

# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

*Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.*

WEDNESDAY, October 7, 1747.

LEGHORN, June 17.

THE Genoese galleys which came to escort several Vessels laden with provisions and ammunition are still here. They dare not put to Sea for fear of a Squadron of 6 English Men of War, which cruize off of Viareggio. These last have taken divers ships bound for Genoa; and they write from Spezzia, that there are still some Transports with French and Spanish Troops in that port, which likewise are afraid to stir from thence for fear of falling into the hands of the English. The Master of a Ship arrived from Genoa, reports, that the Austrians have made themselves Masters of the bridge of Cordigliano, and that they have raised a battery there, from whence they fire upon the gate of the Lanthorn. He also adds, that they fire very briskly from the batteries which they have erected upon the Mountain of Coronata, and at the convent of Misericordia.

Pavia, June 22. The Imperialists have taken the Hospital of Bisagno, of which the Genoese had made a sort of citadel; and 'tis said, that they are also Masters of the gate on that side of the exterior fortification of the City where there were eighteen large pieces of cannon. A great number of disarmed Peasants have been conducted to Bisagno, to be employed in the operations of the siege.

Turin, June 19. The English men of war which are cruising off Genoa, are posted in such a manner, as that no ship can at present enter into the port of that City; from whence we learn, that provisions begin to grow very scarce there, which makes it hoped, that the Genoese will soon be obliged to capitulate.

Vienna, June 27. This day a courier arrived from Count Brown, with dispatches informing the court, that besides the disposition made by the King of Sardinia for opposing the French and Spaniards who had passed the Var, he had assembled the greatest part of the Troops which were in the Milanese, and that he was busy in forming two camps, one whereof, which was to consist of 13 or 14000 men, was to guard the banks of the Panaro, whilst the other, which would be composed of 11000, would guard the side of the Po near Pavia.

Huff, July 1. The French officer who commands here has placed a serjeant and four grenadiers in the house of our Burgomaster, because he has refused to supply the corps de garde with fuel and candles, conformable to an order of the French commissary.

Menton, July 19. The general quarters of the French have been here ever since the 7th. There are two Brigades a mile from Ventimiglia, and some Troops at Bordighera. St. Remo is abandoned by the Piedmontese, and so is Ventimiglia, except the castle, in which there are 250 men. The French cannot do without this last, nor can they take it without cannon. The major part of M. de Leutrum's Troops extend from Pena to Broglio, and all the eminences are guarded by militia.

Turin, June 24. The operations of the French by the sea-side go on slowly for want of cannon. They do not yet appear on the side of either Exilles or Demont. While we expect them, we are taking here the best measures.

Milan, June 27. General Brown having received several couriers about noon on the 20th, from Vienna and Turin, he dispatched one on the 21st in the morning to Count Schulemberg before Genoa; and at the same time sent another back to Turin. Since that time many other messengers have arrived as well from the said two capitals as from General Schulemberg's quarters. The day before yesterday Count Luebs, Lieutenant Field Marshal, was dispatched to Turin, and upon the receipt of some Dispatches yesterday from him to General Brown, the latter went post the same night to confer with the King of Sardinia, and 'tis believed he will return in a few days. Count Konigsegg, Lieutenant Field Marshal, has passed by this place, in his way from Vienna to Count Schulemberg's army; from whence there are advices, that it was thought the siege of Genoa was deferred till another opportunity, though every thing was

prepared to attack the place in form. However we do not perceive the necessity of that step, since the last letters inform us, that the head of Marshal Bellisle's Troops is arrived at St. Remo, but without any artillery; and that the siege of the castle of Ventimiglia, which the enemy cannot possibly leave behind without taking, will probably retard them some time, and give our army leisure to possess themselves of the Town of Genoa, before the enemy can come within reach of succouring it; without supposing the opposition they will meet with in their march by General Leutrum, who is with his corps near Oneglia and Broglio, and in a very advantageous post, where it is said he will maintain himself till the last extremity.

Venice, June 30. An express has passed by here from Count Schulemberg, going to Vienna, with the news, it is said, that the siege of Genoa was raised; that it had been resolved in a council of war, and even that they had begun to make the necessary dispositions conformably thereto, but that all their resolutions had been countermanded in a short time, and that the siege is actually continued.

Ramsdun, July 8. The Count de Clermont, Prince, arrived yesterday with a corps of 30,000 men in the neighbourhood of Reckem, and took up his quarters in the castle of that name.

Head Quarters at Richelt, July 10. N. S.

The enemy still encamps on the field of battle, having two detach'd corps advanc'd before them, one under the command of the Count de Clermont, Prince, opposite to Vifet; and the other under the Count de St. Germain, towards Lonaken. M. de Lowendahl was detach'd on the 5th Instant with a considerable body towards Antwerp, returned back again; it is not certain when he will move that way.

The enemy made a general Forage towards Maestricht on the 8th Instant; the irregulars skirmished on that occasion, but nothing pass'd of consequence.

Sir John Ligonier, and all our prisoners that were in a condition to be moved, have joined the army, but are not to serve till exchanged, which is hoped will be very soon. The French prisoners taken by us are sent back on the same condition.

The Hussars of Frangipani have taken a large convoy of waggons going from Namur to the French army, after having routed the party that escorted them. The artillery, &c. destin'd for the siege of Maestricht, which had received orders to leave Namur, has been countermanded. The enemy even a thousand officers killed and wounded in the action of the 2d Instant.

Schaffhausen, July 1. Our last letters from Genoa are dated the 20th, and we have several letters from the neighbourhood of the same date, all of which agree, that never greater desolation was seen in any country than in theirs. Abundance of fine palaces, capable a few weeks ago of lodging princes, have now nothing left standing but their walls. The tents of the soldiers are adorned with pictures of inestimable value, and they boil their kettles with their rich frames, and the gilt cornices that they tore down when they destroyed the palaces before-mentioned. The English Fleet is half laden with statues, pictures, marble and porphyry monuments of antiquity, fine glasses, tapestry, rich hangings, and many other things that the soldiers have disposed of at a very low rate. The French troops did not behave well in the late affair, for they not only abandoned the strong post of St. Martin de Albato, but actually threw fourteen pieces of battering cannon that were there into the sea. A detachment of 700 Corsicans recovered that place on the 16th, when two pieces of cannon were with much difficulty drawn up, but the rest were lost. The people of Genoa are very much inclined to a capitulation, but the nobility are now more against it than ever, which is ascribed to the fury of the Austrian irregulars in ruining their palaces, and waiting their estates, so that now they can suffer no more, unless it be in their persons.

Ritterdam, July 7. N. S. A Letter from Louvain says,



that 4000 wounded of the French were expected in that town. Since M. Belleisle's taking the castle of Villa Franca, there is no news of his having forced General Leutrum at Ventimiglia; but on the contrary a Report is spread that the French troops have been repulsed.

L O N D O N, July 6.

His Majesty's ship the Lion is arrived at Plymouth with four more of the St. Domingo Fleet, which he took alone within 12 or 16 Leagues W. S. W. of Belle Isle.

On the 2d Instant, his Majesty's sloop the Falcon, being on a cruize off Mount's Bay, saw a large ship to Windward, to which she gave Chace, and at Eleven o'clock came up with and took her; she proved to be a French ship, called the Joseph, from Newfoundland, bound to Havre de Grace, of 14 carriage guns, 37 men, loaded with Mud Fish; and she has brought her into Plymouth.

July 7. According to the last letters from Lombardy, it was apprehended that the Neapolitan Troops would endeavour to force a Passage into that Country, but General Count Brown has made such Dispositions as will, in all Probability, render any Attempt of that Kind impracticable; for on the one Hand, he has not only reinforced all the Garrisons on the Frontiers of Tuscany, in which Country the Troops of the Grand Duke will also assemble, but has encamped a body of near 12,000 Horse and Dragoons upon the Banks of the Tevere, where, by reason of the large Plains, Cavalry may very easily act. Which ever Rout therefore the Spanish and Neapolitans may take, they will be sure to meet with a formidable Opposition at the same Time that General Count Schulemberg's Army is left entire, to act in Conjunction with his Sardinian Majesty against Marshal Belleisle, the Infant Don Philip, and the Duke of Modena; so that, in all Probability, this campaign will make no very considerable alteration in the affairs of Italy.

Several private Letters from the Hague intimate, that Enquiries are carrying on with great secrecy, into the conduct of some of the most active Members of the late Administration, that it is believed they will be attended with good effects; that the like are expected from the erecting a supreme Council of war, in which the conduct of all officers, of what Rank soever, will be examined, and that it is believed his serene Highness the Stadtholder, will not fail to lay hold of every Occasion that offers, for restoring Discipline in the Troops of the Republic, and removing all those Obstacles that have hitherto prevented the Troops of the States General from making the same Figure in the present war, that they did in the two last; in the former of which they were commanded by King William, and in the latter, for the most Part, by his Highness's Father, the Hereditary Stadtholder of Friesland.

Extract of a Letter from on board His Majesty's Ship the Portland, in Plymouth Sound, July 3.

We have taken and brought in here five Prizes, and have plundered a small Town belonging to the Spaniards; and took all the Bells and Images out of the Church. The admiral sent three sail to another Spanish Harbour; and they have taken and burnt twenty-eight sail of small Coasting Vessels. We were obliged to return here, our ship being in a very leaky condition, and not fit for service.

July 6. Yesterday advice came, that the Prince Edward, Dawson from Leghorn, was safely arrived in the Downs, and has brought in the St. Joseph, of Rochelle, from Cape-Francois, with 340 Hogheads of Sugar on board; and her cargo supposed in the whole to be worth near 10,000l.

Sir Peter Warren and Lord Trentham, are elected Members for Westminster.

Total of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the Allied Army in the late Engagement.

	Horses	Officers and Men.
Total British	382	2110
Total Hanoverian	525	2435
Total Hessian	176	385

1083 — 4930

Total of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the French Army in the late Engagement.

Killed	9800
Wounded	5008
Prisoners	860

Total 15668

July 9. Letter from Utrecht of 12th of July, have the following Particulars. By advices from Maestricht, the French do not seem inclined to besiege that Place. The same Letters

are silent about the crossing the Meuse by some of the French Forces; so that the Report of that kind is not believed. As to the News from Paris, in relation to Genoa, there is nothing particularly in the Letters directly from Italy: But the first Post arrived here this Morning from Germany brought Letters from Munich dated the 5th, which takes Notice, that Count Schulemberg had found it necessary to suspend the siege of Genoa, in order to join his Troops with General Brown, and to march in conjunction with him, seconded by the King of Sardinia, to give Marshal Belleisle battle.

A second Post from Germany, according to the same Letters, passed by Utrecht with advices dated at Augburg on the 6th which affirmed the suspension of the siege of Genoa: but with the formal Circumstance, that the Austrians and Piedmontese Troops should not retire from before the Place, but only to unite with General Brown, and the several Detachments marching by the King of Sardinia's Orders from Piedmont, in order to act with united Force against the French Army and the Infant Don Philip.

By a Letter from the Hague we have an Account, that the French have laid siege to Breca, and that they have upwards of a hundred and fifty strong Parties, which constantly scour the Country to that our Messengers, &c. are obliged to take a large Circuit about for fear of falling in with them.

On Thursday the Falmouth and Rose Men of War, of 30 Guns each, sent into shield two French Privateers of considerable Force, one of them called Lewis XV. the other St. David, with ten Ransomers on board for 1600l. and about a hundred Prisoners.

There is advice, that there are at the Capes of Good Hope several French Men of War. in order to intercept the India Company's ships homeward bound.

The Anne, from Virginia, with 319 Hogheads of Tobacco, is taken by several Privateers on the Coast of Norway, and with five others carried into Bergen.

We have certain advice, that on Saturday last the Charming Molly, a Cartel ship, sailed from Southampton, having on board M. Jonquiere, and the principal officers taken on board the French Fleet, by the Admirals Anson and Warren.

Some private Letters from Zealand mention a remarkable Sermon preach'd whilst his Serene Highness the Prince of Orange was in that Province, which gave the greatest satisfaction imaginable, in this critical conjuncture to the Congregation then present — The following well-chosen Verses for the Text must give our Readers an Idea of the whole Discourse.

J U D G E S Chap. xi.

Verse 4. And it came to pass in process of Time, that the Children of Ammon made war against Israel.

5. And it was so, that when the Children of Ammon made War against Israel, the Elders of Gilead went to fetch Jephthah out of the Land of Tob:

6. And they said unto Jephthah, Come, and be our Captain, that we may fight with the Children of Ammon.

7. And Jephthah said unto the Elders of Gilead, Did ye not hate me, and expel me out of my Father's House? And why are ye come unto me now, when ye are in Distress?

8. And the Elders of Gilead said unto Jephthah, Therefore we turn again unto thee now, that thou mayst go with us, and fight against the Children of Ammon, and be our Head over all the Inhabitants of Gilead.

9. And Jephthah said unto the Elders of Gilead, If ye bring me home again to fight against the Children of Ammon, and the Lord deliver them before me; shall I be your Head?

10. And the Elders of Gilead said unto Jephthah, The Lord be Witness between us, if we do not so according to thy Words.

11. Then Jephthah went with the Elders of Gilead, and the People made him Head and Captain over them: And Jephthah uttered all his Words before the Lord in Mizpeh.

July 9. As to the affairs of Genoa, there is no speaking of them with the least Degree of certainty, because we have no letters from thence of a later Date than the 20th, at least that can be depended upon; and as to the advices from several parts of Germany they destroy one ano her. From Vienna they tell us, that they have a Report the Town surrendered at discretion: But Nuremberg the Letters say, that it was upon capitulation; and there are letters from Augsburg, which in plain Terms affirm, that the siege is raised. We have indeed Letters from very good Hands at Vienna, which assure us, that upon the 28th of last Month the young Count Lacy set out on his Return for the Camp of General Count Schulemberg, with full Power to grant the Genoese such Terms as shall appear reasonable.

B O S T O N,



BOSTON, August 18.

Extra of a Letter from Capt. Peter Collas, dated Antigua,  
June 28. 1747.

Twenty days after my Departure from Boston we fell in with two French Privateers of Martineco, one of 10 carriage and 18 Swivel Guns, with 117 Men, the other of 8 carriage and 20 Swivel Guns, with 130 Men; the former engaged me, the latter look'd on, as she had a prize with her.

I fell in with them in the Night and only exchange'd a Broad-side 'til next Day; the Night being clear and little Wind, could not disengage my self of them. However, they did not come up with me 'til half an Hour past 10 o'Clock next Day, when he came within Pistol Shot. Thus did we engage till between five and six in the Afternoon, some times with Stern-Chases and some times with Broad-sides and Swivels, of which I had ten, and ten Carriage, with Plenty of small Arms, cartridge and Langle, &c. which we made use of during the Engagement.

But my Bane was the want of Men, of which we had but 18, three of whom were sick, one of them died about twelve Hours after being taken, the other Half left sick at Martineco, He so enabled me in Hull and Tackling, that its almost incredible, he shot my Sails to Pieces, cut my Shroud, Halliards, Sheets, and Braces, Ties and Lifts; my Foremast shot thro' and thro' my main Top-mast shot away about ten Inches from the Cap, several shot between Wind and Water, all my Breast Work shot away, I had Booms rigg'd out that he could not board me, but finding I could not work my Vessel any longer, I took to my close Quarters: The people being tired out and the ship unmanigable, by reason of the Tackling's being shot away, and finding the ship sinking, we came out of our close Quarters, and I went aft and struck the colours, which I had in the Morning nail'd to the ensign staff. He fought under a bloody standard for a great part of the Time, thinking to intimidate and frighten me to strike.

After I had struck to him he said he'd give me no Quarters, kept firing Swivels and small Arms about an Hundred. I tarried four days at St. Piers, and was courteously treated. A little Time after I was brought into Martineco, there being a Tornado at St. Piers, my Vessel parted her Cables and drove out to Sea, with only four Negroes on board, all her Guns in, and her sail on shore, about 30 Barrels of pickled Fish in the hold, and have heard nothing of her since. They have a great Number of Privateers out of Martineco and 14 Prizes were brought in while I was there. Five of us sail'd from Bolton together, and all taken but one. I was sent up to Barbadoes in a Cutter, and in our way rather we met with Commodore Legg with 7 sail of the Line cruising for the French Fleet: He had taken only three Privateers in the cruise, he took us all out of the flag of Truce, and kept all but Malters, &c.

#### ANNAPOLIS.

By Capt. Allyn, (in the Schooner *Swallow*, just arrived here) was sail'd with the Fleet from St. Christophers, we hear, that the Governor of St. Eustatia, had sent to the General, and Commodore of the English Fleet, to take under his Convoy the Dutch ships that were bound to Holland, he having received Orders from the Company, for the ships from that Island not to sail except they had an English Convoy.

