

# MARYLANDER AND HERALD

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## SOUTHERN CONVOCATION MEETING

Sessions Will Be Held In Princess Anne January 11th and 12th

The Southern Convocation of the Diocese of Eastern will meet in St. Andrew's Church, Princess Anne, on Tuesday and Wednesday, January 11th and 12th.

The Rev. Henry E. Spears, rector of Somerset Parish, has given us the following program of the services:

Tuesday, 7.30 p. m.—Evening Service, with sermon by Rev. George M. Galarneau, rector of All Hallow's, Snow Hill.

Wednesday, 9.30 a. m.—Reading of essay by Rev. Edwin S. Hinks, rector of Great Choptank Parish, Cambridge.

10.30 a. m.—Morning Prayer and celebration of Holy Eucharist. Sermon by Rev. D. Howard, rector of St. Peter's, Salisbury.

2.00 p. m.—Business meeting. Discussion on "The Value of Missions," led by Rev. Louis L. Williams, rector of Pocomoke Parish.

7.00 p. m.—Evening Prayer with sermon by Rev. S. A. Potter, rector of Worcester Parish, Berlin.

## Annual Christmas Dance

The annual Christmas dance given by the young men of Princess Anne was held at the Auditorium last Wednesday night and lasted until the early hours of the morning. The hall was beautifully decorated.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Duer, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Waller, Doctor and Mrs. Alfred P. Dennis, Misses Olga Young, Ellen D. McMaster, Katherine Speights, Olive Dashiell, Irene Taylor, Mildred Beauchamp, Berenice Thompson, Aline Wallop, Marian Stanford, Rebecca Ware, Anna Fitzgerald, Mary Miles Dashiell, Messrs. Omar J. Crowell, Vernon White, J. Douglass Wallop, Jr., Hugh Phillips, A. V. Williams, Oliver Beauchamp, Morris H. Adams, James T. Taylor, Robert J. Waller, George H. Myers, Richard Dale, Stewart Fitzgerald, Edgar Jones, J. E. Rowland and Samuel S. Sudler.

The chaperones were Mrs. John Dale, Mrs. E. J. Smith, Mrs. J. T. Taylor, Jr., Mrs. H. J. Phillips and Mrs. Maude Baum.

## Farmers' Institutes

The Maryland Agricultural College held a Farmers' Institute at Marion yesterday (Monday). One will be held today in Princess Anne, at the Court House. To-morrow, one will be held at Pocomoke City. The daily sessions are at 10 a. m. and 1.30 and 7.30 p. m. Dr. Richard S. Hill, the Director of the College, and County Agent H. S. Lippincott, have charge of the meetings.

The program includes subjects as follows: Potatoes, strawberries, canteloupes, lime, manures, fertilizers and legumes, soil fertility, alfalfa, grass and hay crops, live stock. All are invited to these meetings. Questions and comparisons of views are welcome. Pupils from the various schools and the teachers will also be cordially welcomed.

## Card Party For Library

A meeting of the Lady Managers of the Princess Anne Library some weeks ago, was held to determine some method of improving the resources of that institution. It was agreed that a subscription card party should be held and Mrs. J. T. Taylor kindly offered her home for that purpose. The party was held last Thursday evening with an attendance of thirty-two persons, although many more had been invited. Some of the women responded with money. The sum of \$50.50 was realized.

A special meeting of the Lady Managers will soon be held and it will then be determined how the above amount shall be expended. The probability is that new books will be purchased.

## December Weather

The weather for the month of December as compiled by Mr. James R. Stewart, co-operative observer, was as follows:

Maximum temperature, 69 degrees on the 29th; minimum temperature, 17 degrees on the 11th; total precipitation, 2.15 inches. Clear days, 10, partly cloudy, 16; cloudy, 6. Light frosts on the 1st, 3rd and 4th. Killing frosts on the 5th, 9th, 16th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22nd. Snow on the 2nd, 6th and 28th; ice on the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22nd. The prevailing wind was northwest.

## Real Estate Transfers

Ardie W. Bradshaw from Thomas P. Bradshaw and wife, land on Deal's Island, consideration \$5.00 and other considerations.

Harman E. Evans from Alexander V. Evans and wife, land on Smith's Island, consideration \$100.

John Davis and another from Wilbur Hicks, Bosman and wife, 16 acres in St. Peter's district, consideration \$150.

## TAX ASSESSMENTS GROW LARGER

Big Increase In Counties By State Tax Commissioner

An increase of \$13,840,318, or about 112 per cent, in the assessed valuation of the intangible personal property in the State of Maryland, exclusive of Baltimore City and Baltimore County, is shown by the 1915 report of Allan E. Glynnwood, Secretary of the State Tax Commission, to-day.

By intangible personal property is meant stocks, bonds and other securities. Baltimore City is not included in the report because the Appeals Tax Court handles this in the city, and in Baltimore County a special check is made for that county alone.

Charles County is the only county that shows a decrease in this sort of wealth. The total here is \$18,400 below that of last year. The counties, increases, and percentages of gain are as follows:

County	Noted Increase	Per Cent
Allegany	\$4,568,514	104
Anne Arundel	1,830,273	340
Calvert	17,769	(*)
Carroll	89,303	(*)
Cecil	212,806	10
Dorchester	1,264,721	50
Dorchester	42,578	20
Frederick	1,230,570	86
Garrettsville	351,742	(*)
Harford	348,796	35
Howard	227,597	15
Kent	141,430	50
Montgomery	935,420	48
Prince George's	127,780	85
Queen Anne's	97,770	40
St. Mary's	12,801	25
Somerset	541,768	425
Talbot	266,285	38
Washington	489,680	40
Wicomico	499,270	32
Worcester	243,778	(*)
Total	\$13,840,318	112

(\*) None heretofore.

Although the increase in Somerset County is \$541,768, this represents an increase of 425 per cent., which is the highest.

## Injured In Automobile Accident

Very serious consequences were narrowly averted when the automobile driven by Gordon L. D. or Tony Tank, near Salisbury, ran into the buggy of Mr. Evergreen Ingersoll, at the Lano farm, about half mile north of Princess Anne, at ten o'clock last Wednesday night.

The buggy was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Ingersoll and their young son. They were thrown out, the buggy overturned on the horse and broke one of the horse's legs. Young Dun was accompanied by two young women from Salisbury, none of whom was hurt.

The headlights on the machine were not burning and the driver did not see the buggy until too late. The Ingersolls were brought to Princess Anne by Mr. Dun and aid was rendered by Dr. Charles W. Wainwright. Mr. Ingersoll and the boy were not badly injured. Mrs. Ingersoll's back was injured and she sustained severe bruises on her head, shoulders and limbs.

Mr. Ingersoll has made claim for injuries sustained. Both he and Mr. Dun have retained attorneys.

## Tell of A \$1,000,000 Mail Theft

Albert Johnson, one of two negroes under arrest on charges of rifling a registered mail pouch that contained \$1,000,000 in securities on Christmas Eve, last Thursday confessed, according to the police of Wilmington, Del.

Johnson and the other negro were mail wagon drivers. They delivered two pouches of mail to a railroad station and a third they took to their home and cut it open, according to the police.

The pair took out a half million dollars' worth of stock certificates and checks, and then tossed the bag back into the wagon and returned to the postoffice, intending later to abandon the wagon and escape, the police said.

Meanwhile, the postoffice officials had been notified that the pouch was missing and the two were arrested. Nearly all the securities taken from the bag were recovered.

## Red Men Elect Officers

Wa Wa Tribe, No. 121, Improved Order Red Men, of Princess Anne, have elected the following officers for the ensuing term:

Prophet—Harry B. Wherrett. Sachem—Lester G. Thomas. Senior Sagamore—Edwin H. Hayman. Junior Sagamore—Milton F. Hickman. Collector of Wampum—W. R. Pusey. Chief of Records—George B. Twilley. Keeper of Wampum—Levin J. Atkinson.

Trustees—H. K. Carrow, S. H. Devillbiss, Z. W. Townsend. Representative to Great Council—B. H. Dryden.

Miss Elizabeth Taylor, of Salisbury is spending some time with Miss Bertha Heath, of Princess Anne.

## HARRINGTON TACTFUL

He Wants To Be Governor Of The Whole People

Governor-elect Harrington declared last Thursday, that he was much impressed with the meeting held Wednesday night at the Eleventh Ward Democratic Club, where Baltimore city needs from the coming legislature were discussed by Mayor Preston, City Solicitor Field and other speakers.

Mr. Harrington remained at the club rooms until after midnight and he apparently enjoyed himself. He sat to the right of President Eugene H. Bean, the toastmaster, at the good dinner that preceded the speechmaking, while Mayor Preston was on Mr. Bean's left.

The Governor-elect made a long speech in which he said he was an optimist and believed that the world was growing better all the time. He declared that he and other State officers and the city members of the legislature, in whose honor the dinner was given, were now the representatives of the people, and that neither political nor factional lines should be drawn in the efforts to give the best service to the State.

Mr. Harrington asked the co-operation of all the Solid present—Democrats and Republicans—in carrying out the pledges made in the respective party platforms.

Mayor Preston spoke with vigor. He declared that what the city of Baltimore is interested in securing from the next legislature are "measures." He showed some feeling in an intimation that the city people were taxed to the full limit, while some of those in the counties escape their just taxation. He hinted that the State Tax Commission might add to the revenues of the State by alertness in seeing that just taxes are paid.

The Mayor made a plea for the right of Baltimore city to handle its own financial affairs and that the money for public expenditures should be placed under the jurisdiction of the city authorities. He said he opposed at the time the raising of salaries of policemen and firemen, and an increase of 100 policemen, which would add over \$100,000 a year to the expenses.

He asserted that until the boundaries of the city are extended by annexation no more policemen are required. Annexation, he contended, should be brought about by an act of the legislature, as was done in the instance of other cities that have expanded. The Mayor said that he did not care who "got the jobs," but that he was interested in radical legislation for Baltimore city.

## Death of Postmaster Truitt

James T. Truitt, 66 years old, postmaster at Salisbury, died suddenly with apoplexy at 7 o'clock Sunday evening the 26th ult., at his home on Broad street. He had been in failing health for several months.

Mr. Truitt had long been active in Democratic politics in Wicomico county and for years was regarded as one of the leaders. He was ex-Gov. E. E. Jackson's right hand man for years and more recently had been closely allied with Congressman Jesse D. Price.

He was appointed postmaster about 18 months ago upon the recommendation of Congressman Price after a bitter contest with R. Frank Williams, who had the backing of the original Leeman of the county.

He first became prominent in the campaign of 1884 which resulted in the election of Grover Cleveland and was appointed deputy revenue collector for the Eastern Shore, serving during Cleveland's first administration. In 1891 he was elected clerk of the Circuit Court of Wicomico County and was re-elected in 1897, serving until 1903.

Before entering politics Mr. Truitt was engaged in the drug business in Salisbury with his father.

He is survived by two sons, Raymond K. and Gordon Truitt, both of Salisbury. His brother, Dr. Charles Truitt, is health officer of Wicomico county. He was an active member of the Baptist church.

## Lewis M. Potee In Mexico

With the expeditionary force of United States Marines hurried to the west coast of Mexico to prevent a possible massacre of Americans and other foreigners by hostile Yaqui in the vicinity of Topolobampo, is Lewis M. Potee, of this place.

Lewis, who is a son of Harmon M. Potee, of Princess Anne, enlisted in the United States Marine Corps at Baltimore on October 21st, 1912, and, until the order came to embark on the San Diego, was stationed with the battalion of marines at the San Diego Exposition. The marine's life is kept filled with excitement and adventure; he goes to all parts of the world in the performance of his duty, and young Potee has had many interesting experiences while serving with the soldiers of the sea.

## TO PROTECT THE CRAB INDUSTRY

State Wide Bill Agreed Upon At Crisfield Meeting

Following a widespread demand for some legislation on the crab industry by persons engaged in all branches of the business, a meeting was held in the Gibson Building, in Crisfield, last Tuesday night, with a representative body of the crab catchers and shippers present. The meeting was called by L. Cleveland Nelson, a member of the coming legislature from Somerset County, and Senator-elect George P. Parsons, for the purpose of securing the views of those engaged in the industry as to the nature of the legislation needed. Mr. Nelson was chairman of the meeting, while Gordon E. Milbourne, another member of the coming legislature, was secretary.

Following a general discussion of the crab industry, it was decided to present to the legislature a Statewide bill containing the following provisions:

"That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to catch, offer for sale or have in his or their possession any hard-shell crabs under five inches in length from tip to tip. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to catch, offer for sale or have in his or their possession any female crab in a spawning condition during the months of May, June and July.

"It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to catch, offer for sale or have in his or their possession any crab of the soft-crab variety other than a 'shedder,' a 'buster' or a soft crab at any time during the year.

"That a violation of either of the foregoing provisions be punishable by a fine of \$50 for the first offense and a fine of \$100 for the second offense.

"That a license fee of \$10 be imposed yearly upon each person, firm or corporation engaged in the packing or shipping of hard crabs, soft crabs or crab meat, and that a license fee of \$1 yearly be imposed upon each individual engaged in the catching of crabs. That a license shall give to the catcher the right to crab in the waters of the entire State. That failure on the part of the shipper to obtain license as provided shall be punishable by a fine of \$50 and that failure on the part of the catcher to obtain license as provided shall be punishable by a fine of \$25.

"That inspectors to enforce the provisions of the crab law shall be appointed by the Board of Public Works, as follows: Anne Arundel county, one inspector; Calvert county, one inspector; Charles county, one inspector; Dorchester county, two inspectors; St. Mary's county, two inspectors; Talbot county, one inspector. That said inspectors shall serve from May 1st to November 1st in each year and that they shall be compensated from the revenue derived from the license fees, the remainder of the revenue so derived to be apportioned between the State of Maryland and the public school fund of each county from which such revenue is derived."

## Horticultural Society To Meet

The Peninsula Horticultural Society will meet in Easton, Maryland, January 11th, 12th and 13th. This meeting always opens the second Tuesday of every year and continues three days. This year an unusually good program has been arranged. Prof. Whitten, of Missouri, will make three addresses during the session. Prof. Symons, Prof. Shaw, Prof. Cory and Prof. Temple, of the Maryland Experiment Station, will all talk on very practical subjects connected with fruit growing. The prevalence of fire blight on apples and pears the past season will make this subject of great interest. Prof. McCue, of Delaware, will discuss peach growing. Prof. Farley of New Jersey, will also make an address. Dr. Patterson will discuss horticultural education, which is now a very timely topic. The Bureau of Markets, of Washington, will send a man to talk on that subject, and the Department of Agriculture will send an expert on spraying. In addition to these, the best practical fruit and vegetable growers of the peninsula will be on hand to talk over their problems. Every farmer in the two states should plan to attend this meeting.

That Phillip D. Laird will be the next Speaker of the House of Delegates was announced last Thursday afternoon by men close to the ruling power.

A conference was held in the office of United States Senator John Walter Smith in the Union Trust Building, Baltimore, that day, and among those present, besides Governor-elect Harrington, were Congressman Talbot, Dr. George Wells, of Anne Arundel and several others.

At the end it was stated that both Wells and Talbot would go along with the State administration and that Laird would be made Speaker.

## Will Name Laird For Speaker

That Phillip D. Laird will be the next Speaker of the House of Delegates was announced last Thursday afternoon by men close to the ruling power.

## HAMAN AGAIN IN OYSTER BATTLE

The Chief Speaker At Meeting At Westminster Last Tuesday

B. Howard Haman was the chief speaker last Tuesday night at a mass-meeting held in Westminster in the interest of the conservation of the oyster industry of Maryland. There were about 200 persons present. Mr. Haman said, in part:

"The fundamental fact which lies at the root of all discussion upon this question is, that the title to the land beneath the navigable waters of the State, whether in the Bay, its tributaries or elsewhere, is in the State. The inhabitants of Garrett county or Carroll county are interested in these lands equally with the residents of the tidewater counties. These lands are as much the property of the State as are the securities in the public treasury.

"The proper conservation of shellfish is accomplished in two ways; first, by conserving those parts of the public domain which oystermen call the natural beds or bars; and, second, through the development by private capital of the other portions of the land beneath the waters which are fit for oyster culture and which are known as barren bottoms.

"The present system of oyster culture in Maryland, both as to natural beds and barren bottoms, is a failure. We all know that we have the most productive lands of this kind in the world. We continually boast of the fact, but we have shown ourselves incompetent to use what nature has presented to us as a free gift.

"Under certain provisions of the Shepherd law the area of 200,000 acres which have been set aside for the oysmen under a survey authorized by the Act of 1906, have been directly increased by about 50,000 acres, and indirectly increased through the marking out of what are called neutral zone, other areas aggregating some thousands of acres. In other words, the public lands to be set aside for dredgers, tongs and scrapers have been increased by about 35 per cent, reckoning the aggregate of the neutral zones to be 15,000 acres. These are the lands on which nearly \$3,000,000 have been spent and a great industry nearly destroyed.

"More than this, through what is known as the condemnation clause of the Shepherd bill, proceedings have been instituted to condemn about 4,000 acres of lands under lease, on the claim that these lands were public beds. An unscientific and wholly erroneous definition of a natural bed was inserted in the Shepherd law, and as a result of this definition and through the operation of these condemnation proceedings, 2,615 acres have been condemned, with verdicts against the State, aggregating \$257,975. If verdicts for similar amounts are rendered in the other cases pending, liabilities of the State will amount to \$400,000 through the passage of the Shepherd bill.

"Granting that the 65,000 acres of land added to the public lands through the new survey were all depleted and had partly caught up, as the oystermen say, what is the value of this land in the hands of the oystermen under the present destructive system as compared with its value in the hands of planters? The verdicts rendered in the condemnation cases are an eloquent answer to this question. The lands so added to the survey, if leased out, would be worth in a short time \$6,500,000, and would produce a direct revenue. In the hands of the oystermen they are worth nothing to the State, and little to the industry as now conducted.

"The repeal of the Shepherd bill would at once relieve the state of two liabilities. First, that arising from the judgments of condemnation, amounting to \$257,975, and of a contingent liability of \$150,000 for account of the pending cases, and \$400,000 saved is that much gained."

## Short Courses In Agriculture

The Maryland Agricultural College has issued programs of its "Correspondence Courses in Agriculture and Home Economics" and "Short Courses." These programs may be obtained from the president of college—Prof. H. J. Patterson, College Park, Md. The dates for the short courses are as follows:

Soils and Fertilizers, Jan. 3-8. Farm Crops, Jan. 10-15. Domestic Science, Jan. 10-15. Road Building and Maintenance, Jan. 10-15. Poultry Husbandry, Jan. 17-22. Horticulture, Jan. 24-Feb. 5. Animal Husbandry, Feb. 7-28. Farm Machinery and Farm Engines, Feb. 28-March 4. Farm Carpentry and Blacksmithing, March 6-11.

Gasoline continues to go up, and according to predictions the end is not yet. Some authorities have placed the prices of gasoline within the next year as high as thirty-five to forty cents per gallon.

## BIG PROBLEMS IN THE LEGISLATURE

Sale Of Liquors, Annexation, Oysters, Economics, Primaries

In the General Assembly of 1916, to meet in Annapolis on January 5, and to remain in session 90 days, will arise more and bigger problems than have been before any legislature during recent years. Among the problems are the following:

Statewide vote on the question of the sale or no sale of liquor. Annexation of the contiguous and populous suburbs of Baltimore.

The Sheppard oyster planting law under which the State faces the prospect of paying about \$500,000 for oyster grounds leased by the State, condemned under the law and thrown open to the public.

Amending the primary election laws by which expenses of candidates will be reduced and the envelope system in the counties abolished.

Hunt for new sources of public revenue with which to meet the constantly growing expenses of the State.

Creation of a conservation commission in which will be combined the Shellfish Commission, Fish Commission and oyster navy, several bureaus and sub-departments.

Creation of a State Board of Agriculture.

Reform of public school system along lines laid down by the forthcoming survey conducted by the General Educational Board.

Additional provision for care of dependent insane, including new buildings and equipment.

Purchase of a farm for inebriates. Action of some kind to prohibit a recurrence of such a libel upon Baltimore as that by the report of the so-called Vice Commission.

Creation of a budget system, by which it is proposed to lodge in the Governor the power to frame all general bills carrying appropriations, which cannot be increased by the legislature except in cases of dire emergencies. By this innovation the powers of the Governor will be greatly enlarged.

Reduction in legislative and governmental expenses and introduction of economics all along the line.

Creation of a loan of about \$2,000,000 with which to meet the deficit in the State treasury.

Creation of an additional loan of probably \$1,000,000 with which to complete the system of improved highways as projected and to build necessary bridges.

Better system in making appropriations for institutions supported wholly or in part by the State, including colleges, academies and other schools, reformatories, hospitals, dependent insane.

The legislative session will mark the passing and the coming of new systems. The horde of useless employees of the legislature will be diminished. The mass of local legislation will be materially reduced through the operation of the new amendment to the Constitution providing for a greater degree of home rule and through the budget system, under which the Governor will frame a bill carrying all appropriations, the total of the several items to be kept within the income of the State. No Governor of recent times will face as many problems as will fall to Mr. Harrington because of the deficit in the State treasury, and because of the increasing demands upon the State treasury, with almost every source of public funds overworked.

Incidentally, the process will continue which has been sedulously and insidiously cultivated for several years by which the people are surrendering to commissioners and boards their legislative powers exercised for them by their representatives in the General Assembly, representatives over whom they can have the authority of the recall once every two years in the case of delegates and once every four years in the case of senators, while the boards and commissions go on forever with no power by the people to reach them except by tearing down a whole State administration. The same surrender is going on in other States as well as in the Federal Government. Taxpayers are at last beginning to realize that "reforms" are costly.

## Marshall Girl Improving Physically

Miss Grace Marshall, the young woman who was taken to Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, several weeks ago from the Eastern Shore of Maryland suffering from privations, due, it was alleged, to long isolation in the home of her father and stepmother, and whose case attracted country-wide attention, continues to evince increasing strength physically, but no change has been noted in her mental condition. Miss Marshall takes nourishment with a relish, it is said, but her faculties for discerning objects around her have not shown any great signs of progress.



## A Common Sense Decision

The Story of One Born to Society

By MARTHA V. MONROE

David Bartlett, from the day he began to talk, showed that he would be a stutterer. As soon as he grew old enough to be taught anything, his parents made every effort to overcome a blemish that was sure to seriously interfere with his career. But despite the fact that they placed him under the care of various persons who pretended to be able to cure him, the defect remained.

The greater the loss from an imperfection the more aggravating the case. From early boyhood David gave promise of future prominence could he be freed from his unfortunate impediment. In schools he showed an originality that surprised his teachers. In college it was admitted that were he able to speak easily he would be a leader in debate. He made one attempt to address his fellow students, but so lamentable was his failure that he never tried again. On graduating he was assigned one of the principal parts because he was entitled to the honor, but the college authorities well knew that his defect would compel him to decline it.

By this time Bartlett was a man among men and received from them the forbearance and sympathy due him. In his childhood it had been different. Children who do not realize the misfortunes of others are cruel to one another. From the time David was old enough to have playmates he received now and again jests and laughter upon his misfortune. Boys are more unsparring of one another than girls, and though David's immediate companions learned to pass his defect unnoticed, no sooner was he thrown in with a strange boy than his first failure of utterance was received with laughter.

This drove him from playmates of his own sex, and, being a boy's boy, he did not care to be relegated to the companionship of girls. There was one girl, however, whom he favored because she was not favored by girls of her own age. Mildred Swayne suffered from a misfortune similar to that of David Bartlett. She was born with a contraction of certain muscles of the face which, when she was pleased or amused, brought a contortion instead of a smile.

Those persons who have similar defects are apt to shun one another. The reason for this may be more easily understood than expressed. It is enough to say that it springs from sensitiveness. David must have overcome this sensitiveness so far as Mildred was concerned. At any rate, he rose above it and showed his sympathy for her by juvenile attention to her. He was not ashamed in children's gatherings to pair off with her, though he knew that his doing so subjected him and her to being considered two unfortunates whom others would not care to favor. Mildred, notwithstanding her boy friend's impediment, was very proud of his attentions and always stopped him for a chat when they met.

Nowhere do we find more pure selfishness than in that society which considers itself the elite and into which those who are without its pale are striving to enter. Favors are not bestowed simply from liking or admiration, but for an expected return, the returns usually being invitations. David Bartlett was not in a position at the age of twenty-two to entertain his friends. He was also handicapped by his speech impediment. Nothing remained but intellectual and moral worth, a very poor stock with which to shine in what is called society. David's parents had occupied a social position in their younger days and expected him to do the same. His manner would have entitled him to such even without his brilliancy, but he found that his inability to return favors gave those who were really his inferiors an advantage over him, and his defect of speech caused him to be shunned wherever it was possible without gross rudeness. Therefore, notwithstanding the desire of his mother that he should occupy that social position to which he was born, he one day resolved that he would not accept another invitation to a society function.

David disappeared from society without being missed. Indeed, his dropping out was rather a relief to ladies who were old friends of his mother and who felt obliged to invite him to their houses. This is not surprising. Charity there is in the world, but there is always a well defined dividing line between it and sacrifice. Soon after David began to decline invitations he disappeared from the scenes of his childhood and youth and was forgotten by all except his parents, a few intimate friends and Mildred Swayne, who, having finished her education for a teacher, entered upon her duties in a grammar school.

"Oh, heavens," exclaimed a girl at an evening social function, "there's that David Bartlett! I haven't met him anywhere in an age. I must slip out or I'll have to speak to him, and if I do I shall have to endure him for

the whole evening unless some one comes up to take me away from him." "It's two years since he left home. I understand that he has been cured of his stuttering."

"You don't mean it! How did he do that?" "No one knows. Some say he cured himself. Some say he was cured by a process that he is pledged not to reveal. No one can get any information about the process except those who suffer from an impediment of speech. To such persons he will reveal his method, but to no one else."

David Bartlett had returned to his home cured of his defect. Occasionally he would pause for a moment while speaking and seem to be going through some mental formula, but even this was growing less and less frequent. He had been studying the profession of the law during his absence and soon after his return was admitted to the bar. Those society ladies who had known him before his departure did not long shun him, for he was admitted to be one of the most entertaining men in society.

While social position is gained or maintained by a rendering of what society demands, it is a mistake to suppose that its requirements are those things which can alone be bought with money. A society composed of those who have nothing but wealth to recommend them is very dull. The success of favorites in society has often been due to conversational powers. David Bartlett was full of ideas that he knew how to express in a manner to insure their appreciation. While he had suffered from his defect ladies had tried to get out of his way. After his cure many a woman, bored by a man who knew nothing out of the sphere of his occupation, on seeing Bartlett approach would draw him on with a smile in order to exchange him for her companion.

Bartlett entered the legal world as a junior partner of a law firm, but soon established a firm of which he was the head. His principal work was in court, where he was recognized as one of the best men at the bar to present a case, and his eloquence gained him an enviable reputation.

Naturally, from having been shunned, especially by those unmarried women who were seeking to make a marriage for an establishment, Bartlett came to be considered a catch. He was not only prominent, but making money. While he was not interested in punishing those who had shown the least consideration for him while he had suffered his impediment, it was but natural that he should feel no great affection for them. On his return to society he found a number of young women who had not found partners—at least partners such as they were looking for—and among these ladies were several who were not abashed at attempting to charm him. Not by word or deed did he indicate to such that he remembered their attempts to shun him when other and more desirable parties were at hand.

As Bartlett advanced in his profession and was known to be receiving large fees, so did the struggle on the part of a number of spinsters for his capture increase. Nor was this struggle confined to those who wished to wed him in order to be at the head of his fine home. Being a man naturally captivating to women, there were those who gave him their hearts without the asking.

Presently a rumor spread through the social world that he had surrendered. It was whispered that a certain widow who possessed a large fortune had agreed to unite her emoluments with the rising fortunes of the intellectual attorney. Then followed an admission on Bartlett's part that he had become engaged, but he did not name the lady. Society was agog to learn if the widow was to be the bride, and those women who had hoped for themselves to the said widow, figuratively speaking, in pieces.

One day it was rumored in the social circle that Bartlett's cards were out. This was not considered probable, for no one of the elite had received them. But the suspense was soon ended, for the cards turned out to contain an announcement of the marriage of David Bartlett and Mildred Swayne.

Who was Mildred Swayne? Nobody knew. Then some one informed some one else that Mildred Swayne was a teacher. To this was in time added that she had suffered from a facial blemish that had been removed by surgery.

Bartlett was married—there could be no mistake about that—and since he had sent cards only to relatives and a few intimate friends—a very few of them in society—society could not call upon his wife, and he was no longer in the swim; he was a social suicide.

And so the waves of the social ocean closed over the talented Bartlett. As to his wife, she had never been in the swim. No one could understand why one with such a fine future before him could wreck it by taking a nobody for a wife. Bartlett thus stated the case to an intimate friend:

"Society was of no use to me. Nearly every unmarried woman in it was hunting for a man who could give her the means to keep up a fictitious appearance. I wished and needed a wife of a different kind. My interest in life is confined to my home and my profession. Why should I waste my time with people who care nothing about me and whom I care nothing about?"

"I have married a woman with a heart that is overflowing with tenderness and sympathy, a woman who will be not only a true friend, but a congenial companion as well, a woman whose worth I can fully appreciate and who will be faithful unto death to the man into whose keeping she entrusted her future life. Oh, that more marriages were like ours!"

## LAFAYETTE DOLLARS.

Why They Are Issued and What They Are Now Worth.

In 1899 congress ordered 50,000 Lafayette dollars to be coined in aid of the fund for the erection of the Lafayette monument in Paris in 1900. The first one of the issue was struck at the Philadelphia mint Dec. 14, 1899, on the one hundredth anniversary of the death of George Washington. This coin was set apart for presentation by the president of the United States to the president of the republic of France.

The Lafayette dollar is a legal tender dollar and bears upon its face a double medallion of the heads of Washington and Lafayette and on the reverse a miniature reproduction of the equestrian statue of Lafayette, with the inscription, "In Commemoration of Monument Erected by School Youth of United States to General Lafayette, Paris, France, 1900."

The Lafayette memorial commission was authorized to dispose of them at \$2 apiece, the profit going to the monument fund. The whole proceeding was to honor the memory of Lafayette, and there was but one issue of the coins—viz, 50,000. They have become widely scattered, mostly in the hands of collectors, and are worth \$1.10 to \$1.25 apiece.—New York Times.

## WHERE COOKS FAIL.

They Carry Their "Move on" Fever Into Uncle Sam's Service.

Uncle Sam, rich and powerful, good to the "help," and the surest pay in the world, can't keep his cooks any longer or better than the ordinary suburban commuter. He offers them good pay, easy hours and lots of "nights out," but they simply will not overlook the fact that they are cooks, bred and born, and so keep moving on.

United States marine corps statistics covering the last two years show a greater percentage of men deserted who gave occupation prior to entry as "cooks" than any other class that enlisted during the period.

Desertions from the marine corps are very light at all times. The average marine considers that the service offers better advantages than anything he could find in civil life, and he believes the opportunities for travel and adventure to be unexcelled, and were it not for the cooks, marine corps officials believe that the "oldest branch of the service" would have an almost clean slate with regard to desertions. No class of men look so lightly on the oath of obligation as these selfsame "knights of the frying pan," marine corps recruiters declare.

A spectacle maker, Jan Leijer, born in Holland, invented a crude magnifying glass in 1608. As a boy, Leijer, born in Delft in 1632, improved this clumsy toy and evolved a compound microscope which has become the most valuable sanitary tool yet devised by man. That first microscope was as far removed from the high powered instrument of today as is the modern American from the original cave man. Yet by this faulty means Leijer, naturalist, physician and botanist, discovered certain minute bodies which he called "little animals." He made drawings of these, and today they are known for those useful friends and malignant enemies of man—bacteria.—Argonaut.

Getting at His Motive. "Will you have my seat?" he inquired politely.

"On the ground that I am aged and decrepit?" the woman asked.

"No, indeed, madam."

"That I am young and beautiful and possibly not averse to a flirtation?"

"Certainly not. That is."

"Then it must be because you are a gentleman, in this respect differing from the fat person on the left and the scrawny specimen at the right. I am glad to learn your principles, sir, but here is my street. Good day."—Boston Transcript.

Nothing to Worry About. The wife was tenderly sympathetic. "Why, George, dear," she said when she noted her husband's tense attitude and set eyes. "What is the trouble?" He looked at her absently, as upon a total stranger.

"Oh," he said at length, "there was something I was going to worry about—I know there was—but for the life of me I can't think what it is."—Puck.

The Loss of an Eye. The loss of an eye, it is stated, deprives the individual of one-sixth of the field of vision. The power of reaction is also lost, so that a person with one eye cannot hit a given point until he becomes accustomed to the changed conditions.

Impressed Her. "You will never be able to make her believe that he is a liar." "I wonder why?" "I believe that he once told her she was beautiful."—Houston Post.

He Was Out. Short—If the collector calls with that bill tell him I'm out. Mrs. Short—But that would be a lie. Short—No, it wouldn't; I'm out of cash, ain't I?—Boston Transcript.

The Wretch. Ethel—Did you tell the reporter that your engagement was a secret? Marie—Yes, and the horrid thing never put it in the paper at all.—Boston Transcript.

Want of care does us more damage than want of knowledge.—Franklin.

## HEARING AND SEEING.

The Ear and the Eye and the Power of the Brain to Memorize.

Is the ear more retentive than the eye? Are we more impressed with what we hear than with what we see?

There is a familiar legend of Macaulay reciting a good part of "Paradise Lost" during a voyage to India and of the historian's ability to rise from a book and repeat word for word what he had read. There are also records of John Stuart Mill's ability to remember the printed word.

But the balance of evidence seems in favor of the power to memorize that which passes through the ear into the brain. "Memory" Woodfall, who lived in the latter part of the eighteenth century, could attend a debate and report it exactly without notes, a pure feat of aural memory. Toscanini can conduct a number of difficult operas without the score before him. Thomas Beecham, the London orchestra leader, conducted from memory Strauss' "Rosenkavalier" upon twenty-four hours' notice. Von Buelow is said to have memorized a Stanford symphony on the train between Hamburg and Berlin and to have conducted it without the score in the latter city. Dr. Kunwald can conduct from memory a large number of orchestral works, with all their nuances of interpretation.

It is a question for the psychologist. The popular verdict probably would be in favor of the prowess of the ear rather than of the eye. There are a large number of people who can remember an air exactly, but to whom the printed word is an evaporated thing as soon as it passes from their eyes.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

## MURDER WILL OUT.

"The Best Laid Schemes of Mice and Men Gang Aft Agley."

Once upon a time there was a lady who wished to have her real age kept a secret. In order to get away with it she instructed her son, in case any one asked how old he was, to knock off about 50 per cent.

She told people the boy was large for his age and explained the gruff tones of his voice by saying that his tonsils needed attention.

One day the rector of the church called, and while waiting in the drawing room for the lady to put the finishing touches to her makeup he talked with the boy, who was pretending to read "Little Lord Fauntleroy" for the seventeenth time. The boy volunteered the information that the next day would be his birthday.

"Ah," said the rector, "and how old will you be then?"

"Ten years old," replied the boy, as per instructions.

"Indeed!" said the rector. "I dare say you haven't any idea what your mother is going to give you for a birthday gift?"

"Oh, yes, I have," was the unexpected answer. "She promised to give me a safety razor."

When the rector rushed into the hall to see what had caused the loud crash he had heard he found the boy's mother lying on the floor in a dead faint.

Moral—Old Father Time calls all bluffs.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

The Rat and the Bulbs.

According to the French naturalist De Parville, a gardener planted one afternoon 250 tulip bulbs on a terrace, and next morning he noticed that the ground had been disturbed and that the bulbs had all been taken away. He was confident that rats had done the work, and, taking a spade, he began to dig in the hope of discovering their nest. Soon he unearthed a large female rat, which he killed, and after digging a few more minutes he discovered an underground chamber lined with hay and leaves and connected by a corridor with two holes, which were evidently used as storehouses, for in them he found the 250 tulip bulbs. This was remarkable, but more remarkable was the fact that they were neatly arranged in two rows and that not one of them had been gnawed or otherwise injured.

## THE GREATEST HEALTH INSURANCE IN THE WORLD

T. P. Taylor, Prominent Louisville Druggist, Makes Interesting Statement



T. P. TAYLOR

"The greatest health insurance in the world is the simplest," he said. "I never could quite understand why people are so negligent in the use of the simplest of all preventives of illness. It's all a matter of keeping the bowels open. The man who carries a little box of Rexall Orderlies has got a good health policy in his pocket. I believe they are the best laxative ever prepared, and their pleasant taste appeals to men, women and children alike."

We have the exclusive selling rights for this great laxative. Trial size, 10 cents. THE REXALL STORE T. J. SMITH & CO.

Thugs of India. Among the countless varieties of criminal which infest the large cities you are doubtless familiar with the one commonly designated by the name "thug," a ruffian who would stab a person in the back for a few cents. The name "thug" is derived from the old religious order that flourished in India unmolested up to about 1836. Thuggee was practiced by religious fanatics, whose creed prohibited the shedding of blood. Any human sacrifice which might be offered to the goddess Kali must be slain without the breaking of the skin or the appearance of one bloodstain. Usually the thugs masqueraded as pilgrims or peddlers, got the confidence of the victims and then strangled them by means of a rope, a handkerchief or an unwound turban. They were then buried in shallow graves, dug with a consecrated pickaxe, and a third of the plunder was laid on the altar of Kali, their barbaric deity.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Taking an Impression. The original point of view of Stephen Hawes, the English painter, is seen in the following fable, which was included in a letter to a friend:

The artist peeped into a window of a room where a retired merchant sat, doing a jigsaw puzzle.

"Whose is that strange face?" the merchant asked anxiously.

"I saw no one," his wife said.

"I did. I saw a strange face distinctly"—but before he reached the window the artist was gone.

"Do you think it was a burglar?" his wife said.

"We will see if he has taken anything."

Investigation showed that nothing was missing, but the artist had taken away an impression which he sold to that particular merchant for \$100.—Kansas City Times.

Reconciled.

We observe that our friend has a bad cold in his head, and of course we tell him exactly how to cure it.

From his pocket he takes a large memorandum book and enters out prescription on one of the final pages thereof. Then he snaps a rubber band about the book, sneezes and smiles happily.

We observe to him that we are glad our instructions for a cure have made him so happy.

"It isn't that," he says. "Since I got this cold I have written down every sure cure recommended, and whenever the cold gets so bad I feel as though I couldn't stand it another day I read over all the cures and think how much better it is to have the cold than to endure all the remedies."—Judge.

Bootsjacks and Cats.

Lest we forget. When did you ever see a bootsjack? And did you ever know a man who really threw one at a cat? Who ever started that lie, anyhow?—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

## Stomach Catarrh Is Very Prevalent

In this climate catarrh is a prevalent disease. Catarrh affects the stomach as often as any other organ. Perhaps every third person is more or less troubled with stomach catarrh. Peruna is extensively used in these cases.

PERUNA THE RELIABLE FAMILY REMEDY

JOB PRINTING—We do it Give us your next order

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Bring your grain to our mill for exchange and get THE BEST FLOUR IN TOWN

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Agent for E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

JOSHUA PAUL PAYNE,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Fourteenth Day of June, 1916,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 9th day of December, 1915.

HARRY W. PAYNE, Executor of Joshua Paul Payne, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Reg. W. S. C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

GEORGE M. RICHARDSON,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Fourteenth Day of June, 1916,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 11th day of December, 1915.

JOHN W. RICHARDSON, Administrator of George M. Richardson, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN T. HUDSON,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Fourteenth Day of June, 1916,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 7th day of December, 1915.

NORA P. HUDSON and PEIER O. HUDSON, Administrators of John T. Hudson, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset county letters of administration on the estate of

CHARLES LANKFORD,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Fourteenth Day of June, 1916,

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 7th day of December, 1915.

GORDON TULL, Administrator of Charles Lankford, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children For Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and are a pleasant remedy for Worms. Used by Mothers for 29 years. They never fail. At all druggists, 25c. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Ormsted, Le Roy, N. Y.



## Rheumatism!

How is rheumatism recognized? Some have said—

Rheumatism is a dull pain.  
Rheumatism is a sharp pain.  
Rheumatism is sore muscles.  
Rheumatism is stiff joints.  
Rheumatism is a shifting pain.

All have declared—*Rheumatism is Pain.*

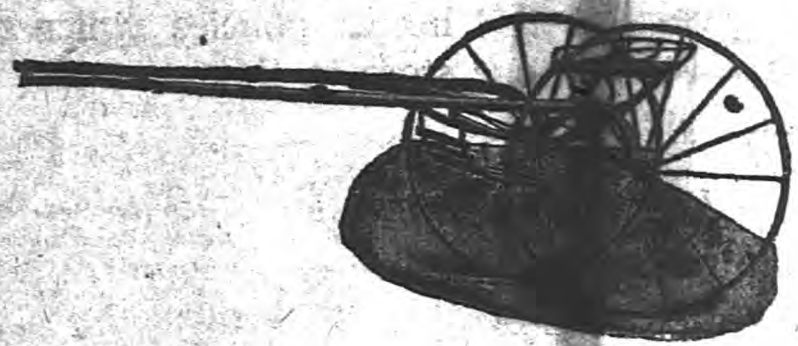
Sloan's Liniment applied:—

The blood begins to flow freely—the body's warmth is renewed—the congestion disappears—the pain is gone.

## Sloan's Liniment

KILLS PAIN (GUARANTEED)

Rheumatism and allied pains yield to the penetrating qualities of this warming liniment.



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### Drew Line at Indiana.

At a recent gathering of life insurance men one of the old timers exhibited a copy of a permit which had been attached to a policy issued by the Mutual Life in 1868. This permit read: "The within assured has permission to reside in any settled part of the states of California, Nevada, Oregon or Washington territory and while so residing to make trips (as a passenger only) on first class steamers plying between the ports of Washington territory, the states of California and Oregon and the Sandwich Islands and to proceed to and return in like manner, or by public conveyance overland."

"Provided that written notice be given by the assured whenever any trip to the Sandwich Islands or to the Atlantic states is undertaken, to the general agent of the company at San Francisco, Cal., and provided also that on the overland route the said assured to take his own risk by death from hostile Indians."—Wall Street Journal.

### Courage and Courtesy.

It is recorded of General Sheridan that he was once asked who, in his opinion, was the most reliable of the corps commanders, and he unhesitatingly answered, General Hancock. He said, "If I wanted a man to stay where I put him, if I located him at night and wanted to find him right there in the morning, I'd select Hancock." And then further Sheridan said:

"For genuine politeness and gentle regard for women Hancock was incomparable. If Mrs. Hancock came into his room twenty times in half an hour he would always stand up." There is a compliment indeed. The bravest commander was the most courteous to women, and, what was best of all, he included his own wife among the objects of his courtesy. That is something many men forget—they are courteous to all women except to their own wives.—Ohio State Journal.

### Original of Falstaff.

Sir John Falstaff was the original of Shakespeare's Falstaff and in his day was a continual butt for the jests of the town and borough of Southwark. Though he had fought at Agincourt, when Jack Cade invaded the borough he showed great cowardice. When Cade was yet some way off Falstaff had armed and fortified his house and garrisoned it with veterans of the French wars. On the arrival of Cade, however, he withdrew his garrison and fled to the Tower, leaving his neighbors to the mercy of the rebels. Falstaff's matrimonial adventures seem also to have been another source of unpopularity, for, having married a widow named Scrope, he seized her property and kept his stepson out of his inheritance during his own lifetime.—London News.

### J. E. GREEN AUCTIONEER

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R. F. D. No. 2

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

### Hens Cackle—Roosters Crow

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### POULTRY RESTORATIVE

Helps Them to Lay More Eggs, Keep Healthy and Gain Weight

C. H. HAYMAN

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### SEVEN BARKS

a Sure and Safe Remedy for

### DYSPEPSIA and all STOMACH TROUBLES

Seven Barks, which is the extract of Roots and Herbs, will make your food digest, banish Headaches, regulate your Liver and Kidneys, give you new life, and keep you well. Price 50 cts. a bottle at all druggists or from the proprietor, Lyman Brown, 65 Murray St., New York City.

### "The Lime That Acts"

There is hardly a farm in Maryland where the soil is not sadly lacking in lime—*Soils stay sick and sour*—and many crops are stunted.

Clover and Alfalfa would grow where now it does not thrive. Bigger crops of grain would follow.

## The Moore-Pendleton Co.

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IT PAYS TO LIME—BUT When You Lime, Use The Best



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MARYLANDER AND HERALD

### The Land of Large Families.

In his article on the winter life of the French Canadians in Harper's Howard E. Smith tells of the extraordinary large families of these simple folk.

"Soon the twilight grew to night, and the large lamp on the table cast its orange glow over the room and the long table filled with steaming dishes. 'You have a large family, madam,' I remarked, as they gathered about the table."

"Oul, monsieur, we are sixteen. It is a good gift to le bon Dieu, n'est-ce pas?" she said, turning toward the cure.

"C'est vrai, mon enfant. It is. There is no better gift than that of another child to his kingdom."

"I could not but remember that the law has also encouraged large families by passing a bill at Quebec giving ten acres of land to any family having from that time forth twelve or more children, and how in two years the law was repealed because the demand on those ten acre lots was in excess of the supply."

### Strawberry Nose.

The most distressing of facial deformities, rhinophyma, which is characterized by a much swollen and reddened tip of the nose, making this look like a huge strawberry or a piece of cauliflower that has been dipped in beet juice, may be cured by a simple operation. Sir William Milligan of the Royal Infirmary, Manchester, England, describes this in the London Lancet.

The operation consists in cutting off all the hypertrophied tissue, while the nasal passages are kept extended with absorbent wool in order to preserve their contour. Care is taken to avoid injury to the lateral cartilages, and only two insignificant blood vessels require tying. The raw surface is covered with two thin grafts of skin cut from the patient's thigh, over which a sheet of gold leaf is placed and a dry dressing fastened with adhesive plaster. It should be possible to remove the dressing in five days.

### Races Within Races in the Balkans.

Language and religion are not the only basis of the intense "vision" of feeling in the Balkans. The whole region is parcelled out among race "factions," some of which are no larger than a hamlet. Roumanians, Bulgarians, Servians and Greeks have a sharp consciousness of race persistence, and at the same time every state is intent upon breaking up the race units of other peoples which exist within its borders. If Greece were peopled only by Greeks and Bulgaria by Bulgarians and Serbia by Servians, the task would be easier. It is a curse to the peninsula that the villagers have pushed this way and that wherever there was a vacant land or wherever they could make a vacancy by driving out the previous holders. The result is the creation of race islands in the midst of angry race seas.—Albert Bushnell Hart in Outlook.

### Making the Insects Speak.

In the biographical sketch of

### The Torch of Civilization.

In the history of civilization first one nation arises and becomes the torch bearer and then another takes the torch as it becomes stronger, the stronger always pushing the weaker aside and becoming in its turn the leader. Each nation that has borne the torch of civilization has followed some path peculiarly its own. Egyptian, Syrian, Persian, Greek, Roman, Frank, all had their ideal of power—order and progress directed under supreme authority, maintained by armed organization. We Anglo-Saxons bear the torch of civilization because we possess the principles of civil liberty, and we have the character, or should have the character, which our fathers have transmitted to us, with which to uphold it. If we have not, then be sure that with the certainty of a law of nature some nation—it may be one or it may be another—already knocking at our doors, will push us from the way and take the torch and bear it onward, and we shall go down.—Thomas Nelson Page.

### Classification of Stars.

In classifying stars astronomers recognize six degrees of magnitude, but the term relates to radiance or brilliancy rather than to size. Although the classification is somewhat arbitrary, yet each degree of magnitude is approximately two and a half times as brilliant as a star of the next magnitude below. Then, too, each magnitude is about three times more numerous than the one which precedes it. Beginning with the brightest, there are visible without a glass about twenty stars of the first magnitude, about sixty-five of the second magnitude, nearly 200 of the third magnitude, over 400 of the fourth magnitude, about 1,100 of the fifth and over 3,000 of the sixth. The total number of stars that can be seen by the unaided eye is about 5,000, but not all at one time. This takes no account of the millions, perhaps hundreds of millions, in regions of space that cannot be reached by the unaided eye.

### Hot Winds.

The sirocco blows hot from the highlands of north Africa and falls on the Mediterranean as far as Malta. The salano jumps like a windy fireball from the heat of the Sahara desert and lands flatfooted in Spain. The harmattan blows hot Sahara dust far into the Atlantic and gives nosebleeds and makes "skin and lips parch and crack, while fur, tape and ship timbers groan and crack, and a scream in an agony of droughty despair. The khashm blows Sahara's ancient dust into Egyptian eyes every fifty days. The pamperos periodically blow down into Buenos Aires out of the unexplored desert highlands of Brazil, and the coming causes suicides and murders to be common and wounds to break out afresh, with a heavy death rate. Pamperos pass away in a second, leaving the air fine.—Exchange.

### Painter and Pawnbroker.

Mr. Frank Brangwyn, A. R. A., knows his Paris as well as most, and a good many more out of the way spots of the world besides—Russia, n. Algiers, Turkey and the rest—ch he has visited in the pursuit of art, more especially during his early days, when he was less affluent today, in which latter connection once had an amusing experience. "ing a financial crisis he sought to get a loan of \$50 on the security of his own pictures. The pawnbroker offered \$25.00, to the artist's indignation. 'Why, the frame alone is worth more than that,' he protested, to meet with the crushing reply, 'I own it is, and it is on the frame that I'm lending the money.'—Westminster Gazette.

### A Japanese Breakfast.

The usual Japanese breakfast consists of rice, miso, soup, pickles and occasionally fish. Tea is always served with meals and is drunk clear, without sugar or cream. Miso soup consists of tripe of radishes, seaweed, eggplant or other vegetables cooked with bean curd and water. The cooking is not continued for a long period, and so few vegetables are used that the soup partakes only slightly of the flavor of the ingredients.

### A Whistling Moth.

A whistling moth is an Australian rarity. There is a glassy space on the wings crossed with ribs. When the moth wants to whistle it strikes these ribs with its antennae, which have a knob at the end. The sound is a love call from the male to the female.

### A Last Resort.

"Can't you do anything at all for my hair?" "Nope," said the barber. "Hair all gone." "But my dome shines like a newly starched collar. Can't you give it a sort of dull finish?"—Exchange.

### Unexpected.

Bill—Did you ever try to stand on an egg?

Jill—Oh, yes. "And what did you learn?" "That the inside of the egg was stronger than the outside."—Philadelphia Record.

### Psychology.

Psychology is the science of explaining why the time between weekly pay days seems longer than the period from one monthly gas bill to the next.—Toledo Blade.

### Worse Still.

"I have a wife who is like a bird that can sing and won't." "You're lucky. Mine can't sing and will."—Baltimore American.

### MINING TIMBER.

#### Beds of Prehistoric Trees Under New Earth's Surface.

You know all about mining, or, at least, you know the sort of things that are obtained from the depths of the earth, such as gold, iron, coal, salt and precious stones. Did you ever hear of mining timber? The chances are that you did not, and yet there was a time when the mining of white cedar was one of the most important industries of New Jersey.

Those who delved in the swampy earth in pursuit of the great and perfectly preserved logs were not compelled to dig deep pits, for the trunks of those prehistoric trees were seldom more than fifteen feet below the surface. Many of the logs were as much as six feet in diameter, and one was found with 1,080 annual rings. Beneath this tree, which had flourished in its native forest for more than a thousand years, there was dug up another tree of an even earlier forest with more than 500 rings.

New Jersey is by no means the only state in the Union or the only part of the world where prehistoric trees are to be found so perfectly preserved that even their characteristic odor is retained. Near Salem, O., a large quantity of timber was dug up at a depth of forty feet, the trees incased in a thick layer of glacial mud, and it is nothing uncommon in eastern Michigan for the diggers of wells to encounter tree trunks sixty feet down in the soft earth. The wood thus obtained is the best wood to be had, especially for fine cabinet work. In Germany it has long been the custom to dredge the deep bed of the Rhine for ancient logs, out of which the cases of the finest toned pianos are constructed.—Exchange.

### ENGLISH SPELLING.

Consider, if You Please, the Words Victual and Tongue.

Were you ever perplexed by English spelling? But what a foolish question! The rest of the world is agreed that the man who insists he is never at a loss for the correct spelling of a word is a prevaricator of the nth degree. But how did our speech happen to be thus encumbered? The French, the countless silent letters, but there is such system about their literature that it can be mastered by the average mind. German is absolutely phonetic, as are most of the Romance tongues. Greek was pronounced as it was spelled, and Latin is simplicity itself for all that the classical scholars disagree as to the sounds of the vowels and a few of the consonants.

Mme. Bernhardt when she was urged to present her plays in the speech of the American people declared, "English is not a language; it is violent exercise, and its spelling is impossible." Many a schoolboy and girl will agree with her. "That justification is there for such a word as 'victual,' which must be pronounced just as it was in the days when it was spelled v-i-t-t-l-e! And, while we are on the subject of our native tongue, how shall we justify t-o-n-g-u-e, a spelling that is monstrous in the light of the language's development? Up to the beginning of the nineteenth century that word was t-u-n-g, with here and there a pedantic faddist who put on airs when he wrote t-o-n-g-u-e. Our accepted spelling is an imitation of the French 'langue' just as victual is an imitation of the Latin 'victualia,' handed down by half-baked scholars.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

### Went Back on His Authority.

Leslie Stephen's single meeting with Freeman, the historian, was in the nature of a collision. "I came in contact with him only once," he said. "He wrote a life of Alfred for the Dictionary of National Biography under my editorship, but declined to do more because we had a difference of opinion as to whether Athelstan should be spelled with an 'A.' That was, I confess, a question to which I was culpably indifferent, but I had taken competent advice, and my system (I forget what it was) had been elsewhere sanctioned by the great historian Stubbs. Now, as Freeman was never tired of asserting the infallibility of Stubbs, I innocently thought that I might take refuge behind so eminent an authority. The result was that for once Freeman blasphemed Stubbs and refused to cooperate any longer in an unscholarlike enterprise."

### Honest Praise.

An honest compliment was that paid to M. de Vendome, who, while commanding the French army in Italy, dispatched a young nobleman to announce to his master the victory which he had gained at Suzzara. The latter while attempting to describe the battle became several times much confused in his narrative, when, although the king preserved his gravity, the Duchess of Burgundy, who was present, laughed so heartily that at last the young gentleman said, "Sire, it is easier for M. de Vendome to win a battle than for me to describe it."

### He Knew Her.

She—Reggie, dear, there is something of the old time lovelight in your eyes tonight—something about you that reminds me of those sweet days of long ago. I hope you have— He—Yes, I have a little left. How much do you want this time?

### Household Minerals.

Gold, silver, copper, quicksilver or mercury, iron, nickel, tin, zinc, lead and aluminum are the ten minerals generally to be found in every house.

A fool's heart is in his tongue, but a wise man's tongue is in his heart.—Quarles.



TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 4, 1916

## JANUARY FIRST AND ITS OBLIGATIONS

The coming of the New Year makes to every business man an appeal that should not be slighted. It is the day for summarizing what has been accomplished during the preceding year and laying plans for future betterment. The process of balancing up accounts and sending out claims is not at all unusual. A good business man must be a good collector and an annual adjustment is not an unwise expedient. Accounts have a way of increasing that surprises many a person and settlements by the month or quarterly would be an improved system. Most business houses conduct their transactions in the latter way.

One of the important matters that come to every property owner on January 1st is his tax accounts, which are then in arrears and bear interest from that time. Taxes are debts that are to be faced every year and consequently preparations should be made for their settlement. If paid in the early fall prior to January 1st a discount is allowed. Many people avail themselves of this privilege. The great body of people, however, generally wait and permit interest to be added to their accounts. It really would be a better way for persons without present resources to borrow money and thus get the benefit of discounts.

It is folly to complain of the tax rate being high. In a county where the basis is comparatively low the rate is bound to be high. Those living in corporations have also a town tax to pay, so that the entire rate is really a city one. The only way to save the tax rate is to make accounts against the county as low as possible and to plead for economy in public business. Complaints after the rate has been established are futile.

The idea of this article is to assist people to look ahead and to provide for their personal necessities. To be ready for a rainy day is also essential. Our savings banks are to be commended for assisting us in these matters. January 1st is a good time to begin our lesson in economy and thrift. It is also an excellent occasion to prepare for future charities. Every self-supporting and self-respecting person should remember that there are others much worse off than themselves. Provision for themselves means also provision for the poor and suffering who are not to be forgotten.

Mr. O. Sadler, who has been editor of The Crisis since its establishment last April, has resigned his position. Mr. Sadler is from Rocky Mount, North Carolina, and the recent death of his uncle makes it imperative for him to remain in North Carolina. He has made an excellent head of The Crisis and its success has been largely attributed to his influence.

## More Oil Than Ever

Preliminary estimates of the Geological Survey on the production of crude petroleum in 1915, which are to be used in connection with the Federal inquiry in the cause of advancing gasoline prices, were made public last Thursday by Secretary Lane, and indicate an increase of about two million barrels over last year's output, which, with a total production of about 290,000,000 barrels, was a record-breaker.

"The present year began with a surplus of petroleum in field storage," said the report, "so that production of crude oil was not pushed. Under these conditions the small increase in marketed production was significant. Of the total yield of the wells the past year about 8 per cent. remains in field storage, and added to this are the stocks held in storage by the pipe line companies, a reserve estimated by the survey as 50,000,000 barrels greater than a year ago."

"The supply in the United States is not unlimited, but the decline in the country's output of crude oil has not yet set in. The increase in stocks is in itself a fairly conclusive rebuttal of any price-boasting plea of present shortage. Furthermore, the better market for crude oil which characterized the closing months of the year has already somewhat stimulated drilling activity, which may contribute to next year's production."

A broken promise isn't all that it is cracked up to be.

## New State-Wide Educational Measure

With the State Federation of Women's Clubs, the Child Labor Committee, the county superintendents of schools, and practically every organization in the State interested in educational matters lined up behind it, a State-wide compulsory school-attendance law making an attendance of 100 consecutive school days mandatory, will be one of the important bills presented at the coming session of the Legislature.

The bill has been drawn up through the co-operation of the committee on education of the State Federation and the child-labor and compulsory school attendance committee, to replace the old school attendance law, optional in 17 counties, exempting six other counties and requiring only four months of schooling. Under the operation of this law most shocking conditions prevail throughout the State. In the six counties exempted from the law 11,326 children were out of school last year. In the entire State 42,088 white children were out of school and 15,500 colored children; in other words, there are approximately three illiterate white children in the State to every illiterate negro child.

The four months of school attendance required by the old law is not exclusive of the holidays. Under this arrangement the four months average less than 80 consecutive days of schooling for the child who may begin the school year as late as February if he likes. The new law will require that the 100 consecutive school days begin not later than the first of November and will wipe out the exemptions and options on the law making it State-wide and mandatory.

Eighteen of the 23 Superintendents of the county public schools have written to Mrs. Edward F. Buchner, chairman of the committee on education of the State Federation, expressing their intention to work for the passage of the bill to the extent of their ability. Miss Caroline Wilson, field secretary of the child labor and compulsory school attendance committee, is at present being sent all over the State working up public sentiment in favor of the State-wide law through public meetings and interviews with delegates to the legislature.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.  
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE  
Toledo, O.  
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

[Advertisement]

## Buzzard Again Indicted

The recent Alabama legislature passed a bill authorizing the killing of buzzards, crows, English sparrows and other birds that are not protected by game laws and that are not birds. The chief indictment against the buzzard was that it carries cholera, anthrax and other diseases animals.

More recently the statement has been made by men high in authority that a buzzard, if a distributor of such diseases, is but a small factor in the distribution. State veterinarians and others who know the buzzard and its habits take issue with the microscopic germs of Washington, and they advise the farmers and hunters of Alabama to go ahead with their vulture killing.

Another charge brought against the red-headed variety of an unsightly genus that appears to advantage only when voleplaning among the loftiest clouds is that it is a great destroyer of young lambs, kids and other kinds of animals that are not well provided with maternal protectors. A noted hunter and authority on such subjects says that much of the sheep killing that has been charged to bird dogs should be laid at the door of the buzzards.

This hunter suggests that in addition to the permission granted by the legislature to kill such birds, a part of the money derived from gun licenses and similar sources should be used to pay a bounty for the killing of buzzards and hawks.

It has been held in our own State of Maryland that buzzards are spreaders of disease and especially of hog cholera and the disease that has killed off so many horses and mules in the past few years.

Charity begins at home, but it is often out to callers.

## To Cure Children's Colds

Keep child dry, clothe comfortably avoid exposure and give Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It is pleasant, soothing, anti-septic, raises phlegm and reduces inflammation. The first dose gives relief, continued treatment with proper care will avoid serious illness or a long cold. Don't delay treatment. Don't let your child suffer. Get a bottle today. Insist on Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. 25c. at Druggists.

When Rubbers Become Necessary  
and your shoes pinch, use Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. For itching feet and breaking in new shoes. It is just the thing. It gives rest and comfort to tired, swollen, aching feet. Sold everywhere, 25c.

## What If Bryan Does Not?

William Jennings Bryan is expected to lead a bolt from the Democratic convention in St. Louis and to organize an independent party for the Democratic convention in St. Louis does not go the way that suits William Jennings Bryan. Such is the Washington prognostication, and judging from portents of the times, such a course by the former Secretary of State would not be the least surprising. That he is fully capable of bolting has been proved amply by his sudden quitting of Wilson's cabinet and by his previous snubbing of elder leaders in party councils that he might lead a forlorn but egotistical hope.

Mr. Bryan is active, cunning, sagacious. He is among the foremost of American orators. He is shrewd, speculative. He is self-complacent. He has many personal attributes which endear him to his followers. He is fearless and he has that intuitive faculty of knowing how and when to make a political stroke count.

There is one other point about Mr. Bryan, however, which should not be overlooked. He undoubtedly is a disappointed man. Thrice beaten for the Presidency despite his talents and following; a failure in the realm of diplomacy as encompassed by the walls of State Department at Washington, he can not but reflect and radiate bitterness. It is to be feared that his farm on the Platte, his town house in Washington and his winter home in Florida fail to assuage his grief over the checks to his ambition.

It is to be doubted, therefore, if a bolt led by Bryan would carry as much weight as he himself believes it would. Mr. Bryan has lowered himself decidedly in the estimation of his fellow countrymen the past two years. His neglect of the affairs of State while orating at so much per and an interest in the gate receipts on the Chautauqua circuit did not elevate him in public esteem, nor has his peace-at-any-price propaganda (particularly since the failure of the Ford expedition has become so pronounced) enhanced him politically.

Undeniably it would be better for the Democratic outlook if the party were assured a united front. But it is questionable whether a defection by the so-called Bryan cohorts under the leadership of their erstwhile "silver" champion would prove as serious to a campaign by President Wilson for re-election as might at first be thought—Wilmington Every Evening.

## How To Cure Colds

Avoid exposure and drafts. Eat right. Take Dr. King's New Discovery. It is prepared from Pine Tar, healing balsams and mild laxatives. Dr. King's New Discovery kills and expels the cold germs, soothes the irritated throat and allays inflammation. It heals the mucous membrane. Search as you will, you cannot find a better cough and cold remedy. Its use over 45 years is a guarantee of satisfaction.

## Three Cords of Gold

Down in the dingy old vault of the sub-treasury, at New York, there is a 200-ton pile of glittering yellow bars, each bar worth \$7000 and the whole pile worth \$102,500,000. Every day adds to the pile. The bars represent the foreign gold coins, mostly English sovereigns, that have been melted down since October 27th. The coin has been sent here from Europe to pay for things that Europeans have bought of Americans.

Although the Government has not sold anything it finds itself in possession of all this gold. Really it has borrowed the metal, for it has exchanged it or some bits of paper, its promises to pay. These bits of paper circulate as money, when the gold they represent is piled like cordwood, three cords of it, in the sub-treasury vaults. Wouldn't some of the European nations that are impoverishing themselves and their neighbors like to get hold of that pile of shining yellow metal?

This country has free and unlimited coinage of gold. The Treasury cannot refuse it, but must take all that is offered. Bankers who receive the gold from Europe in settlement of the balances due them are glad to get it off their hands. As it comes from the steamer they send it directly to the sub-treasury and receive instead of it an equal value in crisp yellow backs or treasury notes.

## Constipation and Indigestion

"I have used Chamberlain's Tablets and must say they are the best I have ever used for constipation and indigestion. My wife also used them for indigestion and they did her good," writes Eugene S. Knight, Wilmington, N. C. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement]

H. FILLMORE LANKFORD, Solicitor.

## Order of Publication

In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity. No. 3067, Chancery.

Lizzie Parkin vs. Jacob Goble, Carrie Exstine and James Exstine, her husband; Mary Fisher and Jacob Fisher, her husband; Emma Goble and John Goble, her husband; Minnie Knapp, Goldie Knapp, Grace Knapp, Daisy Knapp, Cornelius Eppler, Anna Harper and Charles Harper, her husband; Alvah Eppler and Ida Eppler, his wife; Alma Sherwood and Howard Sherwood, her husband; Ray Eppler, Rhea Gahin and Harley Gahin, her husband; Clarence Eppler and Clara Eppler, his wife; Howard Eppler and Flossie Eppler, his wife; Minnie Roberts and Charles Roberts, her husband.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of certain real estate in Somerset County, Maryland, of which Peter C. Goble, late of said county, deceased, died seized, for the purpose of dividing the proceeds among his heirs-at-law. The bill of complaint states that the said Peter C. Goble, was at the time of his death, the owner of two tracts of land in West Princess Anne District, Somerset County, Maryland, consisting of all the land which was conveyed to the said Goble by Francis F. Barnes and wife and Francis H. Dryden and wife by deed dated the 8th day of June, 1897, recorded among the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 21, folio 224, etc., exact various parcels of said land sold and conveyed by the said Goble in his lifetime, and consisting also of a small parcel of land which was conveyed to the said Goble in a deed between the said Goble and Newton A. Partridge, dated the 18th day of March, 1908, recorded among the said records in Liber S. P. D. No. 39, folio 488, etc., one of said parcels of land containing seventy-nine acres, more or less, and the other containing eight acres, more or less, that being so seized, the said Peter C. Goble died, intestate in the month of October, 1915, leaving surviving him a widow, Maria C. Goble, who is still living, and leaving no child, children or descendants, but leaving surviving him as his only heirs-at-law, the following named brother and sisters of the whole blood and the following named descendants of his deceased brother and sisters of the whole blood, namely:

- (1) Jacob Goble, a brother, who resides in the State of West Virginia.
- (2) Carrie Exstine, a sister, who intermarried with James Exstine, who resides in Zanesville, in the State of Ohio.
- (3) Mary Fisher, a sister, who intermarried with Jacob Fisher, who resides in the State of Ohio.
- (4) Emma Goble, a sister, who intermarried with John Goble, who resides in Zanesville, in the State of Ohio.
- (5) The following descendants of Philip Goble, deceased brother of the said Peter C. Goble, and the plaintiff in this suit, and who resides in the State of Maryland: (A) The following children of Emma Knapp, a deceased daughter of the said Philip Goble, namely: Minnie Knapp, Grace Knapp, Daisy Knapp and Cornelius Eppler, a son. (B) Anna Harper, a daughter, who intermarried with Charles Harper, (C) Alvah Eppler, a son who intermarried with Ida Eppler and (D) Alma Sherwood, a daughter, who intermarried with Howard Sherwood, and (E) the following children of Wesley, a deceased son of the said Lizzie Eppler, namely: Ray Eppler and Rhea Gahin who married with Harley Gahin, all of whom reside in the State of Ohio.

The following children of Phoebe Eppler, deceased sister of the said Peter C. Goble, (A) Eppler, a son, who intermarried with Eppler. (B) Howard Eppler, a son, who married with Flossie Eppler, all of whom reside in the State of Ohio, and (C) Minnie Roberts, a daughter, who intermarried with Charles S. whose place of residence is unknown to plaintiff.

