

Y, May 5, 1806.
he sale made by THOMAS
rt of the real estate of Tho-
e ratified and confirmed, un-
be shown, on or before the
vided a copy of this order
ks successively in the Mary-
fteenth day of June next.
a house and lot, in the town
at private sale for fourteen

MUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Tavern.

nnapolis, April 22, 1806.
d to the subscriber are re-
yment without delay.
ners to this house who have
hole year; such delinquen-
yments are not made by the
I shall be under the painful
ommodation without a tender

JOHN GWINN, Jun.

DIOMED,

subscriber's farm, on Rhode
n miles from Annapolis, this
at fifteen dollars each, and
that sum or a note of two-
hundred dollars, or they will not be received;
arged by the payment of five
the first day of November
commence the first of April
July.
is a beautiful dapple grey
his spring, full fifteen hands
ood and strain equal to any
the compactness of his form,
re, is greatly admired by the
of bone, and proportionable
fine action; he came out of
re Charlotte, and was got by
horse Grey Diomed, as will
certificates.
are called Charlotte, sold to
by Snap, a son of old Snap;
son of old Cade, her gran-
great-grandam by old Cade,
by old Partner, &c. &c. &c.
Jos. HARDY.

original pedigree in my pos-
session.

BENJ. OGLE, jun.
in the possession of col. Sell-
man was got by Mr. Taylor's
mare of the above mare.

BENJ. OGLE, jun.
e provided for mares at fifty
cents and escapes must be at

NATHAN SELLMAN.

to give notice,
ber took out letters of admi-
nistration on the estate of
AR, sen. and ELIZABETH
ne-Arundel county, deceased,
ing out the letters he hath ac-
e said estates with the orphans
county, and is now ready to
the said Francis and Elizabeth
e parts or portions of said es-
the legatees aforesaid to meet
of June next, at the orphans
receive their respective parts
to the distribution filed in the

MEAR, jun. admr. w. A.
near, sen. and Elizabeth.
Fifty Dollars Reward.
ago I purchased of Walter
ner, in Queen-Anne, a black
f, then fifteen years old, re-
a little defective in his knees,
well made. This boy, about 8
ation of some very disreputable
om my service, and (from in-
ugh the boy's own colour) I
as obtained a pass, and is now
under it. He is supposed to
p of West river, or on Kent-
mother named Esther, lately
in Valentine Carter. I will
s for apprehending said boy,
and fifty dollars for such in-
y justify my feelings in indi-
er for so great a scoundrel.
MAS CONTEE BOWIE

PUBLISHED,
at the Printing-Office,
One Dollar.)
of MARYLAND;
ber Session, 1805.

POLIS:
DERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

(LXIIIrd YEAR.)

T H E

(No. 3099.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE

T H U R S D A Y, J U N E 5, 1806.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, June 5, 1806.

* * THE subscriber is compelled, once
more, to request all persons indebted for the
Maryland Gazette, Advertisements, &c. to
make payments of their respective balances.
Legal measures must be taken against all
those who refuse or neglect to comply with
this request.

F. GREEN.

Annapolis, May, 1806.

VERY LATE AND INTERESTING.

NEW-YORK, May 28.

Captain Taylor, of the ship Fanny, arrived here yester-
day, in the remarkable short passage of 24 days
from Greenock.

Captain Taylor has favoured the editors of the New-
York Gazette with London papers to the 30th of
April, and Greenock papers to the 3d inst. Such
articles as appeared the most interesting, will be
found in this day's Gazette. It will be seen that
there is no prospect of peace in Europe.

In our marine department will be found a long list of
American vessels detained in the different ports of
England, from which it would appear that the British
consider all the northern ports in a state of blockade.
In the House of Lords the 23d of April, on motion
of Lord Holland, the bill for regulating the inter-
course between the United States and the British
colonies, was ordered to be read a second time that
day fortnight.

Mr. William Dundas, (late secretary at war) is ap-
pointed governor of Canada; and John Hodgson,
Esq; governor of Bermuda.

LONDON, April 9.

"Statesman Office, 3 o'clock, P. M.

"We are this moment informed that a flag of
truce landed at Dover at 5 o'clock this morning.—
The bearer was an officer of the artillery, and of the
legion of honour. He would not deliver his dis-
patches to Lord Keith, as his orders were to give them
personally to Mr. Fox."

April 19.

Another communication has reached ministers from
the French government. Yesterday morning about
6 o'clock, the Combutant gun-brig, which was cruising
off the South Foreland, fell in with a flag of
truce from Calais. The dispatches were taken from
on board the French vessel, and landed at Deal about
4 o'clock in the afternoon; they were of course im-
mediately forwarded to Mr. Fox's office. The same
degree of laudable secrecy has been observed by mi-
nisters upon this as upon former occasions; the na-
ture and object of these dispatches, therefore, remain
unknown. It is supposed by many persons that they
relate to an object more important than the exchange
of prisoners; and this supposition is, in a great de-
gree, founded upon the reports which are in a very
general circulation upon the continent, viz. that Bu-
onaparte has made a pacific proposition to the British
government. It is however, more probable that they
contain the final determination of the French govern-
ment respecting the exchange of prisoners.

April 20.

Near Betzeze, a new Russian army of 100,000 men
is assembling. Twenty regiments of Cossacks were
at the date of the last accounts, hourly expected there.
At Robrin all the tailors, shoemakers, &c. were put
in requisition to provide cloathing for the Russian
troops, and were paid most liberally.

The emperor of Germany allows the exportation of
provisions, cattle, &c. from his dominions, for the
support of the Russian army; and Russian commis-
saries have been accredited throughout the hereditary
states. M. Rochefoucault has remonstrated on the
occasion, but the supplies are continued.

April 21.

An order in council has been published in the Lon-
don Gazette, extending the late embargo upon Prus-
sian vessels to all ships, &c. belonging to persons re-
siding in any of the ports and places up the rivers
Elbe, Weser, and Ems, except such as are navigated
under the Danish flag. This fact, and an official no-
tification of Lord Howick, that a convoy is appointed
for the Baltic fleet, tend to prove, that a good under-
standing exists between the British and Danish courts,
and that no apprehension need be entertained at pre-
sent of the Sound being shut against us.

The Cape of Good-Hope is to be the grand milita-
ry depot for the supply of our Asiatic possessions, the
chief administration of which, it is said, is to be plac-
ed in the hands of Sir J. C. Hippesley, and that gen-
eral Sincoe is to be commander in chief.

April 24.

A considerable part of the people of this country is
now informed of the treachery and duplicity of Prus-
sia; in a few weeks they will be known to all Eu-
rope. The speeches of Lord Grenville and Mr. Fox
yesterday in parliament, and the important declaration
delivered on Sunday last by his majesty as elector of
Hanover, contains the essence and particulars of
that system of deliberate fraud, of avarice, and of
selfishness, upon which the cabinet of Berlin appears
to have acted from the first moment that there was a
prospect of the renewal of the continental war. Well
might Buonaparte, in his thirty-fourth military bul-
letin, expand himself in compliments to Count Izang-
witz, and proclaim "that Prussia had never a more
firm and disinterested friend than France!" At the
very time that his Prussian majesty was giving his
hand to the emperor of Russia over the tomb of Fre-
derick the great, and swearing eternal fidelity to him
and to the general cause, he had perjury and treason in
contemplation. All his measures and proposals were
calculated to lure and betray. It was perhaps for-
tunate for Alexander that the Prussians had not join-
ed him at the battle of Austerlitz; the event might
have been more adverse than it was. Such was the
premeditated treachery of the king of Prussia, that we
should not be surprised to hear that in the heat of the
battle he had given orders to his troops to go over to
the enemy, and turn their arms against their ally.

We are happy to find such perfect unanimity pre-
vail in both houses of parliament on the subject of
the measures which have been adopted against Prussia.
It is an omen which promises a zealous concurrence
in whatever can give vigour and extent to the conduct
of the war.

April 26.

It is no longer a secret, that the late intercourses
with France, by flags of truce, respected proposals for
peace on her part. But these having been found in-
admissible, the papers which have passed between the
two countries will shortly be laid before parliament.

We already stated that an expedition is now fitting
out for the continent, which is to be commanded by
Lord Cathcart. We understand it will consist of not
less than 12,000 men, cavalry and infantry; Lord
Cathcart is to have the appointment of his own staff.
The dragoon guards and foot guards will form a large
portion of this army, which is destined to co-operate
with the gallant king of Sweden.

April 28.

Paris papers to the 19th inst. and Dutch to the
22d inst. were received on Friday night. The most
important article they contain is, a long detailed com-
mentary in the Moniteur upon the state of Europe.
According to this exposé, Hanover is only occupied
by, but not definitively annexed to Prussia. The
king of Prussia has declared otherwise. Which of
the two tells the lie? France demands of Austria
what Austria cannot give, possession of Dalmatia.—
In consequence of the Russians having occupied Cat-
taro, it is officially declared, "that Branau, which
commands the frontier of the Inn, has been re-occu-
pied and garrisoned; that the French army has been
ordered to resume its position, and that the Austrian
prisoners, who were on their way home have been stop-
ped until further orders."

There is a scheme in these papers for making the
elector of Saxony surrender that country to Prussia,
and take in return the Prussian part of Poland.

An article copied from the Presburgh Gazette into
the Paris papers, says, "a numerous Russian army is
approaching Prussia."

The intelligence that the Elbe is blockaded was
received at Hamburg on the 21st, when, as might be
expected, it created general consternation. The
prince of Hesse Philipsthal still continues to defend in
the bravest manner, the fortress of Gaeta. No art is
neglected to induce him to surrender, but he positive-
ly refuses.

By the last advices from Vienna, the proceedings
against general Mack are nearly terminated. He is
declared insane.

We learn from Constantinople, that the Turkish
troops upon the Russian frontiers are considerably in-
creasing, which, with other circumstances, has induc-
ed M. Italinski, the Russian minister, to demand an
explanation relative to these preparations, and that he
was informed by the Reis Effendi, that such prepara-
tions were necessary for restoring and preserving peace
in the interior of the Turkish empire. A considera-
ble Turkish fleet is fitting out.

The promises and threats of France and Prussia to
induce Denmark to exclude our flag from the Baltic,
have been hitherto unavailing—the Danish ministry
insist on a rigid neutrality; and it is probable that
she will succeed in maintaining it.

The recent movements of the French on the Aus-
trian frontiers, and the reinforcement of their corps
in Bavaria, have created much uneasiness at Vienna.
On the arrival of a courier from Berthier, the French

minister at Vienna, communicated to the imperial cabi-
net the determination of his master to retain pos-
session of Braunau until the affairs of Dalmatia were
adjusted. Prince Schwartzenberg was immediately
dispatched to Paris, with a strong remonstrance on
this violation of the treaty of Presburgh.

The hostility of France towards Austria, which has
recently manifested itself on numerous occasions, was
lately insultingly expressed towards the imperial mi-
nister count Stutterheim. The count on his return
from Paris, whither he had been sent on a special
mission, stopped at Munich; but on the following
day he received orders from the Batavian government
for his immediate departure; and an adjutant of gen.
Berthier attended to see the order enforced. It was
the general opinion in Holland, that the peace will be
of a short duration. France appears desirous to strike
a blow, before the extensive military arrangements
now carrying on, under the orders of the archduke
Charles can be organized; and it is certain, that the
unceasing accumulation of Russian troops on the
Austrian frontiers is the occasion of the most serious
solicitude to Buonaparte.

There was a report on Saturday that gen. Mack
had been convicted of high treason, and condemned
to suffer the pain of death.

Price of stocks this day, Consols 60 1. 3. Omni-
um 2 1. 4.

The trial of lord viscount Melville will commence
to-morrow morning. The arrangement of Westmin-
ster Hall, differs in no respect from that on the occa-
sion of the trial of Mr. Hastings, except that by the
union of Ireland with Great-Britain, the peers of that
kingdom, with their ladies and sons, not members of
the house of commons, are entitled to places. Un-
less objections to evidence shall arise, which are not
anticipated, the trial may be concluded in seven or
eight days. Mr. Whitbread opens the charges, and
is to be followed by Sir Samuel Romilly, the solicitor-
general, after which the managers will adduce their
evidence, and Mr. Whitbread sum up. The whole
of which may be done in three or four days. It will
be for the counsel of lord Melville to regulate the
period of the defence.

The speaker informed the house that he should at-
tend to-morrow precisely at 10 o'clock, and to be in
the chair at a quarter thereafter, and that he should
send the sergeant at arms to clear the passage leading
to Westminster Hall. That the house would then
proceed to the place fitted up for the reception of the
members on the trial of lord viscount Melville.

April 29.

The following extracts from our Hamburg corre-
spondent's letter, will be found interesting:—

HAMBURG, April 18.

"In the Correspondenten of this date is inserted
an article, at the express request of the Prussian mi-
nister here, contradicting the report that his Swedish
majesty had received a note from the Prussian minis-
try, intimating a desire on the part of their sovereign
that he would order his troops to evacuate the Ha-
noverian territories on this side of the Elbe. Not-
withstanding this formal contradiction, the best in-
formed persons here continue to assert, that a com-
munication to that effect has actually been made. In
the meantime his Swedish majesty has given orders to
count De Lowenheim to defend to the last his posses-
sions in the Lauenbergh. The count was joined a
few days ago by a reinforcement of several battalions
from Swedish Pomerania. On the 10th instant he
moved his head-quarters from Ratzeburgh to Buchen,
which is still nearer the Elbe.

"Private letters from Berlin, of the 15th, state,
that the troops stationed under count Kalkreuth, in
Prussian Pomerania, are ordered to hold themselves in
readiness to march at a moment's notice.

"The Prussian troops are spreading themselves
over every part of the electorate of Hanover, on the
other side of the Elbe. Within these few days, a
party of them took possession of the celebrated Uni-
versity of Gottingen, where they immediately put
seals on the presses belonging to the different profes-
sorships. The names, arms, and mottoes of the dif-
ferent colleges are to be changed. In the matricula-
tion registers and diplomas, every thing has been erased
which bears any reference to the house of Hano-
ver or the British sovereign.

"Two mails from London being still due, and our
merchants being uncertain whether their late pur-
chases in England will ever reach them, many of
them have found themselves under the necessity of
withholding their acceptance of bills drawn upon
them by their English correspondents."

Augsbuach, April 10.

The exchange of couriers between Paris, Munich,
and Vienna, is so incessant, that yesterday, in the
course of five hours, seven passed through this place.

Marshal Berthier, minister at war, remains at Munich; the late events appear to have retarded his departure.

BANKS OF THE LECH, April 12.

The departure of marshal Soult from Bavaria is again countermanded. It is said his corps has received orders to march to Dalmatia, and will be followed by that of gen. Marmont, which is in Istria.

HAMBURG, April 21.

Letters have been received here which assert, that an English Squadron of six sail of the line has passed the Sound, to cruise in the Baltic.

The embargo laid in England on the Prussian ships will do great injury to the trade of that country, because the commissions that have been given for the ensuing summer have been countermanded. We however flatter ourselves that the English will not blockade the Prussian ports.

VENICE, April 2.

The Russians and English have blockaded this port twelve days past, and suffer no vessels to enter or go out. The harbour is full of Venetian vessels, whose inactivity causes the greatest detriment to our commerce. Trieste profits, and is enriched by this, because its vessels sail under the Austrian flag, which is neutral.

It is apprehended, not without foundation, that if the war continues the Russians and English will blockade all the ports of Italy.

DALMATIA, March 28.

The following are the articles of the convention of which the Bocca di Cattaro was given up to the Russians, the Austrians being too weak to resist the force that was brought against them.

1. The Austrian garrison shall evacuate Castel Nuovo and all the forts and garrisons in Albania within twelve leagues, and deliver them up to the Russian army. Albania being now considered as in the hands of the French, and, under this consideration, it is now taken possession of in the name of his imperial majesty of Russia.

2. The Austrian garrison shall march out with all the honours of war, consistent with a friendly power, and shall be permitted to carry all their property with them; but cannon, ammunition, &c. are to be delivered up to the Russians; as, according to the treaty of Presburgh, these articles were to be consigned to the French, commissioners shall be appointed on both sides for the delivery and reception of the same.

3. The Austrian garrison with all its property, shall embark on board Russian vessels in the course of three days, and be landed at Trieste.

4. Those catholics who may not choose to remain in Albania, shall be permitted to accompany the Austrian garrison.

5. The catholic religion shall be respected in Albania, and protected according to the customs before observed.

6. The liberties and the property of the inhabitants shall be respected, and the form of government adapted to the morals and manners of the people.

7. The Montenegrins, under the protection and bearing arms for the Russians, must be received by the inhabitants of Albania as friends, but are not to be admitted into the forts.

GREENOCK, May 2.

By the Hamburg Mail received on Monday morning, we have accounts from Berlin to the 20th ult. which entirely discredit the report that prevailed in London, on Saturday and Sunday, of the death of the King of Prussia.

Baron Hardenburg, it appears, has at length formally resigned. Count Haugwitz has been appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The intelligence of the detention and capture of Prussian ships has produced considerable agitation both at Berlin and Hamburg; where, however, hopes continue to be entertained that the Prussian rivers will not be blockaded.

Permission, as it is called, is said to have been granted to the French to pass through the Austrian territory, and 40,000 men are on their march towards Dalmatia.

The German papers contain no further news from Naples, than that Prince Joseph is to make a visit to Upper Italy for a short time. This looks as if he did not feel himself comfortably accommodated in the former country.

Private letters from Hamburg, are said to state, that Austria has declared in favour of Russia. This report is not sanctioned by any of the German Papers.

BALTIMORE, May 31.

The most interesting articles in our London papers are relative to the dispute between England and Prussia. The following message was presented, in the house of lords, by lord Grenville, on the 21st of April, together with certain papers explanatory of the conduct of his majesty with respect to Prussia. On the 23d, an address was agreed to be presented, "conformable to the message."—*N. York pap.*

GEORGE R.

His majesty thinks it proper to acquaint the house that he has found himself under the necessity of withdrawing his minister from the court of Berlin, and of adopting provisionally measures of just retaliation against the commerce and navigation of Prussia. His majesty deeply regrets the extension and aggravation of calamities already so severely felt by the nations of the continent, whose independence and prosperity he has never ceased to consider as intimately connected with

those of his own people. But measures of direct hostility, deliberately adopted against him, have left him no alternative.

In a moment of confidential intercourse, without even the pretence of any cause of complaint, forcible possession has been taken by Prussia of his majesty's electoral dominions. Deeply as this event affected the interests of this kingdom, his majesty chose nevertheless to forbear on this painful occasion all recourse to the tried and affectionate attachment of his British subjects. He remonstrated by amicable negotiation against the injury he had sustained, and rested his claim for reparation on the moderation of his conduct, on the justice of his representations, and on the common interest which Prussia herself must ultimately feel to resist a system destructive of all the security of all legitimate possession. But when, instead of receiving assurances conformable to this just expectation, his majesty was informed, that the determination had been taken of excluding by force the vessels and the commodities of this kingdom, from ports and countries under the lawful dominion or forcible control of Prussia, his majesty could no longer delay to act, without neglecting the first duty which he owes to his people. The dignity of his crown, and the interests of his subjects equally forbid his acquiescing in this open and unprovoked aggression; he has no doubt of the full support of his parliament in vindicating the honour of the British flag, and the freedom of the British navigation; and he will look with anxious expectation to that moment when a more dignified and enlightened policy on the part of Prussia shall remove every impediment to the renewal of peace and friendship with a power with whom his majesty has no other cause of difference than that now created by these hostile acts.

G. R.

The state papers which accompanied this message, consist chiefly of notes, between Mr. Fox and Mr. Hardenberg, and three proclamations issued by his Prussian majesty on his taking possession of Hanover.

It appears that Denmark is expected to join with France and Prussia, in hostilities against Great-Britain. On this subject the editor of the General Advertiser observes "Should Denmark, as there is but too much reason to fear, be likewise forced to adopt hostile measures, we should expect to see the vigour of administration exerted in an attack through the Great Belt on the island of Zealand, upon which Copenhagen stands, the conquest of which would secure the passage of the Sound. Indeed there is a report of an armament getting forward, probably with this very destination.

The following British ships of war arrived at Madeira, on the 3d and 4th of April, and sailed again on the 5th and 6th; they were under the command of commodore Hollowell, and were destined, as was said, to cruise off Rochefort:—

Tiger, 80 guns; *Orion*, 74; *Fame*, 74; *Africa*, 64; *Polyphemus*, 64; *Endymion*, 40.

FROM A LONDON PAPER.

No discoveries are of more importance than those which are connected with the improvement of Agriculture. Every one who has attended to this subject is well acquainted with the sweeping destruction which has been occasioned by the genus of the *Eurca*, or Caterpillar. Many counties of this kingdom, especially in the western districts, depend, in a great degree, on the annual produce of the orchard; and in these districts, at least, it will be of great utility to circulate the intelligence of an experiment for the protection of fruit trees from the Caterpillar, which has been attended with complete success. A clod of earth is moulded round the top of the trunk of the tree; and this is the whole process.—From the hour that this operation is performed, the insects, even in the most remote ramifications, will begin to fall, and the tree will in a short time be wholly freed from this destructive incumbrance. It is true that the animal will afterwards attempt to renew his depredations; but as soon as he arrives at the ring of earth, which should be permitted to remain, he will hasten down the trunk with much more rapidity than he attempted the ascent. We state this fact with confidence, but we leave it to the learned Zoologist the explanation of the mystery.

From a late Vermont paper.

SUICIDE!

Among the many instances of suicide, which we are frequently recording, we have heard of none so extraordinary, and so affecting as the following, which happened in Middletown, in this county, the last week.

A young man by the name of Lemuel Stoddard, of that town, had paid his constant addresses to a young girl, whose parents were neighbours, for a considerable time, till at length matrimony was mutually agreed to; consent of parents was given, and the day was fixed when the young votaries were to be united in marriage. But here we must record the doleful tale—the day arrived when their parents and friends expected to witness a pleasant scene. But a trivial excuse was made for the delay. In the evening, the young man paid his female friend a visit, at her father's house, when and where he related to her that he had for sometime been suspicious that her attachment to him was indifferent, that her chastity was not inviolate, and that a friend of his had now convinced him that his suspicions were not groundless. He continued to observe, that as nothing could dissuade him from the opinion he had formed, and that if he should marry her he should be miserable, and his attachment to her was still so fixed that he could not

live happy without her. What next—suicide, he thought was the only alternative! he proposed that she should depart with him, intimating that a far better world would receive them, where their spirits would dwell together in the same bonds of affection which would distinguish them here. The young man then said he had procured laudanum sufficient to effect what he had proposed, and handing the credulous female a vial, and taking one himself, both swallowed the dose! but the girl sickened, and a discharge from the stomach saved her from a dreadful end—the sleep of her anticipated companion was eternal. He died about one o'clock in the afternoon, of the following day.

