

bourg, preceded by the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick, with a Body of 10 or 12,000 Men, and all his Light Troops. **Paris, July 18.** Upwards of Thirty Sail of Ships, Gallies, and other Vessels, belonging to Holland, have been taken by his Majesty's Ships the *Cap. Whorley*, and *Chatham*, Capt. Lambart, with the other Ships of the Squadron. Two of the Gallies are come into Harbour, all the other Prizes are ordered to the Downs.

LONDON, July 19.

They write from Duxford, that the Prussians have invented a light Artillery, which they find very serviceable, being easily drawn by eight Men, so that they have no Occasion for Horses.

July 21. The Inactivity of the Russians occasions Complaints from the Court of Vienna. But the Russian General, who is in Excess, that the Prussians have destroyed all their Magazines; that all the Provisions and Forage they can procure, is brought from Poland at a great Expence; and that they cannot possibly march forward, until they have got a Quantity sufficient for the Subsistence of their Army, the Prussians having carried off or demolished all before them.

It is said that the Squadron under the Command of Sir Edward Hawke, off Brest, is greatly reinforced, and now consists of Thirty-eight Ships of the Line, besides Frigates; and that Orders have been dispatched to the Commanders of the Men of War left cruising before Havre-de-Grace, to repair immediately and join Admiral Hawke's Fleet.

They write from Portsmouth, that it is reported there, that 15 Spanish Men of War of the Line are cruising off Cape-Finistere.

Letters from Gibraltar advise, that one of our Men of War had lately taken a French Vessel, laden with Stores and other Necessaries for the Garrison at Port Mahon.

The last Letters from Copenhagen intimate, that the Russian and Swedish combined Fleets appearing again in Sight of that City, is very far from being well relished, as it was by no Means expected, after the Expulsion of the last Year. The Representations also of certain free Cities, in Respect to the Injuries done to their Commerce, begin to have their Weight, and, if the War continues another Year, may possibly produce unexpected Events.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, July 18.

"The Fly Sloop of War (which came up to Spithead on Tuesday Morning, and brought up with her a Dutch Fly Boat, laden with Salt, that was going into Havre) brings Advice, that a great Number of Dutchmen have attempted to get into that Port; but our Fleet cruising off that Port have forced them from thence. They suffer nothing to come out or go into Havre; the Account they give of the flat-bottomed Boats is, that they are monstrous unwieldy, good for nothing but the Navigation of the River Seine, for which I believe they were designed; that the Breadth of the Beam has no Proportion to the Length; that they can do Nothing in the Sea but directly before the Wind; and that the Gunwales are not above a Foot out of the Water."

July 22. Letters from Rome of the 20th inst, and from Venice of the 14th Instant, advise, that the King of the Two Sicilies is taken with a heavy Melancholy, in the same Manner as his Brother the King of Spain.

Capt. Cavallo, a Portuguese, arrived in the River from Lisbon, saw 24 Spanish Men of War of the Line cruising off the Rock of Lisbon. And the Captain of a Privateer that is come into Bristol from a Cruise, says, he saw about 7 Days ago, 18 Men of War off Cape-Finistere, which he took to be Spanish.

A Letter to Mr. Clive, dated Nov. 9, 1758, from his Nephew in India, says, "M. Lally, the French General, has been obliged to raise his Siege before Tanjour, by the King of that Country, and to shelter under Pondicherry. Many of his Officers being disgusted at his Proceedings, have quitted him, and they are at present in a very distressed Condition."

On the 10th of October, Admiral Pocock, with the Fleet under his Command, sailed from Madras for Bombay. The Cumberland was to be made a Hulk at Bombay, being quite worn out, and two Hand-pumps were continually going to keep her above Water. The Salisbury was also in very crazy that it was doubtful whether she could ever be made fit for Service. Some other Ships also stood in need of Repairs, particularly the Tiger, whose Bow was knocked out at Chanderagor.

July 26. Dunkirk is so closely blocked up, that nothing can either get in or out.

The Crew belonging to the Littlefield Man of War, that was wrecked some Time ago on the Coast of Barbary, and some other English Subjects that were made Slaves, are ransomed for 250,000 Dollars.

The Vessel from Ireland, that was taken some Time ago by the Moors, and carried into Tetuan, is released.

By Advice from different Parts of England, 'tis with Certainty we can assure the Public, there never was, within the Memory of Man, a greater Prospect of a very plentiful Harvest of all Sorts of Grains, but in particular Wheat; so that the English, it is hoped, will not be able to carry on their usual Dealings.

A Letter from on board Sir Edward Hawke's Fleet, dated July 19, off Brest, says, "I am going to give you an Account of a very brave and extraordinary Action that has happened close to Brest Harbour. We have there or four Ships under the Command of Captain Hervey, of the *Moonmouth*, who are watching the French Fleet, and does it so closely, that they had no Room even to go into Brest, or come out of it, but what they take. The 18th Inst. they were at Anchor before the Harbour, and saw four Ships coming down to Brest, between the Shore and some Rocks, about the Passage Du Tour. The Commodore immediately got under Sail, with the *Pallas* Frigate, and plied up to the Ships that entered close to the Point of Conque, which were guarded by four Ships and a Battery, that fired upon the *Moonmouth* and *Pallas*, and surrounded them the whole Time they were going in; but their Boats cut out the Vessels, and made Sail with them, with Swedish Colours flying. They prove to be taken with Iron, Troops, &c. and it is thought with Cause for the French Fleet at Brest. While this was doing, the *Moonmouth* and *Pallas* drew a considerable Fire on the Shore, and it seems they drove all the People and Soldiers before them from their Guns; and received with very little Damage, and no Loss of Men. The *Moonmouth* remained up to the Point till all the Ships and Boats were got clear out with the *Pallas*. 'Tis impossible to tell the great Joy this gives our brave Admirals, and the whole Fleet. That

two Ships should take out four from under such a Fire, is a Sight of twenty Ships of the Line, in their own Port, and four Flags flying!

"We made of nothing, for the most part this brave Undertaking, and how well the Captains Hervey and Clement behaved in so dangerous a Situation, as they had not had Room to work their Ships, which they employed so warmly. They say, that during the Engagement the Balls were covered with People. Their Prizes are just sent to us from Capt. Hervey, who still keeps his Station, to the great Satisfaction of the French, who frequently throw Shells at our Ships standing in to observe their Motions. We all stood very near the other Day, and lay to in Sight of the Harbour, when the *Moonmouth*, with her little Squadron, was lying watching them. The French say they will come and fight us yet, but we do not believe them; and if their Friends are prevented from carrying them Necessaries, they cannot move."

As the Letters from Hainbourg did not come by the last Mail, we have on Certainty in regard to the Rumour reported from other Places, of an Action that is said to have happened in Poland, by General Count Dohm's turning the Russian Camp, and thereby forcing them to abandon their Intendments, in order to preserve Communication with their Magazines.

According to some private Letters from very good Hands, it is not improbable the French may repeat their Success at Miedoa, as it is possible that the Duke de Broglie, with the Corps that he commands, may be intercepted in respect to the Grand Army; and possibly, if the Prussian Auxiliaries arrive, put between two Fires.

The Marshal Count Daun has failed in his Design of penetrating into Silesia through Lufce. He has the King of Prussia before him with all his Army, and Prince Henry is posted with 24,000 Men, as to be able to join him, or penetrate into Bohemia, in Occasion shall require; and if the Marshal's good Friends the Russians should be beat, he may possibly find this a troublesome Campaign as any since the Beginning of the War.

The Court of France pretend, that there was little or no Mischief done at Havre-de-Grace, and that what was done has been repaired; but private Letters, by the Way of Brest, represent Things in quite another Light, and affirm, that their whole Naval Magazine was destroyed, and their Dockyard rendered unfit for Service.

Letters from the Hague say, that Prince Ferdinand is encamped within ten Miles of Bremen; that Monsieur continues to make a gallant Defence; and that Marshal Contades intends to advance with all his Forces, and force Prince Ferdinand to a Battle.

Georgetown, July 25. The Badger Sloop that arrived at Spithead on Sunday, brought several Transports under her Convoy from the Downs. They are expected to take Troops on board. According to Accounts from France, the French are actually in Effort to invade us, if they can any Way, and are determined very soon to come out of Brest, and fight the Fleet under the Command of Sir Edward Hawke.

Some Troops will shortly go for Milford Haven, to guard those Parts of the Coast.

Letters from Paris of the 8th Instant, say, that they had an Account from Calais that a large Fleet passed by that Place the 24th of June, steering their Course to the West, which was imagined to be the Russian Fleet promised by the Emperors of Russia, for their Assistance in the Expedition against the English; it consisted of 20 Men of War, 20 Frigates, and 85 lesser Vessels. They have sailed towards the Coast of Normandy or Bretagne.

Tuesday the Regiment of Norfolk Militia marched to Kensington, where his Majesty stood under the Piazza in the Front of the Palace, and saw them file off in Ranks eight deep. The Earl of Orford, Colonel, marched at the Head of the first Battalion, with Drums beating and Pipes playing; the second Battalion had Sir Armine Woodhouse, Bart. Lieutenant Colonel, at the Head, and were looked on as a fine Corps. His Majesty was pleased with their Appearance. Their Uniform is Scarlet turn'd up with Black. They marched to Kingston and Towns contiguous on their way to Portsmouth.

The Militia of the whole Kingdom are intended to be encamped or quartered all along our Sea Coast, and they are at every Cantonment to be joined by at least as great a Number of Regulars, exclusive of Horses.

On Saturday Night was brought into Yarmouth Road a French Privateer, called, *La Nouvelle Hironde*, of Dunkirk, Capt. John Martell, with six Carriages and six Swivel Guns, and 55 Men. She was taken the 7th Instant by his Majesty's Ship the *Liverpool*, Capt. Knight, after a Chase of 24 Hours.

The Pitt Privateer of Bristol has taken, and brought into King-Road a French Ship laden with Bale Goods valued at 55,000*l*.

Orders are sent to Ireland for forming two Camps with the utmost Expedition.

The Lord Lieutenants of such Counties whose Militia are not already formed, have received Orders to complete them forthwith, and to transmit their Proceedings thereon to the War Office.

We hear that the Militia for the County of Middlesex will be raised, and regulated for immediate service.

Yesterday Morning six Companies of the Norfolk Militia marched from Kingston in Surry to Cobham and Ripley, in their Way to Portsmouth. They came into Kingston on Tuesday Evening, and were commanded by Major Wilson, and made a very good Appearance. When they were drawn up on Tuesday Evening in the Market Place at Kingston, his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales came through the Front of them in the polished Manner with his Hat off; and after he had passed by the Whole, he sent the Earl of Rothes Major Wilson, with a Bank-Note of 50*l*. to distribute among the Battalions to drink his Majesty's Health. Never Men appeared in higher Spirits, or more willing to face an Enemy.

The following is the Substance of a Letter written at the Hague from Paris, dated July 9.

"We are as much as the Eve of striking a final Blow against the English. The French are all ready, and the Troops are beginning to assemble. It is still certain, that the Prince of Condé will lead the chief Command in the Expedition, which will be of greater Consequence than any we yet imagined."

BOSTON, September 17.

By the most authentic Accounts from Time to Time received, relating to the Strength and Disposition

of the Enemy's Forces, it appears, That General Wolfe is opposed by full three Quarters of the Force of Canada. That on the Side of Oswego, there is no Soldiers but that of a few Men (which is but of little Strength) to oppose the Army of Brigadier Blane on their Passage to Montreal, where there is now only a Number of old Men, Women, and Children: That the Troops which are at or near St. John's, are those which retired from Ticonderoga and Crown-Point, upon the Advance of our Grand Army under General Amherst: That the French Naval Force on Lake Champlain is at present inconsiderable, a Vessel of 10 Guns being Commodore; but a Vessel of greater Force was building: So that it appears that the Fate of Canada has and does depend, under Providence, either upon the Advance of our Grand Army, an Army at present with as much Health, Spirit and Unity, as ever was known; or the Proceedure of General Gage's Army and our Indians, towards Montreal, which must make such a Diversion in Favour of General Wolfe, as would more than probably give him the Opportunity of reducing Quebec, and all the Country around. We have been for some Weeks impatiently expecting to hear of one or other of the Army's moving, which, if practicable, and not beyond the general Plan, will doubtless be the Case. When this good News arrives, the Betts will be Six to One, that Canada will be reduced this Year; to the immortal Honour of his Majesty's Ministry, Generals, and Troops; the universal Joy of all North-America; and the whole British Empire.

Extract of a Letter from the Commanding Officer at Annapolis Royal, dated August 27.

"We have Plenty of live Stock here, as Monsieur Beaufort's Party seems to be employed in supplying us with live Cattle; we having taken from him since we have been here upwards of 100 Head: No longer than a Fortnight ago, about 50 or 60 of the French passed at some Distance by this Fort, with a large Drive of Cattle; they came to the Water Side, and challeng'd us to give them Battle, which was immediately accepted, and a Party sent out, who drove them off, took ten Firelocks, a Number of Blankets, Coats, Jackets, &c. and 30 odd Head of Bullocks, and returned safe; the next Day we had a fine Auction, and the Plunder amounted to 1500*l*. Old Tenor."

By the Courier who arrived last Thursday from Albany, we learn, That Lieut. Fletcher, with 10 Men, and one Hopkins, Sergeant-Major of the Rangers, with 7 Men, went from Crown-Point on a Scout, and had got within a little Way of St. John's, when they separated, after agreeing where to meet at a certain Time; but a Party of the Enemy being out, discovered Fletcher and his Men, surrounded them, and took them all Prisoners: That Hopkins's Party discovering the Enemy, they all separated; however, after some Hours, Hopkins, with four others, got together, when they discovered the Enemy's Encampment on an Island about 8 Miles this Side St. John's, where they saw their Motions, and observed three Men coming down to the Water, who were going to Fish, and no sooner had they begun, than Hopkins, with his Men, run into the Water, about Breast high, and brought them off, notwithstanding their Hallooing, which alarmed the Enemy, who were seen to be very numerous on the Ramparts, they being within Gun-shot; but the Enemy did not fire for Fear of killing their own Men: These Prisoners say, That the French are 4000 strong on this Island, and have 100 Pieces of Cannon there, well planted, where they design to make a Stand; they also informed of Lieut. Fletcher and his Party being taken, who gave Intelligence of him, and that a Party was out in order to way-lay him, but luckily he did not leave his Whale Boat where he determined to meet Fletcher, and by that Means escaped; for he scarcely got off before the Enemy appeared and fired upon him, but did no Damage; one of the Men that separated had got to Crown-Point, the other two are missing: And that the Enemy had launch'd a large Man of War, in order to attack our Vessels of Force on the Lake. And that it was currently reported at Albany, that Brigadier General Gage had set out from Oswego, with a large Body of his Army, in order to attack Oswego, &c.

Extract of a Letter from the Camp at Crown-Point, dated September 7.

"I have nothing now at present to offer, save that a small Party of our Rangers have brought in three French Prisoners, from the other End of the Lake; they are Soldiers and Germans by Birth; very stupid, ignorant, starved Fellows, and bring no Intelligence that can be depended upon. How-

ever, they say, that for a long Time they heard nothing from Quebec, till just the Day before they were taken, a Report came from Montreal, that the Siege was raised, and the English gone; but that gains no Credit here, as we know such Reports are most commonly spread about in Canada, when Things go worst with them. General Wolfe and Admiral Saunders's long Silence surprises all very much. Our Scout is not yet returned from Quebec. Yesterday, about Dusk, there were three of the Enemy's Buoys discovered about 8 Miles off. A large Brigantine, that will carry 20 Guns, is launched at Ticonderoga; a small Sloop, and a Redoubt, or Floating Battery, six small Redoubts, or Buoys, with one large Piece of Cannon in each, are ready. A Party is gone to try to burn some of the Enemy's Sloops. General Amherst is going on with Improvements of all Kinds here. All we hear from Lake Ontario is, that they were preparing to visit Cadarsqui and La Galette, and perhaps Montreal. As to the Army here, I can with Truth assure you, that it is the quietest, soberest, most laborious, and industrious (as well as hitherto) the most healthy Camp ever saw, heard or read of.—If General Amherst's Plan, with regard to Crown Point, is adhered to, and finished, this will, in 2 or 3 Years, become the cheapest, safest and most comfortable Garrison in the King's Dominions.—It is about the Latitude 44, and the Climate very good, central to every Part of the British Colonies, from Kennebeck to Delaware River; and in Time, there will be three or four different Communications opened between it, and the Settlements, and one from this Lake, by a short Cut to Lake Ontario, as well as a small Settlement projected from here to the Head of Wood Creek; which will not only supply the different Forts with Provisions, but succour them in case of Need, till the Country gathers.—There is a great Deal of good Land in this Neighbourhood, and the Climate more moist, and not so subject to parching Droughts, as on the Sea Coasts, and is extremely well wooded and watered.—From the Sergeant who took the last three Prisoners, as well as from the Prisoners themselves, we learn, that the French have fortified a little Island, about 90 Miles from hence, and 12 Miles this Side Port St. John's, called L'Isle de Noix, or Nut, and have made it very strong with Fascine Batteries, and 70 Pieces of Cannon: This Isle will be more troublesome to reduce, as it cannot be regularly approached, the Channel on each Side is very narrow, and both Shores (for a great Way inland) quite Swampy; but when the General has a Mind to go, he will find another Way.—This new Fortification is owing to the Enemy's getting in a Fleet this Year, otherwise they had no Cannon to spare, but they have now got enough of them, as also Officers, Sailors, Sails, Rigging, &c. for their Sloops on the Lakes, and I am persuaded, that had they not got any Supply from Old-France this Year, we should have been in quiet Possession of Canada long before now.

NEW-YORK, September 24.

Monday last the Brig Pompey, Captain Goodwin, arrived here in 31 Days from Jamaica: By him we learn, That his Majesty's Ship the Lively, Captain Wyatt, has taken and carried into that Island, the famous Monsieur Palanqui, in a Sloop of 12 Guns, and 100 Men: He was taken off the Navassa, and was carried by all the principal Merchants of Kingston, being always remarkable for his kind Treatment to whatever Englishmen had the Misfortune to fall into his Hands.

By Letters from Jamaica we learn, That they had certain Advice there from Port-au-Prince, of two Sloops, one of which mounted 12, and the other 10 Guns, being sailed from that Port, to cruise on the Coast of North-America, and that a Snow was soon to follow for the like Purpose.

On Monday last arrived here a French Prize Brig, called the Young Joseph, taken the 26th of June last, off the Straights of Belleisle, in Lat. 52: 10, by the Capesias Seymour and Segre, in two Privateers of this Port. She is loaded with Oil and Seal-Skins, belonging to Canada, and had been out 12 Months on Fishing, and was when taken, upon her Return to Quebec.

Capt. Segre, in June last, in the Straights, met with a large French Ship of 18 Guns, which, at different Times, he engaged for two Days, when the Ship bore away, being much damaged; and Segre could not follow, being hull'd in several Places, and having 12 Men killed, and 20 wounded.

Extract of a Letter from Crown-Point, dated September 18, 1759.

I have the Pleasure to inform you, that Major Rogers, who left this a Day or two ago, with

a Scout of about 120 pick'd Men of the whole Army, fell in with, and after a smart Engagement of some Time, defeated a Party of French and Indians about 40 Miles from this Place, consisting of 120, and has taken 200 Prisoners and Scalps, with the Loss of three Men killed, and it is said himself is either killed or wounded. A Party is this Day detached to conduct in the Prisoners.

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated September 20.

The brave Major Rogers has been out on a Scout with a Party of his own Men, and Deputies from the Regulars, amounting in the whole to 200; he by some Means or another got Intelligence of a Scout of the Enemy's, of 200 Men, and way-laid them, when a smart Action happened between them, in which our People have got a complete Victory. The Major, it is said, has brought in with him 200 Scalps, and upwards of 100 Prisoners, with only a trifling Loss to his Party.—General Amherst is still at Crown-Point. I am, &c.

PHILADELPHIA, September 27.

In our last we gave an Account of the Snow Desire, Capt. Styles, being taken by the French; and since we have learnt, from a Gentleman who left Port-au-Prince the 26th ult. that the Snow was brought in there before he came away, but not one of her former Crew on board. She was taken by one Hernandez, in a Privateer Sloop, of 14 Four-pounders, whom Captain Styles and his People bravely engaged for a considerable Time, but being boarded, were obliged to ask Quarters, when it was generally believed, they were all butchered in cold Blood; however, so much our Informant certainly knows (from the French Prize-Master's own Confession) that Captain Styles, his Mate (Silas Parvin) and one of the People, were killed after they struck, by the Captain's Orders. The Vessel was seized for the King, by the French General's Orders. This Savage Captain was heard to say, before he went on his Cruise, that he would treat the first Englishman he met with, that should fight from his Quarters, and give him the Trouble of boarding, in the same Manner he has done Captain Styles.

From Santa-Cruz there is Advice, that a large French Snow, from Martinico for Coracoa, is taken by Captain Roan, in a Privateer of Barbados, and carried into Tortola.

We hear from Pittsburgh, that on the 7th Instant, his Excellency General Stanwix, held a Council with the Indians there, who all seem to be firmly attached to the English Interest: That there were among the Indians eighty Tawa's: That more Indians were daily expected, they coming from all Quarters to make Peace: And that our People had begun to build a Fort at that Place, which, when finished, will be very large, and exceeding strong.

On the 21st of last Month, a Wagggon was killed and scalped at Pittsburgh.

ANNAPOLIS, October 4.

Since the Publication of our last Gazette, we have received from Balcon, the following true and correct Copy of the MANIFESTO which General WOLFE sent to the Inhabitants of CANADA: By His EXCELLENCY

JAMES WOLFE, Esq;

Major-General, Colonel of Foot, and Commander in Chief of all his Britannic Majesty's Troops, serving up the River St. Lawrence, &c. &c. &c.

