Legs; and that perhaps before they should be necessitated to have further Recourse to him, Providence might do more for them than they expected. His Request was granted, and after cutting away the Flesh of his Legs, which they eat raw, and whereof he begged a Morfel himself, but was refused, he was permitted to live 30 Hours. The 2d Person who suffered the same Fate was James Lee, who was delirious 3 Days before he suffered; the 3d was his Brother Patrick Lee; and the 4th was Bryan Flaherty. On these four Bodies, which were eaten raw, and without any Kind of Drink, but what Rain Water they could catch in the Skulls of the killed, did the Rest subsist (while 3 of them who escaped the Lot died in the Forecastle) from the 20th or 21st of October to the 1st of December following, when the Vessel was drove into the County of Kerry as aforesaid. The Captain and the present Survivor were so worn out with Famine and Distress, that they were unable to stand, and scarcely shewed Signs of Life, and notwithstanding the greatest Care was extended to them, the Captain died in about 30 Hours after he had been brought ashore. The same Care was continued to the Survivor, who, so soon as he was in a Condition to travel, made the best of his Way hither, to fulfil the dying Injunctions of the Crew who fell by Lot as aforesaid, who severally made it their last and earnest Request, that whosoever should survive should, as speedily as possibly they could, repair to this Town, and there relate to their Friends their miserable Sufferings and sad Catastrophe.

Georgetown, Feb. 22. Words cannot describe the Confectionation the People of this Town are thrown into on the melancholy News of the Loss of his Majesty's Ship Ramillies. Nothing but weeping and wailing is heard in every Street; Wives for their Husbands, Parents for their Children, and Children for their Fathers, and others lamenting the Loss of their Friends. Capt. Taylor, who commanded the Ramillies, has left a Lady, who had lately lain in, inconvincible. A few of the Men leaped from the Forecastle upon a Rock, and were saved; the gallant Commander attempting to do the like, fell short, and was carried away by the Waves.

CHARLES-TOWN, April 9.
About the Middle of last Month a Party of the Inhabitants near Catawba River, that were out on a Scout, came up with some Indians, about 30 in Number, who were at that Time skinning a Bullock near a deserted House; after exchanging a few Shot the Indians took to the House, and a Firing by both Sides was continued for several Hours; at last one John Perkins, who had lost some of his Family by the Savages formerly, being much exasperated, proposed to let the House on Fire; another of the Party joined him, and those two Men bravely effected it, exposed at the same Time to the Fire of all the Indians, who soon were obliged to scamper, but not without the Loss of seven Indians shot, as they attempted to get out of the House, and one burnt in it; Mr. Perkins's Dog followed one of the wounded Indians into the River, where the Dog seized him, and held him fast till he was drowned.

About the same Time Mr. John Long, and Mr. Robert Gillespie, returning from Colonel Waddel at Fort Dobbs, to their own Houses, near Salisbury, in Rowan County, North-Carolina, were shot and scalped by the Indians, about seven Miles

from the Fort, and 20 from Salisbury; Mr. Long had eight Bullets lodged in his Body, and Mr. Gillespie seven; a Woman and four Children were likewise butchered in a most barbarous Manner.

April 16. On Thursday last came to Town some of the People who were at the Engagement with the Cherokees on Catawba River, and confirm most of the Particulars of that Affair; they further inform us, that the Number of Indians was forty, and the white People thirty. None of the latter were killed. Several of the dead Bodies of the Indians have been found in the Woods by different scouting Parties. Nineteen of the Indian Scalps were ready to be sent down when those People came away. At the Time when this Engagement happened, Col. Waddel was at Fort Dobbs, about 27 Miles N. E. from the Place; the Indians that escaped, and some others, attacked the said Fort, but were repulsed; and it is believed, that of all the forty Indians, not more than one is left alive, or will get back to the Nation. One of the Indians that was shot had no less than six green white Scalps, which the white People have now in their Possession.

BOSTON, April 21.
In our last we mentioned one of the New-York Packet-Boats being taken, but uncertain whether she was going to or from that Place; since which Captain Gilbert came to Town from Cape-Anne, and informs, that she was taken to the Westward of the Western Islands by a French Privateer, and not by a Frigate, as was reported; that there was on board her two English Officers Passengers, and a considerable Quantity of Indigo; so that there is now no Doubt but she was bound from New-York: By him we also learn, that Capt. Gilchrist in a Brig from New-York for Ireland, laden with Flaxseed; Capt. Hilchiff from Maryland for Liverpool, and a Vessel from the West-Indies for the same Place, were likewise taken by the said Privateer.

NEW-YORK, April 28.
By Captain Doake we are informed, that a Fleet of 36 Line of Battle Ships, besides Frigates, lay ready to sail from Spithead, with a Body of Troops on board 195 Sail of Transports, which were to be under their Convoy, supposed to be destined for the Coast of France: What Admirals and Generals were to have the Charge of this Armament, was not publicly known when the Lizard failed: That 26 Ships of War were to sail up the Baltic, in order to deter the Russians from acting with much Vigour this Year against his Prussian Majesty: That 15,000 Troops sailed from Spithead for Germany, under Convoy, 9 Days before the Lizard did: And further, that 5 Ambassadors had lately arrived at the Court of London, in order to try to negotiate for a Peace; but it was assured their Efforts on that Head would not take Place, this Year especially. We are also informed by Capt. Doake, that his Majesty's Ship Arundel, of 20 Guns, had taken a French Frigate of 36 Guns, which came from the Mississippi, and was bound to Old-France, very richly laden with Fur, Skins, and other Effects. She was taken 15 Leagues West of the Lizard, a few Days before the Lizard Frigate failed. The greatest Preparations ever known were making in all the Ports of Great-Britain for a vigorous Prosecution of the War, and there was a hard Press for Seamen, and new Levies were raising with Speed for the Land Service.

Wednesday last was sent in here by the Privateer Ship Duke of Cumberland, James Lilly, Commander, the Polacca St. Francis, Francis Dennis, Commander, from Cape-François, bound from Nantz; a Letter of Marque, having 10 Guns, and 25 Men. She failed from the Cape in Company with a Snow and a Brig; the latter is carried into Rhode-Island, and Capt. Lilly was cruising for the Snow, having chased her into a Port in Hispaniola: The Polacca was taken off Crooked-Island the 25th of March, and her Cargo consists of 150 Hogheads and 17 Casks of White Sugars, with some Indigo.

We are well assured that several Thousand Barrels of English Flour are bought in London for 8/6 Sterling per Hundred, and are shipped on board different Vessels for North-America.

Since our last four French Deferters came to Town from Albany, under a Guard, where they arrived some Days before from Crown-Point: They deferted from Nut-Island, on Lake Champlain: They say that 15,000 Men are collected together at Montreal, in order to attack Quebec in the Spring, in Case a Fleet arrives from Old-France to succour them; otherwise, it is said, they intend to submit to the English.

On Thursday Evening the Harriot Packet, John

Dod Bonnell, Commander, arrived here with the February Mail from Falmouth.

ANNAPOLIS, May 8.
Saturday last Afternoon, Died, at the Head of Severn, PHILIP HAMMOND, Esq; one of the Representatives for this County, and who, for many Years past, was successively chosen to serve in that Station; and in Eleven Sessions appointed Speaker. He was a Gentleman endow'd with great Natural Abilities, well acquainted with Public Business, and possess'd a large Fortune.

Capt. Walters informs us, that Capt. Curling, for this Province, sail'd about a Week before him, with the West-India Convoy. They spoke with the Brig John & Elizabeth, Robert Liffien, Master, bound to South-Carolina, in Lat. 31: 55, Long. 68: 55, all well.

By Letters brought by Capt. Walters, dated in February, we learn, That a Convoy was order'd, with the Ships for Chesapeake, and to sail the latter End of March.

Friday last James Horner was Executed in Dorchester County, pursuant to his Sentence at the Provincial Court, for a Rape.

By PERMISSION of his EXCELLENCY.
For the BENEFIT of
Mrs. MORRIS.

This present EVENING,
(Being the last Play but one to be Acted here)
At the THEATRE, in this City, will be presented,
a COMEDY, alter'd from Shakespeare by the
Right Honourable the Lord Lansdown, call'd,

The JEW of VENICE,
Or,
The FEMALE LAWYER.

Bassanio, Mr. DOUGLASS: Antonio, Mr. SCOTT:
Gratiano, Mr. A. HALLAM: Lorenzo, Mr.
MORRIS: Shylock, Mr. HALLAM: Duke, Mr.
MURRAY.

Portia, Mrs. DOUGLASS: Nerissa, Miss CRANE,
Jessica, Mrs. MORRIS.

To which will be added, a DRAMATIC SATIRE,
call'd,

LETHE, or, ÆSOP in the SHADES.
In which will be introduced the new Character of
Lord CHALKSTONE, by Mr. HALLAM.

Between the Acts, SONGS by Mrs. MORRIS.

TICKETS may be had of Mrs. Morris, at
the PRINTING-OFFICE, and at the Bar of Mr.
Middleton's Tavern.

BOXES 10s. PIT 7/6.
The Audience may depend on the Play's begin-
ning at Half an Hour after Six o'Clock.

CASTINGS, such as Iron-Pots, Griddles,
Baking Kettles with Lids, Dogs, Backs,
Kettles, Skillets, &c. &c. to be Sold very Cheap,
by
LANCLOT JACQUES.

A NY young Man, of a good Character, and
steady Conduct, qualified for a CLERK,
who wants Employ; may hear of a good Birth, by
enquiring at the PRINTING-OFFICE. Mr. Rossi

Patuxent Iron-Works, May 1, 1760.
THE Subscriber hereby gives Public Notice
to all Persons any ways indebted to him,
either by Bond, Bill, Note, or open Account, that
they are desired to come and make Payment, or
otherwise satisfy him for the same, by the Tenth
of June. Attendance will be duly given every
Monday, Tuesday, and Friday, in each Week,
till that Time: And all those concerned, who neg-
lect complying with the Requisites of this Adver-
tisement, may expect to be called upon in such a
Manner, as must prove Chargeable to them, and
Disagreeable to
RICHARD SNOWDEN.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Little, in
Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a
Bright Bay Mare, branded on the near Buttock C,
and about 3 Years old.
The Owner may have her again, on proving
his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE

THERE is at the Plantation of *Joseph Harts*, in *Prince George's County*, near *Broad-Creek*, taken up as a Stray, a White Mare about 10 Years old, branded on the near Buttock with something like an Z, she is very dull, and about 10 Hands high.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Joseph Harts*, near *Lower-Marlbrough* in *Calvert County*, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Iron Grey Colt, about 3 Years old, he paces naturally, one of his hind Feet is white, has a Snip on his Nose, and is dock'd; but is neither cut nor branded.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Eleazer Wal-*
leson, in *Queen-Anne's County*, taken up as a Stray, a Brown Bay Mare about 13 Hands high, appears to be 8 or 9 Years old, branded on the near Shoulder I with a Stroke across the middle, she has a white Spot on the Top Part of her Withers, and a hanging Mane.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Baltimore Iron-Works, April 28, 1760.
RAN away last Night Three Convict Servant Men, viz.

Richard Carman, a middle aged Man, of a pale Complexion, well-set, speaks in the West Country Dialect, has on a dirty Frock of Fusted Linen, and his other Apparel is such as Servants commonly wear, and very dirty, as he work'd in the Coal-ing Business.

John Carman, a lusty lubberly Fellow, and Brother to the above named *Richard*, is about thirty Years of Age, of a fresh Complexion, and speaks in the West Country Dialect. His Apparel is coarse and dirty.

James Singewood, belonging to *Col. Benjamin Tupper*, came into the Country this Year, he is about 30 Years of Age, brown Complexion, a middle-sized Man, well-set, and floops much in his shoulders, has a Parcel of greasy Cloaths which he brought with him from the Ship, and two white Shirts. He is an *Englishman*.

Whoever secures the said Convicts in any Prison, so that they may be had again, shall receive Fifty Shillings for each or either, if taken in this Province; and if out of the Province, Four Pounds for each, and reasonable Charges if brought home.

R. CROXALL.

N. B. *Richard* and *John Carman* are Weavers by Trade. They all may steal other Apparel, and change their Names.

St. Mary's County, April 28, 1760.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the 22d Instant, an Irish Convict Servant Man, named *Cornelius O'Neil*, a well looking Fellow, about 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, with a red Head and Beard, and wears a brown cut Wig, a brown Surtout Coat, a strip'd Swan-skin Jacket, and a blue Pair of Breeches; he is an impertinent Fellow, and is supposed to have a forged Pass as from *Capt. John Dickinson*, Master of the Ship *Sewale*, whom he came in with, and may pretend to pass for a Pedlar, as he had a small Pack with him when he went away; he may also pretend to be a Sailor, as he was on board the Ship all the while she was in the Country. Whoever secures the said Servant, so that he may be had again, shall have a Pistole Reward, beside what the Law allows.

JAMES MILLS.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, And to be SOLD by *SAMUEL EVANS*, Book-Binder, near *Mrs. Howard's* in *Annapolis*,

A COLLECTION of BOOKS, consisting of History, Law, and Physic; together with great Variety of School-Books and Stationary.

During his Stay here, which will be about two Months, he will Bind old or new BOOKS in the neatest and most expeditious Manner.

SEVERAL Tracts of very valuable LAND lying in *Frederick County*, to be Sold by the Subscriber, for Sterling, Bills of Exchange, Crop Tobacco, or Current Money.

HENRY WRIGHT CRABE.

RAN away last Night, a Servant Man named *William Stephenson*, a Scotchman; he is about 10 Feet high, smooth faced, has black Hair, a pleasant Countenance, and is very talkative. Had on when he went away, a light colour'd Duffel Coat, Oznabrigs Shirt, Yarn Stockings, and good Shoes.

Whoever delivers the said Servant to me, shall have Two Pistole Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

PHILIMON YOUNG.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR Raising the Sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds for Enlarging and Repairing the PUBLIC WHARF, and Erecting a GRAMMAR SCHOOL, in *Alexandria, viz.*

3 Tickets at £. 50	£. 150
3 Ditto at 25	75
10 Ditto at 10	100
20 Ditto at 5	100
40 Ditto at 2	80
745 Ditto at 1	745

821 Prizes. Sum raised 250

2179 Blanks.

3000 Tickets at 10 s. £. 1500

THE above is not three Blanks to a Prize, without any Deduction.

The Drawing to begin the first Day of September next.

The Prizes to be published in the *Virginia* and *Maryland* Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished.

All Prizes not demanded in six Months after Publication, will be deem'd as generously given to the Uses aforesaid.

The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, *George William Fairfax*, *William Ramsay*, *John Carlyle*, *Gerard Alexander*, *John Dalton*, *George Johnston*, *George Mason*, *John Hunter*, *Robert Adam*, and *John Blair*, Trustees of the said Town, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath that they faithfully discharge the Trust reposed in them.

Tickets may be had from the aforesaid Managers, or from *Col. John Champe*, or *Allan Macrae*, Merchant, at *Dumfries*; *Heber Ross* and *Benjamin Greyson*, Merchants, at *Colchester*; *Philip Richard Fendall*, of *Charles County*; *Messrs. Symmers* and *John Weldon*, Merchants, at *Upper-Marlbrough*; and at the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship PHENIX, Captain *Mc GACHIN*, from LONDON,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS; to be Sold at the Subscriber's Store in UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, by Wholesale or Retail, for ready Money, Bills, or short Credit.

DANIEL CARROLL.

March 26, 1760.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.
RAN away last Night from the *Baltimore Iron-Works*, on *Patapsco* in *Maryland*, two Convict Servant Men, viz.

Thomas Woodcock, a thin faced *Englishman*, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, dark Complexion, short brown Hair, stoops in his Walk, and snuffles in his Speech. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oznabrig Shirt, Country Shoes nailed round the Sole, Yarn Stockings; a knit Yarn Cap, and old Hat.

Lawrence Farrell, an Irishman, a lusty, well-set Fellow, about 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, black Hair, has a long sharp Nose, and lubberly Walk. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oznabrig Shirt, speckled Yarn Stockings, Country Shoes, and Felt Hat.

Whoever secures the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have, if taken in *Baltimore County*, Forty Shillings for each; if in any other County of the Province, Fifty Shillings; and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward for each or either of them; and reasonable Charges if brought home.

R. CROXALL.

N. B. They may steal other Cloaths, and change their Names.



THE PHENIX, a very fine Ship for Force and Heels, and carries about 600 Hogheads) now lying in *Patowmack River*, Takes in TOBACCO for LONDON, consigned to *Mr. JOHN STEWART* and Company,

at Twelve Pounds Sterling per Ton. She will sail about the first of June, but her Stay is limited, so that she cannot exceed the 10th of that Month. And the Insurance of the Tobacco is made in such a Manner in *London*, that the Shippers may have what they put on board insured so as to recover, in Case of Loss, from Five Shillings per Hoghead to Fifty Pounds per Hoghead, or they may choose whether they will accept of any Insurance or not; provided Notice of their Intention is given to Captain *William Mc Gachin*, or to the Subscriber, before the Bills of Lading are signed.

DAVID ROSS.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Thursday the 18th of October last, Two New Negroes; the one a Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, supposed to be about 25 Years of Age. Had on when he went away, a Crocus Shirt and Trowsers, and a new white Plating Jacket. He will answer to the Name of *Ifaat*. The other a Woman, is very small, talks in her own Language very fast, and appears to be older than the Man. Had on when she went away, a Crocus Shift, and a white Plating Petticoat; she also carried with her a Piece of greenish colour'd Cloth, which I suppose may supply the want of a Jacket. She will answer to the Name of *Sarah*.

Whoever takes up the said Negroes, and brings them to me at *George-Town* on *Patowmack River*, or secures them so that I can have them again, shall have a Reward of Twenty-five Shillings for each, besides reasonable Charges paid, if taken up 20 Miles from home, and delivered to me.

ROBERT PETER.

Since first publishing the above Advertisement, some Circumstances have been discovered, by which it is conjectured the above Slaves were stolen.

Virginia, March 20, 1760.

WHEREAS I have built a complete Forge with three Fires in it, with all Conveniences in and about the same, on a good Stream, which it is thought will supply the Works constantly so that I am now only in want of proper Officers to carry on the same, having both Woodcutters and Colliers (Slaves) sufficient to carry on the Works constantly, and a Furnace about eight Miles distant; and whereas the Success of such Undertakings depends on the good Management of the Works, and good Workmen; this is therefore to inform those whom it may concern, that a Clerk is wanted for the Forge, who is not only well acquainted with keeping Accounts, but capable of taking Charge of the same, to whom good Encouragement will be given, and a Prospect of advancing. A Hammerman is wanted at 25 s. *Pennsylvania Money* per Ton, and two strong young Fellows found to work with him; and two Finery Men at 30 s. per Ton, and two strong young Fellows to work with each of them. If either the Hammerman, or Finery Men, choose to find their own Hands, then I purpose to allow 35 s. per Ton for drawing, and 45 s. for making, to be paid in Specie half yearly, or quarterly, in Paper and Goods, &c. furnished very cheap. A good Dwelling-House, Garden, and Fire Wood, will be found. I will contract for three, five, or seven Years, on the above Terms. As the Post will now come down once a Fortnight, an Answer to any Letter will be returned by the same Post.

BENJAMIN GYMES.

P. S. I have Sloops that bring Ore from *Maale's Point* near *Baltimore-Town*, so that a Passage may be had from thence for any Household Goods.

Upper-Marlbrough, March 18, 1760.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscribers, in Account of above one Year's standing, are desired to make immediate Payment, or they may expect to be sued without further Notice.

ALEXANDER and ANDREW SYMMER.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Charles-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 15, 1760.

PETERSBURG, January 25.

EVERY Thing here shews that the War will be continued another Year, and accordingly the Preparations for carrying it on are more forward than usual. It is farther resolved, that from May till August the Army shall be supplied with Necessaries by Sea, and for that Purpose proper Measures for providing of Shipping are already concerted; but as we are not sufficiently stocked for that Service, foreign Vessels may be made Use of much to their Advantage. We shall act next Campaign upon a Plan of our own, and not follow implicitly that which the Court of Vienna may propose; by which Means we shall avoid many of the Inconveniences of the last Campaign. Our principal Object will be the Siege of Colberg. We can act on that Side with much less Difficulty and Expence than on the Side of Silesia, where all our military Stores and Provisions must be conveyed by Land Carriage.