We are also informed, that Commodore Lee was gone home in the *Saffack*, a 70 Gun ship, which he commanded, his Trial being ended, after a great Expence to the Island to bring it to a final Issue, tho' to no purpose, for the Gentlemen who gave in the Charge against the Commodore, inadvertently included the President Capt. Pocock, and Capt. Bourcier, two of the Members of the Court, as Guilty of Male Conduct since they have been on that Station and under the Command of said Commodore.

Last Saturday one John Lewis, in Dorchester County, riding quarter Race, his Horse flew the way, and flung him amongst three Saplings, by which accident he was kill'd on the spot: It is said he had scarce a whole Bone, above his Hips, left in his Body.

A few Days ago a Man in Cecil County murder'd his own child, a pretty little Girl, about 2 or 3 Years old, by dashing it to pieces: but he has made off.

#### ADVERTISEMENTS.

OST, on the last Day of the Fair, on the Race-Ground near this City, a very good Castor Hat.

The Person who finds and brings it to the Subscriber, shall have Five Half-Crowns Reward.

JOHN MURRAY.

STRAYED or Stolen, about the 26th of September, from the Subscriber then at Port-Tobacco in Charles County, a young middle sized bright Bay Gelding, with a black Mane and Tail, a natural Pacer, has a Saddle spot on his off side, a thin Neck, is shod Before, and Branded with a T about an Inch in length on the near buttock and shoulder.

Also with him strayed, or was stolen, a middle-sized dark Bay Gelding, Branded on the near shoulder with a P, and on the near Buttock with an I, belonging to Mr. Jere. Chase of the aforesaid Place.

Whoever brings the said Horses to the Subscriber in Annapolis, or to the said Mr. Chase or to Mr. Edmund Porteus of Charles County, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, or Twenty Shillings for either of them, and reasonable Expences, paid by the said Mr. Chase, or

MATTHIAS BORDLEY.

ANDREW BUCHANAN, Wig-maker and Barber, keeps his Shop right over against the Sign of the Indian King in Annapolis, where any Gentlemen may be furnish'd with all sorts of Wiggs made in the best and newest Fashions: And those Gentlemen who shall be pleas'd to favour him with their custom for Shaving, may depend on being duly attended, with good Razors, by

Their humble Servant,

ANDREW BUCHANAN.

N. B. There is likewise an Evening School kept at the same Place by the Subscriber, who Teaches Writing, and Arithmetic, from Six o'Clock 'til Nine.

JAMES BROWN.

STRAYED, or stolen, about the latter end of August past, from the Subscriber, of Annapolis, a middle sized Bay Gelding, branded on the off Buttock I. and on the off Shoulder C. has a star in his Forehead, and a snip on his Nose, and has a long Tail. It is suppos'd he is gone towards Elk-Ridge where he was bred by John Campbell, Planter.

Whoever brings him to the Subscriber shall have Fifteen Shillings reward, and no Questions ask'd.

JOHN CAMPBELL.

Annapolis October 6 1747.

RAN away from the Subscribers, of the City of Annapolis, on Sunday evening, the three following Convict Servant men viz.

David Rawl a West Country-Man, about 30 Years of Age, a Shoe maker by Trade; about 5 Foot 9 Inches high, walks something stooping, has short black bushy Hair, but it is suppos'd he now wears a Wig or Cap, having taken both with him: He had on when he went away, a light coloured Kersey Coat with broad white metal buttons, with a Country Cloth Jacket dyed Yellow, a pair of Leather Breeches pretty much worn, a pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, a pair of speckled Country made Stockings, a pair of old Shoes, and an Osnabrig Shirt.

Lewis Evans, a Welshman, about 25 Years of Age, who understands the driving of a Team very well, but may pretend to be a Tanner, he having served three Years to that Trade (as he says) Talks thick and stops often in it; is about 5 Foot 11 Inches high; walks very upright, a thin Visage, a pretty good Complexion, a down-cast Look, but a very likely well proportioned Fellow; Had on when he went away an old Felt Hat, a black Cape Handkerchief, an Osnabrig Shirt, a Country Cloth Jacket, a pair of new Sheepskin Yellow Breeches, a pair of Country made Stockings, and Fall Shoes; and took with him a Frock made of Duck. And

Samuel Coleman, an Englishman, a Baker by Trade, a thin Fac'd man, about 30 Years of Age, a very ugly Fellow; about 5 Foot 9 Inches high, walks something stooping, has a stoppage in his Speech, Yellow Complexion, pretty large Nose, very much mark'd with the Small Pox: Had on when he went away, a black Wig, an old Hat, an Osnabrig Shirt, a blue Pea-Jacket, a pair of Check Trowsers, and a pair of old Shoes and Stockings.

Whosoever secures the said Servants, or any of them, any where, so as they may be had again, shall receive, with reasonable Charges, the Sum of Forty Shillings for each Man, paid in that Currency where taken, by us

THOMAS KING;

THOMAS WILLIAMSON;

JOHN CHALMERS.

N. B. The said Servants went the Patuxco Road, about 8 Miles from this City, and 'tis suppos'd would either go to Philadelphia, Monocacy, or the back parts of Virginia; and 'tis very likely they have got false Passes. The said Coleman can write a very good Hand.



**R**AN away from William Mackubin, of Baltimore County, near the head of Buck-River, the 27th of September past, a lusty Country-Born Negro Man named Will; he has a scar on his Cheek occasion'd by a Burn when he was a Child.

Any Sheriff, into whose Custody the said Negro may be committed, is desired immediately to give Notice to his said Master,

WILLIAM MACKUBIN.

Lately Imported, and to be Sold by William Govane, at his House near Annapolis, very Cheap, by Wholesale,

**A** PARCEL of choice Oznabrigs, Coffee, Iron-Pots, Kettles and Skillets, of various sizes; West-India Rum, Mollasses, New-England Soap in small Boxes, Train Oyl, Maple Desks, and Rush-bottom Chairs of the best Make and Fashion.

**S**TOLEN or Strayed from Bladensburg, last April, a large bright Bay Gelding, with no particular Mark or Brand that is discernable, his Head and Nostrils pretty large, his common Gate a Gallop, tho' he can Pace and very fast, but so hard as not to be Rode with any satisfaction, and has been used to be shod all round.

If by this description he can be found, and brought to the Subscriber, the Person bringing him shall be entitled to a Reward of Three Pounds Currency.

DAVID ROSS.

**D**OCTOR THOMSON has remov'd from his Lodgings at Mrs. Dicks, near Upper-Marlborough, to Mr. Robert Brady's, about two Miles beyond it towards Nottingham; where he may be found by those who desire his Assistance as a Physician, Chirurgeon, or Man-midwife.

**T**HE Subscriber intending Home, in the *Frienship*, Capt. Sedgwick, now in Patuxent River, desires all Persons with whom he has had Dealings, to settle their Accounts.

BRIAN PHILPOT, junior.

#### TO BE SOLD,

**A** TRACT of Land called *Bloombury*, containing 400 Acres, lying in the Freshes of *Great Choptank* in *Talbot* County; it was taken up by, and Patented to, *Richard Hopewell*, and adjoins to a Tract called *The Irish Discovery*, which joins to a Tract called *Baker's Plains*, which last mentioned Tract has been lately proved.

Any Person inclining to Purchase, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber in *St. Mary's* County, near the Mouth of *Patuxent* River.

JOSEPH HOPWELL.

Sept. 30 1747

**R**AN-away on the 29th Instant, from the Subscriber of *Baltimore* County, Two Servant Men. One of them goes by the Name of *Edward Charlton*, a Weaver by Trade, an *Irishman*, has small Eyes, a picked sharp Nose, speaks Hoarse, and was very bare of Cloaths. The other named *Francis Williams*, a Sawyer by Trade, a tall, black, swarthy, down-looking Fellow, wears his own Hair; had on a dark coloured Cloth Coat, with a Cape and Boot-Sleeve and flat metal Buttons, a striped Waistcoat, good shoes, and blue Stockings.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and delivers them to their Master, living on *Briton's Ridge* in *Baltimore* County, shall have Four Pounds Current Money Reward for the Weaver, and Forty Shillings for the Sawyer, paid by

HENRY MORGAN.

**W**ILLIAM HAYES, Chair-maker from *Philadelphia*, now lives in *Annapolis*, and hereby gives notice, That he will furnish any Gentlemen, or others, with all sorts of Rush-bottom Chairs, made in the best and neatest manner and at the most reasonable Rates.

WILLIAM HAYES.

N. B. The said Hayes lives at the Lower End of *East-Street*, where *William Hudson* lately dwelt.

**A**LL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, living at the Sign of the *Indian King*, in *Annapolis*, are requested to make Payment.

MARY FRASER.

**JUST IMPORTED** from *Glasgow*, by James Johnson, in the *Snow* *St. Andrew*, and to be Sold at his Store in *Annapolis*, by the Subscriber,

**A** LARGE Cargo of European Goods, consisting of Cotton, Oznabrigs, Blanketts, Rugs, Kerseys, Broad Cloths, *English* and *Scotch* Half-thicks, Check Linnens of all sorts, *Irish* Linnens, striped Hollands, Bed-Ticking, Tartan, Blanketting, Yarn Stockings, Worsted and Cotton Caps, Leather Breeches, Linen Handkerchiefs, Men and Womens Worsted and Thread Stockings, Men and Womens Shoes and Pumps, Negroes Falls and Brogues, Gun-Powder and Shot, Nails, broad and narrow Hoes, all sorts of Axes, Ironmongery, Stationary, Cutlery, &c. &c. &c. Call-coes, Rammals, and sundry sorts of *India*, and other Goods, too tedious to be mentioned.

ROBERT SWAN,

N. B. All Persons Indebted to the said James Johnson, as well before as since his Departure from *Maryland*, are once more desired to settle and pay off their respective Balances. And any Person having a quantity of Shippable Tobacco on hand, for present Sale, may have either Goods or Money for it, by treating with

ROBERT SWAN.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that *Richard Lewis*, Sadler, who formerly kept his Shop near the Church in the City of *Annapolis*, now keeps his Shop just by the Gate-House, and furnishes any Gentlemen with all sorts of Sadler's Work, done in the neatest and best manner.

THE said Lewis has several Shoemakers, very good Workmen, where all Persons may be supply'd with all sorts of Shoes and Boots, made in the the best and neatest manner.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, That *Thomas King*, Shoemaker, who formerly kept his Shop at the Gate-House or the City of *Annapolis*, now keeps his Shop at the Old Prison, where all Persons may be Supply'd with all sorts of Shoes and Boots, made in the best and neatest manner.

THE said King has a Sadler, a very good Workman from *London*; who furnishes any Gentlemen with all sorts of Sadler's Work, done in the neatest and best manner, at reasonable Rates.

**N**ICHOLAS CLOUDS, hereby gives Notice, that he keeps good Boats and Hands at *Brad Creek*, on *Kent-Island*, to cross the Bay to *Annapolis* with Gentlemen and their Horses, and likewise, from *Annapolis* to *Kent-Island*. He also gives Notice, that he keeps a House of good Entertainment for Gentlemen and Travellers, and has good Pasture and Provender for Horses; and keeps a Number of Horses to Let to Gentlemen Travelling to any part of the Eastern-Shore, and has Boys to attend them: All Gentlemen who may have occasion to Travel that way, may depend on good Usage, and being well accommodated, by

Their humble Servant,

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

August 30, 1747.

#### TO BE SOLD,

(For Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange)

**A** TRACT of Land called *Grantham*, in *Kent* County, containing 500 Acres, situate on *Chester-River*.

Whoever is inclinable to purchase the same, may apply to the Subscriber in *St. Mary's* County, or at *Annapolis* next Provincial Court.

G. PLATT.

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D. DULANT.



## MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, October 14, 1747.

## The EXPERIMENT.

## A T A L E.

\*\*\*\*\* I R T U E and V I C E, two mighty Powers,  
 \* V \* Who rule this motly World of ours,  
 \* \* Disputed once which govern'd best,  
 \* \* And whose Dependants most were blest.

They reason'd, rally'd, crack'd their Jokes:  
 Succeeding much like other Folks.  
 Their Logic walted, and their Wit,  
 Nor one nor t'other wou'd submit;  
 But both the doubtful Point consent  
 To clear by fair Experiment:  
 For this toime Mortal, they declare,  
 By Turns shall both their Bounty share,  
 And eithers Pow'r to blest him try'd,  
 Shall then the long Dispute decide.

On Hodge they fix, a Country Boor,  
 As yet rough, ign'rant, careless, poor—  
 Vice first exerts her Pow'r to blest,  
 And gives him Riches in Excels,  
 With Gold she taught him to supply  
 Each rising Wish of Luxury;  
 Hodge grew at length polite and great,  
 And liv'd like Minister of State;  
 He swore with Grace, got nobly drunk,  
 And kept in Pomp his twentieth Punt.

One Morning, as in easy Chair,  
 Hodge sat with ruminating Air,  
 Vice, like a Lady fair and gay,  
 Approach'd, and thus was heard to say,  
 (Behind her Virtue all the while  
 Stood sily list'ning with a smile)

\* Know, favour'd Mortal, know that I,  
 \* The Pleasures of thy Life supply;  
 \* I rais'd thee from the clay built Cell,  
 \* Where Want, Contempt, and Slav'ry dwell;  
 \* And, as each Joy on Earth is sold,  
 \* To purchase all, I gave thee Gold;  
 \* This made the Charms of Beauty thine,  
 \* This blest'd thee with the Joys of Wine;  
 \* This gave thee, in the rich Repast,  
 \* Whate'er can please the tutor'd Taste.  
 \* Confess the Blessings I bestow,  
 \* And pay the grateful Thanks you owe;  
 \* My name is Vice.—Cry'd Hodge (and sneer'd)  
 \* Long be your mighty Name rever'd!  
 \* Forso'd it, Heav'n! thus blest by you,  
 \* That I shou'd rob you of your due.—  
 \* To Wealth 'twas you that made me Heir,  
 \* And gave, for which I thank you, Care;  
 \* Wealth brought me Wine, 'tis past a Doubt,  
 \* And Wine, see here's a Leg! The Gout.  
 \* To Wealth I owe my French Ragout,  
 \* And that each Morn'nd Night—I spue;  
 \* This Beauty brought, and with the Dame  
 \* The Fox, a blest Companion! came.  
 \* And now, to shew how much I prize  
 \* The Joys which from your Bounty rise,  
 \* Each coupled with so dear a Brother,  
 \* I'll give you one to take the other.—  
 \* Avaunt, depart from whence you came,  
 \* And thank your Stars that I am lame.  
 \* Enrag'd and griev'd away she flew,  
 \* And all her Gifts from Hodge withdrew.  
 \* Now, in his sad repentant Hour,  
 \* Celestial Virtue try'd her Pow'r;  
 \* For Wealth, Content the Goddess gave,  
 \* Th' unenvy'd Treasure of the Slave!

From wild Desires she set him free,  
 And fill'd his Breast with Charity;  
 No more loud Tumults Riot breeds,  
 And Temp'rance Gluttony succeeds.

Hodge, in his native Cot at rest,  
 Now Virtue found, and thus address'd:  
 ' Say, for 'tis yours by Proof to know,  
 ' Can Virtue give thee Bliss below?  
 ' Content my Gift, and Temp'rance mine,  
 ' And Charity, tho' meek, divine.

With blushing Cheeks and kindling Eyes,  
 The Man transported thus replies:  
 ' My Goddess! on this favour'd Head  
 ' The Life of Life thy Blessings shed!  
 ' My annual Thousands when I told,  
 ' Infatiate still I sigh'd for Gold;  
 ' You gave Content—a boundless Store!  
 ' And, rich indeed! I sigh'd no more.—  
 ' With Temp'rance, came delightful Guest!  
 ' Health,—tasteful Food, and balmy Rest:  
 ' With Charity's Seraphic Flame  
 ' Each generous social Pleasure came,  
 ' Pleasures which in Possession rise,  
 ' And retrospective Thought supplies!  
 ' Long to attest it may I live,  
 ' That all Vice promises, you give.

Vice heard, and swore that Hodge for Hire  
 Had giv'n his Verdict like a liar;  
 And Virtue, turning with Disdain,  
 Vow'd ne'er to speak to Vice again.

From the West-India Monthly Packet of Intelligence, for  
 July, 1747.

F L A N D E R S.

JULY the 3d, the town of Bergen-op-zoom was attacked by a body of troops under the command of Count Lowen-dahl, and the trenches opened against it in the evening, on the side of the gate of Wouste. On the 8th, they had finished a parallel from the sea on one side to the causey of Wouste, which terminates the inundation that covers the lines on the other. Next day they began firing from three batteries of cannon and two of mortars, which have destroyed the church, and done considerable damage to the town, but have hitherto had no effect on the batteries of the place, as not one gun had been dismounted on the 11th, when the last advices came away. The garrison, according to some accounts, have made several successful sallies upon the besiegers, in one of which they destroyed or filled up great part of their works, took 250 prisoners, and killed a considerable number.

Count St. Germain, with his corps of 10,000 men, has been detached from the French army, to reinforce M. de Lowen-dahl. Prince Hildbourghausen has likewise received some reinforcement from the allies.