All of said defendants are non-residents of the State of Maryland, and that all of said defendants are of the full age of twenty-one years, the said Minnie Knapp, Goldie Knapp, Grace Knapp and Daisy Knapp, who are infants, are age of twenty-one years, and that the said Mary Fisher is insane and has been for years confined in an Insane Asylum.

That said real estate is not susceptible of partition, and cannot be divided among the persons entitled to it without loss and injury to the same, and that in order to make division of said interests it will be necessary that said real estate be sold and the proceeds thereof divided among the parties to the suit according to their respective interests therein.

It is thereupon, this 24th day of December, 1915, ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, that the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Somerset County, once in each of four successive weeks before the 27th day of January, 1916, give notice to the said absent and non-resident defendants of the object and substance of the bill of complaint, warning them and each of them to be and appear in this Court on or before the 15th day of February, 1916, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.

True Copy, Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

## Order Nisi

H. Fillmore Bounds and others vs. Annie L. Barbon and Philip Bounds and wife.

No. 3032, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this twenty-fourth day of December, nineteen hundred and fifteen, that the report of H. Fillmore Lankford, the trustee ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, that the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Somerset County, once in each of four successive weeks before the 27th day of January, 1916, give notice to the said absent and non-resident defendants of the object and substance of the bill of complaint, warning them and each of them to be and appear in this Court on or before the 15th day of February, 1916, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.

True Copy, Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

## "The House of Fashion"



STANDING at the threshold of the New Year, with the memory of the highly satisfactory business which the year that is just closing has brought us, we announce that the liberal policies which have actuated our store in the past shall continue in force.

It is an agreeable duty for us to offer our sincere thanks and appreciation for the patronage that has been given us in the past year, and to assure our customers that we shall endeavor to meet their requirements just as satisfactorily in the years that are to come as we have done in the past.

Happy New Year to all.

T. F. HARGIS  
Department Store  
POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

## Attorney's Sale OF VALUABLE Farm Property

In Dublin District Somerset County, Maryland

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage executed by a certain Felix Lake (widower) to Glenn Franklin Butler, bearing date November 18, 1914, and recorded among the land records of Somerset County, Maryland, in Liber O. T. B. No. 40, folio 435, etc., default having been made in the payment of the debt secured by said mortgage, I, the undersigned attorney named in said mortgage for foreclosure, will offer for sale at public auction in front of the Court House, in Princess Anne, Somerset County, Maryland, on

Wednesday, Jan. 12, 1916

at or about 2.30 p. m., all the right, title, interest and estate of all the parties to the foregoing mortgage in and to all that farm or tract of land, situate, lying and being in Dublin Election District, Somerset County, Maryland, on the county road leading from Princess Anne to Old Dublin and to Pocomoke City, known as a part of the Levin Butler or Cannon farm, or by whatever name or names the same may be known or called, containing

Eighty-One Acres of Land,

more or less, being all of the land conveyed by said mortgage except so much thereof as the said Felix Lake and Glenn Franklin Butler conveyed to a certain L. Thomas Hill and Pearl Hough Hill. For better description of the property to be sold see deed to L. Paul Ewell from the said Glenn Franklin Butler et al., dated October 31, 1914, and recorded among the land records of Somerset County, Maryland, in Liber W. S. No. 87, folio 355, the land to be sold being one-half of the acreage mentioned in this deed.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half cash, the balance in six months. Title papers at the expense of the purchaser.

L. PAUL EWELL, Attorney named in said mortgage to foreclose.

GORDON TULL, Solicitor.

## Trustee's Sale OF VALUABLE Real Estate

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, dated the 8th day of December, 1915, and passed in a cause in said Court depending in which Amelia Harrington et al. are plaintiffs and Glenwood Harrington et al. are defendants, the same being No. 3041 Chancery in said Court, the undersigned as trustee named therein, will sell at public auction in front of the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Md., on

Tuesday, January 4, 1916

at or about the hour of 1.30 p. m., all that lot and parcel of land, located in Mt. Vernon District, Somerset County, Maryland, on the south side of the county road leading from White Haven to Widgeon and adjoining the lands formerly owned and occupied by Henry J. Coten, William Burke, W. C. Fontaine, and George S. Dashiell, containing

Five Acres of Land,

more or less, with the improvements thereon, conveyed to George S. Harrington by deed from John E. Larmore and wife, made the 23rd day of June, 1891, and recorded in Liber H. F. L., No. 13, folio 235, etc., and by the said George S. Harrington devised to his widow and children by will made the 28th day of July, 1910, and recorded in Wills Records Liber T. D. No. 21, folio 215, IMPROVED BY A DWELLING HOUSE and other buildings.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half cash, balance in six months. Title papers at purchaser's expense.

GORDON TULL, Trustee.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA Fetch your Job Printing to this office

## Trustee's Sale OF Real Estate

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, passed in a cause in which H. Fillmore Lankford, executor of Kate Hastings, is plaintiff and Gus Muir is defendant, the undersigned trustee therein named, will sell at public auction at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, Jan. 11, 1916,

at or about the hour of 1.30 o'clock p. m., all that lot or parcel of land in St. Peter's district, Somerset County, Maryland, on the west side of the county road leading from Oriole to Monie, containing

TWO ACRES.

more or less, adjoining the land of Henry B. Phoebe and others, and being the same land which was conveyed to the said Kate Hastings by Henry B. Phoebe by deed dated the 31st day of February, 1906, recorded among the land records of said county in Liber O. T. B. No. 40, folio 435, etc., improved by a DWELLING HOUSE in which the said Gus Muir now resides.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-half cash, and the balance in six months, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale, or on a cash at the option of the purchaser. Title papers at the expense of the purchaser.

H. FILLMORE LANKFORD, Trustee.

## PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Under Mortgage

By virtue of the power contained in a mortgage from George Boulden, Annie Boulden, Lina Collins and Henrietta Boulden to Hershel V. Maddox, dated the 18th day of April, 1906, recorded among the land records of Somerset County, in Liber O. T. B. No. 42, folio 244, etc., the undersigned attorney named in said mortgage, will sell at public auction at the Court House door, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Tuesday, January 4, 1916

at or about the hour of two o'clock p. m., all that lot of land in Westover District, Somerset County, Maryland, on the south side of the county road leading from Westover to Fairmount, adjoining the lands of Benjamin S. Lankford and Fannie Fontaine, containing

1 1-2 ACRES

more or less, and being all of the land conveyed by said mortgage, and composed of the parcel of land conveyed to Gilbert Bowlen by William J. Dryden and others by deed dated the 12th July, 1879, recorded in said records in Liber L. W. No. 17, folio 365, etc., and the parcel of land conveyed to Henrietta F. Boland by the said William J. Dryden and others by deed dated the 15th of September, 1882, recorded in said records in Liber H. F. L., No. 11, folio 540, etc. This lot of land is improved by a TWO-STORY DWELLING in which Mrs. Mary Lankford now resides.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash as prescribed by the mortgage. Title papers at the expense of the purchaser.

H. FILLMORE LANKFORD, Attorney named in said mortgage.

Gwendolyn B. Dennis SHAMPOOING Scalp Treatment

Appointments made. Ladies exclusively

ANTIOCH AVENUE Princess Anne, Maryland

JOB PRINTING—We do it.

Give us your next order.



Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published free—but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of (5) five cents per line.

**BUSINESS POINTERS**

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter

**FOR SALE.**—Pine and Oak Cord Wood, also wood cut ready for the stove. Phone P. E. TWINING.

**FOR SALE.**—First-class fresh milk cow. L. H. LLOYD, Route 3, Princess Anne, Md.

**FOR RENT.**—50 acre farm for year 1916. Apply to H. V. MADDOX, Manokin, Md.

**WANTED.**—A good white housekeeper. Do not object to two children. SIDNEY C. JONES, Marion, Md.

**FOR RENT.**—For 1916 the farm now tenanted by James H. Martin, one mile east of Princess Anne. H. LEE POWELL, Salisbury, Md.

**FOR SALE.**—Two speed, single cylinder Harley Davidson Motorcycle, equipped in A1 condition. G. S. BUNTING, Pocomoke City, Md.

**FOR SALE.**—Five pure bred Poland China Pigs that are eligible for registry. Price \$5.00 each. R. H. HARRIS, Route 1, Princess Anne, Md.

Having purchased a new McCormick Shredder, I am prepared to do your work at \$1.50 per hour.

JOHN M. RING, Westover, Md.  
Big bargains in all kinds of stoves at Pusey's Hardware Store. I am overstocked and must sell regardless of cost. E. S. PUSEY, Princess Anne.

**FOR RENT.**—House on Prince William street, opposite Protestant Episcopal Rectory. Possession January 1st, 1916. W. H. DASHIELL, Marylander and Herald Office.

**WANTED.**—Good man for salesman and collector, to work in Princess Anne and adjoining territory. High-class proposition for right man. Address, EMPLOYER, P. O. Box 107, Salisbury, Md.

**FOR SALE.**—Ice, Coal, Wood, Fertilizer, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flaxseed Meal, Cottonseed Meal, Bran, Middlings, Dairy Feeds, Hominy, Beef Scrap, Chicken Feeds, etc., wholesale and retail. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

Miss Cecie Dixon is visiting Mrs. John Herrick, at Norfolk, Va.

See advertisement of Horse and Mule sale at Ellegood's livery stable on Saturday, January 8th.

The Civic Club will meet in the Court House tomorrow (Wednesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Dr. C. W. Purnell, optometrist, will be at Omar A. Jones' drug store, Wednesday afternoon, January 5th, 1916.

The Young Ladies Card Club was entertained last Wednesday afternoon by Miss Marian Stanford, at her home on Prince William street.

For corrected schedules of the N. Y., P. & N. Railroad and the Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Railway see time-tables on our 8th page.

Mrs. T. A. Walker left last Tuesday for Parkersburg, West Virginia, where she had been summoned by the illness of her father, Mr. J. F. Bowen.

Mrs. William S. Long, formerly of this town, is seriously ill with pneumonia at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George W. King, in Baltimore.

Friday night the 26th chapter of "The Diamond from the Sky," and a two-reel Keystone comedy, will be shown at the Auditorium. Don't fail to see both pictures.

The ladies of the Presbyterian Church will begin their bread and cake sale Saturday afternoon, January 8th, between two and four o'clock, at the home of Mrs. Wm. H. Gale.

Mr. Edgar A. Jones entertained quite a number of his friends last Tuesday evening at his home in Mt. Vernon district, about six miles from Princess Anne. The young people from the county seat were well represented. Dancing was one of the chief entertainments of the evening.

Mrs. C. M. Dashiell gave a luncheon last Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Those present were: Mrs. T. Jacob Smith, Mrs. W. H. Dashiell, Mrs. H. L. Brittingham, Mrs. H. P. Dashiell, Mrs. Wm. B. Spiva, Miss Jessie Wright, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Misses Caroline Jesse and Ruth Dashiell, of Baltimore.

An entertainment will be given in Miller's Hall, Westover, on the evening of January 5th, for the benefit of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church. The Boy Scouts will present a short drama, entitled "A Strenuous Afternoon." The Junior League will render a program of vocal selections and recitations. Ice cream and cake will be on sale.

Mrs. T. J. Smith gave a dinner to some of her friends last Wednesday afternoon at her home on Main street. Those present were: Mrs. C. M. Dashiell, Mrs. Wm. B. Spiva, Mrs. H. L. Brittingham, Mrs. Mary Moore, Mrs. H. P. Dashiell, Mrs. W. H. Dashiell, Misses Emily I. Dashiell, Ruth Dashiell, Jesse Wright, Harriett Murphy and Caroline Jesse.

Messrs. Thomas H. Bock, H. Fillmore Lankford and H. P. Dashiell have been appointed a committee by the County Commissioners to have the Court House wired for electric lighting. The Court Room is already wired for the use of the Methodists who are worshipping there and the expense was met by private subscriptions. The remainder of the building, including all the public offices, is the work that appeals to the committee.

The Parent-Teachers' Association of the Washington High School, of Princess Anne, will hold its regular session next Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All are cordially invited to be present. The discussion will include one of the greatest necessities of the institution, namely more room for pupils, who are now greatly crowded.

Mr. D. J. Maddox, of Upper Fairmount, Md., a brother of Mr. Robert F. Maddox, of Princess Anne, was taken to the Peninsula General Hospital, at Salisbury, the latter part of last week to be treated for peritonitis. When last heard from his condition had somewhat improved.

**The Grip Has Come Again**

Grip is prevalent in many places. Health Commissioner Blake, of Baltimore, says: "If you get the grip, keep by yourself as much as possible. If you feel ill, go to bed and stay there. Send for a reliable doctor. Cover your face when sneezing and don't expectorate in public. See that your eating and drinking utensils are washed separately from those of the rest of the family. Don't take the patent grip medicines."

**Marriage Licenses**

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County:

White—Ralph Watkins, 21, of Onley, Va., and Mildred Edwards, 19, of Chesapeake, Va. John Budick, 24, and Eleanor Fosky, 22, both of Accomac county, Va. Lorenzo W. Kellman, 23, of Onancock, Va., and Annie L. Ross, 20, of Accomac county, Va. Charles M. Justice, 21, of Parkesley, Va., and Lula Belle Thomas, 20, of Accomac county, Va. Charles Wise, 23, and Nell Fox, 21, both of Virginia. Donnie P. Kellman, 23, and Mary E. Littleton, 21, both of Bloxam, Va. Vernon Edward Outen, 21, of Pocomoke City, and Anna Mae Trader, 21, of Crisfield. James Evans, 26, and Etta Parks, 20, both of Crisfield. Fred Guy, 21, and Pansy Savage, 19, both of Painter, Va. Wm. F. Kneales, 27, of Greenwood, Del., and Amanda R. Politt, 22, of Eden, Md. Eber M. Green, 21, and Marie C. McIntyre, 18, both of Mt. Vernon. Wm. H. Beasley, 26, and Della Taylor, 21, both of Parkesley, Va. Otho Hart, 21, and Lennie Bell, 19, both of Poulson, Va. Samuel Henry Gibson Killman, 21, of Westover, and Roseanna Margarette DeHaven, 18, of Manokin. Colored—William Douglas, 28, of Hornstown, Va., and Ella Ewell, 20, of Chincoteague, Va. Leon Milbourne, 22, and Julia E. Robinson, 20, both of Deal's Island. Raymond Brittingham, 22, and Alice Jones, 23, both of Lawsonsia. Louie Thomas, 24, and Martha McCready, 24, both of Crisfield. Herman Sheard, 22, and Jane Pitts, 21, both of Accomac county, Va.

**Grangers Meet in Crisfield**

Mrs. E. F. Wilson, secretary of Somerset County Pomona Grange, furnished us the following report of the meeting in Crisfield last week:

Somerset County Pomona Grange met with Crisfield Grange in Gleaner's Hall last Wednesday. The meeting was conducted by County Master Dr. J. F. Somers. The annual election of officers was as follows:

Master—Thomas Nichols.  
Overseer—L. S. Lawson.  
Lecturer—S. E. Cluff.  
Steward—S. A. Evans.  
Assistant Steward—Edmond Sterling.  
Chaplain—James Stevens.  
Treasurer—F. M. Heminger.  
Secretary—Mrs. E. F. Wilson.  
Gate Keeper—F. M. Widdowson.  
Ceres—Mrs. Noah C. Sterling.  
Pomona—Mrs. F. M. Widdowson.  
Flora—Miss May Cowger.  
L. Ass't Steward—Miss Ida Belle Wilson.  
Musical Director—Miss Dorothy Milbourne.

Committee on resolutions—Brothers Starr, Stevens and Sterling—submitted the following:

The Pomona Grange of Somerset county, at its quarterly session at Crisfield, on December 29th, 1915.  
*Resolved*, That the secretary be instructed to communicate to the Somerset county delegation in the State senate and legislature the action of this Grange in urging them to support all measures looking toward the promotion of the welfare of the Maryland Agricultural College.

*Resolved*, That we believe the State deserves a larger and more profitable return from the appropriations for that purpose than from any other.

*Resolved*, That we urge upon the County Commissioners the importance of continuing the farm demonstration work begun in this county. That we regard the benefits derived from this service in connection with farm crops and live stock, marketing and buying as the most important and effective method of education among practical farmers, and that it should be continued with full strength.

*Resolved*, That appreciating the value of the demonstration work we would respectfully suggest that the field of operations might be widely extended if the Agent were provided with an automobile service.

*Resolved*, That we earnestly request the County Commissioners to cause a review of the county roads of this county, to be made to the end that the sum appropriated for their up keep may produce greater results.

The lecturer's program follows:  
Solo—"Little Mother of Mine," by Miss Minnie Thawley.

Address of welcome by Dr. Benson. Dr. Benson said: "I think the Grange is a good idea. The farmer is no man's man, he carves his own destiny." In the response Brother Starr said, "he longed to see when the city man could not farm the farmer."

Entertaining recitations by Mrs. Riggan and Mrs. Somers and instructive talks by Messrs. Marion Leland and J. Keeford Hall.

Next meeting in Princess Anne on Wednesday, March 29th, 1916.

**Demonstrator's Work in Somerset**

Mr. H. S. Lippincott in his report says:

I have travelled by team and automobile (hired) 401 miles visiting 68 farmers, my visits and information consisted of giving rotations of crops for best results, planning poultry houses, hog houses, pruning trees, dairy work, etc. During the month I inoculated 132 hogs with anti-hog cholera serum, this now making the year's total number of hogs inoculated 4512 by county demonstrator. I have talked at six agriculture gatherings; held two pruning demonstrations with total attendance 22; have arranged for 21 pruning demonstrations in county for winter and spring.

Had Mr. G. E. Wolcott, of Dairy Division United States Department of Agriculture, in the county for four days helping to organize a new creamery and securing a man to operate the same. We also made canvas of the county for more and better cows and construction of silos. By next spring from all reports about fifteen new silos will be constructed in Somerset county. The more silos, the more cows, the more cows, the better and richer the farms will grow.

Mr. G. H. Alford, State Agent of Demonstration Work, was also in the county going over alfalfa demonstrations with me. He reports the best alfalfa seen on his trip was in Somerset county. By next year about 1000 acres will be planted in alfalfa.

Also had Mr. J. H. Haswell, drainage engineer of United States Department of Agriculture, in the county working on drainage plans with me to drain over 500 acres of land. I hope to take this work up with farmers as rapidly as I can handle it, as drainage is so very important for Somerset county. The coming year, I have planned for four drainage demonstrations.

Am now getting demonstrators and co-operators for 1916. At present, I have 950 co-operators and 89 demonstrations, besides other special work which will have to be done, such as hog cholera, horse disease, etc., making several hundred of such a nature, also will make over 150 business trips calling on business men, banks, schools, etc.

Along with this work I hope to have a large Boy's Corn and Potato Clubs. At present I have 51 boys registered for this work.

Out of each week I endeavor to have two office days, when visitors are met, letters answered, bulletins mailed, etc. This month I have written 193 letters, had 61 visitors, mailed 347 agriculture bulletins, and arranged for Institute Work.

At the conclusion of this report I might add that every county in Maryland has provided an automobile for the county demonstrator, except Somerset county. This is not intended for a "knock" in any way, merely mentioned as a car would make the work fifteen times more efficient; out of the salary paid, an agent cannot buy his own car. Institute work will be held as follows: Monday, January 3rd, Marion; Tuesday, January 4th, Princess Anne; Wednesday, January 5th, Pocomoke city; morning meetings 10 a. m., afternoon meetings 1.30 p. m., and evening meetings 7 p. m. Very interesting subjects will be discussed in an intelligent manner. Program announced later.

**To Probe Shaughaling Case**

The Baltimore police have asked United States District Attorney Dennis to make an investigation of conditions surrounding the sending of men to the oyster beds in the lower waters of Maryland. The request followed an attempt on Tuesday to shanghai Gordon Hoffman, of 1123 Linden avenue, Baltimore.

It is conceded by those familiar with the oyster dredging industry that from time to time men are sent down the Bay on oyster pungies who leave the city and are worked against their will. Such an effort was being made to send young Hoffman from Baltimore, according to the police, when traffic Officer Ryan found him and arrested him on a technical charge of being drunk. To determine just how far this nefarious traffic in shanghaiing men has progressed the investigation will be made by the Government.

**PUBLIC SALE**

—OF—  
**30 YOUNG 30 HORSES and MULES**

I, the undersigned, will sell at public auction at J. A. Ellegood's Livery Stable, in Princess Anne, Md., on

**Saturday, January 8th, 1916,**

at 2 o'clock p. m., rain or shine, 30 Young Horses and Mules. This stock is from 2 to 5 years old and will weigh from 900 to 1200 pounds, broken and ready for work.  
I personally selected this stock myself and it is the finest lot of horses and mules ever offered in this section at public sale. If you are in the market for horses or mules, take advantage of this opportunity, as there will positively be no by-bidding at this sale. Every horse or mule offered will be sold for the high dollar.

This stock will arrive today (Tuesday) January 4th, and I will be glad to have you call and inspect them.  
TERMS OF SALE:—Bankable note with approved security.  
**CLAUDE BOWEN**

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

**Leap Year Dance**

A Leap Year Dance was given by the young ladies of Princess Anne last Friday evening. The hall was decorated in red and green paper and cosy corners were scattered around it.

The patronesses were Mrs. Frank T. Smith, Mrs. Wm. B. Spiva, Mrs. H. Phillips, of Washington, D. C., Mrs. H. P. Dashiell and Mrs. J. T. Taylor.

Among the out-of-town guests were: Mrs. M. Baum, Miss Rebecca Ware, of Richmond, Va.; Miss Ruth-Dashiell, of Baltimore; Miss Margaret Dickinson, of Pocomoke City; Messrs. Lee Miles, Clark Dorman and Phelps Todd, of Salisbury.

Among those from Princess Anne were: Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Ruhl, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Dennis, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Myers, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Duer, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Waller, Misses Anna Fitzgerald, Ellen D. McMaster, Olive Dashiell, Mary M. Dashiell, Harriett Murphy, Olga Young, Aline Wallop, Bernice Thompson, Marion Stanford, Irene Taylor. Messrs. Vernon White, Gordon Tull, Richard Dale, Lawrence Brittingham, Omar Crosswell, Edgar Jones, Douglas Wallop, James Taylor, Stewart Fitzgerald, Maurice H. Adams and Samuel Sudler. At 12 o'clock all lights were extinguished and the figures 1916 were shown.

**Live Up Your Topid Liver**

To keep your liver active use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They insure good digestion, relieve constipation, and tone up the whole system—keep your eye clear and your skin fresh and healthy looking. Only 25c. at your Druggist.

[Advertisement]

**WASHINGTON HOTEL TONSORIAL PARLOR**

Sanitary and Up-to-date Expert Workmen Only  
**HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor**

**GORDON T. WHELTON COUNTY SURVEYOR CRISFIELD, MARYLAND**

At Princess Anne Every Tuesday  
**OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE**  
(Formerly used by Tax Collectors)

**PHILIP M. SMITH Funeral Director PRINCESS ANNE, MD.**

All funeral work will receive prompt attention. Local phone.

**GLASSES**

Prescribed by Charles W. Purnell at O. A. Jones' Drug Store Wednesday Afternoon, January 5, 1916.

Satisfaction is assured.  
**CHARLES W. PURNELL OPTOMETRIST**  
Phone 457 J Cambridge, Md.

**REAL ESTATE FOR SALE**

**DESIRABLE FARMS RIVER FRONTS**  
\$3.00 per acre, up to \$10.00 with a building on it; \$7.00 per acre near Railroad  
**BURN AND GROUND SHELL LIME**  
\$5.00 per ton, delivered by rail or water. Fine enough to be put on with Lime Distributor. ORGAN'S PLANOS. SINGER SEWING MACHINES. AUTOMOBILES, OPEN DRAIN SAND AND CONCRETE TILE.  
Lime in exchange for corn, hay, cordwood. Fine Seed Corn for sale.  
**E. W. McGRATH, Crisfield, Maryland**

**ATTRACTIONS FOR THIS WEEK AT THE AUDITORIUM Motion Pictures**

**TUESDAY NIGHT**  
John Barrymore in "Man from Mexico"  
**THURSDAY NIGHT**  
Edward Aheles in "Ready Money"  
**FRIDAY NIGHT**  
The 26th Chapter of "The Diamond From The Sky"  
**ADMISSION**  
Adults, 10 cents; children 5 cents and 5 cents in the gallery.  
**SATURDAY NIGHT**  
Bessie Barricade in "Rose of the Rancho"  
**Admission 10 Cents**  
First Pictures, 7.45; second, 8.45 o'clock



Do You Want a Good Complexion?

**Velvet Skin Lotion**

is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers.

If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief.

Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving.

Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

**OMAR A. JONES**  
Druggist Princess Anne



**Why We Advertise**

WE are paying for this space every week in the year for the sole purpose of impressing upon your mind the fact that there is not another store in this section that can give you better values for your money than we can.

We must depend upon many sales, because our profits are small—so small, in fact, that without a great volume of business we could not possibly make them. Every dollar spent in this store helps to keep prices in this community down. It's to your interest to trade with us. You get your money's worth.

We want your business and are making the prices to get it. Before our Remnant Sale is started—in a few weeks—we are now making some great cuts in the prices of Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Garments and invite an early inspection.

A happy and prosperous New Year to all our customers.

**W. O. LANKFORD & SON**

The Home Furnishers  
PRINCESS ANNE

N. B.—A fine assortment of Silverware and Glassware is still remaining suitable for a Wedding Present.



**At Dickinson's**

You will find what you want in assured style. This is no guess work on our part, because we are always on the alert for the latest as it comes out. Our stock is the largest south of Wilmington for you to select from, and prices as low as anywhere on dependable yard.

**SEE OUR LINE OF**  
**Dress Goods Lace Curtains**  
**Silks Underwear**  
**Trimmings Ready Made Wear**  
**Gloves Corsets**  
**Notions Trunks and Bags**  
**Rugs Mattings**  
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**Furniture**

In our Furniture Department new things are coming in daily. Let us show you our line.

**BED ROOM SUITS**  
**Mahogany, Dining Room Suits**  
**Circassian Walnut**  
**Quarter Oak, Birds Eye Maple**  
**Parlor Suits, Dressing Tables**  
**Chiffonier, Library Suits**

We can fill your wants from the Kitchen to the Attic.

All Mail Orders Delivered Free

**W. S. Dickinson & Son**  
**Pocomoke City, Md.**



## DAZED THE GUESTS

The Grand Vizier's Speech at the Gridiron Club Dinner.

### FAIRLY BLAZED WITH ABUSE.

It Looked Very Much Like the Makings of "a Bully Row," but the Surprising Climax Averted All Danger of Diplomatic Complications.

In January, 1904, Mirza Ali Asgar Khan, former grand vizier of Persia, was making a trip around the world and was booked to sail to Europe from New York. His attendance at the Gridiron club dinner in Washington was announced in the newspapers. What happened at that banquet is thus dramatically described by Arthur Wallace Dunn in his book, "Gridiron Nights":

The grand vizier came in late, after the dinner had been in progress for a time, and was accompanied by Scott C. Bone of the Washington Post, his host of the evening. Before taking his seat, directly in front of the president of the United States, he bowed low to that official and then made a sweeping salaam to the assembled company.

Senator Beveridge was introduced and shook hands. William H. Taft, then governor general of the Philippines, who had crossed the ocean on the same ship with the grand vizier, walked across the dining room and shook hands, expressing his pleasure at seeing him again. Senators Aldrich, Gorman and Hanna and Speaker Cannon, sitting near by, were introduced.

After the dinner had progressed for a time President Louis A. Coolidge introduced the oriental guest as one who had journeyed far and who came that night with views he had gathered in his travels.

Mirza Ali Asgar Khan, with more profound bows, said that his message to the Gridiron club and its guests had been written, as he was somewhat imperfect in our language, and then he began to read from large sheets of paper.

"The people of the United States," he began, "are watching every day to see whether there is to be a war in the old world. In the east we also watch for that war. It is to observe preparations for that war that I travel.

"I was in Japan before I came to this country. In Persia we take great interest in Japan, because the next war will be the great struggle between the civilizations of the east and west. We believe that the eastern civilization will overcome the western civilization. "This will mark the downfall of Russia, that treacherous power that has plotted against peace of mankind from the days of Peter the Great and has been the hypocrite, the false friend of every weaker power it has aimed to destroy."

He was interrupted by a member of the club, who suggested that as the Russian ambassador was our guest no such discussion should be permitted. Mirza Ali looked puzzled and continued:

"The barbarous rule of Germany will be brought to an end, and a higher morality will supplant the vicious rule of the vandals who have kept the intelligence of Europe under a reign of terror."

Again he was interrupted and attention called to the presence of the German ambassador. The situation was explained to the grand vizier, and he turned over two or three pages of his manuscript and continued:

"And then Great Britain, the traditional enemy of the free American people—perfidious Albion, as she is called by one of your poets—she has been the trader of the world—buyer and seller of men—pretending to love liberty, but hypocritically sheltering slavery when it could be to her interest."

President Coolidge stopped him by sharp raps of the gavel. The faces of the diplomats were drawn into frowns of disapproval. Guests and members were aghast, while President Roosevelt looked as if he thought it was the makings of a bully row.

"We are very much obliged," said Mr. Coolidge, "to his excellency the grand vizier, but as some members of the British embassy are with us—"

"You will not let me speak," said the vizier angrily, "then I bid you good night! You invite me here—you ask me to speak—I prepare my speech—you are as bad as the rest. You have no free press—you have no free speech! I go."

And as he was making sweeping gestures he tore away his fez, wig and beard, and there stood Francis E. Leupp of the New York Evening Post. He had put over the greatest hoax ever perpetrated by the Gridiron club. The real Mirza Ali Asgar Khan had sailed for Europe that very day.

**Long Range Pensions.**  
Uncle Sam's pension system is nothing in its long reach compared to certain pensions that are being paid in European countries.

Only three years ago there died in England the last of the descendants of the man who, assisted Charles II. to escape after the battle of Worcester, all of whom had enjoyed substantial pensions throughout their lives for the service their ancestor had rendered his monarch. Admiral Rodney's heirs still draw \$10,000 a year, while the representative of Lord Nelson gets \$25,000 a year because Nelson won the victory of Trafalgar.—New York Sun.

Happiness grows at our own firesides and is not to be picked up in strangers' galleries.—Jerrold.

## HAVE YOU WEAK LUNGS?

Do colds settle on your chest or in your bronchial tubes? Do coughs hang on, or are you subject to throat troubles? Such troubles should have immediate treatment with the strengthening powers of Scott's Emulsion to guard against consumption which so easily follows. Scott's Emulsion contains pure cod liver oil which peculiarly strengthens the respiratory tract and improves the quality of the blood; the glycerine in it soothes and heals the tender membranes of the throat. Scott's is prescribed by the best specialists. You can get it at any drug store. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

### ON GETTING STUNG.

Not Socially Nor Financially, but the Real Hornet Thing.

Ever get stung? Or, rather, who hasn't, says the North Carolina state board of health—"both with bees and otherwise. Hurts like the mischief, doesn't it—both getting stung by bees and getting stung otherwise? For either kind of getting stung prevention is better than cure, and discretion is the best part of valor.

Tact, diplomacy and good judgment will ward off many instances of getting stung in the social world as well as in the insect world. We offer no panacea or remedy for the former, but for the latter, seriously speaking, much can be done.

The first impulse in the case of an insect sting is to strike the offending insect, and in doing so in most cases we usually tear the insect away from its sting, leaving the sting in the flesh. It is the irritating poison on the sting that hurts so badly and causes such swelling, so the very first thing to do is to remove the sting left in the flesh. Use a knife point or needle for this purpose. Then, don't scratch or rub the sting. That only makes bad matters worse. Apply a few drops of weak ammonia or spirits of camphor or ordinary tincture of iodine as quickly as possible.

The poison from hornet stings is soluble in alcohol, and therefore if the spot be gently bathed or washed in alcohol some relief is obtained.

Finally, if ammonia, camphor, iodine or alcohol is not available, gently rub a piece of wet soap over the sting helps the situation out somewhat. Always remember, however, that the most important first aid is to remove the offending sting and that prevention is better than cure.

### SAVE THE VOICE.

Do Not Sing Nor Talk When Suffering From Throat Fatigue.

Fatigue injures the voice. Excessive use of the voice weakens its carrying power. From overuse or improper use of the voice a chronic pharyngitis develops. Every one knows the symptoms of overuse of the voice. The voice is husky, and its use is followed by distress. There is an increase in secretion and a constant desire to clear the throat, and there are disagreeable sensations, as fullness, tickling and the like. After a long day of shopping, sightseeing or one's daily routine of work, it is quite common to be troubled by hoarseness, which does not indicate a "cold," but is merely fatigue of parts which produce the voice.

The muscular system all over the body is tired, relaxed. The throat, being a muscular structure, shares in this fatigue, and it should never be used for any particular purpose, like singing or reciting, until the whole body is rested. If one has arranged to use the voice at the close of the day or at any other time, it should not be when suffering from fatigue.

Public speakers and singers take care of their voices and never willingly use them long enough at a time to weaken them. Singing only one song extra may hurt the voice enough to impair its clearness, and frequent overdoing may result in a permanent weakness. Rest before using the voice and taking care not to use it too long when singing or speaking saves the voice and keeps it clear and sweet and gives it carrying power.

### Light and the Blind.

Light has use, even if men cannot or will not see it. Baring-Gould tells of an institution for the blind that was built in England without windows. "Why," argued the committee, "should we provide windows for those that cannot see out of them?" So scientific ventilation and heating were provided, but the walls were left unplastered by any pane of glass.

But soon the poor inmates grew pale, and a great languor fell upon them. They were restless and dissatisfied. They fell sick, and one or two died. Then it was that the committee decided to open windows in the walls. In came the healing light, and the human plants responded to it at once in revived spirits, ruddy cheeks and restored health. Light is good, the light of the world is good, even for those who shut their eyes.—Christian Herald.

### For Rheumatism

As soon as an attack of Rheumatism begins apply Sloan's Liniment. Don't waste time and suffer unnecessary agony. A few drops of Sloan's Liniment on the affected parts is all you need. The pain goes at once.

A grateful sufferer writes—"I was suffering for three weeks with Chronic Rheumatism and Stiff Neck, although I tried many medicines, they failed, and I was under the care of a doctor. Fortunately I heard of Sloan's Liniment and after using it three or four days am up and well. I am employed at the biggest department store in S. F. where they employ from six to eight hundred hands, and they surely will hear all about Sloan's Liniment.—H. B. Smith, San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 1915. At all Druggists.

[Advertisement.]

## HOME OF THE MUSKRAT.

It Proves the Rodent to Be a Master Canal Builder.

Maybe you've seen him playing in a stream or pond, diving, swimming and circling about like children at a game of tag. You would hardly think that you were watching one of the greatest canal builders of the world. If by any chance you discover his home burrowed in the bank of a stream or pond, you'll see how he has earned the title. His name is muskrat, also called musquash, and he's at home throughout the United States, except in the south.

When a muskrat builds his home he makes a door along the banks under the surface of the water. Then he burrows upward, sometimes many yards, ending the tunnel in a room above the water line, where he can sleep without fear of hunter or trapper.

Trappers are his worst enemies, for the muskrat's fur has a commercial value. It is a reddish brown and is used as a substitute for beaver. The animal is about fifteen inches long, and his tail, which he uses as a rudder in swimming, is about ten inches long.

He eats grasses, roots and acorns, and if he's near a garden or truck patch he will make a raid on the farmer's turnips and parsnips. He's also a cannibal. If one member of the muskrat colony is injured his mates will set upon him and eat him.—Buffalo News.

### THE "UMBRELLA CASE."

A Clever Lawyer and the Raising of "A False Issue."

A story well known to lawyers of the last generation is about the "umbrella case." A man was charged with stealing a handsome umbrella, and a number of witnesses went into the box to testify to the offense. The counsel for the defendant noted that each witness carried an umbrella (the time of year was midsummer, which explains the necessity for these impediments).

As a matter of fact, the prisoner had no defense to make. The barrister, thrown on his wits, exclaimed: "Gentlemen of the jury, did you not notice that each of the witnesses carried an umbrella into the box? Why is this, gentlemen? It is done in order to infect your minds with the idea of an umbrella, to prejudice the prisoner in your eyes, to raise a false issue, and I appeal to you to signify your detestation of this concerted action by bringing in a verdict of not guilty."

The judge, who imagined that little attention would be paid to such a plea, took little time and less pains to sum up the case. The jury nevertheless brought in a verdict in accordance with the resourceful barrister's wishes and acquitted the guilty man.—London Telegraph.

### A Maud Powell Anecdote.

Maud Powell, the famous American violinist, is a firm believer in constant practice, no matter where she happens to be located. The famous record of Paderewski—seventeen hours a day practice—has been to her an inspiration. Musicians enjoy a story she tells on herself. She was staying in the summer at a country place. Every morning she went through her customary exercises. Every morning a boy employed about the place "doing chores" passed her open window and heard her working away at something which in the course of a few days he learned to identify. When he heard her playing it every morning for more than a week he could no longer contain himself, and as he passed the open window he shouted, "Aw, say, can't ye play it yet?"—New York Post.

### Woman's Crowning Glory.

You never saw a woman with a reputation for good looks who didn't know how to fix her hair, remarks Arthur Aull. Make women clip their hair like the men and cut out their soft, flimsy costumes, their fluffy ruffles and the careful manner of accentuating the hips and bust and you would hear very little more about female beauty. Even with every other aid but that of the hairdressers few women can pass muster as beauties. No amount of dressing and very few faces and figures would be enough to offset the effect of a peeled onion do up on the hair.—Kansas City Journal.

**Opportunity.**  
"Opportunity" once signified nothing more than "to be at the harbor." An opportune ship was a ship which had come to port.

### 30,000 VOICES

And Many Are The Voices Of Princess Anne People

Thirty thousand voices—What a grand chorus! And that's the number of American men and women, who are publicly praising Doan's Kidney Pills for relief from backache, kidney and bladder ills. They say it to friends. They tell it in the home papers. Princess Anne people are in this chorus.

Here's a Princess Anne case: John W. Heath, farmer, R. F. D., No. 2, Princess Anne, says: "For more than a year I suffered from distressing attacks of backache and at times my back became so weak I could hardly work. The kidney secretions were also irregular in passage and there was sediment in them. Having heard so much about Doan's Kidney Pills, I got a box at Omar A. Jones' drug store and gave them a trial. They helped me at once and thus convinced me of their merit." (Statement given Oct. 14, 1907) Over four years later Mr. Heath said: "The cure Doan's Kidney Pills made for me is still permanent."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Heath had. Foster-Milburn Co., Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]

## Children Cry for Fletcher's

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect May 31, 1915

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	49-1049	81	43	47-1047	45				
New York (Penn. Station)	7:00	A. M.	A. M.	8:00	12:08	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Philadelphia	11:17			7:25	10:00	3:00			
Wilmington	12:01	a. m.		8:19	10:44	3:44			
Baltimore	8:10	p. m.		8:30	9:00	1:45			
Delmar	3:09	A. M.	A. M.	11:48	1:35	7:12			
Salisbury	3:20			7:03	12:05	1:48	7:26		
PRINCESS ANNE	3:38			7:20	12:25	2:08	7:33		
Cape Charles	6:05			10:25	1:45	10:50			
Old Point	8:15					6:40			
Norfolk	9:20					7:45			
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
*8:00 a. m. on Sundays									
NORTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	44	42	48-1048	80	50-1050				
Norfolk	7:00	A. M.	A. M.	8:40	6:00	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Old Point	9:25			9:25	7:00				
Cape Charles	11:17			11:40	9:00				
PRINCESS ANNE	7:02	10:55		2:13	p. m.				
Salisbury	7:39	11:34		2:38	9:15	12:22	a. m.		
Delmar	7:56	12:01	p. m.	2:59	Ar. 9:30	12:48			
Wilmington	Ar. 11:09	3:49		5:40	p. m.	4:05			
Philadelphia	11:58	5:08		6:29		5:00			
Baltimore	12:45	5:35		7:22		6:00			
New York	2:00	8:00		9:18		7:32			
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.			
CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward									
Leave	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	Leave	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		
King's Creek	7:45	2:25	8:25	Crisfield	6:00	1:00	7:00		
Ar. Crisfield	8:30	3:10	9:05	Ar. King's Creek	6:45	1:45	7:50		
No Sunday trains on this Branch Road									
Trains Nos. 49-1049, 47-1047, 8-1048, 50-1050 daily. Nos. 81, 43, 44, 45, 42, 80 daily except Sunday.									
R. B. COOKE Traffic Manager. C. I. LEIPER, Superintendent.									

## "The Best Possible Newspaper!"

What sort of a paper is it? In the first place, it must be a Home Paper—the Woman's Friend and a part of her daily life. And it must be a necessity to the Business Man. It must not only tell what is happening in the world, but it must go farther and tell why it is happening and what it means. The Best Possible Newspaper has a staff of correspondents covering the world of the Associated and United Press, securing the earth for vital human facts. It has fashions and art, books and music, literature and politics at its right hand. It has the markets for the farmer, the merchant, the broker.

The world has never seen an age of greater constructive significance in politics, in science, in society. Every move in the field of action is a topic for discussion in cities, villages, hamlets, at crossroads. And the Best Possible Newspaper must equip its readers for intelligent understanding of all these things.

That is precisely why it is the simple truth that for your purpose, and for the purposes of the whole South, the BEST POSSIBLE NEWSPAPER is

## THE BALTIMORE SUN

(Morning, Evening and Sunday)

Morning, or Evening by Mail, 25c. a Month, \$3 a Year

THE SUNDAY SUN, by mail is { 1 Month, 15c. \$1.50 a Year  
2 Months, 25c

All three editions by mail \$7.50 a year

Address your order to  
THE A. S. ARELL COMPANY, Baltimore, Md.

Will Save You Money on Your Spring Office and School Supplies

## MEYER & THALHEIMER

### The Big Stationery Store

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Blank Books for Every Purpose  
Loose Leaf Ledger Outfits and Devices  
Wood and All-Steel Sectional Filing Cabinets  
Commercial Stationery, School Supplies

Our Immense Variety and Reasonable Prices  
Assure Absolute Satisfaction

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS**—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN W. WILSON  
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Twelfth day of April, 1915,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 5th day of October, 1915.

LAURA H. WILSON,  
Administratrix of John W. Wilson, deceased.  
True Copy. Test: ROBERT F. MADDOX,  
Register of Wills.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS**—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

THOMAS E. MARSHALL,  
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-sixth day of April, 1915,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 19th day of October, 1915.

CHARLES E. POWELL,  
Executor of Thomas E. Marshall, deceased.  
True Copy. Test: ROBERT F. MADDOX,  
Register of Wills.

## Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic

### Railway Company

RAILWAY DIVISION			
Schedule effective December 5, 1915.			
EAST BOUND.			
	11	9	3
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv. Baltimore	6:00	2:30	6:30
Salisbury	8:15	4:45	12:05
Ar. Ocean City	9:15	5:45	1:15
WEST BOUND.			
	6	10	14
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv. Ocean City	6:20	2:45	6:45
Salisbury	7:39	3:51	7:51
Ar. Baltimore	1:15	9:30	
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
{Daily except Sunday.			
T. MURDOCH		I. E. JONES,	
Gen. Pass. Agent		Div. Pass. Agt.	
WILLARD THOMPSON, General Manager.			

## The Baltimore News

### An Independent Newspaper

Published Every Afternoon  
Including Sunday  
A Newspaper for the Home  
For the Family Circle  
Covers thoroughly the news of the City,



## Overland Automobiles

I have on hand ready for immediate delivery the  
**New 1916 Five Passenger Overland Car**  
**Price \$750.00 f. o. b. Factory**

35-Horse Power, Electric Lights, Self-Starter. Also  
**Roadsters at \$725.00**

It will pay you to look the OVERLAND line over  
before purchasing your new car. An inquiry will bring  
the car to you for demonstration.

**J. B. CULLEN, Agent for Somerset County**  
**POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND**

## BURNT OYSTER SHELL LIME

CHEAPEST IN PRICE

Quickest in Acting on  
Soil

The Lime that Gives the  
Greatest Result for the  
Money Expended.

Sweet Soil is one of the first essentials to  
Successful Agriculture. Lime is needed in most  
of our soils to produce this condition. What the  
farmer should consider is how to attain the re-  
sult at a minimum cost.

Our Experiment Station at College Park  
recommends the use of lime manufactured in the  
locality where used because of the saving in  
transportation. Experiments made at the Station  
demonstrate that

**2,000 Lbs. of Hydrated Lime are, in re-  
sult, Equivalent to 3,800 Lbs. of  
Pulverized Oyster Shell Lime**

We have Shells to Burn, and have Shells  
Burnt. Unless you have Money to Burn you  
will Buy Burnt Lime.

**The SOMERSET PACKING CO.,**

Licensed Manufacturers of

**HYDRATED LIME**

POSTOFFICE: UPPER FAIRMOUNT, MARYLAND  
FACTORY—Maddox Island on the Manokin River

## The White Company

"EVERYTHING  
for YOUR OFFICE"

New Bank Building Phone 963 SALISBURY, MD.,

**TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE**

No. 4 Jewett.....\$12.50	No. 1 Royal.....\$22.50
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No. 12 Hammond.....17.50	No. 5 Royal.....30.00
Wellington.....20.00	No. 5 Underwood.....35.00
No. 5 Royal.....\$40.00	

All the above machines are sold under one year guarantee,  
[and will be sent you subject to examination.]



**Right in Your Own Town  
YOUR Christmas Gift  
Might HELP**

Get YOUR share of Christ-  
mas Happiness by helping  
those who are fighting  
Tuberculosis in your  
country and right in your  
own state or town.

Every effort you make to  
destroy Tuberculosis, will  
save life, add to the wealth  
of the community, and les-  
sen the tax required for the  
support of institutions aid-  
ing tuberculous patients and  
those dependent upon them.  
Help stamp out the dread  
White Plague by buying  
Red Cross Christmas Seals.

It is your fight—for Human-  
ity's sake. Do your share  
for your community. Even  
one seal will HELP.

**RED CROSS  
Christmas Seals**

If you cannot buy Red Cross  
Seals in your town, write to  
the State Agent—Maryland  
Tuberculosis Assn., 1301 N.  
Charles St., Baltimore, for as  
many as you want at one-cent  
each.

## Application For Oyster Grounds

The following application for oyster  
ground in or adjacent to Somerset county  
is now on file in the office of the  
Board of Shellfish Commissioners of  
Maryland.

Published charts of the natural oyster  
bars of Somerset county are filed with  
the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said  
county.

Notice is hereby given that all pro-  
tests against the granting of said lease  
must be filed in the Circuit Court for  
Somerset County on or before the 31st  
Day of December, 1915.

Applicant: **HENRY J. NELSON**, Westover, Md. Acres  
Not exceeding 30  
Located in Manokin river, about two miles above  
Locust Point, on the northwest side of the dredged  
channel and adjacent to the farm of the applicant,  
covering the area formerly leased to the applicant,  
W. H. Milligan and Beulah H. Nelson, under the  
"five acre law," in the waters of Somerset county.  
By order of  
**BOARD OF SHELLFISH COMMISSIONERS,**  
11-2

**SAMUEL J. PRITCHETTE**  
**AUCTIONEER**

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

Route No. 2

When you have a Sale call on me  
Terms Reasonable

**PATENTS**  
OVER 65 YEARS  
EXPERIENCE  
TRADE MARKS  
DESIGNS  
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may  
quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an  
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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest cir-  
culation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$5 a  
year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.  
**HANNA & CO. 36 Broadway, New York**  
Branch Office, 635 F St., Washington, D. C.

The Marylander and Herald \$1.00 a year

## Australia's Military Boys.

Australian boys begin their military  
career at the age of twelve years,  
when they enter the ranks of the  
"junior cadets" and drill under the  
instruction of their schoolteachers.  
Their target practice is limited to  
shooting what is popularly known as  
the "twenty-two" rifle.

At the age of fourteen the schoolboy  
is graduated into the "senior cadets,"  
and here his military training begins  
in earnest. He learns to care  
for his rifle, which the government  
furnishes to him. The state also gives  
him an olive drab military uniform.  
He learns the movements of squad  
and company formations and learns to  
deploy as skirmishers.

The Australian schoolboy becomes a  
soldier irrespective of his own wishes  
in the matter, or those of his parents.  
Truancy officers, such as in this country,  
watch the attendance at school in  
Australia, hale into court the parents  
of boys who are absent from their  
military drill, and it is not an infre-  
quent occurrence for heavy fines to be  
levied on parents who are indifferent  
to their sons' military education.—  
American Boy.

## How Romans Took Their Food.

The Romans reclined at their ban-  
quets on couches, all supporting them-  
selves on one elbow and eating with  
their fingers from dishes placed in the  
center of the table. Each was supplied  
with a napkin, and knives were used,  
though it does not appear that every  
one was supplied with one. Nothing,  
it would seem, could be more fatiguing  
than to partake of a repast in such an  
awkward posture or less conducive to  
neatness, it being almost impossible to  
keep the hands clean even with water  
supplied by the slaves or to prevent the  
food and wine from falling on the  
clothing and the draperies of the couch.  
This manner of eating disappeared  
during the dark ages so far as the  
couch was concerned, but the peculiar-  
ity of taking food with the fingers from  
a common dish continued afterward  
for more than 1,000 years.

## Bismarck's Card Trick.

The diplomat has many tricks up his  
sleeve. Bismarck included not only  
drinking, but card playing. It was  
when he was negotiating the treaty on  
Gasteln with the Austrian Blome.

"I then played quinzle for the last  
time in my life. Although I had not  
played then for a long time, I gambled  
recklessly, so that the others were as  
tounded. But I knew what I was at.  
Blome had heard that quinzle gave the  
best opportunity of testing a man's  
character, and he was anxious to try  
the experiment on me. I thought to  
myself, 'I'll teach him.' I lost a few  
hundred thalers, for which I might  
well have claimed reimbursement from  
the state. But I got around Blome in  
that way and made him do what I  
wanted. He took me to be reckless and  
yielded."—London Chronicle.

## Washing in the Philippines.

Most of the laundry work of the  
Philippine Islands is done by hand.  
The washing is usually done by beat-  
ing the clothes with paddles, with the  
open hands or by rolling the garment  
slightly and striking one end of it  
upon a flat stone or other hard, smooth  
surface, handling it as a ball is swung  
over the shoulder. The usual method  
is to beat the clothes with paddles  
especially fashioned for the purpose.  
There is no such thing as boiling in  
the process of washing among the  
Filipinos. Much of the clothing worn  
in the country being white, a great  
deal of sun bleaching is done.

## "Maru" in Japan.

Maru is the Japanese word for moth-  
er. All Japanese regard their country  
of Japan as their mother, and in-  
stead of using the equivalent of the  
word fatherland they invariably say  
"Maru" (mother) when referring to  
the land of Japan. Their use of the  
word as part of the names of ships is  
to show their reverence for and to  
honor their mother, Japan, and at the  
same time to distinguish the ships as  
belonging to their motherland.

## Nothing Unusual.

"My goodness!" said Wiggles. "Rud-  
yard Kipling's autograph brought  
\$17.50 at auction the other day."  
"That's nothing," retorted Ralph  
Waldo Inkwell, author of "Sonnets to  
a Portuguese." "My autograph brought  
\$37.25 last week."  
"Auction sale?" queried Wiggles.  
"No," said Inkwell. "It was signed  
to a check in payment of my tailor's  
bill."—New York Times.

## Harder Still.

"Well, have you reached the point  
where you can assemble a motorcar?"  
asked Mr. Chugson.  
"No, indeed," answered Mr. Johnson.  
"In fact, I haven't yet reached the  
point where I can assemble the price."  
—Birmingham Age-Herald.

## Prevent Diphtheria.

A sore throat is a good breeding place  
for diphtheria germs. Protect your chil-  
dren by never neglecting a Sore Throat.  
You can wisely depend upon TONSILINE.  
Give Tonsiline upon the first appearance of  
Sore Throat—don't give Diphtheria a  
chance in that throat in its weakened con-  
dition. When TONSILINE is swallowed it  
comes directly in contact with the diseased  
surface and induces a healthy condi-  
tion of the membranes—then the  
system can better defend the throat  
if attacked by diphtheria germs.  
Keep TONSILINE in the house  
where you can get it quick when  
needed. 25c., 50c. and \$1.00.

When Rubbers Become Necessary  
and your shoes pinch, use Allen's Foot-Ease, the  
Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes.  
For dancing parties and breaking in new shoes  
it is just the thing. It gives rest and comfort to  
tired, swollen, aching feet. Sold everywhere. 25c.

## Farm and Garden

### COLLAR BLIGHT MENACE.

#### Most Serious Enemy to Plant Life

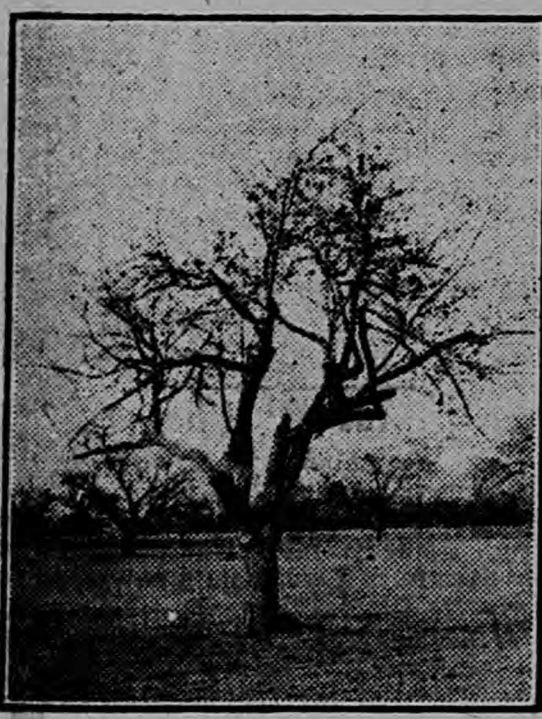
#### Since Advent of Chestnut Blight.

Probably the most serious enemy to  
plant life which has appeared since the  
advent of the chestnut tree blight is  
the collar blight, which attacks the  
trunk of the fruit tree near the ground.  
It is similar to other forms of fire  
blight organisms.

Collar blight is considered by agricul-  
tural experts to be the greatest menace  
to the apple grower not because of its  
ability to reduce the proceeds from  
any one crop to a considerable extent,  
as some of the fruit attacking fungi  
often do, but because of its attack  
upon the trees at the most critical pe-  
riod of their life and the difficulty of  
treatment and the control of its fur-  
ther spread. Some large apple grow-  
ers in the state of Pennsylvania, where  
the blight has been particularly severe,  
have lost so many trees from this  
cause that they are on the point of re-  
placing their apple trees with peaches.

Formerly it was believed that collar  
blight was exclusively a disease of the  
apple tree, but a report to the Pennsylv-  
ania state experiment station at State  
college of its occurrence upon pear  
trees, where its ravages were said to  
have been even greater than in apple  
orchards, make it appear that other  
fruit trees are at least susceptible.

The early symptoms of collar blight  
usually are evident during the growing  
season by a more or less unhealthy ap-



APPLE TREE SHOWING EFFECTS OF COLLAR  
BLIGHT.

pearance of the foliage. The leaves  
appear yellowish and smaller on one or  
more of the large limbs as contrasted  
with normal foliage. When infected  
areas on the trunk progress slowly and  
extend through two or more seasons  
the foliage, especially on that side of  
the tree affected, is developed rather  
sparsely. Since this effect on the foli-  
age is rather gradual it does not result  
in the wilting or drying of the leaves in  
contrast to fire blight infection of  
twigs. The ultimate effect on the foli-  
age in all cases is the premature fall-  
ing of the leaves.

The general yellowing of the foliage  
facilitates the recognition of infected  
trees during the growing season. On  
examination of the collar of such trees  
there will be found a sunken area of  
variable size, depending upon the time  
which has elapsed since infection took  
place. Newly infected areas are not  
marked off sharply as in the cases  
more advanced. During the next sea-  
son activity is renewed, the attack  
often resulting in the complete girdling  
and subsequent death of the tree. The  
girdling of the collar may be said to  
be the usual method of development,  
but often the blight may extend up  
one side of the trunk into the branches  
and downward into the lateral roots,  
either condition causing death.

From the nature of the casual or-  
ganism and the long tried methods for  
its control by surgical treatment, it  
has seemed that the application of  
such methods might be of practical  
use in treating trees blighted at the  
ribbon. If more than half girdled it  
hardly seems advisable to attempt to  
save the tree unless bridge grafting  
can be resorted to advantageously. It  
also is important to thin the fruit  
well on treated trees, in order that the  
maximum amount of food may be used  
by the tree to form callous growth and  
thus hasten recovery. If the diseased  
trees have passed beyond the period  
favorable for surgical treatment they  
should be removed at once, as they  
are likely to be a serious source of  
infection to other trees in the orchard.  
For proper cutting out of the disease  
areas a heavy chisel and mallet are de-  
sirable.

Cut to a depth of at least one to two  
inches into the healthy green bark sur-  
rounding the diseased spot, being care-  
ful to remove all infected tissue. Steri-  
lize the surface of the wound with cor-  
rosive sublimate (bichloride of mercury)  
one one-thousandth strength or con-  
centrated lime-sulphur solution. The  
wound should be allowed to dry thor-  
oughly, after which a thick coat of  
white lead and linseed oil should be  
applied. After the latter has dried,  
the soil should be carefully replaced  
about the collar. In the treatments of  
wounds different asphaltic compounds  
were experimented with, and some  
proved very successful. Owing, how-  
ever, to the injurious effects of some  
asphaltic compounds the experts hesi-  
tate to recommend their use until their  
safety has been established by more  
complete experiments on fruit trees.  
A coat of white lead seems preferable

## IMPROVING MARYLAND FARM CONDITIONS

Boy Prize Winner in Maryland Week  
Contest Gives His Views—County  
Demonstration Agent.

**JESSE M. HUFFINGTON,**  
Wicomico County.

In bringing a new spirit into our  
agriculture, we must work for more  
profit and pleasure and the improve-  
ment of rural living conditions. The  
productive capacity of our farms as  
well as the productive ability of our  
farmers must be increased. Our farm-  
ers must have more money to improve  
their farms, to support their churches  
and schools, and with which to pay  
their taxes. To accomplish this, they  
must be able to supply more and bet-  
ter produce and not be handicapped by  
unsatisfactory market conditions. To  
protect themselves, our farmers must  
be united, in encouraging the growth  
of institutions for co-operative enlight-  
enment and protection. Finally, our  
schools must be organized to equip  
our boys and girls with the knowledge  
suited to their needs as the farmers  
and farm women of the next genera-  
tion.

### The County Demonstration Agent.

One way to do this is by bringing  
them in touch with a County Dem-  
onstration Agent. The business of  
such an agent is to induce the farmer  
to cultivate a small piece of his ground  
according to scientific methods, proving  
the value of these methods for himself  
on his own farm. This method of  
teaching makes their value better  
known to him than if he had to de-  
pend entirely on the literature and lec-  
tures of the Agricultural College, Ex-  
periment Station, Department of Agri-  
culture, and other agencies of informa-  
tion. The County Demonstration Agent  
makes it his main business to secure  
co-operation between the farmers of his  
county, the Agricultural College, the  
Department of Agriculture, and the  
various other institutions and organi-  
zations that are connected with the  
farming life of his section. In addi-  
tion to arranging for field demonstra-  
tions, the County Agent gives lectures,  
visits farms, co-operates with the pub-  
lic schools in starting and conducting  
Boys' and Girls' Clubs, and does every-  
thing possible to bring about better  
farming conditions. He should pay  
special attention to the business end  
of farming, encouraging the individual  
farmer to keep accurate accounts of  
expenditures and income. He should  
also assist in forming co-operative mar-  
keting organizations, through which  
lower rates of transportation and bet-  
ter prices for his products may be se-  
cured by the farmer.

### Improved Living Conditions.

Every community should have at  
least, good dirt roads although more  
improved roads are desirable. Tele-  
phones, trolley lines, rural delivery of  
mail, and any advance whatever in  
securing better communication and  
transportation should be promoted.

Any spread of disease should be  
promptly checked, and protection  
against typhoid germs, insects, flies,  
mosquitoes, etc., should be provided.  
The community should co-operate ac-  
tively with the local health officer in  
maintaining sanitary conditions.

The better arrangement of farm  
buildings for promoting attractiveness,  
convenience and efficiency should be  
encouraged. The more general use of  
labor saving machinery would do  
away with much of the hard labor and  
drudgery on the farm and in the home.  
The gasoline engine, electricity, and  
riding attachments to farm machinery  
are good examples of such labor savers.  
The social life of our communities  
needs improving. We should have  
more social gatherings and institutions  
to promote culture, recreation and co-  
operative activity. Local improvement  
associations, Women's Clubs, Boys' and  
Girls' Clubs, Granges, and the like all  
work together in making better living  
conditions possible.

### MACHINE SHED AND REPAIR SHOP FOR THE FARM.

**G. H. ALFORD,**

Maryland Agricultural College.

There should be a machine shed and  
a repair shop on every farm. One of  
the big losses on many farms is the  
deterioration of farm machinery. The  
greater part of the loss sustained is  
due to negligence in housing the farm  
implements. I have had the use of a  
workshop practically all my life, and  
I cannot understand how farmers get  
along without one. The shop on the  
home-place was a necessity, and it is  
yet.

The machine shed and the repair  
shop may be under one shed. The  
building to be efficient, need not be  
very expensive. There should be  
proper drainage to insure dry storage.  
There must be ample protection  
against sun, wind and rain. The loca-  
tion must be convenient so as to be  
easily reached with all kinds of farm  
machinery. It ought to be so con-  
structed that it is as easy to put the  
tools away as it is to have them out,  
and it must be so arranged that the  
different implements can be reached  
without any great inconvenience. A  
very convenient shed consists of a  
building of medium width, say 18 or 24  
feet, the length being governed by the  
number of machines and implements  
to be stored and the size of the repair  
shop which should be a part of the  
building. A building 18x35, 25 feet  
long for implements and 10 feet long  
for repair shop is usually considered  
ample room for 160 acres of land.

The shed need not be built very  
high, unless one desires storage room  
on the second floor.

## ASPARAGUS CULTURE.

The Soil Best Suited to This Plant and  
Its Preparation.

[Prepared by Arizona experiment station.]  
Rich, sandy loam soil heavily fer-  
tilized with barnyard manure is best  
for asparagus. The limit of tolerance  
for alkali is indicated by a barely sur-  
viving plant found at Tempe in soil  
containing .50 per cent sodium chlo-  
ride, .22 per cent sodium carbonate,  
the total soluble solids amounting to  
1.50 per cent.

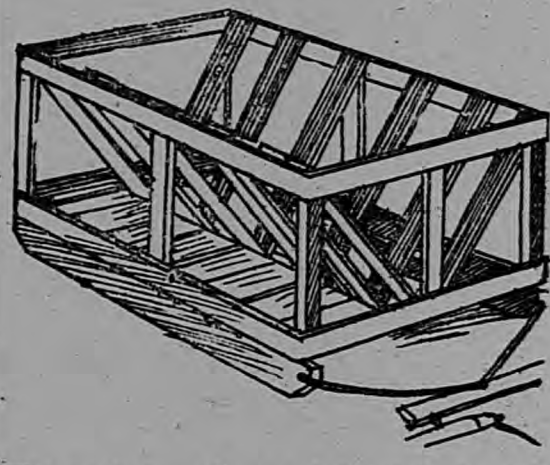
In preparing a field for asparagus the  
ground should be made level for short  
rows or with a very slight fall (about  
two inches in a hundred feet) for long-  
er rows in order to secure thorough per-  
colation of the water supply to the ex-  
tensive root systems of the plant. In  
preparing the rows a good method is to  
open them out with furrows, two each  
to right and left, then to place a layer  
of well rotted barnyard manure in the  
bottom of each furrow and cover it  
with two or three inches of soil. Rows  
thus prepared should be four or five  
feet apart in small fields, but can be  
six or eight feet apart in larger and  
less intensively cultivated tracts.

Either seed or roots may be planted  
in the rows prepared as described, the  
surface of which should be somewhat  
below the general level of the field,  
since it is desirable to have the crowns  
of the plants at least six inches below  
the surface in order that the rows may  
be cultivated in winter without inter-  
fering with the crop. Seeds should be  
planted in hills about eighteen inches  
apart, well distributed to facilitate  
thinning the young plants to one in a  
hill later. Roots should be placed at  
intervals of about fifteen inches and  
covered about two inches deep with  
soil. Thus placed they may be irrigat-  
ed at first on top of the depressed row,  
the soil being drawn gradually to the  
plants as they develop until finally they  
stand in low ridges irrigated from fur-  
rows on either side. Seed may be  
planted in nursery rows about two feet  
apart and allowed to grow one year.  
In planting they should be covered  
about an inch, and the plants should  
not be closely crowded in the row. The  
young roots may then be dug and  
transplanted as described. One or two  
year old roots give quicker results, but  
are more costly than seed, which, how-  
ever, requires at least a year's develop-  
ment before transplanting may be  
done. Roots also will grow in soil too  
alkaline for seedlings. Although as-  
paragus roots are hardy under ship-  
ment, home grown seedling roots are  
usually fresher and better for trans-  
planting purposes than those imported  
from a distance. Also they are not in-  
fested with rust, which may be brought  
in with imported roots.

Although asparagus endures drouth,  
its profitable culture requires frequent  
irrigation, ordinarily not less than  
twice monthly during the growing sea-  
son. During the cutting season weekly  
irrigations are advisable. Each irriga-  
tion should be followed by cultivation.  
The crop should be fertilized each year  
immediately after the cutting season is  
over. This may be accomplished by  
opening out furrows right and left in  
the spaces between the rows, filling  
them in with well rotted barnyard ma-  
nure and then covering back again.  
The growing crop will make use of  
this fertilization through the summer  
season, when root systems are being  
stored with materials used in the elab-  
oration of the next crop. At the close  
of the growing season in the fall the  
dead tops should be cut and burned to  
clear the ground and destroy such rust  
spores as they may contain.

### Portable Racks Are Useful.

This is a good way of making a port-  
able feed rack. The runners are 2 by  
12 stuff, ten feet long, rounded at each  
end. The rack is twelve feet wide,  
and three pieces of 2 by 6 stuff are  
nailed between the runners to make a  
solid foundation. The uprights are 2  
by 4 and may be as long as desired.



The rack boards are 1 by 6 inch stuff  
and if the rack is very high should be  
braced in the middle. Above the run-  
ners and on each end is a 1 by 12 inch  
board, making the manger two feet  
from the ground. This with the floor  
in the bottom keeps the stock from  
wasting the hay or straw.—Nebraska  
Farmer.

### Poor Outlook For Potato Seed.

The outlook for reliable seed for  
next spring's potato planting is ex-  
tremely precarious, according to the  
farm crop experts at Cornell, who  
state that growers in New York, know-  
ing their crop to be entirely free from  
blight, will find ready sale and good  
returns from it for seed purposes.

They say that Franklin, Clinton and  
Erie counties comprise practically the  
only sections of New York state not  
badly affected by late blight and rot.  
Even these counties were not entirely  
free from this disease. The surplus  
crop of these counties, it is understood,  
will be marketed in other parts of the  
state for seed.

It is further stated that even the  
seed which may be obtained from  
Maine, Michigan and Wisconsin, is  
likely not to be free of disease unless  
it is so guaranteed, inasmuch as each  
of these states was affected with  
blight.



## SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

### News Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

**Mt. Vernon**  
Dec. 30—Capt. William Bloodworth spent X-mas with his family.

Mr. James A. Bailey made a business trip to Baltimore this week.