Berlin, Feb. 2. We have the following disagreeable News from Anclam:

Two free Companies and a Battalion of Hordt's Regiment being posted in the Suburb of the above City, which is on the other Side of the Peene, were on the 28th ult. at Five o'Clock in the Morning suddenly attacked by the Swedes, who drove them into Anclam, and enter'd that City after them: On the first Alarm, Gen. Manteuffel hastened to the Succour of the Prussians, but was no sooner arrived than he unhappily received three Wounds from the Enemy, which brought him to the Ground, and tho' he defended himself with great Bravery, he was made Prisoner of War. A Major, 3 Lieutenants, and 187 Soldiers shared the same Fate. We had besides 13 Men killed, and 12 wounded; and the Enemy took from us three Pieces of Cannon. But Major General de Sutterheim having speedily mounted his Horse, and taken the Command of our Troops, he soon repulsed the Swedes, and made 38 of them Prisoners, among whom is one Lieutenant. The Enemy has made no fresh Attempt since, and our Troops are posted along the Peene, in order to receive them, should they again return to the Charge.

A Cartel is concluded between us and the Swedes for the Exchange of Prisoners.

Hannau, Feb. 7. Immediately after the Decease of the late Landgrave of Hesse, the Princess Mary of England, Wife of the present Landgrave, took upon her in Quality of Guardian of her Children, the Regency and Administration of the County of Hanau-Muntzenbourg, as belonging to her eldest Son Prince William of Hesse, by virtue of the Abjuration formerly made thereof in his favour by the Prince his Father; and her Royal Highness has sent a Patent enjoining all the Subjects of this County to acknowledge the Prince her eldest Son, as their lawful Sovereign, the Princes his Brothers as his lawful Successors, and herself as their Guardian during their Minority.

Hague, Feb. 13. They write from Constantinople that the Cities of Damascus, Antioch, Tiberiade, Safat, and Joppa, have been overthrown by Earthquakes, and those of Tripoli and Sidon much damaged.

Paris, Feb. 4. The 20th of last Month at a Quarter after Ten in the Evening a slight Shock of an Earthquake was felt here, but one much stronger at Versailles; and at Personne it was so violent for two or three Minutes, that the Inhabitants ran out of their Houses fearing to be swallowed up.

The Seine has also overflowed several Parts of this Capital, and laid all the flat Country under Water; inasmuch, that we apprehend a more considerable Inundation.

Hamburg, Feb. 19. Letters from Francfort on the Oder import, that the Russian Troops were actually coming forwards: That their Army was divided into three Columns; and that the Parties of one of these Columns, which is said to be 8000 strong, had already appeared in the Neighbourhood of Hernstadt and Gubrau. These Letters add, that if this Column is really intended for penetrating into Silesia, it will meet with great Obstacles, as Gen. Fouquet is posted with his Corps near Glogau, and some other Prussian Troops, will be assembled on the Oder below that Fortress. Magazines for the Subsistence of these Troops are already formed at Berlin.

Prince Henry of Prussia, who went to Wirtemberg for the Recovery of his Health, is so much better, that it is thought he will very speedily return to the Army.

They write from Thuringia, that the Troops commanded by the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick, are upon their March in order to rejoin the Allied Army, and take Winter Quarters in Westphalia.

Dresden, Feb. 13. A malignant Fever reigns amongst the Inhabitants and the Troops. Marshal Daun is often here. During his Absence the Command of the Army is intrusted to the Duke d'Ahremberg.

Berlin, Feb. 17. The King touched with Compassion towards the Widows and Children of the Soldiers who have died in his Service, has just caused a considerable Sum of Money to be distributed amongst them, as well as to the Poor of this Capital.

Versailles, Feb. 12. M. de Villemur, who was ordered by the Court to see the Officers of a certain Regiment at Metz exemplarily punished, arrived there the 4th in the Evening, and immediately ordered such of the Delinquents as were at

Liberty to be put under Arrest. Next Morning the *Generale* was beat, and when the Troops were all under Arms, M. de Villemur ordered strict Silence to be observed on Pain of Death. He then read, with a loud Voice, the Sentence, by which three Captains were condemned to be broke on the Wheel, and 45 others to be cashiered and degraded from the Rank of Noblesse. Twelve of the latter are moreover to be imprisoned for five Years, and the rest for one Year. The Sentence being read, the Delinquents passed, five at a Time, by the Scaffold where the Wheels were fixed, and after undergoing the usual Ceremony of Degradation, were conducted to their several Prisons.

Berlin, Feb. 14. We have actually 100 Pieces of Cannon in our Arsenal ready to be sent away to our Army. According to the last Advices from Saxony, the King was still at Freyberg, and both Armies in that Electorate remained very quiet.

Nuremberg, Feb. 12. The Armies in Saxony continue to oblige each other's Motions, and the Generals of the Army of the Empire are taking Measures to prevent their being surprized by the Corps of the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick.

Paderborn, Feb. 14. Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick has had his Head-Quarters here ever since the 30th of the last Month, and proper Parts are assigned for all the Troops under his Command during the Winter Season; part of them in this Bishopric, and the Remainder in those of Munster and Osnaburg. General Imhoff commands the Chain of Frizlar, covered by Marpourg and Dillenbourg, the interior Parts being occupied by the Hunters and Hussars.

Cassel, Feb. 15. The Corps of the late Landgrave our Sovereign, was brought on the 6th from Rintelen to this Place, and deposited in the Castle, where it is to remain to the Time of Interment, which is not yet fixed. His Serene Highness Prince Frederick, our present Landgrave, is expected here from Magdebourg, about the End of this Month. We are now actually raising in this Country a new Corps of 6000 Men.

Paris, Feb. 18. Eight Companies of Marines are gone from Brest to guard the Ships in the Villaine, which are entirely disabled. Notwithstanding the Number of English Ships cruising in those Parts, a Convoy of Troops, Provision, and Ammunition, is got to Belleisle, which will secure that Island from Danger.

According to the Accounts brought by the Ships that arrived a few Days ago from the East-Indies, there is reason to fear that the English will lay Siege to Pondicherry, as they are absolutely Masters of the Seas in that Part of the World.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Feb. 14. Tuesday last we had a most terrible Storm of Wind, during which a very melancholy Accident happened in the Firth: The Long-Boat belonging to the Stag Man of War, had put off from the Road, while the Weather was easy, for the Port of Leith. They had got pretty near the Harbour, when the Wind increased to such a Height, that they found it impossible to make it. They had nothing left, but either to regain their Ship, or make the opposite Shore. The first they likewise found impracticable; so were obliged to make for the Petticur of Kinghorn, and were within 100 Yards of the Shore when a large Sea overfet the Boat, and drove her to Pieces. There were on board a Lady, the Purser, Surgeon, Surgeon's Mate, a Midshipman, and nine Sailors, of all of whom the Surgeon's Mate was the only Person saved. The Purser had got so near Shore, that a Countryman (several of whom were endeavouring to assist) had caught hold of him; but a Wave obliged him to quit his Hold, and drove the unhappy Gentleman, already quite spent, upon the Rocks, where he perished, before any further Assistance could be given him.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Feb. 16. Many counterfeit Guineas, made of Brass, exactly resembling Guineas of the Year 1759, are now passing by some Villains in this City.

On Thursday the 7th of December last, the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor of this City, together with a Magistrate of the County, having perambulated the Liberties to see Peace and good Order preserved, were overtaken by a riotous Mob in Thomas-street, who drove a Bull with great Violence on them, and obliged the said Magistrates to retire into a House in the said Street, and that the said County Magistrate was obliged himself to bring the Puddle-guard there to prevent any further Mischief.

Galway, Feb. 11. By a Gentleman in the Neighbourhood of Sleeve Murree in this County, we are informed of one of the most shocking Instances of the dismal Effects of canine Madness that ever was related: A young Fellow of that Parish, who it seems had been bit by a mad Dog about three Years ago, but without the Appearance of any bad Effect, was married to a young Woman of the Village of Sleeve Murree about ten Days since, and were bedded together; but in a short Time after, the young Woman was heard to scream out in a frightful Manner, and to express the Words, *Lord have Mercy upon me! Surely you must be mad!* Her Complaints increasing, the young Fellow's Brother desired her Father to open the Door, that they might see what was the Matter; but he, unfortunately declined it, till her more dismal and dying Groans too late alarmed them! When bursting into the Room, they were presented with the horrid Spectacle of the young Woman, most shockingly massacred,

and he like a Fiend, wallowing in Blood, with her Liver, which he tore out of her Body, fast held in his Teeth. As he had a Knife in his Hand, and a Wildness in his Aspect not to be described, no Person would approach him; his Brother would have shot him, had he not been hindered; but at length, by a Noose, which by some Means they slipped about his Neck, he was further secured and tied down, to prevent his doing any further Mischief.

LONDON, February 9.

We hear the Landgrave of Hesse-Cassel, born Anno 1682, is actually dead. He is succeeded in his Dominions by his only Son Frederick, who married her Royal Highness the Princess Mary, 4th Daughter of his Majesty King George II.

Feb. 12. Yesterday Earl Ferrers was examined at the Bar of the House of Lords, touching the Charge against him, for murdering his own Steward, and afterwards committed to the Tower. He set out from Leicester Goal under a strong Guard on Monday, and arrived at Westminster Yesterday at Half an Hour past One, in his own Landau and six Horses: He seemed quite calm and composed; by his Dress he appeared like a Jockey, in Jockey Boots, a straight-bodied Cloth Frock, plain Shirt, and his own lank Hair. He desired, on going from the House, that neither his Mother, Brothers, Sisters, Aunt, or any Relation, would come near him; for he did not desire to see any Relations, or Acquaintances. We hear he is to be tried in about seven Weeks, and that the Form will be the same as at the Trial of Stourton, in the Reign of Queen Elizabeth; to whom, after being found guilty, her Majesty was pleased to give him his Choice, Whether he would be hanged in a Hempen or Silken Cord.

Extract of a Letter from Barnstable, Devon, Feb. 10.

"The 1st Instant, in a violent Storm, a new Ship of about 400 Tons was drove ashore, and overfet behind Oronhill; eleven of the Crew saved themselves in the Boat, and ten were drowned. The Captain, who continued on board, hung by the Rails of the Vessel, and saved his Life: But his little Boy that he held between his Legs perished with the Cold, and was washed overboard. 'Twas a shocking Sight to behold so many poor Souls lie dead, and one Side of the Vessel stove to Pieces, and carried away by the Violence of the Storm. She sailed from Bristol about ten Weeks ago for the West-Indies, and came back almost to our Bar, laden with Prize Goods, viz. Sugar, Coffee, Cotton, &c. consigned to Devonshire and Reeves, Merchants, in Bristol.

When the Tide is out, she lies dry a Quarter of a Mile from the Water, and the Country People are gathering up large Quantities of Goods that are left.

Feb. 28. The last Letters from Germany inform us, that the British Troops are extremely well satisfied with their Quarters, and have greater Plenty of Provisions than they could have expected. Prince Ferdinand is so charmed with the Behaviour of his Officers in general, that he has caused circular Letters, full of Praises and Thanks, to be distributed throughout the Winter Quarters.

We hear from Cornwall, that the Militia is almost completed, and that great Zeal and Loyalty have been shewn by the County in general upon this Occasion. The Officers, on being informed by the Lord Lieutenant that they would be soon drawn out, expressed their Approbation by declaring they had great Pleasure in serving their King and Country; and the private Gentlemen and Farmers, as soon as they knew the Number of Men appointed for their respective Parishes, entered into Subscriptions for raising Substitutes, each Parish being determined to furnish its Quota with none but the stoutest young Fellows: Some Parishes give six and seven Pounds a Man, and others ten, or twelve, or even more, rather than not have the Pleasure of procuring remarkably strong Men; so that by the Time they are thoroughly disciplined, there will probably be scarce such another Regiment in his Majesty's Service; and it is thought, should the French ever dare to put their Courage and Strength to the Test, they will have great Reason to style them the *second Regiment of Death*.

Bristol, Feb. 23. The Damages done in this City and its Neighbourhood by the violent Hurricane, are almost innumerable; few Houses having escaped being considerably hurt; several large Trees in the Square were forced up by the Roots; many Limbs were broken, and a poor Woman without Lawford's Gate was killed by the Fall of a Stack of Chimnies.

Norwich, Feb. 23. By the Storm of Wind on Friday Night last, considerable Damage was done in this City; the Tiles of many Houses were stripped off, and the Tops of Chimnies were blown down. From many Parts of the County of Norfolk we are informed of Barns and Stacks of Hay and Corn being overthrown, and several Trees torn up by the Roots. Two Lighters were sunk going from Norwich to Yarmouth.

Pakefield, Feb. 20. By the high Wind Yesterday in the Afternoon, a Fleet of Ships bound Southward were driven back. One of which, a laden Collier, unfortunately struck upon the inner Shoal off this Place, and by the Violence of the Waves was soon laid on her Side; and in about three Quarters of an Hour sunk, and all the Crew perished in the Sight of many Spectators. The Weather was so extremely tempestuous, as rendered it impossible for the Boats from Shore to give any Assistance.

Liverpool, Feb. 22. The Gale of Wind at S. W. felt in most

X. every
Force and
about 600
ing in Pa-
Takes in
ONDON,
JOHN
Company,
he will fail
limited, fo
at Month,
ade in such
may have
to recover,
Hoghead
may choofe
ice or not;
ven to Cap-
criber, be-
d Ross.

on Thursday
w Negroes;
s high, sup-
e. Had on
d Trowlers,
will answer
Woman, is
age very fast,
n. Had on
and a white
her a Piece
suppose may
ill answer to

s, and brings
wack River,
them again,
Shillings for
if taken up
to me.
T PETER.
advertisement,
red, by which
e stolen.

20, 1760.

complete Forge
all Conveni-
good Stream,
e Works con-
ment of proper
both Wood-
nt to carry on
e about eight
success of such
Management
; this is there-
concern, that a
o is not only
counts, but cal-
to whom, to
and a Prospect
wanted at 25 s.
o strong young
and two fine
ng young Fel-
If either the
se to find their
allow 35 s. per
making, to be
erly, in Paper,
cap. A good
e Wood, will
five, or seven
e Post will now
Answer to any
Post.

N GRYNES.

re from Maale's
a Passage may
old Goods.

Feb 18, 1760.

Subscribers, in
's standing, are
nt, or they may
notice.

W SYMMER.

PRINTING-
with this
and inserted
ng Ones.

most Parts of England on Friday Night last, proved fatal to several Persons here. William Smith, John Brundred, and their Wives, together with the Master of a Coal River Flat, were drowned, happening unluckily to be on board two Flats which were sunk on the Bank opposite the North Dock. A Number of smaller Craft were driven on Shore, and several Boats dashed to Pieces on the Strand; the Height of the Gale being in the Night, prevented Assistance: Several Persons saved themselves by climbing up the Shrouds, and holding fast by the Vessels and Mast-heads.

DUBLIN-CASTLE, February 25, 1760.

INTELLIGENCE has been received this Day, that on the 14th Instant the French remained in the Town and Castle of Carrickfergus, in Number about 700 of regular Troops, with 300 Marines, who are said to be on board the 3 Frigates: That the Officer who commands their Troops is a Major-General, and had a Dispute with Monsieur Thurot, about the Manner and Place of their being to land, the former insisting upon disembarking their People five Miles below Carrickfergus, which he effected, the latter insisting upon landing at White-house, in order to attack the Town of Belfast. That by some Accident the Gunpowder which they found in the Castle of Carrickfergus, is all, or a great Part of it, lost or damaged. That they have hauled the two smallest of their Ships as near the Castle as they can float. That there is in the River a Letter of Marque Ship of 16 Guns, and 100 Men, as also a small Tender of 8 Guns, and 40 Men; and that the former had stopp'd the Supplies sending to them from Belfast, and still detained them. That there are about 300 of his Majesty's Troops in the Town of Belfast, and that the Number of armed Protestants assembled there, amounted to near 4000, all in great Spirits, and under no Kind of Apprehension for the Safety of that Town.

Dublin, February 26. Upon the Reduction of the Garrison of Carrickfergus, a French Officer arrived at Belfast with a Flag of Truce, demanding 50 Hogheads of Claret, 30 Pipes of Brandy, 25 Tons of Bread, 2 Tons of Onions; and if they did not immediately comply with these Terms, they would first lay the Town of Carrickfergus in Ashes, and afterwards proceed directly to Belfast. The principal Inhabitants of Belfast agreed to these Propositions, and furnished most of the Materials as fast as they could be collected: However, not placing an implicit Confidence in Gallic Faith, they wisely exerted the best Means in their Power to fortify their Town, and themselves, against an Attack. There is a most glorious Spirit at this Time displayed in the Northern Militia; 11 or 1200 fine Fellows under Arms by Six o'Clock Yesterday Evening at Belfast. Impatient for Engagement, above 300 proceeded this Morning from our Town and Neighbourhood; and upon the lowest Calculation I can make, there will not be less than 3000 Militia Men this Evening at Belfast. We have the Pleasure also of hearing, that Lord Drogheda's Light Horse passed through Lisburn about Two o'Clock this Morning, who, from their Alacrity and Expedition, well deserve the Title of Hunters. The last Intelligence received from Belfast is, that the French are now entrenched about Mid-way between Belfast and Carrickfergus; that they made a new Demand this Morning of 1000 Pounds Worth of Provisions; that the Town answered, Their Demands were so extravagant they were obliged to reject them; that if they expected further Supplies from Belfast, they must come and take them. Mons. Thurot's Undertaking has, from the very Beginning, appeared a most desperate one, and should he persevere in the Enterprize, and risk an Engagement, we have little Reason to doubt of Success; for, when we consider that three Frigates, one of 40, and two of 32 Guns each, could not well contain 1000 Soldiers; 3000 Militia Men fighting (*pro Aris & Focis*) aided also by some Troops of the Standing Army, cannot fail of Conquest. The most probable Opinion is, that the French will, in a very short Time, secure their Retreat. As they are now Masters of Carrickfergus, it is not possible for us to intercept their Return to their Ships.

Never did a greater Spirit of Unanimity, Loyalty, and Courage, appear in any Country, than what there is now in this Kingdom; the Parliament having voted 300,000 l. more, last Monday, for his Majesty's Service, by a Vote of Credit at five per Cent. and one more upon the 150,000 l. before granted; the People in all Parts of the Kingdom arraying themselves in Defence of their Country, to oppose an Invasion; and such is the Eagerness of the common People in the North, that Numbers of them who cannot get Arms, are providing themselves with Daggers, Cutteaus,

Pickaxes, Shovels, Pitchforks, &c. to attack the French at Carrickfergus, &c.

March 4. Private Letters advise, that the two inferior Frigates of Thurot, struck immediately upon the Surrender of the Marshal de Belleisle. The English Ships took each their Vessel to combat with. The Pallas was commanded by Capt. Clements, and the Brilliant by Capt. Logie. The Trade of this Kingdom, particularly the Baltic, is hereby relieved from a troublesome flying Squadron, and France has not only sustained a fresh Loss by this Event in her little Navy, but more so in the Death of an active and experienced Naval Partizan.

We hear that some Officers are suspended, for being absent from their Posts when the French landed in Ireland.

Several Regiments have Orders to be in Readiness against the 9th Instant, when they will be assembled together, and soon after embark on board the Transports prepared for that Purpose, attended by a formidable Fleet, in order to set out on a grand Expedition.

It is assured that the Army under Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick next Campaign will consist of 100,000 Men.

March 6. By an Officer, who arrived with the Express from Captain Elliot, we are informed, that M. Thurot was killed by the second Broadside. He received his Death's Wound from a Ball which entered his Throat close to the Windpipe; and when the Belleisle struck, he was found among a great Number of dead Bodies, on the Quarter-deck, which were all thrown overboard. He had given Orders, that in case he fell, he might be served to himself; but Captain Elliot distinguished him from the Rest, and ordered his Corpse to be brought on Shore on the Isle of Man.