Nice. Marshal Belleisle having, in the beginning of June, sent a detachment from his left to go over the eminences of Ventimiglia, General Leutrum abandoned that important post, and fell back to Pena and Broglis, leaving only a garrison of about 250 men in the castle; which the enemy soon after besieged with 11 pieces of cannon and 5 mortars, and about the 20th of June obliged it to surrender.

Upon the reduction of Ventimiglia, M. Belleisle, with the infantry, began their march towards Savona, in order to assist the Genoese; while the troops in Dauphiny were to endeavour to penetrate into Piedmont, by the valleys of Ouz, Mount Dauphin, and Barceloneta. But neither of these bodies have as yet made any considerable progress. The corps under General Leutrum, and some small parties which he had posted in the mountains, greatly harassed the former; while the King of Sardinia,

James Johnson, at his Store

consisting of  
 Kerseys, Broad  
 Linnens of all  
 kinds, Tartans,  
 Cotton Caps, Lin-  
 Womens Wor-  
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 ROBERT SWAN,

James Johnson, as  
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 ROBERT SWAN.

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 CHOLAS CLOVER

ust 30, 1747.

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 Annapolis next Pro-  
 G. PLATIL.

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 next. All Persons  
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 sell, shall be free  
 Stallage, Picage,  
 ive Years next ca-

D. DWLANT.

g-Office in  
 is Paper.



**R**AN away from William Mackubin, of Baltimore County, near the head of Back-River, the 27th of September past, a luffy Country-Born Negro Man named Will; he has a scar on his Cheek occasion'd by a Burn when he was a Child.

Any Sheriff, into whose Custody the said Negro may be committed, is desired immediately to give Notice to his said Master,

WILLIAM MACKUBIN.

Lately Imported, and to be Sold by William Govane, at his House near Annapolis, very Cheap, by Wholesale,

**A** PARCEL of choice Osnabrigs, Coffee, Iron-Pots, Kettles and Skillets, of various sizes; West-India Rum, Mollasses, New-England Soap in small Boxes, Train Oil, Maple Desks, and Rush-bottom Chairs of the best Make and Fashion.

**S**TOLEN or Strayed from Bladensburg, last April, a large bright Bay Gelding, with no particular Mark or Brand that is discernable, his Head and Nostrils pretty large, his common Gate a Gallop, tho' he can Pace and very fast, but so hard as not to be Rode with any satisfaction, and has been used to be shod all round.

If by this description he can be found, and brought to the Subscriber, the Person bringing him shall be entitled to a Reward of Three Pounds Currency.

DAVID ROSS.

**D**OCTOR THOMSON has remov'd from his Lodgings at Mrs. Dick's, near Upper-Marlborough, to Mr. Robert Brady's, about two Miles beyond it towards Nottingham; where he may be found by those who desire his Assistance as a Physician, Chirurgion, or Man-midwife.

**T**HE Subscriber intending Home, in the Friendship, Capt. Sedgwick, now in Patuxent River, desires all Persons with whom he has had Dealings, to settle their Accounts.

BRIAN PHILPOT, junior.

#### TO BE SOLD,

**A** TRACT of Land called Bloombury, containing 400 Acres, lying in the Freshes of Great Choptank in Talbot County; it was taken up by, and Patented to, Richard Hopewell, and adjoins to a Tract called The Light Discovery, which joins to a Tract called Baker's Plains, which last mentioned Tract has been lately proved.

Any Person inclining to Purchase, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber in St. Mary's County, near the Mouth of Patuxent River.

JOSEPH HOPWELL.

Sept. 30 1747

**R**AN away on the 29th Instant, from the Subscriber of Baltimore County, Two Servant Men. One of them goes by the Name of Edward Charlton, a Weaver by Trade, an Irishman, has small Eyes, a picked sharp Nose, speaks Hoarse, and was very bare of Cloaths. The other named Francis Williams, a Sawyer by Trade, a tall, black, swarthy, down-looking Fellow, wears his own Hair; had on a dark coloured Cloth Coat, with a Cape and Boot-Sleeve and flat metal Buttons, a striped Waistcoat, good shoes, and blue Stockings.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and delivers them to their Master, living on Britton's Ridge in Baltimore County, shall have Four Pounds Current Money Reward for the Weaver, and Forty Shillings for the Sawyer, paid by

HENRY MORGAN.

**W**ILLIAM HAYES, Chair-maker from Philadelphia, now lives in Annapolis, and hereby gives notice, That he will furnish any Gentlemen, or others, with all sorts of Rush-bottom Chairs, made in the best and neatest manner and at the most reasonable Rates.

WILLIAM HAYES.

N. B. The said Hayes lives at the Lower End of East-Street, where William Hudson lately dwelt.

**A**ll Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, living at the Sign of the Indian King, in Annapolis, are requested to make Payment.

MARY FRATER.

**JUST IMPORTED** from Glasgow, by James Johnston, in the Snow-Ship Andrew, and to be Sold at his Store in Annapolis, by the Subscriber,

**A** LARGE Cargo of European Goods, consisting of Cotton, Osnabrigs, Blanketts, Rugs, Kerseys, Broad Cloths, English and Scotch Half-thicks, Check Linens of all sorts, Irish Linens, striped Hollands, Bed-Ticking, Tartan, Blanketting, Yarn Stockings, Worsted and Cotton Caps, Leather Breeches, Linen Handkerchiefs, Men and Womens Worsted and Thread Stockings, Men and Womens Shoes and Pumps, Negroes Falls and Brogues, Gun-Powder and Shot, Nails, broad and narrow Hoes, all sorts of Axes, Ironmongery, Stationary, Cutlery, &c. &c. &c. Callicons, Rummals, and sundry sorts of India, and other Goods, too tedious to be mentioned.

ROBERT SWAN,

N. B. All Persons Indebted to the said James Johnston, as well before as since his Departure from Maryland, are once more desired to settle and pay off their respective Balances. And any Person having a quantity of Shippable Tobacco on hand, for present Sale, may have either Goods or Money for it, by treating with

ROBERT SWAN.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that Richard Lewis, Sadler, who formerly kept his Shop near the Church in the City of Annapolis, now keeps his Shop just by the Gate-House, and furnishes any Gentlemen with all sorts of Sadler's Work, done in the neatest and best manner.

THE said Lewis has several Shoemakers, very good Workmen, where all Persons may be supply'd with all sorts of Shoes and Boots, made in the the best and neatest manner.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, That Thomas King, Shoemaker, who formerly kept his Shop at the Gate-House of the City of Annapolis, now keeps his Shop at the Old Prison, where all Persons may be Supply'd with all sorts of Shoes and Boots, made in the best and neatest manner.

THE said King has a Sadler, a very good Workman from London; who furnishes any Gentlemen with all sorts of Sadler's Work, done in the neatest and best manner, at reasonable Rates.

**N**ICHOLAS CLOUDS, hereby gives Notice, that he keeps good Boats and Hands at Broad-Grill, in Kent-Island, to cross the Bay to Annapolis with Gentlemen and their Horses, and likewise, from Annapolis to Kent-Island. He also gives Notice, that he keeps a House of good Entertainment for Gentlemen and Travellers, and has good Pasture and Provender for Horses; and keeps a Number of Horses to Let to Gentlemen Travelling to any part of the Eastern-Shore, and his Boys to attend them: All Gentlemen who may have occasion to Travel that way, may depend on good Usage, and being well accommodated, by

Their humble Servant,

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

August 30, 1747.

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Nor one nor t'other wou'd submit;  
But both the doubtful Point consent  
To clear by fair Experiment:  
For this some Mortal, they declare,  
By Turns shall both their Bounty share,  
And either's Pow'r to blest him try'd,  
Shall then the long Dispute decide.

On Hodge they fix, a Country Boor,  
As yet rough, ignorant, careless, poor—  
Vice first exerts her Pow'r to blest,  
And gives him Riches in Excess,  
With Gold she taught him to supply  
Each rising Wish of Luxury;  
Hodge grew at length polite and great,  
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He swore with Grace, got nobly drunk,  
And kept in Pomp his twentieth Punk.

One Morning, as in easy Chair,  
Hodge sat with ruminating Air,  
Vice, like a Lady fair and gay,  
Approach'd, and thus was heard to say,  
(Behind her Virtue all the while  
Stept slyly list'ning with a Smile)

'Know, favour'd Mortal, know that I,  
'The Pleasures of thy Life supply;  
'I rais'd thee from the clay-built Cell,  
'Where Want, Contempt, and Slavery dwell;  
'And, as each Joy on Earth is sold,  
'To purchase all, I gave thee Gold;  
'This made the Charms of Beauty thine,  
'This blest'd thee with the Joys of Wine;  
'This gave thee, in the rich Repast,  
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'Confess the Blessings I bestow,  
'And pay the grateful Thanks you owe;  
'My name is Vice.—Cry'd Hodge (and sneer'd)  
'Long be your mighty Name rever'd!  
'Forbid it, Heav'n! thus blest by you,  
'That I shou'd rob you of your due.—

'To Wealth 'twas you that made me Heir,  
'And gave, for which I thank you, Care;  
'Wealth brought me Wine, 'tis past a Doubt,  
'And Wine, see here's a Leg! The Gent.

'To Wealth I owe my French Ragout,  
'And that each Morn and Night—I sup;  
'This Beauty brought, and with the Dame  
'The Fox, a blest Companion! came.

'And now, to shew how much I prize  
'The Joys which from your Bounty rise,  
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And fill'd his Breast with Charity;  
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Can Virtue give thee Bliss below?

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Upon the reduction of Ventimiglia, M. Belleisle, with the infantry, began their march towards Savona, in order to attack the Genoese; while the troops in Dauphiny were to endeavour to penetrate into Piedmont, by the valleys of Ouz, Mount Dauphin, and Barcelonnette. But neither of these bodies have as yet made any considerable progress. The corps under General Leutrum, and some small parties which he had posted in the mountains, greatly harrassed the former; while the King of Sardinia,



Sardinia, in order to obstruct the march of the latter, has ordered trenches to be cut in the gorges of the mountains, and redoubts to be erected on their tops. A great snow is also lately fallen, which has again choked up the passages that were before almost practicable.

By the last advices, the Spanish army has passed the Var, and the advanced guard of that of M. Belleisle, which marched by St. Remo and Oneglia, is arrived on the Genoese territories, while the rest of his army has taken the route of Piedmont.

Genoa. On the 15th of June, the Genoese General Finelli, having been intercepted at a Scollera with the French General Lannoni, made an effort to re-open the passage on the side of the Bisagno. His strength consisted of 500 French, and an equal or greater number of Peasants. The Croats and Waraldins, who defended the posts that this corps attacked, soon repulsed them, and pursued them far in hand above a quarter of a league, cutting in pieces all those who were not more nimble than themselves: The Genoese General was killed on this occasion.

The Duke de Boufflers, who commanded the French troops at Genoa, the Marquis de Taubin, commander of the Spaniards, and a nobleman of the house of Pallavicini, died there in the end of June; the two last of their wounds, the first of the small-pox: The Duke de Boufflers is succeeded in the government of Flanders by his son.

From the *London Gazette Extraordinary*, July 22.

Turin, July 21. On the 19th the Count de Briqueras, with 10 battalions of Piedmontese and 4 of Austrians, was attacked in his intrenchments on the heights of Affiete, near Bailes, by 40 battalions of French, whom he obliged to retire with the loss of at least 5000, amongst which are the Chevalier de Belleisle, and 300 officers. The Piedmontese lost but 120.

From the *LONDON Gazette*, July 28.

Head Quarters at Rycholt, July 31, N. S.

We received here, four or five Days since, the first Report of the Victory obtain'd the 19th Instant, by the Imperial and Piedmontese Troops, from the French Camp in our Neighbourhood, where they own the Loss of 4500 Men, and 400 officers, upon that occasion. This good News comes now confirmed by Count Brown's son, whom his Father has sent Express with it to his Royal Highness. He arrived this Day, and brings the following Particulars.

Account of the Action between the Allied Troops and those of France, near the Col della Sierra, as it was sent to General Count Braune, by the Major General Count Colloredo: Dated at the aforesaid Place, July 20, 1747.

I Would not fail of sending your Excellency a faithful Report of the March of my four Battalions towards the Col della Sierra, and of the furious Attack of our Intrenchments by the Enemy, and the good Success with which we repulsed them, and gained the Victory.

The 16th of this Month, I received Order from Turin, to march forthwith the four Battalions towards Perusa, and set forward accordingly: But before I got thither, I had notice, from the Commandant of Fenestrelles, of the Approach of the Enemy, and was earnestly press'd by him to advance that very Day to that Place, which I executed after a very fatiguing March.

The 17th, as the Enemy approached more and more, I ordered the two Battalions of Traun and Hagenbach to march quite up to the Intrenchments at the Col della Sierra, advancing myself with the two other Battalions, viz. those of Colloredo and Forgatsch, upon the Heights of Barboti, from whence I saw, in the Valley opposite to me, a body of the Enemy, from twelve to fifteen Battalions.

The 18th, we still saw the Enemies Tents, but the greatest Part of their Troops was gone; whereupon I quitted that Post towards the Evening, advancing in the Night, with incredible Fatigue, thro' Roads almost impassable in the Mountains, as far as Valta, and reached the Col della Sierra before Day break, keeping along the side of the Intrenchments.

The 19th, the two Battalions had hardly encamped, when the Enemy came up exactly in the Front of the Intrenchment, consisting, according to the Account of their own Officers, now our Prisoners, of 44 Battalions.

Whilst their advanced Posts were skirmishing with our Volunteers, and even driving them from a Hill close by our Redoubts, they planted seven cannons upon the same Hill, and began to flank our Intrenchments with them, and formed themselves there in four columns; the first of which, seeing that we

had no Artillery, formed itself at 100 Paces only, behind one of the Eminencies of the Redoubt. There they halted till such Time as their second column, which was on their Right, had got within a certain Distance of the Eminence of our Intrenchment on the Left, and the Third to the Right, whilst the Fourth was passing through the Valley, in order to attack us in the Rear. When Disposition being made, they began to assault us on all sides with such Vigour, or rather Fury, that their first column, under cover of their cannon, pushed on quite to the Parapet of the Redoubt; but it met there of warm a Reception from the Grenadiers of the Sardinian Regiment of Guardos, that, after a combat of three Hours, it was almost totally ruined.

The second column, which attack'd the Flank where I was posted with the battalions of Traun and Forgatsch, had the Misfortune to be likewise repulsed with a great slaughter, after two Hours combat.

The Third column, which pour'd down from a Mountain upon the left Flank of the Intrenchment, was repulsed five Times.

The Fourth column appeared very little, and the Issue of the Whole was, that, towards seven in the Evening, the Enemy rallied their broken and flying Troops, retreating to the Place from whence they set out, and leaving us a complete Victory.

I cannot but extremely commend the bravery and conduct, as well of the Troops of Piedmont, as our own; and in particular I am obliged to testify my satisfaction in the behaviour of the battalion of Forgatsch, whose Lieutenant Colonel Deschekowitz, after the enemy was on our side entirely repulsed, voluntarily offered himself, as did a so twenty Grenadiers, with their Lieutenant, to throw themselves into the Redoubt where the Piedmontese were posted, and where their Grenadiers and Regiment of Guards, having consumed all their Ammunition, could no longer stop the Enemy but with their Bayonets, and stones; which Redoubt our soldiers above mentioned assisted them in defending to the End.

The Field of battle was given to our soldiers to pillage in the Face of the Enemy, and our whole Loss is inconsiderable, whereas that of the Enemy exceeds 4000 men killed, wounded, and Prisoners.

Amongst the slain is the Chevalier de Belleisle, commander in chief, and Major General Arnault, with a great Number of other officers.

Amongst the prisoners, the Number of whom amounts to 11 or 1200, is the Brigadier Borgeie. We have taken also six colours, and I send your Excellency herewith the three, which were taken by our Battalions.

The Enemy left 600 wounded men at Saye, after their Retreat, being all too much hurt to bear removing; and the French General De Mally has written to the Piedmontese General Count Briqueras concerning them.

The Enemy moves off by the Col de Sestrier, making, in all Appearance, for Briancon. It must be acknowledg'd, to their Praise, that their Dispositions for the Attack were excellently concerted, and executed by their Troops with a great deal of Bravery.

Translation of a Letter from a late Magistrate of Antwerp, to a Burgomaster of Rotterdam, July 31, N. S.

