

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, July 13, 1758.

An Account of the Distances of Places inhabited by the FRENCH, from the Mouth of the River St. LAURENCE to MISSISSIPPI.

	Miles.
FROM Louisbourg to Quebec,	360
To Trois Rivieres,	80
To Montreal,	90
To La Gallette,	120
To Fort Frontenac,	90
To where Oswego Fort lately stood, } across the East End of Ontario, }	60
To Niagara Fort,	160
To a Storehouse,	20
To Lake Erie,	10
To Fort Presqu'isle,	90
To the Fort at Beau River,	15
To Fort Duquesne on the Ohio,	120

In all, 1215
From Fort Duquesne to the Head of the River Ohio, is about 200 Miles. From the Fort the River runs with a gentle Current about 600 Miles, to the Falls, and is about three Quarters of a Mile wide, and about 5 or 6 Feet deep; and from the Falls it runs with an easy Current near 300 Miles, to where it falls into the River Mississippi, it being about one Mile wide, and 5 or 6 Fathoms deep. From thence to where the Mississippi River empties into the Sea, or Bay of Mexico, is about 920 Miles, as the River runs.

The Distance of the Roads from BOSTON to CROWN-POINT.

FROM Boston to Albany,	210
To Saratoga,	36
To Fort-Edward,	20
To Lake George,	13
To Ticonderoga,	30
To Crown-Point Fort,	15

In all, 314
From Crown-Point to Fort Chamblée is 120 Miles, from thence to Lapraire is 15, and thence to Montreal 6, in all 141 Miles.

The whole Extent of this English Continent is about 1800 Miles, while the French Course on the Back of us is upwards of 3000 Miles.

L O N D O N, April 27.

Extract of a private Letter from a Gentleman at New-York, to a Merchant in London.

"IF unblemished Uprightness, unwearied Diligence, uncommon Spirit and Capacity, joined to every amiable Virtue, could give a Man Glory, and save him from Disgrace, the Squirrel Man of War could not have brought here, on the 4th of this Month, Orders to recall Lord Loudoun from his Command. During the Time he has exercised it, he has not passed an Hour but in acting or meditating for the public Interest, with an Intemperance that has hurt his Health."

The St. John Baptist, from Barbary, to Mar- seilles, is taken by the Eagle Privateer of Bristol, and carried into Leghorn.

The Dolly, from Glasgow, to Cape Fear, is re- taken by the Vestal Man of War, and brought in- to Plymouth.

A Sloop from Ireland, with Provisions, is taken off Brest by the Phoenix Privateer, and brought into Bristol.

The Halifax, Mitchell, from North-Carolina for London, is taken by the Jupiter Privateer, of Bayonne.

The —, Rogers, from London, to Dublin, is taken by a French Privateer, and ransomed for 300 Guineas.

The Dolabella, of and from London, Captain Dean, from North-Carolina, is arrived at Dartmouth. She had been taken by the Granville Privateer, and was ransomed for 700 l.

April 29. Wednesday last two Boats of a new Construction, built for landing of his Majesty's Forces in shallow Waters, were launched, and sailed down the Thames: They are designed to carry 50 Soldiers each with their Arms, are rowed by 20 Oars, and go much swifter than any other Vessels on the River.

Same Day the Right Hon. the Lord Anson, with divers other Persons of Distinction, went to Woolwich in the Admiralty Barge, to view the above Boats; and we hear that Orders are given for building more on the same Plan.

The English Privateer, taken by the Rose Fri- gate and carried into Malta, proves to be the Tyger of Bristol.

The Legere, Prize to the Phoenix Privateer of Jersey, is arrived at Jersey.

The Hero, Prize to the Bellona Privateer of Guernsey, is arrived at Guernsey.

L I V E R P O O L, April 21.

Extract of a Letter from Captain Walter Kirk- patrick, late Commander of the Ship Pemberton, from hence for Africa, to his Owners in this Town, dated Bayonne, March 25, 1758.

"On the 15th Instant, we had the Misfortune to fall in with the Machault Privateer of Bayonne, Monf. Leon Dickscar Commander, mounting 24 Fourteen-Pounders on one Deck, 2 Six-Pounders on the Quarter-Deck, and 320 Men (having out- failed our Consorts, the Hope Frigate, and Brig Providence, the Squirrel, Capt. Kevish, being the only Vessel then in Company, but she bore away as soon as the Action began): We were at first deceived by the Privateer, taking her for a home- ward bound Merchantman, but, on discovering her Force, made sail and kept a running Fight with our Stern-Chace two Hours and an Half; she soon gained on us, and when within Pistol- shot, we fired Broadside for Broadside, an Hour and an Half, and had it not been for the contin- ual Fire from her Small-Arms, whose Balls were like Showers of Hail, and obliged my Men to run from their Quarters, perhaps we might have got clear, notwithstanding her superior Force.—Thus overpowered, we were obliged to strike.—Our Rigging, Mast, Yards, and Sails were very ill shattered, though our People were tolerably well sheltered.—Four of our People were wounded, all the Rest in good Health.—The Captain and Of- ficers behaved very well to us, the former com- plimented me with my Hanger, saying I deserved one for fighting so long, and ordered me all my Cloaths, Watch, Books and Instruments, of which I got Part, the Remainder being plundered during my being on board the Privateer, which I think is as near the Model of the Liverpool Man of War as possible.—This Day we are ordered all into close Confinement, and those who can find Bail for 150 l. are allowed to go on Parole about ten Miles into the Country."

B O S T O N, June 26.

We have Advice from New Providence, that a Ship from Philadelphia, (formerly a Prize Snow sent into this Port by the late Province Snow Prince of Wales) was taken on her Passage to the West- Indies, and afterwards re-taken by a New-Provi- dence Privateer, and sent into that Port.

Saturday last returned from a Cruise, the Pri- vateer Ship Pownal, Capt. Sample, of this Place. Besides the Prizes taken by her, as already men- tioned, she also took on her Way Home, a small French Privateer of 2 Carriage and 8 Swivel Guns, and 50 Men, which she ordered for this Port, and is daily expected.

Several Vessels arrived here since our last from Halifax, the Matters of whom say, that no Advice had been received there from the Fleet, since they sailed, which was near three Weeks. As they came out of the Harbour they saw a Quantity of Flour and Biscuit, with many other Things, floating on the Water; which makes it feared that

some English Store-ship has lately been cast away near Halifax, as some of the Biscuit which they took up, had the King's Mark on it.

Part of a Letter from Flat-Bush, June 12, 1758.

"The Soldiers are all well, and in high Spirits: Great Preparations are making for a speedy Pressure into Canada. A few Days ago two Frenchmen, Deserters from Canada, came in, and report that the French are greatly distressed for want of Provisions, Horse-Flesh selling at a great Price amongst them. They also say, that seven Battalions were sent from Canada to Cape- Breton, to assist the French at that Place, the Be- ginning of May; and that they never heard of any Expedition this Way against them, till a few Days ago."

By a Vessel from the West Indies we hear, that Capt. Ath, in a Sloop from Surinam for this Place, is taken by a French Privateer, and his Vessel carried into Guadaloupe. The Frenchmen put Capt. Ath on board a Dutch Ship bound to Eusta- tia, where he arrived before the above Vessel came away.

We also hear, that the Fleet for Europe, sailed from St. Kitts the 5th of this Instant, consisting of 160 Sail, under Convoy of several Men of War.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer on board the Privateer Brig Defiance, Lieut. Hopkins, Com- mander, belonging to Providence, dated on board, on the North Side of Hispaniola, 27th May, 1758.

"The Vessel by whom you have this, sailed from Brest about 10 Weeks ago, with 5 Men of War, and 11 Merchant-Ships, bound to this Place, which I believe are not yet got in, and this being the first we have had any Account of, we took the 24th Instant, within 5 Leagues of the Cape. You may expect 3 French Frigates daily on the Coast of New-England, to cruise the Sum- mer Season, sent from France by a Company of Merchants, for that Purpose; one mounting 36 Guns, one 32, and the other 28 Guns, and all extreme good sailing Ships, built for that Coast, to cruise between South Carolina and the Capes of Delaware. I believe that our Expedition against Louisbourg will meet but with little Opposition by Sea, for the 15 Ships of the Line destined for that Place from France, are stopped on Account of Sickness on board, and not being sufficient to withstand the English Fleet. It seems they are well acquainted in France with our Designs in A- merica, and much fear the Consequence."

NEWPORT, in Rhode-Island, June 26.

We hear from Providence, that on Wednesday last was sent in there, a Prize Sloop of about 75 Tons, taken 17 Days before her Arrival, by Capt. Randal, in the Sloop Black Snake of Providence. She was bound from Mississippi to Cape-François. Her Cargo consists entirely of Logwood.

From Providence we likewise learn, that the Person who was Master of the Privateer Sloop, lately taken by Capt. Angel of that Place (and mentioned in the Boston Papers) proves to be the same who was formerly first Lieutenant of the L'Amerique Privateer, who engaged the Jamaica Packet; the Captain whereof making a brave Resistance, as soon as taken, had his Ears and Nose cut off, and he and his People otherwise treated in a most cruel and barbarous Manner. He is now in close Confinement in Providence Goal, by Order of his Honour the Governor; and it is hoped the Villain will meet with a de- served Punishment. The chief Command devolv- ed on him, by the Captain of the Privateer being killed, and the second Lieutenant being sent away the Day before the Engagement.

NEW-YORK, July 3.

A few Days since, a Flag of Truce (tis said of 30 Men) came into Fort-Edward, from Cana- da, to demand the Return of the brave Col. Peter Schuyler, of New Jersey, agreeable to Engage- ment,

ment, Monsieur Montcalm having rejected the Proposals that were offered with Regard to his Exchange; and the Colonel, we hear, set out Yesterday for Albany, in Consequence thereof. It is reported, that the General intends to use his utmost Endeavours to escort both the Colonel, and the Truce, safe back to Canada: And that he will detain the Frenchmen for that Purpose, lest their too hasty Return might occasion Monsieur Vaudruille, to put himself to too great Trouble and Expence, in forming of Ceremonies to receive so Great a Body.

These Frenchmen, we are told, after some little Examination gave out, that Monsieur Montcalm was gone down to Louisburg, with a great Part of his Regulars: And that at Ticonderoga, there were 8 Regiments, besides Canadians and Indians, thought to be between 4 and 5000:—Rogers's Information seems to strengthen the latter Account; as he saw them very busy, and estimated them at about 3000. And that Crown-Point was but indifferently garrisoned.

Saturday, the 17th ult. was the Day Lord Howe marched with 3000 Men, to take Post betwixt Fort-Edward and Lake-George; and on the Monday following he advanced to the Lake; when 3000 Men more went and took Possession of his Encampment;—and by Saturday the 24th, all the Whale-boats, Battoes, Provisions, and all Things necessary were to be at the Lake; so, that last Week it was imagined they would proceed to Ticonderoga, as on Thursday the Main Body was to move from Fort-Edward.

Part of a Letter dated New-York, May 31, 1758, and sent to a Person at Portsmouth, in New-Hampshire, taken out of the Boston News-Letter of June 22, 1758.

"I need not inform you, I suppose, how justly Lord Howe is celebrated here for his robust Soldier-like Constitution, his bold enterprising Spirit, and every other Military Accomplishment; with how much Care he has been forming his regular Troops to the Method of Bush-fighting all this Season; so that he has now, it is said, made them as dextrous at it, almost, as the Rangers.—In order to this, he has ordered all the Coats of his Regiment to be cut short, to make them as light as possible; and has sacrificed a fine Head of Hair of his own, as an Example to the Soldiers, which they have followed, so that not a Man is to be seen with his own Hair. The Strength of his Constitution, enables him to undergo all Hardships; and it is his Opinion that every Officer ought to be able to do the same, and to live and fare like the common Men.—To this End, he has forbidden his Officers all supernumerary Baggage, when they march into the Enemy's Country, as being only a useless Incumbrance to the Army, has allowed them only so much Cloaths as may be sufficient, and no Provisions but those which proceed from the Commissaries; and, I hear, has put two or three Officers under Arrest for refusing to obey these Commands; and it is very likely they will be broke for setting a bad Example to the Army.—His Soldiers love and fear him, and are willing to comply with his Commands, because he first sets them an Example.—What great Things might not a few Officers like Lord Howe effect, with an Army of such Men!"

Such Expedition was used in carrying up the Tents and Stores lately arrived here from England, that in 8 Days after their Arrival, they were safely conveyed up to the Army at Fort-Edward.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Jonathan Hampton, dated at Cole's Fort, on the Frontiers of New-Jersey, June 24, 1758.

"Serjeant Vantuyt, with 9 Soldiers, went in Pursuit of the Indians that murdered the 7 New-York Soldiers at Westfall's, the 13th Instant. About 4 o'Clock in the Afternoon they espied an Indian, when they were about 4 Miles in Pennsylvania; he was standing towards a Saw-mill on Delaware River, about 5 Miles above this Fort. The Serjeant then consulted his Men, and concluded the Indians must be by the River; upon which they went, and saw 10 Indians on an Island on the Jersey Side, making a Raft. They then laid down their Packs and Hats, crawled up the River opposite to the Island, expecting them over. In this Posture they lay all Night. In the Morning three Indians laid on their Guns and Packs to cross; but, contrary to Expectation, towed the Raft up the River 200 Yards, our Men creeping up as they went up: About Sun-rise they espied an Indian on their Side the River, coming toward them, but he seeing them, walked back leisurely to his Gun, took it up, and gave the War Whoop,

when 14 more rose up, on which a sharp Engagement ensued. Some of our Men fired on the Raft, when one Indian tumbled into the River. They immediately tree'd on both Sides, and five Rounds at least were exchanged: We had one Man shot through the Leg, but killed three Indians on Land, besides one in the Water: And as the Engagement was by the River Side, they dragged them into the River. The Indians on the Island kept firing all the Time on our Right, but at too great a Distance to fear any Thing. The Indians afterwards fled, and left 4 good Guns, 4 Tomahawks, 3 Spears, 18 Pair of Moccasins, 16 Pair of Indian Stockings, 5 Shirts, 12 Blankets, 3 Hats, 1 laced Coat, 5 Silver Buckles, 10 Belts, 3 Strings of Wampum, 5 Scalping Knives, 4 Scalps just taken, with many Trifles more.

"Yesterday one William Ward was killed and scalped near the Head-Quarters, and a House was burnt on Pennsylvania Side, at the same Time.

A List of the Killed in Jersey, since May 1757.

May 2. Jacob Van Kamp, and Peter Brink, near the Head-Quarters.—Nov. 9. John Doty, and Otho M'Hurin, near the same Place.—Nov. 10. Gideon Westbrook, near Brink's Fort.—Nov. 11. John Pressler.—May 15, 1758.

Nicholas Cole's 4 Children, and 3 Germans.—May 25. Mary Willing, near Fort-Gardiner.—June 8. Cornelius Westbrook, and Abraham Westbrook. In this Surprise an Indian was killed.—June 12. Bastian Courtaet, and Mary Kirkindale: Here an Indian was likewise killed by a Boy. This Indian was named Armstrong, and lived in great Friendship with the English People, somewhere near that Neighbourhood!—On the Boy's setting out to run, after his Companion was killed by his Side, this Indian gave him Chace, and the Boy finding he could not well escape the Hatchet, resolutely turned and faced him; and having his Fire reserv'd, on the Indian's near Approach he let fly, and killed him outright. Some few Days after he was found laid close under a Log, with his two Blankets, Tomahawk, Pipe and Tobacco Pouch by his Side; when those that found him took off his Scalp, and brought it down to Amboy.—June 13. At Urian Westfall's, eight Men.—June 23. William Ward.

"We have now 200 Soldiers on our Frontiers, which keeps the Inhabitants from leaving their Habitations. Three of our Jersey Men went over the River to plow, near the Fort at Pequase, when a Party of Indians fell upon them, and murdered and scalped them. This was the 14th Instant." By Saturday's Mail from Albany, we learn, That 12 of our Mohawks, having been out on a Scout upwards of 50 Days, were at last returned with several Scalps; and also brought in a Person of Distinction Prisoner, whom they took near Montreal as he was riding out. By Letters brought from the Army above, we are further told, that General Abercrombie, with his Army, is at the Lake; And, that as soon as he arrived there, he issued a Manifesto, declaring, That as the Capitulation at Fort William-Henry was most shamefully broke, to the Disgrace of the French Nation, he ordered all the Englishmen taken at the Fort at that Time, to re-assume their Places in the Army; further declaring, That, if any of them should be maltreated on that Account, he would take such Steps, in causing Repals to be made, as would sufficiently make Amends for the Injury.

There were also three English Deserters from the French, who came into Albany last Wednesday, the one taken on the Ohio, another at Oswego, and the third in Bradstreet's Battle. They give out, that the Enemy were but just preparing to make Head against our present Motions above, when they came away; and that their Numbers were but small.

Extract of a Letter from James Wright, Commander of the Privateer Sloop Harlequin, of this Port, to his Owners, dated at Isabella Bay, May 20, 1758.

GENTLEMEN,

"Cruizing off Cape-François the 10th Instant, I was surrounded by a French Fleet of 16 Sail, Twelve of which were Merchantmen, conveyed by a 74 Gun Ship and three Frigates; they gave us Chace, but could not come up with us, and they guarded their Convoy so well that it was impossible to pick up any of them. His Majesty's Ships the Edinburgh and Assistance were to Leeward, and could not get up to engage the French Men of War, so that they all got safe into the Cape. I beat up to Windward, and on the 18th, I took the Brig Semidore, of Bourdeaux, in Company with Captain Chandler, in the Defiance of

Rhode-Island, no other Privateer whatsoever then in Sight; but to my great Surprise, when I got into Isabella-Bay, Captain Troup of the Sturdy-Beggar, Captain Caldwell of the Colonel Prevost, Captain Jauncey of the Royal-Hunter, Captain Wright of the Johnston, Captain Dobbs of the Goldfinch, and Captain Stevenson of the Stanwix, of Philadelphia, all claimed Part, tho' not one of them were within several Leagues of me when the Brig struck: The Frenchmen themselves will declare the same."