An Augmentation is ordered to be made forthwith of ten Men per Company, to each of the three Regiments of Foot-guards.

Orders are given for near twenty independent Companies of Foot to be raised with the greatest Expedition.

We hear Orders will be given for building some Forts in the North of Ireland, and repairing others, which are to be garrisoned, and supplied with Necessaries, to prevent any Surprise in those Parts.

March 8. It is rumoured that the Norfolk Man of War, which sailed from Portsmouth the 6th of January, in Company with the Panther Man of War, for the Brazils, is lost off the Island of Madeira.

We hear that eleven Ships of the Line, and 4 Frigates, with a considerable Number of Land Forces on board, sailed from the Island of Mauritius the 4th of August, upon an Expedition against Bombay; those Land Forces consisted mostly of Indians, disciplined by the French as well as they could. We are likewise told, that the Dutch being at a Loss how to assist the French in the East-Indies without coming to an open Rupture with Great-Britain, have hit upon an Expedient, which they imagine will pass Muster; and that was to declare War against the Nabob in the English Interest; in Consequence of which, eight Men of War have sailed from Batavia with a good Number of Land Forces on board.

Thursday Orders were issued out at the War-Office for 8000 Men, under the Command of ten Field Officers, to hold themselves in Readiness to march at a Minute's Warning to the Isle of Wight, to encamp till further Orders.

According to Letters from Versailles, by the Way of Holland, the Preparations making by the French Court for the Reduction of Hanover are carried on with the utmost Diligence; and we are told, that immediately after the Tenth of this Month, 17 Battalions were to begin their March through the Austrian Low Countries for the King's Army in Germany.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, March 9.

Early on Friday the Fleets from Spithead fell down to St. Helens, in order to proceed to their several Destinations. The Fleet bound for the East-Indies got clear off that Evening, as did that for the Downs; but that for the West-Indies, which is very large, brought to at St. Helens, the Wind coming about to W. N. W.

This Morning, at Ten o'Clock, Admiral Holmes fired a Gun at St. Helens, and hauled home his Sheets, on which the whole Fleet began to get under Way, and, if the Wind does not oppose them, they will get into the Offing at near East.

We hear a Number of Engineers, Miners, &c. will soon set out for Louisbourg, in order to blow up the Fortifications, and otherwise destroy that Place, so as to render it useless to any Power.

'Tis now again said that a powerful Fleet will be sent into the Baltic.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, March 10.

This Morning Admiral Holmes, in the Cambridge with the Vanguard and Dublin, sailed from St. Helens, with all the Ships under their Convoy for America and the West-Indies.

We find, by our last Accounts from the East-Indies, that seven Dutch Men of War, who had 500 Troops on board, had put into Bengall, and, upon their not giving a satisfactory Account of themselves, Admiral Pocock signified to them, that if they went any farther up the Country, or landed any of their Troops, he should look upon them as Enemies to our King and Country, and should take Methods accordingly.

Admiral Broderick, with the Fleet under his Command, was cruising off Gibraltar the 10th ult.

We hear that the French King has settled a Pension of 400 Livres per Annum on M. Thurot's Father.

Orders are given for conveying the French Prisoners taken on board Captain Thurot's Squadron, at Ramfay, in the Isle of Man, by the Æolus, Brilliant and Pallas Men of War, to Plymouth; where they are to be secured in the several Hospitals and other Places appointed for that Purpose, till a general Cartel is granted for an Exchange of Prisoners of War.

March 8. The Mayor of Carrickfergus was on board the Marshal Belleisle, when taken off the Isle of Man by the gallant Captain Elliot. M. Thurot had brought him from thence as an Hostage, that an equal Number of French Prisoners, with those taken at the above Place, should be sent to France.

By a Letter from on board the Pallas Frigate, in Ramfay Bay, dated February 29, we are informed, that M. Thurot intended to have landed on the Isle of Man, and raised Contributions there, and also to have attempted taking the Shipping at Liverpool and Whitehaven, before he returned to France.

They write from Cumberland, that as soon as they heard of Thurot's being at Carrickfergus, they assembled together, well armed, as expecting a Visit from him, and formed themselves into ten independent Companies, giving each other their Words, to defend their Properties at the utmost Hazard of their Lives.—A laudable Example on any future Occasion.

Captain Elliot, of the Æolus, who had the Honour of conquering the celebrated Thurot, is Brother to Gilbert Elliot, of Minto, Esq; one of the Lords of the Admiralty, and not more than 26 Years of Age.—Happy Æra! when Britain can boast a List of Heroes at an Age seldom known (and then but as a Prodigy) in the Times of ancient Greece and Rome.

The following is a List of the Provisions which were demanded by the French from the Town of Belfast, viz. 40 Hogheads of Wine, 20 Hogheads of Brandy, 30 Barrels of Pease, 3 Bags of Onions & Garlic, 60 Beeves, 4 Barrels of Vinegar, 4000 Weight of Biscuit, 1000 Weight of Tobacco, 600 Weight of Candles, 400 Weight of Rice, and 100 Weight of Sugar.

The Castle of Carrickfergus is an old Fortification, now out of Repair, and almost incapable of making Defence; a Circumstance the more extraordinary, as it is the only Magazine in the North of Ireland, from which all the Troops in that Part of the Country are supplied with Powder, &c. 'Tis probable the weak Situation of this Place was not unknown to the French Commander; which, with the Prospect of being able to release the Prisoners, and to make himself Master of the opulent City of Belfast, only eight Miles distant, was no inconsiderable Incentive to his daring Attempt.

By a private Letter from Germany, of good Credit, by last Mail, we learn that the King of Prussia will take the Field this Spring with not less than 180,000 Men.

March 13. Ten Ships of the Line, and four Frigates, are ordered to be victualled immediately, with six Months Provisions, at full Allowance, to proceed on foreign Service.

The grand Fleet, now equipping for Sea, will be the most formidable of any that has sailed during the War; we hear it is to consist of 28 Capital Ships of the Line, besides Frigates, Sloops, Fire-ships, Bomb-ketches, and Transports. This Fleet, it is said, is to be accompanied by about 14,000 Land Forces, including a Draught of Engineers, Bombardiers, and Matrosses, to the Amount of 500 Men: Its Destination is kept a Secret.

Last Sunday Admiral Boscawen, in the Namur, with

with the Royal V. Victuallers, failed from Scotland at Capt'n Lockhart of his Majesty's S.

March 15. W. rickfergus, by L before M. Thuro Collier coming in took 50 Hogheads her on Fire; and the latter, he put board, and brought

The Fleet said hear, is to consist 70, seven of 60, pected it will be next Month.

It is reported t actually ready to Sir Thomas Robi able Personage, t intended Congress a General Peace.

Extract of a " Since my lat tween the Prussia have received th

" General Be of Austrians at G ened for Provision formed a Plan for the Neighbourho

" Accordingly his whole Force Execution; and within Half a G ters, before they

" The Prussia of their Approa Troops under Ar but the Austrian ber, and he no obliged to retrea his Horse, was that ran to his A were all disarme a strong Party fo

" By this tim Foot rallied, an of fresh Men, t ously, that they and obliged to r Time to send which they were sian Horse puri and took 32 Pri their main Bod killed and woun

" The killed consist of abov prired and fled pursued by the in Search of ou

" Since the happened in th

Dublin Castle informed, that barked at 6 o failed. They the Officers an Carrickfergus, changed. Bri manded the L wounded in th is Mon. Gave Mayor of Car men of the T and threw the into the Sea.

Belfast, Ma Harbour, and his Majesty's mander.

The Pallas soners, 100 o all that were now landed To-morrow t of bringing t to prevent t Wounded.

Lieutenant three Men v the Colours tempt M. T his first Ord

Fleet will
March 10.
Cambridge
St. Helena
for America

the East-
r, who had
engall, and
Account of
d to them,
Country, or
d look upon
Country, and

t under his
the 10th ult.
as settled a
M. Thurot's

French Pri-
s. Squadron,
the *Aeolus*,
o Plymouth;
several Hof-
that Purpose,
Exchange of

ckfergus was
men taken off
Captain Elliot,
thence as an
French Pri-
Place, should

Pallas Frigate,
we are in-
o have landed
butions there,
the Shipping
re he returned

that as soon as
Carrickfergus,
as expecting
selves into ten
ch other their
at the utmost
Example on

o had the Ho-
thurot, is Bro-
sq; one of the
more than 26
men Britain can
eldom known
imes of ancient

visions which
the Town of
ine, 20 Hog-
afe, 3 Bags of
els of Vinegar,
at of Tobacco,
t of Rice, and

an old Fortifi-
most incapable
nce the more
azine in the
all the Troops
supplied with
ak Situation of

French Com-
of being able
make himself
left, only eight
le Incentive to

any, of good
t the King of
g with not less
ine, and four
d immediately.
Allowance, to

g for Sea, will
has failed du-
ft of 28 Capital
Sloops, Fire-
s. This Fleet
y about 14,000
t of Engineers,
The Amount of
Secret.

in the Nature,
with

with the Royal William, two Frigates, and the
Victuallers, failed from Plymouth for the Bay.

Commodore Boys, with his Squadron, is arrived
from Scotland at the Nore.

Capt'n Lockhart is appointed to the Command
of his Majesty's Ship Bedford, at Chatham.

March 15. We have an Account from Car-
rickfergus, by Letters by Yesterday's Post, that
before M. Thurot sailed, he seized, a Brig and a
Collier coming in; out of the former of whom he
took 50 Hogheads of Sugar, and afterwards set
her on Fire; and, after throwing the Coals out of
the latter, he put some of his Land Forces on
board, and brought her with him.

The Fleet said to be destined for the Baltic, we
hear, is to consist of two Ships of 80 Guns, six of
70, seven of 60, and six Frigates; and it is ex-
pected it will be ready for Sea by the Beginning of
next Month.

It is reported that one of his Majesty's Yachts is
actually ready to carry over the Earl of Halifax,
Sir Thomas Robinson, and another Right Honour-
able Personage, to Holland, in order to go to the
intended Congress at the Hague, or elsewhere, for
a General Peace.

Extract of a Letter from Freyberg, Feb. 27.
"Since my last a small Affair has happened be-
tween the Prussians and Austrians, of which we
have received the following Particulars.

"General Beck, who was posted with a Body
of Austrians at Grossen Hayn, being greatly strait-
ened for Provisions, which were become very scarce,
formed a Plan for seizing the Prussian Magazine, in
the Neighbourhood of Torgau.

"Accordingly last Wednesday he marched with
his whole Force, in order to carry his Plan into
Execution; and came on so briskly, that they were
within Half a German Mile of the Prussian Quar-
ters, before they were discovered.

"The Prussian General Czritz being informed
of their Approach, he immediately got Part of his
Troops under Arms, and put himself at their Head;
but the Austrians being greatly superior in Num-
ber, and he not timely supported, he was soon
obliged to retreat in Confusion; and, falling from
his Horse, was taken Prisoner, with two Officers
that ran to his Assistance, with about 40 Men, who
were all disarmed, and sent off immediately with
a strong Party for Grossen Hayn.

"By this time the Prussian Horse appearing, the
Foot rallied, and being joined by two Companies
of fresh Men, they attacked the Austrians so furi-
ously, that they were soon repulsed in their Turn,
and obliged to retreat precipitately, before they had
Time to send off any Part of our Magazine, of
which they were actually in Possession. The Prus-
sian Horse pursued them for two German Miles,
and took 32 Prisoners, who could not keep up with
their main Body; and they left behind them 27
killed and wounded.

"The killed and wounded on our Side did not
consist of above 80; our Troops, who were sur-
prised and fled at the first Onset, not having been
pursued by the Austrians, who went immediately
in Search of our Magazine.

"Since the above Affair, nothing material has
happened in these Parts."

Dublin Castle, Feb. 27. By an Express we are
informed, that the French Troops were all em-
barked at 6 o'Clock Yesterday Morning, but not
sailed. They have left Lieut. Col. Jennings, and
the Officers and Soldiers who were with him at
Carrickfergus, under Parole, not to serve until ex-
changed. Brigadier General Flobert, who com-
manded the Land-Forces, is left at Carrickfergus,
wounded in the Leg. Their present Commander
is Mon. Gavenac, who has taken with him the
Mayor of Carrickfergus, and three other Gentle-
men of the Town. They plundered the Town,
and threw the Powder they found in the Magazine
into the Sea.

Belfast, March 1. This Morning arrived in our
Harbour, and came to Anchor off Carrickfergus,
his Majesty's Ship Pallas, Captain Clements Com-
mander.

The Pallas brought with her about 500 Pri-
soners, 100 of whom are Officers, being almost
all that were with the French Squadron, who are
now landed at Carrickfergus, and she is to return
To-morrow to join the Squadron. The Occasion
of bringing the Prisoners here was to ease the Ships,
to prevent an Infection from the Number of
Wounded.

Lieutenant Sharpe, of the Pallas, says, that
three Men were killed in attempting to strike
the Colours of the Belleisle; during which At-
tempt M. Thurot was killed, ten Minutes after
his first Orders to strike.

From the LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, March 6, 1760.

Copy of a Letter from Captain ELLIOTT, of his
Majesty's Ship *Aeolus*, to Mr. Cleveland, dated in
Ramsay-Bay, in the Isle of Man, the 29th of Fe-
bruary, 1760.

PLEASE to acquaint the Right Honourable my
Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that
on the 24th Instant I received Information at Kin-
sale, from his Grace the Lord Lieutenant of Ire-
land, that there were three of the Enemy's Ships
at Carrickfergus. The same Evening I sailed with
his Majesty's Ship under my Command, together
with the Pallas and Brilliant, in Quest of them. I
made the Entrance of Carrickfergus, on the Even-
ing of the 26th, but could not get in, the Wind
being contrary, and very bad Weather. On the
28th, at 4 in the Morning, we got Sight of them,
and gave Chace. At Nine I got up along Side
their Commodore, (off the Isle of Man) and in a
few Minutes after the Action became general, and
lasted about an Hour and Half, when they all three
struck their Colours. They are, the Marshal Bel-
leisle, of 44 Guns, and 545 Men, including
Troops, M. Thurot, Commander, who is killed;
the La Blond, of 32 Guns and 400 Men, com-
manded by Captain La Kayce; and the Terpsi-
chore, of 26 Guns, and 300 Men, commanded by
Capt. Defraudais. I put into this Road to repair
the Ships, who are all much disabled in their Masts
and Rigging, the Marshal Belleisle in particular,
who lost her Bow-sprit, Mizen-mast, and Main-
yard, in the Action, and it was with great Diffi-
culty we prevented her sinking. It is with the
greatest Pleasure I acquaint their Lordships, that
the Officers and Men of his Majesty's Ships be-
haved remarkably well on this Occasion. I shall
use the greatest Dispatch in getting the Ships
refitted, and propose to return to Plymouth, or
some other Port in England, as soon as possible,
if I do not receive their Lordships Directions be-
fore the Ships are got ready.

Inclosed is an Account of the Killed and Wound-
ed on board his Majesty's Ships. I am, &c.

JOHN ELLIOTT.

In his Majesty's Ships Killed and Wounded.

<i>Aeolus</i>	-	-	4	15
<i>Pallas</i>	-	-	1	5
<i>Brilliant</i>	-	-	0	11

N. B. I find it impossible to ascertain the
Number of the Enemy killed and wounded, but
by the best Accounts I can get, they amount to
about 300.

NEW-YORK, May 5.

Extract of a Letter from Falmouth, March 13, 1760.

"Admiral Boscawen is gone into the Bay to keep the
French Fleet in. A Fleet of 22 Sail of the Line, we shall
certainly send into the Baltic, as soon as the Season will per-
mit, to be a Check on the Russians, to prevent their supply-
ing their Army against the King of Prussia."

ANNAPOLIS, May 15.

Saturday last arrived here the *Snow Fortune*, Captain
Alexander Christie, in 35 Days from Lisbon. In Latitude
25: 30; and Longitude 50 Deg. he spoke with Capt. Samuel
Boyle, in the *Friendship*, from London, for South-Carolina,
who had had the Misfortune of losing his Head and Bow-sprit,
by another Ship running foul of him. He had several Pas-
sengers on board, all well.

Capt. Christie says, that in the short Time he lay at Lisbon,
they had two Earthquakes, about a Week Distance from
each other.

Captain Garnett, in a Ship from Mr. Thomas Philpot, and
Captain Curling, in a Ship from Messieurs Harbury, in Lon-
don, are arrived in *Paruxent*. Captain Curling is to come up
the Bay in a Day or Two.

This Morning the Honourable DANIEL DULANY, Esq;
Recorder of this City, and Commissary-General of this Pro-
vince, set out from hence on a Journey for Boston, on Ac-
count of his Health.

The *Earl of Halifax* Packet Boat, Captain Boulderfon, is
arrived at New-York, in 41 Days from Falmouth.

On Monday last the Theatre in this City was closed, when
the Tragedy of the GAMESTER was Acted, for the
Benefit of Mr. Scott.

The following EPILOGUE, addressed to the LADIES,
was spoken by Mrs. DOUGLASS.

YE gen'rous FAIR, ere finally we part,
Accept the Tribute of a grateful Heart.
O'erlooking Faults, and lib'ral of your Favours,
You've smil'd indulgent on our weak Endeavours.
Our wand'ring Theatre, o'erpaid and grac'd,
Now bails your Bounty, and proclaims your Taste;
While all those Charms of Person, so refin'd,
Shine brighter from the Splendour of your Mind.
Blush not to own you caught the noble Fire,
Which high-arought Scenes, and Tragic Strains, inspire.
Blush not, that for imaginary Woes,
Your tender Bosoms heav'd with real Throes.
Think, while those Tears in humid Lustre roll,
They testify Benevolence of Soul.
Tobacco, flowing for heroic Worth distill'd,
Speak the rich Virtues of a Frigate's Breast!
—Should Lovers meet at These—Ah! learn their Suit!
—The worst of Cuckolds is its unfeeling Brute!
—Nay—should the formal Prude, in peevish Age,
Rail at the Comic Humours of the Stage;
—Then say—You're proud those Patterns to enjoy,
Who teach the World, and rationally try!

Say, that true Mirth, to vicious Minds unknown,
Is the just Claim of Innocence alone:
That Characters of Jilt, Rake, Knave and Fool,
Are best expos'd by moral Ridicule!
And Maids are arm'd by each instructive Plan,
'Gainst all the wily Arts of dang'rous Man.
Oh! may your Influence still propitious prove,
To cheer our distant Labours, as we rove!
Till Sister-Colonies assert our Cause;
And Their's resound fair MARYLAND's Applause!

'Tis aid the Muse, if still such Circles shine;
Brave Youth shall gleam with Sentiments divine,
Love's Pot'ries thence shall merit Britain's Praise;
And kindle into Patriots, as they gaze!
While genuine Excellence their Hearts inflames;
France shall droop, conscious of her painted Dames;
And still deplore the Triumphs of our Arms,
Till Gallie Beauty rivals English Charms.

As the Theatrical Amusements are over for this Season,
it may not be disagreeable to our Readers to give them a List
of the Plays Acted here since the Arrival of the Company:

PLAYS.	FARCES.
Mar. 3. Orphan,	Lethe, or <i>Æsop</i> in the Shades.
6. Recruiting Officer,	Mifs in her Teens.
8. Venice Preserved,	Mock-Doctor.
10. Richard III.	King and the Miller.
13. Provok'd Husband,	Stage Coach.
15. Fair Penitent,	Anatomist.
20. Stratagem,	Lethe.
22. George Barnwell,	Lying Valet.
24. Busy Body,	Mock-Doctor.
27. Revenge,	Lying Valet.
29. Bold Stroke for a Wife,	Damon and Phillida.
[In Passion Week the House was shut.]	
Apr. 7. * Romeo & Juliet, †	Stage Coach.
8. Provok'd Husband,	Honest Yorkshireman.
9. Othello,	Devil to Pay.
10. Constant Couple.	King and the Miller.
11. * Romeo & Juliet, †	Mifs in her Teens.
12. Suspicious Husband,	Mock-Doctor.
14. Richard III. (Ben. Mr. Douglass)	Hob.
15. Fair Penitent (Mr. Palmer.)	Lying Valet.
16. Venice Preserved (Mr. Murray.)	Devil to Pay.
17. Provok'd Husband (Mrs. Douglass.)	Yorkshireman.
19. Revenge (Mr. Hallam.)	Lethe.
22. Stratagem (Mrs. & Mifs Donohaitt.)	Lying Valet.
23. Orphan (Mifs Crane, & Comp.)	Lethe.
24. Constant Couple (Mr. Morris.)	Yorkshireman.
May 5. Douglass (Master A. Hallam.)	V. Unmask'd.
8. Jew of Venice (Mrs. Morris.)	Lethe.
12. Gamester (Mr. Scott.)	Toy-Shop.
* Romeo, by a young Gentleman for his Diversion.	
† With the Funeral Procession of Juliet, to the Monu- ment of the Capulets.	

