

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, May 2, 1799.

PETERSBURG, November 10.

HE treaty with Britain is highly applauded by our merchants. No connexion indeed could be of more benefit to this than one with that nation. By a list published of all the exports from this port, for the current year, it appears that of 1053 foreign ships that loaded at this port 610 were British. The next greater number belonged to Denmark, which, however, were all laden for and sold to foreign countries; whereas all the British, excepting about eighteen, were for their own dominions. Moreover, among the articles exported by the British, were above 9000 barrels of beef, of which no other nation will take a barrel. I am informed that the last mentioned article is occasioned by the high price in Britain and Ireland, which has induced your government to permit the navy contractors to purchase here, where it has in general, been bought, barrels included, below 10 shillings, British, the hundred weight. If your government should draw the connexion between the two countries still closer, we shall be able to support the British armies and navy, even in their West-India islands, cheaper than they can have it from America.

LONDON, February 27.

Packet Office, 4 o'clock.

We stop the press to state, that an express has just been received at Lord Grenville's office, which, we are assured, brings the pleasant intelligence, that the *Proserpine* frigate is safe, with all her crew; and that Mr. Grenville and his suite landed on the continent early in the month.

Some irregular sets of French papers, to the 18th instant, reached town yesterday by way of Holland; and likewise some Leyden papers were received by the same conveyance.

These gazettes tend to confirm the report, concerning the order issued by the French directory, for the requisition of new levies of men. A similar order has been issued by the Batavian republic, ordaining, "That all citizens, without exception, are enjoined to serve in person in the armies. No one is to be exempted from this duty, nor allowed to find substitutes. Old age, corporeal infirmities, and administrative employments are the only exemptions, all citizens, from the age of 20 to 30, are to serve in the first conscript for the present year."

The execution of these regulations is to be hastened as much as possible.

Letters from Luxembourg state, that orders have been sent thither, for transporting from the arsenal of that fortress all the heavy artillery fit for service, which is to be sent across the Rhine.

The *Moniteur* of the 17th instant, mentions a decree of the directory, ordering all commanding officers, without the territories of the republic to send away from every cantonment and camp all women who are useless to the armies. Such women are deemed useless who are not employed in washing, or in selling provisions and liquor.

Letters from Milan, of the 3d instant, mention, that the Russians had been repulsed in repeated attacks made on the principal forts in the island of Corfu, which is said to rival Toulon in strength. The French are making great exertions to save that island.

On the 16th the directory sent a message to the two councils as follows:

"The Ottoman Porte, informed that the expedition to Egypt was only directed against its real enemies, had begun to look upon it with a favourable eye; but it was soon led astray by the perfidious insinuations of Britain and the coalited powers. The war which it has declared against its ancient and faithful allies, has been the fruit of this error, and will lead to its total ruin. It has drawn the Barbary powers into a war with France.

"The French government has adopted measures of reprisal, and it gives you notice of having done so."

It is reported that the king of Prussia has consented to allow the Russian troops a free passage through his dominions.

Letters from Madrid, of the 8th instant, state, that, according to the general opinion of the best informed people, the expedition of the French against Portugal will not take place.

The court of Madrid has not refused the passage of the republican army, as stated by some of the papers; but certain arrangements have been made between that and the cabinet of Luxembourg, which will have the same effect. The letters of which we speak say, that the court of Madrid has bought off that passage so dangerous to Spain, by a sum of money to be given to the French government, and to which the court of Lisbon is to contribute its proportion.

Ships that have come in from sea represent the weather during the early part of last week to have been more than usually tempestuous. The following is an

extract of a letter from on board the *Cambrian* frigate: "On Wednesday last, the 20th, we encountered a most tremendous gale in the channel, with thunder and lightning. A fire ball fell upon the forecabin, which unfortunately killed two men and wounded 17. Two are struck blind, one of them is saving mad. The scene was so awful that we all expected immediate destruction."

March 3.

We have still to notice the non arrival of the Hamburg mails, fourteen of which are this day due. The length of time that has elapsed since the thaw, and the number of days during which the wind, though adverse, has been moderate, begins to render this interruption of our communication with the continent unaccountable, and when added to several other circumstances, somewhat alarming.

By a broken series of Paris papers which arrived in the early part of the week, it appears that, on the 11th ult. citizen Marasson, the French minister at Hamburg, declared to the senate that his public functions in their city had ceased. Such intimations when given by the agents of the haughty French directory have seldom failed to be followed by hostilities. It would not then be very surprising, if the French recollecting the benefits they derived from the frost in Holland, which chained the Dutch shipping to their ports, should have availed themselves of a like favourable occasion to seize upon Hamburg, and the immense mass of merchandise that lay weather-bound within its walls.

The north eastern province of Holland, *Grenin-guen* and *Friezeland*, which are adjacent, not to say contiguous, to Hamburg, would afford them the means of striking with promptitude a blow as favourable to their schemes of plunder, as it would be ruinous to that object of their inveterate enemy the British commerce—a blow that would be felt throughout this whole island; and that would produce particular distress and consternation in this great trading city.

That such an event is not altogether out of the contemplation of government, seems to be strongly implied by the orders given to detain the packet at Yarmouth, till there shall be some arrival from the continent.

It has long been matter of surprise to many, that so tempting a bait to republican rapacity as Hamburg, should so long have escaped their fangs; and indeed their abstinence is not to be easily accounted for, unless we suppose that they wanted a pretence, or the consent of the cabinet of Berlin. We have seen too much of their address in negotiation; and too much of the vigor of their councils and their arms, to be able to say that they may not have obtained the acquiescence of the king of Prussia, or have disdained to ask it; and as to a pretence, they certainly have found one in the obnoxious detention of Irishmen bearing commissions in the service of the republic.

At the time that the senate of Hamburg first consented, to the British minister, to take that bold, and, we believe unprecedented step, malcontents were not wanting to blame our administration for furnishing a new plea for French rapine, and for impelling another petty state to its ruin. But after all, could the invasion of Hamburg—could any loss of trade be expected to counterbalance the pleasure of hanging three or four United Irishmen? While we make these observations, we ardently desire that a shift of wind, or a total clearance of the ice will prove them vain—that packets may arrive well stored with money to replenish the purses of our merchants, and with intelligence to fill the columns of our print.

March 4.

Sunday morning arrived at Dover a cartel from Graveline, with prisoners; but no French papers were suffered to be put on board. The cartel failed again in the evening for France.

By the prisoners who came over in the cartel, some of whom are officers, who had read the Paris papers in France, we learn, that it was generally understood that a renewal of the war with the emperor was decided.

In consequence, the directory had ordered a new military conscription of three hundred thousand men to be levied for attacking Germany, and it is said that every man of the age between 20 and 30 is to be sent to the armies, except those whose situations afford them particular protection. This new levy was partly intended to reinforce the army of the Rhine, while a reinforcement was also intended to be sent on the frontier, and a large body of troops to Brest.

Such is the news brought over by the passengers in the cartel. There is undoubtedly some inaccuracy in stating the number of the new requisition. For the preceding military conscription of 200,000 men went to effect in its operation persons upwards of 20 years old, and it is undeniable that the measure was not carried into effect in a great number of departments; while on every occasion the detachment of new conscripts was considerably decreased by desertions on their way to join the armies.

It can hardly be supposed that the directory would, under such circumstances, have recourse to the expedient of raising 300,000 men more, on a plan similar to that which had both failed and excited a great degree of discontent in different parts of France. We are therefore inclined to think, that the original number of 200,000 which was to have been raised by the first military conscription, has been merely extended to that of 300,000.

It is also reported that the directory has laid a very heavy tax upon personal property, to be paid by early instalments.

A mail from Lisbon arrived on Monday, brought to Falmouth by the *Prince of Wales* packet, after a passage of four days. The communication is of a very uninteresting nature.

DUBLIN, February 28.

Extract of a letter from an officer at Galway, dated 23d February.

"I am sorry to tell you that the state of this country is as bad as possible, notwithstanding what was said the other night in the house, by some well informed gentlemen. The loss in this country alone by houghling is computed to have amounted in the last three weeks to upwards of sixty thousand pounds. We have, at present, upwards of eighty prisoners in gaol for that crime, and a court-martial will commence to-morrow for their trial. As much as possible of the beef and mutton destroyed in this way is beyond doubt carried off, and salted up as store for the rebel army when it shall rise; and by threatening letters many persons have been obliged to deposit in different places considerable sums in guineas for carrying on the war. In short, I think we shall soon have another brush."

BOSTON, April 15.

The arrival yesterday, from Nevis, brings a report, current at that place, that four Spanish frigates had arrived and taken possession of Surinam, in behalf of the Batavian republic, without meeting with any resistance.

Letters from the brig *Hope*, captain John Prince, dated at St. Domingo, Feb. 7, state, that he was taken by a French brig bound to France, and sent into St. Domingo, where it was probable he would be condemned in a few days; the vessel which took the *Hope* shewed 10 guns, but two of which were real; she was laden with mahogany, from St. Domingo, bound to France.

NEW-YORK, April 17.

Yesterday afternoon arrived here from Portsmouth, (Eng.) the ship *Fair American*. She left Portsmouth on the 4th of March. We are informed by a gentleman passenger, that the day before they left Portsmouth, 200 sail of British ships of war and transports, with troops and warlike stores on board, sailed from Spithead for Portugal.

The *Fair American* sailed with a fleet for the West-Indies, in company with the ships *Sally* and *Connelicut*, of Philadelphia, and the *Fox*, for Charleston.

April 18.

MORE WAR.

Extract of a letter from Alicante, to a respectable house in Boston, dated January 7, 1799.

"The Algerines have become very numerous in these seas, and are very strict since their declaration of war against the French, which took place on the 21st December, when the French consul, the merchants, and all French people of every description in Algiers, were put into chains, and are kept at work as captives. On Christmas day six Algerine corsairs sailed, with orders from the dey to capture all French vessels they met, and he has sent a party to surprise a factory the French have established on the coast for the coral fishery, and bring them all in chains to Algiers. All this is in consequence of the grand seignior's request, made by his ambassador arrived at Algiers 20th December. The Tunisians also, in obedience to the grand seignior's desire, have engaged to act with the Algerines; and the dey has sent to the government of Tunis to have all the French secured in that place, which at present are about 950; they will all be made slaves, and it is presumed that the Tripolitans will also declare war against the French, and that Morocco will follow their example. This news has just arrived by express, two days from Algiers, sent by consul O'Brien to consul Montgomery."

April 19.

The ship *Cheapsake*, belonging to Messrs. James and Samuel Watson, arrived at Dover (England) from this port, in about 3 weeks.

A letter from Demarara to a gentleman in this city, dated March 2d, mentions, that four large frigates, full of troops, had arrived at Surinam on the 13th of February. It was not known whether they were French or Dutch.

The brig A. B. C. captain French, from Guernsey, failed on the 7th March.

We have conversed with a gentleman on board, who informs us that a convoy for the American and Newfoundland trade was appointed, to sail from Portsmouth on the 10th of March.

The latest London accounts by this arrival state, that a French army was actually marching through Spain for Lisbon, the capital of Portugal. That the convention at Rastadt had broken up, and it was daily expected, from the military preparations, that a renewal of hostilities would take place. That the king of Prussia had actually taken up arms against the French. That the proposed union between England and Ireland had fallen to the ground. That Napper Tandy was still held by the German government, but had been released from prison on bail, and was only confined to his room. That several packets had passed to and from Hamburg to London, with dispatches on the subject of the legality of Tandy's confinement; and that considerable disturbances had arisen at Hamburg, in consequence of a misunderstanding between the British and French ministers.

LONDON, February 4.

The American ship Juno, captain Beard, from Amsterdam for Philadelphia, is arrived at Cowes, having been frozen up in the New Deep upwards of three weeks. Captain Beard reports, that, at the time of his sailing from the Texel, there were six sail of the line, 4 frigates and four sloops ready for sea. Two of the frigates and two sloops were crowded with troops, destined for a secret expedition.

PHILADELPHIA, April 24.

Ship Maria, captain Fitch, which failed from hence on the 11th instant, after being at sea 4 days sprung leak and foundered—the captain and crew had just time to save themselves—the next day they were fortunately taken up by the ship Port Mary, which arrived here this day.

Arrived the ship Old Tom, captain Wood, from Lisbon.—Captain Wood left Lisbon the 8th March, at which time the inhabitants did not seem very uneasy about an invasion by the French, though there was some talk of it. The Portuguese government was, however, preparing most of the vessels at Lisbon to go to England for troops. By this arrival we expect to receive Portuguese Gazettes to a late date.—Their contents if interesting, we shall translate for to-morrow.

Yesterday afternoon, returned to the city, brigadier-general Macpherson, commander in chief of the forces lately employed against the Northampton rebels, accompanied by Robert G. Harper, Esquire, volunteer aid, and captains Henry and Cochran, of the United States artillery.

The first company of volunteer cavalry, in the service of the United States, and the old city troop, returned with the general; the second volunteer cavalry and the greens, which had returned the preceding day, went out and joined the line this side German town.

Captain Taylor's volunteer artillery, the volunteer grenadiers, and the battalion of blues, under the command of major McEuen, marched out to Spring Garden, and being drawn up in a line, saluted the general as he passed. A large concourse of people, whom the occasion had assembled, also received him with reiterated shouts.—The general having passed the line of infantry, they filed off by sections, joined the cavalcade, and escorted him to his quarters in Eighth-street, where he retired amidst the customary honours of the military, and the again repeated shouts of the multitude.

Extra from Le Courier de l'Egypt.

ARMY OF THE EAST.

1st Vendemaire, Sept. 22.

The Arabs of Darne, inhabiting the village of Sombet in the province of Garbia, who assassinated a detachment, one half of which consisted of soldiers of the 13th demi-brigade, and the other of the 18th dragoons, were invested on the 27th Fructidor, (Sept. 13) at three in the afternoon, by a body of troops from the division commanded by general Dugas.

After a slight action the village was forced and burnt. More than 50 of the Arabs were killed, a great number of them drowned; their camels and more than 600 sheep were taken.

Another party of these banditti were attacked near Mit Camar, by general Murat, who killed forty of them, took some of their cattle, and obliged them to evacuate the country.

23 Vendemaire, Oct. 14.

The general in chief accepts the resignation offered by citizen Beauvais, adjutant general.—An officer, who, in perfect health offers his resignation in the middle of a campaign, cannot have come with an intention of acquiring glory, or of assisting in the grand work of procuring a general peace. Very different motives must have led him hither, and he is therefore unworthy of mixing with the soldiers that I command.

28 Vendemaire, Oct. 19.

Meeting of the general Divan of Egypt.

In consequence of the order of the general in chief, the deputies of all the provinces of Egypt are now assembled at Cairo, under the title of the General Divan.

The divan was formed, and held its first sitting on the 16th Vendemaire (Oct. 7.)

Citizen Monge and Bartholet attend this assembly as French commissioners. The beauty of the Mussul-

man dress, the gravity of the deputies, and the number of their domestics, contribute to give an air of dignity to this meeting.

The chiefs Abdalla and Leysoni are elected presidents.

BALTIMORE, April 27.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Leesburg, Virginia, dated the 25th inst. to his friend in this city.

Our election came on yesterday, for a member of congress for the district composed of Loudoun, Fairfax and Prince William counties, and for a state senator, and two representatives for this county: it commenced with great temperance, was conducted with moderation and ended with calmness.—Never do I recollect to have seen an election conducted with so much propriety and unanimity. The candidates were:

State of the Poll.

For congress, col. Levin Powell.	546
State senator, col. Peyton,	618
Assembly, Joseph Lewis,	504
Assembly, Wm. Noland,	496
For congress, Roger West,	81
Assembly, Charles Binns,	152
Assembly, Abner Osbourne,	92

We have not yet heard of the state of the election in Fairfax and Prince William, but suppose that Powell will ultimately have a large majority.

Annapolis, May 2.

A very unfortunate accident took place last week at Calvert county court, of which we have received from a gentleman who was present the following account.

On the evening of Saturday the 27th ult. after the court had broke up, those who had been attending it were preparing to depart, and were waiting at the tavern till a gust should be over which appeared to be rising.

On the moment of the wind reaching the house it blew with such violence that the whole frame immediately gave way from the floor, and the sides and roof were blown to the ground.

Nearly twenty persons were in the house who had barely time to get out of the door on the leeward side, and were caught in situations more or less dangerous.—Some few escaped unhurt, others were considerably bruised, and four persons were killed, one immediately, and the others dying soon after they were taken out from under the pieces which had fallen on them. Every possible exertion was made for this purpose, but owing to the darkness of the evening, and the noise and confusion that occurred, it could not be effected in time.

Mr. Stone, the chief justice of the district, had got some distance from the house and was knocked down by a piece of timber, and considerably hurt, but it is hoped not dangerously.

The wife of the tavern keeper was coming down stairs when the accident commenced and had her arm broke.

The kitchen also blew down, in which two negro children were killed, and some of the grown negroes had their limbs broke.

A number of persons (among whom were two of the judges of the court and some of the bar) were in an adjacent house, the roof of which was blown off, but without doing them any injury.

Some of the gentlemen of the bar had left the place before the storm began, and two of them who were in the house, and went out in the same manner as the rest did, escaped without any injury.

The house was an old wooden one, with a stone and brick chimney, the former of which fell in.

It seems equally fortunate and surprising that so many escaped, but as it was the scene was truly a distressing one. The persons killed were Mr. Jesse Bourne, Mr. Allen Roberts, Mr. John W. Simmons, and Mr. Thomas Bowen, all residents of the county, and all married men with families.

The wind did some damage to the doors of the court-house, and blew down several tobacco houses, chimnies, fences, &c. in the neighbourhood.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the 11th instant, at the late dwelling plantation of CHARLES STEUART, upon South river, within half a mile of the ferry,

SUNDRY milch cows, young cattle, a valuable bull, horses, sheep, hogs, a few articles of household furniture, and plantation utensils. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator.

May 1, 1799.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice, that he will attend at Elk-Ridge Landing on Monday the tenth day of June next, at Rawlings's tavern on Thursday the twenty-seventh, and on all other days throughout the said month at the office of inspection in the city of Annapolis, for the purpose of receiving entries of stills, and issuing of licences to those distillers who require them.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Richd.

Collector of the revenue

Anne-Arundel county.

Annapolis, May 1, 1799.

WHEREAS my wife SARAH hath eloped from me, I hereby forewarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts contracted by her after the date hereof.

JOSEPH LOWREY.

Anne-Arundel county, April 26, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, April 20, 1799.

ORDERED, That the by-law, entitled, A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof, be published three weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

By order,

A. GOLDBER, Clk.

A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof.

BE it established and ordained, by the mayor, recorder, aldermen, and common council of the city of Annapolis, and the authority of the same, That whatever inhabitant of the said city, or the precincts thereof, shall introduce or bring the small-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or shall take or receive into his or her house or family any person whatever, not being an inhabitant of the said city, or the precincts thereof, who either is at the time, or comes to town to be infected with the small-pox, in order to nurse or tend such person in that distemper, knowing such person to be then infected, or that such person came to town with design to be infected, with such distemper, such inhabitant introducing or bringing the small-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or taking or receiving at any time any such person, not an inhabitant as aforesaid, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of three pounds current money, to be recovered by indictment or confession to the use of the corporation.

And be it established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That every inhabitant of this city, or the precincts thereof, who shall offend as aforesaid, shall, for every twenty four hours that any such person as aforesaid, not an inhabitant as aforesaid, shall continue in the house or family of such inhabitant, forfeit and pay the further sum of three pounds current money aforesaid, to be recovered as aforesaid, to the use aforesaid.

Provided always, That this by-law, nor any thing herein contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the taking or receiving of such person who, coming to this city, or the precincts thereof, about his necessary business, shall have been or shall be casually infected with the said distemper, and taken to ill as that it may be unsafe for such person to retire from the city, or the precincts thereof.

In CHANCERY, April 22, 1799.

WHEREAS much inconvenience hath resulted from the omission of trustees of insolvent debtors to apply for orders directing the terms of sale, and limiting a time within which claims are to be exhibited, the chancellor thinks proper to pass the following general order:

ORDERED, That any trustee, by this court appointed for the benefit of an insolvent debtor, may proceed to sell the property of the said insolvent debtor unincumbered by mortgage, trust, or otherwise, at public auction, after giving at least fourteen days notice of the time, place, manner, and terms of sale, by advertisement inserted in some convenient newspaper, or set up at convenient public places.

Where the price of the property sold shall not exceed fifty dollars, the purchaser or purchasers shall pay ready money.

Where the price shall exceed that sum, and be not more than 250 dollars, the purchaser or purchasers shall give bond to the trustee as such, with security, for the purchase money, with interest, within four months from the time of sale. Where the price shall exceed 250 dollars the bond passed as aforesaid shall be for paying as aforesaid, within one year from the sale. When the property of an insolvent debtor shall be incumbered by a mortgage, trust, or otherwise, the trustee shall not proceed to sell until a special order shall be obtained, to be passed on application of the party or parties concerned, according to the circumstances of the case. Ordered further, that in any case where a special order for the purpose hath not been passed, the first day of January next be hereby limited and appointed, before which day any creditor of an insolvent debtor shall bring in and declare his claim to the trustee by this court appointed for the benefit of the creditors of such insolvent: provided such trustee shall give notice of his appointment and of such limitation, by advertisement inserted in a newspaper nearest the place where the insolvent resided at the time of his application for relief to the general assembly, at least three weeks before the last day of August next; and to prevent any mistake of the meaning of this order, it is directed that the advertisement be as follows:

"A—J—, 1799.

"This is to give notice to the creditors of —, an insolvent debtor, that the subscriber hath been by the chancellor appointed trustee for their benefit, and that the chancellor hath limited and appointed the first day of January next, before which day they are to bring in and declare their claims to me."

The printers of the Maryland Gazette, the Baltimore Telegraph, the Rights of Man, the Georgetown news-paper, and the Eastern news-paper, are requested to insert this order in their respective papers, and continue it three weeks, and as much longer as they shall think proper.

Test.

SAMUEL H. HOWARD,

Reg. Cur. Can.

ALL persons having claims against CHARLES STEUART, late of this county, deceased, are requested to make them known, and those indebted are requested to make payment, to

WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator.

Anne-Arundel county, May 1, 1799.

GABRIEL JUST

George's county and a dollar to the money is not paid, on or before the first mares are taken away at 3/9 per v. losses or accidents.

Gabriel was got Flyer, grand-dam Chalkstone, Iris a Shepherd's Crab, Cade, out of the L '95 and '96, he was sweepstakes, four carrying twelve stone and an half hands h N. B. Gabriel c Belle-Air, 20th

WAS committed instant, a ne says her name is CH MIAH BERRY, of M to be upwards of th clothing bad. Her take her away, or for prison fees and NO P

April 18, 1799.

THE subscriber on the plants by the name of H whereon Mr. PATER warns all persons f station in any mann roads there-through back thereof. He dealing with any of whatever, without that he will cha crossing the said pla without respect to warns all persons fr the shores of said l off wood from the This notice he determined to put

April 30, 1799.

A LIST of LET fice, Annapolis, Post Office as the first day of J JACOB BLAM Bishop, Thom ber, Thomas Bra Annapolis.

Jeremiah T. C Coe, Annapolis. Gabriel Duval William Smith D jun. Anne-Arund John Edmond Jno. Gwinn, S. Green, Mr. John Henry, A son, John Hurst Rich Harrison, Pig-Point; Elis Thomas John Anne-Arundel Charles Kart Annapolis; N Gilbert Murdoc Maryland. William Perry Annapolis.

Tobias Rudol Seth Switzer care of Frederic George Hogart Pig-Point.

Henry Tho seph Galloway's Anne Urquh Ephraim K Wood, Jane C Herring creek county.

None of the the money. April 1, 179

RAN away the estate river, a negro low, about 2 high, has a qu him sundry clo of dark stripes coat, and an round hat, b expected he TEN DOLL the goal of FIVE POUN Sept. 10, 1

GABRIEL, JUST IMPORTED,

STANDS this season at Belle-Air, Prince George's county, at twenty dollars a mare and a dollar to the groom. In all cases where the money is not paid, notes must be given, payable on or before the first of September, before the mares are taken away—Good and extensive pasturage at 3/9 per week, but no responsibility for losses or accidents.

Gabriel was got by Dorimant, his dam by High Flyer, grand-dam by Snap, out of the dam of Chalkstone, Iris and Planet; she was got by Shephard's Crab, her dam Miss Meredith, by Cade, out of the Little Hartley mare.—In 1794, '95 and '96, he won fifteen purses, matches and sweepstakes, four of which were king's plates, carrying twelve stone.—He is a dark bay, fifteen and an half hands high, and a fine powerful horse. N. B. Gabriel can be purchased.
Belle-Air, 20th April, 1799.

WAS committed to my custody, on the 17th instant, a negro woman, as a runaway, who says her name is CHARITY, and belongs to JEREMIAH BERRY, of Montgomery county, she appears to be upwards of thirty years of age, very black, her clothing bad. Her master is desired to come and take her away, or she will be sold agreeably to law for prison fees and other expenses.

NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of Prince-George's county.

April 18, 1799.

THE subscriber having sustained material injury on the plantation now occupied by him, known by the name of *Howard's*, and being the plantation whereon Mr. PETER MILLER formerly resided, forewarns all persons from travelling across the said plantation in any manner or way whatever, except as the roads there-through direct to the plantations at the back thereof. He also forewarns all persons from dealing with any of his slaves in any manner or way whatever, without leave in writing from himself, and that he will chastise every negro that he may find crossing the said plantation (otherwise than as aforesaid) without respect to their owners. He further forewarns all persons from haling or landing their seins on the shores of said land, and from pillaging and taking off wood from the same.

This notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force against any offender.
BARUCH FOWLER.

April 30, 1799.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the first day of July next.

JACOB BLAME, Egbert Van Bueren, William Bishop, Thomas Butler, Elias Brown, James Barber, Thomas Bradley, John Bryce, Letty Britter, Annapolis.

Jeremiah T. Chase, John Callahan (3), William Coe, Annapolis.

Gabriel Davall, John Davidson, Walter Dorsey, William Smith Dallam, Annapolis; Thomas Dixon, jun. Anne-Arundel county.

John Edmondson (2), Annapolis.

John Gwinn, James Greenleaf, Mr. Gordon, F. & S. Green, Mr. Green, Annapolis.