"The Noise of the French Artillery against Bergen-op-Zoom, cannot fail of breaking your rest; but don't be discouraged; that City still holds out, and defends herself vigorously; and notwithstanding the rude Treatment she has received from the French, and the Attempts they have made to force her to submit to their Will, she still preserves her Maidenhead, and, 'tis assur'd, will rather suffer herself to be torn in Pieces, than that Louis the Well-belov'd should obtain it; so hearty an Averion has she to him, for making such violent Attempts upon her Chastity. It is however to be fear'd, in spite of the Opposition which she makes to the French King's Flames, that the amiable Bergen-op-Zoom, after the Example of her fine and rich Neighbours, whether Maidens or no, matters not, may, possibly, upon being too closely tickled, yield to the Insults and redoubled Caresses of one of the greatest of Monarchs. Indeed, according to his own Declaration, is not so desirous of gaining her Maidenhead, as her Friendship and Confidence: But what will not People in his Condition say to gain their Ends? Since after all, every Creature and Thing yields to the Force of Gold, of Cannon or of Love. I cannot tell how to answer more for Bergen-op-Zoom than for Breda, nor for Breda than Williamstadt and Rotterdam; with all which Louis the Conqueror is violently in Love. Be all this however as it will, the French Nation are very desirous that their Monarch was less inclined to ramble



into foreign Countries for his Diversion: and as to us Flemings of Brabant, we have no other Fears about us, than that this Sovereign of ours should not, in the Heat of his *Careless* and getting of Maidenheads, meet with to brutal Gallantry, which might lead him to sit in the Kingdom of *Pluto*, on the Right-Hand of the Marquess de Fencelon, his Embassador."

London, July 29. Letters from Genoa, dated a few Days before the raising of the siege, take Notice, that not only all the Shops were shut up, the Tradesmen being employed in the Defence of the Intrenchments, but that the Clergy had also formed two Battalions; one of 600, and the other of 800 men. The King of Spain has lately made several Promotions in his Army and Fleet. In the latter, particularly, 9 captains of Frigates have been advanced to the command of men of war, and 11 Lieutenants of men of war have been made captains of Frigates.

The Hessian troops which joined the Prince of Waldeck in his late March, amount to 3100 Men, exclusive of their Artillery.

The Design of the French, in making such Efforts against Fort Rover, is thought to be to keep the Troops in the Lines employed there, and prevent their defending other Posts, where their Assistance may be equally necessary.

All the Deserters from the French Camp before Bergen-op-Zoom agree, that Count Lowendahl would have been absolutely incapable of continuing the Siege of that Place, if the Body of Troops under the Count de St. Germain had not opportunely arrived to reinforce him.

The Allied Army is in Readiness to repass the Macse, as soon as the French shall draw off from the Neighbourhood of that River, in order to attend the Motions of M. Saxe, which probably may bring on another Action.

Private Letters assure us, that his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland watches very narrowly the Motions of the French Army, and will continually make Detachments for the Defence of Bergen op Zoom, as Count Saxe shall detach Troops for reducing that Place.

#### THE UNDECIDED CASE.

DICK join'd in nuptial Conjugation  
With Susan, whom he long had fought:

But four Months after Cultivation,  
The Fruit of Nine, Sue kindly brought.

Dick scolded: She was in a Swoon:

About their Case the Neighbours varied:

Some urg'd that Susan came too soon;

Others---that Dick too late was married.

#### PHILADELPHIA, October 1.

By Letters from Antigua there is Advice, that one of our Men of War has taken a French Privateer off of Barbados and carried her into Antigua: That Capt. Burchill, in His Majesty's Ship *Lyme*, has had an Engagement with Don Pedro's Windward of Antigua, in which he received a great deal of Damage, and Capt. Burchill was wounded in three different Places.

We hear from the *Capes*, that the *Snow Happy Return*, Capt. Scott, from Londonderry for this Place with Servants, ran upon the *Han* and *Chicken* Shoal, where she beat to Pieces, and about Fifty of the People were drowned.

#### ANNAPOLIS,

Last Thursday Morning died in *Queen-Anne's* County, after a long and lingering Indisposition, which he bore with great Patience and Resignation, the Honourable Col. JAMES HOLLYDAY, Naval Officer of the Port of Oxford, Treasurer of the Eastern Shore, and one of his Lordship's Honourable Council. He has left the Character of a worthy Gentleman and good Christian.

Yesterday Morning dyed at his House at *West-River*, and is much lamented by all that knew him, Mr. JOHN GALLOWAY, Merchant, having left behind him the Character of a fair Dealer, and an honest Man.

Capt. Ogle, in the *Snow Thomas*, arrived here Yesterday. He came out from *Shields*, in the North of England, the Second of September, with Seven Ships bound to this Province, viz. Capt. Nathaniel Chew, and Capt. Sadler, for *Patuxent*; Capt. Page for *Potomack*; Capt. Gibson for *West-River*; Capt. Judd, and Capt. Broxon, for *Patapsco*, and one other Ship. He brings the agreeable News of the safe Arrival of our Fleet which sail'd from the *Capes* the 15th of June past.

Capt. James Hall, with *Palaces*, is safe arrived at *Philadelphia*.

Yesterday sail'd for London, from London-Town, the Ship *Bridge-Town*, Capt. Barrett, with 221 Hogheads of Tobacco on board, having been but 22 or 23 Days taking it in.

#### Custom House, ANNAPOLIS, Entered, since September 30.

Ship *Edinburgh*, James Russell, from Boston,  
Schooner *Swallow*, William Parr, from Antigua,  
Ship *Marshall*, John Fearon, from London,

Snow *Thomas*, Edward Ogle, from London,

#### Cleared for Departure,

Sloop *Bohemia* Batchelor, John Smith, for Virginia,

Sloop *Charming Betty*, John Filher, for Virginia,

Sloop *Humming Bird*, John West, for Virginia,

Ship *Bridge-Town*, James Barrett, for London,

Snow *Amity*, Henry Young, for Biddeford.

#### ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST Imported by the Subscriber, variety of coarse and fine Irish Linens, Osnabrigs, Checks, Manchester Wares and Threads, Broad Cloths, Kerseys, Half Thicks, Fritzes, Bays, striped Flannels, and Welsh Cottons, Nails and Iron Ware of all sorts, &c. Also a quantity of fine Salt. All to be Sold at reasonable Rates in Wholesale or Retail.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber on open Accounts are desired to call and pay their Balances, or give Notes for the same, on or before the first Day of January next, to save further Trouble to

JAMES DICE.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber, on board his Ship the *Marshall*, lying at London Town,

CHOICE OLIVES in Cases, fine *Flamenc* Oyl, fine *Downshire* Kersey, Table Linen, Osnabrigs, Easton Wares, and sundry other sorts of Goods, at reasonable Rates, for Paper Money or Sterling.

JOHN FEARON.

LOST, during the last FAIR, a Woman's Side Saddle, without any Covering, the Seat Buck-skin almost new. A Horse strayed away with it on his Back, but was taken up without it.

Whoever finds and brings it to the Subscriber, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

JAMES BARNES.

TO BE SOLD, by the Subscriber, at his Shop in Annapolis,

TOBACCO Manufactured, by a very good Tobacconist lately arrived from Scotland: Cut and Sliced, Shag, Pipe-Tail, and Snuff, very little, if any thing, inferior to the best Scotch Snuff. Any Persons may be supplied with what Quantities they think fit, and at very reasonable Rates.

JOHN INCH.

RAN away on the 12th of this Instant *October*, from the Subscriber of Annapolis, a Servant Man named *John Cluck*, alias *Evans*, a short, sprightly, artful, fly, smooth-tongued Fellow; is much given to Liquor, and when drunk very Impudent. He has run away, and been advertised several Times before this. Is much mark'd with Gun-Powder, having the representation of our first Parents sitting under a Tree, on his right Breast; four large Dots, under his Right Eye; three Letters J, O, H, N, on one Hand, and F, L, A, C, K, on the other; beside many other Marks on his Body and Arms.

Whoever takes up the said *Cluck*, and brings him to the Subscriber in Annapolis, shall have Fifty Shillings Reward.

WILLIAM THURNTON.

ANDREW BUCHANAN, Wig-maker and Barber, keeps his Shop right over against the Sign of the *Indian King* in Annapolis, where any Gentlemen may be furnish'd with all sorts of Wiggs made in the best and newest Fashions. And those Gentlemen who shall be pleas'd to favour him with their Custom for Shaving, may depend on being duly attended, with good Razors, by

Their humble Servant,

ANDREW BUCHANAN.

N. B. There is likewise an Evening School kept at the same Place by the Subscriber, who Teaches Writing, and Arithmetic, from Six o'Clock 'til Nine.

JAMES BROWN.

LOST



2 **L**OST, on the last Day of the Fair, on the Race-Ground near this City, a very good Callor Hat. The Person who finds and brings it to the Subscriber, shall have Five Half-Crowns Reward.

JOHN MURRAY.

2 **S**TRAYED, or stolen, about the latter end of August past, from the Subscriber, of Annapolis, a middle sized Bay Gelding, Branded on the off Buttock 'I. and on the off Shoulder C. has a star in his Forehead, and a snip on his Nose, and has a long Tail. It is supposed he is gone towards Elk-Ridge where he was bred by John Campbell, Planter.

Whoever brings him to the Subscriber shall have Fifteen Shillings reward, and no Questions ask'd.

JOHN CAMPBELL.

2 **R**AN away from William Mackubin, of Baltimore County, near the head of Back-River, the 27th of September past, a lusty Country-Born Negro-Man named Will; he has a scar on his Cheek occasion'd by a Burn when he was a Child.

Any Sheriff, into whose Custody the said Negro may be committed, is desired immediately to give Notice to his said Master,

WILLIAM MACKUBIN.

Lately Imported, and to be Sold by William Govane, at his House near Annapolis, very Cheap, by Wholesale.

2 **A** PARCEL of choice Osnabrigs, Coffee, Iron-Pots, Kettles and Skillets, of various sizes; West-India Rum, Mollasses, New-England Soap in small Boxes, Train Oyl, Maple Dicks, and Rush-bottom Chairs of the best Make and Fashion.

2 **S**TOLEN or Strayed from Bladenburg, last April, a large bright Bay Gelding, with no particular Mark or Brand that is discernable, his Head and Nostrils pretty large, his common Gate a Gallop, tho' he can Pace and very fast, but so hard as not to be Rode with any satisfaction, and has been used to be used all round.

If by this description he can be found, and brought to the Subscriber, the Person bringing him shall be entitled to a Reward of Three Pounds Currency.

DAVID ROSS.

3 **D**OCTOR THOMSON has remov'd from his Lodgings at Mrs. Dick's, near Upper-Marlborough, to Mr. Robert Braddy's, about two Miles beyond it towards Nottingham; where he may be found by those who desire his Assistance as a Physician, Chirurgion, or Man-midwife.

3 **T**HE Subscriber intending Home, in the Friendship, Capt. Ridgwick, now in Patuxent River, desires all Persons with whom he has had Dealings, to settle their Accounts.

BRIAN PHILPOT, junior.

#### TO BE SOLD,

3 **A** TRACT of Land called Bloomsbury, containing 400 Acres, lying in the Precincts of Great Choptank in Talbot County; it was taken up by, and Patented to, Richard Hopewell, and adjoining to a Tract called The Irish Discovery, which joins to a Tract called Baker's Plains, which last mentioned Tract has been lately proved.

Any Person inclining to Purchase, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber in St. Mary's County, near the Mouth of Patuxent River.

JOSEPH HOPEWELL.

4 **W**ILLIAM HAYES, Chair-maker from Philadelphia, now lives in Annapolis, and hereby gives notice, That he will furnish any Gentlemen, or others, with all form of Rush-bottom Chairs, made in the best and neatest manner, and at the most reasonable Rates.

WILLIAM HAYES.

3 **N. B.** The said Hayes lives at the Lower End of East-Street, where William Hudson lately dwelt.

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**JUST IMPORTED** from Glasgow, by James Johnson, in the Snow St. Andrew, and to be Sold at his Store in Annapolis, by the Subscriber.

**A** LARGE Cargo of European Goods, consisting of Cotton, Osnabrigs, Blanketts, Rugs, Kerseys, Broad Cloths, English and Scotch Half-thicks, Check Linnens of all sorts, Irish Linnens, striped Hollands, Bed-Ticking, Tartans, Blanketting, Yarn Stockings, Worsted and Cotton Caps, Leather Breeches, Linen Handkerchiefs, Men and Womens Worsted and Thread Stockings, Men and Womens Shoes and Pumps, Negroes Falls and Brogues, Gun-Powder and Shot, Nails, broad and narrow Hoes, all sorts of Axes, Ironmongery, Stationary, Cutlery, &c. &c. &c. Calicoes, Rammals, and sundry sorts of India, and other Goods, too tedious to be mentioned.

ROBERT SWAY.

**N. B.** All Persons Indebted to the said James Johnson, as well before as since his Departure from Maryland, are once more desired to settle and pay off their respective Balances. And any Person having a quantity of Shippable Tobacco on hand, for present Sale, may have either Goods or Money for it, by treating with

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THE said Lewis has several Shoemakers, very good Workmen, where all Persons may be supply'd with all sorts of Shoes and Boots, made in the best and neatest manner.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, That Thomas King, Shoemaker, who formerly kept his Shop at the Gate-House of the City of Annapolis, now keeps his Shop at the Old Prison, where all Persons may be supply'd with all sorts of shoes and Boots, made in the best and neatest manner.

THE said King has a Sadler, a very good Workman from London; who furnishes any Gentlemen with all sorts of Sadler's Work, done in the neatest and best manner, at reasonable Rates.

**N**ICHOLAS CLOUDS, hereby gives Notice, that he keeps good Boats and Hands at Broad Creek, on Kent-Island, to cross the Bay to Annapolis with Gentlemen and their Horses, and likewise, from Annapolis to Kent-Island. He also gives Notice, that he keeps a House of good Entertainment for Gentlemen and Travellers, and has good Pasture and Provender for Horses; and keeps a Number of Horses to let to Gentlemen Travelling to any part of the Eastern-Shore, and has Boys to attend them: All Gentlemen who may have occasion to Travel that way, may depend on good Usage, and being well accommodated, by

Their humble Servant,

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

August 30, 1747.

#### TO BE SOLD,

(For Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange)

**A** TRACT of Land called Grantbam, in Kent County, containing 500 Acres, situate on Chester-River.

Whoever is inclinable to purchase the same, may apply to the Subscriber in St. Mary's County, or at Annapolis next Provincial Court.

G. PLATER.

**T**HE Subscriber hath obtained a Patent for keeping a FAIR at Frederick-Town, near Monocacy, on the 21st Day of October, and the 10th Day of May next, each Fair to continue Three Days; and for a Market to be held there every Saturday after the first of November next. All Persons who will bring any Goods, Merchandizes, Cattle, or any Thing else to the said Fairs, or Markets, to sell, shall be free and exempt from the Payment of any Toll, Stallage, Pigeon, or any other Charge, for the Term of Five Years next ensuing this last Day of August 1747.

D. DULANY.

**ANNAPOLIS:** Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in Charles-Street; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper.



# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

*Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.*

WEDNESDAY, October 21, 1747.

L O N D O N, June 23.

WE hear that the Sea Ports swarm with Smugglers from Boulogne, who have taken the Benefit of the late Act of Grace, and are hastening to certain Elections. The Monies already received for the Duties on Coaches, &c. amount to 48,000*l*. and there are several Receivers who have not yet sent in their Accounts.

As the Act of Parliament for prohibiting the importing and wearing of French Cambrick commences on Wednesday next, the Irish and Scotch Manufacturers of that Commodity, are daily sending large Quantities to Town for the Benefit of the Beau Monde, who, it is hoped, will think that our own Manufacture, which employs so many Thousands of industrious Poor, more valuable than that of our Enemies.

We are credibly informed that a Bill will be brought into the New Parliament, to take away the *Liberty of the Press*, agreeable to what is laid down in a new Ministerial Pamphlet, called *A Letter to the Tories: A Work unworthy any Man but a Disciple of Cardinal Tencin*.

*Extract of a Letter from Liverpool, June 16.*

By the Kouli-Kan arriv'd at Glasgow from Jamaica, we have the following Account, That the Ogden, Tristram, of this Place from Africa bound to Jamaica, with 370 Slaves, was attack'd by a Spanish Privateer off the East End of Jamaica, and after an obstinate Resistance struck. The Spaniards were so irritated with their Bravery, that when they came on board, they, in the most cruel Manner, murder'd both Whites and Blacks: But as a just Punishment, the Prize soon after sunk, and the Murderers all perish'd except one Man, five Boys, and nine Negroes.

A few Days since the Rev. Mr. Thomas Ward, Curate of Brockley, and late a Member of St. John's College, Cambridge, was instituted and inducted into the *Mother of All Saints*, in Suffolk, worth 600*l*. per Annum; and was presented to the same by Mrs. Rebecca Gilson, Relict of the late Rev. Mr. Edgar Gibson, of Wetheringset, with this particular Restriction, That (though his Church is very capacious, and requires strict Duty) no one should, upon the greatest Emergency, officiate for him, nor he for any other.