By PERMISSION of his EXCELLENCY.

At the THEATRE in Upper-Marlborough, on
Thursday next, being the 22d Instant, will be
presented, a TRAGEDY, written by the Rev.
Mr. HUME, call'd,

DOUGLASS.

Lord RANDOLPH,	Mr. SCOTT.
GLENALVON,	Mr. DOUGLASS.
DOUGLASS,	Mr. HALLAM.
NORVAL,	Mr. MORRIS.
OFFICER,	Mr. MURRAY.
Lady RANDOLPH,	Mrs. DOUGLASS.
ANNA,	Mifs CRANE.

An occasional PROLOGUE to be spoken by
Mr. HALLAM.

To which will be added, a DRAMATIC SATIRE,
call'd,

LETHE, or, *ÆSOP* in the SHADES.

For the Conveniency of such Gentlemen and
Ladies, who chuse to go Home after the Play, the
Company propose to begin at IV o'Clock.

JUST IMPORTED from BARBADOS.

A QUANTITY of very good RUM and
MUSCOVADO SUGAR, to be
Sold very reasonably, for ready Money, Bills of
Exchange, or Tobacco, by Mr. HENRY TURMAN
at *Benedict*, and the Subscriber at *Nottingham*.
THOMAS CAMPBELL.

THE MANAGERS of the Upper-Marlborough
Lottery, will attend at the House of Mr.
Benjamin Berry, on Saturday the 31st Instant, in
order to Contract with any Person for the Building
of a PUBLIC WHARF at the Town aforesaid.
Any Person, willing to undertake the same, may
see a Plan, by applying to the Subscriber.
GEORGE CLARKE.

Annapolis, May 13, 1760.

RAN away last Night from the *Snow Annapolis*,
now lying at this Place, John Bird, (a Ma-
riner) a short, well set Fellow, about 5 Feet 3
Inches high, wears his own Hair, which is of a
Flaxen Colour, a little pitted with the Small-Pox,
has a fresh Colour, talks pretty good English, and
was born in Germany. Had on when he went
away, a light colour'd Jacket, Check Shirt, Lea-
ther Breeches, Felt Hat, blue Yarn Stockings, and
old single channel'd Pumps.

Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and deli-
vers him to the Subscriber, shall have Two Pis-
toles Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by
ALEXANDER SCOUALL.

2 **CASTINGS**, such as Iron-Pots, Griddles, Baking Kettles with Lids, Dogs, Backs, Kettles, Skillets, &c. &c. to be Sold very Cheap, by **LANCELOT JACQUES**.

1 2 **A** NY young Man, of a good Character, and steady Conduct, qualified for a **CLERK**, who wants Employ, may hear of a good Birth, by enquiring at the **PRINTING-OFFICE**.

Patuxent Iron-Works, May 1, 1760.
THE Subscriber hereby gives Public Notice to all Persons any ways indebted to him, either by Bond, Bill, Note, or open Account, that they are desired to come and make Payment, or otherwise satisfy him for the same, by the Tenth of June. Attendance will be duly given every Monday, Tuesday, and Friday, in each Week, till that Time: And all those concerned, who neglect complying with the Requisites of this Advertisement, may expect to be called upon in such a Manner, as must prove Chargeable to them, and Disagreeable to **RICHARD SNOWDEN**.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Little*, in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a Bright Bay Mare, branded on the near Buttock C, and about 3 Years old. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,
And to be **SOLD** by **SAMUEL EVANS**, Book-Binder, near Mrs. Howard's in Annapolis.

A COLLECTION of **BOOKS**, consisting of History, Law, and Physic; together with great Variety of School-Books and Stationary. During his Stay here, which will be about two Months, he will Bind old or new **BOOKS** in the neatest and most expeditious Manner.

Baltimore Iron-Works, April 28, 1760.
RAN away last Night Three Convict Servant Men, viz.

Richard Carman, a middle aged Man, of a pale Complexion, well-set, speaks in the West Country Dialect, has on a dirty Frock of Furred Linen, and his other Apparel is such as Servants commonly wear, and very dirty, as he work'd in the Coal-ing Business.

John Carman, a lusty lubberly Fellow, and Brother to the above named *Richard*, is about thirty Years of Age, of a fresh Complexion, and speaks in the West Country Dialect. His Apparel is coarse and dirty.

James Singewood, belonging to *Col. Benjamin Taker*, came into the Country this Year, he is about 30 Years of Age, brown Complexion, a middle-sized Man, well-set, and stoops much in his Shoulders, has a Parcel of greasy Cloaths which he brought with him from the Ship, and two white Shirts. He is an *Englishman*.

Whoever secures the said Convicts in any Prison, so that they may be had again, shall receive Fifty Shillings for each or either, if taken in this Province; and if out of the Province, Four Pounds for each, and reasonable Charges if brought home. **R. CROXALL.**

N. B. *Richard* and *John Carman* are Weavers by Trade. They all may steal other Apparel, and change their Names.

St. Mary's County, April 28, 1760.

3 **R**AN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the 22d Instant, an *Irish* Convict Servant Man, named *Cornelius O'Neil*, a well looking Fellow, about 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, with a red Head and Beard, and wears a brown cut Wig, a brown Surtout Coat, a strip'd Swan-skin Jacket, and a blue Pair of Breeches; he is an impertinent Fellow, and is supposed to have a forged Pass as from *Capt. John Dickinson*, Master of the Ship *Sswale*, whom he came in with, and may pretend to pass for a Pedlar, as he had a small Pack with him when he went away; he may also pretend to be a Sailor, as he was on board the Ship all the while she was in the Country. Whoever secures the said Servant, so that he may be had again, shall have a Pistole Reward, beside what the Law allows. **JAMES MILLS.**

A NY Person of a good Character, that is or may soon be qualified for a Bar-Keeper, may, by applying to the Subscriber, meet with great Encouragement. **HENRY GASSAWAY.**

To be Exposed to **SALE**, on Wednesday the 18th Day of **JUNE**, at the House of *Mr. Arthur Charlton*, in *Fredrick-Town*, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling Cash, or Maryland Currency.

A CHOICE Parcel of **LAND** lying in *Fredrick County*, on *Patowmack*, containing 500 Acres, well Timber'd and Water'd, and some Meadow Ground may be easily made.

For Terms, apply (any Time before the Day of Sale) to **NINIAN EDMONSTON.**

March 17, 1760.

STOLEN from the Plantation of *Philip Thomas*, on his Lordship's Manor of *Anne-Arundel*, Two small Plow Horses. The one a Sorrel, with a blazed Face, four white Feet, a Brand on the near Buttock resembling a Cross, and about 12½ Hands high. The other a Dark Grey, branded on the near Buttock and Shoulder TP (join'd in one) not very clear, about the same Size. They are suspected to be taken by one *John Smith*, who came some Time since from the back Parts of *Virginia*, and is supposed to be gone there again.

Whoever shall bring the said Horses to the said *Philip Thomas*, or shall apprehend the said *John Smith*, and bring him before any Magistrate in *Anne-Arundel County*, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward.

SEVERAL Tracts of very valuable **LAND** lying in *Fredrick County*, to be Sold by the Subscriber, for Sterling, Bills of Exchange, Crop Tobacco, or Current Money. **HENRY WRIGHT CRABB.**

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR Raising the Sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds for Enlarging and Repairing the **PUBLIC WHARF**, and Erecting a **GRAMMAR SCHOOL**, in *Alexandria*, viz.

3 Tickets at £. 50	£. 150
3 Ditto at 25	75
10 Ditto at 10	100
20 Ditto at 5	100
40 Ditto at 2	80
745 Ditto at 1	745
821 Prizes.	Sum raised 250
2179 Blanks.	
3000 Tickets at 10 s.	£. 1500

THE above is not three Blanks to a Prize, without any Deduction.

The Drawing to begin the first Day of September next.

The Prizes to be published in the *Virginia* and *Maryland* Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished.

All Prizes not demanded in six Months after Publication, will be deem'd as generously given to the Uses aforesaid.

The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, *George William Fairfax*, *William Ramsay*, *John Carlyle*, *Gerard Alexander*, *John Dalton*, *George Johnston*, *George Mason*, *John Hunter*, *Robert Adam*, and *John Muir*, Trustees of the said Town, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath that they faithfully discharge the Trust reposed in them.

Tickets may be had from the aforesaid Managers, or from *Col. John Champe*, or *Allan Macrae*, Merchant, at *Dumfries*; *Hebor Ross* and *Benjamin Greyson*, Merchants, at *Colchester*; *Philip Richard Fendall*, of *Charles County*; *Messrs. Symmers* and *John Weldon*, Merchants, at *Upper-Marlborough*; and at the *Printing-Office* in *Annapolis*.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Ship **PHENIX**, Captain **Mc GACHIN**, from **LONDON**.

A LARGE Assortment of **EUROPEAN** and **EAST-INDIA GOODS**; to be Sold at the Subscriber's Store in **UPPER-MARLBOROUGH**, by Wholesale or Retail, for ready Money, Bills, or short Credit.

DANIEL CARROLL.

A BRAHAM MILTON, Author of the **FARMER'S COMPANION**, informs the Public, That altho' the Time appointed for taking in Subscriptions for the same is compleated, yet the several Accounts not being sent in, he cannot ascertain what Number is subscribed for, and therefore refers the same till about the last of June next, hoping by that Time to have every Thing in Order for the Press.



THE **PHENIX** (a very fine Ship for Force and Heels, and carries about 600 Hogheads) now lying in *Patowmack River*, Takes in **TOBACCO** for **LONDON**, consigned to *Mr. JOHN STEWART* and Company.

at Twelve Pounds Sterling per Ton. She will sail about the first of June, but her Stay is limited, so that she cannot exceed the 10th of that Month. And the Insurance of the Tobacco is made in such a Manner in *London*, that the Shippers may have what they put on board insured so as to recover, in Case of Loss, from Five Shillings per Hoghead to Fifty Pounds per Hoghead, or they may choose whether they will accept of any Insurance or not; provided Notice of their Intention is given to Captain *William Mc Gachin*, or to the Subscriber, before the Bills of Lading are signed.

DAVID ROSS.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Thursday the 18th of *October* last, Two New Negroes; the one a Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, supposed to be about 25 Years of Age. Had on when he went away, a Crocus Shirt and Trowsers, and a new white Plating Jacket. He will answer to the Name of *Ijaac*. The other a Woman, is very small, talks in her own Language very fast, and appears to be older than the Man. Had on when she went away, a Crocus Shift, and a white Plating Petticoat; she also carried with her a Piece of greenish colour'd Cloth, which I suppose may supply the want of a Jacket. She will answer to the Name of *Sarah*.

Whoever takes up the said Negroes, and brings them to me at *George-Town* on *Patowmack River*, or secures them so that I can have them again, shall have a Reward of Twenty-five Shillings for each, besides reasonable Charges paid, if taken up 20 Miles from home, and delivered to me.

ROBERT PETER.

Since first publishing the above Advertisement, some Circumstances have been discovered, by which it is conjectured the above Slaves were stolen.

March 26, 1760.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last Night from the *Baltimore Iron-Works*, on *Patapco* in *Maryland*, two Convict Servant Men, viz.

Thomas Woodcock, a thin faced *Englishman*, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, dark Complexion, short brown Hair, stoops in his Walk, and snuffles in his Speech. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oznabrig Shirt, Country Shoes nailed round the Sole, Yarn Stockings, a knit Yarn Cap, and old Hat.

Lawrence Farrole, an *Irishman*, a lusty, well-set Fellow, about 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, black Hair, has a long sharp Nose, and lubberly Walk. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oznabrig Shirt, speckled Yarn Stockings, Country Shoes, and Felt Hat.

Whoever secures the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have, if taken in *Baltimore County*, Forty Shillings for each; if in any other County of the Province, Fifty Shillings; and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward for each or either of them; and reasonable Charges if brought home.

R. CROXALL.

N. B. They may steal other Cloaths, and change their Names.

Upper-Marlborough, March 18, 1760.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscribers, in Account of above one Year's standing, are desired to make immediate Payment, or they may expect to be sued without further Notice.

ALEXANDER and ANDREW SYMMER.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by **JONAS GREEN**, and **WILLIAM RIND**, at the **PRINTING-OFFICE**, the Sign of the **BIBLE**, in *Charles-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this **GAZETTE**, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. **ADVERTISEMENTS** of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after; and in Proportion for long Ones.

Author of the
the Public,
king in Sub-
yet the fe-
cannot ascer-
and therefore
June next,
thing in Or.

NIX (a very
or Force and
es about 600
lying in Pa-
r, Takes in
LONDON,
r. JOHN
d Company,
She will fail
is limited, so
that Month.
made in such
ance or not;
given to Cap-
subscriber, be-

VID ROSS.

on Thursday
New Negroes;
es high, sup-
ge. Had on
and Trowers,
He will answer
a Woman, in
uage very fast,
an. Had on
y, and a white
with her a Piece
I suppose may
will answer to

es, and brings
omack River,
e them again,
re Shillings for
id, if taken up
to me.

RT PETER:
Advertisement,
ered, by which
re stolen.

26, 1760.
WARD.

the Baltimore
Maryland, two

lftman, about
8 Inches high,
r, stoops in his
Had on when
Breeches, Oz-
round the Sole,
and old Hat.
luffy, well-set
Feet 10 Inches
Nose, and lub-
t away, a Cot-
Shirt, speckled
d Felt Hat.

en, so that they
en in Baltimore
if in any other
llings; and if
eward for each
ole Charges if
CROXALL.
Cloaths, and

b 18, 1760.

Subscribers, in
s standing, are
nt, or they may
otice.
w SYMMER.

PRINTING-
with this
nd inserted
g Ones.

THE

[Numb. 785.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 22, 1760.

FROM A LATE BOSTON GAZETTE.

*Quis Cladem illius Noctis quis fœdera fando,
Explicit?—Urbs Antiqua ruit.*

Virg.

Translation of the Motto.

*That Night's Destruction, and its deadly Fate,
What Words express, what at Mortal will relate?
Enough to say, an ancient City fell,
Such Ruins speak; attend, and they will tell.*

THE Uncertainty of human Life, the transitory Nature and continual Vicissitudes of this present State of Being, and of all Enjoyments and Possessions in it, are Truths so well known to every thoughtful Person, and have so often been the Subjects of judicious Writers in all Ages, that the strongest Invention can perhaps scarce find any Thing new to offer, and a modest Muse with Reluctance undertakes the Theme: Yet such is the Frailty of human Nature, that when a sudden Catastrophe furrows us, the Mind is flutter'd and disconcerted, and does not readily collect those Reflections suitable to the Occasion, or else by having been used to neglect such Reflections, from a Conception that they must needs flow naturally from such Calamities as should produce them, the Mind thro' Difuse, may not immediately conceive them when wanted. 'Tis true, the Voice of Nature has always been the same, is continually sounding, and understood by all; yet strange to say, what we hear the ofttest we attend to the least, and what we are the most certain of, we give the least heed to; but there are Times when good Providence sends a louder Summons by the Struggles of Nature, and proclaims those Truths, which tho' they could not operate by the Importance of their Nature, yet may force their Effect by rousing the Passions; but here Frailty again takes place, from extreme Thoughtlessness, the Passions being roused, we rush on to Confusion and Error,—like Pilots growing careless, by a long Calm, we steer by the Gust of Passion, instead of the Compass of Understanding, heedless of the Port of Truth, and negligent of those Duties to which the Passions were only designed to urge us.

To point forth and familiarise these Truths, has been the well handled Subject of the best Writers; but while Nature continues to summon, and the Wisdom of her Voice remains in any Measure neglected, the Theme can't be truly exhausted nor the Repetition of it needless.

For these Ends, this Essay is presented to public View, if it pass under the Judgment of able Minds, they will acquiesce in any Truth, and at least may from hence take a Hint for nobler Thoughts; besides, there is a Satisfaction we all feel in giving vent to the Throbbings of the Bosom, and in collecting to some Order, those Thoughts which float thro' the Mind on such Occasions.

Let this then be the Apology; but if still any one should censure me for treading in this unaccustomed Path of writing, I must quit the Dispute, and screen myself beneath the Horrors of that never-to-be-forgotten Night, when the Flames broke loose on our Houses, and laid so large a Part of our Capital in Ruins: I am sensible that painted Terrors ill-become real Sorrow, and are never to be used but when the Passions are sluggish; and therefore passing over that ample Field for Description, which the late unhappy Catastrophe affords, shall confine myself to those sober Facts which no Body should be ignorant of, and with which every Body must needs be affected.

'Twas then in the first Watches of the Morning, when our Bodies were fast fettered with soundest Sleep, that the Fire was first discovered, and the Town alarmed with an Out-cry; the Inhabitants were speedily collected, and tho' the Fire was found in the Cellar of a Brick House, yet it soon eat thro' its Prison; the Wind blowing fresh urg'd on the Flames, and with surprising Fury they ravaged in spite of all Opposition or Means to suppress them; the Cinders and burning Ruins were carried to the leewardmost Part of the Town, by Means of which, some, who thought themselves in no Danger, were the soonest consumed, and the Inhabitants of them being gathered to assist at the Head of the Fire, suffered the greatest Losses at their own Houses; the like Evil happened to Numbers of Tradesmen, whose Shops were such quick Fuel for the Flames, that their Tools and Stock were all consumed before they could repair to them; in some Places were heard the shrieks of Mothers and Children roused from their Beds by the surrounding Flames, and no Man to help; here we might behold the Aged, the Sick and the Bed-ridden, whose Distance from the Seat of the Fire gave 'em hopes of Security, driven forth to the Inclemencies of the Weather, not knowing where to shelter; there we might see those whose least Thoughts were placed on their Substance, and whose greatest Anxiety was to save their Lives: Thus raged this Fire, forcing its way at the Windows of Brick Houses, whose slated Roofs were thought a sufficient Defence, thus adding Burning to Burning, till it left no Building unconsumed where the Wind would let it pass. The natural Horrors of the Night added Terror to this Catastrophe, and it once rendered it more dismal to the Eye, more grievous to the Ear, and more difficult to be suppressed, till the tedious Night wore out, and with it vanished the Height of our Fears; but not so the Reality of our Sorrow, the risen Sun dispelled the Gloom of the Night, but gave us a dismal Prospect of its Havock: a Spectacle shocking to Sensibility!

like the blasted Trees of Summer, or the Skeleton of some delightful Body; yet far less ungrateful to the Sight than sorrowful to be reflected on: Take a Survey then of these extended Ruins; here once lived the loyal Subject, the tender Father, the obliging Friend, and the good Commonwealth-man; but their Habitations, as with one Sweep of a Scythe, are all cut off, and they thrown on the Charity of their Friends: And is this all? Alas! there are still more Heart-piercing Scenes; walk thro' the Ruins, and take a more particular Account; here lived the laborious Tradesman, on whose daily Industry depended the Subsistence of a numerous Family; here lived one whose Circumstances were straitened with Poverty, and distressed by Sickness; here lived one just emerging from Indigence, and reaping the first Fruits of honest Industry; there lived those whose comfortable Circumstances afforded a Refuge for the Needy, and an Habitation for the Friendless; here lived those whose Subsistence depended on their Situation for Business; there lived those whose All was in their Houses, and here those who are still unhappily answerable for all they lost; there lived, and there was the Subsistence of the Aged and Infirm, whose frugal Industry in Youth had procured them the merited Support of easy old Age, when the Body unstrung for Labour can no longer support itself: But all cut off, their Industry appears no more, and the Fatigues of Youth overtakes them when Age should be at Rest; the Children must beg, and the Industrious must be dependent, the Forehand repeat his Toil anew, and the Debtor lay at Mercy; the Friendless must seek for other Patrons, and they who patronized implore Compassion; the Affluent Aged must forget their Ease, and too soon lose the Benefit of that Substance which they could not carry hence.