THE King, my Master, highly offended at the Conduct of France, and to resent the insolent Treatment that has been offered his Subjects in North-America, is resolved to check this arrogant and hostile Proceeding. A well-appointed Sea and Land Force, has therefore penetrated into the Heart of Canada, in Obedience to his Majesty's Commands.

His Britannic Majesty's Intention is, that all the most considerable Ports, of which the French are possessed in North-America, should be destroyed: And you behold me here, at the Head of an Army, ready to execute his Majesty's Orders!

The Husbandmen, Peasants, Women, Children, and the Reverend Body of the Clergy, are not the Objects of his Majesty's Wrath; nor is his Arm raised against any of them; on the contrary, foreseeing their Misery, and concerned at their unhappy Situation, he offers them his powerful and protecting Hand.

The Inhabitants, who freely return to their Homes, with their Families; they may be happy in their several Possessions; they may follow their Religion innocently; and I promise to protect them, provided they do not, directly nor indirectly, interfere in the Quarrel between the two Crowns;

—so may the Canadian enjoy the Blessings of Peace, amidst the Tumults of War.

But should a feeble and unavailing Spirit so far prevail, as to prompt the Canadian to appear in Arms, let them know, that the Calamities and Horrors of War, await their Presumption!

I will not describe the Excess to which an enraged Soldier may be carried; the Description would be too horrid.—My Troops are yet within my Power, and the Inhabitants of Canada will be safe if they are not imprudent.

Are the Canadians ignorant of their present Situation? A respectable Fleet, and a powerful Army, cuts off all the Hopes of Succour, which they otherwise might have expected from Europe: And another Army threatens them on the other Side the Continent.—Is so critical a Situation, can they hesitate? What can they expect by Opposition?—Perhaps, flattering themselves with Success they will not accept the favourable Terms I offer: What is it then to me, since they themselves are the Cause, if they behold their unhappy Families exposed to the Inclemencies of the Winter, and perishing for Food,—the Victims of their own Imprudence and Obstinacy! It is enough for me that I have cautioned them, and let the World be Judge.

The extraordinary Cruelties which the French have practised, upon the American Subjects of Great-Britain, would justify the most severe Reprials: But the British naturally generous, disdains such lowly Proceedings. His Religion enjoins Humanity, and his Heart with Pleasure obeys the pleasing Precept.

Let then the Canadians determine.—On one Side behold England (whose Sincerity is well known) offering them her powerful and protecting Hand, securing to them their Effects, and indulging them in every Privilege: On the other Side, behold France, inert, and incapable, abandoning them in the most critical Conjunction.—And tho' she has sent them some Succour, what other End has it answered but to make the unhappy Canadian more acutely sensible of the powerful Hand of France, which forwards their Destruction, instead of contributing to their Relief.

The Inhabitants must determine—their Prudence must dictate—their Fate depends on their Resolves.

Given at my Head Quarters in the Parish of St. Lawrence, on the 11th of Orleans.

On Sunday last, Mr. PHILIP RICHARD FENDALL, Clerk of Charles County, was married to Miss SARAH LETTICK LEE, eldest Daughter to the Honourable RICHARD LEE, Esq; Naval-Officer of North Patuxent. A very valuable young Couple! with every natural Endowment, and needful Accomplishment, to render them agreeably useful in Public, and promise their Happiness in private Life: Long may they live, and be prosperous in the World; to reap, fully, the Benefit of their early and constant Affection for each other.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near the Head of Patuxent River, a lusty Negro Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, not very black, about 35 Years old, has lost two or three of his Teeth on the right Side of his under Jaw; he can read and write, and it is supposed will endeavour to pass for a Freeman and a Doctor. He had on and took with him, a Country Cloth or Cotton Coat about half worn, an old Osnabrigs Shirt, an old Felt Hat, Osnabrigs Trowsers, new Hempen Roll Dittos, a new Osnabrigs Shire, and two Pair of Negro Shoes, one of which is cut behind without a Seam in the Quarter.

Whoever brings the said Fellow home, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by SAMUEL NORWOOD.

THERE is at the Plantation of Daniel Daily, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, 12 Hands and 3 Inches high, with a Blaze Face, her Feet are white, and she is branded on the near Shoulder thus &c. and on the near Thigh &c.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Richard Cheney, in Prince-George's County, a small Red Steer, about 3 Years old, marked with a Crook, and Under Bit in the right Ear, and a Crop in the Left. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

MONEY for BILLS, or BILLS for MONEY, by SAMUEL NORWOOD.

ON Thursday the 11th of October Inst. will be Run for at Joppa in Baltimore County, a Purse of TWENTY PISTOLES, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding.

On the 12th, TEN POUNDS Current Money. And on the 13th, another Sum of Six Pounds Current Money.

Each Horse to carry Nine Stone Weight, to run Three Heats, Two Miles each Heat.

Every Horse, &c. to be Entered with Mr. Isaac Rifeau in the Town aforesaid the Day before they Run, and the Owners to pay One Shilling in the Pound Entrance Money.

N. B. If any Dispute should arise, the same to be decided by Col. William Young and Mr. James Christie.

ALL Persons indebted to Mr. James Johnson, deceased, are desired to settle and pay off their respective Balances to Robert Couden, who is empowered to receive and grant Discharges for the same: And those who have any Demands against him, are also requested to bring in their Accounts as the Law directs, that they may be settled.

GEORGE MAXWELL, } Administrators.
ROBERT SWAN, }

JUST IMPORTED,

In the CATO, Captain WALTER MONTGOMRIE, from LONDON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, in the Store lately kept by JAMES JOHNSON, opposite to Mr. SWAN'S in ANNAPOLIS.

A LARGE Assortment of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable Rates.

As also, Barbados Rum by the Hoghead or Gallon, Muscovado Sugar, Salt, &c.

ROBERT COUDEN.

IF John White, who came from London in the Year 1745 with Capt. William Dick, and who served his Time with one Thomas Hall at Port-Tobacco, be alive, and will apply to Jasper Mauduit, near Bladensburg in Prince-George's County, or to the Printers hereof, he may hear of something greatly to his Advantage.

GUNS, Pistols, Swords, Bayonets, Cloathing for a Company of Volunteers, Tin-Kettles, Canteens, Powder-Flasks, Cockades, and all Sorts of other Goods belonging to Gentlemen Volunteers, to be Sold by Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable Rates, by WILLIAM HOLMES, at Baltimore-Town. Attendance given every Friday and Saturday.

THERE is at the Store of the Subscriber, living in Talbot County, a Bale of Goods marked T P. N. I, landed about a Year ago from on board the Endeavour, Capt. Storrs, from London.

The Owner may have it, on proving his Property, and paying the Cost of this Advertisement.

JAMES BERRY.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On the usual Race-Ground at Upper-Marlborough,

ON the First Tuesday of November next, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, carrying Nine Stone, a Purse of THIRTY POUNDS, the best in Three Heats, about Two Miles each Heat.

Mellars John Cooke and Basil Warring are to be Judges of the said Race, and to determine all Disputes which may arise thereon.

Each Running Horse to pay Thirty Shillings Entrance Money, and be Entered with Mr. Benjamin Berry or Mr. Benjamin Brooks, the Day before the Race.

And also to be Run for the Day following, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding (the winning Horse of the First Day Excepted) all the Entrance and what other Money may be made up by Subscription, which, at this Time, is not completed, carrying the same Weight, and on the same Terms, with the Horses of the First Day.

JUST IMPORTED from MADEIRA, and to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER in ANNAPOLIS,

A PARCEL of choice WINES.

DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

THERE is at the Plantation of Conrad Grob, in Frederick-Town in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a large Brown Gelding, above 15 Hands high, with a large Star in his Forehead, a small white Sreak down almost to his Nose, a black Mane, Tail, and Legs, a small white Spot on his off Flank, is shod before, and paces well; but has not any perceivable Brand or Bar-mark.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

RAN away the 26th of August last, from the Subscribers in Annapolis, two Convict Servant Men, viz.

Thomas Hays, an Englishman, about 70 Years old, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, pretty bulky, and stoops in his Shoulders, his Hair and Beard almost white, tho' it is supposed he has cut them off: He had on and took with him, a dark Cloth Coat with a small Cape round the Neck, a Pair of great Cotton Breeches, a Pair of red Cloth Dito, a white Shirt, Fall Shoes, and sundry other Clothes.

John Fish, an Englishman, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, a stout lusty made Fellow, about 35 Years old, carries his Head leaning towards one Shoulder: Had on and took with him, a brown Cloth Coat with a Velvet Cape, an old brown Great Coat, a light blue Jacket, a Pair of old Leather Breeches, two coarse white Shirts, one brown and one Saxen Wig, an old Hat, a Pair of Trowsers, and sundry other Clothes: He is a Shoemaker by Trade, and carried some of his Tools with him.

They were seen in Baltimore-Town the 28th; they have a forged Pass signed George Stewart, and proposed travelling to Philadelphia, and getting their Pass signed by Magistrates as they pass along.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Runaways, or either of them, so that their Masters may have them again, shall have Five Pounds Reward for each, beside what the Law allows, if taken up after the 7th of September; and if before that Time, a Pistole Reward, beside what the Law allows, paid by

RICHARD MACCUBIN,
ALEX. QUINN.

WANTED,

Any Time between this and Christmas,



to dispose of, may hear of a Purchaser, by applying to the Printers hereof.

THREE YOUNG NEGRO FELLOWS, that have been accustomed to work in Shallops these 4 Years past, talk English perfectly well, to be Sold, if an extraordinary Price is given. Apply as above.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, At ALEXANDRIA, in Fairfax County, Virginia, on the 16th of October Inst. being Court Day,

A LOT (belonging to Mr. William Sewell, Peruke-maker) containing Half an Acre of Ground, on which there are the following Improvements, viz. Three Houses, each 20 by 16, one of them with a good Cellar, a Bake-House 16 by 16, with a Shed 16 by 6, having a large Oven adjoining; another House 12 by 12; a Meat-House 10 by 10; a very good Well, walled with Stone 35 Feet, and always 4 or 5 Feet good Water; and a good Garden piled in, all in good tenantable Repair. The Houses have Brick Chimneys, and are well plastered and white washed. Credit will be given for Part of the Purchase-Money, with Bond and Security as usual.

LATELY IMPORTED from LONDON, in the Ship LEE, Captain JOHNSON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store in NOTTINGHAM, 20 PATUENT RIVER;

EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, completely Assorted, Wholesale or Retail. Also, Choice Barbados RUM, and Muscovado SUGAR.

HANCOCK LEE.

THESE are to give Notice to all Gentlemen, Ladies and Others, that have Occasion to travel the Road from the Southward, on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, That the Subscriber has again opened her own House in Frederick-Town, at Sassafras Ferry, for a Tavern; where she hopes her Friends will be pleased to continue their Favour, and they may depend on genteel Entertainment, and good Usage, from

Their humble Servant,
SARAH FLYNN.

RAN away from the Ship CAT, lying at Annapolis, on the 1st of September, Two Seamen,

One named John Bigwood, a young Man, born in Guernsey, speaks pretty good English, of low Stature, Pock pitted, large Eyes, which look as if they were started, and wears his own black Hair. He is clothed in Sailor's Dress. And,

Alexander Low, an Englishman, of middling Stature, dark Complexion, smooth Face, and talks a great Deal. Had on a green Jacket and Trowsers, and a Wig or Cap.

They are supposed to be gone to Virginia in a Boat belonging to William Holland.

Whoever takes them up, and returns them to the Ship, or to Annapolis, shall have a Guinea Reward for each, paid by Mr. Robert Swan, or the Master.

WALTER MONTGOMRIE.

TO BE SOLD,

In Lots of One Hundred Acres, on reasonable Terms,

PART of a Tract of Land, called Frenchman's Purchase, containing 2434 Acres, lying near the Temporary Line, on Marsh-Creek, whereon is exceeding good Meadow-Ground, and two very good Improvements. For Title and Terms apply to Mr. William Sparks, living near the said Land.

And a Tract of Land called White-Oak Levels, containing 278 Acres, lying on Conococheague, adjoining Mr. Isaac Baker's Land, well Timber'd and Water'd, with some good Meadow-Ground, by

RICHARD BROOKE, Executor
of ISAAC BROOKE, Or,
SAMUEL BEALL, junior.

RAN away about the 25th of June, from the Subscriber in Fairfax County, Virginia, a likely Country-born Negro Boy, named Darcy, about 15 Years of Age, has a Scar near his left Eye, speaks fluently, and is very ready in his Replies. Had on an old blue Cotton Coat and Waistcoat, and Leather Breeches: The Coat had plain Brass Buttons, the Waistcoat Horn.

Whoever brings home the said Negro, or secures him in any Goal, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides reasonable Charges, paid by

G. W. FAIRFAX.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Tuesday the 13th of November next, at the House of William Brown, in London-Town, the following Tracts of LAND, belonging to the Estate of William Peele, deceased,

ONE TRACT called Symphon's Steiner, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called Huntington.

ONE TRACT called Bachelor's Choice, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of Patuxent, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, survey'd for Jane Gray, called Maiden's Bower.

ONE TRACT called Poplar Neck, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

ONE TRACT called Mitchell's Addition, containing 18½ Acres.

PART of a TRACT called Paddington's Harbour, containing 100 Acres.

These 3 last Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near London-Town.

Also, The late Mr. Peele's Dwelling-House, Store, and other Improvements, in London-Town, with several unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Persons who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in: And any inclining to Purchase the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to

JAMES MOUNT,
JAMES DICK, } Executors.
JAMES NICHOLSON, }

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the Bible, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertisements.

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, October 11, 1759.

The Ship SWIFT, a Letter of Marque of 20 Guns, Captain GEORGE RYDER, arrived at Boston the 21st of September, in 25 Days from London, and brought the following important Advices, viz. From the LONDON GAZETTE.

Whitehall, August 7. Extract of a Letter from Andrew Mitchell, Esq; his Majesty's Minister to the King of Prussia, to the Right Honourable the Earl of Holdernesse, dated from his Prussian Majesty's Camp at Schmotfelden, July 24.

THIS Night, after Nine o'Clock, M. Michel acquainted me, by the King of Prussia's Order, that a few Hours ago an Aid de Camp was arrived from General Wedel, who now commands the Prussian Army against the Russians, with the following Account of an Action that happened Yesterday Morning between the two Armies.

The Russians, who were encamped in Sight of the Prussians, near Zullichan, began to march towards Crollen, and General Wedel thought proper to attack them upon their March, which he did with great Success, having, it is reckoned, killed 7000 upon the Spot, with very little Loss on his Side (it is said 300 killed, and 500 wounded). Lieutenant General Schariemer, at the Head of the Prussian Cavalry, distinguished himself very much, and made great Slaughter of the Enemy. I do not hear of the Loss of any General Officer on the Side of the Prussians, except Major-General Wapernow, who was killed in the Action. These are all the Particulars that are yet known of this Affair.

From the LONDON GAZETTE Extraordinary. Whitehall, August 8.

THIS Morning Mr. Roworth, one of his Majesty's Messengers, arrived at the Earl of Holdernesse's Office, with the following Letters from Major-General Yorke, his Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary at the Hague.

Copy of a Letter from Major-General Yorke to the Earl of Holdernesse, dated Hague, August 6, 1759, One o'Clock after Midnight.

MY LORD, I MAY now with your Lordship's Joy, as I do from the Bottom of my Heart, of the glorious Victory obtained by Prince Ferdinand over the French on the First Instant, Captain Ligonier, and M. Effort, who are dispatched by his Serene Highness to his Majesty, have taken the Rout from Utrecht to Helvoet, without taking this in their Way; so that I can only send your Lordship a Copy of Captain Ligonier's Letter, by a Schevening Boat, as it may perhaps get over, when the Packet Boat cannot; and I have charged the Messenger to make the best of his Way. As these Gentlemen have favoured me with no Detail, I am able to send none; but we have received an Express from Cleves To-day, with an Account that a French Courier was gone through there with the News, *Que Mons. de Contades s'est totalement battu*; That Mons. de Contades was totally defeated; and the Dispositions making by the Enemy along the Rhine, are an ample Confirmation of this great Event, with which it has pleased the Almighty to bless his Majesty's Arms.

May I presume, with all Humility, to lay myself at the King's Feet, with my most dutiful Congratulations upon this glorious News. His Majesty has not a Subject who is happier upon this Occasion, than he who has the Honour to be, with the greatest Respect, my Lord, your Lordship's most obedient humble Servant,

J. YORKE.

Copy of a Letter from Captain Ligonier, to Major-General Yorke.

SIR, *Utrecht, August 5, 1759.* ADJUTANT General Effort, and I, being sent, by Order of Prince Ferdinand, to give his Majesty an Account of the Success of the Allies

the first Instant, we beg you would be pleased to send an Order to Helvoetsluys for us to have an extraordinary Packet-Boat at our Arrival there. A Courier, who set out before us, and took his Rout by Osnabrug, we imagine must be arrived in England, or at least set Sail for it. Our Orders were to pass through East-Prize, by which considerable Detour, we are prevented bringing the first Account of the Victory, so must content ourselves with confirming it. Broglie's Corps joined Contades the Day before the Battle, the Particulars of which will be sent you in a few Days. Our Loss is very small, considering the whole first Line was engaged. As we set out from this Place immediately, I desire you will send us your Order for the Packet-Boat with the utmost Expedition. I beg Pardon for this Liberty, and am, with the utmost Respect, &c.

B. LIGONIER, Aid de Camp to Prince Ferdinand.

[End Gaz. Extra.] From the LONDON GAZETTE of August 11. Prince Ferdinand's Head Quarters at Minden, Aug. 4.

On the 27th in the Evening, the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick marched with 6000 Men towards Lubeke, and, in the Morning of the 28th, dislodged the Enemy, who occupied this Post. The 29th he marched to Rimsel, where he was joined by General Drees from Osnabrug. The Hereditary Prince then advanced the 30th towards Hervord, and on the 31st posted himself at Kirchliniger which was in the Road of the Enemy's Convoys coming from Paderborn. Prince Ferdinand, with the Grand Army, made a short March on the 29th, on his Right towards Halle; General Wangenheim remaining with a Body of Troops in the Camp of Thorhausen. Some Battalions of Grenadiers, with the light Troops, were left on the right Side of the Weser, to observe the Army under the Duke de Broglie. It was soon observed, that they were not inattentive to these Dispositions. In Effect, Marshal Contades came to attack us on the 1st of August. The Battle began at five in the Morning, and ended by the Retreat of the Enemy about Noon. They attacked General Wangenheim briskly, without making the least Impression on him. Prince Ferdinand came up instantly with the main Body of the Army; and the Heat of the Action was then turned upon our Right. The British Infantry, who were there, as well as the Hanoverian Guards, performed Wonders. Every Regiment that was engaged, distinguished itself highly, and not a Platoon in the whole Army gave way one single Step during the whole Action.

The Particulars thereof cannot yet be given. A considerable Number of Prisoners have been taken, among which are the Comte de Hutzelbourg, and the Marquis de Monti Marechaux de Camp; and M. de Vogue, Colonel; and many other Persons of Distinction. The Prince de Camille is among the slain. Twenty-five Pieces of Cannon, 10 Pair of Colours, and 7 Stands having been taken. M. de Contades passed the Weser in the Night between the 1st and 2d, and gave Orders for burning the Bridges. Prince Ferdinand entered the Town of Minden on the 2d at Noon, the Garrison having surrendered themselves Prisoners of War. The Enemy took the Rout of Hesse. They burn and pillage all the Towns and Villages upon quitting them. The same Day an Engagement happened between the Hereditary Prince and M. de Brissac, of which the following is a Relation:

Conslidit, August 2. The Body of Troops under the Command of the Duke de Brissac, encamped on the 31st of July at Night, with their Left to the Village of Caveldt, their Front to the Weser, and their Right towards the Salt Pits. That Body was judged to consist of 7 or 8000 Men. Their Position was inattacked in Front, and there was no other Way to come at them, but by surrounding their Left; for which Purpose the following Dispo-

sitions were made. Three Attacks were formed, all of which were to depend on the Success of that on the Right. The Troops destined for that Attack consisted of a Battalion of Diepenbroick, 2 of the Brunswick Guards, 200 Volunteers, and four Squadrons of Bock Dragoons; the four Battalions of old Zaltrow, Bohr, Bock, and Canitz, and 1 Squadron of Charles Breitenbach, with all the heavy Cannon, composed the Center; the Left was formed of 3 Battalions, Bock, Drees, and Zaltrow, and of four Squadrons of Bulch. The Troops of the Center were designed to keep the Enemy at Bay, whilst those of the Right should surround their Left; those of our Left were to march to the Bridge near the Salt Pits, in order to prevent the Enemy's Retreat to Minden.

The Hereditary Prince marched with the Right; Count Keilmansegg was in the Center; and M. de Drees and M. de Bock brought up the Left. We set out at three o'Clock in the Morning from our Camp at Quetnam. The Enemy, on their Part, likewise intended to attack us; as soon as Count Keilmansegg had come out of the Defile of Beck, the Enemy presented themselves before him; and a Cannonade began on both Sides. The Right was to pass the Weser, in order to turn the Enemy's Left, and the Village of Kirchliniger, upon a very narrow Bridge. This Difficulty however was in some Measure removed by the Spirit of the Troops, the Infantry fording the River partly behind the Horsemen, and partly in Peasants Wag-gons.

By the Passage of the Weser, the Position of the Enemy was entirely changed; the Fire of the Artillery was brisk on both Sides, and lasted for two Hours, though ours had always the Superiority. At last, finding themselves entirely surrounded, they had no other Resource but in Flight. Five Pieces of the Enemy's Cannon, with their Baggage, are in our Hands. The Number of Prisoners taken is not exactly known, but we believe there are five Officers among them. Lieutenant General Keilmansegg deserves the highest Commendations. M. Otte, Colonel of old Zaltrow's, distinguished himself greatly at the Head of his Regiment, and repulsed the Enemy's Cavalry, that fell upon him, with considerable Loss. Our Loss is very slight. Capt. Wegner of the Artillery is wounded in the Leg; to him, and to Maj. Storck, is owing the good Service we had from the Artillery.