Extract of a Letter from on board the Privateer Ship Duke of Cumberland, John Lush, Commander, of this Port, dated at Monto-Christo, May 30, 1758.

"Cruizing off Cape-François, on the Morning of the 17th Instant, saw a Sail bearing S. S. W. to which we gave Chace, and as soon as the Sun arose, hoisted our Colours, and fired a Gun to Leeward; but not being answered, we gave her a Bow Chace, which she soon returned with her Stern Chace, and immediately tacked, which brought us so close that we exchanged our Broad-sides, and stood after her, but could not come up, tho' it was light Breezes, and we used our Oars, till Ten A. M. when we ranged up along Side, and engaged Monsieur for two Glasses, but could not board him, as he kept edging away till a French 74 Gun Ship hove in Sight, when we gave over Chace, having our Boatwain and a Negro killed, 6 Men blown up and 5 wounded, besides our Masts, Yards, Sails and Rigging received considerable Damage. The Ship we engaged, as we were afterwards informed, mounted 26 Nine-pounders, and had 150 Men, eleven of whom were wounded, besides their second Captain killed. We hear eight Sail of the Line are hourly expected at the Cape from Old France, from whence they are to proceed to the Relief of Louisburg.—We intend to spend the Remainder of our Cruise off the Canales, as we have certain Intelligence that 6 or 7 French Sugar Ships are soon to sail from the Cape for Old France, and we expect to have our Share of them."

The following Privateers are now at the Watering-Place, and will soon be ready to proceed on their respective Cruizes, viz.

The Ship Oliver Cromwell, John Nicoll, Commander.

The Snow Boscawen, Anthony Rutgers, Commander.

The Snow Royal-Hester, — Dale, Commander.

The Snow General Abercrombie, Mark Valentine, Commander.

The Snow Revenge, John Pell, Commander.

The Brig King George, Viner Leaycraft, Commander.

The Brig Prince of Orange, Richard Thomas, Commander. And,

Brig George, Peter Haly, Commander.

Extract of a Letter from Madeira, dated May 9, 1758; brought hither by Capt. Smith, in a short Passage from that Island.

"By a Danish outward-bound Indianan now here, we are informed, That 12,000 French, the poor Remains of their Army, in Germany, were surrounded by the Prussians and Hanoverians, and forced to lay down their Arms, and surrender themselves Prisoners to the Prussians: And that Schweidnitz had surrendered to that glorious Monarch."

PHILADELPHIA, July 6.

Sunday last arrived here a French Dutch Schooner, taken off Cape-François by the Captains Stephenson and Turner, of this Place, and Capt. Hopkins, of Rhode-Island; she was bound from the Cape for St. Eustatia, and is laden with Sugars.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Stephenson, of the Stanwix Privateer of this Port, to his Owners; dated at Monto-Christo, June 16, 1758.

"I am heartily sorry to inform you of Captain M'Pherson's ill Fate, who happened to fall in with a French Store-Ship, mounting 36 Carriage Guns, with Men in Proportion, which he engaged, and fought till 70 of his Men being either killed or wounded, and his own right Arm shot off, he was forced to strike to the Enemy, who, boarding him immediately, used him cruelly, plundered him of every Thing, threw his Guns overboard, cut down his Masts, and, after taking out his Sails, and some of his Officers, left him and the Survivors of his helpless Crew a mere Wreck on the merciless Ocean.

"The French retook a Dutch Ship which Captain M'Pherson had brought to, and finding her Papers on board the Britannia, carried her into Cape-François, and condemned her."

Captain

Captain Stephen arrived at New-Castle was taken on his Prisoner, but ransomed for 2000. We are assured Crombie has given ready to sail on the

By a Letter from learn, that two Months ago, had left Canada the 30th, that the French are Provisions, and for Cats Fleth; that and wherever they are in the King's French Indians, the William-Henry, and that the Canadian what Indians they an Island in the Lake our Army in great

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Captain Stephenson, in the Snow Recovery, is arrived at New-Castle from Londonderry; who was taken on his Passage, on the Coast of Ireland, but ransomed for 200 Guineas.

We are assured his Excellency General Abercrombie has given Orders for holding a Packet ready to sail on the shortest Notice.

By a Letter from Albany, dated June 30th, we learn, that two Men that had been taken about two Years ago, have made their Escape, having left Canada the 30th of May last; they report that the French are greatly distressed for want of Provisions, and forced to eat Horse, Dog and Cats Flesh; that the Regulars go about in Parties, and wherever they find Provisions, take it and put it in the King's Stores; that most of the 1500 French Indians, that were at the Taking of Fort William-Henry, have died of the Small-Pox; and that the Canadians are greatly harrassed by what Indians they have. Lord Howe was on an Island in the Lake with about 6000 Men, and our Army in great Forwardness.

ANNAPOLIS, July 13.

Some few Weeks ago a very large Bear, was kill'd in Queen-Anne's County, about 5 or 6 Miles from the Court-House. 'Tis said not one of those Creatures had been seen before in the County for near Thirty Years past.

Saturday last a Man who belong'd to a Ship in South-River, was committed to our Goal, for the unnatural and abominable Crime of Beastiality.

THERE is at the Dwelling Plantation of Mr. William Goyane, in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a Light Bay middle-fiz'd Mare, about 3 Years old, with a black Mane and Tail, neither dock'd nor branded.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Richard Mason, in Prince-George's County, near Bladenburg, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Horse, about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Thigh N, and on the off Shoulder with a Blotch, about a Hand's Breadth broad, and is about 10 Years old.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. Henry Rorer, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Brown Horse, about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with something like an O, he has several Saddle Spots; is shod all round, and has a Bob Tail and Ridge Mane.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Possession of Thomas Owens, living on a Plantation belonging to Mr. Thomas Norris, on the Manor in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Roan Horse, about 14 Hands high, has a bob Tail, shod before, and paces slow; but has no Brand to be perceived.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

WHEREAS Thomas Wilson, of Queen-Anne's County, Gentleman, hath, by Power of Attorney, authorized and empowered the Subscriber to sell and dispose of, in the Name of him the said Thomas Wilson, and for the Purposes therein mentioned, One Tract or Parcel of LAND called Plain Dealing, containing Seven Hundred and Twenty-seven Acres, more or less. And,

One other Tract or Parcel of LAND adjoining thereto, called Jackson's Boggs, containing Forty-six Acres, more or less, commodiously situated on navigable Water on the Eastern Bay, in the aforesaid County (opposite to Kent-Island, and the Land in Talbot County belonging to Matthew Tilghman, Esq; and adjoining to the Land of Mr. John Blake); whereon are several Tenements in good Repair, which Rent for Thirty-five Pounds Currency or upwards, after deducting the Quit-Rents and Land-Tax.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the aforesaid LANDS will be exposed to Sale by Public Vendue, at Queen's-Town in Queen-Anne's County, on Wednesday the Twenty-third Day of August next, for Sterling, Currency, or Bills of Exchange payable at London.

Any Person inclining to purchase, may be satisfied concerning the Title, by applying to

JOHN BRACCO.

IMPORTED from LONDON,

In the Snow TRYTON, MATTHEW SPENCER, Commander, and the Ship DUKE WILLIAM, WILLIAM BRADFORD, Commander. A choice Parcel of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, and to be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Store in BALTIMORE-TOWN, near the New Wharf, very reasonably.

SCARLET, black, blue, mix'd, and Snuff-colour'd Broad-Cloths, German Serges, Forrest Cloths, Fearnoughts, Snake-skin, Bibles, Testaments, Pfalters, Spelling-Books, Plays, Histories, Aesop's Fables, Hilling and Weeding Hoes, Sheep Shears, Sickles, Frying Pans, Steel, Grindstones, Nails of all Sorts, Wheat Riddles, Broad Axes, Broad Chizzels, Heading Ditto, Carpenters Adzes, Augers of several Sizes, solid cheek'd Hammers, Bricklayers and Plasterers Trowels, HL Hinges of different Sizes, Gimblets, secret Padlocks, Marking Irons, Closet Locks, Smiths Files of different Sizes, Crofs Cut and Handfaw Ditto, Two Foot Rules, best Steel Plate Hand Saws, Carpenters Pencils, Slates and Pencils, large Double Spring Stock Locks, Joiners Planes of several Sizes, Iron Pots, Anchors and Cables, Cordage, Seine, Sewing, and Bolt Rope Twine, House-line and Mar-line, deep Sea, Hand, Log, and Hambro' Lines, Fishing Lines, Sewing Silk, Scarlet Silk, and Hair Twist, Buttons of several Sorts, Printed Calicoes, Chintzes, Nankeens, India Dimities, Hummums, Printed Handkerchiefs, Yard wide Muslin, white and dyed Jeans, Scarlet and Plain Womens Cloaks, Wool Cards, Mens Gloves, Womens Ditto, Womens Mittens, Mens W Thread Hose, Womens Embos'd Thread Silk Clock'd Ditto, fine Scarlet and Black Worsted Breeches Patterns, Writing Paper, Corks, Gafflets, strip'd white Flannel, Flower'd Serge, Welch Cotton, Mens and Boys Castor and Felt Hats, Gunpowder, Shot and Lead, Mens and Womens Pumps, Womens Callimanco and Leather Shoes, Childrens Black and Morocco Shoes, Pewter of all Sorts, Hair and Lawn Sieves, Hour Glasses, Wesson's Snuff, Durham Flour of Mustard, Cutlery of all Sorts, Cotton Wick, Womens and Girls Stays, Looking Glasses, China of different Sorts, Match-Coating, Drab and Duffel Great Coats, Pea Jack-ets, 2, 3, and 4 Blankets, 2 and 3 Torrington Rugs, fine 2 Worsted Rugs, Bunting, Single and Double Refined Sugar, Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, French and Fig Indico, Allom, Tammies, Yard wide Stuffs, Tobines plain and figur'd, Grape, Scarlet and plain Everlastings, Grand Durels, Marvellets, Threads, Tapes, Binding, Gartering, Cotton and Silk Laces, Ferrets, Ribbons, Handkerchiefs, Mohair, Crewels of all Colours, London and Glover's Needles, Copperas, Sagathies, Earthen and white Stone Ware, Lubeck Duck, Hempen brown Sprigs, Brown Rolls, brown and white Russia Sheetting, Long, Spotted, and Clear Lawn, Cambricks, British Osnabrigs, Irish Linens, Buckrams, strip'd Linens, Cotton Check, Cotton Hollands, Cotton Gowns, dyed Fustians, Ell wide Thicksets, French Wax Necklaces, Gyp, Lace, Worsted Hose of different Sorts, Serge Denims, Cloth Brushes, Diaper, Russia Drab, brown Silfias, figur'd Dimities, Cotton Counterpanes, Turkey Carpets, Single Tea, Bed Ticking, Mens Hunting Saddles and Houfings, Barley Corns, Black Russell, fine Hair Shag, Harbine Groggram, Whole Curb Bridles, Half Curb Ditto, Snaffle Bridles and Girths, Cheshire Cheese, large and small Sugar Boxes, with Locks and Keys, large and small Horn Lanthorns, Rozin, Guns, Bejutaputs, black China Tassaties, Pink Ditto, changeable Persian Ditto, Glue, Brals Candlesticks and Snuffers, Spring Steel Snuffers, white Metal Candlesticks, large Bell Metal Mortars and Pestles, large Brals Cocks, Brals Locks, Iron Thumb Latches, Box Irons, Heaters, and Stands, Brals Top'd Shovels and Tonge, polish'd Iron Shutter and Door Bolts, Sail Needles and Palms, Curriers Knives, Mens Slippers, Camblets, Boots, and Crofs Cut Saws. 2 CROXALL and MOALE.

King's-Town, Queen-Anne's County, June 25.

A L. L. Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. Samuel Massey, late of Queen-Anne's County, deceased, are desired to make speedy Payment: And those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted, by

SARAH MASSEY, Executrix.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY young Negro Wench and Child, a new Riding Chaise for one or two Horses, a Pair of large Timber Wheels with Screws, and a large Seine, by

SARAH MASSEY.

JUST IMPORTED,

From LONDON and GLASGOW, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in FRANCIS-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

GREAT Variety of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, for Cash, Tobacco, or Bills of Exchange.

JAMES JOHNSON.

STOLEN, or STRAY'D, from the Subscriber in Baltimore-Town, on Wednesday the 17th of May last, a Dark Bay Horse, about 4 Years old, branded on the near Shoulder with W, about 14 Hands high, shod before, Bob Tail, and his chief Gaits are Trotting and Gallopping.

As likewise a Black Horse, about 7 Years old, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock thus C⁴C, about 14 Hands high, shod before, has a Bob Tail, and is a natural Pacer.

Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber, shall have THREE POUNDS for their Trouble.

CHRISTOPHER CARNAN.

July 1, 1758.

FIFTEEN PISTOLES REWARD.

BROKE out of Baltimore County Goal last Night, the Three following Felons, viz.

Thomas Burk, Morris Mongall, alias Mayan, and Thomas Wells, committed to my Custody the Fifteenth Day of last Month, for feloniously breaking open the Store-House of Capt. Richard Hayton, in Baltimore-Town, and stealing thereout sundry Goods and Merchandize of considerable Value.

Thomas Burk, is a tall slender Fellow, round shoulder'd or hump-back'd, and of a pale Complexion. Had on a Purple colour'd Cloth Coat, with a Cape or Collar, a Callico or white Linen Jacket, a Pair of Dove colour'd Thickset Breeches pretty much worn, a Hat and brown Wig. He is an Irishman, about 35 or 40 Years of Age, and is suspected of having committed several Felonies lately, in this and the neighbouring Provinces, and it's probable will change his Name, as he has heretofore done.

Morris Mongall, alias Mayan, is also an Irishman, a short thick set Fellow, about 35 Years old, or more, has lost one Eye, and is remarkably ugly; he lived formerly at Manekassy, and followed Ditching and Grubbing, and is well known thereabout; as also about the lower Part of this County, where he hath lately lived.

Thomas Wells, is an Englishman, slender made, and lately lived with Mr. Caleb Dorsey, at Elk-Ridge, as a Miller.

Whoever will apprehend all or any of the aforesaid Felons, and deliver them, or any of them, to the Subscriber at Joppa, in the County aforesaid, shall receive Fifteen Pistoles Reward for the Three aforesaid Felons, or Five Pistoles for either of them, paid by DAVID M'CULLOCH, Sheriff of Baltimore County.

THERE is at the Plantation of Col. William Hopper, in Queen-Anne's County, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Brown Mare, about 13 Hands high, has a large hanging Mane and Switch Tail; but is neither Branded nor Ear marked.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Baptis Scott, near the Mouth of Conococheague, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, about 8 Years old, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder with something like a Horse-Shoe, and has a Blaze down her Face.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

NOTICE is hereby given, That Joseph Shinton, living in Dorchester County, at the Head of Tar-Bay, opposite to the Mouth of Patuxent, has taken up a Sort of a Flat, between the Mouth of Patuxent and Barren Island; she is about Fifteen or Sixteen Feet Keel, Eight Feet wide, Three Feet Ten Inches deep, has a Ring Bolt in her Stem, and about a Fathom of Cable.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Prince-George's County, about a Rormight since, a Mulatto Man, named Cyrus; he is a very short, well-set, bow-leg'd Fellow, wears long Hair for one of his Colour, if not cut off since he went away: Had on a Fear-Not Coat, and Cotton Jacket; he was brought up in Pennsylvania, and understands Farming. Whoever brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Ten Shillings more than the Law allows, paid by THOMAS GANTT, junior.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Abner Baker*, in *Baltimore County*, taken up as a Stray, a large Sorrel Horse, about Fourteen Hands high, branded on the near Buttock and Shoulder I G, and a Slit in his right Ear.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Benjamin Williams*, in the Fork of *Patapsco Falls*, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse, with a Star in his Face, and a Snip on his Nose, branded on the near Buttock with something like a C.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Clagett*, near *Upper-Marlborough*, Three Stray Cattle, which have no perceivable Mark, viz.

A Brindle and White Steer, supposed to be about 5 Years old.

A Brown and White Steer, supposed to be 4 Years old.

And, A Red Heifer, about 3 Years old.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Sbadratb Williams*, in *Baltimore County*, taken up as a Stray, a Black Mare, about 12½ Hands high, about 9 or 10 Years old, branded on the near Shoulder I, and on the near Buttock O.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the *EUGENE*, Captain *JONATHAN TALLIMAY*, from *BRISTOL*, and to be Sold at *Mr. CREAGH'S Store for Cash*.

LARGE and small Japan'd Tea-Boards and Waiters, Floor Carpets, Bed Quilts, and a Quantity of cheap *Irisb* Linens, Dowls, and Onabrigs.

To be Sold likewise by the Subscriber, good Barrel'd Pork at 57/6 per Barrel, and Turpentine at 12/6 per Barrel. *RICHARD MACKUBIN.*

ROBERT GORDON,

STAY-MAKER, in *ANNAPOLIS*, living opposite the *PRISON*,

HAVING Imported a Quantity of *Englsh WHALE-BONE*, *TABBIES*, and other *STAY FURNITURE*, hereby gives Notice, that he will supply his new Customers with *STAYS*, *ROBE-COATS*, and *LOOSE SLIPS* to take off at Pleasure; as likewise *TURNING STAYS* to wear on any Side, made in the neatest (if not the best) Fashion on the Continent. Those who favour him with their Commands, may expect good Work, from

Their very humble Servant,
ROBERT GORDON.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the last Fleet from *LONDON*, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in *BALTIMORE-TOWN*, Wholesale or Retail,

4 A LARGE Assortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA GOODS*; also, Rum, Sugar, &c. for Cash, Tobacco, or Bills of Exchange. *THOMAS DICK.*

For LONDON,



The Ship *TWO SISTERS*,
JAMES HANRICK,
Master,

A Letter of Marque, mounting
16 Carriage Guns, and carrying
Men answerable,

4 WILL sail with Convoy, Takes in *TObACCO* at £. 12 Sterling per Ton, consigned to *Mr. Samuel Galloway*.

Any Gentlemen favouring the said Commander with their Orders, shall have their Tobacco fetch'd from any Warehouse in the Province.