Mr. A. C. Moore and family, of Cambridge, motored here on Friday last.

Mr. James M. Bailey is visiting his son, Mr. Harry Bailey, at Snow Hill.

Miss Emma Dashiell is visiting her aunt, Mrs. P. Tarleton, in Baltimore.

Messrs. Elmer Horner and Harvey Simpkins spent the weeks end in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Adkins, of Newark, are visiting at the Methodist Episcopal Parsonage.

Capt. John Horner, of Baltimore, is spending the holidays with his mother, Mrs. Matt. Moore.

Messrs. Ray Webster and Earle Pruitt spent the X-mas holidays with their respective parents.

Misses Emma and Eva Marshall, of Rockawalkin, are visiting their sister, Mrs. Vaughn Marshall.

Capt. and Mrs. George B. Mason are visiting their daughter, Mrs. David Webster, in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Hopkins, of Salisbury, have been visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Hopkins.

Mr. W. W. Simpkins and son, Leroy, of St. Mary's county, spent the X-mas holidays with his father, Mr. Jesse W. Simpkins.

Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Dashiell, of Princess Anne, spent a few days with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James E. Dashiell.

Mr. and Mrs. Cleve Hopkins, of Baltimore, spent the holidays with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hopkins, Sr.

Mr. Gilbert Webster and Mrs. Earle DeHuff, of Baltimore, spent the holidays with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Webster.

Mt. Vernon Dramatic Club jumped to professional stage and footlight this week when they rendered their play "Dot, The Miner's Daughter," at Grace Guild Hall on Wednesday evening, December 29th. Our local talent not only covered themselves with glory but added about \$65 to their treasury. A very large and appreciative audience was present.

#### COSTEN

Jan. 1.—Miss Frieda Stuck is sick with tonsillitis at her home.

Miss Valley Cowger entertained some of her school mates at a 4 o'clock tea, Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. J. T. Holly, who has been at the Salisbury Hospital for treatment has returned home very much improved.

Messrs. Jay Shivers, Edward Costen, Walter Long and Pittman Carey, are spending the Christmas holidays at home.

The funeral services of Mr. Shrock, who died Monday night, were held at Green Hill Baptist Church, Thursday, at 11 a. m. Interment was at Quinton Cemetery.

Misses Nora Davis, Rose Lankford, Margaret Wilson and Louise Matthews, who have been attending school at Baltimore, are spending the holidays with their parents.

The Quinton Sunday School gave its annual entertainment and Christmas exercises Monday night. The exercises consisted of recitations and music, after which candy and oranges were given each child. The entertainment was largely attended.

Mr. J. L. Cowger received his check for prizes taken at the Maryland Week through the Crop Improvement Association, last week, as follows: Sweet corn, district 1st prize, \$2; wheat, 2d prize, \$2; oats, 2d prize, \$3; rye, 2d prize, \$2; soy beans, 3rd prize, \$1.

#### San Diego Show In 1916

The Panama-California Exposition at San Diego will be continued during 1916, with a number of new features. California has set the pace in world's fairs.

Up to 1915 nobody thought it possible to hold more than one exposition at a time; California has had two, at San Francisco and San Diego. Hitherto the time limit was late spring, summer and early fall. The San Francisco big show ran about ten months and San Diego a full twelve months. Now the latter city boldly decides to keep going for another year, making a two year continuous performance. Ample funds have been subscribed to insure success.

The San Diegans plan some marked improvements for 1916. Many important foreign exhibits will be moved down from San Francisco, including the Canadian, French, Italian, Dutch, Russian, Spanish, Swiss, German and Austrian. It is probable that India, Persia and Turkey will be added. Exhibits of the California counties have been secured, and a number of Zone attractions. The Santa Fe Painted Desert Indian Village also will remain. A large attendance is expected from the East, particularly during the summer season, when the perfect climate of San Diego is at its best.

#### Advertised Letters

The following is a list of letters, remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice uncalled for:

Hester Barkley, Miss Beatrice Bullen, Mrs. Daskon Carroll, Mr. Clarence Circle (2), Mrs. Jannie Collins, Mr. John Thomas Davis, Mrs. Virgie Davis, Mrs. Lillie M. Evans, Mr. Louis Horner, Mr. A. E. Jones, Master Harold Jones, Miss Elizabeth Moore, Elizabeth Morris, Mr. M. J. E. Roddy, Mr. Benj. Shapire, Miss Fannie Smith, Mr. Robert Waters, Mr. Harold H. White.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.

H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

**Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA**

#### St. Peter's

Jan. 1.—Mrs. Claude Adkins is visiting relatives in Salisbury.

Mrs. Kate Laird is visiting her sister, Mrs. Georgia Bennett, in Salisbury.

Mr. Jacob Wooten, of Laurel, Del., is a visitor at the home of Mr. George Noble.

Mrs. Addie E. Bond is visiting her sister-in-law, Mrs. Mollie Tress, in Baltimore.

Miss Reba Crosswell, of Norfolk, Va., is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. A. Bozman.

Mr. S. P. Woodcock, of Salisbury, visited his cousin, Mrs. P. H. Cannon, last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Heath, of Salisbury, are spending sometime with their daughter, Mrs. Omar Muir.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Heath, and little daughter, of Salisbury, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Somers.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred. White were the guests of Mrs. Robert Merrill, at Hebron, several days this week.

Miss Julia Ruby, a student of Goucher College, spent the Christmas holidays with her father, Dr. John T. Ruby.

Messrs. Wright and James McDorman, of Revell's Neck, visited their aunt, Mrs. Charlotte Noble, this week.

Miss Abbey Hornsby, of Wilmington, Del., is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hornsby.

Mrs. Cora N. Somers left for Baltimore last Monday where she will spend the next three months with her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Parks.

Messrs. James and Denwood Noble, after spending a few days with their mother, Mrs. Charlotte Noble, have returned to New York city.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Barnette and daughter, Mildred, of near Princess Anne, spent the first few days of Christmas at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Cannon.

#### Orlolo

Jan. 1.—The O. S. C. met at the home of Miss Thelma Smith, Friday evening.

Mrs. Sallie White and family spent the holidays at Hebron.

Mrs. Lena Noble and family spent the holidays at Laurel, Del.

Miss Naomi White, of Wenona, is visiting her cousin, Miss Maud Wilson.

Mrs. Dan Shaw and Mrs. Ida Shaw are spending a few days at Mrs. Charles Tankersley's.

Miss Abbey Hornsby, of Philadelphia, spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hornsby.

Mr. Raymond Wilson, formerly of Baltimore, spent the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. George Wilson.

Mr. and Mrs. Merritt Phillip, of Hebron, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of the latter's mother, Mrs. Annie Sydnor.

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#### Luck In Name Only.

Lutsk, or Luck, to give it the Polish name, is another of the towns of eastern Europe which can point to a checkered history. It is traditionally said to have been founded in the seventh century. Four hundred years later it had developed into the capital of an independent principality. After a further lapse of four centuries we find it a wealthy place and the seat of a bishopric. But evil times awaited it. During the Russo-Polish wars of the sixteenth century its 40,000 inhabitants were exterminated, and Lutsk lost its importance.—London Chronicle.

#### Saw His Finish.

"Oh, oh," exclaimed impatient Mrs. Naggs, "I've bitten off the end of my tongue!"

"Well, I certainly feel sorry for myself," rejoined the heartless Naggs. "Hereafter there will be no end to your tongue."

#### Venezuela.

Venezuela received its name from the early explorers. Its coast was visited by Columbus in 1498, and the following year the name Venezuela ("Little Venice") was given to an Indian village built on piles seen by Ojeda and Amerigo Vespucci.

#### Great Relief.

"Law books are very dry."

"Still, I enjoy reading them occasionally. They're free from slang anyhow."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

#### 'ery Simple.

"My wife is going to that masquerade ball as a simple fisher maiden."

"Going to borrow a fisher's costume from some simple maiden?"

"Not on your life. Going to have one especially constructed for \$2,000."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

#### Somebody Had to Sleep.

The doctor entered the patient's room in the morning and, according to habit, read the chart the first thing. He was a little surprised to read:

"2 a. m.—Patient very restless; nurse sleeping quietly."—Collier's Weekly.

If you would hit the target aim a little above it. Every arrow that flies feels the attraction of earth.

#### The Gist Of It

"Last December I had a very severe cold and was nearly down sick in bed. I bought two bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it was only a very few days until I was completely restored to health," writes O. J. Metcalf, Weatherby, Mo. If you would know the value of this remedy, ask any one who has used it. Obtainable everywhere.

#### [Advertisement.]

#### Sullins College Burned

Sullins College, a large Methodist Female School at Bristol, Va.-Tenn., was destroyed early Friday by fire, which originated in the boiler room. The loss is \$150,000, with insurance of \$30,000.

One young woman was rescued from the top of the building by the use of extension ladders. A young man, who aided in the rescue, had a large artery in his wrist severed by a piece of falling glass, and his life was saved only by prompt medical attention.

The board of trustees voted to-day to suspend the school for the remainder of the year, since no suitable building was available in which to continue the work.

Most of the students were away on their holiday vacation. Sullins College was an old institution and nearly every Southern and Southwestern State was represented in the student body.

#### All Are on Time at Sydney.

At Sydney, Australia, any telephone subscriber can obtain correct standard time by calling up the Sydney observatory, says the Scientific American. If he wishes merely to check his watch or clock he asks for "Time," and is connected with an operator who reads off the correct time to the nearest half minute from a clock controlled by the standard clock of the observatory. If more accurate information be required he asks for "Exact time" and is connected with a high frequency buzzer which transmits the actual beats of the observatory clock.

#### Women Of Sedentary Habits

Women who get but little exercise are likely to be troubled with constipation and indigestion and will find Chamberlain's Tablets highly beneficial. Not so good as a three or four mile walk every day, but very much better than to allow the bowels to remain in a constipated condition. They are easy and pleasant to take and most agreeable in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

#### [Advertisement.]

#### Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Railway Company

RAILWAY DIVISION  
Schedule effective January 3, 1916.  
EAST BOUND.

	9	3
	P. M.	A. M.
Lv. Baltimore	4:00	10:21
Salisbury	9:53	11:22
Ar. Ocean City	10:56	11:23

#### WEST BOUND.

	10	10
	P. M.	A. M.
Lv. Ocean City	6:20	12:3
Salisbury	7:39	2:40
Ar. Baltimore	8:15	3: P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.  
T. MURDOCH, L. E. JONES,  
Gen. Pass. Agent, Div. Pass. Agt.  
WILLARD THOMPSON, General Manager.

#### N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect January 3, 1916

	49-1049	81	43	47-1047	45
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
LEAVE					
New York (Penn. Station)	9:00				12:08
Philadelphia	11:17				3:00
Wilmington	12:01 a. m.				3:44
Baltimore	12:01 p. m.				4:43
Delmar		3:09	6:50	11:45	7:12
Salisbury		3:20	7:03	12:05 p. m.	7:25
PRINCESS ANNE		3:33	7:30	12:35	7:53
Cape Charles		6:08	10:25	6:40	10:50
Old Point		8:15			1:15
Norfolk		9:20			2:45

\*8:00 a. m. on Sundays

	44	42	45-1045	80	50-1050
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
LEAVE					
Norfolk			8:40		6:00
Old Point			9:25		7:00
Philadelphia			11:40		9:30
PRINCESS ANNE		7:02	10:55	5:30	11:56
Salisbury		7:39	11:34	5:38	12:23 a. m.
Delmar		7:56	12:09 p. m.	5:58	12:45
Wilmington		Ar. 11:09	8:40	6:40 p. m.	4:05
Philadelphia		11:56	9:08		5:00
Baltimore		12:39 p. m.	9:36		5:58
New York		P. M. P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
LEAVE						
King's Creek	7:45	2:25	8:25			
Ar. Crisfield	8:30	3:10	9:05			

No Sunday trains on this Branch Road

Trains Nos. 49-1049, 47-1047, 8-1048, 50-1050 daily. Nos. 81, 43, 44, 45, 42, 80 daily except Sunday.  
R. B. COOKE, Traffic Manager. C. I. LEIPER, Superintendent.

### THE SAFETY FIRST BANK

**Services Worth While**

NOT long ago a customer asked an officer of this bank to look up a certain proposition in which he thought of investing some money.

The report was of such a nature that no investments was made.

Just recently comes the news that this particular proposition has fallen by the wayside.

Our facilities for inquiry are Nation-wide and are at the service of our customers free of charge.

## BANK of SOMERSET

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

Shoes for the Whole Family

# JOHN W. MORRIS & SON

Glothing for Men and Boys

## The Christmas Savings Club

### IS NOW OPEN AT

## The Peoples Bank of Somerset County



You can join the Club to-day or any day the Bank is open for the next two weeks.

**The Bank that counts for something in a community is the Bank that does something for the community, and it is that Bank that gets back from the community the fullest measure in return. This is the age of "Results." Our Christmas Savings Club System produces great "Results."**

### MAKE IT A FAMILY AFFAIR

#### LET EVERY ONE BE A MEMBER

Members starting with 5 cents and increasing five cents each week for fifty weeks **\$63.75** gets

Members starting with **\$2.50** and decreasing five cents each week for fifty weeks **\$63.75** get

Members starting with **25** cents a week fixed, for fifty weeks get **\$12.50**

Members starting with **2** cents and increasing two cents each week for fifty weeks **\$25.50** get

Members starting with **\$1.00** and decreasing two cents each week for fifty weeks **\$25.50** get

Members starting with **one** cent and increasing one cent each week for fifty weeks **\$12.75** gets

Members starting with **50** cents and decreasing one cent each week for fifty weeks **\$12.75** get

Members paying **25** cents a week fixed, for fifty weeks get **\$12.50**

Members paying **50** cents a week fixed, for fifty weeks get **\$25.00**

Members paying **\$1.00** a week fixed, for fifty weeks get **\$50.00**

**There are no Conditions—Nor Extra Costs**  
**All You have to do is to Make Payments**  
**WE PAY 3 PER CENT. ON YOUR SAVINGS**

By becoming a member you will enjoy the Christmas Spirit the year round.

Come in and let us explain our Christmas Club features.

## THE PEOPLES BANK OF SOMERSET COUNTY

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND



**DEBT** is the devil of discouragement that directs the destinies of the man or woman who is careless in money matters.

If you keep a close check on your income and your expenses, open a bank account at once. With checks, you will be able to pay as you go because with your balance always before you, you will go only as far as you can pay.

**WE WILL WELCOME YOUR ACCOUNT**

## PEOPLES BANK

of SOMERSET COUNTY

We Pay 3 per cent. on Savings Deposits  
Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND



# MARYLAND AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1862  
SOMERSET HERALD, 1898

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, JANUARY 11, 1916

Vol. XVIII No. 23

## CHANGES IN REAL ESTATE

### Number of Deeds Recorded At The Office of Clerk of Court

Edward B. Lankford from Oliver A. Johnson and wife, 42 1/2 acres in Dublin district; consideration \$5.00 and other considerations.

L. Alma Polk et al., from Charles O. Melvin, attorney, 2 1/2 acres in Fairmount district; consideration \$1220.00.

C. Foster Matthews from Samuel H. Killman and wife, 2 1/2 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$50.00.

Sidney Ward from Charles W. Tilghman and others, 1 acre in Lawson's district; consideration \$325.00.

Enoch Barnes from John E. Hartman and wife, 1 1/2 acres in Westover district; consideration \$220.00.

William H. Johnston from John W. Funk and wife, 166 1-100 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$3000.00.

William W. Johnston from John W. Funk et al., land in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$5.00 and other considerations.

Jesse M. Phoebe from Phillip P. Wyatt, 18 1/2 acres in St. Peter's district; consideration \$918.75.

Theodore F. Powell from Charles A. Allison and wife, 10 1/2-100 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$1050.00.

George W. Jones et al., from John T. Burns and wife, 107 acres in Westover district; consideration \$1000.00.

## Bank Stockholders Meet

The stockholders of the Bank of Somerset, Wm. B. Spiva, cashier, met last Wednesday and elected the following directors for the ensuing year:

Joshua W. Miles, H. Fillmore Lankford, Thomas H. Book, Thomas Dixon, W. O. Lankford, S. Frank Dashiell, Wm. T. Holland, Wm. B. Spiva, Lewis M. Milbourne, Charles W. Long, E. B. Lankford and H. W. Roberts.

The directors met and elected the following officers: Joshua W. Miles, President; H. Fillmore Lankford, Vice-President; William B. Spiva, Cashier; S. Frank Dashiell, Assistant Cashier; John B. Roberts, Assistant Cashier.

At a Director's meeting on December 30th, a 10% semi-annual dividend, amounting to \$5,000, was declared payable January 1st, and checks were mailed to the stockholders.

On Thursday the stockholders of the Peoples Bank of Somerset County, Omar J. Crosswell, cashier, met and elected the following directors for the ensuing year:

Henry J. Waters, Robert F. Duer, Charles W. Weinwright, Hampden P. Dashiell, Alonzo E. Tull, John B. Fleming, Wm. T. G. Polk, Robert H. Jones, L. Creston Beauchamp, Edward D. Long, B. Louis Lankford and Benjamin J. Barnes. The directors met and elected the following officers: Henry J. Waters, President; Omar J. Crosswell, Cashier; Mark L. Costen, Assistant Cashier.

A semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent, \$1000, payable January 6th, 1916, was declared.

## List of Clergymen In Town

The following clergymen are here for today and tomorrow in attendance upon the January meeting of the Southern Convocation of the Diocese of Easton: The Rev. Vernon Ashworth, of Crisfield, who is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Waller.

The Rev. Charles G. Cogley, of Upper Fairmount, who is at Mrs. W. S. McMaster's.

The Rev. George M. Galarneau, of Snow Hill, is at the rectory with the Rev. and Mrs. Henry E. Spears.

The Rev. Walter P. Griggs, of East New Market, is at Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Duer's.

The Rev. David Howard, of Salisbury, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. G. Polk.

The Rev. Edwin S. Hinks, of Cambridge, is with Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Dashiell.

The Very Rev. S. A. Potter, of Berlin, is at the Washington Hotel.

The Rev. R. Bancroft Whipple, of Quantico, is the guest of Judge and Mrs. H. L. D. Stanford.

The Rev. Louis L. Williams, secretary of the Convocation, is with Mr. and Mrs. Samuel F. Miles.

The public is cordially invited to attend all the meetings of the Convocation, the hours of which are given in part of today's issue.

## Farmers' Telephone Co. Meeting

The annual meeting of the Farmers' Telephone Company was held last Tuesday afternoon at the Court House. The business of the past year was reviewed and routine matters were transacted. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—F. M. Widdowson, Secretary—M. F. Hickman, Treasurer—Charles W. Long.

## THE ENGLISH OPERA SINGERS COMING

### Company Of Five Singers At The Auditorium Wednesday, Jan. 19th

The Lyceum Committee has changed the schedule to give our people the Chicago Lyceum Players on the above date and in its place has employed a company of five people in the English Opera Singers. This company is composed of a mixed quartet and piano accompanist.

Their program comprises one of the most novel and entertaining concerts we have ever had in our city. They will give us scenes from popular operas, gypsy scenes, sailor scenes, old folk scenes with old time favorite songs.

Mr. Walter Flora is a tenor of exceptional ability and has a voice that is very clear and rich.

Miss Rhea Foster, contralto, you will all remember as singing in The Soiree Singers at our last lyceum festival, and you know her voice.

Miss Charlotte Simpson, the soprano, is an artist that for dramatic expression cannot be surpassed.

Mr. Harry C. Lombard, the baritone, you will also remember as being here in the Regimental Quartet of the Lyceum Festival.

All of these artists are without musical conceit and do not sing down to the people. They do not emphasize the difficulty of a selection but only its beauty.

Remember that this course of attractions is for the benefit of the Volunteer Fire Company and they need money and you can do your share and at the same time spend two hours of enjoyment by going to see this marvelous attraction. Help the Fire Company, you know they deserve it. Prices 25, 35 and 50 cents.

## Class Play

The Senior Class of the Washington High School of Princess Anne gave an entertaining play at the Auditorium on Monday night of last week, entitled "The Time of His Life." There was quite a good attendance and the receipts amounted to about \$45.

The play was well rendered, the young people taking the following parts:

Mr. Bob Grey—Milton Leake.  
Mrs. Bob Grey—Miss Mary Fitzgerald.  
Mr. Landon—William Ruark.  
Dorothy Landon—Eleanor McAllen.  
Peter Wycombe—Theodore Bissell.  
Mrs. Wycombe—Miss Anna Fitzgerald.

Uncle Tom—Randolph Maddox.  
Sergeant McDuff—Frank Dashiell.

There were three acts, in all of which matters became terribly mixed by the absence of Uncle Tom, the butler, and the make up of Bob Grey as a butler to take his place. The meeting of the two "colored" men, neither knowing the other was present at the entertainment of Mr. and Mrs. Wycombe, who had come at a time when the house was torn up for papering, etc., the efforts of Mrs. Grey to entertain her friends and to disguise the absence of Uncle Tom, the scenes produced by Mr. Wycombe, whose imaginative diseases, fear of fire, etc., are constantly being fortified by medicines and alarms, the love scene of Dorothy and her blackened lover, were all skillfully rendered and were most amusing.

Miss Frances Alvord played the piano before and between the acts. Miss Irene Taylor sang two very beautiful selections, Mrs. J. D. Wallop, accompanying her.

## Death Of Mr. D. J. Maddox

Mr. David J. Maddox, of Upper Fairmount, Md., who was taken ill with peritonitis ten days ago and was operated on at the Peninsula General Hospital, at Salisbury, died last Saturday night, aged 74 years. He is survived by one son, Mr. James T. Maddox, of Philadelphia.

Mr. Maddox was one of a family of ten, seven of who are still living, three sisters, Misses Laura H., Sarah E. and Clara U. Maddox, of Upper Fairmount, and four brothers, Joseph G. Maddox, of Baltimore; George W. and William E. Maddox, of Fairmount, and Robert F. Maddox, of Princess Anne.

Mr. Maddox was a highly esteemed citizen of Upper Fairmount. He was a steward of Christ M. E. Church, of that place, a member of the Prohibition party and also a member of the Improved Order Heptasoph.

## To Grow Dates Here

The Department of Agriculture has been experimenting with the cultivation of dates in this country. It now announces that they can be successfully grown in the southwestern part of the United States. The experiments have covered nearly every variety of this fruit known in the Old World.

Mr. C. C. Waller and family last week moved into their handsome new bungalow on Beckford avenue.

## FARMERS HOLD THEIR INSTITUTE

### Large Attendance In Princess Anne Last Tuesday

The Maryland Agricultural College held a Farmers' Institute in Princess Anne, last Tuesday, in the Courthouse. Farmers attended from all parts of the county. The meeting lasted from 9 o'clock in the morning until late in the evening. In the morning G. F. Marsh made an address on "Soil Fertility," C. E. Oswald spoke on "Home Orchard" and Dr. R. S. Hill spoke on "Legumes." In the afternoon C. J. Bradd spoke on "Land Drainage," Mr. Oswald on "Sheep Raising" and Dr. Hill on "Dairying." In the evening G. F. Marsh spoke on "Manures" and Mr. Oswald on "Poultry."

Before the close of the meeting the farmers drew up a resolution to the county commissioners as follows:

"The Farmers' Institute of Somerset County, now in session considering the agricultural problems of this county, respectfully represent to your honorable body, that the teaching of agricultural knowledge by practical experiment has been shown to be far more effective than any other method; that the demonstration work conducted under the supervision of the National Department of Agriculture in many countries in different states of the republic has proven the great value of this form of educational effort; that the work in Somerset county has more than justified the outlay involved on the part of the county itself thus far; that the work of the past year only has not shown the full value of the movement because of lack of opportunity for fully organizing the schedules. We, therefore, earnestly represent and urge that your honorable body consider favorable the maintenance of the program during the year 1916."

George W. Kemp, T. D. Nicholls, Robert W. Adams, C. J. Bradd and Albert Fitzgerald, were appointed a committee to invite the members of the County Board to meet the farmers in the Courtroom. The resolution was then offered and discussed. The County Commissioners afterwards agreed upon the reappointment of Mr. H. S. Lippincott, as Demonstrator, at the same salary as for last year. Many of the farmers wished to have the Demonstrator's salary raised and an automobile furnished him for the better prosecution of his work. The Commissioners, however, did not see their way clear to do more than give the same salary as before.

The Institute was conducted by Dr. Richard S. Hill, of the Agricultural College, who was assisted by Mr. C. E. Oswald, of Washington county; Mr. G. F. Marsh, Demonstrator of Cecil county, and Mr. C. J. Bradd, of Somerset county.

## Crisfield Girl Leaves Lover Behind

Rather than marry a man who found favor in the eyes of her parents, Mrs. William E. Lawson, of Crisfield, Miss Magdalene Lawson, 17 years old, ran away from her home in Crisfield and was apprehended Monday morning in Baltimore by Detectives Bradley and Carey as she emerged from a stateroom on the steamer Pocomoke when it berthed at its pier, on Light street. Later in the day the young woman was turned over to Truman Schleismann, whom she said was the man who had been endeavoring to win her affections, and when she ran away from home was sworn in as a deputy sheriff by Sheriff William Nelson, on the request of the parents, and Luther Sommers, a cousin of the girl who was on the boat.

Schleismann, she said, had urged her to marry him and that if she would do so he would teach her to love him. Miss Lawson was dubious about such a procedure, and made up her mind to go to Baltimore to visit an uncle, Lee Nelson, 1821 Whitmore avenue, Walbrook. Captain McGovern turned the girl over to Schleismann and Sommers, who brought her back to Crisfield Monday afternoon.

After vowing that she would never marry Schleismann, Miss Lawson and her suitors were married by Rev. A. H. Green, pastor of Mariner's Methodist Protestant Church, on Tuesday evening and afterward they took the train for Schleismann's home at Syracuse, N. Y. The bride made a statement in which she said she was marrying of her own free will and accord and that her former rejection of her lover was due to circumstances that could be easily explained.

## Sunday School Convention

The Somerset County Sunday School Convention will be held in Emmanuel Methodist Episcopal Church, at Crisfield, January 21st, 1916. All the churches of the city will assist in the entertainment. Large Union Committees have been appointed and are at work on the Convention. The Association is a league of all the Sunday Schools of the county. Each school has a right to two delegates besides the pastor and superintendent.

## GOLDSBOROUGH'S LAST MESSAGE

### The Retiring Words Of Governor Goldsborough On Thursday

Governor Goldsborough last Thursday, sent his final message to the Legislature. Some of the points made are as follows:

There are ways yet open which may be reasonably employed to increase the State's income.

It is time for the State to insist that all children of school age shall have at least a minimum education.

The certification of teachers should be the sole function of the State Department of Education.

The State and county school systems are sorely in need of trained supervisors.

The laws should be so amended as to make it to the advantage of those institutions that are willing to affiliate with the Maryland State University.

The academic courses at the Maryland Agricultural College should, in a large measure, be discontinued and its resources devoted entirely to the promulgation of agricultural knowledge and skill.

It is important that the colored people receive such education as will enable them to meet properly the demands of citizenship.

The State Board of Health should be able to make a general survey of a county each summer and a school survey each winter.

No new steps should be taken in the campaign against tuberculosis before special provisions are made for tuberculosis negroes justly proportioned to their number, their racial susceptibility and their economic status.

The past two years has marked a great improvement in the conduct and management of penal institutions of the State.

I suggest that the appointment of members of the Advisory Board of Pardon and Parole, as well as of their investigators, be vested in the Governor.

I favor the establishment of a farm school for the treatment of inebriates.

The results attained by the State Industrial Accident Commission have been more satisfactory than even its advocates had dared to hope.

I favor the creation of the office of State Conservation Commissioner, under whose direction shall be placed the work now performed by Shell Fish Commission, State Fishery Force, Fish Commissioners for the Eastern and Western Shores, State Mine Inspector, Game Warden and State Board of Forestry.

It would be well to enlarge the functions of the Highway Commissioner to include those of the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles and abolish the latter office.

A publicity department might be properly organized under the Bureau of State Immigration and Animal Industry.

Consideration should be given to some system that will fix a maximum amount beyond which the Legislature cannot appropriate money to any particular function of government.

It would be wise and economical to provide for a constitutional convention to bring our Constitution up to the requirements of the day.

## Public Installation of Officers

Last Wednesday night Wa Wa Tribe, No. 121, of Princess Anne, held a public installation of officers of the Tribe which was largely attended by the wives of the members and their friends of this town.

After the Council brand had been quenched the officers were installed by Past Great Sachem, E. E. Twilley, of Salisbury. After which speeches were made by Judge H. L. D. Stanford, who is a member of Wa Wa Tribe, and E. E. Twilley, M. E. Tindle, T. Byrd Lankford, W. Claymont Mills, of Modoc Tribe, of Salisbury; C. C. Sturgis, of Wicomico Tribe, and Rev. D. J. Givan, pastor Antioch Methodist Episcopal Church.

Refreshments were served in the Wigwam and the pale faces as well as the Red Men had a very enjoyable evening.

## Parker-Dryden Wedding

Dr. Albert A. Parker, of Pocomoke City, and Miss Anna C. Dryden, daughter of the late Francis H. Dryden, were married at the home of the bride in Salisbury, Rev. Mr. Harold, of the Presbyterian Church, officiating, on Thursday last. After the ceremony Dr. and Mrs. Parker left for a trip north. They will reside in Pocomoke. The bride is a graduate of the Pocomoke High School and Wilson College, Chambersburg, Pa. The groom is a graduate of the Pocomoke High School, Maryland Agricultural College and the medical department of the University of Maryland.

## MARYLAND HEIRS TO MANY MILLIONS

### A Colorado Land Fortune Awaits Proof Of Ownership

A dispatch from Elkton, Md., to the Baltimore American says that about a century ago John C. Price, then a resident of Holland's Island, left the Eastern Shore and went to the wilds of Colorado to carve out for himself fame and fortune. He settled on a large tract of land near Denver and for many years made a scant living farming and raising cattle. The country being so sparsely settled and the hardships of life so great, Price finally abandoned his homestead and returned to Maryland. He went back to Holland's Island and settled in his old home and finally died there, a very poor man. John C. Price left a son by the name of John C. Price, who in turn raised a large family of children, several of whom lived on the Eastern Shore.

When he returned from his Western experience and settled again in his Maryland home, John C. Price never mentioned the fact that he had left this big tract of land in Colorado. Many years ago a railroad was surveyed through this property, the postoffice established and a town started to develop. With the years of progress in that far Western country, this town developed into a bustling up-to-date city, and all the while it was being built upon the land left by John C. Price.

John C. Price and his heirs in Maryland were blissfully ignorant of the fact that millions of dollars were being invested on their real estate holdings in Colorado, and his heirs would probably be ignorant of this today had it not been that during the past fall an advertisement was published by the authorities in the State of Colorado asking for information as to the heirs of the late John C. Price, a former resident of that State.

After the search of records, it was found that this property where the city was built belonged years ago to John C. Price, who had immigrated from Maryland and who had disappeared from that section of the West.

Caleb Price, a Virginian, noticed the advertisement and came to the Eastern Shore to hunt up his relative believing that they were the real heirs of the first John C. Price. Caleb Price's father was named John C. Price, and he knew that his grandfather was also named John C. Price. At Bivalve Caleb Price found his cousin, mother of Mrs. Florence Price Efford, wife of Edward M. Efford, of Bivalve. He showed the advertisement and she at once remembered that years ago she had seen the family bible of the Price family in a house on Smith's Island. A visit was made to this house and the family Bible was discovered which showed conclusively the direct line back to John C. Price, the founder of the family who had migrated to Colorado. A search of the tombstones on Holland's and Smith's Islands helped to prove up the case entirely, and Caleb Price at once engaged an attorney to answer the advertisement and to go West and look into the case for himself and the other heirs.

The lawyers claim that this estate is worth from \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000; that there will be absolutely no trouble to prove the claim of the heirs of John C. Price to every bit of the estate, and there is already lying in the trust company's vaults of Denver several millions of dollars belonging to this fund, and that when the people who now own the property have made settlements so as to secure proper deeds and conveyances the estate will be one of the largest in the United States. A meeting has been arranged for the 10 heirs to assemble in Baltimore some time this month when the entire party will go West and prove their claim to this tremendous fortune.

## Wonderful Railroad Record

Not a single passenger has been killed on any of the lines embraced in the Pennsylvania Railroad system in the past two years, and three years have passed since a passenger was killed on the lines east of Pittsburgh. The average number of passengers carried each year has been 106,660,000.

This record for safety shows what can be done when managers and the employers set their minds on things. Traveling by rail has become less hazardous than travel in any other way. Horseback riding is much more dangerous, and automobilism is so perilous that if the railroads killed as many as die from motorcar accidents in proportion to the number riding the newspapers would be filled with the horrible toll.

The rule of safety first is being observed, and it is proving to be a pretty good one.

Mrs. Charles H. Richardson, of College Park, Md., is visiting Mrs. T. J. Smith, on Main street.

## MARYLAND LEGISLATURE IN SESSION

### Deadlock In The House Broken And Philip D. Laird Elected Speaker

The Maryland Legislature met in biennial session last Wednesday and was confronted with a deadlock over the speakership of the House of Delegates that threatened to delay the inauguration of the Democratic governor-elect, Emerson C. Harrington, which will take place tomorrow, Wednesday.

There are 102 members of the House, of whom 56 are Democrats, 44 Republicans, and 2 Fusionists. Twenty-one Democratic members of the House, who are allied with United States Senator Blair Lee in the counties and with Mayor Preston, of Baltimore, last Tuesday night refused to attend the caucus at Annapolis which nominated Philip D. Laird, of Montgomery county, for speaker. Senator Lee also lives in Montgomery county. The 17 insurgent Democrats from Baltimore said they would not take Mr. Laird.

The deadlock in the House of Delegates was broken last Thursday. Philip D. Laird, of Montgomery county, was elected speaker by almost the solid vote of the Democratic members. Lloyd Wilkinson, of Baltimore city, and Mr. Laird refrained from voting.

The vote was: Laird 56; Metzgerott, 46. Senator Cooper introduced an order to amend the body's rules by abolishing the Committee on Public Buildings. This committee visits various institutions during the session at a cost of about \$6,000.

John J. Mahon swung into line behind Laird late last Wednesday night. Thursday morning he switched enough Baltimore city Democrats to break the deadlock. The five county Lee delegates and several city men, unmoved by Mahon, then gave up the fight rather than take the responsibility for holding up the State's business. Mayor Preston and Senator Blair Lee are understood to have advised their followers to fall into line rather than to be classed as blockers.

Governor-elect Harrington and Frank A. Furst are universally credited with having broken the deadlock. Both made straight appeals to Mahon last Wednesday night. Mahon's lieutenants and representatives of Mr. Furst whipped city delegates into line. The straight Lee men held out up to a few minutes before convening, but they finally deserted the fight.

Lloyd Wilkinson, the single holdout, explained on the floor of the House that his opposition was not personal, but from a principle. He added that he could not take back the things he said Wednesday about the method adopted by the Harrington-Smith machine in naming the speaker.

In strange contrast with the scene of Wednesday in the House was the sight when the speaker pro tem called for order. Everywhere was harmony and smiling faces.

While the House was enjoying its love feast the Senate met for a brief session, disposing of several orders and recessed until 2 o'clock to await completion of the House organization.

The Governor-elect reached Annapolis at noon and was nearby to witness his first history in the battle with his opponents.

The Senate reconvened at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. After the adoption of a few formal orders a message came over from the House saying that it had been organized. A joint committee was appointed by the two branches to notify the Governor that the General Assembly had organized and was ready to proceed to business. Immediately after the committee returned Governor Goldsborough sent the Secretary of State to the Senate chamber with his message. It was read at once. Then the Senate went in a body to the House chamber, where the returns of the last election were canvassed for the purpose of declaring Emerson C. Harrington elected Governor.

Both Houses adjourned until this (Tuesday) evening.

## Thousands Have Influenza

Influenza is spreading over the United States from coast to coast in the most serious epidemic ever known, taking a large toll of lives and causing economic losses by incapacitating workers in all walks of life. Reports from public health service officers made public last week by Surgeon General Blue, of Washington, show that already the disease has created a grave problem for many of the larger cities and is spreading to the rural communities.

New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, San Francisco, Seattle, Cleveland and Detroit reported the disease widely prevalent. Cleveland and Detroit each have probably 100,000 cases. Of the large cities Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Baltimore, San Diego, Dallas and Mobile reported no sign of an epidemic.



## Gwendolin's Failing

How a New Year Resolution Was Kept

By F. A. MITCHEL

Miss Gwendolin Caruthers was a bankrupt in flirtation. During her summer outing she had become involved with three suitors; two more had been added in the autumn, and the Christmas holidays had increased the total by one more. Of those two were serious, three were semi-serious, and one was to be counted a credit instead of a debit, for the gentleman had not been brought to a proposal.

Now, considering the fact that Miss Caruthers had but one heart for the five or six suitors, her assets and liabilities may be said to be as one to half a dozen. Notwithstanding this distressing condition of her heart affairs, at a party congregated to see the old year out and the new year in she yielded to the temptation to take position in a window seat behind a curtain with still another young man and then and there deliberately drew him into a proposal.

Miss Caruthers' disposition to go heart hunting had been noticed by both her father and mother and had given them great concern.

"She's not only declining desirable parties," said her mother, "but driving away other desirable young men who do not dare trust her."

"Too bad!" said her father. "The day may come when she has passed the mating age and will be forced into enduring spinsterhood."

It was a great relief, therefore, when Gwendolin astonished her father and mother by coming down to breakfast with them at 9 o'clock New Year's morning and announcing to them that she had made a New Year's resolution not to incur any more heart liabilities during the year she was entering upon. In other words, she would not act toward any young man in an encouraging manner.

"Good for you, Gwen!" exclaimed her father, taking her in his arms. "If you assure me one year from today that you have kept your resolution I'll give you an automobile."

"Done!" cried Gwen, kissing him first on one cheek and then on the other.

"But"—said her father, holding her off and looking her in the eye.

"But what?"

"There must of course be an exception."

"I see; the exception is an acceptance."

"You mean an acceptance. If you accept a man and marry him that won't count."

"Suppose I accept him and don't marry him?"

"That will count."

Gwen gave her father another kiss and sat down to breakfast. She dismissed the matter of her newly made resolution from her mind, for she only realized its importance in relieving her from having to make excuses to rejected suitors and had no doubt what ever of keeping it.

Unfortunately there was just one weak spot in Gwen's resolution. In the list of men who had become entangled with her during the past year mention has been made of one whom she had been unable to bring to his knees. This was George Underwood, a young man much engrossed in business and so steady on his pins, to use a slangy phrase, that it was very difficult for any one to bowl him over. He was not a woman's man, never danced, and, as for an affair of hearts, it had not occurred to him that it could be played as a game.

Gwen had tackled him just as she had tackled the others, not having looked upon any of them as a probable husband. Underwood's attention was not easily secured, and when it was secured there was no favorable response to Gwen's advances. In vain she had endeavored to batter down that indifference which stood between her and his heart. When trying to secure an entrance she would be miffed at a commonplace remark about the weather or some other event equally far distant from what was uppermost in her mind. The consequence was that when she made her resolution on that New Year's morning she had but one regret—she would be obliged to leave Underwood unfinished.

Mr. Underwood was in control of a large business that brought him often in contact with Mr. Caruthers. Occasionally he had come into the latter's home of an evening to talk over some business enterprise, and Gwen had lain in wait for him as he was about to depart. He was past thirty and was beginning to consider himself too old for girls still in their teens. Consequently when Gwen wished to hold him for the rest of the evening she was obliged to resort to subterfuge. She would ask for his opinion on some matter upon which she was in doubt or beg him to help her out for the rest of the evening at a game of cribbage. Once she asked him to play at "hearts" with her in a tone that would have made any other man suspicious of her at once; but, whether Underwood understood her or not, he gave no responsive sign.

Gwen never saw Underwood, who eschewed social functions, except on these visits to her father. The first time the former called after the resolution she locked herself in her room. One would have supposed that instead

of his having cause to be afraid of her it was she who was afraid of him. At his second call, during which an important business matter kept him with her father till 10 o'clock, on hearing him in the hall about to take his departure she went down on purpose to see if he showed any disappointment at not having seen her at the time of his last call. The business matter he had been discussing engrossed his attention, and he went out with simply a "Good evening."

"Papa," said Gwen to her father the next morning at breakfast, "I am thinking of making one exception in my New Year resolution. In case I do how about the car?"

"The only exception, so far as the car is concerned, is marriage."

Gwen pouted. It was evident that marriage was not to be considered in the case to which she referred.

Mr. Underwood did not have occasion to call on Mr. Caruthers again for six months. Then he came intending to remain only long enough to secure the latter's signature to a document.

While the two men were talking in Mr. Caruthers' smoking den Gwen was waiting in the drawing room for them to end their conference, for she desired to speak with Underwood before he left the house. In this instance the meeting was unusually prolonged, and every now and again Gwen noticed that the words were spoken in a low voice, for the door of the smoking room was partly closed, and when they were uttered in an ordinary tone she could hear something of what was said. What she was waiting for was to ask Mr. Underwood what kind of car she should select for New Year's day was approaching, and she was anticipating her promised reward.

Now, there was great risk in Gwen's consulting the only man who was likely to make her break her resolution upon the character of the prize she was to win by keeping it. Underwood seemed to be oblivious to her having any other intention than what appeared on the surface. It is not to be asserted that Gwen did have any other intention. It is quite likely that if she had she would not admit it to herself.

This was in November, and but six or seven weeks remained for Gwen to keep her resolution and win the car. Therefore it is not surprising that she should be thinking about what kind of car she would ask her father to buy for her. Underwood gave her the points pro and con of different cars and recommended a make that he used himself as one very easily handled. Would she like to try his car? She thought she would, but feared for her resolution. However, the time was so nearly up that she concluded to venture.

The afternoon appointed for the drive Indian summer weather prevailed, and there was a genial languor in the air. Gwen had been "good" for ten months. With so indifferent a person she did not think it dangerous to put out a feeler. For the first time she received a response. She tried hard to stop, but the ruling passion was too strong for her. She went further and was met halfway. Presently Mr. Underwood, not waiting for a new advance, plunged into violent lovemaking, followed by a declaration.

New Year's morning came round, and Mr. Caruthers said to his daughter, "Well, Gwen, can you assure me that you have done nothing during the past year to draw any man into a proposal?"

Gwen looked first at the ceiling, then at the floor, then out of the window, but made no reply.

"You don't mean, sweetheart," continued the parent, "that you have lost your car?"

"I don't know."

"If you have I'm very sorry. I have put aside \$5,000 for the purpose."

"Five thousand?"

"Yes."

Gwen was silent for awhile, then said, "I'm afraid, papa, that in order to win I'll have to get married."

"Don't do that unless you can give the man you marry your heart."

"I'm not quite certain about that."

"Whom have you drawn into your net?"

"George Underwood—only I fancy he drew me into his net."

"George is a splendid fellow."

"And the car he uses is a splendid car."

"What do you mean by that?"

"Why, you see, papa, when the end of my probation was coming and I was thinking what kind of car I should have I asked Mr. Underwood the kind he would recommend. He recommended one he used himself and offered to take me out in it. I just thought I would try him a little teeny weeny bit. Giving him an inch, he took an ell."

The father burst into a laugh and, taking his daughter in his arms, hugged her.

"Well, sweetheart," he said, "what are you going to do?"

"I can't possibly give up the auto."

"How about marrying George?"

"Oh, I suppose I'll have to swallow him."

"Good! When you make up your mind tell him so, and I'll order the car."

"I've told him already."

There was another kiss, and the parent went away to telephone his congratulations to Underwood. Desiring the young man for a son-in-law and having been asked by him for permission to pay his addresses to Gwen, Underwood had been apprised of the situation and enabled to take advantage of it.

And now an excellent husband and a numerous progeny have removed all temptation from Mrs. Underwood to flirt, and she is narrowly watching her oldest daughter, fearing that she may inherit her mother's delinquency.

## SALT AS A LUXURY.

In Most European Lands It Is Dear and Used Sparingly.

Along many parts of the Brittany coast where the land is low you may see the sea salt industry being carried on on a large scale. In the United States salt is cheaply produced at inland points by evaporation from salt water pumped from deep wells, but in most of the countries of Europe the bulk of the salt which is consumed is made by the evaporation of sea water.

Sea salt is not so pure as salt which is produced from wells, as it contains a percentage of salts of magnesium, potassium and lime, with traces of iodine and other elements in addition to the sodium chloride which is the desired substance. But it answers the purpose about as well.

The sea water is let into great shallow basins or ponds at high tide, the flow being controlled by gates. The sun, which shines very powerfully on the south Breton coast, gradually evaporates the water, and the brine becomes constantly stronger. More water is let in from time to time until a certain point of saturation is reached, and then the water is allowed to dry up, and the salt is left behind as a thin crust or coating on the bottom of the ponds.

The salt is then gathered by means of rakes and scoops. In this form, of course, it is very impure, for in taking it up a large amount of dirt is taken up with it. It is piled up, and in due course the action of the rain and weather serves to filter out most of the dirt, and the salt is left in fairly pure condition.

As you go along through the salt districts you will see hundreds of these white piles of salt, containing perhaps a ton or so each. The crude salt is finally taken to mills, where it is put through refining processes and made ready for market.

Salt brings high prices in most European countries. It is such a luxury that the people have to be sparing of it. You might wonder why this is when Europe has such a huge coast line and all that is necessary is to let the sea water evaporate under the influence of Old Sol to produce all the salt any one could want.

But here is where the law steps in. The government assumes that the sea is its property, and it will not allow ordinary citizens to make salt from it or in fact make any other private use of it without a license.

Poor fishermen in Turkey were put in prison because they boiled sea water and made their own salt. This illicit making of salt was against the law, just as the making of spirituous liquor without a proper license from the government is against the law in this country.

### Literary Beginners.

Robert W. Chambers gave this advice to the literary beginner some years ago, says the London Strand, and it holds good today:

"Have something to say and learn by experience how to say it. The important thing, to be sure, is something to say. The trouble with most people who try to write stories is that they have nothing to write about. Next, don't talk about it; do it. A writer can make his own market."

"It is the only way to do. Write what appeals to you and find a publisher who will take it. Don't go to a publisher and ask him what he wants. Make him want what you have to offer. If it is the real thing you won't have much difficulty. You will 'break into print' with your first effort."

### Limited Experience.

Mistress (to new girl)—We entertain a good deal. Have you had much experience at parties? Girl—Only as a guest, mum.—New Haven Register.

Curiosity is looking over other people's affairs and overlooking our own.—Wayland.

### Dolly Madison.

The history of the first sixteen years of the White House is practically a biography of Mrs. Dolly Madison, the handsome young widow whom the bachelor James Madison married long after his friends had regarded him as "confirmed" in his single blessedness. The first eight years she was the official hostess for the elderly widower, President Thomas Jefferson, her husband being a member of his cabinet. Jefferson was rich, and his patriotic prodigality assisted her in uniting the warring social factions of the "capital in the wilderness," as Washington was then called. Mrs. Madison's experience as hostess for Jefferson was her social education and the White House was her training school, and during Madison's own administrations his wealth likewise helped greatly in oiling the wheels of the chariot of state. "Queen Dolly's" beauty, charm and wit were the only wealth she brought her husband, as she was in circumstances actually straitened when Madison married her.—New York World.

### A King's Trick.

King Gustavus III. of Sweden had been frequently invited to the little court of Schwerin. In 1783 he paid a visit to Germany, and as soon as the Duchess of Mecklenburg heard of his approach she prepared fetes in his honor. But Gustavus, who disdained the petty courts of the small rulers, sent two of his attendants—a page named Peyron and Desvonges, a valet who had formerly been an actor—to be entertained by the duchess. The two personated the king and his minister, Baron Sparre, and sustained the characters throughout. They accepted as their due all the homage meant for their master, danced with the Mecklenburg ladies who were presented to them, and Peyron went so far as to ask one of the ladies for her portrait. Meantime Gustavus was enjoying himself elsewhere in secret.

### The Wonderful Toad Bone.

All early writers attribute wonderful qualities to toads and frogs and the various parts of their bodies. Pliny believed, for instance, that if a toad was brought into the midst of a mob or other large and unruly concourse of people "silence would instantly prevail." A small bone found in the right side of toads "of the proper age" was also believed to have powers over the various elements. "By throwing this bone into a vessel of boiling water," says Pliny, "it will immediately cool it, the water refusing to boil again until the bone has been removed. To find this bone, expose the dead toad on an ant hill. When the ants have eaten her all away except the bones take each bone separately and drop it into boiling water. Thus may the wonderful toad bone be discovered."

### He Didn't Know Mary Ann.

"Keep moving, keep moving," urged a downtown policeman in an effort to clear the sidewalk.

A countryman appealed to him in despair.

"I've lost my wife," he said.

"Well, get another one," replied the policeman laconically.

The countryman shook his head.

"You don't know Mary Ann," he answered.—Indianapolis News.

### Judicial Advantages.

"A magistrate has unusual domestic advantages over other men whose wives are always giving them a piece of their minds."

"What advantage has he?"

"When she starts in to give it he can bind her over to keep the piece."—Baltimore American.

### A Common Type.

"Dubwalle is what I would call a limited humanitarian."

"In what respect?"

"The wrongs of humanity in general work him up to a frenzy, but the individual cases merely bore him."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

### Restless Flat Hunters.

The restlessness of the flat dweller is a national mystery. Why does he go forth inevitably in the spring to find another flat and to insert his family and furniture therein? As likely as not it is the flat which he abandoned five years ago. Since then he occupied four other flats, each a vast improvement over its predecessor, and he is now delighted with the new flat which he left in disgust five years ago. He has spent hundreds of dollars in arriving at this stage of happiness, but he will abandon the flat again next year and flit on in a moving van as large as a small chapel.

We falter, appalled at the task of discovering the flat dweller's purpose until we consider the strangely similar restlessness of the sick man who lies on one side until he can't stand it any longer and then, with the assistance of his devoted family, is turned over on the other side. The change is a delightful relief, although a few hours before he couldn't endure to lie on that side a minute longer.—George Finch in Collier's Weekly.

### Anthrax Father of All Germs.

The anthrax germ is the father of all germs since it was the first discovered by the weak microscopes of half a century ago. That was because the germ was so big. The microscopes could not show the smaller germs. It was the anthrax germ, therefore, that led to the development of the microbe theory which has caused such an advance in medicine.—Boston Globe.

### There is a Difference.

"What is the difference between a riddle and two cats sitting on a bun?" asked a lad of his father.

"What an absurd question!" said the parent. "Well, I give it up."

"The one is a conundrum, the other a bununderment!"

### Carpet Facts.

May — Carpets are curious things, mamma. Mamma—Why so? May—Although they are bought by the yard, they are worn out by the feet.—Chicago Herald.

### Talking Big.

"Marriage, sir, is a failure."

"Are you in a position to know, sir?"

"I am, sir, and in a position to say so—I've just been divorced."—Judge.



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We Can Sell Your Farm.

We maintain big general offices in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Syracuse for the convenience of farm seekers; we advertise in thousands of newspapers, farm papers and magazines; we have at all times in our files the names of over 100,000 prospective farm buyers.

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Agent for E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Inc.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

JOSHUA PAUL PAYNE, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Fourteenth Day of June, 1916, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 9th day of December, 1915.

HARRY W. PAYNE, Executor of Joshua Paul Payne, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Reg. W. S. C.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children For Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and are a pleasant remedy for Worms. Used by Mothers for 29 years. They never fail. At all druggists. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Fetch your Job Printing to this office

## An Old Kentucky Home

Since I Began Taking Peruna I Weigh 120 Pounds for the First Time in My Life. My former weight was 102 lbs. My Mother who is 76 Years Old Had Grown so Weak She could scarcely walk. She also took Peruna and is fleshier and looking well.



The above splendid woman is Mrs. Hattie Hamilton, of 919 Glen Ave., Latonia, Ky. She recommends Peruna to all housewives. Address The Peruna Co., of Columbus, Ohio, for a free copy of the "Tells of Life."

## FLOUR, MEAL and MILL FEEDS

Bring your grain to our mill for exchange and get THE BEST FLOUR IN TOWN

If you are buying Flour try a bag of "PAMCO." It will please you

We manufacture Flour, Meal and all kinds of Feed

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A Sunny Disposition in the morning follows the use of Rexall Orderlies the night before

The laxative tablet with the pleasant taste

In neat tins 10¢ 25¢ 50¢



We have the exclusive selling rights for this great laxative.

Trial size, 10 cents. THE REXALL STORE T. J. SMITH & CO.



## Mothers!

Your cares in comforting the aches and pains of the family from youth to old age, are lessened when you use this old and trust-worthy remedy—

# Sloan's Liniment

Bruises—Rheumatism—Neuralgia

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Price 25c., 50c. and \$1.00

# HORSES AND MULES WAGONS BUGGIES SURREYS Runabouts and HARNESS

## J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.

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WE DEFY Competition on anything we sell, and guarantee to please. Our profits are small; our terms reasonable; you cannot afford to buy until you examine this immense stock. Buy early and save money.

ALL SIZES, ALL KINDS of HORSE COLLARS

# EGG MARKET

## Eggs 38c Dozen

Feed Conkey's Laying Tonic and get the eggs

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DRUGGISTS  
Princess Anne, Md.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

### BARBECUE AND BURGOO.

Often Confused, the Words Have Entirely Different Meanings.

Barbecue and burgoo are both words of American birth, but of foreign extraction.

Barbecue is a variation of West Indian-Spanish barbacoa, a low framework on which meat or fishes are laid to be smoked. From the framework the word came to be applied to the article thus smoked or cooked. Strictly speaking, it applies only to an animal cooked entire, as a whole sheep or a whole ox, but it is not held strictly to that usage.

The modern barbecue is the cooking of meat on a large scale by roasting or broiling in such a way as to preserve its juices and flavor.

Burgoo is of English origin, coined by sailors to designate thick porridge or gruel, sometimes also called loblolly. American burgoo is a thick soup or stew composed of the fat and juices of a barbecued animal thickened with a variety of vegetables and highly seasoned.

It sometimes has been spelled burgout, under an impression that it is derived from the French, but that is a mistake.

There is no rule or recipe for making it except experience and a genius for making a savory and eatable compound. It may consist of fish, flesh and fowl, cereals, vegetables and anything that appeals to the appetite.—Indianapolis News.

### APES OF GIBRALTAR.

They Are Highly Prized and Protected by the Authorities.

The rock of Gibraltar is the home of a highly prized and carefully protected tribe of Barbary apes. The chief of this tribe is one Major, and in Gibraltar there is a saying that it "were better to kill the governor than Major."

This band of apes numbers about twenty. They came, mysteriously enough, from Africa many years ago and claimed citizenship in Europe. They are duly protected by the authorities, and any addition by birth to their number is carefully chronicled and announced in the local paper.

These apes transfer their abode from time to time, according to the state of the weather, from the highest peaks of the rock to lower and more sheltered places. They indulge their sense of humor at times by throwing stones at the soldiers. They may not be seen for weeks at a time, save in the early morning hours.

A few years ago, on account of the diminishing numbers of these creatures, some apes were procured from Barbary and turned loose upon the rock, but the resident apes killed them all. Although so fierce to intruders of their own kind, they never attack human beings and are greatly esteemed.

### J. E. GREEN AUCTIONEER

Eden, Md.  
R. F. D. No. 2

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

### Hens Cackle—Roosters Crow

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**SEVEN BARKS** For all cases of Indigestion, Constipation, Liver and Kidney Troubles. At Druggists, etc., or by mail, 150 N. BROAD ST. NEW YORK, N. Y.

### "The Lime That Acts"

There is hardly a farm in Maryland where the soil is not sadly lacking in lime—Soils stay sick and sour—and many crops are stunted.

Clover and Alfalfa would grow where now it does not thrive. Bigger crops of grain would follow.

## The Moore-Pendleton Co.

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Call or Phone  
MARYLANDER AND HERALD

### Making the Little Farm Pay

By C. C. BOWSFIELD

Amateurs who are feeling their way into flower culture as a business need to keep in mind a few salient points which pertain to success. It is well to study the markets, to have a number of private customers and to learn which flowers are most easily cultivated.

A profit of several hundred dollars per acre may be gained by cultivating dependable varieties, for which there is a steady demand, but any garden owner who goes ahead in a haphazard way is likely to waste time, labor and investment. If one cannot secure private customers dealers should be consulted as to their requirements and the prices on different flowers.

Build a greenhouse before going into floriculture on a commercial basis if a few hundred dollars can be spared for glass and heating plant. Enough profit can be made in a year to pay for this equipment. One of the great advantages of a greenhouse is that the winter season can be made profitable by its use.

It is to be kept in mind by those who are trying to make little farms pay that flower raising is a sensible business and returns liberal profits where given proper attention. It should be a regular feature on every small place where there are the usual shipping advantages. The market value of an acre of flowers is \$500 to \$1,000.

Carnations, roses, sweet peas, asters and chrysanthemums are the leading commercial flowers, but there are others which pay well. Peonies return a good income, although they are a cheap flower. They are prolific, and the demand is fair. Amateurs usually do well with peonies from Memorial day to the close of the garden season. Dahlias and asters are hardy plants, and the flowers are more profitable than peonies. Violets are a thrifty crop and pay fairly well.

It is a mistake to plant nothing but roses. Beautiful as they are and lavish of their bloom, roses alone in the garden do not pay very well. Like carnations, they are a standard greenhouse product. The hardy chrysanthemums are popular, as they are the latest of all outside blossoms. They bloom late in the fall, and the first frosts do not injure the buds in the least.

In gardening merely for pleasure or to secure beautiful grounds there are a number of hardy flowers that give good results. The old fashioned pinks and sweet williams have come into favor again. They are fine for bedding plants and as they are hardy will last for years, seeding the beds so that new plants are constantly coming on. They are old favorites and are of many beautiful colors and markings.

The hollyhock is an old time favorite that is as popular today as ever. It is good for massing against a high fence or rock work, and, being tall, it should be set to the rear of other plants in the border. The introduction of the handsome hydrangea, catalogued as the snowball hydrangea, marked an epoch in hardy shrub culture. It is more graceful and earlier in bloom than the extremely popular Japanese hydrangea.

A garden may become delightful when ornamented with old fashioned mixed borders which contain bluebells, columbines, nasturtiums, geraniums, poppies and similar flowers. It is well to keep in mind the fact that a beautiful flower garden stimulates business in floriculture. People who buy casually are inspired by the sight of a lot of pretty blossoms and graceful borders and are apt to give large orders for the best looking varieties of marketable flowers, such as dahlias, asters, roses and chrysanthemums.

Take these varieties with carnations added and one has a good basis for a flower business covering the whole season. The way to get the money out of such a garden is to have flowers ready for customers all the season through. A greenhouse enables one to make the business perpetual. Any woman of taste who will give a little attention to the details of planting and cultivation can make a success in this line. The amount of money to be cleared every year depends on the space used, the management of the greenhouse and the intelligence with which marketing is done.

### DRAINAGE AND CROP ROTATION.

Good drainage and proper crop rotation are essential factors in the production of any crop, however well the land may be fertilized. If the land is not naturally well drained it should be tile drained. Even on rolling land tile drainage often proves highly beneficial. An adequate system of crop rotation is as necessary in vegetable growing as in general farming. Continuous planting to the same crop or to the same class of crops is not only unwise practice from the fertility standpoint, but it allows serious diseases and insects to become established in the soil as well. Gardeners should so arrange their planting that the same crop or class of crops does not occupy a given area more than once in three or four years.—Illinois Experiment Station.

### ALTERNARIA BLIGHT.

It Causes a Root Rot of the Ginseng Plant.

Ginseng blight, or alternaria blight, as it is commonly known to ginseng growers, has been known for a number of years as doing damage to the tops of the ginseng plant. The disease is known to occur wherever ginseng is grown. Until 1913 it had never been known to attack the roots of this plant. During the summer of that year a peculiar dry rotted condition was noted by agents of the United States department of agriculture who were working on diseases of this plant near Cleveland, O. The disease on the roots has since been identified from other ginseng growing localities. This root rot is distinguished from other rots by its lack of odor and the fact that the rotted roots never become soft. The dark brown center of the characteristic lesion was more or less sunken and firm to the touch and gradually shaded into the yellowish white color of a healthy root. When rot is near the crown of the root the top of the plant often shows signs of the disease. These signs are wilting and yellowing of the leaves, which on being disturbed drop off readily at the point of attachment to the main stalk. Such a condition, however, may be caused by other root rots which attack ginseng, as, for example, the rot caused by the mildew fungus *Phytophthora cactorum*.

Careful observations and tests showed that this peculiar dry rot and the very widespread alternaria blight, which heretofore had been known to occur only on the tops, were caused by the same fungus, *Alternaria panax*. In inoculation tests the disease was produced artificially on both the leaves and roots. These facts make the disease of greater economic importance and warrant the ginseng grower in taking other means besides spraying with bordeaux mixture to control it.

The means recommended in addition to spraying are, first, care in transplanting so as to injure the roots as little as possible; second, the removal of tops and stems in the fall, and, third, where the crowns of the roots are sufficiently deep below the surface of the soil, burning over the surface of the bed with a thin layer of straw after the tops have been removed.

### FEEDING THE LAMBS.

Silage fed once or twice daily to lambs being fattened for market reduces the cost of finishing and adds to the net profit.

Silage should be fed with great care or lambs will "go off their feed," and profits will be reduced.

Shelled corn, clover hay, cottonseed meal and corn silage make an excellent ration.

Cottonseed meal is an excellent feed to put a quick "finish" on the lamb.

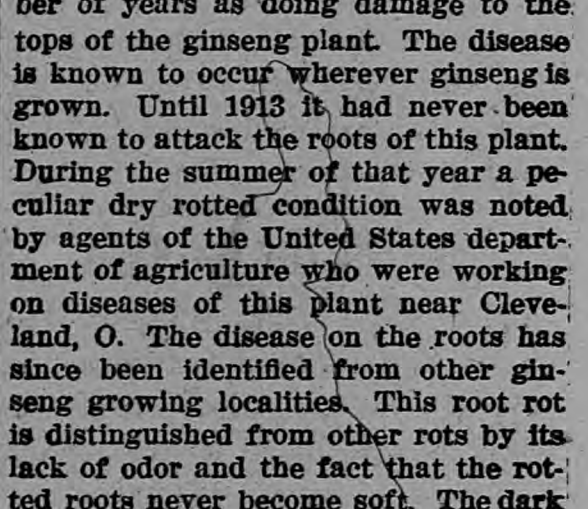
Oats have been found a food far inferior to corn as a lamb ration. Corn alone is better than mixed corn and oats.

An open shed is better, as a rule, for fattening lambs than even a well ventilated barn, bringing higher prices on account of their superior appearance.

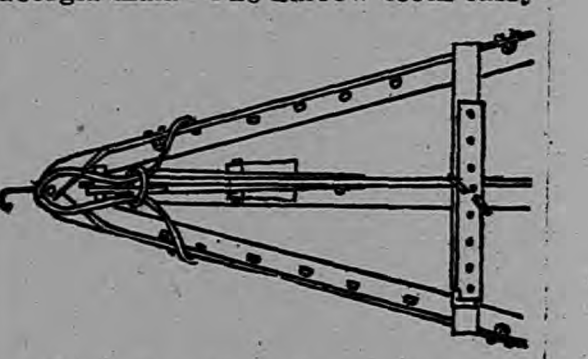
Shearing has no effect on gains or profits, except when shorn the lambs require no dipping. The extra weight of fleece will usually more than balance that expense.



BUILD A GREENHOUSE.



Angle Iron Harrows.



Angle iron harrows are giving such general satisfaction in the farming business that the number of patents on this type of soil pulverizer and weed killer is growing larger every year. This one was recently patented by a Georgia man. The harrow teeth carrying bars are pivotally connected at their front end in a V shaped implement, means being provided for detachably securing teeth. Adjustable teeth, carrying bars at the rear and at right angles to the central brace that bisects the V shaped main part, hold the main bars in variously adjusted positions.—Farm Progress.







Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published free of charge. For other notices, see the rates on the first page of this paper.

**BUSINESS POINTERS**

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter

**FOR SALE.**—Pine and Oak Cord Wood, also wood cut ready for the stove. Phone P. E. TWING.

**FOR RENT.**—50 acre farm for year 1916. Apply to H. V. MADDOX, Manokin, Md.

**THE MANOKIN CREAMERY CO.** will receive Cream on Mondays and Thursdays of each week until further notice.

**FOR SALE.**—Five pure bred Poland China Pigs that are eligible for registry. Price \$5.00 each. R. H. HARRIS, Route 1, Princess Anne, Md.

Big bargains in all kinds of stoves at Pusey's Hardware Store. I am overstocked and must sell regardless of cost. E. S. PUSEY, Princess Anne.

**FOR RENT.**—House on Prince William street, opposite Protestant Episcopal Rectory. Possession January 1st, 1916. W. H. DASHLEY, Marylander and Herald Office.

**WANTED.**—Good man for salesman and collector, to work in Princess Anne and adjoining territory. High-class proposition for right man. Address, EMPLOYER, P. O. Box 107, Salisbury, Md.

**FOR SALE.**—Ice, Coal, Wood, Fertilizer, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flaxseed Meal, Cottonseed Meal, Bran, Middlings, Dairy Feeds, Hominy, Beef Scrap, Chicken Feeds, etc., wholesale and retail. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

The Civic Club met at the Court House last Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. L. Goldberg, of Crisfield, was a visitor to Princess Anne last Friday.

The Shoreland Club met at the home of Mrs. Robert F. Duer last Thursday afternoon.

The Young Ladies Card Club was entertained last Tuesday afternoon by Miss Irene Taylor.

Miss Mary E. Brittingham, who has been visiting relatives in Washington, D. C., has returned home.

Mr. Oliver T. Beauchamp left last Wednesday afternoon to enter Pierce's Business College, at Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Shelor, of Sumter, S. C., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Ellegood, at the "Meadows."

Mr. Richard Dale, after spending the holidays with his mother, Mrs. John Dale, has returned to his duties at Easton, Pa.

Mr. Stanley L. Cochrane has opened a law office at Crisfield, Md. Mr. Cochrane was formerly employed at the office of Miles & Myers in Princess Anne.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Butler, of near Westover, spent the first Sunday of the new year with the latter's sister, Mrs. T. W. Marriner, near Pocomoke City.

Mr. L. A. Brodie, the newly employed Roads Engineer of Somerset county, arrived in Princess Anne on Monday of last week and assumed the duties of his office.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Ellegood, who for the past three weeks have been at Atlantic City, have returned to their home at the "Meadows," near Princess Anne.

Mr. Robert F. Maddox, former Register of Wills of Somerset County, has been ill at his home on Beckford avenue for a week past. He is now much better and able to be out again.

The residence of Mr. Eugene Doody about five miles northeast of Princess Anne, was destroyed by fire last Saturday morning about 8 o'clock. The fire is supposed to have come from an overheated stove.

At the Auditorium next Friday night Charlie Chaplin, in his latest success on the movies "A Night In the Show," and a two reel comedy, followed by the 27th chapter of "The Diamond From the Sky," will be the attraction.

Mr. James E. Byrd has been elected editor of the Crisfield News to succeed Mr. O. Sadler who recently resigned the position. Mr. Byrd is no novice in the printing art and we feel confident he will prove a success in his new venture. He is a native of Crisfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Y. Brattan have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Hunt Brattan, to Mr. Caleb Dorney Rogers, which is to be solemnized on Saturday, January 29th, 1916, at the Church of St. Michaels and All Angels, Baltimore.

The Postoffice Department has notified postmasters that it is about to issue stamped envelopes bearing an embossed two-cent postage stamp of new design. The new stamp is printed in red ink and is in the form of a circle. In the center is embossed the head of Washington in profile.