The following List has been received of the Killed and Wounded in his Majesty's 6 Regiments of British Infantry, and Artillery, in the above-mentioned Battle of Thornhausen. Killed, three Captains, 7 Lieutenants, 1 Ensign, 11 Sergeants, 1 Drummer, and 279 Rank and File. Wounded, Lieutenant Colonels 3, Captains 23, Lieutenants 28, Ensigns 11, Sergeants 41, Drummers 17, and 419 Rank and File. Dead of their Wounds, 1 Captain, and 1 Lieutenant. *[End of the Gazette.]*

Prague, July 31. Marshal Daun being informed that Prince Henry was marching by Lusatia with 17,000 Men to join the King of Prussia, removed his Army on the 19th from Mark-Lissa to Lauben; and at the same Time sent Orders to General Haddick to march with his Forces under his Command to Gabel. By this new Position, Marshal Daun effectually prevents Prince Henry's Junction with the King. A Battle in a few Days seems inevitable. His Prussian Majesty's Army doth not exceed 50,000 Men, exclusive of the Corps under General Foquet, which may amount to 12 or 15,000 more.

Brussels, July 31. They write from the Army of Marshal Daun, that Count Emmerich Eltzbach had like to have taken the King of Prussia with his Escort, as that Prince was advancing to reconnoitre our Camp. The Ambush started up a Moment too soon. The Monarch was excellently mounted: The Hussars followed him in vain, and returned with

with the Satisfaction of taking only 30 Men of his Majesty's Escort.

L O N D O N.

July 31. The Report of the King of Spain being dead, is contradicted by his Excellency the Spanish Ambassador.

August 1. Letters from Paris, of the 20th ult. say, that no Mention was yet made of the precise Time for the intended Expedition; but it was still thought that this Project would be executed; that the Fleet, the Privateers, and all the other Vessels, were ready, as were likewise the Forces that are to be embarked; that Marshal Conflans had ordered all the Ships out into the Road of Brest, to wait for sailing Orders; and that, when these should arrive, there would certainly be an Engagement, if the English Fleet remains off Brest.

Extract of a Letter from Sir Edward Hawke's Fleet off Brest, dated July 22.

"Our Fleet was this Day nearly brought to a general Action. Commodore Hervey, who is off that Port with some Ships, put in Yesterday, and attacked 7 Sail of French Ships, and 2 small Men of War, under the Fort of Conquet: But being little Wind, they hauled them into a Creek, where it was impossible to get at them; and he retir'd with little Damage. The Morning following, four French Men of War, of 74 Guns, came out of Brest upon the Monmouth and Montague, who plied up toward them to draw them off, when we all appeared standing in, and tho' the French Ships were clean, under all their Cannon and Shells, yet they immediately made Sail to return to their Port, the Monmouth and Montague following them with all Sail. Com. Hervey bro't one of their 74 Gun Ships to a short Action; but getting within their Narrows, and being fired at, and Shells thrown at him, the Signal was made to call him off. The whole French Fleet made a Motion to sail, and some were coming out, but thought better of it, and submitted to the Indignity of seeing four of their large Ships retire from two of ours, and in Sight of their whole Fleet, and close to their Batteries. This whole Action, and the Manner we heard and saw the old Monmouth behave, has done the greatest Honour to her and her Commander, and is the whole Talk of the Fleet, being a most extraordinary Action, and would have ended in taking one of them, had they had 3 or 4 Miles more to go. We all anchored off Brest in the Evening, and reinforced Commodore Hervey within the Bay, who, it is said, is going on some other Enterprize."

Extract of a private Letter from France.

"We make no Doubt but in England you are under Apprehensions of a Visit this Summer from the French; but the following may set aside your Fears: As I live upon the Spot, and am an Eye Witness to their Proceedings, I can, with Certainty, assure you, that, at present, they are not in a Condition for any such an Undertaking: True it is they have in Brest 21 Ships of the Line, besides Frigates, but they have not on board Half their Complement of Men, and those they have were, many of them, taken from the Plow, and are of very little Service, except to make a Show. They have several Times loosened their Topsails, as if they intended to sail out and fight the English, but it was all Parade."

When the Account was delivered by Lord Holderness to his Majesty, his Majesty, after a short Pause, said, *I thank my God for this signal Victory*, and ordered his Lordship to write a Letter to his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, to prepare a Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving to Almighty God; to be used at Morning and Evening Service, after the general Thanksgiving, within the weekly Bills of Mortality, To-morrow, for the glorious Victory obtained over the French on Wednesday, the 1st Day of August, at Thornhausen, near Minden.

Letters from Duakirk, of July 28, advise, that the first flat-bottomed Boat had been launched there, on board of which there embarked 500 Men, with 2 Pieces of Cannon, one 21, and the other 28 lbs, which were placed in the Stern, and every Thing put in Order to receive the Princes Soubise and de Croy, and Lieut. Gen. de Chevert, who went on board to make the Men perform their new Exercise of embarking and re-embarking; but, by firing a Gun, a Barrel of Gun-powder blew up, which wounded some Officers, Mariners and Soldiers; and a contrary Wind at N.W. flaring up, which blew very fresh, obliged them all to get on Shore with all Expedition.

August 2. Last Sunday Morning sailed from Plymouth the Hero Man of War, Captain Edgecombe, having Prince Edward on board, in Company with the Venus, Pallas, Acteon, Sapphire,

and Southampton Frigates, to join Sir Edward Hawke's Fleet.

The Loss sustained by the Inhabitants of Minden by being pillaged by the French, amounts to 50,000 Crowns.

Orders are given to place Shot by the Cannon round the Fortifications of Portsmouth; and it is said that a great Number of Forces will be assembled in and near this Place, to be in Readiness in Case any Attempt should be made by the French.

August 11. Very melancholy Accounts are sent over from different Parts of Germany, relating to the dismal Situation of the Inhabitants, whose Unhappiness it is to be where the Seat of War is; one of the Letters concludes thus, "In the Forenoon we have our own Troops; in the Afternoon those of the Enemy, who not only destroy every Thing, but even ravish our Wives and Daughters before our Eyes!"

Last Night the highest Demonstrations of Joy were shewn through the whole Town, and the Houses were beautifully illuminated. The Park and Tower Guns were fired as soon as possible.

Admiral Hawke still cruises before Brest, and now and then detaches Frigates to take a near View of their Fleet. Admiral Boscawen also kept cruising off of Toulon.

In the late vain Shew of the French Fleet at Brest to engage Admiral Hawke, the greatest Alacrity appeared among the British Sailors: Of 40 sick Men on board the Anson Man of War, all, except three, who were absolutely disabled, immediately quitted their Hammocks, and bravely stood to their Guns, tho' exempted from Duty by Reason of their infirm Condition.

Portsmouth, August 5. Saturday Afternoon arrived at Spithead, after a five Weeks Passage, his Majesty's Ship Roebuck, and Bonetta Sloop, with 46 Transports, from Guadaloupe: They brought Home the Officers of three Regiments, and about one Hundred Men of each Regiment; the Rest were draughted, and sent to North-America. They have left 3000 Men at Guadaloupe.

St. JAGO DE LA VEGA, in JAMAICA, August 11.

On Monday arrived his Majesty's Ship the Lively, and brought in a French Privateer Sloop, commanded by the famous Mons. Palanqui, which she took Yesterday Se'night off Cuba. Palanqui had taken and sent away two Prizes a few Hours before the Lively appeared in Sight, and endeavoured to make his Escape, by crowding all the Sail possible, and even imagined he had lost her in the Night; but at Day-dawn next Morning was greatly surprized, after a Chase of 16 Hours, to see her close up with him, when he prudently struck his Colours. This Sloop mounted 10 Carriage Guns, and 8 Swivels, and had 106 Men on board when taken. She formerly belonged to Captain Grant, who was inhumanly murdered at Corocoa.

As Mons. Palanqui has ever been distinguished for his great Generosity and Benevolence to his Prisoners, he is now happy in experiencing a reciprocal Treatment, and is much respected and caressed. He has taken, during the last and present War, 95 Prizes; and this is but the second Time that he has ever been taken, having last War (we are informed) been once carried into New-York.

B O S T O N.

September 20. Monday Evening arrived here a Schooner, — Roberts Master, and last Evening another Schooner, — Ford Master, both from the River St. Lawrence and Louisburg. They left the Isle of Orleans about ten Days after the Diana Frigate. There are Letters by them, dated at Camp at Point-Levee, to the 21st of August; but we find none that give any Particulars of the further Operations of the British Forces against Quebec. The best Account we can gather by these Vessels is, That another large Battery, besides those which we have already mentioned, had been erected against the City, and play'd upon it with such Success, that all the Houses, within Reach of the Shells and Shot, were demolished: That the Enemy made no Sallies from their Entrenchments upon that Part of our Army which was at Montmorency; but they had sent a considerable Body of Troops to endeavour to surround General Murray, who, as we formerly mentioned, had landed above the City, and had repulsed them several Times, whereby he prevented their Design of cutting off the Communication he had with the other Part of our Forces; and that he kept his Ground good, and had been joined by some Succours. — There was a Talk, that two of the largest Ships were to go up against the Town, and a general Attack to be made in about a Week. — That the Deferters from the Enemy, which came to our Camp, re-

ported that the French were allowanced to Half a Pound of Meat per Day, and that it was Death in their Camp to mention General Amherst's Name; by which it is probable the French have had Intelligence of the Success of our Forces to the Westward. A stout Indian Fellow, who had been Prisoner on board the Admiral's Ship some Time, made his Escape, by jumping out of a Window, at her Stern, into the Water, and swam to the Shore. — Just as the last Schooner was coming away, Admiral Saunders received Intelligence from the Shore, that a Party of our Men which were out, discovered a Number of the Enemy Indians in a Barn at some Distance from the City, which they surrounded, and took 16 Prisoners.

September 24.

Last Saturday the Guns of the Castle, and of the Batteries of this Town, were discharged; and this Evening there is to be Illuminations, Bonfires, &c. upon Occasion of the certain Advice received, that Prince Ferdinand, at the Head of our most glorious Sovereign's Troops in Germany, had totally defeated the French Army under Marshal de Contades. — Never did the public Joy rise higher. — By former Accounts the Enemy were in Possession of Hesse Cassel, and on the Borders of Hanover, the State Papers were removed from the Capital to Stade. — All his Majesty's loyal Subjects among us (and indeed where is there a disaffected One) felt for his Majesty, and trembled for our Protestant Brethren in those Countries. — They are now entirely rescued from their Fears, and from the Oppressions of their inveterate Enemy. — So seasonable and important a Victory demands the most grateful Acknowledgments — and with great Satisfaction it is perceived, that the first Attention of his Majesty was to order that Public Praise and Thanksgiving should be rendered in all Churches, to the supreme Ruler of the Universe, for this his gracious Appearance in Behalf of the Protestant Cause. We have now the more pleasing Prospect of enjoying, to the full, the Advantages that arise from the great Success of his Majesty's Arms in America. — By the last Accounts from the River St. Lawrence, the Enemy, unhappily for themselves, not complying with the Offers made them by General Wolfe — our Troops were making the greatest Destruction above and below Quebec; and we do not yet despair of that Capital's being reduced. — General Wolfe has near the whole Country to oppose him; but not much above 2000 Regulars, 800 being at the Pass of St. John's. — We cannot as yet, inform the Public of the Advance of our Armies on the Western Side; this Advice is the more impatiently expected, as it is thought the total Ruin of Canada must be the Consequence thereof.

From the Whitehall Evening Post of Aug. 11th, this Moment come to Hand, are the following Accounts, which we are sorry to find contrary to those we before received, of the Action between the Prussian and Russian Army. They are wrote at the Royal Prussian Camp at Lewenberg July 26, at Dantzick July 28, and at Berlin July 31st, as follows. — The Battle was fought July 23d, in the Afternoon. The Dantzick Account says, a Victory was gained by the Russians, in which 22,000 Prussians lost their Lives, with a great Number of Officers; that it was renewed the next Morning, and not a few of them drowned. General Mantouffel, tho' wounded, assisted General Wedel in making the Retreat: The Action happened between Zulichan and Grunberg. The victorious Russian Army is in full March to Francfort: This Account was written by the Primate to the Senators of Poland, whom he sends to repair to Warsaw; which would not have so much Credit, was it not immediately followed by one from Berlin, of the 31st of July, which says, We have the disagreeable News, that the Russians have made themselves Masters of Francfort upon the Oder; and some of their Cossacks, and other Raggamuffins had appeared within 4 or 5 Miles of that Place. It is impossible to express the Consternation we [at Berlin] were under, which, however, is a little abated upon the News that a great Corps of Hussars from the King's Army is at no great Distance; and that Prince Henry has actually joined General Wedel with 18,000 Men, and is at the Heels of the Russian Army.

The Account from the Royal Prussian Camp, says, The News that the Russians have gained an Advantage over the Army of Count Dohna, has thrown the Army here into a kind of Distraction; so that they demand, in a tumultuous Manner, to be led out to revenge the Loss of their Countrymen, upon the Austrians. His Majesty knows how to take Advantage of this warm Disposition in the Soldiers.

Soldiers. The Gazetteer then goes on to suppose the Prussians will give no Quarter. He doubts if the King's Prudence will allow him to risk an Action; and concludes, that by persisting in this prudent Method he will certainly outdo his Enemy. A Paragraph under Hamburg, Aug. 3d, says, the Account sent here by the Russian General to the Agent, is very modest; he says only, that he kept the Field of Battle, he lost one General Officer; but Letters from Berlin say, The Royal Family have quitted their Capital; and that his Prussian Majesty, with 12,000 Horse, has joined General Wedel, with a full Purpose of repairing the Loss that his Army sustained in the last Action.

NEW-YORK, October 1.

Camp at Crown-Point, Sept. 14, 1759.

"We are still here, great Preparations for going on, but not yet ready. Many People begin to think we shall not go further this Year: In short, the General only knows whether we shall or not. The News from General Wolfe does not turn out so bad as we at first imagined, his Loss was very small, chiefly owing to the Impetuosity of those that made the Attack. General Amherst makes no Doubt but Quebec is in our Hands by this Time. Some of our Men of War and Troops have passed the Town, and done a great deal of Damage. It is said, that if General Wolfe cannot take the Place this Fall, he will winter his Troops on the Isle of Orleans, 3 Miles from Quebec; if so, he is sure of the whole Country; his scouting Parties brought in 500 Head of horned Cattle, and beat the Canadian Parties every where, and have killed more Indians than has been done this War.—The French are in the utmost Distress, which we learn from all Hands. There has been a Flag of Truce here lately; their Errand was about the Prisoners, and they make no Secret of the Calamities of their Country. Montcalm's Letters were dated the 30th of August, but does not say what Place he was at.—The Officer of the Flag of Truce said our Batteries from the South Bank of the River have ruined Quebec; and almost laid it in Ashes. Col. W. has had no Respect of Persons in his Bombardment; several Houses where the English Prisoners used to be kindly entertained, are now in Ruins.—The two Officers and Indians that went from hence to Quebec, are all taken, and the Scout that went to burn the Vessels is safely returned without doing any Thing, as they were discovered before-hand. Rogers went out Yesterday with a large Scout of 250 Men. Our Fort and Improvements are going on fast. We have had a great deal of Rain lately, which has made the Troops (especially the Provincials) a little sickly; but it is now very fine Weather, and they are recovering.—This is all the News this Place affords, for the General keeps every Thing very secret."

A Gentleman from Boston, who left Halifax 19 Days ago, being the 12th Instant, says, That on that Day a Vessel came in which left Saunders's Fleet about the 29th of August, still before Quebec; Wolfe having almost laid level the Upper Town; the French still largely entrenched; two of the largest Ships warped a little above the Town; there to batter it on that Side; Durell 30 Miles above the City; and the Country in general laid Waste by the Out-Scouts, &c.

Wednesday last, the Privateer Brig Sampson, Captain Phoenix, of this Port, returned here from a Cruise; he failed from Jamaica the 10th of September in Company with a Fleet of 32 Sail, mostly bound to the Northward: Nine Days after he came out, he spoke with a Spanish Vessel from the Havannah, the Master whereof informed him, That Admiral Don Blais was there with four Ships of the Line, three Frigates, two Brigs of 16 Guns each, and two Xebecs; all compleatly manned and victualled, ready for a Push; and that an English 20 Gun Ship was detained there by Order of the Admiral.

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated September 26.

"The Intelligence we received here from Crown-Point, concerning Major Rogers's bringing in 200 Scalps and Prisoners, proves not to be well founded, tho', 'tis said, the Account was wrote by a Regular Officer at Crown-Point; however, this may be depended on as Fact, that the Major is gone out on a Scout with a large Party, which our Accounts mostly fix at 500 picked Men, and we make no Scruple of judging, that his Conduct will be such as to perpetuate the Character which has been so justly given him of being a brave Man, notwithstanding any Thing wrote from Crown-Point with a View to depreciate it. General GAGE goes on very briskly in rebuilding and enlarging Fort-Ontario at Oswego, and in strengthening the Lines, which extend from the River

quite to the Lake; the Whole of which, when compleated, will be capable of making as good a Defence as any Place in North-America. We have two armed Vessels on the Lake Ontario, and another, to carry 20 Guns, is building. The 20 Pieces of Cannon, taken off the New-York Battery, and said to be intended for Crown-Point, are sent to Oswego.

"About a Week ago was brought into this Place (Albany) by a Party of Soldiers, a High German, who was a Deforter from one of the Royal American Battalions: He was employed as a Spy by the French, and dressed and painted like an Indian, but was discovered by one of General Gage's Parties, and sent here to receive a Reward justly due to his Merit, but has since made his Escape from the Centry, by jumping over the Breast-Work of the Fort, when accompanied to ease himself, and is not since retaken; the Centry is confined on the Occasion.

"This German Spy had before attempted to make his Escape in the very same Manner from Fort-Stanwix (in his Way down) but the Centry, one of the New-England Provincial Troops, jumped over the Ramparts after him, and overtook him in about Half a Mile's running, when, giving his Foot a Trip, and at the same Time overtaking him with his Fist on the Back of the Neck, it brought the Fellow to the Ground, and the brave New Englandman fell on and belaboured him in such a Manner with his Fists only, that he soon brought the German to a Temper of peaceably going back to the Fort. On their Way back they met with the Guard coming to assist, tho' as it turned out there was no Occasion for them. This Action was the more brave in the New Englandman, forasmuch as the German was a very able, lusty Fellow, far beyond the other in that Case."

Our further Advices from Oswego are, that Lieutenant Backhouse, of the Light Infantry, with a Party, had been sent to reconnoitre Cadaraqui and Oswegatchie, and found both Places deserted by the Enemy; on his Return he discovered two of the Enemy's armed Vessels, it is said, in a Creek not far from Oswego, and reported the same to General Gage; upon which the General immediately sent off 280 Volunteers to attempt to take or destroy them, and just as this Account came away, a great Firing was heard; so that, at least, there has been an Engagement, but whether in our Favour or not, Time must yet discover.

PHILADELPHIA, October 4.

Extract of a Letter from Pittsburgh, September 15.

"The Enemy, attentive to their own Security, give us no Disturbance; they are employed in forming a large Post at Detroit.—The Indians sit quiet, smoking their Pipes, with an Ear turned this Way.—Some Wiondotts are come in with Skins to Pittsburgh, and say, that no Indians about the Lakes will give any Disturbance, except the Chippaways.—Our Communication is intirely free, and our Convoys come to us with the greatest Safety."

On Saturday last arrived in this City three Mohawk Indians from Pittsburgh, to which Fort they were dispatched by Sir William Johnson, with the News of the Reduction of Niagara. They say that wherever they came, till they got to Pittsburgh, the Western Indians were fled. They received some Presents from this Government, with which they were well pleased, and expressed great Satisfaction.

Since our last two of Captain Styles's People arrived here from Jamaica, who inform, that only the Captain, his Mate, and one of the Foremast-men (as formerly mentioned) were murdered by Fernandez and his Crew; and that the rest were put ashore on Cuba, and from thence got to Kingston.

ANNAPOLIS, October 11.

Part of a Letter from a Gentleman in Boston, dated September 21, 1759.

"This Evening arrived here the Ship Swift, George Ryder, Master, who sailed from London the 15th of August.—By my English Prints up to August the second, I find that the French Fleet was still blocked up in the Harbour of Brest by Admiral Hawke, &c. who are before that Place with Thirty-four Ships of the Line; that there was another Fleet off Havre-de-Grace; and, in short, that the French Coasts were so well watched, that it was thought it would be impossible for them to get out. The French have every Thing ready to push off, as soon as join'd by the L'Anson Squadron; though it was thought it would be impossible for them to make a Junction. Their Fleet in Brest Harbour consists of 36 Ships of the Line, 12 Frigates, 8 Fire-Ships, and 500 (it is said) Sail of Trans-

ports, with a numerous Army on board. However they don't seem to be afraid of them in England; notwithstanding which they are taking all necessary Steps to ward them off, should they attempt to land in that Kingdom. Most of the Militia of the whole Kingdom of England are kept under Arms at different Times. The King of Spain yet alive. The French have taken Munster, and made 1400 Men, that garrisoned it, Prisoners of War. Twenty-two Spanish Men of War are cruising off Cape-Finisterre. No Likelihood of a Peace. Every Thing seems to tend to carry on the War with more Vigour than ever."

Representations having been made to Walter Stirling, Esq; Commander of his Majesty's Ship Lynn, that many Ships in Virginia and Maryland, bound for Great-Britain, could not be got ready to sail the 30th of September, and being willing to grant the Benefit of Convoy to as many of the Trade as he possibly could, postponed the Time of sailing to the 10th Instant.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, Entered, Snow Russell, Thomas Hammond, from Barbados; Sloop Joseph and Robert, Francis Hickey, from New-York;

Schooner Chester, John Seegar, from Ditto.