5 CORDAGE of all Sizes to be Sold by the Subscriber in *ANNAPOLIS*.
BASIL WHEELER.

CHARLES WALLACE,

STAY-MAKER, in *ANNAPOLIS*,

HAVING Imported in Capt. *Strachan*, a choice Parcel of the best *WHALE-BONE* and other *STAY-GOODS*, hereby gives Notice, that he will supply his old Customers, or Others, with *STAYS*, made in the neatest and best Manner, and with all possible Dispatch, for *READY MONEY ONLY*.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship *RUSSELL*, Captain *JOHN ANDERSON*, and to be Sold by the *SUBSCRIBERS* at their Store in *UPPER-MARLBOROUGH*,

GREAT Variety of *EAST-INDIA* and *EUROPEAN GOODS*, for Bills of Exchange, Paper Currency, or Sterling.

4 ALEXANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the *BETSY*, Capt. *STRACHAN*, the *EXPERIMENT*, Capt. *WARING*, and the *EAGLE*, Capt. *WILKINSON*, from *LONDON*,

GREAT Variety of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA GOODS*, suitable for the Season; fine *Hyson*, *Bohea*, and *Green Teas*, *Weston* and *Arnold's Snuff*, and best *Englsh Flour* of Mustard; to be Sold by the Subscriber at his Stores at *ANNAPOLIS* and *LONDON-TOWN*, at very reasonable Rates, Wholesale or Retail.

Also, Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, made either of the best *Riga Hemp*, imported from *Europe*, or *Country Hemp*, all Sorts of Ship Chandlery, Sail Duck, Twine, &c. Rum by the Hoghead, *Muscovado Sugar* by the Barrel, *Carolina*, *Virginia*, and *Maryland Pork*, by the Barrel, &c.

4 JAMES DICK.

JUST IMPORTED,

To be SOLD by the *SUBSCRIBER*, in *ANNAPOLIS*,

A PARCEL of the choicest *MADEIRA WINES*, in Pipes, Hogheads, and Quarter Casks. LIKEWISE,

Sundry *EUROPEAN GOODS*, viz. Sail Duck, *German* and *Irisb* Linens, &c. &c. &c.

5 DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

Kent County, May 29th, 1758.

THE Subscriber desires all Persons indebted to *FOSTER CUNLIFFE* and *SONS*, Esquires, for Dealings at their Store on *Chester River*, to come and settle their Accounts, and make speedy Payment, as no longer Indulgence can or will be given to any one who neglects this public Notice: And those who have any just Demands against the said Store, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted by

5 JOHN ECCLESTON, Factor
for *Foster Cunliffe* and *Sons*, Esqrs.

N. B. There is to be Sold, very cheap, by the said *John Eccleston*, for ready Money, Tobacco or short Credit, a Quantity of *EUROPEAN GOODS* and *HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE*.

Queen-Anne-Town, Prince-George's County.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship *RUSSELL*, *JOHN ANDERSON* Master, from *LONDON*,

A FRESH Supply of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA GOODS*, consisting of a Variety of *Linen* and *Woollen Drapery*, *Manchester*, *Ironmongery*, *Nailery*, *Cutlery*, *Dry Saltery*, *Spicery*, *Pewtery*, *Tin Ware*, *Hofery*, *Shoes*, *Haberdashery*, *Millinery*, *Stationery*, *Saddlery*, *Turnery*, *China*, *Earthen Ware*, *Glass*, *Gloves*, *Cheese*, *Snuff*, and *Pipes*, &c. &c. to be Sold at the Subscriber's Store, on reasonable Terms, for Bills, Currency, Tobacco, &c. by

6 WILLIAM HAMILTON.

THE Subscriber, now living near the Dock in *Annapolis*, has a good *BOAT*, well fitted, and will carry Passengers to *Kent-Island*, or any Part of the Bay, at the usual Prices.

He will likewise Pilot Shipping to *Baltimore-Town*, or elsewhere. 6 WILLIAM HOLLAND.

TO BE SOLD by the *SUBSCRIBER*, in *ANNAPOLIS*,

SPECIAL GOOD BLOCKS, of all Sizes, by Wholesale or large Quantities, at Seven-teen Pence a Foot. 6 WILLIAM CLAJON.

To be Sold together or separately,
THE Two following Tracts of LAND, lying in *Calvert County*: The one called *Hard Travail*, at the Head of *Battle-Creek*, near the Church, containing about Four Hundred Acres, extremely well wooded and timbered: The other called *Harwood*, lying at the Head of *Battle-Creek*, containing Five Hundred Acres.

Time will be allowed for Payment, upon giving Bond.
B. TASKER.

PURSUANT to an Act of Assembly of this Province, directing the Administratrix of *Talbot Rifeau*, deceased, to dispose of Two LOTS of GROUND, in the Town of *Joppa*, on which is erected a SPACIOUS BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE, KITCHEN, GARDEN, and sundry OUT-HOUSES, in very good Repair: These are to give Notice, That the Subscriber proposes to dispose of the said LOTS and HOUSES, in the Town of *Joppa*, in *Baltimore County*, to the highest Bidder, on Wednesday the Second Day of August next, at the Court-House in the said Town of *Joppa*, for the Purposes in the said Act mentioned.
SUSANNA RISTEAU.

N. B. The HOUSES are very convenient for any Store-Keeper, or private Gentleman, being adjoining on the River *Gunpowder*, and have a Wharff, at which small Vessels may Load or Unload.

A SCHEME

OF A

LOTTERY,

For Raising the SUM of FOUR HUNDRED and THIRTY-FIVE POUNDS, for further Securing the DOCK in *ANNAPOLIS*, and other Public Uses within the said City; to consist of 4000 TICKETS, at 15/6 each, 1204 of which are to be fortunate, viz.

Prizes.	Value.	is	Amount.
1	of 100 £.	are	100 £.
2	of 75	are	150
4	of 50	are	200
8	of 25	are	200
12	of 15	are	180
20	of 10	are	200
30	of 5	are	150
125	of 2	are	250
1000	of 1 : 2 : 6	are	1125
1 first Drawn, not otherwise a Prize			6
1 last Drawn, Ditto			4

1204 Prizes, Amounting to 2565
2796 Blanks. Sum raised £. 435 for above Uses.

4000 Tickets at 15/6 each, make 3000 £.

THE Uses to which the above Sum of 435 £. is to be applied, tending to the Public Good and Service of the Community, as well without as within this City; the best Expedient that could be fallen on at this Time for raising that Sum, being a LOTTERY, and the Scheme thereof calculated so much to the Advantage of the Adventurers (there not being Two Blanks and a Half to a Prize, and the Deduction on the whole not 15 per Cent.) Nothing more need be said for its Recommendation: And it is not doubted but the Tickets will soon be all Sold, as near One Thousand of them are already engaged.

When the Tickets are dispos'd of, the Drawing is to begin immediately, in the Court-House in *Annapolis*, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Managers, viz. Messieurs *John Britz*, *Stephen Bordley*, *Nicholas Macculbin*, *James Dick*, *Walter Dulany*, *William Roberts*, *Lancelot Jacques*, *William Reynolds*, *Jonas Green*, *Henry Woodward*, *James Johnson*, *John Clapham*, and *Bennett Chew*, are to give Bond and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A LIST of the PRIZES to be published in the *Maryland GAZETTE*; and Paid off, without any Deduction, as soon as the Drawing is finish'd: And those not demanded in Six Months afterwards, to be deemed as generously given to the Public, for the Uses above-mentioned.

The whole to be conducted, as near as may be, in the same Manner as State Lotteries in *England*. Tickets to be had of any of the Managers.

N. B. Fourteen Days Notice, at least, will be given in the *GAZETTE*, of the Time of Drawing.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by *JONAS GREEN*, Post-Master, at his Office in *Charles-street*; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this *GAZETTE*, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.

[Numb. 689.]

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, July 20, 1758.

PETERSBURG, April 1.

SIR Robert Keith, Minister from Great-Britain, is received at Court with much Politeness; but the Success of his Commission is not publicly known. The Affair of Marshal Apraxin seems to have taken a favourable Turn, he being permitted to receive Visits, and to keep a Table. The Army which that General had under his Command was so weakened by Sickness and Desertion, that Orders have been given to raise 35,000 Recruits to render it complete. These Recruits have shewn such a Repugnance to march to the Army, that they have been obliged to chain them, and tie them together, to prevent them from deserting.

Plawwen, in Voiland, April 16. Divers Detachments of Prussian Troops are in Motion, advancing this Way to the River Elster, in order to join the Corps under General Meyer, and observe the Motions of the Troops of the Empire.

Prague, April 17. General Laudohn had an Engagement with the Enemy on the 9th, when he killed them 400 Men. On the 11th, that General sent to the Head-Quarters two Officers of the Croats, who had not done their Duty in an Action near Braunau; and it is thought they will meet with an exemplary Punishment.

Vienna, April 15. The first Column of the Troops coming from Tuscany, to reinforce the Army under Marshal Daun, is arrived in the Upper Austria.

Stockholm, April 9. The Court has sent Colonel Wrede with several Engineers to Gottenbourg, in order to repair the Fortifications of that Place.

We are assured that our Court and that of Russia have signed a new Convention, whereby they are to join their Fleets in Case the English should appear in the Baltick.

Dantzick, April 12. We learn from Polish Lithuania, that they have prepared Magazines there for the new Corps of 30,000 Russians which the Empress is sending to her Allies; the Van Guard of which Corps, consisting of 6,000 Men, has already reached the Frontiers of that Province.

Ratisbon, April 18. 'Tis computed here that the Prussian Army in Saxony amounts to between 25 and 30,000 Men.

Cologne, April 23. We reckon the French Troops now in the Neighbourhood of the Rhine amount to 117 Battalions, and 71 Squadrons.

Paris, April 20. The King finding a Necessity at present to procure real Supplies for supporting the Expence of the War, which his Majesty is obliged to continue for the common Cause, and the Defence of his Allies, has issued an Edict for raising 3,200,000 Livres in Hereditary Annuities, at Four per Cent. upon the Aides and Gabelles: Which was registered by the Parliament last Tuesday.

The King has assured the Imperial Minister that our Army will soon take the Field in a flourishing Condition; and that independent of the Saxon, Palatine, and Wurtemberg Troops, which our Court has in Pay, and a Body of 24,000 Men, which will certainly march into Bohemia, his Majesty intends to keep up an Army of 70,000 of his own Troops, and seriously to set about repairing past Miscarriages.

Paris, April 24. At the breaking up of a grand Council held a few Days ago, a Courier was dispatched to the King's Minister at Madrid, with Orders to forward some Dispatches immediately to M. de Clue at Carthage; since which 'tis generally said that he is to attempt to get through the Straights at all Events. It is supposed the Ministry have taken this Resolution, on the repeated Information that the English are turning all their Strength and Attention to some Coup d'Eclat in America.

Vienna, April 19. A Courier from Petersburg has brought us the agreeable News, that as soon as the Russian Army should have made sure of the

Mouth of the Vistula, it would advance into other Parts of the King of Prussia's Dominions.

Dresden, April 21. Prince Henry of Prussia has ordered the Corps under Major-General Meyer to march to the River Eger, and sent General Isenplitz, with a strong Detachment, to occupy the Lands belonging to the Court of Reufs.

The Prussian Troops, posted in Lusatia, continue to have frequent Skirmishes with the Austrian Pandours and Hussars. There must have been lately some sharp Skirmishes in these Parts, as the Day before Yesterday there arrived more than sixty Waggons with wounded Soldiers.

Berlin, April 25. As the King marched with his Army from Schweidnitz the 17th, and entered Bohemia the next Day, we daily expect the News of a Battle, especially as Marshal Daun seemed disposed to stand his Ground in that Country, though he would not venture to advance to the Relief of Schweidnitz.

Hanover, April 24. Though the Army under Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick is already above 55,000 strong, they talk of making a considerable Augmentation in it, by new Levies in this Electorate, and also in the Territories of the Landgrave of Hesse-Cassel, and the Duke of Brunswick Wolfenbuttle.

Madrid, April 11. The King has appointed Don Andrew Reggio, Lieutenant-General of the Marine, and the Count de Vega-Florida, to command a Squadron of 16 Ships of the Line, and six Frigates, which is supposed to be ready to put to Sea on the first Notice. All the Captains of this Squadron were appointed at the same Time. The Ships of the Line are, one of 80 Guns; 14 of 70, and one of 64; and the Frigates are, one of 30 Guns, and the rest of 26 each.

Constantinople, March 17. The Scarcity of all Kinds of Provision, Bread especially, increases daily, and is got to such a Pitch, that, some Barques laden with Barley arriving Yesterday in our Ports, the Ministry were obliged to send a Guard immediately to prevent the Grain being delivered to any other than Bakers; who were, at the same Time, strictly ordered to get it ground and made into Bread with all Speed; and to prevent Disorder in the Distribution of it, it has been thought necessary to place a Guard of Janissaries in every Bakehouse.

Hamburg, May 2. There is Advice that the King of Prussia, with a Body of 50,000 Men, is marched into Moravia.

Munster, April 25. Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick has demanded of this Bishopric a Contribution of a Million of Crowns, and has taken 100 Brabs Cannon out of our Arsenal, and sent them to Paderborn, whither the Head-Quarters of the allied Army will in a few Days be transferred.

Madrid, April 18. It is pretended that the Viscount d'Aubetterre, Ambassador from France, has complained to our Ministry about Admiral Osborne's fighting M. Duquesne near the Coast of Carthage; that he has represented that the English have thereby violated Spain's Neutrality; and that no Excuse could be offered for the Procedure of two Ships, who pursued and attacked the Oriflamme, even under the Cannon of Aigle Fort.

L O N D O N.

May 1. On Friday and Saturday last a great Number of Scaling-Ladders, with Sand-Bags, Waggons, Carriages for Cannon, Wheelbarrows, &c. were shipped from the Tower; and a Number of other Warlike Implements are shipping at Woolwich: From whence we may conclude some grand Expedition is on the Anvil.

On Monday and Tuesday they were shipping from the Tower some Brabs battering Cannon, from thirty Hundred Weight to fifty-four and upward, together with a great Number of Beds for Soldiers on Ship-board, Chests of Miners, Carpenters and Smiths Tools, with a Number of other Implements for carrying on a Siege.

All the Artificers in the Ordnance and Munition Offices in the Tower, are very busy in preparing Scaling-Ladders, which are to be 70 Feet long, loading Bombs, &c.

May 6. We hear that 100,000l. will be granted to defray the Expences of the Militia for the ensuing Year.

It is rumoured, that a foreign Ambassador hath demanded certain Concessions to be made by Great-Britain; otherwise the King his Master would declare War against this Crown: And that Answer was made him, *That his B. M. was very desirous to cultivate Friendship with the King his Master, and with that View had already made great Concessions, but would not make those in question; that if he chose to declare War, Great-Britain was prepared, and the sooner he did the better.*

By a private Letter from an Officer in the Foudroyant Man of War, we are informed, that there were found on board 20,000 Suits of new Regimental Cloaths, and that they were in search, in hopes of finding Money on board to pay the Troops for which the above Cloaths were intended.

Four Hundred Men of the Royal Regiment of Artillery, with their proper Officers, under the Command of Lieut. Col. Desaguliers, are to march from Woolwich for the Isle of Wight on Tuesday next; they will encamp every Night on their March to Portsmouth.

We hear that Capt. Lockhart, of the Chatham, lately launched at Deptford, has a ranging Commission for ten Months; and that Sir Edward Hawke has complimented him with 300 picked Men out of his Fleet.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, May 8. *"The Ramillies, Sir Edward Hawke's Ship, is docked, and will in a few Days be ready to go out of Harbour; and the whole Squadron will be ready before the Troops are. The flat-bottomed Boats will be ready very soon."*

"Another Expedition, besides the grand one, is on Foot, and to consist of three Ships of fifty Guns (the Deptford, Winchester, and Portland) and twelve twenty Gun Ships and Frigates, besides Sloops and Cutters."

"Several Transports arrive daily from the adjacent Ports of Southampton, Lymington, and Poole."

It is said 5000 Marines will go on board the Fleet on the Expedition.

It is reported that the King of Prussia was in full March to Vienna, at the Head of one of the finest Armies ever seen, and that he had gained four Days March of Count Daun.

May 11. Early Yesterday Morning three Companies of the Train of Artillery, with fifteen Baggage-Waggons, set out from Woolwich for the Isle of Wight. The Cannon, &c. intended for the same Island, went from the Tower some Days since.

Col. Talbot's Regiment, that has been quartered some Time past at Canterbury, Sandwich, Faversham, &c. have marched from those Places for the Camp at the Isle of Wight, where they will arrive by Saturday next.

On Wednesday last General Huske's Regiment of Foot, who have lain some Time at Dover, and the adjacent Places, marched for the Isle of Wight. Several Regiments of Horse and Foot keep filing successively off for Portsmouth, to embark for the Isle of Wight, where they are all ordered to be encamp'd by the 20th Instant.

Every Day this Week several Transports, laden with warlike Stores, bound for Spithead, have fell down the River, in their Way to the Downs, to the Convoy appointed them.

It is said that by a secret Article in the late Treaty with Prussia, that Prince is bound to maintain an Army of thirty Thousand Men, to act against the French directly, wherever his Britannic Majesty pleases.

May 13. A Letter from Bremen, dated the 6th of May, just as the Post left that City, asserts, that an

an Express was arrived from his Prussian Majesty's Army, which he left at his Departure within four German Miles of Vienna.

Some Letters by Yesterday's Dutch Mail say, that the King of Prussia had passed by Olmutz, and was marching at the Head of 50,000 Men directly to Vienna.

Admiralty-Office, May 13. In Pursuance of the King's Pleasure, Lord Anson, Vice-Admiral of Great-Britain, and Admiral of the White, was this Day appointed Commander in Chief of a Fleet now fitting for the Sea.