Mr. Stoddard was about twenty years of age.

The foregoing particulars are as near as possible, the substance of what our informant related, and which, he says, was mostly from the mouth of the surviving female, who, it is thought is innocent, as to the charges which the deceased alleged against her.

One cold stormy day last February a female stranger made her appearance in the Beach Woods' settlement, on the Lackawana. She appeared to be about thirty; tall and delicately formed; but the rose that had once bloomed on her cheek was withered by the canker-worm of care; and reason no longer swayed his sceptre over her mind. "They drowned my mother! O! how she screams!—there! there! she looks—help her—help her!" was the burden of her song. But she would occasionally cast her eyes on the men, and with a wild and fearful look, exclaim "No! No! I hate you—you've ruined me—poor Poll would drown herself but water is cold." No intreaties could induce her to take shelter from the storm. But she flew from house to house, a most melancholy picture of sorrow and woe. After having been absent a day or two, she returned with an infant naked on her bosom. "Poor thing!" she would cry when the hapless cottager begged it of her, "Poor thing, I know you'll starve it." Nature remained true to her duty, altho' reason had fled from her seat. A tear the first she had shed, fell and mingled with the frost on its neck. The soul of the little sufferer was just winging its way to a kinder parent, when the unfortunate maniac entered a cottage where the woman had but a week before buried a new born infant. She kindly begged that the child—least might be put in her arms. The mother consented, and Mrs. Bucklin (for that is the name of the humane woman) wipe the snow from its neck—wrapped it in warm flannel, and gave it the breast. A gleam of wandering reason seemed to shoot across the mind of the distressed mother. She was delighted to see her offspring on the breast of its humane nurse, and expressed a wish to take it again, but soon wandered off; declaring she had drowned her child. She passed this village, and it is not known whence she came or whither she was going. Mrs. Bucklin still keeps the child and nurses it as her own.

[Luzerne (Penn.) paper.]

To the curious in Agriculture.

N. Hingston, seedman, of this town, has received from London a few packages of the seed of Buda Kail, an article recommended as the best of its kind for agricultural purposes ever yet introduced, being so hardy a nature that the most severe winter does not injure it. Milch cows, ewes and lambs have been fed on it with the greatest success, and are very partial to it; game of all descriptions are particularly fond of it; and are generally found in great abundance where the Buda Kail is cultivated. As a vegetable for the table it is the most early, boils of a beautiful green, and is of a most delicious flavour; should be sown from the middle of May till the end of June: and for standing the winter for spring planting, from the middle of August to the end of September.—[Alex. Ado.]

We are authorized to state, that Thomas Warrell esq. has accepted the appointment of associate judge of the second Judicial district of Maryland, having resigned the appointment of clerk of Kent county courts. [American.]

AFFAIR OF HONOUR.—The Austrian gen. Nostitz has sent a challenge to the Russian prince Dolgorouky in consequence of the latter, in his bulletin of the battle of Austerlitz, having asserted that that general did not do his duty. The terms of the challenge are that the duel shall end only by the death of one of them, and on these conditions the prince has accepted it.

Increase and Multiply.

A remarkable instance of which lately occurred in Southam, Massachusetts. The wife of captain Joseph Greene, a gentleman about 80 years of age, produced him a child, his daughter a child, and his grand daughter a child—all within 24 hours.

A private letter from a gentleman in London to a friend in Philadelphia, mentions, that the BOARD OF HEALTH of the city of London, had lately agreed in a belief that the Yellow Fever was not a contagious disease, and of course, that it could not be imported from one country into another.

The brig Franklin is preparing at the navy yard for a trip to Tunis. She is to take the suite of the Tunisian ambassador to Boston, where the ambassador himself will be taken on board in order to proceed to Tunis. We were led into an error in stating a few days since, they intended to reside in this country from a report current at that time.—*Wash. Fed.*

A commencement of John's College was held before a number of audience.

After prayer to the Principal, the candidates in the following exercises in the following:

1. A Latin salutatory by Annapolis.

2. An oration on the death of S. Reid, of Free.

3. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

4. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

5. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

6. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

7. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

8. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

9. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

10. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

11. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

12. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

13. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

14. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

15. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

16. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

17. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

18. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

19. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

20. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

21. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

22. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

23. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

24. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

25. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

26. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

27. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

28. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

29. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

30. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

31. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

32. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

33. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

34. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

35. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

36. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

37. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

38. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

39. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

40. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

41. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

42. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

43. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

44. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

45. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

46. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

47. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

48. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

49. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

50. An oration on the death of Mr. John Guyer, of

What next—suicide, he
alternative! he proposed that
him, intimating that a far bet
e them, where their spirits
the same bonds of affection
them here. The young man
ed laudanum sufficient to eff
ed, and handing the erudite
one himself, both swallowed
ckened, and a discharge from
om a dreadful end—the deep
anion was eternal. He died
afternoon, of the following

out twenty years of age.
alars is as near as possible, the
informant related, and which
m the mouth of the surviving
ught is innocent, as to the
alleged against her.

last February a female stran
in the Beach Woods settle
na. She appeared to be about
ely formed; but the rose that
her cheek was withered by the
and reason no longer tway
nd. "They drowned my mo
ams!—there! there! she sulk
" was the burden of her song
mally cast her eyes on the me
ful look, exclaim "No! No! No!
ruined me—poor Poll would
ater is cold." No intreaties
ke shelter from the storm. Be
house, a most melancholy pic
e. After having been absent
ed with an infant naked on her
she would cry when the boy
nd it of her, "Poor things,
Nature remained true to her
ded from her seat. A tear
fell and mingled with the snow
of the little sufferer was just
kinder parent, when the unfors
d a cottage where the woman
buried a new born infant.
that the child—at least might be
the mother confessed, and Mrs.
the name of the humane woman
its neck—wrapped it in warm
breast. A gleam of wandering
across the mind of the distressed
delighted to see her offspring
humane nurse, and expressed
but soon wandered off; declar
her child. She passed this win
own whence she came or whither
s. Bucklin still keeps the child
own.

[Luzerne (Penn.) paper.]
ious in Agriculture.
lman, of this town, has received
packages of the seed of Bur
commended as the best of its kind
oses ever yet introduced, being
at the most severe winter does not
ws, ewes and lambs have been fed
ft success, and are very partial
criptions are particularly fond of it
and in great abundance where the
ted. As a vegetable for the table
boils of a beautiful green, and is
flavour; should be sown from the
end of June: and for standing
g planting, from the middle of
f September.—[Alex. Adv.]

to state, that Thomas Warrell
appointment of associate judge of
district of Maryland, having
ment of clerk of Kent county court
[American.]
OUR.—The Austrian gen. Nollin
to the Russian prince Dolgorouky
the latter, in his bulletin of the
having asserted that that general
The terms of the challenge are
end only by the death of one of
conditions the prince has accepted

ease and Multiply.

stance of which lately occurred in
cassets. The wife of captain John
man about 80 years of age, pro
his daughter a child, and his grand
all within 24 hours.

from a gentleman in London to
lphia, mentions, that the BOARD
city of London, had lately agreed
Yellow Fever was not a contagious
of course, that it could not be im
country into another.

lin is preparing at the navy yard
s. She is to take the suite of the
or to Boston, where the ambassa
en on board in order to proceed to
led into an error in stating a few
intended to reside in this country
ent at that time.—Wash. Fed.

A commencement for conferring degrees in St.
John's College was held in the College Hall on the
1st inst. before a numerous, splendid and respectable
audience.

After prayer to the Supreme Being by the Vice-
Principal, the candidates proceeded with the public
exercises in the following manner:

1. A Latin salutatory oration by Mr. Thomas J.

Brice, of Annapolis.

2. An oration on the study of the law, by Mr. Up-

ton S. Reid, of Frederick county.

3. An oration on the advantages of education, by

Mr. John Guyer, of Annapolis.

4. An oration on the bad effects of dissensions in a

republic, by Mr. James Harwood, of Annapolis.

5. An oration on patriotism, by Mr. George Mac-

kubin, of Annapolis.

6. An oration on the moral and civil duties of man,

by Mr. John Mercer, of Anne-Arundel county.

7. An oration on the advantages of peace, by Mr.

Henry M. Murray, of Anne-Arundel county.

The degree of Bachelor of Arts was then conferred

on Messrs. Nicholas Carroll, Richard Lockerman,

James Murray, Jesse Ray, Upton S. Reid, Thomas

J. Brice, John Guyer, James Harwood, John Mer-

cer, George Mackubin, Henry M. Murray, Lewis

Neth and William Pinkney.

At the same time Messrs. William Potts, John

Cande, William Campbell, Alexander Hammett,

John T. Lomax, John H. Thomas, John L. Kerr,

James D. Lowry, William Donaldson, Richard

Brown, James Boyle, Thomas B. Dorsey, Walter

Fernandes, James S. Grant, Thomas Rogers, John

Sanders, Robert C. Stone and Philip Thomas, alumni

of the College, were admitted to the degree of Mas-

ter of Arts.

8. A validictory oration on the advantages of public

seminaries, by Mr. Lewis Neth, of Annapolis.

The Principal then closed the business of the com-

mencement with a short validictory address to the

graduates, commending them to the care of the Al-

mighty Governor of the Universe.

It is but justice to the young gentlemen to observe,

that they acquitted themselves greatly to the satis-

faction of the polite and judicious audience.

In the afternoon of the same day, a number of the

Students delivered speeches, which were honoured

with the applause of the numerous and respectable as-

sembly that attended, and seemed much pleased with

their juvenile essays of public speaking, the early pro-

mise, it is to be hoped, of future eminence, and dis-

tinction.

N. B. Tho' the public donation is withdrawn, the

several schools of the College are still continued as

they were, till the August vacation, after which the

Visitors intend to organize the College on a plan suit-

able to the state of its funds, and flatter themselves

that they will be able to render it still an useful se-

minary.

The Knot.

MARRIED, on Sunday last, by the rev. Mr.
COMPTON, Col. RICHARD HARWOOD to Mrs. LU-
CINDA BATTEE, all of Anne-Arundel county.

—on the same evening, in this city, by the
rev. Mr. WYATT, Mr. CLEMENT RICHARDS to
Mrs. SARAH PEEPER.

In pursuance of a decree of the court of chancery,
the subscriber will offer, at PUBLIC SALE, on
the premises, on the twenty-fourth day of June
next, at the hour of eleven o'clock,

PART of a tract of land called WELCH POOL,
containing seventy-four and an half acres, lying
in Calvert county, near Lyon's Creek, and now in
possession of Mr. Lewis Griffith; this land is well
calculated for tobacco, corn, or small grain.

At the same time and place will be offered for sale,
one undivided moiety of ninety acres of marsh land,
lying on Patuxent river, opposite the town of Not-
tingham.

The above-mentioned lands were formerly the prop-
erty of Samuel Griffith, by him devised to Anne
Griffith, and which descended to her heirs.

The terms of sale are, that the purchaser is to give
bond to the trustee for paying the purchase money,
with interest, within fifteen months, and on the rat-
ification and confirmation by the chancellor of the
sale, and on the receipt of the purchase money, the
trustee will convey to the purchaser, in fee simple, all
the right, title and estate, which was in the said
Samuel Griffith and Anne Griffith, or either of them,
and which might be vested in their heirs or devisees,
or in the heirs or devisees of either of them, in the said
land, claiming under the said Samuel or Anne.

The creditors of Samuel Griffith are desired to
bring into the chancery court their claims against
him, with the vouchers thereof, on or before the
twenty-fourth day of December next.

REZIN ESTER, Trustee.

May 27, 1806. *1806*

NOTICE.

LITTLE respect being paid to my former applica-
tion to those indebted to me by bond, note, or
open account, I am again induced to call on them for a
discharge of their respective balances, and at the same
time assure them, that unless discharged before the
first day of August next, I shall bring suit without
respect to persons. I shall give my attendance at my
house, in the city of Annapolis, on Wednesday in
every week, for the purpose of settling with those
who may wish to avoid a suit by their compliance.

JAMES MACKUBIN.

June 4, 1806.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-
Arundel county, will be SOLD, by the subscribers,
on Friday, the 27th instant, at the late dwelling
of JOHN THOMAS, of the county aforesaid, de-
ceased,

PART of his personal estate, consisting of several
valuable negroes, horses, cattle, and household
furniture. The property will be sold on a credit of
nine months, the purchaser or purchasers giving bond,
with approved security, with interest, from the day
of sale. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock. It
is requested, that all those who have claims against
said estate will bring them in on the day of sale, so
that they may be made known.

1806
SARAH THOMAS, } Administra-
PHILIP THOMAS, } tors.

Mrs. JONES.

At the house next below Mr. Nicholas Brewer,
RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies of Anna-
polis, that her SCHOOL will commence on
the ninth instant, wherein will be taught reading,
writing, grammar, and arithmetic, also plain sewing,
marking, open, tambour, and various kinds of orna-
mental needle work. Mrs. Jones pledges herself
that every attention necessary to the improvement of
those intrusted to her care shall be strictly attended to.
Terms of tuition, for small children in the first rud-
iments of learning, three dollars per quarter, for those
further advanced, four dollars per quarter.

Annapolis, June 4, 1806. *1806*

City Tavern.

Annapolis, June 6, 1806.

THE subscriber wishes to hire, for one year, a
NEGRO WOMAN, to do the duty of wash-
ing and ironing, to whom good wages will be given.

JOHN GWINN, Jun.

In CHANCERY, June 3, 1806.

ORDERED, That the sale made by NICHOLAS
BREWER, trustee for the sale of the real estate
of Godfrey Frye, mortgaged to John Turner, as stated
in his report, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless
cause to the contrary be shewn before the 12th day
of July next, provided a copy of this order be in-
serted three successive weeks in the Maryland Ga-
zette before the 28th instant.

The report states, that part of a tract of land
called *The Second Resurvey on Part of Brashears's*
Pocoson, containing sixty-eight acres, was sold for
twenty shillings per acre.

True copy,

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,

Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, May 29, 1806.

ON the petition of JOHN GWINN, to rescind and
set aside a sale, made under a decree of this
court, of the real estate of the heirs of Charles
White, on account of the purchase money not being
paid by the purchaser, John Hallep, of William, which
sale has been ratified and confirmed: it is ordered,
that the said petition be heard on the 16th day of
June next, unless the said purchase money be paid
before that time, with interest from the time when it
was due, provided that a copy of this order be in-
serted two weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

True copy,

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,

Reg. Cur. Can.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anna-
polis, a bright mulatto man named NACE, he
went off on Sunday morning, the 25th inst. had on
a blue coat and pantaloons, and one or two suits of
cloaths with him; he is about five feet eight inches
high, stout and well made, and has lost one of his
upper fore teeth. It is supposed he has some relations
living in Old-town, Baltimore, in which part of the
city he may likely be found. The above reward will
be given for securing him in any gaol, so that I get
him again.

May 31, 1806. *1806*

ELIZABETH YOUNG.

COMMITTED to my custody, as a runaway, a
negro man by the name of HANDY MUN-
ZILLEN, who says he was free by THOMAS
FORREST, of Caroline county, close by the Bowling
Green, state of Virginia; he is about five feet eight
or nine inches high, and stout made, has a scar on
the right side of his chin, and on his left leg, occasioned
by a dray running over it; his cloathing is a blue
cloth coat, with metal buttons, blue cloth jacket,
and parlous grey casimer pantaloons, and new shoes,
bound, and an old hat. His master is desired to take
him away, or he will be sold for his fees and other
expences, agreeably to law.

JASPER E. TILLY, Sheriff of

Anne-Arundel county.

April 30, 1806.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from White Marsh, in Anne-Arun-
del county, a negro man named MICHAEL,
about twenty years of age, five feet three or four
inches high; had on when he went away, a blue
vest, Welch kersey short coat, and a pair of nankeen
pantaloons. Any person that will secure him in any
of the county gaols, so that I get him again, shall re-
ceive FIFTEEN DOLLARS if taken in the coun-
ty, and if out of the county the above reward.

G. B. BITOUZEY.

N. B. All captains and masters of vessels are fore-
warned carrying off said negro at their peril.

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

INFLUENCE OF RETIREMENT.

FOR injured feeling, when fond hope has flown,
What can suffice, and what in price atone?
What blest SILENCE shall to health restore
The cheerless wretch, who bleeds at every pore?

The piteous youth, beside yon straggling thorn,
His hair dishevelled, and his look forlorn,
Whose hollow eyes, by midnight watchings pale,
With mute reproach upbraid the piercing gale,
Once shone, like thee, how'er matur'd in grace,
The manly glory of an ancient race:
Once, skilled in lore, inform'd with brilliant sense,
And pour'd Hyblæan strains of eloquence;
Once gaily pleas'd, for love his heart beguil'd,
And mutual passion ripen'd, while the smil'd;
But fate's stern angel, foe of all that's fair,
With sick'ning envy e'd the faithful pair,
Sped the fell shaft, which bade perfection die,
And cut the knot he never could untie.

Oft as the village sports at evening close,
And westerling twilight sinks to short repose,
Pale as some wither'd corpse, with mutter'd cries
The pensive mourner thro' the church yard hies,
Bends o'er MARIA'S grave, in speechless grief,
With looks that ask, yet seem to mock relief,
And, craz'd with anguish, turns his frantic glare,
Raves to the wind, or breathes convulsive prayer:
Hah! 'tis his voice, that on the rav'ning gale
Heaves the deep plaint and pours the tender wail—
It seems, in fitful strains, his woes to moan,
Or half suppress'd, remurmurs in a groan.
And can the scenes of idle tumult lend
One gleam of comfort for his perish'd friend?
Can social glee Lopian balms impart
To chase one anguish from his hallow'd heart?
Yet shall RETIREMENT yield some mystick leaf
To staunch the wounds of solitary grief;
And, while in softer tones and milder woe,
Round memory's eye the imag'd sorrows flow,
Fond hope, as life decays, with sweet control,
To fancy's dreams shall harmonise the soul.

On Female Education.

"In enumerating the perfections of his wife, or in
retracing the progress of his love, does a man of sense
and refined sensibility dwell upon her skill in drawing,
or dancing, or music?"

"It will tend to the happiness of society in general,
that women should have their understandings culti-
vated and enlarged. The happiness of domestic life,
the virtues and powers of pleasing in the female sex,
the yet more desirable power of attaching those wor-
thy of their love, will be increased by the judicious
cultivation of the female understanding. A mother
is accountable to her daughter's husband for the
books her daughter has read, as well as for the com-
pany she has kept. Let her imagination be control-
led while her mind is enlarged. Her education must
not raise her above the taste for necessary occupations,
or the numerous small but not trifling pleasures of
domestic life. Education should embrace all the du-
ties and relations of that sphere in which the female
moves. While her understanding is improved, the
DELICACY of her manners must be preserved, and, at
all times, that nice sense of propriety which is at once
the guard and charm of feminine virtue. When a
woman lays aside the DELICACY, mildness and gentle-
ness of her sex, she ceases to be lovely, forfeits her
claim on man, and may consistently lay aside the name
and habiliments, as she relinquishes the character, of
WOMAN."

Twenty-five & Fifty Dollars Reward.

ABOUT three years ago I purchased of Walter
W. Norman, tanner, in Queen-Anne, a black
boy named STEPHEN, then fifteen years old, re-
markably well disposed, a little defective in his knees,
but otherwise stout and well made. This boy, about 8
weeks ago, by the instigation of some very disreputable
person, was enticed from my service, and (from in-
formation derived through the boy's own colour) I
have reason to believe has obtained a pass, and is now
harboured and protected under it. He is supposed to
be either in the Swamp of West river, or on Kent-
Island, where he has a mother named Esther, lately
manumitted by a certain Valentine Carter. I will
give twenty-five dollars for apprehending said boy,
so that I get him again, and fifty dollars for such in-
formation as will merely justify my feelings in indi-
cating the punishment proper for so great a scoundrel.

THOMAS CONTEE BOWIE

January 20, 1806. *1806*

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber took out letters of admi-
nistration, with the will annexed, on the estate
of FRANCIS BELMEAR, sen. and ELIZABETH
BELMEAR, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased,
and whereas since taking out the letters he has ac-
cording to law closed the said estates with the orphans
court of Anne-Arundel county, and is now ready to
pay to the legatees of the said Francis and Elizabeth
Belmeare their respective parts or portions of said es-
tates, therefore requests the legatees aforesaid to meet,
on the second Tuesday of June next, at the orphans
court, in Annapolis, to receive their respective parts
or portions, according to the distribution filed in the
register of wills office.

FRANCIS BELMEAR, jun. admr. w. &c.

of Francis Belmeare, sen. and Elizabeth.

NOTICE.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to SALE, on Thursday, the nineteenth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of JAMES ROYSTON, deceased, known by the sign of General Wallington, in the city of Annapolis, and where captain Archibald Golder, formerly refidid, sundry turners and wheelwrights tools, turning lathes, with all their appendages.

At the same time will be sold, one young negro man, aged about twenty years. The terms of sale CASH.

MARGARET ROYSTON, Administratrix of JAMES ROYSTON.

Annapolis, May 27, 1806.

P. S. I with all persons to come forward with their accounts against the estate, and all persons indebted to the estate of James Royston aforesaid, are requested to make payment of their accounts, on or before the twenty-fifth day of August next, otherwise they will be dealt with according to law, without respect of persons.

M. R.

Fire Insurance.

THE Subscriber having received power and instructions from the Phoenix insurance company of London, is fully authorized to effect insurance on Houses, Buildings, Stores and Ships in harbours, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, in any part of the State of Maryland, from loss or damage by fire, on terms so moderate, as will it is presumed, make it the interest of all to resort to a measure so well calculated to give additional security to commercial transactions, and to afford protection from the injury which fires have so often occasioned.

In this office no insured person is liable to any call to make good the losses of others, but in case of fire, the sufferer will be fully indemnified, with that liberality and promptness which have always distinguished this company, requiring no other delay, even where presumption of fraud appears, than is necessary to distinguish the honest sufferer from the fraudulent incendiary.

As a proof of the usefulness of this institution, and the benefit that individuals have derived from it, it is only necessary to state, that since the commencement of the Office, in 1782, near seven million of dollars have been paid to claimants upon their policies. The Company's printed proposals, and the conditions, on which insurance can be effected, will be delivered by me gratis to any applicant, at the Marine Insurance Office, in Second-street, where orders for insurance, will be immediately attended to by DAVID STEWART, Agent

For the Phoenix Insurance Co. London, within the State of Maryland.