Cleared for Departure,

Brig Sarah and Catharine, T. Flint, for New-York; Ship Upton, Thomas Birch, for Liverpool; Sloop Catharine, Joseph Granbury, for St. Christophers;

Sloop Betsey, Isaac Morgan, for Ditto.

NEXT GAZETTE [No. 754] will compleat a Year since I became a Sharer with Mr. GREEN (who is now from Home, on a Journey) in the small Profits accruing therefrom, and as we intend to settle our Accounts once a Year, we shall be under the Necessity of settling our Customers Accounts at the same Time: At which I hope none of them will be offended with
Their humble Servant,

WILLIAM RIND.

N. B. With those Gentlemen who happen to be short of 52 Weeks or a Year, at the above Number 754, it will be the same Thing to them, for they will be charged at the Rate of 12/6 per Year.

Now in the PRESS,

And will be Published with all convenient Speed,

AN EPHEMERIS for the Year of our LORD 1760. Being Bisextile or Leap-Year. Or, AN ALMANACK, containing, &c. &c. Fitted for the Province of Maryland. By DARIUS MARYLANDER, Philomath.

Upper-Marlborough, Sept. 29, 1759.

To be LET for a Term of Years, and Entered on immediately,

A PLANTATION on Rock-Creek in Frederick County, about 8 Miles from George-Town and Bladensburg, with Three or Four Hundred Acres of Land adjacent (if the Tenant chooses) extremely proper for Tobacco or Farming: There is a very good Dwelling-House on it, with Offices underneath, and convenient Out Houses, viz. Wash, Milk, and Meat-Houses, Barn, Stable and Tobacco-Houses, with a large Garden and Orchard.

The Subscriber has Land to Let on Seneca and Rock-Creek for Lives, some few Places settled, and those that will take Plantations out of the Woods, will have the Choice of a large Quantity of Land, and a reasonable Term Rent free.

Likewise some small Tracts of good Land lying in the same County to be Sold. DANIEL CARROLL.

RAN away from Nottingham in Prince-George's County, on the 26th of last Month, a Mulatto Slave named Cato; he is a short well-made Fellow, about 32 Years of Age. He had on a Fustian Coat, a Bearskin Jacket, Linen Breeches, a Check Shirt, a Felt Hat, a Pair of Shoes, and Thread Stockings. He had with him a bob Tail white Mare, and a Bridle and Saddle.

Whoever brings him to the Subscriber, living in Charles County, shall have Twenty Shillings; and if taken 30 Miles from home, Thirty Shillings, and Ten Shillings for the Mare.

SAMUEL HANSON.

THERE is at the Plantation of Dr. Leonard Hollday, in Calvert County, taken up as a Stray, a Mare about 12 Hands high, she has a small Blaze in her Face, one of her hind Feet is white, and branded thus —

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near the Head of Patuxent River, a lully Negro Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, not very black, about 35 Years old, has lost two or three of his Teeth on the right Side of his under Jaw; he can read and write, and it is supposed will endeavour to pass for a Freeman and a Doctor. He had on and took with him, a Country Cloth or Cotton Coat, about half worn, an old Osnabrigs Shirt, an old Felt Hat, Osnabrigs Trowsers, new Hempen Roll Ditto, a new Osnabrigs Shirt, and two Pair of Negro Shoes, one of which is cut behind without a Seam in the Quarter.

Whoever brings the said Fellow home, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by SAMUEL NORWOOD.

THERE is at the Plantation of Daniel Daily, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, 12 Hands and 3 Inches high, with a Blaze Face, her Feet are white, and she is branded on the near Shoulder thus $\approx M$, and on the near Thigh \approx .

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Richard Cheney, in Prince-George's County, a small Red Steer, about 3 Years old, mark'd with a Crop and Under-Bit in the right Ear, and a Crop in the Left. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the Premises, for Current Money, on Friday the 25th Day of October, if fair, if not, the next fair Day.

A TRACT of LAND called Crouch Corn-field, on the North Side of Severn River, pleasantly situated on the River, and is about 5 Miles from Annapolis, containing Four Hundred and Forty-two Acres; whereon are, a new Dwelling-House, 20 by 16, a Kitchen, three Tobacco-Houses, and several other Out-Houses, and two Apple Orchards; it being the late Plantation whereon Mr. Philip Jones, deceased, lately lived.

PHILIP PETTIBONE.

SOLOMON JACOBS, TAYLOR, from LONDON,

HEREBY gives Notice, That he carries on that BUSINESS for the Widow Callaban, in Annapolis; and that all Persons who shall be pleased to employ him, may depend on having their Work done in the best and most fashionable Manner, and at the cheapest Rates.

N. B. He also makes Gold and Silver Laced Waistcoats.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Gordon, near Bladensburg in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Mare, branded on the off Shoulder I, and on the off Buttock R.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Matthew Robinson, in the lower Part of the Fork of Patuxent, in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Mare about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder with a B, has some grey Hairs under her Throat, and is about 9 or 10 Years old.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Possession of Thomas Osborn, living on the Sugar-Lands in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a White Mare, branded on the near Buttock C, her Mane hangs on the wrong Side, and trots.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. Charles Somerset Smith, in Charles County upon Patuxent, taken up as a Stray, a Bright Chestnut Horse about 13 Hands high, trots and gallops, supposed about 4 Years old last Spring, branded on the near Buttock I W very plain.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

ON the Twenty-third Day of October Inst. will be Run for, at Frederick-Town in Frederick County, a Purse of THIRTY POUNDS, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding.

On the Twenty-fourth, all the Entrance and what other Money may be made up; the winning Horse the first Day excepted.

Each Horse to carry Nine Stone Weight, to Run Three Heats, Two Miles each Heat.

If any Disputes shall arise, the same to be determined by Messieurs James Dixon and Christopher Edelin.

Every Horse, &c. to be Entered with Mr. Arthur Charlton in the Town aforesaid, the Day before the Race, and the Owners to pay Thirty Shillings Entrance Money.

ALL Persons indebted to Mr. James Johnson, deceased, are desired to settle and pay off their respective Balances to Robert Couden, who is empowered to receive and grant Discharges for the same: And those who have any Demands against him, are also requested to bring in their Accounts as the Law directs, that they may be settled.

GEORGE MAXWELL, } Administrators.
ROBERT SWAN, }

JUST IMPORTED, in the CATO, Captain WALTER MONTGOMRIE, from LONDON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, in the Store lately kept by JAMES JOHNSON, opposite to Mr. SWAN's in ANNAPOLIS.

A LARGE Assortment of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable Rates.

As also, Barbados Rum by the Hoghead or Gallon, Muscovado Sugar, Salt, &c.

ROBERT COUDEN.

IF John White, who came from London in the Year 1745 with Capt. William Dick, and who served his Time with one Thomas Hall at Port-Tobacco, be alive, and will apply to Jasper Mauduit, near Bladensburg in Prince-George's County, or to the Printers hereof, he may hear of something greatly to his Advantage.

GUNS, Pistols, Swords, Bayonets, Cloathing for a Company of Volunteers, Tin-Kettles, Canteens, Powder-Flasks, Cockades, and all Sorts of other Goods belonging to Gentlemen Volunteers, to be Sold by Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable Rates, by WILLIAM HOLMES, at Baltimore-Town. Attendance given every Friday and Saturday.

THERE is at the Store of the Subscriber, living in Talbot County, a Bale of Goods marked T P. N^o. 1, landed about a Year ago from on board the Endeavour, Capt. Storer, from London.

The Owner may have it, on proving his Property, and paying the Cost of this Advertisement.

JAMES BERRY.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On the usual Race-Ground at Upper-Marlborough,

ON the First Tuesday of November next, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, carrying Nine Stone, a Purse of THIRTY POUNDS, the best in Three Heats, about Two Miles each Heat.

Messieurs John Cooke and Basil Warring are to be Judges of the said Race, and to determine all Disputes which may arise thereon.

Each Running Horse to pay Thirty Shillings Entrance Money, and be Entered with Mr. Benjamin Berry or Mr. Benjamin Brooke, the Day before the Race.

And also to be Run for the Day following, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding (the winning Horse of the First Day Excepted) all the Entrance and what other Money may be made up by Subscription, which, at this Time, is not completed, carrying the same Weight, and on the same Terms, with the Horses of the First Day.

JUST IMPORTED from MADEIRA, And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER in ANNAPOLIS,

A PARCEL of choice WINES.

DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

MONEY for BILLS, or BILLS for MONEY, by STEPHEN BORDLEY.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE,

At ALEXANDRIA, in Fairfax County, Virginia, on the 16th of October Inst. being Court Day,

A LOT (belonging to Mr. William Seavell, Peruke-maker) containing Half an Acre of Ground; on which there are the following Improvements, viz. Three Houses, each 20 by 16, one of them with a good Cellar, a Bake-House 16 by 16, with a Shed 16 by 6, having a large Oven adjoining; another House 12 by 12; a Meat-House 10 by 10; a very good Well, walled with Stone 35 Feet, and always 4 or 5 Feet good Water; and a good Garden paved in; all in good tenable Repair. The Houses have Brick Chimneys, and are well plastered and white washed. Credit will be given for Part of the Purchase-Money, with Bond and Security as usual.

LATELY IMPORTED from LONDON, in the Ship LEE, Captain JOHNSTON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store in NOTTINGHAM, on PATUXENT River,

EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, compleatly Assorted, Wholesale or Retail. Also, Choice Barbados RUM, and Muscovado SUGAR.

HANCOCK LEE.

TO BE SOLD,

In Lots of One Hundred Acres, on reasonable Terms,

PART of a Tract of Land, called Frenchman's Purchase, containing 2434 Acres, lying near the Temporary Line, on Marsh-Creek, whereon is exceeding good Meadow-Ground, and two very good Improvements. For Title and Terms apply to Mr. William Sparks, living near the said Land.

And a Tract of Land called White-Oak Levels, containing 278 Acres, lying on Conococheague, adjoining Mr. Isaac Baker's Land, well Timber'd and Water'd, with some good Meadow-Ground, by

RICHARD BROOKS, Executor of ISAAC BROOKE, Or, SAMUEL BEALL, junior.

RAN away about the 25th of June, from the Subscriber in Fairfax County, Virginia, a likely Country-born Negro Boy, named Davy, about 15 Years of Age, has a Scar near his left Eye, speaks fluently, and is very ready in his Replies. Had on an old blue Cotton Coat and Waistcoat, and Leather Breeches: The Coat had plain Brass Buttons, the Waistcoat Horn.

Whoever brings home the said Negro, or secures him in any Goal, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides reasonable Charges, paid by

G. W. FAIRFAX.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Tuesday the 13th of November next, at the House of William Brown, in London-Town, the following Tracts of LAND, belonging to the Estate of William Peele, deceased,

ONE TRACT called Symphon's Stones, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called Huntington.

One TRACT called Batchelor's Choice, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of Patuxent, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, survey'd for Jane Gray, called Maiden's Bower.

One TRACT called Poplar Neck, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

One TRACT called Mitchell's Addition, containing 18½ Acres.

Part of a TRACT called Paddington's Harbour, containing 100 Acres.

These 3 last Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near London-Town.

Also, The late Mr. Peele's Dwelling-House, Store, and other Improvements, in London-Town, with several unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Persons who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in. And any inclining to Purchase the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to

JAMES MOUAT, } Executors.
JAMES DICK, }
JAMES NICHOLSON, }

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-Office, the Sign of the BALB, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertisements.

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THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, October 18, 1759.

NEW-YORK, October 8.

Friday Night last the Earl of Halifax Packet-Boat, Captain BOULDERSON, arrived here in six Weeks and three Days from Falmouth; and from the London Prints to August 16, we have the following Advices, confirming the Success of Prince FERDINAND over the French Army under Monsieur CONTADES; and putting the Affair between General Wedel and the Russians in a much better Light than was seemingly represented from Boston last Week, viz.

BERLIN, July 28.

A HUNTER is just arrived with Advice that a Body of 25000 Austrians commanded by General Harsch, attempted to cut off the Communication of our Army with Schweidnitz, in order to deprive us of the Means of getting Forage; but that those Troops were defeated near Friedland. The brown Hussars took upon this Occasion, 27 Waggon in which were the Officers Wives; 300 Baggage Waggon with all the Baggage, and a military Chest which contained 40,000 Crowns.

Paris, August 3. It is the common Opinion, that Captain Thurot, formerly Commander of the Belleisle Privateer, and who lately failed from Donkirk with five Frigates, having on board 2000 land Forces, about 15000 Muskets, the same Number of Regimentals, and a large Quantity of Warlike Stores, is to go to Scotland, where his Arrival is expected. Utrecht Gazette.

Madrid, in Spain, July 16. By one of those Surprises which Nature often affords to Physicians, the King's Illness ceases to be desperate. The Alteration is such, that we now flatter ourselves with the Hopes of his Majesty's Recovery.

July 19. The King eats well and regularly, and sleeps the same; so that we are in Hopes he will soon recover Strength. Mr. Wall has united to the Department that of War, vacated by the Death of Don Sebastian Esclava. Lord Marshal is still here.

Private Advices received from the Hague.

Berlin, July 29. Count Dohna, not having behaved to the King's Liking in his Expedition against the Russians, is dismissed from his Majesty's Service, and is returned to this Capital, where he lives as a private Gentleman. This General, for whose Return some People assign other Reasons, hearing that General Wedel was to have the Command in his Room, and that he had Orders to attack the Russians, said to some of his Friends, that he knew Wedel's Abilities, and if he attacked the Russians, he would be beat. What happened on the 23d, proves that he was not mistaken. The Number of our Army that was killed, is reported to be 4000; and that of the Wounded not less. The King having received Advice of this unfortunate Action, detached a Body of 12000 to reinforce General Wedel, to whom he at the same time sent Orders to dispute the Ground Inch by Inch, till the Arrival of those Succours, and to attack the Russians a second Time, as soon as they joined him. This Event, joined to the critical Situation of the King, makes a great Impression in this Country; we imagine it will induce his Majesty to listen to the Terms of Peace proposed by the Empress Queen.

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that Prince Henry has joined Wedel To-day with 14000 Men; so that we expect, with the utmost Impatience, the News of a second Battle. If the King succeeds in this Enterprize, Things will soon be put on the former Footing; but if he miscarry, all is lost. Mean while a Courier is gone to Copenhagen, with Orders to his Majesty's Minister, to represent to the King of Denmark, how much the Dutchy of Holstein is exposed by the Progress of the Russians, and how much his Honour is concerned to oblige them to evacuate Germany; but it is much questioned whether these Representations will have any Effect. [So far from the Hague.]

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"On the 21st Instant, Lieutenant Colonel De Tanne was detached with his own Battalion of Grenadiers, and 200 of Schorlemmer's Dragoons, under Major Podewils, to escort Lieutenant General Wedel, who was coming, by the Way of Crossen, to take, by the King's Orders, the Command of the Army, which he joined the 22d. Mean while De Tanne's Detachment was informed, that the Enemy were foraging in the Neighbourhood; whereupon Major Podewils, with 150 Dragoons, attacked the Party that covered the Foragers, slew 80 of them, made 69 Prisoners, and carried off 100 Horses.

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"The first Attack was made by Lieutenant General Manteuffel, with six Battalions, who carried the Enemy's first Batteries, and took 40 of their Cannon; but he himself was wounded. The Russian Infantry and Cavalry were already in full Retreat. They had, however, taken Care to secure themselves a Chain of Hills which commanded each other, and thither they were continually bringing Artillery. It is impossible to conceive what a brisk Fire of Grape Shot they kept up, while the Marshes hindered us from bringing up our Artillery, and consequently from making Use of it; so that we were confined to our small Arms. This, and the Disadvantage of the Ground, prevented us from improving our first Advantages.

"The Fighting on both Sides lasted from Four in the Afternoon till Seven at Night. Our right Wing remained close by the Mountain near Kay, where the Attack had begun, and which was pushed towards Paltzig; and we posted ourselves on the neighbouring Hills, where we passed the Night.

"The Enemy hath suffered much, but our Loss is not great. General Wobernow is slain, and we were not able to bring off 3 twelve Pounders, 2 Haubitzen, and 10 Field Pieces, which were dismounted, and the Horses killed. During the Action, the Enemy, without any Necessity, set Fire to five Villages.

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We have likewise just now received Advice from Landshut, that General Fouquet had repulsed Gen. de Ville, who attempted a fresh Irruption into Silesia on that Side; upon which Occasion the latter had lost 700 Men killed or taken.

The Troops of the Circles having made several Inroads

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near the Head of Patuxent River, a lully Negro Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, not very black, about 35 Years old, has lost two or three of his Teeth on the right Side of his under Jaw; he can read and write, and it is supposed will endeavour to pass for a Freeman and a Doctor. He had on and took with him, a Country Cloth or Cotton Coat about half worn, an old Osnabrigs Shirt, an old Felt Hat, Osnabrigs Trowsers, new Hempen Roll Ditto, a new Osnabrigs Shirt, and two Pair of Negro Shoes, one of which is cut behind without a Seam in the Quarter.

Whoever brings the said Fellow home, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by SAMUEL NORWOOD.

THERE is at the Plantation of Daniel Daily, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, 12 Hands and 3 Inches high, with a Blaze Face, her Feet are white, and she is branded on the near Shoulder thus $\approx M$, and on the near Thigh \approx .

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Richard Cheney, in Prince-George's County, a small Red Steer, about 3 Years old, mark'd with a Crop and Under-Bit in the right Ear, and a Crop in the Left. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the Premises, for Current Money, on Friday the 26th Day of October, if fair, if not, the next fair Day.

A TRACT of LAND called Crouch Corn-field, on the North Side of Severn River, pleasantly situated on the River, and is about 5 Miles from Annapolis, containing Four Hundred and Forty-two Acres; whereon are, a new Dwelling-House, 20 by 16, a Kitchen, three Tobacco-Houses, and several other Out-Houses, and two Apple Orchards; it being the late Plantation whereon Mr. Philip Jones, deceased, lately lived. PHILIP PETTIBONE.

SOLOMON JACOBS, TAYLOR, from LONDON.

HEREBY gives Notice, That he carries on that BUSINESS for the Widow Callaban, in Annapolis; and that all Persons who shall be pleased to employ him, may depend on having their Work done in the best and most fashionable Manner, and at the cheapest Rates.

N. B. He also makes Gold and Silver Laced Waistcoats.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Gordon, near Bladenburg in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Mare, branded on the off Shoulder I, and on the off Buttock R.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Matthew Robinson, in the lower Part of the Fork of Patuxent, in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Mare about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder with a B, has some grey Hairs under her Throat, and is about 9 or 10 Years old.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Possession of Thomas Osborn, living on the Sugar-Lands in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a White Mare, branded on the near Buttock C, her Mane hangs on the wrong Side, and trots.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. Charles Somerset Smith, in Charles County upon Patuxent, taken up as a Stray, a Bright Chestnut Horse about 13 Hands high, trots and gallops, supposed about 4 Years old last Spring, branded on the near Buttock I W very plain.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

ON the Twenty-third Day of October Inst. will be Run for, at Frederick-Town in Frederick County, a Purse of THIRTY POUNDS, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding.

On the Twenty-fourth, all the Entrance and what other Money may be made up; the winning Horse the first Day excepted.

Each Horse to carry Nine Stone Weight, to Run Three Heats, Two Miles each Heat.

If any Disputes shall arise, the same to be determined by Messieurs James Dixon and Christopher Edelin.

Every Horse, &c. to be Entered with Mr. Arthur Charlton in the Town aforesaid, the Day before the Race, and the Owners to pay Thirty Shillings Entrance Money.

ALL Persons indebted to Mr. James Johnson, deceased, are desired to settle and pay off their respective Ballances to Robert Couden, who is empowered to receive and grant Discharges for the same: And those who have any Demands against him, are also requested to bring in their Accounts as the Law directs, that they may be settled.

GEORGE MAXWELL, } Administrators.
ROBERT SWAN, }

JUST IMPORTED, In the CATO, Captain WALTER MONTGOMRIE, from LONDON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, in the Store lately kept by JAMES JOHNSON, opposite to Mr. SWAN's in ANNAPOLIS.

A LARGE Assortment of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable Rates.

As also, Barbados Rum by the Hoghead or Gallon, Muscovado Sugar, Salt, &c.

ROBERT COUDEN.

IF John White, who came from London in the Year 1745 with Capt. William Dick, and who served his Time with one Thomas Hall at Port-Tobacco, be alive, and will apply to Jasper Mauduit, near Bladenburg in Prince-George's County, or to the Printers hereof, he may hear of something greatly to his Advantage.

GUNS, Pistols, Swords, Bayonets, Cloathing for a Company of Volunteers, Tin-Kettles, Canteens, Powder-Flasks, Cockades, and all Sorts of other Goods belonging to Gentlemen Volunteers, to be Sold by Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable Rates, by WILLIAM HOLMES, at Baltimore-Town. Attendance given every Friday and Saturday.

THERE is at the Store of the Subscriber, living in Talbot County, a Bale of Goods marked T P, No. 1; landed about a Year ago from on board the Endeavour, Capt. Storer, from London.

The Owner may have it, on proving his Property, and paying the Cost of this Advertisement.

JAMES BERRY.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On the usual Race-Ground at Upper-Marlborough,

ON the First Tuesday of November next, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, carrying Nine Stone, a Purse of THIRTY POUNDS, the best in Three Heats, about Two Miles each Heat.

Messieurs John Cooke and Basil Warring are to be Judges of the said Race, and to determine all Disputes which may arise thereon.

Each Running Horse to pay Thirty Shillings Entrance Money, and be Entered with Mr. Benjamin Berry or Mr. Benjamin Brooke, the Day before the Race.

And also to be Run for the Day following, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding (the winning Horse of the First Day Excepted) all the Entrance and what other Money may be made up by Subscription, which, at this Time, is not completed, carrying the same Weight, and on the same Terms, with the Horses of the First Day.