On the 26th of last Month, his Majesty's Ship the Windsor, of 60 Guns, commanded by Capt. Faulkner, with the Escort-Frigate, were sent from Plymouth, in order to intercept two French Frigates, and three Store-ships under their Convoy, which failed a few Days before from Dunkirk Road to the Westward. On the 27th towards Noon, about 16 Leagues from the Ramhead, Captain Faulkner was in Sight of them, when the two Frigates brought to in a Line, as if they intended to receive him, and the Store-ships continued standing to the Westward. When the Windsor came within about two Gun Shot of the Frigates, they made all the Sail they could towards the Coast of France: Upon which Capt. Faulkner sent the Escort after the Store-ships, while he gave Chace to the Frigates, and continued it till Four in the Afternoon; when finding they greatly outailed him, he gave it over; and made after the Convoy, which could then but just be discerned from the Poop. The next Morning at Day-light, only one of them was to be seen, which the Windsor came up with and took. She is called the St. Peter, of near 400 Tons Burthen, and her Cargo consisted of Provisions, and 1000 Stand of Arms, intended for Quebec.

Another of these Store-ships was fallen in with the same Day by a Squadron of his Majesty's Ships to the Westward, commanded by Capt. Pratten, and was taken by Capt. Douglas in the Alcide. She is called the Baden, is about the same Size with the other, and loaded with Provisions.

On the 29th, about three o'Clock in the Afternoon, Capt. Pratten seeing a Sail to the S. W. made a Signal for the Dorsetshire, of 70 Guns, and 520 Men, commanded by Capt. Dennis, to give Chace; and soon after observing the Chace to be a large Ship, dispatched the Achilles, of 60 Guns, commanded by the Honourable Capt. Barrington, also after her, and then followed them with the rest of the Squadron. About 7 o'Clock the Dorsetshire came up with the Chace, which proved to be the Raifonable, a French Ship of War of 64 Guns, and 630 Men, and Capt. Dennis began to engage her very closely, and they continued warmly engaged till about nine o'Clock, when the Enemy's Ship, commanded by the Prince de Mombazon, Chevalier de Rohan, struck, having suffered greatly in her Hull, and had 61 Men killed, and 100 wounded. She was going from l'Orient to Brest, a new Ship, not above four or five Months off the Stocks. The Dorsetshire's Masts, Yards, and Sails, were greatly shattered. She had 15 Men killed, and 21 wounded, in the Action; and one of the Wounded is since dead.

Portsmouth, May 4. Twelve Flat bottom'd Boats, to carry 63 Men each, with twelve Oars, are preparing in our Dock, and are to be finished by the 17th Instant.

The Lords of the Admiralty have given Directions that no private Man of War, on her Arrival in any home Port, shall salute an Admiral as usual with 13 Guns; the Expence of Salutes last Year, 'tis said, amounting to near 70,000 l.

Portsmouth, May 10. Monday Evening Admiral Holbourne arrived in Town; and Yesterday Morning hoisted his Flag on board the Newark, the Ship to which he belongs. The Royal Sovereign and Pallas are come out of Dock. The Bombs and Fire-Ships are very near completed. The Barfleur, Chatham, and several Frigates, are ready to go out of the Harbour.

The Flat-bottom'd Boats are in Length thirty-six Feet, Breadth twelve, and to draw one Foot Water; Complement of Men seventy-one; twenty are to row, and one steer.

Gosport, May 12. The following is a true List of the Ships intended for the Expedition, viz.

Of the Line of Battle. Royal George, Royal Sovereign, Royal Anne, Ramillies, Union, Neptune, Duke, Barfleur, Newark, Torbay, Magnanime, Norfolk, Shrewsbury, Lenox, Dorsetshire, Chichester, Alcide, Fougex, Stirling-Castle, Essex, Duke d'Acquillon, Intrepid, Dunkirk, Achilles, America, Medway, Windsor, Rippon.

Frigates, from 36 to 22 Guns. Southampton, Vestal, Hussar, Retan, Coventry, Leostoffe, Escort, Speedwell.

Fire-ships. Pluto, Porcupine, Machault, Cor-morant.

Bombs. Granado, Infernal, Firedrake, Salamander, Strombolo.

Letter from the Master of one of the Merchantmen that lately went out under Convoy of Admiral Broderick.

Gentlemen,

"This is to acquaint you of my Welfare, and safe Arrival at Oporto the 22d of April. I am sorry to give you the Particulars of the unfortunate Prince George, and her unhappy Crew. Thursday, April 13, Uban bearing East 60 Leagues Distance, at Noon, I saw Admiral Broderick with a Signal of Distress; upon which I made what Sail I could, and went down on him. At One in the Afternoon I could discern her (the Prince George) all on Fire; and Two drew pretty near her, but thought they might have quenched the Fire.

At Three o'Clock I saw plainly there was no quenching it. I was then within 100 Yards of her Stern, but durst not venture along-side, the Sea beating high; besides, the going off of her Guns, and Danger of blowing up. But this the Admiral wisely prevented, by letting the Water into the Powder-Room.

At Four in the Afternoon the Admiral quitted her in the Barge, and out of 40 Souls, he and four more only were saved, and taken up swimming, by a Merchant-ship's Boat, as then the Ships that had boats were all out, and a good many of them lost, the Weather proving bad towards Night. At 5 P. M. I was within Pistol-Shot of her, and there remained some Time; at which Time I picked up four of her Men; and had not Two of my Men run away with my Boat the Night before we parted from St. Helen's, I am confident I could have saved 60 or 80 of them at least, as I was all the Time nearer to them than any Ship in the Fleet. What made me venture so near to her was, that I knew my Ship went well, and was under good Command.

At Six o'Clock, oh, what a dreadful Sight! the Masts and Sails all in a Blaze; Hundreds of Souls hanging by the Ropes along-side: I could count fifty of them hanging over in the Stern Ladder, others in the Sea on Oars and Pieces of Wood; a melancholy Lamentation; besides the dismal Cries from the Ship still ring in my Ears, and fill my Soul with Sadness. Half an Hour past Six the Flames broke out of her Broadside, and in less than Five Minutes every Bit of her was in Flames, and so continued till Seven, when she overfet; but did not sink. I then ran within Twenty Yards of her, but my People compelled me to go further off, for fear of striking on the Wreck. All I can further say of it is, there never was a more shocking Sight; pray God that I may never see the like again: It was very grievous to me that I could not save more of her Men, without running the Risk of sharing her Fate.

The Fire began in the Boatwain's Store-Room by the Neglect of his new Men. The 18th of April the Glasgow, a Twenty Gun Ship, hoisted the Signal for all Masters of Merchant Ships to come on board of him, where the Admiral had his Flag hoisted; upon which I went on board. The Reason for making the Signal was to know, how many of the Prince George's People we had saved amongst us; and to deliver them up. By the then List it appeared, that the Admiral, Captain Payton, and about 250 were saved. Poor Miller, the first Lieutenant, perished, and, by the nearest Computation then, there must be about 400 lost, as they had a good many Passengers, who, I am afraid, have all perished, unless some of them may be picked up by Two Ships that belonged to the Fleet, who are missing."

May 13. It is said that a Right Hon. Commoner has lately declined the Peerage, with a particular View of forwarding the great Works began by him.

We hear that the Transports will be all ready to take the Troops on board next Week.

May 16. The Dorsetshire Man of War is arrived at Spithead, and has brought with her the French Man of War La Raifonable, which she lately took.

This Morning the Right Hon. the Lord Anson set out from his House at the Admiralty, to take on him the Command of the Fleet.

The Terms granted to the Garrison of Schweidnitz were, "The whole Garrison are Prisoners of War. They shall march out with their Arms, and Colours flying, by the Gate of Striegau, and to file off through the King's Army; but they shall afterwards lay down their Arms; and all the Horses belonging to the Cavalry shall be faithfully given up, with all their Accoutrements, to the End that the Prussian Cavalry may receive them, and conduct them to Breslau, and from thence to the other Places of their Destination. The Officers of the Garrison shall have their Equipages granted to them, and the Subalterns, Officers and Soldiers, Haversacks.—The Garrison shall march out the 18th, at 8 o'Clock in the Morning.

"This Day and To-morrow, the Magazines and Chests — to be delivered to the King's Commissary. The Artillery shall be delivered to Colonel Dieckow, and Plans and Maps, as also all that relates to the Fortifications, as well of Schweidnitz as other Places, whether they belong to the Empress Queen or to private Persons, shall be delivered to the Colonel of the Engineers, de Balby, to whom Discovery shall be made of the Mines and Works under Ground."

Dated the 16th of April. Mr. Collett, Second Mate of the Cannarvon Indianman, who was taken in an open Boat by a French Man of War, off Bata-via, in reconnoitring the Coast, arrived in Town last Saturday from India, by Way of France, and brings Advice, that eight French Men of War with the Land Forces on board, under the Command of General Lally, sailed from the Isle of Bourbon for Pondicherry, in September last.

B O S T O N, July 3.

PUBLISHED BY ORDER.

Part of a JOURNAL of the PROCEEDINGS of the FLEET and ARMY, that went against LOUISBURG.

28th May. EMBARKED on board the Namure Admiral 1758. Boscawen, and met the Dublin Man of War of 74 Guns, off the Harbour, who had on board General Amherst; we were likewise joined by the Troops from Lunenburg; and General Bragg's Regiment.

29th. The Wind fair, and very fine Weather, we counted from the Mail-Head 136 Topfalls, the exact Number that sailed from Halifax with us.

30th. Fine Weather, the Wind fair, made the Island of Cape-Breton, by 4 o'Clock in the Afternoon, the Admiral made the Signal for the Fleet to come under his Stern.

31st. The Island appears very plain, the Wind at N, and by E. prevents our getting in with the Land. A Signal made to chase two Sail a-head; Capt. Ross and the Shan-

non for that Service. The two Sail proves to be two Sail under the Command of Admiral Hardy.

1st June. The Wind not fair for getting into Gabarous-Bay, we were near enough to distinguish Houses and Tents on the Shore: The Gramont Frigate, sent by the Admiral with the Quarter-Master-General to make Discoveries, joined us To-Day; they informed the Admiral that they had seen six Line of Battle Ships in the Harbour of Louisburg, and five Frigates; that they had observed a Body of Indians encamped at Gabarous-Bay. Captain Ross in the Sutherland returned from Gabarous-Bay; he informs the Admiral that there are 13 Ships at Louisburg; but imagines two only are Ships of the Line; they had Colours at all their Batteries and Ships, and fired many Guns on seeing Capt. Ross: He saw a great Number of Tents on the Shore, but thinks they had no Body in them.

2d June. Came to an Anchor in Gabarous-Bay, at One o'Clock, saw 13 Ships in the Harbour, they fired two Signal Guns, and hoisted their Colours; there are two or three Encampments where the New-England People landed before. General Amherst and Brigadier Lawrence went to reconnoitre the Shore with the Quarter-Master General. This Afternoon a Prisoner taken by the Trent-Frigate on being examined, says, That when he left Louisburg, they had two Frigates, and three Two-Deckers; that the Garrison, including Men, Women, and Children, did not exceed 10,000; and that the Bay was entrenched in every Place that they expected we would land: He likewise says that there are five Regiments in the Garrison. The Generals were fired at from the Shore. An Indian acquainted the Governor of Louisburg, that he had been at Halifax, and paddled round the Men of War at Night, that he reckoned Nineteen, but the Merchantmen were so numerous he could not count them. They were in great Want of Bread during the Winter, but were relieved in the Spring from Quebec. Twelve Rockets ordered to be fired at different Places To-Night out of Boats, to alarm the Enemy.

3d June. This Day too bad for the Troops to land. The Kennington Frigate ordered to silence a Battery of two Guns at fresh Water-Cove, the firing continued all Day, they wounded two Men on board, the only Damage done as yet.

4th June. Three Men killed in the Night on board the Kennington by the Battery on Shore. Violent Rain and blowing Weather with Fog, the Sutherland and Trent in great Distress, occasioned by being so near the Shore when the Wind increased.

5th June. The Weather still foggy, and the Surf too great to land; General Lawrence and Brigadier Wolfe gone to reconnoitre the Shore.

6th June. An Attempt was made this Morning to land, but without Success, occasioned by the violent Rains, Fog and Surf that ran along Shore.

7th June. A very fine Day, but the Surf too great to land. Saw a large Body of Men hauling (as we imagined) Cannon to the little Cove, where we propose to land.

8th June. The Signal was made by two o'Clock this Morning to land; the Men were in their Boats by 4 o'Clock, and on their Way to the Cove, and the Enemy suffered them to come within Half Musket-shot of their Entrenchments, and then fired so furiously on them from their Great Guns and Small Arms, that it was hardly possible for the Men to continue in their Boats, many being shot to Pieces, and several killed by the Musketry; but that a Body of Rangers and Highlanders getting on their Flank, which they had forgot to cover, they immediately gave Way, by which our Soldiers got into the Cove, and took Possession of their Works, where they found several Pieces of Cannon, one of which was a Thirty-two Pounder: That our Men found the Bodies of above a Hundred Regulars, and two Indians, which they scalped; made three French Officers and thirty private Men Prisoners; and took Possession of several Batteries which the Enemy had deserted, on finding we had gained the Pass: That their Magazine of Powder, and the Suttler's Grand Tent for supplying their Army, entrenched from Louisburg to where our Troops forced the Pass, fell into our Hands, and the Soldiers got 2000 Loaves, 7 Bags of Bread, 300 Kegs of Wine, and as many of Brandy; 700 Dollars, and several other Things: That by the Entrenchment near the Water they found a ten and a nine Inch Mortar mounted, about 300 Shells loaded, and several Barrels of Powder; one Mortar Iron, the other Brass: That the not knowing the Country, prevented our cutting off 1500 Men from the Garrison, that were posted on the Water-side: And that the French, on seeing our Soldiers from the Town, burnt the Suburbs, and fired several 32 Pounders at them.

9th June. The Quarter-Master-General marked out the Ground for an Encampment, which from Right to Left extended three Miles.

10th June. Brigadier General Wolfe marched with 1000 Men, at Four o'Clock in the Morning, and took Possession of the Light-House Battery, which the Enemy abandoned, after carrying off what Cannon they could, and destroying the rest. And the same Day a small Party from the Garrison was attacked by our Irregulars, and obliged to retreat, with the Loss of three Men killed.

Between the 10th and 14th, a Party of 400 Men from the Garrison, attacked our Picquet from the Woods, in which Skirmish we killed seven, and took one Prisoner; lost two Men, and Mr. Lilly, of Hopson's Regiment, was wounded in the Shoulder.

11th June. Two 6 Pounders were sent and placed in the Center of General Warburton's Regiment on the Left of the Line. Extract of a Letter from an Officer in the Army, gone against Cape-Breton, dated June 15.

"Our Troops, under the Command of General Lawrence and General Wolfe, pursued the vile Vermin to the very Gates of Louisburg, and killed and took many Prisoners; amongst the Slain were two Indians, one of them had a Medal at his Breast, representing the French King in a Roman Dress, and an Indian shaking Hands, the Motto (Honour and Virtue) and a Croix, with a Chain.—We are certain the French had above 1500 Men to oppose our Landing, and a Number of Pieces of Cannon, which flanked each other, and intrenched up to their Chins, their Parallel Cannon Proof, and every other Advantage a skilful Engineer could possibly construct, nay, 'tis allowed by every Body to be a most advantageous Post, well fortified, and had it been well defended, would have cost us many Lives; the Enemy have lost and taken Prisoners in the Attack near 300 Men; our Loss is more trifling, only 70 killed and wounded, in which are two Officers of the Highland Regiment, much to be regretted for their Bravery.—As soon as

we got Possession of the Sutherland, then a Sergeant in the Woods came Grenadier Capt. that we rate and presumptuous, a the British Troops, wou A Battery at White Poin Magazine with Provision was ours by One o'Clock our Troops, and none m marched and got to our e and lay all that Night on Defenders and Prisoners, rison are very sickly for of the Troops are ready tunity. We have also

Miners, and every Thing Garrison, which I hope w at farthest, after our B work upon one to play three Frigates, in the H Time I hope will be t as our Ships are at An Battery it is supposed w destroyed, very likely t and then we shall mak enough to execute an E and I hope to have the Account of our Progre Louisburg. Our Troop by such brave Generals Danger they would not

Extract of a Letter from

"I have particular Companies of Rangers Landing so as to do Country they came fr Yesterday the Capta nine Days from Halifax Store-ship taken by o about 250 Tons, arriv with the Defiance an that 4 French Men of en seeing our Fleet n went into Spanish Har

By a Vessel from Li Court had made a Den lately taken by Adm gena, and that great the Ports of Spain.

Extract of a Letter f

"You would Regulars and Provinc their Hats off:—T Orders; That no Pe carry more than one Sword, nor even Lac manteau to be allowe self is allowed to ca Tent. The Regular their proper Regimen so as scarcely to reach the Camp, to wash o Command, has alrea to the Brook, and w from Fort Edward e Provisions, &c. no I

Extract of a Letter f

"We march Lake George:—C Schenckedy, so don Portraits Time to from the Lake in a Affairs are in the gr toes are all gone to and 500 Waggon w of all the Preparatio at present that ever about our Dress, l ing of no Service; i and Tomahawks: from a Scout, and 2 or 300 French an a large Party is deta in pursuit of them

N E V Letters brought b assure that our Arm the 3th Instant by every Thing was co ment; every Indiv great Harmony sel That Sir William with six hundred I to be at Sabbath- at Ticonderoga.