John Henry, Alexr. Contee Hanson, Rebecca Hanson, John Hurst, Annapolis; Dr. Walter Harrison, Rich Harrison, Herring Bay; C. D. Hodges & Co. Pig-Point; Eliza Hopkins, Anne-Arundel county.

Thomas Johnson, of Ben. Annapolis; Philip Jones, Anne-Arundel county.

Charles Karticher, care of Frederick Grammer, Annapolis; Nancy Mantle, Benjamin Madden (2), Gilbert Murdoch (5), Annapolis; J. & John Moffit, Maryland.

William Perry, Monf. Regneau, Firman Perrier (2), Annapolis.

Tobias Rudolph, Annapolis.

Seth Switzer, Saml. Shephard, John Syrkiffier, care of Frederick Cramer, Annapolis; John Stone, at George Hogarth's, Herring Bay; Richard Smith, Pig-Point.

Henney Thomas, Annapolis; John Thew, at Joseph Galloway's, West river.

Anne Urquhart, Head of Severn.

Ephraim K. Wilson, William Wilkins, William B. Wood, Jane Grace, Annapolis; John Weems, jun. Herring creek; Charles Warfield, Anne-Arundel county.

S. GREEN, P. M.

None of the above letters will be delivered without the money.

April 1, 1799.

RAN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick part way of speaking; took with him sundry clothing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslin waistcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new small round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in the goal of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater distance.

Sept. 10, 1798.

WILLIAM BROGDEN.

WHEREAS GILBERT HAMILTON SMITH, one of the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, hath this day returned to the commissioners of the tax for said county the following additional list of lands in said county, on which there is no personal property to pay the said taxes, to wit:

Names of land. Taxes due. Names of persons.
Hopkin's Fancy and lot at Pig Point, 3 12 10, Stephen West.

Part Duval's Range, 3 16 8, Thomas Contee.

Clark's Inheritance, 7 8 7, Solomon Groves.

Part of Addition, 10 11 2, Lock Chew.

Notice is hereby given, that unless the county charges as aforesaid are paid within thirty days after the publication of this notice, that the said lands, or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the tax and costs thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder, agreeably to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this state.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Cl. com. tax, A. A. C.

April 18, 1799.

WHEREAS a certificate was issued by the State of Maryland on the 12th day of March, 1794, No. 1138, to JAMES HUTCHINGS, Esquire, for £50, with interest thereon, which certificate was lost in the life-time of the said James, and has never come to our possession since his death; we hereby give notice of our intention to prefer an application to the governor and council to have it renewed, agreeably to an act of assembly, passed at November session, 1791.

KITTY E. HUTCHINGS, } Executors of
HARRIOT HUTCHINGS, } Jas. Hutchings.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

ON Tuesday the 20th of August next I shall EXPOSE to PUBLIC SALE, at the town of New-Market, in Dorchester county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, situated on the south side and binding on the Choptank river several miles, supposed to contain about six thousand acres; to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each. The terms of sale as follow, viz. purchasers to give bond immediately after the sale, with approved security, conditioned for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in four equal annual instalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, An act appointing commissioners to contract for and purchase the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, in Dorchester county, and for appropriating the same to the use of this state, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned," passed at November session, 1798.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent
for the State of Maryland.

April 10, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Dr. JOHN SPRIGG, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are requested to bring them in, legally proved; all persons indebted are requested to make speedy payment, to

RICHARD SPRIGG, Administrator
de bonis non.

April 11, 1799.

WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for apprehending the following negroes, and securing them in goal, so that I may get them, WILL, about sixty years of age, of a dark complexion, and five feet ten or eleven inches high. TOM, about thirty-six or seven years of age, a dark mulatto, about six feet high, and well proportioned, and BETTY, a likely dark mulatto girl, about seventeen years of age; the last two call themselves THOMAS, and all of them have been frequently seen in Annapolis, where I have reasons to suppose they now are. The above reward shall be paid for apprehending the said negroes, or ten dollars for either of them, and reasonable charges if brought home. All persons are forewarned from harbouring them at their peril.

JAMES MORRIS.

Charles county, September 25, 1798.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 2, 1798.

Regimental Orders.

THE commanding officer of the 22d regiment hereby requests, that all persons belonging to his regiment between the ages of twenty-one and thirty years, assemble at Warfield's Old Fields, near Gambrill's tavern, on Monday the sixth day of May next, at 10 o'clock, for the purpose of offering themselves as volunteers to compose a select company to the regiment. The commanding officer hopes, for the honour of the regiment, that a sufficient number will turn out as volunteers on the day of meeting, which will prevent the disagreeable necessity of going into a draught. The commanding officers of companies are desired to give particular notice to their men, in warning them to attend on the above day, as no disobedience or inattention to orders will be overlooked.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Lieut. Col.
22d Regiment.

April 23, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the commissioners of the tax for Anne-Arundel county will meet, at the city of Annapolis, on the second Tuesday of May next, and will sit from day to day for twenty days thereafter, to hear appeals and make transfers of property in said county.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Clk. com. tax A. A. C.
April 18, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,
April 1, 1799.

RESOLVED, That Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, be appointed to apply to, and receive from, all persons indebted to this corporation the sum or sums of money due to the said corporation by bond or note, and on the receipt thereof, to give discharges for the same; and should any of the said debtors refuse or neglect to pay at least one third of the sum due by them, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, it shall be the duty of the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, and they are hereby empowered and directed to bring suits for the recovery of the whole sum that may be due, and the treasurer of the corporation is hereby authorized and required, when applied to by the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, or either of them, to deliver up to them, or either of them, all bonds and notes due this corporation for the purposes aforesaid.

By order,

A. GOLDBER, Clk.

Take Notice,

ALL persons indebted to the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, on bond, bill or note, are requested to pay the whole interest, and one third of the principal sum, to the subscribers, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, or suits will be instituted without discrimination, and without delay.

P. B. KEY,
JOHN GWINN.

THE subscriber forewarns all persons from dealing with any of his slaves in any manner or way whatever without leave in writing from himself, or some one of his family; this notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force against any offender.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Annapolis.

June 12, 1798.

To be RENTED,

And immediate possession given,

THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or
WILLIAM STEUART of
Mount Stuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY HILL, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOSHUA FRAZIER, late of the city of Baltimore deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those to whom the said estate may be indebted are desired to bring in their respective claims, legally authenticated, to

RICHARD FRAZIER, Executor
of JOSHUA FRAZIER.

BACON'S LAWS For Sale.

A FEW copies of Bacon's Abridgement of the laws of Maryland may be had at this office.

The brig A. B. C. captain French, from Guernsey, failed on the 7th March.

We have conversed with a gentleman on board, who informs us that a convoy for the American and Newfoundland trade was appointed, to sail from Portsmouth on the 10th of March.

The latest London accounts by this arrival state, that a French army was actually marching through Spain for Lisbon, the capital of Portugal. That the convention at Rastadt had broken up, and it was daily expected, from the military preparations, that a renewal of hostilities would take place. That the king of Prussia had actually taken up arms against the French. That the proposed union between England and Ireland had fallen to the ground. That Napper Tandy was still held by the German government, but had been released from prison on bail, and was only confined to his room. That several packets had passed to and from Hamburg to London, with dispatches on the subject of the legality of Tandy's confinement; and that considerable disturbances had arisen at Hamburg, in consequence of a misunderstanding between the British and French ministers.

LONDON, February 4.

The American ship Juno, captain Beard, from Amsterdam for Philadelphia, is arrived at Cowes, having been frozen up in the New Deep upwards of three weeks. Captain Beard reports, that, at the time of his sailing from the Texel, there were six sail of the line, 4 frigates and four sloops ready for sea. Two of the frigates and two sloops were crowded with troops, destined for a secret expedition.

PHILADELPHIA, April 24.

Ship Maria, captain Fitch, which sailed from hence on the 11th instant, after being at sea 4 days sprung leak and foundered—the captain and crew had just time to save themselves—the next day they were fortunately taken up by the ship Port Mary, which arrived here this day.

Arrived the ship Old Tom, captain Wood, from Lisbon.—Captain Wood left Lisbon the 8th March, at which time the inhabitants did not seem very uneasy about an invasion by the French, though there was some talk of it. The Portuguese government was, however, preparing most of the vessels at Lisbon to go to England for troops. By this arrival we expect to receive Portuguese Gazettes to a late date.—Their contents if interesting, we shall translate for to-morrow.

Yesterday afternoon, returned to the city, brigadier-general Macpherson, commander in chief of the forces lately employed against the Northampton rebels, accompanied by Robert G. Harper, Esquire, volunteer aid, and captains Henry and Cochran, of the United States artillery.

The first company of volunteer cavalry, in the service of the United States, and the old city troop, returned with the general; the second volunteer cavalry and the greens, which had returned the preceding day, went out and joined the line this side German town.

Captain Taylor's volunteer artillery, the volunteer grenadiers, and the battalion of blues, under the command of major M'Euen, marched out to Spring Garden, and being drawn up in a line, saluted the general as he passed. A large concourse of people, whom the occasion had assembled, also received him with reiterated shouts.—The general having passed the line of infantry, they filed off by sections, joined the cavalcade, and escorted him to his quarters in Eighth-street, where he retired amidst the customary honours of the military, and the again repeated shouts of the multitude.

Extra from Le Courier de l'Egypte.

ARMY OF THE EAST.

18 Vendemaire, Sept. 22.

The Arabs of Darne, inhabiting the village of Sumbet in the province of Garbia, who assassinated a detachment, one half of which consisted of soldiers of the 13th demi-brigade, and the other of the 18th dragoons, were invited on the 27th Fructidor, (Sept. 13) at three in the afternoon, by a body of troops from the division commanded by general Dugas.

After a slight action the village was forced and burnt. More than 50 of the Arabs were killed, a great number of them drowned; their camels and more than 600 sheep were taken.

Another party of these banditti were attacked near Mit Camar, by general Murat, who killed forty of them, took some of their cattle, and obliged them to evacuate the country.

23 Vendemaire, Oct. 14.

The general in chief accepts the resignation offered by citizen Beauvais, adjutant general.—An officer, who, in perfect health offers his resignation in the middle of a campaign, cannot have come with an intention of acquiring glory, or of assisting in the grand work of procuring a general peace. Very different motives must have led him hither, and he is therefore unworthy of mixing with the soldiers that I command.

28 Vendemaire, Oct. 19.

Meeting of the general Divan of Egypt.

In consequence of the order of the general in chief, the deputies of all the provinces of Egypt are now assembled at Cairo, under the title of the General Divan.

The divan was formed, and held its first sitting on the 16th Vendemaire (Oct. 7.)

Citizen Monge and Bartholet attend this assembly as French commissioners. The beauty of the Mussul-

man dress, the gravity of the deputies, and the number of their domestics, contribute to give an air of dignity to this meeting.

The chiefs Abdalla and Leysoni are elected presidents.

BALTIMORE, April 27.

Extra of a letter from a gentleman at Leesburg, Virginia, dated the 25th inst. to his friend in this city.

"Our election came on yesterday, for a member of congress for the district composed of Loudoun, Fairfax and Prince William counties, and for a state senator, and two representatives for this county: it commenced with great temperance, was conducted with moderation and ended with calmness.—Never do I recollect to have seen an election conducted with so much propriety and unanimity. The candidates were:

State of the Poll.	
For congress, col. Levin Powell.	546
State senator, col. Peyton,	618
Assembly, { Joseph Lewis,	504
{ Wm. Noland,	496
For congress, Roger West,	81
Assembly, { Charles Binns,	152
{ Abner Osbourne,	92

"We have not yet heard of the state of the election in Fairfax and Prince William, but suppose that Powell will ultimately have a large majority."

Annapolis, May 2.

A very unfortunate accident took place last week at Calvert county court, of which we have received from a gentleman who was present the following account.

On the evening of Saturday the 27th ult. after the court had broke up, those who had been attending it were preparing to depart, and were waiting at the tavern till a gust should be over which appeared to be rising.

On the moment of the wind reaching the house it blew with such violence that the whole frame immediately gave way from the floor, and the sides and roof were blown to the ground.

Nearly twenty persons were in the house who had barely time to get out of the door on the leeward side, and were caught in situations more or less dangerous.—Some few escaped unhurt, others were considerably bruised, and four persons were killed, one immediately, and the others dying soon after they were taken out from under the pieces which had fallen on them. Every possible exertion was made for this purpose, but owing to the darkness of the evening, and the noise and confusion that occurred, it could not be effected in time.

Mr. Stone, the chief justice of the district, had got some distance from the house and was knocked down by a piece of timber, and considerably hurt, but it is hoped not dangerously.

The wife of the tavern keeper was coming down stairs when the accident commenced and had her arm broke.

The kitchen also blew down, in which two negro children were killed, and some of the grown negroes had their limbs broke.

A number of persons (among whom were two of the judges of the court and some of the bar) were in an adjacent house, the roof of which was blown off, but without doing them any injury.

Some of the gentlemen of the bar had left the place before the storm began, and two of them who were in the house, and went out in the same manner as the rest did, escaped without any injury.

The house was an old wooden one, with a stone and brick chimney, the former of which fell in.

It seems equally fortunate and surprising that so many escaped, but as it was the scene was truly a distressing one. The persons killed were Mr. Jesse Bourne, Mr. Allen Roberts, Mr. John W. Simmons, and Mr. Thomas Bowen, all residents of the county, and all married men with families.

The wind did some damage to the doors of the court-house, and blew down several tobacco houses, chimnies, fences, &c. in the neighbourhood.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the 11th instant, at the late dwelling plantation of CHARLES STEUART, upon South river, within half a mile of the ferry,

SUNDRY milch cows, young cattle, a valuable bull, horses, sheep, hogs, a few articles of household furniture, and plantation utensils. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator.

May 1, 1799.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice, that he will attend at Elk-Ridge Landing on Monday the tenth day of June next, at Rawlings's tavern on Thursday the twenty-seventh, and on all other days throughout the said month at the office of inspection in the city of Annapolis, for the purpose of receiving entries of stills, and issuing of licences to those distillers who require them.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Richd.

Collector of the revenue

Anne-Arundel county.

Annapolis, May 1, 1799.

WHEREAS my wife SARAH hath eloped from me, I hereby forewarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts contracted by her after the date hereof.

JOSEPH LOWREY.

Anne-Arundel county, April 26, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, April 20, 1799.

ORDERED, That the By-law, entitled, A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof, be published three weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

By order,

A. GOLDER, Clk.

A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof.

BE it established and ordained, by the mayor, recorder, aldermen, and common council of the city of Annapolis, and the authority of the same, That whatever inhabitant of the said city, or the precincts thereof, shall introduce or bring the small-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or shall take or receive into his or her house or family any person whatever, not being an inhabitant of the said city, or the precincts thereof, who either is at the time, or comes to town to be infected with, the small-pox, in order to nurse or tend such person in that distemper, knowing such person to be then infected, or that such person came to town with design to be infected, with such distemper, such inhabitant so introducing or bringing the small-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or taking or receiving at any time any such person, not an inhabitant as aforesaid, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of three pounds current money, to be recovered by indictment or confession to the use of the corporation.

And be it established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That every inhabitant of this city, or the precincts thereof, who shall offend as aforesaid, shall, for every twenty four hours that any such person as aforesaid, not an inhabitant as aforesaid, shall continue in the house or family of such inhabitant, forfeit and pay the further sum of three pounds current money aforesaid, to be recovered as aforesaid, to the use aforesaid.

Provided always, That this by-law, nor any thing herein contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the taking or receiving of such person who, coming to this city, or the precincts thereof, about his necessary business, shall have been or shall be actually infected with the said distemper, and taken to ill as that it may be unsafe for such person to retire from the city, or the precincts thereof.

In CHANCERY, April 22, 1799.

WHEREAS much inconvenience hath resulted from the omission of trustees of insolvent debtors to apply for orders directing the terms of sale, and limiting a time within which claims are to be exhibited, the chancellor thinks proper to pass the following general order:

ORDERED, That any trustee, by this court appointed for the benefit of an insolvent debtor, may proceed to sell the property of the said insolvent debtor unincumbered by mortgage, trust, or otherwise, at public auction, after giving at least fourteen days notice of the time, place, manner, and terms of sale, by advertisement inserted in some convenient news-paper, or set up at convenient public places.

Where the price of the property sold shall not exceed fifty dollars, the purchaser or purchasers shall pay ready money.

Where the price shall exceed that sum, and be not more than 250 dollars, the purchaser or purchasers shall give bond to the trustee as such, with security, for the purchase money, with interest, within four months from the time of sale. Where the price shall exceed 250 dollars the bond passed as aforesaid shall be for paying as aforesaid, within one year from the sale. When the property of an insolvent debtor shall be incumbered by a mortgage, trust, or otherwise, the trustee shall not proceed to sell until a special order shall be obtained, to be passed on application of the party or parties concerned, according to the circumstances of the case. Ordered further, that in any case where a special order for the purpose hath not been passed, the first day of January next be hereby limited and appointed, before which day any creditor of an insolvent debtor shall bring in and declare his claim to the trustee by this court appointed for the benefit of the creditors of such insolvent: provided such trustee shall give notice of his appointment and of such limitation, by advertisement inserted in a news paper nearest the place where the insolvent resided at the time of his application for relief to the general assembly, at least three weeks before the last day of August next; and to prevent any mistake of the meaning of this order, it is directed that the advertisement be as follows:

"A—J—, 1799.

"This is to give notice to the creditors of —, an insolvent debtor, that the subscriber hath been by the chancellor appointed trustee for their benefit, and that the chancellor hath limited and appointed the first day of January next, before which day they are to bring in and declare their claims to me."

The printers of the Maryland Gazette, the Baltimore Telegraph, the Rights of Man, the Georgetown news paper, and the Eastern news-paper, are requested to insert this order in their respective papers, and continue it three weeks, and as much longer as they shall think proper.

SAMUEL H. HOWARD,

Reg. Cur. Can.

ALL persons having claims against CHARLES STEUART, late of this county, deceased, are requested to make them known, and those indebted are requested to make payment, to

WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator.

Anne-Arundel county, May 1, 1799.

GAB

JUST IN

STANDS this George's county and a dollar to the money is not paid, on or before the first mares are taken away at 3/9 per losses or accidents.

Gabriel was got by Flyer, grand-dam by Chalkstone, Iris and Shepherd's Crab, Cade, out of the L. '95 and '96, he won sweepstakes, four carrying twelve stone and an half hands high. N. B. Gabriel at Belle-Air, 20th

WAS committed infant, a negro, says her name is CHAMBERY, of M to be upwards of this clothing bad. Her take her away, or for prison fees and other

April 18, 1799.

THE subscriber on the plantation by the name of H whereon Mr. PATER warns all persons from station in any manner roads there-through back thereof. He dealing with any of whatever, without that he will challenge crossing the said plan without respect to warns all persons from the shores of said land off wood from the s. This notice he has determined to put th

April 30, 1799.

A LIST of LET fice, Annapolis, Post Office as d the first day of J JACOB BLAM J Bishop, Thomas ber, Thomas Brad Annapolis.

Jeremiah T. C Coe, Annapolis. Gabriel Duval William Smith D jun. Anne-Arundel John Edmondso Jno. Gwin, J S. Green, Mr G John Henry, A son, John Hurst, Rich Harrison, P. Point; Elith Thomas Johnso Anne-Arundel cou Charles Kartis Annapolis; Nan Gilbert Murdoch Maryland. William Perry Annapolis. Tobias Rudol Seth Switzer care of Frederick George Hogarth P. Point.

Henney Thor seph Galloway's Anne Urquha Ephraim: K Wood, Jane G Herring creek county.

None of the the money.

April 1, 1799.

RAN away the estate river, a negro n low, about 25 high, has a qu him sundry clo of dark striped coat, and an ol round hat, bo expected he h

TEN DOLL the goal of B FIVE POUN

Sept. 10, 1

GABRIEL, JUST IMPORTED,

STANDS this season at Belle-Air, Prince-George's county, at twenty dollars a mare and a dollar to the groom. In all cases where the money is not paid, notes must be given, payable on or before the first of September, before the mares are taken away—Good and extensive pasturage at 3/9 per week, but no responsibility for losses or accidents.

Gabriel was got by Dorimant, his dam by High Flyer, grand-dam by Snap, out of the dam of Chalkstone, Iris and Planet; she was got by Shephard's Crab, her dam Miss Meredith, by Cade, out of the Little Hartley mare.—In 1794, '95 and '96, he won fifteen purses, matches and sweepstakes, four of which were king's plates, carrying twelve stone—He is a dark bay, fifteen and an half hands high, and a fine powerful horse. N. B. Gabriel can be purchased.

Belle-Air, 20th April, 1799.

WAS committed to my custody, on the 17th instant, a negro woman, as a runaway, who says her name is CHARITY, and belongs to JEREMIAH BERRY, of Montgomery county, she appears to be upwards of thirty years of age, very black, her clothing bad. Her master is desired to come and take her away, or she will be sold agreeably to law for prison fees and other expenses.

NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of Prince-George's county.

April 18, 1799.

THE subscriber having sustained material injury on the plantation now occupied by him, known by the name of *Howard's*, and being the plantation whereon Mr. PETER MILLER formerly resided, forewarns all persons from travelling across the said plantation in any manner or way whatever, except as the roads there-through direct to the plantations at the back thereof. He also forewarns all persons from dealing with any of his slaves in any manner or way whatever, without leave in writing from himself, and that he will challenge every negro that he may find crossing the said plantation (otherwise than as aforesaid) without respect to their owners. He further forewarns all persons from haling or landing their seins on the shores of said land, and from pillaging and taking off wood from the same.

This notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force against any offender.

BARUCH FOWLER.

April 30, 1799.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the first day of July next.

JACOB BLAME, Egbert Van Bueren, William Bishop, Thomas Butler, Elias Brown, James Barber, Thomas Bradley, John Bryce, Lettety Britter, Annapolis.

Jeremiah T. Chase, John Callahan (3), William Coe, Annapolis.

Gabriel Duvall, John Davidson, Walter Dorsey, William Smith Dallam, Annapolis; Thomas Dixon, jun. Anne-Arundel county.

John Edmondson (2), Annapolis.

Jno. Gwinn, James Greenleaf, Mr. Gordon, F. & S. Green, Mr. Green, Annapolis.

John Henry, Alexr. Contee Hanson, Rebecca Hanson, John Hurst, Annapolis; Dr. Walter Harrison, Rich Harrison, Herring Bay; C. D. Hodges & Co. Pig-Point; Elitha Hopkins, Anne-Arundel county.

Thomas Johnson, of Ben. Annapolis; Philip Jones, Anne-Arundel county.

Charles Karstcher, care of Frederick Grammer, Annapolis; Nancy Mantle, Benjamin Madden (2), Gilbert Murdoch (5), Annapolis; J. & John Moffit, Maryland.

William Perry, Monf. Regneau, Firman Perrier (2), Annapolis.

Tobias Rudolph, Annapolis.

Seth Switzer, Saml. Shephard, John Syrkiffier, care of Frederick Cramer, Annapolis; John Stone, at George Hogarth's, Herring Bay; Richard Smith, Pig-Point.

Henry Thomas, Annapolis; John Thew, at Joseph Galloway's, West river.

Anne Urquhart, Head of Severn.

Ephraim K. Wilson, William Wilkins, William B. Wood, Jane Grace, Annapolis; John Weems, jun. Herring creek; Charles Warfield, Anne-Arundel county.

S. GREEN, P. M.

None of the above letters will be delivered without the money.

April 1, 1799.

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Sept. 10, 1798. WILLIAM BROGDEN.

Anne-Arundel county, sc. **WHEREAS** GILBERT HAMILTON SMITH, one of the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, hath this day returned to the commissioners of the tax for said county the following additional list of lands in said county, on which there is no personal property to pay the said taxes, to wit:

Names of land. Taxes due. Names of persons.
Hopkin's Fancy and lot at Pig Point, 3 12 10, Stephen West.

Part Duvall's Range, 3 16 9, Thomas Contee.
Clark's Inheritance, 7 8 7, Solomon Groves.
Part of Addition, 10 11 2, Lock Chew.

Notice is hereby given, that unless the county charges as aforesaid are paid within thirty days after the publication of this notice, that the said lands, or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the tax and costs thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder, agreeably to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this state.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Cl. com. tax, A. A. C.
April 18, 1799.

WHEREAS a certificate was issued by the State of Maryland on the 12th day of March, 1794, No. 1138, to JAMES HUTCHINGS, Esquire, for £. 50, with interest thereon, which certificate was lost in the life-time of the said James, and has never come to our possession since his death; we hereby give notice of our intention to prefer an application to the governor and council to have it renewed, agreeably to an act of assembly, passed at November session, 1792.

KITTY E. HUTCHINGS, } Executors of
HARRIOT HUTCHINGS, } Jas. Hutchings.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

ON Tuesday the 20th of August next I shall EXPOSE to PUBLIC SALE, at the town of New-Market, in Dorchester county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, situated on the south side and binding on the Choptank river several miles, supposed to contain about six thousand acres; to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each. The terms of sale as follow, viz. purchasers to give bond immediately after the sale, with approved security, conditioned for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in four equal annual instalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, An act appointing commissioners to contract for and purchase the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands; in Dorchester county, and for appropriating the same to the use of this state, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned," passed at November session, 1798.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent
for the State of Maryland.

April 10, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Dr. JOHN SPRIGG, late of Prince-Georges's county, deceased, are requested to bring them in, legally proved; all persons indebted are requested to make speedy payment, to

RICHARD SPRIGG, Administrator
de bonis non.

April 11, 1799.

WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for apprehending the following negroes, and securing them in goal, so that I may get them, WILL, about sixty years of age, of a dark complexion, and five feet ten or eleven inches high. TOM, about thirty-six or seven years of age, a dark mulatto, about six feet high, and well proportioned, and BETTY, a likely dark mulatto girl, about seventeen years of age; the last two call themselves THOMAS, and all of them have been frequently seen in Annapolis, where I have reasons to suppose they now are. The above reward shall be paid for apprehending the said negroes, or ten dollars for either of them, and reasonable charges if brought home. All persons are forewarned from harbouring them at their peril.

W 4.
JAMES MORRIS.

Charles county, September 25, 1798.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit, she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798.

Regimental Orders.

THE commanding officer of the 22d regiment hereby requests, that all persons belonging to his regiment between the ages of twenty-one and thirty years, assemble at Warfield's Old Fields, near Gambrill's tavern, on Monday the sixth day of May next, at 10 o'clock, for the purpose of offering themselves as volunteers to compose a select company to the regiment. The commanding officer hopes, for the honour of the regiment, that a sufficient number will turn out as volunteers on the day of meeting, which will prevent the disagreeable necessity of going into a draught. The commanding officers of companies are desired to give particular notice to their men, in warning them to attend on the above day, as no disobedience or inattention to orders will be overlooked.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Lieut. Col.
22d Regiment.