JUST IMPORTED from MADEIRA, And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER in ANNAPOLIS.

A PARCEL of choice WINES. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

MONEY for BILLS, or BILLS for MONEY, by STEPHEN BORDLEY.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, At ALEXANDRIA, in Fairfax County, Virginia, on the 16th of October Inst. being Court Day.

A LOT (belonging to Mr. William Sewell, a Peruke-maker) containing Half an Acre of Ground; on which there are the following Improvements, viz. Three Houses, each 20 by 16, one of them with a good Cellar, a Bake-House 16 by 16, with a Shed 16 by 6, having a large Oven adjoining; another House 12 by 12; a Meat-House 10 by 10; a very good Well, walled with Stone 35 Feet, and always 4 or 5 Feet good Water; and a good Garden, paved in; all in good tenable Repair. The Houses have Brick Chimneys, and are well plastered and white washed. Credit will be given for Part of the Purchase-Money, with Bond and Security as usual.

LATELY IMPORTED from LONDON, in the Ship LEE, Captain JOHNSTON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store in NOTTINGHAM, on PATUXENT River, EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, completely Assorted, Wholesale or Retail. Also, Choice Barbados RUM, and Muscovado SUGAR. HANCOCK LEE.

TO BE SOLD,

In Lots of One Hundred Acres, on reasonable Terms,

PART of a Tract of Land, called Frenchman's Purchase, containing 2434 Acres, lying near the Temporary Line, on Marsh-Creek, whereon is exceeding good Meadow-Ground, and two very good Improvements. For Title and Terms apply to Mr. William Sparks, living near the said Land.

And a Tract of Land called White-Oak Levels, containing 278 Acres, lying on Conococheague, adjoining Mr. Isaac Baker's Land, well Timber'd and Water'd, with some good Meadow-Ground, by RICHARD BROOKE, Executor of ISAAC BROOKE, Or, SAMUEL BEALL, junior.

RAN away about the 25th of June, from the Subscriber in Fairfax County, Virginia, a likely Country-born Negro Boy, named Davy, about 15 Years of Age, has a Scar near his left Eye, speaks fluently, and is very ready in his Replies. Had on an old blue Cotton Coat and Waistcoat, and Leather Breeches: The Coat had plain Brass Buttons, the Waistcoat Horn.

Whoever brings home the said Negro, or secures him in any Goal, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides reasonable Charges, paid by G. W. FAIRFAX.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, On Tuesday the 13th of November next, at the House of William Brown, in London-Town, the following Tracts of LAND, belonging to the Estate of William Peele, deceased.

ONE TRACT called Symphon's Stones, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called Huntington.

One TRACT called Bachelor's Choice, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of Patuxent, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, survey'd for Jane Gray, called Maiden's Boover.

One TRACT called Poplar Neck, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

One TRACT called Mitchell's Addition, containing 18½ Acres.

Part of a TRACT called Paddington's Harbour, containing 100 Acres.

These 3 last Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near London-Town.

Also, The late Mr. Peele's Dwelling-House, Store, and other Improvements, in London-Town, with several unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Persons who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in. And any inclining to Purchase the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to JAMES MOUAT, JAMES DICK, JAMES NICHOLSON, } Executors.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-Office, the Sign of the BALD, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertisements.

THE
MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, October 18, 1759.

NEW-YORK, October 8.
Friday Night last the Earl of Halifax Packet-Boat, Captain BOULDERSON, arrived here in six Weeks and three Days from Falmouth; and from the London Prints to August 16, we have the following Advices, confirming the Success of Prince FERDINAND over the French Army under Monsieur CONTADES; and putting the Affair between General Wedel and the Russians in a much better Light than was seemingly represented from Boston last Week, viz.

BERLIN, July 28.
HUNTER is just arrived with Advice that a Body of 25000 Austrians commanded by General Harich, attempted to cut off the Communication of our Army with Schweidnitz, in order to deprive us of the Means of getting Forage; but that those Troops were defeated near Friedland. The brown Hussars took upon this Occasion, 27 Waggon in which were the Officers Wives; 300 Baggage Waggon with all the Baggage, and a military Chest which contained 40,000 Crowns.

Paris, August 3. It is the common Opinion, that Captain Thurot, formerly Commander of the Belleisle Privateer, and who lately failed from Dunkirk with five Frigates, having on board 2000 land Forces, about 15000 Muskets, the same Number of Regimentals, and a large Quantity of Warlike Stores, is to go to Scotland, where his Arrival is expected. *Utrecht Gazette.*

Madrid, in Spain, July 16. By one of those Surprizes which Nature often affords to Physicians, the King's Illness ceases to be desperate. The Alteration is such, that we now flatter ourselves with the Hopes of his Majesty's Recovery.

July 19. The King eats well and regularly, and sleeps the same; so that we are in Hopes he will soon recover Strength. Mr. Wall has united to his Department that of War, vacated by the Death of Don Sebastian Esclava. Lord Marshal is still here.

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Inroads into the Provinces of Magdebourg and Halberstadt, the King has detached General Finck, with a Body of 9000 Men, to dislodge them from thence.

Bellou, near Frankfort, on the Oder, Head Quarters of the Prussian Army, August 3. On the 1st we marched from Christianstadt to Sommerfeldt, which the Enemy quitted; and notwithstanding they made great Dispatch, our Hussars attacked them in the Rear, and made a great Booty. Ten of Kleist's Regiment got 700 Dollars, and 5 loaded Waggon, which they brought in here. Yesterday our Cavalry attacked the Rear of Genl Haddick with such Success, that we took 1236 Men Prisoners, four Pieces of Cannon, two Colours, 300 Waggon, loaded with Meal, the greatest Part of their Bakery, and vast Quantities of Gunpowder. The Russians have quitted Crossen, of which General Wedel is in Possession, and To-morrow we shall be in Frankfort.

Hanover, August 2. Count Oyenhausen, preceded by 11 Pillions, is just arrived with the following Particulars of a Victory obtained Yesterday by our Army over that of Marshal de Contades.

"Prince Ferdinand having resolved to draw the French Army from their advantageous Position, left at Tottenhausen, near Minden, a Body of 20,000 Men, under General Wangenheim, while he himself, with the rest of his Army, made a Feint of retiring two Leagues. This Manoeuvre deceived Marshal Contades, who seeing the Allied Troops divided, thought it would be easy to crush General Wangenheim. With this View, having Yesterday Morning, at 4 o'Clock, passed the Defiles, which lay before him, he made, after a brisk Cannonade, a most furious Attack on General Wangenheim; who, by a gallant Defence, drew the Enemy more and more into the open Plain, and, by keeping them in Play there for 3 Hours, gave Time to Prince Ferdinand to advance with the other Part of the Army, and fall upon the left Flank of the French.

"The Affair now became general, and both Sides fought desperately near three Hours; but at length the Enemies were thrown into Disorder; and being unable to rally, found themselves obliged to fly on all Sides; and as they had no other Way of retreating but through Defiles, where they were exposed to be run through the Body every Moment, that not a little contributed to augment their Loss, and, besides, upwards of 2000 of them were drowned in the Weser.

"A Part of the routed Army retired towards Minden, in Hopes of finding Security under the Cannon of that Place, but before they could reach it, they suffered greatly by our light Troops.

"During the Action our Cavalry performed Wonders, having not only repulsed the Enemy at three different Onsets, but taken two of their Batteries Sword in Hand.

"At the Count d'Oyenhausen's Departure, we had taken 40 Pieces of Cannon from the Enemy, who had been obliged to abandon the greatest Part of their Baggage; and our Troops were pursuing the scattered Remains, of whom they had already made a great Number Prisoners.

Hanover, August 5. The Loss sustained by the French in the late Action, is by the best Accounts as follows, viz. 4000 Tents, 484 Powder Waggon, 235 Ammunition Ditto, 28000 Rix Dollars in the Military Chest, 190 Pieces of Cannon, 21 Standards, 17 Pair of Colours, 11 Kettle Drums, 6080 Prisoners, including 13 Generals, of which 3 are Princes of the Blood, 35 Field Officers, 245 Captains, Lieutenants and Ensigns, 231 Subalterns, 122 Drums, and 9840 killed. In all, 16,458.

Amsterdam, August 8. Letters from Cadiz advise, that the ten Spanish Men of War under Admiral Reggio, who were employed in cruising on the Coast of Barbary, were returned to Cadiz for fresh Provisions.

Hague, August 10. Since the Return of Mr. Vanderpool from London, a considerable Party is formed, to make the Members of the States of Holland, who meet next Wednesday, take a Resolution to insist on a decisive Answer from the British Court, or declare that in when he left London, there was no Hope of bringing Matters to any Conclusion.

L O N D O N .

August 9. The following is said to be an exact List of the Loss of the French, in the late Victory obtained by Prince Ferdinand, viz. 5000 killed upon the Spot, 8000 Prisoners, 3000 drowned, 150 Brass Cannon taken, 150 Iron Cannon, 1500 Stand of Arms, and 3000 Waggon, with all their Baggage, &c.

Some Letters from Italy advise, that a Marriage is concluded between the Princess of Brasil, presumptive Heiress of the Crown of Portugal, and her Uncle Don Pedro; and that a Treaty is also concluded for establishing an indissoluble Union between the Courts of Madrid and Versailles.

We are assured that Prince Ferdinand had some Time ago full Power sent to him to act as he thought Proper.

Extract of a private Letter from the Hague, Aug. 3.

"An Express arrived here from the Allied Army, in his Way to London, with an Account that Prince Ferdinand, of Brunswick, on the first of this Month defeated the Combined Army of the Marshal de Contades, and the Duke de Broglie, between Peterhagen and Minden, and had forced them to take Shelter under that Town. He reports that 4000 were left dead on the Field of Battle, exclusive of those who were drowned. It is amazing what a Consternation this has occasioned amongst the Partizans of France."

The following List has been received of the Killed, Wounded and Missing, in his Majesty's six Regiments of British Infantry and Artillery, in the abovementioned Battle of Thornhausen.

12th Regiment, Major General Napier.

Killed. Lieut. Falkingham, Lieut. Probyn, Lieut. Townhend, 4 Sergeants, 1 Drummer, 77 Rank and File.

Wounded. Lieut. Col. Robinson, Capt. Murray, Capt. Clowdesly, Capt. Campbell, Captain Lieut. Dunbar, Lieut. Fletcher, Lieut. Barlow, Lieut. Lawless, Lieut. Freeman, Lieut. Campbell, Lieut. Rose, Enf. Forbes, Enf. Parkhill, Enf. Kay, 11 Sergeants, 4 Drummers, 175 Rank and File.

Missing. Capt. Chalbert, Capt. Ackland, 11 Rank and File.

20th Regiment, Major General Kingsley.

Killed. Capt. Frierion, Capt. Stewart, Capt. Cowley, Lieut. Brown, Lieut. Norberry, Ensign Crawford, 1 Sergeant, 79 Rank and File.

Wounded. Capt. Grey, Capt. Parr, Captain Tennant, Captain Lieut. Parry, Lieut. Nugent, Lieut. Thompson, Lieut. Denshire, Lieut. Bofwell, Enf. Erwin, Enf. Dent, Enf. Renton, 12 Sergeants, 212 Rank and File.

23d Regiment, Lieutenant General Huske.

Killed. Four Sergeants, 31 Rank and File. Wounded. Lieut. Col. Pole, Capt. Fowler, Capt. Fox, Capt. Lieut. Bolton, 1st Lieut. Orpin, 1st Lieut. Reynell, 1st Lieut. Groves, 1st Lieut. Barber, 1st Lieut. Patterson, 2d Lieut. Ferguson, 6 Sergeants, 3 Drummers, 153 Rank and File.

Missing. Ten Rank and File.

25th Regiment, Lieutenant General Earl Home.

Killed. One Sergeant, 18 Rank and File. Wounded. Capt. Gore, Lieut. A. Campbell, Lieut. Sterrop, Lieut. Wilson, Enf. Pintard, Enf. Edgar, Enf. Lockhart, 4 Sergeants, 115 Rank and File.

Missing. Nine Rank and File.

37th Regiment, Lieutenant General Stuart.

Killed. Lieut. and Adjutant Green, 1 Sergeant, 42 Rank and File.

Wounded. Capt. Cliffe, Capt. Bayley, Capt. Blunt, Capt. Graeme, Capt. Parkhurst, Capt. Lord Viscount Allen, Lieutenant Smith, Lieut. Barbutt, Lieut. Spencer, Lieut. Slorach, Lieut. Hamilton, Enf. Elliott, 4 Sergeants, 4 Drummers, 180 Rank and File.

Dead of their Wounds. Capt. Lieut. Hutchinson, Lieut. Brome.

Missing. Twenty-two Rank and File.

51st Regiment, Col. Brudenell.

Killed. Lieutenant and Adjutant Widdows, 20 Rank and File.

Wounded. Lieut. Col. Furry, Capt. Montgomery, Capt. Blair, Capt. Donnellan, Capt. Walker, Lieut. Knollis, Lieut. Green, Enf. Peake, 3 Sergeants, 75 Rank and File.

Missing. One Sergeant, 4 Rank and File.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Killed. 2 Rank and File. Wounded. Lieut. Rogers, Lieut. Harrington, 1 Sergeant, 9 Rank and File. Missing. Lieut. Carden, 2 Rank and File.

T O T A L .

Killed 3 Captains, 7 Lieutenants, 1 Ensign, 11 Sergeants, 1 Drummer, and 269 Rank and File.

Wounded 3 Lieutenant Colonels, 23 Captains, 28 Lieutenants, 12 Ensigns, 41 Sergeants, eleven Drummers, and 919 Rank and File.

Missing 2 Captains, 2 Lieutenants, 1 Sergeant, and 58 Rank and File.

Dead of their Wounds, 1 Captain Lieutenant, and 1 Lieutenant.

August 11. The Loss of the Russians in the late Battle, amounts to 1500 slain, and 7000 wounded.

They write from Dunkirk of the 4th Instant, that on this Day one of the flat bottomed Boats went out in the Road to exercise the Men; that 25 of these Boats are ready to take all Requisites on board; that a new Battery is erected to the Left of their Citadel, which mounted 36 Pieces of Cannon; and that 256 Guns, from 8 to 48 Pounds, are to be placed on the In and Out-Works of that Fortification, and on the flat bottomed Boats, on board which they expect daily an Embarkation will be made.

Letters from Civita Vecchia, of the 21st ultimo, advise, that they had an Account from some English Captains, who were arrived there, that Admiral Boscawen had got together a great Number of Transports, by which it was conjectured that he designed soon to make a Descent on the Coast of Provence.

They write from Toulon, that the Crews of the several Men of War belonging to the Squadron there, were all sent to encamp on Shore.

Yesterday came Advice that Monsieur Thourat (lately Commander of the Marshal Belleisle Privateer) had found Means to get out of Dunkirk with some Frigates, and 1500 Men; this News being brought to Commodore Boys, he immediately sailed from the Downs with the Dover, Solebay, Norwich and Alarm, and steered to the Northward, which Course a Cutter informed him Thourat was gone.

Yesterday several Expresses were sent to the Ships stationed on different Parts of the Coast; it is supposed on Account of Thourat's sailing from Dunkirk.

They write from Brunswick, that the following List of the French Armies is handed about there; under the Command of Marshal Contades, 77110 Men; under the Duke de Broglie, 18926; under the Marquis d'Armentiers, 19100; Total 115130. Of which 21860 are Horse and Dragoons; 70250 Foot; 3120 Artillerists, and 10900 Light Horse. Besides these, they have also a Body of 11000 Saxons.

August 14. We hear for certain, that a Commission is making out to appoint the Marquis of Granby General and Commander in Chief of all the British Forces under the Command of his Serene Highness Prince Ferdinand, in the Room of Lord George Sackville.

A Letter from Hanover, of the 5th says, a 2d Courier was arrived, which left Minden on the 4th, at Night, at which Time the Prisoners amounted to 6000. There were in Minden, when it surrendered, 2500 regular Troops, about 300 light Troops, and upwards of 2000 wounded. General Sporken writes, that the Quantity of Baggage, Provisions, and warlike Stores, found in that Town, was almost incredible. What renders the Loss of the French more considerable, is the Death of the Prince de Conde and of the Count de St. Germain, who were buried at Minden with all the Honours of War. Among the Prisoners they reckon three Lieut. Generals, four Major Generals (Marechaux de Camp) nine Colonels, and many other Officers of different Ranks.

This Letter from Hanover adds, that a French Officer, whose Name is not mentioned, being cut off from the Army in the Evening of the 2d, crossed the Weser in the Night, with a Body of 12 or 13000 Men, without having Subsistence for one Day: And that they were impatient to know what would become of this Body, whose Junction with the rest of the French Army, Prince Ferdinand was endeavouring to prevent.

August 15. There is Advice, that the Remains of the French Army have reached Cassel.

This Day was held at Kensington, a Chapter of the Garter, at which his Serene Highness Prince Ferdinand, was elected a Knight of that most Noble Order.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer in Commodore Boy's Fleet, off Dunkirk, dated August 10, at seven in the Evening.

"The Marshal Belleisle, and 4 other Frigates, are got out this Afternoon into the Road. We have the Mortification to lie and look at them, but cannot come near them for the Sands; their Names, and Number of Guns, as follow, viz. the Marshal Belleisle 46 Guns, the Begon 40, the Blonde 36, the Terpsichore 28, and the Amaranthe of 18 Guns."

By the above Letter and from other Advices, it appears, that all the Accounts of M. Thourat's sailing for Scotland, were premature.

Other Letters from France say, that Thourat had only 1500 Land Forces with him, and that he was gone to get Intelligence and to make a Trial, which would be of the last Importance; that the

Regiments

Regiments at Valenciennes, were ordered to march by the 12th to hold themselves ready to march away to the Garrisons of the most important places, and that the all complete.

Letters from Leipzig that City was summoned to surrender, and that to at Noon. Amos related, that the Hapsburgs delivered up to the were to march away.

Preparations are some Troops for Galleries, Ammunition, Train of Artillery Days.

Monday a French from some Part of is said to be a Spy have been interceded.

August 16. A on the Conduct of abroad, unheard Defence. He has his Return to his quence: Let him of the British Nation Justice or Severity According to the Mail, Berlin is made haste enough thinking how the him.

News is just arrived Time enough off Thourat from get of him, but by at him.

We are assured Prince Ferdinand

Kensington, August was this Day proclaimed HAMILTON tenant-Governor upon the Appointment Penn, Esquires,

Portsmouth, August Majesty's Ship for St. Helena, the Victuallers Morning they joined and sailed for the B O S

By the Courier Albany we have four Vessels on have appeared in French have drawn Shores near the Battery betwixt, Means hereof the the Lake; but, hoped we shall there: That even utmost Vigour at which have fallen our Works, but nue healthy.

We also hear was gone out on two Days after the Regulars, by some Accident Hand and Arm four or five Men which was the last Rogers when the last Tuesday.

N E W

By the Thurl that Advice was Point, that the with Six Ships Three Cats, we that Colonel M his Command, had repulsed deavoured to

Our last an Yesterday's Post Indians were Peace, and the Quantities of, of Affairs at C

Regiments at Valenciennes, and the other Towns of Flanders, were ordered to dispose of their Equipages by the 12th of this Month, and nevertheless to hold themselves ready to encamp; that all the Garrisons of the more distant Towns in Flanders were to be ready to take the Field by the first Instant, and that the Regiments destined to act are all complete. [Cologne Gazette.]

Letters from Leipzig of the 5th Instant say, that that City was summoned that Day by the Austrians to surrender, and that the Capitulation was agreed to at Noon. Amongst other Articles it was stipulated, that the Hall and Rastadt Gates should be delivered up to the Austrians; and the Prussians were to march away the next Day.

Preparations are already making for embarking some Troops for Germany, with a Train of Artillery, Ammunition, and a large Draught from the Train of Artillery; all which will sail in a few Days.

Monday a French Lady was brought to Town from some Part of Kent, in a Post-chaise: She is said to be a Spy, and that some of her Letters have been intercepted.

August 16. A public Censure has been passed on the Conduct of a General Officer commanding abroad, unheard (as we are assured) in his own Defence. He has resigned that Command; and his Return to his Country will soon be the Consequence: Let him be heard, and the Impartiality of the British Nation will judge from Facts of the Justice or Severity of this Censure.

According to some Accounts by the last Dutch Mail, Berlin is safe; the King of Prussia having made haste enough to put the Russians upon thinking how they may best avoid a Battle with him.

News is just arrived that Commodore Boys got Time enough off of Dunkirk to prevent Mons. Thourat from getting out; and that he was in Sight of him, but by the Sands prevented from getting at him.

We are assured that besides the blue Ribbon, Prince Ferdinand will receive a Present of 20,000*l*.

Kensington, August 10. His Majesty in Council was this Day pleased to approve of JAMES HAMILTON, Esq; to be Deputy or Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Pennsylvania, upon the Appointment of Thomas and Richard Penn, Esquires, Proprietaries of that Province.

Portsmouth, August 14. Monday Morning, his Majesty's Ship Foudroyant, Captain Tyrrell, sailed for St. Helens, and waited there at Anchor for the Victuallers for the Fleet; and on Tuesday Morning they joined Capt. Tyrrell at St. Helens, and sailed for the Bay with a fair Wind.

BOSTON, October 1.

By the Courier which came in last Saturday from Albany we have Accounts, that the Enemy have four Vessels on Lake Champlain, and that they have appeared near the Otter River: That the French have drove Pickets in the Water from both Shores near the Isle au Noix, and placed a floating Battery betwixt, in the Eastern Channel. By Means hereof the Enemy are at present superior on the Lake; but, by the Works carrying on, it is hoped we shall soon be an Overmatch for them there: That every Thing is carried on with the utmost Vigour and Spirit, but the late heavy Rains which have fallen about the Camp, have retarded our Works, but that our People, however, continue healthy.

