

## MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, March 3, 1757.

A LETTER from a Colonel, to a young OFFICER who had just got a Commission in the ARMY.

My very dear Friend,

TAKE this first Opportunity of fulfilling my Promise, by laying before you, what my Age and Experience judge necessary for your well-doing.

You are a Man of Property, and now enlisted to fight the Cause of Freedom, and of That MONARCH who has ever supported it.—You are a Soldier. You are one of those on whom, under God, the Life and Liberty of this Nation depend.—Consider the Dignity of your Station.—Consider the mighty Trust reposed in you. Consider Yourself, and it is scarcely possible you will err in your Conduct.

I am positive as to your personal Courage, for your Soul is humane and tender, and your Tongue is not a Braggard; but as your Behaviour in this new Scene of Life is what I am not so certain of, your Good-nature will excuse a little Advice, and attribute my Trite Maxims, more to the Warmth of my Friendship, than to any Occasion you may have for them.

To be an Officer, there is no Necessity of being inspired with supernatural Talents. Common-Sense, and the Deportment of a Gentleman, are sufficient. The Knowledge of your Duty, and the Military Art, will come with Time and Experience; but a close Application to the Study, is necessary.

The Love of the Soldiers is the Happiness of an Officer; and to gain that Love, the Method is short and easy.—Pay and punish where due, but never strike.—Be free with your Men, but suffer them not to be too free with you. An haughty, overbearing Temper, may indeed inspire them with Fear, but never with Affection. Treat them as Men, and they will respect you as their Officer; but at the same Time, be careful that the Non-commission'd Officers act in the same Manner, and support their proper Authority, on which all Duty and Submission depends.

Endeavour, as much as possible, to keep your Men clean and decent; it gives Spirits, and prevents Drunkenness and Debauchery.—Drop in at their Meals, taste their Victuals, encourage them to keep good Messes, and Reprove where you find them Remiss.

Be assiduous to learn the Exercise of a Soldier, and keep your Men diligent at it, yet so, as not to fatigue them unnecessarily. See that they punctually obey your Commands, but be not too rigorous in trivial Matters. Believe me, the Men soon find out the Genius of their Officers, and will never impose or play Tricks, when they know they cannot do it with Impunity.

Make it a constant Rule to Obey, with Alacrity and Cheerfulness, every Order of your Superiors: Such a Conduct will add to your Reputation, and confirm your Character.

Slander and Scandal sometimes insinuate themselves into Camps, and too frequently attack the most Deserving. Let me beg of you to turn the deaf Ear to evil Report, and not be speedily prejudiced against any Man, much less your Commanders.

If an Officer need not have all the Wisdom of a Privy-Counsellor, he ought, at least, to have that Part that enjoins Secrecy. The Spanish Proverb is good:—In a close Mouth, no Flies enter.—Execute your Orders in Silence, and let not the most distant Hint, of the Conduct of the Army, escape from your Lips or your Pen. Should you know nothing particular, your Words must be mere Conjecture, and, in all Probability, quite wrong. Should a material Circumstance come to your Knowledge, what Infamy must follow your disclosing it!

Company and Cheerfulness are absolutely necessary, but to drink to Excess is inexcusable. The Lives of Thousands depend on the Sobriety of the Officers.—How can a Drunkard guide Men truly, when his own Legs mutiny, and refuse his Command?

Be charitable; be generous according to your Power, but seldom give Money to a Soldier. When you think proper to Reward or Encourage, there are other Ways infinitely more useful to them.

Rise early, and examine your Command; keep them reasonably employ'd, and under the strictest Discipline; but let your own Example keep Pace with your Precepts. Have all your Affairs in so nice and exact an Order, as to be always ready to march at a Moment's Warning. All Men ought to accustom themselves to Regularity, but none requires more than a Soldier.

Your natural good Temper will prevent your giving Offence to any One, and, perhaps, incline you to bear patiently those offered to you; but have a Care, and let what will be the Consequence, permit no Man to Taunt or Insult.—Should the least Particle of Contempt fall on you, quit a Service, where you must do more Harm than Good.

But I have done, and discharged the Office annex'd to Love and Friendship. If my Hints are useless to you, perhaps you may know those to whom they may be of Service.

I send you my old faithful Companion Monsieur de Feuquieres. Read him carefully, for he is able to instruct. I likewise send you Polibius, with the Annotations of Monsieur de Follard.

You find I am an old Fellow by my long-winded Tale; but I shall appear more so, when you consider I end, (where I ought to have begun) by recommending to you, the Service of GOD, and Obedience to his Ordinances. A Righteous and a Godly Life is the best Preparative for Death. Though all ought, yet none should be more ready to obey that Call than a Soldier.—His Life is every Instant, in a peculiar Manner at Stake.—Think on this frequently, and your Duty to GOD and Man will certainly follow.—I resign you into his Hands, and most fervently pray him to crown your Cause with Victory, and to continue his Mercy to this Land to latest Posterity.

I am,

Your very affectionate and  
Very faithful Servant.

P A R I S, October 4.

The following is the Preamble to the late Remonstrance of the Parliament of Paris to their Sovereign.

S I R E,

HOW happy would Princes and Nations be, if the Throne was inaccessible to Lies, and if Truth alone had the Privilege to approach it! But through a Fatality of which the Examples are but too common, all the Passions conspire to envelope in the darkest Clouds that Light which ought to enlighten and direct the Sovereign in the Administration of that Justice which he is specially charged to do his Subjects. Even in the Times of Paganism, those illustrious Emperors, who had nothing in View but to immortalise their Names among Men, were intimately persuaded that the principal Interest of a Sovereign was to make Truth come freely to him. How watchful were they, against the false Zeal of Informers, the Poison of Flatterers, and the Insinuations of Liars, dressed in the Liveries of Honesty and Sincerity! And yet they did not always escape the Traps and Snares laid for them.

Permit us Sire, on this Occasion, to cite the Confession of one of the ablest Monarchs that ever

filled the Throne of the Cæsars. He was indeed an Enemy to our Religion; but Truth ceases not to be true in the Mouth of a Persecutor. Discleian, after he had abdicated the Empire, perceiving in his Retirement Part of the Faults he had been induced to commit during a Reign of twenty Years, used to say to his Friends, "Nothing is more difficult than to govern well. Four or five Persons in league together deceive the Sovereign. They shew him Things in the Light that suits their own Views. The Prince immured in his Palace, cannot of himself discern the Truth: He knows nothing but what they tell him: He gives Employments to those who ought not to be about him; and he turns out the very Man whom he ought to retain: In a Word, in spite of the most upright Intentions, in spite of all his Precautions, the best of Princes is betrayed and sold; he becomes the Sport and the Victim of Men who conceal the Truth from him."

Your Parliament, Sire, owe you this precious Truth, so rare, so much a Stranger in Palaces. They present it to you without Fear, because they know you cherish it. As often as it has made its Way to you, the Homages which your Majesty paid to it have covered you with a Glory still more immortal than the Laurels which Victory has crowned you with. There is more Magnanimity in submitting to Truth, than in subduing the World. How criminal would your Parliament be, if at this Conjunction they disguised it? Perhaps it never was more necessary, for the Interest of your Authority, and for the Support of public Order in your Kingdom, to tell you the Truth without any Disimulation. This is the Object of the most humble and most respectful Remonstrance which we have the Honour to bring to the Foot of your Throne.

Paris, November 1. The Trouble and Expence of our late Armaments are sufficiently recompensed by the Conquest of Minorca and the taking of Oswego, and in general we have abundant Reason to be satisfied with our Situation Abroad; but Affairs at Home give us no small Uneasiness. The Division between the Clergy and Parliament, which, instead of being healed up, grows every Day worse and worse; and the Complaints concerning the Administration of the Finances, are such important and serious Objects, that it is feared all the Attention of our Ministry will scarce be sufficient to calm our domestic Troubles, and extinguish the Flames of a War Abroad.

Paris, Nov. 5. The Port-Mahon Privateer has carried into Brest, the Lady, an English Ship, of 160 Tons, bound to Philadelphia. She had on board, among other Things, 12 Cannon, and some Arms, for a Privateer sitting out at New-York.

Frankfort, Nov. 5. The Retreat of his Prussian Majesty into Saxony, and his Departure from thence for Berlin, is attributed to the March of the Russians; and it is whispered, that Monarch will appear to have taken his Measures as wisely for the Defence of his own Country, as for disconcerting the Project of Count Bruhl. In the mean Time, there is nothing more certain than that an Army of Observation is forming in the Empire, which may possibly facilitate a Negotiation for restoring Peace.

Paris, Nov. 8. Ship-building is now carried on at Brest with more Vigour than ever. 'Tis computed that next Spring the Armament at this Place will be as formidable to the English as it was in the Reign of Louis XIV. and that the Port of Dunkirk, which is repairing with the utmost Expedition, will molest them in as great a Degree as it did heretofore.

The Court hath received Advice, that the Russians were in Courland the 6th of October; so that at this Time they ought to be in Prussia.



*Camp at Budin, Nov. 5.* As the Prussians retired from Bohemia, General Hadick always followed and harassed them. He has taken many Prisoners, and a great deal of Baggage. The Defection of the Enemy is greater than ever.

*Vienna, Nov. 16.* Our august Sovereign has claimed in all the Forms the Succour of the Germanic Body, by Virtue of the Guarantee of the Pragmatic Sanction, and Treaty of Dresden. Her Majesty hath also claimed the Assistance of the Crowns of France and Sweden, as Guarantees of the Peace of Westphalia. The Grand Signior has permitted our Court to purchase 4000 Horses for remounting the Cavalry.

*Paris, November 19.* When the Men of War at Rochfort join those at Brest, there will be in that Port a Fleet of 31 large Ships completely armed, and 12 Frigates. The India Company are fitting out 14 Ships at Port L'Orient, half of which will be armed Vessels. They are to be escorted to a certain Latitude by a Squadron of Men of War. That Company's Advice Frigate is at length put to Sea with a fair Wind.

*Paris, Nov. 20.* The Court being very minutely advised of the Designs of the English, have given Orders for a new Embarkation of Troops and Ammunition, which will set out for Canada early in the Spring; very positive Advice having been received, that a Plan of Operations is concerted, wherein an Attempt upon Quebec, by Way of the River St. Laurence, is projected, in Concurrence with the Attack on Crown-Point at the same Time, by the Troops of the Colonies.

*Madrid, Nov. 23.* The Squadron which went out upon a Cruise under the Command of Don Pedro Steward, is put into Carthagena, and is actually disarming. The Sailors on board have Leave to go home, but are forbid entering into the Service of any other Power.

Complaint being made by several of the Commanders of the Spanish Ships trading upon the Coast of France, that they were taken by English Men of War and other armed Ships, and carried into British Ports without any just Cause for so doing, to the great Damage of the Owners, and contrary to the Tenor of the Treaty of 1667, subsisting between the two Crowns; which have been represented to his Majesty the King of Great-Britain as well from Sir Benjamin Keene, as Monf. d'Abren, charged with the Affairs of Spain at the Court of London, his Britannic Majesty desirous of giving the most convincing Proofs of the Regard he paid to whatever came represented to him from his Catholic Majesty, has been pleased to direct all Commanders of Men of War or armed Ships for the future, to be more circumspect, and not to interrupt or molest the Navigation of the Subjects of Spain, nor to detain the Shipping to them belonging, or to misuse any Person or Persons on board of them on any Account or Pretence whatsoever, unless they have contraband Goods or Effects on board. The King expressed the highest Satisfaction on receiving this Answer; and that the more, as he looks upon it as a fresh Proof of the Friendship of his Britannic Majesty; nothing being more agreeable to the King than what tends to the Welfare and Advantage of his faithful Subjects, whom he loves with a most paternal Affection.

*Paris, Dec. 9.* They write from Cadiz, that the Lion, in her Voyage home from the South-Seas, discovered an unknown Land. This Vessel was then in 54 Degrees and 48 Minutes South Latitude. She coasted the Land about 25 or 30 Leagues, which seemed to be of such prodigious Height so as to be seen in fine clear Weather at 60 Leagues Distance.

The Destination of the Squadron of six Men of War which sailed from Brest the 24th ult. is variously talked of. Some say that it is gone to the Coast of Guinea; others say, to the Coast of Coromandel; and some will have it that it is gone to the West-Indies. There are three other Squadrons at Brest, one of which consisting of five Ships of the Line and two Frigates, will sail in a few Days under the Command of M. de Beaufremont. The second of three Ships of the Line, is commanded by M. Dache. The fitting out of this Fleet is forwarded with all possible Dispatch. The third six Ships of the Line, commanded by the Chevalier de Foligny, will wait in the Harbour for Orders. M. Perrier is expected from St. Domingo, with four Ships of the Line, and two Frigates. Besides all these, we shall be able to fit out by the End of next Month a Squadron of 19 Ships from 60 to 80 Guns, and 8 Frigates from 30 to 40, without including the Guarda-Costas, which amount to 25, and without

reckoning what are to be careened or sent into Dock. Such is the present State of the combined Forces of Brest and Rochfort.

In the last War we were greatly distressed for Ship-Guns; but this Article is by the present Measures of our Ministry amply supplied at present. According to Letters from Brest of the first Instant, the Forges for Cannon are in the best Order; and there are now twenty Machines erected for boring Cannon after the excellent Method of Mr. Maritz. There have been sent to Brest 101 Cannon Thirty-six Pounders; 122 Twenty-four Pounders; 11 of Eighteen; 68 of Twelve; 134 of Eight; 23 of Six; and 30 Four Pounders; 291 more are to be sent to Brest, and there will still remain 497 at Rochfort.

*Paris, Dec. 13.* It is rumoured that M. Perrier de Salvert hath taken Jamaica: But this wants Confirmation.

#### L O N D O N, December 14.

On the 9th Instant, was brought into Plymouth, by the Torbay, Captain Campbell, the Royal Chariot, from Rochfort, for Canada, a Frigate of 36 Guns, and 144 Men, laden with all Sorts of Stores.

There is also brought in the Union Sophie, from Quebec for Rochfort, with 106 English Soldiers of Oswego, on board.

We hear that 54,000 Men will be employed in the Sea Service for the Year 1757.

Yesterday it was reported that M. Perrier de Salvert, with six Men of War from Martinico, have got into Brest. The Ships much shattered, and the Crews very sickly.

*December 21.* The Royal Chariot, taken by the Torbay, has Cloathing on board for the whole Garrison of Louisbourg, and is near 800 Tons Burthen.

*Dec. 23.* 'Tis reported there will be in six Weeks or two Months 40 Sail of Men of War at Spithead, to divide into Squadrons.

The Hessians have broke up their Camp, and are gone to be quartered at Winchester, Salisbury and Southampton.

*Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, December 21.*

"Rear Admiral Coates will soon go to the West-Indies in the Terrible, with a large Squadron of Men of War, Commodore Stevens with another Squadron to the East-Indies, and Rear-Admiral Norris and Commodore Holmes to America with another. Remain the Admirals Osborne, Smith, Mostyn, and Norris, with 34 Sail of Men of War and Sloops."

The Duke d'Aumont Privateer, of Boulogne, of 14 Guns, and 150 Men, is lost near the Old-Head at Kinsale, but the Crew are saved.

Tuesday Morning Admiral Byng set out from Greenwich, under a Guard of a Troop of Horse, for Portsmouth.

A Ship from St. Domingo, Burthen 300 Tons, Capt. Le Touch, and a Vessel, Name unknown, from Nantz, to the West-Indies, are taken by the Harwich Man of War, and carried into Lisbon.

The Right Hon. Mr. Secretary Pitt, continues so ill of the Gout, that he was not able to give his Attendance Yesterday at the House, in which was to be introduced a Motion of the greatest Importance.

We hear the Betts at White's are, that Admiral Byng, notwithstanding the Pains taken to whitewash him, will meet with his Deserts.

*Extract of a Letter from on board the Royal George Privateer, Capt. Reid. Portsmouth, Nov. 6.*

"We are arrived here, and brought in a large Merchantman bound from St. Domingo for Bourdeaux, we do not reckon her at less than 40,000*l*. I can assure you she was dearly purchased, bravely fought, and as bravely defended. When we first bore down upon her we imagined her Force, and were soon convinced of it by a warm Broadside, which killed our Gunner, and some of our People: However, to it we went, and continued to engage her four Hours, Yard-arm and Yard-arm. great Part of the Time, before she struck. We are now safe in this Port, and it is well we are, being little better than a Wreck either of us: The Prize's Main-mast shot away. We have both of us shot between Wind and Water, and our Sails and Rigging are so maul'd that we must remain where we are. The Prize mounted 22 Guns, chiefly nine Pounders. We had 13 Men killed, and our Master's Mate has lost his Leg. The Prize had four Men killed in the Engagement, and six wounded, who are since dead. She came from St. Domingo in Company with six more, which were separated from her in a hard Gale of Wind."

*Edinburgh, Dec. 14.* The Magistrates and Merchants House of the City of Glasgow have offered a Reward of 10*l*. Sterling for each thousand Bushels of the first twenty thousand Bushels of sound Indian Corn imported from America on or before the first of August, for the Use of the Poor of that City.

*Deal, Dec. 11.* His Majesty's Ship Centaur is arrived here from a Cruise, with a French Privateer belonging to Havre de Grace, of 10 Guns, and 56 Men.

*Whitehall, Dec. 10.* The King has been pleased to order Letters Patent to be passed the Great Seal of the Kingdom of Ireland, containing a Grant of the Dignity of a Baron of that Kingdom unto Sir William Blakeney, Knight of the Bath, Lieutenant General of his Majesty's Forces, and his Heirs Male, by the Name, Style, and Title of Baron Blakeney, of Castle Blakeney, in the County of Galway.

*Gosport, Nov. 16.* Yesterday arrived at Spithead his Majesty's Ship Dover, and has brought in a French Cutter Privateer, mounted with eight Carriage Guns, and four in the Hold, which they took Yesterday Morning in Sight of the Isle of Wight. The Privateer carried 70 Men, two of whom were killed, and three wounded, and had been off the Stocks but ten Days. The Captain of her said, he did not think, as she was a prime Sailer, that any of our Sloops of War could touch her.

#### B O S T O N, February 7.

Last Monday Evening the Ship King George, a Privateer belonging to this Place, completely fitted and mann'd, in coming to sail from Nantasket Road to proceed on her Cruise, unfortunately ran upon some Rocks, not far distant from the Shore; and 'tis said, she is since stove all to Pieces, and some Part of the Provisions and Stores lost; but the Mens Lives saved.

Captain Hopkins, in a Privateer belonging to Providence, in Rhode-Island Government, has taken and sent in there a French Snow of 150 Tons, laden with Wine, Oil, and Bale Goods, said to be very valuable.

#### WILLIAMSBURG, January 21.

On Wednesday arrived in this City from Fort Cumberland, a Party of the Catawba Warriors, who have been some Time with our Forces on the Frontiers. On the 28th of December, on their Way down, they met a Party of Cherokees at Fort Washington, where they received each other with the greatest Marks of Friendship: After smoking a Pipe round, the Head Warrior of the Cherokees desired the Head Warrior of the Catawbas to give him an Account of their late Rout, which being done, they called for Liquor, drank King George's Health, and the Head Warriors of each Nation, and then proceeded to dancing, concluding the whole with a grand War Dance. About 12 o'Clock next Day, they had a Conference, when the Cherokee Warrior spoke as follows:—*Brothers the Catawbas, My Heart is glad to see you, and especially for your great Escape: I am heartily concerned for our two Brothers who have been killed by the Shawnee, and for those brave Men of our great Father's, whose Courage you speak much of; but I am now going to War, and will revenge their Deaths; our Tomahawks are at present bright and sharp, but soon shall be stained with the Blood of our Enemies: I am determined not to return until I get a Scalp, or lose some of my own Men. I would rather never return to my own Nation, than to go back with all my Men and no Scalps. I was sorry to hear you was gone out, as I wanted to see your Men and mine use the Tomahawk together, and fight like true Brothers; however I hope to see that shortly, for you tell me you are going to my Head Warrior, to let him know how the Catawbas love the English, at the same Time to present him with a Belt of Wampum, sent by Col. Washington; I am sure he will receive it in his Heart, for he loves the English. You tell me you will be here in six Moons: When you go to my Nation, I beg you will stay somewhat longer than you now intend, as I may have the Pleasure to see you there. I will use all my Endeavours to bring with me a great many Warriors, and will accompany you to the Catawba Nation. I wish you safe Home, and tell your great Warrior that I hope his Heart and my great Warrior's Heart are knit together, and will always continue to love the English.*

The Head Warrior of the Catawbas then replied:—*Brothers the Cherokees, I am glad to meet you going to War, and wish we could have gone together; as for your Concern for the brave English and Catawbas who have been killed by our Enemy,*

*I do not in the least regret another Season of the utmost Difficulties and the great Mountains in a fresh Enemy; but I know Cherokees can support themselves. The Cherokees are brave, and nourished by the Indians are small Trees, and never will grow if we use the French Tomahawk to cut a large Tree, it may chop; we use this sharp one given us by the English, and cut down the large Tree. They are many, but too strong for them. I have told me to my great glad to hear from and especially acting in Conjunction with you Success, Brothers at the Catawba Nation.*

#### N E W - Y O R K

Last Monday Night, Captain from Honduras Bay. On he spoke with the Privateer Richard Haddon, Commanded then had in Company with Brig, which he had taken bound from Mississippi, Lumber, which he intended Jamaica. On the 7th of don took a French Schooner Cuba, with some Spaniards the Vessel being of little the Prisoners, first taking and some Gold, with a Small-Arms.

Extract of a Letter from to his Friend in New-Y

"Ten Regiments more who are to embark in 1000 Harris and Commodore F have the Command of a E—the French Privateer our Merchantmen lately, theirs;—the brave A every Day from Gibraltar down to Portsmouth, under Horse, in order to take his withstanding the Pains he will meet with his De was at Dresden the 22 bear that Count Brown that he detached in order Prussian Army, on Acton Weather."

A Letter from Captain the Privateer Brig Ma Philadelphia, February here.

"I cruized to the of Bermuda, and on it in the Latitude of Berm about nine o'Clock in to the Westward, to wh her to be a French Merc we came near her, tha thought it no longer p cluded to put the Vessel ward of her, if possibl readily discover her. Fo fresh, the other Vessel fired over us several Vessel from the Wind, set; but to no Purpose, us, and we were obli thirty Shot from her. Frigate, called the Ze, 12 Pounders, and tweried 400 Men, comma bound from Martinico Day of December, in the Frigate fell in wi to New-York, from C last her Fore and Ma this Condition she was som'd her for 500*l*. am safe arrived in

#### PHILADEL

On Thursday Mo the House of Mr. E entirely consumed and four of his Cl One of his Daught three Stories high, received little Hurt was killed. The Snow lying on the a



I do not in the least doubt, I could wish it another Season of the Year, as you will find the utmost Difficulties and Hardships in marching over the great Mountains in Snow, and to attack a fresh Enemy; but I know the Bravery of the Cherokeees can support themselves under any Inconveniences. The Cherokeees and Catawbas are great Trees, and nourished by the English; the French Indians are small Trees, and nourished by the French, and never will grow if we use the English Hatchet: The French Tomahawk is dull, and cannot cut down a large Tree, it may chop; therefore, Brothers, let us use this sharp one given us by our Brothers the English, and cut down these Trees before they are too large. They are many, but weak; we are few, but too strong for them. I will impart whatever you have told me to my great Warrior, and will be glad to hear from and always love, the Cherokeees, especially acting in Conjunction with the English. I wish you Success, Brother, and hope to see you at the Catawba Nation.

NEW-YORK, February 14.

Last Monday Night, Captain Sarly arrived here from Honduras Bay. On the 27th of December, he spoke with the Privateer Schooner Peggy, Richard Haddon, Commander, of this Port, who then had in Company with him a large French Brig, which he had taken some Time before, bound from Mississippi, for St. Domingo, with Lumber, which he intended to carry down to Jamaica. On the 7th of December, Capt. Haddon took a French Schooner off the East End of Cuba, with some Spaniards and Irish on board; the Vessel being of little Value he gave her to the Prisoners, first taking out 6000 Pieces of 8, and some Gold, with a few Great Guns and Small-Arms.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, to his Friend in New-York, Dec. 23, 1756.