April 23, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the commissioners of the tax for Anne-Arundel county will meet, at the city of Annapolis, on the second Tuesday of May next, and will sit from day to day for twenty days thereafter, to hear appeals and make transfers of property in said county.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Clk. com. tax A. A. C.
April 18, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,
April 1, 1799.

RESOLVED, That Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, be appointed to apply to, and receive from, all persons indebted to this corporation the sum or sums of money due to the said corporation by bond or note, and on the receipt thereof, to give discharges for the same; and should any of the said debtors refuse or neglect to pay at least one third of the sum due by them, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, it shall be the duty of the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, and they are hereby empowered and directed to bring suits for the recovery of the whole sum that may be due, and the treasurer of the corporation is hereby authorized and required, when applied to by the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, or either of them, to deliver up to them, or either of them, all bonds and notes due this corporation for the purposes aforesaid.

By order,

A. GOLDER, Clk.

Take Notice,

ALL persons indebted to the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, on bond, bill or note, are requested to pay the whole interest, and one third of the principal sum, to the subscribers, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, or suits will be instituted without discrimination, and without delay.

P. B. KEY,
JOHN GWINN.

THE subscriber forewarns all persons from dealing with any of his slaves in any manner or way whatever without leave in writing from himself, or some one of his family; this notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force against any offender.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Annapolis.

June 12, 1798.

To be RENTED,

And immediate possession given,

THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or
WILLIAM STEUART of
Mount Stuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY HILL, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOSHUA FRAZIER, late of the city of Baltimore, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those to whom the said estate may be indebted are desired to bring in their respective claims, legally authenticated, to

RICHARD FRAZIER, Executor
of JOSHUA FRAZIER.

BACON'S LAWS For Sale.

A FEW copies of Bacon's Abridgement of the laws of Maryland may be had at this office.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 8, 1799.
ORDERED, That the act to alter, abolish and re-
peal certain parts of the constitution and form of go-
vernment of this state as are therein mentioned, and
the act to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the
constitution and form of government of this state as
are therein mentioned, be published once in each
week, for the term of three months, in the Maryland
Gazette, at Annapolis; the Federal Gazette, at Balti-
more, the Rights of Man at Frederick town, and the
Herald, at Barton, and in Green's and English's paper,
at George-town.
By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Council of Maryland.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, certain parts of the
constitution and form of government of this state as are
therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one
place in each county of this state is attended
with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from
said place, and operates to deprive many persons en-
titled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and
as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the
people should be expressed in their choice of the
functionaries of government,

II. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Mary-
land, That the several counties of this state, for the
purpose of holding all future elections for delegates,
electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several coun-
ties, shall be divided into separate districts in the man-
ner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county
shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts,
Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three
separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and
laid off into three separate districts, Charles county
shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts,
Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four
separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided
and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester
county shall be divided and laid off into three separate
districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off
into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall
be divided and laid off into five separate districts,
Queen Anne's county shall be divided and off into
three separate districts, Worcester county shall be di-
vided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick
county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate
districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off
into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be
divided and laid off into three separate districts, Wash-
ington county shall be divided and laid off into five
separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided
and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany coun-
ty shall be divided and laid off into six separate dis-
tricts.

III. And be it enacted, That Anne-Arundel county,
including the city of Annapolis, shall be divided and
laid off into five separate districts.

IV. And be it enacted, That Baltimore county, out
of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided
and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of
Baltimore shall be laid off into eight districts.

V. And be it enacted, That all and every part of the
constitution and form of government relating to the
judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections
in the city of Baltimore, and all and every part of the
second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty-second sec-
tions of the constitution and form of government of
this state, which relate to the judges, place, time and
manner of holding the several elections for delegates,
electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several coun-
ties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed
and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated
by law.

VI. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be con-
firmed by the general assembly, after the next election
of delegates, in the first session after such new election,
as the constitution and form of government directs,
that in such case this act, and the alteration of the
said constitution contained therein, shall be considered
as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part,
of the said constitution and form of government, to all
intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to
the contrary notwithstanding.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the
constitution and form of government of this state as are
therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one
place in each county of this state is attended
with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from
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in the city of Baltimore, and all and every part of the
second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty-second sec-
tions of the constitution and form of government of
this state, as also every part of the said constitution
and form of government which relate to the judges,
place, time and manner, of holding the several elections
for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of
the several counties, be and the same are hereby
abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall
hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. And be it enacted, That no person possessing the
qualification of property required by the constitution
shall be entitled to vote at any election to be held for
sheriffs, delegates to the general assembly, or electors
of the senate, unless there be some written evidence
that he is worth thirty pounds, or a freehold of fifty
acres of land, at the time he offers to vote, this written
evidence to be an assessment of property to that
amount, which assessment may be made at any time
before such person offers to vote, upon his producing
satisfactory testimony of his possessing such property;
the manner of making out such assessment, and the
person or persons to judge of the qualification as to
property, to be hereafter regulated by law.

VII. And be it enacted, That all parts of the con-
stitution and form of government not herein before
enumerated, which are repugnant to, and inconsistent
with, the provisions of this act, be and the same are
hereby repealed, annulled and avoided.

VIII. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be
confirmed by the general assembly, after the next
election of delegates, in the first session after such new
election, as the constitution and form of government
directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration
of the said constitution contained therein, shall be con-
sidered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a
part, of the said constitution and form of government,
to all intents and purposes, any thing therein con-
tained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Five Pounds Reward

FOR apprehending and bringing home negro
TOM, who has assumed the name of TOM
TILLARD, he is about five feet one or two inches
high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion,
wears his hair or wool in whickers, flammers very
much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off
some time in May last, under pretence of going to
see his wife, who belongs to Mr. Thomas R. Hodges,
in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlborough,
and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's
plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that
neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may
be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Sprigg,
Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him
in goal, so that I get him again, or the above reward,
including what the law allows, for bringing him home
to

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,
near Annapolis.

I will handsomely reward any person who will con-
vict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow,
as it is my determination to put the law rigorously
into execution against such offender.

To be SOLD for CASH, or on
long credit,

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man,
his wife, and their eight children, four boys
and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the
youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober,
a good gardener, a truly market man, and handy at
all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook,
honest and sober; the expense of so large a family in
town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their
children sold, or even separated from them, is the
only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good
master in the country who would keep the family to-
gether, and manumit the female children at twenty-
eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy
terms.
PHILIP B. KEY.
Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

LAND for SALE.

I WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT,
the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in
Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NA-
THAN HARRIS; the whole tract containing eleven
hundred sixty-one and a half acres.
WILLIAM WALKER.
Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber being authorised to collect and
settle the concerns of the late JAMES RUS-
SELL, Esq; merchant of London, requests all those
indebted either on judgment, bond, note, or account,
to settle the same without delay, or immediate ex-
ceptions will be made to enforce payment.
EDWARD HALL.
West River, April 4, 1799.

Attention!

HAVING undertaken the collection of the county
assessment for the year 1798, notice is hereby
given, that, for the convenience of the people, I have
fixed upon the following places and times of meeting,
when and where I request they will be pleased to meet
me, prepared to pay their respective accounts, viz.
At Tracy's Landing on Friday, May 17th.
At Pig Point on Tuesday 21st.
At Mrs. Rawlings's tavern on Friday 24th.
At Mr. John Dent's tavern on Monday 27th.
At Mr. Joseph Holland's tavern on Friday 30th.
At Mr. Basil Green's store on Monday, June 3d.
At Mr. Smith's, Poplar Spring, on Thursday 6th.
At Mr. Peter Littig's tavern, new road, on Monday
10th.
At Mr. John Talbot's tavern on Thursday 13th.
At Mr. W. Spurrier's tavern on Monday 17th.
At Mr. L. Shipley's, Elk-Ridge Landing, on Thurs-
day 20th.
At Mr. Steeples's tavern, lower ferry, on Monday
24th.

And at Hope Mills, on Magothy, on Thursday 27th.
I hope it will not be thought a hardship by any one
to ride a few miles, but that every man in the county
will either attend and pay his tax, or send the money
by a neighbour; those failing to do so, must be waited
on before I leave the neighbourhood, and I positively
declare, my first visit, after having delivered the ac-
counts, shall be the last.

As I intend to make the whole collection of the coun-
ty myself, it will not be in my power to make repeated
calls upon individuals, therefore indulgence is totally
out of the question. I shall not spare the most opulent,
and those having but little to pay need not expect fa-
vour on that head, for the aggregate of small sums
make the principal part of the levy. Every man
knows the taxes must be paid, and if discharged
promptly, it will be as well a benefit to the individuals
as to the public; at any rate, both my interest and
duty require that I should complete the collection
within the time prescribed by law. I have therefore
thought proper to give this notice, that the people
generally should be early apprised of my determination
to act uniformly by this plain rule, where the assess-
ment is not paid, to execute immediately, without
any exception whatever.

W. ALEXANDER, Col. A. A. county.

As my business will necessarily often occasion my
absence from town, and knowing that many perso-
ns may wish to pay their accounts in Annapolis, I there-
fore request them to call upon James Mackubin, Esq;
who will be so obliging to receive money for me in
my absence, and give receipts for the same.
W. A.

HIGH FLYER,

Will stand to cover mares this season at South River
ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th
of April to the 15th of July, at twenty dollars each,
if credit is required, or fifteen dollars each, and
one dollar to the groom, if the money is sent with
the mares, or paid by the end of the season.

HIGH FLYER is sixteen hands high, a blood
bay, with a star and one white foot, and is the
largest full bred horse ever imported into this country.
The owners of this horse's colts have been offered
from 600 to 1000 dollars for them, both in Pennsyl-
vania and Maryland. High Flyer was bred by Rich-
ard Tatterfall, got by his High Flyer, which was
upwards of 7000 guineas, and was never beat.
Thistle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon,
she was dam of Mr. Hutchison's Thistle, which was
a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade, she was the
dam of Mr. Shattoe's Hunter Omnium, Herald, and
Miss Barfoot, his great-grand-dam by Partner, she
was the dam of Toy, Madam, the dam of Twig,
Drowley, Torismond, Alcides, the dam of young
Cade, the dam of Omnium Filly, by Cade, the dam
of Prioten and Villager; all capital runners, his
great great-grand-dam by Matchless, great great
grand-dam by Brimmer, his great great great
grand-dam by Places White Turk, and out of a
Layton Barb mare.

JOHN CRAGGS.

N. B. Grafts will be provided for mares for 3/9 per
week, and every attention paid them, but will not be
answerable for accidents or escapes.
March 10, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the
estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the
city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce
them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all
persons indebted to the said estate are requested to
make immediate payment, to
THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator
with the will annexed.

ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

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2. His Imperial majes
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3. His Imperial majes
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the diet of Ratisbon.
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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, M A Y 9, 1799.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 18.

HE sale of merchandise and effects belonging to the French republican merchants resident in this capital, is carried on with great activity. Among the spoils which the government has appropriated to its own use, is the personal property of Florenville the merchant, and a part of that belonging to Semonville, the ex-ambassador. The French prisoners are chained together, and obliged to perform the same labour as the galley slaves.

RASTADT, February 2.

The following answer has been sent by the emperor relative to the Russian troops:

1. His Imperial majesty is surprised that the French ministers should have addressed themselves to the deputation for the pacification of the empire upon a subject with which it has no concern.

2. His Imperial majesty testifies his satisfaction that the deputation has unanimously referred this affair, upon which it was not competent to decide, to those whom it concerns and who ought to be acquainted with it.

3. His Imperial majesty will, however, wait for the report which shall be made to him on this subject by the diet of Ratisbon.

A Spanish courier passed through this place this morning, on his way from Vienna to Paris. He brought dispatches to citizen Boreardy, the Ligurian minister, the contents of which have induced him to send off his valet de chambre as a courier to Genoa. It is reported that the duke des Deux Ponts the prince of Nassau Weilburg, and some other princes of the right bank of Prussia, are to repair to Berlin. The object of their journey is to prevail on his majesty to interpose his mediation with France, that in case of rupture with Austria, France may acknowledge the neutrality of the empire, and continue the negotiations respecting the secularizations. The note delivered to the count de Lerbach, has excited here a considerable degree of agitation. It is pretended that the Prussian ministers will immediately deliver in a note, which will make known the intentions of their court in the present conjuncture of affairs.

HAMBURG, January 22.

The refusal of his Prussian majesty to give any decision with respect to the Irishmen detained here, had involved us in embarrassment, but it was hoped that the business would have remained in its actual state until the conclusion of peace which might set the prisoners at liberty. All our apprehensions on this topic are again renewed, as Mr. Crawford, minister of his Britannic majesty, to the circle of Lower Saxony, has received dispatches from his government, which not only approve the conduct he has held, but direct him positively to insist that the senate shall instantly give up the prisoners to Britain. Should this demand be refused, he is directed to withdraw from Hamburg, and declare that the king, his master, considers the refusal as a declaration of war, and our senate is involved in new troubles. Its decision is impatiently expected. Pichegru after his arrival here from Britain, stopped only two days and then proceeded on his journey. It is not known to what place he is going.

PROVIDENCE, April 24.

On the night of the 16th inst. that most valuable manufactory of gunlocks, bayonets and trimmings for small arms, at Johnston, in this state, was consumed by fire. It was first discovered by a girl, who lived with Mr. Ezekiel Angell, the owner of the said buildings. She immediately alarmed the workmen, to the number of 12 or 14, who did every thing in their power to extinguish the flames, but were unsuccessful; they then endeavoured to save the tools and materials; but with all their exertions the owner must have sustained a very considerable loss. Too much praise cannot be given to Mr. Edson, one of the head workmen, who on the alarm sprang from his bed and ran to the building; the door being locked, he jumped through a glass window naked as he was, and saved considerable property, although very much cut by the glass in his feet and other places. It is supposed the owner must have lost at least from 1000 to 1200 dollars; but we are happy to be informed that a new building is now erecting by the spirited owner, and will be fit for use in ten or twelve days.

From the best information we have been able to collect from the different towns, it is calculated that the new proxy for the alteration in the legislature of this state will be carried by a majority of about 80 votes.

NEW-YORK, April 29.

We are sorry to learn, that the following melancholy accident happened on Friday afternoon last,

near Delancy's mills, Westchester county. Mr. Levi Hunt, sen. merchant, of that place, when riding at no great distance from his own house, was suddenly thrown from his horse, and his head dashed with great violence against a stone fence; in consequence of which, he was so severely bruised, that he expired soon after. Mr. Hunt was an aged citizen, and much respected by his relatives and numerous friends and acquaintances, by whom his unfortunate death will be sincerely and long regretted.

Yesterday morning about one o'clock a John King-land, a seafaring man, but who for some time past, had followed the business of opening oysters, precipitately run from his lodgings in James-street, almost naked, and threw himself into the river at Peck slip. He was followed by some watch-men and other humane citizens, who endeavoured, by handing him a rope, a boat-hook, &c. to afford him the means of saving his life; but he appeared determined to reject all assistance, and was drowned accordingly. This unfortunate man had been sick for some time past, and for a few days had been in a state of insanity.

April 30.

By Mr. Pilmore, a passenger in the schooner Massachusetts, arrived this morning from the Havana, we are informed that three men who escaped the massacre on board the ship Ocean, had arrived at the Havana previous to his departure. These men declared, that the ship Ocean had been engaged with two French privateers the greater part of the day, and beat them off.—In the evening they were joined by a French brig, when the action was renewed, and the Ocean obliged to strike her colours. After which she was boarded—captain Kemp was immediately murdered, when a general massacre took place of every man that could be found—None but the three above mentioned, who were secreted 48 hours in the hold, escaped. After the expiration of this time, they were discovered—and from the abundant humanity of the conquerors were spared, and suffered to proceed to the Havana to tell the melancholy story.

May 1.

The two following paragraphs are extracted from the Vergennes (Vermont) gazette, an excellent paper, edited by Mr. Samuel Chipman, jun.

Leto, a Frenchman, has made an experiment that phosphorus, internally applied, will surprisingly stimulate a weak constitution, and even prolong for a day, the life of a dying man. The interests of the arts and sciences have not been neglected amidst atrocities of revolution and the demoralization of the republic. The experiment suggests the idea that even saniculottes are willing to keep off the king of terrors, and are not always eager for everlasting sleep.

Extract of a letter from a young gentleman in Paris to his friend in this city, dated,

PARIS, October 8, 1798.

"From a splendid city, filled with Roman antiquities and modern curiosities, ornamented with superb palaces and beautiful gardens, enriched with the spoils of Flanders and Italy, you doubtless will conclude, that there is abundant matter for composition—there is—but a head is wanting more free from anxiety than that of your friend's. In viewing the magnificence of Paris, the mind of the stranger is struck with a horrid sensation, at the unheard of vices of its inhabitants. This nation, known for many centuries to be the most volatile of any in existence, have in some measure been restrained by religion; but now that restraint exists no longer—passion riots in the most licentious disorder—morality is laughed at; and crimes, the most destructive to virtue and domestic happiness, are permitted with impunity.

"At the celebration of the new year, all the feasts were exhibited, which you have read in ancient history, of the Olympic games. Two or three hundred thousand people were assembled in the Champ de Mars; in a superb gallery sat the directory and the rest of the government, dressed in all the magnificence of Oriental pomp. Nothing but a throne was wanting for the directors, to give them the appearance of what they really are.

"At this exhibition I was placed by accident near the heads of government, and viewed with ease the transactions of the Champ de Mars.

"One misfortune took place, which was, the wounding very badly of a man who was running in one of the cars; his adversary forced his horses, and drove against him with such violence as to overthrow and break his car to pieces; and to do honour to the ladies of France, I must say that they discovered a different sensation from what I have seen in Spain at the death of a man."

PHILADELPHIA, April 29.

Yesterday forenoon about 130 French uniform coats, with a large number of linen pantaloons and shirts, were seized in a house in Spruce near Fifth-street.—The person in whose possession these suspicious articles were discovered is a Frenchman; who upon examination before the mayor, it appeared was commissioned

by Toussaint, the black general at St. Domingo, to procure uniforms in this country for the French troops in that island. He was referred for further examination this morning, to judge Peters and the secretary of state.

On examination this morning it was only thought necessary to take security for the retention of the cloaths in this country until it shall become lawful to trade with the French islands in the West-Indies.

The trial of the insurgents commenced this day: That of Fries is postponed until to-morrow. His counsel are Messrs. Lewis and Dallas.

Yesterday arrived the ship Birmingham Packet, captain Kelly, from Bombay, from whence she sailed the 10th Dec. a month previous to which, lieutenant Duval, of his Britannic majesty's ship Zealous, arrived at Bombay with dispatches from rear-admiral Nelson, by the way of the desert and Bassorah, containing an account of the victory obtained over the French fleet; but it was generally believed the dispatches were of much greater consequence, from an intercepted packet of Buonaparte to the Directory, that was taken on his passage, and that they contained ample plans of the intended operations of the French army. The lieutenant returned by the same route to join his ship.

Immediately after his arrival, every thing was put in the best posture of defence, mounting additional guns where wanting: The European inhabitants had voluntarily embodied as a militia, and were daily training to the use of arms. The governor had also convened the heads of the different casts, and ordered them to select about 2000 men to learn the military exercise, this had caused some uneasiness, as religious prejudices prevented them carrying arms, but they declared themselves perfectly willing to assist in any other manner against the common enemy.

A war with Tippoo Saib was also looked upon as inevitable; large quantities of cattle, and a number of troops were gone down to the Malabar coast, to join the army from Bengal. There seemed to be great unanimity among all ranks and degrees of people in Bombay, and voluntary contributions, exceeding three millions of rupees, had been collected in that place and its dependencies, and remitted to England, to support the war.

Rear-admiral Ranier, eight days previous to the sailing of the Birmingham, had arrived in the Suffolk, of 74 guns, Trident of 64 in company. The Centurion and Suffolk had sailed, the former it was reported for the Red Sea, to prevent the passing of the French army. A squadron was also fitting out to follow her in a little time after.

Little apprehensions were, however, entertained of the approach of Buonaparte's army, as it was conceived the passage down the Red Sea, would be attended with so many difficulties as to make it nearly impracticable, especially as a British squadron would have the command of it: A march through the deserts would be still more difficult, as it was supposed, by those acquainted with the nature of the country, that a great part, if not all, must perish in the attempt.

L'Union, French privateer of 18 guns, had captured to the northward of Bombay, a Mocha ship bound to Surat, and two others, out of which she took ten lacks of rupees in treasure, and afterwards sent the ships to the Isle of France. So unguarded was the Malabar coast at this time, the month of October, that the privateer was the whole day in sight from the town of Bombay.

Arrived, ship Birmingham Packet, Kelly, Bombay, 138 days; sch'r. Sally, Sherer, Surinam, 20.

Capt. Sherer parted with the convoy the 9th inst.—Spoke no vessels on the passage.

Capt. Kelly, of the ship Birmingham Packet, sailed from Bombay on the 10th of December, in company with the English armed ship Fame, for London, parted company the next day—on the 12th of Dec. at day-light in the morning, perceived five Mahratta Dingies astern, standing after us, at 11 o'clock, being about two miles astern, took in steering sails and prepared for action, they then took in sail and hove too to the northward, when they were broadside to us, could discover them crowded with men; seeing us prepared, after lying about an hour, made sail and left us.

On the 25th of March, at 4 o'clock P. M. in lat. 15, 30, N. long. 45, 58, W. fell in with a brig, spread Spanish colours, and fired a gun, kept on our course—at 11, we being then within musket shot, fired a gun with ball, and kept hailing in Spanish to hoist out the boat, and send her aboard, but not giving time to effect this, fired about 12 rounds with round and grape shot, in the ship, at last the boat being got out, captain Kelly went on board, and on her return Mr. Moore went on board, the Spanish captain then produced a book which he said contained the king of Spain's decree, ordering all his ships to carry into port for adjudication all neutrals they fell in with, from English ports, with cargoes, it was represented to him that the papers then produced contained full and ample testimony of the property being truly American,

that he might detain the ship if he thought proper, but in case of loss, recapture, &c. he should be held fully accountable; they kept us on board till the morning, and after going on board the ship, suffered us to proceed on our voyage; the brig was called the Nombay de Tobofoana, captain Pedro le Ancory, from St. Andro, but whence bound he would not inform us. She mounted four twenty-four pound carronades, on slides, six six pounders and about 40 men. The following letters were thrown overboard at the time:

One for Messieurs Thomas and John Ketland, Philadelphia.

One for Gabriel Christie in Havre-de-Grace, (Maryland.)

One for John Parker Boyd, Esq; in Boston.

One for ——— Mumford, merchant in New-York.

One for Miss Obadiah Bown, New-York—B.ing received on those conditions.

On the 2d of April, at 2 o'clock P. M. in lat. 25, 57, N. long. 56, 4. W. was boarded by the ship Venerable, captain Ramsay, from Barbadoes bound to Liverpool, in company with three other ships.

On the 18th of April, in lat. 31, 48, N. long. 70, 55, W. spoke the schooner Commerce, of and for Boston, from the Havanna, 13 days out, failed in company with a fleet conveyed by the Delaware sloop of war, captain Decatur.

On the 25th of April, in lat. 38, 3, N. long. 72, 32, W. was boarded by the British ship of war Swan, had a Swedish or Danish brig in tow, bound to a port on the continent, which the officer would not name, but said they had captured her on a suspicion the property was Spanish, and had taken her four days before, from the coast they were steering were bound to Bermuda.

The ship Fortitude, captain Kearney, arrived at Bombay on the 18th of September, and not being able to dispose of her cargo, sailed the 4th of October for Calcutta.

DARING OUTRAGE.

On Sunday last, Edward and Joseph Webb, confined on a charge of twindling, J. R. McMahon, under sentence of the mayor's court, for lending a challenge and committing assault, and a negro, imprisoned for larceny, made a joint attempt to break from the criminal prison of this city, and had actually got through the floor into the dungeon, whence they intended to escape by undermining the walls. They were discovered by the keeper, and separately imprisoned in the cells.

The trial of John Fries, on an indictment for high treason before the circuit court of the United States, is adjourned till this morning, 10 o'clock, on account of the non-attendance of a sufficient number of the petit jury, to proceed thereon. Yesterday morning was occupied on a motion made before the court by Mr. Lewis, and supported by Mr. Dallas, to remove the trial to the county where the act is said to have been committed; this right which was stated by the prisoners council, was contended by Mr. Sitgreaves, and Mr. Rawle, attorney for the prosecution. The motion was at length over-ruled by the court, judges Iredell and Peters both asserting their discretion as to the removal, and determination against it.

The trial therefore proceeds. General Laveaux, a deputy from St. Domingo, whose republicanism is above all suspicion, has offered to a member of the directory to answer with his head for the fidelity of Toussaint Louverture. It is said, that this general is to be sent as commissioner to St. Domingo.

A letter from Ireland by a late arrival, has reached this city by a private hand; besides some details interesting only to those who are acquainted with that country, the following particulars are mentioned in it.

Henry Grattan has been prevailed upon to accept a seat in the Irish parliament, under express stipulations with the patriotic party, that they shall oppose the further landing of a single English regiment or English soldier in that island;—this has become the basis of a patriotic compact to preserve the independence of that nation, and prevent what has been called an union.

Articles of impeachment were about to be preferred against Lord Castlereagh, secretary of state, for bribery and corruption, attempted on about forty members of parliament.

A corps of Yeomanry had entered into resolutions hostile to the proposed union with England, had published them; the example was spreading through all these corps. Marquis Cornwallis, determined to disarm and dishonour the Yeomanry corps, by a covert manoeuvre. The corps was ordered on a tour of duty, and to be reviewed preparatory thereto, with blunt cartridges; having been drawn up in a line, a regiment of Scotch highlanders 1200 strong was marched into the field suddenly, and the Yeomanry corps were ordered to ground their arms. The corps had, from the suspicious manner in which the orders were dictated, and from some private informations, deemed it expedient to be on their guard; they had accordingly provided ball, instead of blunt cartridge; and when ordered to ground their arms came to a recovery. The confusion was of consequence great, the highlanders were ordered to charge with the bayonet; a desperate contest ensued, in which the highlanders were obliged to retire, with the loss of 34 men, beside wounded; the Irish corps of about 670 strong, lost 17 men, and after maintaining the field, marched off the ground to their former quarters. The further issue of this serious business must be of the utmost importance, and may be expected by the first arrivals from that quarter.