We also hear from Albany, that Major Rogers was gone out on a Scout with 250 Men, and that two Days after he set off one Captain Williams, of the Regulars, who went out with Rogers's Party, by some Accident his Gun went off, and tore his Hand and Arm in such a Manner, that he, with four or five Men returned back to Crown-Point, which was the last Account they had received from Rogers when the Courier left Albany, which was last Tuesday.

NEW-YORK, October 8.

By the Thursday's Post from Albany, we learn, that Advice was received from Quebec, at Crown-Point, that the 27th of August, Admiral Holmes, with Six Ships of the Line, Two of Twenty, and Three Cats, were 30 Miles above the Town; and that Colonel Murray, with the 1500 Men under his Command, were 20 Miles above the City, and had repulsed several Parties of the Enemy that endeavoured to surround them.

Our last and best Accounts from Niagara, by Yesterday's Post from Above, are, that the Western Indians were continually coming in, and suing for Peace, and that they were also bringing in great Quantities of Furs, &c. Also, that the Situation of Affairs at Crown-Point was such as every hearty

Englishman could wish, to wit, that all the Vessels on the Lake were ready to take their Requisites, and the Whole on the Point of going straight forth.

Wednesday Night last, we had a violent Storm at S. E. attended with a very high Tide, which overflowed many of the Cellars on the Wharfs, in so much that several Hundred Pounds Worth of Sugar were lost thereby. A Brig that lay at the Watering Place, Capt. —, bound to Jamaica, and some other Vessels that lay at Sandy Hook, bound out, were drove ashore; and we hear the Wharfs at Staten-Island received some Damage also.

Friday Night last the Ship Prince Ferdinand, Hugh M'Quoid, Commander, arrived here in 7 Weeks from Liverpool, but last from Belfast. The 10th of September, in Lat. 41, Long. 46, he saw the Wreck of a Schooner; she had a white Bottom, her Masts were standing, and she lay on her Broad-side.

The same Day returned into Port from but indifferent Cruizes, the Privateer Ship Oliver Cromwell, Capt. Nicoll, and Sloop Belle-Isle, Captain Sears.

Captain Koffler, late of the General Amherst, came to Town since our last: He says the Ship he was taken by was the Hector, of 60 Guns, belonging to Monsieur Bompar's Squadron: The Lieutenant of which Vessel informed him, That the said Ship had taken off Cape Coast Castle, on the Coast of Africa, the Privateer Brig Prince of Orange, Captain Thomas, of this Port, who has been so long missing; that they burnt the Privateer, and sent some Part of the Crew to Old France.

PHILADELPHIA, October 11.

Extract of a Letter from Pittsburgh, September 24.

"It is now near a Month since the Army has been employed in erecting a most formidable Fortification; such a One as will, to latest Posterity, secure the British Empire on the Ohio. There is no Need to enumerate the Abilities of the chief Engineer, nor the Spirit shewn by the Troops, in executing this important Task; the Fort will soon be a lasting Monument of both.—Upon the General's Arrival about 400 Indians, of different Nations, came to confirm the Peace with the English; particularly the Tawas and Wyandotts, who inhabit about Fort D'Eetroit; these confessed the Errors they had been led into by the Perfidy of the French; shewed the deepest Contrition for their past Conduct; and promised not only to remain fast Friends to the English, but to assist us in distressing the common Enemy, whenever we should call on them to do it. And all the Nations that have been at Variance with the English, said they would deliver up what Prisoners they had in their Hands to the General, at a grand Meeting that is to be held in about three Weeks. As soon as the Congress was ended, the Head of each Nation presented the Calumet of Peace to the General, and shewed every other Token of Sincerity that could be expected, which their Surrender of the Prisoners will confirm. In this, as in every thing that can secure the lasting Peace and Happiness of these Colonies, the General is indefatigable."

Mr. HAMILTON, we hear, was to sail for New-York, in the Mercury Man of War, about the 25th of August.

The Catherine, Captain Wells, from this Port for Barbados, is taken, and carried into Martinico.

ANNAPOLIS, October 18.

Last Night we received, by the Way of Philadelphia, a Copy of a Supplement to the New-York Mercury, dated October 11th, 1759, containing the following interesting and important Account; the Particulars of which we expect to give our Readers next Week:

"Louisburg, October 24, 1759.

"YESTERDAY a Vessel arrived at this Place from QUEBEC, which brings us the agreeable News of the Fall of that Place the 17th of last Month. The only Letter is from Captain Brea, of the Princess Amelia, who says, that on the 13th, as General WOLFE landed on the North Side above the Town, that Montcalm opposed him, when a most bloody Engagement commenced, in which poor General Wolfe was killed, much lamented, but he died gloriously, and, I think, rather to be envied than pitied. General Montcalm is wounded through the Lungs. Capt. Millbanks, of Bragg's, killed. Lieutenant Seymour, of ditto, Colonel Fletcher, Barry, and Carleton, wounded. Major Spittle, Captain Cosman, and his Officers, and many Others, wounded. In all, on our Side, above 500.—On that of the French, Montcalm and Levy both killed. The Third in Command taken Prisoner, and the Fourth killed. In all

about 1600. We pursued them to their Sally Ports. Brigadier Townshend, the then Commander, made a Battery within 300 Yards of the Citadel, and by the 16th it was finished. The 17th he summoned the Town to surrender, and in Case of a Refusal, they should have no Quarters; when they immediately sent him a Carte Blanche. This is all I know."

This Moment came to Hand another Letter, which was brought by Capt. Williams, in the Brig Sea-Flower, to New-York, the 11th of October, in the Evening, in 9 Days from Louisburg; which corresponds with that already inserted.

On the 7th of this Instant, Matthew Dragan was executed at Chester-Town, pursuant to his Sentence, for the Murder of his Wife. He died penitent.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, Entered, NONE.

Cleared for Departure,

Ship Cato, Walter Montgomerie, for London; Snow Maryland Merchant, Thomas Spencer, for Biddeford.

October 18, 1759.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. William Hamilton, late of Queen-Anne-Town, in Prince-George's County, Merchant, deceased, are desired to make speedy Payment: And those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be settled and adjusted: For which Purpose, Attendance will be given at the aforesaid Town by David Craufurd (who is empowered to receive the same) every Wednesday, from this Time to the first Day of December next. And those whose Accounts are then unpaid, may depend that Suits will be brought against them, by

MARTHA HAMILTON, Administratrix.

To be SOLD by the Commissioners of the Paper-Currency, at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the House of Mr. William Reynolds, in Annapolis, on Wednesday the 13th of November, being the second Day of Anne-Arundel County Court, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon,

THREE LOTS, with a Brick Dwelling-House standing thereon, on the South West Side of Scotts-Street, in that Part of the said City called the New-Town, late the Estate of William Cumming, Esq; deceased, for Current Paper Money.

IF Mr. Ralph Remington be living, he may hear of a considerable Legacy being left to him in England, by applying to John Jones in Hampton.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick County, called Part of Discovery, containing Two Hundred and Sixty Eight Acres.

All Persons indebted to the Estate of Captain Alexander Beall, deceased, for Negroes sold belonging to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment: And those who have any Demands, are requested to bring them in, that they may be settled, by SARAH BEALL, Administratrix, or PETER BUTLER, in Frederick-Town, Attorney in Fact.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in Charles County, a Convict Servant Man, named George Goulden, about 5 Feet 8 or 10 Inches high, of a blackish Complexion, has a large Scar on one of his Arms which reaches from above his Elbow to his Wrist, and wears his own Hair. He had on and took with him, a light colour'd Coat with plain Metal Buttons, a brown Great Coat, a brown Holland Jacket, a Pair of dark colour'd Cloth Breeches, a pretty good Felt Hat, Shoes and Stockings, old Boots, with a Patch on one Side of one of them, a good white Shirt, a large cloudy colour'd Silk Handkerchief, and white Yarn Stockings. He pretends to be a Farrier and Physician, and is supposed to have some Money with him. He took a small Bay Mare, and a Hunting Saddle almost new.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, or secures him so that he may be had again, shall have Forty Shillings, besides what the Law allows, paid by

JAMES SMITH.

THIS

THIS GAZETTE [N^o. 754] compleats a Year since I became a Sharer with Mr. GREEN (who is now from Home, on a Journey) in the small Profits accruing therefrom, and as we intend to settle our Accounts once a Year, we shall be under the Necessity of settling our Customers Accounts at the same Time: At which I hope none of them will be offended with

Their humble Servant,

WILLIAM RIND.

N. B. With those Gentlemen who happen to be short of 52 Weeks or a Year, at the above Number 754, it will be the same Thing to them, for they will be charged at the Rate of 12/6 per Year.

Now in the PRESS,

And will be Published with all convenient Speed,

AN EPHEMERIS for the Year of our LORD 1765. Being Bissextile or Leap-Year. Or, AN ALMANACK, containing, &c. &c. Fitted for the Province of Maryland. By DARIUS MARYLANDER, Philomath.

Upper-Marlborough, Sept. 29, 1759.

To be LET for a Term of Years, and Entered on immediately,

A PLANTATION on Rock-Creek in Frederick County, about 8 Miles from George-Town and Bladenburg, with Three or Four Hundred Acres of Land adjacent (if the Tenant chooses) extremely proper for Tobacco or Farming: There is a very good Dwelling-House on it, with Offices underneath, and convenient Out Houses, viz. Wash, Milk, and Meat-Houses, Barn, Stable and Tobacco-Houses, with a large Garden and Orchard.

The Subscriber has Land to Let on Seneca and Rock-Creek for Lives, some few Places settled, and those that will take Plantations out of the Woods, will have the Choice of a large Quantity of Land, and a reasonable Term Rent free.

Likewise some small Tracts of good Land lying in the same County to be Sold. DANIEL CARROLL.

RAN away from Nottingham in Prince-George's County, on the 26th of last Month, a Mulatto Slave named Cato; he is a short well made Fellow, about 32 Years of Age. He had on a Fustian Coat, a Bearskin Jacket, Linen Breeches, a Check Shirt, a Felt Hat, a Pair of Shoes, and Thread Stockings. He had with him a bob Tail white Mare, and a Bridle and Saddle.

Whoever brings him to the Subscriber, living in Charles County, shall have Twenty Shillings; and if taken 30 Miles from home, Thirty Shillings, and Ten Shillings for the Mare.

SAMUEL HANSON.

THERE is at the Plantation of Dr. Leonard Hollyday, in Calvert County, taken up as a Stray, a Mare about 12 Hands high, she has a small Blaze in her Face, one of her hind Feet is white, and branded thus

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near the Head of Patapsco River, a lusty Negro Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, not very black, about 35 Years old, has lost two or three of his Teeth on the right Side of his under Jaw; he can read and write, and it is supposed will endeavour to pass for a Freeman and a Doctor. He had on and took with him, a Country Cloth or Cotton Coat about half worn, an old Onabrigs Shirt, an old Felt Hat, Onabrigs Trowsers, new Hempen Roll Ditto, a new Onabrigs Shirt, and two Pair of Negro Shoes, one of which is cut behind without a Seam in the Quarter.

Whoever brings the said Fellow home, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

SAMUEL NORWOOD.

THERE is at the Plantation of Daniel Daily, in Prince-George's County, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, 12 Hands and 3 Inches high, with a Blaze Face, her Feet are white, and she is branded on the near Shoulder thus

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the Premises, for Current Money, on Friday the 26th Day of October, if fair, if not, the next fair Day,

A TRACT of LAND called Crouch Corn-field, on the North Side of Severn River, pleasantly situated on the River, and is about 5 Miles from Annapolis, containing Four Hundred and Forty-two Acres; whereon are, a new Dwelling-House, 20 by 16, a Kitchen, three Tobacco-Houses, and several other Out-Houses, and two Apple Orchards; it being the late Plantation whereon Mr. Philip Jones, deceased, lately lived.

PHILIP PETTIBONE.

SOLOMON JACOBS, TAYLOR, from LONDON,

HEREBY gives Notice, That he carries on that BUSINESS for the Widow Callaban, in Annapolis; and that all Persons who shall be pleased to employ him, may depend on having their Work done in the best and most fashionable Manner, and at the cheapest Rates.

N. B. He also makes Gold and Silver Laced Waistcoats.

ON the Twenty-third Day of October Inst. will be Run for, at Frederick-Town in Frederick County, a Purse of THIRTY POUNDS, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding.

On the Twenty-fourth, all the Entrance and what other Money may be made up; the winning Horse the first Day excepted.

Each Horse to carry Nine Stone Weight, to Run Three Heats, Two Miles each Heat.

If any Disputes shall arise, the same to be determined by Messieurs James Dixon and Christopher Edelin.

Every Horse, &c. to be Entered with Mr. Arthur Charlton in the Town aforesaid, the Day before the Race, and the Owners to pay Thirty Shillings Entrance Money.

ALL Persons indebted to Mr. James Johnson, deceased, are desired to settle and pay off their respective Balances to Robert Couden, who is empowered to receive and grant Discharges for the same: And those who have any Demands against him, are also requested to bring in their Accounts as the Law directs, that they may be settled.

GEORGE MAXWELL, } Administrators.
ROBERT SWAN, }

JUST IMPORTED,

In the CATO, Captain WALTER MONTGOMRIE, from LONDON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, in the Store lately kept by JAMES JOHNSON, opposite to Mr. SWAN's in ANNAPOLIS,

A LARGE Assortment of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable Rates.

As also, Barbados Rum by the Hogshead or Gallon, Muscovado Sugar, Salt, &c.

ROBERT COUDEN.

IF John White, who came from London in the Year 1745 with Capt. William Dick, and who served his Time with one Thomas Hall at Port-Tobacco, be alive, and will apply to Jasper Mauduit, near Bladensburg in Prince-George's County, or to the Printers hereof, he may hear of something greatly to his Advantage.

GUNS, Pistols, Swords, Bayonets, Cloathing for a Company of Volunteers, Tin-Kettles, Canteens, Powder-Flasks, Cockades, and all Sorts of other Goods belonging to Gentlemen Volunteers, to be Sold by Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable Rates, by WILLIAM HOLMES, at Baltimore-Town. Attendance given every Friday and Saturday.

THERE is at the Store of the Subscriber, living in Talbot County, a Bale of Goods marked T P, N^o. I, landed about a Year ago from on board the Endeavour, Capt. Storer, from London.

The Owner may have it, on proving his Property, and paying the Cost of this Advertisement.

JAMES BERRY.

MONEY for BILLS, or BILLS for MONEY, by STEPHEN BORDLEY.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On the usual Race-Ground at Upper-Marlborough,

ON the First Tuesday of November next, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, carrying Nine Stone, a Purse of THIRTY POUNDS, the best in Three Heats, about Two Miles each Heat.

Messieurs John Cooke and Basil Warring are to be Judges of the said Race; and to determine all Disputes which may arise thereon.

Each Running Horse to pay Thirty Shillings Entrance Money, and be Entered with Mr. Benjamin Berry or Mr. Benjamin Brooke, the Day before the Race.

And also to be Run for the Day following, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding (the winning Horse of the First Day Excepted) all the Entrance and what other Money may be made up by Subscription, which, at this Time, is not completed, carrying the same Weight, and on the same Terms, with the Horses of the First Day.

JUST IMPORTED from MADEIRA, And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER in ANNAPOLIS,

A PARCEL of choice WINES. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

TO BE SOLD,

In Lots of One Hundred Acres, on reasonable Terms,

PART of a Tract of Land, called Frenchman's Purchase, containing 2434 Acres, lying near the Temporary Line, on Marlb-Creek, whereon is exceeding good Meadow-Ground, and two very good Improvements. For Title and Terms apply to Mr. William Sparks, living near the said Land.

And a Tract of Land called White-Oak Levels, containing 278 Acres, lying on Conococheague, adjoining Mr. Isaac Baker's Land, well Timber'd and Water'd, with some good Meadow-Ground, by RICHARD BROOKE, Executor of ISAAC BROOKE, Or, SAMUEL BEALL, junior.

RAN away about the 25th of June, from the Subscriber in Fairfax County, Virginia, a likely Country-born Negro Boy, named Davy, about 15 Years of Age, has a Scar near his left Eye, speaks fluently, and is very ready in his Replies. Had on an old blue Cotton Coat and Waistcoat, and Leather Breeches: The Coat had plain Brass Buttons, the Waistcoat Horn.

Whoever brings home the said Negro, or secures him in any Goal, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides reasonable Charges, paid by G. W. FAIRFAX.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, On Tuesday the 13th of November next, at the House of William Brown, in London-Town, the following Tracts of LAND, belonging to the Estate of William Peele, deceased,

ONE TRACT called Symphon's Stones, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called Huntington.

One TRACT called Batchelor's Choice, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of Patapsco, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, survey'd for Jane Gray, called Maiden's Bower.

One TRACT called Poplar Neck, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

One TRACT called Mitchell's Addition, containing 18½ Acres.

Part of a TRACT called Paddington's Harbour, containing 100 Acres.

These 3 last Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near London-Town.

Also, The late Mr. Peele's Dwelling-House, Store, and other Improvements, in London-Town, with several unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Persons who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in. And any inclining to Purchase the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to

JAMES MOUAT, } Executors.
JAMES DICK, }
JAMES NICHOLSON, }

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in Charles-street; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12s. 6d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertisements.

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, October 25, 1759.

THE Subscriber informs the Public, that he has spent a good Deal of Time and Thought to enable him to give them that Satisfaction and useful Information he proposed some Time ago to do in a Piece he was to publish, entitled, *The Farmer's Companion*; and as he desired but a reasonable Satisfaction for the Discovery, and as a Reward for his Trouble and Time and Study spent therein, thought it best to propose a very small Sum, to be given by each Subscriber for the Book, only Five Shillings to be paid at Subscription, and Two Shillings and Six Pence on Delivery, imagining he should thereby have the Number of his Subscriptions so much increased, as to make up the Sum he thought adequate to the Service, sooner and easier than by setting a larger Sum to each Subscriber, which People in general might not choose to bestow on any useful Discovery: But he was soon after publishing his Proposals, told by several Gentlemen (and by Experience since found it to be true) that they thought he had judged wrong, for, by setting the Sum so small, he had rendered the Matter cheap, and to be little thought of in general, and that be it as low as it would, many People would not concern themselves about it, and that any Gentleman who was generously disposed to encourage the useful Labours and Studies of others, for the Good of the Public, would not hesitate at subscribing considerably more than was at first proposed, and by that Means much fewer Subscribers would make up such a reasonable Sum as would induce him to publish it. They also told him, that tho' the Gentlemen he had got to certify their Knowledge of his Performances might be Men well skilled in Surveying and the Mathematics in general, they were not Gentlemen publicly known to be so, and that it would be proper to undergo an Examination by, and get Certificates from, some Gentlemen, whose Learning and Abilities in that Way were well known to the whole Country. He has therefore applied to the Reverend, Learned, and Ingenious Mr. Hugh Jones, of Cecil County, and to Mr. John Emory, Surveyor of Queen-Anne's County, for their Examination of him, and publishes their Certificates herewith. The Subscriber therefore, pursuant to the Advice of his Friends, and several Gentlemen well disposed to encourage his, and all useful Labours, informs those Gentlemen that have subscribed to his first Proposals, that on Application to the Gentlemen with whom they subscribed, they will have their Money returned, as a sufficient Number of Subscribers could not be made up; and that he makes a new the following Proposals, and hopes to meet with Success, as he assures them he has had very considerable private Offers for the Discovery, but rather chooses the Public should be possessed of it, at this easy Rate.

PROPOSALS for Printing by SUBSCRIPTION, THE FARMER'S COMPANION.

CONTAINING,

- I. DIRECTIONS how to set off any one, or every one, of the Points of the Compass, or any one of the Degrees, even in a strange Place, without any Instrument of any Kind, so easily apprehended, that a Man of the least Ingenuity, with a small Share of Learning, may be directed in a few Minutes, how to set off one or two Courses so True as to Correct the Compass.
- II. How to tell the true Distance to, or from any one, or several, Object or Objects; and the true Distance they are from one another, without any Instrument.
- III. How to make a Circle or Circumference divide itself into Points or Degrees.
- IV. How, with the Dividers only, to prick off 6 or 8, or more, Courses, before one Line be drawn.
- V. How to make a Square to run Land without any Compass.

VI. How with Pen, Ink and Paper only, to lay out every Point on the Compass true.

VII. A sure and certain Method for setting Clocks and Watches, without any Regard to the Time of the Year, or Latitude of the Place.

With several other useful Problems, too tedious to be inserted in these Proposals.

By ABRAHAM MILTON, Inspector, at Chester-Town.

WHEREAS the Author to the FARMER'S COMPANION, did apply to me to prove the Setting of Courses, but my Compass not being at home, I showed him a certain Tree, that I had several Times tried, and well knew the Course to the said Tree, and he, with only a Splinter or two, told the true Course to the said Tree.

And also, That by Appointment, we the Subscribers being met together, in Order to prove the same, and he with us, went into an Old-Field, and with only a few Splinters set off ten Courses in about ten Minutes, and afterwards we tried them by the Compass, and not one of them varied in the least.

And for Platting there were six Courses writ down, that split the Degrees every Course, and he, with the Dividers, without the Use of the Scale, pricked them off without drawing any Line; and when we tried it, it proved exactly true.

WM. HYNSON,
JOS. WICKES,
N. RICKETS.

WHEREAS the Author to the FARMER'S COMPANION applied to me, by Reason that I kept Instruments, and for fear of Mortality, that the Invention might not be lost: This is therefore to Certify, that I have found the Work to be exactly True, not by one Trial only, but by different Trials, which fully satisfies me it is a true and exact Method for the foregoing Observations.

ARTHUR MILLER.

WHEREAS the Author of the FARMER'S COMPANION applied to me for my Sentiments of his Proposals, and for my Satisfaction performed some of his Problems with surprising Accuracy and Expedition, without any Instrument; I have no Cause to doubt, but that he can perform all the other Propositions of his Advertisement; and imagine that his Rules and Methods may be improved and extended to other Mathematical Branches besides common Surveying.