"Ten Regiments more are ordered for America, who are to embark in February; Rear Admiral Norris and Commodore Holmes, are 'tis said, to have the Command of a Fleet destined for America; the French Privateers have taken several of our Merchantmen lately, as we have also done of theirs; the brave Admiral Hawke is expected every Day from Gibraltar; and Mr. Byng is gone down to Portsmouth, under a Guard of a Troop of Horse, in order to take his Tryal, and we hope, notwithstanding the Pains taken to white-wash him, he will meet with his Deserts; his Prussian Majesty was at Dresden the 22d of November; and we hear that Count Brown had recalled the Hussars that he detached in order to harass the Rear of the Prussian Army, on Account of the Severity of the Weather."

A Letter from Captain Pell, late Commander of the Privateer Brig Mary, of this Port; dated at Philadelphia, February 3, 1757; to the Owners here.

"I cruized to the Northward and Eastward of Bermuda, and on the 20th Day of December, in the Latitude of Bermuda, 29 Degrees Eastward, about nine o'Clock in the Morning we saw a Sail to the Westward, to which we gave Chase, judging her to be a French Merchantman; but finding, when we came near her, that she steered towards us, we thought it no longer prudent to chase her, so concluded to put the Vessel about, and to get to Windward of her, if possible; that we might the more readily discover her Force: But the Wind blowing fresh, the other Vessel out sailed us, came up, and fired over us several Times. We then try'd our Vessel from the Wind, and got all our small Sails set; but to no Purpose, as at Length she overhauled us, and we were obliged to strike, after receiving thirty Shot from her. She proved a large French Frigate, called the Zephyr, of 30 Guns, viz. eight 12 Pounders, and twenty-two 9 Pounders; and carried 400 Men, commanded by Letutch Treveal, and bound from Martinico to Rochfort. On the 26th Day of December, in Lat. 41. N. Long. 45. West, the Frigate fell in with a large English Ship, bound to New-York, from Cork, in great Distress, having lost her Fore and Main-Masts 5 Days before. In this Condition she was made a Prize of, and I ran som'd her for 500l. Sterling; and with her am safe arrived in this Harbour."

PHILADELPHIA, February 24.

On Thursday Morning last a Fire broke out in the House of Mr. Duncan, in New-York, which entirely consumed the same; and in it his Wife and four of his Children were burnt to Death. One of his Daughters jumped out of a Window three Stories high, but being caught by two Men, received little Hurt, and a Nurse following her, was killed. The Morning being very wet, the Snow lying on the adjoining Houses, and the ready

Affistance of the Inhabitants, kept the Fire from spreading, so that there is little Damage done but to the House it began in.

On Friday last Captain Condy arrived here from St. Christophers, by whom we have the following Advices, viz. That about the 16th or 18th of last Month, eight Sail of English Privateers sailed from that Port, in order to attack the Island of St. Bartholomew, Captain Cook, in the Cicero, of New-York, Commodore: That they got there the Day after they set out, and immediately attacked and took the Place: That in the Engagement a Sloop belonging to New-London, Captain Gale, accidentally blew up, by which 18 of his Men, and as many of Captain Cook's were killed: That they took in the Harbour three French Privateers, and brought them to St. Christophers: That three of our Privateers were left to take Care of the Place, Captain Cook having erected an 8 Gun Battery in the Harbour, of the Guns which belonged to Captain Gale's Sloop: That Captain Cook received a slight Wound in the Arm, and several of the Enemy were killed: That our Privateers in general behaved well: That the Commodore had returned to St. Christophers in a fine French Privateer Schooner he had taken before the Engagement, and was gone to Antigua to receive the General's Orders relating to St. Bartholomew: That the French had received Advice from the Dutch of the Design of our Privateers against them the Night before they arrived, and had got the Guns of one of their Privateers ashore, in order to erect a Battery: And that the Inhabitants on the French Part of St. Martins, expecting an Attack, had left their Habitations, and carried their Effects to the Dutch Quarter. The taking of the above Island must be of great Service to our Trade, as it was a general Rendezvous for French Privateers, and has a fine Harbour, in which Vessels may ride safely in any Hurricane.

Captain Condy further advises, that Captain Adney, in a St. Christophers Privateer, had taken a French one, of four Carriage, and six Swivel Guns, with a Prize Sloop she had with her, and brought them into that Island: That Captain Bishop, in another Privateer of St. Christophers, had taken a French Sloop bound from Martinico to St. Eustatia, and sent her in there: And that a Snow belonging to Barbados, had been taken by the French, but re-taken by Captain Cook, of the same Island, and carried into St. Christophers.

We learn from New-York, that Lord Loudoun arrived there from Boston on Sunday last, and was to set out for this City some Time this Week.

ANNAPOLIS, March 3.

We hear, that a certain great Personage, ever solicitous for the Advancement of his Majesty's Service, has been entertained, in his Progress to the Northward in the late inclement Season, with the utmost Respect; and, which was infinitely more agreeable to him, found the greatest Unanimity and Zeal for the Common Cause among the People. It is hoped that his Prudence and Authority will heal the unhappy Animositities which are said to subsist in a neighbouring populous and opulent Colony. It is generally expected that the next Assembly will be a very important One; and that the Members are determined to give their Attendance, notwithstanding the late Prevalence of the Small-Pox; as a Failure in this Respect, may be productive of great Inconveniencies to their Country at this Time.

We have an Account, that Capt. Joseph Richardson, in the Ship Lux, who sail'd from hence last Fall, for London, loaded with Tobacco, is taken by the French, and carried into Morlaix.

And that Capt. Serjeant, in the Ship Horatio (belonging to this Province) on his Passage from St. Eustatia for Amsterdam, or Rotterdam, was lost in the Texel; but have no Account how it fared with the Crew.

This Year, Two Ewes belonging to Mr. Ninian Tannibill, at Rock-Creek, brought Two Lambs each; one of them Ean'd her second Lamb Three Weeks after the first; and the other Eleven Days after her first.

The General Assembly of this Province are to meet here on Thursday the 10th Instant.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, Enter'd,

Sloop Lena, J. Lawrence, from St. Augustine.

Cleared for Departure,

Sloop Elizabeth, Edmund Rutland, for Virginia; Schooner Deborah's Adventure, John McCaull, for Virginia.

## WILLIAM FARIS,

WATCH-MAKER, from PHILADELPHIA,

At his Shop near the Church, next Door to Mr. Wallace's, in Church-Street, ANNAPOLIS,

CLEANS and REPAIRS all Sorts of WATCHES and CLOCKS, as well and neat as can be done in any Part of America: And takes the same Prices for his Work as are taken in Philadelphia.

He also makes CLOCKS, either to Repeat or not, or to go either Eight Days or Thirty, as the Purchaser shall fancy, as good as can be made in London, and at reasonable Prices. And all Gentlemen who shall be pleased to employ him, may depend on having their Work done with all possible Dispatch, by Their humble Servant,

WILLIAM FARIS.

### JUST IMPORTED,

In the Sloop ANTHONY, from NEW-YORK, now lying at Kent-Island, JOHN ANDERSON Commander, and to be Sold by the Subscriber on board the said Sloop, and at Mr. Middleton's in Annapolis, at very reasonable Rates,

CORNER CUP-BOARDS, Square Tables, Bureaus, Desks, Card and Tea Tables, all made of Mahogany: Likewise, Loaf-Sugar, Powder Ditto, Coffee, Claret, Salt, and Rum.

GEORGE PATTEN.

DESERTED from Fort-Frederick, on the 22d of February, in the Evening, the two following Persons, viz.

Philip Connelly, aged 28 Years, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, of a brown Complexion, and was born in St. Mary's County, Maryland: He had on when he went away, a red Coat and Breeches (the Sleeves of his Coat turn'd up with black) and white Metal Buttons, a new Felt Hat, and a new white Shirt; and is supposed to have carried another with him.

Aaron Holfworth, aged 20 Years, 5 Feet 3 Inches and  $\frac{1}{2}$  high, of a brown Complexion, a Cutler by Trade, was born in England, and served his Time at Mr. Snowden's Iron-Works: His Dress is the same with Connelly's. They have carried their Arms with them.

Whoever will take up the said Deserters, and bring them to Fort-Frederick, or secure them so that they may be brought to the Fort, shall have a Pistole Reward for each Man, paid by

JOSHUA BEALL.

DESERTED from a Recruiting Party at Joppa, in Baltimore County, belonging to the 44th Regiment, commanded by Major-General Abercrombie, the two following Soldiers, viz.

Morris Dickson, 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, slender made, of a fair Complexion, thin Visage, and was born near the Forks of Patuxent. And,

William Greenwood, 21 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 Inches and  $\frac{1}{2}$  high, well-made, of a fair Complexion, has a round Face, and was born in Prince-George's County.

Whoever will take up the said Deserters, and bring them to Annapolis, or commit them to any Goal within this Province, and give Notice thereof to Lieutenant Greenfield at Annapolis, shall have Two Pistoles Reward for each.

THERE is at the Plantation of Philip Finch, near Kittockian Creek, in Frederick County, taken up as Strays,

A low Squat Bay Mare, branded M on the Shoulders and Buttocks, and is about 7 Years old.

And, A Black Mare Colt, about 2 Years old. The Owner may have them again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of James Wilkenson, near Col. Ridgely's, in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a large Flea-bitten Mare, a natural Pacer, has a Scar on the off Side her under Lip, and branded on the near Shoulder HR, join'd in one.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Possession of John Flatbush, at the Sugar-Lands in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a Bright Bay Horse, about 12 Hands and  $\frac{1}{2}$  high, has a small Star in his Face, and some Saddle Spots on his Back, is about 12 or 14 Years old, and branded on the off Buttock thus  $\infty$  and on the near Buttock something like an R. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.



THE Subscribers having been a long Time confined for Debt in *Anne-Arundel* County Goal, and not having wherewith to redeem their Bodies, hereby give Notice, That they intend to apply to the next General Assembly for an Act for their Relief.

RICHARD BEARD,  
WILLIAM MATHERLY,  
JAMES WELSH,  
THOMAS WEBB,  
JOHN BATEMAN,  
JAMES CANN.

*Annapolis, February 24, 1757.*  
NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subscriber will give constant Attendance at his Office, in *Annapolis*, every Wednesday and Thursday, before the 10th of April next, to receive all Money due from the Inhabitants of *Anne-Arundel* County for Public Levies, &c. And as sundry Persons are indebted for Quit-Rents and the Land-Tax for the Year 1756, this is to desire them to come and pay without Loss of Time, which will prevent Expence and Trouble to themselves. And all Persons concerned are to take Notice, that the 25th Day of March is the Time appointed by Law to pay the Half Year's Land-Tax, as well as his Lordship's Quit-Rents; and the 29th of September for the other Half Year of each. Also all the Retailers and private Consumers are desired to take Notice, that they are required by Law to make Payment by the 20th Day of March next. Compliance with the above, will greatly oblige  
JOHN RAITT, Sheriff, Collector and Receiver of *Anne-Arundel* County.

ALL Persons who have any Claims against the Estate of Mr. *Humphry Batt*, late of *Prince-George's* County, deceased, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted and paid: And all Persons indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make speedy Payment, to  
JAMES TRUMAN GREENFIELD, Executor.

*Somerset County, February 17, 1757.*  
COMMITTED to my Custody, and now in the Goal of this County, a Man who says his Name is *Thomas Buda*, and confesses that he is a Deserter from the Regiment late *Dunbar's*.  
WILLIAM ALLEN, Sheriff.

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Hays*, in *Frederick* County, near the *Sugar-Loaf-Mountain*, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Mare, about 12 Hands high, has a small Star in her Forehead, and branded on the near Thigh with an I.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Daniel McCoy*, near *Anti-Eatam*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Brown Mare, about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with an M, and on the near Shoulder with a U, and has one small Saddle Spot.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THOMAS WARD, PERUKE-MAKER, At the Sign of the White Peruke, at the West End of BALTIMORE-TOWN,

CARRIES on his Business of WIG-MAKING, as usual; notwithstanding the false Report spread in November past to his great Prejudice, by some evil-minded Persons, That he had left the Province. This is therefore to acquaint the Public, that he has a great Parcel of choice English HAIRS, and will furnish those Gentlemen, who have bespoke Wigs of him, in different Parts of the Country, as soon as he can possibly get them done; and (having left off the Shaving Business of the Town) will make Wigs of any Sort with all possible Care and Dispatch, for any Gentlemen who may Favour with their Custom,  
Their humble Servant,  
THOMAS WARD.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Henry Harrison*, junior, in *Calvert* County, near the Rev. Mr. *Williamson's* Church, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse Colt, branded with a C, and has a Blaze in his Face; but is neither dock'd nor cut. The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THE Second Edition, of a VOYAGE into the SOUTH SEAS (advertised in the *Philadelphia* Papers last Summer) is now Printed, and the Books are Binding: And as there are some few Copies more Printed, than are subscribed for, those who are inclinable, may yet subscribe, either with the Author, JOHN BULKELEY, Gunner of the *Wager* Man of War when she was lost, or at the PRINTING-OFFICE in *Annapolis*. The Price a Dollar, one Half at subscribing, the other at the Delivery of the Book. In this second Edition, there is about 130 Pages more than were in the First, never before Published.

N. B. None will be to dispose of but what are subscribed for.

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Brashears*, in *Frederick* County, on *Bennett's* Creek, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Horse, with a long Star in his Forehead; but is neither dock'd or branded.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Davis*, near the Head of *South River*, two Pied Steers, marked in the right Ear a Hole and a Crop, and in the Left an upper Square; and likewise a Brown Cow, with the same Marks.

The Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

*Alexandria, February 11, 1757*  
For SALE,

FOUR CARRIAGE GUNS, Six Pounds. Any Person that inclines to purchase, may know the Terms by applying to  
WILLIAM RAMSAY.

*Queen's-Town, February 8, 1757.*

ALL Persons who have any just Claims against the Estate of Capt. *David Alexander*, late of *Talbot* County, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted: And all Persons who are indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make speedy Payment, to  
ANTHONY M'CULLOCH, Administrator.

Charles Dutens, Jeweller,

From LONDON, Has Removed from Market-street, to the RING and DOVE, in Second-street, Opposite to the Sign of the George near Arch-street, PHILADELPHIA,

CONTINUES to make all Sorts of JEWELLER'S WORK; and having procured Workmen of different Branches, such as Snuff-Box-Maker, Watch-Cases, all Sorts of Trinkets, Chasing and Lapidary Work; and having likewise purchased various Kinds of Florida Shells, Tortoise, and Panama, fit for Snuff-Boxes, any Gentlemen desiring it, may be supplied with curious and humorous Emblems, with Mottos engraved on the said Shell-Boxes. Those Gentlemen and Ladies, who are pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on Care and Dispatch, by  
Their humble Servant,  
CHARLES DUTENS.

N. B. He gives the best Price for white, purple, and brown Chrysal, or any other precious Stones, as Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, &c.

IF Mr. John Frederick Prigg, who came into this Country some Years since, from *Copenhagen*, and whose Father lives in that Place, be now alive, and will apply to Mr. Michael Earle, of Cecil County, he will hear of something very satisfactory.

THE Subscriber intending for London the ensuing Summer, requests all Persons indebted to him to come and make Payment, or settle their Accounts by Note, or Bond: And those who have any just Demands against him, are desired to come and receive Payment of the same.

JAMES WARDROP.

TO BE SOLD,



A Well-fitted SCHOONER, about Three Years old, which will carry about 2250 Bushels of Grain.

Any Persons inclinable to Purchase, may apply to *Stephen Steward* at *West-River*, or *Calmore* *Beanes* at *Nottingham*.

*Alexandria, January 16, 1757.*  
WANTED,



A SLOOP or SCHOONER, (rather the latter) that will carry about 4000 Bushels of Grain. We would not choofe her to be above a Year old. Or, we would willingly purchase a HULL now on the Stocks, and near finished.

Any Person having such to Dispose of may apply to  
CARLYLE and DALTON.

A SOBER MAN, that has no Family, and understands the TANNING and CURRYING BUSINESS, may meet with good Encouragement, by being taken into a convenient Tan-Yard, either as a Partner, or on Wages, by applying to *Thomas Hyde*, in *Annapolis*.

WANTED,

A SOBER, honest, single MAN, who understands Writing, and something of Accounts, who can set a Table genteelly, and wait on Gentlemen, in a House. Such an One may hear of good Encouragement by enquiring of the Printer hereof.

*Alexandria, January 15, 1757.*

A PERSON that understands MINING, and will produce Credentials of his Capacity and Integrity, may meet with Employ in a Copper-Mine, by Application to  
WILLIAM RAMSAY.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT of LAND, situate about 3 Miles from *Annapolis*, on the North Side of *Severn*, containing 673 Acres, having a fine Branch running thro' it for near a Mile, very fit for Meadow Land, and about 200 of it good Wood Land. There is on the Plantation a good Dwelling-House, built on a rising Ground, with four Rooms on a Floor, a Barn, Stable, Smoke House, Hen House, &c. a very good Garden, paved Yard, and a good stoned Well; and a very good Orchard: The Title is indisputable.

The Purchaser may have Time for Payment of Part of the Purchase-Money, on giving Security, if required. For Terms apply to  
JOHN CAMPBELL.

N. B. The Purchaser may likewise be supplied with Stock of all Kinds, and Plantation Utensils. Likewise to be Sold by said *Campbell* a House and Lot in *Annapolis*, near to *Severn* Ferry, where he lately lived, with a good Cellar, Kitchen, Smoke House, Stable, Hen House, and Garden.

JOHN BENNETT, in ANNAPOLIS, sells all Sorts of manufactured TOBACCO, in small or large Quantities.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his Office in Charles-street; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.



# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, March 10, 1757.

Kent County, March 5, 1757.

Mr. GREEN,

**W**HAT the Public, as well as Individuals, have really suffered from the late extraordinary Desertions, has been too often charged to Defects in our Laws, or the wanton Oppression, or Negligence, of the Military Officers. It has been computed that 1500 Soldiers, in his Majesty's Pay in America, have Deserted since the disastrous Defeat of General Braddock. Had these Men continued in their Duty, the last Campaign might have been as inglorious to the Enemy, as it was disgraceful to us; and there would not have been the same irremediable Necessity for In-lifting Servants, by which many have been Distressed, and some poor Families totally Ruined.

How much it is the Duty and Interest of every one in his Sphere, to contribute, as much as he can, to a vigorous Prosecution of the necessary War we are engaged in for our own Preservation: How much our Success in it depends upon the immediate Execution of the Measures planned by the Wisdom of our Councils: Of what pernicious Consequence it must therefore be, to waste our Time and Money, in inadequate Preparations, and the Instruction of Novices when the Season calls for Action, to have our Armies weakened by Desertions when the Banners of the Enemy are Displayed in the Field, and our Officers beating up for Recruits when they should be leading Veterans to Battle; are Considerations which ought to animate every good Subject to a diligent Enquiry after Deserters, and their infamous Concealers, and an inflexible Resolution to bring to Punishment those Spoilers of the Public Treasure, and Betrayers of the Honour and Rights of their Country.

The Severity of the Military Law has been pleaded as an Excuse for conniving at Desertions; but this Tenderness, when it is not assumed (which is too often the Case) to palliate a base Gain, proceeds from an extreme Infirmary. It is for the most Part a proper Rule to determine the Character of our Conduct in reference to the Public, from the Consequence of every Person's acting in the same manner in a similar Instance; but let Him consider, who offers this Excuse, how fatal the Consequence would be, if every one in his Situation, from the Dictates of the same Principle he confesses himself to be actuated by, should hold the same Conduct.

The Magistrates, who are conveniently distributed in this Province, might with very little Trouble, by a proper Exertion of the Powers they are invested with by the *Mutiny Act*, and a prudent Countenance to Informers, Detect, and Recover to his Majesty's Service, a great many Deserters, and intimidate their Concealers by a few seasonable Examples, from a Repetition of their Crimes so scandalous and destructive. In this Duty, I presume, they might employ their Time as beneficially for the Public, as in Signing of Warrants against those credulous Damfels who have been seduced by their faithless Paramours, or those frail Ones whose chaste Scruples it does not require much Sollicitation to remove.

The Facility with which they can escape from their Officers, and their Confidence of Security in their Concealments, have encouraged many to Desert; but when the Soldiers see the Inhabitants deterred by a Dread of Punishment, from Harboursing them, and the Prospect of Gain, and the Incitements of Duty, multiply their Pursuers, and invigorate their Endeavours to apprehend them, they will rather chuse to submit to the Strictness of Discipline with Complacency, sustain the Fatigue of Duty with Alacrity, and Face the Enemy with Resolution, than lead a miserable

Life in perpetual Terror of being seized as Criminals, and ignominiously dragg'd to Punishment.

As there appear to me the strongest Motives to execute with an unrelenting Rigour, those Parts of the *Act of Parliament for Punishing of Mutiny and Desertion*, which are relative to the Apprehension of Deserters, and the Punishment of their Concealers, and as it may be of Use for this Purpose, to make them more generally Known, I have taken the Liberty of troubling you with some Extracts, and request their Publication in your Gazette. I am, &c. A. B.

*Extract from an Act of Parliament, Passed in the 27th Year of his present Majesty's Reign; entitled, "An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters."*

## PARAGRAPH LI.

"AND whereas several Soldiers, being duly listed, do afterwards desert, and are often found wandering, or otherwise absenting themselves illegally from his Majesty's Service; it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constable, Headborough, or Tythingman of the Town or Place, where any Person, who may be reasonably suspected to be such a Deserter, shall be found, to apprehend, or cause him to be apprehended, and to cause such Person to be brought before any Justice of the Peace, living in or near such Town or Place, who hath hereby Power to examine such suspected Person; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear, or be found, that such suspected Person is a listed Soldier, and ought to be with the Troop or Company to which he belongs; such Justice of the Peace shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Goal of the County or Place where he shall be found; or to the House of Correction, or other public Prison in such Town or Place where such Deserter shall be apprehended: And the Keeper of such Goal, House of Correction, or Prison, shall receive the full Subsistence of such Deserter or Deserters, during the Time that he or they shall continue in his Custody, for the Maintenance of the said Deserter or Deserters; but shall not be intitled to any Fee or Reward, on account of the Imprisonment of such Deserter or Deserters; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

*PAR. LIII.* "Provided always, That if any Person shall harbour, conceal, or assist any Deserter from his Majesty's Service, knowing him to be such; the Person so offending shall forfeit for every such Offence, the Sum of Five Pounds, [*Sterling*]; or if any Person shall knowingly detain, buy, or exchange, or otherwise receive, any Arms, Clothes, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King, from any Soldier or Deserter, upon any Account or Pretence whatsoever, or cause the Colour of such Clothes to be changed; the Person so offending shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of Five Pounds, [*Sterling*]; and upon Conviction by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before any of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, the said respective Penalties of Five Pounds, and Five Pounds, shall be levied, by Warrant under the Hands of the said Justice or Justices of the Peace, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender; One Moiety of the said first-mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer, by whose Means such Deserter shall be apprehended; and One Moiety of the said last-mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer; and the Residue of

the said respective Penalties to be paid to the Officer, to whom any such Deserter or Soldier did belong: And in case any such Offender, who shall be convicted, as aforesaid, of harbouring or assisting any such Deserter or Deserters; or having knowingly received any Arms, Clothes, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King; or of having caused the Colour of such Clothes to be changed, contrary to the Intent of this Act, shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattels, whereon Distress may be made, to the Value of the Penalties recovered against him for such Offence, or shall not pay such Penalties within Four Days after such Conviction; then, and in such Case, such Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, either commit such Offender to the Common Goal, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or cause such Offender to be publicly whipt, at the Discretion of such Justice."

\*\*\*\*\*

BERLIN, December 11.

THE King has sent to all his Ministers at foreign Courts, the following Memorial: "It would be in vain to give a particular Answer to all the Falshoods and Exaggerations that are published in foreign Gazettes, concerning the present Situation of Saxony, and the pretended Oppression under which it labours. What is done there is evident to all who have Eyes to see; and we cannot expect to convince such as are blinded by their Passions. We have nevertheless thought proper to observe, that those bitter Complaints which seem to proceed from a People sunk into the deepest Distress, are only the Murmurs of certain Persons, who consider nothing but their own Self-Interest, and have no Knowledge of, or pay no Regard to, the Good of their Country. The Traders of one single Town are the odious Trumpeters who publish these false Reports, because their Profits suffer at present some Diminution. They don't trouble their Heads about the Oppression of others, whilst they are supported by the Favour of a partial Minister, and are not disturbed in the Possession of that Monopoly which they have so long held to the Prejudice of the other Towns of Saxony, who will bear Witness to the Truth of what is here advanced. We have had frequent Occasion, during the Course of this War, to be surprised at their Impudence and Insolence: It is Time that Bounds were set to them."