Note, The Company have Agents at New-York, Philadelphia, Charleston, Savannah and New-Orleans persons having property in these places are referred to the respective agents.

Baltimore, May 21.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners of the Tax for Anne-Arundel county will meet, at the city of Annapolis, on the third Monday of June next, and will sit from day to day for twenty days thereafter, to hear appeals and make transfers.

May 22, 1806.

In CHANCERY, May 28, 1806.

ORDERED, That the sale made by THOMAS BUCHANAN, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Thomas D. Merrick, deceased, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown before the third day of July next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in the Maryland Gazette three times before the 20th day of June next.

The report states, that 383 acres of land, lying in Charles county, sold for the sum of £. 1938 18 9.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the county court of Saint-Mary's county, at August term, 1806, for the benefit of an act of insolvency, passed at November session, 1805, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.

ROBERT CHESLEY.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at the late dwelling of JAMES HUNTER, deceased, PART of his personal estate, consisting of two negro girls, one horse, six shoats, and some cattle, also a variety of household and kitchen furniture. The property will be sold on a credit of six months for all sums above ten dollars, under that sum the cash to be paid. Bond, with approved security, will be required, with interest from the day of sale. The sale to commence on Wednesday, the 18th day of June, at 10 o'clock.

SARAH HUNTER, Administratrix.

It is expected by the day of sale, that persons having claims against the deceased will produce the same, legally authenticated, and those indebted to make payment as soon as possible.

SARAH HUNTER, Administratrix.

JOHN HUNTER, Administrator.

May 20, 1806.

JACOB'S LAW DICTIONARY.

Subscribed for this valuable work, now printing in Philadelphia, in two volumes, 4to, price 20 dollars, in boards, received at the printing-office.

NOTICE.

By virtue of a decree of the High Court of Chancery, will be Sold, at Public Auction, on the premises, at twelve o'clock, on the first day of July next, it lays, if not, on the first fair day thereafter.

THE dwelling plantation of the late RICHARD WILLIAMS, deceased, situate in Prince-George's county, about fourteen or fifteen miles from the city of Washington, and about twenty-five from the city of Annapolis; this plantation contains about three hundred acres, well calculated for farming or planting, with a sufficient quantity of woodland for its support. The improvements are inconsiderable, consisting of an old log dwelling house and a tobacco-house. It is presumed any person inclined to purchase will view the property previous to the sale. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall give bond, with approved security, for paying one third part of the purchase money, with interest, within six months, one third, with interest, within two years, and the residue, with interest, within three years from the time of sale; and on the ratification of the sale, and on payment of the purchase money, the trustee will convey to the purchaser.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS, Trustee.

May 14, 1806.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the creditors of RICHARD WILLIAMS, deceased, to exhibit their claims, with vouchers thereof, to the chancellor, on or before the first day of October next.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscribers have obtained letters testamentary on the personal estate of JOSEPH BURGESS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, therefore all persons who have claims against the deceased are directed to bring them in, legally authenticated, according to law, and those in any manner indebted to said estate to make payment, to

WILLIAM BURGESS, Executors.

TO BE SOLD.

THE subscriber will SELL, at PRIVATE SALE, a tract of LAND, in Allegany county, about three miles from the town of Cumberland, containing upwards of three hundred acres; the greater part of this land is level, with a stream of water running through it, a great proportion of meadow land; there is on this tract a salt lick, also a great quantity of sugar trees; the improvements are, a dwelling-house, with two rooms below, and a cellar underneath, a kitchen, &c. a small apple and peach orchard, with a spring of fine water within thirty yards of the door; the greater part of this land is in wood. Any person willing to settle in that part of the country may have a great bargain, by applying to EDWARD HALL, of West river.

April 28, 1806.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, once more, requests all persons indebted to him to call and settle before the first day of August next, otherwise suits will be commenced.

RICHARD HARWOOD, of Thos.

May 19, 1806.

Take notice.

I HEREBY forewarn all persons trespassing on my land, near the city of Annapolis, with dog or gun, cutting wood, or doing any damage on the premises, as I am determined to put the law in force against all offenders, without respect of persons.

May 13, 1806.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the county court of Anne-Arundel, on the third Monday of July next, to extend to him the benefit of the act of assembly, passed at November session, 1805, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.

STEPHEN CLARK.

Annapolis, May 2, 1806.

Treasury Department,

WASHINGTON, May 3, 1806.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT sealed proposals will be received by the treasurer of the United States, as agent for the commissioners of the sinking fund, until the 13th day of June next inclusive, for the purchase of the following species of the public debt, viz. Eight per cent. old six per cent. and deferred six per cent. stocks, with the dividends payable on the first of July next off.

Such persons as may be desirous of contracting for the sale of any portion of the above-mentioned stocks, are requested to transmit their proposals, sealed up, under cover to the subscriber, specifying therein the unredeemed amount and species of said stocks, and the lowest price they will accept for the same; which proposals will be opened on the 14th day of June next, in the manner directed by law.

In all cases where the terms are approved of, payment will be made immediately after the stocks thus purchased shall have been transferred to the subscriber, in trust for the United States.

TH. T. TUCKER, Treas. Un. States.

MARYLAND,

CHANCERY COURT, FEBRUARY TERM, 1806.

ORDERED, That the stated terms for the return of process, and the hearing of causes shall be held on the fourth Tuesday in February, the first Tuesday in July, the fourth Tuesday in September, and the first Tuesday in December.

Ordered further, that the absence of counsel, or of a party, appearing without counsel, except in case of sickness, or unavoidable accident, shall not be considered as a ground of continuance. And that where two or more solicitors appear for any party, the attendance of one shall be considered sufficient to prevent a continuance.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

For Sale,

A VALUABLE pair of carriage HORSES, tolerable well matched, and remarkably true to the draught, well calculated for a family.

JOHN GIBSON.

Annapolis, May 19, 1806.

Anne-Arundel County Court,

APRIL TERM, 1806.

ON application to the justices of the said county court, by petition, in writing, of JONATHAN WATERS, of said county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, on the terms mentioned in the said act, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed by the said act, being annexed to his petition, and the said county court being satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Jonathan Waters has resided the two preceding years prior to the passage of the said act within the State of Maryland; and the said Jonathan Waters, at the time of presenting his petition as aforesaid, having produced to the said court the assent in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered by the said court, that the said Jonathan Waters, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette once a week, until the third Monday in July next, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, at the court-house of Anne-Arundel county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the said third Monday in July next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, on the said Jonathan Waters's then and there taking the oath by the said act provided for delivering up his property.

Signed by order, NICH: HARWOOD, Clk.

A. A. County Court.

May 2, 1806.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the county court of Anne-Arundel, on the third Monday of July next, to extend to him the benefit of the act of assembly, passed at November session, 1805, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.

LLOYD G. TAYLOR.

South river, May 17, 1806.

Six Dollars Reward.

A BSCONDED from the subscriber, without any cause, a few days past, my negro man named WILL, twenty-eight years of age, about five feet six or eight inches high, he is a good butcher, and is very generally known; he formerly belonged to John Wells, deceased, of the city of Annapolis. I will give a Reward of Six Dollars if caught ten miles from home, and Three Dollars if taken within the vicinity of Annapolis. I forewarn all persons from harbouring or dealing with said negro, as I am determined to put the law in force against all such offenders.

DANIEL WELLS, jun.

Annapolis, May 19, 1806.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of the county aforesaid, letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the personal estate of ZACHARIAH DUVAL, sen. late of said county, deceased, therefore all persons who have claims against said estate are requested to produce the same, legally authenticated, and those indebted to the estate to make payment, to

ZACHARIAH DUVAL, Admr. w. A.

TAXES.

THE subscriber being again appointed collector of the taxes now due in Anne-Arundel county, earnestly requests that all persons concerned will be prepared to settle when called on; it will be considered a favour, who pay taxes to pay, if they will call and settle the same at the store of LEWIS DUVAL, in Annapolis.

ZACHARIAH DUVAL, Collector.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for Sale, at the Printing-Office,

(Price, One Dollar.)

The LAWS of MARYLAND,

Passed at November Session, 1805.

ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

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T, FEBRUARY TERM, 1806
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1806.

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H DUVAL, Admr. W. A.

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IAH DUVAL, Collector.

PUBLISHED,
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of MARYLAND,
November Session, 1805.

A P O L I S:
EDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

(LXIII YEAR.)

T H E

(No. 3100.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, JUNE 12, 1806.

Miscellany.

TIMON; OR, THE COMFORTS OF MARRIAGE.

POOR Timon rail'd, poor Timon swore,
The marriage knot he ne'er would tie;
Full many a summer had pass'd o'er,
Before the youth began to sigh.
Alas! poor Timon in his lure,
Began to think about his cure,
And he was right, you may be sure.

His Rosalinda often frown'd;
And bade her Timon hie away:
And she was pleas'd, whenever she found
That Timon rather chose to stay.
'Your love,' she cried, 'I can't endure';
But Timon thought her words a lure,
And he was right, you may be sure.

On wings of down time flew away,
When Hymen crown'd the simple pair;
A smiling race they now display;
The boys are strong, the girls are fair.
They laugh at grief, tho' they are poor;
For love, each hardship they endure,
And they are right, you may be sure.

But loon, alas! misfortune round
Her clouds of grief and sorrow threw:
Pale want and haggard care were found,
And hope, with fainting pinions flew.
But love, an angel at the door,
Still bade them smile, tho' they were poor,
And love was right, you may be sure.

And now, how sad they sat and sigh'd,
Each day of some dear joy bereft;
Their little smiling infant died,
And not one ray of hope was left;
Save that, in heaven burn love secure,
She blest him still, tho' he was poor,
And she was right, you may be sure.

Domestic love! celestial spark!
Still shall thy lasting flame survive;
When all around is still and dark,
Keep life's all changing scene alive.
They grieve no more, that they are poor;
In love they find out sorrow's cure,
And they are right, you may be sure.

The Story of Madam Villacerfe.

MADAM VILLACERFE, a French lady of noble Family, dignified character, and unblemished life, whose remarkable and tragic death was distinguished by an evenness of temper and greatness of mind, not usual in her sex, and equal to the most renowned heroes of antiquity. The short history of this excellent woman is, I believe, generally known, and will probably be recognized by many of my readers, but she is so striking an example of philosophic suffering, Christian fortitude, generous forbearance, and angelic love, without the least possible alloy of selfishness or sensuality, that the affecting circumstance cannot, in my opinion, be dwelt on too long, or repeated too often.

An early, a mutual affection, had taken place between this lady and Monsieur Festeau, a surgeon of eminence, in Paris, but, from the insurmountable obstacles which in those days (A. D. 1700,) so strictly guarded superior rank from intermingling with plebeian blood, all further intercourse was prevented, than animated civilities, when opportunity offered, and sifft but secret wishes. The lover would have perished, rather than by a rash proceeding, degrade the object of his tenderest affections in the eyes of her family and the world; and his mistress, taught by love, the omnipotent leveller of all distinctions, though she felt too powerfully the merit of her admirer, who in the scale of unprejudiced reason, far out-weighted a thousand fashionable pretenders to frivolous accomplishments and superficial attainment; resolved

To quit the object of no common choice,
In mild submission to stern duty's voice,
The much-lov'd man with all his claims resign,
And sacrifice delight at duty's shrine.

After some years passed in what may be called a delect, rather than a struggle of the passions; after a glorious victory of duty and honour, which surely affords a durable and exalted pleasure, far beyond the gratification of wild wishes and misguided appetites; Madam Villacerfe, from an indisposition which confined her to a chamber, but not to her bed, was, by the prescription of her physician, ordered to be bled. Festeau, as surgeon to the family, was sent for, and his countenance, as he entered the room, strongly exhibited the state of his mind. After gently touching her pulse, and a few professional questions, in a low,

hesitating voice, he prepared for the operation, by tucking up that part of a loose dress which covered her arm: an interesting business to a man of fine feelings, who had long laboured with the most ardent attachment to his lovely patient, whose illness diffused an irresistible softness over her features, and lighted up the embers of an affection, suppressed, but never extinguished.

Pressing the vein, in order to render it more prominent, he was observed to be seized with a sudden tremor, and to change his colour; this circumstance was mentioned to the lady, not without a fear, that it might prevent his bleeding her with his usual dexterity. On her observing, with a smile, that she confided entirely in Monsieur Festeau, and was sure he had no inclination to do her an injury, he appeared to recover himself, and smiling, or forcing a smile, proceeded to his work, which was no sooner performed, than he cried out, "I am the most unfortunate man alive, I have opened an artery instead of a vein."

It is not easy to describe his distraction, or her composure; in less than three days, the state of her arm, in consequence of the accident, rendered amputation necessary, when so far from using her unhappy surgeon with the pensive resentment of a base and little mind, she tenderly requested of him not to be absent from any consultation on the treatment of her case; ordered her will to be made, and, after her arm was taken off, symptoms appearing, which convinced Festeau and his associates, that less than four and twenty hours would terminate the existence of one who was an ornament to her sex. The voice, the looks, the stifled anguish of her lover, as well as her own feelings, convinced her of the approaches of death; an opinion, which her earnest and solemn entreaties, on a death bed, not to be disregarded, obliged her friends to confirm. A few hours before the awful moment of dissolution, that period which none can escape, and the fear of which bold men only affect to despise, she addressed the disconsolate surgeon in the following words:

"You give me inexpressible concern for the sorrow in which I see you overwhelmed, notwithstanding your kind efforts to conceal it. I am removing—to all intents and purposes, I am removed from the interests of human life, it is therefore highly incumbent on me to begin to think and act like one wholly unconcerned in it. I feel not the least repentment or displeasure on the present occasion. I do not consider you as one by whose error I have lost my life; I regard you, rather, as a benefactor, who have hastened my entrance into a blessed immortality. But the world may look on the accident which, on your account alone, I can call unfortunate, and mention it to your disadvantage; I have therefore provided, in my will, against every thing you may have to dread from the ill-will, the prejudices, or the selfish misrepresentations of mankind."

This pattern for Christians, this example for heroes, soon after expired. A judicial sentence, devoting his fortune to confiscation, and his body to exquisite tortures, could not have produced keener sensations of misery and horror, than Festeau felt during her address, which was an emanation of celestial benignity, an anticipating revelation, a divine ray from the spirit of that God who inspired and loved her, and in whose presence she was shortly to triumph and adore. But when he contemplated her exalted goodness and unparalleled magnanimity in suffering pain and mortal agonies, inflicted by an unhappy man, who, of all others, loved and doated on her most; when he saw her dying look, and heard that groan which is repeated no more; sick of the world, dispirited with human life and its vain pursuits, angry beyond forgiveness with himself, he sunk into the settled gloom and long melancholy of despair.

This is one of the many instances in which a little forethought, and a small share of prudence, would have prevented much serious evil and irretrievable calamity. I have said, in a former article, that love, though not curable by herbs, may be prevented by caution, and as it was impossible that Madam Villacerfe's relations could be entirely strangers to the partiality of Monsieur Festeau, they should indubitably have prevented all intercourse between the young people. The agitated frame and deranged appearance of her lover, observed previous to the catastrophe, by a gentleman nearly related to the lady, from whom I tell the story, pointed him out as the most improper man alive for medical or surgical assistance, which requires coolness, dexterity, a steady hand, and a collected mind.

In the sudden and disastrous accidents to which human life is, on every side, and during every moment exposed, it will frequently be found, that those connected to us by the nearest and dearest ties of blood, friendship or affection, are often, by those very circumstances, disqualified from affording us prompt and effectual relief, or even solace and comfort, in the common circumstances of life. The fond mother, whose

infant is a constant source of toil and occupation, which no one else would willingly submit to, and delight, which all must envy, on seeing it suddenly spring from her arms into a deep and rapid stream, would probably sink to the ground in a fainting fit or an hysterical convulsion, and be rendered, by the ardour of affection and the violence of her feelings, wholly unable to snatch her child from death. A bye-stander, perhaps a reprobate and a scoundrel, uninfluenced by philanthropy, love, or a sense of duty, and amply repaid by half a crown, with all his senses about him, would directly jump in, and, a stranger to the unmanageable ecstasies of a mother, restore the darling to her arms.

Law of the Union.

AN ACT

To regulate the laying out and making a road from Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, to the state of Ohio.

BE it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, three discreet and disinterested citizens of the United States, to lay out a road from Cumberland, or a point on the northern bank of the river Potomac, in the state of Maryland, between Cumberland and the place where the main-road leading from Gwynn's to Winchester, in Virginia, crosses the river, to the state of Ohio; whose duty it shall be, as soon as may be, after their appointment, to repair to Cumberland aforesaid, and view the ground from the points on the river Potomac herein-before designated, to the river Ohio, and to lay out in such direction as they shall judge, under all circumstances, the most proper, a road from thence to the river Ohio, to strike the same at the most convenient place, between a point on its eastern bank, opposite to the northern boundary of Steubenville, in said state of Ohio, and the mouth of Grave-creek, which empties into the said river, a little below Wheeling, in Virginia.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid road shall be laid out four rods in width, and designated on each side by a plain and distinguishable mark on a tree, or by the erection of a stake or monument, sufficiently conspicuous, in every quarter of a mile of the distance, at least where the road pursues a straight course so far or farther, and on each side, at every point where an angle occurs in its course.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners shall, as soon as may be, after they have laid out said road as aforesaid, present to the president an accurate plan of the same, with its several courses and distances, accompanied by a written report of their proceedings, describing the marks and monuments by which the road is designated and the face of the country over which it passes, and pointing out the particular parts which they shall judge require the most & immediate attention and amelioration, and the probable expence of making the same passable in the most difficult parts, and through the whole distance; designating the state or states through which said road has been laid out, and the length of the several parts which are laid out on new grounds, as well as the length of those parts laid out on the road now travelled: Which report the president is authorized to accept or reject, in the whole or in part: if he accepts, he is hereby further authorized and requested, to pursue such measures as in his opinion shall be proper, to obtain consent for making the road, of the state or states through which the same has been laid out: Which consent being obtained, he is further authorized to take prompt and effectual measures to cause said road to be made through the whole distance, or in any part or parts of the same, as he shall judge most conducive to the public good, having reference to the sum appropriated for the purpose.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That all parts of the road which the president shall direct to be made, in case the trees are standing, shall be cleared the whole width of four rods: and the road shall be raised in the middle of the carriage way, with stone, earth, or gravel and sand, or a combination of some of all of them, leaving or making, as the case may be, a ditch or water course on each side, and contiguous to said carriage way: and in no instance shall there be an elevation in said road, when finished, greater than an angle of five degrees with the horizon. But the manner of making said road, in every other particular, is left to the direction of the president.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That said commissioners shall each receive four dollars per day, while employed as aforesaid, in full for their compensation, including all expences. And they are hereby authorized to employ one surveyor, two chainmen and one marker, for whose faithfulness and accuracy they, the said commissioners, shall be responsible, to attend them

in laying out said road, who shall receive in full satisfaction for their wages, including all expenses, the surveyor three dollars per day, and each chainman and the marker one dollar per day, while they shall be employed in said business; of which fact, a certificate, signed by said commissioners shall be deemed sufficient evidence.

SECT. 6 And be it further enacted, That the sum of thirty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated to defray the expense of laying out and making said road. And the president is hereby authorized to draw from time to time on the treasury, for such parts, or at any one time for the whole of the said sum, as he shall judge the service requires. Which sum of thirty thousand dollars shall be paid, first out of the fund of two per cent. reserved for laying out and making roads to the state of Ohio, by virtue of the seventh section of an act passed on the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and two, entitled, "An act to enable the people of the eastern division of the territory north west of the river Ohio, to form a constitution and state government, and for the admission of such state into the union, on an equal footing with the original states, and for other purposes;" three per cent. of the appropriation contained in said seventh section, being directed by a subsequent law, to the laying out, opening and making roads within the said state of Ohio. And secondly, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, chargeable upon and re-imbursable at the treasury by said fund of two per cent. as the same shall accrue.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the president be, and he is hereby requested to cause to be laid before congress, as soon as convenience will permit, after the commencement of each session, a statement of the proceedings under this act, that congress may be enabled to adopt such further measures as may, from time to time, be proper, under existing circumstances.

NATHANIEL MACON,

Speaker of the house of representatives.
S. SMITH,

President of the senate, pro tem.

March 29, 1806.

APPROVED,

TH. JEFFERSON.

Boston, May 29.

ANNUAL ELECTION.

The legislature of this state, for the current year, met yesterday at the new state-house, and commenced its re-organization. After the administration, by his excellency governor Strong, of the qualifications required by the constitution, the house immediately proceeded to the election of its officers.

The candidates for the clerkship in the house, were N. Tillinghast, Esq; and Charles P. Sumner, Esq.

The whole number of votes 460.

For N. Tillinghast, (federal) 206

For C. P. Sumner, (democratic) 251

Mr. Sumner was accordingly declared to be elected.

The candidates for speaker were the hon. Timothy Bigelow, Esquire, and Perez Morton, Esquire.

Whole number of votes, 463.

For Mr. Bigelow, (federal) 204

For Mr. Morton, (democratic) 257

The latter gentleman was declared to be elected, and took the chair.

In the senate four several attempts were made in the forenoon to elect a president for that branch of the government; but they all proved ineffectual. The votes on each trial, being

For the hon. H. G. Otis, 18

For the hon. John Bacon, 19

And two scattering; of course there was no choice, the constitution requiring a majority of the whole number.

The difficulties which arose in this business, protracted the religious ceremonies of the day, until a very late hour. It was nearly two o'clock, when the procession reached the Old South Meeting-House. The tediousness of this delay was amply compensated by the rich display of piety and patriotism which succeeded in the very excellent address of the rev. Mr. Shepard, of Lenox.

The procession was escorted to and from the meeting house, by the independent company of Cadets, under the command of col. Apthorp.

In the afternoon, the two houses met agreeably to adjournment, at 4 o'clock, and further adjournment till 6 o'clock; when they again met and continued sitting until 9. The house proceeded in appointing their usual committees.

The senate resumed the business of the election of a president; but, as in the forenoon, the attempt was ineffectual. A motion was finally made, declaring that the eldest member should preside as president pro tem. until a choice could be made.

The votes were taken on this motion by yeas and nays, and stood thus:

Federal 19.

Democratic 19.

The chairman (hon. Mr. Bacon) who was the democratic candidate, after a few remarks, declared his vote in favour of himself. On this decision, a variety of debate ensued, on the constitutionality of this mode of procedure, and on the question whether the hon. chairman was the senior member in that body. A committee was at length appointed to ascertain and report who was the eldest member. An adjournment then took place until 10 o'clock this morning.

J. D. Dunbar, Esq; was elected clerk of the senate. The votes were for Mr. Davis, the former clerk, 19—for Mr. Dunbar, 20.