Amazing Shock! is this the Uncertainty of human Life! is it thus we have no abiding Place here! is it thus the Places that knew us still know us no more! and do Riches thus take to themselves Wings! What a Gust of Passion breaks forth in all our Minds! Yet let us compose our Thoughts and attend to the Voice of Reason, to those solemn Admonitions so loudly proclaimed by this dread Catastrophe: What a Lesson then is here of the Uncertainty of earthly Enjoyments! We lay ourselves down to our natural Rest possessed of Substance and Affluence, and in a few Hours we are awakened to take leave of all: Where shall the Miser bestow his Hoards, or the Extortioner his ill gotten Gains, or how shall the worldly Man secure his Happiness when Flames surround them? The huge Pillars of Smoke which we beheld floating to the Sky were at once emblematical of our Possessions and declarative of their Loss: But what say these mighty Ruins? they shew us at how uncertain a Tenure we hold our Enjoyments, for next under a Sovereign Providence we seem indebted even to the Stability of the Wind, that it did not vary and roll the Flames over the whole Town; with how much Ease then can we shift the Scene and suppose ourselves in the Situation of the present Distressed; was it our Goodness or Vigilance that protected us? and if being destroy'd, we should have felt Sorrow; being so narrowly saved can we fail to melt with Sympathy? and if ever the golden Rule was capable of a benevolent Application, the most infernal must now feel it, and the most Hardened put it in Practice; and he who on this Occasion does not bestow bountifully to the Relief of the immediate Sufferers, must either flatter himself with some peculiar infallible Protection, or being desperate in Greediness, bid a bold Defiance to all Calamity. Nor can any one, tho' not immediately exposed to this Destruction, or tho' distant from this Capital, surmise that they have no Part in its general Admonition; 'tis Nature's Voice, that well-known Herald of the Almighty, which tho' it be now uttered here, yet echoes every where; 'tis but one Lash of that amazing Scourge, brandished by the Hand of Vengeance, against a guilty World; the same Fire may parch up that Land which it does not consume, and Earthquakes make its Desolation worse than the present; if therefore we are common Tenants of a State variegated with Joy and Sorrow, methinks 'tis natural we should in some Measure share the Good of it which we all want, feeling we are equally exposed to the Evils of it, under which we all desire to be relieved.

O my Soul, what a Thought arises! can it with Truth be said, that any in human Shape, tho' their daily Support were Robbery, should lurk for the Confusion of a public Calamity, and plunder the Property of the Distressed; or that any after cool Deliberation, upon whatsoever Pretences, should either publicly or privately discountenance that Relief to the Distressed, which we may all at some Time want, and which Humanity suggests? Forbid it Heavens!

Alas! we journey in a Vale of Tears, Sorrow on every Side surrounds us, and calls for those Duties which we feel impressed in our Natures, Duties so indelibly engraven that a Heathen said "in nothing do we more imitate the immortal Gods, than in doing Acts of Kindness;" the Voice of Revelation is still more explicit, and so plain that he who runs may read. Possessions take to themselves Wings; to what purpose is it then that we distress, perplex and corrupt our Minds in getting Wealth, the Possession of which is so precarious? With what Face can we swell with the Conceit of Riches and assume Airs of Importance, disdain, oppress and tyrannize over those beneath us (perhaps only) in Fortune, when a few Hours may set us all on a Level? How much does it become us while in Affluence to demean ourselves with such Honesty, Humanity and Beneficence, as

that if Calamity should overtake us we may stand confidently the worthy Objects of needful Relief? Methinks this Catastrophe is big with Instruction, could any one see the dire Havock produced from so small a Fire, and not feel the Obligations we owe to the Community in our Oeconomy of this necessary but devouring Element, and of every Thing that is apt Fuel for the same? for as our possessions are not secured by our own single Carefulness, the Duty therefore becomes general: And may I be permitted to take a hint from this dreadful Desolation, and point it forth as an Emblem of that Destruction, which the Passions when let loose, produce in human Minds; when the first Excels is not suppressed, like the late Fire, they ravage, increase by running, and may destroy every Thing valuable in the Mind; may intirely strip us of that real Treasure which only can stand us in Stead when a greater Conflagration shall seize this Earth, when we shall be as little anxious to save our Lives, as many lately were to save their worldly Possessions.

TRIPOLY, December 13.

THIS Country is near entirely destroyed by an Earthquake, which has been felt throughout an Extent of 100 Leagues, in Length, and near as many in Breadth, forming a Space of about 10000 square Leagues, containing the Chain of Mountains of Liban and the Anti-Liban, with a prodigious Number of Villages, the greatest Part of which is now nothing but a Heap of Ruins. The Shocks began here the 30th of October, at Four in the Morning, the Waters of the Docks overflowed, and all seemed to threaten a general Destruction. They were felt in the same Manner at Beirut, which is 20 Leagues to the South; but were more violent at the Attaquire, distant 25 Leagues to the North. Many Houses were thrown down at Seyde, and a Number of People buried under their Ruins. The Camp de Francois was considerably damaged, but no People perished there, all having abandoned it, and flown into the Country.

At Acre, which is fifteen Leagues higher than Seyde, the Sea overflowed its Borders, and poured into the Streets, the seven or eight Feet above the Level of the Sea.

The City of Saphet, about ten Leagues distant, was entirely overthrown, and the greatest Part of its Inhabitants perished by the Fall of the Houses.

The Shocks were terrible at Damas, which is three Journeys from Seyde; all the Minarets, and a Number of Houses were thrown down, and 6000 Souls perished.

Several other Shocks were felt successively till the 25th of November, which did not do much more Damage; and we thought our Alarms at an End; when on that Day, about seven in the Evening, the Shocks recommenced here in a Manner so terrible, that many Edifices were thrown down, and the Earth trembled under our Feet all the Time we were running into the Fields.

The next Day, about Four in the Morning, it was succeeded by others still more dreadful, and when Day-light was come, we discovered the dismal Effects, the neighbouring Towns presenting nothing but Heaps of Ruins. Our City is no longer habitable, and we now live in the open Country.

Bulbec, which is 15 Leagues from hence, on the Side of Mount Liban, and an ancient Castle built by the Romans with Stones, of which three were sufficient to form the Arch of a large Vault, have been entirely destroyed.

The Earth is not yet steady, and we fear that all the Cities of Syria will experience the Fate of Lisbon.

Vienna, Feb. 21. Our Measures for opening the Campaign are so well taken, that the Court hope to have Success wholly on their Side. All the Regiments that compose M. Daun's Army are complete; and it has been reinforced with 10,000 Men; so that it now actually amounts to 95,000, exclusive of the Troops under Gen. Laudon, which amount to 30,000. The greatest Difficulty is to furnish these numerous Forces. Between 10 and 12,000 Waggon are daily employed in carrying Provisions and Stores to Saxony. The Provisions and Forage are drawn from every Country, where any are to be found, and cost immense Sums. The Funds of the Court are insensibly exhausting. This reduces the Ministry to set their Wits at Work, to raise Money to support an expensive War, which the Court is determined to prolong. The French Ambassador is almost daily in Conference with the Count Caunitz, on the Measures for bringing about a general Pacification; but this is a Subject to which our Court will not listen; accordingly it has just sent Orders to the Generals Daun and Laudon, to begin the Campaign as soon as possible.

Francfort upon the Oder, February 21. The Russians are extending themselves further and further into Pomerania, and the Corps under the Command of General Tetleben, is computed to consist of near 12,000 Men. That Officer has published a Kind of Manifesto, directing the Inhabitants of that Province to pay nothing more to the King of Prussia, but to deliver to the Russians the Forage, Money, and every Thing else which they are obliged to pay as Subjects of Pomerania, assuring them in that Case, that they shall not be molested. The Contributions which they demand are, however, very exorbitant. They required of the Town of Stargard alone 20,000 Crowns, but were obliged to take up with a fifth Part of that Sum, which was paid them in ready Money. A Body of their Troops, having with them a considerable Train of heavy Artillery, seem to be advancing towards Culberg; but we are very little anxious about that Place, because the Garrison is capable of making a vigorous Resistance.

Paris, February 25. The Gun of the Royal Sun, which were all Brass, have been got out, and it is great Pity that the Ship must be lost, as the is quite new, and reputed to be

"by this House, which I still always esteem as the highest Obligation."

March 11. Last Week a great Quantity of military Stores was sent to Portsmouth, for the Use of the Troops that are to encamp in the Isle of Wight.

March 11. The General Court-martial sitting on the Trial of Lord Charles Hay, which was adjourned upon Account of Lieutenant General Onslow's Illness, we hear, is to meet again this Day or To-morrow; when Lord Charles Hay is to give in his Defence in Writing. As soon as the Sentence is laid before his Majesty, and approved of, the Trial will be printed.

Last Friday Night four more foreign Officers arrived from Germany, by Order, to be examined as Evidences on the present Court-martial, now sitting on Lord George Sackville.

We hear that the Time fixed for Lord Ferrers's Trial is the 14th of April.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

Whitehall, March 11. His Grace the Duke of Bedford, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has transmitted to the Right Hon. Secretary Pitt, a Plan of the Attack and Defence of Carrickfergus, taken upon the Spot by Captain Vallancey, of the 10th Regiment of Foot, by which it appears, that every Thing was done by Lieutenant Colonel Jennings, that was possible for such a small Handful of Men to do, in a Place so little defensible as Carrickfergus was when it was attacked.

A List of the Militia that marched against the French.

Antrim Company	100	Ballynure & Ballistone	100
Temple Patrick	100	Belfast 3 Companies	100
Randellstown	120	Ballymone	70
Ballymina	100	Lisburn	40
Brough Shane	46	Argum	100
Clough	100	Donaghadee	70
Killyfee	60	Banger	60
Cumber	60	Hollywood	80
Purdeburn	100	Hillborough	60
Gray Abby	70	Martinhill	60
Newton	70	Dromore	40
Loughbrichland	50	Rich-Hill Light-House	70
Armagh	40		
Lurgan	60		2226
Glenarm	100		

All cloath'd and arm'd at their own Expence.

Dublin, March 4. Yesterday the Thanks of the House of Commons were unanimously voted to Captains Elliot, Clements, and Logie, for their gallant Behaviour in attacking and taking the French Fleet, commanded by M. Thurot.

NEW-YORK, May 12.

Extract of a Letter from Half-Moon, dated April 18.

"This Day arrived here, escorted by a Party of the first Battalion of the Royal Highland Regiment, 4 Frenchmen, Defectors from the fortified Island they have at the other End of Lake Champlain. By them we are informed, That it is guarded by only 450 Men, under the Command of Monsieur Boucanville; and that there is an Army of at least 15,000 Men, under the Command of Monsieur Vaudreuil, going against Quebec. These Defectors left the Island the 10th of this Month; and further say, That they were very hard put to it for Provisions in Canada: That the Troops under M. Vaudreuil were to set out from St. John's, Montreal, &c. for Quebec, the latter End of this Infant, or very early in May; and that they had, if they find it impossible to recover Quebec, given over all Hopes of keeping Canada; as they were fully sensible, from the Experience they have had, since that City has been taken from them, that it will be impossible for them to procure the proper Necessaries of Life, or those for War, especially if the Mouth of the Mississippi should be guarded during the Summer by an English Squadron."

By a Sloop that arrived here Yesterday from Albany, we learn, that his Excellency General AMHERST arrived safe there last Thursday Morning; and that he was taking all possible Measures for an early Beginning of this Year's Campaign.

Saturday last 4 Sloops arrived here from Elizabeth-Town Point, with Part of the 2d Battalion of the First, or Royal Scots, Regiment on board; and Yesterday Morning they proceeded from hence for Albany.

The 55th Regiment will soon embark from hence for the same Place.

The Vessels for Quebec, &c. will sail in a Day or two.

Captain Goodwin arrived here on Saturday last from Jamaica. By him we learn, that his Majesty's Ship Enterprise, had carried into Kingston, a large French Ship, mounting 18 Guns, bound from Port Louis to Old France, very richly laden. Likewise, that thirty English Vessels, bound for several West-India Ports, have lately been taken and carried into Martinico, the Privateers of which Place continue to swarm in those Seas, notwithstanding the Neighbourhood of Commodore Moore's Fleet: But it is hoped the Arrival of Admiral Holmes's Fleet in the West-Indies, will put a Stop to the Enemy's Career in that Quarter.

Lord Colvil, with the Fleet that wintered at Halifax under his Command, sailed from thence for the River St. Lawrence, on the 21st of April last. The Faulkland of 50 Guns, has joined Lord Colvil; the Vanguard of 70 Guns, the Penance of 40, with the Diana and Leofosse Frigates, were expected to arrive every Hour from Home in order to join the Fleet.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.

By Letters from Niagara, of the 15th of April, and from Oswego, of the 24th, we have Advice that all was quiet at these Places; that there was a great Trade carried on at Niagara;

and that the Traders having disposed of all their Goods, had come down for more, one of which returned with 50 Packs of Beaver.

From New-York we have a Report, that two of our Frigates had got up to Quebec; and by two French Defectors, lately come in, it was said that M. Vaudreuil still designed to attack that Place.

ANNAPOLIS, May 22.

Tuesday last Mr. Matthew Tilghman was chosen a Representative for Queen-Anne's County, in the Room of Mr. Thomas Harris, Deceased.

This Morning, the Ship *Effex*, Capt. John Carling, junr. from London, came into Severn, having been some Days at the Mouth of Patuxent.

We hear, by a private Letter from Philadelphia, that Capt. House, in a Ship from London for that Place, valued at about 40,000 l. was taken by Monsieur Chatelet, and carried into Cape-François.

By his Excellency HORATIO SHARPE, Esq; Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of MARYLAND.

A B R I E F.

I T having been represented to me, by his Majesty's Governor of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, That on the 20th of March last, a Fire broke out in the Town of Boston, in such Manner as to evade all Means for suppressing the same, until it had (according to the best Information that could be obtained) destroyed 174 Dwelling-Houses, and 23 many Warehouses, Shops, and other Buildings, which, with the Furniture and other Goods therein, amount, at a moderate Computation, to 100,000 l. Sterling; and that, by this unhappy Accident, 220 Families were turned out of Doors, the greatest Part of whom, being by this Misfortune rendered incapable of subsisting themselves, were become proper Objects of Charity.

And that altho' he had sent Briefs throughout that Province to procure Relief for the unhappy Sufferers, the Calamity is so great and extensive, that the Means of Relief from amongst themselves, and the Contributions of their own Inhabitants, must be greatly inadequate to the Loss.

His Excellency therefore desires me to recommend it to the People of this Province, to assist in Relieving their distressed Fellow-Subjects, and that I would cause what may be collected on this Occasion, to be remitted to the Select-men and Overseers of the Poor of the Town of Boston, with whom will be lodged the Collections made in that Government, to be distributed amongst the Sufferers, as they, in their Discretion, shall judge proper.

I do therefore hereby most earnestly recommend to the Benevolence and Charity of the good People of this Province, the calamitous and ruined Condition of those unhappy Sufferers; not doubting, but as all are subject to the like Calamities, and under like Misfortunes would hope and expect the Assistance of their Fellow-Subjects and Fellow-Christians, that every Person amongst us will contribute on this Occasion, towards alleviating the Miseries of the unhappy Sufferers, in Proportion to the Means wherewith GOD hath severally blessed us.

And I do require the several Rectors of Parishes, and other Ministers of the Gospel, within this Province, to read, or cause to be read, this BRIEF, to their respective Congregations, on the first, second, and third Sundays after they shall receive the same; that they inforce thereon such Collections as shall be by them severally made; and that this Brief, with the Inforcement thereon, they forthwith transmit to me; and the Sums collected, they are forthwith to pay to the Sheriff of each County, to be immediately transmitted to the Commissioners of the Paper Currency Office, in the City of Annapolis, that the same may be speedily remitted to the Select-men and Overseers of the Poor of the Town of Boston, agreeable to the laudable and charitable Design of the Contributors.

GIVEN at the City of Annapolis, the sixth Day of May, in the tenth Year of his Lordship's Dominion, and in the Year of our Lord CHRIST, 1760.

HOR^o. SHARPE.

By PERMISSION of his EXCELLENCY.

At the THEATRE in Upper-Marlborough, on Monday next, being the 26th Instant, will be presented, a COMEDY, call'd,

The Provok'd Husband, Or, A Journey to LONDON.

Lord Townly,
Manly,
Sir Francis Wronghead,
Squire Richard,
Count Bassett,
John Moody,

Lady Townly,
Lady Grace,
Lady Wronghead,
Miss Jenny,
Myrtilla,

Mr. DOUGLASS.
Mr. HALLAM.
Mr. SCOTT.
Mr. A. HALLAM.
Mr. MORRIS.
Mr. MURRAY.

Mrs. DOUGLASS.
Miss CRANE.
Mrs. MORRIS.
Miss DOWTHAITT.
Mrs. DOWTHAITT.

To which will be added, a FARCE, call'd,

The VIRGIN UNMASK'D,

Or,

An OLD MAN Taught WISDOM.

For the Convenience of such Gentlemen and Ladies, who chuse to go Home after the Play, the Company propose to begin at IV o'Clock.

Tickets may be had of Mr. Benjamin Brooke.

PIT 750. GALLERY 55.

JUST IMPORTED, In the JANE, Capt. JOHN GARNETT, From LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, for Cuffs, Bills, or Tobacco,

A LARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail. DAVID CRAUFORD.

THE Subscriber intending for LONDON, about September or October next, desires all Persons that have open Accounts with him, to come and settle the same, and Payment from as many as can oblige him. Constant Attendance will be given from this Day, at his Store in Annapolis, by Mr. George Newman, where his Customers or Others may be supplied with European or India Goods, suitable to the Season, as usual.

He has to Dispose of, or Let on Lease for a Term, A House and Lot in Baltimore-Town, where Mr. Abraham Wayne now lives; as also 121 Acres of Land, lying within two Miles of said Town. Any Person or Persons that apply to purchase the above, will be allowed Time of Payment if desired. JAMES MACCUBBIN.

To be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Shop opposite to the Dwelling-House of Mr. Nathan Hammond, near the Dock in Annapolis, for ready Money or short Credit,

SCOTTS and German Osnabrigs, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ Checks, Check Hollands, white and brown Sheetting Linen, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ Irish and Scotts Hollands, Bed-Ticking, Printed and Silk Handkerchiefs, Hempen Rolls, Nuns Thread, 8d. and 10d. Nails, Loaf Sugar, and Muscovado by the Barrel or smaller Quantity, Coffee, Chocolate, Figs, Raisins, Almonds in the Hull, Cheshire Cheese, Wine, Rum, Melasses, &c. by Retail at reasonable Rates. THOMAS WILSON.

JOHN RIVIERS hereby acquaints the Public, That he continues his Dancing-School in Annapolis, as usual; And Mrs. RiviERS Teaches young Ladies Embroidery, Marking, plain Work, and all Sorts of Needle Work, and likewise Teaches them French, on reasonable Terms.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Dabbling, at Middle-Neck in Cecil County, taken up as a Stray, a Bright Bay Horse about 13 Hands high, has a Star in his Forehead, is shod before, about 6 Years old, and paces and trots.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Charles Boone, near the Wood-Yard in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Dun colour'd Mare, about 3 or 4 Years old, branded on the near Thigh with an H, about 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ Hands high; she is dock'd, has a black Mane and Tail, and black Legs.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Solomon Hardy, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse about 13 Hands high, has not any white about him but a Saddle Spot on the Middle of his Back, branded on the near Thigh X, and has a Slit in his right Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Possession of Thomas Bateman, in Charles County, taken up as a Stray, a small Iron Grey Mare, branded on the near Buttock with a Cross, has a Star in her Forehead, and a large white Spot on her near Thigh.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Annapolis, May 13, 1760.