BALTIMORE, April 29.
Extra of a letter from Camden, (S. C.) dated April 14, 1799.

"On the night of the 10th instant, or rather on the morning of 11th, we had at this place a pretty severe shock of an earthquake. I was awakened by the clattering of the falshes in the window near the head of my bed, after which I felt my bed tremble, or quiver under me, and the chairs and tables about the room were agitated in the same manner, but lasted a very few seconds, perhaps not more than ten—after I awoke. I suppose the greatest part of the shock was over before I awoke, for I understand from several of my neighbours that they felt it for some minutes and ran out of their houses, that they heard a loud noise something like the rattling of a carriage over a rough pavement, that the horses and cattle appeared to be frightened and ran about the commons and in their yards as if greatly alarmed. The shock was felt with the same violence to the northward of us: I have not yet learnt more than 20 miles, though no doubt, it extended a great deal farther. It was felt on the high hills near Statesburg (which is twenty miles to the southward of us) much more violent than at this place—we are told that some people there were thrown out of their beds, and others laid hold of their bed-fellows to prevent their falling.

May 2.

The Ship OCEAN.

Yesterday arrived the felch's Anne and Felicity, from La Vera Cruz. It gives us great pleasure to contradict in toto the accounts respecting the ship Ocean, captain Kemp, as she was left at Vera Cruz the 8th April, where she had arrived in safety, having seen no French privateer on her passage.

To the Inhabitants of Charles county.

It is with pain and regret that I find myself compelled to announce to my friends and fellow-citizens of Charles county, that the continued series of ill health that I have experienced for several years past, and particularly the last, renders a change of situation absolutely and essentially necessary. Being thus circumstanced, I have resolved to settle at Annapolis, where in hopes of better health, I shall continue to prosecute my profession, with this determination, to attend the court here as usual.

Permit me to offer my respectful acknowledgments, for the liberal and generous patronage and support that I have uniformly received at your hands, both professionally and politically, and to assure you in the language of truth and sincerity, that I shall not be wanting in grateful remembrance of your past kindness, but that I shall always feel a lively interest in your happiness and prosperity.

Thomas Buchanan.
Port-Tobacco, April 16, 1799.

By his EXCELLENCY
BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire,
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it has been represented to me, that a dwelling-house, the property of William Bradley Beanes, lying in Prince George's county, was consumed by fire, and that some malicious person or persons are supposed to have wilfully set fire to the same; I have therefore thought proper, by and with the advice and consent of the council, to issue this my proclamation, hereby offering a reward of One Hundred Dollars to any person who shall discover the perpetrator or perpetrators thereof, so that he, she or they, or any of them, be convicted thereof.

Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this sixth day of May, in the year seventeen hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

Attest.
NINIAN PINKNEY, clerk
of the governor and council.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, and the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, every day for the space of five weeks.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY.

NOTICE.

THE commissioners appointed by an act of the last general assembly to lay out and open a road from the city of Annapolis to the Federal city, hereby give notice, that they will attend at Mr. WHARFE's, in the city of Annapolis, on Monday the 20th instant, for the purpose of agreeing with a person or persons that will undertake to open said road, and to receive payment for the same out of the money to be levied agreeable to the act of assembly for that purpose.

May 6, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway on the 20th instant, a negro man by name HARRY, the property of Henry Ragan, of Baltimore county, but since says he belongs to Luke Barber, of Saint-Mary's county, near Chaptico, he appears to be about 25 years old, about five feet seven or eight inches high. His master or owner is desired to take him away in two months from the above date, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences according to law.

NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff
of Prince-George's county.
April 30, 1799.

On the 11th day of June next, will be offered for sale on the premises, at Port-Tobacco, by the subscribers,

The Lot and Houses.

LATELY occupied by the late Mr. Matthew Blair, comprising the best stand and arrangements for the accommodation of a merchant, of any in that place. The improvements are a large frame house 46 feet long by 34 feet in breadth, under which is a dry airy cellar, built of stone, and windows secured with iron flanchions—the house is divided into a large convenient store room, three lodging rooms well finished, two of them having fire-places; on the fourth and west sides is a range of piazzas supported by brick pillars; at the end of the main building are two wings of 24 feet by 18 each, one used as a counting-house, &c. and the other as a kitchen—a stable frame 24 feet by 14, with hay-loft, &c.

The lot is nearly square, and extensive, affording ample ground for a garden, and the whole enclosed with locust posts, and painted palings, which with the houses are in good repair.

One third of the purchase money will be expected down, and the residue in one and two yearly payments, for which bond with security, if required, must be given; when paid, deeds will be executed.

ROBERT FERGUSSON, } Executors of
JOHN ROBERTSON, } M. Blair.
May 1, 1799.

Prince-George's county, April 16, 1799.

HEREBY certify, that Charles Clagett brought before me this day, as a stray, a small brown mare, about 13½ hands high, four years old, a small star in her forehead, both hind feet white, and all part of the off fore foot. No perceptible brand.

SAMUEL HEPEURN.

Near Upper-Marlborough.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 22d day of April, a dark mulatto man by the name of BAR, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, about 21 or 22 years of age, a drest handsome fellow, with a good countenance, good teeth, and a fine suit of wool, which he has generally worn plaited; had on and took with him one kersey over jacket, one pair striped overalls of elastic cloth, two German linen shirts, with sundry other cloaths. He is a smart fellow, plays well on the fiddle, and I apprehend has obtained a pass, and will endeavour to pass as a free man. I apprehend that he will endeavour to go by water, as it is the most likely means of making his escape. All matters of vessels are forewarned from employing the said negro at their peril. Whoever takes up said negro, and confines him in any goal so that I get him again, shall have the above reward, and if brought home all reasonable expences paid, by

CORNELIUS BARBER.

Near Chaptico, Saint Mary's
county, May 2, 1799.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the 11th instant, at the late dwelling plantation of CHARLES STEUART, upon South river, within half a mile of the ferry,

SUNDRY milch cows, young cattle, a valuable bull, horses, sheep, hogs, a few articles of household furniture, and plantation utensils. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator.

May 1, 1799.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice, that he will attend at Elk-Ridge Landing on Monday the tenth day of June next, at Rawlings's tavern on Thursday the twenty-seventh, and on all other days throughout the said month at the office of inspection in the city of Annapolis, for the purpose of receiving entries of bills, and issuing of licences to those distillers who require them.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Ricmd.

Collector of the revenue
Anne-Arundel county.
Annapolis, May 1, 1799.

WHEREAS my wife SARAH hath eloped from me, I hereby forewarn all persons from treating her on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts contracted by her after the date hereof.

JOSEPH LOWREY.

Anne-Arundel county, April 26, 1799.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

ON Tuesday the 20th of August next I shall EXPOSE to PUBLIC SALE, at the town of New-Market, in Dorchester county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, situated on the south side and binding on the Choptank river several miles, supposed to contain about six thousand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each. The terms of sale as follow, viz. purchasers to give bond immediately after the sale, with approved security, conditioned for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in four equal annual instalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, An act appointing commissioners to contract for and purchase the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, in Dorchester county, and for appropriating the same to the use of this state, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned, passed at November session 1798.

WILLIAM MARRURY, Agent
for the State of Maryland.
April 10, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of
APRIL
ORDERED, That
law to prevent the
into the city of Annapolis
be published three weeks
By order

A By-law to prevent the
the city of Annapolis

BE it established and ordered by the corporation, aldermen, and common council, and the authority of the said city, or the place or bring the small-pox into this city, by inoculation, or taking such person, not an inhabitant thereof, who either came to town with the small-pox, or taking such person, not an inhabitant thereof, for every such offence, for pounds current money, or confession to the use of

And be it established and ordered, That every person, who shall for every twenty-four hours, not an inhabitant in the house or family of the said city, or the person, to be recovered

Provided always, That herein contained, shall extend, to the taking or coming to this city, or his necessary business, casually infected with the small-pox, or the person, or the person

In CHANCE.

WHEREAS much from the omission of debtors to apply for orders, and limiting a time within which the chancery following general order

ORDERED, That appointed for the benefit proceed to sell the property unincumbered by mortgage, public auction, after giving notice of the time, place, advertisement inserted in or set up at convenient

Where the price of the property shall exceed fifty dollars, the price ready money. Where the price shall more than 250 dollars shall give bond to the purchaser for the purchase money within the time specified in the order, to exceed 250 dollars then to be for paying as aforesaid. When the property be incumbered by a mortgage, the trustee shall not proceed to sell, until the mortgage shall be obtained, to the party or parties concerned in the sale. Where a special order passed, the first day of the month, and appointed, before insolvent debtor shall to the trustee by this order, the creditors of such debtor shall give notice of his intention, by advertisement in the public papers, and continue it three times, and to prevent this order, it is directed

This is to give notice to an insolvent debtor, that the chancellor has appointed the first day of January next, to bring in and declare the names of the creditors of the town news paper, and requested to insert this notice, and continue it three times, and to prevent this order, it is directed

ALL persons having claims against WILLIAM STEUART, requested to make the same known to the said WILLIAM STEUART, Agent for the State of Maryland, Anne-Arundel county

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,
April 20, 1799.
ORDERED, That the by-law, entitled, A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof, be published three weeks in the Maryland Gazette.
By order,
A. GOLDER, Clk.

A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof.

BE it established and ordained, by the mayor, recorder, aldermen, and common council of the city of Annapolis, and the authority of the same; That whatever inhabitant of the said city, or the precincts thereof, shall introduce or bring the small-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or shall take or receive into his or her house or family any person whatever, not being an inhabitant of the said city, or the precincts thereof, who either is at the time, or comes to town to be infected with, the small-pox, in order to nurse or tend such person in that distemper, knowing such person to be then infected, or that such person came to town with design to be infected, with such distemper, such inhabitant to introducing or bringing the small-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or taking or receiving at any time any such person, not an inhabitant as aforesaid, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of three pounds current money, to be recovered by indictment or confession to the use of the corporation.

And be it established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That every inhabitant of this city, or the precincts thereof, who shall offend as aforesaid, shall, for every twenty-four hours that any such person as aforesaid, not an inhabitant as aforesaid, shall continue in the house or family of such inhabitant, forfeit and pay the further sum of three pounds current money aforesaid, to be recovered as aforesaid, to the use aforesaid.

Provided always, That this by-law, nor any thing herein contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the taking or receiving of such person who, coming to this city, or the precincts thereof, about his necessary business, shall have been or shall be casually infected with the said distemper, and taken so ill as that it may be unsafe for such person to retire from the city, or the precincts thereof. 2

In CHANCERY, April 22, 1799.

WHEREAS much inconvenience hath resulted from the omission of trustees of insolvent debtors to apply for orders directing the terms of sale, and limiting a time within which claims are to be exhibited, the chancellor thinks proper to pass the following general order:

ORDERED, That any trustee, by this court appointed for the benefit of an insolvent debtor, may proceed to sell the property of the said insolvent debtor unincumbered by mortgage, trust, or otherwise, at public auction, after giving at least fourteen days notice of the time, place, manner, and terms of sale, by advertisement inserted in some convenient news-paper, or set up at convenient public places.

Where the price of the property sold shall not exceed fifty dollars, the purchaser or purchasers shall pay ready money.

Where the price shall exceed that sum, and be not more than \$50 dollars, the purchaser or purchasers shall give bond to the trustee as such, with security, for the purchase money, with interest, within four months from the time of sale. Where the price shall exceed \$50 dollars the bond passed as aforesaid shall be for paying as aforesaid, within one year from the sale. When the property of an insolvent debtor shall be incumbered by a mortgage, trust, or otherwise, the trustee shall not proceed to sell until a special order shall be obtained, to be passed on application of the party or parties concerned, according to the circumstances of the case. Ordered further, that in any case where a special order for the purpose hath not been passed, the first day of January next be hereby limited and appointed, before which day any creditor of an insolvent debtor shall bring in and declare his claim to the trustee by this court appointed for the benefit of the creditors of such insolvent: provided such trustee shall give notice of his appointment and of such limitation, by advertisement inserted in a news paper nearest the place where the insolvent resided at the time of his application for relief to the general assembly, at least three weeks before the last day of August next; and to prevent any mistake of the meaning of this order, it is directed that the advertisement be as follows:

"A—J—, 1799.
"This is to give notice to the creditors of an insolvent debtor, that the subscriber hath been by the chancellor appointed trustee for their benefit, and that the chancellor hath limited and appointed the first day of January next, before which day they are to bring in and declare their claims to me."

The printers of the Maryland Gazette, the Baltimore Telegraph, the Rights of Man, the Georgetown news paper, and the Eastern news-paper, are requested to insert this order in their respective papers, and continue it three weeks, and as much longer as they shall think proper.

Tell, **SAMUEL H. HOWARD,**
Reg. Cur. Can.

2
ALL persons having claims against CHARLES STEUART, late of this county, deceased, are requested to make them known, and those indebted are requested to make payment, to
WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator.
Anne-Arundel county, May 1, 1799.

GABRIEL, JUST IMPORTED,

STANDS this season at Belle-Air, Prince-George's county, at twenty dollars a mare and a dollar to the groom. In all cases where the money is not paid, notes must be given, payable on or before the first of September, before the mares are taken away—Good and extensive pasturage at 3/9 per week, but no responsibility for losses or accidents.

Gabriel was got by Dorimant, his dam by High Flyer, grand-dam by Snap, out of the dam of Chalkstone, Iris and Planet; she was got by Shephard's Crab, her dam Miss Meredith, by Cade, out of the Little Hartley mare.—In 1794, '95 and '96, he won fifteen purses, matches and sweepstakes, four of which were king's plates, carrying twelve stone.—He is a dark bay, fifteen and an half hands high, and a fine powerful horse.

N. B. Gabriel can be purchased.
Belle-Air, 20th April, 1799. 2

WAS committed to my custody, on the 17th instant, a negro woman, as a runaway, who says her name is CHARITY, and belongs to JEREMIAH BERRY, of Montgomery county, she appears to be upwards of thirty years of age, very black, her clothing bad. Her master is desirous to come and take her away, or she will be sold agreeably to law for prison fees and other expenses.

2 X **NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of**
Prince-George's county.
April 18, 1799.

THE subscriber having sustained material injury on the plantation now occupied by him, known by the name of Howard's, and being the plantation whereon Mr. PETER MILLER formerly resided, forewarns all persons from travelling across the said plantation in any manner or way whatever, except as the roads there-through direct to the plantations at the back thereof. He also forewarns all persons from dealing with any of his slaves in any manner or way whatever, without leave in writing from himself, and that he will challenge every negro that he may find crossing the said plantation (otherwise than as aforesaid) without respect to their owners. He further forewarns all persons from killing or landing their fens on the shores of said land, and from pillaging and taking off wood from the same.

This notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force against any offender.
BARUCH FOWLER.

April 30, 1799. 2

WHEREAS GILBERT HAMILTON SMITH, one of the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, hath this day returned to the commissioners of the tax for said county the following additional list of lands in said county, on which there is no personal property to pay the said taxes, to wit:

Names of land. Taxes due. Names of persons.
Hopkin's Fancy and lot at Pig Point, 3 12 10, Stephen West.

Part Duval's Range, 3 16 8, Thomas Contee.
Clark's Inheritance, 7 8 7, Solomon Groves.

Part of Addition, 10 11 2, Lock Chew.

Notice is hereby given, that unless the county charges as aforesaid are paid within thirty days after the publication of this notice, that the said lands, or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the tax and costs thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder, agreeably to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this state.

By order,
NICH. HARWOOD, Cl. com. tax, A. A. C.
April 18, 1799. 4 W

WHEREAS a certificate was issued by the State of Maryland on the 12th day of March, 1794, No. 1138, to JAMES HUTCHINGS, Esquire, for £30, with interest thereon, which certificate was lost in the late-time of the said James, and has never come to our possession since his death; we hereby give notice of our intention to prefer an application to the governor and council to have it renewed, agreeably to an act of assembly, passed at November session, 1792.

KITTY E. HUTCHINGS, } Executors of 3
HARRIET HUTCHINGS, } J. Hutchings.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of **DR. JOHN SPRIGG**, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are requested to bring them in, legally proved; all persons indebted are requested to make speedy payment, to

RICHARD SPRIGG, Administrator
de bonis non.
April 11, 1799. 4 X

WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers heretof.

To be RENTED,

And immediate possession given,
THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called **STRAWBERRY HILL**, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

14 H **HUGH THOMPSON, or**
WILLIAM STEUART of
Mount Stuart.
Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at **STRAWBERRY HILL**, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

2 H **HUGH THOMPSON.**
Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the commissioners of the tax for Anne-Arundel county will meet, at the city of Annapolis, on the second Tuesday of May next, and will sit from day to day for twenty days thereafter, to hear appeals and make transfers of property in said county.

By order, 3
NICH. HARWOOD, Clk. com. tax A. A. C.
April 18, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,
April 1, 1799

RESOLVED, That Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, be appointed to apply to, and receive from, all persons indebted to this corporation the sum or sums of money due to the said corporation by bond or note, and on the receipt thereof, to give discharges for the same; and should any of the said debtors refuse or neglect to pay at least one third of the sum due by them, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, it shall be the duty of the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, and they are hereby empowered and directed to bring suits for the recovery of the whole sum that may be due, and the treasurer of the corporation is hereby authorized and required, when applied to by the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, or either of them, to deliver up to them, or either of them, all bonds and notes due this corporation for the purposes aforesaid.

By order, 5
A. GOLDER, Clk.
Take Notice,

ALL persons indebted to the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, on bond, bill or note, are requested to pay the whole interest, and one third of the principal sum, to the subscribers, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, or suits will be instituted without discrimination, and without delay.

P. B. KEY,
JOHN GWINN.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for apprehending the following negroes, and securing them in goal, so that I may get them, **WILL**, about 16 years of age, of a dark complexion, and five feet ten or eleven inches high. **TOM**, about thirty-six or seven years of age, a dark mulatto, about six feet high, and well proportioned, and **BETTY**, a likely dark mulatto girl, about seventeen years of age; the last two call themselves **THOMAS**, and all of them have been frequently seen in Annapolis, where I have reasons to suppose they now are. The above reward shall be paid for apprehending the said negroes, or ten dollars for either of them, and reasonable charges if brought home. All persons are forewarned from harbouring them at their peril.

19 **JAMES MORRIS.**
Charles county, September 25, 1798.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro **NELL**, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work; she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay **EIGHT DOLLARS** to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.
February 8, 1798. 43 H

RAN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of **WILLIAM SANDERS**, on South river, a negro man named **DENBY**, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of speaking; took with him sundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslin waistcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new small round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of **TEN DOLLARS** will be paid for securing him in the goal of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or **FIVE POUNDS** if taken a greater distance.

Sept. 16, 1798. **WILLIAM BROGDEN.**
20 H

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 8, 1799.
ORDERED, That the act to alter, abolish and repeal certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, and the act to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, be published once in each week, for the term of three months, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Rights of Man, at Frederick town, and the Herald, at Balton, and in Green's and English's paper, at George-town.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Council of Maryland.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

II. *Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That the several counties of this state, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

III. *And be it enacted,* That Anne-Arundel county, including the city of Annapolis, shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts.

IV. *And be it enacted,* That Baltimore county, out of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of Baltimore shall be laid off into eight districts.

V. *And be it enacted,* That all and every part of the constitution and form of government relating to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections in the city of Baltimore, and all and every part of the second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty-second sections of the constitution and form of government of this state, which relate to the judges, place, time and manner of holding the several elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. *And be it enacted,* That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

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VI. *And be it enacted,* That no person possessing the qualification of property required by the constitution shall be entitled to vote at any election to be held for sheriffs, delegates to the general assembly, or electors of the senate, unless there be some written evidence that he is worth thirty pounds, or a freehold of fifty acres of land, at the time he offers to vote, this written evidence to be an affidavit of property to that amount, which affidavit may be made at any time before such person offers to vote, upon his producing satisfactory testimony of his possessing such property; the manner of making out such affidavit, and the person or persons to judge of the qualification as to property, to be hereafter regulated by law.

VII. *And be it enacted,* That all parts of the constitution and form of government not herein before enumerated, which are repugnant to, and inconsistent with, the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed, annulled and avoided.

VIII. *And be it enacted,* That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Five Pounds Reward

FOR apprehending and bringing home negro TOM, who has assumed the name of Tom TILLARD, he is about five feet one or two inches high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion, wears his hair or wool in whiskers, stammers very much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off some time in May last, under pretence of going to see his wife, who belongs to Mr. Thomas R. Hodges, in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlborough, and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Sprigg, Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him in goal, so that I get him again, on the above reward, including what the law allows, for bringing him home to

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,
near Annapolis.

I will handfomely reward any person who will convict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow, as it is my determination to put the law rigorously into execution against such offender.

To be SOLD for CASH, or on long credit,

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a trusty market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expense of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good master in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.

Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

LAND for SALE.

I WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NATHAN HARRIS; the whole tract containing eleven hundred sixty-one and a half acres.

WILLIAM WALKER.

Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber being authorised to collect and settle the concerns of the late JAMES RUSSELL, Esq; merchant of London, requests all those indebted either on judgment, bond, note, or account, to settle the same without delay, or immediate exertions will be made to enforce payment.

EDWARD HALL.

West River, April 4, 1799.

Attention!

HAVING undertaken the collection of the county assessment for the year 1798, notice is hereby given, that, for the convenience of the people, I have fixed upon the following places and times of meeting, when and where I request they will be pleased to meet me, prepared to pay their respective accounts, viz.

At Tracy's Landing on Friday, May 17th.
At Pig Point on Tuesday 21st.
At Mrs. Rawlings's tavern on Friday 24th.
At Mr. John Dent's tavern on Monday 27th.
At Mr. Joseph Holland's tavern on Friday 30th.
At Mr. Basil Green's store on Monday, June 3d.
At Mr. Smith's, Poplar Springs, on Thursday 6th.
At Mr. Peter Littig's tavern, new road, on Monday 10th.
At Mr. John Talbot's tavern on Thursday 13th.
At Mr. W. Spurrier's tavern on Monday 17th.
At Mr. L. Shipley's, Elk Ridge Landing, on Thursday 20th.

At Mr. Steeple's tavern, lower ferry, on Monday 24th.

And at Hope Mills, on Magothy, on Thursday 27th. I hope it will not be thought a hardship by any one to ride a few miles, but that every man in the county will either attend and pay his tax, or send the money by a neighbour; those failing to do so, must be waited on before I leave the neighbourhood, and I positively declare, my first visit, after having delivered the accounts, shall be the last.

As I intend to make the whole collection of the county myself, it will not be in my power to make repeated calls upon individuals, therefore indulgence is totally out of the question. I shall not spare the most opulent, and those having but little to pay need not expect favour on that head, for the aggregate of small sums make the principal part of the levy. Every man knows the taxes must be paid, and if discharged promptly, it will be as well a benefit to the individuals as to the public; at any rate, both my interest and duty require that I should complete the collection within the time prescribed by law. I have therefore thought proper to give this notice, that the people generally should be early apprised of my determination to act uniformly by this plain rule, where the assessment is not paid, to execute immediately, without any exception whatever.

W. ALEXANDER, Col. A. A. county.

As my business will necessarily often occasion my absence from town, and knowing that many persons may wish to pay their accounts in Annapolis, I therefore request them to call upon James Mackubin, Esq; who will be so obliging to receive money for me in my absence, and give receipts for the same.

W. A.

HIGH FLYER,

Will stand to cover mares this season at South River ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July, at twenty dollars each, if credit is required, or fifteen dollars each, and one dollar to the groom, if the money is sent with the mares, or paid by the end of the season.

HIGH FLYER is sixteen hands high, a blood bay, with a star and one white foot, and is the largest full bred horse ever imported into this country. The owners of this horse's colts have been offered from 600 to 1000 dollars for them, both in Pennsylvania and Maryland. High Flyer was bred by Richard Tatterfall, got by his High Flyer, which won upwards of 7000 guineas, and was never beat. Thistle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon. She was dam of Mr. Hutchison's Thistle, which was a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade; she was the dam of Mr. Shaftoe's Hunter Omnium, Herald, and Miss Barfoot, his great-grand-dam by Partner, she was the dam of Toy, Madam, the dam of Twig, Drwley, Torimond, Alcides, the dam of young Cade, the dam of Omnium Filly, by Cade, the dam of Prioren and Villager; all capital runners, his great great-grand-dam by Matchless, great great-grand-dam by Brimmer, his great great great-grand-dam by Places White Turk, and out of a Layton Barb mare.

JOHN CRAGGS.

N. B. Grads will be provided for mares for 3/9 per week, and every attention paid them; but will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.

March 10, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator
with the will annexed.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

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MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, May 16, 1799.

GENOA, February 14.

ACCORDING to the latest accounts received here from Alexandria, Buonaparte is indefatigably employed in the organization of Egypt, and his army is 30,000 strong; besides which, he has organized another army of 50,000 men, consisting of Copts, Druses, &c. which is much devoted to him. He only waits for the sinking of the Nile to proceed on his expedition.

SUABIA, (Germany) March 8.

When the Austrian army and the army of the empire passed the Lech, on the 4th of March, very remarkable general orders were issued by the archduke Charles, in which he takes a succinct view of the various occurrences which have led to the present posture of affairs; stating that the French have taken the most improper advantages of the retreat of the Austrian troops, violently obtained possession of Ehrenbreitstein, oppressed the right bank of the Rhine, and carried their demands at Rastadt to a height that must disgrace the German name, and not dignified to return an answer to any remonstrances. It is added, that they are now prepared to over-run Germany with a numerous army, extend the republic of Switzerland to the Danube and the Lech, and thus continually add encroachment to encroachment.

It appears that the main body of the French army began to cross the Rhine in the afternoon of the 1st instant, the advanced guard under the command of generals Lefebvre, Vandame and Klein, having passed early in the morning.

The Rhine was also passed on the same day at Hunningen, by the right wing of the French army, and at Germersheim by the left wing. A corps from the left wing was destined to invest Philippsburg, which it was thought would soon surrender.

The letters from Strasburg state, that the French army is not to halt for five days, and it seems probable that general Jourdan is determined to advance by forced marches to Ulm, where the main body of the Austrian army, under the command of the archduke Charles, is stationed.