An odd Affair happen'd on board the Vernon Transport, Capt. Mitchellson, arriv'd at Deptford: A Person went that Day and paid a Visit to a Friend of his that belong'd to the said Ship, who gave him so hearty a Welcome, that he got confoundedly drunk, and lay that Night in a Hammock next his Friend, who call'd to him in the Morning as soon as he perceiv'd him awake, to know whether he would drink a Dram, but the Man answer'd in a great Passion, that he would never drink with him again, for he had bit off one of his Ears: Upon the whole it appear'd, that the Man had lost an Ear, which could not otherwise be accounted for than that a Rat had gnaw'd it off.

*From a late London Magazine.*

We are assured, that Mr. Buffon, who has lately made a Discovery in France of a Speculum, which sets Objects on Fire at the Distance of 120 Yards, has also written a Dissertation, to prove, that there is nothing either false or absurd in the Account we have of the Burning of the Roman Ships at the Siege of Syracuse by Archimedes; which Discourse of his was highly applauded in the Academy of Sciences. There are already at Paris 7 Mirrors esteem'd the finest in Europe. 1. That made by the Sieur Vilette at Lyons, which is kept at the Royal Library, is of Metal, and burns by Reflection. 2. Another by the same Hand, 43 Inches in Diameter. 3. That of the Sieur de la Garouste, a Gentleman of Quercy, 61 Inches in Diameter, and is kept at the Observatory. 4. The Saxon Mirror, made by the famous M. Tschernhaus, is of Copper, and bigger than any of those above mentioned. 5. Another of Glass, by the same Hand, which burns by Refraction. 6. The Mirror of Orleans, made for the late Duke Regent, by the same Tschernhaus, the Focus of which is at 12 Feet distance, and has hitherto

been esteem'd inimitable. 7. That of the celebrated Hærofocker, which is of Glass, and was made in the Year 1704.

*Whitehall, June 23.*

The King has been pleas'd to appoint the Right Honourable Henry Pelham, George Lyttleton, Henry Legge, and John Campbell, Esqrs. together with George Grenville, Esq; to be his Majesty's Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer of the Exchequer.

The King has been pleas'd to constitute and appoint his Grace John Duke of Bedford, the Right Honourable John Earl of Sandwich, Vere Beauclerk, Esq; commonly called Lord Vere Beauclerk, the Right Honourable John Lord Anson, the Right Honourable William Viscount Barrington, and William Ponsonby, commonly called Lord Duncannon, together with Welbore Ellis, Esq; to be Commissioners for executing the Office of High Admiral of Great-Britain and Ireland, and the Dominions, Islands, and Territories thereto respectively belonging.

July 28. They write from Genoa, of the 10th Instant, N. S. that Numbers of People still continue to die of the Discafe occasioned by their close Confinement during the Siege, that a great Body of Austrian Troops remain at the Bochette, and that the Country round about was so entirely ruined, that they could scarce draw from it any Subsistence. On the other Hand they say, that the King of the Two Sicilies made them a Present of three armed Vessels, compleatly equipped and mann'd, which were already put to Sea under Genoese Colours; that the Marquis de Fogliani, Prime Minister to that Monarch, had given Assurances to the Senate, that his Master's Forces were on the Point of marching to their Assistance, and that they expected 6, or 7000 Spanish Troops hourly from Monaco; which, joined to the Troops of the Republic, and the Auxiliaries before arriv'd, would enable them to take the Field with an Army of 20,000 Men, for the Use of which, they were actually preparing two Trains, one of Field Pieces, the other of battering Cannon.

Orders are giving for building, with the utmost Expedition, several Men of War, from 20 to 50 Guns.

The Dissemper amongst the Horned Cattle continuing still in some Parts of the County of Suffolk, the Magistrate, of Ipswich have, in Pursuance of his Majesty's Order of Council, given strict Order, that no Horned Cattle shall be brought to the Fair to be held there, on the 11th of August.

*Extract of a Letter from Rotterdam, August 1.*

The Town of Bergen-op-Zoom continues to defend itself in a most gallant Manner. Last Week the French alter'd their Situation, not being able to carry their Point on the Fort they attacked, called Kyck in de Pot, from which they were beat off with considerable Loss. They then found it necessary to carry a Fort on the Lines between Bergen and Steenberg, called Rover's Scance, in order to force our Lines, and cut off the Communication to the Town. Preparations were made accordingly, and the Attack begun on Sunday Morning last, at Eleven o'Clock, which Fire was more terrible than any we have yet heard; altho' the Wind blew hard, and at North East, it was heard here without ceasing till near the Evening, and some of the Shocks were so strong on the Keys here, that as you sat, you certainly could feel your Chair shake, and the whole Room affected therewith. At Night we heard no more, nor all Monday, and not hearing any News from thence, we began here to be in great Pain for the Town till this Morning, when all the Letters agree that the French were beat off from the Rover Scance with very considerable Loss, and that they had not yet been able to gain one Foot of Ground.

The Description we have from thence, by Masters of Vessels, is, that the Fire from both Parties is as if the Mouth of Hell was open, vomiting Flames. A Reinforcement of 14000 Men from the Duke are come down for the Defence of the Town and Lines, and 'tis thought will enter the same this Evening.

From



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**N**OTICE is hereby given, That Thomas King, Shoemaker, who formerly kept his Shop at the Gate-House of the City of Annapolis, now keeps his Shop at the Old Prison, where all Persons may be supply'd with all sorts of shoes and Boots, made in the best and neatest manner.

THE said King has a Sadler, a very good Workman from London; who furnishes any Gentlemen with all sorts of Sadler's Work, done in the neatest and best manner, at reasonable Rates.

**N**ICHOLAS CLOUDS, hereby gives Notice, that he keeps good Boats and Hands at Broad Creek, on Kent-Island, to cross the Bay to Annapolis with Gentlemen and their Horses, and likewise, from Annapolis to Kent-Island. He also gives Notice, that he keeps a House of good Entertainment for Gentlemen and Travellers, and has good Pasture and Provender for Horses; and keeps a Number of Horses to Let to Gentlemen Travelling to any part of the Eastern-Shore, and has Boys to attend them: All Gentlemen who may have occasion to Travel that way, may depend on good Usage, and being well accommodated, by

Their humble Servant,

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

August 30, 1747.

TO BE SOLD.

(For Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange)

**A** TRACT of Land called Grantham, in Kent County, containing 500 Acres, situate on Chester-River.

Whoever is inclinable to purchase the same, may apply to the Subscriber in St. Mary's County, or at Annapolis next Provincial Court.

G. PLATTS.

**T**HE Subscriber hath obtained a Patent for keeping a FAIR at Frederick-Town, near Monocacy, on the 21st Day of October, and the 10th Day of May next, each Fair to continue Three Days; and for a Market to be held there every Saturday after the first of November next. All Persons who will bring any Goods, Merchandizes, Cattle, or any Thing else to the said Fairs, or Markets, to sell, shall be free and exempt from the Payment of any Toll, Stallage, Picage, or any other Charge, for the Term of Five Years next ensuing this last Day of August 1747.

D. DUBANY.

**ANNAPOLIS:** Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in Charles-Street; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper.



THE  
MARYLAND GAZETTE,

*Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.*

WEDNESDAY, October 21, 1747.

L O N D O N, June 23.

WE hear that the Sea Ports swarm with Smugglers from Boulogne, who have taken the Benefit of the late Act of Grace, and are hastening to certain Elections.

The Monies already received for the Duties on Coaches, &c. amount to 48,000*l.* and there are several Receivers who have not yet sent in their Accounts.

As the Act of Parliament for prohibiting the importing and wearing of French Cambrick commences on Wednesday next, the Irish and Scotch Manufacturers of that Commodity, are daily sending large Quantities to Town for the Benefit of the Beau Monde, who, it is hoped, will think that our own Manufacture, which employs so many Thousands of industrious Poor, more valuable than that of our Enemies.

We are credibly informed that a Bill will be brought into the New Parliament, to take away the *Liberty of the Press*, agreeable to what is laid down in a new Ministerial Pamphlet, called *A Letter to the Tories*: A Work unworthy any Man but a Disciple of Cardinal Tencin.

*Extract of a Letter from Liverpool, June 16.*

By the Kouli-Kan arriv'd at Glasgow from Jamaica, we have the following Account, That the Ogden, Frisram, of this Place from Africa bound to Jamaica, with 370 Slaves, was attack'd by a Spanish Privateer off the East End of Jamaica, and after an obstinate Resistance struck. The Spaniards were so irritated with their Bravery, that when they came on board, they, in the most cruel Manner, murder'd both Whites and Blacks: But as a just Punishment, the Prize soon after sunk, and the Murderers all perish'd except one Man, five Boys, and nine Negroes.

A few Days since the Rev. Mr. Thomas Ward, Curate of Brockley, and late a Member of St. John's College, Cambridge, was instituted and inducted into the *Mitber of All Saints*, in Suffolk, worth 600*l.* per Annum; and was presented to the same by Mrs. Rebecca Gibson, Relict of the late Rev. Mr. Edgar Gibson, of Wetheringlet, with this particular Restriction, That (though his Church is very capacious, and requires strict Duty) no one should, upon the greatest Emergency, officiate for him, nor he for any other.

An odd Affair happen'd on board the Vernon Transport, Capt. Mitchellson, arriv'd at Deptford: A Person went that Day and paid a Visit to a Friend of his that belong'd to the said Ship, who gave him so hearty a Welcome, that he got confoundedly drunk, and lay that Night in a Hammock next his Friend, who call'd to him in the Morning as soon as he perceiv'd him awake, to know whether he would drink a Dram, but the Man answer'd in a great Passion, that he would never drink with him again, for he had bit off one of his Ears: Upon the whole it appear'd, that the Man had lost an Ear, which could not otherwise be accounted for than that a Rat had gnaw'd it off.

*From a late London Magazine.*

WE are assured, that Mr. Buffon, who has lately made a Discovery in France of a Speculum, which sets Objects on Fire at the Distance of 120 Yards, has also written a Dissertation, to prove, that there is nothing either false or absurd in the Account we have of the Burning of the Roman Ships at the Siege of Syracuse by Archimedes; which Discourse of his was highly applauded in the Academy of Sciences. There are already at Paris 7 Mirrors esteemed the finest in Europe. 1. That made by the Sieur Vilette at Lyons, which is kept at the Royal Library, is of Metal, and burns by Reflection. 2. Another by the same Hand, 43 Inches in Diameter. 3. That of the Sieur de Garouffe, a Gentleman of Quercy, 61 Inches in Diameter, and is kept at the Observatory. 4. The Saxon Mirror, made by the famous M. Tschernhaus, is of Copper, and bigger than any of those above mentioned. 5. Another of Glass, by the same Hand, which burns by Refraction. 6. The Mirror of Orleans, made for the late Duke Regent, by the same Tschernhaus, the Focus of which is at 12 Feet distance, and has hitherto

been esteemed inimitable. 7. That of the celebrated Haerfoecker, which is of Glass, and was made in the Year 1704.

*Whitehall, June 23.*

The King has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Henry Pelham, George Lyttleton, Henry Legge, and John Campbell, Esqrs. together with George Grenville, Esq; to be his Majesty's Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer of the Exchequer.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint his Grace John Duke of Bedford, the Right Honourable John Earl of Sandwich, Vere Beauclerk, Esq; commonly called Lord Vere Beauclerk, the Right Honourable John Lord Anson, the Right Honourable William Viscount Barrington, and William Ponsonboy, commonly called Lord Duncannon, together with Welbore Ellis, Esq; to be Commissioners for executing the Office of High Admiral of Great-Britain and Ireland, and the Dominions, Islands, and Territories thereto respectively belonging.

July 28. They write from Genoa, of the 10th Instant, N. S. that Numbers of People still continue to die of the Diseases occasioned by their close Confinement during the Siege, that a great Body of Austrian Troops remain at the Boghette, and that the Country round about was so entirely ruined, that they could scarce draw from it any Subsistence. On the other Hand they say, that the King of the Two Sicilies made them a Present of three armed Vessels, completely equipped and mann'd, which were already put to Sea under Genoese Colours; that the Marquis de Fogliani, Prime Minister to that Monarch, had given Assurances to the Senate, that his Master's Forces were on the Point of marching to their Assistance, and that they expected 6. or 7000 Spanish Troops hourly from Monaco; which, joined to the Troops of the Republick, and the Auxiliaries before arrived, would enable them to take the Field with an Army of 20,000 Men, for the Use of which, they were actually preparing two Trains, one of Field Pieces, the other of battering Cannon.

Orders are giving for building, with the utmost Expedition, several Men of War, from 20 to 50 Guns.

The Distemper amongst the Horned Cattle continuing still in some Parts of the County of Suffolk, the Magistrates of Ipswich have, in Pursuance of his Majesty's Order of Council, given strict Order that no Horned Cattle shall be brought to the Fair to be held there, on the 11th of August.

*Extract of a Letter from Rotterdam, August 1.*

The Town of Bergen-op-Zoom continues to defend itself in a most gallant Manner. Last Week the French alter'd their Situation, not being able to carry their Point on the Fort they attacked, called Kyck in de Pot, from which they were beat off with considerable Loss. They then found it necessary to carry a Fort on the Lines between Bergen and Steenberg, called Rover's Scance, in order to force our Lines, and cut off the Communication to the Town. Preparations were made accordingly, and the Attack begun on Sunday Morning last, at Eleven o'Clock, which Fire was more terrible than any we have yet heard; altho' the Wind blew hard, and at North East, it was heard here without ceasing till near the Evening, and some of the Stocks were so strong on the Keys here, that as you sat, you certainly could feel your Chair shake, and the whole Room affected therewith. At Night we heard no more, nor all Monday, and not hearing any News from thence, we began here to be in great Pain for the Town till this Morning, when all the Letters agree that the French were beat off from the Rover Scance with very considerable Loss, and that they had not yet been able to gain one Foot of Ground.

The Description we have from thence, by Masters of Vessels, is, that the Fire from both Parties is as if the Mouth of Hell was open, vomiting Flames. A Reinforcement of 14000 Men from the Duke are come down for the Defence of the Town and Lines, and 'tis thought will enter the same this Evening.

From



From Maastricht both Armies continue in the same Situation, tho' 'tis said by some the French King will send his whole Army before Bergen but he will take it. Various are the Opinions of People on the Subject; in general, 'tis thought the French can't take it.

I forgot to observe, that on Sunday we had the good Fortune to fire two Carts of the French, in the Rear of their Lines, full of Powder, which did them considerable Damage.

#### BOSTON, September 21.

Wednesday last about 4 o'Clock in the Afternoon an Accident somewhat surprizing happened at the South Part of this Town. As a Blacksmith was striking a welding Heat in his shop, 'tis suppos'd a spark of Fire from the Iron got thro' some Crevice of a Partition, and entering the next shop fell into a small Kegg of Gun-Powder upon a shelf, suppos'd to be about ten Pounds, which in a Moment blew up, and shattered the said shop and the House in a terrible Manner, and the Goods therein were much burnt and spoil'd, to the Damage of several Hundred Pounds. Thro' the divine Favour no Person received any dangerous Hurt; a Child was something scorched. The Explosion was so violent as to break the Windows of some of the Houses opposite, and caused a shock to be felt at a great Distance like an Earthquake, with the Noise as of a Cannon.

We are inform'd by Capt. Austel, who arrived a few Days ago from Lisbon, that being lately at Port Mahon, one Evening while he was lying there, a Fire broke out in the King's Capstain-House, a large Fabrick of 150 Feet in length, which entirely consumed the same, with all the Stores aloft, among which were two or three Suits of Sails belonging to four Men of War of 80 Guns, besides a great Quantity of Rigging, &c. so that the said Ships could not put to Sea until they had got a Supply of Sails from other Men of War for which they were obliged to send to Gibraltar and other Places.

A Letter from a Gentleman at Amsterdam, dated the 8th of July last, after giving a particular Account of the late Engagement in Flanders, adds, That the Duke very narrowly escaped being killed or wounded, and was by main Force pull'd away from most imminent Danger:—That the French, because they stay'd in the Field a Quarter of an Hour longer than we did, call'd it a Victory; but half a Dozen such Victories would ruin them. They did not pursue their Victory as they call it, a Fool; neither did we lose one Piece of Cannon in the Retreat. I dare say the French won't attack us again in haste. They have lost a great Number of their Gens d'Arms, and best Troops. They say the Duke charg'd himself at the Head of the Cavalry.