Mrs. T. A. Walker, who was summoned to Parkersburg, W. Va., recently on account of the illness of her father, Mr. J. F. Bowen, returned to Princess Anne last Saturday, having left her father much better. Mrs. Walker was met in Wilmington, Del., by her husband.

The beautiful weather that has been usual this winter came to an abrupt termination on Friday, when a snow storm came unexpectedly instead of the "much colder weather" predicted. It snowed until noon and several inches covered the ground. Saturday the weather was slightly warmer and much of the snow melted.

Mr. Hayward Marshall, of Philadelphia, spent the week-end at the home of Mrs. Joseph G. Scott, on Beckford avenue.

Mr. Oscar F. Jones, a well known merchant of Princess Anne, has been ill at his home for a week past. His condition yesterday was somewhat improved.

The Circuit Court for Somerset County convened yesterday (Monday) morning, Judge H. L. D. Stanford presiding. This being a non-jury term but little business was attended to. The docket entries were called and some judgments were rendered.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Josephine Briggs Davy, daughter of Dr. Robert Ballard Davy of Detroit, Mich., to Dr. W. Carleton Warrick, which took place on January 1st, 1916. Dr. and Mrs. Warrick will be home at Royal Oak, Mich., after February 1st.

Miss Emma Pollitt, aged 60 years, died at the home of her brother, Mr. Calvin Pollitt, near Eden, on December 15th, 1915. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. W. F. Freund and the interment was in the cemetery of Monie church. She is survived by her mother, Mrs. Hester Pollitt, and two brothers, Calvin and Jefferson Pollitt, of Salisbury.

Mr. W. L. Dryden wife and daughter Miss Lydia, who have been spending the holidays visiting Mr. Dryden's family in Somerset county, Mrs. Dryden's brother, Mr. W. G. Lankford, at Costen, and Mrs. Juliet Lankford, at Princess Anne, left the early part of the week for their home at Staten Island, N. Y., with renewed fondness for the old place. — Worcester Democrat.

Former Congressman L. Irving Handy, a member of the bar of New Castle county, Del., with offices in Wilmington, has returned from the Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore to his home in Smyrna, Delaware, much improved in health. Mr. Handy has lost 20 pounds in weight and the strict diet prescribed by his Baltimore physician will be kept up.

Mrs. Sarah Milligan, widow of the late Wesley Milligan, of Revell's Neck, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Edward Somers, on Pine street, Crisfield, on Wednesday last. Mrs. Milligan had reached the ripe old age of 92 years. She is survived by three sons—R. H. Milligan, of Urbanna, Va.; Edward Milligan, of Cape Charles, Va., and Washington Milligan, of Crisfield; also two daughters—Mrs. Edward Somers and Miss Sallie Milligan. Funeral services were held from her late home Friday afternoon, conducted by Rev. C. A. Hill, and interment was in Crisfield cemetery.

**Death Of Mrs. W. H. Rounds**

Mrs. Elizabeth (Brewington) Rounds, wife of Mr. William H. Rounds, died Sunday morning about 11 o'clock, after a short illness of pneumonia, at her home on Camden avenue, Salisbury.

Deceased was a daughter of the late Henry Scott Brewington, and was born in Salisbury, March, 1841. She was, therefore, nearly 75 years of age, and had spent her entire life there. She was married to Mr. Rounds in June, 1867.

Mrs. Rounds is survived by her husband and two brothers—Mr. H. S. Brewington, of Baltimore, and Mr. Clarence M. Brewington, of Salisbury.

**Mr. Beauchamp As State's Attorney**

Mr. L. Creston Beauchamp, the newly elected State's Attorney, took the oath of office Monday of last week, before Judge Stanford. Mr. Beauchamp is the second Republican to hold the office in this county since the Civil War. His predecessors in the office within that period and the terms of their services are as follows: Adam C. Miles, 1863 to 1870; the late Judge Henry Page, 1870 to 1884; Joshua W. Miles, 1884 to 1888; N. Walter Dixon, 1888 to 1892; James T. Dennis, who resigned and Henry J. Waters, appointed, 1892 to 1896; Gordon Tull, 1896 to 1900; Henry J. Waters, 1900 to 1908; Gordon Tull, 1908 to 1916.

**Mrs. Annie B. Merrill Dead**

Mrs. Annie Burley Merrill, widow of the late Isaac Harrison Merrill, passed away at her late home on Market street, Pocomoke City, after a week's illness of pneumonia.

Mrs. Merrill was the daughter of Captain George Primrose and Rhoda Godwin Primrose, of Milford, Del. She would have been 71 years old in February.

Surviving her are three daughters, (Mrs. Wm. H. Walters, Sr., Mrs. E. I. Blaine and Mrs. John W. Ennis), and a daughter-in-law, (Mrs. Harrison P. Merrill). She leaves also twelve grandchildren and three great-grandchildren two nieces (Mrs. Wm. H. Wolverton, of Stockton, N. J., and Mrs. J. Shiles Crockett, of Pocomoke City), and a nephew, (Rev. James Cannon, president of the Blackstone Female Institute.)

**Constipation And Indigestion**

"I have used Chamberlain's Tablets and must say they are the best I have ever used for constipation and indigestion. My wife also used them for indigestion and they did her good," writes Eugene S. Knight, Wilmington, N. C. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement]

**Captain Collins Resigns**

Increased duties at the postoffice have compelled Capt. H. E. Collins to resign his command of Company L of Crisfield.

Company L was organized about one year ago and since that time has continued to grow and increase in efficiency and last summer at camp won eight medals for proficiency in rifle shooting.

Mr. Collins' resignation is much regretted.

**Death Of Mr. T. Percival Robinson**

Mr. Thomas Percival Robinson died suddenly last Wednesday, near Augusta, Ga. Mr. Robinson, it will be remembered, married Miss Leonora Upshur, of Northampton county, Va. He had been ill for some years but it was supposed that he had nearly recovered his health. His death, therefore, was a great shock to his family and friends.

The funeral services were held last Saturday afternoon from his late residence, 148 East Washington Lane, Germantown, Pa. His widow is a daughter of Mrs. Thomas T. Upshur, and a niece of Miss Annie E. Upshur, of Northampton county, Va.

**Marriage Licenses**

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County:

White—Charles W. Stant, 22, and Nancy E. Nibbett, 26, both of Crisfield. Wilbur Schrock, 21, and Mary B. Overholt, 19, both of Somerset county. Samuel Phillips, 28, and Lottie Jones, 18, both of Pocomoke City. William J. Miller, 51, and Olivia Bozman, 20, both of Deal's Island. Albert C. Bounds, 23, and Viola G. Cole, 20, both of Mt. Vernon. Lewis H. Horner, 22, of Mt. Vernon, and Mary C. Wilson, 22, of Crisfield.

Colored—Willie Rock, 21, of Venton, and Lola Windsor, 22, of Somerset county. Perry Thomas Wilson, 55, of Manokin, and Zilphy Collins, 54, of Westover.

**Public School Funds**

The first quarterly distribution of school funds for 1916 has been announced by the Comptroller. It follows:

County	Public School Tax	School Fund	App. High Sch. Fund
Allegany	\$15,785.93	\$1,754.84	\$2,500.00
Anne Arundel	9,896.41	1,131.96	600.00
Baltimore	23,351.38	2,424.55	2,700.00
Baltimore	118,170.83	14,292.12	2,500.00
Calvert	2,971.09	346.33	300.00
Caroline	4,915.27	782.92	1,625.00
Carroll	7,788.73	1,061.45	925.00
Cecil	5,437.98	656.66	1,625.00
Charles	4,786.43	515.59	1,625.00
Dorchester	7,857.29	1,065.19	1,225.00
Frederick	12,591.96	1,899.16	2,700.00
Garrett	5,411.29	814.24	925.00
Harford	6,893.30	854.39	1,975.00
Howard	4,044.40	471.83	575.00
Kent	4,076.14	540.65	925.00
Montgomery	7,788.73	991.52	1,975.00
Prince George's	9,090.17	1,230.53	1,975.00
Queen Anne	4,273.05	564.67	1,650.00
St. Mary's	5,047.75	564.79	1,650.00
Somerset	5,859.25	802.26	925.00
Talbot	4,745.61	626.82	1,625.00
Washington	11,857.87	1,800.88	1,875.00
Wicomico	6,893.31	1,001.68	1,575.00
Worcester	5,596.65	559.55	1,875.00
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$300,000.00</b>	<b>\$37,500.00</b>	<b>\$54,825.00</b>
<b>City</b>			<b>100.00</b>

**Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey**

For your cold, for your cough, for your feverish throat, nose and head, use Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. Honey soothes the irritation, Pine-Tar cuts the phlegm, thus relieving congestion. Pine Tar also acts as an antiseptic, as a result general relief follows. Breathing becomes easier and further inflammation is arrested. Insist on Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It is an ideal treatment. Price 25c.

[Advertisement]

**WASHINGTON HOTEL TONSORIAL PARLOR**

Sanitary and Up-to-date Expert Workmen Only

**HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor**

**PHILIP M. SMITH**

**Funeral Director**

**PRINCESS ANNE, MD.**

All funeral work will receive prompt attention. Local phone.

**PUBLIC SALE**

**HORSES AND MULES**

I will sell at Public Sale (rain or shine) at my stables at Oriole, Somerset county, Maryland, on

**Thursday, Jan. 13, 1916,**

Beginning at 11 o'clock A. M.

**30 HORSES AND MULES**

from 4 to 10 years old, will weigh from 800 to 1200 pounds each.

Terms of Sale:—Twelve months note with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale.

**HARRY T. PHOEBUS.**

**Application For**

**Oyster Grounds**

The following application for oyster ground in or adjacent to Somerset county is now on file in the office of the Board of Shell Fish Commissioners of Maryland.

Published charts of the natural oyster bars of Somerset county are filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said county.

Notice is hereby given that all protests against the granting of said lease must be filed in the Circuit Court of Somerset County on or before the 13th Day of March, 1916.

Applicant Address Acres  
BEULAH A. NELSON, Westover, Md. Not exceeding 30

Located in the Manokin river, on the northerly side thereof, about two miles above Locust Point, and including lot originally held by M. M. Cripps, as shown on published chart No. 7.

**BOARD OF SHELLFISH COMMISSIONERS.**

**Allen's Foot-Ease for the Troops.**

Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes, for use by the troops, because it gives rest and comfort to tired, aching, swollen feet and makes walking easy. At drugists everywhere, 25c.

**The Rural Church**

Is the rural church passing? Are the days of good, old fashioned religion a thing of the past? So, it would seem from a reading of the report of President Kenyon L. Butterfield of the Massachusetts Agricultural College to the Commission on Church and Country Life.

Butterfield declares that the rural church must become a community institution and through its preacher and lay members promote the courses of good roads, better farming, agricultural college extension courses, temperance, public health, community beautification and planning, promotion of co-operation among farmers for buying, selling and recreation centers.

Such radical change from a house where God is supposed to be worshipped to one where purely secular matters are discussed is bound to cause a widespread opposition among the religious. Many students of religion claim that the decline of the country church began when pulpits were thrown open to politicians—when the local minister attempted to dictate political elections—when the church became a political forum.

There is a sound basis for this claim. Men go to church to be told of God and spiritual matters. They want to pray, to put their house in order, to hesitate in the mad rush for the necessities and luxuries of life to think of the future life. When this is denied them, and, in its place, a minister delivers a political talk, urging them to vote for this candidate or for that cause in the name of religion, the religious man rightfully resents the assumed leadership of the preacher and, as a result, stays at home to commune with his God.

It is a fact that two-thirds of the rural churches have ceased to grow and that 83 per cent have a membership of less than 100. To change the country church to a community house may result in much temporal benefit to the communities in which the house may be located, but what of the church? The anti-religious could find no better way to hasten the complete disruption of the church.

**The Gift Of It**

"Last December I had a very severe cold and was nearly down sick in bed. I bought two bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it was only a very few days until I was completely restored to health," writes O. J. Metcalf, Weatherby, Mo. If you would know the value of this remedy, ask any one who has used it. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement]

**GLASSES**

Prescribed by Charles W. Funnell at O. A. Jones' Drug Store Wednesday Afternoon, January 19th, 1916.

Satisfaction is assured.

**CHARLES W. FUNNELL**

**OPTOMETRIST**

Phone 457 J Cambridge, Md.

**REAL ESTATE FOR SALE**

**DESIRABLE FARMS**

**RIVER FRONTS**

\$2.00 per acre, up to \$10.00 with a building on it; \$7.00 per acre near Railroad

**BURNT AND GROUND SHELL LIME**

\$5.00 per ton, delivered by rail or water. Fine enough to be put on with Lime Distributor. ORGANS, PIANOS, SINGER SEWING MACHINES, AUTOMOBILES, OPEN DRAIN SAND AND CONCRETE TILE.

Time in exchange for corn, hay, cordwood. Fine Seed Corn for sale.

**E. W. McGRATH.**

**Crisfield, Maryland**

**ATTRACTIONS**

**FOR THIS WEEK AT**

**THE AUDITORIUM**

**Motion Pictures**

**TUESDAY NIGHT**

Mary Pickford in "Such a Little Queen"

**THURSDAY NIGHT**

Marie Doro in "Morals of Marcus"

**FRIDAY NIGHT**

the 27th Chapter of "The Diamond From the Sky" and Charlie Chaplin in a 2-reel Comedy "A Night In the Show"

**ADMISSION**

Adults, 10 cents; children 5 cents and 5 cents in the gallery.

**SATURDAY NIGHT**

Marguerite Clark in "The Goose Girl"

**Admission 10 Cents**

First Pictures, 7.45; second, 8.45 o'clock

[Advertisement]

**Do You Want a Good Complexion?**

**Velvet Skin Lotion**

is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers.

If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief.

Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving.

Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

**OMAR A. JONES**

**Druggist Princess Anne**



**Why We Advertise**

WE are paying for this space every week in the year for the sole purpose of impressing upon your mind the fact that there is not another store in this section that can give you better values for your money than we can.

We must depend upon many sales, because our profits are small—so small, in fact, that without a great volume of business we could not possibly make them. Every dollar spent in this store helps to keep prices in this community down. It's to your interest to trade with us. You get your money's worth.

We want your business and are making the prices to get it. Before our Remnant Sale is started—in a few weeks—we are now making some great cuts in the prices of Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Garments and invite an early inspection.

A happy and prosperous New Year to all our customers.

**W. O. LANKFORD & SON**

**The Home Furnishers**

**PRINCESS ANNE**

N. B.—A fine assortment of Silverware and Glassware is still remaining suitable for a Wedding Present.

[Advertisement]

**At Dickinson's**

You will find what you want in assured style. This is no guess work on our part, because we are always on the alert for the latest as it comes out. Our stock is the largest south of Wilmington for you to select from, and prices as low as anywhere on dependable yard.

**SEE OUR LINE OF**

**Dress Goods**

**Lace Curtains**

**Silks**

**Underwear**

**Trimnings Ready Made Wear**

**Gloves**



## How a Horse Earned the Victoria Cross

By F. A. MITCHEL

Private Turner came home to England from the war in Belgium minus his right arm. When he was discharged and went home his little son, Bob, asked him if he had killed any one.

"Why do you ask that, Bobbie?" said his father.

"Cos if you didn't I don't see what you went to the war for."

"Well, I don't believe I killed a single man. At any rate, if I did I didn't know it. At one time we were pouring a volley into the enemy's ranks, and I could see them droppin' here, there, everywhere. I didn't trouble me at all. Now I think of it there was not one of those poor fellows whose death or woundin' filled me with any feelin' except exhilaration. It was like shootin' at a flock of birds. And yet every one of 'em had one or more persons at home to grieve for him if they knew what had happened."

"But there was one killin' that did trouble me, and I reckon I'll never forget it. I was detailed at regimental headquarters. At one time when there was a lull in the fightin' and the men were beautifyin' the trenches the colonel's daughter came over from England. She said she had come to be a nurse. But it didn't turn out that way. She was a chipper little gal with a whinnin' smile, and nobody that came near her could resist her. One day she came to me and she says, says she:

"Orderly, you look like a kind hearted man. Don't you want to do me a favor?"

"In course I do, miss. What shall it be?"

"Take a note for me to a lieutenant in the trenches a few miles to the south."

"Supposin' the colonel calls for me while I'm away?"

"That'll be all right. I'll tell papa that you have gone away on my account."

"Miss Gladys was ridin' a bay horse that her father had got for her. His name was Fox. She told me to take Fox, and before I started she handed me a bit of paper with the message written on it. It wasn't sealed. Miss Gladys told me to read it after I had left her and if I lost it to tell it to the lieutenant. As soon as I got away from her I read the paper, and what do you suppose the message was? Why, nothin' but 'A thousand kisses'."

"I didn't mind that there was nothin' more important about it. I just kept on, and when I got to the trench where I was to find the lieutenant's regiment it had gone off with a force—for it wasn't all trench work in them days—to fight the Germans. I didn't know that he could even read them kisses at the front, but I'd promised the little girl I'd deliver 'em, and I was bound to keep my word. I came up at the rear of the regiment I was lookin' for, and just before reachin' it an officer, lyin' on his back wounded, called:

"I say, my man, get me somepin to stop the blood. I'm bleedin' to death."

"I can't stop, sir. I'm charged with deliverin' a message to Lieutenant Walker of the Sixty-seventh."

"I'm Lieutenant Walker."

"With that I dismounted, and, seein' that a piece of shrapnel had cut an artery in his leg, I tore off some of his shirt, wrapped it around the wound and, takin' up a stick, made a tourniquet. Then the lieutenant told me to go for a surgeon quick. As I was ridin' away he called out, 'What's the message?' And I bawled back, 'A thousand kisses!' I didn't stop to say who sent them. I knew that if I didn't get a surgeon quick he would bleed to death."

"I had to ride a long way for the surgeon and would have got him in time if it hadn't been that Fox went like the wind. Just as I was comin' to a hospital where I would likely find a surgeon the animal crossed a deserted trench without seemin' it and fell, tossin' me ahead on the other side. I saw that one of his legs was at a right angle and I couldn't go any farther on him. I ran on to the hospital, got a surgeon and a new mount, and we went back to the lieutenant. He was nearly gone, but the surgeon told me to pour some liquor down him, while he took up the ends of the artery."

"All right," he said at last, "he's saved. A few minutes more and it would have been too late." Then the lieutenant said to me: "The message did it. I held on for her sake." "Not at all," I said. "It was the horse that broke his leg goin' so fast that he didn't see the trench."

"With that I made off for Fox. As I rode up to him he looked at me melancholy-like, and when he saw me draw my revolver—for a horse with a broken leg must be shot—he gave me a look that tuk the starch out o' me."

"That was the killin' that has troubled me ever since. I shot poor Fox, and if ever a brute deserved the cross for savin' life he did, for he died for the lieutenant."

"One day the colonel told me I was to go with Miss Gladys, takin' her in a car. I tuk her to a hospital, and she told me she was goin' to see the lieutenant. While I was drivin' her, she in the back seat, she put her arm around my neck and nearly strangled me."

"You saved his life," she said.

"I didn't," says I. "It was Fox saved it."

## OLDER BUT STRONGER

To be healthy at seventy, prepare at forty, is sound advice, because in the strength of middle life we too often forget that neglected colds, or careless treatment of slight aches and pains, simply undermine strength and bring chronic weakness for later years.

To be stronger when older, keep your blood pure and rich and active with the strength-building and blood-nourishing properties of Scott's Emulsion which is a food, a tonic and a medicine to keep your blood rich, alleviate rheumatism and avoid sickness. No alcohol in Scott's. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

### WRITTEN BY CHILDREN.

Some Famous Hymns That Have Outlived Their Authors.

Some of the best known hymns in the language have been written by children. Everybody knows "My Faith Looks Up to Thee," a hymn with a unique record. It was the first hymn the author, Dr. Ray Palmer, ever wrote. It is by far the most popular of his hymns. It was written when he was a mere lad, and he survived its publication and popularity sixty years. It was set to music in the year of its birth and has always been sung to the same tune.

One of the best known hymns in the world is "There Is a Land of Pure Delight." Yet it was written by Isaac Watts before he reached manhood. It is said that he was staying in the Isle of Wight and looking across to Hampshire when he penned the lines:

Sweet fields beyond the swelling flood Stand dressed in living green.

That fine soldierly hymn, "Oft In Danger, Oft In Woe, Onward, Christian, Onward Go," was actually written by a boy and girl who never saw each other. The boy was poor Henry Kirke White, who died before he reached manhood, and the girl was Frances Fuller-Maitland.

The fact is that when the boy poet died the little girl was not born. Exactly when Kirke White wrote his verses is not known, for they were found among his papers after his death. He had worked some sums in algebra on the same sheet.

Twenty years later the little Frances, fourteen years old, wrote the verses beginning respectively, "Let your drooping hearts be glad," "Let not sorrow dim your eye," and "Onward, then, to battle move," which made a fine hymn of what was really only a set of verses.

Frances Ridley Havergal wrote one of her best known hymns when she was a girl of fifteen. In fact, it was the first thing of any importance she ever penned. This is the pathetic hymn, "Thy Life Was Given For Me." It was scribbled on the back of a circular in pencil and first read to an old, bedridden woman who liked it so much that the little girl repeated of her first intention to burn it, and her father wrote the well known tune. Baca, to it.—London Tit-Bits.

### DANGER IN GASOLINE.

This Substance Is Seven Times More Powerful Than Dynamite.

Do you know that gasoline gas is seven times more powerful than dynamite? asks the National Cash Register News in an article on the use of gasoline with safety in the home. Gasoline is a thin, water white liquid which evaporates rapidly and throws off vast quantities of vapor very inflammable and explosive when mixed with air.

Substances like cotton, linen, silk, especially when unwashed and undyed, become more or less electrified when rubbed or moved quickly in a bath of gasoline, the gasoline becoming negatively charged. Gasoline being a bad conductor, the generated electricity accumulates and reaches such tension that sparks are possible, igniting the gasoline and causing fire and explosion. Weather conditions affect the results decidedly, the dry air of winter being more dangerous than moist summer air. Gasoline explosions in garages are often brought about by static electricity, a fact definitely proved.

In case of fire tight cans are liable to explode, throwing the burning gasoline all over the premises, thereby augmenting the fire. For this reason gasoline should be stored outside the house, preferably in safety type cans (cans with fine wire gauze in neck and spout).

Gasoline used for cleaning should be used outdoors, at least fifty feet from any fire, light or burning substance, never in an inclosed room. The heavy vapors travel long distances and are highly explosive. Never clean gloves on the hands. The rubbing or agitating of clothing in gasoline should be accomplished by means of a dry stick.

Gasoline stoves should never be filled with a light or fire within fifty feet of the stove.

### As Others See Us.

Little Lemuel—Say, paw, what is the meaning of ostentation? Paw—Ostentation, son, is a way the neighbors have of showing off.—Indianapolis Star.

### For Children's Cough

You cannot use anything better for your child's cough and cold than Dr. King's New Discovery. It is prepared from Pine Tar mixed with healing and soothing balsams. It does not contain anything harmful and is slightly laxative, just enough to expel the poisons from the system. Dr. King's New Discovery is antiseptic—kills the cold germs—raises the phlegm—loosens the cough and soothes the irritations. Don't put off treatment. Coughs and Colds often lead to serious lung troubles. It is also good for adults and the aged. Get a bottle to-day. All druggists. 8

[Advertisement.]

## CHINESE TRICKERY.

Traders Who Keep Their Victims In Financial Slavery.

Dishonest traveling merchants in China find a particularly lucrative field in which to ply their labors, with the result that almost unbelievable consequences come to light now and then. Some traders, taking advantage of the simplicity of the Mongolians, make an attractive display of goods such as the natives crave to possess, and tempt them to purchase what catches their fancy.

Woe to one who is beguiled to walk into the snare, for the glib tongue of the traveling merchant will soon induce him to take possession of that particular article to which his attention is directed at any price demanded. If he has something to offer in exchange fleeing stops there, but in case he has nothing to give in return a great calamity will befall him.

The vendor will assure him that he is quite welcome to carry away the article on credit. He will come back again to the town after a certain lapse of time. If the native hands over one or several head of cattle or a horse, equivalent in value to 30 or 40 per cent of the price of the goods advanced, as interest, everything will be satisfactory. However, the merchant on returning seldom collects the price, but is satisfied with carrying away the promised interest, leaving the purchaser in debt so that he can forever milk him.

Thus, it is not rare to see some Mongolians working for the payment of usurious interest on a debt contracted by their fathers or even grandfathers as the result of having fallen a victim to one of these tricky Chinese peddlers.—Argonaut.

### MONSTER WATER BUGS.

One of Them Can Grip and Easily Put to Death a Frog.

The frog's worst enemy is a monster water bug which inhabits the tropical waters of both North and South America. This water bug is one of the largest aquatic insects. It is called a giant by comparison with other bugs, but it is much smaller than any of the frogs on which it preys. Yet so powerful are its legs that it is sure death for the frog that gets within their grasp.

The two principal joints of the forelegs fold down on one another, and the stouter of these two has a groove along its front to receive the sharp inner edge of the next joint, much as the blade of a pocketknife folds down.

In the pools and the estuaries of tidal waters these giant bugs hide among stones and rubbish, from which they dart rapidly to attack passing frogs and occasionally fishes. The victim is clasped by the bug's forelegs, and the deadly beak between its two compound eyes is plunged deep into the flesh.

This is not a case of taking toll merely of the victim's blood, as in the case of many other sucking insects; it is speedily followed by the death of the bug's victim. This appears to be due to a copious supply of liquid from around the base of the beak, which finds its way into the puncture.

Professor Locy has traced this to a pair of glands in the head of the giant water bug. Their secretion produces death very quickly.—New York American.

### Getting an Autograph.

A Munich boy of fourteen who had seen and admired many of Rudolf von Seitz's paintings was anxious to secure the painter's autograph, but did not know how to go about it. After much thought he wrote a letter, stating that he had sent a case of wine to the professor's address and wanted to know whether it had been received. Thinking the matter of sufficient importance, the painter did not write, but called at the address given, met the boy's mother, and the fraud soon became apparent. The boy was thoroughly scolded and next day received this autograph note:

It often happens here on earth That little rogues to great ones grow. Some autographs for which you're trying Can be procured without much lying.

### Rubber Trees.

Rubber trees planted in Ceylon have attained a height of fifty feet and a girth of two feet from the surface of the ground in six years. At the end of that time the trees are ready for tapping in order to extract the latex, or sap, which is transformed into rubber.

### 30,000 VOICES

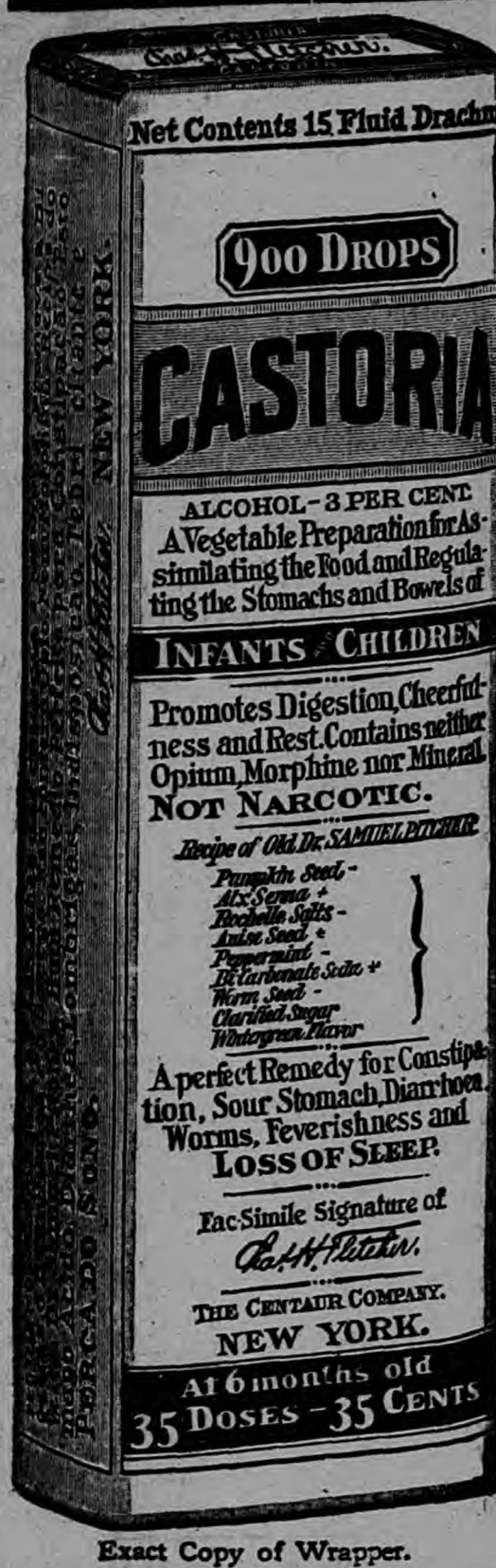
And Many Are The Voices Of Princess Anne People

Thirty thousand voices—What a grand chorus! And that's the number of American men and women, who are publicly praising Doan's Kidney Pills for relief from backache, kidney and bladder ills. They say it to friends. They tell it in the home papers. Princess Anne people are in this chorus.

Here's a Princess Anne case: John W. Heath, farmer, R. F. D., No. 2, Princess Anne, says: "For more than a year I suffered from distressing attacks of backache and at times my back became so weak I could hardly work. The kidney secretions were also irregular in passage and there was sediment in them. Having heard so much about Doan's Kidney Pills, I got a box at Omar A. Jones' drug store and gave them a trial. They helped me at once and thus convinced me of their merit." (Statement given Oct. 14, 1907.) Over four years later Mr. Heath said: "The cure Doan's Kidney Pills made for me is still permanent."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Heath had. Foster-Milburn Co., Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]



## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

## N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect January 3, 1916

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	49-1049	81	43	47-1047	45				
New York (Penn. Station)	9:00	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.				
Philadelphia	11:17	7:25	10:00	3:00					
Wilmington	12:01 a. m.	8:19	10:44	3:44					
Baltimore	8:10 p. m.	6:30	9:00	1:43					
Delmar		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.				
Salisbury	3:09	11:45	1:35	7:12					
PRINCESS ANNE	3:20	7:03	12:05 p. m.	1:48	7:26				
Cape Charles	3:38	7:30	12:35	2:08	7:53				
Old Point	4:05	10:25		4:45	10:50				
Norfolk	4:20			5:00					
	9:20			7:45					
		8:00 a. m. on Sundays							
NORTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	44	42	48-1048	80	50-1050				
Norfolk		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.				
Old Point		8:40	9:25	6:00					
PRINCESS ANNE		11:40	9:20	7:00					
Salisbury	7:02	10:55	2:15 p. m.	8:30	11:55				
Delmar	7:39	11:34	2:38	9:15	12:38 a. m.				
	7:58	12:00 p. m.	2:59	Ar. 9:30	12:45				
Wilmington	Ar. 11:09	A. M.	P. M.	5:40 p. m.	4:05				
Philadelphia	11:56	5:03	6:29	5:03					
Baltimore	12:59 p. m.	6:16	7:22	6:00	5:58				
New York	2:00	8:00	9:15	7:32					
		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.				
CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward					CRISFIELD BRANCH—Northward				
Leave	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	Leave	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
King's Creek	7:45	2:25	8:25		Crisfield	6:00	1:00	7:00	
Ar. Crisfield	8:30	3:10	9:05		Ar. King's Creek	6:45	1:45	7:50	
No Sunday trains on this Branch Road									
Trains Nos. 49-1049, 47-1047, 8-1048, 50-1050 daily.					Nos. 81, 43, 44, 45, 42, 80 daily except Sunday.				
R. B. COOKE Traffic Manager.					C. I. LEIPER, Superintendent.				

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NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

JOHN W. WILSON

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the Twelfth day of April, 1916, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 18th day of October, 1915.

LAURA H. WILSON,

Administratrix of John W. Wilson, deceased.

True Copy. Test: ROBERT F. MADDOX,

Register of Wills.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

THOMAS E. MARSHALL,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the Twenty-sixth day of April, 1916, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 18th day of October, 1915.

CHARLES E. POWELL,

Executor of Thomas E. Marshall, deceased.

True Copy. Test: ROBERT F. MADDOX,

Register of Wills.

## Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Railway Company

RAILWAY DIVISION

Schedule effective January 3, 1916.

EAST BOUND.

9 a. m. 3 p. m.

Lv. Baltimore 4:00 10:21

Salisbury 9:53 10:56

Ar. Ocean City 10:56 11:23

P. M. A. M.

WEST BOUND.

6 a. m. 10 p. m.

Lv. Ocean City 6:20 12:3

Salisbury 7:39 2:40

Ar. Baltimore 1:15 P. M.

4 Daily except Sunday.

T. MURDOCH I. E. JONES,

Gen. Pass. Agent Div. Pass. Agt.

WILLARD THOMPSON, General Manager.

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An Independent Newspaper

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Including Sunday

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For the Family Circle

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The Baltimore News

Baltimore Maryland

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Daily and Sunday, three months 85c \$9.2



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**2,000 Lbs. of Hydrated Lime are, in result, Equivalent to 3,800 Lbs. of Pulverized Oyster Shell Lime**

We have Shells to Burn, and have Shells Burnt. Unless you have Money to Burn you will Buy Burnt Lime.

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Licensed Manufacturers of  
**HYDRATED LIME**  
POSTOFFICE: UPPER FAIRMOUNT, MARYLAND  
FACTORY—Maddox Island on the Manokin River

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**New 1916 Five Passenger Overland Car**  
Price \$750.00 f. o. b. Factory

35-Horse Power, Electric Lights, Self-Starter. Also Roadsters at \$725.00

It will pay you to look the OVERLAND line over before purchasing your new car. An inquiry will bring the car to you for demonstration.

**J. B. CULLEN, Agent for Somerset County**  
**POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND**

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

**CHARLES LANKFORD,**  
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Fourteenth Day of June, 1916,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 7th day of December, 1915.

**GORDON TULL,**  
Administrator of Charles Lankford, deceased.  
True Copy. Test: **LAFAYETTE RUARK,**  
12-14 Register of Wills.

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

**JOHN T. HUDSON,**  
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Fourteenth Day of June, 1916,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 7th day of December, 1915.

**NORA P. HUDSON and PETER O. HUDSON,**  
Administrators of John T. Hudson, deceased.  
True Copy. Test: **LAFAYETTE RUARK,**  
12-14 Register of Wills.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years  
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

**PETER C. GOBLE,**  
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Sixteenth Day of May, 1916,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 12th day of November, 1915.

**MARIA C. GOBLE, CHAS. C. GELDER, DAVID E. PETERS,**  
Administrators of Peter C. Goble, dec'd.  
True Copy. Test: **ROBERT F. MADDOX,**  
11-16 Register of Wills.

## PATENTS

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**The Last of the Ruffs.**  
In 1782 the rage for ruffs, such as are seen on many monumental effigies, began to decline. A writer in the London Chronicle of that year says of gentlemen's dress, "Their cuffs entirely cover their wrists, and only the edges of their ruffs are to be seen." It is said that a distaste for ruffs was first created so far back as 1613, when a woman named Turner wore them on her trial for the murder by poison of Sir Thomas Overbury. The French revolution of 1789 much influenced British fashion, and the picturesque cocked hat and ruffles then gave way generally to round hats and small cuffs. The period of their final disuse cannot be easily determined, as men of old fashioned or eccentric habits have worn ruffled shirt fronts within quite recent memory.

**Tricky Fox.**  
A gentleman while hunting near a river one winter day saw a fox run out on the ice and make at full speed for an opening in the ice where the rushing water of the river could be plainly seen from the bank, says the Scotsman. At the edge he stopped, turned, followed his tracks back to the bank and then ran some distance down the stream and sat there. Soon a dog came crashing out of the woods, baying finely, hot on the fox's trail. Now, dogs when on a chase of this kind trust almost entirely to their noses. This one was no exception. He ran along the ice, head down, and when he reached the hole he could not stop, but plunged into the water and disappeared forever. Then the fox trotted away with every sign of satisfaction.

**A Lightning Result.**  
During the lessons one afternoon in a public school a thunderstorm arose, and, seeking to lessen the fright of the children, the teacher began an entertaining discourse on the wonder of the elements.

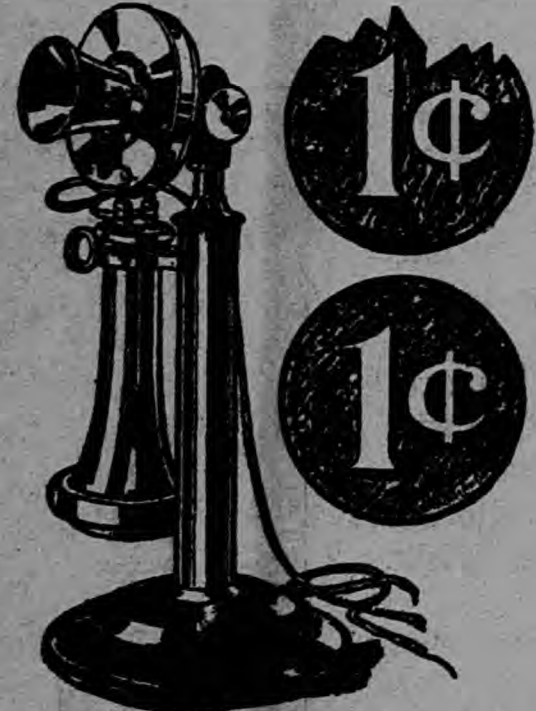
"Jimmy," said she, finally turning to a bright little youngster, "can you tell me what lightning is?"  
"Yes, ma'am," was the ready rejoinder of little Jimmy. "Lightning is streaks of electricity."  
"That's right," smiled the teacher encouragingly. "Now, tell me why it is that lightning never strikes twice in the same place."  
"Because," answered Jimmy quite easily, "after it hits once the same place ain't there any more."—Philadelphia Ledger.

**An Ancient Astronomer.**  
About 500 B. C. Anaxagoras of Ionia was born. When he "grew up in wisdom" he was the first to teach the course and cause of both solar and lunar eclipses and to give his followers rules whereby they could distinguish planets from fixed stars. He was punished for declaring that the sun was not a god.

**His Tendency.**  
"Does your boy show any literary tastes?" asked the visitor on the farm.  
"Well," answered the father as he gazed down the road at his son driving home the last pig, "he can pen a stray article now and then."—Baltimore American.

**Tremendous Tolls.**  
"Professor, how would you like to receive a message from Mars?"  
"Prepaid?" asked the professor cautiously.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

**Sore Throat Don'ts.**  
When the children have sore throat, don't blister their necks with lamp oil. Don't torture them with a foul smelling piece of fat meat, wrapped about the neck. Don't imagine there is medical virtue in an old sock or piece of red flannel. Don't believe in antiquated superstitions.  
A sore throat is a serious matter and is not to be healed by such make-believe remedies. The use of such methods is simply putting the patient to needless torture. Use a little sore throat wisdom and give them TONSILINE and the throat will heal quickly. 25 cents and 50 cents. Hospital Size \$1.00. All Druggists.



### Extension Station Telephones

An additional telephone, or extension station, is a great convenience in the home.

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The cost is small—less than 2c a day.

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## MANNERS IN JAPAN.

Children Crave Candy, but Will Not Eat It in Public.

One day as I was going along the street in a Japanese town I saw a candy man sitting on a stool beside his cart fashioning delicacies with his two flying thumbs. Taking a ball of candy mixture, he would give it a few pinches, a twist, dab on a red spot, and there would be a fish. Taking up another ball, he would give it a few twists, and he would have a radish. Half a dozen of these he would put into a thumb made candy plate the size of a chocolate wrapper and sell for half a cent.

Buying a plate of tiny delicacies, I gave it to a girl, expecting to see her down it in good old American fashion, but instead of falling on it greedily she made a courtly bow and tore down the street as fast as her wooden shoes would let her. I looked after her in astonishment, thinking that this upstart child theory I had, and determined to try it again. So I waited until the two flying thumbs had molded another delicacy and proffered this to a second child. Down the street she flew, too, her walnut knot of hair wabbling excitedly.

When I bought the third delicacy I gave it to a child that was weighted down with a baby on her back and followed after while she went bobbing down the street, the baby's head rolling heavily. I found her sitting on the floor eating the slippy fish and candy radishes with many delighted sucks and appreciative grunts. Then I understood. It was not polite to eat on the street, but under her father's gray tile roof it was the height of form to dispose of the sweets with all the gustatory gurglings that her delighted soul wished.—Homer Croly in Leslie's.

## A FURRED TONGUE.

It May Mean Wrecked Nerves and Not a Disordered Stomach.

"I suppose that there is no more ineradicable idea in the mind of the doctor than that the furred tongue is essentially an indication of a deranged stomach," writes Sir James Goodhart, consulting physician to Guy's hospital, London, in the London Lancet. Yet, according to Sir James, it is by no means always so. And he goes on to prove it by cases in his own extensive practice.

One of these was of a man in a very responsible position, a leader of men, to whom he had to give orders that had to be obeyed and from whom he had to hear much grumbling; a very hard worker and "the fastest talker I have ever struck," full of energy and playing every ounce of it. He was in splendid health, but suffered from a furred tongue and a bad taste in the mouth. In his case these were not due to the stomach at all, but to a disordered state of nerve control.

"Nervous fears and nervous tastes are common enough, and they deserve a special thought," says Sir James. He believes that man is kept sweet and wholesome largely by nervous control, and when he loses this control "the parts become fevered, the mucous membrane dries, the nerves irritated, and taste is perverted." The men so affected are those who are nervous, anxious, hard workers, taking their work home with them to think about and dream about in bed.

### Who Got the Baby?

Once upon a time a crocodile stole a baby and was about to make a dinner of it. The frantic mother begged so piteously for the child that the crocodile said:

"Tell me one truth and you shall have your baby again."

The mother replied, "You will not give him back to me."

"Then," said the crocodile, "by our agreement I shall keep him, for if you have told the truth I am not going to give him back, and if it is a lie I have also won."

But the mother said, "If I told you the truth you are bound by your promise, and if it is not the truth it will not be a lie until you have given me my child."

Who got the baby?

### So the Calf Kept On.

As a train stopped at a little Ohio station the passengers heard the plaintive bawling of a calf which was being wheeled along the platform in a crate.

"There's some one complaining, conductor," said a traveler, looking for a bit of fun.

"Not to me," answered the mild old ticket taker. "Never heard a passenger's complaint with that much sense."—Judge.

### Joit For the Hostess.

"So glad to have you here," murmured the hostess, who hadn't noticed him before. "You have certainly been the life of the party all the evening."  
"I can hardly believe that."  
"That is due to your modesty."  
"No; it is due to the fact that I have but this minute arrived."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

### Quick and Accurate.

"How about your new stenographer? Is she quick and accurate?"  
"Yes, sir; she can powder her face, arrange her bracelets and fix her hair quicker than any stenographer I ever had. And do it accurately too."—Pittsburgh Post.

### Very Different.

Brown—Did your wife cross question you when you got home last night?  
Jones—My cross wife questioned me.—Stray Stories.

The lives of many are ruined by the fatal error that the more one possesses the more one enjoys.

## SHORT TERM LOANS FOR THE FARMER

Rural Credit Associations Provide Working Capital For German Farmers At Low Rates Of Interest.

F. B. BOMBERGER,  
Maryland Agricultural College.

Just as the Landschaften or Land Mortgage Associations are designed to provide for the German land owners long-time loans of capital upon the security of their land, so the Raiffeisen or Rural Credit Associations or Banks are designed to provide short term loans of working capital to enable the German farmers to plant, cultivate, harvest and market their crops. These institutions derive their name from William Raiffeisen who established in 1862 at Anhausen a co-operative union or association of farmers for the purpose of commanding credit for the individual members upon their combined credit. In 1890 the number of Rural Banks in Germany was 1,729; in 1900, they had increased to 9,793; while in 1910 they numbered 15,517. Moreover, they have spread over the whole Continental Europe and are in operation in Asia, Australia, South America and even in Canada.

### Is A Neighborhood Bank.

The Raiffeisen type of Rural Credit Bank is a very unimposing affair. Its operations are confined to a very limited area usually a district in which the members are personally known to the others, the average membership in the province of Saxony being ninety two per bank. Usually the only paid officer is a treasurer, while the office may be a centrally located farmhouse, a postoffice, a store or often the residence of the parish priest. The average cost of management is only one-fifth of one per cent.

The management of the bank is in the hands of a committee of five, with another committee of five to audit the accounts, both committees being elected by the members of the association at its annual meeting in which every member has a vote. Loans which are made only to members are usually small, averaging about \$25.00 and are always secured for some specific productive purpose, specified in the application. To secure a loan the borrower must give his note to the association, endorsed by a fellow member or supported by collateral of approved type. The advisability of making the loan in each case is passed upon by the managing committee, and the use to which the proceeds of the loan are put is under the scrutiny of the members of the association who are the neighbors of the borrower.

### Low Interest Rates.

The terms for which loans are made range from six months to three years, the average being about one year. In case of failure of a crop, in bad seasons, the loans are extended for additional periods. A very common form of loan is that made on current account. In this case the loan is approved up to a certain amount, but the money is drawn out only as needed, interest being charged only on the amount used. If the money is misused the loan can be called at any time.

Funds for the use of members are derived from the sale of capital stock, one-half per cent.; from reserve funds accumulated from previous years, 2.6 per cent.; from savings deposits and current accounts, 85 per cent.; from central associations, referred to later, 11.2 per cent. Deposits are accepted from anyone, but only members are allowed to keep current accounts.

The rates at which loans are made to members are very low, averaging from 4-1/2 to 5-1/2 per cent. This condition is made possible from the fact that these banks are co-operative in fact as well as in name. Usually no dividends are paid on capital stock, all earnings being carried to the reserve funds. The more successful the bank the lower are the rates of interest charged to members. The profit sharing policy, together with the exceedingly low cost of administration, gives to the farmer exactly what he needs, abundant working capital, at a very low rate of interest, for periods of time that will enable him to plant a crop and await its maturity before being called upon to repay the loan.

### A National System.

Each of these local Rural Banks is combined into a provincial union, at the head of which is the provincial bank which serves as a clearing house for the local banks. These provincial banks tend to equalize the surplus funds of the several banks and furnish capital to the local banks for loans to their members at a cost of about one-half per cent more than is paid on deposits. The provincial banks are in turn united with the National Federation of Darmstadt which is an association of practically all of the agricultural co-operative societies of Germany.

The Rural Banks of each province are united to form a Central Co-operative Association for the purchase and sale for members of agricultural products on a wholesale basis or for carrying on co-operative enterprises of any kind.

Thus the Raiffeisen Rural Credit Banks provide their members with abundant capital at low rates of interest for periods suited to their needs and enable them to co-operate on a scale scarcely dreamed of in America. They enable the German farmers to cultivate better, fertilize better, take better care of their land and harvest and market their crops to better advantage. Above all they furnish the machinery for effective and efficient

## MEASURES OF FARM EFFICIENCY.

There are certain factors on which the success of a farm business usually depends. From these it is usually possible to determine not only the good points in a system of farming, but also its deficiencies. The latter being known, the method of improving the system becomes evident.

On a great majority of farms success is primarily dependent on three important factors. These are the size of the farm business, the yields of the crops and the returns per animal, representing the quality of the farm business, and the diversity of the business. Of course many other things have their influence, but the farmer whose business is efficient in these three respects is generally successful. Those farms that are excellent in none of these respects almost universally fail. Those deficient in one or two may succeed, but their chances of success are greatly lessened.

## FALL AND WINTER PLOWING.

Soil Should Be Left Rough So It Will Be Fully Exposed to Frost.

(Prepared by Kansas experiment station.)

Heavy types of soil have never been in poorer condition in the eastern section of Kansas, so plow now or some time before spring, is the advice of L. E. Call, professor of agronomy in the Kansas State Agricultural college.

The heavy, beating rains of the past summer have decalcified the soil and left it in such a condition that it is very difficult to work, says Professor Call. The action of frost on rough plowed or listed ground will do more than any other thing toward restoring good tilth. Thus wherever ground can be plowed this fall or winter it should be done and the soil left rough so that it will be exposed to the fullest extent to frost action. If the plowing can be done in the fall or early winter and the ground left rough the freezing and thawing of the water in the pore spaces of the soil will cause the clods to crumble and the soil particles to become decalcified. Thus good tilth will be produced.

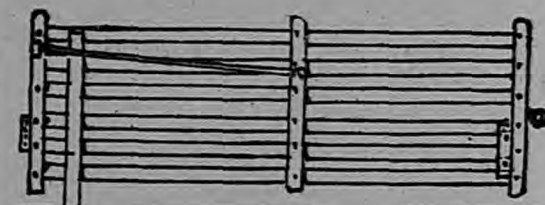
There is scarcely a winter in which there is not from one to six weeks between Dec. 1 and March 1 when the ground is in condition to plow. Advantage should be taken of these periods to plow ground that is to be planted to spring crops. Corn, Kafir, sorghum or oats can be planted to advantage on winter plowed ground.

Oats will yield about as well on spring disked corn stalk ground if planted at the same time, but in a wet spring plowed ground dries more rapidly and can often be worked several days earlier than unplowed ground. Ground that has been fall or winter plowed for corn or Kafir warms up faster, dries more rapidly on the surface and is in condition to be planted earlier than when the crop is listed on unplowed ground.

In western and central Kansas the ground should be fall listed. In eastern Kansas the ground should be worked with a disk or shovel cultivator just as early in the spring as it is in condition to work. In southeastern Kansas, where winter rainfall is heavier, there are a few soil types that run together and become hard and cemented when fall plowed. Such soils can usually be safely plowed in the late winter, but under most conditions they should not be plowed until spring.

### New Farm Gate.

Farm gates have come on the market by the dozens, many of which are practical, but nearly all of which have their faults, as the buyer finds after a year or two in use. A Kentucky inventor



has patented the one shown here. The hanger bracket is swingingly attached to the post, a wheel being journaled in the bracket. A rod is angularly mounted on the gate and arranged for sliding movement through the bracket.—Farming Business.

## SOME GARDEN HINTS.

The Spanish and Italian varieties of onions can be sown early and transplanted successfully from the hot bed into the field. As American varieties do not transplant well they may be sown later in the open ground.

Asparagus is a most valuable crop for commercial planting. It ships well and usually brings good prices. With proper care and handling large returns may be expected from a plantation.

The best method for keeping moisture from collecting on the inside of the roof of potato cellars is to cover them with straw or strawy manure. Plenty of ventilation also helps.

In pruning bush fruits the principal object is to shape the bush and do away with all unnecessary growth. This can be overdone, however, and should not be carried to extremes.

The growing of vegetables for the local market offers profitable returns to the man who produces a good product and places it on the market in a neat, attractive form.



## SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

### Newly Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

#### Prer yawnkin

Jan. 8.—Mr. and Mrs. James T. Mariner, returned home Saturday of last week after spending several days at the home of their son, Mr. Arthur J. Mariner, of Baltimore.

Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Leake, about ten days ago, were called to Petersburg, Va., because of the illness of Mrs. Leake's brother.

Mr. George A. Culver, accompanied by his grand-daughter, Miss Mabel Culver, after spending some time with relatives in Baltimore, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Hain, of Bluefield, W. Va., arrived about three weeks ago to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Noel, at this place, and Mr. and Mrs. James Sterling, of Princess Anne, and relatives in Shamokin, Pa. Mr. Hain returned home to-day, (Saturday), Mrs. Hain will remain until spring.

#### Champ

Jan. 7.—Mrs. Scott Bozman and son visited Monie, last week.

Mrs. Herman Bennett and daughter, Myrtle, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Tom Bennett, at Orle.

Miss Vera Beauchamp after visiting her grandmother, Mrs. I. T. Parks, Sr., returned to her home in Baltimore, Tuesday.

Mrs. W. T. Bozman entertained the Ladies' Aid Tuesday evening. Refreshments were served and all reported a very pleasant evening.

Misses Ada Bozman and Dorothy Dryden, after spending some time with their cousins, Misses Ruth and Mary Beauchamp, of Baltimore, returned home Wednesday.

Misses Vera Beauchamp and Hilda Dryden and Messrs. Harry Phoebus and Elbert Willing motored to Crisfield Sunday and were the guests of Miss Dryden's cousin, Miss Miriam Dryden.

#### St. Peter's

Jan. 8.—Miss Flossie Lawson is visiting her sister, Miss Hattie Lawson, in Baltimore.

Miss Naomi White, of Wenona, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Maude Wilson.

Mr. William Couch, of Green Hill, visited at the home of Mr. Claude Adkins, this week.

Miss Mitchell Laird returned home Friday, after spending ten days with her sister, Mrs. G. Bennett, in Salisbury.

Little Louise Muir, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Muir, who has been critically ill during the past two months is somewhat improved.

#### Orle

Jan. 8.—Miss Maude Wilson gave a reception in honor of her cousin, Miss Naomi White, of Deal's Island, last Wednesday evening. Among those present were: Misses Gladys Lawson, Lola Lawson, Sadie Lawson, Florence Phoebus and Lillian Wallace; Messrs. Morris Lawson, Fletcher Shores, James Hall, Isaac Hall, Milton Horner, Edward Pusey and George Noble.

#### Marine Not Sworn In

It was the general belief that A. Stengel Marine, Republican, who was returned elected state's attorney, for Dorchester county, at the November election, was sworn in on Monday of last week; but it began to be noised around a short time ago that the court would not administer the oath. It is stated that the court bases its action in this case on a precedent established in Somerset county in 1883, when the Circuit Court for this county refused to administer the oath of office to Walter Dixon, who was returned elected over Joshua W. Miles by a majority of one vote. The election in that case was contested, and Joshua W. Miles was finally declared to have the office.

The action of the court in these two cases is based on the power vested in it by section 8, Act 5, of the Constitution of 1867, which declares that the returns of the election shall be certified to the judges of the courts having criminal jurisdiction, and the judges shall decide upon the election and qualifications of the persons returned.

#### Harrington Gives Up Old Job

Governor-Elect Emerson C. Harrington, paving his way for his inauguration on Wednesday, last Thursday sent to Governor Goldsborough his resignation as State Comptroller to take effect on January 10th. The resignation was accepted and the Governor then sent a message to Comptroller-Elect Hugh A. McMullen, tendering him the appointment of Comptroller to fill out Mr. Harrington's term, which, under the Constitution, expires on the third Monday in January.

The appointment of Mr. McMullen will be made to prevent a lapse in the office between the date when Mr. Harrington's resignation takes effect and the date fixed by the Constitution for his successor to qualify. Mr. McMullen was in Annapolis on Thursday and said that he would qualify under the Governor's appointment on Tuesday, though the Governor suggests in his message that Mr. McMullen qualify on Monday. Mr. McMullen will have to qualify again on January 17, which is the third Monday of the month.

#### Wilson After Second Term

All doubt about President Wilson's willingness to accept renomination notwithstanding the one-term plank in the Democratic platform was removed late last Thursday when authority came direct from the White House to place the President's name on the ballot to be voted at Indiana's first primary election in March.

## Short Courses in Horticulture

The two weeks' course in horticulture at the Maryland Agricultural College, January 25th to February 5th, 1916, is given for the discussion and demonstration of practical methods of meeting successfully the various problems which arise in the production of orchard crops, small fruits and truck crops.

Lectures are given on location as regards soil, climate and market conditions; the selection of suitable varieties for commercial and home purposes; the planting and pruning of trees and small fruit plants; the cultivation and feeding of orchards, small fruit plantings, truck and garden crops; orchard and gardening implements; the control of insects and diseases; harvesting and packing of fruits and truck crops and the general problems of marketing as applied to fruit and truck growing. Special lectures will be given by practical authorities upon various subjects.

In view of the fact that attractive surroundings play such an important part in the home life, lectures pertaining to principles underlying the art of landscape gardening will be given. The relation of the house to the grounds and the proper method of embellishing same, will be treated. Flowers and their use in the home flower garden will be given due consideration. The propagation and care of the common ornamentals suitable to planting in the home grounds will be discussed.

Demonstrations will be a strong feature of this course. Methods of propagation of both tree and bush fruits will be shown; the pruning and training of old and young trees, berry bushes and grape vines will be done in a practical way; planting of seed, making of cutting, transplanting of seedlings, potting of plants and the construction of hotbeds and cold frames will be a part of the course in market gardening and in landscape gardening. Preparation of insecticides and fungicides and the spraying of fruit trees will be demonstrated in detail. Classes will also have an opportunity to grade and pack fruit. The idea of the demonstration work is to give a practical working knowledge of as many as possible of the subjects under discussion.

There is no tuition charged for this course, instruction being free to all who may attend. Board may be had in College Park or in the adjoining trolley connected towns of Hyattsville, Riverdale or Berwyn at a cost of about five dollars per week for board and lodging. All persons planning to attend these courses should write to Dr. H. J. Patterson, President, promptly so that accommodation can be secured.

#### Big Haul From Revenue Vault

From \$600 to \$5,000 in cash, and internal revenue stamps which may total \$1,000,000 in value were stolen from the office of the Collector of Internal Revenue in the old Postoffice Building at St. Paul, Minn., Thursday night when the vault door was blown open.

E. J. Lynch, revenue collector, who immediately after the robbery was discovered joined St. Paul and Minneapolis police departments in an investigation, said the robbers carefully had picked out the negotiable stamps, leaving unobtainable ones in large amount. He said it was evident that the robbery had been planned carefully and carried out by experts.

#### Advertised Letters

The following is a list of letters, remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice unclaimed for:

Mrs. Rose Harmon, Mr. Zadok R. Long, O. E. Thomas, Moses White.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.

H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

#### Nitrocellulose.

Cotton in the form of nitrocellulose is the most important component of all military propulsive explosives. Strictly speaking, the raw material used is cotton waste, or the stuff rejected in the manufacture of cotton goods. Jute, ramie, kapok fiber, sulphite pulp, spun cotton and other forms of cellulose, have all been tried, but the only trustworthy material is cotton waste.

#### Ferocity of Man.

I recoil with horror at the ferocity of man. Are there no means of coercing justice more gratifying to our nature than a waste of the blood of thousands and of the labor of millions of our fellow creatures?—Thomas Jefferson.

#### Easier.

"I'm going to the dentist's to have this tooth out. Just mind the baby till I come back." Husband (with alacrity)—You mind the baby, Jessie. I'll go and get a tooth pulled out!—Exchange.

#### A Breach.

Binks—Young Mr. Flighhigh is certainly a man of promise. Jinks—So I hear. I understand Miss Butterly is suing him for fifty thousand.—Judge.

#### Sidestepped.

Bix—Can you lend me \$5 for a month, old boy? Dix—What the deuce does a month old boy want with \$5?—Boston Transcript.

#### No Time.

Mary—Mrs. Delaney says her little girl has learned to play the piano in no time. Alice—Yes, I heard her playing just that way the other day.—Life.

## After The War Business

In the varied comment upon business conditions and the outlook by business men, representing many branches of trade and industrialism, it is apparent that business agencies generally are turning through to peace industries—to peace business. Frank A. Vanderlip, president of the New York Clearing House Association, expresses a general view in the declaration: "It remains for us now to adjust ourselves that we may dissociate ourselves from dependence upon war business and prepare the way for a continuing prosperity of a more rational and normal character."

War business has been far more varied and ramifying than casual observation accredits it with being. Not the gun factories and the munition plants alone have been crowded with war orders, but the shirt factories, the shoe factories, the textile mills that turn out cotton ducks, khaki, blankets and woolen clothes, the wholesale clothing establishments and many other branches of American industrialism felt the impulse of the war demand during last year, and are yet working upon war orders. The time is coming, and let us hope it is not far distant, when we must again readjust ourselves to a world of peace.

It is with the agricultural industries as with other branches of industrialism they all have felt the impulses of the war demand. The farming industries have always been prosperous, however, when the home factories have been kept busy. The United States—the home market—is the biggest and best market for farm products in the world. In readjusting to peace conditions we must see to it that we do not ruin the home market. If we pursue a national policy that will close down our home factories—shut the American manufacturer out of the home market—we shall not be effectively readjusting ourselves to peace conditions.—Baltimore American.

#### Millions Of Pairs Of Shoes

Massachusetts shoe factories are now running day and night and turning out hundreds of thousands of pairs every twenty-four hours. Many are army shoes for Europe, but there is a very large domestic demand too. Massachusetts makes 48 per cent of the shoes made in this country.

#### Women Of Sedentary Habits

Women who get but little exercising are likely to be troubled with constipation and indigestion and will find Chamberlain's Tablets highly beneficial. Not so good as a three or four mile walk every day, but very much better than to allow the bowels to remain in a constipated condition. They are easy and pleasant to take and most agreeable in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

### REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE BANK OF SOMERSET

at Princess Anne, in the State of Maryland at the close of business Dec. 31st, 1915.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$567,832 15
Overdrafts, secured	859 69
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.	66,372 00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	10,000 00
Mortgages and Judgments of record	155,449 24
Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	17,307 60
Checks and other cash items	1,229 21
Due from approved Reserve Agents	15,959 55
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	470 00
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes	\$ 8,114 00
Gold Coin	470 00
Silver Coin	1,000 00
Nickels and Cents	823 19
Total	\$878,216 73

LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	\$50,000 00
Surplus Fund	100,000 00
Undivided Profits, less expenses, interest and taxes paid	5,478 68
Due to National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies other than reserve	12,219 46
Dividends Payable Jan. 1, 1916	5,000 00
Subject to check	\$199,109 32
Cashier's Checks Outstanding	739 55
Deposits (time) Savings and Special	445,389 06
Notes and Bills Registered	9,389 76
Bills Payable	40,000 00
Total	\$878,216 73

State of Maryland, County of Somerset, SS.  
I, William B. Spiva, Cashier of the above-named Institution do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
WILLIAM B. SPIVA, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of January, 1916.  
SAMUEL H. SUDLER, Notary Public.  
Correct Attest:  
H. FILLMORE LANKFORD  
S. FRANK DABRIE  
WILLIAM O. LANKFORD Directors

### REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PEOPLES BANK OF SOMERSET COUNTY

at Princess Anne, in the State of Maryland at the close of business December 31st, 1915.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$193,001 98
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	850 69
Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc.	9,618 75
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	12,000 00
Mortgages and Judgments of record	21,050 90
Due from National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies, other than reserve	7,011 89
Checks and other cash items	142 96
Due from approved Reserve Agents	21,974 75
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank	470 00
U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes	\$ 9,719 00
Gold Coin	640 00
Silver Coin	914 00
Nickels and Cents	232 39
Total	\$377,067 29

LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	\$25,000 00
Surplus Fund	23,500 00
Undivided Profits, less expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,841 83
Due to National, State and Private Banks and Bankers and Trust Companies other than reserve	3,154 13
Dividends unpaid	1,000 00
Deposits (Demand)	\$ 80,376 77
Subject to check	841 48
Cashier's Checks Outstanding	103,894 06
Savings and Special	194,611 33
Bills payable, including Certificates of Deposits for money borrowed	23,000 00
Total	\$377,067 29

State of Maryland, County of Somerset, SS.  
I, Omar J. Crowell, Cashier of the above-named Institution do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
OMAR J. CROWELL, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of January, 1916.  
MARK L. COSTEN, Notary Public.  
Correct Attest:  
HENRY J. WATERS  
ROBERT E. FLEMING  
ROBERT F. OVER Directors

## The Massachusetts Plan

There ought to be a kindlier and a more reformatory way of dealing with chronic inebriates than that of arraigning them time after time before a police magistrate to be fined or to be sent to jail in event that the culprit's family or friends fail to produce the amount of the fine. So thinks the commission appointed by Governor Goldsborough to investigate the practicability of establishing a farm colony for habitual drunkards, in its report just submitted, which recommends a system of restraint and treatment similar to what is known as the Massachusetts plan. Under this plan the treatment is not with penal intent. The habitual drunkard is not regarded as a criminal, but as a victim of acquired habit; as a derelict who has lost his mental and moral bearings.

It is recommended that the State purchase a farm containing from 750 to 1,000 acres, in a healthful region and within easy access of Baltimore city. That this farm be properly equipped with suitable buildings, including a hospital, and be stocked and outfitted for farming purposes. Victims of the drink habit sent to the inebriate farm will not be taking an idle vacation. The Massachusetts plan regards work, out-of-doors work especially, as a mental, moral and physical bracer for the individual who has arrived at the status of getting regularly "soaked."

The original cost of establishing such an institution as is proposed, there is reason to believe, would be the main cost. That is to say, the farm might reasonably be expected to be self-sustaining. There should be, of course, no purpose to make an unfair profit from the labor of those consigned to the farm under police court sentences. There would be no unfairness, however, in a system which stipulated that the assigned ones shall work out their own salvation. Getting back a sound nervous system, a healthy digestion and a clear head is worth the price, whatever the price.—Baltimore Star.

#### Many People Don't Know

A sluggish liver can cause a person an awful lot of misery. Spells of dizziness, headaches, constipation and biliousness are sure signs that your liver needs help. Take Dr. King's New Life Pills and see how they help tone up the whole system. Fine for the stomach, too. Aids digestion. Purifies the blood and clears the complexion. Only 25c at your Druggist.

[Advertisement]

## YOUR OPPORTUNITY

The Christmas Savings Club of the Bank of Somerset, which started Monday, December 20th last, has been a great success, over six hundred and fifty persons having already joined and it is believed that the membership will be over one thousand by February 1st, next.

Can you think of an easier or surer way to save? Do not be sorry next Christmas because you did not join. Do it now while you have the opportunity.

You must join before February 1st next, as the Club closes on that date.

## THRIFT IS FOSTERED

The plan as indorsed by the leading banks throughout the country has become popular because of twofold reasons. The Clubs were originally organized to provide an easy method of accumulating money during the year for Christmas needs. This original idea has resulted in a general thrift movement and has been the means of promoting and teaching the public the benefit of systematic saving of small sums of money.

The Christmas Savings Club provides the easiest possible method for the beginning of saving and for continued systematic saving.

The Christmas Savings Club of the Bank of Somerset is for every man, woman and child in Somerset county, no matter what his or her income. It is not beyond the reach of anyone. Save in amounts according to your means.

But it is highly important to start at the beginning of the Club.

Shoes for the Whole Family  
**JOHN W. MORRIS & SON**  
Clothing for Men and Boys

# The Christmas Savings Club IS NOW OPEN AT The Peoples Bank of Somerset County



You can join the Club to-day or any day the Bank is open for the next two weeks.

The Bank that counts for something in a community is the Bank that does something for the community, and it is that Bank that gets back from the community the fullest measure in return. This is the age of "Results." Our Christmas Savings Club System produces great "Results."

## MAKE IT A FAMILY AFFAIR LET EVERY ONE BE A MEMBER

Members starting with 5 cents and increasing five cents each week for fifty weeks get	\$63.75	Members starting with one cent and increasing one cent each week for fifty weeks gets	\$12.75
Members starting with \$2.50 and decreasing five cents each week for fifty weeks get	\$63.75	Members starting with 50 cents and decreasing one cent each week for fifty weeks get	\$12.75
Members starting with 2 cents and increasing two cents each week for fifty weeks get	\$25.50	Members paying 25 cents a week fixed, for fifty weeks get	\$12.50
Members starting with \$1.00 and decreasing two cents each week for fifty weeks get	\$25.50	Members paying 50 cents a week fixed, for fifty weeks get	\$25.00
		Members paying \$1.00 a week fixed, for fifty weeks get	\$50.00

There are no Conditions—Nor Extra Costs All You have to do is to Make Payments WE PAY 3 PER CENT. ON YOUR SAVINGS

By becoming a member you will enjoy the Christmas Spirit the year round.

Come in and let us explain our Christmas Club features.

## THE PEOPLES BANK OF SOMERSET COUNTY PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

# A banker's advice



IF YOU would grow a good crop of grain, you would first seek the advice of an experienced agriculturist. If you want that your money should grow, enjoy the wisdom and counsel of an experienced banker.