On the second instant the Executive Directory passed an arrete, appointing citizen Jourdan commander in chief of the armies of the Danube, of Helvetia, and of the army of observation; citizen Bernadotte commander of the army of observation, under the orders of citizen Jourdan; and citizen Mellena commander of the French army in Helvetia, under the direction of the commander in chief of the same army.

The main body of the army under Jourdan is said to have received large reinforcements; under these circumstances we may every day expect intelligence of an action between the French army and that of the archduke.

RASTADT, March 1.

Last night the French, to the number of 25,000 men, passed the Rhine, and published two proclamations—A note was likewise given in to the deputation of the empire by the French ministers; in which they declare that if the empire will oppose the march of the Russian troops, the negotiations for peace shall proceed as before, otherwise the French envoys have orders to leave Rastadt.

At nine o'clock the French ministers delivered the following note and proclamations to the deputation of the empire. They were brought by the adjutant-general who arrived yesterday evening at Rastadt—A note to the same purport was likewise remitted to his excellency the count Lehrbach. Couriers and emissaries have been sent off on all sides.

Note of the French Legation to the Deputation of the Empire.

"The undersigned plenipotentiary of the French republic, for the negotiation with the German empire, have received orders from the Executive Directory to transmit to the deputation of the empire the proclamation subjoined. They acquit themselves of this commission, by annexing to the present note a copy, certified by them, of this proclamation; as also one of the addresses of general Jourdan to the army he commands.

"The undersigned are charged at the same time to declare, that the march of the army is only to be considered as a measure of precaution imposed by circumstances; that the desire of peace on the part of the French government is still ardent and sincere, and that it will proceed to conclude it with the empire, provided the empire shall declare against the march of the Russians."

Signed by

BONNIER,
DERBY,
ROBERJOT.

PROCLAMATION by the DIRECTORY.

"The troops of his majesty the emperor, king of Bohemia and Hungary, in contempt of a convention

concluded at Rastadt, (16th December, 1797,) have passed the Ina, and advanced beyond the boundaries of the hereditary countries.

"This movement is connected with the march of the Russian troops, now in the states of the empire, who openly declare that they come to attack and combat the French republic.

"Ever faithful to the obligation it has imposed on itself, ever animated with the desire of maintaining a state of peace, and ever disposed to ascribe to his majesty the emperor the same sentiments, the French government has demanded a satisfactory declaration relative to this march of the Russian troops, and the passage which has been granted them.

"The emperor has been silent. The executive directory, therefore, sees itself compelled by the necessity of self defence, and the obligation which every state is under to provide for its security, to order the French armies to take such positions as circumstances require. But it declares, at the same time, that its desire for peace is inviolable; and that the moment his majesty the emperor shall make known, by an amicable declaration, that the Russians have evacuated his states, and that his troops have resumed the positions determined on in the convention concluded at Rastadt, the French armies shall return to the positions they have hitherto occupied.

"Approved by the Executive Directory (Feb. 20.) (Signed.)

"L. M. REVIILLIERE LEPEAUX, Pres.
"LE GARDE, Sec. General."

PROCLAMATION OF GENERAL JOURDAN.
LIBERTY!—EQUALITY!

Head quarters of the army of Mentz, 10th Ventose, 7th year of the French republic, one and indivisible.

THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF TO THE ARMY.

"SOLDIERS,

"In contempt of a solemn convention, the troops of Austria have the first passed the stipulated line of demarcation: the emperor, taking advantage of the pacific dispositions of the French government, has called into the bosom of Germany, armed strangers, less known by their military success than their ravages in former wars; and while scrupulous observers of the faith of treaties, you remained behind your lines, in a firm but peaceable attitude, this prince dared to concert hostile movements with his new allies, and avail himself, under favour of perfidious silence, of the advantages which your security gave him. This manifest infraction, this outrage on public faith respected by all civilized nations, has at length compelled the Executive Directory to make reprisals. It has done every thing for peace, but if war be fought for, it will make it. Soldiers, let us quit our lines, and recommence that career we have hitherto pursued with so much glory.

"If we meet with opposition to our assuming the military positions towards which the army advances, we will fight—We will fight if the emperor does not promptly and strictly execute the existing convention; but faithful to the principles of moderation, which have hitherto characterized the French nation, we will retreat and re-enter our former lines as soon as the republic shall have received the satisfaction it has a right to expect.

"Soldiers, in resuming your arms, recollect that the scourge of war ought only to fall on the enemies of the republic: your glory will be affected, your laurels withered, the wishes of your enemies fulfilled, if you are guilty of blameable excesses. You know that your enemies have employed all their arts to arm the nations of Europe against the French people. Let your conduct give the lie to all their perfidious accusations.—Remember constantly that the army must respect general and individual property, and that every disorder will be restrained by force, and punished with severity.

"It is you especially, superior officers, chiefs of corps, commanders, whom I shall render personally responsible for the strict execution of my intentions, and those of the government. Maintain the most exact discipline, provide for the wants of the troops under your command, watch over them incessantly; tell them, that every mean action is unworthy the French name; remind them, that it would stain the glory of the armies of the republic, and no doubt they will return to good order.

"Animated with the principles of justice and equity, the Executive Directory has ordered me to inform you, that its firm intention is to reimburse the people and governments friendly to the republic, for whatever they furnish to supply the unforeseen necessities of the army. It is requisite, therefore, that there shall be delivered with the most scrupulous punctuality now, (or certificates,) of whatever shall be required or furnished for the army; and to prevent impositions, I hereby give notice, that the commissary-general, authorized by me, shall alone be empowered to levy requisitions of every kind, though the general and com-

manders of detached troops may levy requisitions on occasions of urgency; but in every case, a copy shall be transmitted to me, and every imposition punished with the utmost severity, though I trust, soldiers, you will spare this pain to your general.

"In consequence of these just regulations, worthy the French nation, the inhabitants of Germany, encouraged to disregard the reports propagated by the malevolence of our enemies, will, I hope, remain calm in the midst of the storm, and be convinced that the best means they can take to preserve their property, will be to remain peaceably in their habitations.—But if, on the contrary, notwithstanding what I have engaged, the French army shall find the towns deserted and villages abandoned; if their inhabitants shall oppose its march, or refuse to procure it the succours in their power—then, I declare with the same frankness, that I will take other measures to punish them and make them repent their temerity.

"The General in Chief,

(Signed)

"JOURDAN."

(A true Copy.)

"The General of Division, Chief of the Staff.

(Signed)

"ERNOUF."

March 7.

On the 3d every thing was still in a quiet state at the Austrian head quarters at Friedberg, but on the 4th a considerable train of artillery passed by Augsburg, on its way to Ulm.

Highly Important.

The contents of the convention of the 1st of December, 1797, and the secret articles of the treaty of Campo Formio, have now been made public.

This convention is to the following purport:—

"For the execution of the treaty of Campo Formio, and the annexed convention, the plenipotentiaries of his majesty the emperor, king of Bohemia and Hungary, and plenipotentiaries of the French republic, with the French general appointed to carry the provisions of the same into execution, have agreed to; and reciprocally guaranteed the following articles:

1. The troops of the emperor, and king of Bohemia and Hungary, and the troops of the empire in his pay, shall evacuate the territory of the empire by the 25th of December, and withdraw into the hereditary states of his majesty; and beyond the river Inn.
2. The contingent of the emperor shall retire over the river Lech, and not be employed in the fortresses of the empire.
3. The troops of the garrison of Mentz shall not amount, on the 25th of December, to more than 15,000 men.
4. On the same day the French army shall evacuate the Venetian territory, of which the emperor shall take possession.
5. Fifteen thousand French troops shall remain in the said Venetian territory, as well to garrison the different fortresses as to maintain order.
6. On the 20th of December the troops of the emperor shall evacuate Mannheim, Philippsburg, Ehrenbreitstein, Ulm, Ingoldstadt and Wurtemberg, and restore them to the sovereign to whom they appertain. The artillery, ammunition and provisions belonging to the emperor in these places, shall at the same time be removed.
7. The troops of the emperor, and the artillery, ammunition, and provisions appertaining to his imperial majesty, shall be removed to Mentz in such a manner that this operation shall be terminated by the 30th of December.
8. On the 10th December the French troops shall blockade Mentz, but leave the communications open to the Austrian troops.
9. Before the 8th of December the plenipotentiaries of the emperor shall declare to the empire that it is the intention of their sovereign to evacuate the territory and the fortresses of the empire.
10. The plenipotentiaries of the emperor shall take care to procure the surrender of Mentz to the French troops on the part of the elector of Mentz and the empire during the negotiation, so that the French troops may be in the city on the 30th of December; and should the elector of Mentz or the empire refuse their consent, the French republic shall compel them to it by force.
11. The French generals in the vicinity of Ehrenbreitstein, shall afford to the Austrian troops which evacuate that place every assistance on their march, and furnish the Austrian generals with horses, carriages, and every thing necessary for the conveyance of artillery, ammunition or provisions.
12. The French and Cisalpine troops shall, by the 30th of December, evacuate Palma-Nuova, Olop-po, Porto, Legnago, Verona, and the two castles, and Venice and the Venetian territory to the line of demarcation.
13. The commander in chief of the troops of the emperor of Italy, and the commander in chief of the French troops, shall take all the necessary measures to secure the execution of the 6th article of the treaty of Campo Formio. These two generals shall also pre-

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To the Inhabitants of Charles county.

It is with pain and regret that I find myself compelled to announce to my friends and fellow-citizens of Charles county, that the continued series of ill health that I have experienced for several years past, and particularly the last, renders a change of situation absolutely and essentially necessary. Being thus circumstanced, I have resolved to settle at Annapolis, where in hopes of better health, I shall continue to prosecute my profession, with this determination, to attend the court here as usual.

Permit me to offer my respectful acknowledgments, for the liberal and generous patronage and support that I have uniformly received at your hands, both professionally and politically, and to assure you in the language of truth and sincerity, that I shall not be wanting in grateful remembrance of your past kindness, but that I shall always feel a lively interest in your happiness and prosperity.

Thomas Buchanan.

Port-Tobacco, April 16, 1799.

On the 11th day of June next, will be offered for sale on the premises, at Port-Tobacco, by the subscribers,

The Lot and Houses,

LATELY occupied by the late Mr. Matthew Blair, comprising the best stand and arrangements for the accommodation of a merchant, of any in that place. The improvements are a large frame house 46 feet long by 34 feet in breadth, under which is a dry airy cellar, built of stone, and windows secured with iron slatrons—the house is divided into a large convenient store room, three lodging rooms well finished, two of them having fire places; on the fourth and west sides is a range of piazzas supported by brick pillars; at the end of the main building are two wings of 24 feet by 18 each, one used as a counting house, &c. and the other as a kitchen—a stable frame 24 feet by 14, with hay-loft, &c.

The lot is nearly square, and extensive, affording ample ground for a garden, and the whole enclosed with locust posts, and painted palings, which with the houses are in good repair.

One third of the purchase money will be expected down, and the residue in one and two yearly payments, for which bond with security, if required, must be given; when paid, deeds will be executed.

ROBERT FERGUSSON, } Executors of
JOHN ROBERTSON, } M. Blair.

May 1, 1799.

NOTICE.

THE commissioners appointed by an act of the last general assembly to lay out and open a road from the city of Annapolis to the Federal city, hereby give notice, that they will attend at Mr. Wuarfe's, in the city of Annapolis, on Monday the 20th instant, for the purpose of agreeing with a person or persons that will undertake to open said road, and to receive payment for the same out of the money to be levied agreeable to the act of assembly for that purpose.

May 6, 1799.

Prince-George's county, April 16, 1799.

HEREBY certify, that Charles Clagett brought before me this day, as a stray, a small brown mare, about 13½ hands high, four years old, a small star in her forehead, both hind feet white, and also part of the off fore foot. No perceivable brand.

SAMUEL HEPBURN.

Near Upper-Marlborough.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 22d day of April, a dark mulatto man by the name of BAR, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, about 21 or 22 years of age, a straight handsome fellow, with a good countenance, good teeth, and a fine suit of wool, which he has generally worn plaited; had on and took with him one kersey over jacket, one pair striped overalls of elastic cloth, two German linen shirts with sundry other cloaths. He is a smart fellow, plays well on the fiddle, and I apprehend has obtained a pass, and will endeavour to pass as a free man. I apprehend that he will endeavour to go by water, as it is the most likely means of making his escape. All matters of vessels are forewarned from employing the said negro at their peril. Whoever takes up said negro, and confines him in any goal so that I get him again, shall have the above reward, and if brought home all reasonable expenses paid, by

CORNELIUS BARBER.

Near Chaptico, Saint-Mary's
county, May 2, 1799.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice, that he will attend at Elk-Ridge Landing on Monday the tenth day of June next, at Rawlings's tavern on Thursday the twenty-seventh, and on all other days throughout the said month at the office of inspection in the city of Annapolis, for the purpose of receiving entries of bills, and issuing of licences to those distillers who require them.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Ricnd.

Collector of the revenue
Anne-Arundel county.

Annapolis, May 1, 1799.

WHEREAS my wife SARAH hath eloped from me, I hereby forewarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts contracted by her after the date hereof.

JOSEPH LOWREY.

Anne-Arundel county, April 26, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,

April 20, 1799.

ORDERED, That the by-law, entitled, A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof, be published three weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

By order,

A. GOLDER, Clk.

A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof.

BE it established and ordained, by the mayor, recorder, aldermen, and common council of the city of Annapolis, and the authority of the same, That whatever inhabitant of the said city, or the precincts thereof, shall introduce or bring the small-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or shall take or receive into his or her house or family any person whatever, not being an inhabitant of the said city, or the precincts thereof, who either is at the time, or comes to town to be infected with, the small-pox, in order to nurse or tend such person in that distemper, knowing such person to be then infected, or that such person came to town with design to be infected, with such distemper, such inhabitant so introducing or bringing the small-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or taking or receiving at any time any such person, not an inhabitant as aforesaid, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of three pounds current money, to be recovered by indictment or confession to the use of the corporation.

And be it established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That every inhabitant of this city, or the precincts thereof, who shall offend as aforesaid, shall, for every twenty-four hours that any such person as aforesaid, not an inhabitant as aforesaid, shall continue in the house or family of such inhabitant, forfeit and pay the further sum of three pounds current money aforesaid, to be recovered as aforesaid, to the use aforesaid.

Provided always, That this by law, nor any thing herein contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the taking or receiving of such person who, coming to this city, or the precincts thereof, about his necessary business, shall have been or shall be actually infected with the said distemper, and taken so ill as that it may be unsafe for such person to retire from the city, or the precincts thereof.

In CHANCERY, April 22, 1799.

WHEREAS much inconvenience hath resulted from the omission of trustees of insolvent debtors to apply for orders directing the terms of sale, and limiting a time within which claims are to be exhibited, the chancellor thinks proper to pass the following general order:

ORDERED, That any trustee, by this court appointed for the benefit of an insolvent debtor, may proceed to sell the property of the said insolvent debtor unincumbered by mortgage, trust, or otherwise, at public auction, after giving at least fourteen days notice of the time, place, manner, and terms of sale, by advertisement inserted in some convenient news-paper, or set up at convenient public places.

Where the price of the property sold shall not exceed fifty dollars, the purchaser or purchasers shall pay ready money.

Where the price shall exceed that sum, and be not more than 250 dollars, the purchaser or purchasers shall give bond to the trustee as such, with security, for the purchase money, with interest, within four months from the time of sale. Where the price shall exceed 250 dollars the bond passed as aforesaid shall be for paying as aforesaid, within one year from the sale. When the property of an insolvent debtor shall be incumbered by a mortgage, trust, or otherwise, the trustee shall not proceed to sell until a special order shall be obtained, to be passed on application of the party or parties concerned, according to the circumstances of the case. Ordered further, that in any case where a special order for the purpose hath not been passed, the first day of January next be hereby limited and appointed, before which day any creditor of an insolvent debtor shall bring in and declare his claim to the trustee by this court appointed for the benefit of the creditors of such insolvent: provided such trustee shall give notice of his appointment and of such limitation, by advertisement inserted in a news paper nearest the place where the insolvent resided at the time of his application for relief to the general assembly, at least three weeks before the last day of August next; and to prevent any mistake of the meaning of this order, it is directed that the advertisement be as follows:

"A—J—, 1799.

"This is to give notice to the creditors of an insolvent debtor, that the subscriber hath been by the chancellor appointed trustee for their benefit, and that the chancellor hath limited and appointed the first day of January next, before which day they are to bring in and declare their claims to me."

The printers of the Maryland Gazette, the Baltimore Telegraph, the Rights of Man, the Georgetown news-paper, and the Eastern news-paper, are requested to insert this order in their respective papers, and continue it three weeks, and as much longer as they shall think proper.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

ALL persons having claims against CHARLES STEUART, late of this county, deceased, are requested to make them known, and those indebted are requested to make payment, to

WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator.

Anne-Arundel county, May 1, 1799.

GABRIEL, JUST IMPORTED,

STANDS this season at Belle-Air, Prince-George's county, at twenty dollars a mare and a dollar to the groom. In all cases where the money is not paid, notes must be given, payable on or before the first of September, before the mares are taken away—Good and extensive pasturage at 3/9 per week, but no responsibility for losses or accidents.

Gabriel was got by Dorimant, his dam by High Flyer, grand-dam by Snap, out of the dam of Chalkstone, Iris and Planet; she was got by Shephard's Crab, her dam Miss Meredith, by Cade, out of the Little Hartley mare.—In 1794, '95 and '96, he won fifteen purses, matches and sweepstakes, four of which were king's plates, carrying twelve stone.—He is a dark bay, fifteen and an half hands high, and a fine powerful horse.

N. B. Gabriel can be purchased.

Belle-Air, 20th April, 1799.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOSHUA FRAZIER, late of the city of Baltimore deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those to whom the said estate may be indebted are desired to bring in their respective claims, legally authenticated, to

RICHARD FRAZIER, Executor
of JOSHUA FRAZIER.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the commissioners of the tax for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the city of Annapolis, on the second Tuesday of May next, and will sit from day to day for twenty days thereafter, to hear appeals and make transfers of property in said county.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Clk. com. tax A. A. C.
April 18, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,
April 1, 1799.

RESOLVED, That Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, be appointed to apply to, and receive from, all persons indebted to this corporation the sum or sums of money due to the said corporation by bond or note, and on the receipt thereof, to give discharges for the same; and should any of the said debtors refuse or neglect to pay at least one third of the sum due by them, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, it shall be the duty of the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, and they are hereby empowered and directed to bring suits for the recovery of the whole sum that may be due, and the treasurer of the corporation is hereby authorized and required, when applied to by the said Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Esquires, or either of them, to deliver up to them, or either of them, all bonds and notes due this corporation for the purposes aforesaid.

By order,

A. GOLDER, Clk.

Take Notice,

ALL persons indebted to the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, on bond, bill or note, are requested to pay the whole interest, and one third of the principal sum, to the subscribers, or either of them, on or before the first day of August next, or suits will be instituted without discrimination, and without delay.

P. B. KEY,
JOHN GWINN.

Anne-Arundel WHERAS GILBERT HAMILTON SMITH, one of the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, hath this day returned to the commissioners of the tax for said county the following additional list of lands in said county, on which there is no personal property to pay the said taxes, to wit:

Names of land. Taxes due. Names of persons.
Hopkin's Fancy and lot at Pig Point, 3 12 10, Stephen West.
Part Davall's Range, 3 16 8, Thomas Contee.
Clark's Inheritance, 7 8 7, Solomon Groves.
Part of Addition, 10 11 2, Lock Chew.

Notice is hereby given, that unless the county charges as aforesaid are paid within thirty days after the publication of this notice, that the said lands, or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the tax and costs thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder, agreeably to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this State.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Cl. com. tax, A. A. C.
April 18, 1799.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

February 8, 1798. WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 6, 1799.
ORDERED, That the act to alter, abolish and repeal certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, and the act to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, be published once in each week, for the term of three months, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Rights of Man, at Frederick town, and the Herald, at Easton, and in Green's and English's paper, at George-town.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Council of Maryland.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

II. *Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That the several counties of this state, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

III. *And be it enacted,* That Anne-Arundel county, including the city of Annapolis, shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts.

IV. *And be it enacted,* That Baltimore county, out of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of Baltimore shall be laid off into eight districts.

V. *And be it enacted,* That all and every part of the constitution and form of government relating to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections in the city of Baltimore, and all and every part of the second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty-second sections of the constitution and form of government of this state, which relate to the judges, place, time and manner of holding the several elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. *And be it enacted,* That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

14. *Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That the several counties of this state, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts,

Queen Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

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V. *And be it enacted,* That all and every part of the constitution and form of government relating to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections, in the city of Baltimore, all and every part of the second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty-second sections of the constitution and form of government of this state, as also every part of the said constitution and form of government which relate to the judges, place, time and manner, of holding the several elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. *And be it enacted,* That no person possessing the qualification of property required by the constitution shall be entitled to vote at any election to be held for sheriffs, delegates to the general assembly, or electors of the senate, unless there be some written evidence that he is worth thirty pounds, or a freehold of fifty acres of land, at the time he offers to vote, this written evidence to be an affidavit of property to that amount, which affidavit may be made at any time before such person offers to vote, upon his producing satisfactory testimony of his possessing such property; the manner of making out such affidavit, and the person or persons to judge of the qualification as to property, to be hereafter regulated by law.

VII. *And be it enacted,* That all parts of the constitution and form of government not herein before enumerated, which are repugnant to, and inconsistent with, the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed, annulled and avoided.

VIII. *And be it enacted,* That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Five Pounds Reward

FOR apprehending, and bringing home negro TOM, who has assumed the name of TOM TILLARD, he is about five feet one or two inches high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion, wears his hair or wool in whiffers, flammers very much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off some time in May last, under pretence of going to see his wife, who belongs to Mr. Thomas R. Hodges, in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlborough, and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Sprigg, Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him in goal, so that I get him again, or the above reward, including what the law allows, for bringing him home to

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,
near Annapolis.

I will handsomely reward any person who will convict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow, as it is my determination to put the law rigorously into execution against such offender.

To be SOLD for CASH, or on long credit,

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a trusty market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expense of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good master in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.

Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

LAND for SALE.

I WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NATHAN HARRIS; the whole tract containing eleven hundred sixty-one and a half acres.

WILLIAM WALKER.
Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber being authorised to collect and settle the concerns of the late JAMES RUSSELL, Esq; merchant of London, requests all those indebted either on judgment, bond, note, or account, to settle the same without delay, or immediate exertions will be made to enforce payment.

EDWARD HALL.

West River, April 4, 1799.

Attention!

HAVING undertaken the collection of the county assessment for the year 1798, notice is hereby given, that, for the convenience of the people, I have fixed upon the following places and times of meeting, when and where I request they will be pleased to meet me, prepared to pay their respective accounts, viz.

At Tracy's Landing on Friday, May 17th.
At Pig Point on Tuesday 21st.
At Mrs. Rawlings's tavern on Friday 24th.
At Mr. John Dent's tavern on Monday 27th.
At Mr. Joseph Holland's tavern on Friday 30th.
At Mr. Basil Green's store on Monday, June 3d.
At Mr. Smith's, Poplar Spring, on Thursday 6th.
At Mr. Peter Littig's tavern, new road, on Monday 10th.
At Mr. John Talbot's tavern on Thursday 13th.
At Mr. W. Spurrier's tavern on Monday 17th.
At Mr. L. Shipley's, Elk-Ridge Landing, on Thursday 20th.
At Mr. Steeles's tavern, lower ferry, on Monday 24th.

And at Hope Mills, on Magothy, on Thursday 27th. I hope it will not be thought a hardship by any one to ride a few miles, but that every man in the county will either attend and pay his tax, or send the money by a neighbour; those failing to do so, must be waited on before I leave the neighbourhood, and I positively declare, my first visit, after having delivered the accounts, shall be the last.

As I intend to make the whole collection of the county myself, it will not be in my power to make repeated calls upon individuals, therefore indulgence is totally out of the question. I shall not spare the most opulent, and those having but little to pay need not expect favour on that head, for the aggregate of small sums make the principal part of the levy. Every man knows the taxes must be paid, and if discharged promptly, it will be as well a benefit to the individuals as to the public; at any rate, both my interest and duty require that I should complete the collection within the time prescribed by law. I have therefore thought proper to give this notice, that the people generally should be early apprised of my determination to act uniformly by this plain rule, where the assessment is not paid, to execute immediately, without any exception whatever.

W. ALEXANDER, Col. A. A. county.

As my business will necessarily often occasion my absence from town, and knowing that many persons may wish to pay their accounts in Annapolis, I therefore request them to call upon James Mackubin, Esq; who will be so obliging to receive money for me in my absence, and give receipts for the same.

W. A.

HIGH FLYER,

Will stand to cover mares this season at South River ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July, at twenty dollars each, if credit is required, or fifteen dollars each, and one dollar to the groom, if the money is sent with the mares, or paid by the end of the season.

HIGH FLYER is sixteen hands high, a blood bay, with a star and one white foot, and is the largest full bred horse ever imported into this country. The owners of this horse's colts have been offered from 600 to 1000 dollars for them, both in Pennsylvania and Maryland. High Flyer was bred by Richard Tatterfall, got by his High Flyer, which won upwards of 7000 guineas, and was never beat. Thistle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon, she was dam of Mr. Hutchison's Thistle, which was a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade, she was the dam of Mr. Shastoe's Hunter Omnium, Herald, and Miss Barforth, his great-grand-dam by Partner, she was the dam of Toy, Madam, the dam of Twip, Drowsy, Torismond, Alcides, the dam of young Cade, the dam of Omnium Filly, by Cade, the dam of Prioten and Villager; all capital runners, his great-grand-dam by Matchless, great-great-grand-dam by Brimmer, his great-great-great-grand-dam by Places White Turk, and out of a Layton Barb mare.

JOHN CRAGGS

N. B. Grafts will be provided for mares for 3/9 per week, and every attention paid them, but will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.

March 10, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator
with the will annexed.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

(LIVth YEAR.

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AGAINST
The particular
Guadeloupe and

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, M A Y 23, 1799.

AMSTERDAM, February 14.