"The King of Prussia is not an Enemy to Saxony, and hath not acted towards it as an Enemy. The Country will soon be convinced of this: Every true Patriot is so already. The Inconveniences that are inseparable from a lawful War will never do it so much Damage as the Rapine of a Minister who hath sucked its best Blood, and hath been the sole Cause of its Sufferings. But what are these Sufferings? Where are these Extortions, the Acts of Violence, and the Outrages? Let the frightful Desolations occasioned by almost every War be called to Mind. When the French in the last Century, ravaged the Palatinate with Fire and Sword, had they such Reasons as the Prussians might alledge, if they had a Mind to follow their Example? Have the Saxons met with such mild Treatment from their Friends, from their zealous Defenders the Austrians, every Time they entered their Country? Put it in their Option, whether to receive such Friends as they were, or continue to lodge such Enemies as the Prussians; they will not hesitate about the Determination. Bohemia itself, if it dared to speak, would make the same Choice."

"Let then the World be no longer imposed upon by artful Clamours, which, as we have already

ready,



at Antigua, but proceed  
 And that General T  
 Advice, immediately  
 Admiral Frankland.  
 A N N A P C  
 Saturday last an E  
 his Excellency our C  
 Assembly of this Pro  
 met here this Day)  
 this Instant.  
 The Naval-Officers  
 ders to Clear out no V  
 and we hear that like  
 other Governments.  
 We have certain  
 ago, Seventeen of the  
 Party of Forty, brow  
 Five Scalps of the  
 about 16 Years old,  
 they gave an Account  
 Party were coming in  
 Thursday last Die  
 aged 22 Years, Mr.  
 this City, and of the  
 left a sorrowful youn  
 lament a tender Husb  
 was Inoculated for th  
 taken Ill with the Fe  
 Inoculation, it is mor  
 fore taken the Infecti  
 As almost all the  
 were liable to that E  
 or are now down wi  
 Time the Town w  
 Business be carried  
 This Day a Neg  
 longing to Ephraim  
 Tried at the Coun  
 Poison her Master an  
 ty, and received Se  
 We gave our Reader  
 Account of the ta  
 since which we h  
 count, of the imm  
 strait of a Letter  
 Tyger Man of  
 his Friend in Du  
 " We had sent  
 " fore we sailed fr  
 " ney, 224 Bales o  
 " Plate, and 6 Ar  
 " had Money and  
 " parture from Ge  
 " Roinmage-Pont,  
 " 100,000 l. and  
 " rived, that the A  
 " Gold, one of Sil  
 " Elephants Teeth  
 " besides several B  
 " ney, we brought  
 " You must know  
 " a most treacher  
 " and made their  
 " threatened to cu  
 " a Confession fro  
 " cealed, which n  
 " quitting the G  
 " themselves of  
 " Admiral *Watson*  
 " turned to find  
 " the Place; and  
 " *gria* has wrote  
 " as he hath use  
 " so much Clem  
 " in our Possessio  
 " sure to be his  
 " demand him  
 " would discover  
 " conceal'd.  
 " In Consequ  
 " demanded him  
 " refused to del  
 " the Admiral  
 " so that till he  
 " Possession of t  
 " gine we shall  
 " our present Al  
 " the Admiral c  
 " he will bring  
 " *Europe* with h  
 " *ratta's*, as he  
 " fore he attack  
 " Prize will b  
 " *Anson's*. Per  
 " you some Acc  
 " then that *Ang*  
 " General und  
 " ing one of h



Antigua, but proceeded to the other Islands: And that General Thomas, upon receiving the Advice, immediately dispatched a Schooner to Admiral Frankland.

ANNAPOLIS, March 10.

Saturday last an Express came to Town from his Excellency our Governor; and the General Assembly of this Province (which was to have met here this Day) is Prorogued to the 28th of this Instant.

The Naval-Officers of this Province have Orders to Clear out no Vessel whatever, for any Port; and we hear that like Orders are given in all the other Governments.

We have certain Information that a few Days ago, Seventeen of the Cherokee Indians, part of a Party of Forty, brought into Augusta in Virginia, Five Scalps of the Enemy, and one French Lad about 16 Years old, a Prisoner; and it is said, they gave an Account that the Remainder of the Party were coming in, with Scalps and Prisoners.

Thursday last Died here, of the Small-Pox, aged 22 Years, Mr. WILLIAM SLIGH, Clerk of this City, and of the Provincial Court; who has left a sorrowful young Widow, and one Infant, to lament a tender Husband and Parent. Mr. Slight was Inoculated for the Small-Pox; but as he was taken ill with the Fever on the Fourth Day after Inoculation, it is more than probable he had before taken the Infection.

As almost all the Inhabitants of this City, who were liable to that Dissemper, have either had it, or are now down with it, we hope in a very little Time the Town will be quite clear of it, and Business be carried on as usual.

This Day a Negro Wench named Fida, belonging to Ephraim Gower of Herring-Bay, was Tried at the County Court, for attempting to Poison her Master and a Negro Man, found Guilty, and received Sentence of Death.

We gave our Readers, in Gazette, No. 614, an Account of the taking Angria's Dominions, &c. since which we have the following further Account, of the immense Treasure taken, in an Abstract of a Letter from an Officer on board the *Tyger Man of War*, in Bombay Harbour, to his Friend in Dublin, dated March 11, 1756.

"We had sent on board of us the Day before we sailed from Gerya, 84 Boxes of Money, 224 Bales of Goods, 6 Chests of wrought Plate, and 6 Arabian Horses; the Bridgewater had Money and Goods also. Before our Departure from Gerya, we sold 4 Elephants to Roinmage-Pont, the Maratta General, for 100,000*l.* and we have heard since we arrived, that the Admiral has found two Tons of Gold, one of Silver, two Tons and a Half of Elephants Teeth, and one Ton of Quick-Silver, besides several Bales of rich Goods. The Money, we brought here with us weighed 10 Tons. You must know that Angria was trappaned in a most treacherous Manner by the Maratta's, and made their Prisoner, who have continually threatened to cut his Head off, in order to extort a Confession from him where his Riches lie concealed, which makes them very desirous of our quitting the Garrison, in Hopes of possessing themselves of it; but I am fully convinced, Admiral Watson will not leave one Stone unturned to find all the Treasure before he quits the Place; and I am credibly informed, Angria has wrote privately to the Admiral, that as he hath used his Wives and Children with so much Clemency and Humanity (who are in our Possession) it would give him great Pleasure to be his Prisoner; and that if he would demand him from the Maratta General, he would discover to him where all his Riches are concealed."

"In Consequence thereof, Admiral Watson has demanded him, but the Maratta General has refused to deliver him up, or even to supply the Admiral with Water or fresh Provisions; so that till he does give him up, we shall keep Possession of the Fort; and most People imagine we shall make War against the Maratta's, our present Allies. It is believed, that in Case the Admiral can get Angria from the Maratta's, he will bring him, his Wives and Children, to Europe with him, and sell the Fort to the Maratta's, as he promised them he would do before he attack'd it. We here imagine, that this Prize will be more considerable than Lord Anson's. Perhaps it will not be amiss to give you some Account of this famous Pyrate; Know then that Angria's Great Grand-Father was a General under the Great Mogul, and in going one of his annual Rounds, as is customary

"in these Parts, to levy the Taxes for his Emperor, he found he had a powerful Army, and a sufficient Sum of Money, to take upon himself the regal Authority: In Consequence of which he shook off his Allegiance, and took Possession of Gerya, and as he became more formidable, he began the honest Trade of Piracy, which was carried on by his Son, Grandson, and this present Angria, till this his fatal Downfall; who entered into Treaties, and received Ambassadors with as much Pomp, Punctuality, and Grandeur, as any Prince in the known World."

LETTERS brought to the Post-Office at ANNAPOLIS, since the publishing the last LIST.

Mr. David Arnold, Lower-Marlbrough,	N. Y.	3/4
Mr. Thomas Baden, Nottingham,	N. Y.	1/8
Mr. Charles Brown, Wye-River,	N. Y.	2/6
Mr. Henry Callister, Oxford,	N. Y.	1/8
Sir Nicholas Carew, & Comp. at their Iron-Works,	V.	1/3
Capt. Geo. Davie, of the <i>Frisby</i> ,	P.	2/10
Mr. Abraham Davis, Cecil, to the Care of Hugh Cree,	P.	1/3
Mr. Josias Edward In the County of Cent. In myrry Land to be put on board the brig <i>Martha</i> Commanded by Abigail Stoddard Bound to myerland and to be left at Mr. Ritchard Greenham's merchants in kent County Myerland In north america. thes.	P.	1/3
Mr. Ezekiel Forman, Chester-Town,	P.	1/3
Mr. John Harvins, junr. Patuxent,	N. Y.	1/8
Mr. Thomas King, at Mr. Tilghman's, in Talbot,	N. Y.	1/8
Rev. Mr. Andrew Lendrum, Baltimore,	N. Y.	1/8
Mr. Isaac Morris, Snow-Hill, [2 Letters.]	V.	5/8
Mr. James Nicols, Charles-Town,	V.	1/3
Mr. Godwin Swift, Charles County,	P.	1/7
Rev. John Urquhart, St. Mary's. [2 Letters.]	V.	2/6

A PARCEL of likely able NEGROES, Country-born, and well acquainted with Plantation-Business, to be Sold, and will be delivered in any Part of the Province. Enquire of the Printer for the Terms. *p. 7. 1756.*

To all Sheriffs, Constables, and Others his Lordship's good Tenants.

WHEREAS Complaint is this Day made to me, one of the Justices of the Provincial Court, by Colmore Beanes, Sheriff of Prince-George's County, That in the Night of Wednesday the Ninth of this Instant March, the Goal of the said County was broke, and sundry Persons escaped thence, viz. Philip Connelly and Aaron Holdsworth, Deserters from Fort-Frederick, and advertised in the MARYLAND GAZETTE by Captain Joshua Beall: They answer the Description in the said Advertisement, except in their Drefs: Connelly has a green Jacket without Sleeves; and Holdsworth a brown double-breasted Pea Jacket. Also John Grimshaw, a tall slender Fellow, much pitted with the Small-Pox, his right Eye out: Had on an old dyed Cotton Coat and Breeches, an old blue Jacket, Yarn Stockings, good Shoes, and an old Felt Hat: He was committed last November for Stealing Goods out of several Stores at Bladensburg. And Samuel Saibrie, a tall slender Fellow: Had on an old brown Cloth Coat, with large Metal Buttons, an old Flannel Jacket, Yarn Stockings, good Shoes, and an old Felt Hat: He was committed in February last on Suspicion of breaking into Dr. David Ross's Store at Bladensburg.

THESE are, therefore, in the Name of the Right Honourable the Lord Proprietary of this Province, to will and require you to make diligent Search, by Way of Hue and Cry, after the said Philip Connelly, Aaron Holdsworth, John Grimshaw, and Samuel Saibrie; and when you apprehend them, or any of them, that you convey them to the next Sheriff where they shall be apprehended, in order to be conveyed from Constable to Constable, who are hereby required to take Charge of them, till they be delivered to the said Colmore Beanes. Given under my Hand and Seal, this 10th Day of March, 1757.

The Subscriber promises to pay to any Person that apprehends the above John Grimshaw and Samuel Saibrie, a Reward of Five Pounds Currency for each of them, and one Pistole for each of the above Philip Connelly and Aaron Holdsworth, if brought to Upper-Marlbrough.

COLMORE BEANES, Sheriff of Prince-George's County.

THERE is at the Plantation of Rezin Hammond, at the Bear-Grounds, at Elk-Ridge, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Horse, branded on the near Buttock T, his near hind Foot is white, and has a long Star in his Forehead.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

## TO BE SOLD,

On the 14th Day of April next, at the Subscriber's House, at West-River,

ALIKELY Country-born NEGRO BOY, a Parcel of good Household Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Remnants of a Cargo of Goods, such as Bombazeens, Allopees, Blankets, and sundry other Articles too tedious to mention.

The Sale to begin at XII o'Clock.

ANNE CONNER, Administratrix to John Conner, deceased.

RAN away on the 6th of this Instant March, from the Subscriber, living at London-Town, a Convict Servant Man, named Edward Merriott, by Trade a Joyner, he is about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, much pitted with the Small-Pox, has a hoarse Way of Speaking, he is a well-set Fellow, has a very full red Face, like one that drinks hard, he is about 50 Years of Age, and has short black curl'd Hair. Had on when he went away, a blue Fearnought Jacket, much worn, another light colour'd Jacket lined with red, a Pair of grey Half-thick Breeches, light Yarn ribb'd Stockings, much darned, Country-made Shoes, an Osnabrigs Shirt, and an old Worsted Cap.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall receive Twenty Shillings Reward, beside what the Law allows, and reasonable Charges. WILLIAM BROWN.

February 21, 1757.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man, named Lot, about 30 Years of Age, his Knees incline together, his left Knee standing in somewhat more than the Right, and as he walks hath a Cast of his Head to the Left: Had on, a white Cotton Jacket, and an old blue Cloth one under it, a new Osnabrigs Shirt, white Cotton Breeches, coarse, thick, white Yarn Country Stockings, and a Pair of strong Country-made Shoes, with many Hob-Nails in the Soles.

He lately belonged to one Dr. Piles, living at Pamunkey, near Patowmack, and hath been seen at his late Master's, and in that Neighbourhood, since he ran away.

Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and brings him to Queen-Anne, shall receive THREE POUNDS Reward, paid by

CHARLES HAMMOND, junior.

THERE is at the Plantation of Benjamin Kid Wilson, living in the Fork of Gunpowder, in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Horse, about 14½ Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with the Figure 4, he paces very well, and is shod before.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of George Bramwell, on Chestnut-Ridge, in Baltimore County, taken up as Strays,

A small Black Mare, with a few grey Hairs in her Forehead, and is dock'd; but has no perceivable Brand.

And, A small Bay Mare, two Years old; neither dock'd nor branded.

The Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Hughes, living on Great Seneca, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a Grey Horse 14 and ½ Hands high, about 10 Years old, has a shuffling Pace, a bob Tail, branded on the near Shoulder with something like  $\Xi$  (join'd in one).

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Silvanus Pumphrey, in Anne-Arundel County, taken up as Strays,

A small Black Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, a hanging Mane, a short Sprig Tail, and paces slow; but has no perceivable Brand.

And a Grey Mare, with a hanging Mane and Sprig Tail, she paces slow, and has no discernable Brand. She had on a Bell.

The Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Kirk, near the Sugar-Loaf-Mountain, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Gelding, one of his hind Feet is white, he is dock'd, but has no Brand that can be discern'd.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.



## WILLIAM FARIS,

WATCH-MAKER, from PHILADELPHIA,  
At his Shop near the Church, next Door to Mr. Wal-  
lace's, in Church-Street, ANNAPOLIS,

**C**LEANS and REPAIRS all Sorts of  
WATCHES and CLOCKS, as well  
and neat as can be done in any Part of America:  
And takes the same Prices for his Work as are  
taken in Philadelphia.

He also makes CLOCKS, either to Repeat or  
not, or to go either Eight Days or Thirty, as the  
Purchaser shall fancy, as good as can be made in  
London, and at reasonable Prices. And all Gen-  
tlemen who shall be pleased to employ him, may  
depend on having their Work done with all pos-  
sible Dispatch, by Their humble Servant,  
WILLIAM FARIS.

### JUST IMPORTED,

In the Sloop ANTHONY, from NEW-YORK,  
now lying at Kent-Island, JOHN ANDERSON  
Commander, and to be Sold by the Subscriber on  
board the said Sloop, and at Mr. Middleton's  
in Annapolis, at very reasonable Rates,

**C**CORNER CUP-BOARDS, Square Ta-  
bles, Bureaus, Desks, Card and Tea Tables,  
all made of Mahogany: Likewise, Loaf-Sugar,  
Powder Ditto, Coffee, Claret, Salt, and Rum.  
GEORGE PATTEN.

**D**ESERTED from Fort-Frederick, on the  
22d of February, in the Evening, the two  
following Persons, viz.

Philip Connelly, aged 28 Years, 5 Feet 10 Inches  
high, of a brown Complexion, and was born in  
St. Mary's County, Maryland: He had on when he  
went away, a red Coat and Breeches (the Sleeves  
of his Coat turn'd up with black) and white Me-  
tal Buttons, a new Felt Hat, and a new white  
Shirt; and is supposed to have carried another  
with him.

Aaron Holsworth, aged 20 Years, 5 Feet 3 Inches  
and  $\frac{1}{2}$  high, of a brown Complexion, a Cutler  
by Trade, was born in England, and served his  
Time at Mr. Snowden's Iron-Works: His Dress  
is the same with Connelly's. They have carried  
their Arms with them.

Whoever will take up the said Deserters, and  
bring them to Fort-Frederick, or secure them so  
that they may be brought to the Fort, shall have  
a Pistole Reward for each Man, paid by  
JOSHUA BEALL.

**D**ESERTED from a Recruiting Party at  
Joppa, in Baltimore County, belonging to  
the 44th Regiment, commanded by Major-Gen-  
eral Abercrombie, the two following Soldiers, viz.

Morris Dickson, 23 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10  
Inches high, slender made, of a fair Complexion,  
thin Visage, and was born near the Forks of  
Patuxent. And,

William Greenwood, 21 Years of Age, 5 Feet  
9 Inches and  $\frac{1}{2}$  high, well-made, of a fair Com-  
plexion, has a round Face, and was born in Prince-  
George's County.

Whoever will take up the said Deserters, and  
bring them to Annapolis, or commit them to any  
Goal within this Province, and give Notice there-  
of to Lieutenant Greenfield at Annapolis, shall have  
Two Pistoles Reward for each.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of Philip Finch,  
near Kittockton Creek, in Frederick County,  
taken up as Strays,

A low squat Bay Mare, branded M on the  
Shoulders and Buttocks, and is about 7 Years old.  
And, A Black Mare Colt, about 2 Years old.

The Owner may have them again, on proving  
his Property, and paying Charges.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of James Wil-  
kinson, near Col. Ridgely's, in Baltimore  
County, taken up as a Stray, a large Flea-bitten  
Mare, a natural Pacer, has a Scar on the off Side  
her under Lip, and branded on the near Shoulder  
HR, join'd in one.

The Owner may have her again, on proving  
his Property, and paying Charges.

**T**HERE is in the Possession of John Fletcher,  
at the Sugar-Lands in Frederick County, tak-  
en up as a Stray, a Bright Bay Horse, about 12  
Hands and  $\frac{1}{2}$  high, has a small Star in his Face,  
and some Saddle Spots on his Back, is about 12  
or 14 Years old, and branded on the off Buttock  
thus  $\infty$  and on the near Buttock something like  
an R. The Owner may have him again, on  
proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Annapolis, February 24, 1757.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, That the Sub-  
scriber will give constant Attendance at his  
Office, in Annapolis, every Wednesday and Thurs-  
day, before the 10th of April next, to receive all  
Money due from the Inhabitants of Anne-Arundel  
County for Public Levies, &c. And as sundry  
Persons are indebted for Quit-Rents and the Land-  
Tax for the Year 1756, this is to desire them to  
come and pay without Loss of Time, which will  
prevent Expence and Trouble to themselves. And  
all Persons concerned are to take Notice, that the  
25th Day of March is the Time appointed by  
Law to pay the Half Year's Land-Tax, as well  
as his Lordship's Quit-Rents; and the 29th of  
September for the other Half Year of each. Also  
all the Retailers and private Consumers are desired  
to take Notice, that they are required by Law to  
make Payment by the 20th Day of March next.  
Compliance with the above, will greatly oblige  
JOHN RAITT, Sheriff, Collector and  
Receiver of Anne-Arundel County.

**A**LL Persons who have any Claims against  
the Estate of Mr. Humphry Batt, late of  
Prince-George's County, deceased, are desired to  
bring them in, that they may be adjusted and  
paid: And all Persons indebted to the said Estate,  
are desired to make speedy Payment, to  
JAMES TRUMAN GREENFIELD, Executor.

Somerset County, February 17, 1757.

**C**OMMITTED to my Custody, and now  
in the Goal of this County, a Man who says  
his Name is Thomas Buda, and confesses that he is  
a Deserter from the Regiment late Dunbar's.  
WILLIAM ALLEN, Sheriff.

**T**HE Second Edition, of a VOYAGE  
into the SOUTH SEAS (advertised  
in the Philadelphia Papers last Summer) is now  
Printed, and the Books are Binding: And as there  
are some few Copies more Printed, than are sub-  
scribed for, those who are inclinable, may yet sub-  
scribe, either with the Author, JOHN BULKELEY,  
Gunner of the Wager Man of War when she was  
lost, or at the PRINTING-OFFICE in Annapolis.  
The Price a Dollar, one Half at subscribing, the  
other at the Delivery of the Book. In this second  
Edition, there is about 130 Pages more than were  
in the First, never before Published.

N. B. None will be to dispose of but what  
are subscribed for.

Alexandria, February 11, 1757  
For SALE,

**F**OUR CARRIAGE GUNS, Six Poun-  
ders. Any Person that inclines to purchase,  
may know the Terms by applying to  
WILLIAM RAMSAY.

Queen's-Town, February 8, 1757.

**A**LL Persons who have any just Claims against  
the Estate of Capt. David Alexander, late  
of Talbot County, deceased, are desired to bring  
in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted: And  
all Persons who are indebted to the said Estate, are  
desired to make speedy Payment, to  
ANTHONY M'CULLOCH, Administrator.

**T**HE Subscriber intending for London the en-  
suing Summer, requests all Persons indebted  
to him to come and make Payment, or settle their  
Accounts by Note, or Bond: And those who  
have any just Demands against him, are desired to  
come and receive Payment of the same.

JAMES WARDROP.

## Charles Dutens, Jeweller,

From LONDON,

Has Removed from Market-  
street, to the RING and  
DOVE, in Second-street,  
Opposite to the Sign of the  
George near Arch-street,  
PHILADELPHIA,



**C**ONTINUES to make all Sorts of JEW-  
ELLER's WORK; and having procured  
Workmen of different Branches, such as Snuff-  
Box-Maker, Watch-Cases, all Sorts of Trinkets,  
Chasing and Lapidary Work; and having likewise  
purchased various Kinds of Florida Shells, Tor-  
toise, and Panama, fit for Snuff-Boxes, any Gen-  
tlemen desiring it, may be supplied with curious  
and humorous Emblems, with Mottos engraved  
on the said Shell-Boxes. Those Gentlemen and  
Ladies, who are pleased to favour him with their  
Custom, may depend on Care and Dispatch, by  
Their humble Servant,

CHARLES DUTENS.

N. B. He gives the best Price for white, pur-  
ple, and brown Chrysal, or any other precious  
Stones, as Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, &c.

### TO BE SOLD,



A Well-fitted SCHOONER,  
about Three Years old,  
which will carry about 2250  
Bushels of Grain.

Any Persons inclinable to  
Purchase, may apply to Stephen  
Steward at West-River, or Cal-  
more Beanes at Nottingham.

Alexandria, January 16, 1757.

### WANTED,



A SLOOP or SCHOONER,  
(rather the latter)  
that will carry about 4000 Bu-  
shels of Grain. We would not  
choose her to be above a Year  
old. Or, we would willingly  
purchase a HULL now on  
the Stocks, and near finished.

Any Person having such to Dispose of may ap-  
ply to  
CARLYLE and DALTON.

Alexandria, January 15, 1757.

**A** PERSON that understands MINING,  
and will produce Credentials of his Capaci-  
ty and Integrity, may meet with Employ in a  
Copper-Mine, by Application to  
WILLIAM RAMSAY.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

**A**TRACT of LAND, situate about 3  
Miles from Annapolis, on the North Side of  
Severn, containing 673 Acres, having a fine Branch  
running thro' it for near a Mile, very fit for Mea-  
dow Land, and about 200 of it good Wood Land.  
There is on the Plantation a good Dwelling-House,  
built on a rising Ground, with four Rooms on a  
Floor, a Barn, Stable, Smoke House, Hen House,  
&c. a very good Garden, paved Yard, and a good  
stoned Well; and a very good Orchard: The Ti-  
tle is indisputable.