Every man meets financial discouragements at some time during his business career. Open an account with us and acquaint us with the condition of your business and we will assist you.

## PEOPLES BANK of SOMERSET COUNTY

We Pay 3 per cent. on Savings Deposits Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND



# MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1862  
SOMERSET HERALD, 1898

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, JANUARY 18, 1916

Vol. XVIII No. 24

## CHANGES IN REAL ESTATE

### Number of Deeds Recorded At The Office of Clerk of Court

James A. Somers from Grover C. Collins and wife, land in Crisfield; consideration \$500.00 and other considerations.

John G. West from Geo. H. Myers, trustee, land in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$3300.00.

Harold J. Cox from James K. Layfield, land in Lawson's district; consideration \$1050.00.

Edith E. West from John G. West, land in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$5.00 and other valuable considerations.

Charles F. Matthews from Aden Davis, Jr., attorney, 88 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$1600.00.

William L. Whittington from John W. Miles, land in Lawson's district; consideration \$125.00.

William L. Whittington from Ira E. Stevenson and wife, land in Lawson's district; consideration \$2300.00.

A. Wise Dunton from Edward F. Wilson and wife, 155 acres in Dublin district; consideration \$11,000.00.

### Past Masters Meet In Crisfield

The Past Masters Association of Somerset and Worcester counties, composed of members of the Masonic lodges in those counties, held their second annual meeting in Crisfield Thursday afternoon. This Association was organized in Princess Anne in November, 1914, and now has about fifty members. Judge H. L. D. Stanford, of Manokin lodge, A. F. & A. M., Princess Anne, was the president.

A business session was held in the Masonic Temple, there in the afternoon at which the Past Masters degree was conferred on Mr. E. Clark Fontaine, newly elected Master of Crescent Lodge, Pocomoke City. The ceremonies were conducted by Grand Lecturer Warren S. Seip, of Baltimore, who is a life member of the Association, and who was called to the chair by the President, Mr. L. E. P. Dennis.

The following officers were then elected to serve for the ensuing year: President, Mr. Wm. D. Cordry, of Snow Hill; first vice-president, Mr. H. B. Pichard, of Pocomoke City, second vice-president, Mr. W. H. Dilworth, of Berlin, and Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. E. H. Cohn, of Princess Anne.

After the business meeting the President, Senator L. E. P. Dennis, invited the members to join him at dinner at the Commercial Hotel, where a sumptuous repast was served. After the last course the President as toastmaster, called upon many of the members for short addresses, which were greatly enjoyed. Among those present at both the business session and the dinner were: Grand Lecturer Warren S. Seip, of Baltimore; John S. T. Wilcox, of Salisbury; Rev. Dr. C. A. Hill, of Crisfield; H. B. Pichard, E. M. Ross, Dr. F. W. Wilson, R. H. Robertson, Dr. A. A. Parker, Quince Ashburn, E. W. Ross and E. C. Fontaine, of Pocomoke City; W. H. Dilworth, of Berlin; Thomas H. Bock, H. L. D. Stanford, J. R. Stewart, E. H. Cohn, H. L. Brittingham, of Princess Anne, and Dr. G. T. Atkinson, Senator L. E. P. Dennis, Wm. V. Sterling, J. C. Woodland, F. E. Gardner, E. Benson Dennis, Charles W. Byrd, C. A. Lookerman, Wm. E. Dougherty, H. H. Matthews, G. T. Simonson, James H. Sterling, Wm. J. Peyton, J. D. Stubbins and E. L. Quinn, of Crisfield.

### Somerset Cases Decided By Court

Two cases from the Circuit Court for Somerset County were decided by the Court of Appeals last week. One was the case of Charles L. Peterson vs. Elizabeth W. McGrath, relative to the sale of property in Somerset county. The lower court had decided in favor of Peterson. The Court of Appeals reversed that decision because of errors in rulings. Miles & Myers represented Peterson and Gordon Tull represented Mrs. McGrath.

The other case was that of Richardson & Lecates vs. Max Saltz and Myer Saltz. This was a suit to enforce a mechanics lien on the new postoffice building at Crisfield. The decree of the lower court in favor of the defendants was sustained. Thomas S. Hodson and Joseph L. Bailey represented Richardson & Lecates and C. P. Lankford and Henry J. Waters represented Max Saltz and Myer Saltz.

### Death Of Mr. M. L. Hickman

Mr. Montgomery LeRoy Hickman, formerly of Somerset county, died on January 13th, at the home of his sister, Mrs. Emma Rowe, 2321 North Calvert street, Baltimore. Mr. Hickman was 53 years of age. Funeral services were held at Mrs. Rowe's home last Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock and the remains were taken to Deal's Island for interment.

## HARRINGTON INAUGURATED GOVERNOR

### Democrats Now In Control—Elaborate Ceremony At Annapolis

Emerson C. Harrington is now governor of Maryland, and the Democratic party is in full control of the ship of state. The new Governor was inducted into office at noon last Wednesday with elaborate ceremonies, participated in by thousands.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies the House adjourned until noon Thursday and the Senate until six o'clock Wednesday evening.

Governor Harrington's first official act was to send to the Senate the name of Thomas W. Simmons as secretary of state. Confirmation followed promptly and Mr. Simmons was sworn in at once.

The oath of office was administered to the new Executive at 12.25 p. m., by Chief Justice Boyd in the Senate Chamber before the full bench of the Court of Appeals, members of both branches of the Assembly and all of the civilians and soldiers who could crowd into the room. The galleries and floors were packed, and the sight was both a gay and impressive one.

The floral decorations merged beautifully with the gold lace of the soldiers' uniforms, and the colors well set off the somber gowns of the judges and the black suits of the members of the executive party.

The Democrats made their return in control of the state government a festive event. A parade of state troops and members of political marching clubs following the formal inaugural ceremonies, and this in turn was followed by a reception to the citizens by the new governor and his party in the historic old Senate chamber, where the fathers of Maryland helped make the early history of the nation.

Later in the afternoon Governor Harrington entertained a party of close friends at luncheon in the government house, while the hundreds of guests who journeyed from Baltimore to Annapolis on the gubernatorial special, lunched aboard the train.

### Southern Convocation Meeting

The Southern Convocation met in St. Andrew's Church, Princess Anne, last Tuesday evening. At Evening Prayer, the sermon was delivered by the Dean, Rev. S. A. Potter, on the distinctive features of the church, and was an explanation of the article in the creed, "I believe in the Holy Catholic Church."

On Wednesday, at the Celebration of the Holy Eucharist, the sermon was by the Rev. David Howard, of St. Peter's Church, Salisbury. In the afternoon, the appointed subject for discussion, "The Value of Missions," was led by the Rev. Louis L. Williams, of Pocomoke Parish, who concluded that the command was to go, teach, baptize—to begin at home but to spread everywhere—the discussion was joined in by all the clergymen.

At Evening Prayer, the sermon, based on Rev. 8: 20, was delivered by the Rev. J. Vernon Ashworth, of St. Bartholomew's Parish, Crisfield.

Pocomoke Parish was selected for the May meeting, and the subject discussion will be "How to Raise Money in Missions for the Missionary Work of the Church."

### Sunday-School Association Convention

The Convention of the Somerset County Sunday-School Association will be held in Emmanuel Church, Crisfield, next Friday, January 21st. There will be three sessions and the Convention will close with a rally of the Adult Bible Classes of that town at night. Lunch will be served at Gleaner's Hall at noon, and the guests will be entertained in the homes of Crisfield at supper.

The Davidson's Chorus has been asked to sing during the day, and it will be assisted by an orchestra at night. There will be a pleasing variety to the musical program.

The committee is seeking to interest every school in the county in this Convention. They are all invited most cordially and homes will be provided for all who go.

### Eastern Shore Society To Dine

The Eastern Shore Society will hold its third annual dinner tomorrow (Wednesday) evening at the Hotel Rennett, Baltimore. A strictly Eastern Shore menu will be adhered to, and will consist of oysters, ham, wild ducks, terrapin, sweet potatoes, biscuits, etc. An excellent program has been arranged, and a number of prominent men, among them Samuel K. Dennis, United States District Attorney; United States Senator James Hamilton Lewis, of Illinois, and Governor Harrington will be speakers of the evening.

Hon. Laird Henry is president of the organization, which has a membership of 400. Between 250 and 300 are expected to be present at the coming banquet.

## WILMINGTON M. E. CONFERENCE

### Many Changes In Pastors And Three Superintendents' Terms Expire

The forty-eighth session of the Wilmington Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church will convene in Union Church, Wilmington, Del., Wednesday, March 29, next. Bishop Joseph F. Berry, of Philadelphia, who has residential supervision over this Conference, will be the presiding officer.

More than passing interest will attend the proceedings of this year's session, as it is the last one for the present quadrennium, which will end with the convening of the General Conference, which is the law-making body of the church, at Saratoga Springs next May. This being the session immediately preceding the meeting of the General Conference, there will be elected four delegates as this Conference's representatives in the General Conference.

There will meet at the same time as the Annual Conference, the Lay Electoral Conference, which is composed of one delegate from each pastoral charge within the bounds of the Conference. The Lay Electoral Conference will elect four delegates to the General Conference, it having equal representation with the Annual Conference.

In the matter of selecting the delegates, there will be very much interest taken, since it is no small honor to be elected a delegate to this great conference, which a very discriminating writer sometime ago characterized as the greatest religious convocation since the Council of Nice.

At the session of the Annual Conference, in March, there will be unusual concern about the matter of appointments. It is generally conceded that there will be a big shakeup, even greater than at any time in recent years. The appointment of three district superintendents will make this more likely than it otherwise would be. The Rev. E. L. Hoffecker, of Wilmington; Rev. Robert Watt, of Easton, and Rev. R. K. Stevenson, of Dover, will have served their respective districts for six consecutive years, and the law of the church makes this the limit.

Speculation is rife as to who the Bishop will name as their successors, and he will no doubt have a good many would-be advisers and lots of the "brethren," both lay and ministerial, will be very free, if a chance is given them, to tell the Bishop just "who ought to be who."

### Peninsula Tomato Pack Of 1915

A review of the tomato pack of the Peninsula, published by Dun & Co.'s Agency, Wilmington, Del., says:

"The tomato pack in Delaware in 1914 was 1,350,000 cases as compared with 711,000 cases for 1915, showing little more than 50 per cent. as compared with the 1915 pack. This same ratio holds good goods throughout the United States. For instance, Maryland is the biggest tomato packing State and in 1914 packed 5,850,000 cases and in 1915 3,840,000. These figures include Baltimore City. The entire pack of tomatoes in 1915, was 8,469,000. It is estimated that the consumption under normal condition is from 750,000 to 1,000,000 cases per month.

"During the early part of the year 1915, when the price of canned tomatoes was low the consumption was estimated to have been 1,250,000 cases per month, taking practically all the tomatoes that were packed in 1914. This was very materially helped by a large export demand. It is estimated that there has been or will be 1,000,000 cases of tomatoes exported during 1916 of the 1915 pack.

"It is also conservatively estimated that the number of cases of tomatoes in packers hands at this time is not more than 2,500,000 cases.

"If this should be the fact there is no doubt that there will not be anything like enough tomatoes to fill the requirements before the next packing season, which commences in August. One year ago canners were selling their output at 60 to 70 cents per dozen, while today they are quoted at a few cents over one dollar and the indications are that the prices will be higher."

### Stanton Appointed Judge

Robert F. Stanton was Monday last week appointed by Governor Goldsborough a member of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore city to succeed the late Judge Thomas Ireland Elliott.

Mr. Stanton is a Republican and at present holds the position of counsel to the Board of Police Commissioners. He will serve until the next Legislative election, which will be held in November, 1917, when a successor will be elected for the full term of 15 years.

Mr. Stanton was born in 1869 on Christmas Day. He graduated from the Baltimore City College and then attended the University of Maryland, where he graduated from the Law School.

## GOVERNOR'S INAUGURAL ADDRESS

### Points To Economy And Urges Goodnow Methods

Taking the oath as Governor of the State of Maryland, last Wednesday, Emerson C. Harrington pledged his administration to economy, fairness to Baltimore city and to live up to the pledges of the Democratic platform adopted at the State Convention.

He asked of the members of the General Assembly co-operation in his work and enjoined them particularly to keep economy in mind, directing their attention to the Goodnow Commission's recommendations along this line.

The important points in his address follow:

"Suggests that dedicated funds, or, in other words, the collection of taxes for specific purposes, be done away with.

"Urges Legislature to fulfill Democratic platform pledges.

"Insists upon the adoption of a budget system.

"Advocates the abolition of continuing appropriations.

"Suggests change in the principle upon which appropriations are made to charitable institutions.

"Urges abolition of useless offices.

"Advocates economy in legislative expenditures and a close adherence to the Goodnow Commission's report on this subject.

"Insists upon the adoption of a uniform system of accounting for every institution controlled by the State, for all State departments and for all State-owned institutions.

"Advocates compulsory school attendance law.

"Asks that the State give such aid as is in the development of its agricultural resources.

"Urges the reorganization of the Maryland Agricultural College under a plan that will eliminate politics.

"Advocates the abolition of the fee system wherever practical.

"Urges the abolition of the envelope system of primary voting.

"Advocates such legislation as will make the same rule amendment effective.

"Repeats his declaration in favor of the creation of a conservation commission.

"Expresses the hope that the Legislature will approach and deal with the annexation problem in a spirit of fairness and coolness. Says the question is one that demands the best thought and judgment of both the Legislature and Executive.

"Insists that there shall be no line-up of the counties against Baltimore city.

"Says that, since the platforms are similar, he looks for co-operation between the Democrats and Republicans in the efforts to carry out the people's will.

### Billions In Food Exported

Export figures made public last week by the Department of Commerce at Washington show that as a result of the war, Europe's 1915 food bill in the United States approached \$1,000,000,000. Records for 11 months ending December last indicate that more than \$800,000,000 worth of food left American shores, nearly three times as much as in 1913, the year before war began.

Food exports began to grow soon after war was declared and the last six months of 1914 saw bread shipments alone reach the value of \$300,000,000, five times the value of shipments in the six months preceding the war. Last year bread shipments passed the \$500,000,000 mark.

Meat, animal and meat product shipments increased from \$130,816,000, in 1913, to about \$250,000,000, in 1915, despite British interference with cargoes destined to neutral European countries. Edible oil shipments in 1915 were valued at \$25,000,000, compared with \$14,000,000 in 1913.

### Death Of Mr. Gillis Pusey

Mr. George Gillis Pusey, a well known resident of East Princess Anne district, died at his home in Salisbury, last Friday evening, aged 70 years.

Mr. Pusey, who had been paralyzed for many years past, had been sick about 10 days prior to his death. He is survived by his wife, who was before her marriage Miss Carrie Livingston, and four children: Mrs. E. H. Hayman, Mr. A. J. Pusey and Miss Ella Pusey, of Salisbury; Mr. G. Norman Pusey, of East Princess Anne district. Funeral services were held on Sunday last at Friendship Methodist Protestant Church, of which the deceased had long been a member. Rev. F. S. Cain, a former pastor, officiating.

A bill is being prepared and will be introduced into the Legislature to change the name of Hancock to Tolono. It will contain a referendum clause, and if passed the question will be voted on at the spring election.

## HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY MEETING

### Twenty-Ninth Annual Session Opened In Easton Last Tuesday

The Peninsula Horticultural Society, which comprises the nine counties on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, the three counties of Delaware and the two Eastern Shore counties of Virginia, opened its twenty-ninth annual session in Music Hall, Easton, last Tuesday. The meeting was presided over by M. B. Nichol, of Easton, vice-president for Talbot county.

The first session was opened with prayer by Rev. J. P. Stump, pastor of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, South, after which Colonel James C. Mullikin made the address of welcome.

His address of welcome was responded to by Walter B. Harris, of Worton, on the part of the Society.

Following this came the address and annual report of General Joseph B. Seth, president of the Society.

At the session on Wednesday the following addresses were delivered: "Peach Culture; What Varieties Shall We Plant," Prof. C. A. McCue, of Newark, Del.; "Pear Culture," D. S. Collins, Milford, Del.; "Nut Culture," J. S. Kelley, Preston, Md.; "Grapes," John Buttery, Smyrna, Del.; "Small Fruits," O. A. Newton, Bridgeville, Del.; "Strawberry Culture," Dr. L. C. Freney, Salisbury, Md.; "New Small Fruits," W. F. Allen, Salisbury, Md.; "Market Gardening," J. Howard Hirst, Cambridge, Md.; "Sweet Potatoes," E. E. Lecates, Delmar, Del.; "White Potatoes," E. H. Shallock, McDonough, Del.; "Fungus Diseases," Dr. T. F. Manns, Newark, Del.; "New Tree Fruits," W. E. Sanger, Cordova, Md.; "The Blight of Fruit Trees," Prof. C. E. Temple, Maryland Agricultural College; "Fruit Bud Formation and Regular Crops," Prof. J. C. Whitten, University of Missouri; "Horticultural Education," Dr. H. J. Patterson, Maryland Agricultural College; "Floriculture," W. Irving Walker, Chestertown, Md.; "Storage Roots of Sweet Potatoes and Their Control," Prof. J. J. Taubenhaus, Newark, Del.; and "The Rest Period in its Relation to Fruitfulness," Prof. J. C. Whitten.

The display of fruits, vegetables and shrubbery was the largest and finest ever exhibited on the Eastern Shore.

On Thursday the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, J. Leonard Soper, Magnolia, Del.; first vice-president, S. L. Byrn, Cambridge; secretary and treasurer, Wesley Webb, Dover. Vice-presidents for the several counties: Delaware—Newcastle, Dr. H. B. McDowell, Middletown; Kent, E. M. Soper, Wyoming; Sussex, George H. Hill, Bridgeville; Maryland—Cecil, Charles B. Warburton, Elkton; Kent, Walter B. Harris, Worton; Queen Anne, E. B. Graham, Ingleside; Caroline, J. L. Lapham, Goldsboro; Talbot, Gen. Joseph B. Seth; Dorchester, Frederick Hirst, Cambridge; Wicomico, Fuller W. Allen, Salisbury; Worcester, Senator Orlando Harrison; Somerset, F. E. Matthews, Pocomoke City. Virginia—Accomac, A. J. McMath, Northampton, W. L. Elzey. Executive committee, J. Leonard Soper, Magnolia, Del.; E. H. Shallock, McDonough, Del.; O. A. Newton, Bridgeville, Del.; S. L. Byrn, Cambridge, Md.; W. Irving Walker, Chestertown, Md.

The Society will meet in Dover next year.

Would Amend Marriage Law

If the bill prepared by the Elkton Improvement Association is enacted, Elkton will no longer enjoy the reputation of being the Gretna Green of Maryland and the couples who go there from Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and Delaware to be married will have to seek another haven.

A determined effort will be made to have the present law relating to marriage repealed and a more stringent one placed on the statute books. To this end the Elkton Improvement Association, composed of representative men of that city, at a meeting last Tuesday night took up the question and a committee was appointed to draft a bill to be presented to the Legislature.

The bill is to be framed after the Delaware marriage law, which requires a residence of 96 hours before a license can be issued. The proposed new law also will require that the girl be 18 years old instead of 16, as at present, before a license can be issued.

During the last year nearly 3,000 marriage licenses were issued there mostly to out-of-town couples.

### Governor Named Secretary

Governor Harrington last Friday appointed Arthur W. Lockard to be his private secretary. The appointment was made for merit alone. Private Secretary Dudley to Governor Goldsborough resigned when the Governor went out of office.

## MUST ACT ON AMENDMENTS

### Legislature Will Hold Conference Upon The Matter Shortly

Measures which will put into operation the machinery for the four constitutional amendments passed by the General Assembly of 1914 and ratified by the voters at the last election must be passed by the present Legislature. Most important of the measures is the home-rule amendment. This has some of the General Assembly "up in the air," and they are uncertain about introducing bills, the object of which is to bring about legislation in which only one section of the State is interested.

These members who are not certain as to the proper course will hold off on much of this local legislation with the hope that the bill necessary to put the home-rule amendment into operation will be passed early in the session. It has been pointed out that if this step is taken and the bill passed by the Assembly at once the present Legislature would feel the result. It would not be necessary to wait until the 1918 session before the relief sought is realized.

The bill's quick passage, it is claimed, would eliminate at the present session many bills which are purely local. It is probable that a conference will be held upon the matter in the near future.

Under the amendment, upon the demand of 20 per cent. of the registered voters of any county, the mayor and city council of Baltimore or 10,000 petitioners a non-partisan charter board shall be created. It shall be the duty of this board to frame a charter for the city or county. The charter shall provide for a lawmaking body, which, in the city, will be the city council and in the counties the county council. This body may pass all necessary local laws and have power to amend local laws enacted by the General Assembly.

Thus a burden would be lifted from the shoulders of the members of the Legislature. At every session hundreds of bills which are of purely a local character are introduced.

The voters are to have the power to fix the number, compensation, powers and duties of the council. The charter is to be subject to change under an initiative either by resolution of the city or county council, or by 20 per cent. of the registered voters. But the total number of petitioners does not have to be more than 10,000 in any case. When such a proposition is made it is to be submitted to the voters of the city or county at the next election.

The referendum is another one of the amendments. It provides that should a petition signed by at least 10,000 voters of the State, no more than one-half of them from Baltimore city or any one county, be filed with the Secretary of State before June 1st, following the adjournment of the Legislature, they can require any act or part of an act passed by the General Assembly to be placed upon the ballot and voted upon at the next election.

When this referendum is applied to local laws the petition will require the signature of 10 per cent. of the citizens.

If more than one-half of the signatures are filed with the Secretary of State before June 1st, an extension of 30 days will be allowed for filing the remainder.

Classification of property for taxing purposes is provided in another amendment. It changes the Fifteenth Article of the Declaration of Rights, giving the taxing authorities power to classify property subject to taxation according to its character.

The fourth amendment gives the General Assembly the power to provide for suspension of sentence by the court in criminal cases; a form of indeterminate sentence in criminal cases and the release upon parole in a manner the General Assembly may prescribe.

### Works Like Human Hand

After years of experiment Director Klingenberg, of the General Electric Company, of Berlin, Germany, has announced the perfection of an "electromagnetic hand" with which it is possible to grasp even the heaviest metal objects and work with them advantageously as with human hands.

Dr. Klingenberg has evolved an unusually powerful battery, which can be carried by the operator, making it unnecessary for him to be near an electric current in order to magnetize the "hand." The invention, it is said, can perform all the functions of the human hand and others besides. The current is regulated by a switch operated by hand or foot.

It is hoped that the invention will solve the problem of livelihood for many crippled soldiers, enabling them to engage even in trades requiring considerable manual dexterity, such as carpentry. By its use the manipulation of knife and fork and similar instruments is a bagatelle.



# Busby's Milk Food

How It Secured Its Position as a Prime Favorite

By LOUISE B. CUMMINGS

Dennis Malony and his wife, Ellen, were taken ill about the same time. Both being unable to earn anything, friends made up a purse for them and sent them articles that they needed. But Dennis recovered his health slowly and Ellen was a long while getting well. Finally both were able to be out again, though Dennis was hardly fit for work. So Ellen took the burden upon herself again and earned enough to keep the wolf from the door. After a while a baby was born to the couple, and the difficulty was enhanced not only by Ellen's being unable to go out to work, but by her not being able to nurse the little fellow. Milk must be purchased, and there was no money with which to buy it. The doctor who had attended Mrs. Malony, being loaded down with samples of prepared milk for babies, supplied some of the deficiency with these gratuitous preparations.

"How did you get 'em, doctor?" asked Dennis, puzzled.

"The manufacturers send them to me with the request that I recommend them."

In the sample cases came advertisements in great superfluity. Dennis read them and looked at the pictures of fat children that had been brought up on them with much interest. Little Dennis thrived on what the doctor gave his parents for awhile, then the supply was exhausted.

"What'll we do now, Ellen?" asked the husband, despairingly.

"I'll tell you, Dennis," replied Ellen. "We'll let 'em take a picture of the child and publish it for more milk."

"That's a good idea, Ellen; only I'm afraid Dennis isn't beautiful enough."

"Beautiful enough! What d'ye mean, Dennis? He's the most beautiful boy in the world."

Dennis had his doubts, however, for the baby resembled him, and he had never been called an Adonis.

"We haven't the money to pay for a picture to take to the men that makes the milk, Ellen."

"What'll we do?"

"There's a young fellow on the floor above that has a machine for taking pictures. We'll get him to come down and take a photograph of the baby, and I'll take the picture to the man that makes the milk, and maybe he'll give us a few bottles for it."

The young man on the floor above was appealed to. When he saw the baby he was surprised, for the boy was really not a prize infant. But, realizing that it would not be in good form to say so to the parents and being ready to photograph anything, beautiful or homely, he took the picture, and when it was developed the mother was in ecstasies over it and Dennis declared that even if the boy did resemble his father the picture was not so bad after all.

One morning the manager of Busby's milk food was sitting at his desk when Dennis, unannounced, approached and said:

"My little boy has been taking your milk, and it's the best ten pounds of the finest flesh on him ye ever seen. I'm thinkin' that ye might like to print his picture and send it out with your milk."

Dennis drew the photograph of his son and handed it to the manager, who looked at it and with difficulty suppressed a desire to laugh. Then glancing up at the proud father he asked, by way of chaffing him, what he wished for the right offered. Dennis replied that a few bottles of milk to keep the child alive was all he expected. This won the heart of the manager, for he was a kind man, and calling for a dozen bottles of his prepared milk, he gave them to Dennis, telling him he would consider the proposition. With this he dismissed the happy Dennis, who went back to Ellen loaded down with milk enough to last till they could devise some other scheme to carry little Dennis farther on in his worldly pilgrimage.

"I'm thinkin', Ellen," said Dennis the next morning, "that the reason Mr. Busby don't sell more of his milk by puttin' it into the papers is because he don't know just how it helps the babies. I'm goin' to write an ad. meself and take it to him, givin' him the free use of it for bein' so kind in givin' us the milk."

"We owe it to him, Dennis."

Dennis sat down and after an hour's hard work finished his task. This was what he had written:

"Busby's prepared milk is the finest milk for babies of all 'em. If you don't believe it just go and see Mrs. Dennis Malony, 75 West Ninety-fifth street, and see the fine child that has been brought up on it. The baby has gained a pound a day on it for a month at a time and looks like a genuine little angel that you see in oil paintings."

Dennis gave the advertisement to his wife to read, and she said he hadn't said half enough good things about the food. She suggested that he show it to Tom Murphy, the young man who had taken the baby's photograph, to see if it was all right. So Dennis took it upstairs, where he found Tom and asked him to edit his production. Tom, who had a keen sense of humor and was a bit of a wag, said it was a fine

piece of work, but he thought it could be improved. Dennis asked how, and Tom said that if he would leave it with him overnight he would make some additions which he thought would render it more effective. Dennis was only too glad to do so, and as soon as he was gone Tom brought his genius to bear on it and produced the following:

"Busby's prepared milk food is made of the best buttermilk that can be procured in the market. The flavoring spices used in it are gathered on the shores of Hudson bay by the Indians. Its ivory whiteness is obtained not from any deleterious ingredients, but is distilled from myriads of white roses grown on the Busby farm under the superintendence of a graduate of an agricultural college. The fatty substances used in the food are obtained from the blubber of walrus shipped on trains running on the ice of Berling sea, thus preventing delay and insuring the delivery of the blubber in the best condition at the milk factory.

"Some rare instances of development of children using Busby's food are testified to by mothers. Charles Deitrich when seven months old weighed only twenty ounces. After taking a bottle of Busby's milk he gained so much in one night that in the morning his mother mistook him for the five-year-old son of her next door neighbor and sent him to his supposed home with a lump of sugar. At the end of a year, having drunk 200 bottles of Busby's, he had gained a pound a day.

"Benny Harkaway, who weighed only two pounds at birth, was blown about in every draft, keeping his mother in constant dread lest he be carried out of the window. Ten bottles of Busby's food gave him so much flesh that, his father having tossed him playfully, when the child came down was crushed by the enormous weight."

When this production was shown to Dennis he asked its author if it was not somewhat overdrawn.

"Overdrawn?" cried Tom. "Suppose it is! That's the art of writing an ad. If you write it in plain, unvarnished terms nobody will notice it. I'll guarantee that it will increase the sales of Busby's milk enormously."

"All right," replied Dennis. "I'll take it to Mr. Busby."

"I wouldn't do that," said Tom. "You had better insert it yourself. I'm a reporter for a newspaper, and I can get it put in at cut rates."

Dennis gave him a carte blanche to insert the ad. and went down to his wife to report what he had done, adding that he was going to make Mr. Busby's fortune for him on account of his kindness in giving them the milk.

The baby's milk ran out one day, and Dennis, thinking that Mr. Busby might have heard from his advertisement and on account of increased sales be disposed to give him some more food, went to the gentleman's office and stood as before beside the desk.

"Mornin', sir," said Dennis.

The manager looked up from hundreds of letters and seeing the man to whom he had given some of his milk food asked him what he wanted.

"Have you heard from the advertisement?" asked Dennis.

"The one that came out in the paper."

The manager looked at Dennis as if groping for something, then suddenly exclaimed:

"See here, my man, did you have anything to do with that game that was played on me in a statement got up to ruin my business?"

"No, sir; I put in an ad. at my own expense for the favor you done me for given me the milk for me little baby."

The manager stared at Dennis for a time, then said: "I don't know that it will do any harm after all. It may call attention to my goods." He took up a handful of letters from the pile on his desk and ran them over. One, evidently a lady who had never had children or run a dairy, wrote to know whether the cream was left on the buttermilk used in Busby's milk. Another, a nurse, entered a protest against using spices in baby's food. "I should think," she said, "that it would injure the child's stomach." A young man who said that he was a student of chemistry asked for the process by which the white substance was distilled from roses.

There were on the desk a number of comic papers containing illustrations of children who had been fed on Busby's milk. One was a picture of a very small man being crushed under an enormous baby; another, a drawing of a woman giving a fat child a lump of sugar, while beneath were the words, "Now run home to your mother." There were numerous letters from advertising agents and advertisers asking for the name and address of the person who had invented the clever scheme for attracting attention to Busby's milk food, and one man who was about to put a patent washing machine on the market offered \$500 a month for the services of one who had so cleverly drawn the public attention to Busby's milk.

Dennis went home with all the milk he needed for the baby for a month, and the next week Mr. Busby sent for him and, after telling him that he was run down with orders for his milk food, gave him a permanent job as caretaker of the milk depot, with double wages.

Finally the perpetrator of the joke came in for his share of the profits, for the offer that had been received to write advertisements was forwarded to him, and he accepted it.

Dennis Malony has since made a good living, and his wife has brought up a large family of children on Busby's milk, which has become the prime favorite, outselling all other children's foods.

## HIS FLIGHT OF ORATORY.

The Cause Was Lowly, but the Lawyer's Plea Was Eloquent.

The wit and wisdom of members of the bar are acknowledged in all circles, and the following example, recorded in M. McDonnell Bodkin's book, "Recollections of an Irish Judge," is certainly worthy of being preserved:

"A certain barrister appeared to support an application before the recorder of Dublin for a license for a public house. The applicant was only twenty-five years old, and the recorder remarked that he was very young for so responsible a position. The resourceful advocate rose majestically to the occasion and said:

"My lord, Alexander the Great at twenty-two years of age had crushed the Illyrians and razed the city of Thebes to the ground, had crossed the Hellespont at the head of his army, had conquered Darius with a force of a million in the defiles of Issus and brought the great Persian empire under his sway. At twenty-three Rene Descartes evolved a new system of philosophy. At twenty-four Pitt was prime minister of the British empire, on whose dominions the sun never sets. At twenty-four Napoleon overthrew the enemies of the republic with a whiff of grapeshot in the streets of Paris, and is it now to be judicially decided that at twenty-five my client, Peter Mulligan, is too young to manage a public house in Capel street?"

## PLEASEING A SULTAN.

Why a Piece of Spanish Music Ticked the Oriental Autocrat.

Kaid Belton some years ago told the following story, which illustrated exactly the attitude of the sultan of Morocco at that time toward the French:

One day the sultan asked a lady, the wife of his dentist, to play one of the pianos that were in the room of the palace. She played several pieces, one of them at length catching the sultan's fancy, whereupon the following little dialogue took place:

Sultan—That piece is very nice. What is it called?

Dentist—It is the "March on Cadiz."

It was written to commemorate the Spaniards driving the French out of Spain.

Sultan—What! Were the French in Spain?

Dentist—Yes.

Sultan—How many of them?

Dentist—About 200,000.

Sultan (in a surprised tone)—And the Spaniards drove them out?

Dentist—Yes, every one of them.

There was a slight pause while the sultan was thinking hard, and then:

Sultan (quietly)—Play it again.—Dundee Advertiser.

## Bernard Shaw's Excuse.

Bernard Shaw was invited to a banquet in honor of the sculptor Rodin. He sent the following letter as his excuse for not attending:

"For me a banquet to Rodin is quite superfluous. I have already taken measures to assume immortality for myself by attaching my name to that of Rodin. Henceforth in every encyclopedia you will read, 'Bernard Shaw; subject of a bust by Rodin; otherwise unknown.'"

"If the bust is lost, broken or spoiled, so much the better for me," he continues. "They will speak of the 'lost Bernard Shaw of Rodin,' as today they speak of the lost Athens of Phidias. Nothing can be more beautiful than the statues which no one ever saw. Therefore I have done all that is necessary. I can get along without banquets. You will only be Rodin's hosts. I have the honor to be his model."

## Saving Old Couple.

They were a very saving old couple, and as a result they had a beautifully furnished house.

One day the old lady missed her husband.

"Joseph, where are you?" she called out.

"I'm resting in the parlor," came the reply.

"What on the sofa?" cried the old lady, horrified.

"No; on the floor."

"On that grand carpet?" came in tones of anguish.

"No; I've rolled it up."—Buffalo News.

## The Changing Leaves.

Careful observers will note that the graduation of autumn tints in all cases are in order of those of sunrise, from darker to lighter hues, and never the reverse. The brown leaves which long persist on some trees (beech, chestnut and certain oaks, for example), though darker than the yellow or orange from which they often turn, are no exception, since these leaves are dead, and the brown is only assumed after vitality has vanished.—Garden Magazine.

## What He Admired.

"What did father say when you asked him for my hand?"

"Oh," replied Augustus, "he—he did his best to be pleasant. He said there was something about me that he really admired."

"Did he say what?"

"Yes; my impudence."

## Customs and Habits.

Our customs and habits are like the ruts in roads. The wheels of life settle into them, and we jog along through the mire because it is too much trouble to get out of them.

## Eggs and Frost.

The absence of fogs during frost is because the vapor is frozen on the ground before it can rise and become hoar frost.

Nothing is more disgraceful than insincerity.—Cleero.

## PHYSICAL CULTURE.

A Factor in Training the Brain in Boys and Girls.

Enthusiasm, self confidence, the spirit of adventure, alertness, promptness, unselfishness, quick judgment, are all to be learned on the field of games and sports, says the Medical Record, and every argument for such training of boys applies with equal force to girls. Mothers as well as fathers must be strong and healthy, and it is said that girls undergoing such training not only assume a more upright and dignified carriage, but begin unconsciously to avoid slang and other vulgarities.

The ancient Greeks knew these things, and in 2,500 years we have not equalled their results. If a boy does not seem to pick up music with ease, or sword play, he may attain remarkable dexterity with tools. At best he may learn to carve, at least he may attain creditable efficiency as a joiner or carpenter. Even juggling and conjuring train certain brain centers of value to the organism and are much better than no manual work at all. Personally, continues the editor, we think very highly of military drill, which trains every fiber of the body, down to the very finger tips and the tiny muscles of the eye, besides inculcating in valuable habits of prompt obedience, team work, respect for efficient authority, etc.

## Harrison's Motion.

Delving in the archives of the Miami Union Literary society of Miami university the other day students found in an old minute book two entries regarding students who afterward became men of national fame. The record of the society's meeting of Nov. 1, 1881, says:

"Benjamin Harrison made the following motion: 'Mr. Chairman, I move that every man who spits tobacco juice on the floor of the society hall be fined 6 cents and that the money thus produced be saved for six months, at the end of which time a spitbox be purchased for this society.' The minutes of the same society of Jan. 23, 1883, record the fact that Oliver P. Morton was fined 12½ cents for disorderly conduct.—Indianapolis News

## A Staggering Estimate.

The late Mr. G. S. Carr, an accomplished mathematician, attempted to give a reply to the query, "How many different games at chess would it be possible to play?" His conclusions are that the total would be given by the one hundredth power of twenty, which is represented by the figure 12, followed by 129 ciphers. If each move be represented by a grain of sand the aforesaid number of grains, if packed around the sun, would fill up all space in every direction to a distance of over two sextillion miles!—London Telegraph.

## Thumbnail Fairy Tale.

"No doubt," we said to the plumber, "you'll have to dig the entire street up before you can fix that leak in the bathtub."

"Shucks, no," replied the plumber; "it won't take a minute. It only needs a new washer, and I wouldn't charge you anything for a little job like that."

—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

## Heavy Returns.

"What business brings the heaviest returns?" asked the man who wanted to know.

"The literary business," sighed the struggling author as he opened a two pound rejected book manuscript.—Philadelphia Record.

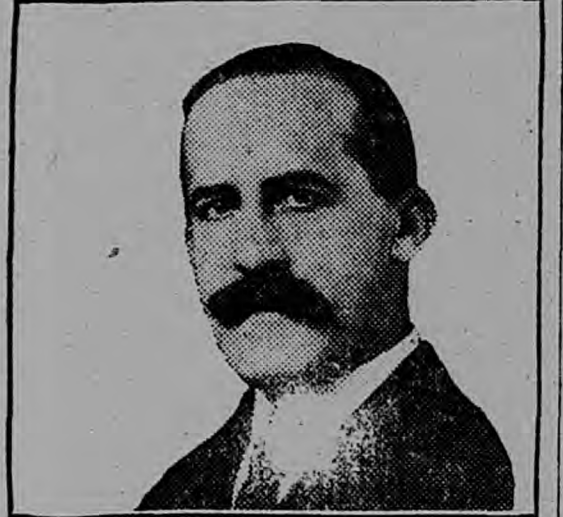
## The Cost of Fame.

"Why do you work for money instead of fame?"

"I want to get the money first. My observation teaches me that fame is a most expensive luxury that the rich only can afford to live up to."

## SOUTHERN DRUG MERCHANT MAKES UNUSUAL STATEMENT

Great Business Losses Due to Neglect



W. WITHERS MILLER

President of the Polk-Miller Drug Company, Richmond, Va., is authority for the following extraordinary statement:

"I estimate that the business men of this country could increase their efficiency fully ten per cent by taking an occasional laxative and not neglecting the bowels as most of them do."

He also said that if the Department of Commerce in Washington would present each business man in the country with a box of Rexall Orderlies, it would be of great benefit to the national welfare. Rexall Orderlies are prompt in action, pleasant to take and never gripe, can be used by men, women or children, and are just the thing for toning up sluggish livers.

this great laxative. Trial size, 10 cents. We have the exclusive selling rights for THE REXALL STORE T. J. SMITH & CO.

## JEWELLED BOOKS.

Ancient Volumes Bound in Gold and Incrusted With Gems.

Bibliophiles will tell you that the bookbinding of the ancients has never been equaled, let alone surpassed. They will extol the beauties of the bindings of the Byzantine period, when books had covers of gold, silver and copper studded with jewels, the massive tomes being carried in imperial processions.

The books produced in the middle ages were of remarkable beauty in wardly and outwardly. Religious manuscripts were enriched with illuminations themselves, while their covers were of silver, gold or enamel, incrustated with gems. These books were generally bestowed as splendid gifts by bishops and princes on monastic houses and churches, where they were laid on the altar or chained to a desk.

The dukes of Burgundy were renowned for their libraries. The "Boccaccio" of Charles the Bold was bound in red velvet set with five large rubies. Another Burgundian book was velvet bound and set with fifty-eight pearls of great size.

The library of Philip the Good of Burgundy surpassed all other book collections of the time. It contained nearly 10,000 volumes, all richly illuminated on vellum, with bindings of damask, satin and velvet, incrustated with jewels, with clasps of gold and gems.—Pearson's Weekly.

## Napoleon on Horseback.

Extraordinary were the precautions taken that Napoleon should never appear at a disadvantage on horseback. The emperor was not a first class horseman, and his horses were always thoroughly broken in. Here is a description of the methods employed:

"They were trained to remain perfectly steady under tortures of every description; to receive blows about the head; drums were beaten, pistols and crackers fired in their ears, flags waved before their eyes, clumsy packages and sometimes even sheep and pigs were thrown between their legs. None of the animals were deemed sufficiently trained till the emperor could without the least difficulty pull them up short at full gallop, which was his favorite pace."—London Chronicle.

## AN OLD-TIME NURSE CURED

Of Catarrh of the Stomach by Peruna  
MRS. SELENA TANNER,  
Athens, Ohio.

This Cure Dates From October 3, 1899.

Oct. 3, 1899	"Catarrh of the stomach. Was nearly starved. After taking Peruna I have a good appetite."
Sept. 11, 1904	"I can assure you that I am still a friend of Peruna. My health is still good."
April 23, 1906	"Yes, I am still a friend of Peruna. Will be as long as I live. I keep it in the house all the time."
Dec. 18, 1907	"I recommend Peruna so often that they call me the Peruna doctor. Peruna recommends itself when once tried."
Dec. 27, 1908	"I still tell everybody I can that Peruna is the best medicine in the world."
Aug. 15, 1909	"Peruna saved my life years ago. I still take it when I have a cold."
Jan. 4, 1910	"I was threatened with pneumonia. Peruna saved me."
May 17, 1912	"I am glad to do anything I can for Peruna."
May 6, 1914	"I have always been a nurse. Peruna has helped me in my work more than all other medicines."
Mar. 22, 1915	"I have divided my bottle of Peruna with people many times. It always helps."

The above quotations give a vague glimpse of the correspondence we have had with Mrs. Tanner since 1899. Our files, which cover twenty-five years, include many similar correspondents.

## FLOUR, MEAL and MILL FEEDS

Bring your grain to our mill for exchange and get THE BEST FLOUR IN TOWN

If you are buying Flour try a bag of "PAMCO." It will please you

We manufacture Flour, Meal and all kinds of Feed

The Princess Anne Milling Co.  
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Largest Carriage and Wagon Dealer in Maryland

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MARYLAND

WE DEFY Competition on anything we sell, and guarantee to please. Our profits are small; our terms reasonable;

you cannot afford to buy until you examine this immense stock. Buy early and save money.

ALL SIZES, ALL KINDS of HORSE COLLARS

## EGG MARKET Eggs 38c Dozen

Feed Conkey's Laying Tonic and get the eggs

**T. J. SMITH & CO.**

DRUGGISTS Princess Anne, Md.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

GEORGE M. RICHARDSON, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor to the subscriber on or before the

fourteenth day of June, 1916, or the day otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 11th day of December, 1915.

JOHN W. RICHARDSON, Admin'r of George M. Richardson, deceased. True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

Don't suffer longer with **RHEUMATISM**

No matter how chronic or how helpless you think your case may be, you can get quick and permanent relief by taking nature's remedy, "SEVEN BARS." Get at the root of the disease, and drive the virus and all other poisons out of your system for good. "SEVEN BARS" has been doing this successfully for the past 11 years. Price 50 cents per bottle at all druggists or from the proprietor, -YMAN BROWN, 68 Murray St., New York, N. Y.

**SAMUEL J. PRITCHETTE AUCTIONEER** PRINCESS ANNE, MD. Route No. 2

When you have a Sale call on me Terms Reasonable

Fetch your Job Printing to this office

### MEXICO CITY POLICE.

Always Ready at Night to Answer a Clap of the Hands.

In Mexico City each of the 5,000 police who won for it the reputation of the most thoroughly patrolled city in the world carries a lantern underneath his cape. After a certain hour, when traffic has virtually ceased, the policemen put their lanterns in the middle of the roadways at the intersections of the streets.

Then they go into the nearest doorway, sit down and prepare to spend the rest of the night at their ease. If you want a policeman you simply step out on the sidewalk and clap your hands. Immediately with the suddenness of a flash a policeman appears on either side. Handclapping, by the way, is the universal method of attracting attention in Mexico. To insure wakefulness on the part of the police any one who brings a lantern or a policeman's cap to the nearest police station gets \$5, which is deducted from the negligent patrolman's monthly pay.

In some cities the system of "keeping tabs" on policemen is different. Every hour the sergeant at the station goes to the door and blows his whistle. The man on the nearest beat immediately responds. Number two follows, and so the whistle passes through the entire force and comes back to the station. If one whistle is missing the man who has the preceding beat investigates and reports at headquarters. The speed with which the hour can be blown and the watchfulness of the force determined is astonishing.—Youth's Companion.

### What the "Von" Means.

The German title of "von" as a prefix before a surname was in feudal times the privilege of the landed barons, who thus designated, as in other countries with like prefixes, their ownership of lands. In modern times, however, the prefix "von" may be granted as a title of nobility by the German emperor or the kings of the various kingdoms of the empire. It does not carry any privileges or emoluments with it. It is recorded in the heraldry office in Berlin if granted by the emperor as kaiser or as king of Prussia, in Munich if granted by the king of Bavaria, in Leipzig if conferred by the king of Saxony, etc. The recipient is not given a diploma with it. It may be, like the English title of baronet, personal or hereditary—that is, it may be granted to a man for his lifetime only or may descend to his sons. It cannot be assumed by any one, but may be earned by any deserving German subject and conferred as a reward for service or eminence.—San Francisco Chronicle.

### An Ancient Tragedy.

A historical paper in Lord Montagu's collection in London tells of a strange tragedy "done in Holborn, a little before Christmas," several centuries ago: "A boy seven years old came up into a gentleman's chamber and prattled to him and drew his sword and flourished with it. The gentleman, being in bed, wondered to see the boy toss his blade so and said: 'So, good boy, thou hast done well. Put in the sword.' The boy persisting, the gentleman rose and held him the scabbard, and the rude hand, lustily chapt it into his body. Company were called. One offered to strike the child. 'Let him alone,' quoth the gentleman. 'God is just. This boy's father did I kill five years since and none knew. Now he hath revenged it.' And the gentleman died the second dressing."

### Preserving Pencil Drawing.

A pencil drawing can be preserved indefinitely against blurring if it is immersed in a bath of clear cold water then in fresh milk.—Popular Science Monthly.

### Bad Cold Quickly Broken Up

Mrs. Martha Wilcox, Gowanna, N. Y. writes: "I first used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy about eight years ago. At that time I had a hard cold and coughed most of the time. It proved to be just what I needed. It broke up the cold in a few days, and the cough entirely disappeared. I have told many of my friends of the good I received through using this medicine, and all who have used it speak of it in the highest terms." Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement]

### "The Lime That Acts"

There is hardly a farm in Maryland where the soil is not sadly lacking in lime—Soils stay sick and sour—and many crops are stunted.

Clover and Alfalfa would grow where now it does not thrive. Bigger crops of grain would follow.

## The Moore-Pendleton Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

**Pulverized Oyster Shell Lime**

Factory—Clifton Point-on-the-Mapokin P. O., Westover, Md.

IT PAYS TO LIME—BUT When You Lime, Use The Best

**PRINTING** We are in a better position than ever to give you the very BEST of PRINTING

### OUR MARINE CORPS.

Its Status in the Military Organization of the Nation.

The United States marine corps was first called into existence by an act of the Continental congress of Nov. 10, 1775, and gallantly served throughout the Revolutionary war. It was disbanded at the close of the war, April 11, 1782, but was reorganized and permanently established July 11, 1795. From that day to this its officers and men have been zealous participants in every expedition in which the navy has engaged, and in many trying campaigns they have won distinction with their brethren of the army.

It is the gallant little corps that has so ably assisted in fighting America's battles in every corner of the globe for more than a century. Its members are the first men on the ground in case of trouble with a foreign power and the first men into battle in case of hostilities. They have at all times served their country faithfully both in peace and war and have reflected great credit upon themselves as a corps and on the nation which they represent. Ever have they lived up to the motto of the corps, "Semper parati." Marines serve on both land and sea, but are trained, clothed and equipped very much as are soldiers of the land forces.

The military and naval services of the United States are divided into three separate and distinct branches—the army with its duties on land, the navy at sea and the marine corps, which serves both on land and sea. The marine corps is a separate organ entirely and is under the direct supervision of the secretary of the navy and usually serves with the navy. In time of war or other public necessity the president is empowered to detach the marines for service with the army.

### No Sense of Proportion.

The young man who had spent his efforts for several years without result in studying art was talking with his practical uncle, who had patiently paid the bills.

"Of course," said the young artist, "I know I haven't made much of a go of it, but I don't think you ought to advise me to try something else. You know it's best to put all your eggs in one basket and watch that basket."

"Um! That may be, Charlie; but did you ever think how foolish it is to put so many baskets around one basket egg?"

### What She Has.

"I have many splendid theories on the art of bringing up children."

"Have you, indeed?" said she. "I have no theories."

"No theories on the proper way of training little ones?"

"No theories," was the reply. "Just three children."—Detroit Free Press.


### Showing His Ignorance.

"What on earth are you doing?" demanded the indignant dining car conductor of the novice waiter. "Serving soup on a straight track? Why don't you wait till we strike a curve? You don't know the first principles of railroading."—Puck.

### Those Small Berths.

Fat Passenger—There is no danger that any one will pry into these berths. Is there? Pullman Porter—Lan' sakes no, mam. On de contrary, we general ly has to pry folks out of dem.—Judge.

Economy is half the battle of life. It is not so hard to earn money as to spend it well.



**EVEN IF YOU HAD A NECK AS LONG AS THIS FELLOW, AND HAD SORE THROAT ALL THE WAY DOWN TONSILINE WOULD QUICKLY RELIEVE IT.**

Quick, safe, soothing, healing, antiseptic relief for Sore Throat, briefly describe TONSILINE. A small bottle of Tonsiline lasts longer than most any use of Sore Throat. TONSILINE relieves Sore Mouth and Soreness and prevents Quinsy, Strep and St. Hospital Size 50c. All Druggists. THE TONSILINE COMPANY, . . . Canton, Ohio.

### SOME IMPORTED WORDS.

Their Use Here and Their Meanings in Their Native Land.

You are so familiar with those three imported words, chauffeur, tonneau and limousine, that it would never occur to you to ask whether they really apply to the objects which they have been made to describe.

You know that a chauffeur is the man who is hired to drive a motorcar. The mere driving of the car is not the thing which gives the name its significance, for it does not apply to the owner of the car when he drives. In like manner you know that the tonneau is the part of the machine which is behind the driver's seat and accommodates three or five persons. When the possessor of an automobile is sufficiently opulent he has a limousine body for winter use, and probably it is electric heated and has a bunch of fresh flowers in the wall vase every morning. To these three vocables, with their smell of greenbacks and their rattle of silks, we might add another, even more suggestive of the expenditure of money, the word "hangar," which was dragged into the language when the glided youth wearied of sixty horsepower speed and took to the air.

Would you be shocked to learn that a hangar, in rural France, where aeroplanes are almost unknown, is nothing but a shed for the farm cart? And what of the chauffeur? The high school girl was horrified to find, by consulting her dictionary, that he was either a fireman or a braggart. Almost as disconcerting was the revelation that a "tonneau" was nothing but a vat or tub. But the cruelest blow of all fell when the limousine was shown up as rough goatskin, worn by peasants near Limoges.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

### HOLLAND'S SUBMARINE.

The Motive That Is Said to Have Inspired the Inventor.

John P. Holland, the inventor of the modern submarine, was an ardent advocate of freedom for Ireland, says a writer in World's Work. With this end in view, he allied himself with the Fenian movement in America and designed for it a type of vessel with which he hoped to destroy England's fleet. The Fenians financed the scheme, and Holland designed a boat which for several months entertained the people on the waters around New York.

The Fenians had done everything they could to keep the thing a secret, though rumors of the usual "British spies" were numerous. Occasionally an excursion boat or a tug would be amazed to see a peculiar contrivance suddenly stick its head out of the water. When the conning tower opened, however, and Holland's good natured Irish face suddenly peered out on the outside world the mystery was explained.

The inventor had no difficulty in operating in all the waters about New York. His boat handled easily, deftly and safely, the only trouble being, as always, with the engine. The newspapers, which devoted columns to his under water voyages, dubbed the vessel the Fenian Ram, a name more picturesque than descriptive, as it was not a ram at all, but a torpedo boat.

### An Impartial Student.

We were walking through the apartments of his excellency Mr. Samarth, the prime minister of the gaekwar of Baroda, about two years ago, and noticed an open Bible on a table at the head of the prime minister's bed. I asked why he, a devout Hindu, was interested in the Bible. He replied: "I spend a half hour each day reading this book along with the sacred book of Hindulism. I have found it one of the greatest influences in developing my intellectual as well as my spiritual life. You may be interested to know," he continued, "that the educated men of India know the Bible, as a rule, quite as well as they know any one of their own sacred classics."—Christian Herald.

### A Famous Compliment.

Of famous compliments paid to the fair sex the supply is so large and dazzling that it is a matter of no small difficulty to pick out the brightest gems, but if the following was overlooked for it certainly deserves a place among the best: Fontenelle when ninety years old passed before Mme. Helvetius without noticing her.

"Ah," said the lady, "that is your gallantry, then! To pass before me without ever looking at me!"

"If I had looked at you, madam," replied the old beau, "I never could have passed you at all."

### Obviously Incompetent.

"Did old Dr. Gruffer seem to understand your complaint?"

"No; the man's an ignoramus. I explained to him I wanted to be advised to take perfect rest and a trip, and he said what I needed was to skip rope and stop thinking up imaginary troubles."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

### A Preserver.

"How shall we preserve the forests?" said the worried woodsman.

"Leave it to my wife," replied the town idler. "A woman who can preserve green tomatoes and watermelon finds oughtn't to be baffled by a few trees."—Washington Star.

### Beauty Fills the House.

"Is she pretty?"

"Pretty? Why, that girl is so pretty that plenty of fellows are glad to call on her father and mother."—Pittsburgh Post.

True courage is not incompatible with nervousness, and heroism does not mean the absence of fear, but the conquest of it.

### CURIOUS JAPANESE RITE.

The Art of Divination Through the Use of Tortoise Shell.

The curious art of divination through the medium of tortoise shell is very popular throughout the island kingdom, being used upon many occasions to ascertain the timeliness or possibility of various projects. The importance of this practice in the eyes of the Japanese may be inferred from the fact that the fields in which the sacred rice for the coronation ceremony was grown were selected through tortoise shell divination.

The divination is effected by first worshipping a god called Urawanokami. Then a tortoise shell is taken and scraped inside until quite thin and the outside surface polished. In the shell are several hollow squares in each of which there is a certain sign marked in black ink. The whole is then baked under great heat, causing cracks to appear in the surface. These cracks are then studied in accordance with the formulae in the divination book, the result being a sort of code message from the gods.

This is not the earliest form of divination known in Japan. Previously there was a kind called Futomani, in which the shoulder blade of a stag was used in place of a tortoise shell. The tortoise shell method, which probably came from China, was considered an improvement and was probably adopted because it was something new, for at that time the Japanese were seizing upon all things foreign.—Japanese Magazine.

### OLD TIME WITCH FINDERS.

Sure Signs by Which Agents of the Evil One Were Detected.

Three hundred years ago the business of finding out witches was well established and accepted in courts of law as highly proper.

In 1649 it is recorded that the magistrates of Newcastle, England, sent to Scotland for an expert witch finder. This gifted person proceeded to show his skill by quickly discovering fifteen witches and securing their conviction. One Matthew Hopkins was a celebrated witch finder of that period.

It was easy to discover witches when you knew how. The suspected person could be forced to weep and then detected by the well known fact that a witch could shed only three tears and those from the left eye, or she could be pricked with pins to discover the spot insensible to pain, which was a sure sign of dealings with the devil.

That women were far more likely to dabble in witchcraft than men was conceded. The reason was satisfactorily explained by a famous German text book on witches published in the fifteenth century. It was simply that women were inherently wicked, whereas men naturally inclined to goodness.—Exchange.

### The Czar Bell.

One of the best known bells in the world has, strange to say, never been rung—that known as the Czar Kholok, or the czar bell. This bell is said to be the largest anywhere. There is an interesting history attached to it. When it had been cast attempt was made to hang it so that it might be rung, but by an unhappy chance it broke from its supports and fell to the ground, wherein it made a great hole, into which it sank and lay for many years. Finally, after more than a hundred years of oblivion, it was raised and placed in a public square in Moscow, where it now stands. This bell weighs more than 440,000 pounds and is more than nineteen feet in height and sixty feet in circumference.

### The Unreality of Opera.

There are people who still complain of the unreality of opera who cannot subject themselves to its illusion. And indeed the illusion of opera breaks down if everything in it is not kept at the same distance from reality. In that world of musical expression we must never be suddenly lowered by any incongruous detail into the ordinary world of prose. Realism, the attempt to work upon the emotions by complete illusion of reality, is disastrous in opera. If the scene is a railway station we remember at once that people do not sing when they are catching trains.—London Times.

### Little Else.

A London attorney named Else, rather diminutive in his stature and not particularly respectable in his character, once met Jekyll. "Sir," said he, "I hear you have called me a pettifogging scoundrel. Have you done so, sir?"

"Sir," said Jekyll, with a look of contempt, "I never said you were a pettifogger or a scoundrel, but I said you were 'little Else.'"—Westminster Gazette.

### Incomplete Comprehension.

"A great many people talk about things they don't understand."

"Of course," replied Miss Cayenne. "If we all thoroughly understood everything it is considered necessary to talk about we should all be immoderately wise and sometimes rather impolite."—Washington Star.

### Midchannel.

"Well, old chap, how have you been since you embarked on the sea of matrimony?"

"Oh—er—just a little seasick at times."—Boston Transcript.

### True.

"It takes two to make a quarrel."

"Yes, and very often it takes a jury of twelve to settle it."—Detroit Free Press.

We are sure to get the better of fortune if we do but grapple with her.—Seneca.



# MARYLANDER AND HERALD

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PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

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WILLIAM H. DASHIELL

(Editor and Proprietor)  
All Communications Should be Addressed to the  
Marylander and Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 18, 1916

## THE ECONOMY QUESTION

The inaugural address of Governor Harrington last Wednesday had the question of economy for its main topic. The Democratic State platform calls for reforms of that nature. The Legislature being Democratic, there should be no doubt of economic matters being thoroughly disposed of. The expense of the legislative session gives an excellent chance to the legislators themselves as well as the Governor. We feel confident that the Governor will do all in his power to see that suitable measures toward legislative thrift, as well as general State economy, will be enacted and carried out.

One of the chief troubles about the Legislature is the individual promises made by its members not to forget old friends and such friends are looking for a fulfillment of such promises, either express or implied. The session of the Legislature can certainly be conducted without resort to so many official positions and a great deal of public money can thus be saved. This ought to be done and it is a part of the platform that it shall be. It is time for a Democratic Legislature to make a name for itself and here is the opportunity.

Another trouble is the frequent adjournments and loss of time. Ninety days seems like ample time but it too frequently happens that essential legislation is put off until the closing days when there is not time to thoroughly investigate it. As soon as the committees are appointed—and that should be promptly attended to—the real work of the session should begin. Loss of time is another way of spending money recklessly.

In other words, economy in offices and in time should begin with the Legislature itself. The taste will thus be engrained for economy in matters that are State-wide.

## Legislature To Banish Graft

Last week the place hunters were on the job at Annapolis. Governor Harrington says no appointments will be made for a few weeks. Every city and county politician and Democratic member of the House and Senate has a list of friends to be rewarded. The report on the Goodnow Commission handed to the Governor was submitted to the Legislature. The Commission in its report shows how it is possible to prune the legislative bill to the extent of \$64,000 during each session. This recommendation is based upon the extravagant bill of two years ago. It was then far in excess of \$200,000. The Commission believes that the bill can be cut to \$150,000 this session, with the maximum of expenditures \$150,000.

The saving, according to the report, can be effected through a discontinuance of the practice of appointing additional engrossing clerks at the end of each session, and a reduction in doorkeepers, messengers and cloakroom keepers. But it is not proposed to hamper the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House by parsimony in their respective forces.

President Campbell, Speaker Laird and Senator Harvey L. Cooper, who will head the Senate Finance Committee, expressed the hope of being able not only to keep the expenditures within the limit fixed by the report, but of actually holding them down to less.

They have decided that employees shall be paid only from the date their services begin, instead of from the beginning of the session, as has been the custom heretofore. It is probable that none of the employees, outside of the desk clerks already appointed, will begin work until this week. Such being the case, the saving to the State by not letting their pay begin until their services commence, it is estimated, will amount to something like \$6,000.

Dare to do right, and you will soon have the reputation of being poor but honest.

## Order Nisi

H. Fillmore Lankford, executor of Kate Hastings, deceased, vs. Gus. Muir.

No. 3065, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 14th day of January, nineteen hundred and sixteen, that the report of H. Fillmore Lankford, the trustee mentioned in the above cause, and the sale of real estate by him reported and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary appear by exceptions filed before the 12th day of February, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Somerset county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 12th day of February, 1916. The report states the amount of sales to be \$140.

True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

## Governor Harrington, Leader

Mr. Harrington's inaugural address struck the right note, and we believe he struck it with a sincere hand and heart. But the thing by which he will be judged henceforth is performance, not promise. Deeds, not words, are the only political coinage that will pass current in Maryland hereafter. The campaign was the proper time for pledges, and the Democratic platform made them in abundance. That was the seed time. Now we have reached the harvest, and we have come to the season of reaping. From today we consider results. The real question is, What is the State and what are the people of Maryland to get for all their ante-election pains and labor?

The answer to that question rests with Governor Harrington more than with any other man in the State. If there is a failure to redeem Democratic pledges, the failure will be largely at his door; if they are redeemed in spirit and in letter, the success and the glory will be chiefly his.

Thanks to the example of Woodrow Wilson, Governors are now supposed to be leaders of their parties and their people. It is coming to be a disgrace to be simply a "Me Too," merely a political echo; it is beginning to be an impeachment of one's manhood to be the bond-servant of a machine. Mr. Harrington and no one else was sworn in as Governor of the State of Maryland yesterday, and that means that he can with honor and self-respect be no man's man but Maryland's. His opponents during the campaign called him John Walter Smith's nominee, but we believe he is made of sterner and better stuff than to wear anyone's livery as an undergarment. He is entitled to his personal friendships; and he has the right to seek counsel and advice from those most competent to give them. But, after all, he is the selected party leader in State affairs, the man who has been clothed with the authority and responsibility of leadership. And the success of his administration will mainly depend upon whether he has the courage and strength to assert that leadership and to be in fact what he is in name.

We have great confidence in his sincerity and moral force, and we shall not lose it until he compels us to do so. And we shall back him up with all our power in every good work and way. He is not a political or official figurehead, but steersman and captain, and the circumstances connected with his nomination and election have put upon him a double responsibility. We do not mean to minimize the responsibility of others—each man will be judged by his acts—but what we are trying to emphasize is that with yesterday's inauguration ceremonies at Annapolis a new leader has been put at the head of the Democratic party, so far as the State is concerned, as well as a new public servant in the Executive Mansion. We do not advise him to kick over the party traces; we exhort him to remember that he is the driver.

What an opportunity for wise, firm and public spirited leadership, for the exhibition of the qualities that make men great and communities proud of them! Maryland believes it has a leader as well as a Governor in Mr. Harrington; she salutes him as her commander-in-chief, and hopes to be able to reckon him, when his term is over, as chief among those who have helped to inaugurate a new administrative and political era in her borders.—Baltimore Sun.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## NOTICE

## To The Tax Payers Of Somerset County

I will be at WESTOVER, at E. D. Long & Son's store, on Thursday morning, Jan. 20, 1916, and at CRISFIELD at W. Jerome Sterling & Co.'s store on Friday morning, Jan. 21st, 1916, for the purpose of receiving and collecting State and County Taxes.

JOHN E. HOLLAND, Treasurer.

## PUBLIC SALE

## OF

## HORSES AND MULES

I will sell at public sale (rain or shine) at Joseph A. Ellegood's livery stable, Princess Anne, Maryland, on

Saturday, Jan. 22d, 1916,

beginning at 2 o'clock p. m.,

## 15 HORSES AND MULES

4 to 12 years old, will weigh from 800 to 1300 pounds each.

This will be a real horse sale—no by-bidding—the horses and mules will be sold regardless of prices.

This stock will arrive on Saturday morning, January 22d, and I will trade, sell or exchange anything you want before the sale starts. Everybody invited to come and look at this stock.

Terms of Sale—Six months note with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale.

HARRY T. PHOEBUS.

## "So Help Me God"

The words of the judicial oath is as solemn as any that can be found. A witness not only promises to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, but he invokes the aid of Almighty God to keep him up to this promise. The oath closes with words so solemn that a small part of the community refuses to utter them, believing them to be within the scope of that swearing which is prohibited to all Christians. The great majority of Christians, however, have always believed that they might take the judicial oath because of its great solemnity. If it were a light or trivial form they would recognize it to be prohibited. It is because the judicial oath is as solemn an appeal to Almighty God as can be found that most Christians feel justified in taking it, both in the administration of justice and in assuming the grave responsibilities of public office. The minority who will not take the oath even under those circumstances do not hesitate to affirm under all the pains and penalties of perjury. They declare in the most formal way that their statement is as sacred and binding as an oath would be.

Unfortunately, the sanctity of the oath has become impaired, perhaps by familiarity; perhaps by the spread of atheism. To the Jew, of course, the appeal to God is as solemn as it is to a Christian. The form of words may not particularly impress the atheist, but he professes to be as much bound by honor as a Christian or a Hebrew is by his belief in God.

Still, it is notorious that a great part of the people take the oath with little regard for its meaning. Within a few years several Judges have deplored the declining sanctity of the oath; the carelessness with which God is appealed to. Judges have told the public that perjury is common in the witness box, and that in the administration of justice it is necessary for the Judge to be able to discriminate between the witness who is telling the truth and the witness who is committing perjury.

But can a Judge who has committed perjury be trusted to discriminate between the perjurer and the true witness? If the community sees that Judges regard the judicial oath with levity are they likely to appreciate its solemnity when they have to swear to a tax statement, or give evidence in Court?

No official of the community is under such tremendous obligations to regard the sanctity of the oath as Judges. Theirs is the delicate task of administering justice. They represent, as other officials do not, the Divine fountain of justice, the searcher of hearts. The Judge takes an oath of office, and invokes the aid of Almighty God not only to dispense justice, but to uphold the laws and the Constitution. And then he violates the law by electing to an office within the gift of the Bench a man whom the Constitution declares to be ineligible. He disregards his own appeal to God for the sake of obliging a friend.

Is it singular that perjury grows apace in the community? Do the Judges set the example of veneration for the sanctity of the oath?—Philadelphia Record.

The average woman detests a man who flatters almost as much as she dislikes one who doesn't.

## Application For Oyster Grounds

The following application for oyster ground in or adjacent to Somerset county is now on file in the office of the Board of Shell Fish Commissioners of Maryland.

Published charts of the natural oyster bars of Somerset county are filed with the clerk of the Circuit Court of said county.

Notice is hereby given that all protests against the granting of said lease must be filed in the Circuit Court of Somerset county on or before the 20th day of March, 1916.

Applicant Address Acres  
BELLE B. COX Westover, Md. Not exceeded 30

Located in Great Annemessex river, on the northern side thereof, off Myrtle Point, above the late residence of L. W. Cox and below Chamberlain's Cove (locally known) as shown on published chart No. 7.

BOARD OF SHELL FISH COMMISSIONERS.