#### Extract of a Letter from St. George's Fort, dated Sept. 8. 1747.

I have to inform you, That Saturday last, being the 5th Instant, the Indians having observed the Morning steps of the Block house People going to Work at the Lime Rocks, artfully ambushed themselves in three Places, in order to surround them, and cut them all off, by cutting off their Retreat to this Garrison; but two of our People going before, obliged the Ambush to discover themselves sooner than they intended, by shooting those two dead, and firing briskly upon the rest, who returned it smartly, and preserved their Communication with this Garrison: At the same time Capt. Bradbury and about 20 of this Fort sallied out and came timely to their Assistance, and had a smart Engagement about an Hour and an half, and then the Indians drew off, leaving three dead on the spot, and lugging another with them, which no doubt they have hid near us, besides many appear'd halt and wounded, being supported and assisted by others of them. In this Engagement, which was fought with Courage and Resolution on both sides, we had 4 kill'd and 3 wounded, but not mortally: Tho' our Loss is considerable, yet it is some Alleviation that the Indians have nothing to boast of, having not succeeded as in their former Attempts, but met with as good Artists among stumps as themselves. Had their been a sufficient Number of Men here to have sallied out and flank'd them, few of 'em could have escaped; the most competent Beholders, as well as others engaged, think their Number did not exceed 30, and most, if not all, of Penobscot Tribe, the 3 dead being all of that Tribe, and well known to Capt. Bradbury, Capt. Bean, and many others. Our dead are two from the Westward, and two of our former Settlers, which next Day were decently interred at the Burying place near this Fort. The Names of those kill'd are, John Kippatrick, Nathan Bradley, John Vose and Benjamin Harvey, the two former of which they scalp'd.

Sept. 24. Last Tuesday Night came here by Land from New York, Capt. Barnabas Binney, who informs, That on the 10th of July last, he sail'd from the West-Indies, in a Sloop belonging to this Port, was taken the Day after by a Privateer Sloop of 12 Carriage and 12 Swivel Guns and 55 Men, fitted out from St. John's at Porto Rico, commanded by one Capt. Lucas, who carried him into that Port—Immediately after he was taken, those Villians strip'd him and his Men of all their Cloathing, and put on him some of their nasty old Garments, and the Men but just enough to cover their Nakedness: After that the Captain of the Privateer, from a shew of Kindness, restored Capt. Binney his own Cloaths, but kept his Money: The Master on board the Prize, when they arrived into Porto Rico Harboure told Capt. Binney to go down into the Cabbin and shift himself, in order to go before the Governor; and while there, the said Master with another of the Ruffians drew their Cutlasses and by Force oblig'd him to deliver to them all his Cloaths, Gold Buttons, &c. and gave him only an old shirt and Wailcoat and a pair of ragged Breeches.—Having continued at Porto Rico three Weeks, they fitted out the same Privateer as a Flag of Truce, and put on board her Capt. Binney and all his Men except the Mate, as also Capt. Randal of New London and his Men, who were taken by the same Privateer two Days after Capt. Binney: In this Flag of Truce they purposed for St. Thomas's; but in 30 Hours after their Departure the Vessel run ashore at a Key off the Island Passage, where she stranded, but the People got ashore upon the Key, and saw a small Schooner, a Turtler, at about a Mile Distance, to which they made signals of Distress, but the Turtler fearing to venture ashore, only return'd signs of Friendship; whereupon Capt. Binney and Randal with two others strip'd and swam from the Key about half a Mile to the Island, and they were round 4 Miles by Land and got to the schooner, which thereupon went to the Key and took all the English People on board, also two Priests which had with them about 10,000 Dollars, of whom they took but 25 Dollars each for their Passage: The rest of the Spaniards refusing to pay any Thing for their Passage. They left them upon the said Key, from whence by order of the Governor of St. Thomas they were fetch'd soon after in a Boat.—Capt. Binney came Passenger in Capt. Taylor to New York.—We are also inform'd, that Capt. Benjamin Nichols of Rhode-Island, who was taken by another Privateer from Porto Rico, was treated very cruelly; for, proposing a ransom for his Vessel, they imagin'd he had a great deal of Money conceal'd on board; and in order to make him confess, they tortur'd him with Thumb Screws, whereby one of his Thumbs was crush'd to pieces, and the other, with a finger much bruised, by hard squeezing.

Sept. 28. We have Advice by a Vessel from Louisbourg 10 Days, That his Majesty's Sloop Hind, with the Schooner Spry, being on a Cruise the beginning of this Month, hit very hard Gales of Wind off Chepeaurouge Point, and with Difficulty that the Spry escap'd being drove ashore by a violent Gust of Wind which rose about 11 o'Clock at Night: The Hind, at Evening was near to the Spry, but was missing the next Morning; and by the Gratings of the Hatch-way, Coops, Boats, Oars, and sundry other Things seen floating afterward on the Water, 'tis concluded she foundered, and that the whole Crew, 'tis said above 100 Men, lost their Lives: The Spry got into Louisbourg the next Day; but nothing had been heard of the Hind when this Vessel sail'd, which was 9 Days after the Spry arriv'd.

We hear likewise from Louisbourg, That Capt. Crookshank, late Commander of the Ark, is suspended and confined in his Cabbin, on Account of his late Misconduct, when the Warwick was engaging the Spanish Man of War, as lately mentioned; and that Capt. Hughes, Brother to the Capt. of the Hind, is made Commander in his Room.

Yesterday Capt. Brown arrived here in a Snow from Philadelphia. He was bound to Cape-Fear, but unfortunately taken on his Passage thither by a small Spanish Privateer Schooner from St. Augustine, who took seven of his Men from him, leaving him only his Merchant, Mate, and two Boys, and putting 6 Spaniards on board, with Orders to steer for St. Augustine, five Days after Brown happily found Means to secure the Spaniards, without bloodshed, to whom he gave his Boat to carry them ashore, and we have since heard of their Arrival in North-Carolina.

We have a Report in Town, that the brave Capt. Fisher of Pennicook, and another Man, were lately waylaid and killed by the Indians, as they were returning from their Work in the Woods.



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We hear from the Eastward, that on the 10th Instant the In-  
dians kill'd three Men at Sheepcut, viz. Father, Son, and  
Son-in-Law, as they were crossing the River in a Canoe.

NEW-YORK, September 28.

Last Week Col. Johnson arrived here from Albany, with  
nine of the Chiefs of the Six Nations of Indians, who, 'tis said,  
are come with a Design to know, whether the English will  
certainly make any Attempt on the French Settlements this  
Year, or not.—In their late Excursion to Lake Sacrament, they  
did not meet with any of the Enemy.

Yesterday the notorious Tom Bell was committed to the Jail  
of this City.

PHILADELPHIA, October 15.

Extract of a Letter from St. John's, Newfoundland, dated  
September 9. 1747.

"Captain Wickham, in his Majesty's ship Panther of 50  
guns, having received Advice of 50 or 60 sail of Frenchmen  
sailing to the Northward, under the Protection of a 36 and 20  
Gun ship, sailed the 20th ult. in order to take them; and man-  
ned, and took with him, two ships of 26 carriage guns, and  
26 swivels each (one of them Capt. Waters, from this Place)  
a Brig. of 20 Guns, and a Schooner, to serve as a Spy."

Another letter from the same place, September 19. mentions,  
"That some Prisoners were arrived there, who made their e-  
scape from Carruce to Carbiner, and saw three Ships, a Brig.  
and a Schooner, (which agrees exactly with Capt. Wickham's  
Number) going into Carruce, where lay 6 Sail, almost loaded  
with Fish, or no Force; the Prisoners say further, that in several  
other Harbours there lay about the same Number of Vessels;  
so that they daily expect the agreeable News of all, or most of  
them, being taken."

By several Passengers come to Town this Morning with Capt.  
Hall, in a Snow coming up from Antigua, we are informed  
that there happened a great Hurricane on the 19<sup>th</sup> of September  
last, in which 50 Sail of Vessels were lost at St. Eustatia, and  
above 300 drowned Persons drove on Shore; the Damage at  
that Island is said to be a Million of Dollars: That 5 Vessels  
were lost at St. Kitts, one of which was a new Ship, belonging  
to this Place, and the People all drowned, except the Captain,  
Faulkner, who was on shore; and one Vessel at Antigua.  
Considerable Damage is likewise done at the other Islands.

Capt. M<sup>c</sup>Colough, in a Brig. of this Place, bound to Anti-  
gua, was taken within 5 Leagues of that Island, and carried  
into Guadaloupe. And

Captain Douglas, in a Sloop from this Place for Coracoa, is  
also taken and carried into the same Port.

The Captains Harper, Hall, and Worfdale, bound to Jamaica  
from this Place, are all taken; the two first carried to St. Ja-  
go de Cuba, the other to Leoganne.

We have a Confirmation from Cape Breton of the Hynd  
Sloop of War being lost; and that Capt. Crookshanks, of the  
Lark, was to be sent home.

ANNAPOLIS.

We hear from Baltimore County, that a Negro Man is in  
Goal there, for a Rape committed on a white Girl about 10  
Years of Age; and that the Child is since dead.

Custom House, ANNAPOLIS, Entered.

Shallop Charming Molly, Thomas Tyler, from Virginia.

Ship Union, John Evans, from New York.

Brig. Neptune, Allyn Boyd, from Philadelphia.

Schooner John and Mildred, Willock Macky, from Virginia.

Cleared for Departure.

Shallop Charming Polly, Thomas Ropes, for Boston.

Schooner Peggy, William Davis, for Virginia.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, Administrator of Thomas  
Gassaway, deceased, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Paper  
Money, on the 24<sup>th</sup> Day of November next, the two follow-  
ing Tracts of Land, lying in Anne-Arundel County, in the  
upper Parts of the Forks of Patuxent River, viz.

ONE Tract of Land, called Upland, containing 420 Acres,  
whereon is a Plantation that has been seated about three  
Years, and is a good Place for raising of Stock: Also one  
other Tract of Land, called Hammond and Giff, containing  
500 Acres. The Sale to begin at 12 o'clock on the above  
mentioned Plantation.

JOHN GASSAWAY.

CHOICE LINES, at Seven Shillings and Six Pence  
per Hundred, to be SOLD by

THOMAS FLEMING.

RUN away on the 10th of October, from the Subscribers, of  
Kent County, three Convict Servant Men, viz.

1. *John Bond*, about 45 Years of Age, understands Fiddling,  
having one with him; is a lusty Man, of a brown Complexion,  
and has light Eyes, his Hair bushy, and mixt with grey. He  
is a *West Countryman*, and speaks that Dialect. He had a blue  
grey Coat well worn, a red Jacket lin'd with Yellow, a Pair  
of black Leather Breeches, and a Pair of Trowsers.

2. *Roger Stamp*, about 40 Years of Age, of middling Stature,  
wears his own Hair, and is a little Bald, of a fair Complexion,  
speaks *West Country*. He had a white Kersey Coat, an old  
Castor Hat much worn, has two new Osnabrig and one white  
shirt, and a white Fustian Jacket and Breeches.

3. *William Hardy*, about 50, a Man of good Learning, a  
Master by Trade, of middling stature, and pale Complexion.  
Had on a natural curl'd brown Wig, a brown Coat, and a  
black Jacket.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so that their  
Masters may have them again, shall have Six Pistols Reward  
for the Three, or Two Pistols for each, paid by

MICHAEL HACKETT.

EBENEZER PERKINS.

WILLIAM WILMER.

Mr. GREEN,

SOME Time ago in your Paper, published an Advertis-  
ment, desiring the several Gentlemen that I had compli-  
mented with the Loan of Books, to return them; but as that  
has not had the desired Effect, I desire you will publish the fol-  
lowing Catalogue:

Tale of a Tub.

Shamela.

Spanish Inquisition.

Court Kalendar.

Devil Hermit.

Rozelli.

Gulliver's Travels.

Ovid Traversie.

Cum multis aliis, quae nunc praescribere, longum est.

Devil upon Two Sticks.

Fortunate Country Maid.

Hippolitus.

Perry's Life.

Fortunate Peasant.

Mariborough's Life.

Prince Eugene's Life.

Czar of Muscovy.

I am, Sir, Yours, &c.

THOMAS GOUGH.

JOHN CROSLAND, late from LONDON,

HEREBY gives Notice, That he mends all sorts of  
SHOES and BOOTS, after the neatest Manner, and  
at the most reasonable Rates.

The said Crosland lives at the Widow Widdah's, near Mr.  
Burdett's, in Annapolis.

RUN away on the 13th of October, from David Long,  
Blacksmith, an Irish Servant Man named John Griffin, a  
Weaver by Trade, about 24 Years of Age. He is a full faced  
likely Fellow, talks much of being a Soldier, is pretty much  
given to Drinking and Singing, and has sore Legs. He had on  
when he went away, an old check shirt, an old brown Coat,  
a Cotton Waist-coat, a pretty good Castor Hat, an old pair  
of Pumps, and an old pair of Cotton Stockings.

Whoever brings the said Servant to the Subscriber, living  
near Annapolis, not far from Mr. Rutland's, shall have Three  
Pounds Reward beside what the Law allows.

DAVID LONG.

TO BE SOLD,

PART of two Tracts of Land, one call'd Heir's Purchase,  
the other Jubb's Discovery, lying on the North Side of  
Sussex River; both Tracts containing 107 Acres, situated very  
convenient for a Ferry, one being now kept on it by John  
Burle. For the Title and Terms of Sale, enquire of

BENJAMIN FOWLER.

RAN away on the 12th of this Instant October, from the  
Subscriber of Annapolis, a Servant Man named John  
Black, alias Evans, a short, sprightly, artful, fly, smooth-  
tongued fellow; is much given to Liquor, and when drunk  
very Impudent. He has run away, and been advertised several  
Times before this. Is much mark'd with Gun-Powder, having  
the representation of our first Parents sitting under a Tree, on  
his right Breast; four large Dots under his Right Eye; the  
Letters J, O, H, N, on one Hand, and F, L, A, C, K, on the  
other; beside many other Marks on his Body and Arms.

Whoever takes up the said Black, and brings him to the  
Subscriber in Annapolis, shall have Fifty Shillings Reward.

WILLIAM THORNTON.



TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber, on board his Ship the Marshall, lying at London-Town,

2 CHOICE OLIVES in Cases, fine Florence Oyl, fine Devonshire Kersey, Table Linen, Osnabrigs, Earthen Wares, and sundry other sorts of Goods, at reasonable Rates, for Paper Money or Sterling.

JOHN FEARON.

JUST Imported by the Subscriber, variety of coarse and fine Irish Linens, Osnabrigs, Checks, Manchester Wares and Threads, Broad Cloths, Kersseys, Half Thicks, Frizes, Bays, striped Flannels, and Welsh Cottons, Nails and Iron Ware of all sorts, &c. Also a quantity of fine Salt. All to be Sold at reasonable Rates in Wholesale or Retail.

2 ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber on open Accounts are desired to call and pay their Balances, or give Note for the same, on or before the first Day of January next, to save further Trouble to

JAMES DICK.

3 ANDREW BUCHANAN, Wig-maker and Barber, keeps his Shop right over against the Sign of the Indian King in Annapolis, where any Gentlemen may be furnish'd with all sorts of Wiggs made in the best and newest Fashions: And those Gentlemen who shall be pleas'd to favour him with their Custom for Shaving, may depend on being duly attended, with good Razors, by

Their humble Servant,

ANDREW BUCHANAN.

N. B. There is likewise an Evening School kept at the same Place by the Subscriber, who Teaches Writing, and Arithmetic, from Six o'Clock 'til Nine.

JAMES BROWN.

3 LOST, on the last Day of the Fair, on the Race Ground near this City, a very good Castor Hat. The Person who finds and brings it to the Subscriber, shall have Five Half-Crowns Reward.

JOHN MURRAY.

3 RAN away from William Mackubin, of Baltimore County, near the head of Back-River, the 27th of September past, a lusty Country Born Negro Man named Will; he has a scar on his Cheek occasion'd by a Burn when he was a Child.

Any Sheriff, into whose Custody the said Negro may be committed, is desired immediately to give Notice to his said Master,

WILLIAM MACKUBIN.

Lately Imported, and to be Sold by William Govane, at his House near Annapolis, very Cheap, by Wholesale.

3 A PARCEL of choice Osnabrigs, Coffee, Iron-Pots, Kettles and Skillets, of various sizes; West-India Rum, Molasses, New-England Soap in small Boxes, Train Oyl, Maple Desks, and Rush-bottom Chairs of the best Make and Fashion.

3 STOLEN or Strayed from Bladenburg, last April, a large bright Bay Gelding, with no particular Mark or Brand that is discernable, his Head and Nostrils pretty large, his common Gate a Gallop, tho' he can Pace and very fast, but so hard as not to be Rode with any satisfaction, and has been used to be shod all round.

If by this description he can be found, and brought to the Subscriber, the Person bringing him shall be entuled to a Reward of Three Pounds Currency.

DAVID ROSS.

TO BE SOLD,

3 A TRACT of Land called Bloombury, containing 400 Acres, lying in the Precincts of Great Choptank in Talbot County; it was taken up by, and Patented to, Richard Hopewell, and adjoins to a Tract called The Irish Discovery, which joins to a Tract called Baker's Plains, which last mentioned Tract has been lately proved.

Any Person inclining to Purchase, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber in St. Mary's County, near the Mouth of Patuxent River.

JOSEPH HOPWELL.

WILLIAM HAYES, Chair-maker from Philadelphia, now lives in Annapolis, and hereby gives notice, That he will furnish any Gentlemen, or others, with all sorts of Rush-bottom Chairs, made in the best and neatest manner and at the most reasonable Rates.