From the Mediterranean.

June 2.

Capt. Sawyer, arrived at this port from Leghorn, has furnished the annexed information:—

"The blockade of Naples by the English is said to have been declared at Palermo and Messina on the 28th of March. There were some apprehensions that the blockade of Leghorn would follow. The squadron off Sicily and Naples consists of 4 ships of the line, 10 frigates, and 21 brigs. The city of Gaeta opposed the entrance of the French, and is not yet taken; but besieged by them, and is supposed would surrender. The emperor Napoleon is soon expected at Rome to be made king of the Romans. The pope is to retire to Versailles on a pension. It is supposed the emperor will also make some changes in the government of Tuscany. A slight earthquake was experienced at Leghorn on the afternoon of the 16th of April.

We have seen letters from London, of a late date, which say, that the differences which have subsisted between the United States and Great Britain, are rapidly approaching to a happy conclusion; many of the points in dispute have been fully discussed and settled; among others, it was presumed, that the American flag would be suffered to protect its seamen, let them be of what country soever. This important point, as well as some others which relate to our commerce with the colonies of Great Britain, it was expected would form the basis of a commercial treaty between the two countries.

Captain Manton, arrived on Friday last, from Marseilles, in long. 64, lat. 42, was boarded from the Leander, capt. Whitby, and treated with great politeness. Capt. Whitby showed him the President's late proclamation, and expressed his regret at the unfortunate occasion of it, and said the accident was wholly unintentional, &c.

NEW-YORK, June 4.

Captain Bartlett, of the schooner Cornelia, arrived yesterday morning, in 19 days from Curacao, informs us, that previous to his departure from that island, he saw a letter from Porto-Cavallo, stating that 2 schooners, belonging to the expedition under gen. Miranda, were captured by two Spanish frigates and several gun-boats, after an engagement of two hours, and were carried into Porto-Cavallo. The letter stated also, that several of the persons from New-York were on board the schooners when captured, among whom was the son of col. Smith. The Leander had put into Bonaire for water and provisions. We have not been able to learn the date of the letter.

Capt. Zuill, informs us, that before his departure, a Danish schooner had arrived at Curacao, which had spoken Miranda's ship, the Leander, at Bonaire, on the 15th of May.

Too important.

June 5.

The following extract of a letter from capt. Dawson, of the ship Olive, dated Laguaira, May 4, confirms the news of the capture of gen. Miranda's two schooners, and gives other particulars not heretofore received; and which, coming from a respectable source, we are inclined to believe is correct. The letter was received yesterday by the schooner William, in 13 days from St. Thomas.

The Extract.

"General Miranda has made a great deal of noise at this place. A few days ago a man of war brig and schooner were sent in pursuit of him. The day after they left this place, they fell in with the Leander and 2 schooners, and after a short action, they captured the schooners. The Leander made sail and got off. The schooners have arrived at Porto-Cavallo. Young Smith is on board one of the schooners; he and 8 of the principal officers are ordered up to Carracas."

The Olive was to sail for New-York in ten days after the date of capt. Dawson's letter, and may be hourly expected.

The French privateer schooner La Creole, of six guns and 76 men, which, in the month of November last, captured off Charleston bar, the British ship Ethel, bound from that port for Liverpool, and whose crew behaved with such unparalleled barbarity to the unfortunate men belonging to that ship, after they had surrendered, was captured on the 21st of April, off Tortugas, by the British brig Reindeer, of 18 guns, and carried into Port-Royal, Jamaica, on the 25th.

We learn from Jamaica papers, which we have received to the 10th of May, that the ship Leander, capt. Lewis, with two schooners, her tenders, from Jacquemel, having on board gen. Miranda, 28 staff officers, and about 270 men, touched at Aruba, on the 10th of April, and sailed again on the 16th for Carracas, accompanied by the schooner Echo, of Kingston. It is stated that gen. Miranda was provided with the insignia of the ancient Peruvians, (a sun and highly marked rainbow) brilliantly displayed on his standards, and expected to find a strong party to join him in the scheme of revolutionizing the South-American colonies.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.

Extract of a letter from New-York, dated June 1.

"Captain Rea, from the Ile of France, informs, that there were thirteen British ships of the line lying at St. Jago. He also informs, that the latter end of March, the British ship London, and a frigate, engaged the ship Marengo, admiral Linois, and the frigate Bellepool; and, after an engagement of three hours, took them. Sir J. B. Warren, with seven

fail of the line then in sight. The captured vessels were carried to St. Jago, and put in commission.

"It was said the French ships had on board property of immense value.

"We learn, verbally, by the schooner Traveller, from Curacao, that Miranda's two schooners had been captured on the Maine by a Spanish brig—and that Miranda, in the Leander, had afterwards a severe engagement with a Spanish sloop of war, and beat her off; after which he stood to windward.

"It is said letters have been received in town which state, positively, that Miranda has landed on the Spanish Maine at a place called Como, without meeting with any opposition. The sch. Bee is on her way with dispatches from Miranda, and is hourly expected here."

BALTIMORE, June 4.

On the non-contagiousness of the Yellow Fever.

We present to our readers the following extract from "The Medical and Physical Journal," of London, for the month of March, 1806:

To the Editors of the Medical and Physical Journal, GENTLEMEN,

My friend Dr. Rush, of Philadelphia, has in his new edition of his Medical Enquiries and Observations, retracted his former opinion respecting the contagious nature of the yellow fever; and being desirous of making this retraction as public as possible, he has requested me to obtain the insertion of the following extract from his preface in one of the periodical works of this country. If you will have the goodness to give it a place in your valuable journal, my friend's object will be accomplished, and you will much oblige yours, &c.

L. J. JARDINE.

Liverpool, Feb. 10, 1806.

"In the fourth volume, the reader will find a retraction of the author's former opinion of the yellow fever's spreading by contagion. He begs forgiveness of the friends of science and humanity, if the publication of that opinion has had any influence in increasing the misery and mortality attendant upon that disease. Indeed such is the pain he feels, in recollecting that he ever entertained or propagated it, that it will long, and perhaps always deprive him of the pleasure he might otherwise have derived from a review of his attempts to fulfil the public duties of his profession."

June 7.

A gentleman informed us this morning, that the same destructive species of the Caterpillar, as that which has committed such ravages to the leewardward, has made its appearance, in countless numbers, on Elk-Ridge, in a field of wheat belonging to him. He is of opinion that if they attack the stalk or head of the wheat, with the same rapacity they have the blade, that out of 600 bushels with which he was tantalized with the prospect, he will not be able to cut a single bushel. It has also made its appearance in other neighbouring fields, but the extent of the actual or probable mischief, is not yet ascertained.

We saw and discoursed with two gentlemen this evening from the Eastern-Shore, who gave us the most distressing account of the ravages committed upon the young wheat, corn, "and every other green thing," common white clover excepted, by a species of caterpillar, whose numbers are numberless, and whose depredations are incalculable. The industrious farmer beholds the labours of the season rendered, in many instances, abortive by the events of a single night.

These insects are represented as being so numerous, that, in many places, it is impossible to walk without crushing thousands of them to death. The ground is literally covered with them. When and where the calamity will terminate no man knoweth.

NORFOLK, May 31.

In addition to what we published a few days ago of the destructive effects of the Caterpillar, in Princess-Anne county, we have the following: by two gentlemen who left Richmond on Monday last, we are informed that the Caterpillar is making great ravages about Richmond, that its appearance is not general throughout the country, but wherever it comes, the whole vegetable kingdom is destroyed, and the face of the earth at a distance has the appearance of being destroyed by fire—the insect is perhaps the same which in some parts is called the canker worm; and a gentleman near Petersburg, assured our informant, that within a short time he had lost a field of wheat, which was estimated to produce 4000 bushels, had not the Caterpillar totally destroyed it.

EASTON, (Maryland) June 3.

Caterpillar or striped Worm.

During the last week, an insect resembling that of the Caterpillar, tho' smooth, have made their appearance in number to exceed any thing in the remembrance of our oldest inhabitants—they were first discovered on lots of wheat in the neighbourhood of this town, some of which they have stripped almost entirely of its blades, and have attacked the heads, which is yet soft; and some alarming specimens of their partial, and entire destruction of the clover, have been witnessed—the grass, so far as they have advanced, has been entirely destroyed—corn does not escape them, the most vulnerable part (the bud) is their immediate resort, which has induced some farmers to lay off their ground and re-plant. In different parts of the country we are informed whole flocks are laid under contribution by them. They retire from the head of the wheat during the heat of the day, but return when the sun is obscured. Their size vary from one quarter to an inch and an half in length.

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Maryland Gazette

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Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, June 12, 1806.

* THE subscriber is compelled, once
more, to request all persons indebted for the
Maryland Gazette, Advertisements, &c. to
make payments of their respective balances.
Legal measures must be taken against all
those who refuse or neglect to comply with
this request.

F. GREEN.

Annapolis, May, 1806.

ATTENTION!

* A meeting of the Volunteer Compa-
ny of Infantry is requested on Saturday next,
the 14th inst. at three o'clock, P. M. at the
usual parade ground, in complete uniform.
June 12, 1806.

Captain Pratt, arrived at New-York, from St.
Thomas, informs that two days before he sailed infor-
mation was received of four French frigates having
taken possession of Porto-Rico. They had been lying
there some time, and took a favourable opportunity of
making themselves masters of the place, and hoisting
the tri-colored flag.

Captain Lowth, of the schooner Sukey and Peggy,
arrived at Philadelphia, in 17 days from Curacao, says
it was reported at that place, that the persons cap-
tured by the Spaniards in Miranda's schooners, had
been executed.

Capt. Holmes, from Surinam, (arrived at N. York)
was boarded on the 10th ult. in lat. 18, long. 61, by
5 French 74's and 2 frigates, full of men. After
robbing Capt. H. of a great quantity of small stores,
he was permitted to proceed. Capt. Ledit, from
Guadaloupe, on the 12th inst. off St. Martins, was
boarded also, by 4 French frigates, one of which was
the Hermoine.

A letter has been received at New-York from Lis-
bon, dated 15th April, which mentions, that "the
French frigate Topaz, of 44 guns, sailed that morn-
ing, after being blockaded there 5 months. In the
afternoon, she was captured by a British frigate, about
5 leagues from the Rock, after an action of 3 hours."

Of Spain and Portugal.

The letters brought by the Lisbon mail were deliv-
ered this morning. A general apprehension appears
to prevail in Portugal that some attempt against the
independence of that country will be made by Spain.
The emperor of the French, it was reported, had de-
termined to annex part of the Spanish territory to his
dominions, for the loss of which Spain is to be in-
demnified by the acquisition of a considerable part, if
not the whole, of Portugal. The Spanish provinces
which Buonaparte is desirous of obtaining, are those
of Biscay and Galicia, within which are comprised
the ports of Bithna, St. Sebastian, Ferrol, Corunna
and Vigo. When the packet left Lisbon, Spanish
troops were expected there, and it was reported that
all these ports were shut against neutrals. The Por-
tuguese government was to be transferred to the Bra-
zil.

That Buonaparte should be anxious to possess the
whole of the territories which skirt the bay of Biscay,
is natural enough, and, fatal as such an arrangement
may prove to Spain, we fear there is neither energy
nor disposition in her government to resist it. We
are sure that if Biscay and Galicia are surrendered
to France, the Spanish monarchy will not outlive
their formal occupation half a year; or, if it should,
the authority of the king will not be greater in his
capital than that actually enjoyed by the Pope at
Rome.—[Lon. paper.]

The French journals (says the Norfolk Ledger) are
very severe on the Batavian government, on account
of the capture of the Cape of Good-Hope, which they
do not hesitate to impute to treachery or imbecility,
but chiefly to the former, the more so as the *Moni-
teur* affects, that the emperor offered to send some
French troops to garrison the town and defend the set-
tlement, which the Batavian government declined to
accept. The general to whom the Batavian govern-
ment entrusted this important settlement, (say these
French journals) was a partisan in the house of Orange,
and was wounded in the commencement of the revo-
lution fighting against France.

NAPOLKON, King of the Romans.—We are in-
formed, says the New-York Daily Advertiser, that a
letter from Bourdeaux, to a gentleman in this city,
dated April 23, states that a meeting of *Federative
States* is to take place, for the purpose of declaring
Buonaparte "King of the Romans." The cere-
monial of his installation is to be performed with great
pomp; all the kings, princes, dukes, &c. &c. subject
to the French emperor, have received orders to attend
in their proper persons. The letter further states,
that the pope is to continue in the exercise of his
spiritual function only; to receive a pension, and that
he is to reside in France; the particular place of his
residence, has not, however, yet transpired.
This, no doubt, is the object of the meeting of the
Federative States, alluded to in the *Expose* of the
Moniteur.

Extract of a letter from our correspondent, dated
Nantes, April 15, 1806.

"About three weeks since there appeared in many
of the Paris papers an article stating that the Ameri-
can minister had received an order from the govern-
ment to be more circumspect in his expressions relative
to the government of France. This, the French govern-
ment say, was inserted without their knowledge; but
every body knows no paper can go to press without
each article being first exhibited to the police.—
Again, about ten days ago, in almost all the papers
it was asserted, that the American minister was at
Amsterdam, embarking for his own country. All
the world regards these as broad hints for general
Armstrong to walk off." [N. Y. Eve. Post.]

Miranda.—Letters received in town render it no
longer questionable that Miranda has been met with
by a very considerable Spanish force, and suffered a
partial defeat. The force sent against him consisted
of two brigs of 16 guns each, and from ten to 14
gun-boats, well manned. After a severe engagement
of three hours, the two schooners which Miranda had
with him, were obliged to strike their colours. The
crews are now in prison at Carracass. What their
fate will be is uncertain. The Leander, commanded
by captain Lewis, and in which Miranda was himself,
succeeded in beating the enemy off: After which he
made her way to Bonaire. It is expected Miranda,
before this time, will have fallen in with the frigate
sent to his assistance by admiral Cochrane; that they
will rendezvous at Trinidad, and then proceed on their
contemplated expedition. [Ibid.]

Easton, June 10.

Yesterday being the day for the meeting of the
Court of Appeals for the Eastern Shore of this State,
in this town—the following gentlemen appeared, qual-
ified, and took their seats, viz.

James Tilghman,
William Polke,
Joseph H. Nicholson,
John Buchanan, and
John M. Gantt, Esquires.

Jeremiah T. Chase, did not appear, we understand
from indisposition—after appointing a crier, the court
adjourned till 4 o'clock, for the appointment of their
clerk—there being two candidates, no decision took
place, and the court adjourned to this morning 9
o'clock. Under an act of assembly, the late clerk of
the general court officiates.

James Earle, jun. and Charles Gibson, Esqrs. we
understand are the two candidates for the clerkship of
the Court of Appeals, for this Shore, on the choice of
which, we have reasons to believe, the court is di-
vided; and it is more than probable that no decision
(by the court) will take place previous to the meeting
of the next Legislature.

NOTICE.

The subscriber will offer to PUBLIC SALE, on
Thursday, the 26th instant, at his dwelling, on
Severn, six miles from Annapolis, and three from
the Black Horse, nearly on the Baltimore road,

ONE valuable negro woman, aged 26 years, she
is an excellent house servant, also a good hand
on a plantation, one negro man, aged 18 years, a
very well disposed fellow, and an excellent hand on a
farm, one negro boy, aged 9 years, well grown, a
very smart active boy to wait in a house. None of
the above slaves are sold for any fault whatever.
The sale to commence at 12 o'clock, for cash.

WILLIAM JOYCE.

June 4, 1806.

THE subscriber will SELL, on moderate terms,
thirty-nine tracts of LAND, situate in Wayne
county, Pennsylvania, containing from 300 to 450
acres each tract, clear of allowance for roads. Pur-
chasers may be accommodated with a single tract, or
part of a tract. These lands are mostly situate near
the river Delaware, and generally heavily timbered:
immense quantities of lumber go from them to the
Philadelphia market. There is a ready sale for all
kinds of produce at Milford, within five miles of
those lands, and the mills in the neighbourhood; last
year's wheat sold at from 11s. 3d. to 12s. 6d. and
corn, the average price, about a dollar. Those two
articles are produced in great abundance. Any per-
son inclining to purchase may be informed of further
particulars, by applying to the proprietor, at Anna-
polis, or to Mr. JAMES BARTON, of Milford, agent
for the care of those lands, and payment of taxes
which have been regularly made.

JOHN GIBSON.

Annapolis, June 8, 1806.

A MEETING of the SOCIETY of the CINCIN-
NATI will be held, at Mr. Evans's tavern, in
the city of Baltimore, on Friday, the fourth of July
next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, agreeably to
their last adjournment. The members of said society
are requested to give their attendance.

By order,

ROBT. DENNY, Sec'y.

Annapolis, June 10, 1806.

For Sale,

A VALUABLE pair of carriage HORSES, to-
gether a well matched, and remarkably true to
the draught, well calculated for a family.

JOHN GIBSON.

Annapolis, May 19, 1806.

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

STANZAS.

BY MRS. ROBINSON.

THE chilling gale that nipp'd the rose,
Now murmuring links to soft repose;
The shadowy vapours sail a way,
Upon the silv'ry floods of day;
Health breathes on ev'ry face I see,
But ah! she breathes no more on me!

The woodbine waits in odors meek,
To kiss the rose's glowing cheek;
Pale twilight sheds her vagrant show'rs,
To wake Aurora's infant flow'rs;
May smiles on ev'ry face I see,
But ah! she smiles no more on me!

Perchance, when youth's delicious bloom
Shall fade unheeded in the tomb,
Fate may direct a daughter's eye
To where my mould'ring relics lie;
And touch'd by sacred sympathy,
The eye may drop a tear for me!

Betray'd by love; of hope bereft;
No gentle gleam of comfort left;
Bow'd by the hand of sorrow low;
No pitying friend to weep my woe;
Save her who spard by heav'n's decree,
Shall live to sigh and think on me!

Oh! I would wander where no ray
Breaks thro' the gloom of doubtful day,
There would I court the wintry hour,
The lingering dawn, the midnight show'r;
For cold and comfortless shall be
Each future scene—ordain'd for me!

NOTICE.

SOMETIME past publicly requested all those
who are indebted to THOMAS LANSDALE,
deceased, to come forward and settle their respective
balances, and those to whom he is owing to present
their accounts for payment; I find that the adver-
tisement so far has had but little effect, I therefore,
once more, and positively for the last time, give notice,
that those who are owing the deceased, either by
bond, note, or open account, do not make payment
before the first day of September next, or give satis-
factory security, shall be compelled by law, and those
to whom he is indebted who do not present their ac-
counts before that time, shall be excluded from pay-
ment, if in my power.

WILLIAM M. LANSDALE, Agent
for CORNELIA LANSDALE.

Those who have accounts against Cornelia Lan-
sdale are also requested to present them to me imme-
diately for payment.

Queen-Anne, June 1, 1806.

Whip, Cane and Spectacle Manufactory.

Anderfon and Jefferies.

At their Maryland paper-mill warehouse,
No. 66, Market-street, Baltimore.

HAVE always on hand an extensive assortment
of WHIPS, CANES and SPECTACLES.
Also, blank and printed books; different qualities of
printing and writing paper; fine stationery, &c. &c.
which they will sell wholesale and retail at reduced
prices.

N. B. Bookbinding of every description executed
in the neatest style—Blank books made to any given
pattern. Baltimore, April 21, 1806.

NOTICE.

Will be sold, to the highest bidder, on Friday, the
12th day of September next, if fair, if not, the
first fair day afterwards, unless disposed of at pri-
vate sale before the 1st of September, in which case
public notice will be given.

ALL that tract of LAND called *Stepney*, lying
and being in Anne-Arundel county, five miles
from Annapolis, containing eight hundred and thirty-
five acres; the improvements on this farm are con-
siderable, with many great advantages, there are se-
veral good orchards on it, with the choicest fruits of
every kind; its situation almost immediately upon
South river ensures always good fish and oysters, and
at the head of a creek, which bounds the farm on one
side, is a considerable portion of excellent meadow
ground. It would be too tedious more minutely to
describe this land, as a person wishing to purchase
would view the premises. One third of the purchase-
money must be paid in hand, and a liberal credit,
with approved security, will be given for the balance.
Any person desirous of purchasing at private sale will
make application to the subscriber, at Port-Tobacco,
Charles county. An unexceptionable title will be
given to the purchaser, and possession of the premises
on the first day of January, 1807.

ROBERT C. STONE.

Port-Tobacco, March 13, 1806.

The subscriber requests the printers of the
Telegraph and Federal Gazette in Baltimore, Wash-
ington Federalist, and Frederick-town Herald, to in-
sert the above advertisement in their several papers
until countermanded, and send on their accounts di-
rected to this place for payment.

In pursuance of a decree of the court of chancery, the subscriber will offer, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on the twenty-fourth day of June next, at the hour of eleven o'clock,

PART of a tract of land called **WELCH POOL**, containing seventy-four and an half acres, lying in Calvert county, near Lyon's Creek, and now in possession of Mr. Lewis Griffith; this land is well calculated for tobacco, corn, or small grain.

At the same time and place will be offered for sale, one undivided moiety of ninety acres of marsh land, lying on Patuxent river, opposite the town of Nottingham.

The above-mentioned lands were formerly the property of Samuel Griffith, by him devised to Anne Griffith, and which descended to her heirs.

The terms of sale are, that the purchaser is to give bond to the trustee for paying the purchase money, with interest, within fifteen months, and on the ratification and confirmation by the chancellor of the sale, and on the receipt of the purchase money, the trustee will convey to the purchaser, in fee simple, all the right, title and estate, which was in the said Samuel Griffith and Anne Griffith, or either of them, and which might be vested in their heirs or devisees, or in the heirs or devisees of either of them, in the said land, claiming under the said Samuel or Anne.

The creditors of Samuel Griffith are desired to bring into the chancery court their claims against him, with the vouchers thereof, on or before the twenty-fourth day of December next.

REZIN ESTEP, Trustee.

May 27, 1806.

NOTICE.

LITTLE respect being paid to my former application to those indebted to me by bond, note, or open account, I am again induced to call on them for a discharge of their respective balances, and at the same time assure them, that unless discharged before the first day of August next, I shall bring suit without respect to persons. I shall give my attendance at my house, in the city of Annapolis, on Wednesday in every week, for the purpose of settling with those who may wish to avoid a suit by their compliance.

June 4, 1806. **JAMES MACKUBIN.**

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, by the subscribers, on Friday, the 27th instant, at the late dwelling of JOHN THOMAS, of the county aforesaid, deceased,

PART of his personal estate, consisting of several valuable negroes, horses, cattle, and household furniture. The property will be sold on a credit of nine months, the purchaser or purchasers giving bond, with approved security, with interest, from the day of sale. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock. It is requested, that all those who have claims against said estate will bring them in on the day of sale, so that they may be made known.