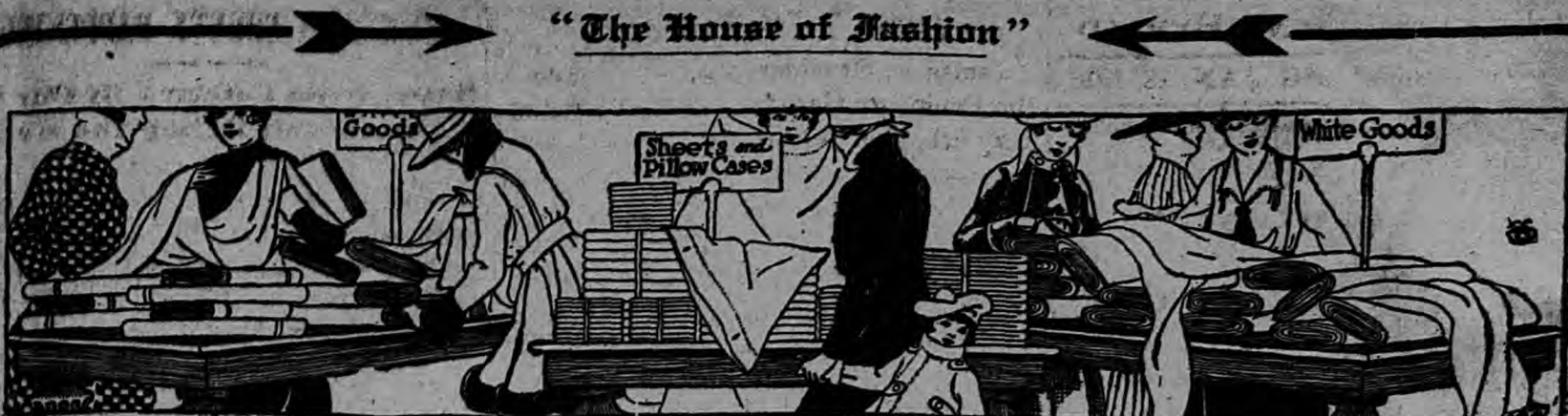
## REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE DEALS ISLAND BANK

at Deals Island, in the State of Maryland at the close of business December 31st, 1915.

RESOURCES  
Loans and Discounts..... \$28,751.30  
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured..... 31.85  
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures..... 3,420.00  
Mortgages and Judgments of record..... 6,553.15  
Checks and other cash items..... 270.25  
Due from approved Reserve Agents..... 4,571.52  
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz: U. S. Currency and National Bank Notes..... \$4,683.00  
Gold Coin..... 695.00  
Silver Coin..... 598.95  
Nickels and Cents..... 384.40  
Total..... \$49,997.52

LIABILITIES  
Capital Stock paid in..... \$5,000.00  
Surplus Fund..... 1,500.00  
Undivided Profits, less expenses, interest and Taxes paid..... 315.05  
Due to approved Reserve Agents..... 6,000.00  
Dividend payable January 1st, 1916..... 150.00  
Deposits (demand)..... \$26,974.41  
Certified Checks..... 24.51  
Cashier's Checks outstanding..... 112.70  
Savings and Special..... 9,420.92  
Total..... \$49,997.52

State of Maryland, County of Somerset, SS.  
I, Arthur Andrews, Cashier of the above-named institution do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
ARTHUR ANDREWS, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of January, 1916.  
SAMUEL H. SUDLER, Notary Public.  
Correct Attest:  
WM. B. SPIVA,  
H. FILLMORE LANKFORD, Directors.  
S. FRANK DASHIELL.



## TWO Week's SALE OF WHITE Exceptional Values In Spite Of The Scarcity Of White Goods

Saturday, January 8 to Saturday, January 22

## Clearance of Laces and Embroideries



Remnants and Desirable Lengths in all Widths.

Prices in some cases less than cost.

FLOUNCINGS—All Widths  
50c to \$2.50yd.

Sale Price 30c to \$1.98

## Nainsooks and Longcloths

of snowy whiteness are yours at prices that represent actual economies.

LONGCLOTHS—36 in. wide, piece of 10 yds. at 98c.  
36 " " piece of 12 yds. at \$1.35 and \$1.65

NAINSOOK—42 " (very fine grade) 25c yd.  
36 " (extra fine quality) 20 & 25c

We will be glad to send samples of these upon request.

All Furs at a Reduction of 33 1-3 Per Cent.

Come Early—TERMS CASH

All Mail Orders will be filled quickly and carefully and sent in next mail.

T. F. HARGIS DEPARTMENT STORE  
POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

THE SAFETY FIRST BANK

## The Holidays Are Past

WITH THE HOLIDAYS BEHIND US we are forced to think of "what will the New Year bring?"

This question can be answered by one word "SUCCESS" and answered before-hand if you open your savings account now and add steadily to it all during the year.

Make the answer certain.

Start an account with us and your savings will earn 3%.

## BANK of SOMERSET

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

## Application For Oyster Grounds

The following application for oyster ground in or adjacent to Somerset county is now on file in the office of the Board of Shell Fish Commissioners of Maryland. Published charts of the natural oyster bars of Somerset county are filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said county.

Notice is hereby given that all protests against the granting of said lease must be filed in the Circuit Court of Somerset County on or before the 13th day of March, 1916.

Applicant Address Acres  
BEULAH A. NELSON Westover, Md. Not exceeding 30

Located in the Manokin river, on the northern side thereof, about two miles above Locust Point, and including lot originally held by M. M. Cripps, as shown on published chart No. 7.

BOARD OF SHELL FISH COMMISSIONERS.

Notice is hereby given that all protests against the granting of said lease must be filed in the Circuit Court of Somerset County on or before the 13th day of March, 1916.

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BOARD OF SHELL FISH COMMISSIONERS.



Notices of Marriage and Deaths will be published free—but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of (5) five cents per line.

**BUSINESS POINTERS**

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter.

FOR SALE—Cow Peas, Seed Oats and Clover Seed. Wm. P. Podd.

FOR SALE—Pine and Oak Cord Wood, also wood cut ready for the stove. Phone P. E. TWINING.

FOR RENT—50 acre farm for year 1916. Apply to H. V. MADDOX, Manokin, Md.

THE MANOKIN CREAMERY CO. will receive Cream on Mondays and Thursdays of each week until further notice.

FOR SALE—Five pure bred Poland China Pigs that are eligible for registry. Price \$5.00 each. R. F. HARRIS, Route 1, Princess Anne, Md.

For sale or exchange for Princess Anne property, private residence in south Florida. Title clear. HARRY L. DECKER, Punta Gorda, Florida.

Big bargains in all kinds of stoves at Pusey's Hardware Store. I am overstocked and must sell regardless of cost. E. S. PUSEY, Princess Anne.

FOR RENT—House on Prince William street, opposite Protestant Episcopal Rectory. Possession January 1st, 1916. W. H. DASHIELL, Marylander and Herald Office.

WANTED—Good man for salesman and collector, to work in Princess Anne and adjoining territory. High-class proposition for right man. Address, EMPLOYER, P. O. Box 107, Salisbury, Md.

FOR SALE—Ice, Coal, Wood, Fertilizer, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flaxseed Meal, Cottonseed Meal, Bran, Middlings, Dairy Feeds, Hominy, Beef Scrap, Chicken Feeds, etc., wholesale and retail. W. F. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

Mrs. Z. J. Townsend is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Fred Schwartz, in Baltimore.

Dr. C. W. Purnell, optometrist, will be at Omar A. Jones' drug store Wednesday afternoon, January 19th.

The Ladies' Card Club was entertained last Wednesday evening at the home of Mrs. H. L. Brittingham, on Main street.

Mrs. Shanley Ford, who accompanied her husband as far as Philadelphia on his Southern business trip, has returned to Princess Anne.

Dr. T. Jacob Smith and Messrs. B. H. Dougherty and L. Creston Beauchamp left on Sunday last for a shooting trip in Northampton county, Va.

Do not fail to go to the Auditorium next Friday night and see the very funny three-reel Vitograph comedy, "C. O. D." and the 28th chapter of "The Diamond from the Sky."

We understand that there are 274 stores in Somerset county. The population of the county, according to the census of 1910, is 26,455. This will make one store for each 96 persons in the county.

The Seaford Tribune has made its appearance at Seaford, Del. The editor is Mr. Frank C. Hunting, who is well known in this county. The paper is well prepared and full of good news. We wish the editor success in his new enterprise.

Mr. Henry J. Waters and his son Henry, of Princess Anne; Messrs. Aden Davis, Jr. and John C. Horsey, of Marion, and Dr. H. G. Alexander, of Deal's Island, were present at Annapolis last Wednesday, when Governor Harrington was inaugurated.

Mrs. Wm. B. Spiva gave a delightful luncheon on Saturday last to a number of her friends. Those present were: Mrs. H. L. Brittingham, Mrs. C. M. Dashiell, Mrs. W. H. Dashiell, Mrs. C. C. Gelder, Mrs. H. P. Dashiell, Mrs. T. Jacob Smith, Mrs. Henry M. Lankford.

Mrs. Henry Page left last Thursday afternoon for Raleigh, N. C., where she will spend the next three months with her daughter, Mrs. H. A. Royster. She was accompanied as far as Washington, D. C., by her daughter, Miss Anne Page, who will visit relatives in that city and Baltimore for two months and then join her mother in Raleigh for a month or more.

Mrs. T. J. Smith gave a most agreeable card party in honor of her guest, Mrs. Charles H. Richardson, of College Park, Md., last Tuesday afternoon. Those present were: Mrs. A. S. Bowland, Mrs. William B. Spiva, Mrs. C. M. Dashiell, Mrs. H. L. Brittingham, Mrs. W. H. Dashiell, Mrs. R. F. Duer, Mrs. J. D. Wallop, Mrs. George H. Myers; Misses E. D. McMaster, Emily R. Waters and Nancy Page.

Mrs. Anna L. Haines, accompanied by her grand-daughters, Misses Anna and Helen Fitzgerald, left for Philadelphia, Monday of last week, to attend the wedding of Miss Helen Smith Haines to Mr. Walter Herbert, which was solemnized Tuesday evening in Philadelphia at the Holy Trinity Episcopal Church. The bride is a grand-daughter of Mrs. Haines, her father, Mr. Joseph Haines, Sr., having formerly resided in Princess Anne.

Solomon T. Huston, colored, aged 83 years, died Wednesday morning at his home on East Church street, Salisbury, after a long illness. In the death of Sol. the colored race of this section has lost a leader; one in whom they had implicit confidence. He was a member of the official board of John Wesley Church, Salisbury, and chairman of several committees. He was a director of Morgan College, Baltimore. He was a good financier and amassed a fortune of no small proportions.

**James V. Creamer Dead**

James V. Creamer, who was taken to the Peninsula General Hospital on January 6th, died at that institution on Sunday, January 9th, of Bright's disease. He was about 37 years of age and was a son of the late John Creamer, of Venton. He leaves a widow. His remains were taken to Venton on Tuesday morning. Services were conducted at the M. E. Church, of that place, Rev. Mr. Wilson officiating and the interment was at the Oriole cemetery.

**Marriage Licenses**

The following is a list of the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County:

White—Truman H. F. Schleisman, 24, of Rhineland, Wis., and Madeline Lawson, 17, of Crisfield.

Colored—Titus White, 22, and Esther B. Dennis, 17, both of Wenaona. Eddie Glover, 24, and Fannie Griffin, 19, both of Crisfield. John Woolford, 21, of Venton, and Emma Windsor, 18, of Somerset county. Grover N. James, 30, of Fruitland, and Nellie Thomas, 20, of Princess Anne.

**Death Of Mrs. Hampden Dashiell**

Mrs. Clara Dashiell, wife of Mr. Hampden Dashiell, died last Saturday morning at her home in lower Mt. Vernon district, after a brief illness. Mrs. Dashiell was a daughter of Mr. Samuel D. Bounds, of Mt. Vernon district, and a granddaughter of the late George W. Noble, of Montic. She is survived by her husband and two children: Miss Sallie Dashiell and Mr. Talmage Dashiell, both of this county; also by three brothers, Claude S. Bounds, Robert Brattan Bounds and Charles Bounds. Funeral services were held on Sunday afternoon from Asbury M. E. Church, Rev. W. H. Revelle, her pastor, conducting them.

**Fire Destroys College Hall**

William Smith Hall, the main building of Washington College, was completely wrecked by fire last Sunday morning. The fire started at 3 o'clock in the boiler-room, and in about two hours the structure was destroyed.

So rapidly did the flames spread that all the archives, including many historic documents, some of them in the handwriting of George Washington, were burned. The building cost \$75,000 to erect and was insured for about \$50,000.

In the building was the library of the college, which was also a complete loss. The institution had books and manuscripts of priceless value, but the flames went from floor to floor with such rapidity that saving them was beyond question.

**He Urges \$1 Tax On Each Gun**

A tax of \$1 on every man in Maryland who owns a gun is suggested by Dr. B. Holly Smith, president of the Maryland State Game and Fish Protective Association, in an open letter to Dr. Frank J. Goodnow, chairman of the Economy and Efficiency Commission. Dr. Smith thinks such a tax would afford ample provision for the protection and propagation of game in Maryland. The letter suggests that if the Legislature should pass a law making it obligatory upon every owner of a gun in the State to pay such a tax a fund of from \$40,000 to \$50,000 to be devoted to the protection of game would be realized. Dr. Smith expresses the opinion that a conservation commission might be appointed to which could be trusted the expenditure of such a fund. He wants the law to be State-wide, without any exemption of the residents of individual counties.

**Taxing Industry**

If any industry in the country is a proper subject for new and specific Federal taxation, probably the automobile industry is as well able to stand the burden as any other. Secretary McAdoo's explanation that the proposed new automobile revenue is not to duplicate state taxation and is not to be imposed on owners, but rather on the manufacturers, upon their annual output—to be collected at the source, as it were—makes the proposition somewhat more acceptable. Nevertheless there is objection to taxation of industry, levied chiefly because there is evidence of prosperity and it is thought that the business can stand it. Expediency must figure in the framing of tax laws, even though equity be disregarded to some extent, but it is not desirable that the ruling principle of taxation should be that which was supposed to govern the making of railroad rate schedules under the old dispensation, of charging all the traffic will bear.

It is obvious, however, that if the old sources of revenue, the indirect taxation of the customs tariff, are to be abandoned, new sources must be found to substitute in the supply of necessary funds. And the real test of the new sources is a comparison with the old, and an appeal to the people as to which form of taxes is the more burdensome. —Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

**Advertised Letters**

The following is a list of letters, remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice unclaimed for:

Miss Marget Powell, Miss Annie Waters.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.

H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

**SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS**

**Newsy Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week**

**Mt. Vernon**

Jan. 15.—Mr. Hamp. Dashiell made a business trip to Baltimore this week.

Mr. W. S. Gladden attended the inauguration at Annapolis Wednesday.

Mrs. Ralph Murray is visiting her sister, Mrs. David Webster, at Baltimore.

Mrs. Clark Simms is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Otho Bounds, at Allen.

Mrs. Sarah Townsend, of Princess Anne, is visiting her niece, Mrs. J. M. Gehegan.

Mr. Clark Simms, assistant keeper of Love Point Light, spent last week at his home.

Miss Susie Bailey, who has spent the past three months in Baltimore, has returned home.

Mrs. Charles T. Cole, of Norfolk, Va., arrived here Sunday last to spend a month with relatives.

Mrs. George R. Marsh, Jr., was called to Felton, Del., last week to attend the funeral of her aunt, Mrs. Maggie Cullen.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Shrieves have returned home from a visit to Mrs. Shrieves' brother, Mr. Vaughn Furniss, in Baltimore.

Mr. Scott Mason who has been away for the last two months arrived home on Sunday last to spend some time with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Mason.

Mr. David W. Webster died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Hicks Hornor on Saturday, January 8th, aged about 80 years. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Revelle and the interment was in the old Webster family burying ground. He is survived by one daughter, Mrs. H. Hornor, one son, Mr. John Webster, of Accomac county, Va., one brother, Capt. Joseph S. Webster.

EARLY BIRD.

**Perryhawkin**

Dec. 15.—Miss Lillian Howard, after visiting relatives here has returned to her home at Pitt's Creek, Worcester county.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Jones, of near Snow Hill, is spending sometime at the home of Mr. Jones' mother, Mrs. J. A. Holland.

Mr. Alton Dryden left Wednesday for Baltimore, at which place he is undergoing treatment at the Johns Hopkins Hospital.

Misses Mollie Howard and Mattie Shay, of Pitt's Creek, Worcester county, after spending a week as the guests of Miss Essie Marnier, have returned home.

Messrs. Durant West and Lloyd Brown motored to Cambridge this week, at which place Mr. Brown's wife is under treatment at the State Hospital. Mrs. Brown is said to be improving.

The Ladies Aid of Perryhawkin Church held a fruit basket social at the home of Mrs. Durant West Tuesday evening, which was well attended and a delightful evening was spent by all present. Six dollars was realized from the sale baskets.

**Constipation And Indigestion**

"I have used Chamberlain's Tablets and must say they are the best I have ever used for constipation and indigestion. My wife also used them for indigestion and they did her good," writes Eugene S. Knight, Wilmington, N. C. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement]

**WASHINGTON HOTEL TONSORIAL PARLOR**

Sanitary and Up-to-date Expert Workmen Only

HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor

**PHILIP M. SMITH**

**Funeral Director**

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

All funeral work will receive prompt attention. Local phone.

**GLASSES**

Prescribed by Charles W. Purnell at O. A. Jones' Drug Store Wednesday Afternoon, January 19th, 1916.

Satisfaction is assured.

CHARLES W. PURNELL

OPTOMETRIST

Phone 457 J Cambridge, Md.

**REAL ESTATE FOR SALE**

DESIRABLE FARMS RIVER FRONTS

\$8.00 per acre, up to \$10.00 with a building on it; \$7.00 per acre near Railroad

BURNY AND GROUND SHELL LIME

\$5.00 per ton, delivered by rail water Fine enough to be put on with Lime Distributor. ORGANS, PIANOS, SINGER SEWING MACHINES, AUTOMOBILES, OPEN DRAIN AND CONCRETE TILE.

Lime in exchange for corn, hay, cordwood. Fine Seed Corn for sale.

E. W. McGRATH, Crisfield, Maryland

**ATTRACTIONS**

FOR THIS WEEK AT

**THE AUDITORIUM**

WEDNESDAY NIGHT

The English Opera Singers

**Motion Pictures**

TUESDAY NIGHT

Lois Weber in "Sunshine Molly"

THURSDAY NIGHT

Fritzie Scheff in "Pretty Mrs. Smith"

FRIDAY NIGHT

The 28th Chapter of

"The Diamond From The Sky"

and a 3-reel Vitograph comedy C. O. D.

ADMISSION

Adults, 10 cents; children 5 cents and 5 cents in the gallery.

SATURDAY NIGHT

Alice Dorey in "Commanding Officer"

Admission 10 Cents

First Pictures, 7.45; second, 8.45 o'clock

**State To Pay Share For Herds Killed**

Farmers whose herds were victims of the foot-and-mouth epidemic in Maryland several months ago probably will be compensated for the loss of their cattle by the General Assembly. The herds were killed and the owners of the cattle received only one-half of what was due them for their loss. This half was paid by the Federal Government, which took part in the campaign to stamp out the disease.

The State Live Stock Sanitary Board did not have the money to pay the State's share, which amounts to something over \$30,000. The board was able, however, to pay all the other expenses caused by the outbreak of the disease.

Now the legislature is to be asked to appropriate this money and there are many farmers who will keep their eyes upon what action is taken.

**The Gist Of It**

Last December I had a very severe cold and was nearly down sick in bed. I bought two bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it was only a very few days until I was completely restored to health," writes O. J. Metcalf, Weatherby, Mo. If you would know the value of this remedy, ask any one who has used it. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement.]



**Do You Want a Good Complexion?**

**Velvet Skin Lotion**

is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers.

If you suffer in summer from Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief.

Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving.

Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

OMAR A. JONES

Druggist Princess Anne

H. FILLMORE LANKFORD, Solicitor.

**Order of Publication**

In the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, No. 2007, Chancery.

Lizzie Parkin vs. Jacob Goble, Carrie Exstine and James Exstine, her husband; Mary Fisher and Jacob Fisher, her husband; Emma Goble and Minnie Knapp, her husband; Minnie Knapp, Grace Knapp, Daisy Knapp, Cornelius Eppler, Anna Harper and Charles Harper, her husband; Alvah Eppler and Ed Eppler, his wife; Alma Sherwood and Howard Sherwood, her husband; Ray Eppler, Rhea Ghafin and Harley Ghafin, her husband; Clarence Eppler and Clara Eppler, his wife; Howard Eppler and Floesia Eppler, his wife; Minnie Roberts and Charles Roberts, her husband.

The object of this suit is to procure a decree for the sale of certain real estate in Somerset county, Maryland, of which Peter C. Goble, late of said county, deceased, died seized, for the purpose of dividing the proceeds among his heirs-at-law.

The bill of complaint states that the said Peter C. Goble, was at the time of his death seized of two tracts of land in West Princess Anne District, Somerset county, Maryland, consisting of all the land which was conveyed to the said Goble by Francis J. Barnes and wife and Francis H. Dryden and wife by deed dated the 8th day of June, 1897, recorded among the land records of said county in Liber O. T. R., No. 21, folio 824, etc., except various parcels of said land sold and conveyed by the said Goble in his lifetime, and consisting also of a small parcel of land which was conveyed to the said Goble by deed between the said Goble and Newton A. Partridge, dated the 18th day of March, 1892, recorded among the said records in Liber S. P. D., No. 50, folio 488, etc., one of said parcels of land containing seventy-nine acres, more or less, and the other containing eight acres, more or less, that being so seized, the said Peter C. Goble died, intestate, in the month of October, 1915, leaving surviving him a widow, Maria C. Goble, who is still living, and leaving no child, children or descendants, but leaving surviving him as his only heirs-at-law, the following named brother and sisters of the whole blood, namely:

(1) Jacob Goble, a brother, who resides in the State of West Virginia.

(2) Carrie Exstine, a sister, who intermarried with James Exstine, who resided in Zanesville, in the State of Ohio.

(3) Mary Fisher, a sister, who intermarried with Jacob Fisher, who resides in the State of Ohio.

(4) Emma Goble, a sister, who intermarried with John Goble, who resides in Zanesville, in the State of Ohio.

(5) The following descendants of Phillip Goble, a deceased brother of the said Peter C. Goble.

(A) Lizzie Parkin, a daughter of the said Phillip Goble, and the plaintiff in this suit, and who resides in the State of Maryland; (B) The following children of Emma Goble, a deceased daughter of the said Peter C. Goble, namely: Minnie Knapp, Grace Knapp, Daisy Knapp and Ed Eppler, who reside in the State of Ohio.

(6) The following descendants of Phillip Eppler, a deceased sister of the said Peter C. Goble.

(A) Cornelius Eppler, a son, (B) Anna Harper, a daughter, who intermarried with Charles Harper, who resides in the State of Ohio; (C) Alvah Eppler, a son who intermarried with Ed Eppler and (D) Alma Sherwood, a daughter, who intermarried with Howard Sherwood, and (E) the following children of Wesley Eppler, a deceased son of the said Lizzie Eppler, namely: Ray Eppler and Rhea Ghafin who intermarried with Harley Ghafin, all of whom reside in the State of Ohio.

(7) The following children of Phoebe Eppler, a deceased sister of the said Peter C. Goble, (A) Clarence Eppler, a son, who intermarried with Clara Eppler, (B) Howard Eppler, a son, who intermarried with Floesia Eppler, all of whom reside in the State of Ohio, and (C) Minnie Roberts, a daughter, who intermarried with Charles Roberts, whose place of residence is unknown to the plaintiff.

That all of said defendants are non-residents of the State of Maryland, and that all of said defendants are of the full age of twenty-one years, except the said Minnie Knapp, Goldie Knapp, Grace Knapp and Daisy Knapp, who are infants under the age of twenty-one years, and that the defendant Mary Fisher is insane and has been for many years confined in an Insane Asylum.

That said real estate is not susceptible of partition, and can not be divided among the persons entitled to interests therein without loss and injury to them, and that in order to make division of said interests it will be necessary that said real estate be sold and the proceeds thereof divided among the parties to the suit according to their respective interests therein.

It is thereupon, this 24th day of December, 1915, ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, that the plaintiff, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Somerset County, once in each of four successive weeks before the 27th day of January, 1916, give notice to the said absent and non-resident defendants of the object and substance of the bill of complaint, warning them and each of them to be and appear in this Court on or before the 15th day of February, 1916, to show cause, if any they have, why a decree ought not to be passed as prayed.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.

True Copy, Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

# REMNANT SALE

With Stock-taking over we are placing on sale unprecedented attractions in

## REMNANTS

From all Departments:

Ends of Dress Goods

Odd pieces of Underwear

Shorts in White Goods

Hosiery, Gloves, Knit Goods

Suits and Coats, for Ladies and Children

Short lengths of Matting

Short lengths of Linoleum

Special lot, 25c yd., worth 50c

Wall Paper

All Fancy Chinaware

and numerous others for this Special Sale. Spring Goods will soon be in so don't expect to get these bargains long.

### W. O. LANKFORD & SON

The Home Furnishers

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

# DICKINSON'S Remnant Sale

And With It A

## General Clearance Sale

Remnant Sale starts promptly at 9 o'clock, Wednesday, January 26, 1916. Clearance Sale starts the same day and ends February 2 to make room for our Spring Goods.

Suits and Coats		Underwear	
\$25.00 Suits	and Coats \$12.50	\$1.50 Values	\$1.10
20.00 " "	" " 10.00	1.25 " "	1.00
15.00 " "	" " 7.50	1.00 " "	.75
10.00 " "	" " 5.00	.75 " "	.60
7.50 " "	" " 3.75	.50 " "	.40
5.00 " "	" " 2.50	.25 " "	.20

### Hill's Muslin

At 8c yard.

1,000 yds. Bleached Muslin at 7c.

500 yds. Gingham at 6c.

\$20.00 Coat Suits were \$25.00 to \$10.00 Special Price \$1.98.

### Blankets and Comforts

\$5.00 Values	\$3.50
3.50 " "	2.50
2.50 " "	2.00
1.50 " "	1.75
1.00 " "	1.50
.75 " "	1.25
.50 " "	1.00
.25 " "	.75

### Sweaters

\$6.00 Values	\$4.00
5.00 " "	3.75
4.00 " "	3.00
3.00 " "	2.25
2.50 " "	1.75
2.00 " "	1.50
1.50 " "	1.10
1.25 " "	1.00

### Furs Furs

\$25.00 Values	\$15.00
20.00 " "	12.50
15.00 " "	10.00
10.00 " "	6.50

### Children's Furs

Reduction at the price as stated above.

Remnant Sale Starts Promptly at 9 o'clock WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1916

## W. S. Dickinson & Son

Pocomoke City, Md.



laughing cheerfulness throws sun-  
 at on all the paths of life.—Richter.

[Advertisement.]  
 Marylander and Herald \$1.00 a year

for falling hair and will make harsh  
r soft and glossy. It will not color the  
p, is not sticky or greasy, and does not  
off.

True Copy. Test:	ROBERT F. MADDOX, Register of Wills.	True Copy. Test:	ROBERT F. MADDOX, Register of Wills.
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10



## You've hit the right tobacco

when you fire-up some Prince Albert in your old jimmy pipe or in a makin's cigarette. And you know it! Can't get in wrong with P. A. for it is made right; made to spread-smoke-sunshine among men who have suffered with scorched tongues and parched throats! The patented process fixes that—and cuts out bite and parch. All day long you'll sing how glad you are you're pals with



It's an easy job to change the shape and color of unsuitable brands to imitate the Prince Albert tin, but it is impossible to imitate the flavor of Prince Albert tobacco. The patented process protects that!

## PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

You take this testimony straight from the shoulder, men. You can smoke a barrel of P. A. without a kick! It hands out all the tobacco happiness any man ever dreamed about, it's so smooth and friendly. It's a mighty cheerful thing to be on talking-terms with your pipe and your tongue at the same time—but that's what's coming to you sure as you pin your faith to Prince Albert!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

## BURNT CHEAPEST IN PRICE OYSTER SHELL LIME

Quickest in Acting on Soil

The Lime that Gives the Greatest Result for the Money Expended.

Sweet Soil is one of the first essentials to Successful Agriculture. Lime is needed in most of our soils to produce this condition. What the farmer should consider is how to attain the result at a minimum cost.

Our Experiment Station at College Park recommends the use of lime manufactured in the locality where used because of the saving in transportation. Experiments made at the Station demonstrate that

2,000 Lbs. of Hydrated Lime are, in result, Equivalent to 3,800 Lbs. of Pulverized Oyster Shell Lime

We have Shells to Burn, and have Shells Burnt. Unless you have Money to Burn you will Buy Burnt Lime.

## The SOMERSET PACKING CO.,

Licensed Manufacturers of  
HYDRATED LIME

POSTOFFICE: UPPER FAIRMOUNT, MARYLAND  
FACTORY: Maddox Island on the Manokin River

## Overland Automobiles

I have on hand ready for immediate delivery the New 1916 Five Passenger Overland Car Price \$750.00 f. o. b. Factory

35-Horse Power, Electric Lights, Self-Starter. Also Roadsters at \$725.00

It will pay you to look the OVERLAND line over before purchasing your new car. An inquiry will bring the car to you for demonstration.

J. B. CULLEN, Agent for Somerset County  
POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

## STRATEGY OF A SCOT.

Rules by Which the Laird o' Cockpen Came Into His Own.

"Brose and Butter"—that is, porridge and butter—is an old Scotch tune of which Prince Charles, afterward Charles II., was very fond. The laird of Cockpen when Charles was at The Hague played the air for the prince the last thing at night and the first thing in the morning. On returning to Scotland after the restoration the laird found his estate had been forfeited for his attachment to the royal cause, and, sad to relate, Charles, forgetful of Cockpen's services, refused to interest himself in his faithful follower's petition to have it returned to him and even refused him an audience.

The laird, with the pertinacity of his race, resolved to achieve by stratagem what he could not by direct appeal. While in London Cockpen formed an intimate acquaintanceship with the organist of the Chapel Royal and prevailed on him to allow him to act as his substitute at a service at which the king was to be present. Obtaining his consent, he played the regular tunes for the service. When dismissal time came he played the king's old favorite melody, "Brose and Butter."

On hearing it Charles weaved his way to the organ gallery, where he found his quondam courtier, whom he greeted with a touch of the old familiarity, remarking, "You almost made me dance." Quick to seize the opportunity, the laird responded, "I could dance, too, if I had my lands back again." Charles' better nature awoke under the power of the music and the old memories he recalled, with the result that the laird received his own again.—Edinburgh Scotsman.

## SHE KNEW AMOS.

And Evidently Amos Was Fairly Well Acquainted With Her.

The man who takes trolley rides through the country, says a writer in the Boston Advertiser, sees and hears much that is amusing. On one occasion, while I was riding through the outskirts of Amesbury, an old lady—but a decidedly spry one—hatted the car. She was accompanied down to the road from the house by a young woman, possibly her daughter.

The elder woman put her foot on the lower running board, grasped the upright and was about to climb into the car when she turned to the young woman and said:

"Don't forget that gingerbread in the oven, Liza. You know pa just hates burnt gingerbread."

"All aboard!" shouted the conductor. But the old lady paid no attention to him.

"And, Liza," she continued, "when you pick up the eggs, bimby, look out for that Rhode Island Red that wants to set. She'll peck you if you ain't careful."

"All aboard!" again shouted the conductor, but as the old lady proceeded to climb on to the car she paused long enough to say to him: "Ye can't scare me, Amos. I've known ye ever since ye was knee high."

Amos grinned, pulled the bell, and we were on our way.

## What Happened to Him.

"Ever been arrested for speeding?"

"No."

"Ever tried to climb a telegraph pole with your car?"

"No."

"Ever have it turn turtle on you?"

"No."

"Ever have to fix a tire all by your self?"

"No, can't say that I have."

"Great Scott, man! Hasn't anything happened to you that happens to all other motorists?"

"Oh, yes. I've had a robe and three lamps stolen."—Detroit Free Press.

Queer Way to Display a Trousseau. An Arabian bride is arrayed in all her dresses, one over the other. She is perched on a high stool, so that they all hang down over it, and one by one they are taken off with much display and admiring comment from the guests. The last is, of course, the most beautiful. The bridegroom is hidden in some corner where he can see his future wife's dowry, which, however, he may not touch.

## Beat Him to It.

"As I was sitting in the crowded car coming out home tonight," said Warner at the dinner table, "a woman entered and stood almost exactly in front of me."

"And you got up and gave her your seat?" queried his wife.

"No," replied Warner; "another fellow got ahead of me. But I had to wait five minutes for him."—New York Globe.

## Revenge is Sweet.

He (after the quarrel)—I suppose you are going back to your mother's? She (triumphantly)—I shall do no such thing. On the contrary, I am going to the most expensive hotel I can find and let them send you the bill.—Richmond Times Dispatch.

## Mistakes.

Let not your mistakes and false steps embarrass you. Nothing is so valuable in experience as the consciousness of one's errors. This is one of the cardinal means of self education.

## For Release Later.

Willie—What does postponing the evil day mean, dad? Dad—When a politician says: "Nothing today, but I'll have a statement later."—Judge.

## Volcanic Ashes.

The ashes from Luzon's occasionally active volcanoes fertilize the soil and enable the Philippines to produce the world's finest hemp.

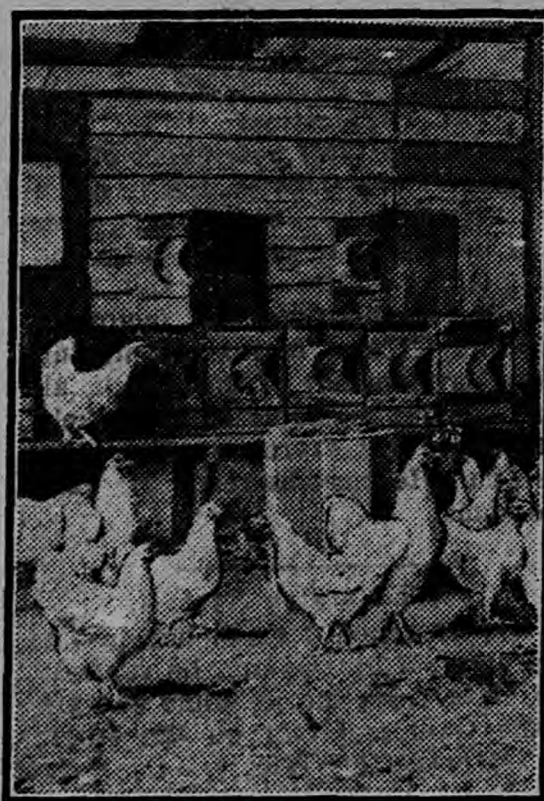
## Farm and Garden

### SELECTING BREEDERS.

Vitality is the Thing to Seek in Poultry Parent Stock.

Vitality—that's the thing to seek in selecting individuals for the poultry breeding flock, because lack of it in the parent stock is one of the great causes of loss in poultry raising.

Marks of strong vitality: A head that is short, broad, deep, compact; an eye that is bright, full, clear, round, prominent; a beak that is short, broad, well curved; comb and wattles that are well developed and fiery red; a body that is well jointed, compact, stout; back long and broad; breast deep, broad, thickly fleshed, with a keel running well back; capacity large, especially in a hen which needs room to develop a diges-



SOME GOOD BREEDERS.

tive and reproductive system capable of manufacturing many eggs. A strong bird generally stands with shanks squarely under its body and wide apart at the knee joints. Its toe nails are usually worn broad and flat across the point, evidencing great activity.

The marks of low vitality are the opposite of those of strength. The head is long, flat, sunken, narrow; the eye is small and dull; the comb and wattles poorly developed or pale. The body is often loosely jointed, with knee joints close together. The breast is narrow, shallow and poorly fleshed. Long, pointed toe nails indicate less activity.—H. A. Bittenden, Iowa Station.

### SCIENTIFIC FARMING IN GUAM.

First Report of Experiment Station on That Island Possession.

The island of Guam, which now belongs to this country, has an experiment station, and, like the rest of these institutions, it issues a report, says the Rural New Yorker. The first one, just at hand, is very interesting. Among other statements made in this report are the following:

"The average native of Guam is extremely hesitant in the investment of a dollar in a new enterprise or any farm equipment that has not through custom or long usage become an acknowledged necessity." It would appear from this that there are some agricultural habits which are worldwide and not at all confined to the island of Guam. The island has 210 square miles, and there are real agricultural opportunities there. Quite a number of milk goats have been imported, and they appear to be doing reasonably well. The island goats were of an inferior and degenerate type. The introduction of new blood from good strains of dairy goats is improving the stock of the island, and it seems as if goat breeding fairly conducted would be a help to the inhabitants. Cattle of the Ayrshire breed have also been introduced, as this breed appears to be best suited to the island conditions. While it is not expected that the island of Guam will ever add materially to the food supply of this country, the work there is interesting, and if it can be so developed as to enable the inhabitants to live with greater comfort, enjoy better food and add somewhat to their wealth the money spent on these experiments will be well invested.

### LESPEDEZA HAY GRADES

The following are the grades of lespedeza hay recommended by the Louisiana Lespedeza Growers' association:

Choice lespedeza hay shall be lespedeza not mixed with over one-twentieth foreign growth, properly cured, bright natural color, sound and well baled.

No. 1 lespedeza hay shall be lespedeza hay not more than one-eighth mixed with foreign growth, properly cured, good color, sound and well baled.

No. 2 lespedeza hay shall be lespedeza not good enough for No. 1, not over one-fourth mixed with foreign growth, fair color, sound and well baled.

No. 3 lespedeza hay shall include all hay not good enough for other grades, sound and well baled, provided that no hay shall be termed lespedeza hay unless it contains at least 50 per cent lespedeza.

No grade shall include hay that is badly cured, stained, thrashed or from which the seed has been removed or is in any way unsound.

### THE WAR AND FARMING.

This European war will have a marked effect upon American farming. For some years Europe must look to this country for a large share of its draft horses, apples and bread and meat. The shortage of potatoes will compel Americans to find ways of developing our home supplies. Higher prices for nitrogen will compel us to save more sulphate of ammonia from our factory chimneys. All sorts of economies in saving wastes and using cover crops will be taken up by our farmers as the result of the necessities forced upon us by this war. In the end we shall be better farmers, because necessity draws men to experiment and saving.—Rural New Yorker.

### GREEN BUG APPEARS.

Southwestern Grainfields Infested. Serious Spread May Follow. [Prepared by United States department of agriculture.]

The spring grain aphid, popularly known as the green bug, has appeared in grainfields in Tennessee, Kansas, Texas, Oklahoma and in northeastern New Mexico, and it is probable that it is also in southern Missouri and Arkansas. The danger of this pest doing serious damage in the spring depends to a great extent upon the weather between now and the middle of April. If the temperature during this period is sufficiently high to enable the green bug to breed throughout the winter and at the same time sufficiently low to prevent its principal natural enemy—a minute black, four winged fly—from developing, a serious visitation over large areas may be expected.

In all the states where the green bug has made its appearance grain growers should watch their fields carefully. If any spots appear where the grain changes from green to yellow in color these should be plowed under as deeply as possible and the ground harrowed and rolled. It is from spots of this character that the green bug spreads over the remainder of the fields. If straw can be spared for the purpose, it may be spread over the infected patches and burned. This destroys the pest as effectively as the plowing under of the ground.

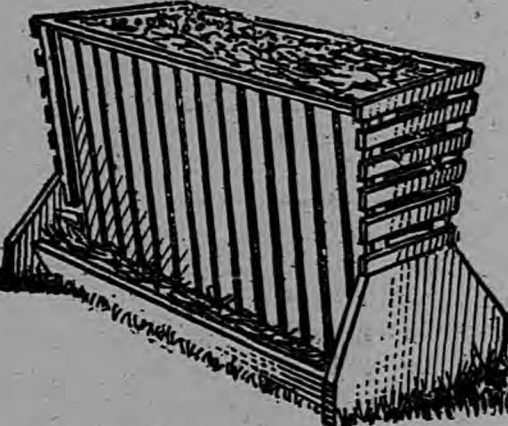
Ordinarily the green bug is kept in check by the minute fly already mentioned. This parasite lays its eggs in the body of the green bug, and the young, hatching from the eggs within the body, ultimately cause the death of the bug. These parasites are found in a considerable number of insects which are closely related to the green bug. Under favorable temperature conditions they will probably increase until their numbers are sufficient to overcome any material increase in the numbers of the green bug. They are not, however, able to withstand as severe weather as the green bug itself, and it is important, therefore, that the farmers in the regions likely to be affected by the latter take the necessary steps immediately for their own protection.

The first sign of an approaching outbreak is the appearance in grainfields of spots which are usually circular in area and in which the color of the wheat changes. As the insects spread over the field these spots become larger. In many cases the areas first affected have been found to coincide with the location of the shocks of grain from which the kernels have fallen to the ground and produced volunteer plants. Volunteer grain, therefore, either wheat or oats, may be regarded as constituting the initial breeding grounds of the green bug. If this volunteer growth could be pastured off in late fall or early winter much of the danger from the pest would be eliminated.

An added reason for destroying the volunteer wheat is the fact that the Hessian fly, as well as the green bug, winters among these plants. By destroying volunteer wheat in areas infested with the Hessian fly and the green bug the farmer will be killing enormous numbers of the two insects at the same time.

### Roughage Self Feeder.

Hogs cause great loss of roughage when it is fed loose, and any device which will keep it from under their



feet will cause considerable saving in the cost of their keep during a winter season.

The rack shown is easily built and will be found to be a feed saver.—Farm Progress.

### To Fatten Winter Porkers.

In fattening the winter porkers remember that ear corn alone can be fed to hogs for some time with advantage, especially if one wants to fatten them for slaughter, but they should have some supplementary feed. Good pea hay, heavy with peas, or alfalfa, lespedeza or peanut hay, if properly cured, all make good feed and if fed in racks will make economical concentrates. Cowpeas or soy beans or peanuts thrashed from the hay are also convenient home grown supplements.

WHEN in want of  
STYLISH and QUALITY PRINTING  
Call or Phone  
MARYLANDER AND HERALD

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

CHARLES LANKFORD,  
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Fourteenth Day of June, 1916,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 7th day of December, 1915.

GORDON TULL,  
Administrator of Charles Lankford, deceased.  
True Copy, Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,  
Register of Wills.

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN T. HUDSON,  
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the

Fourteenth Day of June, 1916,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hands this 7th day of December, 1915.

NORA P. HUDSON and  
PETER O. HUDSON,  
Administrators of John T. Hudson, deceased.  
True Copy, Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK,  
Register of Wills.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the  
Signature of *Charles H. Tuttle*

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

PETER C. GOBLE,  
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the

Sixteenth Day of May, 1916,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under our hands this 12th day of November, 1915.

MARIA C. GOBLE,  
CHAS. C. GELDER,  
DAVID E. PETERS,  
Administrators of Peter C. Goble, dec'd.  
True Copy, Test: ROBERT F. MADDOX,  
Register of Wills.

### Hens Cackle—Roosters Crow

For *Cal-Sino*

POULTRY RESTORATIVE

Helps Them to Lay More Eggs, Keep Healthy and Gain Weight

C. H. HAYMAN

PRINCESS ANNE, and LEADING MERCHANTS OF OTHER TOWNS.

OVER 65 YEARS  
EXPERIENCE

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## Maryland Legislature

Twenty-four senators answered to the roll call when the Senate convened at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening, and immediately afterward the Senate went into executive session to act on all of the recess appointments made by the Governor. Included among these was that of Hugh McMullen, of Allegany, appointed comptroller in succession to Governor-elect Harrington. This nomination was promptly confirmed, but the half-hundred others were referred to the committee on executive nominations.

The report of the state treasurer was received and read.

Senator Frick introduced the first bill of the session. This provided for the abolition of the Baltimore Sewerage Commission on February 1. Referred to city senators.

The House was called to order by Speaker Laird at 8 o'clock the same evening. Prayer by Rev. Walter G. McNeil, of Annapolis. Ninety-eight members were present.

A resolution by Delegate McDonough, of Baltimore, inviting the members of the Senate to attend the House at 11.30 a. m., Wednesday to hear the inaugural address of Governor Harrington, and naming Delegates McDonough and Shartzer to escort the members to the House was carried.

Among other business transacted during the week was the following:

On Thursday on motion of Mr. Wilkinson one copy of the Journal was ordered supplied to the Enoch Pratt Free Library and on motion of Mr. McCusker, of Baltimore, 15 copies were ordered supplied to the Bureau of State and Municipal Research.

Delegate Shartzer, of Garrett, rising to a point of personal privilege alleged that the vote on Senate Bill No. 1, in the House on February 25, 1914, had been falsified and moved that he be supplied with a certified copy of the original vote for presentation to the grand jury, so that the "villain responsible for the outrage could be brought to justice." Carried.

A petition for state-wide prohibition from residents of Clear Springs, Washington county, was received and referred to the Temperance Committee to be appointed. A petition from Nadine L. Sealey, through her father, Walter Roslyn Chambers, of Cumberland, asking for redress of grievances in the settlement of a case in court was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

House Bill No. 1 providing for a woman suffrage amendment to the Constitution was introduced by Delegate Wilkinson, of Baltimore, by request, and was referred to the Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

On Thursday the Senate was called to order by President Campbell and after the roll-call the following orders were offered:

By Senator Shepherd—An order to amend rule 16 which provides for the number of members on each committee. Adopted.

An order providing for the appointment of a number of clerks and other employees.

The following bills were introduced and referred to the Judiciary Committee:

By President Campbell—Sanctioning the conveyance of ground to the Galilee Methodist Episcopal Church, by Gaudis T. Long and Carrie F. Long.

Sanctioning bequest of Olivia Warfield to Caernarvon Methodist Episcopal Church, South.

Sanctioning bequest of Ida R. Shipley to Board of Missions of Methodist Episcopal Church, South.

Sanctioning bequest of Joseph Castleberg to Chizuk Emounah Synagogue.

In the Senate the following clerks and employees were also appointed: Daniel H. Carroll, of Harford; M. F. Tindle, of Wicomico; Herbert L. Griffith, of Talbot; Isaac W. Willoughby, of Caroline; Louis Stern, of Anne Arundel; Henry F. Ogden, of Baltimore city; Edward Magruder, of Prince George's; I. H. Beall, of Montgomery; George F. Baker, of Baltimore city, and Samuel D. Shipley, of Carroll. The president will assign these to various posts.

The Senate and House adjourned simultaneously at 1.05 Friday afternoon until today (Tuesday) at 1 p. m. At that time Speaker Laird will announce the personnel of the House committees.

**Daily Thought.**

Part of our good consists in the endeavor to do sorrows away, and in the power to sustain them when the endeavor fails; to bear them nobly, and thus help others to bear their sorrows as well.—Leigh Hunt.

**War Upon Pain!**

Pain is a visitor to every home and usually it comes quite unexpectedly. But you are prepared for every emergency if you keep a small bottle of Sloan's Liniment handy. It is the greatest pain killer ever discovered. Simply laid on the skin—no rubbing required—it drives the pain away. It is really wonderful.

Mervin H. Soister, Berkeley, Cal., writes: "Last Saturday, after tramping around the Panama Exposition with wet feet, I came home with my neck so stiff that I couldn't turn. I applied Sloan's Liniment freely and went to bed. To my surprise, next morning the stiffness had almost disappeared, four hours after the second application I was good as new." March, 1915. At Druggists, 25c. 1

[Advertisement]

The Marylander and Herald \$1.00 a year

## FACTS ABOUT PRINCESS ANNE

Founded in 1783. County seat of Somerset county. Population 1908. Somerset county has a population of 27,485. Healthy climate, mild winters. Soil unsurpassed for farming and trucking.

Bakery  
Crescentary  
Brick Yard  
Ice Factory  
The Factory  
Jewelry store  
Two Garages  
Adams Express  
Canning Factory  
Two Drug Stores  
Fine Court House  
Free Public Library  
Electric Light Plant  
Two Hardware stores  
Municipal Water Works  
Olive Club of 75 members  
Good Hotel—The Washington  
Telephone and Telegraph Office  
Literary Club—"The Shoreland"  
Five miles of well shaded streets  
Free delivery of mail twice a day  
Auditorium—Seating capacity of 600  
Carriage and Harness establishment  
Two Great and Sew Mills and Box Factories  
Washington High School—Eight instructors  
Auto Bus communication with adjacent towns  
N. Y. P. & N. Railroad with five trains North and South.

Two Banks—Bank of Somerset and Peoples Bank of Somerset County.  
Marylander and Herald, a weekly newspaper published every Tuesday.  
Four Churches—Presbyterian, Episcopal, Methodist and Metropolitan, colored.  
Two Department Stores and general stores covering every branch and commodity.  
Princess Anne Academy—An institution for the higher education of colored youth.  
Six Lodges—Masonic, Imp. O. R. M., K. of P., Jr. U. O. A. M., Heptasophs and M. W. of A.  
The citizens of Princess Anne will offer every encouragement and reasonable inducement to manufactures and others seeking locations for business or residence, and any information required will be cheerfully furnished on application to the Board of Town Commissioners.

## Education.

Education is the whole effect of environment. The individual is in some way affected by everything with which he comes in contact, from the first moment of life until the end. Teaching is therefore a factor in evolution. It is a means of carrying on the development of the individual. Man is as yet incomplete; it is likely that all his best exercises still lie before him. He must be ready for what is to come.

## His Varying Age.

A visitor asked a small boy in Topoka how old he was and he replied: "I'm eight years old at home and six on the train and four on the street car."—Kansas City Star.

## Colds Need Attention

Internal throat and chest troubles produce inflammation, irritation, swelling or soreness and unless checked at once, are likely to lead to serious trouble. Caught in time Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey loosens the phlegm and destroys the germs which have settled in the throat or nose. It is soothing and healing. Pine is antiseptic; honey is soothing—both together possess excellent medicinal qualities for fighting cold germs. Insist on Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. 25c. All Druggists.

[Advertisement]

## YOUR OPPORTUNITY

The Christmas Savings Club, of the Bank of Somerset, which started Monday, December 20th last, has been a great success, over 800 and fifty persons having already joined and it is believed that the membership will be over one thousand by February 1st, next.

Can you think of an easier or surer way to save? Do not be sorry next Christmas because you did not join. Do it now while you have the opportunity.

You must join before February 1st next, as the Club closes on that date.

## THRIFT IS FOSTERED

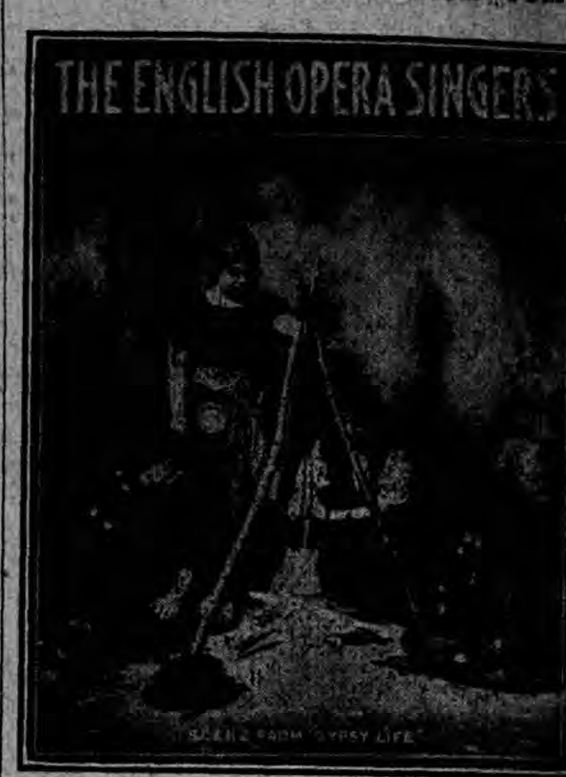
The plan as indorsed by the leading banks throughout the country has become popular because of twofold reasons. The Clubs were originally organized to provide an easy method of accumulating money during the year for Christmas needs. This original idea has resulted in a general thrift movement and has been the means of promoting and teaching the public the benefit of systematic saving of small sums of money.

The Christmas Savings Club provides the easiest possible method for the beginning of saving and for continued systematic saving.

The Christmas Savings Club of the Bank of Somerset is for every man, woman and child in Somerset county, no matter what is his or her income. It is not beyond the reach of anyone. Save in amounts according to your means.

But it is highly important to start at the beginning of the Club.

## AT THE AUDITORIUM TOMORROW—WEDNESDAY—NIGHT



THE ENGLISH OPERA SINGERS

is an artist that for dramatic expression cannot be surpassed. Mr. Harry C. Lombard, the baritone, you will also remember as being here in the Regimental Quartet of the Lyceum Festival.

All of these artists are without musical conceit and do not sing down to the people. They do not emphasize the difficulty of a selection but only its beauty.

Remember that this course of attractions is for the benefit of the Volunteer Fire Company and they need money and you can do your share and at the same time spend two hours of enjoyment by going to see this marvelous attraction. Help the Fire Company, you know they deserve it. Prices 25, 35 and 50 cents. Get your tickets to-day.

## The Janizaries.

The Janizaries were the most fearless soldiers the Turkish empire has ever known, and they were not Turks. It has been said that the most zealous religionist is the convert to the faith, and so it was with these converted Christians. When they took the fifth of Mohammed under Sultan Orkhan in 1330 and formed the nucleus of his bodyguard they became the most extreme Mussulmans. It was they who stormed the walls of Constantinople in 1453, the city that had hitherto been considered impregnable.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## Franklin's Fate Prefigured.

The fate of Franklin, the famous explorer, was unwittingly prefigured and on the eve of his starting on his last voyage at the hands of his own devoted wife. As he lay dozing on a sofa Lady Franklin threw something over his feet, on which he awoke in consternation, saying: "Why, there's a flag thrown over me! Don't you know that they lay a union jack over a corpse?"

## Road Edges.

Experts estimate that unused land lying at either side of the country roads is capable in many cases of bearing 500 bushels of corn to the mile strip. Thousands of miles of the best European roads are only a rod wide, but Uncle Sam's edge trimming is largely a matter of theory.—Exchange.

## Advancing Ideals.

"How is your daughter progressing in music?"  
"Well," replied Mr. Cumrox, "I think her taste is improving. She is getting so she thinks enough of some of those songs not to try to sing them."—Washington Star.

## Same Thing.

Sharp—I punctuated my tire the other day. Friend—Punctuated! You mean punctured, I suppose. Sharp—Prap! do: but, anyway, I came to a full stop.

## Help Your Liver—It Pays

When your liver gets torpid and your stomach acts queer, take Dr. King's New Life Pills and you will find yourself feeling better. They purify the blood, give you freedom from constipation, biliousness, dizziness and indigestion. You feel fine—just like you want to feel. Clear the complexion too. 25c. at druggists.

[Advertisement]

## If Mothers Only Know

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children relieve Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. They break up colds in 24 hours. Used by mothers for 25 years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample Free. Address, Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

[Advertisement]

The Lyceum Committee has changed the schedule to give our people the Chicago Lyceum Players on the above date and in its place has employed a company of five people in the English Opera Singers. This company is composed of a mixed quartet and piano accompanist.

Their program comprises one of the most novel and entertaining concerts we have ever had in our city. They will give us scenes from popular operas, gypsy scenes, sailor scenes, old folks scenes with old time favorite songs.

Mr. Walter Flora is a tenor of exceptional ability and has a voice that is very clear and rich.

Miss Rhea Foster, contralto, you will all remember as singing in The Soiree Singers at our last lyceum festival, and you know her voice.

Miss Charlotte Simpson, the soprano,

Mr. Harry C. Lombard, the baritone, you will also remember as being here in the Regimental Quartet of the Lyceum Festival.

All of these artists are without musical conceit and do not sing down to the people. They do not emphasize the difficulty of a selection but only its beauty.

Remember that this course of attractions is for the benefit of the Volunteer Fire Company and they need money and you can do your share and at the same time spend two hours of enjoyment by going to see this marvelous attraction. Help the Fire Company, you know they deserve it. Prices 25, 35 and 50 cents. Get your tickets to-day.

## Armenian History.

The history of the later years of the Armenian kingdom is bound up in the history of Am. The stronghold city became the capital of the Bagratid kings of Armenia in 961. The Byzantine emperor captured it in 1046, and it was then a hive of many scores of thousands, a wealthy city and an inviting one. The Seljuk Turks carried fire and sword throughout its confines eighteen years later. The warlike Georgians took it five times between 1125 and 1209. The Mongols overran it in 1230, and an earthquake in 1319 completed the work of ruin. The great cathedral, the most perfect survival, was founded in 1010, just at the beginning of the city's long chain of misfortunes.

## Keeping It Quiet.

A little girl was out walking the other day with her mother when she caught sight of a man with a wooden leg.

"Oh, mamma!" she cried. "See that man with a stick for a leg?"  
"Don't talk so loudly," said mamma. "He'll hear you."

"Why?" the little one replied in surprise. "Doesn't he know it?"—London Mail.

## Easy to Preach.

"Who wrote that article on how to support a family of six on \$10 a week?" a friend asked Woggles, the editor of the Household Friend. "Bingham, one of our best men," said Woggles, without a smile. "We pay him \$5,000 a year."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

## His Record Clean.

"Your son doesn't work very hard in the office since he left college."  
"No; he doesn't want to jeopardize his amateur standing."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

## Evading the Issue.

"Has that borrowing friend of yours dropped out of sight?"  
"Oh, no; he manages to keep in touch with me."—Baltimore American.

## His Wish.

Tom—I wish this ten dollar bill was a ten dollar debt. Dick—Heaven! Why? Tom—I'd never get rid of it.—Exchange.

## Women Of Sedentary Habits

Women who get but little exercise are likely to be troubled with constipation and indigestion and will find Chamberlain's Tablets highly beneficial. Not so good as a three or four mile walk every day, but very much better than to allow the bowels to remain in a constipated condition. They are easy and pleasant to take and most agreeable in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement]

Shoes for the Whole Family  
**JOHN W. MORRIS & SON**  
Clothing for Men and Boys

# The Christmas Savings Club IS NOW OPEN AT The Peoples Bank of Somerset County



You can join the Club to-day or any day the Bank is open for the next few weeks.

**The Bank that counts for something in a community is the Bank that does something for the community, and it is that Bank that gets back from the community the fullest measure in return. This is the age of "Results." Our Christmas Savings Club System produces great "Results."**

## MAKE IT A FAMILY AFFAIR LET EVERY ONE BE A MEMBER

Members starting with 5 cents and increasing five cents each week for fifty weeks	Members starting with one cent and increasing one cent each week for fifty weeks
<b>\$63.75</b>	<b>\$12.75</b>

Members starting with \$2.50 and decreasing five cents each week for fifty weeks	Members starting with 50 cents and decreasing one cent each week for fifty weeks
<b>\$63.75</b>	<b>\$12.75</b>

Members starting with 2 cents and increasing two cents each week for fifty weeks	Members paying 25 cents a week fixed, for fifty weeks
<b>\$25.50</b>	<b>\$12.50</b>

Members starting with \$1.00 and decreasing two cents each week for fifty weeks	Members paying 50 cents a week fixed, for fifty weeks
<b>\$25.50</b>	<b>\$25.00</b>

Members starting with \$1.00 and decreasing two cents each week for fifty weeks	Members paying \$1.00 a week fixed, for fifty weeks
<b>\$25.50</b>	<b>\$50.00</b>

**There are no Conditions—Nor Extra Costs  
All You have to do is to Make Payments  
WE PAY 3 PER CENT. ON YOUR SAVINGS**

By becoming a member you will enjoy the Christmas Spirit the year round.

Come in and let us explain our Christmas Club features.

# THE PEOPLES BANK OF SOMERSET COUNTY

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND



**MONEY** talks—but the only part of its conversation that most people remember is its laughing "Good-bye." Teach your money to say "Au revoir," but not "Good-bye."

Employ your money as you do hired help. Keep it on or near enough the premises to be available when you need its assistance. Open an account with this bank and go about your business affairs in a business-like manner. It's time you started on that sort of a journey. Open a checking account with this bank to-day.

# PEOPLES BANK of SOMERSET COUNTY

We Pay 3 per cent. on Savings Deposits  
Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

## SPECIAL USED-CAR DISPLAY

During the week of the Automobile Show in Baltimore we will have a special display in our Used-Car Department.

Two entire showrooms given entirely to Used Cars. Prices from \$250 up, including such cars as

1913 HUDSON	1912 MARMON
1910 LOCOMOBILE	1912 OLDSMOBILE
1910 KLINE	1912 MOON
1912 BUICK	1912 PULLMAN
1913 CHALMERS	1913 OVERLAND
1912 CADILLAC	1914 CADILLAC
1913 CADILLAC	1915 CADILLAC

These and many others on display, including roadsters, touring cars, coupes, limousines, etc. All are absolutely reliable and in good condition.

## Standard Motor Co.

Cadillac Building  
1009-15 North Eutaw Street  
Just Below Hoffman Street,  
One and a Half Blocks West of the Automobile Show Building.

BALTIMORE

Partial Payment Plan for responsible parties.  
Maryland Agents for the Detroit Limousine Top for Fords, Maxwells and Overlands



# MARYLANDER AND HERALD

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF PRINCESS ANNE AND SOMERSET COUNTY

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND, JANUARY 25, 1916

Vol. XVIII No. 25

THE MARYLANDER, Established 1862  
SOMERSET HERALD, 1825

## CHARLES ARNOLD DROWNED

### Mail Carrier Between Rhodes Point And Tylerton Lost In Storm

The body of Mr. Charles Arnold, who was drowned Monday of last week, at Smith's Island, has been recovered. Costing was a United States mail carrier between Rhodes Point and Tylerton.

He left Rhodes Point Monday morning in a small open gasoline boat, on his regular route to Tylerton. A heavy storm was raging at the time, but he arrived safely at Tylerton and, after transferring the mail, started back for Rhodes Point in the teeth of the storm. This was the last time Arnold was seen alive.

Upon his failure to return home Monday night, the residents of Rhodes Point grew anxious, and Tuesday morning searching parties were sent out. The inlets and drains around Smith's Island were scoured and his body was finally found in Little Packy's ditch, a drain about eight feet wide and six feet deep. His boat was found later on the marsh.

It is supposed that his engine broke down and the boat became unmanageable and drifted upon the beach. Arnold is then believed to have started home across the marsh and, in attempting to cross Little Packy's ditch, was drowned.

Arnold was 30 years old, a native of Opequin, Va. He went to Smith's Island when a small boy. He served in Cuba during the Spanish-American War.

## Trapshooting Club Organized

Now that the hunting season is over, the shooters of the town and vicinity have organized a trapshooting club with a membership of 21 and a good prospect of the membership going to 30. The club's officers are as follows:

B. H. Dougherty, President; L. L. Pusey, Vice-President; L. C. Beauchamp, Secretary and Treasurer; E. B. Polk, Field Captain; F. D. Layfield, Assistant Field Captain.

The club will hold weekly shoots at Somerset Heights and have already held two, at which the birds had the better of the shooters. The shoots will be held on Thursday afternoon of each week.

The organization of the club has stimulated the sporting instinct to the extent of making several persons purchase new guns and others think seriously about it. The sport is an expensive one, but is said to be "sport for kings," so why not let the poor man taste of the king's luxuries, once in a while. The price of powder is expected to take a rise.

## Kept Marriage Secret 14 Months

After keeping their wedding a secret for fourteen months, Mr. G. William Ward, of Salisbury, returned to that city last week from a five week's wedding tour with his wife, who before her marriage was Miss Ester Crowley, of Boston, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward were married in September, 1914, in Boston, the marriage being a culmination of a love affair which began at Western Maryland College, Westminster, where they were both students. The marriage was kept a secret, no one but Mr. Ward's parents being cognizant of the fact until their return to Salisbury. Mrs. Ward is well-known to many of our citizens, as for the past year or so, while in Princess Anne, she boarded at the home of Mr. Henry Flurer, where Mr. Ward was a frequent visitor.

Mr. Ward is the son of John William Ward, of Salisbury. Mrs. Ward's father and step-mother reside in Boston. Mr. and Mrs. Ward will make their home in Salisbury.

## Mr. Howard Anderson Injured

Mr. Howard Anderson, who resides about four miles north-west of Princess Anne, in Mt. Vernon district, was injured severely last Tuesday by falling from a ladder upon which he was investigating some repairs to his house. The fall was about fifteen feet. Mr. Anderson's back was seriously wrenched and he is now confined to his bed. Dr. C. T. Fisher was summoned and at last accounts his patient was slowly getting better, though still in great discomfort.

## Mr. Duer Complimented

Mr. Robert F. Duer, of Princess Anne, the recent unsuccessful candidate upon the Republican ticket for the State Comptrollership, was the nominee of the Republican members of the Legislature last week for State Treasurer. Mr. Duer received the entire Republican vote in both the Senate and the House of Delegates.

Time and tide wait for no man, but that is no reason why a girl should be untidy.

## CHANGES IN REAL ESTATE

### Number of Deeds Recorded At The Office of Clerk of Court

Charles Foster Matthews from Aden Davis, Jr., 88 acres in Brinkley's district; consideration \$1600.

Wm. L. Whittington from Ira E. Stevenson and wife, land in Lawson's district; consideration \$2300.

Wm. L. Whittington from John W. Miles, land in Lawson's district; consideration \$125.

O. Wise Dunton from Edward F. Wilson and wife, 155 acres in Dublin district; consideration \$11,000.

Edward T. Bell from Lewis W. Travis and wife, 212 acres in East Princess Anne district; consideration \$8,000.

Robert H. Sterling from John Sterling of E. and wife, 41 acres in Asbury district; consideration \$800.

Julius J. Smullen from Clarence A. Powell and wife, 30 acres in Dublin district; consideration \$4,000.

Wm. L. McLane from Mary A. Haley, land in Westover district; consideration \$25.

Lafayette McDowell from Fred L. Pitts and wife, land in Princess Anne, consideration \$350.

W. Raymond Shelor from Louis P. Stark and wife, 76 acres in Westover district; consideration \$1000 and other considerations.

Wenona Packing Company from Walter D. Webster and wife, 1 acre on Deal's Island; consideration \$225.

B. Horace Ford from Isaac C. Sterling, lot in Crisfield; consideration \$150.

Bessie D. Godman from Fred L. Godman, lot in Crisfield; consideration \$5.00 and other considerations.

## Eastern Shoremen Dine

The Eastern Shore Society of Baltimore held its annual banquet last Wednesday night at the Rennett Hotel, Baltimore, with a very large attendance, and among the leading orators of the evening were Governor Harrington and United States Senator James Hamilton Lewis, of Illinois.

The Governor complimented the Eastern Shore on its glorious history, especially political, and spoke of the tasks confronting him as Maryland's new executive. Senator Lewis showed that the position and interest of the United States had been changed radically by the war and spoke of the new era which the war has brought on for this country. A. S. Goldsborough, vice-president of the society, acted as toastmaster in the absence of W. Laird Henry.

Among the subscribers to the dinner were: J. W. Miles, L. M. Milbourne, Samuel K. Dennis, Robert P. Graham, Joseph L. Wickes, John Walter Smith and Dr. J. Z. Taylor.

## Lewis W. Travis Dead

Mr. Lewis Willard Travis, a highly esteemed citizen of this county, died at his home in Crisfield last Friday evening of heart failure, aged 60 years.

In March, 1907, Mr. Travis moved here from Ohio and purchased the Frank Jones farm, about three miles east of Princess Anne, and was very successful in farming and trucking. Last April he sold his farm but remained on the premises until the first of January, this year, when he and his family moved to Crisfield.

He is survived by his widow (Mrs. Mary Catherine Travis) and four children, three daughters (Mrs. N. C. Jackson, of Millstone, Md., Mrs. James Motez, of Huntington, Ind., Mrs. Ed. Howeth, of Crisfield) and one son (Mr. Dorwin Lee Travis, of Crisfield).