WILLIAM HAYES

N. B. The said Hayes lives at the Lower End of Bag-Street, where William Hudson lately dwelt.

ALL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, living at the Sign of the Indian King, in Annapolis, are requested to make Payment.

MARY FRATER.

JUST IMPORTED from Glasgow, by James Johnson, in the Snow St. Andrew, and to be Sold at his Store in Annapolis, by the Subscriber,

A LARGE Cargo of European Goods, consisting of Cotton, Osnabrigs, Blankets, Rugs, Kersseys, Broad Cloths, English and Scotch Half-thicks, Check Linnens of all sorts, Irish Linnens, striped Hollands, Bed-Ticking, Tartan Blanketting, Yarn Stockings, Worsted and Cotton Caps, Leather Breeches, Linen Handkerchiefs, Men and Womens Wadded and Thread Stockings, Men and Womens Shoes and Pumps, Negroes Falls and Brogues, Gun-Powder and Shot, Nails, broad and narrow Hoes, all sorts of Axes, Ironmongery, Stationary, Cutlery, &c. &c. &c. Calicoes, Rummals, and sundry sorts of India, and other Goods, too tedious to be mentioned.

ROBERT SWAY.

N. B. All Persons Indebted to the said James Johnson, as well before as since his Departure from Maryland, are more desired to settle and pay off their respective Balances. And any Person having a quantity of Shippable Tobacco in hand, for present Sale, may have either Goods or Money for it, by treating with

ROBERT SWAY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Richard Lewis, Sadler, who formerly kept his Shop near the Church in the City of Annapolis, now keeps his Shop just by the Gate-House, and furnishes any Gentlemen with all sorts of Sadler's Work, done in the neatest and best manner.

THE said Lewis has several Shoemakers, very good Workmen, where all Persons may be supply'd with all sorts of Shoes and Boots, made in the the best and neatest manner.

NOTICE is hereby given, That Thomas King, Shoemaker, who formerly kept his Shop at the Gate-House of the City of Annapolis, now keeps his Shop at the Old Prison, where all Persons may be supply'd with all sorts of shoes and Boots, made in the best and neatest manner.

THE said King has a Sadler, a very good Workman from London; who furnishes any Gentlemen with all sorts of Sadler's Work, done in the neatest and best manner, at reasonable Rates.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS, hereby gives Notice, that he keeps good Boats and Hands at Broad Creek, in Kent-Island, to cross the Bay to Annapolis with Gentlemen and their Horses, and likewise, from Annapolis to Kent-Island. He also gives Notice, that he keeps a House of good Entertainment for Gentlemen and Travellers, and has good Pasture and Provender for Horses; and keeps a Number of Horses to Let to Gentlemen Travelling to any part of the Eastern-Shore, and his Boys to attend them: All Gentlemen who may have occasion to Travel that way, may depend on good Usage, and being well accommodated, by

Their humble Servant,

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

August 30, 1747.

TO BE SOLD.

(For Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange)

A TRACT of Land called Grantham, in Kent County, containing 500 Acres, situate on Chester-River. Whoever is inclinable to purchase the same, may apply to the Subscriber in St. Mary's County, or at Annapolis next Provincial Court.

G. PLATES.



# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

*Containing the freshest advices, Foreign and Domestic.*

WEDNESDAY, October 28, 1747.

GENOA, July 1.

ON the 26th ult. there arriv'd a Felucca from Monaco, with advice, that on the 24th of that month there arriv'd a great convoy of Spanish troops, under the command of a convoy of 4 galleys, and that the grand Prior of Franco was there with 6 Gallies and 3 Gallioti. It was observed this Day that the Fire of the Enemy began to diminish. In the evening we received by an express, the welcome news that 12,000 French infantry were arriv'd at Siefano, and Nostra Señora del Arma, followed by 2000 grenadiers, and 12 Spanish battalions. The deserters unanimously report, that Count Schölenberg is preparing for his retreat. Yesterday morning we saw a large String of Mules laden, take their Route for Lombardy, which we conclude was part of the enemy's baggage. Don Augustin d'Annada is corae to take upon him the command of the Spanish forces, in the room of the Marquis Taurin deceased.

*Genoa, July 11.* The English Squadron that was before Genoa is retir'd to Vado, with a view to prevent the French from landing any troops upon the coast. We have it from good hands that in the last great council of war held at Turin, his Sardinian majesty gave it as his opinion, that the siege of Genoa should go on. General Count Brown spoke afterwards for 3 hours, in order to shew the indispenfible necessity they were under of raising that siege, in order to prevent the ruin of her Imperial majesty's affairs, as well as those of the king of Sardinia: his arguments had so great weight, that the king himself, and every body present, came over to his opinion, upon which an express was immediately dispatched to Count Schölenburg, with the resolution taken in that council.

*Chambery, July 12.* His Catholick Majesty signified not long ago his inclination to accommodate matters with the court of Turin, but his Sardinian majesty rejected the offer.

*Paris, July 21.* We flatter ourselves with the speedy assembling of a new congress, upon the credit of some letters from Flanders, in which it is insinuated, that General Ligonier has had divers conferences with some of our great men, which may probably be productive of an accommodation.

*Hague, July 15.* O. S. Letters from Vienna say that they begin to talk there of a new congress, and that Aix la Chapelle will be the place pitched upon for holding it, in case all the parties concerned are willing to hear once more what overtures each of them have to make towards a general pacification.

*Leerdam, July 22.* The States of this province have agreed to raise 2,000,000 of florins for the defence of their dear country against the arms of France.

*Dendermonde, July 23.* Lieutenant-General de Contades, who commanded in Dutch Flanders, is gone with all the troops that remained in the country of Waas to join Count Lowendahl before Bergen op Zoom, which makes a vigorous resistance, and the garrison is determined rather to be buried in the ruins, than give up the place.

*From the Head Quarters at Capelle, in the Island of South Beveland, July 23.*

"Lieutenant General Smittart thought proper to remove the head-quarters hither, for the Assistance of Bergen op Zoom. We have already sent thither several gunners, and we continue daily sending from on board the squadrons of the Vice admirals Schryver and Mitchell, such as are inclined to undertake that service. There are 150 pieces of heavy cannon in the place, inclusive of what is in the lines, and what they may have received from the island of Walcheren. On the 22d there were safely carried into the town, and the camp of Prince Saxe Hildburghausen, a supply of 100 oxen, 300 hogs, and 600 sheep; they have corn and flour enough, and if they had not, we could supply them sufficiently for six months. The two Deputies, Van Haren and Verell, neglect nothing to inspire both the garrison and the inhabitants with the invincible resolution

to defend the place, that Bergen op Zoom, which is now besieged for the eleventh time, without ever being taken, may preserve its antient glory."

*Bat le Duc, July 26.* We were agreeably surprized with the news that Prince Waldeck was arriv'd yesterday in the afternoon in the neighbourhood of this city, and that he had taken up his quarters at Damendahl, which is but two leagues from hence. We hear nothing but the praises of this general, and the excellent conduct he has made use of in his march, which is indeed incontestable, considering the ground he has traversed, and the position of the enemy; notwithstanding which, he took his measures so well, as to gain a full march of a body of French regular troops that had orders to observe his motions, and to arrive here without the least interruption. It is believed that he will continue his march to-morrow for the place of his destination, and we hope to receive very soon the news of his having fulfilled his glorious design, of obliging the enemy to quit our frontiers.

*Extract from the LONDON GAZETTE, of August 1.*

"Letters from Turin mention, that the King of Sardinia had resolved, and was setting out for Coni, to head his army, consisting, it is said, of 100 battalions, and 20,000 horse, Austrians and Sardinians.

*Hague, Aug. 8. N. S.* The garrison of Bergen op Zoom continues in good spirits, and seem determin'd to defend themselves to the last. The French go on slowly against Fort Rover, yet were got in 4 places near the palliades of the covered way; that 80 volunteers had slipped behind one of the batteries of the French of 24 pounders, and nailed them up without the loss of a man; that the French had replaced them with two 12 pounders, which the night following were attacked by the same volunteers, and brought into the town safe; and that Lowendahl had got the French officer hanged next day on the battery. Yesterday the Prince of Orange received an express from Bergen op Zoom, advising, that on Saturday night, the French after springing a mine under the salient angle of the covered way, had attacked the same with such vigour, that they forced themselves into the covered way, but were soon repulsed with great slaughter, and the loss of 1500 men killed on the spot. During the time of the assault, the garrison sprung a mine that blew up two whole companies of grenadiers. The loss of the garrison was 350 men. All accounts say the French are very sickly, occasioned partly by the stench of their dead, who lie in heaps about them, the garrison not allowing them time to bury them. Last Friday the States of Holland unanimously resolved to raise 10,000 militia, to be composed of so many free companies of 100 men each, to be raised according to a determined repartition for every town and city in this province. The same resolution contains besides, an exhortation to all Magistrates to see that the burghers, in their respective districts, be regularly exercised and taught the use of arms."

L O N D O N, July 18.

The Hon. Edward Boscawen, Esq; lately appointed a Rear Admiral, sets out for Portsmouth in a few days, to take the command of a Squadron which is speedily to sail on an expedition of great importance.

We learn by private Letters from Rotterdam, that a little before the Town of Bergen op Zoom was invested, the Sieur Adam, the Elector Palatine's receiver-general, burgo-master, and postmaster, in the place, withdrew privately from thence, with all his effects, in consequence, as is supposed, of some private order from his court, which shews, that the attacking the Dutch barrier on the side of Brabant, is a thing that was long ago resolv'd in the French king's council; and in respect to the town before-mentioned, perhaps the taking of it is to be attended with extraordinary consequences.

The French have lost between 5 and 6000 men in the Siege of Bergen op Zoom; and the Hulfars have taken a courier from Count Lowendahl to the French king, with dispatches, import-

maker from Philadelphia hereby gives notice to others, with all right and nearest man.

VILLIAM HATFIELD, owner and of Bep.

ber, living at the polis, are requested

MARY FRANKS,

, by James Johnson, Sold at his Store

oods, consisting of 3, Korleys, Broad neck Linnens of all Ticking, Tartan, Cotton Caps, and Womens Wear, Womens Shoes and Powder and Shirts of Axes, Irons, Callicoes, &c. Goods, too tedious

ROBERT SWAN,

d James Johnson, Maryland, are called respective Ballances, upable Tobacco in Woods or Money for

ROBERT SWAN,

ard Lewis, Sadler, e Church in the Cl, by the Gate-House, of Sadler's Work,

, very good Work, with all sorts of Shoes manner.

Thomas King, Shoe, at the Gate-House, shop at the Old Po, with all sorts of latest manner.

od Workman from, with all sorts of manner, at reasonable

reby gives Notice,

at Broad Creek, in with Gentlemen and o Kent-Island. It

good Entertainment, od Pasture and Pro, of Horses to Let to

ften-Shore, and has may have occasio

Usage, and being

ble Servant,

NICHOLAS CLOUDS,

gu't 30, 1747.

Exchange)

m, in Kent County,

ter-River.

e, may apply to the

Annapolis next Pro-

G. PLATES.

NO-OFFICE in

ia Paper.



ing, that if he was not speedily reinforced, his army would be ruined, and he should be obliged to raise the siege.

The history of the marquise of Bergen-op-Zoom is in few words this: It was erected by the Emperor Charles V. in 1533, in favour of Antonio de Glines, his favourite. Since that time it has descended by their female to several good families; the last heretofore was Mary Anne, of the Bouillon family, who married John Christian, Prince Palatine of Sultzbach, by whom she had issue; the present Elector Palatine, who is consequently, in right of his mother, Marquis of Bergen-op-Zoom; but the States General have a right to keep a garrison there for the security of their frontiers. It is very remarkable that Lewis XIV. in 1672, did not care to risk the glory of his arms by besieging this Place.

July 25. The last Letters from Paris contain some very important Particulars; in the first place it is said that they have received advice there of the Dutches Dowager of Parma, Mother to the Queen Dowager of Spain, died in the 77th year of her age; that they had also advice of the Death of King Stanislaus suddenly in Lorrain; but that it was concealed for fear of affecting the Queen; that Marshal Saxe had complained to the King of the Behaviour of several Lieutenant Generals in the late Battle, which had occasioned much Confusion, and that it was generally believed neither the Marshal nor Count Lowendahl would be able to keep their ground, if the attack of Bergen-op-Zoom failed.

There is an Account from Madrid, that an Express was sent to Chamberry, to order that no more of the Spanish Troops should join the French.

Yesterday Morning the Right Honourable the Earl of Sandwich embarked at Greenwich for Hol and.

Exiles, near which the Battle was fought between the French and Piedmontese, is the Key of the Valleys upon the River Doria, which runs by Sufa and Avigliano, or Veillane, to Turin, the Capital of the King of Sardinia's Dominions.

They write from Cologne, that they had certain Intelligence from the French Camp of the Arrival there of a Courier from Marshal Belleisle, which had thrown the Court into a great Consternation, by bringing Advice of the total Rout of the French Army at Exiles, wherein the Chevalier Belleisle, with 300 Officers, and several Thousands of Men, were killed on the Spot; and that unless a speedy and considerable Reinforcement was sent to the Marshal, it would not be possible for him to maintain his Ground, or prevent the Austrians from returning to the Siege of Genoa.

It seems the King of France very narrowly missed being burnt to Death at St. Tron, occasioned by the Straw that he and his Nobles lay on catching Fire whilst the King was asleep, which burnt the House down in a very small Time, and the King was forced to escape in his Shirt.

#### *Extract of a private Letter from the Hague, July 29.*

"Count Lowendahl sent to the Governor of Bergen-op-Zoom to demand a Suspension of Arms, in order to bury the Dead; and the Answer returned was, that if he had attacked the Place according to the Rules and Rights of War, his Demand should certainly have been granted according to the usual Custom; but that having begun the siege like a mere incendiary, and by setting Fire to the City, a Resolution had been taken neither to demand or grant to him any Suspension of Arm."

August 11. We learn by private Letters from Lisbon, that the Spanish Queen Dowager's Retreat was altogether involuntary. She had a Mind to revive a dormant Law, in Favour of a presumptive successor, by which Arragon, Navarre, and Catalonia, should have devolved to Don Carlos, and to facilitate her Design, was carrying on very dangerous intrigues in the first mention'd Kingdom, for which, it is said, some Grandees, who were embark'd with her, will be call'd to a severe Account, as she is little belov'd by the Spaniards in general, though from particular Indulgencies granted with that View, she has a strong Party in Arragon.

The Queen Dowager of Spain keeps up her spirits to such a Degree under her Disgrace, as to turn her Retreat into a kind of Triumph. Before she left Madrid, she went to take her Leave of their Catholick Majesties, and was accompanied when she left the Place by the Cardinal Infant and the Infanta. We are farther told, that she was saluted by the Crowd, (perhaps a Mob hired for that purpose, as hath been frequently done in other Countries,) with loud Acclamations of Long live Elizabeth Farnese, and her illustrious Family. As yet she has not fix'd upon the Place of her Retreat, but for the present she is gone to reside at St. Idelfonso.

#### *WILLIAMSBURG, OHIO, 1791.*

Last Tuesday arrived at Hampton, the Ship Prosper, Capt. Sinclair, from Bristol, in 32 Days; by which there are known to the beginning of September, the Particulars of which will be in our next, having Room only for the following.

#### *Extract of a Letter from Rotterdam, dated September 1.*

Since my last we have had no Cessation of firing at Bergen-op-Zoom, wrote Yesterday at Noon, and all agree, that every Thing to that Time went very well; that we had full'd the French to erect a Battery nearer to our Works than any they had yet rais'd; and, when ready to play, blew it up, and all that were upon it; the Number destroy'd were at least 500; it likewise sprung two more Mines with very good Success. It is generally thought the French attacking Slik Fort by Kijk on de Pot, is to secure a Passage to a Well near it, on the Muck, which is overflow'd at high Water, but when the Tide is out, is very good fresh Water; and this has been so scarce in the French Camp, as to sell for three Stivers a Bottle, which they have been oblig'd to fetch from this Well at the Hazard of their Lives. General Baronial's Party has fallen in with one of their Convoys coming from Antwerp, and destroyed it, and was very near taking a General Officer Prisoner, which one of the Hessian wounded; a Detachment of French coming up, they were forc'd to leave him. On Wednesday last the Detachment made by the Duke arriv'd at the Oudenboich, as did several Battalions out of Zealand, which makes that Army near forty Battalions strong, and at least ten thousand Horse, with the Irregulars; and it is generally thought they will get between the French Camp and Antwerp, in order to cut off their Convoy, which sometimes consist of 800 Waggon; All the Horses, Waggon, and Don, in that Part of Flanders, are press'd forth for French Service, and a fine Harvest must rot on the Ground. But notwithstanding all the strength we have had, and all their Efforts, we now look upon it as a Thing impossible for them to take the Town, and expect every day to hear of the siege being broke up; but don't make ourselves at all uneasy should they stay longer before it, knowing it must ruin their Army, and, without an unforeseen Accident, have no Success.