The Purchaser may have Time for Payment of  
Part of the Purchase-Money, on giving Security,  
if required. For Terms apply to  
JOHN CAMPBELL.

N. B. The Purchaser may likewise be supply'd  
with Stock of all Kinds, and Plantation Utensils.  
Likewise to be Sold by said Campbell a House  
and Lot in Annapolis, near to Severn Ferry, where  
he lately lived, with a good Cellar, Kitchen,  
Smoke House, Stable, Hen House, and Garden.

**J**OHNN BENNETT, in ANNAPOLIS, sells  
all Sorts of manufactured TOBACCO, in  
small or large Quantities.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his Office in Charles-street;  
by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISE-  
MENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling  
each Week after the First.



THE  
MARRLAND GAZETTE,  
Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, March 17, 1757.

The following Extract taken from a Discourse delivered before the Synod of New-York, September 30, 1756, By AARON BURR, A.M. President of the College of New-Jersey, it is not doubted will be agreeable to many Readers, and seasonable at this Time.

“IT gives me no Pleasure to be a Messenger of evil Tidings, nor would I make positive Assertions about future Events; yet I must say, our public Affairs wear a dark Aspect. The Nation we are engaged with in War, is numerous, powerful and politic. France abounds with Men, and the King commands as many as he pleases into the Field; on every Occasion shows himself superior to our Expectations; and his being an absolute Monarch gives great Advantage in Point of Secrecy and Dispatch.”

“Our old Friend and Ally, the Queen of Hungary, has joined the King of France, and so far as we can judge from her Conduct, designs to forsake us, whatever plausible Pretences, she may make to the contrary. No other Construction can be put on her joining our sworn Enemy, when at open War with us, in the Manner she has done; No Power in Europe, under greater Obligations to the British Nation; almost all the Wars we have been engaged in, since the Accession of King William, have been undertaken in Favour of the House of Austria. Louisbourg, that important Fortress, was given up, that the Places the King of France had taken from her in Flanders, might be restored; yet now she has forsaken us at a critical juncture; and what may we then expect from other Popish Powers. Spain appears waiting for nothing but a favourable Opportunity of declaring against us. The King of Poland, (Elect of Saxony) by a strange Turn of Politics, seems inclined to espouse the Interest of France. The Connections of the King of the Two Sicilies are such, that he will readily join their Confederacy: And perhaps the King of Sardinia, will be obliged to join or stand neuter, in his own Defence. When to this, we add the Coldness, to say no worse, with which we are treated by some of our Protestant Allies; it gives the Situation of our public Affairs a dangerous and threatening Aspect. And if we cast our Eyes on the British Colonies in America, Things look still darker. All our Schemes hitherto prove unsuccessful; our Enemies, small and contemptible as their Numbers appeared to us, every where get the Advantage. Braddock's mournful Defeat last Year, has been attended with a Train of destructive Consequences. 'Tis not easy to conceive, what we have suffered from the barbarous Natives, under the Influence, and by the Assistance of the French; scarce a Paper from the Southward but brings Accounts of new Depredations and Murders. What ruinous Consequences may we expect from the Loss of Oswego? What an Advantage is hereby put into the Enemy's Hand; the Lake wholly at their Command, where we have expended such Sums. Our Shipping, Artillery, with the other warlike Stores and Provisions, which we had conveyed there with great Cost and Labour; all fallen into the Hands of the Enemy, to be employed against us. All the fine Country adjacent, lost; and the few Indians that have hitherto continued in our Friendship, will probably forsake us; and those that have remained neuter, join in with the Enemy; for now seems verified the Observation they made in a late Treaty at Albany, “The French act like Men, build Forts and defend them; but the English act like Women.”

“Dark Tidings of late, like Job's Messengers, come in thick Succession, one after another. In the Midst of our Lamentations for the sad Fate of Oswego, comes the melancholly News, of Fort Mifflin's being taken: The Loss of a Fortress so important, of such Consequence to the British

Trade, in the Mediterranean, and which gives so much Advantage to the Enemy, must be exceeding great, highly aggravated by the disgraceful Circumstances which attended it; the Ferment into which it has thrown the Nation, and the lasting Dishonour done to the British Flag. I shall leave it to the Politicians of the Day, to point out the Cause of those fore Calamities, and make but one Remark, which must be obvious to all serious and thinking Persons.”

“That our Misfortunes have come upon us, in such a Manner, as plainly to point out the Hand of GOD therein; and shows us, that our Dependence on our own Wisdom and Strength, while by our Sins, we engage Heaven against us, is as vain as it is sinful.—We have been greatly disposed to boast of our superior Strength by Sea, and glory in our Fleets, as a sure Refuge in a Time of Danger; but even they have failed us, and at a Season, when we most needed their Help, and seemed to have the highest Reason of Dependence upon them. This might serve to cure us of our Infidelity and vain Confidence, and teach us our intire Dependence on GOD, and how great our Danger is, while his Hand is so evidently stretched forth against us. Our Expedition to Crown-Point, will probably again, like the Rest of our Schemes, prove abortive. These Things, together with our divided Councils, and dilatory Methods of proceeding, make the Situation of public Affairs look exceeding dangerous, and may well alarm our Fears, as to what is coming on our Nation, and Country.”

“While we are opening to our People a dark Scene, from the crying Sins, and distressing Calamities of the Day, to alarm and arouse them from their Security and vain Confidence; I trust we shall not fail to animate them to a vigorous Defence of their Lives and Properties, by setting before them all the Horrors of Popery, Slavery and Death, which may follow the victorious Arms of our antichristian Foes, on the one Hand; and on the other, all the invaluable Privileges of unadulterated Christianity; British Liberty and Property, in a delightful and fruitful Country, which may be the happy Consequences of our vigorously exerting ourselves to bring them to honourable Terms of Peace.—Privileges of infinite Value! for which we should bravely resolve, to spend our last Breath, in Prayer; the last Penny of our Estates, and the last Drop of our Blood. The Face of our public Affairs has indeed hitherto looked dark, from a Spirit of Animosity and Division, which has spread thro' the Country;—divided our Councils;—confused and greatly weakened all our Schemes. But, blessed be GOD, there is now a Foundation laid, for our happy Union under a noble Commander, a Branch of that illustrious Family, which has so long been distinguished for their warm Attachment to, and Zeal for the Religion and Liberties of their Country. The signal Proofs he has already given, of his good Conduct, unshaken Loyalty, and steady Attachment to our excellent Constitution; his generous disinterested Love to the British American Colonies, which induced him to submit to all the Fatigues and Dangers of his important Station, for their Relief, joined with all the amiable Qualities he has discovered; conspire to raise him high in our Esteem and Regard; and must naturally tend to raise our drooping Spirits, and enkindle in every Breast, a noble Ardor to distinguish themselves in the Service of their Country.”

“And, should the several Colonies harmoniously unite, to strengthen his Hands, and nobly exert themselves in the common Cause, he might be, under GOD, a happy Instrument of retrieving our shameful Losses, of humbling our ambitious triumphing Foes, and restoring Peace and Tranquility to this bleeding Land. Which, may GOD, of his infinite Mercy, grant, thro' JESUS CHRIST, our LORD, AMEN.”

LONDON, December 18.

A LETTER from Bombay, dated March 15, says, “Gheriah, late the capital Settlement of the famous Pirate, Angria, is finely situated, and at a very little Expence may be made impregnable: The Harbour is a very fine one, from which runs a noble River, where for 40 Miles up the Country there is Depth of Water enough for Ships of large Burthen, which must make it a fine trading Port. Angria himself is Prisoner among the Morattoes. As we have been so Successful against this Pirate (who for so many Years has been a Terror to this Part of India, and the Ruin of Numbers) I make no Doubt but in another Twelvemonth the whole Race of these Villains will share his Fate, which, as soon as Matters can be a little settled at Gheriah, will, I believe, be immediately attempted.”

BOSTON, February 14.

The following Extract from the brave Captain ROGERS's Journal, we imagine will be agreeable to our Readers.

“On the 15th of January, 1757, marched from Fort Edward, with Lieut. Stark, of my Company, Ensign Page of Capt. Richard Rogers's Company, and 50 Men of both Companies.—In the Evening arrived at Fort William Henry; remained there till the 17th; when being joined by Capt. Spikeman, Lieut. Kennedy, Ensign Brewer, and 14 of Capt. Spikeman's Company, together with Ensign Rogers, and 14 of Capt. Hobb's Company, and Mr. Baker, a Volunteer in his Majesty's 44th Regiment, I set out, and at Night encamped at the first Narrows, on the East Side of the Lake. Some of the Detachment having hurt themselves on the Ice, and not being able to proceed, the Party was reduced to 74 Men, Officers included; with which we continued our Scout to Lake Champlain.—As soon as we came to the Lake, discovered a Sleigh going from Ticonderoga to Crown-Point, on which I dispatched Lieut. Stark, with a Party of 20 Men, towards Crown-Point, to head the Sleigh; at the same Time I set out with another Party towards Ticonderoga, leaving Capt. Spikeman with a Party, in the Center: Lieut. Stark's Orders were, to march as far down as he could, while the Sleigh came against the Center Party, then push on to the Ice to head them, whilst I with my Party, designed to do the same on the Lake, to prevent the Sleigh's returning to Ticonderoga.—I soon after discovered about ten Sleighs more coming down the Lake, and immediately sent two Men to tell Lieut. Stark not to discover himself, and let the first Sleigh pass; but before the Men could overtake him, he had got on the Lake, and was seen by the People in the Sleighs, who turned and fled for Ticonderoga: We pursued them, took three Sleighs, seven Prisoners, and six Horses; the others made their Escape to Ticonderoga. We immediately examined the Prisoners separately; after which I gave Orders (as the Day was wet) to return with all possible Expedition to our Fires, at our last Encampment, in order to dry our Guns, which we did effectually, and then marched, keeping a good Rear Guard:—Myself and Lieut. Kennedy took the Front; Capt. Spikeman the Center; and Lieut. Stark brought up the Rear; Ensigns Page and Rogers were between the Front and Center; and Ensign Brewer between the Center and Rear: The Rear Guard being under the Command of Sergeant Walker.—In this Manner we proceeded, and in crossing a Valley between two very steep Hills, which was about 15 Rods wide, when the Front, to the Number of 10 or 12, had raised the Summit on the Western Side, a Volley of 200 Shot or thereabouts was fired upon us from the Enemy, who had formed themselves in a Half Moon, to intercept and surround us, which killed Lieut. Kennedy, and Mr. Gardiner, a Volunteer; wounded several of our Party, and myself slightly in the Head; this Fire we returned, and then I ordered the



the whole to retreat to the opposite Side, where Lieut. Stark and Ensign Brewer, with about 40 Men, had made a Stand.—The Enemy pursued us so close thro' the Valley that they took some Prisoners, and killed Capt. Spikeman and several of our Men, but were beaten back again from the Bush Fire of Lieut. Stark's Party, that covered and secured our Retreat.—They then sent out a flanking Party on our Right, which Lieut. Stark discovered, and called out to acquaint me of; upon which I ordered a Party under Serjeant Phillips, to head and prevent them, which he accordingly did, by having the first Fire, and killing several of them; the rest retreating to their main Body. The Enemy soon after made an Attempt to push up to us; but having the Advantage of the Ground, and good Shelter from Trees, we obliged them a second Time to retreat, as they could not stand our continual Fire upon them. They then sent out another Party to flank us, which I perceived, and sent Ensign Rogers with 12 Men, who repulsed and forced them back to their own Ground; and afterwards ordered the said Party into the Rear, to prevent any further Designs of this Kind from the Enemy: Then formed ourselves for the Battle; taking my Station on the Right, Ensign Brewer on the Left, and Lieut. Stark and Mr. Baker in the Center; the latter of which I desired to go into the Rear to assist Ensign Rogers; but he did not incline to leave his Post, and soon after was killed.—We continued a constant Fire on both Sides till Sun-set, the French often calling to us to accept Quarters, promising that we should be used with Humanity, and treated kindly; and at the same Time called me by my Name, and threaten'd us, that if we did not embrace their Offer, as soon as the Party joined them from the Fort, which they expected every Moment, they would cut us to Pieces; but we absolutely refused to receive their proffered Mercy; and I told them we had Men sufficient to repel any Force that could come against us; and that we should have it in our Power to cut them to Pieces, and scalp them.—About Sun-setting received a slanting Wound in my Hand, through my Wrist, which disabled me from loading my Gun, on which I sent a Man to the rest of my Officers desiring them not to be discouraged, but to maintain their Ground; which they did very gallantly, till Day-light ceased, when both Sides left off firing; upon which I consulted all my Officers, who unanimously were of Opinion, that it was most prudent to carry off the Wounded of our Party, and take the Advantage of the Night to return homeward, lest the Enemy should send out a fresh Party against us in the Morning: And as our Ammunition was almost expended, we were obliged to pursue this Resolution, and so travelled all Night. Two Days after, in the Evening, got into Fort William Henry, with 45 effective, and 9 wounded Men.—We imagined the Enemy consisted of 250 French and Indians, of which Number we suppose 40 were killed, besides the Prisoners we had taken, and that we wounded many of them.

#### A List of the Killed, Missing and Prisoners.

*Capt. Robert Rogers's Company.* Thomas Stinson, killed; Serjeant James Henry, and William Morrice, missing; Hugh Morrison, taken Prisoner.

*Capt. Hobbs's Company.* Serjeant Jonathan Howard, Tinners Cemp, John Edmonds, Thomas Farmer, and Emanuel La Portuga, killed.

*Capt. Richard Rogers's Company.* Joseph Stephens, killed; Benjamin Woodal, and David Rimbal, missing; and Ensign Page, taken Prisoner.

*Capt. Spikeman's Company.* Himself, Lieutenant Kennedy, Thomas Brown, Robert Avery, and Samuel Fisk, killed.

*Volunteers.* Mr. Baker, of the 44th Regiment; and Mr. Gardner, in my Company, killed.

#### W O U N D E D.

*Capt. Robert Rogers's Company.* Captain Robert Rogers, in the Hand and Head; Samuel Martin, badly in the Belly and Hip; and Thomas Burnside, through the Hand.

*Capt. Richard Rogers's Company.* David Page, shot through his Side; Nathaniel Merril, in the Forehead; and John Short, in the Head.

*Capt. Hobbs's Company.* Serjeant Ebenezer Perry, shot through his Shoulder.

*Capt. Spikeman's Company.* Serjeant Moore, slightly in the Arm; and John Catull, in the Mouth.

About a Fortnight ago arrived at Providence, in Rhode-Island Government, a French Prize Snow, taken by the Brig Providence, of that Place, commanded by Capt. Hopkins: Her Cargo consists of 22 Bales of sorted Goods, 70 Casks of Nails, 120 Cheffs of Wine, about 100 Casks ditto,

1 Hoghead of Beaver Hats, Bar-Iron, and a Variety of other valuable Articles.—She is about 140 Tons, was bound from France to Cape Francois.—The Captain of this Prize has been taken three Times this War.

By a Vessel arrived at Marblehead from Lisbon, we have Advice, that six Sail of Men of War of the Line, with a great Number of Transports, with Soldiers on board, had sailed from Breft for America.

#### Extrait of a Letter from Lisbon, 24th Dec. 1756.

"We have lately had extreme bad Weather, which has not permitted any Arrivals from England, and the Bahia Fleet which came here in a violent Storm has suffer'd greatly; two of that Fleet were lost upon the Bar, and three more are missing; one of them that were lost had on board a Cargo of East-India Goods, which were taken out of a Portuguese Ship of War, that was condemned at Bahia, and is computed to be worth 2,000,000 Crusados, not the least Trifle was saved, but the Loss chiefly falls upon his Portuguese Majesty."

February 21. A few Days since arrived here Capt. John Sandford, late Master of a Brigantine belonging to this Town, from whom we have the following Account, viz. That on his Voyage to Europe in October last, he was taken by a French Privateer from Louisburg, of 8 Carriage and 10 Swivel Guns, and that he found on board the Privateer, Mr. Solomon Lane, and Company, of Cape-Anne, who had just before been taken on Bank Quero. Soon after, a Vessel from Virginia, bound to Hull, John M'Cloud, Master, fell into their Hands, as did Captain William Davis, in a Brigantine from Europe bound hither: And last of all they took Captain David Jefferies, in a Snow from Scotland bound hither; when finding they had more Prisoners than they knew what to do with, they took out of Capt. Jefferies all his Bale Goods, and what else they thought of Value, and gave the Vessel to 28 of their Prisoners, who soon after got safe into Bermuda; where they found Capt. Joseph Rous, in a Privateer Schooner from Halifax, with a very valuable French Prize, viz. a Ship of 250 Tons, bound from St. Domingo to France.

#### Extrait of a Letter from Surinam, dated Dec. 22.

"Since I wrote you of the 18th Instant, a Ship is arrived here from Amsterdam; the Master of which informs me, That on his Passage he fell in with five or six English Men of War, which had with them a French Man of War of 74 Guns, which they had taken."

We hear from Newport, in Rhode-Island, That Capt. Fones in a Privateer belonging to that Place, had taken a large French Sloop, 'tis said of near 100 Tons Burthen, and sent her into one of our West-India Islands; and that she is esteemed a valuable Prize.

The Commissioners in London, appointed for Sale of the French Prizes, taken before the Declaration of War, having sent Powers to proper Persons, to dispose of such Ships and Cargoes, as were carried into Gibraltar, Barbados, the Leeward Islands, Jamaica, and South-Carolina, by public Sale, have given Notice thereof; and that they expect such Sales will commence in the Months of January, February, and March next, that all Merchants inclining to become Purchasers, may have Time to give Orders to their Correspondents accordingly.

February 28. Captain Orne, who sailed from Salem on the First of December last, for the Leeward Islands, was taken off Bermuda by a French Xebec, from Martinico for Marseilles, and in their Passage for Europe met with a large Ship, which they took for an English Man of War, and accordingly stood for Madeira. While Capt. Orne was at Madeira, there came in a Privateer from England, which sailed from thence the 28th of December last, the Captain of which reported, That on the First of January, towards Dusk, he saw a Fleet of Ships steering W. and by N. that he kept to Windward of them all Night, in order to make what they were in the Morning, and, to his Disappointment, found them to be French Men of War, full of Men, and notwithstanding he was chased by one of them for several Hours, he got clear: That afterwards they stood their former Course W. and by N. by which he imagined they were bound for Louisburg. Captain Orne, who gives this Account, arrived at Salem last Friday Evening.

Capt. Fones, in a Privateer Brig, belonging to Rhode-Island, arrived there on Friday last, with a fine large French Prize Snow, said to be very valuable, the Contents of which we have not yet learnt.

Since our last several Letters are come to Hand from the West-Indies, informing, that about the 17th of January an Embargo was laid in the English Islands, prohibiting the Exportation of Provisions without Bond, on Penalty of 1000 l. Sterling, and one Year's Imprisonment.

#### N E W - Y O R K, February 21.

By Capt. Hepburn, who arrived here on Monday last, in 8 Days, from Cape-Fear, in North-Carolina, we are informed, that he there saw a North-Carolina Gazette, wherein was an Account of Capt. Stoddard, in the Privateer Brig Pliny, of this Port, having taken and carried into Charles-Town, a Ship bound from St. Domingo for Old-France.

On Wednesday Morning last, between four and five of the Clock, a dreadful Fire was discovered in the House of Mr. Thomas Duncan, of this City, Merchant, which was attended with a melancholy and most fatal Catastrophe, for before the unhappy Family, lulled in profound Sleep and Security, could be alarmed, the Flame within the House became universal. Mr. Duncan himself escaped out of a Window, by the Assistance of a Ladder, as he fortunately lodged in the Front Part of the House, and his eldest Daughter, a young Lady of about 18, being with her Mother, and four Children, who were sick of the Small-Pox, in the Nursery, in the back Part of the House, and not having that Convenience, had no other Chance of avoiding the devouring Fire, than by throwing herself out of a Window three Stories high, and was most miraculously received into the Arms of a Gentleman who had encouraged her to this dangerous, tho' only Expedient, and who was thus the generous Instrument of preserving her Life at the Risk of his own. The Nurse made the like Attempt, but did not survive three Minutes after she reached the Ground. Mrs. Duncan, tho' earnestly entreated, and assured of receiving the same kind Assistance which had saved her Daughter, was so overcome by maternal Affection, and Tenderness for her Children, whom she could not bear to leave in that dreadful Situation, that she rejected all Importunities, and in a few Moments, with them, expired in the Flames. The House, with many valuable Effects, was intirely destroyed; but by the Industry of the Inhabitants, who are deservedly celebrated for their Zeal and Dexterity, in extinguishing Fires, assisted by the Gentlemen of the Army, and the Soldiers now quartered here, it was prevented from extending farther.

Mrs. Duncan was a Lady as distinguished for her agreeable Person, as the Charms and Embellishments of her Mind: Besides an exemplary Piety and boundless Charity, she was eminently blessed with every Grace and Accomplishment requisite to form the best of WIVES, the best of MOTHERS, and the best of FRIENDS: No wonder then, that so many united Perfections rendered her as generally beloved and admired, as she was known; and justly adds to the heavy Affliction with which such an amazing and most affecting Scene must naturally inspire every Breast endued with the smallest Spark of Humanity or Compassion; but more peculiarly those who by their Relation and Friendships with her, were daily Witnesses of her unparalleled Merit and Excellence, and who by this deplorable Event, are deprived of Blessings as great as they are irretrievable. The only Consolation left the distressed Friends of this truly valuable Lady, is a certain Assurance, that, like ELIJAH, she is triumphantly translated, with her innocent Babes, from a World of perpetual Inquietudes and Dangers, (from which this sad Calamity convinces us, that even the best and most deserving can plead no Exemption), to the transcendant Joys of Heaven, the only adequate Residence for such shining VIRTUE and such spotless INNOCENCE.

Captain Taylor from Coracoa, but last from Georgia, confirms the Account of Captain Stoddard's taking a St. Domingo Man, and carrying her into South-Carolina; and says she is reckoned worth 15,000 l. Sterling. Also, that Governor Ellis, for Georgia, was arrived at South-Carolina.

We have Advice by the Master of a Sloop that arrived here last Week from Providence, that one of the Privateers belonging to that Island, was returned from a Cruise, the Master whereof reported, that some Time before he had spoke with the Privateer Brig King George, Captain Arnold, of this Port, who informed him, that he had taken and sent to Jamaica, a Sloop with 200 Soldiers on board, bound from Hispaniola for Mississippi.

February 28. Captain Seymour, from Jamaica, acquaints us, That the Privateer Brig Hawk, of this

this Port, between seized a Ship with carrying on an illicit malice; after which where he careen'd Sea, in order to Samuel Dunscomb, belonging to this Port, Schooners, with a board, which were wife.

By Captain R. South-Carolina, w a large French Sch Privateer Brig Pri of this Port, which Hispaniola: Her esteemed a valuable

#### Extrait of a Letter from a Privateer, Capt. at Monta Cbr

"I embrace the of our Welfare. Cruize, and has b ed with 40 Bags five Hogheads of which we now h Hopes we shall fin having good Intel ing at the Cape, voy. A white P large Fleet of Mer Ships of the Line, Francois from Ol

March 7. The pher Heysham, M last, from Dublin, Weeks, being blo He informs us, T teer Ship Hercule carried into that I of 6 Carriage and out as a Tender, with her: That a with Soldiers on b taken by a Barba Barbados also: T prize, of 20 Gun mingo Man, valu that a Fleet of En King's Stores, fo safe arrived there, of War.

#### Extrait of a Letter from a Privateer, Capt. at Monta Cbr

"Just now we She brings an Accou is taken, with tw one of 80."