HE swelling of the Rhine has been so vast as to burst a dyke, which kept out the tide at Nimeguen, and a considerable part of Dutch Gueldres has been inundated. Many of the inhabitants were drowned, and the remainder got upon the roofs to save themselves from the floating ice, but they were frozen there. The town of Dorch, 19 leagues from Amsterdam, expects with dreadful anxiety the breaking up of the frost, as it is situated lower than the Legval, a river as impetuous as the Scheldt. This town is on the point of being swallowed, and the inhabitants are flying in all directions. Rotterdam is in the same situation. The water is only six inches below the top of the dykes, by which the sea is prevented from rushing in. In the town of Deventer, six leagues from Amsterdam, the water is five feet above the dykes, and 17 feet deep in the town. The number lost is unknown, as it is impossible to approach the place. The bridges of the town of Arnheim, three leagues of this city are carried away, and the communication between us and the Hague is entirely cut off by the ice and the water of the Rhine, which covers a part of Holland. Our situation hitherto is not bad, and Amsterdam cannot be inundated, unless the great dyke at the gate of Muyden should happen to burst. Should the thaw set in rapidly with a strong wind from the south, we have as much to apprehend here as they at Dorch and Rotterdam. We shall, however, have the advantage of 200 ships now in port, and we are situated near them. The disasters occasioned by the breaking up of the frozen rivers are the more dreadful, as all the wealth of this country consists in cattle and pasture lands, since commerce both here, as well as in France, has been ruined by the war.

DUBLIN, March 9.

The following letter has been sent to the lord mayor, by order of the lord lieutenant:

Dublin Castle, March 8, 1799.

"MY LORD,

"The lord lieutenant and council having, by order in council on the 26th of May last, directed that no person whatever should depart this kingdom without having first obtained a passport for the purpose, signed by his excellency's chief secretary, or by some person authorized by him to sign such passport.—And it being necessary that the said order should be strictly enforced, I am directed by my lord lieutenant to acquaint your lordship, that no person whatever will be allowed to depart from the kingdom without the passports required by the said order in council; and that I have authorized alderman James to sign such passport for persons embarking in the harbour of Dublin, of which your lordship will be pleased to give notice, that all persons may conform to this regulation.

"I have the honour to be, &c.

"CASTLEREAGH."

Right hon. the lord mayor.

March 20.

Similar precautions to those which have been taken in Dublin, are adopted in Cork, to prevent any person from quitting the kingdom in that district, without a passport signed by the collector or surveyor of the port.—This we understand will be strictly enforced.

March 22.

Adjutant-General's Office.

Dublin, 16th March, 1799.

"The very disturbed state of Ireland, at the period of his excellency's arrival, and the subsequent attempts of a foreign enemy to invade this country, prevented the lord lieutenant from having an opportunity of reviewing that most respectable military corps, the yeomanry of Ireland, during the last year.

"It is, however, his intention, as far as it may be in his power, personally to see them; and where that cannot be effected, to employ the general officers on the staff, to inspect the whole body of yeomanry throughout the kingdom in the course of the ensuing month.

"The lord lieutenant is convinced, that the probability of their being soon called again into action, will induce them to appear as complete, and in as good order as possible; and he has no doubt that when the day of trial shall come, the same loyalty and public spirit, which have hitherto so eminently distinguished the yeomanry of Ireland, will animate them to stand bravely forward in defence of their king and country, against the most inveterate enemies of the British empire.

"Signed G. HEWETT, Adj. Gen."

BOSTON, March 10.

DECLARATION OF WAR.

AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

The particular agent of the Executive Directory at Guadaloupe and its dependencies, has, ever since his

arrival in the colony, confirmed the dispositions of the Executive Directory of the French republic, with respect to neutral nations:—His measures have been calculated to keep union and harmony and to cause their colours and their property to be respected.

Those measures were scrupulously observed with regard to the Americans. The citizens of that nation, who were detained, on his arrival, have been released. Those were destitute of means, have been supplied with the succours which their situation required; and cartels were provided to carry them to New-York. The cargoes and ships seized and carried into Guadaloupe and its dependencies were restored to their owners; and, to add to the proofs of our aversion from vexation and hostilities, the armed frigate of the United States, the Revenge, was sent back to the president.

The particular agent of the directory could not without astonishment and indignation, be informed that in contempt of the free and open conduct observed in respect to that nation, Mr. Truxton, commanding the American ship Constellation, mounting fifty guns, insulted the colours of the French republic, and took, in an action wherein he was aggressor, the frigate Insurgente, whose captain had positive orders to respect the American flag.

Such a piece of hostility, exercised without a declaration of war, has induced measures, the result of which leaves no doubt that the American officers, in thus acting, followed the orders and instructions of his government.

From the above facts, and the hostilities which are daily committed by the Americans since the capture of the Insurgente,

The particular agent of the Executive Directory, Considering that it is his duty to cause the flag of the French republic to be respected, to protect the commerce and the seamen from the risks they have to run from the Americans, who are cruising in force on these coasts:

To adopt measures which may be the least prejudicial to negotiations that may have begun between the two nations; and which may justify self-defence against aggression and insults, and even to prevent them:

RESOLVES AS FOLLOWS:

I. The captains and officers who command the vessels of the republic, and those armed from the ports of Guadaloupe and its dependencies, are authorized, from the date of the publication of the present resolve, to pursue all American vessels, whether belonging to the government or to individuals, to seize and capture them, without distinction, and bring them into the ports of Guadaloupe and its dependencies.

II. The vessels belonging to the American government shall be kept to be used according to the order of the Executive Directory.

III. Such as are the property of individuals, and which may contravene the laws of the republic, and the resolves of the Executive Directory, respecting neutrals and allies, and liable to condemnation, agreeably to the purport of those same laws and resolves, shall be, as well as their cargoes, condemned by a judgement of the tribunal of commerce, and sold for the profit of the captors according to custom.

IV. The merchants vessels, the papers of which shall have been acknowledged by the tribunal to be regular, and not liable to condemnation, shall be sold, together with their cargoes, and the proceeds thereof deposited in the public coffers, that it may afterwards be delivered either to the captors or owners, agreeably to the order of the Executive Directory.

V. In the foregoing dispositions are included all American vessels and their cargoes detained in the ports of Guadaloupe and its dependencies, ever since information was received of the capture of the Insurgente.

The present resolves shall be read, published, posted up, and registered in the tribunal of commerce and council of the navy.

All public functionaries, owners and commanders of the ships of the republic, and privateers, whom it concerns, are hereby ordered to conform to the same.

Done at Basseterre in the national house of the agent, the 24th Ventose, 7th year of the French republic, one and indivisible.

[Signed]

DESFOURNEAUX,

Agent of the directory.

[Signed]

DECHAMPS,

Particular Secretary for the

General Secretary.

A true copy

[Signed]

DESFOURNEAUX.

May 13.

IMPORTANT.

London dates of March 27, have been received at Halifax; by an arrival from the latter place we are enabled to give the following important article of commercial intelligence:

London, March 27.

The Gazette of last night contains a notification, that "the king has been pleased to cause it to be signified to the ministers of neutral powers that the ports of the United provinces are declared to be in a state of blockade, and that all vessels which may attempt to enter any of them after this notice, shall be dealt with according to the principles of the law of nations, &c."

Halifax, May 2.

The Assistance has captured a valuable ship from Batavia. [We understand this vessel belonged to Mr. Lyman of this place.]

CONFLAGRATION.

On Saturday morning last, between the hours of two and three, a fire broke out in Newbury-street, which destroyed eleven dwelling-houses, several barns, and other out buildings. The fire is supposed to have kindled in Mr. Merckell's barn, from thence communicated to Mr. Adams's work shop, the dwelling-house of Mr. Merckell and Mrs. Hunt, the buildings of Mr. Jarvis, eight of which it consumed; and the dwelling-house of Messrs. Child and Cole; with the stables adjoining.

The principle sufferers are Mr. John Jarvis, who in a moment is deprived of the property which was accumulated by long and laborious industry; Mr. Abraham Adams, who lost a valuable work shop, and the principal part of his stock and tools; Mr. Merckell, who lost much of his furniture; stock to a considerable amount, and several horses and carriages; Miss Mary Yorkis, who owned the building occupied by Mr. Merckell; Messrs. Child and Cole, and Messrs. George Grounset, captain George Wheelwright, Patrick Kenny, John Mitchell, Timothy Pease, jun. James Brewes, Lewis Degoy, and Henry Fullerton; who occupied the row of buildings owned by Mr. Jarvis, and who have lost great part of their furniture and wearing apparel.

PROVIDENCE, May 3.

On the 24th of March, a child of captain Asa Osgood, of Brownfield (Maine) only ten months old, swallowed a penknife, which being shut measured two inches and three quarters of an inch in length—the handle three quarters of an inch wide—the joint end of the knife went down first—it was in the body three nights and two days: The infant did not appear to feel any pain till a few hours preceding its coming from him. The child is well.

NEW MILLS, (Barrington county) April 30.

The recruiting service, under captain Marlis is going on rapidly at this place. The captain only began to recruit the 25th instant, and he has already enlisted eighteen fine young hearty fellows, all American born: more are daily coming in, and if their present ardor continues, the captain will in all probability have his complement of men collected in a few weeks. Much credit is due the youth of this place, for the laudable and patriotic spirit they exhibit in thus entering so cordially into the service of their country.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.

The trial of George Shaffer, and five others, on an indictment of four counts, viz. For a conspiracy to impede the law—for counselling and advising an unlawful assembly—for obstructing William Nicolls, Esq; the marshal; in the execution of process—and for relieving Henry Shankweeler, Jacob Iremson, and others, from the custody of the marshal, was yesterday concluded.

Fourteen witnesses were examined in support of this prosecution, after which Mr. M Kean, counsel for the defendant, addressed the jury; he was followed by Mr. Dallas counsel particularly, for George Shaffer. Mr. Rawle attorney of the district concluded the pleadings, when judge Iredell analyzed the law and evidence in a pertinent charge to the jury. From the great length which two indictments have taken in trying, it is probable no other cause will come on this term, as judge Iredell has signified his absolute engagement to attend court in Virginia, so that he must go on Saturday next.

This morning the jury gave in the following verdict, in the above case:

Christian Ruth, guilty of the third count only—

(Rescue.)

Daniel Schwartz, sen. guilty of the first count only—

(Conspiracy.)

Daniel Schwartz, jun. not guilty, generally.

Henry Stahl, guilty of the third count only—

(Rescue.)

Henry Schiffer, guilty of the third count only—

(Rescue.)

George Shaffer, guilty of the first and fourth counts only—(Conspiracy and obstruction of process.)

Mr. Dallas, this morning, commenced the argument on the motion for granting John Fries a new

trial. In the introduction of his speech, having used an expression which seemed to impeach a former judgment of the bench, he was interrupted by the court, who conceived such an insinuation highly disrespectful. Mr. Dallas explained, and assured their honours, that in what he was about to remark, he should scrupulously avoid every thing that could be construed into a disrespect of court; upon which he was allowed to proceed.

CIRCUIT COURT.

The United States, vs. John Fries.
MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL.

Mr. Dallas supported the motion of Mr. Lewis on three grounds. First, because John Rhoad, one of the jury, had made use of words expressive of an improper bias, importing that the prisoner, and all others concerned in the infurrection, ought to be hung, and that otherwise he could not live with safety at his own habitation. This was proved by the deposition of three persons, two of them to one fact, and the third to another opportunity, at which he used a similar expression.

Secondly, Because the marshal had returned the pannel from such parts of the district as he thought proper, and without any special instructions from the court, and had returned 88 persons on that pannel instead of 60, the proper number.

Third, Because the trial ought to have been had in the county where the crime was committed, the two first were insisted on, the latter merely used to support the argument of the second. Because it had been previously decided against by the court.

Mr. Lewis introduced a variety of law authorities to support the motion, which was rebutted by Mr. Rawle. Mr. Sitgreaves spoke in opposition to the arguments of Mr. Dallas.

The deposition of Mr. Rhoad was introduced and sworn to before the court, relating the substance of the conversation in very different expressions from what the other deponents swore.

The examination of witnesses on the above motion concluded this morning at 12 o'clock. Mr. Lewis then rose, and continued speaking when this paper was put to press.

The captains of the Havana vessels lately arrived, generally agree in stating that the yellow fever does not exist on shore at the Havana, and only on board two vessels in that port, one of which is from New-York.

The law enjoining quarantine on all vessels arriving from the West-Indies, &c. commenced its operation this day.

BALTIMORE, May 17. MELANCHOLY.

On Wednesday evening a poor disconsolate woman, seemingly delirious, with a beautiful female infant, about 5 months old, was observed on Valck's wharf, by persons passing that way; they had not time to approach her until she plunged with her infant into the water: by their united efforts, they, however, saved both from drowning, and brought her to the house of God-fried Hartung, in Camden-street, where every thing possible was done to restore her to resignation, but all in vain;—giving her infant in solemn charge to Mrs. Hartung, after complaining of sickness and retiring to rest, she found means of going to the attic story, and about nine o'clock yesterday morning threw herself from a window about 60 feet high; and broke her thigh, her arm and breast bone, she lingered about an hour and an half, and then expired.

She is said to be the wife of a man named Boyce, who failed from this port about eight months since, and the reason assigned for the above melancholy accident is, the report of his loss at sea. Mrs. Hartung, at present, has the child under her protection. Humanity here calls aloud for the assistance of all well disposed persons, and hopes are entertained, that amongst established societies in this city, something may be done towards the support of the hapless innocent, thrown on the world, deprived of parents, and trusting only to the mercy of those, whom the untimely fate of the mother has caused to be a protector.

May 18.

Another detachment of marines enlisted in this city, within these few weeks past, by lieutenant Philip Edwards, left town yesterday morning for Philadelphia. This body of men does equal credit to the attention of the lieutenant, as that before enlisted for this service. The rendezvous is still continued near Gray's gardens, where the martial sons of Columbia, whose pulses beat high for their country's wrongs, have an opportunity of enlisting in her cause.

For SALE,

A VALUABLE FARM, situate within one mile of Broad creek ferry, on Kent Island, Queen-Anne's county, containing about 220 acres of land, there is a good landing and deep water near the door, and the tobacco inspection of said island is off the premises; the improvements are, a handsome two story brick dwelling-house, with other necessary buildings, together with an excellent store-house, &c. within fifty yards of the landing; this stand being in the centre of the island is the most advantageous for business, and has been occupied as such for thirty years past; there is sufficient timber and wood on the land for its support; the situation is healthy, has fine water, and is not exceeded by any for fishing and fowling in season. Possession may be had on the first of November next. The title indisputable. For further information apply on the premises, to

SAMUEL BLUNT.

THEATRE.

By Permission.

On FRIDAY EVENING, May 24, 1799.

Will be presented a favourite Comedy, (never performed here,) called, The

FOUNDLING:

Or, Virtue Rewarded.

To which will be added a celebrated Farce, called, The Spoil'd Child.

The Doors to be opened at six, and the Curtain rise at seven o'clock precisely

No Money to be taken at the Doors, nor any person admitted without Tickets.

BOX TICKETS, One Dollar—PIT TICKETS, Three Quarters of a Dollar—Young Ladies and Gentlemen Tickets, under twelve years of age, Half a Dollar—To be had at the Printing-Office, and at the Theatre, where Boxes may be taken from Ten till One o'clock.

Ricketts's Equestrian Circus, Opposite the Governor's House.

MR. RICKETTS, sen. from Baltimore, respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Annapolis, and its vicinity, that his CIRCUS will be open this evening, and every evening during his short stay, with a grand display of HORSEMANSHIP, and other performances; he has performed at Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other capital cities on the continent, with universal satisfaction.

Boxes one dollar—Standing places for coloured people half price.

Ladies and gentlemen may engage boxes.

Doors to open at half past five, and the performances to commence at half past six.

Mrs. MATHER's ACADEMY for YOUNG LADIES.

(No. 96.) North Howard-Street, Baltimore.

BOARDING, - 140 dollars per An.

EDUCATION, - 32 dit. dit.

With Reading only, - 20 dit. dit.

N. B. Writing, cyphering, letter writing, and teaching a just pronunciation, together with various parts of Fancy needle work included in the said education.—Music, drawing, dancing, &c. extra.

If air and water be any objects, the situation of Howard-street, is too well known to require any recommendation.

For SALE, SUNDRY LAW BOOKS.

Inquire at the printing-office.

A QUANTITY of choice SHAD and HER-RINGS, in barrels, for SALE, by WILLIAM W. BREWER, at Mr. Wharf's. May 23, 1799.

Sale by auction.

One hundred lots of ground in the centre of the city of Baltimore.

THE subscribers propose selling at auction, upon the premises, on Friday the 28th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, one hundred lots of ground, on the east side of Jones's Falls, fronting on President and other new streets, lately laid off on and contiguous to that beautiful navigation now completing at the mouth of the said falls, where a handsome new bridge is erected on Pratt-street, leading into the above property.

Jones's Falls takes its rise in rich limestone land, about ten miles from the city, and passing rapidly through a fine but hilly country, (supplying a great number of water works in its course,) runs through the middle of the city, in a fine, fresh, lively, constant stream, into the harbour; a circumstance of peculiar advantage in our climate, in point both of utility and healthfulness, it being upwards of one hundred feet wide at Pratt-street bridge, and gradually increases to the width of one hundred and fifty feet where it empties into the harbour.

A reference to the plot, which may be seen at Yates and Campbell's auction room after the 10th day of June, will clearly shew the many advantages of the above property, which is situated in one of the most healthy parts of Baltimore, and remarkable for the purity and softness of spring water.

Some of the lots will be sold in fee-simple, on a liberal credit, and others on lease for 99 years, renewable for ever, the particulars of which will be made known at the time of sale.

DANIEL BOWLY,
THOMAS YATES.

April 8, 1799.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of THOMAS LINTHICUM, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are desired to bring them in, legally authenticated, that they may be paid off, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, to

ASAHEL LINTHICUM, Executor.

May 15, 1799.

Agreesably to the last will and testament of THOMAS LINTHICUM, late of Anne-Arundel county, will be OFFERED to PUBLIC SALE, on Friday the 7th of June, at his late dwelling,

ALL the PERSONAL PROPERTY of the deceased, consisting of a house and furniture, a small quantity of Indian corn, a horse, one feather bed, a complete set of joiners and turners tools, and a number of other articles too tedious to mention.

ASAHEL LINTHICUM, Executor.

May 18, 1799.

By virtue of a decree of the chancery court, the subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Tuesday the 17th day of June next, a part of the real estate of FRANK LEEKE, deceased, (heretofore advertised for sale,) to wit:

A LARGE BRICK HOUSE, the late dwelling of FRANK LEEKE, in Upper-Marlborough, having a passage and four rooms below, a store-house, kitchen, smoke-house, dairy, stables, &c. sufficient for the accommodation of a large family. There is belonging to the lots on which the said house stands, a large garden and yard, and adjoining thereto a valuable piece of land for pasture, &c. containing about ten acres, which will be sold with or separate from the house.

Also a lot of ground opposite to the said dwelling-house, and between it and the tavern, at present occupied by Mr. Greenwell, distinguished on the plot of the town of Upper-Marlborough by the number 100. Also a lot of ground near the creek, in the said town, distinguished on the plot of the said town by the number 30. These lots will be sold separately. The sale to commence at 4 o'clock P. M. on the premises.

The purchasers to give bond, with good security, for the payment of the purchase money within six months from the time of sale; and upon the completion of the sale, and upon the receipt of the whole purchase money, the subscriber is directed to convey to the purchaser, and his heirs, the property to him sold, which was in the deceased Frank Leake, and had descended to his heir.

The above property, or any part of it, may be purchased on that day, on the same terms, by contract publicly made.

May 20, 1799.

Several negroes belonging to the estate of Mrs. Anne Leake will be disposed of on the same day, at public or private sale.

W. KILTY.

WILLIAM KILTY, Trustee.

The subscribers being appointed trustees for the purpose of selling and conveying to much of the real estate of the late deceased major-general SMALLWOOD as may be necessary to discharge his debts, will OFFER for SALE, on Monday the 15th of July next, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,

SUNDRY LANDS belonging to the estate of the said deceased, consisting of eight or ten thousand acres, lying in Charles county, and situate chiefly on the Mattawoman creek, within a very few miles of the Patowmack river; as whole lands are composed of a variety of tracts or parcels of different contents and descriptions, it is not in the power of the trustees particularly to designate them in an advertisement, but it can be said with certainty that they are well adapted to planting and farming, abound in good water, and are well stocked with timber and wood, besides a number of them having the advantage of fisheries equal to any in Maryland. The sale will commence at a place on the Mattawoman creek, well known by the name of Branner's Mill, at 12 o'clock, on the day above mentioned, and will be continued from day to day, until it is completed, at such places as may then be made known by the trustees. Purchasers will be required to give bond, with good security, to the trustees for the amount of the purchase money, the one-half thereof payable, with interest, within one year, and the residue, with interest, within two years from the time of sale. Possession will be given on the first of January next, and deeds executed to the respective purchasers when the whole of the money is paid, and not before. The said lands will be sold in such tracts or parcels as may appear to the trustees best to answer the design of the sale, and every information respecting them given at the time of sale that may come to the knowledge of the trustees.

JOHN CAMPELL,
HENRY H. CHAPMAN.

MATHER & ABERCROMBY'S

SOAP and CANDLE Manufactory.

At late Mr. Yeiser's Distillery, on Jones's falls, and (No. 86) North Howard-street, Baltimore.

per lb.

BROWN SOAP,

WHITE Ditto,

DIPPED CANDLES,

MOULD Ditto.

N. B. Shippers may be supplied with a quantity of the above manufactory at a short notice.

BACON'S LAWS For SALE.

A FEW copies of Bacon's Abridgement of the laws of Maryland may be had at this office.

For

On very Mo

A fast Sailing,
SCHOONER,

Apply to

Samu

Annapolis, May 15, 1

A LIST of LETTERS

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Post Office as dead le

the first day of July ne

JACOB BLAME, Eg

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Annapolis.

Jeremiah T. Chafe,

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Gabriel Duval, John

William Smith Dallam,

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S. Green, Mr. Green,

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Gilbert Murdoch (5),

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William Perry, Mon

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Tobias Rudolph, An

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Henney Thomas, A

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Ephraim K. Wilson,

Wood, Jane Grace, A

Herring creek; Char

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April 1, 1799.

By his

BENJAMIN

GOVERNOR

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KITTY E. HU

HARRIET HU

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April 30, 1799.

For Sale,
On very Moderate Terms,
A fast Sailing, strong Built, NEW
SCHOONER, forty-one feet long.
Apply to

Samuel or Horatio Ridout.

Annapolis, May 15, 1799.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the first day of July next.

JACOB BLAME, Egbert Van Bueren, William Bishop, Thomas Butler, Elias Brown, James Barber, Thomas Bradley, John Bryce, Lettrey Bricker, Annapolis.

Jeremiah T. Chase, John Callahan (3), William Coe, Annapolis.

Gabriel Duval, John Davidson, Walter Dorsey, William Smith Dallam, Annapolis; Thomas Dixon, Jan. Anne-Arundel county.

John Edmondson (2), Annapolis.

John Gwinn, James Greenleaf, Mr. Gordon, F. & S. Green, Mr. Green, Annapolis.

John Henry, Alexr. Contee Hanson, Rebecca Hanson, John Hurst, Annapolis; Dr. Walter Harrison, Rich. Harrison, Herring Bay; C. D. Hodges & Co. Pig Point; Elisha Hopkins, Anne-Arundel county.

Thomas Johnson, of Ben. Annapolis; Philip Jones, Anne-Arundel county.

Charles Kartcher, care of Frederick Grammer, Annapolis; Nancy Mantle, Benjamin Maaden (2), Gilbert Murdoch (5), Annapolis; J. & John Moffit, Maryland.

William Perry, Monf. Regneau, Firman Perrier (2), Annapolis.

Tobias Rudolph, Annapolis.

Seth Switzer, Saml. Shephard, John Syrkiffer, care of Frederick Cramer, Annapolis; John Stone, at George Hogarth's, Herring Bay; Richard Smith, Pig-Point.

Henry Thomas, Annapolis; John Thew, at Joseph Galloway's, West-river.

Anne Urquhart, Head of Severn.

Ephraim K. Wilson, William Wilkins, William B. Wood, Jane Grace, Annapolis; John Weems, jun. Herring creek; Charles Warfield, Anne-Arundel county.

S. GREEN, P. M.

April 1, 1799.

By his EXCELLENCY
BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire,
GOVERNOR of MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it has been represented to me, that a dwelling-house, the property of William Bradley Beanes, lying in Prince George's county, was consumed by fire, and that some malicious person or persons are supposed to have wilfully set fire to the same; I have therefore thought proper, by and with the advice and consent of the council, to issue this my proclamation, hereby offering a reward of One Hundred Dollars to any person who shall discover the perpetrator or perpetrators thereof, so that he, she or they, or any of them, be convicted thereof.

Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this fifth day of May, in the year seventeen hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

Attest.
NINIAN PINKNEY, clerk
of the governor and council.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, and the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, every day for the space of five weeks.

By order, NINIAN PINKNEY.

WHEREAS a certificate was issued by the State of Maryland on the 12th day of March, 1794, No. 1138, to JAMES HUTCHINGS, Esquire, for £50, with interest thereon, which certificate was lost in the life-time of the said James, and has never come to our possession since his death; we hereby give notice of our intention to prefer an application to the governor and council to have it renewed, agreeably to an act of assembly, passed at November session, 1792.

KITTY E. HUTCHINGS, } Executors of
HARRIET HUTCHINGS, } J. E. Hutchings.

THE subscriber having sustained material injury on the plantation now occupied by him, known by the name of *Howard's*, and being the plantation whereon Mr. PETER MILLER formerly resided, forewarns all persons from travelling across the said plantation in any manner or way whatever, except as the roads there-through direct to the plantations at the back thereof. He also forewarns all persons from dealing with any of his slaves in any manner or way whatever, without leave in writing from himself, and that he will chastise every negro that he may find crossing the said plantation (other than as aforesaid) without respect to their owners. He further forewarns all persons from haling or landing their scins on the shores of said land, and from pillaging and taking off wood from the same.

This notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force against any offender.

BARUCH FOWLER.

April 30, 1799.

To the Inhabitants of Charles county.

It is with pain and regret that I find myself compelled to announce to my friends and fellow-citizens of Charles county, that the continued series of ill health that I have experienced for several years past, and particularly the last, renders a change of situation absolutely and essentially necessary. Being thus circumstanced, I have resolved to settle at Annapolis, where in hopes of better health, I shall continue to prosecute my profession, with this determination, to attend the court here as usual.

Permit me to offer my respectful acknowledgments, for the liberal and generous patronage and support that I have uniformly received at your hands, both professionally and politically, and to assure you in the language of truth and sincerity, that I shall not be wanting in grateful remembrance of your past kindness, but that I shall always feel a lively interest in your happiness and prosperity.