By Capt. Brown Coast of Africa, Gum Coast had d ries on the River of St. Lewis: An distressed the Fre

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we got Possession of the Shore, an Officer and 30 Men first
surrendered, then a Sergeant and 12, and in short, all that
were in the Woods came in one after another. A French
Grenadier Capt. that we took, says, the Attack was desper-
ate and presumptuous, and that no People in the World but
the British Troops, would have attempted and carried it.
A Battery at White Point, with 16 Pieces of Cannon, the
Magazine with Provisions, nay, in short all Gabarous Bay
was ours by One o'Clock; no People behaved better than
our Troops, and none more cowardly than the French. We
marched and got to our encamping Ground about 2 o'Clock;
and lay all that Night on our Arms. We are informed by the
Deserters and Prisoners, that the French in Louisburg Gar-
rison are very sickly for Want of fresh Provisions, and many
of the Troops are ready to desert if they had but an Oppor-
tunity. We have also by them an Information of their
Mint, and every Thing else respecting the Strength of this
Garrison, which I hope we shall be in Possession of in a Month
at farthest, after our Batteries are opened. We are now at
work upon one to play upon the five Ships of the Line, and
three Frigates, in the Harbour, which in two or three Days
Time I hope will be totally destroyed, they cannot escape,
as our Ships are at Anchor before the Port. The Island
Battery it is supposed will be attacked by Sea, and that once
destroyed, very likely the Admiral will enter the Harbour,
and then we shall make short Work of it, and have Time
enough to execute an Enterprize up the River St. Lawrence;
and I hope to have the Satisfaction of giving you as good an
Account of our Progress against Quebec, as this against
Louisburg. Our Troops have now such Spirits, and led on
by such brave Generals and other Officers, that there is no
Danger they would not surmount."

Extract of a Letter from General Lawrence, to his Excellency
the Governor.

"I have particular Pleasure in assuring you, that the
Companies of Rangers raised in New-England, behaved at
Landing so as to do great Honour to themselves and the
Country they came from."

Yesterday the Captains M'Lane and Clift arrived here in
nine Days from Halifax, by them we have Advice, That a
Store-ship taken by one of the Fleet before Louisburg of a-
bout 250 Tons, arrived there the Day they sail'd, together
with the Defence and Boreas, which brought Intelligence
that 4 French Men of War were going into Louisburg, but
on seeing our Fleet near the Mouth of the Harbour, they
went into Spanish Harbour, at the East Side of the Island.

By a Vessel from Lisbon we have Advice, that the Spanish
Court had made a Demand of the two French Men of War
lately taken by Admiral Osborne's Squadron near Cartha-
gena, and that great Naval Preparations were making in all
the Ports of Spain.

Extract of a Letter from Flat-Bush, dated June 12, 1758.

"You would laugh to see the droll Figure we all cut;
Regulars and Provincials are all ordered to cut the Brims of
their Hats off:—The following is General Abercrombie's
Orders; That no Person Officer or private, be allowed to
carry more than one Blanket and a Bearskin, no Sash nor
Sword, nor even Lace to be wore upon Guard, a small Port-
manteau to be allowed each Officer; even the General him-
self is allowed to carry no more than a common private's
Tent. The Regulars as well as Provincials have left off
their proper Regiments, that is, they have cut their Coats
so as scarcely to reach their Waist:—You would not distin-
guish us from common Ploughmen:—No Women to follow
the Camp, to wash our Linen; Lord Howe who is second in
Command, has already shewed an Example, by going himself
to the Brook, and washing his own Linen:—When we go
from Fort Edward every Officer is to carry his own Pack,
Provisions, &c. no Horses being allowed us."

Extract of a Letter from Fort Edward, dated June 22, 1758.

"We march from hence To-morrow immediately for
Lake George:—Col. William's Regiment is stationed at
Scheneclady, so don't expect them at the Siege; expect in a
Fortnight's Time to be at Ticonderoga, as we shall march
from the Lake in a few Days after our Arrival there:—
Affairs are in the greatest Forwardness imaginable, the Bat-
teries are all gone to the Lake:—Last Tuesday between 4
and 500 Waggoners went to the Lake; every Body says, that
all the Preparations in North America there is the greatest
at present that ever was known. I have already wrote you
about our Dress, laced Hats and Waistcoats, and Swords be-
ing of no Dress; instead of the latter we wear our Bayonets
and Tomahawks:—There is a small Party just come in
from a Scout, and have discovered a large Body (some say
2 or 300 French and Indians) about two Miles from hence,
a large Party is detached from our several Regiments to go
in pursuit of them."

NEW YORK, July 10.

Letters brought by the Albany Post, Yesterday Afternoon,
assure that our Army embarked on the Lake, on Wednesday
the 5th Instant by seven o'Clock in the Morning:—That
every Thing was conducted with great Calmness and Judg-
ment; every Individual among them in high Spirits, and
great Harmony subsisting throughout the whole Body:—
That Sir William Johnson was to join them the same Day
with six hundred Indians; and that they expected that Night
to be at Sabbath-Day Point, and on the 6th to be engaged
at Ticonderoga.

By Capt. Brown, who arrived here since our last from the
Coast of Africa, we learn, That the English Fleet on the
Gum Coast had destroyed one or two of the French Fac-
tories on the River Senegall, particularly the Island and Fort
of St. Lewis: And, that in other Respects they had greatly
distressed the French Trade on that Coast.

Part of a Letter from London, dated May 16, 1758.

"A Resolution is taken to put all the Men of War
in Commission:—And a right honourable Personage has
declared, to the Satisfaction of all Persons, that a very small
Part of the British Forces will remain inactive this Summer;
in Consequence of which, most of the Foot-Guards, and se-
veral Regiments, to the Number of 17,000, are now mov-
ing off to encamp on the Isle of Wight, there to embark on
board Transports, already prepared for them. They are to
be commanded by the Duke of Marlborough, as Chief, and
General Drury commands under him.—This Expedition
will be one of the greatest that has been equipped in this
Kingdom for many Years:—Lord Anson is to have the
chief Command; two Admirals are to be under him: It
will consist of near 20 Sail of the Line, which are mostly
completed.—Flat-bottomed Boats you'll find by the Papers,
are building; nay, they are near finished: The Bomb Vef-

fels and Fire-ships are in the greatest Forwardness:—There
are two other Expeditions on Foot; Commodore Howe is to
conduct one, to consist of three 50 Gun Ships, and 20 Fri-
gates, who are assembling at Portsmouth:—But where, or
against what particular Place these Expeditions are designed,
we are left in the Dark about."

Our Accounts from Halifax inform, that several of the
French Men of War got into Louisburg but the Day before
Admiral Boscawen invested that Place; that the French had
burnt all the Merchant Ships in the Harbour of Louisburg,
upon which Admiral Boscawen sent in Word, that if they
burnt the Men of War also, he would put them all to the
Sword; since which, 'tis said, they were preparing to slip
out of the Harbour, but it is thought impossible for them to
accomplish it, as our Fleet is off the Mouth of it. We also
hear that a French Regiment, with a General Officer, had
landed at St. Anne's, and got safe into the Garrison but the
Day before our Forces arrived there.

One of the Officers killed when the Troops first landed,
proves to be Captain Bayley of the Highlanders, who is
much lamented, as he was a brave Officer.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.

A Gentleman in Halifax writes his Friend here on the
20th ult. That the Defence Man of War had come in that
Day from Louisburg, which Place she left the 15th, when
our Batteries had begun to play upon the Town and Island
Battery, and it was thought we might be Masters of the
Place at the Time of writing this: That there were five
Line of Battle Ships in the Harbour, which must fall into
our Hands, as a good Look-out was kept at, and off, the
Harbour's Mouth: That the Enemy had demolished the
Grand Battery before our Troops landed, for fear of its fall-
ing into our Hands: That our Loss in landing was only one
Captain and Lieutenant of Frazier's Highlanders, and not
above 70 private Men; also about 100 Sailors belonging to
the Transports, killed, wounded and drowned, as there ran
a great Surf: That about 100 Frenchmen were made Pri-
soners immediately after landing, and a great many Indians
killed, amongst whom, it is said, is their Chief: And that
several of the Savages were taken alive by the Highlanders,
whose Heads they chopped off immediately, not being ac-
quainted with the Method of Scalping.

One Letter mentions six Ships of the Line, and three Fri-
gates, being in the Harbour of Louisburg, and another four
of the Line, and two Frigates; but all the Letters bestow
the highest Encomiums on our Generals, Officers and Men,
and say that in landing they performed Wonders, and shewed
the greatest Resolution and Bravery, notwithstanding they
were opposed by such Numbers, entrenched up to their Chins;
and tho' most of them were wet all over in getting ashore,
yet they marched boldly up within Cannon Shot of the Gar-
rison, and mark'd out their Camp that Night.

One Action was truly most gallant, and seems almost in-
credible, only that we find they had the Applause of the
whole Army for it, as being the greatest Thing done in the
Landing, which was, "That Eight of our Rangers, as
soon as they got ashore, ran immediately up to the French
"Entrenchments, drove the Enemy out, and took four
"Pieces of Cannon." But what will not Englishmen do,
when they are commanded by Men of real Worth and Courage?

All Accounts agree, that the Works and Entrenchments
of the French on the Shore were so very strong, and well
placed, that if the Troops posted to defend them had done
their Duty, it must have cost us very dear to have driven
them: That our Landing with so little Loss, was chiefly
owing to sending some of the small Boats with the light
armed Infantry, Highlanders and Rangers, under the Com-
mand of Major Scott, ashore at a Place which the Enemy
thought sufficiently secure by the Rocks, and a great Surf;
and they being landed, flanked the French, who took their
Numbers to be greater than they were, and being afraid that
they should be cut off from the Town, immediately aban-
doned their Intrenchments, and fled to the Woods and Town
in the greatest Confusion and Disorder: That several Parties
from the Woods daily came in, and surrendered themselves
Prisoners: That a Sergeant and six Men, of Fischer's Swift
Regiment, had deserted to our People, and informed them,
that the whole Regiment would desert the first Opportunity:
That the Ships in the Harbour hove short, and were pre-
paring to go out with the first Wind, but that Sir Charles
Hardy, with eight Ships, was stationed at Anchor off the
Harbour's Mouth; and General Wolfe had begun to erect
a Battery on the Light-House Point, to play upon them, if
they should offer to move, and to endeavour to dismast
them where they lay.

We hear, that the Day before our brave Troops landed
at Cape-Breton, the principal Engineer arrived there from
Quebec, as did a large Supply of Flour, and other Things.

From the AMERICAN MAGAZINE, for June 1758.

Brigadier General Forbes, after much Labour and Affiduity,
marched the last Division of his Forces from Philadelphia on
Friday June 30th. The same Day the General himself set out
for Carlisle, at which Place he arrived on Wednesday the 5th of
July. When this Gentleman came to Philadelphia about the
Middle of April last, he found himself a General without
Forces, for a considerable Time. The greatest Part of the Pro-
vincials, that were to compose his Army, were not raised, nor
any Provision made for raising or paying them. The Highlan-
ders from South-Carolina, did not arrive till about the 7th of
June, nor his Stores and Artillery from England, till the 14th
of the same Month. Besides this, the procuring the large Num-
ber of Waggoners necessary for this Expedition, where there is no
Water Carriages, occasioned great Delays. Yet all these Dif-
ficulties are at last surmounted, and the General now finds him-
self at the Head of a fine Army in high Spirits, the Rear of
which is by this Time advanced upwards of 100 Miles on their
March. He has likewise a very considerable Body of Indians
with him, and we have every Reason to expect all possible Suc-
cess from his known Valour, Vigilance and Experience. No
General was ever more beloved by the Men under his Command.

ANNAPOLIS, July 20.

Various are the Reports which we have relating
to Ticonderoga; so that we cannot insert any Thing
about it till next Week.

We hear that a French Frigate of 36 Guns,
with the Governor of Louisburg's Lady, and other
Quality, on board, with their Plate and Jewels,
in attempting to get out of Louisburg, was taken
and carried into Halifax.

On Thursday last one Joseph White, who was
subject to Fits, went a Fishing in South River, and
was Drowned; and is supposed to have fallen in
in a Fit.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, Enter'd,
Sloop Fortunatus, Isaac Davis, from Boston;
Schooner Sharpe Packet, Benjamin North, from New-York;
Schooner Nancy, Richard Wallis, from Virginia.

Those Gentlemen who hitherto have received
the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE inclosed in the
Packet directed to the Printer of this GAZETTE,
are requested to give immediate Notice whether
they will continue to take them on the Terms pro-
posed in the Post-Masters additional Instructions;
for none are to have them by the regular Posts,
but such as do comply with those Terms, and no-
tify the same.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On the Seventeenth Day of OCTOBER next,

PURSE of THIRTY PISTOLES,
on the Race-Ground near the City of Anna-
polis, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, that never
won at one Time, any Purse or Match above One
Hundred Pistoles. The Weight to be 120 lbs.
The Winner to have the best of Three Heats.
One Pistole and a Half to be paid at Entrance
with Jonas Green Four Days before the Race,
or Two Pistoles at the Post. If Three reputed
Running Horses should not Enter, to be no Race:
If only One or Two Enter, each of them to re-
ceive Five Pistoles. All Disputes to be determined
by proper Judges, to be appointed.

N. B. 'Tis expected that on the next Day,
there will be a Purse of TWENTY PISTOLES;
the winning Horse on the first Day to be excluded.

TO BE SOLD,

At the Store-House of the Subscriber in Baltimore-
Town, between this Time and the Twentieth of
August,

A LARGE Quantity of RUSSIA LINEN,
at the lowest Prices, for Ready Money or
Bills.
RICHARD HAYTON.

THE Subscriber determining to settle his Af-
fairs as soon as possible, hereby gives No-
tice to all Persons indebted to him by Bond or
otherwise, to come and make speedy Payment, in
order to prevent Trouble.

WILLIAM WORTHINGTON.

FOUND in Annapolis, and now in the Possession
of Patrick Cragh, Four SILVER SPOONS
of different Marks, and a Parcel of DRUM
HOOKS. The Owner may have them, on pro-
ving his Property, and paying the Charge of this
Advertisement.

COMMITTED to Anne-Arundel County Goal,
as a Runaway, on the 13th of this Instant
July, a Negro Man who calls himself James, has
lost the Sight of his left Eye, and says he belongs
to Col. Presly Thorn, of Northumberland County in
Virginia.

His Master may have him again, on proving his
Property, paying Charges, and the Expence of
this Advertisement. UPTON SCOTT, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

By the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT or Parcel of LAND, containing
260 Acres or thereabouts, lying in Queen-
Anne's County in Maryland, near Joshua Vinfant's
Mill, very well Timber'd and Water'd.

Any Person or Persons inclining to purchase,
may know the Terms by applying to the Subscri-
ber, living in Chester-Town.

Mr. J. Gannett. JAMES CLAYPOOLE.

THERE is at the Plantation of Robert Carter,
in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray,
a Bay Gelding, with some grey or white Hairs in
his Forehead, a Slit in his Ear, and branded on
the near Buttock with something like this U

The Owner may have him again, on proving
his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Basil William-
son, in Calvert County, a Heifer about 3
Years old, mark'd with a Hole and Swallow Fork
and Under-bit in the left Ear, and a Crop and
Under-bit in the Right.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his
Property, and paying Charges.

IMPORTED from LONDON,

In the Snow TRYTON, MATTHEW SPENCER, Commander, and the Ship DUKE WILLIAM, WILLIAM BRADFORD, Commander, A choice Parcel of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, and to be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Store in BALTIMORE-TOWN, near the New Wharff, very reasonably,

SCARLET, black, blue, mix'd, and Snuff-colour'd Broad-Cloths, German Serges, Forrest Cloths, Fearnoughts, Snakeskin, Bibles, Testaments, Pfalters, Spelling-Books, Plays, Histories, Aesop's Fables, Hilling and Weeding Hoes, Sheep Shears, Sickles, Frying Pans, Steel, Grindstones, Nails of all Sorts, Wheat Riddles, Broad Axes, Broad Chizzels, Heading Ditto, Carpenters Adzes, Augers of several Sizes, solid cheek'd Hammers, Bricklayers and Plasterers Trowels, HL Hinges of different Sizes, Gimblets, secret Padlocks, Marking Irons, Closet Locks, Smiths Files of different Sizes, Crofs Cut and Handfaw Ditto, Two Foot Rules, best Steel Plate Hand Saws, Carpenters Pencils, Slates and Pencils, large Double Spring Stock Locks, Joiners Planes of several Sizes, Iron Pots, Anchors and Cables, Cordage, Seine, Sewing, and Bolt Rope Twine, Houseline and Marline, deep Sea, Hand, Log, and Hambro' Lines, Fishing Lines, Sewing Silk, Scarlet Silk, and Hair Twist, Buttons of several Sorts, Printed Calicoes, Chintzes, Nankeens, India Dimities, Hummums, Printed Handkerchiefs, Yard wide Mullin, white and dyed Jeans, Scarlet and Plain Womens Cloaks, Wool Cards, Mens Gloves, Womens Ditto, Womens Mittens, Mens W Thread Hofe, Womens Embos'd Thread Silk Clock'd Ditto, fine Scarlet and Black Worsted Breeches Patterns, Writing Paper, Corks, Gafflets, strip'd white Flannel, Flower'd Serge, Welch Cotton, Mens and Boys Castor and Felt Hats, Gunpowder, Shot and Lead, Mens and Womens Pumps, Womens Callimanco and Leather Shoes, Childrens Black and Morocco Shoes, Pewter of all Sorts, Hair and Lawn Sieves, Hour Glasses, Weston's Snuff, Durham Flour of Mustard, Cutlery of all Sorts, Cotton Wick, Womens and Girls Stays, Looking Glasses, China of different Sorts, Match-Coating, Drab and Duffel Great Coats, Pea Jack-ets, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, and $\frac{1}{4}$ Blankets, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ Torrington Rugs, fine $\frac{1}{2}$ Worsted Rugs, Bunting, Single and Double Refined Sugar, Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, French and Fig Indico, Allom, Tammies, Yard-wide Stuffs, Tobines plain and figur'd, Crape, Scarlet and plain Everlastings, Grand Durels, Marvellers, Threads, Tapes, Binding, Gartering, Cotton and Silk Laces, Ferrets, Ribbons, Handkerchiefs, Mohair, Crewels of all Colours, London and Glover's Needles, Copperas, Sagathies, Earthen and white Stone Ware, Lubeck Duck, Hempen brown Sprigs, Brown Rolls, brown and white Russia Sheetting, Long, Spotted, and Clear Lawn, Cambricks, British Osnabrigs, Irish Linens, Buckrams, strip'd Lincens, Cotton Check, Cotton Hollands, Cotton Gowns, dyed Fustians, Ell wide Thickets, French Wax Necklaces, Gyp, Lace, Worsted Hofe of different Sorts, Serge Denime, Cloath Brushes, Diaper, Russia Drab, brown Silestias, figur'd Dimities, Cotton Counterpanes, Turkey Carpets, Single Tea, Bed Ticking, Mens Hunting Saddles and Housings, Barley Corns, Black Russell, fine Hair Shag, Harbine Groggram, Whole Curb Bridles, Half Curb Ditto, Snaffle Bridles and Girths, Cheshire Cheese, large and small Sugar Boxes, with Locks and Keys, large and small Horn Lanthorns, Rozin, Guns, Bejutipants, black China Tassies, Pink Ditto, changeable Persian Ditto, Glue, Brads Candlesticks and Snuffers, Spring Steel Snuffers, white Metal Candlesticks, large Bell Metal Mortars and Pestles, large Brads Cocks, Brads Locks, Iron Thumb Latches, Box Irons, Heaters, and Stands, Brads Top'd Shovels and Tongs, polish'd Iron Shutter and Door Bolts, Sail Needles and Palms, Curriers Knives, Mens Slippers, Camblets, Boots, and Crofs Cut Saws. CROXALL and MOALE.