**SARAH THOMAS, } Administrators.
PHILIP J. THOMAS, }**

Mrs. JONES,

At the house next below Mr. Nicholas Brewer, **RESPECTFULLY** informs the ladies of Annapolis, that her **SCHOOL** will commence on the ninth instant, wherein will be taught reading, writing, grammar, and arithmetic, also plain sewing, marking, open, tambour, and various kinds of ornamental needle work. Mrs. Jones pledges herself that every attention necessary to the improvement of those intrusted to her care shall be strictly attended to. Terms of tuition, for small children in the first rudiments of learning, three dollars per quarter, for those further advanced, four dollars per quarter.

Annapolis, June 4, 1806.

City Tavern.

Annapolis, June 4, 1806.

THE subscriber wishes to hire, for one year, a **NEGRO WOMAN**, to do the duty of washing and ironing, to whom good wages will be given.

JOHN GWINN, Jun.

In CHANCERY, June 3, 1806.

ORDERED, That the sale made by **NICHOLAS BREWER**, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Godfrey Frye, mortgaged to John Turner, as stated in his report, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the 12th day of July next, provided a copy of this order be inserted three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 28th instant.

The report states, that part of a tract of land called *The Second Resurvey on Part of Brashears's Pocoson*, containing sixty-eight acres, was sold for twenty shillings per acre.

True copy,
Test. **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,**
Reg. Cur. Can.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Annapolis, a bright mulatto man named **NACE**, he went off on Sunday morning, the 25th inst. had on a blue coat and pantaloons, and one or two suits of cloaths with him; he is about five feet eight inches high, stout and well made, and has lost one of his upper fore teeth. It is supposed he has some relations living in Old-town, Baltimore, in which part of the city he may likely be found. The above reward will be given for securing him in any gaol, so that I get him again.

May 31, 1806. **ELIZABETH YOUNG.**

NOTICE.

BY virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to SALE, on Thursday, the nineteenth day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the late dwelling-house of **JAMES ROYSTON**, deceased, known by the sign of General Washington, in the city of Annapolis, and where captain Archibald Golder, formerly resided, sundry turners and wheelwrights tools, turning lathes, with all their appendages.

At the same time will be sold, one young negro man, aged about twenty years. The terms of sale CASH.

**MARGARET ROYSTON, Administratrix
of JAMES ROYSTON.**

Annapolis, May 27, 1806.

P. S. I wish all persons to come forward with their accounts against the estate, and all persons indebted to the estate of James Royston aforesaid, are requested to make payment of their accounts, on or before the twenty-fifth day of August next, otherwise they will be dealt with according to law, without respect of persons.

Fire Insurance.

THE Subscriber having received power and instructions from the Phoenix insurance company of London, is fully authorized to effect insurance on Houses, Buildings, Stores and Ships in harbours, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, in any part of the State of Maryland, from loss or damage by fire, on terms so moderate, as will it is presumed, make it the interest of all to resort to a measure so well calculated to give additional security to commercial transactions, and to afford protection from the injury which fires have so often occasioned.

In this office no insured person is liable to any call to make good the losses of others, but in case of fire, the sufferer will be fully indemnified, with that liberality and promptness which have always distinguished this company, requiring no other delay, even where presumption of fraud appears, than is necessary to distinguish the honest sufferer from the fraudulent incendiary.

As a proof of the usefulness of this institution, and the benefit that individuals have derived from it, it is only necessary to state, that since the commencement of the Office, in 1782, near seven million of dollars have been paid to claimants upon their policies. The Company's printed proposals, and the conditions, on which insurance can be effected, will be delivered by me gratis to any applicant, at the Marine Insurance Office, in Second-street, where orders for insurance, will be immediately attended to by **DAVID STEWART, Agent**

For the Phoenix Insurance Co. London, within the State of Maryland.

Note, The Company have Agents at New-York, Philadelphia, Charleston, Savanna and New-Orleans persons having property in these places are referred to the respective agents.

Baltimore, May 21.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners of the Tax for Anne-Arundel county will meet, at the city of Annapolis, on the third Monday of June next, and will sit from day to day for twenty days thereafter, to hear appeals and make transfers.

May 22, 1806.

In CHANCERY, May 28, 1806.

ORDERED, That the sale made by **THOMAS HUCHANAN**, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Thomas D. Merrick, deceased, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the third day of July next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in the Maryland Gazette three times before the 20th day of June next.

The report states, that 383 acres of land, lying in Charles county, sold for the sum of £. 1938 18 9.

Test. **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,**
Reg. Cur. Can.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the county court of Saint-Mary's county, at August term, 1806, for the benefit of an act of insolvency, passed at November session, 1805, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.

ROBERT CHESLEY.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the county court of Anne-Arundel, on the third Monday of July next, to extend to him the benefit of the act of assembly, passed at November session, 1805, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.

Annapolis, May 2, 1806.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the county court of Anne-Arundel, on the third Monday of July next, to extend to him the benefit of the act of assembly, passed at November session, 1805, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.

South river, May 17, 806.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, once more, requests all persons indebted to him to call and settle before the first day of August next, otherwise suits will be commenced.

RICHARD HARWOOD, of Treas.
May 19, 1806.

Treasury Department.

WASHINGTON, May 3, 1806.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT sealed proposals will be received by the treasurer of the United State, as agent for the commissioners of the sinking fund, until the 13th day of June next inclusive, for the purchase of the following species of the public debt, viz. Eight per cent. old six per cent. and deferred six per cent. stocks, with the dividends payable on the first of July next off.

Such persons as may be desirous of contracting for the sale of any portion of the above-mentioned stocks, are requested to transmit their proposals, sealed up, under cover to the subscriber, specifying therein the unredeemed amount and species of said stocks, and the lowest price they will accept for the same; which proposals will be opened on the 14th day of June next, in the manner directed by law.

In all cases where the terms are approved of, payment will be made immediately after the stocks thus purchased shall have been transferred to the subscriber, in trust for the United States.

TH. T. TUCKER,
Treas. Un. States.

In CHANCERY, May 29, 1806.

ON the petition of **JOHN GWINN**, to rescind and set aside a sale, made under a decree of this court, of the real estate of the heirs of Charles White, on account of the purchase money not being paid by the purchaser, John Haslep, of William, which sale has been ratified and confirmed: it is ordered, that the said petition be heard on the 16th day of June next, unless the said purchase money be paid before that time, with interest from the time when it was due, provided that a copy of this order be inserted two weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

True copy,
Test. **SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,**
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE.

By virtue of a decree of the High Court of Chancery, will be Sold, at Public Auction, on the premises, at twelve o'clock, on the first day of July next, if fair, if not, on the first fair day thereafter,

THE dwelling plantation of the late **RICHARD WILLIAMS**, deceased, situate in Prince-George's county, about fourteen or fifteen miles from the city of Washington, and about twenty-five from the city of Annapolis; this plantation contains about three hundred acres, well calculated for farming or planting, with a sufficient quantity of woodland for its support. The improvements are inconsiderable, consisting of an old log dwelling-house and a tobacco-house. It is presumed any person inclined to purchase will view the property previous to the sale. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall give bond, with approved security, for paying one third part of the purchase money, with interest, within six months, one third, with interest, within two years, and the residue, with interest, within three years from the time of sale; and on the ratification of the sale, and on payment of the purchase money, the trustee will convey to the purchaser.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS, Trustee.

May 14, 1806.

Anne-Arundel County Court,

APRIL TERM, 1806.

ON application to the justices of the said county court, by petition, in writing, of **JONATHAN WATERS**, of said county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, on the terms mentioned in the said act, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed by the said act, being annexed to his petition, and the said county court being satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Jonathan Waters has resided the two preceding years prior to the passage of the said act within the state of Maryland; and the said Jonathan Waters, at the time of presenting his petition as aforesaid, having produced to the said court the assent in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered by the said court, that the said Jonathan Waters, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette once a week, until the third Monday in July next, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, at the court-house of Anne-Arundel county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the said third Monday in July next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, on the said Jonathan Waters's then and there taking the oath by the said act provided for delivering up his property.

Signed by order,
NICH: HARWOOD, Clk.
A. A. County Court.

May 2, 1806.

JACOB'S LAW DICTIONARY.

Subscriptions for this valuable work, now printing in Philadelphia, in two volumes, 4to, price 20 dollars, in boards, received at the printing-office.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by **FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.**

Department,
WASHINGTON, May 3, 1806.
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Maryland Gazette.

HARVEY HOWARD,
r. Can.

TICE.

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M WILLIAMS, Trustee.

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TERM, 1806.

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far as he can ascertain them,
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county court being satisfied, by
that the said Jonathan Waters
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to them the amount of two
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AW DICTIONARY.

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A POLIS:

DERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

(LXIII YEAR.)

T H E

(No. 3101.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, JUNE 19, 1806.

Miscellany.

From the Boston Magazine.

[The following lines were occasioned by observing in a late publication an account of the infancy of Mrs. Radcliffe, author of the Italian, Mysteries of Udolpho, Romances of the Forest, &c. &c.]

THE WRECK OF REASON.

WOULD your imagination stray;
To scenes of horror make its way;
Would it from sorrow take its flight;
From scenes of pleasure, to affright;
Would it, reluctant, slowly creep,
And o'er the WRECK OF REASON weep;
—Hither come, ye blithe and gay;
Come, and throw your mirth away.
Weeping beauty, hither lie,
And o'er the ruin breathe a sigh:
Come and see, ye giddy vain,
A sadder sight than "CRAZY JANE."

The tender heart, the liberal mind;
The soul by sentiment refin'd;
The modest mien, the graceful air,
Are gone, and all is ruin there:
The matchless whole, divinely grac'd,
Is chang'd into chaotic waste;
The timid mind, with terror fated,
Starts at the phantoms it created.

—See the MANIAC's ghastly stare!
See her loose, dishevell'd hair!
See her wildly rolling eyes,
Distorted form, and piercing cries!
See the trembles, writhes and groans,
And fills the air with piteous moans!
—O Radcliffe! this at last thy fate,
To sink to such a dreadful state!
See the thunders, starts and raves,
Of grinning ghosts and gaping graves,
Of antique arms, and haunted halls,
Of tottering turrets, mould'ring walls,
The fulgent crows, the monkish cowl,
The raven's flap, the boding owl,
The warning knell, the mystic roll,
With horror strike her frenzied soul.
The murky vault's terrific gloom,
The echoes from the dismal tomb,
The quiv'ring pall, the crimson'd knife,
All gory with the blood of life,
The secret cell, the glimm'ring light,
The putrid corse, the slitting sprite,
The pendant chain, the magic theft,
With terror fills her frantic breast.

No more she'll pen the fairy dream,
The awful, yet the pleasing theme;
No more pourtray, with matchless art,
To frighten, yet delight the heart;
Genius in her, has left the throne,
And madness now usurps alone,
Let frozen souls precise and nice,
Call her the native child of vice;
Let torpid spirits dry and stale,
Affect to startle and bewail,
A potent reason all may bring,
They in her moral find a sting—
Even savage minds to feeling dead,
And icy hearts by virtue led,
When pitying death relieves her woe,
And lays the hapless victim low,
Might come, and on the maniac's bier,
Shed pensive pity's foster'd tear.

T. P.

From a late French paper.
THE Celtic Academy, at Paris, at one of its late meetings, submitted to the test an ingenious contrivance of one of its members, which communicates the faculty of corresponding and conversing with persons of whose language you are entirely ignorant, without any preliminary study, without expence, embarrassment, or the least mental exertion. It was tried by 25 academicians on the European languages, and this trial demonstrated, that by means of this discovery a person may travel wherever he pleases without an interpreter, that he may ask for every thing he wants, converse on every kind of subject interesting to a traveller, and even express metaphysical ideas. This process is intended to be made public.

EXTRACTS.

A GOOD book is the best of friends: you can entertain yourself pleasantly with that, when you have not a friend in whom you may confide.
A good heart will, at all times, betray the best head in the world.
I find increasing years cause me to esteem fewer people—yet to hear with more.

For the MARYLAND GAZETTE.

"Pro aris et fatis."

A citizen of Washington county made an attempt in a late Maryland Herald, published at Hagers-Town, to arrest the public attention, with a view of inducing his brother voters to pause, and employ serious thought on a practice, which has been introduced among us within a few years last past; and which if not promptly opposed, must in its effects establish an high-toned aristocracy ere long in the state of Maryland. It is hoped, that every voter whose principles are in unison with the spirit which animated the American people on the 4th July, 1776, will calmly, dispassionately, and seriously reflect, and calculate consequences—the practice alluded to is, the appointment of delegates to the general assembly, electors of the senate, and sheriffs, by a set of men calling themselves a republican committee. Republican committee men have not, as far as can be discovered, after diligent examination, ever been chosen by a majority of the voters, for whom committee men have presumed to elect (nomination is election) delegates, electors and sheriffs; and even if a solitary instance could be adduced in contradiction thereto, it would be of no avail; because the elective franchise cannot, in a constitutional point of view, be delegated by a voter to any body of men: a voter being bound by every tie, moral as well as political, ipso facto absolutely to exercise the elective franchise (vote) agreeable to his own ideas of propriety; and not puppet-like (most abominable) to be danced by Punch behind the curtain.

VOX POPULI.

Annapolis, June 11, 1806.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

The following remarks conclude a Speech made by Mr. Fox, in the British house of commons, in defence to the military plans of Mr. Windham. After noticing generally the arguments of opposition, "Mr. Fox proceeded to the prospect before us; and looking to our situation, as compared with that of the formidable enemy with whom we had to contend, without an ally in Europe to strike a single blow for us, he owned that he should be disposed to recommend an increase of our public force, even beyond what could be borne with facility. He feared there were no hopes to be entertained of speedily attaining such a peace as might relieve us from the necessity of keeping up that force. But if neither peace could be obtained upon honourable terms, nor means found by force to circumscribe the enemy within reasonable limits, the country must come to this dreadful option—either we must lock ourselves up within our insular situation, abandoning all interference with the continent,

Divisos orbe Britannos,

or we must continue the struggle fighting up hill, with the best prospects our means and exertions could afford of ultimately bringing the contest to an honourable issue. Our situation was such, that whatever the expence might be, we must have a British army somewhere; in case of invasion, which he was one of those who did not think very probable, we should be likewise defended by a powerful marine. However, supposing invasion to take place, he reprobated the idea of being panic-struck by any apprehension on that head. It was not by fears of this kind, or keeping himself upon his defence within his own territory, that the present ruler of France, had effected his triumphs.

Defended at sea by our navy, and at home, to which he certainly looked as the first object, by a numerous and brave army, backed by a gallant, loyal population; he saw nothing for which to fear in the issue of a final contest, even upon English ground. And if he looked to Ireland, he saw there a population of as brave and loyal people as on earth, who, if measures were but adopted to conciliate their feelings and attachment, would give to his majesty a source for recruiting his armies, unequalled on the same number of acres, in the dominions of any prince in Europe."

POTATOES.

Put a table spoonful of Plaster of Paris to each hill of Potatoes, about the latter end of June; and the vine will assume a different colour, and the stalks grow much larger and in great quantities. They will produce double the quantity. The potatoes will be of a much better quality and much larger. As Potatoes are of great use to farmers in fattening swine and beef-cattle, we recommended it to those people who use the plaster, to make the experiment for themselves, by plastering the Potatoes soon after the first hoeing.

Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, April 29.

The British Minister at Berlin has demanded, and obtained his passports. He was expected at Hufum, before the end of this month, on his way to England.

The obstruction of the trade of Hamburg, in consequence of the measures lately adopted, is most severely felt; English goods have of course greatly advanced in price; and a general dissatisfaction prevails among every description of people.

The order for blockading the Weser, the Elbe, and other rivers of Germany, was not known at Hamburg until Tuesday last; it created the utmost consternation. An opinion prevailed there, that Prussia would be compelled by France to declare against Denmark, in case of refusal of the latter to shut her ports against the trade of this country.

It will appear, from the declaration inserted in our paper of this day, that the king of Sweden, not in the least alarmed by the movements of the Prussian troops, or the menaces of the Prussian Cabinet, is resolved not to retire from that part of the Electorate of Hanover on the right bank of the Elbe.

Dumourier is at present in Swedish Pomerania.

Private letters from Dublin state, Dwyer, the county of Wicklow rebel chief, and his companions, who were shipped off for Botany Bay, rose upon the crew on the voyage, and carried the vessel into the Brazils.

The Mail due on Wednesday, arrived this Morning. It has not, of course, brought such late news as the Mail which arrived yesterday; but from the following letter from Vienna, there is little reason to doubt that the passage through the Frioul into Dalmatia; has been granted to the French troops. But these troops will find it difficult to procure provisions; all the ports on both sides the Adriatic having been declared by Russia in a state of blockade.

VIENNA April 9.

"It is asserted, that yesterday there was signed between the courts of Vienna and France, a convention, in virtue of which the former concedes to the latter a free passage for its troops by La Ponteba and Trieste, for Istria and Venerian Dalmatia; the number of these troops is variously stated; some carrying it as high as 45,000; others to only 30,000. This last point is a matter of indifference; the passage being once granted, there probably would not be any difficulty as to the number. Although from the manner in which this demand was made no one doubted of its success, the news of the conclusion has nevertheless caused a great sensation among the public, and the corps diplomatique. Russia forelaw this condescension, and in consequence, we learn, by private letters received yesterday from Trieste, that the commander in chief of the Russian fleet in the Adriatic has given directions to all the divisions under his orders, to blockade not only that port, but also all those on the two coasts of that sea; and to examine strictly every ship that enters or comes out.

"To this order is annexed an exact list of every species of commerce which is reckoned provision, or ammunition of war, and a copy of these instructions is on board the Asia, the Admiral's ship.

"Ragusa itself is situated among the ports which will be subjected to these visits so distressing to a great part of Italy, and particularly to the Hereditary States."

LAUBURG, April 20.

In consequence of the reiterated rumours that the Prussian troops are making preparations to pass the Elbe, the Swedish commander count Gustavus Lowenheime, has addressed the following to the Prussian commandant at Lauburg:

"To M—Le commandant of the Prussian troops at Lauburg.

"As several reports have reached me tho' unofficial, respecting the preparation of the Prussian troops for passing over to the right bank of the Elbe, I feel myself called upon in conformity to the orders I have received from my Sovereign, with the repetition of mine of the 1st of February, to declare to the commandant of the Prussian troops, that all the Hanoverian territory upon the right bank of the Elbe is placed under the protection of Sweden, as the property of his Majesty's August Aley, the King of Great-Britain and Ireland, in his quality of Elector of Hanover;—and that, under this view, the countries above mentioned are occupied by the troops of the king of Sweden under my command; and that I have orders to defend those countries, in case of any violation of their limits by foreign troops, and of which I have given proper notice to my advanced posts, as any such violation will be treated as an attack upon the states of his Swedish Majesty.

"Count Gustavus Lowenheime,"
"Head quarters, Rastachurg, April 13, 1806."

er is compelled, once persons indebted for the Advertisements, &c. to their respective balances. be taken against all neglect to comply with F. GREEN.

806.

NOTICE

the Volunteer Compa- teated on Saturday next, o'clock, P. M. at the in complete uniform.

court of Appeals met in this of THOMAS HARRIS, jun.

to say, that col. RICHARD ed, serve as an elector of undel county.

main question was put in the and decided...that there is by the people.—[Balt. pap.]

a male and a female, are ad- on, in Salem, (Ms.) on the they are about twelve months of for their beauty and docili- ten confined, but are so harm- deep with the people on board

nt.) paper, of the 20th ult. important paragraph:—Report een sent to gen. Wilkinson, to immediately to Fort Adams, ioned at St. Louis, in consi- s from the Spaniards.

vidence Gazette.

icient in taste as in Christiani- the Bible as beneath the notice e would wish to introduce an e doubly interesting to them, ded for the inspired writers, ate. The gentleman above al- igned in a controversy with a i that no writer, ancient or mo- the sublimity of his concep- tion, he cited the following

darkens more than half the he, what passage will you find from the brow of my heathen s one half the skies with dark- did not ruminate long for an him by the following quotation r of Revelations, verie 11th, white throne, and him that sat the earth and the heavens fled no place for them." Your fa- could only put one half the by the distortion of his visage. e of the Christian Deity, crea- s annihilation for shelter. e character of the heathen admi- had taste and judgment enough plendour of revelation, but like- to confess it.

Boston, June 12. pleasure we announce to the lency CALEB STRONG, was yel- rnor of this commonwealth, by of both branches of the legisla-

Richmond, June 10. m the painful task of announc- Venerable GEORGE WYTHE, igh Court of Chancery, for the who died on Sunday last, about ing.

NOTICE

being paid to our former appli- e indebted to the late firm of , by bond, note, or open ac- cted (for the last time) to call ge their respective balances, and re them, that unless discharged, abacco notes, with samples of the re the first day of August next, without respect to persons. ABSALOM RIDGELY, JOSEPH EVANS.

NOTICE

, once more, requests all persons him to call and settle before the next, otherwise suits will be com-

RD HARWOOD, of Thos.

By virtue of an order from the Orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to SALE, at his dwelling plantation, near the head of South River,

SIX likely young NEGROES, belonging to the Estate of SUSANNA BURGESS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased—the said Negroes will be sold for a term of years for cash, to raise a sum of money for the payment of her debts. The sale to commence on Thursday the 17th July next, at 10 o'clock, if fair, if not, the first fair day.

ROBERT LUSBY, Executor.
June 18, 1806.

TAXES.

THE subscriber being again appointed collector of the taxes now due in Anne-Arundel county, earnestly requests that all persons concerned will be prepared to settle when called on; it will be considered a favour in any who have taxes to pay, if they will call and settle the same at the store of LEWIS DEVAL, in Annapolis.

ZACHARIAH DUVALL, Collector.

A MEETING of the SOCIETY of the CINCINNATI will be held, at Mr. Evans's tavern, in the city of Baltimore, on Friday, the fourth of July next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, agreeably to their last adjournment. The members of said society are requested to give their attendance.

By order,
ROBT. DENNY, Sec'y.
Annapolis, June 10, 1806.

Twenty-five & Fifty Dollars Reward.

ABOUT three years ago I purchased of Walter A. W. Norman, tanner, in Queen-Anne, a black boy named STEPHEN, then fifteen years old, remarkably well disposed, a little defective in his knees, but otherwise stout and well made. This boy, about 8 weeks ago, by the instigation of some very disreputable person, was enticed from my service, and (from information derived through the boy's own colour) I have reason to believe has obtained a pass, and is now harboured and protected under it. He is supposed to be either in the Swamp of West river, or on Kent Island, where he has a mother named Esther, lately manumitted by a certain Valentine Carter. I will give twenty-five dollars for apprehending said boy, so that I get him again, and fifty dollars for such information as will merely justify my feelings in inflicting the punishment proper for so great a scoundrel.