#### P H I L A D

Friday last Capt Days from Madeir Cleveland, in the Gun Ship, came d ed, in eleven day Passage he fell in Salvert's Squadron Hours. Capt. Cl to be a large East which brought on of his Men killed i ed, his Sails and the Stern of his S ular Loss of the but was thought t Ship much damag tar behaved extr

Captain Clevel Militia Bill in En of Parliament, an which there was Admiral Byng's T and that the Cou amining three W appeared very bla there was a Fleet Spithead, ready Battle Ships in th mand of Admira Knowles, v ber of Transports, was designed for Norris, with four the East-Indies: Capital Ships, a for Jamaica: T chantmen, that Squadron, had b



Hand  
out the  
the Eng-  
Prov-  
sterling,

Mon-  
North-  
saw a  
Account  
g Pliny,  
Charles-  
for Old-

four and  
discovered  
this City,  
lancholy  
unhappy  
ity, could  
became  
out of a  
as he for-  
louse, and  
ut 18, be-  
who were  
the back  
Conveni-  
g the de-  
out of a  
most mira-  
Gentleman  
ous, tho'  
e generous  
the Risque  
e Attempt,  
the reach-  
rnestly en-  
same kind  
ter, was so  
Tender's  
ear to leave  
sted all im-  
with them,  
with many  
ed; but by  
e deferred  
exteriority,  
in gentlemen  
tered here,  
r.

guished for  
s and Em-  
exemplary  
eminently  
ishment re-  
the best of  
: No won-  
ons render-  
ired, as the  
heavy Afflic-  
most affect-  
y Breach en-  
ity or Com-  
ho by their  
were daily  
t and Ex-  
Event, are  
ire irretrie-  
distressed  
is a certain  
triumphantly  
om a World  
(from which  
even the best  
emption), to  
e only ade-  
rtue and

at last from  
Captain Stod-  
and carrying  
is reckoned  
at Governor  
th-Carolina.  
of a Sloop  
Providence,  
o that Island,  
fter whereof  
e had spoke  
ge, Captain  
him, that he  
op with 200  
spaniola for  
om Jamaica,  
g Hawk, of  
this

this Port, between Anavasa and Cape Tiberon, seized a Ship with 100 Barrels of Flour on board, carrying on an illicit Trade, which he sent to Jamaica; after which he bore away for Port Morant, where he careen'd his Vessel, and proceeded to Sea, in order to finish his Cruise; that Captain Samuel Duncomb, in a Letter of Marque Sloop belonging to this Port also, had taken two French Schooners, with about 90 Hogheads of Sugar on board, which were safe arrived at Jamaica likewise.

By Captain Roome, from Charles-Town, in South-Carolina, we learn, That on the 16th Inst. a large French Schooner was sent in there by the Privateer Brig Prince of Orange, Captain Dixon, of this Port, which he took off the East-End of Hispaniola: Her Cargo is mostly Dry Goods, and esteemed a valuable Prize.

*Extract of a Letter from on board the Weesell Privateer, Captain Fenton, of this Port, dated at Monta Christa, January 5, 1757.*

"I embrace this Opportunity to inform you of our Welfare. Our Barge has made a small Cruise, and has brought us two small Craft, loaded with 40 Bags of Coffee, two Bags of Indico, five Hogheads of Sugar, and ten good Slaves, all which we now have safe on board, and am in Hopes we shall finish our Cruise in a short Time, having good Intelligence that 25 Sail are now lying at the Cape, ready loaded, waiting for Convoy. A white Prisoner we took, says, that a large Fleet of Merchantmen, under Convoy of six Ships of the Line, are hourly expected at Cape-Francois from Old-France."

March 7. The Snow Four Cantons, Christopher Heytham, Master, arrived here on Saturday last, from Dublin, but last from Barbados, in four Weeks, being blown off this Coast in the Winter: He informs us, That Capt. Bayard, in the Privateer Ship Hercules, of this Port, had taken and carried into that Island, a French Privateer Sloop, of 6 Carriage and 6 Swivel Guns, which he fitted out as a Tender, and was gone out on a Cruise with her: That a French Snow from Old France, with Soldiers on board, for the West-Indies, was taken by a Barbados Privateer, and carried into Barbados also: That his Majesty's Ship the Surprise, of 20 Guns, had likewise taken a St. Domingo Man, valued at 25,000 l. Sterling; and that a Fleet of English Ships, mostly loaded with King's Stores, for the West-India Islands, were safe arrived there, under Convoy of several Men of War.

*Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at Co-racoa, dated February 5.*

"Just now we have a Vessel from Martinico. She brings an Account, that their outward bound Fleet is taken, with two Men of War of 60 Guns, and one of 80."

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.

Friday last Capt. Chancellor arrived here in 38 Days from Madeira, and informs us, that Capt. Cleveland, in the Gibraltar Man of War, a 20 Gun Ship, came in there two Days before he failed, in eleven Days from England, and that on his Passage he fell in with a 50 Gun Ship of Monsieur Salvert's Squadron, which he engaged for near 2 Hours. Capt. Cleveland took the Man of War to be a large East-India Man, and so gave Chace, which brought on the Engagement. He had five of his Men killed in the Action, and several wounded, his Sails and Rigging intirely destroyed, and the Stern of his Ship much shattered. The particular Loss of the Frenchman could not be known, but was thought to be very considerable, and the Ship much damaged, as the Crew of the Gibraltar behaved extremely well.

Captain Cleveland brought Advice, that the Militia Bill in England had passed both Houses of Parliament, and wanted only the Royal Assent, which there was no Doubt of its getting: That Admiral Byng's Trial had come on at Portsmouth, and that the Court had been eight Days in examining three Witnesses, by whose Evidence it appeared very black on the Admiral's Side: That there was a Fleet of 55 Sail of the Line lying at Spithead, ready to put to Sea, and 18 Line of Battle Ships in the Bay of Biscay, under the Command of Admiral West: That it was said Admiral Knowles, with 23 Sail of the Line, a Number of Transports, and eleven Regiments on board, was designed for the Northward: That Admiral Norris, with four Sail of the Line, was to go to the East-Indies: That Admiral Coates, with six Capital Ships, and nine Transports, was to sail for Jamaica: That 18, out of 38 Sail of Merchantmen, that were under Convoy of Salvert's Squadron, had been carried into England: That

three fine Privateers, said to be fitted out by the Princes of the Blood Royal of France, were all taken before they had been 24 Hours at Sea: That there are said to be 18,000 French Prisoners in England: And that a great many Vessels are daily taken both by the English and French.

While Captain Chancellor was at Madeira, the Charles-Town, a Letter of Marque, bound to Charles-Town, in South-Carolina from Bristol, touched there, and brought in with her a French Snow, one of Salvert's Fleet, valued at Six Thousand Pounds. On board of her was a Boy that belonged to this Place, who was taken in a Vessel bound to Jamaica from hence [probably Captain Lowther's Boy, as his Vessel was carried into Cape Francois] whom they forced on board their Vessel, and two English Sailors besides, being in great Want of Seamen at the Cape. The Charles-Town had before taken a Dutch Dogger, from Marseilles for Middleburg, and put back with her to Bristol. Captain Chancellor, going to Madeira, narrowly escaped being taken by a French Settee.

By Captain Grant, from Barbados, there is Advice, that Captain Cook, in a Privateer Brig of that Island, has carried in there a French Snow, with a Number of Soldiers on board, thought to be designed to settle one of the Neutral Islands.

ANNAPOLIS, March 17.

By Captain Jones, just arrived from Barbados, we are informed, that Corn, not long ago, sold there for Fifteen Shillings a Bushel, and Flour at a Guinea a Hundred; but the Prices were greatly fallen.

The Spring Assizes are to be held at the Places and Times following, viz.

In Worcester, March 31.	Baltimore, April 5.
Somerset, April 5.	Anne-Arundel, 11.
Dorchester, 11.	Calvert, 18.
Talbot, 14.	St. Mary's, 21.
Queen-Anne's, 20.	Charles, 25.
Kent, 25.	Pr. George's, 28.
Cecil, 29.	Frederick, May 4.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE, On Thursday the 7th Day of April, in Annapolis,



A SCHOONER, Four Years old, which will carry about 1900 Bushels of Grain. Inventories to be seen at Mr. Robert Swan's in Annapolis, Messrs. Chamier and Carman's at Baltimore-Town, or at Mr. David McCulloch's at Joppa.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, very cheap, on the 31st of this Instant March, if fair, if not, the first fair Day after, for Gold, Silver, Maryland or Pennsylvania Currency,

PART of a Tract of good LAND, well wooded and watered, called The Addition to Brooke's Discovery, on the Rich Land joining to the Temporary Line, lying on the East Side of Manockasy River in Maryland, about Twenty-five Miles from York-Town, near the main Road that leads from Frederick-Town to Lancaster, containing between Six and Seven Thousand Acres, in Parcels, from One Hundred and Fifty Acres to Five Hundred Acres, and from that Quantity to One Thousand Acres: A reasonable Time will be allowed for Payment of Part of the Money. The Purchaser may depend on having a good Title to the aforesaid Lands. The Sale will be at the House of John Everit near the Premises, and to begin about Eleven o'Clock.

JAMES BROOKE.

N. B. There are good Conveniences for Building Water-Mills on the said Land, and seems to have a Shew of Copper in several Places.

Annapolis, March 17, 1757.

JOHN BENNETT has a large Number of PORK BARRELS to dispose of, and will let 'em go a great Penny-worth, if the whole, or a considerable Number, is taken together.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Maynard, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a small Brown Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, and a Snip on her Nose, her near hind Foot white, she has several Saddle Spots on her Back, a small white Spot on her off Flank, and branded with a Heart on the near Shoulder, and on the near Thigh with something like this join'd in one. She had on her Neck a small Bell mark'd thus: A:S: tied on with a raw Cow-Hide Strap.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on Kent-Island, on the 9th of this Instant March, a Convict West-Country Servant Man, named Richard Rowlands, about 23 Years of Age, about 5½ Feet high, a likely looking Fellow, with short curl'd brown Hair, and grey Eyes. He had on an old black and white Country Cloth Jacket, an under white Jacket, a Pair of old patch'd Country Cloth Breeches, an old Felt Hat trimm'd round the Edges, and had one fine and two Osnabrugs Shirts, and old Shoes and Stockings.

Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and brings him Home to his said Master, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by JOHN COLLIER.

THERE is at the Plantation of Edward Alford, in Dorchester County, on the Head of Hog-Creek, taken up as a Stray, an Iron Grey Mare, about 2 Years old, she has a Star in her Forehead, and a white Nose; but is neither branded nor dock'd.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

A PARCEL of likely able NEGROES, Country-born, and well acquainted with Plantation-Business, to be Sold, and will be delivered in any Part of the Province. Enquire of the Printer for the Terms.

TO BE SOLD,

On the 14th Day of April next, at the Subscriber's House, at West-River,

A LIKELY Country-born NEGRO BOY, a Parcel of good Household Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Remnants of a Cargo of Goods, such as Bombazeens, Allopeens, Blankets, and sundry other Articles too tedious to mention.

The Sale to begin at XII o'Clock.

ANNE CONNER, Administratrix to John Conner, deceased.

To all Sheriffs, Constables, and Others his Lordship's good Tenants.

WHEREAS Complaint is this Day made to me, one of the Justices of the Provincial Court, by Colmore Beanes, Sheriff of Prince-George's County, That in the Night of Wednesday the Ninth of this Instant March, the Goal of the said County was broke, and sundry Persons escaped thence, viz. Philip Connelly and Aaron Holdsworth, Deferters from Fort-Frederick, and advertised in the MARYLAND GAZETTE by Captain Joshua Beall: They answer the Description in the said Advertisement, except in their Drefs: Connelly has a green Jacket without Sleeves; and Holdsworth a brown double-breasted Pea Jacket. Also John Grimshaw, a tall slender Fellow, much pitted with the Small-Pox, his right Eye out: Had on an old dyed Cotton Coat and Breeches, an old blue Jacket, Yarn Stockings, good Shoes, and an old Felt Hat: He was committed last November for Stealing Goods out of several Stores at Bladenburg. And Samuel Saibrie, a tall slender Fellow: Had on an old brown Cloth Coat, with large Metal Buttons, an old Flannel Jacket, Yarn Stockings, good Shoes, and an old Felt Hat: He was committed in February last on Suspicion of breaking into Dr. David Rosi's Store at Bladenburg.

THESE are, therefore, in the Name of the Right Honourable the Lord Proprietary of this Province, to will and require you to make diligent Search, by Way of Hue and Cry, after the said Philip Connelly, Aaron Holdsworth, John Grimshaw, and Samuel Saibrie; and when you apprehend them, or any of them, that you convey them to the next Sheriff where they shall be apprehended, in order to be conveyed from Constable to Constable, who are hereby required to take Charge of them, till they be delivered to the said Colmore Beanes. Given under my Hand and Seal, this 10th Day of March, 1757. J. HERBURN.

The Subscriber promises to pay to any Person that apprehends the above John Grimshaw and Samuel Saibrie, a Reward of Five Pounds Currency for each of them, and one Pistole for each of the above Philip Connelly and Aaron Holdsworth, if brought to Upper-Marlborough.

COLMORE BEANES, Sheriff of Prince-George's County.

RAN



RAN away on the 6th of this Instant March, from the Subscriber, living at London-Town, a Convict Servant Man, named *Edward Merriott*, by Trade a Joyner, he is about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, much pitted with the Small-Pox, has a hoarse Way of Speaking, he is a well-set Fellow, has a very full red Face, like one that drinks hard, he is about 50 Years of Age, and has short black curl'd Hair. Had on when he went away, a blue Fearnought Jacket, much worn, another light colour'd Jacket lined with red, a Pair of grey Half-thick Breeches, light Yarn ribb'd Stockings, much darned, Country-made Shoes, an Osnabrigs Shirt, and an old Worsted Cap.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and delivers him to the Subscriber, shall receive Twenty Shillings Reward, beside what the Law allows, and reasonable Charges. WILLIAM BROWN.

February 21, 1757.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man, named *Lot*, about 30 Years of Age, his Knees incline together, his left Knee standing in somewhat more than the Right, and as he walks hath a Cast of his Head to the Left: Had on, a white Cotton Jacket, and an old blue Cloth one under it, a new Osnabrigs Shirt, white Cotton Breeches, coarse, thick, white Yarn Country Stockings, and a Pair of strong Country-made Shoes, with many Hob-Nails in the Soles.

He lately belonged to one *Dr. Piles*, living at *Pamunkey*, near *Patowmack*, and hath been seen at his late Master's, and in that Neighbourhood, since he ran away.

Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and brings him to *Queen-Anne*, shall receive THREE POUNDS Reward, paid by

CHARLES HAMMOND, junior.

## WILLIAM FARIS,

WATCH-MAKER, from PHILADELPHIA,  
At his Shop near the Church, next Door to Mr. Wallace's, in Church-Street, ANNAPOLIS,

CLEANS and REPAIRS all Sorts of WATCHES and CLOCKS, as well and neat as can be done in any Part of America: And takes the same Prices for his Work as are taken in Philadelphia.

He also makes CLOCKS, either to Repeat or not, or to go either Eight Days or Thirty, as the Purchaser shall fancy, as good as can be made in London, and at reasonable Prices. And all Gentlemen who shall be pleased to employ him, may depend on having their Work done with all possible Dispatch, by Their humble Servant,  
WILLIAM FARIS.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Benjamin Kid Wilson*, living in the Fork of *Gumpowder*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Horse, about 14½ Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with the Figure 4, he paces very well, and is shod before.


The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *George Bramwell*, on *Chestnut-Ridge*, in *Baltimore* County, taken up as Strays,

A small Black Mare, with a few grey Hairs in her Forehead, and is dock'd; but has no perceivable Brand.

And, A small Bay Mare, two Years old; neither dock'd nor branded.

The Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Hughes*, living on *Great Seneca*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Grey Horse 14 and ½ Hands high, about 10 Years old, has a shuffling Pace, a bob Tail, branded on the near Shoulder with something like  (join'd in one).

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Rezin Hammond*, at the *Bear-Grounds*, at *Elk-Ridge*, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Horse, branded on the near Buttock T, his near hind Foot is white, and has a long Star in his Forehead.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Silvanus Pumphrey*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as Strays,

A small Black Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, a hanging Mane, a short Sprig Tail, and paces slow; but has no perceivable Brand.

And a Grey Mare, with a hanging Mane and Sprig Tail, she paces slow, and has no discernable Brand. She had on a Bell.

The Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Kirk*, near the *Sugar-Loaf-Mountain*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Gelding, one of his hind Feet is white, he is dock'd, but has no Brand that can be discern'd.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Annapolis, February 24, 1757.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subscriber will give constant Attendance at his Office, in *Annapolis*, every Wednesday and Thursday, before the 10th of April next, to receive all Money due from the Inhabitants of *Anne-Arundel* County for Public Levies, &c. And as sundry Persons are indebted for Quit-Rents and the Land-Tax for the Year 1756, this is to desire them to come and pay without Loss of Time, which will prevent Expence and Trouble to themselves. And all Persons concerned are to take Notice, that the 25th Day of March is the Time appointed by Law to pay the Half Year's Land-Tax, as well as his Lordship's Quit-Rents; and the 29th of September for the other Half Year of each. Also all the Retailers and private Consumers are desired to take Notice, that they are required by Law to make Payment by the 20th Day of March next. Compliance with the above, will greatly oblige

JOHN RAITT, Sheriff, Collector and Receiver of *Anne-Arundel* County.

THE Second Edition, of a VOYAGE into the SOUTH SEAS (advertised in the *Philadelphia* Papers last Summer) is now Printed, and the Books are Binding: And as there are some few Copies more Printed, than are subscribed for, those who are inclinable, may yet subscribe, either with the Author, *JOHN BULKLEY*, Gunner of the *Wager* Man of War when she was lost, or at the PRINTING-OFFICE in *Annapolis*. The Price a Dollar, one Half at subscribing, the other at the Delivery of the Book. In this second Edition, there is about 130 Pages more than were in the First, never before Published.

N. B. None will be to dispose of but what are subscribed for.

IF Mr. *John Frederick Prigg*, who came into this Country some Years since, from *Copenhagen*, and whose Father lives in that Place, be now alive, and will apply to Mr. *Michael Earle*, of *Cecil* County, he will hear of something very satisfactory.

Queen's-Town, February 8, 1757.

ALL Persons who have any just Claims against the Estate of *Capt. David Alexander*, late of *Talbot* County, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted: And all Persons who are indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make speedy Payment, to

+ C ANTHONY McCULLOCH, Administrator.

THE Subscriber intending for London the ensuing Summer, requests all Persons indebted to him to come and make Payment, or settle their Accounts by Note, or Bond: And those who have any just Demands against him, are desired to come and receive Payment of the same.

JAMES WARDROP.

## Charles Dutens, Jeweller,



From LONDON,  
Has Removed from Market-Street, to the RING and DOVE, in Second-Street, Opposite to the Sign of the George near Arch-Street, PHILADELPHIA.

CONTINUES to make all Sorts of JEWELLER'S WORK; and having procured Workmen of different Branches, such as Snuff-Box-Maker, Watch-Cases, all Sorts of Trinkets, Chasing and Lapidary Work; and having likewise purchased various Kinds of Florida Shells, Tortoise, and Panama, fit for Snuff-Boxes, any Gentlemen desiring it, may be supplied with curious and humorous Emblems, with Mottos engraved on the said Shell-Boxes. Those Gentlemen and Ladies, who are pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on Care and Dispatch, by Their humble Servant,

CHARLES DUTENS.

N. B. He gives the best Price for white, purple, and brown Chrystal, or any other precious Stones, as Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, &c.

## TO BE SOLD,



A Well-fitted SCHOONER, about Three Years old, which will carry about 2250 Bushels of Grain.

Any Persons inclinable to Purchase, may apply to *Stephen Steward* at *West-River*, or *Calmore* Branches at *Nottingham*.

Alexandria, January 16, 1757.  
WANTED,



A SLOOP or SCHOONER, (rather the latter) that will carry about 4000 Bushels of Grain. We would not choose her to be above a Year old. Or, we would willingly purchase a HULL now on the Stocks, and near finished.

Any Person having such to Dispose of may apply to  
CARLYLE and DALTON.

Alexandria, January 15, 1757.

A PERSON that understands MINING, and will produce Credentials of his Capacity and Integrity, may meet with Employ in a Copper-Mine, by Application to

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

## To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT of LAND, situate about 3 Miles from *Annapolis*, on the North Side of *Severn*, containing 673 Acres, having a fine Branch running thro' it for near a Mile, very fit for Meadow Land, and about 200 of it good Wood Land. There is on the Plantation a good Dwelling-House, built on a rising Ground, with four Rooms on 1 Floor, a Barn, Stable, Smoke House, Hen House, &c. a very good Garden, paved Yard, and a good stoned Well; and a very good Orchard: The Title is indisputable.

The Purchaser may have Time for Payment of Part of the Purchase-Money, on giving Security, if required. For Terms apply to

JOHN CAMPBELL.

N. B. The Purchaser may likewise be supplied with Stock of all Kinds, and Plantation Utensils.

Likewise to be Sold by said *Campbell* a House and Lot in *Annapolis*, near to *Severn* Ferry, where he lately lived, with a good Cellar, Kitchen, Smoke House, Stable, Hen House, and Garden.

JOHN BENNETT, in ANNAPOLIS, sells all Sorts of manufactured TOBACCO, in small or large Quantities.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POSTMASTER, at his OFFICE in Charles-Street; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.



T H E  
**MARYLAND GAZETTE,**

*Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.*

THURSDAY, March 24, 1757.

*It is not to be Doubted, but that the following Piece (taken from a late Paper, called THE WORLD), will suit a world of our Readers. [More especially ONE, a particular Acquaintance, who will therein find his GOOD-NATURE exactly delineated, and to whom we hope the Perusal will prove very serviceable.]*

**I**T is a vulgar Notion, and worthy of the Vulgar, for it is both false and absurd, that Passionate People are the best-natured People in the World. They are a little hasty, it is true; a Trifle will put them in a Fury; and while they are in that Fury, they neither know nor care what they say or do: But then, as soon as it is over, they are extremely sorry and penitent for any Injury or Mischief they did. This Panegyric on these choleric good-natured People, when examined and simplified, amounts in plain common Sense and English to this; that they are Good-natured when they are not ill-natured; and that when in their Fits of Rage they have said or done Things that have brought them to Jail or the Gallows, they are extremely sorry for it. It is indeed highly probable that they are; but where is the Reparation to those whose Reputations, Limbs, or Lives they have either wounded or destroyed? This Concern comes too late, and is only for themselves. Self-Love was the Cause of the Injury, and the only Motive of the Repentance.

Had these furious People real Good-Nature, their first Offence would be their last; and they would resolve at all Events never to relapse. The Moment they felt their Choler rising, they would enjoin themselves an absolute Silence and Inaction, and by that sudden Check rather expose themselves to a Momentary Ridicule (which, by the Way, would be followed by universal Applause) than run the least Risk of being irreparably Mischievous.

I know it is said in their Behalf, that this Impulse to Wrath is constitutionally so sudden and so strong, that they cannot stifle it, even in its Birth: But Experience shews us, that this Allegation is notoriously false; for we daily observe that these stormy Persons both can and do lay those Gusts of Passion, when awed by Respect, restrained by Interest, or intimidated by Fear. The most outrageous Furious does not give a loose to his Anger in Presence of his Sovereign, or his Mistress; nor the expectant Heir in Presence of the peevish Dotard from whom he Hopes for an Inheritance. The solliciting Courtier, though perhaps under the strongest Provocations, from unjust Delays and broken Promises, calmly swallows his unavailing Wrath, disguises it even under Smiles, and gently waits for more favourable Moments: Nor does the Criminal fly in a Passion at his Judge or his Jury.

There is then but one solid Excuse to be alledged in favour of these People; and if they will frankly urge it, I will candidly admit it, because it points out its own Remedy. I mean, let them fairly confess themselves *Mad*, as they most unquestionably are: For what Plea can those who are frantic ten Times a Day, bring against shaving, bleeding, and a dark Room, when so many much more harmless Madmen are confined in their Cells in Bedlam for being Mad only once in a Moon? Nay, I have been assured by the late ingenious Dr. Moore, that such of his Patients who were really of a good-natured Disposition, and who in their lucid Intervals, were allowed the Liberty of walking about the Hospital, would frequently, when they found the previous Symptoms of their returning Madness, voluntarily apply for Confinement, conscious of the Mischief which they might possibly do, if at Liberty. If those who pretend not to be Mad, but who really are so, had the same Fund of Good-Nature, they would make the same Application to their Friends, if they have any.

There is in the Menagiana a very pretty Story of one of these angry Gentlemen, which sets their Extravagance in a very ridiculous Light.

Two Gentlemen were riding together, one of whom, who was a Choleric one, happened to be mounted upon an high-mettled Horse. The Horse grew a little troublesome, at which the Rider grew very angry, and whipped and spurred him with great Fury; to which the Horse, almost as wrong-headed as his Master, replied with kicking and plunging. The Companion, concerned for the Danger, and ashamed of the Folly of his Friend, said to him coolly, *Be quiet, be quiet, and shew yourself the Wifist of the Two.*

This Sort of Madness, for I will call it by no other Name, flows from various Causes, of which I shall now enumerate the most general.