THE Subscriber, now living near the Dock in Annapolis, has a good BOAT, well fitted, and will carry Passengers to Kent-Island, or any Part of the Bay, at the usual Prices.

He will likewise Pilot Shipping to Baltimore-Town, or elsewhere.

WILLIAM HOLLAND.

JUST IMPORTED,

From LONDON and GLASGOW, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in FRANCIS'S STREET, ANNAPOLIS,

GREAT Variety of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, for Cash, Tobacco, or Bills of Exchange.

3 JAMES JOHNSON.

STOLEN, or STRAY'D, from the Subscriber in Baltimore-Town, on Wednesday the 17th of May last, a Dark Bay Horse, about 4 Years old, branded on the near Shoulder with W, about 14 Hands high, shod before, Bob Tail, and his chief Gaits are Trotting and Gallopping.

As likewise a Black Horse, about 7 Years old, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock thus C⁴C, about 14 Hands high, shod before, has a Bob Tail, and is a natural Pacer.

Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber, shall have THREE POUNDS for their Trouble.

3 CHRISTOPHER CARNAN.

WHEREAS Thomas Wilson, of Queen-Anne's County, Gentleman, hath, by Power of Attorney, authorized and empowered the Subscriber to sell and dispose of, in the Name of him the said Thomas Wilson, and for the Purposes therein mentioned, One Tract or Parcel of LAND called Plain Dealing, containing Seven Hundred and Twenty-seven Acres, more or less. And,

One other Tract or Parcel of LAND adjoining thereto, called Jackson's Boggs, containing Forty-six Acres, more or less, commodiously situated on navigable Water on the Eastern Bay, in the aforesaid County (opposite to Kent-Island, and the Land in Talbot County belonging to Matthew Tilghman, Esq; and adjoining to the Land of Mr. John Blake); whereon are several Tenements in good Repair, which Rent for Thirty-five Pounds Currency or upwards, after deducting the Quit-Rents and Land Tax.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the aforesaid LANDS will be exposed to Sale by Public Vendue, at Queen's-Town in Queen-Anne's County, on Wednesday the Twenty-third Day of August next, for Sterling, Currency, or Bills of Exchange payable at London.

Any Person inclining to purchase, may be satisfied concerning the Title, by applying to

3 JOHN BRACCO.

July 1, 1758.

FIFTEEN PISTOLES REWARD.

BROKE out of Baltimore County Goal last Night, the Three following Felons, viz.

Thomas Burk, Morris Mongall, alias Mayan, and Thomas Wells, committed to my Custody the Fifteenth Day of last Month, for feloniously breaking open the Store-House of Capt. Richard Hayton, in Baltimore-Town, and stealing thereout sundry Goods and Merchandize of considerable Value.

Thomas Burk, is a tall slender Fellow, round shoulder'd or hump-back'd, and of a pale Complexion. Had on a Purple colour'd Cloth Coat, with a Cape or Collar, a Callico or white Linen Jacket, a Pair of Dove colour'd Thickset Breeches pretty much worn, a Hat and brown Wig. He is an Irishman, about 35 or 40 Years of Age, and is suspected of having committed several Felonies lately, in this and the neighbouring Provinces, and it's probable will change his Name, as he has heretofore done.

Morris Mongall, alias Mayan, is also an Irishman, a short thick set Fellow, about 35 Years old, or more, has lost one Eye, and is remarkably ugly; he lived formerly at Manockasy, and followed Ditching and Grubbing, and is well known thereabout; as also about the lower Part of this County, where he hath lately lived.

Thomas Wells, is an Englishman, slender made, and lately lived with Mr. Caleb Dorsey, at Elk-Ridge, as a Miller.

Whoever will apprehend all or any of the aforesaid Felons, and deliver them, or any of them, to the Subscriber at Joppa, in the County aforesaid, shall receive Fifteen Pistoles Reward for the Three aforesaid Felons, or Five Pistoles for either of them, paid by DAVID McCULLOUGH, Sheriff of Baltimore County.

3

JUST IMPORTED,

In the EUGENE, Captain JONATHAN TALLIMAY, from BRISTOL, and to be Sold at Mr. CREEGH'S Store for Cash,

LARGE and small Japan'd Tea-Boards and Waiters, Floor Carpets, Bed Quilts, and a Quantity of cheap Irish Linens, Dowls, and Osnabrigs.

To be Sold likewise by the Subscriber, good Barrel'd Pork at 57/6 per Barrel, and Turpentine at 12/6 per Barrel. RICHARD MACKUBIN.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the last Fleet from LONDON, and to be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Store in BALTIMORE-TOWN, Wholesale or Retail.

ALARGE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS; also, Rum, Sugar, &c. for Cash, Tobacco, or Bills of Exchange. THOMAS DICK.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship RUSSELL, Captain JOHN ANDERSON, and to be Sold by the SUBSCRIBERS at their Store in UPPER-MARLBOROUGH,

GREAT Variety of EAST-INDIA and EUROPEAN GOODS, for Bills of Exchange, Paper Currency, or Sterling.

ALEXANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the BETSY, Capt. STRACHAN, the EXPERIMENT, Capt. WARING, and the EAGLE, Capt. WILKINSON, from LONDON,

GREAT Variety of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for the Season; fine Hyson, Bohea, and Green Teas, Weston and Arnold's Snuff, and best English Flour of Mustard; to be Sold by the Subscriber at his Stores at ANNAPOLIS and LONDON-TOWN, at very reasonable Rates, Wholesale or Retail.

Also, Cordage and Cables of all Sizes, made either of the best Riga Hemp, imported from Europe, or Country Hemp, all Sorts of Ship Chandlery, Sail Duck, Twine, &c. Rum by the Hog-head, Muscovado Sugar by the Barrel, Carolina, Virginia, and Maryland Pork, by the Barrel, &c. JAMES DICK.

JUST IMPORTED,

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER in ANNAPOLIS,

A PARCEL of the choicest MADEIRA WINES, in Pipes, Hogheads, and Quarter Casks. LIKEWISE, Sundry EUROPEAN GOODS, viz. Sail Duck, German and Irish Linens, &c. &c. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

CORDAGE of all Sizes to be Sold by the Subscriber in ANNAPOLIS.

BASIL WHEELER.

CHARLES WALLACE,

STAY-MAKER, in ANNAPOLIS,

HAVING Imported in Capt. Strachan, a choice Parcel of the best WHALE-BONE and other STAY-GOODS, hereby gives Notice, that he will supply his old Customers, or Others, with STAYS, made in the neatest and best Manner, and with all possible Dispatch, for READY MONEY ONLY.

PURSUANT to an Act of Assembly of this Province, directing the Administratrix of Talbot Ristau, deceased, to dispose of Two LOTS of GROUND, in the Town of Joppa, on which is erected a SPACIOUS BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE, KITCHEN, GARDEN, and sundry OUT-HOUSES, in very good Repair: These are to give Notice, That the Subscriber proposes to dispose of the said LOTS and HOUSES, in the Town of Joppa, in Baltimore County, to the highest Bidder, on Wednesday the Second Day of August next, at the Court-House in the said Town of Joppa, for the Purposes in the said Act mentioned. SUSANNA RISTEAU.

N. B. The HOUSES are very convenient for any Store-Keeper, or private Gentleman, being adjoining on the River Gunpowder, and have a Wharff, at which small Vessels may Load or Unload.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-MASTER, at his Office in Charles-street; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.

[Numb. 690.]

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE,
Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, July 27, 1758.

FROM THE MONITOR.

Remarks upon the defenceless State of our American Provinces when the French began their Encroachments; and upon our own defenceless State if the Militia Act should not be carried into Effect.

IN the Year 1753, or thereabouts, the French began in Earnest to put in Execution the grand Plan, which, it was publickly talked of, they had projected many Years before; the Musk Battery was opened, and they began Hostilities in Form: This alarmed our Colonies with a Witness; Complaints upon Complaints came over; Arms, Ammunition, and a little other Assistance were implored; and as the French were then weak, our People were so superior in Number, that with these Helps they could have done their own Business. But how were these Complaints received and treated? Were they laid before the Parliament? or were they communicated to the King? or were they thrown aside as Waste Paper, and regarded no more than if they came from Utopia?

The Matter growing in a little Time more and more serious, a Letter was sent to our Colonists; but how strange its Contents! The first Part gave them Power to repel Force by Force; the latter Part had this Restriction:—"But be sure you do it upon the undoubted Territories belonging to the British Crown." Now the Scene of Action was in the Territories disputed: And thus, O wondrous to relate! the same Letter gave and denied them the Power of defending themselves. By this Means their Hands were tied up; and they could not fire a Musket at the Enemy, but at the Peril of disobeying their Superiors. This emboldened the Enemy; Reinforcements Time after Time were sent from France; and what at first might probably have been crushed at a small Expence cannot now be remedied at the Charge of many Millions. The French this Year have spread their Conquests considerably; and what have we done? why, just nothing; we have not been able to keep them at bay.

Let us now turn our Eyes upon ourselves, and see, whether our Situation at Home be not a good deal like that of our Americans, both before and at the Beginning of the War. The Pretence of not vigorously supporting at first our Colonies Abroad, was a tender Regard for our Mother-Country; this was the best Excuse made for the Neglect and Loss of Minorca; and we grant, that if both Services were incompatible at the same Time, our own Island was the preferable Object of their Regard. The Encampment of the French Troops along their Maritime Provinces, opposite to our Coasts, spread a general Terror; nothing less than a projected Descent upon us was apprehended; and the Sound of it was rung through the Ears of the whole Nation. Whether this was a Feint, or a real Design in the Enemy, it is impossible to say; however, it so far answered his Purpose, that it put us to a vast Expence in importing and exporting foreign Forces, exclusive of their Pay; and this Policy of ours, perhaps, together with the Augmentation of our Army, prevented the Design, if real. But pray, what Security have we for the future against the like Design, without a large and well disciplined Militia? Will it be said, Our regular Army. Very well; but hath it been computed, what Army is sufficient to guard our extended Coasts? Has it been considered, how difficult it is to raise such an Army; how much more difficult to pay it without starving the Naval Service: Which would be curing one Evil by introducing another, as bad? What then can be thought of, but a National Militia, to be at Hand in every Corner of the Kingdom? Was such an Expedient projected by the worthy Ministers of the old Corps? No. Did they oppose it? I do not say that; but they came into it, but awkwardly, cut the original Plan in twain, and like Hucksters

in Politics, split the Difference. And how do their Tools treat it at present? why, as a visionary Scheme, that can never be reduced to Practice. And as to the Gentlemen of the Blade, some of them laugh at it; but I think it would be prudent in them to command their Muscles; for should they behave no better, than some of them have lately done, the Militia in Time, and in their Turn, may laugh at them.

I hope, all Lovers of their Country will weigh these Matters seriously; and laying aside all Party-Prejudice, unite in a rational Scheme for the Salvation of the Nation; for many wise Men fear, that what has befallen us already is but the Beginning of Sorrows.—What a melancholy and amazing Thing is it to reflect, how this great and rich Nation has been humbled and brought down within the Space of 30 Years, and yet has enjoy'd, the best Part of the Time, a profound Peace: That a Nation of Barbarians should be conquered formerly by a superior, or even an equal Nation, who better understood the Arts of War and Policy, was no strange Thing: But no great and civilized Nation can easily be conquered now, but through some great Defects in its anterior Administration: Let us then pursue the Measures, that Wisdom and Integrity shall suggest, and with Courage execute them, and we may even yet hope; or should we fall at last after we have done our best, (which Heaven avert!) we shall fall with Dignity.

All our Hopes seem to centre in the steady Conduct of a few great and good Men; but what they will be able to effect, or whether their Efforts, as heretofore, will be traversed and defeated by Party Spirits, I will not presume to divine.

L O N D O N, April 27.

BY the last Accounts from Stockholm it appears, that the Senate of Sweden are not a little perplexed about their Affairs in Pomerania: They are loth to sit down with their Losses, and yet irresolute in Regard to the Means to be employed for retrieving the Game. They see their old Friends, the French, drove out of Germany, and know not when they will be able to make a Figure there again: And their antient Enemies, but now new Friends, the Russians, proceed so slowly and cautiously in their Operations, that they think it will be to little Purpose to send Reinforcements from Sweden to the Isle of Rugen and Stralsund. Therefore, they wait for Advices from Silesia, to regulate their Conduct: If the Austrians have any Success, this will encourage the Russians to advance; and then the Swedes will be bold enough to come on again: But if the Austrians are beaten, Sweden must sneak off, and put up with the Loss of every Foot of Ground in Pomerania.

France is now confessedly in a most deplorable Situation. Her Finances are so much exhausted, that Money is raised with the greatest Reluctance; the Levies to recruit the Army go on but slowly; her Councils are greatly divided; Murmurs of Mal-administration at home, and Misconduct abroad, are every where heard; the Merchants complain loudly of want of Protection to their Trade, the Clergy of Oppression, and private People of the Hardships they suffer, to support a ruinous German War. Dispatches after Dispatches from Westphalia, from Vienna, from America, from the Indies; all full of Demands for Succours, for Money, for powerful Protection against the Danger that every where threatens, and an utter Incapacity to satisfy any of these pressing Demands. The Subsidies to the Empress Queen are unpaid; the stipulated Succours cannot be spared; and the Levies necessary for the Colonies abroad are now wanted for her own Defence at home: Thus the Tables are turned upon this perfidious People; they are now down, and it is to be hoped, as a worthy Patriot said on a late Occasion, the

Opportunity will not be let Slip, of tumbling them over and over.

On the other Hand, England was never greater nor better Provided; Fifty Thousand as fine Troops as any in Europe at home unemployed; a Navy equal to the Maritime Force of the whole World, in the present Condition of it, well manned, and well supplied; Money granted chearfully; a Ministry in whom the Confidence of King and People is united; Allies that do Wonders; and a Spirit in our Colonies not to be suppressed. Our Trade in the most flourishing Condition, while that of our grand Enemy is dwindling daily; exposed on all Sides to the Captures of our Men of War, our Cruizers, and Privateers, while the Squadrons destined for its Protection skulk in Bays and Harbours, afraid of coming out. The Condition of the French is no better in America than in Europe; we have now in America an Army of 30,000 Regulars, well provided with all Kinds of Provisions and Stores, and a Naval Force, to carry and support that Army wherever it can distress the Enemy most. This is no partial Representation of Things, but the naked Fact, which should be published throughout Europe, to the Honour of the present Administration, who, by pursuing true British Measures, have restored the Honour, the Power, and Credit of their Country, when all these seemed to be expiring.

April 29. The new Tax (which we hear is resolved on) of one Shilling in the Pound upon all Places, Pensions, Perquisites, &c. 'tis computed will raise 70,000 l. per Annum; and that of one Shilling upon all Houses that are at present rateable from five Windows to fifteen, and Six-pence per Window upon all Houses that have fifteen Windows and upwards, will produce 100,000 l. per Annum.

May 4. His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant Colonel Thomas Gage to be Colonel of a Regiment of Rangers in America. And, Lieutenant Colonel James Murray to be Colonel Commandant to the 60th, or Royal American Regiment of Foot.

All the Letters received by Merchants in Holland from their Correspondents in Spain, are filled with the Armaments that are carrying on in the Ports of that Kingdom. That 16 Ships of the Line and six Frigates only wait for Orders to put to Sea, under the Command of Don Andrea Reggio, and the Count de Florida.

The Lords of the Treasury have sent an Order to the Mint-Office to coin 100,000 l. in Quarter-Guineas.

Monfieur Duquesne, the French Admiral, lately taken Prisoner in the Foudroyant by Admiral Osborne, came to Town last Monday to see this Metropolis.

The Grand St. Pierre, from Dunkirk to Canada, is taken by the Windsor and Escort Men of War, and brought into Falmouth, laden with Provisions, Stores, &c.

The fortifying and securing of Milford-Haven being a Work of such great Utility to the Navigation and Commerce of Great-Britain, 10,000 l. is granted by Parliament to defray the Expence thereof.

May 9. The new secret Expedition, it is to be hoped, will Discountenance that of last Year, by shewing that our Generals will act as well as our Statesmen can plan. It seems that a Blow is determined to be struck; for all the nine Troops of Hussars, belonging to the nine Regiments of Horse, it is said will be incorporated in one Regiment, and are now preparing themselves to go upon this Expedition. The Flour of these Hussars is the Troop commanded by Captain Lindsay, quartered at Maidenhead, where they have been practising the Prussian Exercise; and, for some Days past, have been made to dig large Trenches, and leap over them; as also to take high Hedges, with a broad Ditch cut on the other Side; at which the Men

were

were extremely alert. There was another Thing to be done, at which the Men were somewhat intimidated; but their Fears were soon dissipated by Example: set them by their Captain, who, on Saturday last, swam upon one Horse over the Thames, from Shore to Shore, and another Horse back again at Maidenhead Bridge, close to the ever memorable Field called Runnemead, or the Field of Council, where the Great Charter of our Liberties was signed in the Reign of King John: We hope the Sight of that old sacred Spot of Freedom will inspire our Troops with true English Courage.—And the whole Troop of Ancram's Hussars were Yesterday to swim the River, as their Captain had done before; and from thence were to march and encamp at Petersfield in Hampshire.