General Chancelos commands the Flying Army, and we are in momentary Expectation of some great good News. It was reported the French had got a Reinforcement of 20,000 Men, but it is not believed, knowing that Saxe could not spare so many. It is generally thought he has been forc'd to send a Reinforcement to Italy. All this great Good must be in a great Measure attributed to England, and the good Conduct of his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland. The French have now made a Detachment from their Grand Army to Lowendahl, so we have been before-hand with them. I hope in my next to give you an Account of the French being gone.

#### *ANNAPOLIS.*

The following is a Copy of a Letter from Lieutenant Joseph Carr (who went in Capt. Campbell's Company from this Place, to assist at the Reduction of Canada) to a Gentleman in Virginia, 1781.

THE News-papers have inform'd you of my Misadventure at Saratoga. We were indeed overmatch'd, yet we Men behaved ill; some threw away their Pieces, without ever firing of them; others fired once and ran off. The Enemy consisted of about 320 French and Indians, commanded by Monf. St. Luc; who used me very genteelly, as did many other Officers. I was carried to Crown's Point; from thence to Mount Real; and from this Place I went with the Captain of the General Guards to Quebec. Here I was sold a little roughly, being lodged in a House 20 Feet Square, where I made the 18th Man. Our House and Yard were pallid round: The Yard contained Half an Acre; in it were three long Tents covered with Plank, where the other Prisoners lodged. Our Lodging was a small Blanket, and a straw Bed; and whenever it rain'd we all were wet. Our Allowance was a Pound and a Half of Bread, Half a Pound of Beef, and a Gill of Rose per Day: We in the House had a further Allowance of 15 sols per Day each, on which we might have liv'd very well, could we have had the Liberty of laying out the Money; but those that had it did what they pleased. I have had extraordinary Fortune; first in being the only Man of our who received the Fire of Forty of the Enemy unharmed, and then to be so soon relieved. On the 27th of July we left Quebec, 170 in Number, many of them having been Prisoners above two Years.



CANADA is a large fine Country, and, if our Govern-  
ments could but unite, might be reduced; then a stop would be  
put to the Disturbances of our Frontiers, and prevent our being  
murdered by Piece-meal.

Crown-Point is a strong Fortification, but has very poor  
Guns. From thence to Mount-Real is 150 English Miles, a-  
long a fine Lake, a fine Country on each side, but all desert-  
ed. From Mount-Real to Quebec the Distance is 180 Miles, a-  
long the River St. Lawrence, which is Inhabited on both sides;  
it is likewise Inhabited for 150 Miles below Quebec, and I may  
venture to say, few Houses are above one Mile from the Ri-  
ver in all this Distance. In short, the Country may be taken,  
if we have a Mind; and I can assure you it is well worth the  
fighting for.

Four Hundred Regular Troops are all they have at Quebec.  
The Militia have often marched out, in fight of our People,  
but never before July exceeded 240, then they were 700; and  
all the Canada Nobility were out to view them: Many Offi-  
cers came to tell us what a Number of Men they were. The  
Marquis de Beauharnois is Governor and General of New-  
France: His Will is the Law, and Disobedience is Death. The  
Militia never receive any Pay; and if they get a Firelock  
when they go on an Expedition, they deliver it to the Gene-  
ral on their Return. The King's soldiers pay is one sol per  
Day; his Allowance a Pound and a half of Bread, and a  
Quarter of a Pound of Pork. I am, &c.

P. S. I reckon there are 221 Churches in Canada, and  
200 Men, young and old, to each Church. — *Quere if his  
Meaning be not Souls?*

Custom House, ANNAPOLIS, Entered,  
Ship Fell, Robert Brown, from London.

[Friday Noon, October 30, Northern Post not come in.]

#### ADVERTISEMENTS.

ELIZABETH CROWDER, QUILTER,  
(Who lately liv'd with Mrs. Carter, in Annapolis)  
IS removed to Mr. Carroll's Quarter, about two Miles from  
TOWN, where she performs all sorts of QUILTING in  
the best Manner, and at the most reasonable Rates: Good  
Petticoats for Eight and Ten Shillings a Piece, and coarse Petticoats  
for Six Shillings. Whoever may have occasion to employ  
her, may depend on being faithfully served by  
Their humble Servant,  
ELIZABETH CROWDER.

#### TO BE SOLD

For Ready Money, or good Bills of Exchange,  
A TRACT of Land, containing near 400 Acres, lying  
on the Head of Severn River, and adjoining to the  
Water, whereon is a pretty good dwelling House, Kitchen,  
Milch House, and Tobacco House. The said Land is plenti-  
fully stocked with Rail Timber and Fire Wood, as also Pine,  
and other Timber fit for the Saw, and likewise a fine place for  
raising of a stock; the said Land formerly belong'd to Mr.  
Joseph Young, of Kent County. As also one other Tract of  
Land, called Holland's Adventure, lying on the Fork of Pa-  
tuxent River, within five Miles of Snowden's Iron-Works, con-  
taining 400 Acres, with two good Dwelling Houses, two good  
Tobacco Houses, several small Apple Orchards, and a large  
Peach Orchard; a pretty large Quantity of said Land is already  
clear'd, fit for Corn, Wheat, Tobacco, or Pasturage. Any  
Person inclinable to buy said Land, or either of them, may have  
them very reasonably, by applying to

SAMUEL BUDD.

N. B. The Subscriber understands that there is some ill-  
minded designing Persons, that has given the above-mentioned  
Lands a bad Character; but hope that those that have a Mind  
to buy, will take no Notice of the false Report; but if they  
will apply to the Subscriber, he will go with them to view the  
Premises.

RUN away about a Year since, from Talbot River,  
of Baltimore County, near Joppa, a lusty Negro Man,  
named Ben, Country born, about 25 Years of Age, Had on  
when he went away, a Kersey Jacket, and an old Pair of Sai-  
lor's Trowsers, no Stockings nor Shoes. Any Sheriff to whose  
Custody the said Negro is committed, is desired to give Notice  
to his said Master.

TALBOT RISTEAU.

TO BE SOLD,  
THE House and Lot in Kildenny Town, in Anne Arundel  
County, near Queen Anne Town, whereon William  
Rawlings lately liv'd; it being a good House, and a convenient  
Place for an Ordinary; an Inspecting House being appointed by  
Act of Assembly to be built near to it.

Whoever is inclinable to purchase the same, may be informed  
of the Terms of Sale, by enquiring of the Subscriber, living  
near South-River Church.

JOSEPH HANSLAP WARMAN.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, Administrator of Thomas  
Gaffaway, deceased, for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Paper  
Money, on the 24th Day of November next, the two follow-  
ing Tracts of Land, lying in Anne Arundel County, in the  
upper Parts of the Forks of Patuxent River, viz.

ONE Tract of Land, called Upland, contain- 420 Acres,  
whereon is a Plantation that has been seated about three  
Years, and is a good Place for raising of Stock: Also one  
other Tract of Land, called Hammond and Grift, containing  
500 Acres. The Sale to begin at 12 o'Clock on the above  
mentioned Plantation.

JOHN GASSAWAY.

LOST, during the last FAIR, a Woman's Side-Saddle,  
without any Covering, the Seat Buck-skin almost new.  
A Horse strayed away with it on his Back, but was taken up  
without it.

Whoever finds and brings it to the Subscriber, shall have  
Ten Shillings Reward.

JAMES BARNES.

TO BE SOLD, by the Subscriber, at his Shop in Annapolis,

TOBACCO Manufactured by a very good Tobacconist  
lately arrived from Scotland; Cut and Dried, Shag, Pig-  
Tail; and Snuff, very little, if any thing, inferior to the best  
Scotch Snuff. Any Persons may be supplied with what Quan-  
tities they think fit, and at very reasonable Rates.

JOHN INCH.

RUN away on the 19th of October, from the Subscribers, of  
Kent County, three Convict Servant Men, viz.

Eliza Bond, about 45 Years of Age, understands Fiddling,  
having one with him; is a lusty Man, of a brown Complexion,  
and has light Eyes, his Hair bushy, and mixt with grey. He  
is a West-Countryman, and speaks that Dialect. He is mark'd  
G B with Gunpowder, on his right Hand. He had a blue-grey  
Coat well worn, a red Jacket lin'd with Yellow, a Pair of  
black Leather Breeches, and a Pair of Trowsers.

Roger Stamp, about 40 Years of Age, of middling Stature,  
wears his own Hair, and is a little Bald, of a fair Complexion,  
speaks West Country. He had a white Kersey Coat, an old  
Castor Hat much worn, has two new Oznabrig and one white  
shirt, and a white Fustian Jacket and Breeches.

William Hardy, about 50, a Man of good Learning, a  
Master by Trade, of middling stature, and pale Complexion.  
Had on a natural curl'd brown Wig, a brown Coat, and a  
black Jacket.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so that their  
Masters may have them again, shall have Six Pistoles Reward  
for the Three, or Two Pistoles for each, paid by

MICHAEL HACKETT.

BRANCKER PERKINS.

WILLIAM WILMER.

Mr. GREEN,

SOME Time ago in your Paper, published an Advertis-  
ment, desiring the several Gentlemen that I had compli-  
mented with the Loan of Books, to return them; but as that  
has not had the desired Effect, I desire you will publish the fol-  
lowing Catalogue:

Tale of a Tub.  
Shamela.  
Spanish Inquisition.  
Court Kallender.  
Devil Hermit.  
Rensali.  
Gulliver's Travels.  
Ovid Traverser.

Devil upon Two Sticks.  
Fortunate Country Maid.  
Hippolitus.  
Perry's Life.  
Fortunate Peasant.  
Mariborough's Life.  
Prince Eugene's Life.  
Cesar of Moscow.

Cum multis aliis, quae nunc praescribere longum est.

I am, Sir, Yours, &c.

THOMAS GOVEN.



**R**UN away on the 13th of October, from David Long, Blacksmith, an Irish Servant Man named John Griffin, a Weaver by Trade, about 24 Years of Age. He is a full faced likely Fellow, talks much of being a Soldier, is pretty much given to Drinking and Singing, and has sore Legs. He had on when he went away, an old check shirt, an old brown Coat, a Cotton Waist-coat, a pretty good Castor Hat, an old pair of Pumps, and an old pair of Cotton Stockings.

Whoever brings the said Servant to the Subscriber, living near Annapolis, not far from Mr. Rutland's, shall have Three Pounds Reward beside what the Law allows.

DAVID LONG.

**JOHN CROSLAND**, lat. from LONDON, HEREBY gives Notice, That he mends all sorts of SHOES and BOOTS, after the neatest Manner, and at the most reasonable Rates.

The said Crosland lives at the Widow Widdah's, near Mr. Burdett's, in Annapolis.

**TO BE SOLD;**

**P**ART of two Tracts of Land, one call'd *Hair's Purchase*, the other *Jubb's Discovery*, lying on the North Side of Severn River; both Tracts containing 107 Acres, situated very convenient for a Ferry, one being now kept on it by John Burle. For the Title and Terms of Sale, enquire of

BENJAMIN FOWLER.

**TO BE SOLD** by the Subscriber, on board his Ship the *Marshall*, lying at London-Town,

**C**HOICE OLIVES in Cases, fine Florence Oyl, fine Devonshire Kersey, Table Linen, Osnabrigs, Earthen Wares, and sundry other sorts of Goods, at reasonable Rates, for Paper Money or Sterling.

JOHN FEAKON.

**J**UST Imported by the Subscriber, variety of coarse and fine Irish Linens, Osnabrigs, Checks, Manchester Wares and Threads, Broad Cloths, Kersies, Half Thicks, Frizes, Bays, Striped Flannels, and Welsh Cottons, Nails and Iron Ware of all sorts, &c. Also a quantity of fine Salt. All to be Sold at reasonable Rates in Wholesale or Retail.

**A**LL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber on open Accounts are desired to call and pay their Ballances, or give Notes for the same, on or before the first Day of January next, to have further Trouble to

JAMES DICK.

**A**NDREW BUCHANAN, Wig-maker and Barber, keeps his Shop right over against the Sign of the *Indian King* in Annapolis, where any Gentlemen may be furnish'd with all sorts of Wiggs made in the best and newest Fashions: And those Gentlemen who shall be pleas'd to favour him with their Custom for Shaving, may depend on being duly attended, with good Razors, by

Their humble Servant,

ANDREW BUCHANAN.

**N. B.** There is likewise an Evening School kept at the same place by the Subscriber, who Teaches Writing, and Arithmetic, from Six o'Clock 'til Nine.

JAMES BROWN.

**R**AN away from William Mackubin, of Baltimore County, near the head of Back-River, the 27th of September past, a lathy Country Born Negro Man named Will; he has a scar on his Cheek occasion'd by a Burn when he was a Child.

Any Sheriff, into whose Custody the said Negro may be committed, is desired immediately to give Notice to his said Master,

WILLIAM MACKUBIN.

**S**TORN or Strayed from Bladenburg, last April, a large bright Bay Gelding, with no particular Mark or Brand that is discernable, his Head and Nostrils pretty large, his common Gait a Gallop, tho' he can Pace and very fast, but so hard as not to be Rode with any satisfaction, and has been used to be shod all round.

If by this description he can be found, and brought to the Subscriber, the Person bringing him shall be entitled to a Reward of Three Pounds Currency.

DAVID ROSS.

Lately Imported, and to be Sold by William Govane, at his House near Annapolis, very Cheap, by Wholesale,

**A** PARCEL of choice Osnabrigs, Coffee, Iron-Pots, Kettles and Skillets, of various sizes: *West-India Rum*, Mollasses, *New-England Soap* in small Boxes, *Tram Oyl*, Maple Desks, and Rush-bottom Chairs of the best Make and Fashion.

**TO BE SOLD.**

**A** TRACT of Land call'd *Bloombury*, containing 100 Acres, lying in the Freshes of *Great Choptank* in *Del.* County; it was taken up by, and Patented to, *Richard Hopewell*, and adjoins to a Tract call'd *The High Discovery*, which join to a Tract call'd *Baker's Plains*, which last mention'd Tract has been lately proved.

Any Person inclining to Purchase, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber in *St. Mary's County*, near the Mouth of *Patuxent River*.

JOSEPH HOPWELL.

**W**ILLIAM HAYES, Chair-maker from *Philadelphia*, now lives in *Annapolis*, and hereby gives notice, That he will furnish any Gentlemen, or others, with all sorts of Rush bottom Chairs, made in the best and neatest manner and at the most reasonable Rates.

WILLIAM HAYES.

**N. B.** The said Hayes lives at the Lower End of *Essex Street*, where *William Hudson* lately dwelt.

**A**LL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, living at the Sign of the *Indian King*, in *Annapolis*, are requested to make Payment.

MARY FRASER.

**J**UST IMPORTED from Glasgow, by James Johnston, in the *Snow St. Andrew*, and to be Sold at his Store in *Annapolis*, by the Subscriber,

**A** LARGE Cargo of European Goods, consisting of Cotton, Osnabrigs, Blankets, Rugs, Kersies, Broad Cloths, *English* and *Scotch* Half-thicks, Check Linens of all sorts, Irish Linens, striped Hollands, Bed-Ticking, Tatties, Blanketting, Yarn Stockings, Worked and Cotton Caps, Leather Breeches, Linen Handkerchiefs, Men and Women's Waisted and Thread Stockings, Men and Women's Shoes and Pumps, Negroes Falls and Brogues, Gun-Powder and Shot, Nails, broad and narrow Hoes, all sorts of Axes, Ironmongery, Stationary, Cutlery, &c. &c. &c. Callicoes, Romalls, and sundry sorts of *India*, and other Goods, too tedious to be mentioned.

ROBERT SWAN.

**N. B.** All Persons Indebted to the said *James Johnston*, as well before as since his Departure from *Maryland*, are more desired to settle and pay off their respective Ballances. And any Person having a quantity of Shippable Tobacco in hand, for present Sale, may have either Goods or Money in it, by treating with

ROBERT SWAN.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, That *Thomas King*, Shoemaker, who formerly kept his Shop at the Gate-Head of the City of *Annapolis*, now keeps his Shop at the Old Prison, where all Persons may be supply'd with all sorts of Shoes and Boots, made in the best and neatest manner.

**T**HE said King has a Sadler, a very good Workman from *London*; who furnishes any Gentlemen with all sorts of Saddle's Work, done in the neatest and best manner, at reasonable Rates.

**N**ICHOLAS CLOUDS, hereby gives Notice, that he keeps good Boats and Hands at *Broad Creek*, in *Kent-Island*, to cross the Bay to *Annapolis* with Gentlemen and their Horses, and likewise, from *Annapolis* to *Kent-Island*. He also gives Notice, that he keeps a House of good Entertainment for Gentlemen and Travellers, and has good Pasture and Provender for Horses; and keeps a Number of Horses to Let to Gentlemen Travelling to any part of the *Eastern-Shore*, and his Boys to attend them: All Gentlemen who may have occasion to Travel that way, may depend on good Usage, and being well accommodated, by

Their humble Servant,

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.