Light unballasted Heads are very apt to overset by every Gust, or even Breeze of Passion; they appreciate Things wrong, and think every Thing of Importance, but what really is so: Hence those frequent sudden Transitions from silly Joy to fillicr Anger, according as the present silly Humour is gratified or thwarted. This is the never failing Characteristic of the uneducated Vulgar, who often, in the same Half-Hour, Fight with Fury, and shake Hands with Affection. Such Heads give themselves no Time to Reason; and if you attempt to reason with them, they think you rally them, and resent the Affront. They are in short, over-grown Children, and continue so in the most advanced Age. Far be it from me to insinuate, what some ill-bred Authors have bluntly asserted, that this is in general the Case of the fairest Part of our Species, whose great Vivacity does not always allow them Time to reason Consequentially, but hurries them into Testiness upon the least Opposition to their Will. But at the same Time, with all the Partiality which I have for them, and nobody can have more than I have, I must confess that in all their Debates, I have much more admired the Copiousness of their Rhetoric, than the Conclusiveness of their Logic.

People of strong animal Spirits, warm Constitutions, and a cold Genius (a most unfortunate and ridiculous, though common Compound) are most irascible Animals, and very dangerous in their Wrath. They are active, puzzling, blundering, and petulantly enterprising and persevering. They are impatient of the least Contradiction, having neither Arguments nor Words to reply with; and the animal Part of their Composition bursts out into furious Explosions, which have often mischievous Consequences. Nothing is too outrageous or criminal for them to say or do in these Fits; but as the Beginning of their Frenzy is easily discoverable by their glaring Eyes, inflamed Countenances, and rapid Motions; the Company, as Conservators of Peace (which, by the Way, every Man is, till the Authority of a Magistrate can be procured) should forcibly seize these Madmen, and confine them in the mean Time, in some dark Closet, Vault, or Coal-Hole.

Men of nice Honour, without one Grain of common Honesty (for such there are) are wonderfully combustible. The Honourable is to support and protect the Dishonourable Part of their Character. The Consciousness of their Guilt makes them both sore and jealous.

There is another very irascible Sort of human Animals, whose Madness proceeds from Pride. These are generally the People, who having just Fortunes sufficient to live idle and useless to Society, create themselves Gentlemen, and are scrupulously Tender of the Rank and Dignity which they have not. They require the more Respect, from being conscious that they have no Right to any. They construe every Thing into a Slight, ask Explanations with Heat, and misunderstand them with Fury. *Who are you? What are you? Do you know who you speak to? I'll teach*

*you to be insolent to a Gentleman*, are their daily Idioms of Speech, which frequently end in Assault and Battery, to the great Emolument of the Round-House and Crown-Office.

I have known many young Fellows, who at their first setting out into the World, or in the Army, have simulated a Passion which they did not feel, merely as an Indication of Spirit, which Word is falsely looked upon as synonymous with Courage. They dress and look Fierce, swear Enormously, and rage Furiously, seduced by that popular word Spirit. But I beg Leave to inform these mistaken young Gentlemen, whose Error I compassionate, that the true Spirit of a rational Being, consists in cool and steady Resolution, which can only be the Result of Reflection and Virtue.

Our great Creator has wisely given us Passions, to rouse us into Action, and to engage our Gratitude to him by the Pleasures they procure us; but at the same Time he has kindly given us Reason sufficient, if we will but give that Reason fair play, to controul those Passions; and has delegated Authority to say to them, as he said to the Waters, "Thus far shall ye go and no farther." The angry Man is his own severest Tormentor; his Breast knows no Peace, while his raging Passions are restrained by no Sense of either religious or moral Duties. What would be his Case if his unforgiving Example (if I may use such an Expression) were followed by his all-merciful Maker, whose Forgiveness he can only Hope for, in Proportion as he himself Forgives and Loves his Fellow Creatures?

\*\*\*\*\*

L O N D O N, January 1.

**A**T Paris all Things are in great Confusion, the Humiliation of the Parliament giving no small Satisfaction to the bigotted Clergy and their Admirers, while the Secular Clergy publicly declare, that the Spirit of true Religion daily evaporates, and that the present Schism is equally destructive to the Church and State.

They write from Gosport, that the utmost Diligence is used to equip the Ships fitting for Sea-service, insomuch that many Artificers of the Dock-yard work Day and Night, Sundays not excepted, and have been docking Ships at all the Nip-tides; and that in a short Time there will be at Spithead as powerful a Fleet, and of as fine Ships, as ever was seen.

The glorious Fortitude shewed by the Parliament of France, in opposing the despotic Power of their Prince, as it must attract the universal Applause and Admiration of every Man of Sense and Spirit, in so particular a Manner does it affect each brave Briton, that the favourite Toast at the Tables of the Great is, *May the Parliament of Paris persevere and their Cause be crowned with Success.*

Captain Fortunatus Wright has a Privateer of 40 Guns, built at Liverpool, almost ready to sail to him.

A small Privateer, lately taken at the Back of the Isle of Wight, is said to have had the Assurance, three or four Days before she was taken, to come in at the Needles under English Colours, saluted the Admiral, which was return'd, and afterwards sailed out at St. Helen's.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, Dec. 31.  
"On Wednesday and Thursday Vice-Admiral West was examined. The greatest Part of his Evidence that makes against Mr. Byng is, That no Impediment appeared to him to the Admiral's engaging the French Fleet closely; but he entirely acquits the Admiral of any Delay.—He gave his Testimony with Candour and Good-sense; but, as he was not in Sight of Admiral Byng during the Engagement, he is not supposed to be the most material Evidence."

The



*The Lovely Peggy, Dipple, from Rotterdam for London, having on board 150 Tons of Clozer Seed, was attacked on the 25th Instant by a Privateer of Dunkirk, mounting 14 Guns. Captain Dipple, whose whole Crew consisted of only 12 Men and a Boy, made a brave Resistance for near three Hours; when two large Ships appearing in Sight, the Privateer thought proper to sheer off. Captain Dipple had one Man killed, and two wounded.—The Raphael, a Swedish Ship, from Havre de Grace for Cadiz, is taken by a Man of War, and carried into Gibraltar.—The Bigot Privateer, of six Carriage and ten Swivel Guns, and fifty Men, belonging to Dunkirk, is taken by the Dispatch Sloop of War, and sent into Portsmouth.—Yesterday se'nnight a small Smuggling Vessel, belonging to Guernsey, laden with Tea and Brandy, was taken by the Otter Sloop of War, and sent into Penzance.*

January 4. It is said that no less than two and thirty thousand Pounds are paid annually to the Government by two Distillers only, as Duty upon the Grain they distil.—As this is an undoubted and most melancholly Truth, notwithstanding the many temporary Advantages that may be pretended to flow from this Branch of the Revenue to the Crown, Where is the Wonder of the present Scarcity of Corn? Query, therefore, whether this Evil does not loudly call for an immediate Redress, in Imitation of that truly laudable Example set us by the Swedes? And whether those poor unhappy Wretches, who have lately risen in different Parts of this Kingdom, impelled (as I may say by extreme Hunger) to commit Outrages on their Neighbours, and have thereby, in the Eye of the Law, forfeited their Lives, are not, in the more lenient Eye of Humanity, real Objects of Compassion?—[In Spain they take particular Care of the Produce of the Chestnut-Tree, when Apprehensive of a Scarcity of Corn; and were the People of England more careful in raising POTATOES, 'twould greatly help the Necessities of many.]

Private Advices from Holland say, that M. d'Affrey, Minister from France to the States-General, has publicly declared, That the King his Master has found it necessary to have an Army of Observation on Foot next Summer, which will assemble on the Frontiers of the Republic. The same Advices add, that it is generally believed, that the Prince of Nassau Weilbourg, will soon be married to the Princess Carolina, Daughter to the late Stadtholder.

We hear from Warsaw, that the Count de Bestucheff, great Chancellor of Russia, has written a circular Letter to the Primate, Senators, and Ministers of the Republic of Poland, setting forth, that the Empress of Russia is extremely affected with the King of Poland's Distress, which she thinks ought to excite the Compassion of all other Powers, but more especially that of her Allies; and that with this View the Empress is determined to assist the King of Poland with a Body of 30,000 Troops, which are actually upon their March, under the Command of General Apraxin.—[The French say they have certain Advice, that 32,000 Russians have already entered Poland, in their March to assist the Allies of the Empress of Russia; and this Corps will be immediately followed by two others of equal Force.]

Most of the European Powers are deeply employed on the present Crisis; and Couriers are continually passing from one Court to another. In the mean while, some dexterous Decypherer has found out certain numerical Letters, according to the Latin Text in Jerem. li. 57. that Tally with the Date of the present Year. The English of which is as follows: "And I will make Drunk her Princes, and her Wisemen, her Captains and Rulers, and her mighty Men."

We hear from Paris, that the 13th Instant the Cumberland Frigate, and the Squirrel and Agatha Tenders, arrived in the Road of Brest, with 12 Vessels laden with Timber, Cordage, Meal, and Flour. These are the Remains of the Fleet that was dispersed by a violent Gale the 22d of last Month. Some other Vessels have had the good Fortune to reach other Ports, and the rest are lost.

On Friday last Mr. Boyd, a Gentleman of good Character, Engineer and Storekeeper of Fort St. Philips, was examined (at Portsmouth) as to the Possibility of Mr. Byng's landing Men in Boats on the Island of Minorca, and of succouring St. Philip's, and gave his Opinion that the same was very possible.

The Lieutenants of the Buckingham were also examined for the first Time, and according to the

best Intelligence that can be collected, they all speak of the Possibility of the Commander in Chief's engaging.—[How indeed could it be otherwise, when the Wind blew the same Way for the First in Command, as it did for the Second?]

A French Privateer of 20 Guns, was lately stranded in the West of Cork in the late Gale of Wind.

A Sloop of War has taken the Infernal, a large French Privateer, after a smart Engagement, and carried her into Rye.

January 6. Capt. Gilchrist has been examined and cross-examined, concerning the Signals made in the Engagement; and has given his Evidence, as the other Gentlemen, That he thinks Admiral Byng might have engaged properly: And being interrogated, If the Admiral had engaged, whether he might have defeated the French Fleet? He answered, That his Opinion was, he might.

Another Officer, whose Name we know not, was peremptorily asked if he saw the Admiral engage? who said, he saw a Firing. When one of the Gentlemen said somewhat smartly, Is not firing engaging? The Respondent said, he did not call firing of Guns at so great a Distance Engaging.

On Monday Capt. Everitt was again examined, and Capt. Gilchrist, and Capt. Hervey were examined. And Yesterday Capt. Hervey again, and Capt. Amherst; the two latter much in Favour of the Admiral, asserting that he was engaged with the Enemy some Time.

January 8. By a Gentleman arriv'd in Town from Portsmouth, we are informed that Admiral Byng, on Lord Blakeney's saying there was a Possibility of the Admiral's landing Troops in different Places, ask'd his Lordship, Whether he imagin'd, that if he had landed them, Minorca would by that Means have been saved?—His Lordship answer'd, That he believ'd if the Admiral had landed those Troops, he might have held Minorca 'til Admiral Hawke could arrive to his farther Relief.

Mr. Byng has been observed to weep several Times during the Course of his Trial. All the Evidences are deliver'd with the maturest Deliberation, and every Thing conducted with all imaginary Order and Decorum.

They write from Paris, that four Princes of the Blood are laid under an Arrest for their Remonstrances against the Step taken by his Majesty, in his late Lit de Justice, concerning the Parliament.

Several Persons are set out for Scotland, to facilitate the raising 3000 Highlanders, to be sent early in the Spring to America.

Brussels, January 11. On Saturday Evening a Courier arrived here from Paris, with the Account of an Attempt made on the French King's Life the 5th Instant, the Particulars of which are as follow. On the abovementioned Day the King went from Trianon to Versailles, to visit Madame Victoire. About six in the Evening, as his Majesty was stepping into his Coach to return to Trianon, a Man who had concealed himself behind the hind Wheels, rushed forward with his Hat on, made his Way to the King's Person through the Guards (one of whom he shoved against the Dauphin) and struck his Majesty on the right Side; of which however the King only complained by saying, That Man has given me a violent Blow, he must be either mad or drunk. But having perceived that his Hand, which he clapt to his Side, was bloody, he said, I am wounded; seize that Fellow, but don't kill him. His Majesty was immediately carried to his Apartment. The Wound (which from the very first was not thought dangerous) was given with a sharp pointed Knife, which glanced upwards between the fourth and fifth Ribs, and is not of any considerable Depth. And, at the first Dressing, it was even judged that the Cure would be speedy. That Night the King slept an Hour and a Quarter. The Villain who committed this Attempt is named Damien, and is a Native of Arras. The Weapon he made use of was found upon him, and proves to be a common Clasp Knife, with two Blades. At first it was feared it might have been poisoned, but he assured the contrary, and the Experiments that have since been made with it, on several Animals, have made good his Assertion. Another French Courier arrived here on Sunday Night, with an Account, that the Wound was so slight, that his Majesty had been able to assist on Saturday Morning at a Council that was held at Versailles.

#### L O N D O N.

December 28. It is said that the Troops ordered for America are to consist of 10,000 Men compleat. The two Regiments raising in the Highlands are

to consist of 1000 Men each, to be commanded by Col. Frazer, Son of the late Lord Lovat, and Major Montgomery, Brother of the Earl of Eglington. No Lowlanders are to be received into these Regiments, but are to be raised from the following Clans, viz. the Campbell's, the Mackenzie's, the Frazer's, the Macdonald's, and the Grant's.

January 13. We hear that Orders will soon be given for several more Regiments to embark for America.

Admiral West, with ten Sail of the Line, besides Frigates, is now under Sail with a fair Wind; he is to take with him from Spithead, the Falkner, Falmouth and Windsor Men of War, and the Tartar Sloop.

The Royal George Privateer was chased into Lisbon by 4 French Men of War, which Admiral Hawke being informed of, dispatched 4 Men of War in Quest of them.

There are near 70 Sail of Transports taken up by the Government.

Admiral Coates will certainly sail by the 10th of February, and Jamaica, we hear, will be the general Rendezvous.

Admiral Hawke is arrived in the Channel.

A Lottery will be granted for the Service of the current Year, which is to consist of two Millions of Tickets, we hear, to be sold out at one Guinea each Ticket.

Jan. 18. An English Prisoner on board the Indiaman lately taken says, that there sailed, about the same Time she did, from Canton, and other Parts of India, for France, 15 Sail, 12 of which are yet on their Passage, who it seems expect to be met and convoyed home by the Fleet that lately sailed from Brest.

The Cargo of the French East-Indiaman, lately taken by the Dover Man of War, consists of Tea, China, Rhubarb, Silk, &c. amounting, in Value, as appears by the Bills of Lading, to 160,000 l. Sterling, exclusive of private Ventures, which are very considerable.

The Jupiter, a French Prize, from St. Domingo, is sent into Falmouth by the Defiance Privateer, Capt. Dyer; and also a Dutch Ship, from Rotterdam to Bourdeaux.

By a Letter from Mountbay, we hear, that the Otter Sloop of War is put in there, and has retaken the Tyger Privateer of Biddeford, and taken the French Privateer that took her; also a French Ship of War of 12 Guns, laden with Stores for Canada, on the King's Account; and a Snow from Nantz for Martinico.

Jan. 20. The Antigallican Privateer has taken a French East-Indiaman, after a very smart Engagement, in which the French Captain was killed, and several Men on both Sides. This Account, we hear, is brought from the Groyne by the Alban's Man of War. The Privateer did not engage, till she was near enough to fire her Small Arms into the Cabin Windows.

St. George, Portsmouth Harbour, Jan. 20. Yesterday Mr. B. came on board, and delivered a Paper, declaring he had no more Evidence to produce, but his Secretary; and would give the Court no farther Trouble; so that we may soon expect the Sentence.

#### Extract of a Letter from Jersey.

"The Revenge Privateer of this Place, Captain Charles Alexander, Commander, has taken and brought in here the St. Clude, a French Letter of Marque Ship, Burthen 150 Tons, with 6 Carriage Guns, and had 74 Soldiers and 25 Marines on board, besides 40 Women and Children, bound from Rochelle to Mississippi, loaded with Provisions and Ammunition for the King."

Jan. 22. We hear that an Express arrived this Morning at the Admiralty from Portsmouth, with Advice that the Court-Martial had capitally convicted Admiral Byng.

The Mermaid, from St. Domingo for Nantz, with 323 Hogheads of Sugar, 4327 lb. of Indigo, and 15 Tons of Coffee, is taken by the Lion Privateer, who is arrived at Bristol; but she parted with her Prize last Friday Night, 15 Leagues to the Westward of Lundy.

The Isaac Privateer, of Liverpool, of 18 Guns, David Clotworthy Commander, has taken and carried into Kinsale, the Victory, of and from Havre, upwards of 300 Tons, John Chevalier Commander, bound to Porto Rico, in Hispaniola. Her Cargo consists of 600 Barrels of Gunpowder, and other Warlike Stores, and is computed worth 12,000 l.

We hear that the Engagement between the Antigallican Privateer and the French East-Indiaman (which is supposed to be the Duke de Penthièvre) was

off Corunna, into  
Indiamen got safe;  
here, hearing a great  
the whole Engage-  
fort fired, but could  
which makes it a le-  
rench lost their first  
great many Men;  
ounded in the Arr-  
Men. Capt. Foster  
Cape Finisterre.  
Capt. Gordon, who  
above Capture, left  
he had taken, unde-  
Privateer.

Cork, January 3.  
Cove by his Majesty  
Capt. Christopher H  
agement of two Ho  
L'Orient, a French  
Burthen, Homeward  
turn out a Prize of b  
One of his Majesty  
Kinsale; in her Pa  
there a French Priv  
Men.

Cork, January 13.  
vateer, and a home  
are taken and carrie  
CHARLES-TOWN.

On Saturday last  
Stoddard, brought  
Ship, bound for Bo  
with Indico, Coffee  
on the 23d ult. off  
Complaisance, Fran  
a Letter of Marque,  
gois in Company w  
Convoy of 4 Men o  
with them. Captai  
of the Fleet, but as  
es as soon as they  
to his Lot but the  
N E W -

The following Rela  
Account of the t  
Paris by Order o

"The Indians o  
as we were prej  
M. de Vaudreuil  
and see it. He  
ring the Siege.  
the Fort so soon  
the Councils wh  
them, he took C  
in proper Terms  
to the English, f  
ours by Right o  
vade your Coun  
fore I give it t  
Side, you must  
establish it, and  
aim at it. See  
from theirs: T  
up the Hatchet  
ther; but I do  
against them.  
quiet, and not  
The Indians

"Country seem t  
tho' this was th  
with Brandy, i  
cheaper than e  
same Reasons i  
ward to go as f  
Skins, it were  
of our Colonie  
with Goods a  
We hear fro  
those Parts co  
Provinces of P  
ginia, with fi  
and take smal  
in those Provin  
100 Leagues  
The Cherokee  
carry on the W  
We learn fro  
the Amount of  
by Lord Lou  
make themfel  
the taking of  
our Forces th  
prizes."

Saturday Nigh  
the Privateer Sch  
Haddon, Comm  
Prizes during h



anded  
at, and  
of Eg-  
red into  
the fol-  
Mack-  
and the  
foom be  
bark for  
ine, be-  
ir Wind,  
Falkner,  
the Tar-

aced into  
Admiral  
Men of  
taken up  
the roth  
ill be the  
nnel.  
ice of the  
70 Million  
ne Guinea

ard the In-  
led, about  
and other  
of which  
xpect to be  
that lately

man, lately  
sits of Te,  
3, in Value,  
160,000 l.  
which are

St. Domin-  
ance Privateer,  
Ship, from

ear, that the  
nd has ret-  
and takes  
also a French  
Stores for  
Snow from  
er has taken  
y smart En-  
n was killed,  
his Account,  
e by the it-  
r did not en-  
her Small-

an. 20. Ye-  
delivered a  
dence to pro-  
ive the Court  
soon expect  
fey.

lace, Captain  
n and brought  
of Marquis  
ge Guns, and  
board, besides  
a Rochelle to  
Ammunition

s arrived this  
mouth, with  
apitally con-  
for Nantz,  
b. of Indico,  
by the Lion  
out the parted  
Leagues to

of 18 Guns,  
s taken and  
of and from  
in Chevalier  
in Hispaniola.  
Gunpowder,  
mputed worth

ween the An-  
aft-Indian  
e. Penthièvre)  
was

as off Corunna, into which Port two other French  
Admiral got safe; and that the English settled  
here, hearing a great Firing, got on a Hill, and  
saw the whole Engagement; during which the  
Port fired, but could not reach either of them,  
which makes it a legal Capture. 'Tis said the  
French lost their first and second Captains, and  
great many Men; also, that Capt. Foster was  
wounded in the Arm, and that he lost twelve  
Men. Capt. Foster landed forty of his Prisoners  
at Cape Finisterre. The St. Albans Man of War,  
Capt. Gordon, who brought the Account of the  
above Capture, left a St. Domingo Man which  
he had taken, under Convoy of the Antigallican  
Privateer.

Cork, January 3. Yesterday was brought into  
Cove by his Majesty's Ship Dover of 40 Guns,  
Capt. Christopher Hill, Commander, after an En-  
gagement of two Hours, the Pondicherry of Port  
L'Orient, a French East-Indiaman, of 800 Tons  
Burthen, Homeward bound: It is thought she will  
turn out a Prize of between two and 300,000 l.

One of his Majesty's Ships of War is arrived at  
Kinsale; in her Passage she took and brought in  
there a French Privateer of 16 Guns, and 150  
Men.

Cork, January 13. We hear that a French Pri-  
vateer, and a homeward bound Martinico Ship,  
are taken and carried into Crookhaven.

CHARLES-TOWN, South-Carolina, December 30.

On Saturday last the Privateer Brig Pliny, Capt.  
Stoddard, brought in here a rich St. Domingo  
Ship, bound for Bourdeaux, of 200 Tons, laden  
with Indico, Coffee, Sugars, &c. which she took  
on the 23d ult. off Bermuda: She is called La  
Complaisance, Francis le Bran, Commander, had  
a Letter of Marque, and came out from Cape Fran-  
cois in Company with 35 other rich Ships, under  
Convoy of 4 Men of War, who were going home  
with them. Captain Stoddard fell in with 5 Sail  
of the Fleet, but as they all steered different Cour-  
ses as soon as they saw the Privateer, no other fell  
to his Lot but the Complaisance.

NEW-YORK, March 7.

The following Relation was added to the French  
Account of the taking of Oswego, published at  
Paris by Order of the French King.

"The Indians of the Five Nations arrived just  
as we were preparing to lay Siege to Oswego,  
M. de Vaudreuil having invited them to come  
and see it. He detained them at Montreal du-  
ring the Siege. They did not expect to see  
the Fort so soon taken and demolished. In all  
the Councils which M. de Vaudreuil held with  
them, he took Care to address himself to them  
in proper Terms. "Oswego, which you gave  
to the English, said he to those Savages, is now  
ours by Right of Conquest; but I shall not in-  
vade your Country as the English do, and there-  
fore I give it to you back again. On your  
Side, you must not suffer our Enemies to re-  
establish it, and must give me Notice if they  
aim at it. See how much our Behaviour differs  
from theirs: The English engage you to take  
up the Hatchet against me, who am your Fa-  
ther; but I do not excite you to take it up  
against them. All I desire of you is, to remain  
quiet, and not to interfere between us."

"The Indians of all the upper Part of the  
Country seem to rejoice at our taking Oswego,  
tho' this was the Place where they were supplied  
with Brandy, and several other Things, much  
cheaper than they have them from us. As the  
same Reasons may induce them from hencefor-  
ward to go as far as Orange for the Sale of their  
Skins, it were to be wished, for the Advantage  
of our Colonies, that we could furnish them  
with Goods as cheap as the English.