From WILLIAMSON'S LIVERPOOL ADVERTISER.

May 6. The Contractor for the French King's Horses, lately returned from Paris, has deposed to Commodore Brett, in the Downs, that two Days before he left Paris, it was current there, that Admiral Osborne had taken five Ships of Admiral de la Clue's Squadron. He was examined as to their being those of Du Quesne's, but he affirmed this to have been a second Engagement. This News came in two Letters, one to the Regulating Officers of the Marines, and we hope it may prove true.

H A L I F A X, June 24.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in the present Expedition against Louisbourg, dated at Cabarous, June 16, 1758.

"I am to inform you that our People landed on the 8th Instant, with much less Loss than could be expected: They had the Strength of the Garrison of Louisbourg to oppose our Landing, and such strong Entrenchments, with immense Breast-works and flanking Cannon, one a 24 Pounder, the rest not under 6 Pounders, and on the Breast-work, every 100 Yards, were placed large Swivels of two Pound Ball, &c. as astonished the most Knowing in these Matters; but notwithstanding which, our Men drove the Enemy from all their Holds in less than a Quarter of an Hour after their Landing, killed a great many, and took 100 Prisoners. Our Loss is not great, only two Officers of the Highland Regiment killed; of the Navy, there were four Lieutenants wounded, but only one dangerously, who is first Lieutenant of the Nottingham."

We are informed, that the Highlanders, according to their usual Bravery, fell upon the French in their Entrenchments with their Broad-Swords, on which they immediately fled: And had it been possible for the main Body of the Army to have joined them, they would have taken the Town sword-in-Hand.—Col. Frazer, and the other Officers of his Regiment, behaved with great Spirit and Bravery.—By other Advices we are informed, that our Forces had got Possession of the Hill between the City and the Grand Battery—(where Titcomb's Battery was erected at in the last Siege) without any Loss, where they had erected a Battery of 60 battering Cannon, and 24 Mortars. That they had also replanted the Cannon at the Grand and Light-house Batteries, and from whence they had dismasted all the Ships in the Harbour, which will effectually prevent their running away.

We hope in our next to give an Account of the Surrender of the Place, as we are informed by the last Vessels from thence, that there was nothing to be seen but Fire and Smoke.

B O S T O N, July 6.

Yesterday arrived in the Harbour a French Prize Ship, called L'Aufree, Monf. Jussan, Commander, with a Letter of Marque, is 320 Tons Burthen, had 50 Men, and mounts 8 Guns: Her Lading consists of Flour, Wine, Brandy, a great Quantity of Bale Goods, &c. She was from Bourdeaux, which she left the 2d of May, in Company with 14 others, bound to Quebec; but on the 22d of June was taken by the successful Capt. Benjamin Hollowell, of the Province Ship of War King George, in her present Cruise, while protecting the Fishery at Bank Vert. This Vessel parted with two others the Day before she was taken, and informed Capt. Hollowell of them; which he hoped he may meet with, and bring them likewise into Port in his Return from the present Cruise, which is daily expected. We hear that Captain Hollowell was offered 16,000 l. Sterling for her Ransom, which he refused: It is thought that the said Sum was stipulated at the Value she would be of, with her Cargo in Canada; but by the best Computation, her Cargo cost about half that Sum.

Last Tuesday arrived here Capt. Jenkins, in ten Days from Cape-Breton; by whom we have Advice, that our Troops with all their Artillery, War-

like Stores, and Provisions, were landed on that Island; and that they were, with the utmost Diligence, forming their Encampments, and getting ready for the general Attack of Louisbourg. That a Road was laying out to Green-Hill, where there is to be a Battery to annoy the Enemy. That about 500 French and Indians, advancing from the City some small Distance, supposed to be with a View to draw a Body of our Troops within Reach of their Cannon, they were attacked and fired upon by some of our Rangers, who killed seven of them, and wounded several others; upon which they precipitately retreated to the City: Four of the Rangers were wounded in the Attack. That Brigadier-General Wolfe had near finished a Battery on the Light-house Point; and from which they had begun to annoy the Batteries and Ships in the Harbour, which had already received considerable Damage; in particular one Shell falling into the Admiral's Ship blew up her Quarter-deck, and hurt her Mizen-mast, &c.—That a French Frigate of 32 Guns, got out of the Harbour in the Night, in a Fog, about two Leagues, but next Morning, being becalmed, was discovered by the Kingston Man of War, and soon after a Breeze springing up, the Kingston stood after her, but she outtailing, had like to have escaped; when the Juno Frigate, a prime Sailer, coming up gave her Chase, and soon over-reaching her, she struck to her immediately, and was carried into Cabarous Bay: She is thought to be vastly rich, having on board the Governor's Lady, with some others of the French Gentry, with their Plate, Jewels, and most valuable Effects, being bound to France.—That Sir Charles Hardy, with 18 Ships of War, were at Anchor a little to the Westward, to keep in six Ships of the Line, some Frigates, and Store-ships that lay there.—That Admiral Boscawen, with the other Ships of War, was in Cabarous Bay.—That our People, those on board the Ships, and those on Shore, were in Health, and high Spirits, a good Harmony subsisting; and by the Precautions taken, and the Preparations making on all Sides, they have a Prospect of being Masters of Louisbourg in a very short Time.

July 10. Saturday last in the Forenoon, Capt. Hatch arrived here in 13 Days from Louisbourg, who sail'd the Day after Captain Jenkins: The Advices by him are, That more or less of the French desert every Night from the Garrison to our Camps, some of whom reported, that one of the Bombs thrown into the City, killed 7 Officers: That it was reported, if the Garrison did not soon surrender, the Admiral proposed to go into the Harbour with his heavy Ships, and let them take the Consequence: That the several Batteries, erected by the English, began to play on the Town and Island Battery at Midnight, the Night he failed, which was the 25th, and that he heard an incessant Firing till the 27th: But by other Accounts from Halifax about the same Time, we are apt to think no Battery was opened, but that on the Light-house Point, which consists of 30 Pieces of Cannon, and 8 Mortars, had begun to play upon the Island Battery, and it is thought they will soon make that Place too hot for the French to stand it out long; also that our People had opened a Battery upon Green-Hill, and began to annoy the Ships in the Harbour, and also the City: And that there was but one Vessel that attempted to get out of the Harbour of Louisbourg, which was taken by the Fleet as above mentioned, and that she had on board near 60 French Ladies.

The same Evening Capt. Dingley, arrived here in nine Days from Halifax, and by him we have the following Advices from thence, besides those mentioned under the Halifax Head, viz. That on the 25th of June, his Majesty's Ships the Dublin and Devonshire failed to join the Fleet off Louisbourg. The same Day arrived his Majesty's Ship Surprise, from South-Carolina, and failed the 29th, to join the Fleet.—Wednesday the 28th, arrived his Majesty's Ship the Vanguard, of 70 Guns, from England, but lost from off Sandy Hook; with 2 Vessels under her Convoy; this is the 43d King's Ship on the present Expedition. The same Day arrived Capt. M'Taggart, from off Louisbourg, which Place he left last Sunday Morning; at which Time they had begun to fire very briskly from the Light-house Battery; and General Wolfe proposed soon to open two more Batteries upon the Town. That the Fleet had taken a Frigate, coming out of Louisbourg to make her Escape; at the same Time a Merchant-ship made her Escape through the Fog. That Admiral Boscawen lay at Cabarous Bay with the Transports. And that the Arc-en-Ciel is sitting out with all Expedition, having her Masts, &c. almost finished.

The Night before Capt. Hatch failed they threw 30 Shells into the City, besides firing a Round of Shot at the same Time, which it is thought would soon surrender, as several Flags of Truce had been sent out by the Governor to the General, proposing, it is said, to surrender the Place, if the English would allow them two Men of War to transport their valuable Effects to France, which was refused.

We hear by a Courier from Albany, That Sir William Johnson sent out eleven Mohawks in order to take a Prisoner, to gain Intelligence, which was effected by them five Leagues above Montreal, and whom they brought to Sir William; after he had examined him, the Indians insisted on his being delivered back to them, that they might kill him, but a Chief of the Mohawks being present, forbid his being killed; they then tied him up, whipped him severely, had an Indian Dance round him, and then delivered him up again to Sir William, for Conveyance to New-York. He assumes the Character of being the Lieutenant Governor of Montreal's Son; and says they were in great Want of Provisions there, inasmuch, that a single Man was allowed to 3 Ounces of Horse-Beef, and Half a Pint of Bran, a Day, not having received the Supplies from France as usual; that they are about 3000 strong at Crown-Point, but he could not tell any Thing about Ticonderoga; that they had not heard of our Expedition to the Westward, till 3 or 4 Days before he was taken; and that 4000 French and Indians had marched for the Ohio.

N E W - Y O R K, July 17.

Tuesday last an Express came to Town from Albany, bringing Account, That on Thursday the 6th Instant, all our Forces landed in good Order, about 7 Miles on this Side Ticonderoga; and that soon after they were engaged by a Body of French and Indians, who lay entrenched: That the Indians fled as soon as they found what Fire the English made, and did not appear afterwards.—And the French, after a short, but smart Combat, was obliged to quit their Entrenchments, leaving behind them near 200 killed on the Spot, and 140 taken Prisoners (who arrived here this Morning from Albany) with the Loss on our Side of 40 killed; among whom was the brave and worthy Brigadier-General Lord Howe, who, it is said, was shot dead by a French Officer after he had intreated him to surrender to good Quarters; and that the French Officer was directly shot dead in his Turn, by the Brigadier's Aid-de-Camp. Thus the advanced Part of our Army took Possession of the Enemy's first Post; and then moved on for Ticonderoga.

And, On Saturday Evening last another Express arrived from Above, with the following further Account, viz. That on the 8th following, the Army attacked the Fort at Ticonderoga, where it is thought there were about 4000 of the Enemy, well entrenched and fortified: That the Firing was extremely warm and obstinate on both Sides, for some Hours; when there appearing no Probability of our Peoples dislodging them for the present, the whole of our Army made a regular Retreat, and returned to the higher Side of the Lake, the Day after; and that they were preparing with all possible Expedition to embark a second Time, with their large Cannon, &c. which it was thought would be as on Thursday last, being still in high Spirits, and not doubting but that they would give the Enemy Reason to rue our Return, before they have any great Occasion to rejoice at our Repulse. It is said our Loss is computed to near 1000; but as no Returns are yet made, the Public must wait till our next.

Wednesday last his Honour our Governor, accompanied by Brigadier-General Prevost (whose Commission came over in the last Packet) set out by Land for Albany.

We just now hear a large Prize Ship entered the Hook on Saturday last; but we have had no Winds to bring her up since.

Extract of a Letter from Albany by Yesterday's Post.

"It is with the utmost Concern I acquaint you, that Viscount George Augustus Howe, Baron of Cienawley, in the County of Fermanah, in the Kingdom of Ireland, &c. on Thursday, the 6th of this Instant July, was slain, valiantly fighting the French, near Ticonderoga.—This excellent young Nobleman, at an Age when others go to learn the Art of War, at once appeared a finished Statesman and General; sober, temperate, modest and active, and did his Business without Noise. This brave Man, upon his Arrival in America, enter'd into the Spirit of the Country, and the Enemy he was to engage; exercised his Regu-

lars in Bush-fighting Marches; carried Soldiers Fare, Bread ample, encouraged Discipline. This, know him, can afford the Virtues of the Design of your Pa-

W I L L I A M Last Sunday his Capt. Edward Clarke for England, having from this Colony Clarke went Passen- neral Hopson, who several French O Men of War off o

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lars in Bush-fighting; accustomed himself to long
Marches; carried his own Provisions, generally
Soldiers Fare, Bread and Pork; and, by his Ex-
ample, encouraged and brought over many to strict
Discipline. This, all who had the Honour to
know him, can affirm.—Should I enlarge on
the Virtues of the Deceased, it would exceed the
Design of your Paper. Yours, &c."

WILLIAMSBURG, July 7.

Last Sunday his Majesty's Ship Ludlow-Castle,
Capt. Edward Clarke, sailed from Hampton Road
for England, having under his Convoy 19 Ships
from this Colony and Maryland. On board Capt.
Clarke went Passenger his Excellency Major-Ge-
neral Hopson, who is returning to England; and
several French Officers, who were taken by our
Men of War off of Louisbourg.

Last Night a Messenger arrived from Augusta
County, with Advice that the Indians had lately
killed and captivated 26 People between Winchel-
ter and Augusta Court-House; and that a large
Body of the Inhabitants, to the Number of 300,
were removing into Culpeper, and the other Coun-
ties on this Side the Blue Ridge.

July 14. Last Sunday, about Four in the Af-
ternoon, we had a most terrible Gust of Wind,
which tore up large Trees by the Root, and blew
down several old Houses, Chimneys, &c. It was
accompanied with the most violent Shower of Hail-
ever known here, which destroyed every Thing in
its Way; not an House in Town whose Windows
are not broke to Pieces, our Gardens entirely le-
velled, our Fruit Trees, Indian Corn, Tobacco
and Indico, totally ruined wherever it reached;
several of the Hailstones were as large as Hens
Eggs. Its Direction was from N. W. to S. E. but
we do not find it has extended itself far, so that
the principal Damage is in this City and Neigh-
bourhood.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.

A Gentleman at Halifax, in a Letter to his
Friend here, of the 28th ult. wherein he mentions
the Landing of our Army at Louisbourg, expresses
himself as follows: "I cannot conclude without
taking Notice of the remarkably brave Behavi-
our of Col. Frazer and his Highlanders on this
Occasion; his Grenadiers were the first that
landed, and consequently suffered most; they
lost Capt. Bailie, Lieutenant Cuthbert, Serjeant
M'Pherson, and several private Men, and had
many wounded; but the French were struck
with such a Panic on their jumping into their
Trenches, sword in Hand, that they fled; and,
had it been possible that the whole Army could
have landed in time to support them, they would
have enter'd the Town, mixed with the Enemy,
and made a very speedy Decision of the Affair."

Notwithstanding our Misfortune at Ticondero-
ga, we can assure our Readers, that the Forces
behaved with the greatest Courage imaginable;
and that our Indians likewise shewed great Spirit
and Resolution; and that tho' it is said we had
126 Men of the Regulars killed, wounded and
missing, and 97 Officers killed and wounded, yet
the Army was in high Spirits, and seemed to want
nothing so much as a second Encounter with the
Enemy, in order to retrieve their first Loss.

ANNAPOLIS, July 27.

Yesterday arrived here Capt. Robert Bryce, in
the Brig Experiment, in Ten Weeks from Liverpool.
On his Passage hither, in Lat. 33: 24: and Long.
67: 00: West from London, he fell in with Ele-
ven Sail of Spanish Ships bound from the Havan-
nah to Old Spain; Two of them of 60 Guns, the
other Nine all Ships of Force from 16 to 30 Guns:
All of them very deeply Laden.

Capt. Lowndes, in a large Ship, was to sail from
Liverpool, for this Province, a Fortnight after Capt.
Bryce.

Capt. John Nicoll, in the Privateer Ship Oliver
Cromwell, of New-York, arrived here Yesterday
from thence. Just after he left New-York, he spoke
with the Earl of Loudoun Privateer, Capt. Wallace,
in Company with a large French Store-Ship of 500
Tons, which was bound to Cape-Breton, but being
disabled in her Masts was going for Cape-Francois,
where she was taken by Capt. Wallace, and Capt.
Calcott in the Privateer Col. Prevost.

In the Bay Capt. Bryce spoke with a Vessel in 8
Days from Boston, who informed him that they
had News there from Louisbourg, that we had silenced
all their Batteries; but had no Account of the
Place having surrendered.

This Day arrived here Capt. Henry Coffin, in the
Schooner Anson, from Antigua; who informs us,
that just before he sailed from thence, they had
Advice from Barbadoes, that Two very valuable
Prizes, one of them a large Indiaman, and the other
a Guineyman, taken by Two Letters of Marque-

Men belonging to London, were sent into that
Island.

The AMERICAN MAGAZINES for June, are
now at the PRINTING-OFFICE, ready to
be delivered to the Subscribers.



The private Ship of War,
Oliver Cromwell,
JOHN NICOLL, Commander,
Mounting 16 Six Pounders, and
carries 120 Men,

IS just arrived at Annapolis,
and proposes to sail in seven
or eight Days, on a CRUIZE
against his Majesty's Enemies.

ALL GENTLEMEN SEAMEN and
OTHERS, willing to proceed the said Cruize,
are desired to repair to Mr. Samuel Middleton's at
Annapolis, where they may see the Articles, or on
Board the said Ship, where they may depend on
the best of Usage from the Captain and Officers.
The said Ship is esteem'd a prime Sailer, and has
great Conveniencies for Men, &c.

ALL Persons indebted to John Raitt, my late
Husband, deceased, whether on Book-Ac-
count, Note, Bond, or other Specialty, are desired
forthwith to come and settle, and pay off the same,
to prevent Trouble. And any Persons having any
Demands or Claims against the said Estate, are
hereby required to bring in their respective Ac-
counts, that they may be discharged, by

ANNE RAITT, Administratrix.

N. B. The STORE-GOODS belonging to
the said Estate, which are sortable, and very suit-
able to the Season, will be sold extremely cheap,
until the Whole is disposed of.

Also to be sold, a very slightly Light Bay Mare,
going 5 Years old, above 14 Hands high, and has
exceeding good Gaits.

CHOICE good CHESHIRE CHEESE,
at 9 d. per Pound, to be Sold by
WILLIAM REYNOLDS.