Thomas Buchanan.

Port-Tobacco, April 16, 1799.

On the 15th day of June next, will be offered for sale on the premises, at Port-Tobacco, by the subscribers,

The Lot and Houses,

LATELY occupied by the late Mr. Matthew Blair, comprising the best stand and arrangements for the accommodation of a merchant, of any in that place. The improvements are a large frame house 46 feet long by 34 feet in breadth, under which is a dry airy cellar, built of stone, and windows secured with iron stanchions—the house is divided into a large convenient store room, three lodging rooms well finished, two of them having fire places; on the fourth and west sides is a range of piazzas supported by brick pillars; at the end of the main building are two wings of 24 feet by 18 each, one used as a counting house, &c. and the other as a kitchen—a stable frame 24 feet by 14, with hay-loft, &c.

The lot is nearly square, and extensive, affording ample ground for a garden, and the whole enclosed with locust posts, and painted palings, which with the houses are in good repair.

One third of the purchase money will be expected down, and the residue in one and two yearly payments; for which bond with security, if required, must be given; when paid, deeds will be executed.

ROBERT FERGUSON, } Executors of
JOHN ROBERTSON, } M. Blair.

May 1, 1799.

NOTICE.

THE commissioners appointed by an act of the last general assembly to lay out and open a road from the city of Annapolis to the Federal city, hereby give notice, that they will attend at Mr. WHARF's, in the city of Annapolis, on Monday the 20th instant, for the purpose of agreeing with a person or persons, that will undertake to open said road, and to receive payment for the same out of the money to be levied agreeable to the act of assembly for that purpose.

May 6, 1799.

Prince-George's county, April 16, 1799.

I HEREBY certify, that Charles Clagett brought before me this day, as a stray, a small brown mare, about 13½ hands high, four years old, a small star in her forehead, both hind feet white, and also part of the off fore foot. No perceivable brand.

SAMUEL HEPBURN.

Near Upper-Marlborough.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 22d day of April, a dark mulatto man by the name of BAR, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, about 21 or 22 years of age, a straight handsome fellow, with a good countenance, good teeth, and a fine suit of wool, which he has generally worn plaited; had on and took with him one kersey over-jacket, one pair striped overalls of elastic cloth, two German linen shirts, with sundry other cloaths. He is a smart fellow, plays well on the fiddle, and I apprehend has obtained a pass, and will endeavour to pass as a free man. I apprehend that he will endeavour to go by water, as it is the most likely means of making his escape. All masters of vessels are forewarned from employing the said negro at their peril. Whoever takes up said negro, and confines him in any goal so that I get him again, shall have the above reward, and if brought home all reasonable expenses paid, by

CORNELIUS BARBER.

Near Chaptico, Saint-Mary's
county, May 2, 1799.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice, that he will attend at Elk-Ridge Landing on Monday the tenth day of June next, at Rawlings's tavern on Thursday the twenty-seventh, and on all other days throughout the said month at the office of inspection in the city of Annapolis, for the purpose of receiving entries of stills, and issuing of licences to those distillers who require them.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Richd.
Collector of the revenue
Anne-Arundel county.

Annapolis, May 1, 1799.

WHEREAS my wife SARAH hath eloped from me, I hereby forewarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts contracted by her after the date hereof.

JOSEPH LOWREY.

Anne-Arundel county, April 26, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,

April 20, 1799.

ORDERED, That the by-law, entitled, A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof, be published three weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

By order,

A. GOLDER, Clk.

A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof.

BE it established and ordained, by the mayor, recorder, aldermen, and common council of the city of Annapolis, and the authority of the same, That whatever inhabitant of the said city, or the precincts thereof, shall introduce or bring the small-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or shall take or receive into his or her house or family any person whatever, not being an inhabitant of the said city, or the precincts thereof, who either is at the time, or comes to town to be infected with the small-pox, in order to nurse or tend such person in that distemper, knowing such person to be then infected, or that such person came to town with design to be infected, with such distemper, such inhabitant so introducing or bringing the small-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or taking or receiving at any time any such person, not an inhabitant as aforesaid, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of three pounds current money, to be recovered by indictment or confession to the rule of the corporation.

And be it established and ordained, by the authority aforesaid, That every inhabitant of this city, or the precincts thereof, who shall offend as aforesaid, shall, for every twenty four hours that any such person as aforesaid, not an inhabitant as aforesaid, shall continue in the house or family of such inhabitant, forfeit and pay the further sum of three pounds current money aforesaid, to be recovered as aforesaid, to the use aforesaid.

Provided always, That this By-law, nor any thing herein contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the taking or receiving of such person who coming to this city, or the precincts thereof, about his necessary business, shall have been or shall be actually infected with the said distemper, and taken ill as that it may be unsafe for such person to retire from the city, or the precincts thereof.

In CHANCERY, April 22, 1799.

WHEREAS much inconvenience hath resulted from the omission of trustees of insolvent debtors to apply for orders directing the terms of sale, and limiting a time within which claims are to be exhibited, the chancellor thinks proper to pass the following general order:

ORDERED, That any trustee, by this court appointed for the benefit of an insolvent debtor, may proceed to sell the property of the said insolvent debtor unincumbered by mortgage, trust, or otherwise, at public auction, after giving at least fourteen days notice of the time, place, manner, and terms of sale, by advertisement inserted in some convenient news-paper, or set up at convenient public places.

Where the price of the property sold shall not exceed fifty dollars, the purchaser or purchasers shall pay ready money.

Where the price shall exceed that sum, and be not more than 250 dollars, the purchaser or purchasers shall give bond to the trustee as such, with security, for the purchase money, with interest, within four months from the time of sale. Where the price shall exceed 250 dollars the bond passed as aforesaid shall be for paying as aforesaid, within one year from the sale. When the property of an insolvent debtor shall be incumbered by a mortgage, trust, or otherwise, the trustee shall not proceed to sell until a special order shall be obtained, to be passed on application of the party or parties concerned, according to the circumstances of the case. Ordered further, that in any case where a special order for the purpose hath not been passed, the first day of January next be hereby limited and appointed, before which day any creditor of an insolvent debtor shall bring in and declare his claim to the trustee by this court appointed for the benefit of the creditors of such insolvent: provided such trustee shall give notice of his appointment and of such limitation, by advertisement inserted in a news-paper nearest the place where the insolvent resided at the time of his application for relief to the general assembly, at least three weeks before the last day of August next; and to prevent any mistake of the meaning of this order, it is directed that the advertisement be as follows:

"A—J—, 1799.

"This is to give notice to the creditors of _____, an insolvent debtor, that the subscriber hath been by the chancellor appointed trustee for their benefit, and that the chancellor hath limited and appointed the first day of January next, before which day they are to bring in and declare their claims to me."

The printers of the Maryland Gazette, the Baltimore Telegraph, the Rights of Man, the Georgetown news-paper, and the Eastern news-paper, are requested to insert this order in their respective papers, and continue it three weeks, and as much longer as they shall think proper.

Test. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

ALL persons having claims against CHARLES STEUART, late of this county, deceased, are requested to make them known, and those indebted are requested to make payment, to

WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator.
Anne-Arundel county, May 1, 1799.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 8, 1799.
ORDERED, That the act to alter, abolish and repeal certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, and the act to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, be published once in each week, for the term of three months, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, and the Herald, at Balton, and in Green's and English's paper, at George-town.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Council of Maryland.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

II. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the several counties of this state, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

III. And be it enacted, That Anne-Arundel county, including the city of Annapolis, shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts.

IV. And be it enacted, That Baltimore county, out of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of Baltimore shall be laid off into eight districts.

V. And be it enacted, That all and every part of the constitution and form of government relating to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections in the city of Baltimore, and all and every part of the second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty-second sections of the constitution and form of government of this state, which relate to the judges, place, time and manner of holding the several elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

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VI. And be it enacted, That no person possessing the qualification of property required by the constitution shall be entitled to vote at any election to be held for sheriffs, delegates to the general assembly, or electors of the senate, unless there be some written evidence that he is worth thirty pounds, or a freehold of fifty acres of land, at the time he offers to vote, this written evidence to be an affidavit of property to that amount, which affidavit may be made at any time before such person offers to vote, upon his producing satisfactory testimony of his possessing such property; the manner of making out such affidavit, and the person or persons to judge of the qualification as to property, to be hereafter regulated by law.

VII. And be it enacted, That all parts of the constitution and form of government not herein before enumerated, which are repugnant to, and inconsistent with, the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed, annulled and avoided.

VIII. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Five Pounds Reward

FOR apprehending and bringing home negro TOM, who has assumed the name of Tom TILLARD, he is about five feet one or two inches high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion, wears his hair or wool in whisks, flammers very much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off some time in May last, under pretence of going to see his wife, who belongs to Mr. Thomas R. Hodges, in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlborough, and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Sprigg, Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him in goal, so that I get him again, or the above reward, including what the law allows, for bringing him home to

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,
near Annapolis.

I will handsomely reward any person who will convict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow, as it is my determination to put the law rigorously into execution against such offender.

To be SOLD for CASH, or on long credit,

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a trusty market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expense of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good master in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.

PHILIP B. KEY.

Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

LAND for SALE.

I WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NATHAN HARRIS, the whole tract containing eleven hundred sixty-one and a half acres.

WILLIAM WALKER.
Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

HIGH FLYER,

Will stand to cover mares this season at South River ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July, at twenty dollars each, if credit is required, or fifteen dollars each, and one dollar to the groom, if the money is sent with the mares, or paid by the end of the season.

HIGH FLYER is sixteen hands high, a blood bay, with a star and one white foot, and is the largest full bred horse ever imported into this country. The owners of this horse's colts have been offered from 600 to 1000 dollars for them, both in Pennsylvania and Maryland. High Flyer was bred by Richard Tatterfall, got by his High Flyer, which won upwards of 7000 guineas, and was never beat. Thistle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon, she was dam of Mr. Hutchison's Thistle, which was a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade, she was the dam of Mr. Shaftoe's Hunter Omnium, Herald, and Miss Barfeth, his great-grand-dam by Partner, she was the dam of Toy, Madam, the dam of Twig, Drowsey, Torismond, Alcides, the dam of young Cade, the dam of Omnium Filly, by Cade, the dam of Prioten and Villager; all capital runners, his great-grand-dam by Matchless, great-great-grand-dam by Brimmer, his great-great-great-grand-dam by Places White Turk, and out of a Layton Barb mare.

JOHN CRAGGS

N. B. Grads will be provided for mares for 3/9 per week, and every attention paid them, but will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.

March 10, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator
with the will annexed.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

ON Tuesday the 20th of August next I shall EXPOSE to PUBLIC SALE, at the town of New-Market, in Dorchester county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, situated on the fourth side and binding on the Choptank river several miles, supposed to contain about six thousand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each. The terms of sale as follow, viz. purchasers to give bond immediately after the sale, with approved security, conditioned for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in four equal annual instalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, An act appointing commissioners to contract for and purchase the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, in Dorchester county, and for appropriating the same to the use of this state, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned," passed at November session, 1798.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent
for the State of Maryland.

April 10, 1799.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for apprehending the following negroes, and securing them in goal, so that I may get them, WILL, about sixty years of age, of a dark complexion, and five feet ten or eleven inches high. TOM, about thirty-six or seven years of age, a dark mulatto, about six feet high, and well proportioned, and BETTY, a likely dark mulatto girl, about seventeen years of age; the last two call themselves THOMAS, and all of them have been frequently seen in Annapolis, where I have reasons to suppose they now are. The above reward shall be paid for apprehending the said negroes, or ten dollars for either of them, and reasonable charges if brought home. All persons are forewarned from harbouring them at their peril.

JAMES MORRIS.

Charles county, September 25, 1798.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be sold at the Printing-Office,
Price, One Dollar and an Half,

The LAWS

OF
MARYLAND,
Passed November Session, 1798.

THE subscriber forewarns all persons from dealing with any of his slaves in any manner or way whatever without leave in writing from himself, or some one of his family; this notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force against any offender.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Annapolis.
June 12, 1798.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL
GREEN.

(LIVth YEAR.

MAI

FRANCE

HE work completed that general led to former co have not neral St Cyr dined with The commander of Pl with general Bernadotte, place at either side until respective governments. head quarters at Schweiz

STRASB

The Austrian army movement. Nine batta Lech. The 6th his her in Suabia.

The head quarters of at Bidden, on the Da Charles's head quarters. General St. Cyr, wh dan's army, has advance the Dutchy of Wirten Augsborg. Jourdan h men; one third levies.

The Austrian army advancing towards our line may be known by burg, in Franconia, t Ulm, Mandelheim, a the French, at this tim Schaffhausen, in Swit Rhine. [The dilan leagues]

The French army servation, to take advan

Jourdan's centre is will not (in consequer zeland) march throu dered. It will march

The Helvetian troo empire. Massena's he and St. Gall, in Swit at lake Constance; th extending near ten lea

The Austrian army men, independent of advancing; 80,000 ar are represented in fin the best dispositions.

complete, and are sw on the 6th, 130 pie The Russians are dire waggons and horse forward the troops, & in all probability will Lech.

The archduke has orders, in the most French with numbe troops to vindicate from slavery.

BRE

The archduke pass burg, and after havin he advanced rapidly no time in meeting their part have penetr

It was reported at firmith of posts had the Grilons, and the terminated favourabl ever, in this quar struck; and it is abo lake of Constance th engagement between plan of the French Tyrol, in order to t penetrate more e ons.

The letters from the archduke Charl forces at Memming parations are maki great alacrity; but have taken place, h admiral Nelson's Turkish troops in t ation of the reput very pretentious the able to maintain far from having gorous resistance to Philipburg still 2000 troops of the

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, M A Y 30, 1799.

FRANCFORT, March 12.

HE works of Mannheim were so completely blown up by the Palatines, that general Bernadotte has been enabled to reiterate them to nearly their former consequence, the French troops have not entered Stuttgart; but general St. Cyr dined with the duke there.

The commander of Philippsburg has verbally agreed with general Bernadotte, that no hostilities shall take place at either side until orders are received from their respective governments. General New has left his head quarters at Schweitzingen.

STRASBURG, March 9.

The Austrian army under prince Charles is in active movement. Nine battalions have already passed the Lech. The 6th his head quarters were at Augsburg, in Suabia.

The head quarters of general Jourdan were the 8th at Bidgen, on the Danube, about 20 leagues from Charles's head quarters.

General St. Cyr, who commands the left of Jourdan's army, has advanced a column to Tubingen, in the Duchy of Wirtemberg, about 25 leagues from Augsburg. Jourdan has between 40 and 50,000 men; one third levies. Bernadotte has 20,000.

March 10.

The Austrian army continues to cross the Lech, advancing towards ours. The front of the Austrian line may be known by drawing a line from Wurzburg, in Franconia, to the lake Constance, through Ulm, Mandelheim, and Kempe. The advance of the French, at this time, may be seen, by a line from Schaffhausen, in Switzerland, to Mannheim, on the Rhine. [The distance generally from 20 to 30 leagues.]

The French army at Mannheim is an army of observation, to take advantage of circumstances.

March 12.

Jourdan's centre is at Moelkirch. The left wing will not (in consequence of the occurrences in Switzerland) march through Tubingen, as was first ordered. It will march towards Switzerland.

The Helvetian troops are advancing towards the empire. Massena's head quarters are between Zurich and St. Gall, in Switzerland; the left of his army is at lake Constance; the right in the Grison country, extending near ten leagues.

The Austrian army in Bavaria numbers 115,000 men, independent of the Russian columns which are advancing; 80,000 are in advance of the Lech. They are represented in fine order, and are animated with the best dispositions. The light infantry are very complete, and are swelled with volunteers. At Ulm, on the 6th, 130 pieces of artillery were collected. The Russians are directed to take forced marches, and wagons and horses are every where impressed to forward the troops, &c. to the scene of action; which in all probability will be between the Danube and the Lech.

The archduke has addressed his army, in general orders, in the most animated manner, charges the French with numberless aggressions; and expects his troops to vindicate the honour, and save the empire from slavery.

BREMEN, March 19.

The archduke passed the Lech on the 4th at Augsburg, and after having thrown six battalions into Ulm, he advanced rapidly against the enemy, and will lose no time in meeting with them, while the enemy on their part have penetrated rapidly into Suabia.

It was reported at Rastadt on the 9th, that a little skirmish of posts had taken place on the frontiers of the Grisons, and the French ministers asserted that it terminated favourably for Massena. It is not, however, in this quarter that the great blow will be struck; and it is about three or four marches from the lake of Constance that I expect to hear of the great engagement between the archduke and Jourdan. The plan of the French is to cut this prince off from the Tyrol, in order to take the country in flank, and thus to penetrate more easily into the hereditary dominions.

The letters from Upper Germany inform us, that the archduke Charles has joined a great part of his forces at Memmingen, on the heights of Luc. Preparations are making in Italy, on both sides, with great alacrity; but we do not yet know that hostilities have taken place, and we are also ignorant whether admiral Nelson has disembarked the Russian and Turkish troops in the kingdom of Naples. The situation of the republicans is, however, at all events, very precarious there, and it is with difficulty they are able to maintain their positions. Civita Vecchia, so far from having surrendered, maintains a very vigorous resistance to the French.

Philippsburg still holds out. Its garrison consists of 2000 troops of the empire; but they are chosen troops,

and distinguished themselves at the end of the campaign of 1795, and in that of 1796. There is little doubt but that city will defend itself vigorously. The landgrave of Hesse Cassel is employed in raising 12,000 men, near Cassel.

Wurzburg is in the possession of the Austrians. The Hanse towns, and particularly Hamburg, appear to be under great apprehensions, though I know not why, that the armament in the Texel, which consists only of 6000 men is intended to act against them.

According to the report of a person of my acquaintance, who had arrived yesterday from Rotterdam, the Belgic insurgents had advanced as far as the forest of Soignes; and one of their small corps has appeared about two leagues from Brussels; they have also been able to excite new commotions in the adjacent Flanders, and are still with the major part of their forces in the Campine.

LINDAU, on the LAKE OF CONSTANCE.

March 7, seven in the evening.

The war has commenced in our neighbourhood. In the night between the 5th and 6th instant, the French passed the Rhine at Sargatz, between Chur (Coire) and Feldkirch, and attacked the corps under general Auffenberg, which they obliged to retreat, as the communication between him and general Hotze was cut off. This morning, however, he again advanced with his army from Feldkirch, and drove the French again over the Rhine. The republicans afterwards made attempts to pass that river again in several other places, and we have very distinctly heard a cannonade during the whole day. The regiment of Stein, according to the accounts already received, has had 40 men killed and wounded. With any further particulars we are not as yet acquainted.

To-day four companies of the regiment of Bender entered this town. A considerable train of artillery has likewise arrived, and been placed in the fortifications.

The communication between Lindau and Switzerland is prohibited, and only reconnoitring boats are suffered to go out.

March 8.

The French yesterday attempted to pass the Rhine with the greater part of their army, at four different places; at Haldenstein, Ragatz, Werdenberg, and Sargatz. The Austrians were, however, prepared along their whole lines, and effectually prevented their passage. The cannonade was dreadful, and from the echo of the mountains every discharge might be heard here. The French lost a great number of men. Numerous bodies of Austrian troops are halloping with forced marches to the Grison country.

LONDON, March 24.

Observer-Office, Sunday evening, two o'clock.

The Hamburg mail due this day arrived at 12 o'clock, and brought the gratifying and important intelligence of the defeat and retreat of the French army in the country of the Grisons, communicated through various channels; but particularly by a letter from Lindau, on the lake of Constance, dated on the evening of the 8th instant, to the following effect:

The French army under the orders of gen. Massena, on the night of the 5th, passed the Rhine near Sargatz, between Chur and Feldkirch, and on the following morning, advanced with rapidity on general Auffenberg's corps, which it drove back, and cut off its communication with the main body of the imperial army. General Hotze, however, being apprised of these movements, early on the morning of the 7th, advanced from Feldkirch; an action, dreadfully sanguinary, ensued and was maintained during the greater part of the day; but in the event, the French were defeated and compelled to cross the Rhine with very considerable loss.

The loss of the Austrians was considerable; the regiment of Stein had forty men killed, and several wounded.

Small corps of the republicans on the 7th attempted to cross the Rhine at four several points on the skirts of the Grison country and Voralberg, namely at Haldenstein, Ragatz, Werdenberg, and Sargatz, but were at each repulsed by the Austrians.

General Hotze profiting by his victory, immediately penetrated from Chur into the canton of Glarus, where thousands of Swiss malcontents were crowding to join him.

Lindau on the 7th was occupied by four companies of the regiment of Bender, and a considerable train of artillery followed them.

The news of these movements reached Ulm on the 9th, and was communicated to the army.

The accounts from Ulm are to the 11th inst. At that period the archduke Charles had his head quarters at Mindenheim, and his army had advanced as far as Memmingen. General Jourdan had, on the 9th, halted at Villengen, and general St. Cyr at Rothwell.

Their patrols had been pushed as far as Rothenburg, Tubingen, Ruerlingen, and Nagold; but the part of the main body of the republican army, which was advancing against Ulm, by Stockade and Reidingen, had, on advice of the disaster sustained by the column under Massena, fled with great precipitancy towards Schaffhausen and Constance for his support.

But for this unexpected occurrence, Jourdan had reached Ulm on the 10th inst. The advanced corps would have previously met at Mindenheim and Moelkirch. His army had been reinforced by some columns from Switzerland.

The French general Soubise has occupied Fribourg, and the whole of the Brisgau.

The imperial army in Bavaria comprised 115,000 men; of these 80,000, had on the 8th inst. crossed the Lech. They are represented by accounts from Ulm, Franfort &c. as full of animation and confidence. Many of the regiments of infantry had two and three hundred supernumeraries;—and were complete, and better appointed than at any former period. One hundred and twenty pieces of ordinance had been collected at Ulm on the 6th, and the archduke Charles had impressed 5000 wagons, and all the horses of the adjacent country, to hasten the conveyance of troops, cannon, &c. to the theatre of war, and all the military officers at Vienna have been ordered to the army.

Hostilities had not commenced in Italy, but the armies were in motion.

In Switzerland 20,000 militia had been ordered to the frontiers.

The cabinet of Vienna has appointed an ambassador extraordinary to the court of Berlin, and on the 9th instant he was on the eve of his departure.

Field marshal Suwarow left Petersburg, on the 7th ult. to join the Austrian army in Italy.

The archduke Charles, in an address to the generals and armies of the emperor and the empire, dated Augsburg, March 4, respecting the recommencement of hostilities by France, observes, that the forces of the emperor and the empire had scarce retired under the shadow of the solemn treaty concluded a year since with France, than that power subjugated the Swiss for the purpose of obtaining an establishment on the flanks of Germany; "refused to let provisions enter into the forests of Ehrenbreitstein," in opposition to the most precise agreement, and ultimately forced the starved, but gallant garrison to evacuate the place. "His royal highness proceeds to recapitulate the aggressions of France, which instead of making atonement, demanded if the Germans were disposed to prepare any resistance to such operations of that kind?" "To our answer," "If hostilities were put an end to by the French—if Ehrenbreitstein was evacuated—if the French army was retreating from the right bank—if the French troops in Switzerland, which threatened Germany, were withdrawn—and if a reasonable peace was concluded at Rastadt, founded on the rights, not the slavery of the empire," no other reply was made on the part of France, than that it was hoped the diet would agree to such a resolution as France might wish."

The deputies at Rastadt prepared to depart from thence the instant they were informed that the French had required Philippsburg to surrender.

A British Squadron blocks up the port of Naples; a scarcity of provisions had already been the consequence.

Intelligence was last night received in town that the Dutch fleet, in considerable force, and with a large body of troops on board, had sailed from the Texel. The public have been some time apprised of the extraordinary preparations for the equipment of this fleet, and were, by our last number, informed that they were ready. It is therefore highly probable that, profiting by the absence of our ships, they have put to sea. In the much wished for event of our falling in with them, there is every reason to look for an additional wreath to that stupendous laurel which, we trust, will bloom for ever.

A person arrived in town last night from Flanders assures us, that the Belgique rebellion, as the French are pleased to stile the exertions of that gallant people for their liberty, so far from suppression, has acquired considerable strength by the accounts from Germany, and that the want of proper leaders, arms, and ammunition alone prevents the assemblage of such an army as would insure the retreat, or extermination of their oppressors.

In the council of Five Hundred, on the 9th, it was proposed, that women and foreigners should be precluded wearing the national cockade, and that any Frenchman who should disgrace it, should be confined four years in irons.

Letters from Constantinople of the 13th ult. speak with confidence as to the result of the preparations making for the Egyptian expedition;—they mention a report being prevalent that Buonaparte had caused himself to be proclaimed Sultan of Egypt. A delusion.

on of the Russian and Turkish troops which had been destined against Palawan Oglu, had proceeded to join the Pacha of Acre, who assures the Porte that Buonaparte, notwithstanding the strong fortifications which he has constructed for his defence, would shortly be in his power.

The Hamburg gazette of the 19th inst. states, that on the departure of the mail from Vienna, a report was general there, that two English regiments, under the orders of general Doyle, aided by a strong corps of Russians and Turks, had landed at Salerno, and in conjunction with the Lazzaroni, attacked and retaken Naples from the French.

March 26.

The defeat confirmed.

Yesterday morning a cartel arrived at Dover from Gravelins, with sixty-one masters and mates of merchantmen—These persons bring a confirmation of the defeat of the French by the Austrians in the Grisons country. Their account adds, that the French had experienced a very severe defeat indeed.

Yesterday two persons of the names of Pierrepont and Mitchell, who represent themselves to be American merchants, were arrested at their apartments in Surrey-street, Strand, by Savers and Townsend, two of the Bow-street officers, under authority of a warrant from the secretary of state, on suspicion of being concerned in the treasonable practice.

Mr. Mitchell's servant, a Frenchman, was also taken into custody and committed to the house of correction, Cold Bath Fields. Mr. Pierrepont and Mr. Mitchell were committed to the care of different managers.

A large quantity of papers, &c. were seized and brought away by the officers.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.

[OFFICIAL.]

The undersigned, secretary of state of his Britannic majesty, has received his majesty's commands to acquaint Mr. King, minister plenipotentiary of the United States of America, that the king, judging it expedient to avail himself of the superiority of his naval forces for the defence of his dominions, has signified his commands to the lords commissioners of the admiralty, to cause the most rigorous blockade to be established at the entrance of all the ports of Holland, which will be maintained and enforced in the strictest manner, according to the usages of war, acknowledged and observed in similar cases.