Cecil, Sept. 7, 1759. H. JONES, Philomath.

WHEREAS the Author of the FARMER'S COMPANION applied to me for my Sentiments of his Problems; at my Request, he with surprising Accuracy and Expedition, without any Instrument, in an Instant, performed some of them; and I have no Cause to doubt, but that he can perform all the other Propositions of his Advertisement; and imagine that his Rules and Methods may be improved and extended to other Mathematical Branches besides common Surveying.

JOHN EMORY, Surveyor, Queen-Anne's County.

CONDITIONS,

THAT at the Time of Subscribing, each Subscriber shall pay Ten Shillings, and Ten Shillings more on Delivery of the Book.

That the Gentlemen who are so kind as to take the Trouble of the Subscriptions, and receiving the Money, are desired to send an Account to the Printers hereof, by the last Day of March next, of the Number of Subscribers they have each got; and if the Whole make up 400 at least, the Cuts will be got ready, and the Piece sent to the Press, and be printed on good Paper and Letter, and be delivered by the several Gentlemen who took the Subscriptions, with all possible Dispatch. And if the Number subscribed are not sufficient, then each Gentleman who has subscribed, shall have his Money returned by the Gentleman with whom he subscribed, and in whose Hands the Money is to lie till that Time.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in, by Mr. Michael Earle, in Cecil County. Mr. James Loutitt,

Merchant, at Turner's Creek, Messieurs Thomas and William Ringgold, Merchants, in Chester-Town, and Mr. William Rafin, Merchant, at George-Town, in Kent County. Mr. Solomon Wright, Attorney at Law, Mr. Jonathan Hall, Merchant, and Mr. John Emory, Surveyor, in Queen-Anne's County. Mr. John Clapham, Merchant, at Oxford, and Mr. Joseph Coleman, at Talbot Court-House. Hall Caille, Esq; and Colonel Henry Travers, in Dorchester County. Messieurs William Allen, and Littleton Dennis, Merchants, in Somerset County. Mr. Henry Johnson, Clerk of Worcester County. Messieurs Chemair and Carnan, Merchants, in Baltimore-Town, and Mr. Robert Adair, Merchant, at Bush-River. James Dixon, Esq; in Frederick-Town, in Frederick County. Messrs. Alexander and Andrew Symmer, Merchants, in Upper-Marlbrough. Charles Graham, Esq; Merchant, at Lower-Marlbrough, and Mr. James John Mackall, at St. Leonard's-Creek-Town. Mr. John Hanson, junr. and Mr. Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer, Merchant, in Charles County. Mr. Normand Bruce, Merchant, Mr. John Hall, Attorney at Law, and Mr. Jeremiah Jordan, near Chaptico, in St. Mary's County. And at the PRINTING-OFFICE in Annapolis.

An Abstract of Professor Formey's Speech, at the Opening of the public Assembly of the Royal Academy for the Encouragement of Arts and Sciences, and the Belles-Lettres, at Berlin, lately held there, on the glorious Anniversary of his PRUSSIAN Majesty's Accession to his Throne.

THIS Day our Academy is met to commemorate, with universal Pleasure, the Anniversary of our most gracious King's Accession to the Throne of his illustrious Ancestors. We this Day enter into the 20th Year of a Reign, than which no one was ever more illustrious. Who can delineate, in their proper Colours, the Years that are elapsed? Or what Painter's Pencil can give us any adequate Idea of that golden Age, of which we have so pleasing a Prospect? Let us refer to History for a satisfactory Account of the former, and submit to the Divine Providence the whole Conduct and Regulation of the latter; let us sit down contented, in the mean Time, with sending up to Heaven our most fervent Prayers for the Preservation of his Majesty's most precious Life, for his glorious Success in all his Undertakings, and an happy Issue of the whole, in a long, lasting, and honourable Peace. May the Reign of FREDERICK be preserved in everlasting Remembrance; may he be enabled to cast a Shade over all the most memorable Transactions of Augustus and Louis XIV. by the universal Peace and Tranquillity that shall crown his Labours at last, as he has already excelled them in heroic Achievements, and the Glory he has justly gained by his victorious Arms.

Frankfort, July 8. There is handed about here the following Copy of a Letter, written by the King of Prussia to the Governor of Schweidnitz, concerning General Kiau, confined in that Place by Order of his Majesty, who imputes to him his Want of Success at Hoch-Kirchen:

"My dear Zastrow,

"It was with great Surprise I heard of the Accident that has happened to my Friend Kiau. I wonder you did not acquaint me with it. Go and see him: Tell him, that as King I ought to punish him, but that my Good-will towards him is not lessened; and that I give him Leave to go wherever he hath a Mind, for the Sake of his Health, except to his Estate in Silesia, which the present Circumstances of Things will not permit. Assure him that, whatever may happen, I will not abandon him. Shew him my Letter, if you think it will have any good Effect. Write to me at Breslau, where I shall be To-morrow. Take Care of yourself, my dear Friend. I salute you. FREDERICK."

Prince Ferdinand's Head-Quarters at Suderborn, August 2.

THE Army (by Prince Ferdinand's Orders) is to be under Arms at Six o'Clock this Afternoon, to Fire a Feu de Joy.

His Serene Highness orders his greatest Thanks to be given to the whole Army, for their Bravery and good Behaviour Yesterday, particularly to the British Infantry, and the two Battalions of Hanoverian Guards; to all the Cavalry of the left Wing, and to General Wangenheim's Corps, particularly the Regiment of Holstein; the Hessian Cavalry, the Hanoverian Regiment du Corps and Hamerslin's; the same to all the Brigades of heavy Artillery. His Serene Highness declares publicly, that, next to God, he attributes the Glory of the Day to the Intrepidity and extraordinary good Behaviour of these Troops, which he assures them he shall retain the strongest Sense of as long as he lives; and if ever upon any Occasion he shall be able to serve these brave Troops, or any one of them in particular, it will give him the utmost Pleasure. His Serene Highness orders his particular Thanks to be likewise given to General Sporken, the Duke of Holstein, Lieutenant Generals Imhoff and Urff. His Serene Highness is extremely obliged to the Count de Bukeburg for all his Care and Trouble in the Management of the Artillery, which was served with great Effect; likewise to the Commanding Officers of the several Brigades of Artillery, viz. Colonel Brown, Lieutenant Colonel Hutte, Major Hesse, and the three English Captains, Phillips, Drummond, and Foy. His Serene Highness thinks himself infinitely obliged to Major Generals Waldegrave and Kinsley, for their great Courage and good Order, in which they conducted their Brigades. His Serene Highness further orders it to be declared to Lieutenant General the Marquis of Granby, that he is persuaded, that if he had had the good Fortune to have had him at the Head of the Cavalry of the right Wing, his Presence would have greatly contributed to make the Decision of that Day more complete, and more brilliant. In short, his Serene Highness orders, that those of his Suit, whose Behaviour he most admired, be named, as the Duke of Richmond, Col. Fitzroy, Capt. Ligonier, Col. Watson, Captain Wilson, Aid de Camp to Major General Waldegrave, Adjutant Generals Eristoff, Bulow, Derendolle, the Counts Tobe and Mallerti; his Serene Highness having much Reason to be satisfied with their Conduct. And his Serene Highness desires and orders the Generals of the Army, that upon all Occasions when Orders are brought them by his Aid de Camp, that they be obeyed punctually, and without Delay.

L O N D O N, August 2.

They write from Ostend, of the 22d ultimo, that Dunkirk being blocked up by five English Frigates, the French Privateers carry their Prizes into Ostend; and that Marshal Prince de Soubise was arrived at Dunkirk, in order to take the Command of 35,000 Men, which are said to be encamped in that Neighbourhood.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, July 31.

"As there are three Channels leading out of Brest, the Mouth of each is closely blocked up by three of our Ships of the Line; so that nothing can possibly go in or out without their Knowledge."

The remaining Part of the Fortresses of Custrin, which was bombarded last Year by the Russians, has been reduced to Ashes by a Fire that happened there accidentally in the Night of the 16th ult. by which 78 Dwelling-houses, 48 Sheds, Huts, &c. were consumed.

August 4. The Ships that were sent by Commodore Boys to reconnoitre the French Coast, are returned, and say, that they could plainly discern a Number of Troops every where on the Coasts, they being under great Apprehensions of another Visit from our Bomb-Vessels, which are all ready to put to Sea on the first Notice.

We hear that six more Men of War will be forthwith ordered to sail to cruise on the French Coasts of Dunkirk, Gravelin, Dieppe, &c. the better to prevent any Embarkation of Troops for a Descent on this Kingdom.

Orders are sent for raising the Militia in Scotland, in order to assist in opposing the French, in case they should attempt to land in that Country. As nothing of this Kind has been done since the Revolution, it clearly shews that the Government are not unacquainted with the vast Preparations making by the French for an Invasion.

We are told by private Letters from France, that their Affairs in Europe are at present in too prosperous a Situation to sue for Peace; and as

they look upon those of England to be the same in America, the Continuance of the War for another Year they think is certain; and they already talk of the Methods proposed for raising the necessary Supplies for carrying it on, which they say will be done without the Assistance of the Clergy, notwithstanding the Churches are full of Plate.

August 7. By private Letters from Hamburg, dated the 27th ult. there is an Account that they had certain Advice from Berlin, that a very dangerous Conspiracy had been discovered there. The Conspirators were 5 or 600 Defectors that had entered into the Prussian Royal Free-Companies; they were to set Fire to the City of Berlin in several Parts at one Time, and to plunder the Inhabitants; but being happily discovered, they were dispersed, and sent to Prison.

August 14. We hear that the Loss of the British Troops in Germany, will immediately be filled up by Draughts from the Forces in England.

It is said in some private Letters by the last Mail, that a Misunderstanding had arisen before the late Battle between M. de Contades and M. Broglie, the latter of whom had a high Opinion of Prince Ferdinand's Abilities, and advised the not attacking him; but the other was vain enough to declare that he would follow his own Plan, and that in two Days Time he should inclose Prince Ferdinand and his Army, and send their Capitulation presently after to Versailles.

There is a Scheme on Foot for opening a Subscription in this City to raise Men for his Majesty's Service; and it is said the City will subscribe a Thousand Pounds, as an Example to the great Companies, and rich Merchants, &c. And such Men as shall so enlist, are to have their Freedoms given them at the End of the War. A Court of Common-Council met this Day, in order to have the same laid before them.

August 16. Prince Ferdinand's Head-Quarters were at Paderborn on the ninth Instant, which is 28 Leagues from the Field of Battle, in order to prevent the Return of the French Army.

The Light Horse are quartered in all the Towns from Bromley in Kent, to Croydon in Surrey, and across the Country, so that they may be assembled in a short Time to go on any Service.

B O S T O N, October 8.

By a Master of a Vessel who was taken in his Voyage to the West-Indies, and is returned in a Vessel from Antigua to Portsmouth, we learn, that the following Vessels were taken and carried into Martinico, between the 27th of July and 20th of August, viz. Sloop William, William Meredith Master, bound from Virginia to Antigua; Schooner Tyrrell, George Soper, from Antigua to Guadeloupe; Ship Eliza, Morris, from Africa to West-Indies with 300 Slaves; Sloop Lucky Nancy, Higgins, from Maryland to Ditto; Sloop John and Mary, Zachariah Hodgkins, from Virginia to Ditto; Sloop Prosperous, Gilmore, from Piscataqua for Ditto; Brig Hetty, Thomas Warren, from Ditto for West-Indies; a Vessel called the Fly, Milery, from Antigua to Guadeloupe; Snow Cropperon, from Africa to the West-Indies with Slaves; Ditto Montgomery, from Philadelphia to Ditto; three Sloops from Antigua, some, if not all, bound to Guadeloupe; Brig Cableman, from Bristol to the Leeward Islands; Sloop Archibald, Dimmore, from Boston to St. Eustatia, with Lumber, taken in Latitude of Antigua, within about two Leagues of the Island; Sloop Lydia, Webster, from Salem for St. Eustatia.

Thursday last arrived here Capt. Doubleday from the River St. Lawrence, but last from Halifax, in four Days; in whom came Passenger Capt. Brainard, late of a Connecticut Schooner, who informs, that he was taken in his Passage from New-London to Louisburg, Yesterday was Se'nnight, by a Privateer Sloop, carrying 50 Men; which had also taken the following Vessels, viz. Captain Haynes, from the River; also one Cox, and two other Vessels, with Boards from the Eastward, bound to Louisburg; as also a Fishing Schooner. The Frenchmen gave the Prisoners, being 50 in Number, a small Schooner, with which they proceeded to Halifax. On board Capt. Haynes were Passengers Ensign Hutchins, and Mr. Howard, with the others, who went with the Dispatches from General Amherst to General Wolfe, and were returning with Answers thereto, which they threw overboard, and were to come in Capt. Jones. Capt. Brainard had on board a valuable Cargo, consisting of Cattle, Sheep, with other Live Stock and Provisions. It is said there were two other small Privateers also out upon the Cruise.

Ensign Hutchins arrived here in Captain Jones, in five Days from Halifax (accompanied with Major Stobo, who, as was formerly mentioned made

his Escape from Quebec the first of last May, and gave a general Account of the then Strength and Situation of that Place, and who has since been up the River with Admiral Saunders, giving an Account of the Navigation, so far as he remark'd on his Passage down) Ensign Hutchins informs in general—that he left Fort Weller, on Kennebeck River, the 18th of August last, in Company with Mr. Howard, and two others, with Dispatches for General Wolfe, which he delivered at the Camp at Point Levee the 3d of September, being out 17 Days and Nights; that they saw several Scouts in their Way undiscovered; that they were so near Chaudiere, which he says is a fine Settlement, that they saw and heard the Enemy threshing their Grain; that it is a plentiful Country; that they took two Men and a Woman about half Way from Chaudiere to St. Lawrence River, by whom they gain'd some Intelligence as to the Situation of our Army; that they had no Provisions for four Days before they got in, and were almost starv'd, being near tired out with rubbing through the Brush, &c. which tore their Clothes to Pieces, but not their Flesh; that had it not been for the Intelligence gain'd by the Prisoners abovementioned, whom they afterwards releas'd, they should have deliver'd up themselves to the first Party they came across; that the News of General Amherst's Success against Ticonderoga and Crown Point was received with universal Joy throughout the whole Fleet and Army; and that they were properly taken Care of, and well cloath'd immediately on their Arrival. That he left Quebec in Capt. Haynes for this Place the 8th of September, and was taken the 30th, off Black Point, by a Privateer Sloop of 4 Swivel Guns, and 50 Men, who were all double arm'd, and who fir'd a Volley of their small Arms, and kill'd the Man at Helm; that they had an English Captain on board, whom they before had taken, and whom they made hail Captain Haynes, otherwise he says they should have got clear; that they however fir'd 300 Small Arms at them before they struck; that the Enemy robb'd the Men of all they had, and him of every Thing he had, saving his Hat, not even sparing his Commission; but that he threw over General Wolfe's Answers to General Amherst's Letters just before they struck. Ensign Hutchins came to Town last Thursday Afternoon, and set out the next Morning for General Amherst. He left Mr. Howard at Halifax, he being so poorly he could not come up.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in the Navy, dated Isle Madame, August 28, 1759.

"My last to you bears Date the 10th Instant, and contain'd the most material Occurrences to that Time; very few having occur'd since, except the following, viz. A Detachment from our Army has been down the North Shore, and burnt all the Houses and Barns from Cape Torment to the Falls of Montmorancy; and, it is thought, that the South Shore and Isle of Orleans will soon suffer the same Fate. Admiral Holmes and Brigadier Murray came down from above the Town the 26th Instant (the Ships still remain there) and advise us, they had burnt a large Magazine of Cloathing, Provisions, &c. and taken some Prisoners, who had Letters, intimating, that Brigadier Prideaux had taken Niagara, himself, and second in Command, kill'd; that the French had abandon'd and destroy'd Ticonderoga and Crown-Point, and retir'd to St. John's; and that General Amherst did pursue them. We hope this will prove true. The Cannonade and Bombardment on the Town is continued with so great Violence, that it bears the Face of Ruin and Destruction.—August 30. The Leostoffe and Hunter Sloop pass'd the Town the 28th in the Evening; receiving no other Damage than one Man killed, and two wounded on board the latter. The Magazine burnt by Brigadier Murray is esteem'd to have contain'd many valuable Effects.—Sept. 3. The Troops, in Number 1200, are come down to burn and destroy the South Shore: The Sutherland, Squirrel, Seahorse, Leostoffe and Hunter, are all above the Town, besides Cats, &c. General Wolfe is about leaving Montmorancy. We shall not fail till the latter End of the Month."

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at Lisbon, to his Friend here, dated August 17, 1759.

"Just now an Express came in from Madrid, with an Account of the Spanish Monarch's Decease; to convey this News to England, our Packet is ordered away immediately. I conclude Don Carlos will quit Naples immediately to take Possession of the Spanish Crown, how he may stand affected seems yet doubtful, and what Turn in Affairs this Alteration may make, Time only can discover."

Extract

Extract of a Letter

"Brigadier Murray burnt a Magazine here: Besides the Plate and most valuable, and all the Croathing and Field-seeds of many of the houses, was burnt, by a forced vigilance of Mont. Attempt. The British Rank, in order to Fire was lighted with a large Body of Soldier behind him."

Last Thursday from the River St. Lawrence, in a violent Storm at the Eastward; but the Vessel and crew on board, the 11th of last month, it is said two Rempt on the 11th of July, were on board."

We have the Point, by the Post and by Letters from Rangers, and 300 at the same Time killed, with several been down at an but instead of making according to the Night, which it was to have been sent Major of the we learn, that burning the Vessel Head, he was burning a small which might be been quench'd. tunately a Man when he perceived there, and had look'd over the immediately began swim alternately him, and when of Guns were one of the Bullets."

Extract of "I hereby Proceedings here passed by Lake Land, and as many Houses of moment of this War it will be a Plea worthy to be a condition of four strong as Ticonderoga of 22 Carriage and 120 Men, have also built which mounts 13 Inch Mortar Wood and Iron impossible for the Oaks on each Side, with run along Side of which mount Gun is placed row with 14 can fight and on July 13, w Army, and on commanded by on the same D Lake. The small a Party 18 Pound Cannon and immediate wounded several prize, the 18-ter of an Hou came up: In toes, and all Experiment successful. Ma Montreal; but may have, is"

Extract of "The Me which is most considering w finest in Am this Year. the Grenadier and the other Forts are built Fort; and another I shall it is precarious, tion down L ourselves in Redau that ries eighteen ders, two fr 13 Inch Mo one 24 Hour cleaned, and"

Extract of a Letter from the Camp at Point Levee, dated September 6, 1759.

"Brigadier Murray, with a Detachment of 800 Men, burnt a Magazine of great Value, about 50 Miles above Quebec: Besides the Powder and public Stores, it contained the Plate and most valuable Baggage of Vaudreuil, Montcalm, Levis, and all the Officers of the French Army; besides the Coasting and Field Equipage of three Battalions, and the Effects of many of the richest Merchants in Canada; nothing, however, was plundered by the Soldiers.—The Brigadier had, by a forced March with his small Body, eluded the Vigilance of Mons. Levis, who, with 4000 Men, opposed his Attempt. The Brigadier did not allow a single Man to leave his Rank, in order to plunder, but destroyed the whole. The Fire was light with Silk Stockings and Waistcoats, and every thing finished without losing a single Man, even in his Retreat, tho' a large Body of the Enemy's Cavalry, with each a Foot Soldier behind him, were at his Heels, besides a Party of Indians."

Last Thursday Morning Capt. James Campbell, in a Sloop from the River St. Lawrence, bound in here, was cast away in a violent Storm upon a Reef of Rocks near Arrowick, at the Eastward; the Peoples Lives, we hear, were all saved, but the Vessel and Cargo lost; she had 1500 Weight of Beaver on board, the Remainder of her Cargo Hides and Tallow. It is said two Regular Officers that were wounded at the Attempt on the French Entrenchments at Quebec the 29th of July, were on board.

NEW-HAVEN, October 6.

We have the following Advices from our Army at Crown-Point, by the Post (who left that Place the 18th of September) and by Letters brought by him, That Lieut. Fletcher, of the Rangers, and 3 more, were taken Prisoners near St. John's, and at the same Time Lieut. Lee, of Col. Whiting's Regiment, was killed, with two Men Rangers: That a Party of Men have been down at an Island near St. John's to burn a large Vessel, but instead of making the Attempt at 2 o'Clock in the Morning, according to the General's Direction, it was made at 10 at Night, which it is thought occasioned it to fail. The Scheme was to have been executed by Joel Munson of this Town, Sergeant Major of Col. Whiting's Regiment: From some Letters we learn, that the Manner was thus. The Combustibles for burning the Vessel were prepared in a little Box fixed to his Head, he was gently to swim to the Stern of the Vessel, and boring a small Hole, was to fix some of the Materials in it, which might be immediately set on Fire, and could not have been quenched. He swam accordingly to the Vessel, but unfortunately a Man was fishing in a Boat at the Stern, which when he perceived, he swam round to the Head, began to bore there, and had nearly accomplished his Design, when a Person look'd over the Head, and he supposed discover'd him, for he immediately heard a great Noise in the Vessel, and did not swim alternately for his Life. A Broad-axe was thrown at him, and when he was seen above Water, a great Number of Guns were fired at him, but he escaped unhurt, except that one of the Bullets just grazed his Thigh.

NEW-YORK, October 15.

Extract of a Letter from Crown-Point, September 30.