"We hear from the Ohio, that the Indians in  
those Parts continue their Incursions into the  
Provinces of Pennsylvania, Maryland, and Vir-  
ginia, with surprizing Success. They attack  
and take small Forts there, and have ravaged  
in those Provinces an Extent of Country near  
100 Leagues in Length, and 50 in Depth.  
The Cherokees, or Flathead Indians, seem to  
carry on the War vigorously against the English.  
We learn from Carillon, that the Enemy, to  
the Amount of 10 or 11000 Men, commanded  
by Lord Loudoun, seem to have a Design to  
make themselves a Passage that Way, but by  
the taking of Oswego we are able to send all  
our Forces there, and oppose all their Enter-  
prizes."

Saturday Night last returned here from a Cruise,  
the Privateer Schooner Charming Peggy, Richard  
Haddon, Commander, having taken as many  
Prizes during her Cruise as she could well man-

On the 23d of December last he took a fine large  
French Brig, as she was going from Mississippi  
to Cape Francois, there to be made a Cruiser of  
against the English. Her Cargo was not of any  
great Value, being chiefly Lumber, and had four  
Carriage and four Swivel Guns, with 39 Men on  
board, called Le Felicite, Pierre Beasle, Master.  
On the 27th of January, off Cape Cruize, on the  
Island of Cuba, he seized a French Privateer  
called Le Fortune, Monsieur Banard, Master,  
who but a few Days before had taken a Northern  
Brig, supposed to belong to Philadelphia, and  
two Sloops, one of which belonging to Middle-  
town in Connecticut, J. Arnold, Master, Capt.  
Haddon retook off Savannah Le Mar, and which  
he ordered to Jamaica in Case of Separation.  
On the 8th of February, with the Privateer Jolly  
Robin, James Canton, Commander, belonging to  
Bermudas, he took a Spanish Ship of 300 Tons,  
called the Guardaloupe, Don Philip de la Pedro,  
Master, carrying 20 Carriage Guns, and 32 Men.  
She made no Resistance, and first sailed from  
St. Andro to Nantz, where she loaded, thence re-  
turned to St. Andro, took Passes, and proceeded  
on her Voyage; and was seized by the aforesaid  
Privateers, just entering Porto Prince, on Hispa-  
niola. On the 9th, off the Platform, he spoke  
with the Greenwich and Jamaica Men of War,  
who informed him, they had been blown off their  
Stations by the hard North-Westers, and on their  
Cruise had taken a contraband trading Sloop  
just turn'd out of Cape Francois; the Captain of  
which informed them, that 20 Sail of Merchant  
Ships were sailed for Old France, under no par-  
ticular Convoy, a few Days before he left the  
Cape: And Capt. Haddon heard a great Number  
of Guns firing from 12 to 6 P. M. in Lat. 27,  
exactly in the cruising Place of no less than Ten  
Northern Privateers, most of whom were well  
known to be New-Yorkers, particularly the Cap-  
tains Randle and Harris. On the 14th of Fe-  
bruary they spoke with the Dreadnought and  
Princess-Mary Men of War, who had 3 Days  
before drove on Shore, in the Bite of Leoganne,  
a Boston Brig, and Sloop, Prizes, together with  
the Privateer who took them; which latter they  
beat to Pieces, but the English Vessels they got off:  
Captain Jones, of the Squirrel Privateer of New-  
York, had a Broadside from the Dreadnought  
through Mistake, but it only cut his Rigging.

Capt. Haddon's Prize Brig, under Capt. Miller,  
arrived on Saturday; and the Spanish Ship came  
to the Hook the same Day.

March 14. Tuesday last came up the Spanish  
Ship mentioned in last Monday's Gazette to be  
taken by Captain Haddon, and to have arrived  
at the Hook. She is not as yet condemned.—  
In searching the Cabin, we hear, upwards of 500  
French Crowns and Pistoles were found.

By a Letter from Albany, received since our last,  
we learn, that a Man was just arrived from the  
Seneca Country, where he saw several French In-  
dians that were just come in there from Canada,  
with Presents, and a large Quantity of Powder  
and Ball, in order to distribute the same amongst  
all the Indians that were willing to take up the  
Hatchet against the English; that two English  
Prisoners were lately brought from Canada to  
the Seneca Country for Sale; and that several  
Indians had actually set out from thence, with  
a Design to captivate and murder the Inhabitants  
of this and the neighbouring Provinces.

PHILADELPHIA, March 17.

On Monday last Lord Loudoun arrived here  
from New-York, when the Guns of the Associa-  
tion Battery, and of some Vessels in the Harbour,  
were fired, and the Bells were rung.

ANNAPOLIS, March 24.

Next Monday the General Assembly of this Pro-  
vince is to meet here.

Last Thursday died in Baltimore County, in the  
Prime of Life, after a few Days Illness, CHARLES  
CHRISTIE, Esq; Sheriff of that County, whose  
Death is much Regretted by all his Acquaintance.

Last Monday Evening we had a Thunder-Gust,  
uncommon at this Season of the Year; and we  
hear the Lightning Kill'd a Cow and sundry  
Sheep, at Col. Young's Plantation North of Severn.

We hear from Fort-Fredrick, that last Thursday  
Night one of the Centries, near the Gate, was  
Fired at by an Enemy, and the Ball struck one of  
the Bastions, and next Day they Discovered the  
Track of Two who had gone a-cro's a small Run  
of Water near the Fort. This looks as if we  
might expect they will soon visit those Parts again.

There is a Ship, just arrived in the Bay, which  
is said to be Capt. Andrews, in 7 Weeks  
from Bristol; but we cannot learn that she has  
brought any late Papers, or any News.

JUST IMPORTED,  
From LIVERPOOL, in the Ship MOLLY,  
Captain CLEATER,

FINE WHITE SALT. To be Sold  
by the Quantity, for Bills of Exchange, at  
Fourteen Pence per Bushel; or for Two Shillings  
Currency, Ready Money; or allow for Wheat 3/6  
per Bushel if delivered at Oxford.

H. CALLISTER.

WHEREAS I find it absolutely out of my  
Power to comply with the pressing De-  
mands of some of my Creditors, without doing it  
to the Prejudice of Others of more Lenity and  
Forbearance, do therefore judge it most equita-  
ble to discharge my old Affairs on an Average,  
and for that Purpose am willing to give up (upon  
Oath) my Effects of every Kind, into such suffi-  
cient Hands as shall be approved of by my principal  
Creditors, to be by them converted into Cash, and  
paid away among my Creditors. All I desire, is,  
that so much be left in my Hands as any judicious  
disinterested Person shall judge barely sufficient to  
enable me, with Frugality and Industry, to support  
my Family. As I hope this Proposal will not be  
rejected by any of my Creditors, I request they  
will, as soon as possible, signify their Approbation  
by a few Lines, directed to me in Queen-Anne's  
County, Maryland, that Trustees may be appoint-  
ed, and the Effects delivered up and disposed of  
without further Loss of Time.

WILLIAM DAMES.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Robert  
Freeland, of Calvert County, lately deceased,  
are hereby desired to make speedy Payment of  
their respective Debts: And all Persons who have  
any Claims against the said Estate are desired to  
bring in their Accounts that they may be adjusted  
by  
ROBERT FREELAND, Executor.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on the  
North Side of Severn, on the 11th of Febru-  
ary last, a Negro Man, named Tom, about 24  
Years of Age, he is about 5 Feet 5 Inches high,  
slender made, and stutters a little. Had on when  
he went away, a Country Cloth Jacket and Bree-  
ches, an Osnabrigs Shirt, an old Beaver Hat, an  
old black Wig, white Yarn Stockings, and strong  
Country-made Shoes. It is supposed he is conceal-  
ed at some of the Negro Quarters between the  
Head of Severn and Annapolis.

Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and brings  
him to the Subscriber, shall have a Pistole Reward,  
beside what the Law allows, paid by  
ELIJAH ROBOSON.

THERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Har-  
ris, in Frederick County, near the Mouth of  
Piney-Creek, taken up as a Stray, a middle-siz'd  
Dark Grey Mare, branded on both her Shoulders  
P D, she has a small Star in her Forehead, and  
paces and trots.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his  
Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of Andrew Dew,  
living in Frederick County, near Frederick-  
Town, a Black Gelding, about 14 Hands high,  
branded on the near Side R C, has a Star in his  
Forehead, his near hind Foot is white, and has a  
white Spot on his Withers. He had on a small  
Bell mark'd with many Dots.

The Owner may have him again, on proving  
his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Brown,  
near the Head of Severn, two Steers, about  
7 Years old, well grown, one a Dark Brindle, the  
other Pied, Red and White, mark'd with two  
Crops and two Swallow Forks.

The Owners may have them again, on proving  
their Property, and paying Charges.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Thursday the 7th Day of April, in Annapolis,

A SCHOONER, Four  
Years old, which will  
carry about 1900 Bushels of  
Grain. Inventories to be seen  
at Mr. Robert Swan's in Anna-  
polis, Messrs. Chanier and Car-  
nan's at Baltimore-Town, or at  
Mr. David McCulloch's at Joppa.

Annapolis, March 17, 1757.

JOHN BENNETT has a large Number  
of PORK BARRELS to dispose of; and  
will let 'em go a great Penny-worth, if the whole,  
or a considerable Number, is taken together.



To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, very cheap, on the 31st of this Instant March, if fair, if not, the first fair Day after, for Gold, Silver, Maryland or Pennsylvania Currency,

PART of a Tract of good LAND, well wooded and watered, called *The Addition to Brooke's Discovery*, on the Rich Land joining to the Temporary Line, lying on the East Side of *Manockasy River* in Maryland, about Twenty-five Miles from *York-Town*, near the main Road that leads from *Frederick-Town* to *Lancaster*, containing between Six and Seven Thousand Acres, in Parcels, from One Hundred and Fifty Acres to Five Hundred Acres, and from that Quantity to One Thousand Acres: A reasonable Time will be allowed for Payment of Part of the Money. The Purchaser may depend on having a good Title to the aforesaid Lands. The Sale will be at the House of *John Everit* near the Premises, and to begin about Eleven o'Clock.

JAMES BROOKE.

N. B. There are good Conveniencies for Building Water-Mills on the said Land, and seems to have a Shew of Copper in several Places.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on *Kent-Island*, on the 9th of this Instant March, a Convict West-Country Servant Man, named *Richard Rowlands*, about 23 Years of Age, about 5½ Feet high, a likely looking Fellow, with short curl'd brown Hair, and grey Eyes. He had on an old black and white Country Cloth Jacket, an under white Jacket, a Pair of old patch'd Country Cloth Breeches, an old Felt Hat trimm'd round the Edges, and had one fine and two Osnabrigs Shirts, and old Shoes and Stockings.

Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and brings him Home to his said Master, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

JOHN COLLIER.

To all Sheriffs, Constables, and Others his Lordship's good Tenants.


WHEREAS Complaint is this Day made to me, one of the Justices of the Provincial Court, by *Colmore Beanes*, Sheriff of *Prince-George's County*, That in the Night of Wednesday the Ninth of this Instant March, the Goal of the said County was broke, and sundry Persons escaped thence, viz. *Philip Connelly* and *Aaron Holdsworth*, Deserters from *Fort-Frederick*, and advertised in the *MARYLAND GAZETTE* by Captain *Joshua Beall*: They answer the Description in the said Advertisement, except in their Dress: *Connelly* has a green Jacket without Sleeves; and *Holdsworth* a brown double-breasted Pea Jacket. Also *John Grimshaw*, a tall slender Fellow, much pitted with the Small-Pox, his right Eye out: Had on an old dyed Cotton Coat and Breeches, an old blue Jacket, Yarn Stockings, good Shoes, and an old Felt Hat: He was committed last November for Stealing Goods out of several Stores at *Bladenburg*. And *Samuel Saibrie*, a tall slender Fellow: Had on an old brown Cloth Coat, with large Metal Buttons, an old Flannel Jacket, Yarn Stockings, good Shoes, and an old Felt Hat: He was committed in February last on Suspicion of breaking into *Dr. David Ross's Store* at *Bladenburg*.

THESE are, therefore, in the Name of the Right Honourable the Lord Proprietary of this Province, to will and require you to make diligent Search, by Way of Hue and Cry, after the said *Philip Connelly*, *Aaron Holdsworth*, *John Grimshaw*, and *Samuel Saibrie*; and when you apprehend them, or any of them, that you convey them to the next Sheriff where they shall be apprehended, in order to be conveyed from Constable to Constable, who are hereby required to take Charge of them, till they be delivered to the said *Colmore Beanes*. Given under my Hand and Seal, this 10th Day of March, 1757.

J. HEPBURN.

The Subscriber promises to pay to any Person that apprehends the above *John Grimshaw* and *Samuel Saibrie*, a Reward of Five Pounds Currency for each of them, and one Pistole for each of the above *Philip Connelly* and *Aaron Holdsworth*, if brought to *Upper-Marlborough*.

COLMORE BEANES, Sheriff of *Prince-George's County*.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Maynard*, in *Frederick County*, taken up as a Stray, a small Brown Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, and a Snip on her Nose, her near hind Foot white, she has several Saddle Spots on her Back, a small white Spot on her off Flank, and branded with a Heart on the near Shoulder, and on the near Thigh with something like this  join'd in one. She had on her Neck a small Bell mark'd thus: A: S: tied on with a raw Cow-Hide Strap.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Edward Alford*, in *Dorchester County*, on the Head of *Hog-Creek*, taken up as a Stray, an Iron Grey Mare, about 2 Years old, she has a Star in her Forehead, and a white Nose; but is neither branded nor dock'd.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

A PARCEL of likely able NEGROES, Country-born, and well acquainted with Plantation-Business, to be Sold, and will be delivered in any Part of the Province. Enquire of the Printer for the Terms.

#### TO BE SOLD,

On the 14th Day of April next, at the Subscriber's House, at *West-River*,

A LIKELY Country-born NEGRO BOY, a Parcel of good Household Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Remnants of a Cargo of Goods, such as Bombazeens, Allopeens, Blankets, and sundry other Articles too tedious to mention.

The Sale to begin at XII o'Clock.

+ 3 ANNE CONNER, Administratrix to *John Conner*, deceased.

#### WILLIAM FARIS,

WATCH-MAKER, from *PHILADELPHIA*.

At his Shop near the Church, next Door to Mr. Wallace's, in *Church-Street*, *ANNAPOLIS*,

CLEANS and REPAIRS all Sorts of WATCHES and CLOCKS, as well and neat as can be done in any Part of America: And takes the same Prices for his Work as are taken in *Philadelphia*.

He also makes CLOCKS, either to Repeat or not, or to go either Eight Days or Thirty, as the Purchaser shall fancy, as good as can be made in *London*, and at reasonable Prices. And all Gentlemen who shall be pleased to employ him, may depend on having their Work done with all possible Dispatch, by Their humble Servant,

WILLIAM FARIS.

THE Second Edition, of a VOYAGE into the SOUTH SEAS (advertised in the *Philadelphia Papers* last Summer) is now Printed, and the Books are Binding: And as there are some few Copies more Printed, than are subscribed for, those who are inclinable, may yet subscribe, either with the Author, *JOHN BULKELEY*, Gunner of the *Wager* Man of War when she was lost, or at the PRINTING-OFFICE in *Annapolis*. The Price a Dollar, one Half at subscribing, the other at the Delivery of the Book. In this second Edition, there is about 130 Pages more than were in the First, never before Published.

N. B. None will be to dispose of but what are subscribed for.

IF Mr. *John Frederick Prigg*, who came into this County some Years since, from *Copenhagen*, and whose Father lives in that Place, be now alive, and will apply to Mr. *Michael Earle*, of *Cecil County*, he will hear of something very satisfactory.

THE Subscriber intending for *London* the ensuing Summer, requests all Persons indebted to him to come and make Payment, or settle their Accounts by Note, or Bond: And those who have any just Demands against him, are desired to come and receive Payment of the same.

JAMES WARDROP.

#### Charles Dutens, Jeweller,

From *LONDON*.



Has Removed from Market-street, to the RING and DOVE, in Second-street, Opposite to the Sign of the George near Arch-street, PHILADELPHIA.

CONTINUES to make all Sorts of JEWELLER'S WORK; and having procured Workmen of different Branches, such as Snuff-Box-Maker, Watch-Cases, all Sorts of Trinkets, Chasing and Lapidary Work; and having likewise purchased various Kinds of *Florida Shells*, *Tortoise*, and *Panama*, fit for Snuff-Boxes, any Gentlemen desiring it, may be supplied with curious and humorous Emblems, with Mottos engraved on the said Shell-Boxes. Those Gentlemen and Ladies, who are pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on Care and Dispatch, by Their humble Servant,

CHARLES DUTENS.

N. B. He gives the best Price for white, purple, and brown Chrysal, or any other precious Stones, as Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, &c.

#### TO BE SOLD,



A Well-fitted SCHOPNER, about Three Years old, which will carry about 2250 Bushels of Grain.

Any Persons inclinable to Purchase, may apply to *Stephen Steward* at *West-River*, or *Colmore Beanes* at *Nottingham*.

Alexandria, January 16, 1757.

#### WANTED,



A SLOOP or SCHOOL-ANER, (rather the latter) that will carry about 4000 Bushels of Grain. We would choose her to be above a Year old. Or, we would willingly purchase a HULL now on the Stocks, and near finished.

Any Person having such to Dispose of may apply to

CARLYLE and DALTON.

Alexandria, January 15, 1757.

A PERSON that understands MINING, and will produce Credentials of his Capacity and Integrity, may meet with Employ in a Copper-Mine, by Application to

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

#### To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT of LAND, situate about 1 Miles from *Annapolis*, on the North Side of *Severn*, containing 673 Acres, having a fine Branch running thro' it for near a Mile, very fit for Meadow Land, and about 200 of it good Wood Land. There is on the Plantation a good Dwelling-House, built on a rising Ground, with four Rooms on a Floor, a Barn, Stable, Smoke House, Hen House, &c. a very good Garden, paved Yard, and a good stoned Well; and a very good Orchard: The Title is indisputable.

The Purchaser may have Time for Payment of Part of the Purchase-Money, on giving Security, if required. For Terms apply to

JOHN CAMPBELL.

N. B. The Purchaser may likewise be supply'd with Stock of all Kinds, and Plantation Utensils. Likewise to be Sold by said *Campbell* a House and Lot in *Annapolis*, near to *Severn Ferry*, where he lately lived, with a good Cellar, Kitchen, Smoke House, Stable, Hen House, and Garden.

JOHN BENNETT, in *ANNAPOLIS*, sells all Sorts of manufactured TOBACCO, in small or large Quantities.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-MASTER, at his Office in *Charles-street*; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.

M A

From the GENT

WHEN the the Close Assent, it is said th sented them address ing remarkable Spe with the utmost Pro Attachment to his the Honour and equally entitle him

May it please

YOUR ble of under dignati it, hav

most of their Abili the just War, whic France have oblig for the Service of t dinary, ten Million answer any unforc

They beg Leav hope the Sword y they so effectually only in brave, ca to the naval, the make a Figure, w as it is exalted high

They apprehen convinces, that All are unnatural, so to the true Interel Gratitude to be ex be had on such Al supported, subfiste of this Kingdom taken the Opport present Profit, to l Not discourager nor the Ambition Pleasure, beheld

your Honour, the land; convinced, is able to fight h own natural Streng

Though ever a son, ever at Ease they cannot forb circumstances in th which nothing but your Love to the hinder from alar henensions; and to Fears known, to to their Protector, ther?—Subsidi ready burthened cannot but be se

Troops, a Thing known, brought But still they de Majesty, and onl they hope that t their Fears remov the mean Time, ers shall not be own Hand, to a

\*\*\*\*\*

B R THE Wan Armamen ent; so that it Time it was exj vanced; and the will be ordered



# THE MARLBAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, March 31, 1757.

From the GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE.

WHEN the Money Bills were presented, at the Close of the Sessions, for the Royal Assent, it is said the honourable Person who presented them addressed his Majesty in the following remarkable Speech, in which he has expressed, with the utmost Propriety and Force, that known Attachment to his Majesty, and that Zeal for the Honour and Interest of his Country, which equally entitle him to the Confidence of both.

May it please your Majesty,

YOUR faithful Commons, justly sensible of the Blessings they have enjoyed under your happy Reign, in just Indignation at every Attempt to disturb it, have exerted themselves to the utmost of their Abilities, to support your Majesty in the just War, which the Ambition and Perfidy of France have obliged you to enter into, by giving, for the Service of this Year, ordinary and extraordinary, ten Millions, besides a Vote of Credit to answer any unforeseen Emergency.

They beg Leave most humbly to say, They hope the Sword you have so bravely drawn, and they so effectually supported, will be entrusted only in brave, capable, and honest Hands; that to the naval, the natural Strength of England, will make a Figure, will do Service, as much greater, as it is exalted higher than ever before.

They apprehend, the present critical Juncture convinces, that Alliances on the Continent, as they are unnatural, so they must ever be prejudicial to the true Interest of England; that there is no Gratitude to be expected from, no Dependence to be had on such Allies: Allies, who tho' saved, supported, subsisted by the Blood and Treasure of this Kingdom for more than an Age, have taken the Opportunity of the first Prospect of present Profit, to break through every Tie.

Not discouraged by the Ingratitude of Allies, nor the Ambition of Enemies, they have, with Pleasure, beheld the Sword drawn to vindicate your Honour, the Honour and Interest of England; convinced, and proud to see, that England is able to fight her own Battles, to stand by her own natural Strength, against all her Enemies.

Though ever attached to your Majesty's Person, ever at Ease under your just Government, they cannot forbear taking Notice of some Circumstances in the present Situation of Affairs, which nothing but the Confidence in your Justice, your Love to the People devoted to you, could hinder from alarming their most serious Apprehensions; and to whom should they make their Fears known, to whom should they complain, but to their Protector, their Guardian, and their Father?—Subsidies to foreign Princes, when already burthened with a Debt scarce to be borne, cannot but be severely felt; an Army of foreign Troops, a Thing unprecedented, unheard of, unknown, brought into England, cannot but alarm: But still they depend, still they confide in your Majesty, and only beg Leave most humbly to say, they hope that their Burthen may be lightened; their Fears removed, as soon as possible; and in the mean Time, that the Sword of these Foreigners shall not be entrusted a Moment out of your own Hand, to any other Person whatsoever.

B R E S T, December 10.

THE Want of Timber hath obstructed the Armament which was preparing at l'Orient; so that it will not be completed at the Time it was expected. However it was far advanced; and shortly two of those Ships at a Time will be ordered to this Place. For several Days

past we have had such violent Weather, as has greatly prejudiced the Navigation of all the Coasts of Bretagne and Normandy; and occasioned several Shipwrecks.

Toulon, Dec. 17. The Minerva Frigate, of 30 Guns, was launched here the Day before Yesterday. We expect every Day to put two new Ships upon the Stocks, one of 114, and the other of 116 Guns, and this without Obstruction to any other, by Means of the great Number of Sailors and Carpenters that arrive here from Abroad.

Madrid, Dec. 17. The Officer who commands the King's Troops that are posted at Algezires near Gibraltar, has complained to the Court of the Behaviour of Admiral Hawke, in sending some armed Shallops under the Cannon of Algezires to retake an English Vessel that had been carried in there by a French Privateer, and of a Letter which he received upon that Occasion from Lord Tyrally, which he rather thought proper to send to Court than to answer.

Madrid, Dec. 31. The two Squadrons fitted out at Carthage and Ferrol are returned to those Ports, after cruising some Time upon the Coasts of this Kingdom. The Sailors belonging to them, have Leave to go to their respective Homes, but at the same Time are strictly forbid to engage in any other Service, in order that they may be ready whenever the Court thinks proper to send out the Fleet.

Dresden, Dec. 23. The Prussian Troops in this Electorate consist in the whole of 63 Battalions, and 102 Squadrons. His Prussian Majesty has directed, that all Persons between the Age of 18 and 32, capable of bearing Arms, shall be registered, except such as are Apprentices or Journeymen in necessary useful Trades. The City of Leipzig have sent 100,000 Crowns hither, in Part of the Sum of 500,000 demanded, and have sent Deputies to the King to solicit for a Mitigation of the Remainder. We expect every Moment some News of Importance, the Prussians having entered Bohemia again with 12,000 Men.

Paris, January 10. The Villain who stabb'd the King, has a Guard of 200 Men set over him, and has already been put to the Rack, in order to discover his Accomplices; and it is said he has already named some of them.

We are assured that the detestable Assassin will be brought this Night to the Conciergerie, and locked up in Montgomerie's Tower, bound in such a Manner as to prevent his being his own Executioner.

L O N D O N, January 4.