Mr. King is therefore requested to apprise the American consuls and merchants, residing in England, that the above-mentioned ports of the United Provinces, are, and must be considered as being, in a state of blockade; and that from this time no neutral vessel can be suffered to enter them upon any consideration, or under any pretence whatever; and that all the measures authorized by the law of nations, and the respective treaties between his majesty and the different neutral powers, will henceforth be adopted and executed, with respect to vessels destined for the said ports, or such as shall attempt to enter them after this notice.

Downing-street, March 22, 1799.

A true copy from the files of the department of state of the United States.

JACOB WAGNER, Ch. Clk.

By a letter from Havana, dated the 10th instant advice is received of a new governor having arrived at the other side of the island, from Spain, and that he was expected there on the 12th—that the change was quite unexpected, and had very much surprised the inhabitants, as the old governor's time was not expired.

The same letter advises, the actual prices of sugars to be 9 dollars for brown and 11 for white—and that flour was down to 9 and 10 dollars per barrel; beef and pork 5 and 10 per barrel, and parcels shipped back to America. No kind of goods in demand, and money not to be got for any thing.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber will attend at Mr. AUGUSTINE GAMBRILL's on Saturday the eighth day of June, in order to receive the returns from the assistant assessors of the seventh district.

ISAAC DORSEY, Principal Assessor.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late SAMUEL LLOYD CHEW, are requested to make them known, and the creditors of the said Chew are requested to meet the subscriber at the house of Mr. Wharfe, in the city of Annapolis, on the second Tuesday in July next, with their respective claims, legally attested, to receive such proportion of the assets in hand to which they are respectively entitled.

RICHARD HARRISON, Administrator.

May 25, 1799.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on Wednesday the 13th instant, an apprentice lad named THOMAS DISNEY, by trade a painter and glazier, between 19 and 20 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, has a remarkable flat nose, and has lost his upper fore teeth; had on when he went away a long nankeen coat, and nankeen pantaloons; he took the Frederick-town road. Whoever secures the above lad in any goal, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, paid by WILLIAM SEWELL.

N. B. All persons are forewarned harbouring or employing said apprentice at their peril. W. S. Annapolis, May 23, 1799.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of ELIZABETH FERGUSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, on or before the 13th day of June next, and those indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment, to

R. WELCH Administrator.

May 30, 1799.

The thorough bred Horse ECLIPSE

IS in high perfection, and will stand the ensuing season at Mount Air, (near Piscataway, in Maryland) to cover mares, at ten dollars, but eight will be taken if paid by the first of August, and a dollar to the groom, the season to commence the 15th of April and end the 1st of August. Good pasturage for mares at half a dollar per week, and the greatest care taken, but will not be liable for accidents or escapes.

EDWARD EDELEN.

ECLIPSE is elegantly formed, full fifteen and an half hands high, rising six years old, a beautiful sorrel, strong, boney, lengthy and active, he was got by the imported horse Eclipse. Belle Air, the dam of Eclipse, was got by Othello, her dam an imported mare from the duke of Hamilton's stud by Spot, her grand-dam by Cartouch, her great-grand-dam by Old Traveller, her great-great-grand-dam by Sedbury, her great-great-great-grand-dam by Childers, out of a Barb mare. Eclipse was imported by Mr. Hall, of Maryland, he was got by O'Kelly's famous Eclipse out of Phebe, full sister to Apollo. Phebe was got by Regulus, her dam by Cottingham, grand-dam by Snake, great-grand-dam by the Bald Galloway, great-great-grand-dam by lord Carle's Turk. Cottingham was got by Mr. Hartly's famous foal getter called the Blind Horse. Certified by RICHARD TATTERSALL.

Mount Air, April 10, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as runaways, two negroes, one a man, the other a boy, both of this state. SANDY, a boy about 16 years of age, committed on Friday the 17th instant, who says he is the property of JOHN MAGRUDER, of Upper-Maryborough, Prince-George's county, about five feet high; his clothing an old tussian jacket, of snabrig shirt, and purple cloth breeches. BILL, committed on Monday the 27th instant, about 22 years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, well made, and says he is the property of NATHAN CHAPMAN, of Charles county, living on Pomonkey river; his clothing is a Bath coating upper jacket, swandown under ditto, cotton shirt, Bath coating breeches, white yarn stockings, and coarse shoes, with sundry other cloaths. Their masters are desired to pay charges and take them away in two months from their several dates, or they will be sold agreeably to law for their prison fees and other expences.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

May 28, 1799.

TAKEN up as a stray by the subscriber, living near Elk Ridge Landing, a black HORSE, about twelve or thirteen years old, near fourteen hands high, has three white feet, a star in his forehead, branded on his left buttock supposed with the letter G. his back much hurt. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

HENRY CONWAY.

May 22, 1799.

For SALE,

A VALUABLE FARM, situate within one mile of Broad creek ferry, on Kent Island, Queen-Anne's county, containing about 220 acres of land, there is a good landing and deep water near the door, and the tobacco inspection of said island is on the premises; the improvements are, a handsome two story brick dwelling-house, with other necessary buildings, together with an excellent store-house, &c. within fifty yards of the landing; this stand being in the centre of the island is the most advantageous for business, and has been occupied as such for thirty years past; there is sufficient timber and wood on the land for its support; the situation is healthy, has fine water, and is not exceeded by any for fishing and fowling in season. Possession may be had on the first of November next. The title indisputable. For further information apply on the premises, to

SAMUEL BLUNT.

Mrs. MATHER's
ACADEMY for YOUNG LADIES,

(No. 96.) North Howard-street, Baltimore.

BOARDING, - 140 dollars per An.
EDUCATION, - 32 dit. dit.
With Reading only, - 20 dit. dit.

N. B. Writing, cyphering, letter writing, and teaching a just pronunciation, together with various parts of Fancy needle work included in the said education—Music, drawing, dancing, &c. extra. If air and water be any objects, the situation of Howard-street, is too well known to require any recommendation.

For SALE,

SUNDRY LAW BOOKS.

Inquire at the printing-office.

A QUANTITY of choice SHAD and HER-RINGS, in barrels, for SALE, by WILLIAM W. BREWER, at Mr. Wharfe's, May 23, 1799.

Sale by auction.

One hundred lots of ground in the centre of the city of Baltimore.

THE subscribers propose selling at auction, upon the premises, on Friday the 28th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, one hundred lots of ground, on the east side of Jones's Falls, fronting on President and other new streets, lately laid off on and contiguous to that beautiful navigation now completing at the mouth of the said falls, where a handsome new bridge is erected on Pratt-street, leading into the above property.

Jones's Falls takes its rise in rich limestone land, about ten miles from the city, and passing rapidly through a fine but hilly country, (supplying a great number of water works in its course,) runs through the middle of the city, in a fine, fresh, lively, constant stream, into the harbour; a circumstance of peculiar advantage in our climate, in point both of utility and healthfulness, it being upwards of one hundred feet wide at Pratt-street bridge, and gradually increases to the width of one hundred and fifty feet where it empties into the harbour.

A reference to the plot, which may be seen at Yates and Campbell's auction room after the 10th day of June, will clearly shew the many advantages of the above property, which is situated in one of the most healthy parts of Baltimore, and remarkable for the purity and softness of spring water.

Some of the lots will be sold in fee-simple, on a liberal credit, and others on lease for 99 years, renewable for ever, the particulars of which will be made known at the time of sale.

DANIEL BOWLY,
THOMAS YATES.

April 8, 1799

ALL persons having claims against the estate of THOMAS LINTHICUM, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are desired to bring them in, legally authenticated, that they may be paid off, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, to

ASAIEL LINTHICUM, Executor.

May 15, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody the 17th instant, a negro man by the name of CHARLES, who says he is a free man, and was let free by JOHN TALBOT, of Frederick county, he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, about 40 years of age, and well made, and says that he was born in Barbadoes, talks in the Guinea language, and marked on the right temple in the Guinea manner, and has lost his two under fore teeth; his clothing is an old hat, short brown jacket with large brass buttons, purple breeches, coarse stockings, and old shoes. His master is desired to come and take him away two in months from the above date, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences, according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

January 29, 1799.

To be RENTED,

And immediate possession given,

THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY-HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or
WILLIAM STEUART of
Mount Stuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

RAN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of speaking; took with him sundry clothing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslin waistcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new small round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in the goal of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater distance.

Sept. 10, 1798. WILLIAM BROGDEN.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY-HILL, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

WHEREAS my wife SARAH hath eloped from me, I hereby forewarn all persons from troubling her on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts contracted by her after the date hereof.

JOSEPH LOWREY.

Anne-Arundel county, April 26, 1799.

Agreeably to the last will of LINTHICUM, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are desired to bring them in, legally authenticated, that they may be paid off, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, to

ASAIEL LINTHICUM, Executor.

May 15, 1799.

By virtue of a decree of the court, the subscriber will SELL on Tuesday the 11th day of June, at 10 o'clock, a real estate of FRANK LINTHICUM, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, consisting of a small quantity of Indian land, a complete set of iron tools, and a number of other articles, to

A LARGE BRICK house, having a passage and four chimneys, a kitchen, smoke-house, and a room for the accommodation of the poor, belonging to the lot on a large garden and yard, a valuable piece of land for ten acres, which will be sold for the house.

Also a lot of ground of house, and between it and the town of Upper-100. Also a lot of ground in the town, distinguished on the number 30. These are to be sold for the sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

The purchaser to give for the payment of the months from the time of sale, confirmation and of the sale, and upon the purchase money, the subscriber, and his heirs, which was in the decedent's debt to his heir.

The above property, chafed on that day, or publicly made.

May 20, 1799.

Several negroes belonging to Anne Lecke will be sold for public or private sale.

The subscribers being of selling and conveying of the late deceased may be necessary to FER for SALE, on if fair, if not the first

SUNDRY LANDS, said deceased, contains, lying in Charles the Mattawoman creek the Patowmack river; a variety of tracts of descriptions, it is not particularly to designate it can be said with certainty planting and farming, well stocked with timber them having the advantage Maryland. The sale of the Mattawoman creek Brawner's Mill, at 12 tioned, and will be c it is completed, at f known by the trustee to give bond, with g the amount of the pur of payable, with interest, with interest, of sale. Possession w nuary next, and deed chafers when the w not before. The said or parcels as may appe design of the sale, them given at the ti knowledge of the trustee.

MATHER

SOAP and C

At late Mr. Yeiser's (No. 86) North

BROWN SOAP WHITE Ditto, DIPPED CAN MOULD Ditto

N. B. Shippers in the above manufactory

BACO

A FEW copies of the ment of the may be

Agreeably to the last will and testament of THOMAS LINTHICUM, late of Anne Arundel county, will be OFFERED to PUBLIC SALE, on Friday the 7th of June, at his late dwelling,

ALL the PERSONAL PROPERTY of the deceased, consisting of a house and furniture, a small quantity of Indian corn, a horse, one feather bed, a complete set of joiners and turners tools, and a number of other articles too tedious to mention, ASAIEL LINTHICUM, Executor.

May 15, 1799.

By virtue of a decree of the chancery court, the subscriber will SELL, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Tuesday the 11th day of June next, a part of the real estate of FRANK LEEKE, deceased, (heretofore advertised for sale,) to wit:

A LARGE BRICK HOUSE, the late dwelling of FRANK LEEKE, in Upper-Marlborough, having a passage and four rooms below, a store-house, kitchen, smoke-house, dairy, stables, &c. sufficient for the accommodation of a large family. There is belonging to the lots on which the said house stands, a large garden and yard, and adjoining thereto a valuable piece of land for pasture, &c. containing about ten acres, which will be sold with or separate from the house.

Also a lot of ground opposite to the said dwelling-house, and between it and the tavern, at present occupied by Mr. Greenwell, distinguished on the plot of the town of Upper-Marlborough by the number 100. Also a lot of ground near the creek, in the said town, distinguished on the plot of the said town by the number 30. These lots will be sold separately. The sale to commence at 4 o'clock P. M. on the premises.

The purchaser to give bond, with good security, for the payment of the purchase money within six months from the time of sale; and upon the approval, confirmation and ratification, by the chancellor, of the sale, and upon the receipt of the whole purchase money, the subscriber is directed to convey to the purchaser, and his heirs, the property to him sold, which was in the deceased Frank Lecke, and had descended to his heir.

The above property, or any part of it, may be purchased on that day, on the same terms, by contract publicly made.

WILLIAM KILTY, Trustee.

May 20, 1799.

Several negroes belonging to the estate of Mrs. Anne Lecke will be disposed of on the same day, at public or private sale.

W. KILTY.

The subscribers being appointed trustees for the purpose of selling and conveying so much of the real estate of the late deceased major-general SMALLWOOD as may be necessary to discharge his debts, will OFFER for SALE, on Monday the 15th of July next, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter,

SUNDRY LANDS belonging to the estate of the said deceased, consisting of eight or ten thousand acres, lying in Charles county, and situate chiefly on the Mattawoman creek, within a very few miles of the Patowmack river; as those lands are composed of a variety of tracts or parcels of different contents and descriptions, it is not in the power of the trustees particularly to designate them in an advertisement, but it can be said with certainty that they are well adapted to planting and farming, abound in good water, and are well stocked with timber and wood, besides a number of them having the advantage of fisheries equal to any in Maryland. The sale will commence at a place on the Mattawoman creek, well known by the name of Brawner's Mill, at 12 o'clock, on the day above mentioned, and will be continued from day to day, until it is completed, at such places as may then be made known by the trustees. Purchasers will be required to give bond, with good security, to the trustees for the amount of the purchase money, the one half thereof payable, with interest, within one year, and the residue, with interest, within two years from the time of sale. Possession will be given on the first of January next, and deeds executed to the respective purchasers when the whole of the money is paid, and not before. The said lands will be sold in such tracts or parcels as may appear to the trustees best to answer the design of the sale, and every information respecting them given at the time of sale that may come to the knowledge of the trustees.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
HENRY H. CHAPMAN,

MATHER & ABERCROMBY'S
SOAP and CANDLE Manufactory.

At late Mr. Yeifer's Distillery, on Jones's falls, and (No. 86) North Howard-street, Baltimore, per lb.

BROWN SOAP,
WHITE Ditto,
DIPPED CANDLES,
MOULD Ditto.

N. B. Shippers may be supplied with a quantity of the above manufactory at a short notice.

BACON'S LAWS
For SALE.

A FEW copies of Bacon's Abridgement of the laws of Maryland may be had at this office.

For Sale,

On very Moderate Terms,

A fast Sailing, strong Built, NEW
SCHOONER, forty-one feet long.
Apply to

Samuel or Horatio Ridout.

Annapolis, May 15, 1799.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the first day of July next.

JACOB BLAME, Egbert Van Bueren, William Bishop, Thomas Butler, Elias Brown, James Barber, Thomas Bradley, John Bryce, Lettley Brifter, Annapolis.

Jeremiah T. Chase, John Callahan (3), William Coe, Annapolis.

Gabriel Duvall, John Davidson, Walter Dorsey, William Smith Dallam, Annapolis; Thomas Dixon, jun. Anne-Arundel county.

John Edmondson (2), Annapolis.

John Gwinn, James Greenleaf, Mr. Gordon, F. & S. Green, Mr. Green, Annapolis.

John Henry, Alexr. Contee Hanson, Rebecca Hanson, John Harit, Annapolis; Dr. Walter Harrison, Rich Harrison, Herring Bay; C. D. Hodges & Co. Pig Point; Eliza Hopkins, Anne-Arundel county.

Thomas Johnson, of Ben. Annapolis; Philip Jones, Anne-Arundel county.

Charles Kartfcher, care of Frederick Grammer, Annapolis; Nancy Mantle, Benjamin Madden (2), Gilbert Murdoch (5), Annapolis, J. & John Moffit, Maryland.

William Perry, Mons Regneau, Firman Perrier (2), Annapolis.

Tobias Rudolph, Annapolis.

Seith Switzer, Saml. Shephard, John Syrkiffer, care of Frederick Grammer, Annapolis; John Stone, George Hogarth's, Herring Bay; Richard Smith, Pig Point.

Henry Thomas, Annapolis; John Thew, at Joseph Gallaway's, W. R. river.

Anne Urquhart, Head of Severn.

Ephraim K. Willm, William Wilkins, William B. Wood, Jane Grace, Annapolis; John Weems, jun. Herring creek; Charles Warfield, Anne-Arundel county.

S. GREEN, P. M.

April 1, 1799.

By his EXCELLENCY

BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire,
GOVERNOR of MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it has been represented to me, that a dwelling house, the property of William Bradley Beanes, lying in Prince George's county, was consumed by fire, and that some malicious person or persons are supposed to have wilfully set fire to the same; I have therefore thought proper, by and with the advice and consent of the council, to issue this my proclamation, hereby offering a reward of One Hundred Dollars to any person who shall discover the perpetrator or perpetrators thereof, so that he, she or they, or any of them, be convicted thereof.

Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this sixth day of May, in the year seventeen hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

Attest.

NINIAN PINKNEY, clerk

of the governor and council.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, and the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, every day for the space of five weeks.

By order, NINIAN PINKNEY.

WHEREAS a certificate was issued by the State of Maryland on the 12th day of March, 1794, No. 1138, to JAMES HUTCHINGS, Esquire, for £50, with interest thereon, which certificate was lost in the life-time of the said James, and has never come to our possession since his death; we hereby give notice of our intention to prefer an application to the governor and council to have it renewed, agreeably to an act of assembly, passed at November session, 1792.

KITTY E. HUTCHINGS, } Executors of
HARRIET HUTCHINGS, } Jas. Hutchings.

THE subscriber having sustained material injury on the plantation now occupied by him, known by the name of Howard's, and being the plantation whereon Mr. PETER MILLER formerly resided, forewarns all persons from travelling across the said plantation in any manner or way whatever, except as the roads there-through direct to the plantations at the back thereof. He also forewarns all persons from dealing with any of his slaves in any manner or way whatever, without leave in writing from himself, and that he will chastise every negro that he may find crossing the said plantation (otherwise than as aforesaid) without respect to their owners. He further forewarns all persons from haling or landing their boats on the shores of said land; and from pillaging and taking off wood from the same.

This notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force against any offender.

BARUCH FOWLER.

April 30, 1799.

To the Inhabitants of Charles county.

IT is with pain and regret that I find myself compelled to announce to my friends and fellow-citizens of Charles county, that the continued series of ill health that I have experienced for several years past, and particularly the last, renders a change of situation absolutely and essentially necessary. Being thus circumstanced, I have resolved to settle at Annapolis, where in hopes of better health, I shall continue to prosecute my profession, with this determination, to attend the court here as usual.

Permit me to offer my respectful acknowledgments, for the liberal and generous patronage and support that I have uniformly received at your hands, both professionally and politically, and to assure you in the language of truth and sincerity, that I shall not be wanting in grateful remembrance of your past kindness, but that I shall always feel a lively interest in your happiness and prosperity.

THOMAS BUCHANAN.

Port-Tobacco, April 16, 1799.

On the 11th day of June next, will be offered for sale on the premises, at Port-Tobacco, by the subscribers,

The Lot and Houses,

LATELY occupied by the late Mr. Matthew Blair, comprising the best situated and arrangements for the accommodation of a merchant, or any in that place. The improvements are a large frame house 46 feet long by 34 feet in breadth, under which is a dry six cellar, built of stone, and windows secured with iron transoms—the house is divided into a large convenient store room, three lodging rooms well finished, two of them having fire places; on the south and west sides is a range of piazzas supported by brick pillars; at the end of the main building are two wings of 24 feet by 18 each, one used as a counting house, &c. and the other as a kitchen—a stable frame 24 feet by 14, with hay-loft, &c.

The lot is nearly square, and extensive, affording ample ground for a garden, and the whole enclosed with locust posts, and painted palings, which with the houses are in good repair.

One third of the purchase money will be expected down, and the residue in one and two yearly payments, for which bond with security, if required, must be given; when paid, deeds will be executed.

ROBERT FERGUSON, } Executors of
JOHN ROBERTSON, } M. Blair.

May 1, 1799.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 22d day of April, a dark mulatto man by the name of BAR, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, about 21 or 22 years of age, a freight handsome fellow, with a good countenance, good teeth, and a fine suit of wool, which he has generally worn plaited; had on and took with him one kersey over jacket, one pair striped overalls of elastic cloth, two German linen shirts, with sundry other cloaths. He is a smart fellow, plays well on the fiddle, and I apprehend has obtained a pass, and will endeavour to pass as a free man. I apprehend that he will endeavour to go by water, as it is the most likely means of making his escape. All masters of vessels are forewarned from employing the said negro at their peril. Whoever takes up said negro, and confines him in any gaol so that I get him again, shall have the above reward, and if brought home all reasonable expences paid, by

CORNELIUS BARBER.

Near Chaptico, Saint Mary's
county, May 2, 1799.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice, that he will attend at Elk-Ridge Landing, on Monday the tenth day of June next at Rawlings's tavern on Thursday the twenty-seventh, and on all other days throughout the said month at the office of inspection in the city of Annapolis, for the purpose of receiving entries of bills, and issuing of licences to those distillers who require them.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Richd.

Collector of the revenue

Anne-Arundel county.

Annapolis, May 1, 1799.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

February 8, 1798.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

ALL persons having claims against CHARLES STEUART, late of this county, deceased, are requested to make them known, and those indebted are requested to make payment, to

WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator,
Anne-Arundel county, May 1, 1799.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 8, 1799.
ORDERED, That the act to alter, abolish and repeal certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this State as are therein mentioned, and the act to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this State as are therein mentioned, be published once in each week, for the term of three months, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, and the Herald, at Baton, and in Green's and English's paper, at George-town.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Council of Maryland.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this State as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this State is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

II. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the several counties of this State, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

III. And be it enacted, That Anne-Arundel county, including the city of Annapolis, shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts.

IV. And be it enacted, That Baltimore county, out of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of Baltimore shall be laid off into eight districts.

V. And be it enacted, That all and every part of the constitution and form of government relating to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections in the city of Baltimore, and all and every part of the second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty-second sections of the constitution and form of government of this State, which relate to the judges, place, time and manner of holding the several elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this State as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this State is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

II. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the several counties of this State, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cecil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts,

Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

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VI. And be it enacted, That no person possessing the qualification of property required by the constitution shall be entitled to vote at any election to be held for sheriffs, delegates to the general assembly, or electors of the senate, unless there be some written evidence that he is worth thirty pounds, or a freehold of fifty acres of land, at the time he offers to vote, this written evidence to be an affidavit of property to that amount, which affidavit may be made at any time before such person offers to vote, upon his producing satisfactory testimony of his possessing such property; the manner of making out such affidavit, and the person or persons to judge of the qualification as to property, to be hereafter regulated by law.

VII. And be it enacted, That all parts of the constitution and form of government not herein before enumerated, which are repugnant to, and inconsistent with, the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed, annulled and avoided.

VIII. And be it enacted, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Five Pounds Reward

FOR apprehending and bringing home negro TOM, who has assumed the name of TOM TILLARD, he is about five feet one or two inches high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion, wears his hair or wool in whiffers, flammers very much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off some time in May last, under pretence of going to see his wife, who belongs to Mr. Thomas R. Hodges, in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlborough, and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Sprigg, Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him in goal, so that I get him again, or the above reward, including what the law allows, for bringing him home to

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,
near Annapolis.

I will handsomely reward any person who will convict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow, as it is my determination to put the law rigorously into execution against such offender.

To be SOLD for CASH, or on long credit,

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a trusty market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expense of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good master in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.

Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

LAND for SALE.

I WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NATHAN HARRIS; the whole tract containing eleven hundred sixty-one and a half acres.

WILLIAM WALKER.
Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

HIGH FLYER,

Will stand to cover mares this season at South River ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July, at twenty dollars each, if credit is required, or fifteen dollars each, and one dollar to the groom, if the money is sent with the mares, or paid by the end of the season.

HIGH FLYER is sixteen hands high, a blood bay, with a star and one white foot, and is the largest full bred horse ever imported into this country. The owners of this horse's colts have been offered from 600 to 1000 dollars for them, both in Pennsylvania and Maryland. High Flyer was bred by Richard Tatterfall, got by his High Flyer, which won upwards of 7000 guineas, and was never beat. Thistle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon, she was dam of Mr. Hutchison's Thistle, which was a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade, she was the dam of Mr. Shaftoe's Hunter Omnium, Herald, and Miss Barfoot, his great-grand-dam by Partner, she was the dam of Toy, Madam, the dam of Twig, Drowsy, Torismond, Alcides, the dam of young Cade, the dam of Omnium Billy, by Cade, the dam of Prioten and Villager; all capital runners, his great-grand-dam by Matchless, great-great-grand-dam by Brimmer, his great-great-great-grand-dam by Places White Turk, and out of a Layton Barb mare.

JOHN CRAGGS.

N. B. Graft will be provided for mares for 3/9 per week, and every attention paid them, but will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.

March 10, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator
with the will annexed.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

ON Tuesday the 20th of August next I shall EXPOSE to PUBLIC SALE, at the town of New-Market, in Dorchester county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, situated on the south side and binding on the Choptank river several miles; supposed to contain about six thousand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each. The terms of sale as follow, viz. purchasers to give bond immediately after the sale, with approved security, conditioned for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in four equal annual instalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, An act appointing commissioners to contract for and purchase the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, in Dorchester county, and for appropriating the same to the use of this State, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned," passed at November session, 1798.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent
for the State of Maryland.

April 10, 1799.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for apprehending the following negroes, and securing them in goal, so that I may get them, WILL, about sixty years of age, of a dark complexion, and five feet ten or eleven inches high. TOM, about thirty-six or seven years of age, a dark mulatto, about six feet high, and well proportioned, and BETTY, a likely dark mulatto girl, about seventeen years of age; the last two call themselves THOMAS; and all of them have been frequently seen in Annapolis, where I have reasons to suppose they now are. The above reward shall be paid for apprehending the said negroes, or ten dollars for either of them, and reasonable charges if brought home. All persons are forewarned from harbouring them at their peril.

JAMES MORRIS.

Charles county, September 25, 1798.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be sold at the Printing-Office,
Price, One Dollar and an Half,

The LAWS

OF

MARYLAND,

Passed November Session, 1798.

THE subscriber forewarns all persons from dealing with any of his slaves in any manner or way whatever without leave in writing from himself, or some one of his family; this notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force against any offender.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Annapolis.
June 12, 1798.

ANNAPOLIS:

Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.

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