ALSO FRESH LISBON LEMONS.

FINE FRESH LISBON LEMONS to be
Sold by JOHN INCH.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

SIX LOTS in Upper-Marlborough, on which
are, a convenient Dwelling-House, Kitchen,
Shop, Stable, Chaise-House, Meat-House, a Gar-
den, and an Orchard that makes one Year with
another Eight Hundred or a Thousand Gallons of
Cyder.

RICHARD SMITH.

To be SOLD, for Ready Money,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in Kent Coun-
ty, within five or six Miles of Chester-Town,
known by the Name of Warners Adornment, con-
taining One Hundred and Fifty-one Acres, more
or less, with Two or Three old Houses on it.
Any Person inclinable to purchase the said Land,
for Terms and further Particulars, apply to the
Subscriber living on Kent-Island.

THOMAS PRICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr.
Richard Taylor, Wheel-Wright and Planter,
late of Anne-Arundel County, deceased, are desired
immediately to pay their respective Dues to the
Subscriber: And all those who have any Claims
against the said Deceased's Estate, are desired to
bring them in that they may be adjusted and paid
by

RICHARD TAYLOR, Executor.

July 19, 1758.

RAN away from the Subscriber the 16th In-
stant, a Convict Servant Man named James
Nottingham, by Occupation a Farrier, he is about
5 Feet 4 Inches high, much pitted with the Small-
Pox, has a sore Leg, and is much addicted to
strong Liquor. He had on an old blue Frize
Coat torn under the Arms, an old Scarlet Jacket
with yellow and red Worsted Lace, a white Shirt,
and a Felt Hat. He took with him an old India
Chintz Jacket, and sundry other Cloaths which I
do not particularly remember. Whoever takes
up the said Servant, and secures him so that his
Master may get him again, or brings him home,
shall have One Pistole Reward, if taken in Charles
County; Two Pistoles, if taken in any other Part
of this Province; and if out of it, Four Pistoles,
paid by

JOHN FENDALL, Sheriff
of Charles County.

Chester-Town, July 24, 1758.

THERE are now confined in Kent County
Goal, Three Sailors, viz.
Samuel Hartford, George Walker, and William
Humbreys, committed as Runaways, and say they
belong to the Snow Prince-George, lying at Port-
Royal on Rappahannock River.

Their Captain is desired to come and release
them, or they will be sold out for their Fees in
14 Days from this Date.

HERCULES COUTTS, Sheriff
of Kent County.

THERE is at the Plantation of Capt. Henry
Ridgely, at Elk-Ridge, taken up as a Stray,
a Flea-bitten Gelding, about thirteen Hands high,
branded on the near Shoulder with an S, and a
Blotch on the near Buttock, and appears to be
about 15 Years old.

The Owner may have him again, on proving
his Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On the Seventeenth Day of OCTOBER next,

A PURSE of THIRTY PISTOLES,
on the Race-Ground near the City of Anna-
polis, by any Horfe, Mare, or Gelding, that never
won at one Time, any Purse or Match above One
Hundred Pistoles. The Weight to be 120 lbs.
The Winner to have the best of Three Heats.
One Pistole and a Half to be paid at Entrance
with Jonas Green Four Days before the Race,
or Two Pistoles at the Post. If Three reputed
Running Horfes should not Enter, to be no Race:
If only One or Two Enter, each of them to re-
ceive Five Pistoles. All Disputes to be determined
by proper Judges, to be appointed.

N. B. 'Tis expected that on the next Day,
there will be a Purse of TWENTY PISTOLES;
the winning Horfe on the first Day to be excluded.

TO BE SOLD,

At the Store-House of the Subscriber in Baltimore-
Town, between this Time and the Twentieth of
August,

A LARGE Quantity of RUSSIA LINEN,
at the lowest Prices, for Ready Money or
Bills.

RICHARD HAYTON.

THE Subscriber determining to settle his Af-
fairs as soon as possible, hereby gives Notice
to all Persons indebted to him by Bond or
otherwise, to come and make speedy Payment, in
order to prevent Trouble.

WILLIAM WORTHINGTON.

FOUND in Annapolis, and now in the Possession
of Patrick Creagh, Four SILVER SPOONS
of different Marks, and a Parcel of DRUM
HOOKS. The Owner may have them, on pro-
ving his Property, and paying the Charge of this
Advertisement.

TO BE SOLD,

By the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT or Parcel of LAND, containing
260 Acres or thereabouts, lying in Queen-
Anne's County in Maryland, near Joshua Vinson's
Mill, very well Timber'd and Water'd.

Any Person or Persons inclining to purchase,
may know the Terms by applying to the Subscri-
ber, living in Chester-Town.

JAMES CLAYPOOLE.

COMMITTED to Anne-Arundel County Goal,
as a Runaway, on the 13th of this Instant
July, a Negro Man who calls himself James, has
lost the Sight of his left Eye, and says he belongs
to Col. Presly Thorn, of Northumberland County in
Virginia.

His Master may have him again, on proving his
Property, paying Charges, and the Expence of
this Advertisement. UPTON SCOTT, Sheriff.

STOLEN, or STRAY'D, from the Subscriber
in Baltimore-Town, on Wednesday the 17th of
May last, a Dark Bay Horfe, about 4 Years old,
branded on the near Shoulder with W, about 14
Hands high, shod before, Bob Tail, and his chief
Gaits are Trotting and Galloping.

As likewise a Black Horfe, about 7 Years old,
branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock thus
C+C, about 14 Hands high, shod before, has a
Bob Tail, and is a natural Pacer.

Whoever brings the said Horfe to the Subscri-
ber, shall have THREE POUNDS for their Trouble.
CHRISTOPHER CARNAN.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Richard Mason*, in *Prince-George's County*, near *Bladenburg*, taken up as a *Stray*, a *Bay Horse*, about 12 Hands high, branded on the near *Thigh* N, and on the off *Shoulder* with a *Blotch*, about a *Hand's Breadth* broad, and is about 10 Years old. The Owner may have him again, on proving his *Property*, and paying *Charges*.

WHEREAS *Thomas Wilson*, of *Queen-Anne's County*, Gentleman, hath, by *Power of Attorney*, authorized and impowered the *Subscriber* to sell and dispose of, in the Name of him the said *Thomas Wilson*, and for the *Purposes* therein mentioned, One *Traff* or *Parcel* of *LAND* called *Plain Dealing*, containing *Seven Hundred* and *Twenty-seven Acres*, more or less. And,

One other *Traff* or *Parcel* of *LAND* adjoining thereto, called *Jackson's Boggs*, containing *Forty-six Acres*, more or less, commodiously situated on navigable *Water* on the *Eastern Bay*, in the afore-said *County* (opposite to *Kent-Island*, and the *Land* in *Talbot County* belonging to *Matthew Tilghman*, Esq; and adjoining to the *Land* of *Mr. John Blake*); whereon are several *Tenements* in good *Repair*, which *Rent* for *Thirty-five Pounds* *Currency* or upwards, after deducting the *Quit-Rents* and *Land Tax*.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the afore-said *LANDS* will be exposed to *Sale* by *Public Vendue*, at *Queen's-Town* in *Queen-Anne's County*, on *Wednesday* the *Twenty-third Day* of *August* next, for *Sterling*, *Currency*, or *Bills of Exchange* payable at *London*.

Any *Person* inclining to *purchase*, may be satisfied concerning the *Title*, by applying to

JOHN BRACCO.

FIFTEEN PISTOLES REWARD.

BROKE out of *Baltimore County* *Goal* last *Night*, the *Three* following *Felons*, viz.

Thomas Burk, *Morris Mongall*, alias *Mayan*, and *Thomas Wells*, committed to my *Custody* the *Fifteenth Day* of last *Month*, for feloniously breaking open the *Store-House* of *Capt. Richard Hayton*, in *Baltimore-Town*, and stealing thereout sundry *Goods* and *Merchandise* of considerable *Value*.

Thomas Burk, is a tall slender *Fellow*, round shoulder'd or hump-back'd, and of a pale *Complexion*. Had on a *Purple colour'd Cloth Coat*, with a *Cape* or *Collar*, a *Callico* or *white Linen Jacket*, a *Pair* of *Dove colour'd Thickset Breeches* pretty much worn, a *Hat* and *brown Wig*. He is an *Irishman*, about 35 or 40 Years of *Age*, and is suspected of having committed several *Felonies* lately, in this and the neighbouring *Provinces*, and it's probable will change his *Name*, as he has heretofore done.

Morris Mongall, alias *Mayan*, is also an *Irishman*, a short thick set *Fellow*, about 35 Years old, or more, has lost one *Eye*, and is remarkably ugly; he lived formerly at *Manockasy*, and followed *Ditching* and *Grubbing*, and is well known thereabout; as also about the lower Part of this *County*, where he hath lately lived.

Thomas Wells, is an *Englishman*, slender made, and lately lived with *Mr. Caleb Dorsey*, at *Elk-Ridge*, as a *Miller*.

Whoever will apprehend all or any of the afore-said *Felons*, and deliver them, or any of them, to the *Subscriber* at *Joppa*, in the *County* afore-said, shall receive *Fifteen Pistoles* *Reward* for the *Three* afore-said *Felons*, or *Five Pistoles* for either of them, paid by *DAVID McCULLOCH*, *Sheriff* of *Baltimore County*.

ROBERT GORDON,

STAT-MAKER, in *ANNAPOLIS*, living opposite the *PRISON*.

HAVING Imported a Quantity of *English WHALE-BONE*, *TABBIES*, and other *STAY FURNITURE*, hereby gives *Notice*, that he will supply his new *Customers* with *STAYS*, *ROBE-COATS*, and *LOOSE SLIPS* to take off at *Pleasure*; as likewise *TURNING STAYS* to wear on any *Side*, made in the neatest (if not the best) *Fashion* on the *Continent*. Those who favour him with their *Commands*, may expect good *Work*, from

Their very humble Servant,
ROBERT GORDON.

JUST IMPORTED,

From *LONDON* and *GLASGOW*, and to be Sold by the *Subscriber*, at his *Store* in *FRANCIS-STREET*, *ANNAPOLIS*.

GREAT Variety of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA GOODS*, for *Cash*, *Tobacco*, or *Bills of Exchange*.

JAMES JOHNSON.

For *LONDON*,



The Ship *TWO SISTERS*,
JAMES HANRICK,
Master;

A Letter of *Marque*, mounting 16 *Carriage Guns*, and carrying *Men* answerable,

WILL sail with *Convoy*, Takes in *TOBACCO* at *£. 12 Sterling* per *Ton*, consigned to *Mr. Samuel Galloway*.

Any *Gentlemen* favouring the said *Commander* with their *Orders*, shall have their *Tobacco* fetched from any *Warehouse* in the *Province*.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the last *Fleet* from *LONDON*, and to be Sold by the *Subscriber*, at his *Store* in *BALTIMORE-TOWN*, *Wholesale* or *Retail*.

A LARGE Assortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA GOODS*; also, *Rum*, *Sugar*, &c. for *Cash*, *Tobacco*, or *Bills of Exchange*.

THOMAS DICK.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship *RUSSELL*, *Captain JOHN ANDERSON*, and to be Sold by the *SUBSCRIBERS* at their *Store* in *UPPER-MARLBOROUGH*.

GREAT Variety of *EAST-INDIA* and *EUROPEAN GOODS*, for *Bills of Exchange*, *Paper Currency*, or *Sterling*.

ALEXANDER & ANDREW SYMMER.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the *BETSY*, *Capt. STRACHAN*, the *EXPERIMENT*, *Capt. WARING*, and the *EAGLE*, *Capt. WILKINSON*, from *LONDON*.

GREAT Variety of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA GOODS*, suitable for the *Season*; fine *Hyson*, *Bohea*, and *Green Teas*, *Weston* and *Arnold's Snuff*, and best *English Flour* of *Mustard*; to be Sold by the *Subscriber* at his *Stores* at *ANNAPOLIS* and *LONDON-TOWN*, at very reasonable *Rates*, *Wholesale* or *Retail*.

Also, *Cordage* and *Cables* of all *Sizes*, made either of the best *Riga Hemp*, imported from *Europe*, or *Country Hemp*, all *Sorts* of *Ship Chandlery*, *Sail Duck*, *Twine*, &c. *Rum* by the *Hogshead*, *Muscovado Sugar* by the *Barrel*, *Carolina*, *Virginia*, and *Maryland Pork*, by the *Barrel*, &c.

JAMES DICK.

JUST IMPORTED,

To be SOLD by the *SUBSCRIBER* in *ANNAPOLIS*.

A PARCEL of the choicest *MADEIRA WINES*, in *Pipes*, *Hogsheads*, and *Quarter Casks*. LIKEWISE, Sundry *EUROPEAN GOODS*, viz. *Sail Duck*, *German* and *Irish Linens*, &c. &c. &c.

DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

CORDAGE of all *Sizes* to be Sold by the *Subscriber* in *ANNAPOLIS*.

BASIL WHEELER.

THE *Subscriber*, now living near the *Dock* in *Annopolis*, has a good *BOAT*, well fitted, and will carry *Passengers* to *Kent-Island*, or any Part of the *Bay*, at the usual *Prices*.

He will likewise *Pilot Shipping* to *Baltimore-Town*, or elsewhere.

WILLIAM HOLLAND.

TO BE SOLD by the *SUBSCRIBER*, in *ANNAPOLIS*.

SPECIAL GOOD BLOCKS, of all *Sizes*, by *Wholesale* or *large Quantities*, at *Seven-teen Pence* a *Foot*.

WILLIAM CLAJON.

CHARLES WALLACE,

STAT-MAKER, in *ANNAPOLIS*.

HAVING Imported in *Capt. Strachan*, a choice *Parcel* of the best *WHALE-BONE* and other *STAY-GOODS*, hereby gives *Notice*, that he will supply his old *Customers*, or *Others*, with *STAYS*, made in the neatest and best *Manner*, and with all possible *Dispatch*, for *READY MONEY ONLY*.

PURSUANT to an *Act of Assembly* of this *Province*, directing the *Administratrix* of *Talbot-Rifteen*, deceased, to dispose of *Two LOTS* of *GROUND*, in the *Town* of *Joppa*, on which is erected a *SPACIOUS BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE*, *KITCHEN*, *GARDEN*, and sundry *OUT-HOUSES*, in very good *Repair*: These are to give *Notice*, That the *Subscriber* proposes to dispose of the said *LOTS* and *HOUSES*, in the *Town* of *Joppa*, in *Baltimore County*, to the highest *Bidder*, on *Wednesday* the *Second Day* of *August* next, at the *Court-House* in the said *Town* of *Joppa*, for the *Purposes* in the said *Act* mentioned.

SUSANNA RISTEAU.

N. B. The *HOUSES* are very convenient for any *Store-Keeper*, or private *Gentleman*, being adjoining on the *River Gunpowder*, and have a *Wharff*, at which small *Vessels* may *Load* or *Un-load*.

A SCHEME

OF A

LOTTERY,

For Raising the *SUM* of *FOUR HUNDRED* and *THIRTY-FIVE POUNDS*, for further Securing the *DOCK* in *ANNAPOLIS*, and other *Public Uses* within the said *CITY*; to consist of *4000 TICKETS*, at *15/6* each, *1204* of which are to be fortunate, viz.

Prizes.	Value.	is	Amount.
1 of 100 £.	100	are	100 £.
2 of 75	75	are	150
4 of 50	50	are	200
8 of 25	25	are	200
12 of 15	15	are	180
20 of 10	10	are	200
30 of 5	5	are	150
125 of 2	2	are	250
1000 of 1 : 2 : 6	1 : 2 : 6	are	1125
1 first Drawn, not otherwise a Prize	6		
1 last Drawn, Ditto	4		

1204 Prizes, Amounting to 2565
2796 Blanks, Sum raised £. 435 for above Uses.

4000 Tickets at 15/6 each, make 3000 £.

THE *Uses* to which the above *Sum* of 435 £. is to be applied, tending to the *Public Good* and *Service* of the *Community*, as well without as within this *CITY*; the best *Expedient* that could be fallen on at this *Time* for raising that *Sum*, being a *LOTTERY*, and the *Scheme* thereof calculated so much to the *Advantage* of the *Adventurers* (there not being *Two Blanks* and a *Half* to a *Prize*, and the *Deduction* on the whole not 15 per Cent.) Nothing more need be said for its *Recommendation*: And it is not doubted but the *Tickets* will soon be all *Sold*, as near *One Thousand* of them are already engaged.

When the *Tickets* are dispos'd of, the *Drawing* is to begin immediately, in the *Court-House* in *Annopolis*, in the *Presence* of *Five* of the *Managers* at least, and as many of the *Adventurers* as shall think proper to attend.

The *Managers*, viz. *Messieurs John Britz*, *Stephen Bordley*, *Nicholas Maccubbin*, *James Dick*, *Walter Dulany*, *William Roberts*, *Lancelot Jacquet*, *William Reynolds*, *Thomas Green*, *Henry Woodward*, *James Johnson*, *John Clapham*, and *Bennett Crew*, are to give *Bond* and be upon *Oath* for the faithful *Discharge* of their *Trust*.

A *List* of the *PRIZES* to be published in the *Maryland GAZETTE*; and *Paid-off*, without any *Deduction*, as soon as the *Drawing* is finish'd: And those not demanded in *Six Months* afterwards, to be deemed as generously given to the *Public*, for the *Uses* above-mentioned.

The whole to be conducted, as near as may be, in the same *Manner* as *State Lotteries* in *England*. *Tickets* to be had of any of the *Managers*.

N. B. *Fourteen Days* *Notice*, at least, will be given in the *GAZETTE*, of the *Time* of *Drawing*.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by *JONAS GREEN*, *Post-Master*, at his *Office* in *Charles-street*; by whom all *Persons* may be supplied with this *GAZETTE*, at 12 s. 6 d. per *Year*. *ADVERTISEMENTS* of a moderate *Length* are taken in and inserted for *Five Shillings* the first *Week*, and *One Shilling* each *Week* after the *First*.