His remains were taken to his old home, Macdome, Ohio, yesterday, (Monday) for interment, accompanied by Mrs. Travis and Mr. B. B. Thomas, of Princess Anne.

## The English Opera Singers

The English Opera Singers gave a fine entertainment at the Auditorium last Wednesday evening. This is the third of the lyceum entertainments. The Chicago Lyceum Players could not come and the English Opera Singers took their place. The proceeds of the concerts and lectures are for the benefit of the Princess Anne Volunteer Fire Company. The Auditorium was fairly well filled and the musical renditions were enjoyed and applauded.

The members of the company are Miss Rhea Foster, contralto; Miss Charlotte Simpson, soprano; Mr. Walter Flora, tenor; Mr. Harry C. Lombard, baritone, and Miss Edith Adams, pianist. After various high-class musical selections and a most enjoyable piano solo, the closing act was a gypsy scene, with songs from Il Trovatore and The Bohemian Girl, which lasted about one hour.

Some women always want the last word; others don't seem to know there is such a thing.

## HOPEWELL, VIRGINIA, IS REBORN

### Acres Of Shanties Replaced In Five Weeks By Lasting Buildings

Hopewell, the Du Pont "Magic City," Virginia's "war baby," has beaten its own record in city building.

From a single wooden shanty to the fifth largest city in Virginia in five months, totally destroyed in five hours, a wooden city entirely wiped out, and rebuilt in brick and concrete and steel and iron in five weeks, Hopewell is now in its efforts to secure an adequate and immediate system of government no less interesting than when law and order arose out of the chaos of its first building.

One year ago the land on which Hopewell is built was a neglected cornfield where in 1865 Grant had his headquarters in one weather-beaten little cottage when his army marched on Richmond. Then came the Du Pont plant manufacturing gun cotton, with its thousands of workers from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Richmond, and from nearly every country in Europe.

Five months, and Hopewell was a gigantic village, with a city's population of 30,000, largely foreigners; 500 acres of shanties, stores, markets, theaters, rooming houses, pool parlors and cabarets huddled together, all built of wood and highly inflammable.

Five weeks ago, on December 9th, fire completed what the State authorities had commenced. Starting from a small blaze in a Greek restaurant, the fire leaped from one wooden structure to another, while its helpless inhabitants looked on, and in five hours Hopewell was again a barren waste of ruins, except for an occasional building that by a freak of wind, escaped destruction.

Today, five weeks after its total destruction, Hopewell is a substantial city in the making, of brick and concrete, steel and iron, in place of its former firetraps.

Within two weeks Hopewell will take its place on the Federal map as a fourth-class postoffice. Although the amount of mail the new office will handle would place it in the second class and 12 clerks will be employed it must remain fourth class for one year.

Hopewell when incorporated will not include the Du Pont villages or City Point. Only Hopewell proper will be included in the municipality, which in one year, with 30,000 population, 317 substantial business enterprises, real estate valued at \$1,000,000 at its first selling price, and a semi-monthly income from the employees of the Du Pont works of \$800,000, has become the fifth city of Virginia, surpassed only by Richmond, Norfolk, Roanoke and Portsmouth.

## Crab Protection Urged

Swenson Earle, chief engineer of the Shellfish Commission of Maryland, conferred last Tuesday with committees from both branches of the Virginia General Assembly, at Richmond, on matters pertaining to the crab industry of the two States. Mr. Earle spoke extensively on the blue crab of the Chesapeake, and the importance of conserving the crab industry for the crab fishermen of Virginia and Maryland. He suggested that the protective measures most essential for the conservation of this industry provide for a cull law on hard crabs five inches from the tip of the spike, and the importance of protecting the female egg-bearing crab, which are found extensively in the Virginia waters near the Cape.

The Virginia lawmakers conceded the necessity of these protective measures and stated that Virginia was willing to concur with Maryland in protecting the female crab, which will insure the continuance of the industry in both States.

The question of fish will come up at another conference, which will be attended by the new committee on crab and fish to be named by the Maryland Legislature, now in session. This new committee is expected to carry the above concurrent measure through.

## \$500,000 To Delaware College

Announcement has been made by Dr. Samuel C. Mitchell, president of Delaware College, of the receipt by the college of two checks amounting to \$500,000. The donor, whose name, at his request, was not announced, promised the contributions some time ago.

Of this amount \$200,000 is for an endowment fund and \$300,000 for the erection of a science hall and the remodeling of the old Dormitory Building. The giver explained that he sent the total amount at this time to allow the college the use of the interest until the improvements are completed.

Work will be started on the proposed Science Hall, to cost \$225,000, early in the spring. As the same man gave about \$250,000 last summer for the purchase of property to make the college extension plans possible, this makes his total contributions within a year \$750,000.

## VANDIVER'S RE-ELECTION BLOCKED

### Breaking Up Of Forces Behind Him For The Treasurership

At 2.15 o'clock Thursday afternoon the House and Senate began balloting for State Treasurer. In accordance with the decision of both branches of the General Assembly the balloting was open, publicity being given to the manner in which each member voted.

It was a foregone conclusion that there would be no election on the first ballot, the 62 Democratic members who entered Tuesday's caucus voting for Vandiver, the 10 Democratic bolters voting for Harry A. Osborne, Jr., of Harford county, and the 56 Republicans present voting for Robert F. Duer.

The breaking up of the forces behind Gen. Murray Vandiver's candidacy for re-election as State Treasurer was indicated by the result of the second ballot taken by the Legislature last Friday.

Vandiver received a total vote of 56, which is six less than he received on the first ballot Thursday.

There being 121 members present, 61 was a majority, assuming that only a majority of those present was necessary to elect. General Vandiver lost the votes of Delegates Curry, Dempsey, McCusker and Prinz, who voted for General Vandiver the day before. They were out of the chamber when the vote was taken. Mr. James, of Cecil, who had previously voted for the General switched to Mr. Osborne. Mr. Blandford, of Prince George's, who also supported the General asked to be excused.

The vote in the Senate was the same Thursday: Vandiver, 14; Osborne, 2, and Duer, 11. The vote in the House was:

Vandiver, 42; Osborne, 9, and Duer, 33. This made the total Vandiver vote in the Senate and House 56, total Osborne vote 11 and total Duer vote 54.

On Friday afternoon there was a clash in the Senate and House and when the lower body refused to concur in the Senate's proposal to adjourn until Tuesday at 1 p. m. and to hold one ballot each future legislative day on the treasurership. As a result the Senate adjourned at 2.10 until yesterday (Monday) night at 8 o'clock and the House followed suit by adjourning 10 minutes later until the Monday night hour.

This is the first time in many years that one branch had adjourned for a week-end without the consent of the other. The Senate by adjourning Friday afternoon followed the constitutional privilege of one branch being able to adjourn to the third following day without mutual consent. It is probable that the third ballot for treasurership will not be cast until sometime today, Tuesday. Party and factional lines were dropped by the delegates when they rejected the one ballot a day proposal by a vote of 53 to 47. Vandiver and anti-Vandiver men and some Republicans joined in turning down the suggestion.

The Assembly is now effectually deadlocked by both the selection of a treasurer and the time and method of balloting. The Senators indicated their displeasure at the House when the upper body adjourned without even waiting to hear the result on the one-ballot-a-day proposition.

## Somerset Delegates' Assignments

The announcement of the committee assignments in the Senate and in the House have been named. Senator Parsons, of Somerset, was given the following committee assignments: Elections, Agriculture and Labor, Militia, Pensions, Library, Roads and Highways; Delegate Milbourne was assigned to the following committees: Corporations, Insurance and Loans, Chesapeake Bay and Tributaries; Delegate Nelson was assigned to the committee on Currency, while Delegate Horner was given a berth on the committee for Amendments to the State Constitution.

Mr. Levin T. Milbourne, of Somerset county, a brother of Delegate Milbourne, is this far the only employee of the General Assembly to be selected from this county. Mr. Milbourne has been made one of the Engraving clerks for the House.

## License Suspended For Thirty Days

Captains Wright and White, of the Federal Steamboat Inspection Service, under instructions from the Supervising Inspector of the Third district, whose headquarters are at Norfolk, have suspended for 30 days the operators' license of R. W. Bloodworth, of the motor vessel Wicomico, and S. Irvin Austin, of the motor vessel Somerset, as a result of charges preferred by the local board following a collision between the two vessels in Wicomico river, September 4, 1915.

The trial for the violations was held by the local officials in Salisbury, November 23, and, unable to reach a decision, the case was referred to the supervising inspector. The 30 days' suspension began last Tuesday.

## COUNTY FARM AGENTS' WORK

### Marked Success Attends The Growing Of Corn, Wheat And Oats

County agricultural agents from the 12 Maryland counties enjoying the help of this agency, met at the Maryland Agricultural College Monday of last week, for a week's conference. President Patterson delivered the address of welcome. G. B. Porter responded.

Besides the agents present, there was a large attendance of farmers, truckers, dairymen and others interested in the extension work. Clarence Poe, of Raleigh, N. C., editor of the Progressive Farmer, was on the program for an address, but could not come, and A. B. Brigham, of Montgomery county, took his place. Among others to make addresses were Dr. Bradford Knapp, chief of the Department of Agriculture's extension work in the South; G. P. Porter, T. B. Symons, Jesse M. Jones, Austin Gallagher, of the Western Maryland Railway; J. Collin Vincent, of the Chamber of Commerce; C. W. Thompson, of the Department of Agriculture, and Reuben Brigham. State Agent G. H. Alford made his yearly report and the county agents also submitted statements.

Mr. Alford's report showed that one-half of the total value of the Maryland crops is composed of cereals; about one-sixth of potatoes and vegetables, and more than one-eighth of hay and forage. Of the cereals, corn furnishes over half of the total value in this division and is grown on more than four farms out of five, occupying about one-fifth of all improved lands. His report, in part, follows:

The 12 demonstration agents in Maryland did work with 114 farmers as corn demonstrators. The total acreage of corn grown under the improved methods advocated by the county agents was 1,181. The average yield per acre on the 1,181 acres was 47.91 bushels, or an increase over the average for the state of 20.56 bushels. If every acre of corn in the state produced as much as the average yield on the demonstration acres, 13,302,565.72 bushels of corn would be added to the 10-year average production in this state.

"Tobacco is grown as a commercial crop in only 5 of the 23 counties in Maryland. It is grown on only 9 percent of the farms of the state. The average production per acre, according to the last census, was 684.5 pounds and the average value per acre \$55.83.

"Only one of the 12 county agents conducted tobacco demonstrations. John H. Drury, a tobacco expert, had four tobacco demonstrators. The average yield per acre was 1,200 pounds, or an increase of 515.5 pounds over the average production.

The 12 county agents had 100 wheat demonstrations. The average yield per acre on demonstration farms was 23.85 bushels, or an increased yield over the average for the state of 7.85 bushels per acre. If every acre of wheat could be grown under demonstration methods, the yield would be increased nearly 5,000,000 bushels annually.

"Demonstrations in oats were conducted on 40 farms. The average yield per acre on these farms was 42 bushels, or an increased yield over the average for the state of 18.5 bushels per acre.

"The county agents of Maryland realize fully that only occasionally will a man continue to succeed who fails to give some kind of livestock a permanent place in his farm operations. This being true, the agents have devoted a large part of their time to encouraging the farmers to grow more and better livestock. Thirty-six pure-bred dairy bulls and 118 pure-bred dairy heifers have been brought into the state by the county agents' demonstrators. Five hundred and forty-one cows have been tested to determine the profitable milk producers, 116 farmers have taken the agents' advice and fed a better-balanced ration to their dairy cattle."

The report also mentioned the valuable aid given by the county agents in connection with the care and treatment of orchards, dairy and beef cattle, hogs and other live stock, and discussed the use of fertilizer, manure and silos.

The statistical part of the report showed that the agents made 10,143 visits to farms, traveled 107,449 miles, held 539 meetings and addressed 42,715 persons, besides, 364 field meetings; distributed 21,699 bulletins and made 394 visits to schools in connection with the work.

The enrollment of the boys' corn and potato clubs was reported as 455, and the cash prizes offered as aggregating \$1,381.

## Army Officer Shows Peril Of Seaports

Two great American seaports, New York and San Francisco, would be at the mercy of an enemy's fleet armed with modern, long-range naval guns, according to Gen. Erasmus M. Weaver, chief of the Coast Artillery Division of the War Department.

General Weaver last Thursday told the House Military Affairs Committee that the War Department classed the situation at New York and San Francisco as "emergent." He said steps were being taken to remedy conditions in the coast defenses at these ports.

Half a loaf is better than no day off at all.

## THE MARYLAND LEGISLATURE

### Proceedings In The House And The Senate Last Week

Tuesday—The Senate was called, to order by President Campbell and prayer was offered by Henry R. Baker, chaplain. The report of the State Comptroller was presented. Among the bills introduced were the following:

By Senator Ogden—That the salary of each Commissioner of the State Industrial Accident Commission, which is \$5,000, be paid by the State Treasurer.

That the salary of the chairman of the State Tax Commission, \$6,000 per year, and each of the other Commissioners, \$5,000 per year, shall be paid by the State Treasurer.

That the salary of the Public Service Commissioners, \$6,000 and the general counsel, \$4,800, shall be paid by the State Treasurer.

Sanctioning bequest of ground to the trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church of the West Baltimore Station from Elizabeth Clarke Churchman and from the Baltimore City Missionary and Extension Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

By Senator Speicher—Amending the prohibition law of Garrett county.

Providing for a State-wide vote on the prohibition question.

To repeal license tax on dogs to create fund to protect sheep industry in Garrett county.

By Senator Mudd—An amendment to the Constitution so as to grant women the right to vote.

By Senator Harrison—Sanctioning bequest of \$600 to Presbyterian Congregation of Buckingham, of Berlin, from Mary I. Sturgis and bequest of \$100 from Adeline E. Jarman.

Sanctioning bequest of \$5,000 to Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Easton as trustees for St. Paul's Church from Mrs. Virginia H. Fleming.

Upon motion of Senator Cooper, the Senate adjourned at 2.15 until 1 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

Tuesday—The House of Delegates was called to order at 1 o'clock with Speaker Laird in the chair. Prayer by the Rev. Walter J. McNeil. The roll called showed 95 members present.

A bill to merge the postoffices of the Senate and the House of Delegates by an addition to Section 15, Article 40, of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, was offered by Delegate Deleplaine, of Frederick county, and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The report of the Comptroller for the year ended September 30, 1915, laid before the House by Speaker Laird, was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

A motion by Delegate Lee, of Baltimore city, that the House recess until 4.30 p. m., coupled with the motion regarding the conference between the subcommittee of the Committee on Organization and the delegations, was passed.

Speaker Laird called the House to order at 4.30 o'clock.

The report announcing the appointment of committees followed and was adopted.

The report of the subcommittee of the Committee on Organization naming the employees of the Legislature was read and approved by yea and nay vote. Eight committee clerks are to be appointed later by the chairman of the respective committees.

The House adjourned until 1 p. m. Wednesday.

Wednesday—The Senate was called to order with President Campbell in the chair. Prayer was offered by the Rev. Henry R. Baker, chaplain.

Among the bills introduced were the following:

By Senator Harrison—Authorizing State Roads Commission to build and maintain a bridge from mainland to Ocean City across Sinepuxent Bay and to make an appropriation of \$50,000. Finance Committee.

By Senator Williams—To prohibit any minister of the gospel or other person in Cecil county, authorized to perform marriage ceremonies, from giving fees to any persons as an inducement to bring other persons contemplating marriage. Senators Williams, Cooper and Archer.

Senator Zihlman—To create a new election precinct in Alleghany county. Senators Zihlman, Speicher and Warfield.

Amending State Industrial Accident Commission law by extending benefits of act to Maryland miners whose shafts extend beyond the State line. Insurance, Fidelity and Loan Committee.

The Senate adjourned until Thursday at 11 o'clock.

Wednesday—The House convened at one p. m., opening with prayer by the Rev. William A. Price.

(Continued on 8th page, 1st column)



# The White Lantern

How the Mystery Was Solved

By CLARISSA MACKIE

Lanleung is as unclean as many other Chinese cities, and John Latham left the squalor of the best inn that the place afforded and made his leisurely way down the crooked streets, quite oblivious to the malodorous atmosphere as well as the unfriendly glances that met him in his walk.

Latham was agent for a large firm of tea importers, and this was to be his last trip to China. Hereafter he would be stationed in the New York office of the company, and he was glad of the change.

This evening as he strolled the streets looking for one that led down to the river's edge, where there might be a whiff of fresh air to fill his lungs, he scarcely noticed the crowds that gradually filled the streets. Then the sound of drums and the shriek of Chinese fiddles announced that some festival was in progress.

Lighted paper lanterns appeared everywhere, and Latham was jostled to and fro in the crowd.

As he went he became aware of a curious fact.

In the narrow street there appeared among the gayly tinted lanterns one of pure white paper. It was swinging at the top of a slender bamboo pole, and the man who carried it was masked.

As soon as the white lantern appeared a babel of staccato yells arose from the crowd, and they broke away to let the white lantern have free passage. Then silence fell upon the street, and the masked man had the right of way until he turned the corner and disappeared.

Latham asked himself the question: "What about the white lantern?" and the spirit of adventure which was ever with him answered, "Follow it."

So he hastened to the corner as best he might, turned it and in the far distance saw the white lantern making a path for itself through this less crowded thoroughfare.

He kept a hundred feet behind the pale bobbing transparency until it left the windings of the city streets and turned into a path that led into the country.

As he passed through the city gate Latham felt a hand on his arm. The gatekeeper—a fat, friendly looking Chinese—pointed after the white lantern bobbing steadily away.

"The American lord must not follow the white lantern," he said in the dialect of the province.

Latham understood his words and paused.

"Why not?" he asked curiously.

"It is not well to follow the white lantern," persisted the other guardedly. "It leads to death."

"Why can't you tell me where it is going and all about it?" Latham juggled a dollar in his hand.

The gatekeeper's eyes looked covetously at the money, but he shook his head.

"I cannot speak the name or it will come upon me and my family for three generations," he muttered. "But I have warned you."

"I shall follow it," said Latham obstinately. "And here's something for your warning, man of impeccable conscience," and he dropped the money into the eager palm.

The white lantern was disappearing down the farther slope of a little hill, and he had to run to keep it in sight.

He asked man was evidently in a hurry now, for he was hastening up and down the little hills, dodging around farm buildings, following the meandering path along the river's edge and finally vanishing in the gloom of a pine grove.

Latham ran breathlessly among the pines until the moonlike face of the white lantern appeared close at hand.

Now it stopped, as if its bearer was aware of pursuit and was waiting for the pursuer.

Latham panted to a standstill before the masked figure.

The white lantern was lowered until it became a barrier between the two men.

"Stand back!" said the lantern bearer in English.

Latham, startled by the unexpected order, obeyed.

The glow of the white lantern shone on the implacable black mask with its holes, through which sparkled glittering eyes.

"Stand back!" repeated the lantern bearer.

Latham, startled by the unexpected order, obeyed.

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Latham, startled by the unexpected order, obeyed.

Latham was soon to discover. He followed the white lantern through the pine grove and out into a barren stretch of open country. Here was desolation indeed. A few trees were crowded inside of a rough stockade and shaded some miserable little hut, plainly visible in the light of the full moon.

The white lantern bobbed over the hillocks until they reached a gate in the stockade.

The masked man turned to Latham, who was close at his heels.

"Would you enter and face death?" he asked.

"Yes," said Latham, his curiosity aroused to its highest pitch.

"Fool!" laughed the other and, slipping inside the gate, barred it securely.

"If you have no care for your life I will save it for you." He blew out the white lantern, and the place was bathed only in the cold moonlight.

Speechless with surprise, John Latham leaned against the stockade and looked through at the trees, the little dark huts and the form of the masked man who was striding across the yard.

He paused on the threshold of the largest hut, waved a pale hand and vanished.

Utter silence reigned over the place. There was not the bark of a dog or the stirring of fowl, and there are few places in China where chickens are not underfoot and disputing the right of way.

"I'll wait until morning if necessary, but I'll pierce the mystery of the white lantern," muttered Latham as he withdrew to a nearby tree and sat down with his back against it.

The night was warm, and he soon slumbered.

Morning dawned faintly in the east. A red ray of sunshine awoke John Latham to a bewildered sense of the events of the night. He rubbed his eyes sleepily.

Within the stockade there was a stirring of forms. Some hobbled feebly to the shade of the nearest tree and covered there. Others limped woefully about in miserable silence, while others gathered in groups and ate ravenously, snarling like dogs while they ate.

Gradually Latham got upon his feet, a great dread in his face. Nearer, nearer, he drew, step by step, to the stockade, where a dreadful face peered at him through the palings.

A face that was a mockery—a misery—an inhuman horror!

Latham laughed wildly, and the face vanished.

He saw the tall form of the lantern bearer striding across the yard. He was clothed in a long white linen coat such as surgeons wear, and on his hands were white gloves. He was still wearing the mask of the night before.

He came straight to the stockade and, gripping his hands upon the palings, he asked abruptly:

"My God, man, can't you stay away?"

"You are an American," was Latham's surprised reply.

"Yes," the other drew a deep breath. "And you—what are you doing here in this place of pestilence and death? Did you come across the world to tempt me to revenge myself upon you for stealing the woman I loved?" he ended fiercely.

Latham cried out sharply.

"Only one man in the world could reproach me that way," he breathed heavily.

"I am that man!" declared the other. "I am Clay Foster!"

"Clay Foster—? You are here—here in this leper colony?" panted Latham. "You—you the brilliant young physician who had everything in life?"

"Everything save the woman I loved," was the grave reply. "I can bring my skill and knowledge here among these unfortunates. I can do good. What more can I ask?"

Latham's soul was wrung with remorse.

"And it was in your power to visit death upon me," he said slowly. "When I saw you with your white lantern of warning that a leper was coming through the streets—when I saw you little did I guess your identity or the significance of the white lantern."

"I was attracted by an element of adventure, and I followed. I wanted to follow you in here—among these! And you, whom I had wronged, you prevented me! Clay Foster, you are a great man—a man indeed!"

He bowed his head against the palings, and the man who had devoted his life to the comforts of a leper colony in the heart of China looked at him pityingly, as looks one who has outgrown the insignificant things of life, who knows only of the magnitude of sin and suffering and offers up his life to atone it.

"I was attracted by an element of adventure, and I followed. I wanted to follow you in here—among these! And you, whom I had wronged, you prevented me! Clay Foster, you are a great man—a man indeed!"

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## WILD ALL THROUGH.

The American Bay Lynx is an Animal That Can't Be Tamed.

We call him the American wildcat, although he is of a different species from the wildcat of Europe. His real name is bay lynx, and he is closely associated with that other animal of America, the Canadian lynx. The European wildcat is really the ancestor of the domestic cat, but you can't domesticate the bay lynx of America. He is wild all the way through.

He gets his front name from his color, which is a yellowish brown or bay. His tail is short, which has given him another name—bobcat. Unlike most cats, he is a good swimmer, and his hind feet are partly webbed.

The bay lynx frequents mountain woodlands in the less settled portions of America, and sometimes he makes his presence dreaded by his raids on poultry. He is also a persistent robber of birds' nests, and he will eat both birds and eggs. He will also devour squirrels, rabbits, wild turkeys and anything that isn't too big for him to kill.

His appetite for animals has led people to fear him, although he will seldom attack human beings—only when he thinks he has to defend himself. He usually builds a nest of moss and leaves in a hollow tree. Philadelphia North American.

## SCIENCE OF NOSES.

In Size and Shape, It Is Said, Is Shown the Wearer's Character.

Nasography reveals the character, habits and inclinations of people by a simple inspection of noses. According to the system, the nose should be as long as possible, and this is a sign of merit, power and genius. Examples: Napoleon and Caesar, both of whom had large noses. A straight nose denotes a just, serious and energetic mind, the Roman nose a propensity for adventure and a wide nose with open nostrils is a mark of great sensuality. A cleft nose shows benevolence. It was the nose of St. Vincent de Paul.

The curved fleshy nose is a mark of domination and cruelty. Catherine de Medici and Elizabeth of England had noses of this kind. The curved, thin nose, on the contrary, is a mark of a brilliant mind, but vain and disposed to be ironical. It is the nose of a dreamer, a poet or a critic. If the line of the nose is re-entrant—that is, if the nose is turned up—it denotes that its owner has a weak mind, sometimes coarse, and generally playful, pleasant and frolicsome. A pale nose denotes egotism, envy, heartlessness. The quick, passionate, sanguine man has a strongly colored nose of uniform shade. —London Tit-Bits.

## A Great Military Feat.

Nonza, in Corsica, is very proud of the story of a great military feat performed there long ago. It is told in "Romantic Corsica" by George Renwick.

The French in 1768 had subjugated all the northern cape with the exception of the tower of Nonza, which for a considerable time sustained a close siege. Attacking parties were driven back by a fierce fire, but at last the garrison agreed to surrender if allowed to march out with all the honors of war. This was conceded, and old Captain Casella appeared, staggering under a load of muskets and pistols. "Why is the garrison so long in coming out?" asked the French commander.

"It is here, sir," replied Casella. "I am the garrison."

## Needs No Lightning Rod.

A building 9,000 feet above sea level should be protected by lightning rods, one thinks, but the astronomical observatory at Mount Etna has not and does not need such protection. The observatory is near the summit of the volcano, and the stream of vapor constantly rising from the crater acts as a natural conductor, draining the electricity out of the clouds, so that lightning is seldom seen there.

## If This Insect Had Wings!

You can excuse a child for calling a whale a fish, but listen to this youngster, who is reported in the Boston Transcript: Child at library—Please give me a book on whales.

A book on natural history with a chapter devoted to whales is brought. The child—Oh, I don't mean a book on the insect. I mean the country!

## Simple Directions.

"My dear," said she, "please run and bring me the needle from the haystack."

"I don't know which haystack."

"Look in all the haystacks. You can't miss it. There's only one needle."

—From "More Jonathan Papers."

## Woman's Desire to Attract.

Owing to the system under which we live, where man is a valuable prey, woman has contracted the habit of trying to attract. Even aggressive insolence on her part may conceal the desire to attract by exasperating. —W. L. George in Atlantic.

## Has to Be.

"Our alimony club is very economical."

"Well, it goes without saying that an alimony club has to husband its means."

—Baltimore American.

## Classified.

"How would you classify a telephone girl? Is hers a business or a profession?"

"Neither; it is a calling."—Christian Register.

Provide for the worst; the best will save itself.

## HUMILIATED THE CHEF.

Curious Result of Dumas' Superior Skill as a Cook.

Cooking or the compounding of salads and sauces has the authority of historic precedent as a suitable hobby for French gentlemen of distinction. It was fashionable among the aristocracy in court circles before the Revolution and became of essential service to more than one noble fugitive from the "terror" during his exile. One young nobleman, after narrowly escaping the guillotine, hid his great name under an alias and served for several months as an assistant in a famous London restaurant, where he was soon given entire responsibility for the minced meats, entrees and ragouts. After the partial restoration of his fortunes he delighted in telling the story of his adventures, always concluding with a phrase that may perhaps best be rendered:

"So, you see, I disappointed them finely—the sans-culottes. By the chopping knife I lived!"

Frenchmen of more than merely aristocratic distinction—authors, artists and scientists—have also, says M. E. De la Rue, "yielded to the clinking lure of little pots and pans and the bright beckoning of kitchen fires. But among many who learned to cook a little, or even to cook creditably, there was only one who really became a cook. That was Alexandre Dumas, the elder, and for his qualifications we have the word of his chef."

The chef, M. Edouard, after some months in Dumas' service, came to him with a very gloomy face to give notice of his departure.

"But, my dear Edouard, why?" expostulated Dumas. "If it is a matter of money you shall have more. I do not wish to let you go. You cook admirably. Your omelets, especially—"

"Ah, monsieur," cried Edouard, with outflung hands, "so I have always thought myself, yet it is because of a little matter of omelets that I depart. Monsieur will remember that we have had omelet for breakfast both yesterday and today. Yesterday I prepared it—an omelet with parsley and little marrow balls, on which I pride myself. Monsieur approved it, and so did the two gentlemen, monsieur's guests. But today it was monsieur's fancy to make the omelet himself, after a recipe of his own, with chicken livers and small red peppers. I myself, passing by the door, overheard monsieur's guests cry out in ecstasy: 'But, good heavens, Dumas, this omelet is exquisite! It is divine! It is surpassing!' Even the omelet of yesterday is as nothing to this!" There was a little left. I slipped in. I tasted. They were right.

"I must, monsieur will understand, depart at once, to refresh my art by study and experiment. I am willing to admit that monsieur is no ordinary amateur. He may rank with professionals. Still, I cannot remain tranquilly in his kitchen, permitting myself to be surpassed. I depart with homage and regret, but I depart."—Youth's Companion.

## The Bible's Place in History.

The Bible is not only a collection of sources for the history of a distant past; it has also been a potent factor in the making of history down to the very age in which we live. It has ruled men's beliefs and prompted their actions and affected the current of events as no other body of writings has operated for so long a time or over so large a part of civilized mankind.

From the fifth century A. D. down to the fifteenth the account of the creation and the first beginnings of human society given in the book of Genesis was taken as a starting point for the study of the natural history of the world and the annals of the human race.—Viscount Bryce in Youth's Companion.



**RHEUMATISM**  
**STIFF JOINTS**  
**SPRAINS**



**Does Pain Interfere?**

There is a remedy

**Sloan's Liniment**

Read this unsolicited grateful testimony—

Not long ago my left knee became lame and sore. It pained me many restless nights. So serious did it become that I was forced to consider giving up my work when I chanced to think of Sloan's Liniment. Let me say—less than one bottle fixed me up. Chas. C. Campbell, Florence, Tex.



**HORSES**  
**AND**  
**MULES**

**WAGONS**  
**BUGGIES**  
**SURREYS**  
**Runabouts**  
**and**  
**HARNESS**

**J. T. TAYLOR, Jr.**

Largest Carriage and Wagon Dealer in Maryland

PRINCESS ANNE MARYLAND

**Do Not Delay**  
**With That Survey**

Delays are often Costly

I am at your service

**EARLE B. POLK**  
**SURVEYOR**

PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

To Keep Your Dog Well.  
Linsed oil once a week is a great help to keeping a dog in good condition. For a grown dog use one teaspoonful; for a puppy one-half.

Go! You Are Welcome!  
One-third of the people in Detroit never go to church because they are not asked. Old-fashioned people didn't wait for an invitation.—Detroit News.

#### EVOLUTION OF A WORD.

"Hypocrite" Was Once the Title of a Pantomime Actor.

Do you know what a hypocrite is? Why, he is a person who uses the church as a cloak to cover graft and greed and all manner of evil-doing. At least that is what he was in the days of our fathers. More recently he has taken on another color, a different kind of cloak. He need not be a dissembler merely in the matter of religion. Hypocrisy may be practiced in friendship, in culture, in philanthropy. It goes a degree further even than that, for the hypocrite may deceive himself as well as his fellow man.

But how did the word, which is obviously a compound of "hypo," meaning "under," and the very familiar "critic" come to mean a person who deceives either himself or other people? This question suggests a second one: What is a critic?

The Greek verb from which the noun was derived meant originally to analyze, separate or judge. So the critic came to be one who had been set apart or judged worthy to plead a cause or present an argument. At one stage of his evolution the critic was a person who recited the works of the great dramatists. He was an actor—who did not act. The gestures were supplied by a man trained for that purpose, who went through a sort of pantomime, while the real interpreter of the part gave the melodiously intoned words.

The pantomime artist was a "hypocrite" because he played an under part to the "critic." Later, when the speaking and acting were done by the same person, he was called the "hypocrite." Now any one who plays a part not his own is practicing hypocrisy.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Break, Break, Break.  
"He's using the company that constructed his artificial limbs."  
"On what grounds?"  
"Nonsupport"—Buffalo Express.

**Bad Cold Quickly Broken Up**  
Mrs. Martha Wilcox, Gowanna, N. Y., writes: "I first used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy about eight years ago. At that time I had a hard cold and coughed most of the time. It proved to be just what I needed. It broke up the cold in a few days, and the cough entirely disappeared. I have told many of my friends of the good I received through using this medicine, and all who have used it speak of it in the highest terms." Obtainable everywhere.

#### "The Lime That Acts"

There is hardly a farm in Maryland where the soil is not sadly lacking in lime—*Soils stay sick and sour*—and many crops are stunted.

Clover and Alfalfa would grow where now it does not thrive. Bigger crops of grain would follow.

### The Moore-Pendleton Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

**Pulverized Oyster Shell Lime**

Factory—Clifton Point-on-the-Manokin P. O., Westover, Md.

IT PAYS TO LIME—BUT  
When You Lime, Use The Best



#### Talk From Your Own Desk

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#### ANCIENT MEALTIMES.

When They Rose at 5, Dined at 9 and Supped at 5.

The change in mealtimes is evidenced by the old rhyme:

To rise at five and dine at nine,  
To sup at five and bed at nine,  
Will make a man live to ninety-nine.

But one suspected that the change is in the names of the meals rather than in the hours. Our ancestors would have termed our luncheon dinner and our dinner supper. It is a curious fact that in some of the Oxford colleges, where the founders made allowances for the meals of the students, a much larger sum is allotted for supper than for dinner, implying that the former was the more substantial meal. Taken at 5 or 6 o'clock, it was really "early dinner."

Some particulars of the mealtimes of our ancestors may be found in William Harrison's "Description of England," published in 1587:

"With us the nobility, gentry and students do ordinarily go to dinner at 11 before noon and to supper at 5 or between 5 and 6 at afternoon. The merchants dine and sup seldom before 12 at noon and 6 at night, especially in London. The husbandmen dine also at high noon, as they call it, and sup at 7 or 8, but out of the term in our universities, the scholars dine at 10. As for the poorest sort, they generally dine and sup when they may, so that to talk of their order of repast it were but a needless matter."—London Chronicle.

#### Melbourne, a City That Planned.

There is and always has been a great amount of public spirit in Melbourne, due, in large part, to the Scotch element that has predominated from the beginning. "The first citizens, led by Scots, as a rule, set to work with magnificent faith in the future. A city was planned worthy of being the capital of 10,000,000 people, and the public buildings were designed on the same generous scale. The soil on the site was deep and rich. That suggested tree planting, and most of the streets are today relieved by handsome foliage, and the parks which ring the city round have trees worthy of the forests of Europe. The avenue of elms in Fitzroy gardens certainly represents that tree at its best."—Bishop E. E. Ross in Dallas News.

#### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

## The Decoy

By RYLAND BELL

The great decisive campaigns of the world have their place in history and are as well known as the large cities of the world. The conquest of America, which extended over several centuries, is comparatively little known. It was achieved almost entirely by citizens who, to make new homes for themselves, wrested a wilderness from the savages. None of its many parts is more thrilling than the possession of that region which embraces Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky by the Virginians.

One day during the emigration that set in from Virginia to this region in the latter part of the eighteenth century John May, his clerk and a man named Skiles embarked on a flatboat—the parlor car of that period—and began the descent of the Ohio river. At Point Pleasant they were joined by one Flinn and his two sisters. Indians inhabited both banks of the river, and it was necessary to keep a sharp watch night and day. Savage warfare was what it had always been—not open fighting, but cunning. The red men rarely attacked a boat in the river, but practiced all sorts of acts to decoy the emigrants to the shore, where an ambush was set. One of the devices was to compel captive whites to call out to the travelers that they had escaped from Indians and beg to be taken aboard.

One morning at daylight the watch awakened the crew with the information that there were fires below. At the same time two white men came down to the river bank on the side of the fires and begged to be taken aboard. They told a plausible story as to how they had been captured and how they had escaped, stating that if left they would likely be retaken. May, who was familiar with Indian devices, turned a deaf ear to their entreaties. He asked them what had caused the fires below, and they professed ignorance of them. May was by this convinced that the men were decoys and kept the middle of the stream. While they were talking the men were running on the shore to keep pace with the boat, pleading in despairing tones to be saved from torture and death.

This was too much for the women, who were in favor of landing and taking the fugitives aboard. Flinn was soon won over; May held firm for awhile, but was at last persuaded. He consented to run near enough to the bank to permit Flinn to wade ashore and have a nearer view of and question the two men. By the time this was decided on the boat had drifted a mile beyond the latter. The boat was pulled to the bank, and Flinn stepped ashore.

Several Indians stepped out from cover, seized him and fired on the boat. Two of the men sprang to their guns, the third, May, to an oar. His only hope was to get the boat again into the current. He called to the others to drop their rifles and help him, but the fire was so hot that they sank down for shelter. The boat lay still while the Indians kept pouring in lead. One of the women was killed, Skiles badly wounded, and there was nothing for May to do but surrender. When he arose to do so he was shot dead.

The Indians now went out to the boat, scalped the dead and made captives of the party. They were joined by the two decoy white renegades, and all spent the night on the river bank.

In the morning three flatboats made their appearance. They were in charge of Thomas Marshall, and his son. The Indians forced their prisoners to man the oars of the captive boat, which was headed for the channel to intercept those coming down. Those in Marshall's boats saw their danger and made what preparations they could for defense. The first two boats, though exposed to a heavy fire from the Indians, passed on down and escaped.

Marshall commanded the last boat. The Indians while attempting to reach it got out of the current. Their prisoners rowed in such a way as purposely to make little headway. Taking advantage of this, the second boat allowed the third to overtake it, and, transferring the passengers, the third was set adrift. Then, the oars and rowers available being doubled, the whole party made their escape.

This yielding to the pleadings of the white decoys, taken with other cases, resulted in some very unmerciful refusals to take aboard real escaped prisoners. A Colonel Downing had been captured and marched into the Indian country north of the Ohio river by an old Indian and his son. One evening as the Indian went for water the prisoner picked up a tomahawk, followed him and killed him. The young man sprang upon him, but was thrown off wounded and escaped to the river. A flatboat came by, and Downing begged to be taken aboard. Those on board not only turned a deaf ear to his entreaties, but the boat was turned to the opposite shore. Other boats came along, and the fugitive ran along the shore, pleading with them to save him. All refused till at last a man consented to come ashore for him in a canoe.

How many white men who had been captured by Indians and escaped were left to be retaken on account of the practices of the decoys is uncertain, but there were probably a number of them, for during the opening up of the country the emigrants and settlers were constantly falling into the hands of the savages.

#### LIGHT ON LIGHT.

What It Really Is and How Its Waves Affect Our Eyes.

How many of us could say what "light" is? Could we explain why the gloom of the streets seems increased tenfold when we leave a well lighted room? And do we know why all of us suffer discomfort, if not actual pain, when from darkness we enter a brilliantly lighted place?

The discomfort on entering a lighted room after darkness is because the optic nerve, which receives light just as the drum of the ear receives sounds, is suddenly burdened with light rays before the pupil of the eye has had time to contract to receive them. The pupils dilate very much in the dark in order to admit every ray possible, and a dilated pupil cannot, without discomfort, suddenly receive an abundance of light rays.

When the pupils contract there is an automatic adjustment to the quantity of light. When we "peer" we are really only adjusting our pupils. Going from brilliant light to darkness, the pupils do not dilate instantly. They remain contracted and cannot for a time collect what light there is. So the darkness appears intensified.

Cats, owls and other animals see in the dark because they have the power of enlarging their broad pupils and collecting light which is invisible to us.

Light itself is a fluid of luminous ether, which fills up the spaces in the air particles. It has an undulating vibratory movement, which strikes on the optic nerve, giving us the sensation of "light."—Pearson's Weekly.

#### THE HEART OF LONDON.

Where the Land Is Valued at Over \$16,000,000 Per Acre.

There is an amazing price set upon the land of London. In the center of the English metropolis tiny lots have been sold for four times.

An acre there is the dearest in the world. Many a transaction over ground in the heart of the city has set the figure of \$16,250,000 per acre. One square mile of London is valued at \$750,000,000. The land beneath the Bank of England at low estimate is worth \$35,000,000, and there are only three acres in that tract too.

There are places on Queen Victoria Upper Thames, St. Mary-at-Hill and Cannon streets where one square inch is worth \$125. In Lombard street and King William street prices have ranged from \$200 and \$250 to \$350 per square foot.

Cornhill property has been bought for more than \$12,000,000 an acre. Threadneedle street land for \$350 per square foot, and a church in Austin Friars, not such a large church either, was tempted with an offer of \$5,000,000 for the land beneath it.

The steady lifting of London land in price has brought fabulous riches to the owners. Families have risen to prominence on no other ground than that they owned small bits of ground in valuable sections. Rents are high there, and sales have made owners permanently wealthy.—Philadelphia North American.

#### Odious Comparison.

A little girl from Brooklyn was taken to visit her maternal grandmother in Connecticut. During her stay the household made much of her, and on her departure she was hugged and kissed and wept over by each member of the affectionate family in turn. The scene made a deep impression on her young mind.

A visit to some Boston relatives followed. At the conclusion of it her uncle and cousins stood smilingly waving their adieux to the little one until she was out of sight.

The child's mother was beginning to wonder what made her so unusually quiet when a solemn little voice rang out from her corner of the car: "Not a tear shed!"—New York Post.

#### Pinched Him Financially.

An esteemed citizen went into a shoe store in a metropolitan town and asked to see some leather goods. Another minute and an obliging salesman was hauling out some boxes.

"That is a nice looking shoe," remarked the customer as the salesman pushed his foot into a shiny right and started to lace it. "What is the price?"

"This pair is \$8," responded the salesman as he finished the lacing and ran his hands across the vamp.

"Does it pinch you any?"

"Well, I should say it does!" was the prompt rejoinder of the customer. "Give me something about \$5 cheaper."

—Kansas City Star.

#### How the Roughhouse Started.

They were talking about various things at the club, when a member not especially noted for his cleanliness remarked, "Would you call a bath a luxury or a necessity?"

"In your case," replied the man addressed, "it would be both—a necessity because you need it so badly and a luxury because you take it so rarely."

—Boston Transcript.

#### The Cow.

"Johnny," said the teacher, "write a sentence containing the word 'contents'."

After a few moments' hard labor Johnny submitted the following: "The contents of a cow is milk."—Chicago News.

#### One of Its Uses.

"Willie, did you see my new shaving brush?"

"Yep. Mom is using it to paint the bird cage."—Columbia Jester.

The word "tomorrow" was invented for irresolute people and for children.—Turgeneff.



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(Editor and Proprietor)  
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Marylander and Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 25, 1916

### GETTING DOWN TO WORK

It is gratifying to observe that the Legislature has settled down to active work. The committees have been appointed and there is no reason now why the most important bills should not be introduced at once and time be given for their due consideration.

The Legislature has also started upon a new career of office abnegation and many a political worker will feel injured because of his failure to obtain a place at Annapolis. It is to be hoped that this good work will be kept up and that the expense of the 1916 session will be far less than that of former ones.

Still another matter has prompted the Legislature to vigorous action. That is the election of a State Treasurer. Hon. Murray Vandiver, who has been serving the State for a long time as its treasurer and the Democratic party of the State as its chairman, is regarded by his Democratic fellows as no longer the proper candidate for the treasurer-ship. He is freely criticised even by former friends and his failure to secure more than 2 per cent upon the State's money is presented as one reason why his re-election would mean a return to the old system rather than an overtone in the direction of party pledge fulfillment. The open ballot, instead of a secret one, was the first blow against Mr. Vandiver's re-election. The Legislature is now dead-locked over the election, Mr. Vandiver's friends standing out for him and his opponents standing for a suitable candidate to take his place.

It looks very much as if the 1916 Legislature has undertaken an entirely new series of reform work. If the beginning is a harbinger of future excellence, the Legislature will no doubt establish a new record.

Before becoming amazed at the indignation of Mr. Hearst's papers because President Wilson has not taken Mexico by the neck and shaken her into a condition of peace and quiet, it may be well to know that Mr. Hearst has large mining interests in Mexico. It always makes a man ferocious, as well as unduly patriotic, when disturbances in a foreign country strike his pocketbook. —Wilmington Every Evening.

### War Geography

In the region called on the modern maps Mesopotamia where the far eastern development of the great war is now focussing, the most ancient civilizations of which we have any written record were located. Somewhere between the Tigris and Euphrates rivers the Garden of Eden is supposed to have been located; but that is tradition. Authentic records are preserved, however, giving some glimpse understanding of a civilization that flourished in this region more than 5,500 years ago. The Chaldeans built cities along the Tigris and Euphrates—a thousand years before Babylon was founded and Babylon was the capital of a great and flourishing kingdom 3,600 years ago. The archaeological explorations that have been conducted in the valleys lying between the Euphrates and the Tigris during the past ten or fifteen years have disclosed the fact that cities are buried under cities in this region over which more than a hundred wars have spread desolation and ruin. And now history is repeating. Another war is sweeping the land of Ur and Nippur.

And if a Turkish army should be sent down to Egypt every mile of the march southward would pass through regions where great cities flourished more than 3,000 years ago. Troy, Tyre, Sidon were along this route. Jerusalem is only a short way back from the coast. In Egypt not far from where Cairo now stands Memphis flourished 4,000 years ago, and about 300 miles further up the Nile was great Thebes, Sodom and Gomorrah, those wicked towns told about in the Bible, were probably somewhere in the region over which this great modern war is sweeping or threatening to sweep, but modern geographers do not know the location of these cities. Alexander of Macedon spread his war eastward to the Euphrates and southward to the Nile region, but that was a mere 2,200 and some odd years ago—comparatively modern. Alexandria, the Egyptian city founded by Alexander, is yet on the map.—The Baltimore Star.

Some men get homesick away from home, others are never home long enough to get sick of it.

### Poor Old Donkey

Some gloomy and cynical philosopher has defined life as "one damned thing after another," and the definition struck a sympathetic chord in the general heart. What is true as to man is equally true if predicted of that melancholy and yet obstinate and perverse symbolic creature, the Democratic Donkey. Just as he seems to be recovering his health and reason, "another damned thing" happens to plunge him again into the psychological condition from which he seemed emerging. This time it is his old flimflam political acquaintance, Mr. Bryan, who is wheeling him back into his old moods of contrariness and folly.

The man who portrayed the latter-day Democracy of the United States under the guise of a donkey had a genius for vivid delineation. The party which is represented by this touching and inspiring emblem has lived up to it with great consistency for over half a century, with two or three notable relapses into a state of intelligence. We hoped when fate permitted Mr. Wilson to slip into the White House between the contending Republicans that the great magician had come who was to transform the Donkey into human semblance. And for a while this hope seemed justified. But we confess that we feel very grave doubts whether it ever will be possible to make anything better out of this animal, when we note Democratic indifference to national preparedness and when we see Democrats lending themselves to the schemes of those who are endeavoring to paralyze the President's efforts.

We do not know whether Mr. Bryan will be the star opposition speaker of the anti-preparedness agitators who propose to trail President Wilson's train when he goes out to address the people on this subject. He may think it too soon to throw off the mask altogether. But there can be no doubt that he is the inspiring cause of the Donkey's characteristic conduct just now. He is, as usual, the evil genius of the party, the wicked fairy who comes in just at the critical moment to prevent the transformation of the Donkey into something higher than a stubborn and mischievous brute. The Democratic party might have been a great deal better off if Mr. Bryan had never been born. It would at least have preserved its respectability. —Baltimore Evening Sun.

### The Big Ditch That Has Gone Wrong

That the Panama Canal has so far proved a great disappointment will be frankly conceded. Since it was nominally completed it has been closed to traffic longer than it has been open. The statement from Washington that it has been again closed indefinitely will cause no surprise. The repeated and prolonged interruptions in the Gaillard Cut have come to be accepted almost as a matter of course. The thing that would surprise us would be the announcement that the canal was all right and that there would be no more interruption to commerce.

Clearly, the trouble is a serious one. But does this mean that all our work has gone for nothing, that we have encountered an irreparable difficulty? There are a billion chances to one against any supposition of this kind.

An authoritative diagnosis will soon be pronounced by the commission of distinguished scientists who have just returned from the Canal Zone, where they were sent by the President to make a careful study of the whole subject. General Goethals, too, is to appear before a Congressional committee on January 27th, so that between the scientists and the great engineer we shall before long have a definite understanding, not only of the character of the trouble, but of what can be done to meet it. It may take a good deal longer to conquer nature than we had anticipated, and it may cost us a pretty penny in addition to what we have already spent. But the important point is to know that we have got at the real seat of the disturbances and can provide a certain remedy. That will remove the uncertainty which now surrounds the canal situation and which tends to create unnecessary anxiety. In our engrossment in other subjects we have failed, perhaps, to realize how important it is to put this question beyond the range of doubt. —Baltimore Evening Sun.

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE  
Toledo, O.  
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

[Advertisement]

**J. E. GREEN**  
**AUCTIONEER**

Eden, Md.  
R. F. D. No. 2

Terms Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed. When you have a sale give me a trial.

### Elkton's Virtue Aroused

It is easy to sympathize with the complaints made by the townspeople of Elkton to members of the Maryland Legislature against a continuance of the State's system of "easy marriages and no questions asked," which has brought public reproach upon the name of their community as a Gretna Green for elopers. The fault, of course, is not theirs, but rather a too accommodating marriage law, and the advantage which is taken of it by persons or justices of the peace who make a thriving business of tying marital knots on an instant's notice, day or night.

There are many persons, old as well as young, who go to Elkton to be married in haste, and not a few to repent at leisure later. The traces of these runaway matches are spread plain in the divorce dockets of the local courts. This is the same old story of the experiences of Camden and afterward Wilmington, which, in turn, enjoyed the patronage of the love-lorn from this city and others in this vicinity until the New Jersey and Delaware Legislatures stiffened the restrictions upon the issuance of licenses and discouraged the patronage of non-residents.

Raising the regulations to a uniform standard with nearby States is the only way for Maryland to get rid of the nuisance, and the plea of the Elktonites ought to be heeded at Annapolis. People who find it necessary to dodge the laws at home when they want to get married should not find their desires facilitated by the mere crossing of a neighboring State's boundary line. —Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

### Pay for Preachers

The Methodist Episcopal Church in this country is now engaged in a campaign to raise an endowment fund of \$15,000,000, the revenue from which it is proposed to apply to the pensioning of preachers. Of the desired amount the sum of \$5,000,000, it is said, is already in hand, and there is no doubt the entire sum will be raised in due time. The amount apportioned to Wilmington Conference is \$200,000, and a determined campaign for meeting this apportionment is now going on, under the auspices of the Board of Conference Claimants.

While some ministers enjoy comfortable, even liberal, salaries, a large majority of them are indifferently paid. According to an estimate recently made, ministers of the Baptist denomination in the U. S. average only \$1.87 per day and it is not probable those of other denominations fare any better.

Yet ministers are as human as other people, and as subject to the worriments of existence. But ministers, of all others, should be relieved of these worriments as far as possible, as they are bound to impair their effectiveness in the practical work of their splendid profession. As to saving enough from their pay to provide for themselves in the days of old age, it is out of the question. Funds for their maintenance when their days of active ministry are over are a necessity; also, this maintenance in reasonable comfort is their just due, not a charity. It is hoped the movement for the endowment fund will be successful in every way. —Wilmington Every Evening.

### Numbers and Values of Live Stock

A summary of estimates of numbers and values of live stock on farms and ranges on January 1st for Maryland and Delaware, compiled by the Bureau of Crop Estimates, Washington, D. C., and transmitted through the Weather Bureau, U. S. Department of Agriculture, is as follows:

Horses—Maryland, 169,000, compared with 167,000 a year ago and 161,000 five years ago. Delaware—36,000; compared with 36,000 a year ago and 34,000 five years ago. Value per head—Maryland—\$105, compared with \$113 a year ago and \$110 five years ago. Delaware—\$95, compared with \$100 a year ago and \$108 five years ago.

Mules—Maryland, 25,000, compared with 35,000 a year ago and 23,000 five years ago. Delaware—6,000; compared with 6,000 a year ago and 6,000 five years ago. Value per head—Maryland, \$121, compared with \$138 a year ago and \$136 five years ago. Delaware, \$114, compared with \$121 a year ago and \$133 five years ago.

Milch Cows—Maryland, 181,000, compared with 177,000 a year ago and 168,000 five years ago. Delaware, 42,000, compared with 41,000 a year ago and 37,000 five years ago. Value per head—Maryland, \$52; compared with \$54 a year ago and \$37.50 five years ago. Delaware, \$53, compared with \$56.50 a year ago and \$42.50 five years ago.

Sheep—Maryland, 223,000, compared with 223,000 a year ago and 237,000 five years ago. Delaware, 8,000; compared with 8,000 a year ago and 8,000 five years ago. Value per head—Maryland, \$5.40; compared with \$5.20 a year ago and \$4.95 five years ago. Delaware, \$5.30; compared with \$5.30 a year ago and \$4.52 five years ago.

Swine—Maryland, 359,000; compared with 349,000 a year ago and 388,000 five years ago. Delaware, 61,000, compared with 60,000 a year ago and 54,000 five years ago. Value per head—Maryland, \$8.50; compared with \$9.70 a year ago and \$8.80 five years ago. Delaware, \$9; compared with \$10.20 a year ago and \$9.50 five years ago.

The Marylander and Herald \$1.00 a year

# REMNANT SALE

## AND CLEARANCE SALE

Wednesday, Jan. 26th to Saturday, Feb. 5th

A WONDERFUL MONEY SAVING EVENT. This is the Store's Semi-Annual Remnant Sale and final Clearance of all Winter Stocks—Prices have been cut to the lowest point possible.

### Final Reduction of Coats, Suits & Furs

Every garment and every piece of fur marked down to cost and less.

A Special Lot of \$11.00 Suits and Coats, formerly priced from \$12.50 to \$25, during the sale \$2.00 each.

### Tailored Skirts

New this season, of splendid material, nicely tailored, in the most popular shades of blue, brown, green, black, plaids and checks. MARKED AT ABOUT COST. These are just the thing for wear now and early Spring.

### A Discount of 20 pr. ct. on Blankets and Comforts

Prices lower during the sale than they will be for years to come. It will pay you to buy even though you have no immediate use for them.



**T. F. HARGIS** DEPARTMENT STORE  
POCOMOKE CITY, MARYLAND

L. CRESTON BEAUCHAMP, Solicitor.

## PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE Real Estate

By virtue of the power and authority contained in a mortgage from Susan L. Hall and William J. Hall, her husband, to Louis W. Gunby, dated the 7th day of December, 1902, recorded among the land records of Somerset county, Maryland, in Liber O. T. B., No. 34, folio 304, etc., which said mortgage was assigned to Mildred Beauchamp and Sidney H. Beauchamp, infants and wards of Ida I. Beauchamp, (default having occurred under the conditions of said mortgage) as attorney named in said mortgage, I will sell at public auction in front of the Court House, in Princess Anne, Maryland, on

**Tuesday, Feb. 15th, 1916,**

at or about the hour of 2:30 o'clock p. m., all that farm or tract of land in Brinkley's district, Somerset county, Maryland, on the new State road leading from Burnettsville to Marion, being all the land which was conveyed to Susan L. Hall by Clarence P. Lankford, trustee, by deed dated the 10th day of August, 1895, and recorded among the land records of Somerset county in Liber H. F. L., No. 17, folio 260, except the several portions thereof conveyed by the said Susan L. Hall and William J. Hall, her husband, to Milton Mason, Isaac Funnell, Thomas Hall, Rosalind A. S. Tull Co., Herbert Hall, Fred C. Scarborough and Iris Whitington by deeds duly recorded among said records, and being the same property upon which Susan L. Hall resided at the time of her death, and containing

**121 1-2 Acres of Land,**

more or less. The above described farm is improved by a COMMODIOUS DWELLING, a LARGE BARN, OUTHOUSES, a STORE HOUSE AND DWELLING combined and three tenant houses, all of which are in good repair. Mr. William J. Hall will, upon the request of any prospective purchaser, point out the lines of the land hereby described for sale. TERMS OF SALE:—Cash as prescribed by said mortgage. Title papers at the purchaser's expense.

JOSHUA W. MILES, Attorney named in said mortgage.

1-25

## Does This Fit Your Horse?

Is he sluggish? Does he look rough or unthrifty, pass mushy or offensive smelling stools mixed with undigested whole grains, eat decayed wood, earth or soiled bedding? Has he a capricious appetite; does he pass thick and cloudy urine? If so, he has catarrh of the bowels caused by exposure to rainy weather, or irregular or overfeeding. Give him

## Cal-Sino

### HORSE RESTORATIVE

A real medicinal powder made expressly to cure these disorders and to build up run-down systems. It regulates nutrition, and is a general health and strength promoter. A small quantity given with the food loosens and expels clogged, catarrhal and stagnant waste matter from the bowels, and KNOCKS OUT WORMS. Try it, you'll use it always. 2 lb. Cans 50c; 12 lb. pails, \$2.00.

Cal-Sino Colic Cure gives quick relief without stopping the bowels like most others do—small doses; no drugging. 6 Dose Bottle, 25c; 32 Dose Bottle, \$1. Cal-Sino Dietsupper, Cough and Heave Remedy positively cures distemper and coughs, and when used with Cal-Sino Tonic (Strong) cures all curable cases of heaves. Large bottle (12 oz.) 50c.

FOR SALE BY

C. H. HAYMAN

PRINCESS ANNE, AND LEADING MERCHANTS OF OTHER TOWNS.

Fetch your Job Printing to this office

## PUBLIC SALE

### Horses and Mules

I will sell at Public Sale (rain or shine) at my stables at ORIOLE, Somerset county, Md., on

**Friday, January 28, 1916,**

Beginning at 11 o'clock A. M.

**11 Head of Horses,**

**9 Head of Mules,**

**2 Good Milch Cows**

The horses and mules are from 4 to 12 years old, and will weigh from 900 to 1400 pounds each. Everything will positively be sold.

TERMS OF SALE

Twelve month's note with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale.

HARRY T. PHOEBUS.

### Application For

## Oyster Grounds

The following application for oyster ground in or adjacent to Somerset county is now on file in the office of the Board of Shell Fish Commissioners of Maryland.

Published charts of the natural oyster bars of Somerset county are filed with the clerk of the Circuit Court of said county.

Notice is hereby given that all protests against the granting of said lease must be filed in the Circuit Court of Somerset county on or before the 20th day of March, 1916.

Applicant Address Acres  
BELLIE B. COX Westover, Md. Not exceeded 300

Located in Great Annapomess river, on the north side thereof, off Myrtle Point, above the late residence of L. W. Cox and below Chamberlain's Cove (locally known) as shown on published chart No. 4.

1-18

BOARD OF SHELL FISH COMMISSIONERS.

### Order Nisi

Addison D. Miles and others vs. Harry B. Miles.

No. 3064, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County.

Ordered by the subscriber, clerk of the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 31st day of December, nineteen hundred and fifteen, that the report of H. Fillmore Lankford, the trustee mentioned in the above cause, and the sale of real estate by him reported, be and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary appear by exceptions filed before the 12th day of February, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Somerset county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 12th day of January, 1916.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$140.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.

True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

1-25

### Children Cry

## FOR FLETCHER'S

## CASTORIA

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice

that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN T. HUDSON,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Fourteenth day of June, 1916.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 7th day of December, 1915.

NORA P. HUDSON and PETER O. HUDSON,

Administrators of John T. Hudson, deceased.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

### Order Nisi

Gordon Tull, ex parte, trust created by mortgage from William J. Hall and Susan L. Hall, his wife, to Charles A. Miller, assigned to the Farmers Bank of Somerset County.

No. 3069, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 8th day of January, 1916, that the report of Gordon Tull, the trustee mentioned in the above cause, and the sale of real estate by him reported, be and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary appear by exceptions filed before the 8th day of February, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Somerset county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 8th day of February, 1916.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$3630.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.

True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

### Order Nisi

H. Fillmore Lankford, executor of Kate Hastings, deceased, vs. Gus. Muir.

No. 3065, Chancery. In the Circuit Court for Somerset County.

Ordered by the Circuit Court for Somerset County, in Equity, this 14th day of January, nineteen hundred and sixteen, that the report of H. Fillmore Lankford, the trustee mentioned in the above cause, and the sale of real estate by him reported, be and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary appear by exceptions filed before the 12th day of February, 1916; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Somerset county, once in each of three successive weeks before the 12th day of January, 1916.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$140.

HENRY L. D. STANFORD, Judge.

True Copy. Test: W. JEROME STERLING, Clerk.

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice

that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters of administration on the estate of

DANIEL J. MADDOX,

late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers on or before the

Twenty-fifth day of July, 1916.

or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 13th day of January, 1916.

GEORGE W. MADDOX, ROBERT F. MADDOX,

Administrators of Daniel J. Maddox, deceased.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

### If Mothers Only Know

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children relieve Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy worms. They break up colds in 24 hours. Used by mothers for 25 years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

### JOB PRINTING—We do it.

Give us your next order.



Notice of Marriages and Deaths will be published free—but obituaries must be paid for at the rate of (5) five cents per line.

BUSINESS POINTERS

Ten (10) cents a line for the first insertion and (5) cents thereafter.

Who's going to join the Order of Nuts?

FOR SALE—Cow Peas, Seed Oats and Clover Seed. Wm. P. PODD.

FOR RENT—Brick Garage at the rear of my residence. SUSIE E. COLLINS.

FOR SALE—Lot of Pigs and Pair of Farm Mares and a Pair of Mules. J. A. ELLEGOOD, Princess Anne, Md., Route 4.

FOR SALE—Five pure bred Poland China Pigs that are eligible for registry. Price \$5.00 each. R. H. HARRIS, Route 1, Princess Anne, Md.

For sale or exchange for Princess Anne property, private residence in south Florida. Title clear. HARRY L. DECKER, Punta Gorda, Florida.

SALESMAN WANTED to look after our interest in Somerset and adjacent counties. Salary or commission. Address THE HARVEY OIL CO., Cleveland, O.

Big bargains in all kinds of stoves at Pusey's Hardware Store. I am overstocked and must sell regardless of cost. E. S. PUSEY, Princess Anne.

FOR RENT—House on Prince William street, opposite Protestant Episcopal Rectory. Possession January 1st, 1916. W. H. DASHIELL, Marylander and Herald Office.

FOR SALE—One mare, 8 years old, will weigh about 1500 pounds; one Dry Dock colt, coming 8 years old, broke to drive; one Dry Dock colt, coming 2 years old, and one work mare. J. W. REVELL, Princess Anne, Route 4.

W. T. Barbon has gone on a business trip to buy goods for the third sale, which is to begin Feb. 2nd. Will have bargains in Dry Goods, Notions and other goods. Come look and buy. W. T. BARBON & CO., Mt. Vernon.

FOR SALE—Ice, Coal, Wood, Fertilizer, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flaxseed Meal, Cottonseed Meal, Bran, Middlings, Dairy Feeds, Hominy, Beef Scrap, Chicken Feeds, etc., wholesale and retail. W. P. TODD, Princess Anne, Md.

Miss Marian Stanford is visiting relatives in Baltimore and Washington.

Mrs. Thomas H. Bock returned from a visit to Philadelphia last Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Spiva spent last Wednesday and Thursday in Baltimore.

Miss Mary Miles Dashiell left last Tuesday for a visit to relatives in Baltimore.

Miss Etta Powell and Miss Nellie Grise, of Belin, are visiting Mrs. J. Earl Morris.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Comfort, of Gettysburg, Pa., are visiting relatives in Princess Anne.

Mrs. William Wailes Dashiell, of New York city, is visiting Mrs. C. M. Dashiell, on Beckford avenue.

The Shoreland Club was entertained last Wednesday afternoon by Miss Amanda Lankford, on Main street.

Messrs. H. L. Brittingham, E. H. Cohn and Charles W. Wainwright, Jr., were visitors in Baltimore, last week.

Mrs. Charles C. Tyler, of Crisfield, spent the first of last week in Princess Anne with her daughter, Mrs. Benjamin H. Sterling.

Miss Emily I. Dashiell, of Dover, Del., spent the week-end in Princess Anne at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dashiell.

Miss Temple L. Basford, teacher of Manual Training and Domestic Science at the Crisfield High School, was a week-end visitor in Princess Anne.

Miss Eleanor Stanford last Thursday evening was the recipient of a surprise party tendered to her by her school mates of the Washington Academy. The evening was spent in dancing and other pleasurable sports.

Miss Beulah F. Powell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Powell, of West Princess Anne district, who recently graduated at the Beacom Business College, Salisbury, left Wednesday to accept a position in Wilmington, Del.

Next Friday night "The Win(k)some Widow," a very funny 4-reel comedy, will be the attraction at the Auditorium. This will be followed by the 29th chapter of "The Diamond from the Sky"—don't fail to attend as you will soon know who gets the diamond.

Mr. Leland Johnson, who is a student at Washington College, Chestertown, spent last week at the home of his mother, Mrs. Mary Johnson. The recent fire at the College caused the institution to be closed for one week whilst insurance investigations were being conducted.

Five thousand all-steel freight cars have been ordered by the Pennsylvania Railroad to replace old equipment on its lines east of Pittsburgh, it was announced last Thursday. Of this number 3,000 are placed with the Cambria Steel Company and 2,000 with the Ralston Steel Car Company.

Mrs. Rosetta E. Young, died on Wednesday, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Clara Moore, on West street, Delmar, of pneumonia. Funeral services were conducted at the Baptist Church on Friday morning by the Rev. W. G. Cooper. The remains were brought to Princess Anne and taken to Emmanuel Church, Perryhawkin, for interment. Mr. John S. Dennis, who resides about four miles east of Princess Anne, is a brother of the deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Lankford returned on Friday evening last from a trip to Philadelphia and New York.

Miss Lelia Bounds, teacher of Manual Training in the Princess Anne High School, spent a part of last week in Pocomoke City, as a guest of her cousin Miss Mary B. Pusey.

The gunning party that last week went to Virginia to shoot ducks, returned on Wednesday evening. The weather conditions were severe, but nevertheless the party had an agreeable trip. Fourteen ducks and a goose were the trophies. Dr. T. Jacob Smith, and Messrs. B. H. Dougherty and L. Creston Beauchamp were the gentlemen who constituted the trio.

Among those who attended the Sunday School Convention at Crisfield last Friday were the following from Princess Anne: Rev. D. J. Givan, Mrs. D. J. Givan, Mr. J. R. Gentry, Mr. Burton Dryden, Mrs. A. P. Mills, Mrs. Sallie Costen, Mrs. A. E. Krause, Mrs. A. E. Bond, Mrs. Joseph G. Scott, Miss Amanda Lankford, Miss Mary Crisfield, Miss Frances Wainwright and Mr. Charles W. Wainwright. Miss Amanda Lankford, of Princess Anne, was elected statistical secretary.

Dr. E. E. Tull and other residents living along the Wicomico Creek road have filed a petition and bond with the County Commissioners asking for the construction of a mile of shell macadam road, leading from the State Road over the said Wicomico Creek road towards Mt. Vernon. The amount of the bond given is \$3000 and is conditioned for the payment of ten per cent. of the cost of such construction. The plan of the petitioners is to have the road built under the State-aid law, whereby the State pays fifty per cent. of the cost of construction.

Fire On Steamer Avalon

Fire broke out last Wednesday morning on the steamer Avalon, of the Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Railway Company, when near Tilghman's, while on her way from Baltimore to Easton. The blaze started in the smoking room and occurred about one o'clock, when nearly all the passengers were asleep. When the alarm sounded a panic ensued.

Men ran from one end of the boat to the other crying "fire," while the women rushed from their staterooms in various stages of undress, screaming and crying. Several women fainted. By the work of the officers, assisted by several cool-headed passengers, the fire was extinguished before much damage was done and the steamer proceeded on her way to Tilghman and Easton.

Billy Sunday Tabernacle

The Baltimore American thus describes the Sunday auditorium erected there: "When Billy Sunday steps on the platform in the tabernacle, which is to be erected on the York road, he will preach in the largest building erected for audience purposes in the world. The structure will be about 350 feet in length and about 280 feet in width, giving the building a ground area of about 98,000 square feet. The main auditorium will be at least 20 feet in height. This will give the tabernacle more than 1,000,000 cubic feet of space. Preparatory to the coming of the evangelist there will be held in that city about 30,000 prayer meetings between this time and that day in February when the campaign will open. One of the most complete organizations that that city has ever seen has just been formed."