RAN away last Night from the Snow Annapolis, now lying at this Place, John Bird, (a Mariner) a short, well set Fellow, about 5 Feet 3 Inches high, wears his own Hair, which is of a Flaxen Colour, a little pitted with the Small-Pox, has a fresh Colour, talks pretty good English, and was born in Germany. Had on when he went away, a light colour'd Jacket, Check Shirt, Leather Breeches, Felt Hat, blue Yarn Stockings, and old single channel'd Pumps.

Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall have Two Piffoles Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by ALEXANDER SCUGALL.

JUST IMPORTED from BARBADOS, A QUANTITY of very good RUM and MUSCOVADO SUGAR, to be Sold very reasonably, for ready Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco, by Mr. HENRY TUBMAN at Benedict, and the Subscriber at Nottingham.

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

Patuxent Iron-Works, Mar 1, 1760.
THE Subscriber hereby gives Public Notice to all Persons any ways indebted to him, either by Bond, Bill, Note, or open Account, that they are desired to come and make Payment, or otherwise satisfy him for the same, by the Tenth of June. Attendance will be duly given every Monday, Tuesday, and Friday, in each Week, till that Time: And all those concerned, who neglect complying with the Requisites of this Advertisement, may expect to be called upon in such a Manner, as must prove Chargeable to them, and Disagreeable to
 RICHARD SNOWDEN.

Baltimore Iron-Works, April 28, 1760.
RAN away last Night Three Convict Servant Men, viz.

Richard Carman, a middle aged Man, of a pale Complexion, well-set, speaks in the West Country Dialect, has on a dirty Frock of Furled Linen, and his other Apparel is such as Servants commonly wear, and very dirty, as he work'd in the Coal-ing Business.

John Carman, a lusty lubberly Fellow, and Brother to the above named *Richard*, is about thirty Years of Age, of a fresh Complexion, and speaks in the West Country Dialect. His Apparel is coarse and dirty.

James Singwood, belonging to Col. Benjamin Teller, came into the Country this Year, he is about 30 Years of Age, brown Complexion, a middle sized Man, well-set, and floops much in his shoulders, has a Parcel of greasy Cloaths which he brought with him from the Ship, and two white Shirts. He is an *Englishman*.

Whoever secures the said Convicts in any Prison, so that they may be had again, shall receive Fifty Shillings for each or either, if taken in this Province; and if out of the Province, Four Pounds for each, and reasonable Charges if brought home.
 R. CROXALL.

N. B. *Richard* and *John Carman* are Weavers by Trade. They all may steal other Apparel, and change their Names.

St. Mary's County, April 28, 1760.
RAN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the 22d Instant, an *Irish* Convict Servant Man, named *Cornelius O'Neil*, a well looking Fellow, about 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, with a red Head and Beard, and wears a brown cut Wig, a brown Surtout Coat, a strip'd Swan-skin Jacket, and a blue Pair of Breeches; he is an impertinent Fellow, and is supposed to have a forged Pass as from Capt. *John Dickinson*, Master of the Ship *Swale*, whom he came in with, and may pretend to pass for a Pedlar, as he had a small Pack with him when he went away; he may also pretend to be a Sailor, as he was on board the Ship all the while she was in the Country. Whoever secures the said Servant, so that he may be had again, shall have a Pistole Reward, beside what the Law allows.
 JAMES MILLS.

To be Exposed to SALE, on Wednesday the 18th Day of JUNE, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling Cash, or Maryland Currency,

A CHOICE Parcel of LAND lying in Frederick County, on Patowmack, containing 500 Acres, well Timber'd and Water'd, and some Meadow Ground may be easily made.
 For Terms, apply (any Time before the Day of Sale) to
 NINIAN EDMONSTON.

March 17, 1760.
STOLEN from the Plantation of *Philip Thomas*, on his Lordship's Manor of *Anne-Arundel*, Two small Plow Horses. The one a Sorrel, with a blazed Face, four white Feet, a Brand on the near Buttock resembling a Cross, and about 12½ Hands high. The other a Dark Grey, branded on the near Buttock and Shoulder TP (join'd in one) not very clear, about the same Size. They are suspected to be taken by one *John Smith*, who came some Time since from the back Parts of *Virginia*, and is supposed to be gone there again. Whoever shall bring the said Horses to the said *Philip Thomas*, or shall apprehend the said *John Smith*, and bring him before any Magistrate in *Anne-Arundel* County, shall receive Forty Shillings Reward.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR raising the Sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds for Enlarging and Repairing the PUBLIC WHARF, and Erecting a GRAMMAR SCHOOL, in *Alexandria*, *viz.*

7	3 Tickets at £. 50	£. 150
	3 Ditto at 25	75
	10 Ditto at 10	100
	20 Ditto at 5	100
	40 Ditto at 2	80
	745 Ditto at 1	745

821 Prizes. Sum raised 550
 2179 Blanks.

5000 Tickets at 10 s. £. 1500

THE above is not three Blanks to a Prize, without any Deduction.

The Drawing to begin the first Day of September next.

The Prizes to be published in the *Virginia* and *Maryland* Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished.

All Prizes not demanded in six Months after Publication, will be deem'd as generously given to the Uses aforesaid.

The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, *George William Fairfax, William Ramsay, John Carizze, Gerard Alexander, John Dalton, George Johnston, George Mason, John Hunter, Robert Adam, and John Muir*, Trustees of the said Town, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath that they faithfully discharge the Trust reposed in them.

Tickets may be had from the aforesaid Managers, or from Col. *John Champe*, or *Allan Macrae*, Merchant, at *Dumfries*; *Hester Ross* and *Benjamin Greyson*, Merchants, at *Calchester*; *Philip Richard Fendall*, of *Charles County*; Messrs. *Symmers* and *John Weldon*, Merchants, at *Upper-Marlbrough*; and at the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*.



THE PHOENIX (a very fine Ship for Force and Heels, and carries about 600 Hogheads) now lying in PATOWMACK RIVER, Takes in TOBACCO for LONDON, consigned to Mr. JOHN STEWART and Company, at Twelve Pounds Sterling per Ton. She will sail about the first of June, but her Stay is limited, so that she cannot exceed the 10th of that Month. And the Insurance of the Tobacco is made in such a Manner in London, that the Shippers may have what they put on board insured to as to recover, in Case of Loss, from Five Shillings per Hoghead to Fifty Pounds per Hoghead, or they may choose whether they will accept of any Insurance or not; provided Notice of their Intention is given to Captain *William McGachin*, or to the Subscriber, before the Bills of Lading are signed.

DAVID ROSS.

March 26, 1760.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last Night from the *Baltimore* Iron-Works, on *Patuxent* in *Maryland*, two Convict Servant Men, viz.

Thomas Woodcock, a thin faced *Englishman*, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, dark Complexion, short brown Hair, floops in his Walk, and snuffles in his Speech. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oznabrig Shirt, Country Shoes nailed round the Sole, Yarn Stockings, a knit Yarn Cap, and old Hat.

Lawrence Farrole, an *Irishman*, a lusty, well-set Fellow, about 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, black Hair, has a long sharp Nose, and lubberly Walk. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oznabrig Shirt, speckled Yarn Stockings, Country Shoes, and Felt Hat.

Whoever secures the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have, if taken in *Baltimore* County, Forty Shillings for each; if in any other County of the Province, Fifty Shillings; and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward for each or either of them; and reasonable Charges if brought home.

N. B. They may steal other Cloaths, and change their Names.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Thursday the 18th of October last, Two New Negroes; the one a Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, supposed to be about 25 Years of Age. Had on when he went away, a Crocus Shirt and Trowsers, and a new white Plading Jacket. He will answer to the Name of *Isaac*. The other a Woman, is very small, talks in her own Language very fast, and appears to be older than the Man. Had on when she went away, a Crocus Shift, and a white Plading Petticoat; she also carried with her a Piece of greenish colour'd Cloth, which I suppose may supply the want of a Jacket. She will answer to the Name of *Sarah*.

Whoever takes up the said Negroes, and brings them to me at *George-Town* on *Patowmack* River, or secures them so that I can have them again, shall have a Reward of Twenty-five Shillings for each, besides reasonable Charges paid, if taken up 20 Miles from home, and delivered to me.

ROBERT PETER.

Since first publishing the above Advertisement, some Circumstances have been discovered, by which it is conjectured the above Slaves were stolen.

Upper-Marlbrough, March 18, 1760.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscribers, in Account of above one Year's standing, are desired to make immediate Payment, or they may expect to be sued without further Notice.

ALEXANDER and ANDREW SYMMER.

Frederick-Town, February 26, 1760.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR raising Five Hundred Dollars, for purchasing a FIRE ENGINE for the Use of Frederick-Town, in Frederick County, to consist of 1750 Tickets at Two Dollars each, 532 of which to be Fortunate, without any Deduction, viz.

1	of 200 DOLLARS.	is 200
2	of 80	are 160
3	of 40	are 120
4	of 20	are 80
20	of 10	are 200
50	of 8	are 400
450	of 4	are 1800
1	First drawn Blank,	20
1	Last drawn Blank,	20

532 Prizes. Sum raised 500
 1218 Blanks.

1750 Tickets at 2 Dollars each, is 3500

THE Overplus of the Profits after purchasing the FIRE ENGINE and it's Appurtenances (if any) to be applied towards erecting of a MARKET-HOUSE in the said Town.

By the above Scheme there are little more than Two Blanks and a Quarter to a Prize, and the Profits retained are not quite Fifteen per Cent upon the Whole.

When the Tickets are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin (on 14 Days previous Notice, at least, to be given in this Gazette) in the Court-House of the said County, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Drawing, it is supposed, will be in Two Months at farthest, as a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged.

The Managers are, Messrs. *Thomas Seely, James Dickson, Conrad Gresh, Arthur Charlton, Christopher Edelin, Michael Ramar, Caspar Schaaf, Thomas Prier, Levi Coban, John Cary, and George Muddick*, who are to give Bond, and take an Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be published in this Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished; and the Prizes to be paid off without any Deduction.

Prizes not demanded within Six Months from the Publication aforesaid, to be deem'd as a generous Present for the Use intended, and applied accordingly.

N. B. The Value of Seven Shillings and Six Pence in *Maryland* or *Pennsylvania* Currency, will be received in Lieu of each Dollar in the Sale of Tickets, and the same Currency to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes by the fortunate Adventurers.

TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

M A

By his Excellency H and Commander MARYLAND.

IT having been Governor of t That on the 2 the Town of Means for sup ing to the be destroyed 174 Dwelling Shops, and other Bu other Goods therein, to 100,000 l. Sterlin 220 Families were t whom, being by this sting themselves, we And that altho' he to procure Relief fo so great and extensiv themselves, and the must be greatly inad His Excellency the People of this Provi Fellow-Subjects, an lected on this Occas Overseers of the Po will be lodged the C be distributed amon eration, shall judge I do therefore ly Benevolence and Ch the calamitous and fers; not doubting milities, and under the Assistance of the that every Person tion, towards allevi ferent, in Proportio severally blessed us. And I do requir Ministers of the Ge cause to be read, t tions, on the first, receive the same; i as shall be by the with the Indorfen me; and the Sum the Sheriff of each to the Commission City of Annapolis, the Select-men and Boston, agreeable t the Contributors.

GIVEN at the in the tenth Year of our L

From the St.

A genuine Detail pened on the P Action betwe Troops at M 31st of July

THERE is to inspir Emulation in judiciously be signalize them! Acts of Intrep out a mixed Admiration, t very singular Field of Batt Wolfe made t French Lines We mean the Capt. Ochter who may, no young Trojan the Subject o fode in Virgi The Story, as it hath bee rorous and ungrateful O municate the and affecting

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, May 29, 1760.

By his Excellency HORATIO SHARPE, Esq; Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of MARYLAND.

A B R I E F.

IT having been represented to me, by his Majesty's Governor of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, That on the 20th of March last, a Fire broke out in the Town of Boston, in such Manner as to elude all Means for suppressing the same, until it had (according to the best Information that could be obtained) destroyed 174 Dwelling-Houses, and as many Warehouses, Shops, and other Buildings, which, with the Furniture and other Goods therein, amount, at a moderate Computation, to 100,000 l. Sterling; and that, by this unhappy Accident, 220 Families were turned out of Doors, the greatest Part of whom, being by this Misfortune rendered incapable of subsisting themselves, were become proper Objects of Charity.

And that altho' he had sent Briefs throughout that Province to procure Relief for the unhappy Sufferers, the Calamity is so great and extensive, that the Means of Relief from amongst themselves, and the Contributions of their own Inhabitants, must be greatly inadequate to the Loss.

His Excellency therefore desires me to recommend it to the People of this Province, to assist in Relieving their distressed Fellow-Subjects, and that I would cause what may be collected on this Occasion, to be remitted to the Select-men and Overseers of the Poor of the Town of Boston, with whom will be lodged the Collections made in that Government, to be distributed amongst the Sufferers, as they, in their Discretion, shall judge proper.

I do therefore hereby most earnestly recommend to the Benevolence and Charity of the good People of this Province, the calamitous and ruined Condition of those unhappy Sufferers; not doubting, but as all are subject to the like Calamities, and under like Misfortunes would hope and expect the Assistance of their Fellow-Subjects and Fellow-Christians, that every Person amongst us will contribute on this Occasion, towards alleviating the Miseries of the unhappy Sufferers, in Proportion to the Means wherewith GOD hath severally blessed us.

And I do require the several Rectors of Parishes, and other Ministers of the Gospel, within this Province, to read, or cause to be read, this BRIEF, to their respective Congregations, on the first, second, and third Sundays after they shall receive the same; that they indorse thereon such Collections as shall be by them severally made; and that this Brief, with the Indorsement thereon, they forthwith transmit to me; and the Sums collected, they are forthwith to pay to the Sheriff of each County, to be immediately transmitted to the Commissioners of the Paper Currency Office, in the City of Annapolis, that the same may be speedily remitted to the Select-men and Overseers of the Poor of the Town of Boston, agreeable to the laudable and charitable Design of the Contributors.

GIVEN at the City of Annapolis, the sixth Day of May, in the tenth Year of his Majesty's Dominion, and in the Year of our Lord CHRIST, 1760.

HOR^o. SHARPE.

From the St. James's Evening Post, of Feb. 5.

A genuine Detail of a remarkable Incident that happened on the Field of Battle, immediately after the Action between his Majesty's Forces and the French Troops at Montmorency, near Quebec, on the 31st of July, 1759.

THERE is nothing that serves more effectually to inspire and maintain a noble Spirit of Emulation in the Army than seasonable Praise, judiciously bestowed on those Individuals who signalize themselves in the Service by extraordinary Acts of Intrepidity and Valour. It was not without a mixed Emotion of Tenderness, Joy, and Admiration, that we lately read an Account of a very singular Transaction, which happened on the Field of Battle, when the ever-glorious General Wolfe made the first unsuccessful Attack upon the French Lines in the Neighbourhood of Quebec. We mean the Behaviour of the two young Officers, Capt. Ochterlony, and his Lieut. Mr. Peyton; who may, not unaptly, be compared to the two young Trojans, Nilus and Euryalus, whose Fate is the Subject of a most beautiful and pathetic Episode in Virgil.

The Story, however, of the two British Officers, as it hath been published, being in some Parts erroneous and defective, we presume it will be no ungrateful Offering to the Reader if we now communicate the real Particulars of that very romantic and affecting Scene, as we learned them from the

Mouth of Mr. Peyton himself, who is now in London, tolerably well recovered of the Wounds which he received on that Occasion.

The Captain and his Lieutenant were nearly of an Age, which did not exceed Thirty: The first was a North-Britain, the other a native of Ireland. Both were agreeable in Person, and unblemished in Character, and connected together by the Ties of mutual Friendship and Esteem. On the Day that preceded the Battle, Capt. Ochterlony had been obliged to fight a Duel with a German Officer; in which, though he wounded and disarmed his Antagonist, yet he himself received a dangerous Hurt under the right Arm; in Consequence of which his Friends insisted on his remaining in Camp during the Action of next Day: But his Spirit was too great to comply with this Remonstrance. He declared it should never be said that a Scratch, received in a private Rencontre, had prevented his doing his Duty, when his Country required his Service; and he took the Field with a Fufee in his Hand, as Captain of the Grenadier Company in the Regiment of Royal Americans, though he was hardly able to carry his Arms. In leading up his Men to the Enemy's Intrenchment, he was shot through the Lungs with a Musket-ball; an Accident which obliged him to part with his Fufee; but he still continuing, until, by Loss of Blood, he became too weak to proceed further. About the same Time Mr. Peyton was lamed by a Shot, which shattered the small Bone of his left Leg. The Soldiers, in their Retreat, earnestly begged, with Tears in their Eyes, that Capt. Ochterlony would allow them to carry him and the Lieutenant off the Field. But he was so bigotted to a severe point of Honour, that he would not quit the Ground, though he desired they would take Care of his Lieutenant. Mr. Peyton, with a generous Disdain, rejected their good Offices, declaring, that he would not leave his Captain in such a Situation; and in a little Time they remained the sole Survivors on that Part of the Field.

Capt. Ochterlony sat down by his Friend, and as they expected nothing but immediate Death, they took Leave of each other; yet they were not altogether abandoned by the Hope of being protected as Prisoners: For the Captain seeing a French Soldier with two Indians approach, started up, and accosting them in the French Language, which he spoke perfectly well, expressed his Expectation that they would treat him and his Companion as Officers, Prisoners, and Gentlemen. The two Indians seemed to be intirely under the Conduct of the Frenchman, who coming up to Mr. Peyton, as he sat on the Ground, snatched his laced Hat from his Head, and robbed the Captain of his Watch and Money. This Outrage was a Signal to the Indians for Murder and Pillage. One of them, clubbing his Firelock, struck at him behind, with a View to knock him down; but the Blow missing his Head, took place upon his Shoulder. At the same Instant the other Indian poured his Shot into the Breast of this unfortunate young Gentleman, who cried out, O Peyton! the Villain has shot me. Not yet satisfied with Cruelty, the barbarian sprung upon him, and stabbed him in the Belly with his scalping Knife. The Captain, having parted with his Fufee, had no Weapon for his Defence, as none of the Officers wore Swords in the Action. The three Ruffians finding him still alive, endeavoured to strangle him with his own Sash; and he was now upon his Knees, struggling against them with surprizing Exertion. Mr. Peyton at this juncture, having a double-barrelled Musket in his Hand, and seeing the Distress of his Friend, fired at one of the Indians, who dropped dead upon the Spot. The other, thinking the Lieutenant would be an easy Prey, advanced towards him; and Mr. Peyton, having taken good Aim at the Distance of four Yards, discharged his Piece the second Time; but it seemed to take no Effect. The Savage, in his Turn, and wounded the

Lieutenant in the Shoulder: Then rushing upon him, thrust his Bayonet through his Body. He repeated the Blow, which Mr. Peyton attempting to parry, received another Wound in his left Hand. Nevertheless, he seized the Indian's Musket with the same Hand, pulling him forwards, and with his Right drawing a Dagger, which hung by his Side, plunged it in the Barbarian's Side. A violent Struggle ensued; but at length Mr. Peyton was uppermost, and, with repeated Strokes of his Dagger, killed his Antagonist outright. Here he was seized with an unaccountable Emotion of Curiosity, to know whether or not his Shot had taken place on the Body of the Indian: He accordingly turned him up and stripping off his Blanket, perceived that the Ball had penetrated quite through the Cavity of the Breast.