THOMAS CONTEE BOWIE

January 20, 1806.

COMMITTED to my custody, as a runaway, a negro man by the name of HANDY MUNZILLEN, who says he was set free by THOMAS FORREST, of Caroline county, close by the Bowling Green, state of Virginia; he is about five feet eight or nine inches high, and stout made, has a scar on the right side of his chin, and on his left leg, occasioned by a drag running over it; his clothing is a blue cloth coat, with metal buttons, blue cloth jacket, and parsons grey casimer pantaloon, and new shoes, bound, and an old hat. His master is desired to take him away, or he will be sold for his fees and other expenses, agreeably to law.

JASPER E. TILLY, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

April 30, 1806.

NOTICE.

SOMETIME past publicly requested all those who are indebted to THOMAS LANSDALE, deceased, to come forward and settle their respective balances, and those to whom he is owing to present their accounts for payment; I find that the advertisement so far has had but little effect; I therefore, once more, and positively for the last time, give notice, that those who are owing the deceased, either by bond, note, or open account, do not make payment before the first day of September next, or give satisfactory security, shall be compelled by law, and those to whom he is indebted who do not present their accounts before that time, shall be excluded from payment, if in my power.

WILLIAM M. LANSDALE, Agent for CORNELIA LANSDALE.

Those who have accounts against Cornelia Lansdale are also requested to present them to me immediately for payment.

Queen-Anne, June 1, 1806.

THE subscriber will SELL, on moderate terms, thirty-nine tracts of LAND, situate in Wayne county, Pennsylvania, containing from 300 to 450 acres each tract, clear of allowance for roads. Purchasers may be accommodated with a single tract, or part of a tract. These lands are mostly situate near the river Delaware, and generally heavy timbered; immense quantities of lumber go from them to the Philadelphia market. There is a ready sale for all kinds of produce at Milford, within five miles of those lands, and the mills in the neighbourhood; last year's wheat sold at from 11s. 3d. to 12s. 6d. and corn, the average price, about a dollar. Those two articles are produced in great abundance. Any person inclining to purchase may be informed of further particulars, by applying to the proprietor, at Annapolis, or to Mr. JAMES BARTON, of Milford, agent for the sale of those lands, and payment of taxes which have been regularly made.

Annapolis, June 8, 1806.

JOHN GIBSON.

Saint-Paul's Parish Lottery.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Vestry of St. Paul's parish, managers of a lottery authorized by the general assembly of Maryland and the corporation of the city of Baltimore, intended to raise a sum of money for the erection of a parsonage house, and for other purposes, offer to the public the following

S C H E M E	Dolls.
1 Prize of	10000
1	5000
2	2000
3	1000
8	500
15	200
30	100
60	50
120	20
700	10
5100	6
6040 Prizes.	75000
11960 Blanks.—Sum raised, including expense,	15000
18000 Tickets, at five dollars each,	90000

Of the above prizes, 1 of 500, dolls. is allotted to the 1st drawn ticket.
1 200 - - - - - after 2000
1 200 - - - - - 4000
1 200 - - - - - 6000
1 200 - - - - - 8000
1 200 - - - - - 10,000
1 500 - - - - - 12,000
1 500 - - - - - 14,000
1 500 - - - - - 16,000
1 1000 - - - - - 17,000
1 2000 - - - - - last drawn ticket.

From the above scheme, it appears that there are not two blanks to a prize; and that the prizes are to be paid without deduction. The advantages offered to adventurers, and the object to which the money is principally to be applied, the managers hope will produce such a speedy sale of the tickets as may enable them to commence the drawing at an early day. All prizes will be paid within sixty days from the completion of the drawing; and such as may not be demanded within twelve months after will be considered as generous donations to the objects of the lottery. Bond has been given to the amount of 50,000 dollars, to the mayor and city council, for the faithful performance of its conditions.

Tickets may be had of the managers, and of such other persons as they may appoint; and prizes in the Cathedral and Second Presbyterian Church Lotteries will be received in payment.

JOHN MERRYMAN,
MARK PRINGLE,
JAMES CARROLL,
WILLIAM LORMAN,
GEORGE GRUNDY,
GEORGE HOFFMAN,
GOVERT HASKINS,
ISAAC PHILIPS,
Managers.

Tickets in the above lottery may be had at the Printing-office.

Saint-Paul's Parish Lottery.

THE managers respectfully inform the public, that they intend to commence the drawing of it, as soon as that of the Precincts Market-house shall have been finished. Tickets may be had of the subscribers and of various other persons authorized to sell; and prizes in the Presbyterian and Market-house lotteries, will be received in payment.

JOHN MERRYMAN,
MARK PRINGLE,
JAMES CARROLL,
WILLIAM LORMAN,
GEORGE GRUNDY,
ISAAC PHILIPS,
GEORGE HOFFMAN,
GOVERT HASKINS.

Whip, Cane and Spectacle Manufactory.

Anderfon and Jefferies,

At their Maryland paper-mill warehouse, No. 66, Market-street, Baltimore.

HAVE always on hand an extensive assortment of WHIPS, CANES and SPECTACLES. Also, blank and printed books; different qualities of printing and writing paper; fine stationery, &c. &c. which they will sell wholesale and retail at reduced prices.

N. B. Bookbinding of every description executed in the neatest style—Blank books made to any given pattern.

Baltimore, April 21, 1806.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from White Marsh, in Anne-Arundel county, a negro man named MICHAEL, about twenty years of age, five feet three or four inches high; had on when he went away, a blue vest, Welch kersey short coat, and a pair of nankeen pantaloons. Any person that will secure him in any of the county goals, so that I get him again, shall receive FIFTEEN DOLLARS if taken in the county, and if out of the county the above reward.

G. B. BITOUZEY.

N. B. All captains and masters of vessels are forewarned carrying off said negro at their peril.

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

THE FAIR MANIAC.

BY THE AUTHOR OF THE "PEASANTS FATE."

ALACK! my sweet ladies! your anguish I see;
O dry up that tear;—did you shed it for me?
Dye miss the carnation, that bloom'd on my cheek?
The ringlet, that play'd on my shoulder so sleek?
The blue bell, that flourish'd so fair in my eye,
And dimples, where Rapture and Innocence lie?
Fear not! tho' my fond heart now flutters and burns;
All these will return when my lover returns.
For, you know, I've a lover—but far, far away;
Vast seas roll between us, and wild tempests sway:
Alone, in the wilderness, thoughtful he roves,
Or plucks the gilt citron in India's gay groves:
O spare him ye tygers, that crouch in the shade!
Ye serpents that hiss in the untrodden glade!
He ne'er will prove faithless, wherever he be;
His affections are fix'd—he has them on me.

Then why did he wander, and leave me behind?
Inconstant and fickle, as ocean or wind!
Indred it was cruel to cause me to mourn:
Why—why should my parents forbid his return?
But softly!—His promise he'll never forget,
When he bade me farewell in the garden so sweet—
Yes—he'll return, and he'll crown me his queen,
With a garland of myrtle and Jessamine green.

O, dear! I'm so pale that you know me not now;
The roses are faded that wav'd on my brow,
While the lily alone on my cheek is display'd;
And my heart sinks down with its sorrows o'erweigh'd!
But ah! I forget!—Did you ask me my name?
I've chang'd it—'Tis LOVELY—now call me the same.
Poor LOVELY! Mind that, in the moment of glee,
And check your gay pastimes to think upon me!

Yet when shall I see your sweet faces again?
Your LOVELY will shortly be rid of her pain;
Again the carnation shall bloom on her cheek;
The ringlet shall play on her shoulder so sleek;
The blue-bell shall flourish afresh in her eye
Which tears of young rapture shall amply supply;
And, though, her fond bosom now flutters and burns,
You'll all wish her joy when her lover returns!

* These stanzas were occasioned by a visit of some of the author's female friends to an unfortunate and beautiful young lady in bedlam.

TO A FLY,

TAKEN OUT OF A BOWL OF PUNCH.

AH! poor intoxicated little knave,
Now senseless, floating on the fragrant wave—
Why not content the cakes alone to munch?
Dearly thou pay'st for buzzing round the bowl!
Lost to the world, thou busy, sweet lip'd soul!
Thus death, as well as pleasure, dwells with Punch.

Now let me take thee out, and moralize,
Thus 'tis with Mortals, as it is with Flies—
For ever hank'ring after Pleasure's cup:
Though Fate, with all his legions, be at hand,
The beasts the draught of Circe can't withstand,
But in goes ev'ry nose, they must, will sup.

Mad as the passions, as a colt untam'd!
When Prudence mounts their backs, to ride them mild,
They sing, they snort, they foam, they rise inflam'd
Insisting on their own sole will so wild!

Gadsbub! my buzzing friend, thou art not dead—
The fates, so kind, have not yet snapp'd thy thread;
But now thou mov'st a leg, and now its brother,
And, kicking, lo! thou mov'st another.

And now thy little drunken eyes uncloset,
And now thou feel'st for thy little nose;
And, finding it, thou rubb'st thy two hands,
Much as to say, "I'm glad I'm here again!"
And well thou may'st rejoice—'tis very plain
That near wert thou to Death's unfocial lands.

And now thou rollest on thy back about,
Happy to find thyself alive, no doubt;
Now turnest, on the table, making rings;
Now crawling, forming a new track;
Now shaking the rich liquor from thy back;
Now flut'ring nectar from thy silken wings!
Now standing on thy head, thy strength to find,
And poking out thy small, long legs behind;
And now thy pinions dost thou quickly ply,
Preparing soon to leave me—Farewell Fly!

Go, join thy brothers on yon sunny board,
And rapture to thy family afford;
There wilt thou find a mistress, or a wife,
That saw thee, drunk, drop senseless in the stream—
Who gave, perhaps, the wide-resounding scream,
And now sits groaning for thy precious life;

Yes, go, and carry comfort to thy friends,
And wisely tell them thy imprudence ends.
Let bins and sugar, for the future, charm:
These will delight, and feed, and work no harm:
Whilst Punch, the grinning, merry imp of sin,
Invites th'unwary wand'rer to his—
Smiles in his face, as though he meant him bliss—
Then, like an alligator, drags him in!

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for Sale, at the Printing-Office,
(Price, One Dollar.)

The LAWS of MARYLAND,
Passed at November Session, 1805.

In pursuance of a decree of the court of chancery, the subscriber will offer, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on the twenty-fourth day of June next, at the hour of eleven o'clock,

PART of a tract of land called WELCH POOL, containing seventy-four and an half acres, lying in Calvert county, near Lyon's Creek, and now in possession of Mr. Lewis Griffith; this land is well calculated for tobacco, corn, or small grain.

At the same time and place will be offered for sale, one undivided moiety of ninety acres of marsh land, lying on Patuxent river, opposite the town of Nottingham.

The above-mentioned lands were formerly the property of Samuel Griffith, by him devised to Anne Griffith, and which descended to her heirs.

The terms of sale are, that the purchaser is to give bond to the trustee for paying the purchase money, with interest, within fifteen months, and on the ratification and confirmation by the chancellor of the sale, and on the receipt of the purchase money, the trustee will convey to the purchaser, in fee simple, all the right, title and estate, which was in the said Samuel Griffith and Anne Griffith, or either of them, and which might be vested in their heirs or devisees, or in the heirs or devisees of either of them, in the said land, claiming under the said Samuel or Anne.

The creditors of Samuel Griffith are desired to bring into the chancery court their claims against him, with the vouchers thereof, on or before the twenty-fourth day of December next.

REZIN ESTEP, Trustee.

May 27, 1806. 3X

NOTICE.

LITTLE respect being paid to my former application to those indebted to me by bond, note, or open account, I am again induced to call on them for a discharge of their respective balances, and at the same time assure them, that unless discharged before the first day of August next, I shall bring suit without respect to persons. I shall give my attendance at my house, in the city of Annapolis, on Wednesday in every week, for the purpose of settling with those who may wish to avoid a suit by their compliance.

June 4, 1806. 3 JAMES MACKUBIN.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, by the subscribers, on Friday, the 27th instant, at the late dwelling of JOHN THOMAS, of the county aforesaid, deceased,

PART of his personal estate, consisting of several valuable negroes, horses, cattle, and household furniture. The property will be sold on a credit of nine months, the purchaser or purchasers giving bond, with approved security, with interest, from the day of sale. The sale will commence at 10 o'clock. It is requested, that all those who have claims against said estate will bring them in on the day of sale, so that they may be made known.

3X SARAH THOMAS, } Administrators.
PHILIP J. THOMAS, }

Mrs. JONES,

At the house next below Mr. Nicholas Brewer, **R**ESPECTFULLY informs the ladies of Annapolis, that her SCHOOL will commence on the ninth instant, wherein will be taught reading, writing, grammar, and arithmetic, also plain sewing, marking, open, tambour, and various kinds of ornamental needle work. Mrs. Jones pledges herself that every attention necessary to the improvement of those intrusted to her care shall be strictly attended to. Terms of tuition, for small children in the first rudiments of learning, three dollars per quarter, for those further advanced, four dollars per quarter. 3X

Annapolis, June 4, 1806.

In CHANCERY, June 3, 1806. **O**RDERED, That the sale made by NICHOLAS BREWER, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Godfrey Frye, mortgaged to John Turner, as stated in his report, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown before the 12th day of July next, provided a copy of this order be inserted three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 28th instant.

The report states, that part of a tract of land called *The Second Resurvey on Part of Brashears's Pocoson*, containing "fifty-eight acres, was sold for twenty shillings per acre. 3X

True copy,
Telt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Annapolis, a bright mulatto man named NACE, he went off on Sunday morning, the 25th inst. had on a blue coat and pantaloons, and one or two suits of cloaths with him; he is about five feet eight inches high, stout and well made, and has lost one of his upper fore teeth. It is supposed he has some relations living in Old-town, Baltimore, in which part of the city he may likely be found. The above reward will be given for securing him in any gaol, so that I get him again. 3X

May 31, 1806. ELIZABETH YOUNG.

For Sale,

A VALUABLE pair of carriage HORSES, tolerable well-matched, and remarkably true to the draught, well calculated for a family. 3X

JOHN GIBSON.

Annapolis, May 19, 1806.

Fire Insurance.

THE Subscriber having received power and instructions from the Phoenix insurance company of London, is fully authorized to effect insurance on Houses, Buildings, Stores and Ships in harbours, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, in any part of the state of Maryland, from loss or damage by fire, on terms so moderate, as will it is presumed, make it the interest of all to resort to a measure so well calculated to give additional security to commercial transactions, and to afford protection from the injury which fires have so often occasioned.

In this office no insured person is liable to any call to make good the losses of others, but in case of fire, the sufferers will be fully indemnified, with that liberality and promptness which have always distinguished this company, requiring no other delay, even where presumption of fraud appears, than is necessary to distinguish the honest sufferer from the fraudulent incendiary.

As a proof of the usefulness of this institution, and the benefit that individuals have derived from it, it is only necessary to state, that since the commencement of the Office, in 1782, near seven millions of dollars have been paid to claimants upon their policies. The Company's printed proposals, and the conditions, on which insurance can be effected, will be delivered by me gratis to any applicant, at the Marine Insurance Office, in Second-street, where orders for insurance, will be immediately attended to by DAVID STEWART, Agent

For the Phoenix Insurance Co. London, within the state of Maryland.

Note, The Company have Agents at New-York, Philadelphia, Charleston, Savannah and New-Orleans persons having property in these places are referred to the respective agents.

Baltimore, May 21. 4

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners of the Tax for Anne-Arundel county will meet, at the city of Annapolis, on the third Monday of June next, and will sit from day to day for twenty days thereafter, to hear appeals and make transfers. 4X

May 22, 1806.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the county court of Saint-Mary's county, at August term, 1806, for the benefit of an act of insolvency, passed at November session, 1805, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors. 4 ROBERT CHESLEY.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the county court of Anne-Arundel, on the third Monday of July next, to extend to him the benefit of the act of assembly, passed at November session, 1805, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors. STEPHEN CLARK.
Annapolis, May 2, 1806. 6

NOTICE.

The subscriber will offer to PUBLIC SALE, on Thursday, the 26th instant, at his dwelling, on Severn, six miles from Annapolis, and three from the Black Horse, nearly on the Baltimore road, ONE valuable negro woman, aged 26 years, she is an excellent house servant, also a good hand on a plantation, one negro man, aged 18 years, a very well disposed fellow, and an excellent hand on a farm, one negro boy, aged 9 years, well grown, a very smart active boy to wait in a house. None of the above slaves are sold for any fault whatever. The sale to commence at 12 o'clock, for cash. June 4, 1806. 2X WILLIAM JOYCE.

NOTICE.

By virtue of a decree of the High Court of Chancery, will be Sold, at Public Auction, on the premises, at twelve o'clock, on the first day of July next, it fair, if not, on the first fair day thereafter.

THE dwelling plantation of the late RICHARD WILLIAMS, deceased, situate in Prince-George's county, about fourteen or fifteen miles from the city of Washington, and about twenty-five from the city of Annapolis; this plantation contains about three hundred acres, well calculated for farming or planting, with a sufficient quantity of woodland for its support. The improvements are inconsiderable, consisting of an old log dwelling-house and a tobacco-house. It is presumed any person inclined to purchase will view the property previous to the sale. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall give bond, with approved security, for paying one third part of the purchase money, with interest, within six months, one third, with interest, within two years, and the residue, with interest, within three years from the time of sale; and on the ratification of the sale, and on payment of the purchase money, the trustee will convey to the purchaser.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS, Trustee.

May 14, 1806. 5X

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the county court of Anne-Arundel, on the third Monday of July next, to extend to him the benefit of the act of assembly, passed at November session, 1805, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors. LLOYD G. TAYLOR.
South river, May 17, 1806. 7

Anne-Arundel County Court,

APRIL TERM, 1806.

ON application to the justices of the said county court, by petition, in writing, of JONATHAN WATERS, of said county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, on the terms mentioned in the said act, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them as directed by the said act, being annexed to his petition, and the said county court being satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Jonathan Waters has resided the two preceding years prior to the passage of the said act within the state of Maryland, and the said Jonathan Waters, at the time of presenting his petition as aforesaid, having produced to the said court the assent in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered by the said court, that the said Jonathan Waters, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette once a week, until the third Monday in July next, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, at the courthouse of Anne-Arundel county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the said third Monday in July next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, on the said Jonathan Waters's then and there taking the oath by the said act provided for delivering up his property. 6

Signed by order,
NICH: HARWOOD, Ch.
A. A. County Court.

May 2, 1806.

WAS committed to my custody, as a runaway, on the 18th day of February last, a negro man who calls himself DAVIS SCOTT, and says he was bound when very young by the trustees of the poor of King and Queen county, Virginia, to CHOWNING KIDN, with whom he served his time, and is now free; he is a handsome black fellow, five feet high, says he is 24 years old, has short wool on his head, and a scar down the middle of his forehead; his cloathing is an old wool hat, old yellow broad cloth coat, new cotton ditto, one striped cotton and one white Marcellles jacket, cotton shirt, gray cloth breeches, yarn stockings, old shoes, and a pair of blue cloth pantaloons. His owner is requested to take him away, he will otherwise be sold, agreeably to law, for his gaol fees, &c. 9X

JAMES COOKE, Sheriff of
St. Mary's county.
March 1, 1806.

MARYLAND,

CHANCERY COURT, FEBRUARY TERM, 1806.

ORDERED, That the stated terms, for the return of process, and the hearing of causes, shall be held on the fourth Tuesday in February, the first Tuesday in July, the fourth Tuesday in September, and the first Tuesday in December.

Ordered further, that the absence of counsel, or of a party, appearing without counsel, except in case of sickness, or unavoidable accident, shall not be considered as a ground of continuance. And that where two or more solicitors appear for any party, the attendance of one shall be considered sufficient to prevent a continuance.

Telt. 10 SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

To BE SOLD.

THE subscriber will SELL, at PRIVATE SALE, a tract of LAND, in Allegany county, about three miles from the town of Cumberland, containing upwards of three hundred acres; the greater part of this land is level, with a stream of water running through it, a great proportion of meadow land; there is on this tract a salt lick, also a great quantity of sugar trees; the improvements are, a dwelling-house, with two rooms below, and a cellar underneath, a kitchen, &c. a small apple and peach orchard, with a spring of fine water within thirty yards of the door; the greater part of this land is in wood. Any person wishing to settle in that part of the country may have a great bargain, by applying to EDWARD HALL, of West river.

April 28, 1806. 3X

Six Dollars Reward.

ABSCONDED from the subscriber, without any cause, a few days past, my negro man named WILL, twenty-eight years of age, about five feet six or eight inches high, he is a good butcher, and is very generally known; he formerly belonged to John Wells, deceased, of the city of Annapolis. I will give a Reward of Six Dollars if caught ten miles from home, and Three Dollars if taken within the vicinity of Annapolis. I forewarn all persons from harbouring or dealing with said negro, as I am determined to put the law in force against all such offenders. DANIEL WELLS, jun.

Annapolis, May 19, 1806. 3

JACOB'S LAW DICTIONARY.

Subscriptions for this valuable work, now printing in Philadelphia, in two volumes, 4to, price 20 dollars, in boards, received at the printing-office.

ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

County Court,
TERM, 1806.
the justices of the said court
in, in writing, of JONA
of said county, praying the be
the relief of sundry involun
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far as he can ascertain them
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provided for delivering up hi
Signed by order,
JAMES HARWOOD, Clk.
A. A. County Court.

to my custody, as a runaway,
day of February last, a negro
of DAVIS SCOTT, and say
ry young by the trustees of the
Queen county, Virginia, to
with whom he served his time,
is a handsome black fellow, fr
24 years old, has short wool o
own the middle of his forehead
wool hat, old yellow broad clo
one striped cotton and ooc
ket, cotton shirt, gray dote
gs, old shoes, and a pair of blo
his owner is requested to take
therwise be sold, agreeably to
&c.
JAMES COOKE, Sheriff of
St. Mary's county.

RYLAND,
RT, FEBRUARY TERM, 1806.
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DANIEL WELLS, jun.
19, 1806.

LAW DICTIONARY.
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elphia, in two volumes, 4to, price
ls, received at the printing-office.

NAPOLIS:
REDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

(LXIII YEAR.)

THE

(No. 3102.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE

THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1806.

Miscellany.

EPIGRAM.

ADDRESSED TO FASHION.