Letters from Gibraltar import, that the Garrison there are in Expectation, not Apprehension, of a Siege; the said Letters assuring us, that nothing is more desired than the Approach of the Enemy, except a Permission for the Officers to visit their Friends in England.

The Concord, a Letter of Marque Ship of 300 Tons, from St. Domingo, is taken by the Greyhound Man of War and brought into Falmouth.

The Greyhound Man of War is arrived at Plymouth from a Cruise and brought in the Mary, Rose, from Bourdeaux for St. Domingo, taken the 18th Instant.

We hear the Swan Sloop of War has taken a French Privateer of 12 Guns, after a smart Engagement.

A Portuguese Ship, taken by the Boscawen Privateer, with naval Stores for France, is brought into Exmouth.

January 8. It is said that four Officers of the French Squadron, of the Rank of Captains, were broke the Moment they arrived at Marseilles from Minorca.

We have Advice from Basle in Switzerland, of the 28th of December, that they had received Letters from Rome, which mention the Death of the POPE on the 16th past.

A Snow from Gallipoly, with Oil, Riddall, Master, for London; and a Brig from Malaga, Waller, with Fruit, for ditto, are taken within two Leagues of Dover, by the Prince Soubize Privateer, and carried into Dunkirk. The Privateer came out of Dunkirk, and this is one among the many Proofs we have, of what Consequence that Port is to them.

There is certain Intelligence, that there is every Day expected from Leghorn a large Quantity of clouded Lutestrings or Mantuas. They are said to be Italian Manufacture, but this is a most shameful Deceit and Impostion: For those Lutestrings are actually made at Lyons in France, and from thence sent to Leghorn in Italy, where our Trade is open, in order to palm them upon the Ladies for Italian. If the Ladies would be pleased to consider, that we have at present a prodigious Number of our own Poor starving in Spitalfields for Want of Employment, that Provisions are excessive dear, the Weather severe, and the Times in general very hard with all our Manufacturers, who are the great Support of the Nation's Commerce, and of the whole Posterity of the Kingdom. If they would consider likewise, that the Encouragement of the French, and other Foreign Fabrics, tends to the Impoverishment of our own Country, the Increasing of our own Poor, and the Enriching of Foreigners, and particularly of our perfidious Enemy, the French; they would think it the greatest Blemish to their Characters, and the highest Indignity and Dishonour to their Families, to encourage any Thing French at this Time. The French discourage, to the utmost, all our Produce and Manufactures in their own Country; and that Nation is striving that we shall sell none of them in any other Countries, for they are supplanting us in our Trade in every Part of the whole World.

January 18. On Saturday Night an Account came to the India House, that the Pelham, Capt. Lindsay, with four other India Ships, homeward bound, last from Ireland, arrived the same Day in the Downs, under Convoy of his Majesty's Ship the Hampshire, and sailed for the River.

The Right Hon. Mr. Pitt was taken so ill on Saturday last with the Gout, that he was not able to see Company.

January 22. The Griffin, Prize to the Virginian Senator, is arrived at Bristol; as is also the Vessel from St. Domingo, Prize to the Hunter Cutter.

The Boyde, Boyde, from Glasgow for Jamaica, and Samuel, Coffin, for Piscataqua, are taken by the French.

Last Week John Tuckfield and John Waller, Esqrs. Members for the City of Exeter, gave 100l. in Bread and Meat to the Poor of that City. A noble Example in this severe Season.

Last Week Sir Cecil Wray, Bart. of Slensingford, in Yorkshire, ordered Money and Cloaths to be distributed to the Poor of Slensingford, Tanfield, and other Towns in that Neighbourhood. He likewise ordered a Quantity of Maslin, or Wheat and Rye mixed, to be bought, and sold to several poor Families, half a Bushel at a Time, at four Shillings a Bushel. A noble and seasonable Charity, the Poor being extremely distressed both by the Price of Corn, and the Severity of the Weather.

We hear from Tring, in the County of Hertford, that on Twelfth-day Charles Gore, Esq; Knight of the Shire, distributed his annual Bounty of Twenty Pounds worth of Beef and Bread amongst the Poor of that Neighbourhood, whose Necessities were not relieved by the Parish Rates. There has been likewise a voluntary Subscription in that Town, whereby they have raised a Fund to supply the Poor with Bread three Times a Week, till May Day, at the Rate of Eight-pence the Half-peck Loaf. An Example worthy of Imitation.







We hear from Providence, in the Colony of Rhode-Island, that on the 27th of February past, Capt. Hopkins, in a Privateer-Brig, belonging to that Town, arrived there with a French Prize Ship, lately taken in the West-Indies: Her Cargo consists of 160 Hogheads of Sugar, 300 Barrels of Coffee, and 40 Bales of Cotton, besides other valuable Goods.

By a Vessel from the West-Indies we hear, that War in those Parts is chiefly carried on by Privateers; and that ours have taken so many of the French, that the rest are quite out of Countenance, few or none of them daring to stir Abroad.—We wish we could give a better Account of the Success of our Men of War, than we can with Truth do at present.

March 14. By a Person who left Charleston, in South Carolina, about 3 Weeks ago, we are told, that Capt. Ellery, in the Privateer now Boston, of this Town, was arrived there with a French Prize Ship of about 400 Tons, laden chiefly with Sugar, Indico, &c. bound from Martinico to France.

WILLIAMSBURG, February 11.

The Brig Fame, Captain John Patrick, from Bristol, of seven Carriage Guns, and 22 Men, was attacked on her Passage from Bristol for Barbados, within 15 Leagues of the Island, by a Privateer of 12 Carriage and ten Swivel Guns, and after an Engagement of two Hours and a Half, the Privateer was obliged to put her Guns in the Hold, and bear away for Martinico. The Morning after, within a League of the Island, she was attacked by another Privateer of eight Carriage and twelve Swivel Guns, and 80 Men, that had been out two Days out of Martinico: They were engaged an Hour and an Half, great Part of the Time within Pistol Shot, when the Privateer bore away for St. Vincent, and after some little Repair went to Martinico. Captain Brown, of Norfolk, was a Prisoner on Board the Privateer that first engaged the Fame, and came in a Flag of Truce from Martinico to Barbados, while Capt. Patrick was there: He says, That only two Men were wounded in the first Privateer, but a good Deal of Damage was done to the Vessel and Rigging; and that in the Second the Captain had his Eye shot out, the second Captain was shot in the Shoulder, the Lieutenant lost one of his Hands, seven Men were killed, and many more wounded. Neither Captain Patrick nor any of his People received the least Damage, which was owing to the fighting their Guns and managing their Vessel between Decks. The Vessel received much Damage in her Sails and Rigging from the Muffet Balls which the Privateer's Men pour'd into her like Showers of Hail.

March 4. The Everton, Capt. Thomas Kelly, in six Weeks from Liverpool, is arrived in York River: In his Passage, he had the good Fortune to take a French Snow, called the Fox, Captain Davie Commander, belonging to Bourdeaux, laden with Sugar, Cotton, Indico, &c. and sent her into England.

At a Court of Admiralty held last Tuesday, the French Snow sent in here by Capt. Cruikshanks, and the Czar of Muscovy, retaken by him, were both condemned.

NEW-YORK, March 14.

Yesterday arrived here a French Prize Ship, of near 300 Tons Burthen, called La Fidelle, Monf. Augusta Minne, late Master, but came in under the Command of Capt. Matthews:—She was bound from Rochelle, in Old France, to St. Domingo, mounting 12 four Pounders, carried a Letter of Marque, had 30 Mariners, besides 12 English Prisoners, and 138 French Soldiers on board; and was taken on the 6th of February last, off Hispaniola, by the Privateer Brig Prince of Orange, Capt. Dixon, of this Port, in Company with the Privateer Brig Defiance, Capt. Fones, of Rhode-Island, and Sloop Peggy Privateer, Capt. Closs, of St. Kitts. She fought the Privateers three Glasses, and is chiefly loaded with Bale Goods. The French Soldiers they put on board a Spanish Sloop which they had brought to the Day before, bound to Porto Prince.

Captain Matthews informs us, that two Days after they took the foregoing Prize, being the 8th of February, the same Privateers fell in with a large French Ship and Sloop, bound from Bourdeaux to St. Domingo, both which they took: That on the 10th, in the Morning, they took another large French Ship, also bound from Bourdeaux to St. Domingo: That the Prince of Orange and Defiance were left in Chace of two other French Ships, whom they were in no Doubt of taking: That in the Turk Island Passage, in a

strong North Wind, he parted from the other Prizes. And, that the Spanish Sloop, on board which they put the Soldiers a few Days before, was brought to at different Times by the Wefel, Squirrel, and Blakeney Sloops of War of this Port, all well on board each Vessel.

In the Bay of Biscay, the Dunkirk Man of War, of 60 Guns, took a French Ship bound to America, which she ordered to Guernsey, but was retaken by the first abovementioned Prize La Fidelle, just entering that Isle; and thus she came by her twelve English Prisoners, ordering her Prize to proceed to the West-Indies.

Yesterday the Ship Earl of Halifax Packet, Captain Morris, sailed from hence, with the Mail for Falmouth; in whom was sent Passenger Baron Dieskau, the French General that was taken by Sir William Johnson, at the late Battle at Lake-George.

March 21. Tuesday Evening last returned here from a Cruise of three Months and 20 Days, the Privateer Brig Prince of Orange, Captain Dixon, of this Port, and brought in with him, a French Letter of Marque Snow, of 6 Carriage Guns, and 41 Men, called the Princess-Jane, Monsieur Andriate, Commander, which he took on the 10th of February last, after an Engagement of 5 Glasses, on her Voyage from Bourdeaux for Cape-François. William M'Clean and Stillwell Wilcox were killed on board Capt. Dixon, and ten others wounded. The Cargo of the Snow consists of some Bale-Goods, Flour, Claret, &c.

The French Captain informed Captain Dixon, the Merchants in France were resolved, that, for the future, their Vessels should sail by threes and fours, and not in large Fleets as formerly, imagining they will with the greater Facility, escape the Vigilance of the English Men of War and Privateers.

Besides the above Snow, Capt. Dixon, in the Course of his Cruise, took, in Company with Capt. Fones, of Rhode-Island, a Schooner, loaded mostly with Dry Goods, which is arrived at Charles-Town, South-Carolina; a Ship from Bourdeaux, ordered for Jamaica; a Sloop from the same Port, sent to Rhode-Island; and the Ship from Rochelle, as mentioned in our last.

Extract of a Letter from South-Carolina, dated March 2, 1757.

"This serves to inform you, that by a Vessel arrived here Yesterday, we learn, That 12 or 14 Northern Privateers are cruising not far from Cape-François, for Fourteen Sail of Ships, which were to sail from thence the 15th ult. under Convey of a Guineyman of 22 Guns. That Capt. Thompson, of his Majesty's Sloop Jamaica, sent in two Days ago, a Rhode-Island Sloop, which he seized the 13th ult. near Cape-Nichola, on Suspicion of her having on board military Stores for the French, being cleared for the Musquito Shore, in Ballast, yet having on board a great Quantity of Gunpowder, Muskets, &c. &c. The Captain's Name is Benjamin Church; the Vessel the Charming Betty.—Capt. Thompson was left in Chace of a Ship, a Snow, and a Brigantine.—This Day arrived the Argo, from Philadelphia."

Capt. Phoenix arrived here on Thursday last, in 8 Days from Georgia, and informs, That their new Governor, Henry Ellis, Esq; was safe arrived in his Government: That he had been very affectionately addressed by all Denominations of People; and that his Predecessor, Mr. Reynolds, was about embarking for England:—That the Creeks and Cherokees have lately had some small Bickerings together, from the artful Insinuations of the French Emissaries; but were likely soon to be brought to an amicable Accommodation by Means of Governor Ellis, who had already made large Presents to both the Tribes: And that a Privateer of ten Carriage Guns, fitted out of Georgia, had sailed on a Cruise a few Days before he left that Port.

Capt. Phoenix read a Paragraph in an English Paper (brought there from Port-Royal, in South-Carolina), to the following Effect: That "the Duke of Richmond was soon to embark with 5000 Men, and were destined for some Place to the Southward of Charles-Town, in South-Carolina."

PHILADELPHIA, March 17.

Friday last Captain Gibbon arrived here from South-Carolina, with whom came Passenger Captain Dorington, of Boston, who was taken in a Brigantine of that Place, by a French Letter of Marque Snow, and carried to Cape-François.

We hear from Shamokin, that two of our Men were lately shot by a Party of Indians near the

Fort; and that a Detachment was sent immediately out after them, but could not come up with them.

March 24. Yesterday his Honour the Governor went to the Council Chamber, in the State-House, and gave his Assent to the Bill for granting to his Majesty the Sum of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS; as presented to him some Time since by the House.

We have Advice from Harris's Ferry, that about 120 Indians had come down there, on their Way to Easton, in order to hold a Conference with this Government.

ANNAPOLIS, March 31.

Tuesday last his Excellency our Governor returned Home from the Northward; with whom came to Town, on their Way to their respective Governments, his Excellency Governor DOBBS of North-Carolina, and his Honour Governor DINWIDDIE of Virginia; and sundry other Gentlemen. Next Morning the two Southern Governors went down the Bay.

The General Assembly of this Province, which was to have met here last Monday, did not meet; many of the Members not having had the Small-Pox, of which the Town is not yet quite clear: And Yesterday his Excellency the Governor, in Council, was pleased to issue his Proclamation, for Proroguing the same to Tuesday next, the Fifth of April, to meet him then at Baltimore-Town in Baltimore County.

We have lately had very great Rains, which have done much Damage in many Parts of the Country; and Sunday last the Mill-Dam belonging to Mr. Belt, near Upper-Marlborough, broke down.

By the last Accounts from Barbados, we hear, that Corn sold there the Middle of February for Three Shillings and a Penny Half-penny.

In a Letter brought by the last Packet from London, a Gentleman writes, "Admiral Byng is Con- victed, after a long Trial, and sentenced to be Shot; but it is said was recommended to his Majesty for Mercy."

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ANNAPOLIS, Enter'd, Sloop Betsey, James Barnes, from New-York; Ship Betsey, Nicholas Andrew, from Bristol.

WHEREAS the Subscriber, by an Advertisement bearing Date May 24th, 1756, and published in the Maryland Gazette for several Weeks successively, gave Notice to such as were indebted to him by Bond or otherwise, to discharge the same immediately, or secure the Payment of their Debts in a short Time. And whereas several have neglected to do either: This is to give Notice, that he hath appointed Mr. Richard Croxall, at the Baltimore Iron-Works, his Attorney, who has positive Directions to put all Bonds and Balances due to the Subscriber, in Suit, next August, unless the Parties concern'd (who have not yet settled with the Subscriber) before that Time, give good Security to the said Mr. Croxall, that they will discharge their several Debts to the Subscriber at or before the 1st Day of August, 1758; the Subscriber intending to go to England by the first Ship, and to return next Spring: He will then sell all his Estate both Real and Personal, and will be ready to treat with any Persons inclinable to Purchase.

CHARLES CARROLL.

OTHELLO is in the Hands of John Pearson, at Col. TASKER's in Prince-George's County, and will Cover MARES this Season at Four Guineas a Leap and Trial.

THE Subscriber being now in the Custody of the Sheriff of Anne-Arundel County, under several Executions, at the Suit of sundry Gentlemen his Creditors, he purposes therefore to give up, upon Oath, his Effects of every Kind, to and for the Use of his several Creditors. All he desires is, that only one Bed may be allowed him, and his Release; and if his several Creditors likes this Proposal, he requests they will, as soon as possible, signify their Approbation by a few Lines: Otherwise he intends to apply to the next General Assembly, that an Act may pass for the Release of his Body out of Prison.

JOHN BROWN.

THERE is at the Plantation of Robert Crute, in Baltimore County, near the Lower Ferry on Susquehanna, taken up as a Stray, a small Bay Mare, branded on the near Buttock I I about 12 and 1/2 Hands high, and about 5 Years old.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.



**W**HEREAS I the Subscriber, did some Time ago, in the Heat of my Passion, by written Advertisements, charge my beloved Wife Anne, with having Eloped from me, and thereby cautioned all Persons against Trusting her on my Account; But being now well convinced of her Continency, and that her Stay abroad was occasioned by necessary Business, and that she has my Interest and Welfare (which are inseparable from her own) very much at Heart, Do hereby acknowledge myself very sorry for my Rash Proceeding, and intirely revoke the same, hoping she will be reinstated in her former Credit; as all Contentions and Misunderstandings between my said Loving Wife and myself are now at an End, and there is a happy Reconciliation between us. This is therefore to give Notice, to all our former Friends and Customers, as well as others, That the same good and cheap Entertainment, Accommodations, and kind Usage, which was ever to be met with at our House near the Dock in Annapolis, may still be there met with, at the Sign of the Planter and Slave on one Side, and Boatswain and Call on the other; From  
*Their humble Servants,*  
 SAMUEL GAITHER,  
 ANNE GAITHER.

N. B. We have good Boats and Hands to carry Passengers, either a-crofs, or up or down the Bay, at reasonable Rates, and have not had any Small-Pox in the Family.

**D**ESERTED, from a Recruiting Party of the Royal American Regiment, under Command of Lieut. Alexander McBean, at Annapolis, Robert Power, about 5 Feet 6½ Inches high, of a brown Complexion, aged 21 Years, by Trade a Planter, born in Charles County, Maryland, he was enlisted by Mr. Decheizer, and delivered to the Commanding Officer (Lieutenant McBean) then at Annapolis, from whom he received a Furlow for Ten Days, to go to Piscataway, which expired the 20th of this Instant March. He is a well made young Fellow, and had on when he went away, a blue Jacket, Leather Breeches, and new Shoes and Stockings.

Whoever apprehends the said Deserter, and confines him in any Goal within this Province, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, or if brought to Annapolis, Fifty Shillings, paid by Mr. DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME, Merchant, or Serjeant HENRY SEALE.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of Elizabeth Duvall, near the Mouth of Manockasy, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-fiz'd Black Mare, has a small Star in her Forehead, branded on the off Thigh with something like this m, and has two or three white Spots on her left Side.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Harris, in Queen-Anne's County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-fiz'd Chestnut colour'd Mare, with a Snip on her Nose, hanging Mane, Broom Tail, and paces but slow, she has no visible Brand.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of James Morgan, living near Lewis Lee's Ferry, in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a small dark Bay Mare, with a Swift Tail, branded on the near Buttock and Shoulder with an I, she paces and trots.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of Edward Alford, in Dorchester County, on the Head of Hog-Creek, taken up as a Stray, an Iron Grey Mare, about 2 Years old, she has a Star in her Forehead, and a white Nose; but is neither branded nor dock'd.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**JUST IMPORTED,**  
 From LIVERPOOL, in the Ship MOLLY,  
 Captain CLEATER,

**FINE WHITE SALT.** To be Sold by the Quantity, for Bills of Exchange, at Fourteen Pence per Bushel; or for Two Shillings Currency, Ready Money; or allow for Wheat 3/6 per Bushel if delivered at Oxford.

2

H. CALLISTER.

**W**HEREAS I find it absolutely out of my Power to comply with the pressing Demands of some of my Creditors, without doing it to the Prejudice of Others of more Lenity and Forbearance, do therefore judge it most equitable to discharge my old Affairs on an Average, and for that Purpose am willing to give up (upon Oath) my Effects of every Kind, into such sufficient Hands as shall be approved of by my principal Creditors, to be by them converted into Cash, and paid away among my Creditors. All I desire, is, that so much be left in my Hands as any judicious disinterested Person shall judge barely sufficient to enable me, with Frugality and Industry, to support my Family. As I hope this Proposal will not be rejected by any of my Creditors, I request they will, as soon as possible, signify their Approbation by a few Lines, directed to me in Queen-Anne's County, Maryland, that Trustees may be appointed, and the Effects delivered up and disposed of without further Loss of Time.

2

WILLIAM DAMES.

**A**LL Persons indebted to the Estate of Robert Freeland, of Calvert County, lately deceased, are hereby desired to make speedy Payment of their respective Debts: And all Persons who have any Claims against the said Estate are desired to bring in their Accounts that they may be adjusted by

2

ROBERT FREELAND, Executor.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, living on the North Side of Severn, on the 11th of February last, a Negro Man, named Tom, about 24 Years of Age, he is about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, slender made, and stutters a little. Had on when he went away, a Country Cloth Jacket and Breeches, an Osnabrigs Shirt, an old Beaver Hat, an old black Wig, white Yarn Stockings, and strong Country-made Shoes. It is supposed he is concealed at some of the Negro Quarters between the Head of Severn and Annapolis.

Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have a Pistole Reward, beside what the Law allows, paid by

2

ELIJAH ROBOSON.

3 X

Annapolis, March 17, 1757.

**J**OHN BENNETT has a large Number of PORK BARRELS to dispose of; and will let 'em go a great Penny-worth, if the whole, or a considerable Number, is taken together.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of Thomas Harris, in Frederick County, near the Mouth of Piney-Creek, taken up as a Stray, a middle-fiz'd Dark Grey Mare, branded on both her Shoulders P D, she has a small Star in her Forehead, and paces and trots.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of Andrew Dew, living in Frederick County, near Frederick-Town, a Black Gelding, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Side R C, has a Star in his Forehead, his near hind Foot is white, and has a white Spot on his Withers. He had on a small Bell mark'd with many Dots.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**T**HERE is at the Plantation of John Brown, near the Head of Severn, two Steers, about 7 Years old, well grown, one a Dark Brindle, the other Pied, Red and White, mark'd with two Crops and two Swallow Forks.

The Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

**TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE,**  
 On Thursday the 7th Day of April, in Annapolis,



**A**SCHOONER, Four Years old, which will carry about 1900 Bushels of Grain. Inventories to be seen at Mr. Robert Swan's in Annapolis, Messrs. Chamier and Carman's at Baltimore-Town, or at Mr. David McCulloch's at Joppa.

**WILLIAM FARIS,**

WATCH-MAKER, from PHILADELPHIA, At his Shop near the Church, next Door to Mr. Wallace's, in Church-Street, ANNAPOLIS,

**C**LEANS and REPAIRS all Sorts of WATCHES and CLOCKS, as well and neat as can be done in any Part of America: And takes the same Prices for his Work as are taken in Philadelphia.

He also makes CLOCKS, either to Repeat or not, or to go either Eight Days or Thirty, as the Purchaser shall fancy, as good as can be made in London, and at reasonable Prices. And all Gentlemen who shall be pleased to employ him, may depend on having their Work done with all possible Dispatch, by  
*Their humble Servant,*  
 WILLIAM FARIS.

**T**HE Subscriber intending for London the ensuing Summer, requests all Persons indebted to him to come and make Payment, or settle their Accounts by Note, or Bond: And those who have any just Demands against him, are desired to come and receive Payment of the same.

JAMES WARDROP.

Alexandria, January 16, 1757.  
**WANTED,**



**A**SLOOP or SCHOONER, (rather the latter) that will carry about 4000 Bushels of Grain. We would choofe her to be above a Year old. Or, we would willingly purchase a HULL now on the Stocks, and near finished.

Any Person having such to Dispose of may apply to  
 CARLYLE and DALTON.

Alexandria, January 15, 1757.

**A**PERSON that understands MINING, and will produce Credentials of his Capacity and Integrity, may meet with Employ in a Copper-Mine, by Application to

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

**A**TRACT of LAND, situate about 3 Miles from Annapolis, on the North Side of Severn, containing 673 Acres, having a fine Branch running thro' it for near a Mile, very fit for Meadow Land, and about 200 of it good Wood Land. There is on the Plantation a good Dwelling-House, built on a rising Ground, with four Rooms on a Floor, a Barn, Stable, Smoke House, Hen House, &c. a very good Garden, paled Yard, and a good stoned Well; and a very good Orchard: The Title is indisputable.

The Purchaser may have Time for Payment of Part of the Purchase-Money, on giving Security, if required. For Terms apply to

JOHN CAMPBELL.

N. B. The Purchaser may likewise be supplied with Stock of all Kinds, and Plantation Utensils.

Likewise to be Sold by said Campbell a House and Lot in Annapolis, near to Severn Ferry, where he lately lived, with a good Cellar, Kitchen, Smoke House, Stable, Hen House, and Garden.

**J**OHN BENNETT, in ANNAPOLIS, sells all Sorts of manufactured TOBACCO, in small or large Quantities.

**ANNAPOLIS:** Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-MASTER, at his Office in Charles-street; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.