Having thus obtained a dear-bought Victory, he started up on one Leg, and Captain Ochterlony, standing at the Distance of sixty Yards, close by the Enemy's Breast-work, with a French Soldier attending him. Mr. Peyton then calling aloud, Captain Ochterlony I am glad to see you have at last got under Protection. Beware of that Villain, who is more barbarous than the Savages. GOD bless you my dear Captain. I see a Party of Indians coming this Way, and expect to be murdered immediately. This was really the Case: A Party of those Barbarians had been employed on the Left in scalping and pillaging the dying and the dead that were left upon the Field of Battle; and now above 30 or 40 of these Banditti were in full March to destroy Mr. Peyton. This Gentleman knew he had no Mercy to expect; for, should his Life be spared for the present, they would have afterwards insisted upon sacrificing him to the Manes of their Brethren whom he had slain; and, in that Case he be put to Death by the most excruciating Tortures. Full of this Idea, he snatched up his Musket, and notwithstanding his broken Leg, ran above forty Yards without halting: Feeling himself totally disabled, and incapable of proceeding one Step further, he loaded his Piece, and presented it to the two foremost Indians, who stood aloof, waiting to be joined by their Fellows; while the French from their Breast-work, kept up a continual Fire of Cannon and Small-Arms upon this poor, solitary, unarmed Gentleman. In this uncomfortable Situation he stood, when he discerned at a Distance an Highland Officer, with a Party of his Men skirting the Plain. He forthwith waved his Hand, and the Officer saw him and detached three Men to his Assistance. These brave Fellows hastened to him through the Midst of a terrible Fire, and one of them bore him off on his Shoulders. The Highland Officer was Captain Macdonald, of Col. Frazer's Battalion; who understanding that a young Gentleman, his Kinsman, had dropped on the Field of Battle, put himself at the Head of this Party, with which he penetrated to the Middle of the Field, drove a considerable Number of French and Indians before him, and finding his Relation still unscalped, carried him off in triumph. Poor Capt. Ochterlony was conveyed to Quebec, where in a few Days he died of his Wounds; and after the Reduction of that Place, the French Surgeons who attended him have declared; that, in all Probability, he would have recovered of the two Shots he had received in his Breast, had he not been mortally wounded in the Belly by the Indian's scalping Knife.

L O N D O N, February 26.

Extract of a Letter from Edinburgh.

AT the Battle near Quebec, Sept. 13, when the Command of the Army, by the Death of Gen. WOLFE, devolved on General TOWNSHEND, he observed an old Highlander in the Front of the Army, laying about him with the most surprizing Strength, and Agility, bearing down all Opposition, till almost spent with Fatigue, he retired behind a

Breath-work of dead Bodies, most of whom he had slain with his own Hand; where he drew his Breath a little; and then casting off his upper Coat, which incumbered him, he again returned to the Charge, and at every Blow brought a Frenchman to the Ground. The General, full of Admiration at his intrepid Behaviour, ordered him to be brought to him after the Engagement. And having bestowed on him the Encomiums which his gallant Behaviour deserved, he asked him, How he could leave his native Country, and follow the Fortune of War, in such an unfavourable Climate, at such an advanced Age? He replied, That his Hatred to the French on Account of their perfidious Behaviour on many Occasions, had made him leave his Family at Seventy Years of Age, as a Volunteer, in order to be revenged on them before his Death; and he hoped, on that Day, he had not affronted Himself, his King, or Country. Gen. Townshend was so well pleased with the Magnanimity of the brave Fellow, that he brought him home and presented him to Mr. Pitt; by whom he was introduced to his Majesty; who has been graciously pleased to give him a Lieutenant's Commission, with the Liberty of Serving in any Corps, or in any Country he chuses; or, if he shall incline to retire to his Family and Friends, to have a Lieutenant's full Pay during Life. When he walked along the Streets of London, we were told, that the People, as he passed, cried, *There goes the brave old Highlander; long live the gallant old Boy.*—His Broad-Sword, with which he so nobly revenged himself on his Country's Foes, is a most excellent One, and has descended, from Father to Son, as a particular Legacy, for upwards of 300 Years; and he is so extremely fond of it, that he takes it to Bed with him every Night.

The Gentleman here mentioned is Malcolm Macpherson of Phones, in Badenoch. An Action has depended some Time before the Court of Session for evicting his Estate from him, and he wrote from London to his Agent to take Care of the old *Douglas*; not to let either—or a—s get the Mailing; that the Sword and the Mailing must remain together, the one to defend the other; adding, that his Promotion comes on so fast, that he hopes to be a Colonel yet, though he is now near 3 Years of Age.

P. S. He is since come here.

BRITAIN'S REMEMBRANCE. A new SONG, for the Years 1758 and 1759.

COME listen a while, and I'll tickle your Ears,
With a few little Verses; which, it appears,
We have gain'd from the French in two little Years.

Which no Body can deny, &c.
We have beat them, my Boys; and I'll hold you a Pound,
We shall beat them, my Boys, on the Sea or dry Ground,
We shall beat them as long as the World doth go round.

Which no Body, &c.
With *Guadaloupe* first I embellish my Strain,
Then a Cluster of Forts crowd into my Brain,
Crown-Point, Frontenack, Niagara, Duquesne.

Which no Body, &c.
Under we have taken, and taken *Forten*;
Tho' the Coast was so steep, that a Man might as soon
As, the Frenchmen imagin'd, have taken the Moon.

Which no Body, &c.
Several we have taken, and taken *Corse*;
And thither we Trade for our Blacks, do you see;
For who should buy Slaves, but they that are Free?

Which no Body, &c.
Then at *Minden*, you know, we defeated our Foes,
Though our Horse stood aloof without coming to Blows;
And why no Body's hand'd for it, no Body knows.

Which no Body, &c.
Beholden at *Lago*, and *Harve* in the Bay,
Their Victories had I but Room to display,
I'm sure I should not have done singing To-day.

Which no Body, &c.
Oh! what is become of the Fleet out of *Brest*?
Some are burnt, some are taken—and where are the rest?
Why some are fled East, and some are fled West.

Which no Body, &c.
Some Ten Fathom deep in the Sea may be found,
And some in the River *Pilaine* are a Ground,
Where they lie very safe, but not very sound.

Which no Body, &c.
Let France then all Title to Glory resign,
For these Years, unmatch'd, shall in History shine,
The renown'd FIFTY-EIGHT and the great FIFTY-NINE.

Which no Body can deny, &c.

Feb. 21. Letters from the Hague inform us, that the Dey of Algiers has released the Dutch Ship, and made full Satisfaction to the States General for the Insult offered by his Subjects to their Flag; on which the Presents, that had been countermanded, were ordered to be forwarded immediately, with their High Mightinesses Thanks to the Dey for the high Regard he had expressed for them, and sincere Desire to maintain with him the most perfect Union.

March 8. According to Letters from Paris, the Scots and Irish Regiments in the French Service are on their March to join Broglie's Army

in Germany. They are to be replaced on the Sea Coast by those Regiments which suffered most in the last Campaign.

Letters from Versailles say, that the marine Officers of the India Company had made an Offer of trying to get the King's Ships out of the Villains, and conduct them to *Brest*, which had been accepted, and that M. Marion was at the Head of the Enterprize.

They write from Hanover, that they have raised so many Men in that Electorate, that they find it very difficult to compleat the 5000 Men with which the Allied Army is to be reinforced. Several Petitions have been presented to the Regency, praying, that those Men who earn an honest Livelihood by the Sweat of their Brows, may not be compelled to serve; and that the Regency would use their good Offices with the King, their Sovereign, to get their Number reduced to four thousand. If they would enlist French Deserters, the Number would soon be compleat.

BAFFETERRE, in ST. CHRISTOPHERS, April 19. The following is the Substance of the Accounts we have had of the Loss of his Majesty's Sloop *Virgin*.

The *Virgin* failed from hence the 25th ult. with the Ship *Warner*, and a Schooner under her Convoy, bound to *Basseterre*, in *Guadaloupe*; but when they approached *Pidgeon Island*, Captain *Saint Lo* discovered four French Privateers, three of which appeared to be pretty large. This was a Force the *Virgin* was by no Means able to contend with, she being only a common Bermuda Sloop, carrying 12 Guns, and 47 Men Officers included, and had been alone, ought by all Means to have avoided coming to Action; but, in the present Circumstances, such a Conduct must infallibly have thrown the Convoy into the Enemy's Hands; Captain *Saint Lo* therefore, agreeable to his usual Bravery, resolved rather to engage them all, and by one desperate Effort endeavour to extricate both himself and the Convoy; and accordingly every Thing was made ready to engage. In the mean Time, 3 of the Privateers bore down in close Order, and the Action began; but the Firing had not continued long before one of them grappled the *Virgin* on the Starboard Quarter, whilst the other two poured in heavy Volleys of small Arms, the one on the Larboard Bow, and the other on the Quarter. This occasioned many of the *Virgin's* Men to run from their Quarters, notwithstanding all that could be done to prevent it; those that did remain however, defended themselves with great Bravery, and both the Officers and Mr. *Warner* (who had taken his Passage in the *Virgin*) exerted themselves to the utmost; till at last the latter was taken off by a Musket Ball, as he was calling to, and encouraging the Men, and some time afterwards Captain *Saint Lo* underwent the same Fate. The Officers that were left, finding themselves so greatly overpowered, and the *Virgin*, being disabled in her Rigging, which deprived them of all Hopes of making their Escape, were obliged to surrender, after an Action which lasted an Hour and an Half, and enabled the Convoy to make their Escape.

The Enemy's Loss on this Occasion is not known, but it is judged to have been pretty great. On our Side were five killed, and ten wounded.

By a French Flag of Truce which arrived here the Day before Yesterday from *Martinico*, we learn, that the English Flag of Truce sent thither some time ago, is detained, and that all the English Prisoners there, are confined in the common Goal, without Distinction. In Consequence of this, all the French Prisoners here, are ordered into close Custody.

ST. JOHN'S (in ANTIGUA) April 23. Captain *Charlton*, from *London* for *Jamaica*, parted with the Fleet bound to the West-Indies the 12th of March, off the *Lizard*. They were under Convoy of three Ships of the Line, and three Frigates, viz. *Admiral Holmes*, in the *Cambridge*; who, with another Ship of the Line, and two Frigates, is bound to *Jamaica*, and, it is said, will not touch at any of these Islands; and Sir *James Douglas*, in the *Dublin*, of 74 Guns; and a Frigate, bound hither. The Fleet were to touch at *Madeira*, and the Ships bound hither may be expected here in a Week or ten Days.

April 26. Yesterday an English Flag of Truce returned from *Martinico*; she brought away between 80 and 90 Prisoners, and about 100 more were left behind, which were to be sent away shortly after, in a French Flag of Truce. Upwards of 20 Masters of Vessels which the French had threatened to send to France, and which had been sent to *Fort-Royal*, returned to *St. Pierre* the

Day the Flag of Truce failed, and were to be sent hither by the first Opportunity. One Ship of the Line and a Frigate were at *Fort-Royal*. Prizes were carried in almost every Day, chiefly Vessels from the Northward, but several from Europe, and amongst the rest the Ship *Penelope* bound from *London* to *St. Kitts*. All the Prisoners, without any sort of Distinction, were closely confined in very bad Prisons, had nothing but the bare Stones to lie upon, and were fed with rotten Provisions.

We hear two Dutch Men of War came to the Old Road, in *St. Christophers*, a few Days ago.

Captain *M'Lane*, who sailed with the *Cork Fleet*, and *Prussian Hero*, from *Londonderry*, arrived here last Night: They were fortunately joined by a Ship of Force, bound to *St. Kitts*, who conveyed them through the Chain of Privateers which surrounds us.—This last Ship parted from the West-India Fleet the 29th of March, in Lat. 46.

The Prisoners from *Martinico* say, Dutch Ships frequently sail from thence, laden with Sugars for *St. Eustatius*.

CHARLES-TOWN (South-Carolina) April 7.

Friday last his Majesty's Frigate the *Trent* failed over the Bar and came to an Anchor in the Offing to wait for the homeward-bound Trade going under her Convoy. The same Day at Noon his Excellency Governor *Lyttelton* went down in the Frigate's Barge to embark in her for England, and at his Departure was saluted by the several Battions here, afterwards by *Fort Johnson*, and the Ships in *Rebellion-Road* as he passed them; and by the Man of War when he got on board: And on Sunday at 11 o'Clock A. M. the said Frigate, with the *Albany*, and the Trade under their Convoy sailed from the Bar, with a fair Wind.—As Mr. *LYTTELTON's* upright, disinterested, public-spirited and uniform Conduct, during the whole Course of his Administration, justly intitle him to the Commendation and grateful Acknowledgments of the Community, so the many eminent Qualities he possessed in his private Capacity, will leave the most lasting Impressions on the Minds of those who knew him in any of the social Relations; and altho' his Promotion to the best Government in America (that of *Jamaica*) is the highest Evidence of the Royal Approbation of his Merit, and accordingly excites in us much Pleasure and Satisfaction; yet we may with great Truth affirm, that his Removal would have been most sincerely regretted, had not his Majesty been graciously pleased to appoint for his immediate Successor in the Administration, the Hon. *WILLIAM BULL*, Esq; a Native of this Province, and a Gentleman of distinguished Abilities and Integrity; allowed to be equally well acquainted with Indians and their Affairs, and the Interests and Affairs of *Carolina*; and the whole Tenor of whose Life and Actions demonstrates, that he inherits all the Virtues which adorned his Father, the late Lieut. Governor, and distinguished the happy Period of his Administration—an Administration that will make his Name live in our grateful Memories without monumental Inscriptions.

WILLIAMSBURG, May 9.

By a Gentleman that came Passenger from South-Carolina in the *Scarborough Man of War*, which is arrived at *Hampton*, we learn, that a Party of Creek Warriors is returned, bringing in two Cherokee Scapls; and that five Parties of Creeks are now out, through the Influence of Governor *Ellis*; and that Col. *Richardson*, by straggling a little Way from his Party, was killed and scalped: Col. *Montgomery*, with the Forces under his Command, still remains at *Monck's-Corner*, about 30 Miles from *Charles-Town*; and it is uncertain when he will be able to move, not having as yet got any Carriages. The said Man of War, off the Cape, spoke with a Ship bound for *Maryland*, in six Weeks from *London*; which on her Passage, off the Island of *Madeira*, fell in with a large Fleet of Men of War and Transports under the Command of *Admiral Holmes*, supposed to be destined for the Reduction of *Martinico*.

By Letters from the Hon. *William Bull*, Esq; Lieutenant-Governor of South-Carolina, to our Governor, we are informed, that *Fort Loudoun* in the Cherokee Country, garrisoned by about 200 Men, has at several Times been invested by a Body of at least 6 or 700 Indians of that Nation, thereby preventing all Communication with the said Fort; and that, unless timely Succours can be brought thereto, the Garrison must inevitably fall a Sacrifice to those merciless Savages: The Governor of South-Carolina, therefore, earnestly solicits, that a Detachment of the *Virginia Regiment* may be marched to their Assistance forthwith; in Consequence

quence of which Colony is to me The Little-C tion as he had a themselves from

On Tuesday wood, Capt. S which on her Westward of Privateer of 16 ment of four lie by till the imagining the again, bore do fleur, being fa met with the D could, and left Voysge: The ger) killed, an Yesterday wa Admiralty, a L Patience, sent New-York; sh to Coracoa, la said to be won

B. O. Wednesday New-Port, the was chosen Go ner, Esq; Depu Secretary; Au neral; and T Treasurer.

The Regime vement, to Some have alr are taking the N. E. V. Saturday Al pointed to be Colony, for Albany.

The same Louiburg, in fengers severa Warburton's R mand in the 5 formed by the teer, from the troublefome a rence; and ch from Boston.

PHIL. The Julian: this Port, wit Fifty Thousa the Western l same Gentlem Time ago, an carried to Cap we hear, he t

We also lea from France, did, and had loupe to this Connecticut;

A N. We hear that of this Province ant, and went forced from the vince again.

Sunday last Church, by the Collection made ferers by the l we have Reafor gations in this cumstances of and Compassion

"How art tho "Beauty is co "due Reflectio "may the Di "and the pref "of the like C "Charity and "our Saviour "Being, who "kind, of ur "Obedience a "the grateful "who is the "the Protect "Possess; M "Minds to a "He that b and that whi Fairly, Hope, Charity, Ball Merciful, for the Tongues of am become as that growth to cheerful Grov

ere to be sent
Ship of the
oyal. Prizes
chiefly Vessels
from Europe,
bound from
ners, without
y confined in
e bare Stones
Provisions.
came to the
Days ago.
th the Cork
donderry, ar-
unately join-
St. Kitts, who
of Privateers
parted from
arch, in Lar.

Dutch Ships
ith Sugars for
na) April 7.
he Trent failed
or in the Offing
Trade going
y at Noon his
at down in the
England, and
several Baffons
and the Ships
hem; and by
board: And on
ld Frigate, with
their Convoy
Wind.—As
erefted, public-
ing the whole
intile him to
knowledge
ninent Qualities
will leave the
ds of those who
ions; and altho'
ent in America
Evidence of the
and accordingly
atisfaction; yet
at his Removal
regretted, had
ceased to appoint
Administration,
a Native of this
inguished Abili-
equally well ac-
Affairs, and the
and the whole
as demonstrates,
hich adorned his
and distinguished
nistration—his
Name live in
monumental In-

May 9.
nger from South-
of War, which
that a Party of
ing in two Che-
es of Creeks are
Governor Ellis;
raggling a little
d scalped: Col-
er his Command,
about 30 Miles
ertain when he
g as yet got any
ar, off the Cape,
Maryland, in fix
her Passage, off
a large Fleet of
er the Command
be destined for

William Bull, Esq;
Carolina, to our
Fort Loudoun in
ed by about 200
nvented by a Body
at Nation, thereby
with the said Fort;
can be brought
stably fall a Sacri-
The Governor of
estly solicits, that
Regiment may be
thwith; in Confe-
quence

quence of which, the General Assembly of this Colony is to meet on the 19th Instant.

The Little Carpenter, with as many of his Nation as he had any Influence over, have withdrawn themselves from the rest of their Countrymen.

On Tuesday last arrived in York River the Spot-wood, Capt. Seaton, in nine Weeks from Bristol; which on her Passage, about 100 Leagues to the Westward of Cape Clear, fell in with a French Privateer of 16 Guns; and, after a smart Engagement of four Hours, obliged her to sheer off, and lie by till the next Morning; when Capt. Seaton, imagining the Privateer intended to attack him again, bore down in order to engage; but Monsieur, being satisfied with the Reception he had met with the Day before, crowded all the Sail he could, and left Captain Seaton to proceed on his Voyage: The Spotwood had one Man (a Passenger) killed, and six wounded.

Yesterday was condemned, at the Court of Vice-Admiralty, a Dutch Sloop called the Unfortunate-Patience, sent in here by the Hope Privateer of New-York; she was bound from Port-au-Prince to Coracoa, laden with Coffee and Indico, and is said to be worth 7 or 8000l.

BOSTON, May 12.

Wednesday last, at the General Election at New-Port, the Honourable Stephen Hopkins, Esq; was chosen Governor; the Honourable John Gardner, Esq; Deputy Governor; Thomas Ward, Esq; Secretary; Augustus Johnston, Esq; Attorney General; and Thomas Richardson, Esq; General Treasurer.

The Regiment ordered to be raised by this Government, to consist of 1000 Men, is complete. Some have already embarked, and the Transports are taking the Remainder on board.

NEW-YORK, May 19.

Saturday Afternoon the Quota of the Forces appointed to be raised by an Act of Assembly of this Colony, for the City of New-York, embarked for Albany.

The same Day arrived here a Schooner from Louisburg, in 11 Days, in which Vessel came Passengers several Gentlemen Officers, belonging to Warburton's Regiment; but are appointed to command in the 55th, now at Albany.—We are informed by the above Vessel, that a French Privateer, from the Mississippi, has lately been very troublesome at the Mouth of the River St. Lawrence; and that she has lately taken a Schooner from Boston, bound for Quebec or Louisburg.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.

The Juliana, Captain House, from London for this Port, with a Cargo valued at not less than Fifty Thousand Pounds Sterling, was taken, off the Western Islands, by Monsieur Chateau (the same Gentleman that cruised off our Capes some Time ago, and took so many of our Vessels) and carried to Cape Francois. His Prisoners, as usual, we hear, he treated genteelly.

We also learn, that a Brig arrived at the Cape from France, much about the Time that Chateau did, and had taken Captain Savage, from Guadeloupe to this Harbour, and a Sloop belonging to Connecticut; the last ransomed.

ANNAPOLIS, May 29.