ALAS! cries Damon—plaintive bard,
My Delia's heart I find so hard,
I would she were FORGOTTEN!
But snail he answered—I recant,
For how can hearts be ADAMANT,
When all the breast is—COTTON!

TO A SPIDER.

SPIDER! thou need'st not run in fear about,
To thine my curious eyes;
I won't humbly crush thy bowels out,
Lest thou should'st eat the flies;

Nor will I roast thee with a damn'd delight,
Thy strange instinctive fortitude to see;
For there is one who might,
One day, roast me.

Thou'rt welcome to a rhymers sore perplex,
The subject of his verse;
There's many a one, who on a better text,
Perhaps, might comment worse.

Then shrink not, old Free Mason, from my view,
But quietly, like me, spin out the line;
Do thou thy work pursue,
As I will mine.

Weaver of snares, thou emblem of the ways
Of Satan, sire of lies;
Hell's huge black spider, for mankind he lays
His toils, as thou for flies.

When Betty's busy eyes run round the room,
Wee to that nice geometry, if seen!
But where is he whose broom
The earth shall clean?

Spider! of old thy slimy webs were thought
(And 'twas a likeness true)
To emblem laws, in which the weak are caught,
But which the strong break thro'.

And if a victim in thy toils is taken,
Like some poor client is that wretched fly;
Thou'rant thee, thou'lt drain
His life-blood dry.

And is not thy weak work like human schemes
And care of earth employ'd?
Such are young hopes and love's delightful dreams,
So easily destroy'd.

So does the statesman, while the veng'ers sleep,
Self deem'd, secure his wiles in secret lay;
Soon shall destruction sweep
His work away.

"Thou busy labourer! one resemblance more
Shall yet the verse prolong;
For, Spider, thou art like the Poet, poor,
Whom thou has help'd in song.

Both build our needful food to win.
We work, as nature taught, with ceaseless pains;
Thy bowels thou dost spin,
I spin my brains."

From the Charleston City Gazette.

MR. FRENKHAU,
Although I am not disposed to place much confidence
in fortune telling, or pretensions to prophecy in
modern days, especially if they lay claim to divine
revelation; yet the following is so singular and
has been so exactly fulfilled, that I cannot excuse
myself without transcribing it and sending it for
insertion in your paper. A SUBSCRIBER.

An extraordinary prediction relating to the downfall
of the House of Bourbon, and the House of Austria.
Authenticated by the late Rev. Mr. WESLEY.

A LITTLE before the conclusion of the late war
(viz. from 1740 to 1747) in Flanders, one who came
from thence, gave us a very strange relation. I knew
not what judgement to form of this, but waited till
John Hains should come, of whose veracity I could
no more doubt than of his understanding. The ac-
count he gave was this: Jonathan Pyrab was a mem-
ber of our society in Flanders; I knew him some years,
and knew him to be a man of unblameable character.
One day he was summoned to appear before the board
of general officers. One of them said, "What is this
we hear of you? We hear you have turned prophet,
and that you foretell the downfall of the bloody house
of Bourbon, and the haughty house of Austria. We
should be glad if you were a real philosopher, and if
your prophecies came true; but what sign do you give
us that you are so, and that your predictions will come
to pass?" He readily answered, "Gentlemen, I give
you a sign: tomorrow at 12 o'clock, you shall have
such a storm of thunder and lightning, as you never
heard before since you came into Flanders. I give

you a second sign: as little as you expect any such
thing—as little appearance of it as there is now, you
shall have a general engagement with the French with-
in three days. I give you a third sign: I shall be or-
dered to advance in the first line; if I am a false pro-
phet, I shall be shot dead at the first discharge; but
if I am a true prophet, I shall only receive a musket
ball in the calf of my leg."

At twelve next day there was such thunder and
lightning as they never had in Flanders. On the
third day, contrary to all expectation, was the gene-
ral battle of Fontenoy (1745). He was ordered to ad-
vance in the first line, and at the very first discharge
he received a musket ball in the calf of the left leg.

From a London Magazine.

An Instance of true Honour in a high military Cha-
racter.

MR. W— obtained an ensigncy in the army
when rather more advanced in life than most of the
captains of the present times, who make so fine a fi-
gure upon all occasions, in their green, red and white
feathers, and whose heads, at every assembly, rival
those of our most fashionable ladies. From the time
Mr. W— joined his regiment, he was distinguish-
ed for an unwearied attention to the duties of his sta-
tion. When he appeared in public, or upon duty,
his dress and deportment were always decent and pro-
per. Of his manner of life in private, even his bro-
ther-officers were for sometime ignorant. He did
not mix with them, and he partook of none of their
expensive pleasures and amusements. At length it
was discovered, that he fared worse, and lived on less,
than any private soldier in the regiment. The good
sense and the known spirit of Mr. W— preserved
him from the ridicule and contempt with which this
discovery might otherwise have been attended. His
merit as an officer meanwhile recommended Mr.
W— to the notice of his superiors—he was pro-
moted from time to time; but no promotion ever
made any alteration on his mode of life. After serv-
ing with distinguished reputation under king William,
Mr. W— went to Flanders, in the beginning of
the duke of Marlborough's campaigns, in the course
of which he was promoted to the rank of general,
and obtained the command of a regiment. Although
his income was now great, he still lived with the ut-
most parsimony; and even those who esteemed him
the most were obliged to allow that his love of mo-
ney (which they considered as a sort of disease) ex-
ceeded all bounds. His enemies, however, were forc-
ed to acknowledge, that in all his transactions he was
perfectly honourable, and that his love of money ne-
ver led him to commit injustice.

In one of the last years of the war, gen. W—
and his regiment went into winter quarters at Ghent.
About the middle of winter his officers were astonish-
ed at receiving an invitation to dine with their colo-
nel for the first time. Most of the principal officers
in the garrison received with equal surprise a similar
invitation. Upon the day appointed they went to
the general's house, where they were received with a
kindly cheerful welcome, proceeding from a mind at
ease, and satisfied with itself, more engaging to the
feelings of our guests than the most finished polite-
ness. After an elegant dinner, wines of every kind
were placed upon the table; and as the general knew
that some of his guests did not dislike their glass, he
pushed the bottle briskly about. The company were
more and more astonished; at length some of them
took the liberty to express what all of them felt. "I
do not wonder at your surprise," said general W—,
"and in justice to myself, I must take this occasion
to explain a conduct which hitherto must have ap-
peared extraordinary to all of you. You must know,
then, that I was bred a linen-draper in London.—
Early in life I set up in business, which for sometime
I carried on with success, and to a considerable ex-
tent. At length, by various misfortunes, I was
obliged to stop payment. I called my creditors toge-
ther, and laid my affairs before them; and though they
lost very considerably, they were so satisfied with
my conduct, that they immediately gave me a full
discharge, and some of them even urged me to en-
gage in business anew. But I was so disheartened
with my former ill success, that I could not think of
hazarding myself in the same situation again. At
length, I resolved to go into the army, and by the
interest of one of those creditors, who was satisfied
of the fairness of my conduct, and who pitied my
misfortunes, obtained an ensigncy. But though my
creditors were satisfied, I was far from being so.—
The idea that they had suffered by me dwelt upon
my mind, and I felt that I could enjoy nothing while
my debts remained unpaid. Happily I have at length
accomplished that object. The last packet from
England brought me a full acquittance from my cre-
ditors of all I owed them, principal and interest.—
Till now I possessed nothing which in justice I could

call my own. Hitherto you have seen me act as a
rigid steward for others; now I most earnestly trust
my friends will assist me to enjoy an income far beyond
my wants."

I believe my readers will agree with me in think-
ing that the conduct of gen. W— was truly no-
ble. Of men's actions in public life it is often diffi-
cult to form a just estimate. The statesman may be
applauded for measures which are not his own, and a
general or an admiral may be honoured for all the
same to a lucky accident, which, without his aid,
has crowned him with victory, unmerited and unex-
pected. But gen. W—'s merit was all his own,
and ought to be rated the higher for this reason, that
it was not of that splendid kind which figures most in
the imagination of mankind.

To excite to virtue, by exhibiting pictures of ex-
cellence and worth, is certainly the pleasantest and not
the best and most effectual mode of instruction. To
cite opposite examples in our own time, by way of
contrast to this instance in the reign of queen Anne,
would be an ungrateful task. I may mention, how-
ever, in order to take off the idea of that distinction
which some men have arrogated to themselves, from
a contempt of the obligations of justice, that the pre-
eminence which rank or high life formerly used to
claim in that respect, is now in a great measure lost.
Now-a-days there are tradesmen who dissipate their
own money, and waste that with which others have
entrusted them, with all the sang froid of the best
bred people of fashion; and we may meet with more
than one man of spirit behind the counter, who can
cock his hat in the face of his creditors, as valiantly
as if there was a cockade or a feather in it.

From a late Philadelphia paper.

(Cases like the following do honour to humanity, and
ought to be recorded.)

THOMAS LANCASTER.

THE managers of the Humane Society lately
awarded to Mr. Thomas Lancaster, merchant, of this
city, an *Honorary Certificate*, handsomely framed, for
his extraordinary exertions in rescuing, at the emi-
nent hazard of his own life, two children from drown-
ing in the Delaware.

This certificate has been seen and admired by seve-
ral gentlemen. The following are the circumstances
respecting the rescue of the children, viz.

On the 23d of January, 1805, a boy was sliding
on some thin ice that had been formed the night be-
fore over part of a large air hole in the Delaware,
and broke in. Two men, in attempting to save him,
broke in also, but soon got out. In the meantime
the boy went under the thin ice, and could be seen
through it, floating down with the tide. Thomas
Lancaster was in front, near Market-street, and see-
ing others run to the river, he ran also, and saw the
ferry-men standing on the edge of the main body of
ice that then covered the Delaware, and extending
their boat-hooks to where the boy appeared, they
broke the thin ice, and the boy's back came up, but
they were not able to get to him. There being no
chance of saving him in this way, Thomas Lancaster
went to the lower side of the air hole, and in about
a minute the body came floating down, about four
feet below the surface of the water, with his face
down; and when he came within the distance of
eight feet, Thomas Lancaster dove in. The tide was
so strong, that he, with the boy, were in great dan-
ger of being carried under the main body of ice—but
by extraordinary exertions, and the assistance of
others, he rescued the body from the waves. The dis-
tance that the boy drifted, part of the way under ice, and
whole of it under the surface of the water, was mea-
sured the next day, (when the hole was entirely
closed with new ice) and found to be 75 feet.

In August last, some boys were bathing in Dock
slip, at high tide, when a carter got two or three of
them into his cart, and drove a considerable distance
into deep water; then turning his cart suddenly
round, he whipped the boys and made them jump in-
to the water. One of the boys not being able to
swim, sunk; but the unfeeling carter drove off.—
Some gentlemen were in front-street, and saw these
circumstances; but from their distance, were unable
to afford any relief. At this interesting moment,
they saw Thomas Lancaster at the end of Hamilton's
wharf, trying to get off his coat, and without being
able to extricate his arms; as no time could be lost,
he leaped in and freed himself while swimming. He
could only discover where the body was by the bub-
bles that came up; he dove down in 65 feet water,
and brought up the child apparently dead, who was,
however, by suitable care, restored to life, and to the
affectionate embraces of a grateful mother.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, June 26, 1806.

* * THE subscriber is compelled, once more, to request all persons indebted for the Maryland Gazette, Advertisements, &c. to make payments of their respective balances. Legal measures must be taken against all those who refuse or neglect to comply with this request.

F. GREEN.

Annapolis, May, 1806.

From the Hudson Balance.

[My friend Charles Miner, Editor of a pithy little paper, in Wilkesbarre (Luzerne) makes the following witty and humorous, and, at the same time, serious, appeal to his delinquent customers.]

I HAVE been sadly troubled with an ugly old Witch about my house for five years past. Like the frogs of Egypt, she has found her way into my bread trough. Like the moth she has eaten large holes in my breeches. And by her devilish machinations my shoes are worse worn by half than the shoes of the Gibeonites. She has broken my windows—torn down my fences (or prevented my building them)—worn out my types, and brought about my ears an importunate set of men, who "would be very glad if I would pay them a little money."—And however just the debts may be, the old hag won't let me pay a cent of them. I have been endeavouring to get the hussy out of my doors for a long time, but in vain.—But now, thank fortune, I have found out a perfect method of exorcising her ladyship out of my precincts—that is—by filling an old stocking I have with dollars, and my granary with wheat.

As the next number of my paper completes the second year since I undertook the sole management of it; and as there will then be due the establishment more than 3000 dollars, my friends, I am persuaded, will advance me what is due, to assist me to rid myself of this vile old hag. Her name reader is Poverty, and those who have been in habits of intimacy with her can bear witness that my description is not unjust.

THE PRINTER.

For the MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Messieurs GREEN,

I am among the last in the world who would directly or indirectly assist in injuring any persons, especially those who have no prospect before them but utter ruin, when reputation is lost.

On Friday night last, some young persons, who in daylight call themselves Gentlemen, were strolling through the streets, rioting in a most shameful and disgraceful manner. The several abominable mischiefs committed are too well known to be enumerated. These young men cannot surely consider the dangers to which they are exposed. In the eyes of all civilized persons they must be held in contempt, so much so, as to blast their future prospects in life; add to which, their lives are endangered; and how dreadful would it be, when the light of day appeared, to see a lifeless young man, whose prospects were good, and whose death was occasioned probably by the hand of a friend, protecting his just rights and the repose of his family? Such proceedings must be truly distressing to parents, will tend to bow them down with many sorrows, and will, at a day when the fire of youth vanishes, and indeed when too late, cause to themselves the most unpleasant reflections. Houses, prepared at considerable expense for the worship of their Creator, have not escaped their wild fury. The names of these young men are well known to the writer of this, and to many of our citizens. At present I forbear naming them; but should a similar outrage occur, their names shall be thus published to the world. Life and property are dear to all, and at all hazards will be protected. Arrangements in this case are already made. Permit me, Messieurs Printers, as one of their best friends, through your paper, to intreat and warn them from similar proceedings. I hope those young men for whom this is intended will excuse this friendly hint, from

A CITIZEN.

WE are authorized to say, that col. RICHARD HARWOOD, will, if elected, serve as an elector of the senate, for Anne-Arundel county.

A respectable seafaring gentleman informs, that the star Venus, which was so distinctly seen during the Eclipse, was 43 d. 55 m. and 20 seconds from the sun.—[Phil. pap.]

A letter from Curacao, of the 21st May, received at New-York, says, "The famous MIRANDA has been in this quarter, but we have heard nothing of him for two weeks past."

A Boston paper of the 14th inst. contains an advertisement which states that a young lady residing at the Museum, who has been deprived by Nature of the use of hands and feet, will perform many astonishing feats—such as painting, mixing colours, threading a needle, cutting paper or cloth with a pair of scissors held in her mouth, &c.

She is about 19 years of age, was born of poor but respectable parents, in Lempster, (N. H.) where they now live. Her features are regular, handsome, and expressive of a great degree of sensibility; and

her countenance exhibits the smile of affability, resignation, and good nature. She appears like an appeal to public benevolence, and no unfit subject to excite their curiosity upon, even at some expense."

A hungry historian in Germany, wrote a kind of a history last year, in which, from some old records which he pretended to have discovered in a monastery, he endeavoured to prove that Buonaparte was lineally descended from Charlemagne, and had therefore a natural right to the crown of France. The French Emperor gave him a purse of Napoleon-d'ors, and a pension for life.

Another of this fraternity, a hungry poet, has given a long canto of Buonaparte being lineally descended from Richard Cœur de Lion by a Scottish Princess, and therefore he has a natural right to the crown of Great-Britain, as a descendant of the Plantagenets. For this ingenious piece, he also was rewarded with a purse and a pension.

Advice is received by the ship Eugenia, that the British were preparing an expedition at the Cape of Good Hope, to be reinforced at St. Helena, and thence to proceed against the Spanish settlements on the river La Plata. Montevideo was supposed to be their first destination. [Phil. pap.]

Fast Trotting—Yesterday afternoon, the Harlem race course of one mile distance, was trotted around in two minutes and fifty-nine seconds, by a horse called Yankee, from New-Haven, a rate of speed, it is believed, never before excelled in this country, and fully equal to any thing recorded in the English Sporting Calendars. [N. Y. Com. Ad.]

The sum of the charges made by Mr. Paul, in the British house of commons, April 22, against the Marquis of Wellesley, late governor-general of Bengal, amounted to this:

That the Marquis of Wellesley, instead of watching over the interests of his employers, had acted in a wasteful and extravagant manner, and as an arbitrary and oppressive master.

That owing to his defalcations the East-India company are indebted to the British government above six millions sterling.

That when he went to India in 1798, he found the debt there amounted to one million one hundred and thirty-two thousand six hundred and twenty-eight pounds sterling; and that when he was superseded by Marquis Cornwallis, the said debt amounted to thirty-one millions sterling.

That the governor-general's salary was £55,000 sterling, but that owing to his extravagance, and his love for pomp, parade, magnificence and splendour and the luxuries of the table, the Marquis Wellesley had expended £120,000 sterling, per annum.

Mr. Paul's motion for documents to support his charges was not seconded in the house of commons—consequently the Marquis escapes an impeachment, the members believing him to be innocent.

Extract of a letter from a young gentleman at St. Louis, to his father in Pittsburg, (P.) dated May 12.

"Lieutenant Pike returned a few days ago from reconnoitring the head waters of the Mississippi. All that I can understand of this tour is, that the Mississippi heads out of a large lake, and runs a considerable distance very narrow and very deep. The climate is cold."

Extract of a letter from Liverpool to the editor of the Alexandria Expositor, dated 23d of April, 1806.

"The political rumours of the day are, that there is to be a regency, the prince of Wales at the head; that Mr. Fox is despatched, and not likely to live six months; that the Grenvilles wish to make peace on terms which Mr. Fox and his friends will not listen to; and that the latter actually resigns in consequence. Mr. Fox, though a very pacific man, seems an energetic war minister: you probably know his opinions are very high respecting the resources of this country."

At Buonaparte's first solemn levee, after his return to Paris, notices were sent round to those who were to attend, in a billet to the following effect:—

"The Prefect of the Palace, has the honour to inform you, that to-morrow, Jan. 31, at two o'clock, you will be permitted to testify your veneration to their Imperial and Royal Majesties seated on the Thrones."—The audience began about two o'clock, when the persons summoned by the Court, passed by the thrones one after another. The etiquette was to make three obeisances; the first standing opposite the throne; the second on approaching near to it; and the third, after retiring a few paces from it. Not a word was spoken at the Levee. The corps Diplomatique was not present. Lon. pap.

Translated from the Danish, for the Philadelphia Gazette.

Experience having convinced me that the commerce with the revolted blacks of St. Domingo, has not ceased, notwithstanding the fine of 1000 dollars imposed by Lieut. Col. commandant Coholten, on those who should be convicted of having arrived with cargoes from the parts of St. Domingo, occupied by the blacks, I find myself under the necessity of putting a stop to the illicit trade, equally dangerous to the colonies as it regards the political situation, as contrary to law; and do therefore decree by these pre-

sents, that every Danish vessel, arriving from any place whatever of St. Domingo or Hayti (so called) in the possession of the blacks, and proof being legally made thereof, shall, in addition to the fine of 1000 dollars, which shall be given to the informer, be subjected to confiscation, both vessel and cargo, for the benefit of his majesty.

Given under the Royal Seal, and signed by me at the government-house, at St. Croix, October 29, 1805.

(Seal)

B. F. MUHLENFELS,
Gov. Gen. Danish Am. Island.

The English papers say, that a serious difference has arisen between the prince of Wales and Mr. Fox; as this is by no means improbable (considering the profligate character of that prince)—the continuance of Mr. Fox in power may not be as long as after his former coalition with Lord North. The coalition with Grenville is certainly not calculated to endure—Grenville, perhaps the most pragmatic and self-sufficient character to be found in any cabinet in Europe. For the least assuming and perhaps as intelligent, and as kind a man as is to be found on earth—one or the other of these qualities must be predominant—in such a government as that of England it is not difficult to determine which must go out.—Aurora.

Baltimore General Dispensary.

THE Managers inform the rest of the contributors to this humane institution, that from the 1st day of June, 1805, to the 1st day of June, 1806, twelve hundred and seventy-three persons have been admitted to its benefits; of whom

Died,	17
Were dismissed as unfit objects,	3
Removed to the alms-house,	9
Discharged incurable,	4
Discharged cured,	1182
Remains under cure,	58—1273

The managers congratulate their constituents on the extensive effects of their benevolence.

Cure for the Ague.

The celebrated French Chemist, Bouillon LeVergne, has lately recommended, as an effectual cure for the agues and fevers, the gizzards of white fowls, which he has been in the habit of using for upwards of forty years; and out of 1000 cases, eight tenths have since succeeded. The gizzards are dried, and pulverised as follows: First, clear away the gravel they contain and slightly wash them; then put them on a string, and hang them in the sun or near the fire to dry, after which they must be reduced to powder, sifted, and kept in a bottle close corked. The dose is a drachm for adults, and from half a drachm to a scruple for children, mixed in half a glass of wine; and in cases of ague, swallow half an hour before the fit comes on. The dose often repeated, generally cures. It is the gizzards of fowls and turkeys only, and not those of ducks or pigeons.

The following late and important foreign news is extracted from the Newburyport Herald of the 8th inst.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

By the arrival, last Friday, of the ship Washington, Captain Webster, 40 days from Copenhagen, we learn verbally, that a few days before he sailed, there was a battle fought between the Swedes and Prussians near Hanover; the former are said to be making great preparations; the Elbe and Weser are blockaded, and the English make daily captures of Prussian vessels.

Captain W. has likewise furnished us with two numbers of the Altona Mercury, of the 24th and 25th April (we believe the latest from the continent) from which by the politeness of a German gentleman, passenger in the Washington, the following articles are translated.

LUBECK, April 23.

There has been an attack between a little corps of Swedish cavalry and the advanced Prussian infantry, at Sedorf, near Lubeck and Lauenburg. On both sides were some killed and wounded.

ELSINEUR, May 2.

Two Swedish frigates sailed from the Roads here to-day, to the North Sea, and two Cutters some days before.

ITALY, April 12.

By private accounts from Rome, which have gained belief, the Pope (Pius VII.) will resign, and Cardinal Fesch be placed in his stead and take his residence at Avignon; but the Estates of the Pope will be annexed to the kingdom of Italy.

They say likewise that the kingdom of Etruria will be a federative State of France.

COPENHAGEN, April 24.

The Danish consul in Naples has received a note from the States Secretary, Pignatelli, stating that it would not be permitted to Danish vessels to go at present between Naples and Sicily, but that there would be no obstacle to their going to the East coast of Naples, from there to take in their cargoes.