Bill To Remunerate Farmers

The Live Stock Sanitary Board Bill appropriating funds for the compensation of Maryland livestock owners whose animals were killed by officials during the recent foot-and-mouth epidemic was introduced simultaneously last Wednesday in the Senate and House. Senator Warfield, of Carroll, fathered the bill in the upper body and Delegate Woodson, of the same county, in the House. The bill carries a lump appropriation of \$29,755.67, and the owners to be remunerated are named in the bill with the specific sums to their credit. The amount represents 50 per cent. of the total assessed value of the animals killed, the federal government having already paid the other half.

Secretary Melville, of the Livestock Board, took the bill to the Capitol Wednesday morning. He explained that the payments will cost the state far less than the aggregate amount in the bill, as the board will turn back to the state treasury over \$8,000 from the state veterinarian and patrol funds.

Advertised Letters

The following is a list of letters, remaining in the Princess Anne postoffice uncalled for:

Miss Emily Lankford, Mrs. Clarence Ewing, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Morris, Mrs. Frank Albert Smith.

Persons calling for the above letters will please state they are advertised.

H. L. BRITTINGHAM, P. M.

The Gist Of It

"Last December I had a very severe cold and was nearly down sick in bed. I bought two bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it was only a very few days until I was completely restored to health," writes O. J. Metcalf, Weatherby, Mo. "If you would know the value of this remedy, ask any one who has used it. Obtainable everywhere."

[Advertisement]

Ricks' Forecasts For February

A regular storm period is central on January 30th, extending from January 28th to February 4th. The moon is farthest south on January 30th, it is in perigee, or nearest the Earth, on February 1st, and in conjunction with Sun and Earth, or at new Moon, on the 3rd. The Moon will be in eclipse with the Sun on the 3rd. This indicates violent electric activities. These things call for active to dangerous storms, during the last two days of January, and up to the 4th of February. These storms will be over the central Mississippi Valley by February 1st, with rising barometer, northwest gales and a cold wave starting from the northwest. By the 1st to 3rd, the actual storms of rain and snow will reach the eastern states and the Atlantic seaboard, and the high barometer and blizzards snow and winds will be close on their heels, rushing eastward and southward.

A reactionary storm period is central on Friday, Saturday and Sunday, the 4th, 5th and 6th. The Moon is on the celestial equator on the 6th. Mercury is at inferior conjunction with Earth and Sun on the 5th, and Uranus is also in conjunction with Sun and Earth on the 5th. From these and other astronomic causes that might be mentioned, it is safe to say that many disturbances in the way of storms and erratic changes are probable at this time.

A regular storm period is central on the 10th, covering Tuesday the 8th, to Sunday the 13th. The Moon is in quadrature, or at first quarter, on the 10th, and at extreme north declination and in apogee on the 13th. The planet Mars is in opposition, or nearest the Earth for this year, on the 10th. The regular Vulcan period, is, of course, the foundation of this period, accentuated, perhaps by a solstice excitement of the planet Venus, in very close conjunction with the great planet Jupiter. As we enter this period we are to expect a decided change to warmer, beginning in the west and attended by falling barometer and growing cloudiness. During the 9th to about the 11th, these conditions will advance into the great central valleys, breaking into storms of wind and rain.

A reactionary storm period will run its course on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 15th to the 18th. This period will be affected by the first stages of the March, or Vernal equinox of the Earth, by the opening of the Mercury equinox, and by the Moon's opposition to Earth and Sun, near the celestial equator. Storms of this period will reach their crisis within forty-eight hours of sunset on the 18th. Rain may be expected during the opening stage of this period, or along the eastern rim of the advancing low barometer; but rain will turn to snow, over central to northern sections, in the general swing eastward of the storm center, causing snow and sleet, as the rising barometer, westerly winds and change to colder follow up the warm and rainy areas.

A regular storm period is central on the 22nd, extending over Sunday the 20th, to Friday, the 25th. The disturbing periods of Vulcan and Mercury have their centers together on the 22nd. The Moon is on the celestial equator on the 20th, on its way to south declination. All these facts indicate very active, if not violent, disturbances during this period. Sudden change to much warmer will appear in the west, attended by falling barometer, with possibly rain and thunderstorms, as early as the 20th. Wind, rain and thunder will be succeeded by snow and sleet and change to very cold; all these phases touching, progressively, during successive days of the period.

A reactionary storm period is central on the last three days of February. The Moon is at last quarter on the 26th, at extreme declination south on the 27th, in perigee on the 29th. These days will bring return of low barometer, southerly winds, warmer weather, general rains. As we enter March, storms of rain, turning to sleet and snow will be disappearing eastward with cold, clearing weather following closely in their rear.

His Trap Killed A Chicken Thief

W. Dickey Jamison, son of Rev. David Jamison, a retired Presbyterian minister, has been greatly annoyed of late by chicken thieves at his farm on Swan Creek, near Havre de Grace, Md., having lost over 100 chickens. He set a trap gun at the entrance of the chicken house on Sunday night, the 16th inst., and when James Sullivan, a negro, opened the door the gun was discharged, the entire load taking effect in the left leg below the knee.

The negro screamed, and Jamison hurried to the place to find the colored man's leg nearly shot away. The farmer harnessed his horse to a wagon and drove to the hospital at Havre de Grace. The leg was amputated, but the negro, weakened from loss of blood, died.

The police took up the matter with State's Attorney McCombs, but the latter refused to take action, stating it was a case for the grand jury. While being taken to the hospital Sullivan said he was accompanied on his expedition by two other colored men, but they were not found.

Constipation And Indigestion

"I have used Chamberlain's Tablets and must say they are the best I have ever used for constipation and indigestion. My wife also used them for indigestion and they did her good," writes Eugene S. Knight, Wilmington, N. C. Obtainable everywhere.

[Advertisement]

FIVE NEGROES LYNCHED

Georgia Mob Gets Into Jail By Ruse And Hangs Alleged Murderers

Five negroes taken from the Worth County Jail at Sylvester, Georgia, last Thursday night were hanged to one limb of a tree on the outskirts of Starkville some time during the night. The bodies, containing many bullet holes, were found Friday morning.

Four of the victims were of one family—Felix Lake and his three sons, Frank, Dewey and Major. The fifth was Rodius Seemore.

James Keith, another negro, was the prisoner most wanted by the lynchers, but Sheriff Potts had taken the precaution to remove him several days ago to some other jail. The negroes were being held as suspects in connection with the killing of Sheriff Moreland of Lee county.

Thursday night several men drove up to the jail in an automobile. They had with them a negro, bound hand and foot, whom they announced they had captured and thought it best to take him there for safekeeping. They were allowed to enter, and then pounced upon the jailer and took his keys.

Within a few moments several more automobiles appeared. It took only a few minutes for the party to get the five negroes, hurry them out to the cars and start north toward Sasser, Terrell county, where Sheriff Moreland is buried.

Live Up Your Topical Liver To keep your liver active use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They insure good digestion, relieve constipation, and tone up the whole system—keep your eye clear and your skin fresh and healthy looking. Only 25c. at your Druggist.

[Advertisement]

WASHINGTON HOTEL TONSORIAL PARLOR

Sanitary and Up-to-date Expert Workmen Only HERBERT A. HOLLAND, Proprietor

PHILIP M. SMITH Funeral Director PRINCESS ANNE, MD.

All funeral work will receive prompt attention. Local phone.

GLASSES

Prescribed by Charles W. Purnell at O. A. Jones' Drug Store Wednesday Afternoon, February 2nd, 1916.

Satisfaction is assured. CHARLES W. PURNELL OPTOMETRIST Phone 457 J Cambridge, Md.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

DESIRABLE FARMS RIVER FRONTS \$2.00 per acre, up to \$10.00 with a building on it; \$7.00 per acre near Railroad BURNED AND GROUND SHELL LIME \$5.00 per ton, delivered by rail or water Fine enough to be put on with Lime Distributor. ORGANS, PIANOS, SINGER SEWING MACHINES, AUTOMOBILES, OPEN DRAIN SAND AND CONCRETE TILE. Lime in exchange for corn, hay, cordwood. Fine Seed Corn for sale.

E. W. McGRATH, Crisfield, Maryland

ATTRACTIONS FOR THIS WEEK AT THE AUDITORIUM Motion Pictures

TUESDAY NIGHT H. B. Warner in "The Lost Paradise" THURSDAY NIGHT Wallace Edinger in "A Gentleman of Leisure" FRIDAY NIGHT The 29th Chapter of "The Diamond from the Sky" and "The Win(k)some Widow," a very funny 4 reel comedy ADMISSION Adults, 10 cents; children 5 cents and 5 cents in the gallery. SATURDAY NIGHT Charles Richmond in "The Man from Home" Admission 10 Cents First Pictures, 7.45; second, 8.45 o'clock



Do You Want a Good Complexion? Velvet Skin Lotion

is the answer. This Lotion is a high grade skin food, composed of pure vegetable oils which have long been known as skin foods and beautifiers. If you suffer in summer from sunburn, Prickly Heat, Irritation, Chapped Hands or Face you should use this Lotion as a speedy relief.

Gentlemen find it a delightful and healing application after shaving. Try a bottle to-day. The price is only 25 cents for a large bottle.

OMAR A. JONES Druggist Princess Anne

REMNANT SALE

With Stock-taking over we are placing on sale unprecedented attractions in

REMNANTS

From all Departments: Ends of Dress Goods Odd pieces of Underwear Shorts in White Goods Hosiery, Gloves, Knit Goods Suits and Coats, for Ladies and Children Short lengths of Matting Short lengths of Linoleum Special lot, 25c yd., worth 50c Wall Paper All Fancy Chinaware and numerous others for this Special Sale. Spring Goods will soon be in so don't expect to get these bargains long.

W. O. LANKFORD & SON The Home Furnishers PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

DICKINSON'S Remnant Sale

And With It A

General Clearance Sale

Remnant Sale starts promptly at 9 o'clock, Wednesday, January 26, 1916. Clearance Sale starts the same day and ends February 2 to make room for our Spring Goods.

Suits and Coats		Underwear	
\$25.00 Suits and Coats	\$12.50	\$1.50 Values	\$1.10
20.00 " " "	10.00	1.25 " "	1.00
15.00 " " "	7.50	1.00 " "	.75
10.00 " " "	5.00	.75 " "	.60
7.50 " " "	3.75	.50 " "	.40
5.00 " " "	2.50	.25 " "	.20
Silk Skirts		Hill's Muslin	
500		At 8c yard.	
\$5.00 Values	\$3.50	1,000 yds. Bleached Muslin at 7c.	
4.00 " "	3.00	500 yds. Gingham at 6c.	
2.50 " "	1.50	\$20.00 Coat Suits were \$25.00 to \$10.00 Special Price \$1.98.	
1.50 " "	1.00	Blankets and Comforts	
Gloves		\$5.00 Values	\$3.50
\$1.50 @	\$1.10	3.50 " "	2.50
1.25 @	1.00	3.00 " "	2.00
1.00 @	.75	2.50 " "	1.75
.50 @	.40	2.00 " "	1.50
Remnants		1.75 " "	1.25
In this sale will be found thousands of Remnants in Wool Goods, Cotton Goods, Silks, Velvets, Lace, Ribbons, Sheetings, Calicoes, Muslin Underwear and Notions of all kinds.		1.50 " "	1.00
We will allow if not listed in the ad. 20c on each dollar spent with us in this Sale in any Department.		1.25 " "	.75
TERMS CASH		Sweaters	
No goods exchanged or laid aside.		\$6.00 Values	\$4.00
		5.00 " "	3.75
		4.00 " "	3.00
		3.00 " "	2.25
		2.50 " "	1.75
		2.00 " "	1.50
		1.50 " "	1.10
		1.25 " "	1.00
Woolen Goods		Furs Furs	
\$2.00 Values	\$1.50	\$25.00 Values	\$15.00
1.50 " "	1.15	20.00 " "	12.50
1.25 " "	1.00	15.00 " "	10.00
1.00 " "	.75	10.00 " "	6.50
.75 " "	.60	Children's Furs	
.50 " "	.40	Reduction at the price as stated above.	

Remnant Sale Starts Promptly at 9 o'clock WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1916

W. S. Dickinson & Son Pocomoke City, Md.



## A CHANGE OF LUCK

Story of a Man Who Yearned to Own an Automobile.

HIS CHANCE CAME AT LAST.

It Was Wholly Unexpected and Under Peculiar Circumstances, but the Car, a Beauty, Was His Very Own—Then Came the Saddening Climax.

The fierce joy a poor man feels when he has at last gained possession of an auto he has craved is sometimes a delusion and a snare. I know, for I have experienced said joy.

Anything is likely to happen to a United States marine on his travels around and about this old earth of ours, and it so fell out at the Frisco that I became sole owner of a \$3,000 touring car for exactly thirty-seven minutes. Rudolph Spreckels, the millionaire sugar refiner, gave it to me, and I don't remember whether I thanked him for it or not. I hope not.

I was on duty at the United States marine barracks on Mare island at the time of the earthquake and fire at San Francisco, and when we got word of the affair we marines made a record breaking dash in a torpedo boat destroyer to the scene of the disaster.

Near the corner of Van Ness avenue and Bush street, at the foot of Lafayette square, stood the million dollar home of Rudolph Spreckels. Some of the marines entered in the course of duty, while I went to the rear and into the garage. There in the garage, flat on his back under the prettiest car you ever laid eyes on, was Rudolph Spreckels, vainly endeavoring to unlock the rear wheel gear of the machine. Something had locked the rear wheels and had put the car out of commission.

I tried as best I could to assist Mr. Spreckels, but I wasn't of much use considering I'm no mechanic. Then he and I together tried to shove the car through the door of the garage, but halfway through it stuck, and Mr. Spreckels became somewhat discouraged. The fire was nearing his home rapidly, and as there was no time to lose, he clasped my hand fervently and said, "The car is yours, my boy, if you can save it." Then he made off for the heights of Lafayette square and safety.

For a moment I stood transfixed with the wonder of it all, for I could scarcely realize that the beautiful car was all my own, to do with as I pleased. And then I came out of my dream and gazed at the crippled car stuck fast in the doorway.

Down the street maddened people were hurrying to Lafayette square, dragging their belongings with them, but their shrill cries of terror and apprehension found scarce an answering echo in my heart. I had troubles of my own just then. Six thousand dollars of my money was tied up in that door, and to save it I realized that I must act quickly. It would take at least twenty men to shove that car to the heights of Lafayette square and safety, and I knew that I could look for no assistance from the half crazed people who were scurrying to that vantage point. My marine companions had gone farther down the street on their errands of mercy, and I could not look to them for help. But I could not save the car by gazing around helplessly, and I mapped out a plan of action.

I was wearing a big 38 at my side, and I must have been a wonderful figure to the onlookers as, with brandished pistol, I joined the mob on the street, shouting wildly as I ran, "A horse, a horse—me kingdom for a horse!"

My purpose was to impress into my service any automobile or horse. I might find and so drag my beauty "six" to Lafayette square. But there was nothing doing. I rushed wildly up and down the street, but the maddened throng paid not the slightest heed to me. Nor could a single horse or auto be seen anywhere. The fire had almost reached Bush and Van Ness streets, and I knew that I had but one chance. Perhaps in Lafayette square was some person who had brought his valuables there by aid of horse or auto power and I might be able to borrow the means of propulsion for a few minutes. Borrow? Heavens! With that six shooter in my starboard mitt, borrow was a mighty poor word. The automobile and fire mania was on me, and I was not responsible.

So, Mercury beled, I ascended to Lafayette square. Arrived there, I looked down upon the tragic scene below. The fire had reached Van Ness avenue, and as I looked the tiled roofing of the Spreckels home fell in, giving vent to forked flames that shot in and out like serpents' tongues. A few minutes later the tiling on the Spreckels garage gave way, and my beauty "six" lay crushed and buried in the mass of wreckage.

I could look no longer. Heartsick and weary, I wended my way through the crowd gathered in Lafayette square. Then I started down the hill in quest of my comrades.

No, indeed, you never realize what life really means until you have watched the only automobile you ever owned burn up exactly thirty-seven minutes after you began to own it—Sergeant Raymond Britt, United States Marine Corps.

When war is raging the laws are dumb.—Cicero.

## A WORD FOR MOTHERS

It is a grave mistake for mothers to neglect their aches and pains and suffer in silence—this only leads to chronic sickness and often shortens life.

If your work is tiring; if your nerves are excited; if you feel languid, weary or depressed, you should know that Scott's Emulsion overcomes just such conditions.

It possesses in concentrated form the very elements to invigorate the blood, strengthen the tissues, nourish the nerves and build strength.

Scott's is strengthening thousands of mothers—and will help you. No alcohol. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

## FORESAW HIS DOWNFALL.

Napoleon Had Planned to Secure a Home in This Country.

When Joseph Bonaparte left me, the impression on my mind was that had he not been Napoleon's brother he would have passed for a very remarkable man.

I had almost forgot to mention that the conversation having incidentally turned toward his chateau at Borden town he mentioned as the principal reason for choosing that situation a conversation with Napoleon, I think immediately or not long after Napoleon's return from Russia. They were alone together, and his brother, laying a large map of the United States on a table, said:

"Joseph, it is very probable that the time is not distant when you and I will be forced to seek an asylum in the United States. Come, let us look out the best spot."

"After a careful examination they decided that the most desirable place was somewhere between the Delaware and Hudson in the state of New Jersey. Napoleon was destined to a slow and painful sacrifice, but Joseph found refuge in the United States and was governed in his selection of a home by the recollection of the prophetic interview with his brother."—From an Unpublished Manuscript of James K. Paulding in Harper's Magazine.

## BANANAS AS FOOD.

The Best Way to Serve Them is Baked When Full Ripe.

Children under three years of age do not chew their food thoroughly; they bolt it. For this reason they should not have bananas to eat uncooked. Bananas are nutritious, but they are an indigestible food unless they are well masticated. They are more easily digested when cooked than when eaten raw.

The most digestible form of cooked banana is the baked one. This is prepared first by washing the fruit, then cutting a small piece from each end of the bananas (as when preparing a sweet potato for baking). Place the bananas to be baked on a tin plate or similar dish in a hot oven. When they feel tender after pricking with a fork they are well baked. Dark brown or brown stained bananas (not the bright yellow ones) are best for eating, either raw or baked.

After the fruit is baked it is placed on a platter and served as a meat. It is not, however, turned out of the skin. When ready to eat it split the skin and banana lengthwise of the fruit; season it with salt, pepper and a little butter. In warm weather baked bananas may be used to take the place of meat at a meal.—Philadelphia Record.

"Pins and Needles." After being for a long time in a constrained attitude a peculiar numbness and pricking are often felt in the arm, leg or foot. This is caused by some interruption to the circulation and can usually be removed by rubbing or exercise. The reason of the sensation, which is decidedly uncomfortable while it lasts, is that pressure for a certain length of time deadens the sensibility of a nerve. When this pressure is suddenly removed, as straightening out the leg after sitting with it doubled underneath the body, sensibility gradually returns to the nerve, and as each nerve fiber composing the trunk regains its normal condition of sensibility a pricking sensation is felt, and these successive prickings from the successive awakenings of the numerous fibers have not infrequently been called "pins and needles."

## Forewarned.

Little Harold was spending a few days at his aunt's house. Just before they sat down to the dinner table he took his aunt aside and whispered: "My mamma don't allow me to ask for a second helping of dessert. I thought I'd let you know, so you wouldn't think I didn't like the kind of pie and things you make."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

## A Good One.

"I don't see so much in these witty claims aimed at the mother-in-law." "Think she is unduly joshed, eh?" "I do. Mine lives with us and when my wife storms at me the old lady takes my part quite frequently."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

## For Rheumatism

As soon as an attack of Rheumatism begins apply Sloan's Liniment. Don't waste time and suffer unnecessary agony. A few drops of Sloan's Liniment on the affected parts is all you need. The pain goes at once.

A grateful sufferer writes—"I was suffering for three weeks with Chronic Rheumatism and Stiff Neck, although I tried many medicines, they failed, and I was under the care of a doctor. Fortunately I heard of Sloan's Liniment and after using it three or four days am up and well. I am employed at the biggest department store in S. F. where they employ from six to eight hundred hands, and they surely will hear all about Sloan's Liniment."—H. B. Smith, San Francisco, Cal.—Jan. 1916. At all Druggists.

## TOOK FRANKLIN'S ADVICE.

Then Paul Jones Named His New Ship After "Poor Richard."

In his autobiography Franklin tells how he utilized "the little spaces that occurred between the remarkable days" in his almanac to contain "proverbial sentences, chiefly such as inculcated industry and frugality as the means of procuring wealth, and, thereby securing virtue, it being more difficult for a man in want to act always honestly, as, to use here one of these proverbs, 'It is hard for an empty sack to stand upright.'"

Most of these proverbs were borrowed from "the wisdom of many ages and nations," as Franklin himself acknowledges, but not a few of them seem to be due to his own witty wisdom, and that just quoted appears to be one of these. Taken as a whole, the sayings of Poor Richard range rather with the more elevated and more incisive aphorism, and Morley chose to dismiss them with curt contempt as "kitchen maxims about thrift in time and money."

Yet the saying about the empty sack rises a little above the level of the kitchen maxim, and so does that other which declares that "if you would have your business done, go; if not, send."

One of Franklin's biographers records that when Paul Jones, after his victory in the Ranger, went to Brest to await the new ship which had been promised him, he was tormented for months by excuses and delays despite his appeals to Franklin, to the royal family and to the king himself. Then at last he chanced to pick up "Poor Richard," and the saying just quoted hit home. He took the hint, "hurried to Versailles, and there got an order for the ship which he renamed in honor of his teacher, Bon Homme Richard."—Brander Matthews in Harper's Magazine.

## SOCIABLE PENGUINS.

Visits Not Appreciated by Explorers in the Antarctic.

R. E. Priestley of Captain Scott's antarctic expedition relates an amusing experience with Adelle penguins off Flagstaff point. The Terra Nova had landed a party to take off geological specimens, but the men had some difficulty in keeping the penguins away from the boat.

As we lay alongside the ice foot, says the author in his "Antarctic Adventure," we blocked the birds' access to their rookery, but that did not seem to bother the penguins in the least. They would rise out of the water a few yards off, take a glance at the boat, which they doubtless took for a stranded floe, and then disappear. From previous experience I knew what was coming and looked with interest for the next act, but the boatman who was helping me get the specimens on board was new to the vagaries of the Adelle.

I was unable to judge which was the more surprised, the sailor or the penguins, when the latter landed, half a dozen at a time, upright in the bottom of the boat. Certainly the penguins were most annoyed, and directly they found that they were trapped they assaulted the poor man with unreasoning fury, so that it was no easy matter to pitch them back into the sea.

It was on a similar occasion that an Adelle penguin, seeing what he thought was a handy piece of ice, leaped out of the water and landed on the knees of the boatswain who was in the stern. He looked the man in the face, gave one hysterical squawk of horror and shot into the sea. I have never seen a face show greater astonishment than that of our respected boatswain unless it were the penguin's.

## No Longer Romantic.

"Where is that romantic old mill that I used to paint?"

"So many artists came to paint that mill," explained the owner, "that I got ashamed of its tumbledown appearance and repaired it."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

## Ropes of Sand.

At the seaside a girl may appear to be making ropes of sand, but they are usually strong enough to hold some fool man as long as she wants to hold him.—Florida Times-Union.

It's a good thing our buried hopes don't need tombstones or the supply would run mighty short.—New York Times.

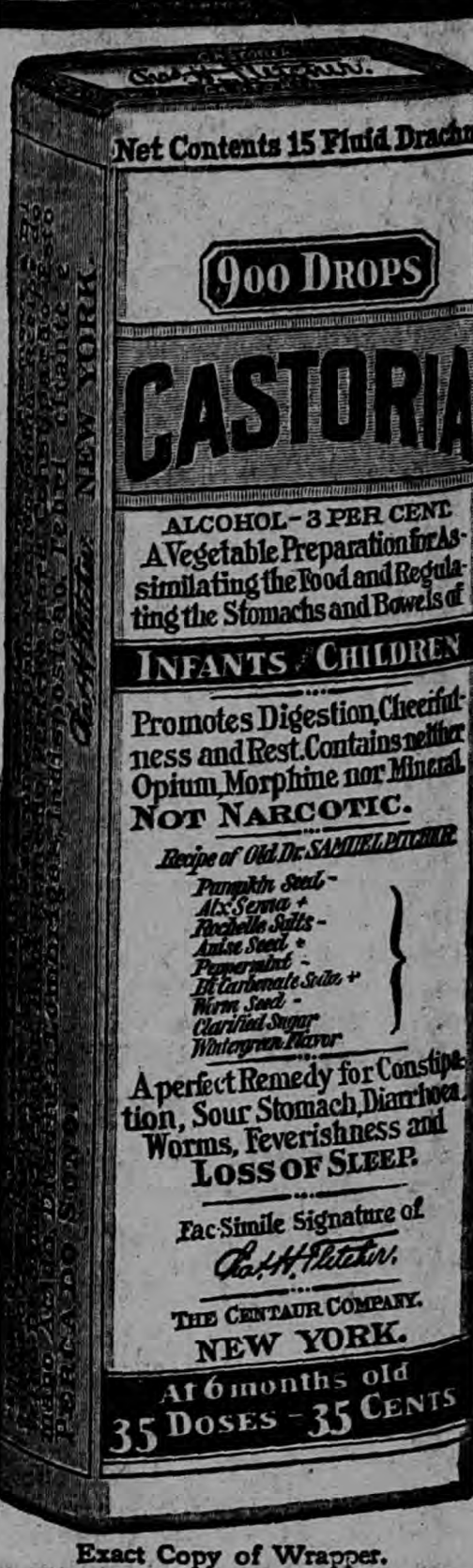
## A THOROUGH TEST

One To Convince The Most Skeptical Princess Anne Reader

The test of time is the test that counts. Doan's Kidney Pills have made their reputation by effective action. The following case is typical. Princess Anne residents should be convinced.

The testimony is confirmed—the proof complete. Testimony like this cannot be ignored. Irving O. Dryden, R. F. D. mail carrier, Westover, says: "My kidneys acted irregularly and my back was weak and painful. I could not stoop for any length of time and was unable to remain in one position long without having dull pains across my back. As soon as I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills I found relief and I continued until I was cured." (Statement given May 30, 1908) Over two years later Mr. Dryden said: "I still use Doan's Kidney Pills and enjoy freedom from attacks of kidney complaint such as I formerly had."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Dryden had. Foster-Milburn Co., Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y.



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## N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk R. R. "Cape Charles Route"

Train Schedule in effect January 3, 1916

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	440-49	81	453-43	455-47	463-45				
New York (Penn. Station)	9:00				12:08				
Philadelphia	11:17				3:00				
Baltimore	12:01	12:01 a. m.	6:30	9:00	1:43				
Delmar			3:09	5:50	11:48	1:35	7:12		
Salisbury			3:20	7:03	12:05 p. m.	1:48	7:26		
PRINCESS ANNE			3:38	7:30	12:35	2:08	7:53		
Cape Charles			6:05	10:25		4:45	10:50		
Old Point			6:15			6:40			
Norfolk			9:20			7:45			
*8:00 a. m. on Sundays									
NORTH BOUND TRAINS									
LEAVE	44-453	42-460	48-464	80	50-450				
Norfolk				5:40	4:05				
Old Point				9:25	7:00				
Cape Charles				11:32	9:20				
PRINCESS ANNE				7:02	10:55	2:15 p. m.	8:30	11:52	
Salisbury				7:39	11:34	2:38	9:15	12:23 a. m.	
Delmar				7:56	12:06 p. m.	2:59	Ar. 9:30	12:43	
Wilmington									
Philadelphia				11:56	5:08	6:29			
Baltimore				12:39 p. m.	5:36	7:22			
New York				2:00	6:00	9:15			
*8:00 a. m. on Sundays									
CRISFIELD BRANCH—Southward									
Leave									
King's Creek	7:45	2:25	5:25						
Ar. Crisfield	8:30	1:10	9:05						
CRISFIELD BRANCH—Northward									
Leave									
Crisfield				6:00	1:00	7:05			
Ar. King's Creek				6:45	1:45	7:50			
No Sunday trains on this Branch Road									
Nos. 449-49, 455-47, 48-464, 50-450 daily. Nos. 81, 453-43, 463-45, 42-460, 80 daily except Sunday. ROBERT B. COOKE Traffic Manager. C. I. LEIPER Superintendent.									

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## NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

JOHN W. WILSON  
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twelfth Day of April, 1916,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 5th day of October, 1915.  
LAURA H. WILSON,  
Administratrix of John W. Wilson, deceased.  
True Copy. Test: ROBERT F. MADDOX, Register of Wills.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset County letters testamentary on the estate of

THOMAS E. MARSHALL,  
late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Twenty-sixth Day of April, 1916,  
or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 19th day of October, 1915.  
CHARLES E. POWELL,  
Executor of Thomas E. Marshall, deceased.  
True Copy. Test: ROBERT F. MADDOX, Register of Wills.

## Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Railway Company RAILWAY DIVISION

Schedule effective January 3, 1916. EAST BOUND.

Lv. Baltimore	9:00	9:30	10:00	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30	1:00	1:30	2:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00	5:30	6:00	6:30	7:00	7:30	8:00	8:30	9:00	9:30	10:00	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30	1:00	1:30	2:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00	5:30	6:00	6:30	7:00	7:30	8:00	8:30	9:00	9:30	10:00	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30	1:00	1:30	2:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00	5:30	6:00	6:30	7:00	7:30	8:00	8:30	9:00	9:30	10:00	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30	1:00	1:30	2:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00	5:30	6:00	6:30	7:00	7:30	8:00	8:30	9:00	9:30	10:00	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30	1:00	1:30	2:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00	5:30	6:00	6:30	7:00	7:30	8:00	8:30	9:00	9:30	10:00	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30	1:00	1:30	2:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00	5:30	6:00	6:30	7:00	7:30	8:00	8:30	9:00	9:30	10:00	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30	1:00	1:30	2:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00	5:30	6:00	6:30	7:00	7:30	8:00	8:30	9:00	9:30	10:00	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30	1:00	1:30	2:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00	5:30	6:00	6:30	7:00	7:30	8:00	8:30	9:00	9:30	10:00	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30	1:00	1:30	2:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00	5:30	6:00	6:30	7:00	7:30	8:00	8:30	9:00	9:30	10:00	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30	1:00	1:30	2:00	2:30	3:00	3:30	4:00	4:30	5:00	5:30	6:00	6:30	7:00	7:30	8:00	8:30	9:00	9:
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## BOSTON AND ITS NAME.

The City Was Originally Called Tri-  
mountain by the Pilgrims.

Boston was not always Boston. The  
present name of the city is of English  
origin, but it was originally called Tri-  
mountain, a compound Latin name,  
meaning three mountains. The Pil-  
grims landed at Plymouth rock in  
1620, and when it was determined to  
found a town on the present site of  
Boston they christened it Trimountain.  
In recognition of three conspicuous  
hills that marked the site.

Of course this awkward name could  
not last long, and in September, 1630,  
it was ordered that "Trimountain shall  
be called Boston," after the borough  
of that name in Lincolnshire, England,  
from which several of the prominent  
settlers had come.

But we have not got to the root of  
the matter yet, for the English Boston  
was an abbreviation of Botolph's  
town, so called from the fact that St.  
Botolph had founded a monastery  
there several hundred years before  
the discovery of America. And so  
it came about that a legendary saint  
of the middle ages gave his name to  
the future literary center of New Eng-  
land.

The kinship of the two Bostons has  
been recognized on both sides, for in  
1851 the mayor sent over a copy of  
that city's seals, framed in oak from  
St. Botolph's church, and they now  
hang in the city hall at Boston. In  
1855 a number of Americans, includ-  
ing Charles Francis Adams and Ed-  
ward Everett, joined in rebuilding part  
of St. Botolph's church at Boston,  
England, which had become dilapidat-  
ed. The part of the old church thus  
rebuilt by Americans has a tower,  
called Boston tower, which forms a  
landmark for forty miles around.—  
Philadelphia Press.

## The Blind Man's Lantern.

A blind man in Khotha (a Caucasian  
village) came back from the river one  
night bringing a pitcher of water and  
carrying in his hand a lighted lantern.  
Some one meeting him said: "You're  
blind. It's all the same to you whether  
it's day or night. Of what use to you  
is a lantern?" "I don't carry the lan-  
tern in order to see the road," replied  
the blind man. "but to keep some fool  
like you from running against me and  
breaking my pitcher."

## Not a Gay One.

"Do you believe all men are gay, de-  
ceivers?" asked Mrs. Twobble.  
"No, indeed," answered Mrs. Dub-  
waite. "There's Mr. Dubwaite, for in-  
stance."  
"Yes?"  
"In his efforts to deceive me he even  
goes so far as to shed tears."—Birming-  
ham Age-Herald.

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the  
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

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EXPERIENCE

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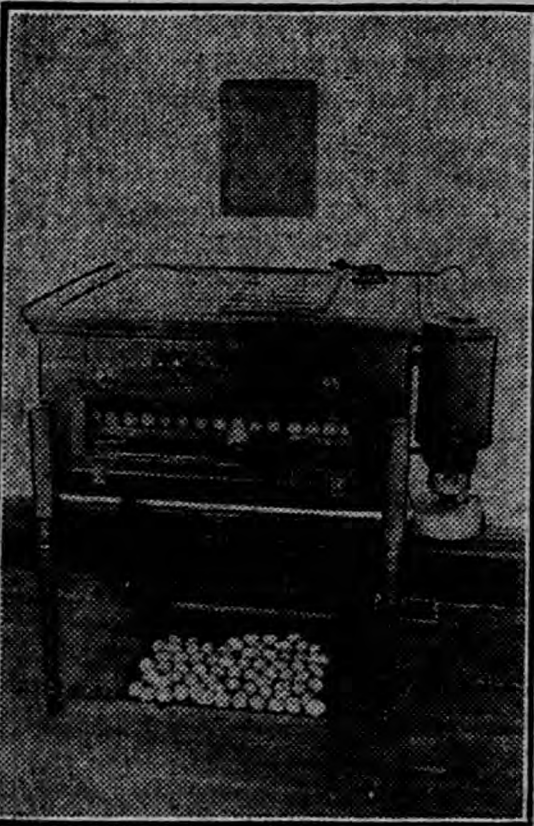
## Making the Little Farm Pay

By C. C. BOWSFIELD

Poultry raisers who occupy restricted  
quarters can broaden their business  
and enlarge their earnings by running  
incubators and selling day old chicks.  
In nearly every community there is a  
large trade of this kind.

It is feasible for a city family or for  
any one living near a good shipping  
center to manage a hatchery. This  
does not require any more room than a  
house and lot will afford. Without a  
regular poultry plant it is necessary to  
buy all the eggs for hatching purposes  
and to dispose of the young chicks as  
promptly as possible, thus avoiding  
feed bills and other expenses. One es-  
sential in starting such a business is to  
have a regular supply of fresh eggs for  
the incubators. Contracts should be  
made with poultry owners in the neigh-  
borhood for a definite number; other-  
wise it will be necessary to keep two  
or three hundred hens in order to keep  
up an even supply of eggs for the  
hatchery. Any one having taste and  
talent for managing incubators will  
succeed in the chick industry.

There are many large plants devoted  
almost exclusively to the day old chick  
business and custom hatching, and all  
are apparently doing well. Some of  
these contract with the small breeder  
to take all of his eggs—provided he  
keeps the breed or breeds in which  
they specialize—from January to June  
or even for a longer period and at a  
price which makes the project attrac-  
tive. The price paid for such eggs va-  
ries with the merits of the breeding



AN INCUBATOR INCREASES EARNINGS.

stock. The usual charge for custom  
hatching is figured on a per chick basis  
ranging in price from about 5 cents for  
each chick hatched in small quantities  
to 3 cents a chick in larger quantities.

Among poultry raisers it is becoming  
more and more the practice to buy day  
old chicks rather than to manage the  
hatching for themselves. Exchanging  
eggs for chicks appeals to many who  
keep poultry. There is quite a risk  
about hatching eggs, and in many  
cases it will pay to place the task in  
the hands of those who are expert in  
the management of incubators.

Potatoes at from 50 cents a bushel  
are the cheapest form of starch food,  
and starchy foods are absolutely neces-  
sary for the human system for a pro-  
duction of heat and energy. Nearly 5  
per cent of the dry substances of the  
potatoes consists of salts, largely po-  
tash. These salts have the medicinal  
properties of purifying the blood from  
acids produced by the eating of meat,  
which, in the human family, is the  
chief cause of hardening of the ar-  
teries, gout, rheumatism, Bright's dis-  
ease and apoplexy. These salts are located  
just under the skin of the potato, for  
which reason potatoes should not be  
pared before cooking. The compara-  
tive nutritive value of potatoes is as  
follows: One pound of baked potato  
has the same food value as five and  
seven-eighths ounces of beef, one  
pound of chicken, ten pints beef tea or  
seven ounces of bread. Boiled pota-  
toes are unexcelled as a change in the  
ration for hogs and cattle. The nutri-  
tive value is just as great for animals  
as for the human family, and stock  
particularly need the blood purifying  
medicinal properties. It has been  
known for some time that if hog ra-  
tions were occasionally varied with the  
feeding of boiled potatoes the results  
would be beneficial, and the change  
would bring about a more healthful  
condition.

## Good Winter Vegetable.

A very fine winter vegetable and one  
that should be more widely grown is  
salsify, the so called vegetable oyster.  
says a contributor to the Country Gen-  
tleman. This plant, a root, is grown in  
the same manner as the parsnip or car-  
rot. Seed should be sown early in the  
spring at the rate of one ounce to  
seventy-five feet of row. The tops of  
the young plants resemble new blades  
of wheat.

After growth is well started thin the  
plants to about four inches apart.  
Proper thinning and a deep, loose soil  
are necessary.

Salsify may be dug and stored in the  
fall or allowed to remain in the ground.  
When left outside, however, it is often  
difficult to dig when wanted. The fla-  
vor in soups or escaloped is very simi-  
lar to that of the oyster. This vegeta-  
ble is very scarce or almost unknown  
in the smaller towns, and a small  
planting should prove profitable.

## TO PROTECT STRAWBERRIES.

The Patches Should Be Covered With  
a Mulch in Winter.

In all except the extreme southern  
and western districts the autumn or  
early winter is the season in which  
the strawberry patches should be cov-  
ered with a mulch, partly to protect  
the plants from the continual freezing  
and thawing which occurs in many  
sections, partly to conserve moisture  
and keep down weeds during the fol-  
lowing spring and during the fruiting  
season, and partly to keep the berries  
from contact with the soil when they  
ripen. This mulch may consist of  
some kind of straw or hay or of stable  
manure containing a large propor-  
tion of straw, but it should be free  
from weed seed. Wheat, rye, oat and  
buckwheat straw, long leaf pine need-  
les, prairie hay, marsh hay, salt  
marsh hay and other materials are fre-  
quently used for this purpose. The  
mulch should be placed on the berry  
field after the ground freezes and be-  
fore it is covered with snow. If a  
rain follows the spreading of the  
mulch, less trouble will be experienced  
from scattering by the wind. The  
mulch should be spread evenly over  
the whole field. If available, suffi-  
cient material to make the depth of  
the mulch when it settles from two  
to three inches should be used.

Stable manure, though frequently  
used, is not always satisfactory. In  
some sections it causes a vigorous leaf  
growth the following spring and ac-  
tually lessens the yield of berries. If  
either the stable manure or the straw  
contains weed seed it may infest the  
berry field with weeds to an extent  
which decreases the yield and causes  
much expense in cleaning. When sta-  
ble manure is applied the solid por-  
tions as far as possible should be put  
between the rows and that part con-  
taining more straw placed over the  
row. In the spring before the plants  
start growth sufficient straw should be  
removed from the rows to allow the  
plants to grow through the mulch.  
This straw may be thrown into the  
space between the rows. Where the  
ground is weedy it will often be nec-  
essary to rake the mulch upon the  
rows of plants and cultivate the field.  
The mulch is then returned to the  
middles between the rows of plants to  
be left until after the picking season.

## BURNING LOGS AND BRUSH.

How Best to Pile the Timbers to As-  
sure Complete Consumption.

In the burning of logs and brush  
farmers of northern Wisconsin would  
do well to follow the method of the  
railway section foreman. This con-  
sists in piling the timbers in such a  
way that, as the fire burns down, the  
wood settles in parallel tiers and so is  
thoroughly consumed.

Logs thrown together in helter skel-  
ter fashion cannot be expected to burn  
readily or completely. According to  
Carl Livingstone of the department of  
agricultural engineering, University of  
Wisconsin, in burning waste wood seed  
that stumps are clean and not coated  
with thick layers of mud and earth,  
which act as a check to the flames.

Make the piles high and narrow, as  
cone shaped as possible, and never  
broad and rolling in form. Fill all  
spaces with small stumps or splinters  
of wood to make the pile compact.

When burning windfalls saw off the  
stump close to the roots and burn each  
part separately.

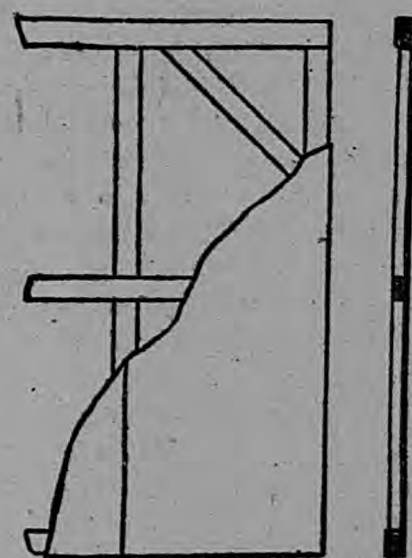
When burning brush it is best to  
trim off the main branches of small  
trees and saplings before putting them  
on the pile.

No material injury to the humus in  
the soil will result from burning  
stumps or logs if they are piled on wet  
ground.

Do not fire a large pile of stumps or  
logs during a high wind. A more mod-  
erate rate of burning is better.

## A Lightweight Barn Door.

The accompanying sketch shows the  
method of making a barn door which  
is superior to wooden doors, especially  
for large sized doors, which are usually  
so heavy that they have to be made  
and hung in two sections. This door is  
made of galvanized iron sheets on a  
2 by 4 framework. The framing is  
made as is shown on the right in the  
sketch, the up and down framing being  
spaced to fit the galvanized sheets so



that they will lap at an upright. Knee  
braces are placed in the corners of the  
door, as shown.

The sketch at the left shows the way  
in which the sheets are placed on the  
framework. They are to be cut one  
foot longer than the door is high and  
bent around the top and bottom, as  
shown. The sheets are to be fastened  
to the framework with large sized gal-  
vanized tacks. To hang this door the  
standard hangers are used. The 2 by 4  
piece at the top forms an ample sup-  
port for the hangers, which should be  
fastened to the door with bolts. The  
result is a door which weighs very  
much less than the wooden doors and  
one which costs no more to make and  
in some cases less, especially on large  
sized doors.—Rural New Yorker.

## Aunt Sally's Bike

By M. QUAD

Copyright, 1915, by the McClure  
Newspaper Syndicate.

Things in and around the village of  
Poolsville had got into perilous state.  
Not a tin peddler had entered the  
town for six weeks, and half the pans  
and coffee-pots were leaking.

Business was so quiet that an order  
for a whole gulf of molasses was  
almost town's talk.

One of the inhabitants of Poolsville  
was Aunt Sarah Tooker. She was wid-  
owed six years before and lived with  
her daughter. Aunt Sally had always  
been a hustler, and when a dull time  
came to Poolsville she had always been  
ready to bestir herself to end it. She  
was ready to help end this. She went  
to Deacon Thatcher and indignantly  
asked:

"Are you men going to let this town  
fall into its mudhole and give a last  
gasp?"

"Why, Aunt Sally, what can be  
done?" he asked in reply. "We are in  
a rut here, and we've got to stay in  
that rut till Providence boosts us out  
of it."

Aunt Sally went home to say to her  
daughter:

"Hanner, I am going over to Guil-  
ford to see sister Kate for two weeks."

It was in the early days of the bike.  
The machine had been adopted in al-  
most every other town around, but  
Poolsville frowned upon it.

Aunt Sally Tooker knew just how  
the bike was regarded in her home  
town, and she knew that she was six-  
ty years old and was expected to set a  
good example for the younger folks.  
Nevertheless, she had only reached  
Guilford, when she said to her sister:  
"Sister Kate, have they bikes for  
sale in Guilford?"

"Why, of course," was the reply.

"Then get on your bonnet and go  
with me to buy one."

"For a nephew?"

"No, sir; for yours truly, Aunt Sally  
Tooker! I have come over here to  
learn to ride the bike, and I can't get  
at it a minute too soon."

"But you are not going to ride the  
bike in Poolsville!" gasped the sister.  
"Why, they will mob you over there!"  
"Let them mob and be damned.  
That's where I'm going to ride the  
bike. The old town is in a rut, and  
I'm going to wake her up."

In a week she could ride up a hill  
and down, and when the time she had  
given herself to remain in Guilford  
had expired she started for Poolsville  
on her bike.

The highway leading out of and into  
Poolsville is a hill with a gentle slope  
half a mile long, and it was the hour  
of noon one day when Aunt Sally  
Tooker reached the brow of this hill.  
There she rested and looked down  
upon the village. It seemed asleep.

It was after Aunt Sally had surveyed  
this peaceful scene for five minutes  
that she uttered three or four long  
drawn screams and mounted her bike  
and started down the hill. Though her  
screams aroused the town as the re-  
port of a cannon would, all of a sud-  
den people appeared at their doors  
and their gates and exclaimed to each  
other:

"What in heaven's name is that?"

"Has the judgment day come at last?"

It hadn't, but Aunt Sally Tooker and  
her bike had.

She was coming down that long  
grade, holding her bike steady with  
one hand and waving her bonnet with  
the other. She went through that vil-  
lage like a cannon ball.

At the farthest outskirts of the vil-  
lage Aunt Sally turned about and came  
whizzing back to dismount in front of  
the postoffice, where the crowd was  
thickest.

"Now, ma, you have done it!" was  
the greeting of her daughter as she  
entered the house.

"Yes, I have woke up Poolsville, and  
you are going to see things hum," was  
the proud reply.

It wasn't an hour later before the  
"hum" was heard and seen. The min-  
ister of Aunt Sally's church appeared  
to ask:

"Sister, is that your bike?"

"I paid \$85 for it, parson."

"And are you going to ride it in  
Poolsville?"

"Morning, noon and night and some-  
times in the afternoon."

"Then, sister, you must take the con-  
sequences."

"I will, parson."

The consequences were that charges  
were preferred against Aunt Sally.

The charges against Aunt Sally were  
for riding a bike in the public streets  
and thereby injuring the cause of re-  
ligion. In five minutes her lawyer  
tore these charges to shreds. In five  
more those who made them were made  
ashamed of themselves. You can judge  
of this line of argument.

Aunt Sally was very promptly ac-  
quitted. For a few weeks most of the  
members of the church turned a cold  
shoulder upon her and the neighbors  
kept aloof, but she went on riding her  
bike until Deacon Dhuber said to the  
crowd at the postoffice one evening:

"Boys, we have got to let up on her.  
When you come right down to it she  
has as much right to ride a bike as we  
have a horse, and you can't say she  
doesn't do it a darned sight more mod-  
estly. We all know she's woke up  
Poolsville, and we are getting the ben-  
efit of it. So let us stop this non-  
sense."

And the nonsense was stopped, and  
Aunt Sally contributed \$15 toward  
painting the meeting house.



## THE MARYLAND LEGISLATURE

Among the bills introduced were the following:

By Delegate Smith, of Allegany; State-wide prohibition bill. Referred to Committee on Temperance.

By Delegate Luthardt: To give jurisdiction to justices of the peace for violations of automobile laws of Maryland. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

By Delegate McCusker: A bill to empower honorably discharged soldiers and sailors and marines, citizens of Maryland, to be employees in the public works of the State. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

By Delegate Lee: A bill to pay the printers for work done in the last session of the Legislature. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Delegate Delaplaine: An act to repeal Chapter 230, of the Acts of 1904 regarding the appeal of the Judges Pension act. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

The House adjourned until 11 o'clock Thursday.

Thursday—The Senate was called to order by President Campbell. Prayer by the Rev. Henry R. Baker, chaplain.

Among the bills introduced were the following:

By President Campbell—Authorizing the appointment of a special board of commission to report upon the practicability of providing military education and of creating a military reserve. Militia Committee.

Senator Joy—Authorizing the County Commissioners of Calvert county to levy a sum to build a colored schoolhouse near Back creek. Senators Joy, Chesley and Duval.

Senator Duval—Authorizing a loan of \$500,000 for a State office building at Annapolis and creating a commission. Finance Committee.

By Senator Zihlman—Authorizing the County Commissioners of Allegany county to issue bonds for \$22,500 to provide for construction of two pieces of road in county. Finance Committee.

By Senator Harrison—Authorizing State Roads Commission to make survey for construction of highway from Berlin to southern terminus of Du Pont boulevard. Finance Committee.

Providing that funeral expenses shall not exceed \$300 and medical fees not more than \$50 except upon special order of the court. Judicial Proceedings Committee.

Reducing the salary of the Sheriff of Howard county from \$1,500 to \$1,200 a year to be paid in quarterly installments of \$375. Finance Committee.

The first ballot for State Treasurer was taken in the Senate with the following result: Vandiver, 14; Osborn, 2, and Duer, 11.

Report of tellers of the vote in the House was read showing 62 votes for Vandiver; 10 for Osborn, and 55 for Duer. Ordered that report be spread on the journal.

On motion of Senator Cooper the Senate adjourned until 11 o'clock Friday morning.

Thursday—The House was opened at 11 a. m., with prayer by the Rev. W. A. Price.

Among the bills the following were introduced:

To prohibit the sale of intoxicating or spirituous liquors in Liberty and Lingamore election districts, Frederick county. Referred to the Committee on Temperance.

By Delegate Bryant—Empowering the Comptroller to refund money paid by Abraham Windesheim for an auctioneer's license which was not used. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Delegate McCusker—To compel street car companies to provide separate accommodations on their cars for white and colored passengers. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

After receipt of the report of the Committee on Rules of its action upon Delegate Tydings' resolution to furnish members, etc., with \$25 worth of stamps was read with amendments by the committee, making it include the chairman of the Ways and Means Committee and the chairman of the city delegation. The resolution was carried by a yeas and nays vote of 97 to 4.

The House adjourned until 12 o'clock noon Friday.

Friday—The Senate was called to order by President Campbell. Prayer by the Rev. Henry R. Baker, chaplain.

Among the bills introduced were the following:

By Senator Warfield—Appropriating \$29,755.67 to pay the claims of persons for live stock slaughtered by the State Live Stock Sanitary Board on account of foot-and-mouth disease. Committee on Finance.

By Senator Harrison—Appropriating \$10,000 for dredging the Pocomoke river from Snow Hill to the dividing line between Maryland and Delaware. Committee on Finance.

The Senate adjourned until 8 o'clock Monday night.

Friday—The House opened at twelve o'clock noon with prayer by the Rev. W. A. Price. Roll call showed 96 members present.

By Delegate Wooden—A bill to appropriate \$29,755.67 to pay for the slaughter of live stock by the State Sanitary Board. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Adjourned until 8 o'clock Monday night.

## SOMERSET COUNTY HAPPENINGS

News Items Gathered By Our Correspondents During The Week

### Venton Items

Jan. 25.—Mr. Robert Reese is visiting relatives in Baltimore.

Miss Rae Cox visited her home in Hopewell Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Helen Porter spent the weekend at the home of her parents near Allen.

Mrs. Lella Shores and son, Lawson, visited Mrs. William Newman, last week.

Mr. Walter Price returned home Sunday last after a business trip to Baltimore.

Mrs. Roy Smith returned home Wednesday after spending some time in Mt. Vernon.

Miss Ethel Fisch spent Sunday with her friends, Misses Ethel and Delsie Bloodworth.

Mr. E. W. Smith returned home Wednesday morning after spending several days in Baltimore.

Messrs. Earl and Roy Smith returned home last Wednesday after spending several weeks in Baltimore.

Mrs. Ernest White and daughter, Susie, spent last week visiting relatives and friends on Deal's Island.

Miss Iva Smith is spending some time at her brother and sister's, Mr. and Mrs. Mace Smith, near Princess Anne.

Mrs. Mathias Melson and daughter, Rose Pauline, left last Friday for Seaford, Del., where they will spend the winter.

The school mates and friends of Miss Minnie Cullen are glad to see her back at school again after being confined in the house all Christmas on account of illness of chicken pox.

Mrs. C. J. Fisch and daughter, Hilda, left Monday for Jacksonville, Fla., Birmingham, Ala., Savannah and Atlanta, Ga., where they will spend the winter months in the sunny South.

### JOHNIE JUMP UP.

### Kingston

Jan. 22.—Mr. C. P. Barnes and family motored to Salisbury on Friday last.

Mrs. A. Matthews and daughter, Mrs. Alfred Thompson, are quite ill.

The young people thoroughly enjoyed skating the first part of the week.

We are glad to report Mr. L. H. Tull, who has been very ill, is improving.

Mr. J. E. Gorsuch has returned from a visit to his family at Glencoe, Md.

Mr. Herbert Derby, who has been suffering with pneumonia, is convalescing.

Miss Lena M. Tull, of Marion, spent Thursday with her aunt, Mrs. H. B. Cullen.

Miss S. Madors Turpin spent Tuesday with her sister, Mrs. Cora Brooke, at Marion.

Mrs. J. E. Gorsuch spent yesterday as the guest of her son, Mr. Milbourne Gorsuch, in Crisfield.

Mr. W. T. Belote, of Virginia, has purchased and moved with his family to the Lawrence farm.

Mr. O. W. Wilson, who has been quite ill, is much better; but his wife is confined to her bed with the grippe.

Mrs. Thomas W. Bradshaw, who was operated on at the Crisfield Hospital several weeks ago, has returned home much improved.

Messrs. J. E. Bowland, J. L. Gorsuch and T. T. Turpin, members of the Marion Card Club, met with the Club at the home of Mrs. Minnie Horsey.

Mr. Harry M. Peck, who has purchased the Robert F. Maddox farm, is boarding at the home of Mr. G. W. Jones until the arrival of his family.

The many friends of Mr. B. Frank Wilson, who has been living in Salisbury for the past year, will be glad to learn that he has rented the George Powell farm near here and will move next week.

Messrs. Robert L. Chamberlin, Kendall Lewis, students at Marion Academy, and Talbot Gorsuch, of Crisfield Academy, have enjoyed a week's vacation, all three having been exempted from the mid-year examinations.

## Women of Sedentary Habits

Women who get but little exercise are likely to be troubled with constipation and indigestion and will find Chamberlain's Tablets highly beneficial. Not so good as a three or four mile walk every day, but very much better than to allow the bowels to remain in a constipated condition. They are easy and pleasant to take and most agreeable in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

## To Rebuild Wrecked Hall

At a special meeting of the board of visitors and governors of Washington College, Chestertown, Monday night of last week it was decided to rebuild William Smith Hall as soon as possible and to take steps immediately to provide temporary accommodations for the college class work. The faculty decided to discontinue all work at the college for a week and most of the students left for their homes Monday afternoon.

The new \$50,000 gymnasium will be fitted up as an administration building temporarily and the old gymnasium used if necessary.

Judge James A. Pearce, president of the board of visitors and governors, says the burned building was valued at \$71,000, on which the following insurance was carried: Forty-three thousand dollars on buildings, \$8,500 on furniture and fixtures and \$3,500 on the library, a total of \$83,000.

## How To Cure Colds

Avoid exposure and drafts. Eat right. Take Dr. King's New Discovery. It is prepared from Pine Tar, healing balsams and mild laxatives. Dr. King's New Discovery kills and expels the cold germs, soothes the irritated throat and allays inflammation. It heals the mucous membrane. Search as you will, you cannot find a better cough and cold remedy. Its use over 45 years is a guarantee of satisfaction.

[Advertisement.]

## The Weather Of Last Year

The year just ended was considerably warmer on the average than the 44 years preceding—1.8 degrees a day or a total of 643 degrees for the year, says the Philadelphia Record. There was also more rainfall than usual, and considerably more snowfall, though the snow did not stay long on the ground. The normal precipitation in Philadelphia is 41.17 inches a year. Last year it was 44.33 inches, or about 8.89 per cent. above the average.

January, 1915, began with an average temperature of 36.6 degrees, or 4.8 degrees above the normal, and a precipitation of 6.74 inches, 3.33 inches above the normal.

February was also warm and had an average temperature of 38.8 degrees, or 6 degrees above the normal, while the precipitation, 5.55 inches, was also excessive, being 2.17 inches above the average.

March was cooler than the normal by 1.3 degrees daily, and the highest temperature during the month was 58 degrees on the 25th, while the precipitation was far below the normal, amounting to only one inch for the whole month.

April came in with cold weather, but warmed up soon. The average temperature for the month was 57.3 degrees, 6.5 degrees above the normal.

May opened with a temperature slightly below the normal, so that there was a deficiency of 1.4 degrees for the average for each day of the month. The precipitation was above the normal of 3.20 inches by 0.92 of an inch and the excess for the year amounted to 5.29 inches.

June was also comparatively cool, with a daily deficiency of 1.6 degrees from the normal of 71.2 degrees. The precipitation was 0.15 of an inch more than the normal of 3.30 inches.

July had a temperature nearly normal, only 0.2 degrees above the average, and was wetter than usual, the rainfall being 0.69 inches more than the normal of 4.33 inches.

In August the temperature was 0.7 of a degree below the daily normal of 73.8 degrees, and also there was an excess of rainfall amounting to 2.23 inches.

The weather warmed up in September, and there was a daily excess of four degrees above the normal. However, the precipitation was very small, amounting only to 0.46 of an inch for the month, against a normal of 3.38 inches, and this reduced the excess of rainfall from 8.36 inches to 5.44 inches.

October was warmer and drier than normal, temperature being excessive by a daily average of 3.1 degrees, while the rainfall was 1.12 inches below the normal of 3.10 inches.

In November the weather continued warm, with an excess of temperature amounting to 2.5 degrees a day, but was also dry, with a deficiency of 1.84 inches from the normal of 3.06 inches.

The temperature in December was only 0.7 of a degree above the daily normal, but there was an excess of precipitation amounting to 1.18 inches, and the year ending with a total excess of rainfall of 3.66 inches.

During the year there were 130 clear days, 119 partly cloudy and 116 cloudy, while the percentage of possible sunshine was about 58, really one-twelfth of 1 per cent. less.

## Go To Church

Go to church because it will help you with your employer; it will help you in business; it will help you in your profession.

The man who goes to church doesn't have to wait long for his reward in the next world. He gets it right here. If you are an employee you may rest assured that you will not lose any caste with your employer when he learns that you are a regular attendant at church. If you are engaged in business, people will trade with you more readily if you go to church. They rightly figure that a merchant who goes to church regularly is honest. They feel that unless he is a great hypocrite the merchant who goes to church will deal fairly.

The doctor who is a regular attendant at church can be trusted. His patients know that, in addition to his skill as a physician, he is sober, dependable and God fearing. It is plain that a physician who is a regular church goer soon earns the confidence of the community. The same rule applies to the doctor. It applies to all professional men.

It must be perfectly clear then that, no matter what your station in life may be, you will be a ready winner if you go to church. The material benefits of going to church must be of benefit to everyone. Who will deny the spiritual benefits? Everybody can lay up lasting treasures. Get the go to church habit. It is the very best habit that you can acquire.

Go to church yourself! Induce your friends to go to church. —Fulton County (Pa.) News.

## To Cure Children's Colds

Keep child dry, clothe comfortably avoid exposure and give Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It is pleasant, soothing, anti-septic, raises phlegm and reduces inflammation. The first dose gives relief, continued treatment with proper care will avoid serious illness or a long cold. Don't delay treatment. Don't let your child suffer. Get a bottle today. Insist on Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey, 25c. at Drugists.

[Advertisement.]

## CORN CLUB CHAMPION TELLS HIS STORY

1915 State Winner Produces 105.5 Bushels Of Shelled Corn At A Cost Of 19.9 Cents Per Bushel.

WILLIAM TROY, Queen Anne's County.

I succeeded in growing my acre of corn by making up my mind to complete the contest when I asked my brother to let me have an acre of ground to enter the Corn Club. Mr. H. S. Koehler, our County Demonstration Agent, told me to get a piece of ground and have it covered with a heavy coat of manure. I was given the ground at the last School Fair. It had grown a crop of tomatoes and was heavily set in crimson clover and turnips. I did not apply any manure as it had been manured the previous spring, a crop of clover plowed under, and a ton of ground oyster shell lime drilled in before the tomatoes had been planted.



After a large portion of turnips had been gathered, we turned our hogs on the acre to feed on the balance of turnips and clover. They remained there until the first of April this year. On Saturday, April 3, the ground was plowed and rolled to preserve the moisture. On Saturday, April 17, I used a spring tooth harrow on it, and afterward rolled it tight, and this was done again on May 8 and May 22. On Monday, May 31, we used a leveling square drag and ran the ground out with a tomato marker, opening the cross rows about three inches deep. The next morning I was out bright and early and dropped the corn by hand, putting three or four grains to the hill, and planting the hills thirty-six inches apart each way. I covered the grain with a small, fine toothed cultivator. I had to stay home from school to do this work. This was the only time that I missed from school.

On June 12, the corn was dragged with a spike-toothed harrow. The corn was given thorough cultivation on June 24, July 5, July 16, and July 29. I would have cultivated it again but the storm, August 3, twisted it about so badly, that I could not get through it.

It was cut on August 30 and allowed to stand in the shock until October 25, when it was husked, the total weight being 7,356 pounds. The corn was not in the best condition, being rotten on the tip from lying on the ground. It was nearly all twin corn, standing three to four stalks to the hill.

My expenses were as follows:  
Rent of one acre of land..... \$5.00  
Plowing, 4 hours @ 20c..... .80  
Harrowing with spring tooth, 3 hrs. @ 20c..... .60  
Harrowing with spike harrow, 2 hrs. @ 20c..... .40  
Rolling, 7 hrs. @ 20c..... 1.40  
Planting, 3 hrs @ 10c..... .30  
Marking the ground, 3 hrs. @ 20c..... .60  
Cultivating, 12 hrs. @ 15c..... 1.80  
Replanting, 3 hrs. @ 10c..... .30  
Cutting, 15 hrs. @ 10c..... 1.50  
Husking, 15 hrs. @ 10c..... 1.50  
Lifting, 3 hrs. @ 20c..... .60  
Labor of man hoeing, 18 hrs. @ 10c..... 1.80  
Kainit, 200 lbs..... 1.25  
Pulling weeds, 20 hrs. @ 10c..... 2.00  
Labor of putting on kainit, small amounts of wood ashes, chicken manure, etc., 5 hrs. @ 10c. 50  
Cost of seed corn..... .50

Total expenses.....\$20.95  
Total value of crop, 105.5 bushels @ 50c.....\$52.75  
Less expenses..... 20.95

Net value of crop..... \$31.80  
100 lbs. of cob corn shelled 83.5 lbs., the percentage of moisture being 18.1 per cent. according to the test made by the Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station of the sample sent them by County Demonstration Agent, Mr. H. S. Koehler. The variety of corn I used as seed was Boone County White.

(Signed) WILLIAM TROY.

The above story of how he grew his crop of corn by William Troy is authorized by the Department of Boys' Club Work, Co-operative Extension Work of the Maryland Agricultural College and the Department of Agriculture, College Park, Md., Reuben Brigham, Assistant State Agent, in charge.

## Shoes for the Whole Family JOHN W. MORRIS & SON Clothing for Men and Boys



THE financial fences that protect one from worry and want should be reinforced by a bank account. Do your financial fences need repairing? Perhaps you have money and material enough to put them in satisfactory shape. Perhaps you are in need of proper financial advice. Open an account with us and avail yourself of the wisdom and service of this financial institution.

## PEOPLES BANK of SOMERSET COUNTY

We Pay 3 per cent. on Savings Deposits Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent

PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

## FACTS ABOUT PRINCESS ANNE

Founded in 1733. County seat of Somerset county. Population 1008. Somerset county has a population of 27,456. Healthy climate, mild winters. Soil unsurpassed for farming and trucking.

Bakery  
Crescentary  
Brick Yard  
Ice Factory  
Tie Factory  
Country store  
Two Garages  
Adams Express  
Canning Factory  
Two Drug Stores  
Fine Court House  
Free Public Library  
Electric Light Plant  
Two Hardware stores  
Municipal Water Works  
Civic Club of 73 members  
Good Hotel—The Washington  
Telephone and Telegraph Offices  
Literary Club—"The Shoreland"  
Five miles of well shaded streets  
Free delivery of mail twice a day  
Auditorium—Seating capacity of 600  
Carriage and Harness establishment  
Two Grist and Saw Mills and Box Factories  
Washington High School—Eight instructors  
Auto Bus communication with adjacent towns  
N. Y. P. & N. Railroad with five trains North and South.

Two Banks—Bank of Somerset and Peoples Bank of Somerset County.  
Messenger and Herald, a weekly newspaper published every Tuesday.  
Four Churches—Presbyterian, Episcopal, Methodist and Catholic.  
Two Department Stores and general stores covering every branch and commodity.  
Princess Anne Academy—An institution for the higher education of colored youth.  
Six Lodges—Masonic, Imp. O. R. M., K. of P., Jr. U. O. A. M., Heptasophs and M. W. of A.  
The citizens of Princess Anne will offer every encouragement and reasonable inducement to manufacturers and others seeking locations for business or residence, and any information required will be cheerfully furnished on application to the Board of Town Commissioners.

## Firefly's Strong Light.

The larger kind of West Indian firefly gives a light so brilliant that by it printed matter may be read at a distance of two or three inches.

## Brute.

Wife (at dinner)—"You don't seem to like rice." Husband—"No, it's associated with one of the greatest mistakes of my life."—London Sketch.

## Eugenics.

To judge by the fruit stores, horticultural eugenics have been practiced for some time.



## A NEW HOME

PERHAPS AT THIS TIME OF THE YEAR you are considering a new banking home, a different banking connection.

Your interests are our interests. We offer you not only adequate Strength and modern Safety but human personal Service when you have an account with us.

We would appreciate a call from you and an opportunity of talking over your 1916 Banking needs.

May we serve you?

BANK of SOMERSET PRINCESS ANNE, MARYLAND

## Application For Oyster Grounds

The following application for oyster ground in or adjacent to Somerset county is now on file in the office of the Board of Shell Fish Commissioners of Maryland. Published charts of the natural oyster bars of Somerset county are filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said county.

Notice is hereby given that all protests against the granting of said lease must be filed in the Circuit Court of Somerset County on or before the 13th Day of March, 1916.

Applicant Address Acres  
BEULAH A. NELSON, Westover, Md. Not exceeding 30  
Located in the Manokin river, on the northerly side thereof, about two miles above Locust Point, and including lot originally held by M. M. Cripps, as shown on published chart No. 7.

BOARD OF SHELLFISH COMMISSIONERS.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Somerset county letters of administration on the estate of

CHARLES LANKFORD, late of Somerset county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber on or before the

Fourth day of June, 1916, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 7th day of December, 1915.

GORDON TULL, Administrator of Charles Lankford, deceased.

True Copy. Test: LAFAYETTE RUARK, Register of Wills.

12-14

Allen's Foot—Ease for the Troops. Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's Foot—Ease, the antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes, for use among the troops, because it gives rest and comfort to tired, aching, swollen feet and makes walking easy. At druggists everywhere, 50c.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

WE would appreciate the opportunity to prove to you that we are producers of Quality Printing