We hear that many Families who left the Western Parts of this Province some Years since; on Account of the Indians, and went to settle in Carolina, are now by the Indians forced from thence, and return'd and returning to this Province again.

Sunday last his Excellency's PRAYER was Read in our Church, by the Reverend Mr. Williamson, and a handsome Collection made, towards relieving the many unhappy Sufferers by the late dreadful Fire in Boston; which Example, we have Reason to Hope, will be follow'd in all the Congregations in this Province, and Others, as the deplorable Circumstances of those distressed People, truly deserve the Aid and Compassion of their Christian Brethren. "BOSTON! How art thou Distress'd? How art thou fallen of late! Thy Beauty is consumed; thy Streets are laid waste. May a due Reflection and Sense of the Sufferings of our Brethren; may the Distresses of the once Affluent and Prosperous; and the present Miseries of the Poor; may the Thoughts of the like Calamities being incident to us; may Christian Charity and universal Love, and the Divine Precepts of our Saviour; may an Imitation of that great and glorious Being, who communicates Happiness and Love to Mankind, of unlimited Goodness and Mercy; may the Duty, Obedience and Reverence due to the Divine Majesty; may the grateful Remembrance of all His Blessings and Favours who is the Author and Giver of all Things, as well as the Protector of Mankind, who continues to us all we Possess; May He inspire us with Pity, and enlarge our Minds to a fitable Liberality on this dreadful Occasion."

—He that bath Pity upon the Poor, lendeth unto the LORD; and that which he bath Given will be Pay him again. —Faith, Hope, Charity,—but the greatest of these is Charity. —Charity shall cover a Multitude of Sins.—Blessed are the Merciful, for they shall obtain Mercy.—Though I speak with the Tongues of Men and Angels, and have not CHARITY, I am become as sounding Brass, and a tinkling Cymbal.—He that loveth to the Poor shall not lack.—GOD loveth a cheerful Giver. [Old & New Testament.]

By the Northern Prints we learn, that the Assembly of Pennsylvania have given Fifteen Hundred Pounds out of their Public Treasury, towards relieving the Sufferers in Boston by the late Great Fire.

About a Fortnight ago, a Lad (who had been lately at Philadelphia) broke out with the Small-Pox, and had a fine distinct Sort; and that Distemper might easily have been prevented from spreading here; but now, as a good many are inoculated, in different Parts of the Town, it is not to be doubted but that it will spread among the few it has to operate on in this Place. If the People in general, who are liable to the Distemper, were all, at once, to make use of that happy and safe Expedient, it might be the Means, with the Blessing of GOD, of saving some Lives, and the Town would certainly soon be clear of it again.

AFTER Printing off the other Side of this GAZETTE, and just as we were beginning to print this Side, at the usual Time on Thursday Noon, the Nut (a large Brass Female Screw) in the Head of the Press, crack'd and gave way, which disabled us from completing any Papers 'til this Time, [Saturday Morning.] As this Delay was occasioned by an Accident unforeseen and unavoidable, our good Customers must be kind enough to excuse it.

By PERMISSION of his EXCELLENCY.

At the THEATRE in Upper-Marlborough, on Monday next, being the 2d of June, will be presented, a COMEDY, call'd,

THE STRATAGEM.

Aimwell, Mr. MURRAY; Archer, Mr. HALLAM; Sullen, Mr. DOUGLASS; Gibbet, Mr. MORRIS; Scrub, Mr. A. HALLAM; Feigard, Mr. DOUGLASS; Freeman, Mr. MORRIS; Boniface, Mr. SCOTT.

Mrs. Sullen, Mrs. DOUGLASS; Dorinda, Miss CRANE; Lady Bountiful, Mrs. DOWTHAITE; Cherry, Mrs. MORRIS; Gipsy, Miss DOWTHAITE.

To which will be added, a FARCE, call'd, MISS in her TEENS.

Tickets may be had of Mr. Benjamin Brooke. PIT 7/6. GALLERY 5s.

To be RENTED, LEASED, or SOLD, A COMMODIOUS HOUSE, Garden and Out-Houses, situate in a very pleasant Part of the City of ANNAPOLIS.

For further Particulars Enquire of 1-7/6 M. MACNEMARA.

JUST IMPORTED in the Ship ST. GEORGE, Captain JACOB WALTERS, from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in BALTIMORE-TOWN, Wholesale or Retail, for ready Money, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit.

SUNDRY Sorts of Paints and Colours, viz. Red, White and Black, Lead, ground and unground; fine Prussian Blue; red Chalk; red Paint; King's, Prince's, and Naples Yellow; Lake; distill'd Verdegreafe; fine Venetian Red, Rape and Linfeed Oyl, &c. &c. JONATHAN FLOWMAN.

N. B. He will either purchase or take in Payment, Turpentine, Cedar Plank, and Skins and Furs of all Sorts.

THE said Ship ST. GEORGE, now lying in Patapsco, will take in TOBACCO, consign'd to Messieurs Sydenham and Hodgson, Merchants in London, at Twelve Pounds Sterling per Ton.

STRAY'D or Stolen from Bladensburg last Fall, two Mares, and Colts of that Season. The one a Bay Mare, about 14 Hands high; she has no perceivable Brand, but is very remarkable by having one Wall-Eye, and a white Spot about the Bigness of a Silver Six-pence behind her right Ear. She had a Mare Colt with her then of a Roan Colour. The other is a Sorrel Mare, had a Bay Horse Colt with her; she is branded on the near Shoulder and hind Quarter with an S, has a Blaze in her Face, about 13½ Hands high.

Whoever secures the said Mares and Colts, so as the Subscriber may have them again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward for the Bay Mare and Colt, and Thirty Shillings for the Sorrel Mare and Colt.

As there is great Reason to believe the said Mares and Colts were Stolen, any Person that will discover the Felons, shall have Five Pounds Reward for each Felon that is convicted.

JOHN ROW.

CHOICE Fresh LIMES, at 5/6 per Hundred, to be Sold by the Subscriber, next Door to the Market-House. REBECCA IRVIN.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, On Wednesday in the next November Courts in Prince-George's and Frederick Counties,

ALL the outstanding Debts (without Exception) then due to Messrs. Alexander Brown, and Company, contracted with Mr. Robert Muddell, while he kept Store at George-Town on Rock-Creek, and left with me to be collected. For the Convenience of those who may incline to purchase, Lists of the Debts, against the first of September, will be lodged at the Stores in Upper-Marlborough, Bladensburg, George-Town, and Frederick-Town, and Copies affixed at the Court-Houses, and other public Places.

Any Person inclining to make a private Purchase of the Whole, or a Part, may apply to me any Time between the First of September and the Day of Sale. GEORGE SCOTT.

BROKE out of Prince-George's County Goal, on the 21st of May at Night, one Thomas Maybew, of a very dark Complexion, (his Father being an East-India Indian) about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, wears his own Hair which is very Black. He formerly lived in the lower End of that County.

Whoever takes up the said Maybew, and brings him to Upper-Marlborough, to the Subscriber, shall receive Two Pistoles Reward.

Mr. Row.

BENJAMIN BROOKES.

May 29, 1760.



FOR FREIGHT to the West-Indies, or any Part to the Northward, the Schooner Garland, Thomas Hammond, Commander, now lying at Baltimore-Town, a new Vessel, completely fitted and rigg'd, will carry about 4000 Bushels, and will be ready to take her Cargo on Board in Ten Days.

For Terms apply to the Subscriber on Board. STEPHEN GARLAND.

THERE is at the Plantation of Philip Sewell, in Anne-Arundel County, on the main Road to Manockass, taken up as a Stray, a Bright Bay Mare about 13 Hands high, 8 or 9 Years old, her hind Feet are white, she has not any perceivable Brand, but is Ear-mark'd, has some Saddle Spots, and had on an old Bell with a Leather Collar.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Subscriber's Plantation, a Pied HEIFER, mark'd with an upper and under Cut on the right Ear, and an under Cut in the Left. Whoever proves their Property, and pays the Charge of this Advertisement, may have her again. HENRY GASSAWAY.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

THE Plantation, in Cecil County, whereon Mr. JAMES PAUL HEATH, deceased, and the Subscriber, lately lived, to which belong about 1500 Acres of excellent Land. There is also on the Plantation, a very handsome well built Brick Dwelling House, two Story high, with four good Rooms on a Floor, together with handsome and convenient Offices of Brick. The House is very pleasantly situated on Sassafras River, and commands a beautiful and extensive Prospect. There are also other Commodious Buildings, such as Barns, Tobacco Houses, Granaries, Stables, Houses for Quarters or Tenants. It is about three or four Miles from Frederick and George Towns. There is some good Meadow, and a great deal more may be made.

For Title and Terms Enquire of WALTER DULANY, Esq; in Annapolis, or the Subscriber at his Plantation in Baltimore County near Bush-Town.

N. B. If a Number of Purchasers shou'd offer, the Land may be laid out in Lots.

JAMES HEATH.

THE Subscriber intending for LONDON, about September or October next, desires all Persons that have open Accounts with him, to come and settle the same, and Payment from as many as can oblige him. Constant Attendance will be given from this Day, at his Store in Annapolis, by Mr. George Newman, where his Customers or Others may be supplied with European or India Goods, suitable to the Season, as usual.

He has to Dispose of, or Let on Lease for a Term, A House and Lot in Baltimore-Town, where Mr. Abraham Wayne now lives; as also 121 Acres of Land, lying within two Miles of said Town. Any Person or Persons that apply to purchase the above, will be allowed Time of Payment if desired.

JAMES MACCUBBIN.

3 **CASTINGS**, such as Iron, Brass, &c. &c. &c. Baking Stoves with Lids, Dogs, Backs, Baskets, Skillets, &c. &c. to be Sold very Cheap, by LANCELOT JACKSON.

3 **JUST IMPORTED** from BARBADOS. A QUANTITY of very good RUM and MUSCOVADO SUGAR, to be sold very reasonably, for ready Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco, by Mr. HENRY TURNER, at *Baltimore*, and the Subscriber at *King's-Head*. THOMAS CAMPBELL.

4 **Patent Iron-Works, May 1, 1760.** THE Subscriber hereby gives Public Notice to all Persons any ways indebted to him, either by Bond, Bill, Note, or open Account, that they are desired to come and make Payment, or otherwise satisfy him for the same, by the Tenth of *June*. Attendance will be duly given every Monday, Tuesday, and Friday, in each Week, till that Time. And all those concerned, who neglect complying with the Requisites of this Advertisement, may expect to be called upon in such a Manner, as must prove Chargeable to them, and Disagreeable to RICHARD SNOWDEN.

Baltimore Iron-Works, April 28, 1760. RAN away last Night Three Convict Servant men, viz.

Richard Carman, a middle aged Man, of a pale Complexion, well-set, speaks in the West Country Dialect, has on a dirty Frock of Furred Linen, and his other Apparel is such as Servants commonly wear, and very dirty, as he work'd in the Coal-ing Business.

John Carman, a lusty lubberly Fellow, and Brother to the above named *Richard*, is about thirty Years of Age, of a fresh Complexion, and speaks in the West Country Dialect. His Apparel is coarse and dirty.

James Singwood, belonging to Col. Benjamin *Town*, came into the Country this Year, he is about 30 Years of Age, brown Complexion, a middle sized Man, well-set, and stoops much in his Shoulders, has a Parcel of greasy Cloaths which he brought with him from the Ship, and two white Shirts. He is an *Englishman*.

Whoever secures the said Convicts in any Prison, so that they may be had again, shall receive Fifty Shillings for each or either, if taken in this Province; and if out of the Province, Four Pounds for each, and reasonable Charges if brought home. R. CROXALL.

N. B. *Richard* and *John Carman* are Weavers by Trade. They all may steal other Apparel, and change their Names.

5 **St. Mary's County, April 28, 1760.** RAN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the 22d Instant, an Irish Convict Servant Man, named *Cornelius O'Neil*, a well looking Fellow, about 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, with a red Head and Beard, and wears a brown cut Wig, a brown Surtout Coat, a strip'd Swan-skin Jacket, and a blue Pair of Breeches; he is an impudent Fellow, and is supposed to have a forged Pass as from Capt. *John Dickinson*, Master of the Ship *Sawale*, whom he came in with, and may pretend to pass for a Pedlar, as he had a small Pack with him when he went away; he may also pretend to be a Sailor, as he was on board the Ship all the while he was in the Country. Whoever secures the said Servant, so that he may be had again, shall have a Pistole Reward, beside what the Law allows. JAMES MILLS.

6 **To be Exposed to SALE, on Wednesday the 18th Day of JUNE, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, in Frederick-Town, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling Cash, or Maryland Currency.**

A CHOICE Parcel of LAND lying in Frederick County, on *Potomack*, containing 600 Acres, well Timber'd and Water'd, and some Meadow Ground may be easily made. For Terms, apply (any Time before the Day of Sale) to NINIAN EDMONSTON.

6 SEVERAL Tracts of very valuable LAND lying in Frederick County, to be Sold by the Subscriber, for Sterling, Bills of Exchange, Crop Tobacco, or Current Money. HENRY WRIGHT CRABE.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY, FOR Raising the Sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds for Enlarging and Repairing the PUBLIC WHARF, and Erecting a GRAMMAR SCHOOL, in *Alexandria*, viz.

5 Tickets at £. 20	£. 100
5 Ditto at 25	75
10 Ditto at 10	100
20 Ditto at 5	100
40 Ditto at 2	80
745 Ditto at 1	745

821 Prizes. Sum raised 250
2179 Blanks.

3000 Tickets at 10 s. £. 1500
THE above is not three Blanks to a Prize, without any Deduction. The Drawing to begin the first Day of September next.

The Prizes to be published in the *Virginia* and *Maryland* Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as soon as the Drawing is finished.

All Prizes not demanded in six Months after Publication, will be deem'd as generously given to the Uses aforesaid.

The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, *George William Fairfax*, *William Ramsay*, *John Caryle*, *Gerard Alexander*, *John Dalton*, *George Johnson*, *George Mason*, *John Hunter*, *Robert Adam*, and *John Muir*, Trustees of the said Town, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath that they faithfully discharge the Trust reposed in them.

Tickets may be had from the aforesaid Managers, or from Col. *John Champe*, or *Allan Macrae*, Merchant, at *Dumfries*; *Hector Ross* and *Benjamin Greyson*, Merchants, at *Colechester*; *Philip Richard Fendall*, of *Charles County*; Messrs. *Symmers* and *John Weldon*, Merchants, at *Upper-Marlbrough*; and at the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*.



THE PHOENIX (a very fine Ship for Force and Heels, and carries about 600 Hogheads) now lying in *PATOWMACK* River, takes in TOBACCO for LONDON, consigned to Mr. JOHN STEWART and Company, at Twelve Pounds Sterling per Ton. She will sail about the first of *June*, but her Stay is limited, so that she cannot exceed the 10th of that Month. And the Insurance of the Tobacco is made in such a Manner in *London*, that the Shippers may have what they put on board insured so as to recover, in Case of Loss, from Five Shillings per Hoghead to Fifty Pounds per Hoghead, or they may choose whether they will accept of any Insurance or not; provided Notice of their Intention is given to Captain *William Mc Guckin*, or to the Subscriber, before the Bills of Lading are signed. DAVID ROSS.

March 26, 1760.
TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last Night from the *Baltimore* Iron-Works, on *Patapsco* in *Maryland*, two Convict Servant Men, viz.

Thomas Woodcock, a thin faced *Englishman*, about 30 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, dark Complexion, short brown Hair, stoops in his Walk, and snuffles in his Speech. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oznabrig Shirt, Country Shoes nailed round the Sole, Yarn Stockings, a knit Yarn Cap, and old Hat.

Lawrence Farrale, an *Irishman*, a lusty, well-set Fellow, about 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, black Hair, has a long sharp Nose, and lubberly Walk. Had on when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, Oznabrig Shirt, speckled Yarn Stockings, Country Shoes, and Felt Hat.

Whoever secures the said Servants, so that they may be had again, shall have, if taken in *Baltimore* County, Forty Shillings for each; if in any other County of the Province, Fifty Shillings; and if out of the Province, Five Pounds Reward for each or either of them; and reasonable Charges if brought home. R. CROXALL.

N. B. They may steal other Cloaths, and change their Names. X 10

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Thursday the 18th of *October* last, Two New Negroes; the one a Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, supposed to be about 25 Years of Age. Had on when he went away, a Crocus Shirt and Trowsers, and a new white Plaiding Jacket. He will answer to the Name of *Isaac*. The other a Woman, is very small, talks in her own Language very fast, and appears to be older than the Man. Had on when she went away, a Crocus Shift, and a white Plaiding Petticoat; she also carried with her a Piece of greenish colour'd Cloth, which I suppose may supply the want of a Jacket. She will answer to the Name of *Sarah*.

Whoever takes up the said Negroes, and brings them to me at *George-Town* on *Potomack* River, or secures them so that I can have them again, shall have a Reward of Twenty-five Shillings for each, besides reasonable Charges paid, if taken up 20 Miles from home, and delivered to me. ROBERT PETER.

Since first publishing the above Advertisement, some Circumstances have been discovered, by which it is conjectured the above Slaves were stolen.

Upper-Marlbrough, March 18, 1760. ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscribers, in Account of above one Year's standing, are desired to make immediate Payment, or they may expect to be sued without further Notice. ALEXANDER and ANDREW SYMMER.

Frederick-Town, February 26, 1760. A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR raising Five Hundred Dollars, for purchasing a FIRE ENGINE for the Use of *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick County*, to consist of 1750 Tickets at Two Dollars each, 532 of which to be Fortunate, without any Deduction, viz.

1 of 200 DOLLARS,	is 200
2 of 80	are 160
3 of 40	are 120
4 of 20	are 80
20 of 10	are 200
50 of 8	are 400
450 of 4	are 1800
1 First drawn Blank,	20
1 Last drawn Blank,	20

532 Prizes. Sum raised 500
1218 Blanks.

1750 Tickets at 2 Dollars each, is 3500

THE Overplus of the Profits after purchasing the FIRE ENGINE and it's Appurtenances (if any) to be applied towards erecting of a MARKET-HOUSE in the said Town.

By the above Scheme there are little more than Two Blanks and a Quarter to a Prize, and the Profits retained are not quite Fifteen per Cent upon the Whole.

When the Tickets are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin (on 14 Days previous Notice, at least, to be given in this Gazette) in the Court-House of the said County, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Drawing, it is supposed, will be in Two Months at farthest, as a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged.

The Managers are, Messrs. *Thomas Seely*, *James Dickson*, *Conrad Greff*, *Arthur Charlton*, *Christopher Edelin*, *Michael Ramar*, *Caspar Shaaf*, *Thomas Price*, *Levi Coban*, *John Cary*, and *George Murdock*, who are to give Bond, and take an Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be published in this Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished; and the Prizes to be paid off without any Deduction.

Prizes not demanded within Six Months from the Publication aforesaid, to be deem'd as a generous Present for the Use intended, and applied accordingly.

N. B. The Value of Seven Shillings and Six Pence in *Maryland* or *Pennsylvania* Currency, will be received in Lieu of each Dollar in the Sale of Tickets, and the same Currency to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes by the fortunate Adventurers.

TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Charles-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

M

B O

W

Indians by some Tell your Peop at Penobscot and I am able to d I shall not, let t now in Time of member what I and set down a English Man kil from that Hour send a Number sweep it from on out.

Gave them

As to the Peo Favour nor fear good nor harm would do them g and their Wives under the Protec them, they sha Ground near the the English shall with one anothe and they may h they will live u such of their S ces, to do Justic and to keep P any Thing hap and Indians, a tice shall meet shall have a fre and the Price fl Take this w

Gave them And this Spr in, and the fol being agreed Chamber on his Excellency the Indians wh on the other.

I THOMAS verner of the do hereby in of the Province Protection with such Indians of as do or shall Presents specif and I do her Benefits, Privi Subjects do on for their Enc hunting, they or Sale of all t at the full Pri Supply of Go either from F as may be ap

WE the of the and of enjoy granted, do follows:

1/2. We a Purposes an ons, to be S and do here remain: ruc Govern men 24. That and Hostility