PARIS, April 15.

There is accounts from Bourdeaux, that the watch ship on the Garonne, a frigate of 40 guns, was unexpectedly taken in the night of the 8th April by the sloop of an English frigate; on board of the watch ship were the papers of 50 neutral vessels.

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F. MUHLENFELS.
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...their consuls in Bordeaux have permitted the cap-
...to replace the lost papers as well as possible.
...It is stated that the great provisioners of the armies
...Vanderberg, Ourard, Michal, Brothers, and others,
...have been obliged to deposit in the public treasury a
...sum of 40 millions of francs, and the one shall be re-
...sponsible for the other, in consequence of their ac-
...counts not being in order; otherwise they will be
...taken into custody by the civil authority.

BRIDGETOWN, (Barbadoes) April 29.
There appears strong suspicion that the enemy is
forming some project at Guadeloupe to attack some
of our islands. Accounts from thence mention that
great numbers of troops (miserable vagabonds) are
collecting in and about Basseterre, and an extensive
depot of ammunition and provisions made both there
and at Point-a-Petree. It is thought by some that it
is for the purpose of co-operating with Victor Hughes
in an attack upon Surinam, which it is said, he medi-
tates from Cayenne; but the most probable intention
of those demonstrations is a design upon some more
conspicuous object.

Boston, June 17.
On Thursday last, was installed, at Cambridge, the
Hon. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, Boylston Professor of
Rhetoric and Oratory in the University at that place,
and the first professor on that foundation.

After an anthem and prayer, the president made an
introductory address in Latin, well adapted to the oc-
casion. The Statutes of the Professorship were read
by the Hollis Professor of Divinity. The professor
elect, having made and subscribed the declaration and
promises required by the statutes, ascended the desk,
by invitation from the president, and delivered his in-
augural Discourse. A hymn, sung by the Students,
closed the exercises.

The assembly was numerous and respectable.—
There was a general attendance of the hon. and rev.
bodies of overseers, among whom we had the pleasure
to observe his excellency gov. Strong, and many
members of the senate.

Mr. Adams' discourse gave high gratification to
an intelligent and discriminating audience. It con-
tained a comprehensive and animated view of the rise,
progress and decline of Eloquence, announced its ge-
nuine object and end, and specified some of the most
prominent impediments to its advancement in modern
times. Its application and use, in deliberative assem-
blies, in the Forum, and in the temples of the Most
High, were delineated; pertinent remarks were in-
troduced in relation to this establishment; honours
and notice was taken of the munificent founder, and
of the benevolent public spirited family of Boylston.
An impressive address to the students of the univer-
sity closed the performance.

In so wide a field, it is obvious, that the speaker
was in danger of being oppressed with the multiplicity
of his topics, and that the principal difficulty
which he had to encounter, was that of making a judi-
cious selection. This embarrassment was completely
surmounted; and the audience were delighted with
a free, strong and perspicuous outline of the nature,
history and practice of this pre-eminent art, sketched
by the hand of a master. We congratulate Alma
Mater on the acquisition of such an instructor. If
activity, regularity and docility among the students
be correspondent to their multiplied means of im-
provement, the public may justly indulge the most
pleasing expectations from that distinguished seminary.

POUGHKEEPSIE, (N. Y.) June 17.

Eclipse.—The singular phenomena observable on
the total eclipse of the Sun, which occurred yester-
day, has probably been remarked by thousands. The
face of nature changing from shade to shade until the
sun became completely obscured. The darkness then,
for about three minutes, was equal to that of deep
twilight, the stars were visible in various parts of the
horizon, the planet Venus shining with a brilliant
lustre, fowls ascended their roosts, the cocks crowed
as at the breaking of day; birds hovered among the
bushes, and bats were observed flitting along the air.
A sudden chilliness pervaded the atmosphere, and
night at mid day, seemed to envelope the earth, until
the glorious luminary, bursting from its confinement,
instantly dissipated the gloom, and gradually restored
the day. Just before, and after the total obscurity,
innumerable vapoury shadows, of various forms, were
seen, in tremulous motions on the surface of the
earth, resembling the undulations of the ocean.

[Barometer.]

ELIZABETH-TOWN, (N. J.) June 17.

Great Eclipse of the Sun.

Yesterday there was a very remarkable Eclipse of
the Sun, which was total at Boston, and in some parts
of the state of New-York, and in several other places.
The whole duration was 2 hours and 48 minutes;
and the time of total darkness, was 34 minutes.

The sky was quite clear, and the stars displayed a
brilliance equal to their nocturnal lustre. The total
darkness was confined principally to the southern part
of New-England; and Boston was in the centre of it.

NEW-YORK, June 19.

London papers state, that letters from Gibraltar
speak in the highest terms of praise of the conduct of
the Sydney Smith, who, in disguise, had landed at Al-
geiras, and after obtaining some useful information,
effected the destruction of several Spanish gun-boats,
by means of some light vessels which have been fitted
out under the judicious directions of that enterprising
and meritorious officer.

Several of the swords given by the Patriotic Fund
of London, to the captains who fought at Trafalgar,
under Lord Nelson, have been delivered. The scab-
bards are blue velvet, with the figure of Britannia
holding a wreath, with ships, trophies, &c. in gold.
The hilts are formed by scitons, fasces, lion's heads,
and other beautiful ornaments. The blade is en-
graved with the record of the battle.

FREDERICKSBURG, June 20.

The executive of this state on Saturday last ap-
pointed Creed Taylor, Esq; chancellor of the Rich-
mond district chancery court, to supply the vacancy
occasioned by the death of the venerable judge
Wythe.

A Cow, the property of capt. R. Thornton, of this
county, about three weeks since, brought three male
calves at a birth—all as large and healthy as com-
mon.

CHARLESTON, June 9.

By the schooner Gabriel Duvall, we have received
NASSAU Papers to the 6th instant.

When the Gabriel Duvall left Nassau, the inhabi-
tants were under considerable apprehensions of a visit
from the French. The alarm was excited in conse-
quence of information, that an expedition was fitting
out at Guadeloupe, supposed to be destined against
some of the British Islands.

The Knell.

DIED; on Saturday evening last, after a severe ill-
ness, in the 47th year of her age, Mrs. REBECCA
HANSON, widow of A. C. Hanson, Esq. late Chancel-
lor of this state. On Sunday her remains were at-
tended to the silent tomb by a large concourse of ci-
tizens.

In CHANCERY, June 23, 1806.

Charles Sydebotham,
vs.

David Ross and Richard Cramphin, executors of
William Sydebotham.

THE bill in this cause is filed by the com-
plainant, as a creditor of William Sydebotham,
deceased, against the defendants, his executors,
to compel them to account for the estate of the tes-
tator, and for the complainant to be paid his debt;
the bill states, that David Ross, one of the de-
fendants, resides out of the state of Maryland; it
is therefore, upon the motion of the complainant, or-
dered and adjudged, that he cause a copy of this or-
der to be inserted once in each of three successive
weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 12th day
of July next, to the intent that the said absent de-
fendant may have notice of the present application,
and the object of the bill filed in this cause, and may
be warned to appear in this court in person, or by
solicitor, on or before the 12th day of November
next, to shew cause (if any he hath) why a decree
should not pass as prayed.

Test, SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE.

BY virtue of an order from the orphans court of
Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will ex-
pose to SALE, on Wednesday, the second day of
July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the late
dwelling-house of JAMES ROYSTON, deceased, known
by the sign of General Washington, in the city of
Annapolis, and where captain Archibald Golder
formerly resided, sundry turners and wheelwrights
tools, turning lathes, with all their appendages.

At the same time will be sold, one young negro
man, aged about twenty years. The terms of sale
CASH.

MARGARET ROYSTON, Administratrix
of JAMES ROYSTON.

Annapolis, June 24, 1806.

P. S. I wish all persons to come forward with their
accounts against the estate, and all persons indebted to
the estate of James Royston aforesaid; are requested to
make payment of their accounts, on or before the
twenty-fifth day of August next, otherwise they will
be dealt with according to law, without respect of
persons.

In CHANCERY, June 13, 1806.

ORDERED; That the sale made by GEORGE
DORSEY, trustee for the sale of the real estate
of Joshua Dorsey, deceased, as stated in his report,
shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the con-
trary be shewn before the 12th day of August next;
provided a copy of this order be inserted three Tues-
days or three Fridays in the Baltimore Telegraph;
and three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette,
before the 12th day of July next.

The report states, that part of a tract of land, in
Anne-Arundel county, called Locust Thicket, con-
taining four hundred and eleven acres, was sold at
seven dollars per acre.

True copy,
Test, SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the coun-
ty court of Anne-Arundel, on the third Mon-
day of July next, to extend to him the benefit of
the act of assembly, passed at November session,
1805, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry in-
solvent debtors.

STEPHEN CLARK.
Annapolis, May 2, 1806.

Poet's Corner.

SELECTED.

From the Boston Centinel.

The following side-shot at modern dress, will not be
found destitute of an interesting moral to the fair
sex.

"THE LITTLE GIRL WITH BOSOM BARE."

Oh the bliss, that in caressing
Any lovely smiling fair!
But what ecstasy in prelling
The little girl with bosom bare?

As every day she passes by,
With sparkling eyes and auburn hair,
I steal a glance, and heave a sigh
For lovely Luce, with bosom bare.

Between these hills of living snow,
Nestling Cupid lays his snare:—
Look, and soon the charm you'll know,
The little girl with bosom bare.

A pleasant wight, the other day,
Roving abroad to take the air,
Spied luckily across the way,
The little girl with bosom bare.

The dimppling cherub twang'd his bow,
He pierc'd his heart, I'd almost swear;
And Charles soon made his humblest bow
To lovely Luce, with bosom bare.

In satire soon the neighbours said,
A bosom-friend did Luce ensnare;
They thought that Charles would surely wed
The little girl with bosom bare.

But soon he felt so highly pleas'd,
Hymen could but his joys impair:—
He therefore from his heart releas'd
The little girl with bosom bare,

And now, dejected and forlorn,
Does Lucy of the sex despair;
While all the hundred hands of scorn
Point at the girl with bosom bare.

She thought her Charles of love the slave,
But now her life does loud declare—
Though all may like yet none will have
A little girl with bosom bare.

ANECDOTE.

A CERTAIN noted physician, at Bath, was late-
ly complaining in a coffee-house in that city, that
he had three fine daughters, to whom he should give
£.10,000 each, and yet that he could find nobody
to marry them. "With your leave doctor," said an
Irishman, who was present, stepping up, and making
a very respectable bow, "I'll take two of them."

NOTICE.

LITTLE respect being paid to our former appli-
cations to those indebted to the late firm of
RIDGELY & EVANS, by bond, note, or open ac-
count; they are requested (for the last time) to call
on them and discharge their respective balances, and
at the same time, assure them, that unless discharged,
to leave with them tobacco notes, with sa-
ples of the tobacco on or before the first day of August next,
they shall bring suit without respect to persons.

ABSALOM RIDGELY,
JOSEPH EVANS.

June 19, 1806.

NOTICE.

LITTLE respect being paid to my former applica-
tion to those indebted to me by bond, note, or
open account, I am again induced to call on them for a
discharge of their respective balances, and at the same
time assure them, that unless discharged before the
first day of August next, I shall bring suit without
respect to persons. I shall give my attendance at my
house, in the city of Annapolis, on Wednesday in
every week, for the purpose of settling with those
who may wish to avoid a suit by their compliance.

JAMES MACKUBIN.

June 4, 1806.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the
county court of Anne-Arundel, on the third
Monday of July next, to extend to him the benefit
of the act of assembly, passed at November session,
1805, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry in-
solvent debtors.

LLOYD G. TAYLOR.
South river, May 17, 806.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber being unable to pay his debts,
intends to make application to the Judges of
Anne-Arundel county court, at the next September
term, for the benefit of an act of assembly, passed in
the year 1806, for the relief of insolvent debtors.

JOHN DAVIDSON.

June 17, 1806.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to petition the
county court of Saint-Mary's county, at Au-
gust term, 1806, for the benefit of an act of in-
solvency, passed at November session, 1805, entitled,
An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.

ROBERT CHESLEY.

By virtue of an order from the Orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will expose to SALE, at his dwelling plantation, near the head of South River,

SIX likely young NEGROES, belonging to the estate of SUSANNA BURGESS, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased—the said Negroes will be sold for a term of years for cash, to raise a sum of money for the payment of her debts. The sale to commence on Thursday the 17th July next, at 10 o'clock, if fair, if not, the first fair day.

ROBERT LUSBY, Executor.

June 18, 1806.

TAXES.

THE subscriber being again appointed collector of the taxes now due in Anne-Arundel county, earnestly requests that all persons concerned will be prepared to settle when called on; it will be considered a favour in any who have taxes to pay, if they will call and settle the same at the store of LEWIS DUVALL, in Annapolis.

ZACHARIAH DUVALL, Collector.

A MEETING of the SOCIETY of the CINCINNATI will be held, at Mr. Evans's tavern, in the city of Baltimore, on Friday, the fourth of July next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, agreeably to their last adjournment. The members of said society are requested to give their attendance.

By order,
ROBT. DENNY, Sec'y.

Annapolis, June 10, 1806.

Twenty-five & Fifty Dollars Reward.

ABOUT three years ago I purchased of Walter W. Norman, tanner, in Queen-Anne, a black boy named STEPHEN, then fifteen years old, remarkably well disposed, a little defective in his knees, but otherwise stout and well made. This boy, about 8 weeks ago, by the instigation of some very disreputable person, was enticed from my service, and (from information derived through the boy's own colour) I have reason to believe has obtained a pass, and is now harboured and protected under it. He is supposed to be either in the Swamp of West river, or on Kent-Island, where he has a mother named Esther, lately manumitted by a certain Valentine Carter. I will give twenty-five dollars for apprehending said boy, so that I get him again, and fifty dollars for such information as will merely justify my feelings in inflicting the punishment proper for so great a scoundrel.

THOMAS CONTEE BOWIE

January 20, 1806.

COMMITTED to my custody, as a runaway, a negro man by the name of HANDY MUNZILLEN, who says he was set free by THOMAS FORREST, of Caroline county, close by the Bowling Green, state of Virginia; he is about five feet eight or nine inches high, and stout made, has a scar on the right side of his chin, and on his left leg, occasioned by a dray running over it; his clothing is a blue cloth coat, with metal buttons, blue cloth jacket, and parsons grey casimer pantaloons, and new shoes, bound, and an old hat. His master is desired to take him away, or he will be sold for his fees and other expenses, agreeably to law.

JASPER E. TILLY, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

April 30, 1806.

THE subscriber will SELL, on moderate terms, thirty-nine tracts of LAND, situate in Wayne county, Pennsylvania, containing from 300 to 450 acres each tract, clear of allowance for roads. Purchasers may be accommodated with a single tract, or part of a tract. These lands are mostly situate near the river Delaware, and generally heavily timbered; immense quantities of lumber go from them to the Philadelphia market. There is a ready sale for all kinds of produce at Milford, within five miles of those lands, and the mills in the neighbourhood; last year's wheat sold at from 11s. 3d. to 12s. 6d. and corn, the average price, about a dollar. Those two articles are produced in great abundance. Any person inclining to purchase may be informed of further particulars, by applying to the proprietor, at Annapolis, or to Mr. JAMES BARTON, of Milford, agent for the care of those lands, and payment of taxes which have been regularly made.

Annapolis, June 8, 1806.

NOTICE.

ISOMETIME past publicly requested all those who are indebted to THOMAS LANSDALE, deceased, to come forward and settle their respective balances, and those to whom he is owing to present their accounts for payment; I find that the advertisement so far has had but little effect, I therefore, once more, and positively for the last time, give notice, that those who are owing the deceased, either by bond, note, or open account, do not make payment before the first day of September next, or give satisfactory security, shall be compelled by law, and those to whom he is indebted who do not present their accounts before that time, shall be excluded from payment, if in my power.

WILLIAM M. LANSDALE, Agent for CORNELIA LANSDALE

Those who have accounts against Cornelia Lansdale are also requested to present them to me immediately for payment.

Queen-Anne, June 1, 1806.

Saint-Paul's Parish Lottery.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Vestry of St. Paul's parish, managers of a lottery authorized by the general assembly of Maryland and the corporation of the city of Baltimore; intended to raise a sum of money for the erection of a parsonage house, and for other purposes, offer to the public the following

S C H E M E:		
1 Prize of		Dolla. 10000
1		5000
2	2000	4000
3	1000	3000
4	500	4000
5	200	3000
10	100	3000
20	50	3000
40	20	2400
700	10	7000
5100	6	30600

6040 Prizes. 75000
11960 Blanks. Sum raised, including expense, 15000

18000	Tickets, at five dollars each,	90000
Of the above prizes, dolls. is allotted to the 1st drawn ticket:		
1 of 500		after 2000
1 200		4000
1 200		6000
1 200		8000
1 200		10,000
1 500		12,000
1 500		14,000
1 500		16,000
1 1000		17,000
1 2000		last drawn ticket.

From the above scheme, it appears that there are not two blanks to a prize; and that the prizes are to be paid without deduction. The advantages offered to adventurers, and the object to which the money is principally to be applied, the managers hope will produce such a speedy sale of the tickets as may enable them to commence the drawing at an early day. All prizes will be paid within sixty days from the completion of the drawing; and such as may not be demanded within twelve months after will be considered as generous donations to the objects of the lottery. Bond has been given to the amount of 50,000 dollars, to the mayor and city council, for the faithful performance of its conditions.

Tickets may be had of the managers, and of such other persons as they may appoint; and prizes in the Cathedral and Second Presbyterian Church Lotteries will be received in payment.

JOHN MERRYMAN,
MARK PRINGLE,
JAMES CARROLL,
WILLIAM LORMAN,
GEORGE GRUNDY,
GEORGE HOFFMAN,
GOVERT HASKINS,
ISAAC PHILIPS,
Managers.

Tickets in the above lottery may be had at the Printing-office.

Saint-Paul's Parish Lottery.

THE managers respectfully inform the public, that they intend to commence the drawing of it, as soon as that of the Precincts Market-house shall have been finished. Tickets may be had of the subscribers and of various other persons authorized to sell; and prizes in the Presbyterian and Market-house lotteries, will be received in payment.

JOHN MERRYMAN,
MARK PRINGLE,
JAMES CARROLL,
WILLIAM LORMAN,
GEORGE GRUNDY,
ISAAC PHILIPS,
GEORGE HOFFMAN,
GOVERT HASKINS

Whip, Cane and Spectacle Manufactory.

Anderson and Jefferies,

At their Maryland paper-mill warehouse,
No. 66, Market-street, Baltimore.

HAVE always on hand an extensive assortment of WHIPS, CANES and SPECTACLES. Also, blank and printed books; different qualities of printing and writing paper; fine stationery, &c. &c. which they will sell wholesale and retail at reduced prices.

N. B. Bookbinding of every description executed in the neatest style. Blank books made to any given pattern.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from White Marsh, in Anne-Arundel county, a negro man named MICHAEL, about twenty years of age, five feet three or four inches high; had on when he went away, a blue vest, Welch kersey short coat, and a pair of nanken pantaloons. Any person that will secure him in any of the county goals, so that I get him again, shall receive FIFTEEN DOLLARS if taken in the county, and if out of the county the above reward.

N. B. All captains and masters of vessels are forewarned carrying off said negro at their peril.

Anne-Arundel County Court.

APRIL TERM, 1806.

ON application to the justices of the said county court, by petition, in writing, of JONATHAN WATERS, of said county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, on the terms mentioned in the said act, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, as directed by the said act, being annexed to his petition, and the said county court being satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Jonathan Waters has resided the two preceding years prior to the passage of the said act within the state of Maryland; and the said Jonathan Waters, at the time of presenting his petition as aforesaid, having produced to the said court the assent in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered by the said court, that the said Jonathan Waters, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette once a week, until the third Monday in July next, give notice to his creditors to appear before the said county court, at the court-house of Anne-Arundel county, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the said third Monday in July next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, on the said Jonathan Waters's then and there taking the oath by the said act provided for delivering up his property.

Signed by order,
NICH: HARWOOD, Ck.
A. A. County Court.

May 2, 1806.

MARYLAND.

CHANCERY COURT, FEBRUARY TERM, 1806.

ORDERED, That the stated terms for the return of process, and the hearing of causes, shall be held on the fourth Tuesday in February, the first Tuesday in July, the fourth Tuesday in September, and the first Tuesday in December.

Ordered further, that the attendance of counsel, or of a party, appearing without counsel, except in case of sickness, or unavoidable accident, shall not be considered as a ground of continuance. And that where two or more solicitors appear for any party, the attendance of one shall be considered sufficient to prevent a continuance.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Ten Dollars Reward.

ABSCONDED from the subscriber, without any cause, a few days past, my negro man named WILL, twenty-eight years of age, about five feet six or eight inches high, he is a good butcher, and is very generally known; he formerly belonged to John Wells, deceased, of the city of Annapolis. I will give a Reward of Six Dollars if caught ten miles from home, and Three Dollars if taken within the vicinity of Annapolis. I forewarn all persons from harbouring or dealing with said negro, as I am determined to put the law in force against all such offenders.

Annapolis, May 19, 1806.

NOTICE.

Will be sold, to the highest bidder, on Friday, the 12th day of September next, if fair, if not, the first fair day afterwards, unless disposed of at private sale before the 1st of September, in which case public notice will be given.

ALL that tract of LAND called Stegory, lying and being in Anne-Arundel county, five miles from Annapolis, containing eight hundred and thirty-five acres; the improvements on this farm are considerable, with many great advantages, there are several good orchards on it, with the choicest fruits of every kind; its situation almost immediately upon South river ensures always good fish and oysters, and at the head of a creek, which bounds the farm on one side, is a considerable portion of excellent meadow ground. It would be too tedious more minutely to describe this land, as a person wishing to purchase would view the premises. One third of the purchase money must be paid in hand, and a liberal credit, with approved security, will be given for the balance. Any person desirous of purchasing at private sale will make application to the subscriber, at Port-Tobacco, Charles county. An unexceptionable title will be given to the purchaser, and possession of the premises on the first day of January, 1807.

ROBERT C. STONE.

Port-Tobacco, March 13, 1806.

The subscriber requests the printers of the Telegraphic and Federal Gazette in Baltimore, Washington Federalist, and Frederick-town Herald, to insert the above advertisement in their several papers until countermanded, and send on their accounts directed to this place for payment.

For Sale,

A VALUABLE pair of carriage HORSES, tolerable well matched, and remarkably true in the draught, well calculated for a family.

Annapolis, May 19, 1806.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.