"I hereby send you an Account of some of our present Proceedings here. Crown-Point, is almost an Island, compassed by Lake Champlain, about 11 Miles round, all clear Land, and as good a Soil as any I ever saw; and a great many Houses on it, but none inhabited since the Commencement of this War. The old Fort is of no Strength at all: It will be a Place of Strength before we have done with it, worthy to be called Crown-Point. We are making an Addition of four Forts to that Place, and each of them as strong as Ticonderoga Fort is. We have built a large Brig of 22 Carriage Guns, and 18 Swivels; she carries 200 Tons, and 120 Men, and is to cruise upon Lake Champlain. We have also built a Vessel, which we call a Floating Castle; which mounts ten 24 Pounders, two 18 Pounders, and two 12 Inch Mortars; is of 300 Tons, and finished as strong as Wood and Iron can make her; and contrived so that it is impossible for the Enemy to board her: She rows with forty Oars on each Side; and has two large Masts, and square Sails, with running Rigging, so that in short no Ship can lay along Side of her. Here there are likewise 5 Row-Galleys, which mount eighteen Pounders, each of them one; the Gun is placed fore and aft, and fires out at the Head; they row with 14 Oars on each Side, carry 30 Men each, and can fight and go well: The Experiment was tried this Year, on July 23, when a Party was sent, consisting of 300 of our Army, and one of these Row-Galleys, along with a Party commanded by Major Campbell of the Old Highlanders; who on the same Day were met by a Party of 900 French, at a Lake. The French at our Approach, were glad to see so small a Party of us there, not expecting such a Thing as an 18 Pound Cannon in our small Fleet, came out to receive us, and immediately killed three Rangers, and two Indians, and wounded several more in our Boats: But to their great Surprise, the 18 Pounder set to work; and in less than a Quarter of an Hour they were all running away, faster than they came up: In this Affair the Enemy lost three of their Battos, and all the Hands killed or drowned; this was the first Experiment ever tried with a Row-Galley, and proved effectual. Major Rogers is gone out, with 207 Men, towards Montreal; but is not returned as yet; and what Success he may have, is yet unknown."

Extract of a Letter from the same Place, dated October 7.

"The Men in general work very hard at this Fort, and which is most pleasing, keep their Health extraordinary well, considering what they suffer. This Fort is, or will be, the finest in America, when finished, I hope it will be finished this Year.—There are three small Forts building, one by the Grenadiers, one by the Light Infantry of the Regulars, and the other by Gage's Light Infantry.—These small Forts are built upon Hills that partly command the large Fort; and are now almost finished.—I do not know whether I shall be able to write to you again, as the Fate of War is precarious, and we are just ready to set off on the Expedition down Lake Champlain; having received Orders to hold ourselves in Readiness at an Hour's Notice: We have a large Redoubt that carries six 24 Pounders, a large Sloop that carries eighteen 8 Pounders, a Snow that carries twelve 6 Pounders, two small Redoubts that carry two 6 Pounders, and two 12 Inch Mortars each, and 4 Row-Galleys, carrying each, one 24 Pounder, and a Hoet.—Our Battos are all newly cleaned, and fitted with Masts and Sails; which, I am a-

frail, will cause some of them to go to the Bottom; especially as this Lake is not like Lake George, for the Waves in it arise sometimes as high almost as in the main Ocean; and it is so wide for 80 Miles, that you cannot discern the opposite Shore from either Side.—We are this Day very busy in putting our Provisions, Cannon, &c. on board: The Artificers and Sick are to be left behind.—They say that some of the Provincials go with us; whether they will or not, I cannot tell: But the Regulars that are to go, are as follows, viz. of the Royal Scotch, 488; Forbes's (or late Forbes's) 379; Inniskilling, 354; Royal Highlanders, 435; Prideaux's (or late Prideaux's) 377; Montgomery's, 540; exclusive of 600 Grenadiers, 600 Light Infantry of the Regulars; Gage's Light Infantry, all the Rangers, and some Indians.—Such Preparations we have for this Expedition you cannot conceive.—The Regulars, I do assure you, keep their Health past Expectation; but I cannot say it is quite so well with the Provincials; I wish I could, for they are brave Men when in Health, and an Honour to their King and Country.—You need not write to me till you hear of our Return."

Extract of a Letter from Boston, October 8.

"Last Saturday Night, at 12 o'Clock, Capt. Schomberg, of the Diana Frigate, now in this Harbour, set off from hence for Crown-Point. Various are the Conjectures upon what Account he is gone, but generally thought to take the Command of the Navy there. I have it from good Authority, that Wednesday next, the 10th Instant, was the Day set by General Amherst for his embarking to proceed down the Lake, I am, &c.

Monday last Captain Jacob Morris, late of a Schooner, belonging to this Port, came to Town from Long-Island: He was put ashore on the South Side, by Captain Holmes of Boston, who took him and his Crew up in Lat. 35: 10, Lon. 63, the first Instant, their Vessel having just foundered, on her Voyage from Coracoa for this Place.

Two Days before Capt. Morris's Schooner foundered, he saw the Wreck of another Schooner; she had a red Bottom, but had neither Sails nor Rigging, though her Masts were standing.

Captain Moore, who arrived here since our last, from the West-Indies, saw, on the 26th of September, Twenty-one Sail of large Vessels, in Lat. 24: 16, Lon. 70: 10. At 3 in the Afternoon of the same Day, he saw three of the Fleet on Fire. The others stood a S. S. E. Course.

Capt. M'Dougall, in a Privateer belonging to Antigua, has retaken an English Snow, from Africa, with 150 Negroes on board, and sent her into that Island.

Thursday Evening last, the Brig Sea-Flower, Capt. Williams, of this Port, arrived here in nine Days from Louisburg, by whom we have the following agreeable Intelligence. [This Letter was printed in our last Gazette.]

Captain Williams left Quebec the 10th of September: He says, that seven Days before, an Express arrived from General Amherst at General Wolfe's Camp; that he that Night sent all his Artillery to the South Side of the River; that the Army remained in Redoubts all the Night, expecting to be attacked; and next Morning crossed the River, in Sight of the French Army, without any Opposition; that the Generals Monckton and Townshend immediately marched with about 4000 Men, 12 Miles above Quebec, and were followed the next Day by General Wolfe, and about 1000 Men. The following is said to be the Disposition of the English Army the Day of the Engagement.

Sixteen Hundred under Major Scott, and Capt. Gorham, ravaging and destroying the Country.

Fifteen Hundred encamped on the Isle of Orleans.

Two Thousand encamped on Point-Levee, under Colonel Burton.

Five Thousand under the Generals Wolfe, Monckton, and Townshend, 12 Miles above Quebec.

Montcalm's Army, it is said, consisted of above 10,000 Men, and his Situation so advantageous, that he often said, 100,000 Veterans could not force his Trenches.

Thus the Combat began and lasted several Hours, when the Enemy's Cavalry (which they attacked us with as well as Infantry) gave Way, and the former falling back upon the latter, put the whole into Confusion, when they one and all fled, our Veterans making prodigious Slaughter in the Flight, and pursued them to their very Sally-ports. The Bodies of General Wolfe and General Montcalm, it is said, were put on board Admiral Saunders's Ship.

Brigadier General Monckton is said to be in a fair Way of Recovery; that Colonel Barre, the Adjutant General, is shot in the Nose, and that the Ball is lodged in his Head; that Colonel Carleton, the Quarter-Master-General, had his Ear shot off. The two latter are said to be in a dangerous Way.

On Friday last the Cannon on Fort George were fired on the Success of his Majesty's Arms at the Battle of Quebec the 13th of September last, between General Wolfe and Monsieur Montcalm, and in Consequence thereof, of the Surrender of that Capital. At the same Time his Majesty's, and all the loyal Heaths, were drank. The Shipping in the Harbour continued firing most of the Afternoon, Colours displayed, and at Night the City was illuminated very extraordinary; besides two large Bonfires erected on the Commons, the one by the City, the other (it is said) by the Company of Hatters.

And Yesterday two excellent Thanksgiving Sermons were delivered on the happy Occasion, by the Reverends Barclay and Achmuty; the former's from the XIVth Chapter of Exodus, 3d, 4th, and 5th Verses; and the latter's from the CLth Psalm, 6th Verse.

The other Gentlemen Clergy in New-York, we are told, also adapted their Discourses so well to the Purpose, and equally enforced them with that Energy, that the Hearers must have slept, indeed, if they were not convinced, that by obeying the Voice of the Lord, and keeping his Covenant, they should become a peculiar Treasure unto Him above all People, as all the Earth is his; concluding their several Applications by an Enforcement of the Practice of Humility, Charity and Gratitude.

PHILADELPHIA, October 18.

From two Letters by the Packet, dated the 11th of August (of very good Authority) we learn, that tho' Prince Ferdinand's whole Army, before his late Victory, consisted only of 48,000 Men; yet that great General, unknown to the Enemy, detached 20,000 Men, under the Hereditary Prince of Brunswick, to occupy a particular Place, on the

other Side of the Weser (where he thought the French must pass, if it pleased God to grant him Victory) with Orders, on that Event, to attack them a second Time.—That Matters being thus disposed, Prince Ferdinand, with the remaining 28,000 of his brave little Army, having inflexibly drawn the Enemy, much fatigued and harassed, by Marches and Counter Marches, to the very Spot he had designed, immediately attacked their united Forces, and totally routed them, after a bloody Engagement of four Hours.—That upon this the French crossed the Weser on eight Bridges, which they instantly destroyed; but being, unexpectedly, attacked by the Prince of Brunswick, they were again intirely defeated; tho' their Conflict was not so long, nor so bloody as that with Prince Ferdinand, they flying precipitately, expecting that Prince Ferdinand would cross the Weser after them, and put them between two Fires.—In the last of the abovementioned Letters, it is said that a Messenger was just come in with the News of the Prince of Brunswick's Victory, as above related. Both Letters were wrote by the same Gentleman.

Letters from New-York, dated last Monday, mention two Albany Sloops being just come down, and bring Advice, that General Amherst certainly sailed the Tenth Instant, with 5000 Men, for St. John's.

Monday Evening last this City was illuminated, Bonfires were lighted, and other Demonstrations of Joy shewn, on account of the glorious News of the Reduction of Quebec.

ANNA POLIS, October 25.

A Gentleman came to Town last Saturday Night from York in Virginia, and acquaints us, that the Virginia and Maryland Fleet, then consisting of 39 Merchantmen (which were to be joined by five more, lying at Hampton) sailed from York on Monday the 15th Instant, under Convoy of the Lynn Man of War, WALTER STIRLING, Esq; Their Cargoes are,

12,843 Hogsheads of Tobacco,

304,282 Staves,

1,081 Tons of Iron,

443 Barrels of Turpentine,

682 Barrels of Tar.

With the Fleet went Passengers, Mr. Duncan Campbell, Merchant, of London; and Messieurs George Plater, Edmund Key, and Archibald Buchanan, of this Province.

Extract of a Letter from Pittsburgh, October 2d.

"The Troops here are employed in clearing the most convenient and nearest Roads to the Inhabitants, and erecting a grand Fort, both of which are carried on with the greatest Expedition by the Vigilance of our General; whose Zeal for his Majesty's Service in this Part of America must endear him to every Subject."

Nottingham, October 24, 1759.

JUST IMPORTED from BARBADOS,

A CHOICE Parcel of West-India RUM, to be Sold Wholesale or Retail at Nottingham, for Mr. Hancock Lee, by GEORGE LEE.

THERE is at the Plantation of Joseph Clarke, in Prince-George's County, near Piscataway, taken up as a Stray, a small Grey Mare about 5 Years old; but is neither dock'd nor branded.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Larkin Peirpoint, in Frederick County, on Beaver Creek, taken up as a Stray, a Black Mare, branded on the near Shoulder DC, about 5 Years old, 13½ Hands high, and paces out of Hand.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

LAST GAZETTE [No. 754] completed a Year since I became a Sharer with Mr. GREEN (who is now from Home, on a Journey) in the small Profits accruing therefrom, and as we intend to settle our Accounts once a Year, we shall be under the Necessity of settling our Customers Accounts at the same Time: At which I hope none of them will be offended with

Their humble Servant,

WILLIAM RIND.

N. B. With those Gentlemen who happen to be short of 52 Weeks or a Year, at the above Number 754, it will be the same Thing to them, for they will be charged at the Rate of 12/6 per Year.

THERE is at the Plantation of Dr. Leonard Hollyday, in Calvert County, taken up as a Stray, a Mare about 12 Hands high, she has a small Blaze in her Face, one of her hind Feet is white, and branded thus —

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TAKEN

TAKEN up by *Timothy Runck* the first of this Infant *Osobor*, on the Bay Side, *Barren-Island*, a new Boat about 12 Feet Keel, with a Turpentine Bottom, the upper Streak (inside and out) painted red, with a Ring Bolt at each End. The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

October 18, 1759.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. *William Hamilton*, late of *Queen-Anne-Town*, in *Prince-George's County*, Merchant, deceased, are desired to make speedy Payment: And those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be settled and adjusted: For which Purpose, Attendance will be given at the aforesaid Town by *David Craufurd* (who is empowered to receive the same) every Wednesday, from this Time to the first Day of December next. And those whose Accounts are then unpaid, may depend that Suits will be brought against them, by

MARTHA HAMILTON, Administratrix.

To be SOLD by the Commissioners of the Paper-Currency, at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the House of Mr. *William Reynolds*, in *Annapolis*, on Wednesday the 13th of November, being the second Day of *Anne-Arundel County Court*, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon,

THREE LOTS, with a Brick Dwelling-House standing thereon, on the South West Side of *Scotts-Street*, in that Part of the said City called the *New-Town*, late the Estate of *William Cumming*, Esq; deceased, for Current Paper Money.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in *Frederick County*, called *Part of Discovery*, containing Two Hundred and Sixty Eight Acres.

All Persons indebted to the Estate of Captain *Alexander Beall*, deceased, for Negroes sold belonging to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment: And those who have any Demands, are requested to bring them in, that they may be settled, by *SARAH BEALL*, Administratrix, or *PETER BUTLER*, in *Frederick-Town*, Attorney in Fact.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Charles County*, a Convict Servant Man, named *George Goulden*, about 5 Feet 8 or 10 Inches high, of a blackish Complexion, has a large Scar on one of his Arms which reaches from above his Elbow to his Wrist, and wears his own Hair. He had on and took with him, a light colour'd Coat with plain Metal Buttons, a brown Great Coat, a brown Holland Jacket, a Pair of dark colour'd Cloth Breeches, a pretty good Felt Hat, Shoes and Stockings, old Boots, with a Patch on one Side of one of them, a good white Shirt, a large cloudy colour'd Silk Handkerchief, and white Yarn Stockings. He pretends to be a Farrier and Physician, and is supposed to have some Money with him. He took a small Bay Mare, and a Hunting Saddle almost new.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, or secures him so that he may be had again, shall have Forty Shillings, besides what the Law allows, paid by

JAMES SMITH.

RAN away from *Nottingham* in *Prince-George's County*, on the 26th of last Month, a Mulatto Slave named *Cato*; he is a short well-made Fellow, about 32 Years of Age. He had on a Fustian Coat, a Bearskin Jacket, Linen Breeches, a Check Shirt, a Felt Hat, a Pair of Shoes, and Thread Stockings. He had with him a bob Tail white Mare, and a Bridle and Saddle.

Whoever brings him to the Subscriber, living in *Charles County*, shall have Twenty Shillings; and if taken 30 Miles from home, Thirty Shillings, and Ten Shillings for the Mare.

SAMUEL HANSON.

Now in the PRESS,

And will be Published with all convenient Speed,

AN EPHEMERIS for the Year of our LORD 1760. Being Bissextile or Leap-Year. Or, An ALMANACK, containing, &c. &c. Fitted for the Province of Maryland. By *DARIUS MARYLANDER*, Philomath.

IF Mr. *Ralph Remington* be living, he may hear of a considerable Legacy being left to him in England, by applying to *John Jones* in Hampton.

Upper-Marlborough, Sept. 29, 1759.

To be LET for a Term of Years, and Entered on immediately,

A PLANTATION on *Rock-Creek* in *Frederick County*, about 8 Miles from *George-Town* and *Bladenburg*, with Three or Four Hundred Acres of Land adjacent (if the Tenant chooses) extremely proper for Tobacco or Farming: There is a very good Dwelling-House on it, with Offices underneath, and convenient Out Houses, viz. Wash, Milk, and Meat-Houses, Barn, Stable and Tobacco-Houses, with a large Garden and Orchard.

The Subscriber has Land to Let on *Seneca* and *Rock-Creek* for Lives, some few Places settled, and those that will take Plantations out of the Woods, will have the Choice of a large Quantity of Land, and a reasonable Term Rent free.

Likewise some small Tracts of good Land lying in the same County to be Sold. DANIEL CARROLL.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near the Head of *Patapsco River*, a lusty Negro Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, not very black, about 35 Years old, has lost two or three of his Teeth on the right Side of his under Jaw; he can read and write, and it is supposed will endeavour to pass for a Freeman and a Doctor. He had on and took with him, a Country Cloth or Cotton Coat about half worn, an old Osnabrigs Shirt, an old Felt Hat, Osnabrigs Trowsers, new Hempen Roll Ditto, a new Osnabrigs Shirt, and two Pair of Negro Shoes, one of which is cut behind without a Seam in the Quarter.

Whoever brings the said Fellow home, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

A

SAMUEL NORWOOD.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the Premises, for Current Money, on Friday the 26th Day of October, if fair, if not, the next fair Day,

A TRACT of LAND called *Crouch Corn-field*, on the North Side of *Sewern River*, pleasantly situated on the River, and is about 5 Miles from *Annapolis*, containing Four Hundred and Forty-two Acres; whereon are, a new Dwelling-House, 20 by 16, a Kitchen, three Tobacco-Houses, and several other Out-Houses, and two Apple Orchards; it being the late Plantation whereon Mr. *Philip Jones*, deceased, lately lived.

AX

PHILIP PETTIBONE.

SOLOMON JACOBS, TAYLOR, from LONDON,

HEREBY gives Notice, That he carries on that BUSINESS for the Widow *Callaban*, in *Annapolis*; and that all Persons who shall be pleased to employ him, may depend on having their Work done in the best and most fashionable Manner, and at the cheapest Rates.

N. B. He also makes Gold and Silver Laced Waistcoats.

A

ALL Persons indebted to Mr. *James Johnson*, deceased, are desired to settle and pay off their respective Balances to *Robert Couden*, who is empowered to receive and grant Discharges for the same: And those who have any Demands against him, are also requested to bring in their Accounts as the Law directs, that they may be settled.

GEORGE MAXWELL, } Administrators.
ROBERT SWAN, }

JUST IMPORTED,
In the *CATO*, Captain *WALTER MONTGOMRIE*, from LONDON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, in the Store lately kept by *JAMES JOHNSON*, opposite to Mr. *SWAN*'s in *ANNAPOLIS*,

A LARGE Assortment of European and East-India GOODS, by Wholesale or Retail, at reasonable Rates.

As also, *Barbados Rum* by the Hoghead or Gallon, *Muscovado Sugar*, Salt, &c.

X

ROBERT COUDEN.

MONEY for BILLS, or BILLS for MONEY, by STEPHEN BORDLEY.

TO BE RUN FOR,

On the usual Race-Ground at Upper-Marlborough,

ON the First Tuesday of November next, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, carrying Nine Stone, a Purse of THIRTY POUNDS, the best in Three Heats, about Two Miles each Heat.

Messieurs *John Cooke* and *Basil Warring* are to be Judges of the said Race, and to determine all Disputes which may arise thereon.

Each Running Horse to pay Thirty Shillings Entrance Money, and be Entered with Mr. *Benjamin Berry* or Mr. *Benjamin Brooke*, the Day before the Race.

And also to be Run for the Day following, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding (the winning Horse of the First Day Excepted) all the Entrance and what other Money may be made up by Subscription, which, at this Time, is not completed, carrying the same Weight, and on the same Terms, with the Horses of the First Day.

JUST IMPORTED from MADEIRA,
And to be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER in ANNAPOLIS,

A PARCEL of choice WINES.

DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME.

TO BE SOLD,

In Lots of One Hundred Acres, on reasonable Terms,

PART of a Tract of Land, called *Frenchman's Purchase*, containing 2434 Acres, lying near the Temporary Line, on *Marsh-Creek*, whereon is exceeding good Meadow-Ground, and two very good Improvements. For Title and Terms apply to Mr. *William Sparks*, living near the said Land.

And a Tract of Land called *White-Oak Levels*, containing 278 Acres, lying on *Conococheague*, adjoining Mr. *Isaac Baker's* Land, well Timber'd and Water'd, with some good Meadow-Ground, by

RICHARD BROOKE, Executor
of ISAAC BROOKE, Or,
SAMUEL BEALL, junior.

RAN away about the 25th of June, from the Subscriber in *Fairfax County, Virginia*, a likely Country-born Negro Boy, named *Davy*, about 15 Years of Age, has a Scar near his left Eye, speaks fluently, and is very ready in his Replies. Had on an old blue Cotton Coat and Waistcoat, and Leather Breeches: The Coat had plain Brass Buttons, the Waistcoat Horn.

Whoever brings home the said Negro, or secures him in any Goal, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides reasonable Charges, paid by

G. W. FAIRFAX.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Tuesday the 13th of November next, at the House of *William Brown*, in *London-Town*, the following Tracts of LAND, belonging to the Estate of *William Peele*, deceased,

ONE TRACT called *Sympton's Stones*, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called *Huntington*.

One TRACT called *Batchelor's Choice*, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of *Patapsco*, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, survey'd for *Jane Gray*, called *Maiden's Bowser*.

One TRACT called *Poplar Neck*, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

One TRACT called *Mitchell's Addition*, containing 18½ Acres.

Part of a TRACT called *Paddington's Harbour*, containing 100 Acres.

These 3 last Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near *London-Town*.

Also, The late Mr. *Peele's* Dwelling-House, Store, and other Improvements, in *London-Town*, with several unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Persons who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in. And any inclining to Purchase the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to

JAMES MOUAT,
JAMES DICK,
JAMES NICHOLSON, } Executors.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by *JONAS GREEN*, and *WILLIAM RIND*, at the PRINTING-Office, the Sign of the Bible, in *Charles-street*; where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertisements.