

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCI.

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No. 1.

Printed and Published by
JOHN GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public
Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

THE GENTLEMAN'S
VADE MECUM,

OR, THE

SPORTING AND DRAMATIC COMPANION,
A WEEKLY REPORTOR OF
DRAMATIC LITERATURE, SPORTING, THE
TURF, FASHIONS, GRAZING, AGRICUL-
TURE, AND

VARIOUS SUBJECTS OF INTEREST AND AMUSEMENT:

Interpersed with a multitude of Appropriate Engravings, including Portraits of celebrated Winning Horses, Philosophical and Natural Phenomena, Leiden, &c.

This popular journal, although but a few months has passed since it was commenced, has already obtained an extensive and profitable subscription list, which is daily increasing, and affords ample encouragement to the publishers to persevere in their efforts to render it useful, amusing, and instructive.

On the commencement of the approaching year, the Vade Mecum will undergo several important improvements—instead of four pages, it will be increased to Eight of nearly the present size, and consequently will contain almost double the quantity of reading matter which is now given—Making it one of the Largest and Neatest Quarto's ever published in the United States. It will be printed on new type, and fine white paper, and the Embellishments will be considerably multiplied, and of a superior order. Persons desirous of procuring the work at the beginning of the new volume, will please send their orders at once—as they may fail to be supplied, as but few copies will be published more than are actually subscribed for at the time.

The subjects which are particularly embraced in the Vade Mecum, will be more distinctly understood from the following brief analysis of them:

THE DRAMA forms a material portion of the Gentleman's Vade Mecum—every week an entire Play or Farce is given. They are selected with a single eye to their merits alone; a preference, however, will be extended in all cases to native productions, when they can be obtained. Independent criticisms, carefully excluding all individual comparisons, and recommended by their brevity, are occasionally inserted; as also, Biographical Sketches, Anecdotes, and Bon Mots of prominent Comedians of the present and past ages, of which a rare and inexhaustible compilation is in store. The publisher, by the liberality of the managers of the two Philadelphia Theatres, and several other gentlemen connected with the stage, has obtained a very excellent and numerous selection of Plays and Farces, for the Vade Mecum; many of which have never appeared in print.

THE TURF.—A faithful record is kept of all the Running and Trotting Matches in this country and England. Biographies and correct portraits of celebrated thoroughbred Horses are published once a month. Every fact relative to the breeding, management, keeping, and the diseases of the horse, particularly attended to.

The Sporting Intelligence, at home and abroad, occupies a considerable portion of our columns, and is collected from the most authentic sources. Among the Portraits of celebrated Winning Horses which have been given, are:

The American Trotting Horse, Edwin Forrest.

The Imported Racing Horse, Messenger.

The American Trotting Mare, Lady Jackson.

The Racing Mare, Ariel, and her foal, by Eclipse.

The true-blooded popular Horse Chateau Margaux.

The American Trotting Horse, Top Gallant.

The well known English Race Horse, Touchstone.

Mandib, the winner of the Derby Stake in June;

1835.

The unrivalled American Trotter, Andrew Jackson.

The celebrated English Horse, Glencoe.

A complete Treatise on Riding, with fourteen Illustrations, for the improvement of Ladies in that most healthy of all exercises.

Explanation of the Automaton Chess Player, illustrated by eleven engravings.

Four Engravings, designed to represent the scene which took place in Paris, in July last, on the attempted destruction of the Royal Family of France—with a view of the Imperial Machine; and a likeness of the Assassins, Geno.

A correct Picture of a Race Course, occupying the width of seven columns.

NOTICE.—Besides other matters belonging to this head, there will be published correct accounts of Shooting Matches, Pedestrian Feats, Gymnastic Exercises, Aquatic Exhibitions, Fishing, Gaming, &c. with a collection of noted Dogs.

MILITARY UNIFORMS.—The publisher has employed the assistance of an excellent artist to furnish a regular series of engravings of the different Beautiful Uniforms worn by the principal Volunteer Corps of Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Baltimore, and other cities, which will be published periodically, with a particular description of each, furnished by a competent hand. This subject forms a peculiar attraction to the general interest of the work.

GENTLEMEN'S FASHIONS.—A quarterly review is made out by a gentleman connected with a fashionable house in Philadelphia, explanatory of the various improvements and changes which costumes worn in the dress circles constantly undergo; by which it will be rendered an easy task for drapers and tailors, at a distance, to sell their customers with the most approved colours and modern style of apparel at the earliest possible period.

MISCELLANY.—Although the purposes of our sheet may appear to be confined to the several leading subjects which may have been stated, we deem it proper to say, that there constantly is, in addition to these, a considerable space allowed for Miscellaneous matter, such as Tales, Poetry, Anecdotes, Legendarn, an epitome of News, Places of Amusement, Statistics, Agriculture, Domestic Economy, Valuable Receipts, &c. Also, a republication of the best and most popular of the English and American Sporting and National Songs, Set to Music; besides many other matters, regarding which an interest is supposed to exist.

By the above explanation, it will be seen that the Gentleman's Vade Mecum is particularly designed as a companion for the patrons of the Turf; the Drama; Sporting the Fashions, &c. It is worthy of notice, that its patrons in the course of one year, will be mixed with forty-five to fifty popular Plays or Farces—the price of which, depends on one of our bookstores, would be at least Three Dollars. Here, the absolute saving of six dollars in the purchase of colored Dramatic Library—(to be had for an small sum)—without taking into consideration the multitudinous variety which is sent along with the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, or Sporting Companion.

Every Saturday, on the sixth instant, a number of the best and most curious quality, each number containing eight pages, will be sold at Three Dollars per number, and will be sent to the subscriber.

the number of agents will be limited to principal cities, or such other places where a considerable subscription may be obtained, we request those who propose to patronize the work, to transmit by mail at once to the publisher. Small notes of solvent banks of the different states, taken at par. By enclosing a Five Dollar note, two copies of the paper will be forwarded to any direction ordered, for one year. Specimen numbers will be sent to any part of the Union, by addressing the publisher, postage paid.

THE MODERN

ACTING DRAMA,

HAS hitherto been issued in volumes of about 300 pages each—containing the Plays, Farces, &c. which appear in the Vade Mecum, neatly printed, and bound in elastic covers, for transportation—and published every six weeks. Eight volumes constitute a set, or one year's subscription, the terms for which is Three Dollars, payable in advance.

Subscribers to the Vade Mecum are entitled to a deduction of one-third, when subscribing for the Modern Acting Drama. An order for four sets will be received, and the work forwarded to any direction, by enclosing a ten dollar note—postage paid.

Gentlemen desirous of securing a set of this work, will please forward their names—immediately—the edition, which was a small one, is going off rapidly, and it cannot be re-published at the same price.

This work will undergo a material improvement on the commencement of a new series in January, 1836. It is intended to be published Every Month, or as near the beginning as possible each No. to consist of 12 pages of fine letter press printing, and 12 numbers to constitute a volume of 576 pages. Every Play or Farce which will be published, is to be accompanied by a beautiful and appropriate Engraving—making in the course of the year nearly Fifty-Two Embellishments—to which will be added as Frontispiece, a full sized Steel Engraving, containing the likeness of Six Distinguished Actors and Actresses. No alterations will be made from the present terms. Every person who desires to preserve an invaluable collection of the best Dramatic Authors should forward his name forthwith, as the edition will be limited to the number which is absolutely subscribed for. The Publisher pledges himself to make this work equal in interest and superiority of execution to his predecessor; or he will refund the price of subscription, free of all charges. No subscription received unless the terms are accepted. No work of this kind has ever been attempted in the United States, and none is more likely to prove popular and satisfactory.

Any person collecting four subscribers to the Gentleman's Vade Mecum, or the Modern Acting Drama, and remitting the amount of one year's subscription (\$3) for each—shall be presented with the Novelists Magazine, in two volumes, a work of considerable popularity, and which is now selling for \$3—it contains the productions of eight different authors, well known to the public as among the most interesting writers of the day.

Persons wishing to subscribe to the above works, will address CHARLES ALFRED, Athenaeum, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, and they may rest assured that every attention will be paid to have them carefully transmitted by mail.

Dec. 3.

Patapsco Bank of Maryland.

Elliott's Mills, Oct. 31, 1835.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of this institution, that the balance of fifteen dollars on each share of stock required to be paid at the Banking House, in the following installments, viz:

The third instalment of five dollars per share, on the 15th December next, of which due notice has been given.

The fourth instalment of five dollars per share on the 5th of February next.

The fifth and last instalment, of five dollars per share, on the 1st of April next.

Stockholders who pay their instalments before the periods above designated, will be allowed to participate in the profits of the Institution from the first day of the month next ensuing the date of their respective payments.

By order of the President and Directors,
B. U. CAMPBELL, Cashier.
Nov. 6, 1835.—mta.

Anne-Arundel County, Oct.

ON application to the subscriber, Chief Justice of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of Henry Watts of Anne Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, An Act for the relief of sundry Insolvent Debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned; a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, and of the debts due to him, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said Henry Watts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Henry Watts having given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the County Court of Anne Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and I having appointed Joshua Watts his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Henry Watts a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed; I do hereby order and adjudge that the said Henry Watts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne Arundel County, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said County Court, at the Court House of said county, in the city of Annapolis on the said third Monday in April next, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Henry Watts should not have the benefit of the said Act and supplements as prayed. Given under my hand the eleventh day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty five.

THOS. B. HORSEY.

A CARD.

THE undersigned will dispose of on accommodating terms, his interest, (being an undivided moiety) in a Tract of Land called "Chance," containing

Two Hundred and Eight Acres, and adjoining the Farm of the late Thomas Bicknell.

JAMES F. BRICE.

Dec. 17.

PROSPECTUS.

THE Subscriber proposes to publish in Upper Marlboro', Prince George's county, Maryland, a weekly journal, to be called

THE BULETIN.

In undertaking to supply this acknowledged desideratum to the populous and intelligent district in which the subscriber has the fortune to reside, his hope of ultimate success finds not its origin in *ingéniosities* of temperament, but proceeds from the eminent advantages of its location. Published in the metropolis of a large and wealthy county, situated equidistant from the State and National capitals, facilities of an early communication of whatever may interest the patrons, are particularly afforded to the Editor; and though he may not hope to present to his friends much foreign information through the medium of his columns, not derivable from other journals; it is still certain that intelligence of a local nature, interesting to all, and important to many, and otherwise unattractive, will by this means be communicated.

It will also offer to those whose means are inadequate to the expense of the larger journals, at least a synoptical view of all the important information they contain; and he trusts that those of literary taste may sometimes find in its columns, articles not unworthy of the employment of their leisure. As the plan of every publication which is to find its success in popular support, must first be exposed before public patronage can be expected, the Editor would here mark the outline of his design, with the full knowledge that it will constitute an ordeal, by which, to determine both its merit and the fidelity of its prosecution.

The Editor proposes to adapt his paper to the wishes of those by whom he is immediately surrounded, and among whom he must naturally find a majority of his patrons: he knows them to be intelligent and inquiring.—They are as judiciously regarded, and the most approved domestic and foreign periodicals resorted to for belles lettres notices. He knows them to be patriotic, and that they feel a deep interest in the welfare of our common country. To gratify this sentiment to the extent of his ability, his columns shall afford whatever intelligence of a political character may be calculated to interest them. No man, with the faculty of thought, is at this crisis neutral in reference to the party distinctions now prevailing in this country, and the Editor does not wish to disguise his political sentiments—they are in opposition to the measures of the present administration. But having neither the temerity nor the motive of a partisan, his comments upon party movements shall be characterized by frankness of argument, not violence or abuse—and as it never has been his practice, so shall it never become his habit to deal in political invective or party virulence. He will cheerfully lend the aid of his columns to communications from all parties—reserving to himself the privilege of rejecting such as are objectionable for personal allusion or indecorous language. In addition to the advantages of appropriate political and literary selections, he trusts also to tempt into exercise whatever of native talent may surround him, and with such aids he may not presumptuously hope to render his paper useful and interesting. He asks not the patronage of his friends longer than his efforts merit and repay it as he wishes not to owe to favour to personal feelings, which would be denied to his editorial labors.

The BULETIN will be published on Thursday each week. Terms of subscription \$3 per annum.

WILLIAM H. HALL,
Upper Marlboro', Feb. 14, 1835.
June 18.

A BARGAIN.

THE undersigned intending to transfer his Publication office to the Eastward, offers to sell the PRESSES, TY. and MATHERALS used in the Public Work. If there be an Editor printer of the party who dares to become a competitor for the printing, we will furnish an office and the materials to do the work, and take orders on the Clerk of the House of Representatives in payment.

The patronage of the Department is worth from twelve to twenty thousand dollars per annum, and that of the House as much more.

Will editors with whom we exchange give us two or three insertions.

DUFF GREEN.

Nov. 5.

FOR ANNAPOLIS.

THE STEAM BOAT MARYLAND will go to Annapolis, on Sunday the 20th, and 27th inst., and return same day, leaving the lower end Dugan's wharf, at 9 o'clock, A. M. Passage same as last year.

N. B.—All baggage at the owner's risk.

LEML'L G. TAYLOR.

Dec. 24.

LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.
HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Wednesday, December 30th, 1835.

Benjamin Hood, Esq. a delegate returned from Anne Arundel County, George McCollough, and Granville S. Townsend, Esquires, delegates returned for Cecil County, severally appeared, qualified and took their seats.

Mr. Ridgely presented a petition of the subscribers to the Patapsco Female Institute, praying the grant of a Lottery privilege.

Mr. Annan, presented a petition of the Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of Frederick city, praying a supplement to the act, entitled an act to incorporate Frederick-town in Frederick county.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, enclosing a copy of a resolution passed the House of Representatives of the said Commonwealth December 11th, 1835, and also a copy of an act to incorporate the Franklin Rail Road Company.

Mr. Iglesias, presented a petition of William Jenkins, former collector of Anne Arundel county, praying further time to complete his collection.

Mr. Heard, presented sundry memorials and letters from St. Mary's county instructing the delegates of said county, to vote for George Coombs, Esq. to fill the vacancy of Register of Wills in said county.

Mr. Ely, presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying the passage of an act to regulate the Baltimore markets.

Mr. Teakle, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Somerset county, praying for an act to authorize the construction of a Rail Road.

Mr. McLean, presented a petition of Michael Tonner, and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying to condemn and make public an alley, in said city.

And, Mr. Richardson presented a petition of sundry citizens of the city of Baltimore, praying the passage of an act to incorporate the Columbian Beneficial Society of Baltimore.

Further Resolved, that his Excellency the Governor, be requested to communicate a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions to each of the Senators and Representatives of this State in the Congress of the United States.

Which was read the first and second time by special order, and assented to.

Mr. Brewer submitted the following message, which was read, assented to, and sent to the Senate.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

We propose with the consent of your honorable body to appoint a committee to consist of five members of this House, conjointly with such gentlemen as may be appointed by the Senate on their part, to contract for and regulate the public printing. We have appointed Messrs. Brewer, Worthington, Brulé, McMahon, and Burchenal, on the part of this House.

The Clerk of the Senate delivered the following messages.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates:

We have received your message informing us of your organization and readiness to proceed with the business of the session. The Senate is also ready to

pulse to our great works of internal improvement, and at the same time providing ultimately an ample fund for general education. Complete success has so far attended the execution of the law thus passed on these subjects. The loans have been effected upon even better terms than required by the law authorizing them.

The state's sinking fund, created from the bonds received, has been invested in her own stocks to an amount more than sufficient, by its own regular accumulations, to discharge the principal debt by the stipulated time of payment. The works are being prosecuted with a zeal, a vigor, and a persevering intelligence which cannot fail of success. Every stroke of the spade, the pick or the hammer seems to develop new sources of wealth, to awaken new and livelier hopes for the future, and to impart fresh vigor and activity to commercial and agricultural community. Other and kindred enterprises are either in progress or contemplation in various directions to connect with these and pour their tribute of wealth through these great channels into our commercial emporium, and Maryland seems now destined by these means to regain all the natural advantages of her local situation, and to advance in her march to greatness with rapid and unflinching strides. No reasonable doubt, it seems to us, can now be entertained of the sufficiency of the security even to the Treasury of the State for the payment, by the several corporations, of the annual interest upon the respective loans, and still less, with their brightened prospects, of their ultimate ability, and that at no very distant day, to refund the principal sums advanced. It is the appropriation of these sums, when so refunded, that gives to this law its most estimable and interesting feature. Great and highly beneficial as the direct results which will flow from the completion of these stupendous works must be, yet they are short of the blessings to be diffused amongst our posterity by the repayment and faithful application, according to the provisions of the act, of the sums loaned for their construction. Long have the patriots of our State sighed over the neglected state of education; long have her public functionaries and her people busied themselves in searching for means to provide adequately for that highest duty of a paternal government. Behold them now flowing from that measure. Hitherto we have been on the subject of internal improvement a divided people. A very large portion of the State, having no direct interest in works of this character, has been reluctant to consent to their construction, and many of our best citizens have prudently refused to lend the public purse, or public credit, to any such enterprizes, thinking it unjust that all should be burdened in equal proportions with expenditures of which a part only were to reap the immediate benefits. But happily a change has taken place in our policy in regard to such works. The systems of Internal Improvement and general education are united. The former is made the handmaid of the latter. The law of the last session lends the public credit to insure the completion of works of great importance and certain profit, and secures the whole of the great direct pecuniary gain of the State to provide for general education, and the whole state as with one voice approves the measure. All rejoice that these magnificent enterprises no longer languish; all hail the light of the new day which has dawned upon our native land; all exult in the sure prospect of ample provision being made in future for the development of the intellectual powers of our posterity. Great, rich and powerful, the people of the State might have been without this, but happy they could never have become—a sheet anchor for their republican institutions they would not have had. The instructive pages of history, ancient and modern, tell of communities warlike, powerful and abounding in wealth, who yet have known little happiness, who have been the victims of depravity, or the sport of tyrants, and these same pages acquaint us also with the fatal cause; the uneducated condition, the deplorable ignorance of the great mass of the people. Shining instances have existed, and may again exist, of great genius and learning in the midst of ignorance and neglect of general education. But these have dazzled and passed away, seeming only to render visible the darkness that surrounded them, and often using the superior advantages thus possessed but to enslave or oppress their fellow men. These do not make a people happy; and perhaps they are farther from giving security to liberty. Great and superior power, when possessed by but few, gives temptation to its abuse; some times too strong for the frailty of our nature, and though there is much in the qualities of this species of superior power to enable its possessor to resist these temptations, experience proves that the resistance has not always been made, or at least has not always been successful.

Let every citizen be educated; then will the disparity of power from this and other sources be greatly lessened, while the public stock will be immensely increased. Each man will know how to appreciate his own rights, will become sensible of his own dignity as a freeman; all will be able to understand, all will love and support the only true principles of civil government. The spirit of usurpation will ever quail before the enlightened and impartial judgment of such a people; tyranny will tremble at the thought of their resistless indignation, and their affections will be an anchor for the principles of freedom, improving by storms, and strengthening by time. Happiness too will be theirs, because with knowledge comes the love of virtue, naturally as light from the sun. Justice and clear perceptions of right will prevail, and obedience to the laws will be acknowledged by all as a moral as well as a political duty.—Of the principles and policy of this law then, we will say, let them be perpetual.

Before we leave the subject of general education, we will recommend a careful examination into the application of the funds of the

already available for that purpose, and then the arrangement and commencement of a wise and uniform system throughout the state, calculated for suitable extension, when the other great funds we have spoken of shall have become applicable thereto.

Connected with these subjects is the consideration of the disposition to be made by the federal government of the public lands of the Union. Surely the time has arrived for doing justice to the original states in this particular. The immense revenue derived from that source is not only no longer wanted by the federal government, but is actually burdensome to it.—The national treasury is full to overflowing, and the question with that government is not now, how ways and means are to be raised to meet all its legitimate and necessary expenditures, but it is, how are they to get rid of superabundant revenue. Nothing would seem to fit the occasion better, or to be more consonant with the principles of equal justice and the genius of our institutions, than the distribution of these lands, or the revenue thence arising, among the several states, just and fair proportion, for the purposes of education and internal improvements. It cannot be that Congress will hearken to the proposition once made of ceding these lands gratuitously to the states within whose respective limits they lie. It cannot be that the junior members of our political family have so engrossed the affections of the Federal head as that the common parents of both are to be discarded and forgotten. It cannot be that the original states will ever patiently submit to such a flagrant violation of the principles of the original cession, and the dues of equal justice. We recommend this subject to your serious considerations, and would respectfully suggest the propriety of presenting to Congress and the nation, the views entertained by this state upon the subject, in such a mode as you may deem most desirable and appropriate.

We herewith submit reports recently received from the President and Directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, and also from the President and Directors of the Baltimore and Susquehanna Canal Company, which give a gratifying view of the affairs of each company and of their future prospects.—No official report has been recently received from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company. A general meeting of that company is now being held, and a report of its progress and prospects will probably be received at no distant day.

It is painful to be obliged to advert to the spirit of insubordination which has of late so frequently manifested itself in many parts of the country; and deep and unsigned is our mortification, while we are compelled to admit that our own state has exhibited some of its worst examples. In governments not formed in the principles of republicanism, where persons claiming to be independent of, and superior to the people, under colour of laws enacted by themselves, practice tyranny and oppression; these popular connivings may sometimes be palliated or excused, as the only means possessed by an enslaved people of checking the inordinate excesses, and striking terror into the hearts of their oppressors.

But in a country like ours, a country of liberty and laws, where the people are acknowledged to be supreme, and in fact are in the constant practical exercise of absolute sovereignty; where the government, instituted by the people themselves, claims no power but what is immediately derived from the consent of the governed, and is administered solely and exclusively for the good of the whole; where the laws are made by the immediate agents of the people, and designed for the protection and security of the rights, privileges and possessions of all equally, and are subject at all times to be altered, repealed or amended as may be agreeable to the will, conducive to the interests, or promotive of the happiness of the people, there can be no apology, there is no extenuation or excuse for such connivances, and their occurrence stains the character of the government, and wounds deeply the cause of equal liberty.

It existing laws are defective; if artful villains can pervert their meaning or elude their justice, surely there is virtue and intelligence enough to amend such defects, and to devise the means of bringing those who will practice wrong and injustice to legitimate punishment; but let not the restraints, the security of these laws be thrown off. How terrible is the condition of that community where anarchy reigns! How much more of cruelty, wrong and injustice flows from it than from the most despotic of governments! How soon are all, having claims to virtuous motives, driven from control or sacrifice to fury! How completely is the voice of reason silenced, and every thing useful or valuable, sacred or profane, prostituted, abused or destroyed, as may suit the caprice, as suggested in the wantonness of brutal force, acting without virtuous motives and guided only by the principle of evil! How natural, nay almost inevitable, the refuge from these horrors to the power most certain to afford effective protection! And what power so effectual, when the people have forgotten their duty to themselves, as a despotism? To this such things tend, and in this they must ultimately terminate, unless a just abhorrence for them can be kept alive among the great body of the citizens of the Republic, and there shall be awakened and cherished, in the bosoms of a majority of the community, a sufficient sense of their fatal tendency, and a devotion to our laws and institutions, which shall induce them promptly to repress all similar attempts, and to aid in visiting the judgments of the law upon all who shall aim such fatal blows at the nature and genius of our happy form of government. Although all these strong motives exist to induce the citizens everywhere to restrain and check all such excesses, and although we doubt not they will be generally felt and acknowledged, yet we have

seen they are not always sufficient to bring the laws of peace and good order promptly into action upon such emergency. Hope is too apt to blind us to the extent or fearful nature of remote dangers, and each one, busied about his own concerns, and taking care of his individual interests, becomes measurably, or for the time, forgetful of the great stake he holds in the general welfare, and leaves it to be guarded and preserved by others; while the lawless and licentious are permitted to go forward in their work of violence and destruction, in the most densely populated districts. As calculated in some measure to correct this evil and bring in aid of the obligations of public duty the more readily perceived and more awakening motives of private interest, we recommend to your consideration the propriety of passing a law rendering it obligatory upon the inhabitants of each county, city or incorporated town, within which a mob or riot shall hereafter take place, to remunerate from their public purse all individual sufferers to the full amount of their loss or injury sustained from such mob or riot; and we would also respectfully suggest a careful revision of the criminal laws applicable to such cases and the passage of such new enactments as to your wisdom shall seem best calculated effectually to insure the punishment of all similar offenders in future.

Since the adjournment of the late Legislature, the Country has seen much and deeply agitated by the machinations of sundry misguided and wickedly disposed citizens, residing chiefly in the Northern and Eastern States of the Union, who, associating themselves with certain unprincipled foreign emissaries, have sought, and it is believed are still seeking, by every means within their power, to destroy the peace, happiness and security of the citizens of this and of all our sister States in the South. Presses are maintained from which issue in a constant stream the most exciting and inflammatory addresses to our slave population, which are circulated among them by means of the Post Offices and by secret agents dispersed in every direction. These addresses inculcate not the doctrines or principles by which their authors profess to be actuated; they inculcate not philanthropy, humanity or brotherly love; but they teach, and are designed to excite to rebellion, murders and bloody slaughter. Their authors seem anxious to involve us in all the horrors of servile war, and profess to do it too in the name of outraged humanity and religion. That there may be deluded fanatics among them; that there may be some instruments so ignorant as not to be sensible of the shameless absurdity of these professions is admitted, but it is difficult to believe that the heads that devised and directed this merciless crusade against the white inhabitants of this and the other slaveholding states can be actuated by any motive having the semblance of virtue. It is almost impossible not to be convinced that they understand the horrors they are struggling to produce. It is by no means necessary that we should enter here upon the discussion of the question of slavery in the abstract. It is enough that it is one of the domestic institutions of the State, with which we utterly deny the right of any power without the State, to interfere in any manner whatever. The policy we have pursued towards our slave population has been liberal and just.

Our slaves were believed hitherto to have been no less happy than ourselves. They knew not, they felt not, the hardships of bondage, and if they should now be relieved of their comforts, curtailed in their privileges and harassed by rigid surveillance, the blame must rest with those enemies, both of the white man and the black—the incendiary abolitionists. While these common enemies have been thus active in their efforts to destroy the peace of the Southern portion of the country, and have, we doubt not, hoped to inflict a mortal wound upon the Union by arraying one portion against the other, it has been most consolatory to discover that they could find no sympathy with their views among our fellow citizens of the North and East generally. Their attempts thereto have very generally met with the just indignation of the people; and judging from these indications, we cannot but indulge the hope that these nefarious attempts, failing of their object, will, in the end, far from making us a divided people, be the means of dispelling many groundless jealousies, doubts and fears, which have heretofore existed, and thus draw closer the bonds of Union, confidence and mutual good will between the different members and individual citizens of the confederacy. The just and generous sentiments proclaimed by the people, need but be carried out by the constituted authorities of the Northern and Eastern States, and the good work is done.—From these authorities we have a right to expect, and after what we have heard from their constituents, we will not question, that they will take the necessary steps to prevent those associations and those emissions from the press within their borders, which are so destructive of our domestic peace, and so fatally tend to disturb the harmony of the Union. It is with you to provide by such enactments as you may judge suitable and expedient to prevent the introduction of all such incendiary publications within the limits of this State.

In compliance with the request of His Excellency, George McDuffie, Governor of the State of South Carolina, I herewith transmit to you a Report and sundry resolutions adopted and passed by the General Assembly of that State on this subject.

We are happy in being able to announce to you that the financial concerns of the State are in a sound and healthy condition. The ways and means provided by the Legislature at its last session have been sufficient to meet all the expenditures of the Government, and leave in

the Treasury at the close of the fiscal year a balance of \$29,078 19. The annual report of the Treasurer of the Western Shore, which will be laid before you in a few days, will furnish you with ample details of the receipts and expenditures of the past year, and the probable revenue and expenditures of the present.

In compliance with the request of the General Assembly, we transmitted to His Excellency, the Governor of Virginia, a copy of the report of a special committee of the last House of Delegates, and of the resolutions with which it concludes, in relation to the Southern and Western boundary of this State, which were adopted and passed by the last General Assembly, and we herewith submit for your consideration the correspondence which has passed between Governor Tazewell and us upon that subject.

You will receive herewith the annual report of the Directors of the Penitentiary, which has been sent to us at so late a period, that we have not been able to give it an attentive examination. The Institution being one of great importance, the report will, of course, claim and receive your deliberate attention.

It is with regret that I have to inform you of the death of Captain Jacob Schmuck, late of the United States Army, to whom the last General Assembly had directed us to present a sword with suitable devices and ornaments, as a testimony of the high sense entertained by his native state, of his distinguished and gallant services to his country on the north western frontier, during the late war with Great Britain.—We understand that Captain Schmuck has left a widow and daughter, his only child. Under these circumstances, it has not been thought necessary to procure the sword directed by the legislature to be presented to that meritorious officer, and we respectfully recommend an appropriation in some form better suited to the present condition and situation of the family of the deceased.

The sword which we were directed by the resolution of the last General Assembly to procure and present to Captain Edmund P. Kennedy, of the United States Navy, as a testimony of the high sense entertained by his native state of his distinguished and gallant services to his country in the memorable action with the Triumphant gun boats, off Tripoli, in August 1804, has been ordered but not yet received. Application to the artist was delayed to too late a period for the sword to be made and finished, in a suitable and appropriate manner, in time to be presented before the commencement of your session, in consequence of the desire felt to obtain from the particular friends of Captain Kennedy, such information and advice as would enable us to furnish the artist with suitable and appropriate devices and ornaments to be engraved upon the sword.

Very soon after the passage of the resolutions of the last General Assembly, requiring the Governor to have full length likenesses painted by a native artist of this state or of the late Samuel Chase, William Paca, and Thomas Stone, John B. Ordway was employed to execute said painting. His report of progress in the work is herewith submitted.

Under the resolutions of the last General Assembly in relation to the Digest and revision of our laws, we appointed a Director of the Digest, who has recently reported the form which he has devised for the work, and the division into such titles as he has thought proper; whereupon we have made the necessary appointments to ensure a prompt accomplishment of the work, as required by the General Assembly.

Reports have been received from the State Topographical Engineer and Geologist respectively, giving an account of their progress in the important and interesting works in which they are engaged—works in which Maryland has embarked with a zeal and perseverance that promises to develop resources which will insure success in every branch of industry connected with agriculture and commerce. The ability, zeal and industry with which the Engineer and Geologist have performed their respective duties, are not only highly creditable to themselves, but give a sure guarantee of its full, able and certain accomplishment. The report not being in a proper condition to be presented at this time, will be laid before you in a few days in the most convenient form.

Under resolution of the last General Assembly, we appointed David Ridgely, Esq. "to examine every part of the public buildings, where there may be reason to believe any papers or documents properly belonging to the Executive or any other department, may be found in an unarranged condition and out of place, and to collect and arrange all such papers and documents and deposit them in the office or offices to which they may appear to belong." We are happy in being able to state that many valuable documents dear to our state pride, and illustrative of some of the most important and interesting events of our history have been rescued from destruction. Most of them are in a state of excellent preservation; but some, we regret to say, are so far destroyed as to require transcription. The accompanying reports which Mr. Ridgely has made from time to time to this Department during the progress of his duties, and to which we ask your particular attention, will exhibit the nature, extent and value of his researches, as well as the zeal and fidelity with which he has discharged the duties devolved upon him.

All the other duties devolved upon us by law and resolutions have received our attention, and the purposes of the General Assembly in passing them have been carried into effect, to the extent of the means provided, or are now in the progress of execution.

In a few days it will become your duty under the constitution to elect a new Governor and Council. Your present Governor is no longer re-eligible, and in now bidding you an affectionate farewell, he feels happy in the assurance, he knows he can carry with him into the shades of retirement, that by you the solemn injunction

"to take care that the Republic receives no detriment," will not be forgotten or neglected.

We have the honor to be,

With great consideration and respect,

Your obedient servant,

JAMES THOMAS.

Mr. Heard submitted the following order:

Ordered that five hundred copies of the Executive Message be printed for the use of the house.

Which was read.

Mr. Duckett moved to amend said order, by striking out the words "five hundred," and inserting in lieu thereof "one thousand."

Determined in the negative.

The said order was then read the second time and adopted.

The house then adjourned.

Thursday, December 31st, 1835.

The Speaker laid before the House, report from the commissioners of the tax for Prince George's, Worcester, and Frederick counties containing a summary list of all the Real and Personal property in said counties.

Also, A communication from the clerk of the House, containing a list of the Bills, Resolutions, and Reports, which originated in the House of Delegates, and were referred from the session of 1834, to the succeeding session.

Mr. Wharton, presented a petition of Elizabeth, and Henry Fouke, and others, praying the passage of an act requiring the Court of Appeals to reinstate a certain law case on the docket of said court.

Mr. Wharton, also presented a petition of Leonor Householder, of Washington county, praying to be divorced from his wife Ellen Householder.

Mr. Teakle, presented a memorial and petition of sundry citizens of Somerset county, praying the establishment of a Real Estate Bank.

Mr. Gough, presented a petition of Lilburn Rogers, crier of Harford county court, praying for additional compensation for his services.

Mr. Annan, presented petition from the Rev. Thomas R. Butler, President of Mount St. Mary's College, and others in Frederick county, praying the passage of an act to authorize Charles Lee, a free colored man, to manumit his wife and children.

Mr. Pratt, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Prince George's county, relative to the fisheries on Potomac river.

And Mr. Richardson, presented a petition of Elizabeth Gibson, of the City of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband John Gibson.

Mr. Elieghart, obtained leave to bring in a bill, relating to Constables' fees in Cecil county.

Mr. Sutton, obtained leave to bring in a bill, to make valid the Acts of Isauah Taylor, acting as a Justice of the Peace, in and for Harford county;

On motion of Mr. Teakle.

Ordered, That the petition of sundry citizens of Somerset and Worcester counties, praying for an appropriation for improving the navigation of Dividing Creek, between the said counties, presented at the last session, be withdrawn from the files of this house, and referred to a select Committee of five members.

In pursuance whereof, the Speaker appointed Messrs. Teakle, Jones, Long, Spence, and Whitlock, the Committee.

Mr. Wharton, obtained leave to bring in a bill, to confirm an act passed December session, 1834, chapter 166, to alter and change a part of the division line between the second, third, and fourth election districts in Washington county;

Mr. Carroll, of Balt., submitted the following order.

Ordered, That so much of the Executive Message, as relates to fanatic abolitionists, be referred to a select Committee of seven, to be appointed by the chair.

Which was read, and

On motion of Mr. Pratt, ordered to lie on the table.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following standing Committees, which were read.

Committee on Elections and Privileges.—Messrs. Hamilton, Wharton, Kent, Townsend, and McLean.

Committee on Ways and Means.—Messrs. Merrick, Bruff, McMahon, Jones, Bayly, Willis and Fowler.

Committee on Claims.—Messrs. Kent, Dudley, Iglesias, Bryan, Palmer, Carroll, of St. M., and Duvall.

Committee on Grievances and Courts of Justice.—Messrs. Duckett, Dulany, Hamblton, McLean, Spence and Matthews.

Committee on Pensions and Revoeals.—Messrs. Gittings, Dunkinson and Gillis.

Committee on Internal Improvement.—Pratt, Wharton, Dudley, Dennis, Barr, of Balt., and McLean.

Committee on Education.—Messrs. Carpenter, Gilliss, Trundie, Windham, and Mercer.

Committee on Insanity.—Messrs. Dudley, Larmer, Traverse, Rohr, Brookhouse, Richard, and Mulligan.

Committee on Divorce.—Messrs. Carpenter, Annan, Bruff, Traverse, Turner, Waines and Boyd.

Committee on Crimes and Punishments.—Messrs. Brown, Brown, Hardestie, Primrose, Dunkinson, Hood and Nelson.

Committee on Persons in Indigent Persons by County Assessment.—Messrs. Sutton, Duke, Davis, Fife, Henderson, Lord and Kirby, of Kent.

Committee on Agriculture.—Messrs. Mercer, Dennis, Hardestie, Spalding, Hood, Newcomer and Beam.

Committee on Manufactures.—Messrs. Ely, Igglehart, Mollusk, Lassell, Gough, Whitelock and Fowler.

Committee on Inspections.—Messrs. Worthington, Ford, Gittings, Carroll, of Balt., Willis, Kirby, of Queen Anne's, and McCullough.

Committee on Expiring Laws.—Messrs. Palmer, Frantz, Bryan, Spalding, Hood, Brodhawn and Burchenal.

Committee on Lotteries.—Messrs. Burchenal, Jones, Winder, Ridgely, Larrimore, Richardson and Worthington.

Committee on the Coloured Population.—Messrs. Beard, Pratt, Merrick, Duckett, Hambleton, Bayly and Long.

Committee on Corporations.—Messrs. McLean, Teakle, Weems, Trundle, Mercer, Spence and Hensley.

Committee on Engrossed Bills.—Messrs. Brown, Bruff, Carroll, of St. Mary's, Larrimore, Gough, Annan and Miller.

On motion of Mr. Wharton.

Ordered, That so much of the Executive message as relates to internal improvements, be referred to the standing committee on that subject.

That so much as relates to education, be referred to the committee on education.

That so much as relates to mobs and riots, be referred to the committee on grievances and courts of justice.

That so much as relates to our south western boundary, be referred to a select committee of seven.

That so much as relates to the public documents, be referred to a select committee.

In pursuance whereof, the speaker appointed on so much of the Executive communication as relates to the south western boundary, Messrs. Wharton, Merrick, Pratt, Bayly, Long, Hambleton and Ely, the committee.

And, on so much thereof, as relates to the public documents, Messrs. Wharton, Bruff, Carpenter, Brown, Duckett, Gittings and Duvall, the committee.

The clerk of senate, referred the bill, entitled, an act to continue an act entitled, an act for the dispatch of business in Frederick County Court, passed December session 1830, and its supplements, endorsed, will pass, ordered to be engrossed.

FOR SALE,
THE DWELLING HOUSE in which I at present reside.

FOR RENT,
THE DWELLING HOUSE, in which the late General Richard Harwood resided at the time of his death.

TH. S ALEXANDER.

Jan. 7.

A LIST OF LETTERS, Remaining in the Post Office, Annapolis, December 31, 1833.

A.
Richard Anderson.

B.
Henry Baldwin,
F. Stone Brown,
Osborn Bell.

C.
Albert Constable.

D.
Mary Dadd,
Nancy Dorsey,
Edward Dorsey, (2)
Daniel Dorsey,
E. Dubois, (6)

E.
John Gable,
Josiah Green.

F.
F. C. Hyde,
Rachel Hopkins,
Jane Harrison,
Susannah Hurst, (2)
Mary Hayden.

G.
John S. Kerr.

H.
P. G. Leichtleiter,
Dr. Theodore Lythicum, R. C. Long.

I.
Mrs. E. Mont,
Mrs. Murphy,
Robt. B. Moore.

J.
Mary H. Poore,
Augustus Preiss,
Mrs. Post.

K.
Mary Ray.

L.
Henry Sumance,
W. H. Seider,
Rev. Jesus Standard, (2)
Miss E. A. J. Stewart,
Mrs. A. A. Stewart, (4)

M.
James Teakle,
Joseph Tap, (2)
Thos. Taylor.

N.
J. W. Whittington, (2)
Bally Ann Woods,
E. Weller,
Wm. Wright,
John Woods.

O.
Alexander Wilson,
Geo. Wilson,
Harry Whaler,
N. W. Washington, of Jas.
Dr. J. W. Walker,
R. J. Grubb, P. M.

P.
Dec. 31.

MARYLAND Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS:
THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1835.

THOMAS W. YEAGER, Esq., was elected on Monday, by the Legislature, Governor of Maryland, for the ensuing year.

On Tuesday, the following gentlemen were elected as Council for the ensuing year, to wit:

Gwynn Harris,
Nathaniel F. Williams,
William F. Johnson,
John C. Henry, and
John McKenney, Esq's.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.

We are informed by the Principal that an Election will be held by the Visitors and Governors, at the next meeting, to fill a vacancy in the number of Students educated in this College, under a provision of the State Government. Applications may be made to the Principal, by letters, accompanied with the necessary testimonials.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.

It affords us much pleasure to announce, that the Hon. ROBERT H. GOLOSONOVICH, United States Senator from Maryland, has consented to deliver an Oration before the associate Alumni, and the other Literary Societies of St. John's College, at the next annual commencement, February 22d, 1836. The Exercises will be held in the Hall of the Old College; and from the numbers of the class to be graduated, and the prospects opened by the completion of the new and splendid edifice that has been erected during the past year, the occasion will, doubtless, be full of interest.—Md. Rep.

COURT OF APPEALS, December Term, 1835.

Thursday Dec. 31st.—Present as yesterday. The argument of No. 49, Robert R. Richardson vs W. A. Ridgely and Wife, was continued by Alexander for the Appellees, and Mayer for the Appellant.

Friday, January 1st, 1836.—Present as yesterday.

On motion, Isaac D. Jones, Esquire, of Somerset County, was admitted as an Attorney of this Court.

The argument of No. 49, was concluded by Mayer for the Appellant.

No. 53, Robert W. Kent vs William O'Hara et al. This case was argued by Brower for the Appellant. No Counsel argued for the Appellee.

No. 57. The Patapsco Insurance Company vs James Biscoe. The argument of this case was commenced by Mayer for the Appellant, and McMahon for the Appellee.

Saturday, Jan. 2d.—Present as yesterday. The argument of No. 57, was continued by McMahon for the Appellee, and Mayer for the Appellant.

Monday, Jan. 4th.—Present the whole Court.

The argument of No. 49, Zachariah MacCubbin et al. vs Cromwell Ex'x of Cromwell, was concluded by Johnson for the Appellants.

No. 58. Benjamin Eccleston vs State use Mary Kendall. This case was argued by D. Stewart for the Appellant, and McMahon for the Appellee.

Tuesday Jan. 5th.—Present the whole Court.

No. 54. John Glenn, Adr. of Clery vs George G. Bell, Adr. of Volunbrun. This case was argued by Johnson for the Appellant, and McMahon for the Appellee.

The argument of No. 57, the Patapsco Insurance Company vs James Biscoe, was concluded by Mayer for the Appellant.

Wednesday, Jan. 6th.—Present as yesterday.

No. 68. John Hodges vs the Planters Bank of Prince George's County et al. This case was argued by Johnson and Pratt for the Appellant, and Pratt for the Appellees.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Sunday night last, at the residence of her Sister, in this city, Mrs. MARIA ANNE WILLIAMS, Consort of the late Mr. John Williams, of Greenbury's Point.

VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY, FOR SALE.

BY virtue of the authority vested in the subscribers by the last will and testament of Thomas Snowden, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, we shall offer at Public Sale, at the upper Farm of said Snowden, called "Brooks," near the Savage Factory, on THURSDAY, the 21st January, inst, all the

PERSONAL PROPERTY,

Of said deceased, remaining upon said Estate, consisting of many valuable

Negroes, Men, Women and Children, slaves for life, also all the Stock, consisting of Cattle, Horses, Mules, Hogs, Sheep, and a variety of Farming Utensils, Carts, Wagons, Ploughs, and Geer, also Hoes, Axes, &c., Household and Kitchen Furniture, and other property not enumerated. And on WEDNESDAY, the 27th inst, at the Farm lately occupied by said Snowden, on the head of South River, a variety of property as above described.

The terms of sale are,

For all sums of Twenty Dollars, and under Twenty, the cash, must be paid, and for all sums above Twenty Dollars six months credit will be given, the purchaser giving bond or note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock, and continue from day to day until the whole property shall be disposed of.

HORACE CAPRON,
THOS. S. HERBERT,
Adm'ts. with the Will annexed.

Jan. 7.—3m.

MARYLAND Gazette.

DUBOIS sold in the last Virginia Lottery a Ticket having for its combination 6 39 60—when 4 39 60 drew the Grand Capital Prize of \$2,000—and what is still more strange, the fortunate adventurer came within a single unit, a few weeks since of drawing the Capital in the Del. States notwithstanding he drew a snug little prize of \$2,50.—He is now requested to present his second prize of \$100—as the cash is already cut and dried to pay over to him.

CAPITAL PRIZE \$20,000.

Mongolian Class No. 1, to be drawn on the day after Tomorrow.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.

We are informed by the Principal that an Election will be held by the Visitors and Governors, at the next meeting, to fill a vacancy in the number of Students educated in this College, under a provision of the State Government.

Applications may be made to the Principal, by letters, accompanied with the necessary testimonials.

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY,

For the benefit of the Monongah Academy.

CLASS No. 1, for 1835.

To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. January 9, 1836

75 NO. Lottery—12 Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	\$20,000
1 prize of	5,000
1 prize of	3,000
1 prize of	2,000
1 prize of	1,858
25 prizes of	1,000
20 prizes of	300
150 prizes of	200
126 prizes of	160
126 prizes of	50
126 prizes of	40
126 prizes of	30
3634 prizes of	20
29436 prizes of	10
	5

27,814 prizes amounting to \$233,218.

Tickets \$5 00, Shares in proportion.

No. 6 39 60, Sold in the Virginia Petersburg Lottery, Class No. 1, a Prize of \$100, and Cashed at this office.

No. 4 39 60 drew the Capital Prize in the same Lottery, Saturday 2d inst. The holder of the first mentioned Ticket was thrown into a profound perspiration when he saw his proximity to the latter.

MARYLAND STATE LOTTERY.

Class No. 1, for 1836.

To be drawn at Baltimore on Monday, January 11, 1836.

Approved by William R. Stuart, Edward Hughes and J. S. Williams, Commissioners

D. S. GREGORY & Co. Successors of Yates and McIntyre, Managers.

SPLENDID SCHEME.	
1 prize of	\$25,000
1 prize of	7,000
1 prize of	5,000
1 prize of	3,412
1 prize of	2,000
25 prizes of	1,000
25 prizes of	600
25 prizes of	500
40 prizes of	200
112 prizes of	100
112 prizes of	80
112 prizes of	60
112 prizes of	50
112 prizes of	40
1848 prizes of	26
15400 prizes of	15

18401 prizes, amt'g. to \$297,410

Tickets \$8—Halves 4—Qrs. 2.

Tickets and Shares for sale at

DUBOIS
LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE,
(Church-street, Annapolis.)

Jan. 7.

CITY OF ANNAPOLIS,

DECEMBER 14th, 1835.

WHEREAS Lewis N. Sewell, Trustee of Richard Ridgely, deceased, late Collector of the Taxes for the City of Annapolis for the year 1834, hath returned to the Corporation of said city the following List of Real Property on which there is no Personal Property to pay the same, viz:

Persons Admitted. Property. Tax Due.

Barrett, Joseph & heirs, House & Lot, \$2 00

Barrett, John, do do 2 00

Carroll, C. of C., 9 Houses & 14 Lots, 30 86

**Fourth Year of Waldie's Library.
BOOKS BY MAIL
PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.**

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesomes.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere percentage of their former cost; it has outlived more than thirty per cent attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are at the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to depend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor himself a reader from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of interest, which may be admitted into every family, and, in addition to the most tasteful, and agreeable reading point for all its members, pronounces on all belles lettres respecting and conversation. The variety thus collected fills the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History; personal memoirs of extraordinary individuals, and curious adventure &c. &c. An amount equal to fifty London duodecimo volumes is thus annually furnished in weekly numbers, at a cost only equal to one of the London works. The plan thus embraces the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused, in every part of the Union, as to form an inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become really necessary for those who mix in society.

The Library is now conducted disseminating books to all parts of the country in from five to six weeks after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in the Library will supply good reading for a whole circle or family for a cent and a half a day postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year, more than three volumes of Rees's Cyclopaedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be found at an expense little exceeding that of buying either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and unsociable society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the majority.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four dollars, containing the Journal of Belles Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for \$5.00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals receive five copies for \$20.00, a reduction which pays the postage. Payment always in advance.

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

This periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or both are furnished to clubs of five for \$6.00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chamber's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, combined in such a manner as to enlist the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers not taking the Library, \$2.50, postage paid.

A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for \$20.00. For this an amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance.

Address, post paid, ADAM WALDIE, Seventh, two doors south of Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

THE MUSEUM OF FOREIGN LITERATURE AND BOOKS, price \$6.00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for \$12.00.

Feb. 8.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers having obtained from the Orphans court of Anne Arundel county, Letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the estate of Thomas Snowden, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice to all persons having claims against the deceased, to exhibit the same properly authenticated, and they request all persons indebted to the deceased, to make immediate payment.

PHOS. S. HERBERT,
HORACE CAPRON.

Nov. 26.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans Court of A. A. County, Letters of administration on the personal estate of James Hunter, late of said County, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted to the deceased, to make immediate payment.

JOHN MILLER, Adm'r.

Nov. 26. '36.

SPLENDID

French, Italian, German, British and American Prints.

CONSISTING of the most beautiful Female Portraits; Sporting Landscapes; Historic and sentimental, Caricature Engravings and Lithographs, ever offered in this city; all of which will be exhibited to such persons as will purchase to the amount of fifty cents, the frequent handling tending considerably to soil and otherwise retard the sale of them.

The above beautiful collection of articles have just been received.—for sale by

F. M. JARBOE.

Oct. 15.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
WALDIE'S LIBRARY

SECOND VOLUME.

THE subscriber having purchased the Washington Mirror from its former proprietor, will in future be its conductor.

The general plan of the Mirror is, we believe, satisfactory to all our subscribers—affording a complete view of the city affairs in a manner unattempted by any other paper. This plan will no doubt be adhered to. Our chief object being to lay hold of those local subjects and occurrences which have not been noticed in the daily papers, including Police Reports, and all such matter as is of general interest, we have engaged the valuable services of Mr. Wirtz as Editor, and his assistant, Mr. Whipple, whose spirit and untiring exertions to establish this paper have been exceedingly successful.

We propose to furnish brief abstracts of all judicial decisions which shall more particularly interest the citizens of this District. Also a brief, but comprehensive summary of Congressional proceedings.

We propose further, during the session of Congress, to publish an Evening Edition, by which arrangement our distant subscribers will receive the latest Congressional Intelligence one day and a half sooner than through any other Washington paper.

We intend, if possible, to furnish a weekly list of all New Patents; a Bank-note Table, and Prices Current of Washington, Alexandria, and Georgetown, corrected with the greatest accuracy; also Stage, Steamboat, and Rail Road Registers.

We shall exert our best endeavours to elevate the literary character of the Mirror. This can only be done by the co-operation of those minds which are able and willing to aid in the advancement of letters. We cannot, however, be so unjust to our subscribers as to make the Mirror an arena for the unskilled, since far more desirable, it must be allowed, would be judicious selections than hasty opinions.

We believe that the prospects of Washington demand such a paper as we intend to publish. She is already closely allied, by her rail road, to a great and flourishing city, and is destined to be her compeer, rather than rival, in exchanging the products of the country; by means of her stupendous canal, she is about to be thrown, as it were, into the centre of an immense territory, where the resources of industry, the reach of imagination, and where an amount of capital must soon be created, which will astonish the most sanguine economist. Washington and Baltimore, as one mighty heart, must receive and return the current which will give vitality to the commerce of twenty millions of men.

Such, in fact, are our advantages that prosperity must come in spite of causes which conpire to oppress us; but a sense of duty, carried out into action, will relieve our embarrassments, and produce results of incalculable magnitude.

We propose, then, to supply a paper in some degree adapted to the wants of an important community; a literary and miscellaneous family paper; a journal of current literature; a repository of commercial intelligence. And we appeal to an enlightened and liberal community to sustain us in our undertaking.

Terms of the paper—two dollars, payable in all cases semi-annually in advance.

RUFUS DAWES.

Washington, D. C.

Nov. 5.

CASH FOR

ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,

Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants

to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market.

I can at all times be found at Mr. James Hunter's Tavern, in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. PURVIS.

Feb. 26.

COMPANION TO WALDIE'S LIBRARY.

The cheapest reprint from English Periodicals ever offered to the public.

BEFORE the Select Circulating Library had been long in existence, it was discovered that there was still something wanting—that many occurrences in the literary world must pass unknown, as regarded our agency, without an extension of the plan. To establish a fuller medium of communication and supply the desideratum, the Journal of Belles Lettres was added; which we have reason to believe has afforded general satisfaction. The very liberal patronage extended to the Library induced the proprietor to give that gratuitously as an evidence of his acknowledgments.

More extended experience has shown other desiderata which the "Companion" is intended to supply.

While reading for the "Library" a large mass of material accumulates on the hands of the editor, of an interesting, entertaining, and instructive description, such as would properly come under the designation of Magaziniana, interspersed with the Reviews from the English Quarterly.

To publish every thing of this nature which we deem desirable would encroach too much on the column of the "Library" designed for books, and yet, to pass them by is constantly a subject of regret,

To concentrate, therefore, the publication of Books entire, Reviews, lists of new works, the choicest contributions to Magazines, &c. &c. &c. the "Companion to Waldie's Library" will be offered to the patronage of the present subscribers and the public at large.

It is believed that with the "Library," the "Journal," and the "Companion," such an acquaintance with the literature of the age may be cultivated as to leave little further to be desired. Being all published from the same office, more facility offers for subscribing, and having fewer people to deal with, mistakes are less liable to occur, and more readily corrected when they do.

The short interval of two weeks between the publication of each number, it is thought too,

will be an advantage over monthlies and quarterlies.

The following plan is respectfully submitted.

1. The "Companion" will contain the earliest possible reprints of the best matter in the British periodicals.

2. It will be issued every fortnight, and the form will be the same as that of the Library—each number containing sixteen pages—thus, every six months, giving thirteen numbers, which can be bound with the Library at little or no more expense, and making a better sized volume; and to those who do not take the Library itself, a volume every year, of 416 quarto pages of the size of the present.

3. The price will be three dollars for a subscriber—five dollars for two—and clubs five and upwards will be supplied at two dollars each.

4. As the work will not be commenced, unless a sufficient patronage be obtained, no payment is required at present, only the name, sent free of postage.

Those wishing to support the publication will be pleased

therefore to announce their intention as early as possible, as it is intended to commence the work on the first of January next.

On the issuing of the second number payment

will be expected, as the appearance will engage a sufficiency of patronage.

The proprietor of the "Select Circulating Library," fully aware from experience of the advantages to the public of the rapid diffusion of cheap and select literature, has been induced to add the important feature to the work, and of course leaves it optional with the present subscribers and others to take it or not.

It is confidently believed, that, with the attention on the part of the Editor, who has

already at hand the material for such a work, all the really valuable matter of the English

literary and amusing publications may be

comprised in this form at a rate of subscription

and postage, so trifling as scarcely to be felt.

It will form the cheapest reprint of

reviews and magazines ever attempted, in

any country; a comparison with others it

were needless here to enter upon, the "Library" itself being the best test by which to

judge of the difference between an octavo and a quarto page.

It will be the study of the Editor to embody a record of the day,

adapted to the wants of this country, which

can have no competitor for value or cheapness;

but far he is likely to do this he must

leave at present to the decision of his readers.

Clubs of five individuals, who subscribe

to the "Library" and "Companion" both, will

obtain the two for six dollars, the postage

(a very important consideration) to the most

distant post office, on the two, will be one

dollar and ninety-five cents, divided into

seventy eight payments, and half that sum

for 100 miles or a less distance from Philadelphiia, while the same matter, in the usual

American reprints of reviews and magazines in octavo form would be eighteen dollars,

and the postage as three to one. We

make this assertion advisedly.

Subscriptions to the "Companion," will

be taken either with or without the Library.

The proprietor trusts that his punctuality

and exactness in executing his part of the

contract in the publication of the "Library,"

will be considered a sufficient guarantee of

the completion of his proposed undertaking.

ADAM WALDIE,

Feb. 26.

ISAAC F. PURVIS.

Feb. 26.

PROSPECTUS OF A NEW PUBLICATION TO BE CALLED

The Catholic Periodical Library.

Which is designed to be a reprint of all the best Catholic Works in the English Language, in weekly numbers, at 8 cents each.

THE dearth and scarcity of the best

Catholic works must long have been a

source of regret to every intelligent and ob-

serving Catholic in America. So limited has

been the sale, and so great the expense of

printing these books, that but few individuals

in the country have been sufficiently enter-

prising to undertake their publication; and

their price, in consequence, has been more

than proportionably high. In fact, so dear

have Catholic books in general been, that it

has been entirely impossible for the poorer

members of the Catholic community, who

stand most in need of instruction, and for

whom the books have in general been expen-

sive, to obtain copies, even of those works

which are nearly essential to the practice of

their religion.

The subscriber has long since observed this

fact with the utmost regret, and may certain-</p

The Annapolis Gazette.

VOL. XXI.

ANNAPOLES, THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1836.

NO. 2.

Printed and Published by
JOHN GREENE,
At the Brick Building on the Public
Circle.

Price—Three Dollars per Number.

LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Friday, January 1st, 1836.
William Kirby, Esq., a delegate returned for
Queen Anne's county, appeared, qualified, and
took his seat.

Mr. Turner, presented a petition of Sarah
Satterfield, of Caroline county, praying to be
divorced from her husband James Satterfield;

Mr. Teackle, presented a memorial and peti-
tion of sundry citizens of Somerset county,
praying that the powers confided in the Levy
Court of said county may be exercised by per-
sons elected immediately therefor;

Mr. Worthington, presented a memorial of Ze-
nian Bayles of Harford county, praying the
passage of an act authorizing the county court
of said county, to confirm the proceedings of
the commissioners therein mentioned.

Mr. Winder, presented a petition of Henry
Eberhart, of the state of Virginia, praying a
special act of insolventy.

Also presented a memorial of the trustees of
the Govanston Academy, in Baltimore county,
praying that the Academy and the improve-
ments thereon, may be exempt from taxation.

On motion of Mr. Pratt, (seconded by two
other members that voted in the majority,) the
house reconsidered their vote upon the order ad-
opted on the 30th ultimo, instructing the com-
mittee on internal improvement, to open a cor-
respondence with the governor and directors of

the Maryland and Susquehanna Canal company,
in order to ascertain on what terms they would
sell to the State, the stock of said company.

Mr. Pratt, then moved that said order be re-
jected;

Resolved in the affirmative.

Mr. Igglehart reported a bill, for the benefit of
William Jenkins, former collector of Anne Arundel
county;

Which was read the first and second time by
special order, passed and sent to the Senate.

Mr. Duvall reported a bill, for the benefit of
Thomas H. Clagett, and Charles Gassaway, ci-
tizens of Loudon county, in the State of Vir-
ginia;

And, Mr. Richardson reported a bill, to in-
corporate the Columbia Beneficial society of
Maryland;

Mr. Teackle submitted the following order;

Ordered, That a committee to consist of seven
members be appointed to inquire into the
expediency of establishing an Agricultural
School and Pattern Farm, in each of the coun-
ties of this State;"

Which was read;

Mr. Merrick moved to amend said order, by
adding at the end thereof, those words, "and to
repose a plan for providing ways and means to
defray the expense thereof;"

Resolved in the affirmative;

The said order was then read the second time
as amended, and adopted.

In pursuance whereof, the Speaker appointed
Messrs. Teackle, Annan, Wharton, Gillies,
Heard, Larimore, and McCullough, the Com-
mittee.

The House then adjourned, until to-morrow
morning 10 o'clock.

Saturday January 2nd, 1836.

Mr. McLean, presented a petition of Samuel
Carey, and John E. Carey, of the city of Balti-
more, praying to have certain auction duties
therein mentioned refunded to them.

Mr. Richardson, presented a petition of James
Alford, of the city of Baltimore, praying
to be divorced from his wife Jane Alford.

Mr. Brookhart, presented a petition of Peter
Nowcomer, of Washington county, praying the
passage of an act authorizing the review of a
certain road therein mentioned.

Mr. Merrick, presented a petition of John
Matthews, of Charles county, praying to be
divorced from his husband John W. Stewart.

On motion of Mr. Pratt,

Ordered unanimously, that Joseph J. Speed,
Esq; be, and is hereby reappointed State Director
on the part of this House, in the Bank of
Baltimore, for the ensuing year.

Mr. Matthews, asked the following leave,

Leave to bring in a bill, entitled, A sup-
plement to an act, entitled, an act, to incorpo-
rate a company to be styled the Allegany Coal
Mine Rail Road Company, passed at December
session 1831; chapter 168.

Which was read. And,

On motion of Mr. Matthews, referred to the
committee on internal improvements.

Mr. Annas reported a supplement to the act
to incorporate Frederick town in Frederick
county.

Mr. Wharton reported a bill, to confirm an
act passed December session 1834, to alter and
change a part of the division line between the
second, third, and fourth election districts in
Washington county.

Mr. Gough reported a bill, making additional
provision for the crier of Harford county
Court.

And Mr. Townsend reported a bill, relating
to constable fees in Cecil county, and for other
purposes.

The bill reported by Mr. Ridgely, entitled an
act for the encouragement of female education
in the State of Maryland, was taken up for con-
sideration.

Mr. Ely moved to lay said bill on the table.
Resolved in the affirmative.

The house then adjourned until Monday
morning ten o'clock.

Monday, January 4th 1836.

Mr. Larimore, presented a petition of Lydia
Roberts, of the state of Delaware, praying a
pension for services rendered by her husband in
the war of the revolution.

Mr. Brown, presented a petition of sundry
citizens of Baltimore and Harford counties, praying
for the passage of an act to regulate the
Baltimore markets.

And, Mr. Boyd, presented a memorial of Ze-
nian Bayles of Harford county, praying the
passage of an act authorizing the county court
of said county, to confirm the proceedings of
the commissioners therein mentioned.

Mr. Winder, presented a petition of Henry
Eberhart, of the state of Virginia, praying a
special act of insolventy.

Also presented a memorial of the trustees of
the Govanston Academy, in Baltimore county,
praying that the Academy and the improve-
ments thereon, may be exempt from taxation.

On motion of Mr. Jones,

Ordered, That the several petitions from sun-
dry citizens of Somerset and Worcester counties, by
their memorial in writing, have represented to
the General Assembly, that they are laboring under
great inconveniences from the want of a
navigation being opened between the said coun-
ties, from the head of the "Dividing Creek" to
the Pocomoke River, for the transportation of
grain, timber, and other productions of the soil
and forest, the distance being about 12 miles;
and praying an appropriation in aid of opening
the said navigation. And whereas, it is believed
that the benefits and advantages from the
proposed improvement to a large portion of the
people of the said counties are such as to claim
the favourable consideration of a wise and bene-
ficial legislature.—Therefore.

On motion of Mr. Jones,

Ordered, That the several petitions from sun-
dry citizens of Somerset and Worcester counties, by
their memorial in writing, have represented to
the General Assembly, that they are laboring under
great inconveniences from the want of a
navigation being opened between the said coun-
ties, from the head of the "Dividing Creek" to
the Pocomoke River, for the transportation of
grain, timber, and other productions of the soil
and forest, the distance being about 12 miles;
and praying an appropriation in aid of opening
the said navigation. And whereas, it is believed
that the benefits and advantages from the
proposed improvement to a large portion of the
people of the said counties are such as to claim
the favourable consideration of a wise and bene-
ficial legislature.—Therefore.

On motion of Mr. Jones,

Ordered, That a committee to consist of seven
members be appointed to inquire into the
expediency of establishing an Agricultural
School and Pattern Farm, in each of the coun-
ties of this State;"

Which was read;

Mr. Merrick moved to amend said order, by
adding at the end thereof, those words, "and to
repose a plan for providing ways and means to
defray the expense thereof;"

Resolved in the affirmative;

The hour having arrived for taking up the
order of the day, the house proceeded to consider
the bill reported by Mr. Ridgely, entitled an
act for the encouragement of female education
in the State of Maryland.

The said bill was read the second time, am-
ended, and placed in the hands of the Speaker.

Mr. Brookhart moved to withdraw said bill
from the hands of the chair for the purpose of
amendment.

Determined in the negative.

The question was then put, shall the said bill
pass.

Determined in the negative.

The clerk of the senate delivered the follow-
ing communication from the Executive.

Council Chamber,

Annapolis, January 2d, 1836.

Gentlemen of the Senate and

of the House of Delegates,

I here-with lay before you a copy of a com-
munication received by the mail last evening,
from His Excellency Governor Tazewell, in re-
lation to my last to him in relation to the bound-
ary controversy between the States.

With the highest consideration,

I have the honor to remain,

Your obedient servant,

JAMES THOMAS.

Which was read.

And, on motion of Mr. Wharton, referred to
the committee appointed on so much of the Ex-
ecutive message as relates to the south western
boundary.

Mr. Richardson, asked the following leave,

Leave to bring in a bill, to confirm an act,
entitled, an act to alter and amend the constitu-
tion, passed at December session 1834, chapter
219.

Which was read,

Mr. Richardson, moved that said leave be re-
ferred to a select committee of five to be ap-
pointed by the chair.

Mr. Burchenal, moved to refer said leave to
the committee on the constitution.

Determined in the negative.

The question then recurred and was put on
the motion of Mr. Richardson, to refer said
leave to a select committee.

Resolved in the affirmative.

In pursuance whereof, the Speaker appointed
Messrs. Richardson, Worthington, Gittings,
Jones, and Burchenal, the committee.

The house adjourned until to-morrow morn-
ing ten o'clock.

Tuesday, January 5th, 1836.

Mr. Duvall presented a memorial of Eli Un-
glesbee, and Louisa Unglesbee, of Frederick
county, praying to be divorced.

Mr. McCullough presented a petition of sundry
citizens of Cecil county, praying to be placed
on the pension roll of said county.

And, Mr. Duvall presented a petition of Jacob
Hape of Frederick county, praying for the
passage of an act to authorize the commissioners of

said county, to levy a sum of money for pur-
poses therein mentioned.

Mr. Long presented a petition of William
Anderson, of Somerset county, praying a special
act of insolventy.

Mr. Duvall presented a petition of Abraham
Deaver, of Frederick county, praying the pas-
sage of an act to authorize him to bring into
this State, a certain negro slave therein men-
tioned.

Mr. Beam presented a petition of William
Ford of Montgomery county, praying to be di-
vorced from his wife Aenea Ford.

And, Mr. McLean presented a petition of

Andrew Young, of the city of Baltimore, pray-
ing to be divorced from his wife Maria Young.

Mr. Richardson asked the following leave, to
bring in a bill, entitled, an act concerning
crimes and punishments.

Which was read.

And, on motion of Mr. Richardson, referred to
the committee on crimes and punishments.

On motion of Mr. Duckett.

Ordered, That the committee on Internal Im-
provement be, and they are hereby instructed to
enquire into the propriety of preparing and re-
porting to this house, a supplement to the act
incorporating the Annapolis and Potomac Canal
Company, passed at December session, 1825, chapter
189, which shall provide for the organization
of said company, so soon as it shall be de-
termined on the manner prescribed by the act
of Congress confirming an act of the Legis-
lature of Maryland, entitled, an act incor-
porating the Maryland and Susquehanna Canal
Company, approved 3d day of March, 1824, that the
canal thereto authorized to be made can be con-
structed without injury to the navigation of the
Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and that said com-
pany report such other amendments to said act
as may be necessary for the more efficient or
economical operation of the company thereby incor-
porated.

Mr. Teackle, chairman of the Select Com-
mittee, delivered the following

REPORT:

Whereas a great number of persons, inhabi-
tants of Somerset and Worcester counties, by
their memorial in writing, have represented to
the General Assembly, that they are laboring under
great inconveniences from the want of a
navigation being opened between the said coun-
ties, from the head of the "Dividing Creek" to
the Pocomoke River, for the transportation of
grain, timber, and other productions of the soil
and forest, the distance being about 12 miles;

and praying an appropriation in aid of opening
the said navigation. And whereas, it is believed
that the benefits and advantages from the
proposed improvement to a large portion of the
people of the said counties are such as to claim
the favourable consideration of a wise and bene-
ficial legislature.—Therefore.

Mr. Carpenter, chairman of the committee
on divorces, reported a bill, to divorce Jacob
Easterday of Washington county, from his wife
Fauny Easterday.

Also, reported a bill, to divorce Mary Floyd,
of St. Mary's county, from her husband Joseph
Floyd.

And, reported a bill, to divorce Sarah Satterfield
of Caroline county, from her husband James
Satterfield.

The bill reported by Mr. Richardson, entitled
an act to incorporate the Columbia Beneficial
Society of Maryland, was taken up for con-
sideration.

The said bill was then read the second time
amended, passed and sent to the Senate.

Mr. Townsend, gave notice that on Friday
next, he should move to rescind the 52d rule of
the House.

Mr. Carroll, of St. Mary's submitted the fol-
lowing resolution.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Mary-
land, That His Excellency, the Governor, pro-
cure a sword with suitable ornaments and de-
vices, and present in the name of his native
State, to Capt. John A. Webster, for his gallant
service of the battery committed to his charge,
during the memorable attack at the city of Bal-
timore, September 12th, 1814.

Mr. Brookhart, (seconded by other members
that voted in the majority,) moved to reconsider
the vote of the house, upon the bill reported by
Mr. Ridgely, entitled an act for the encourage-
ment of Female Education in the state of Ma-
ryland."

On motion of Mr. Teackle, the house was
called and the doorkeeper sent for the absent
members.

The clerk of the Senate returned the bill,
making additional provision, for the crier of Har-
ford county court, endorsed "will pass," ordered
to be engrossed.

Also, the resolution for the payment of mem-
bers and officers of the Legislature, endorsed
"assented to," ordered to be engrossed.

information you may consider it sufficient to inform you through the medium of the American news papers that a committee can be appointed by the American citizens of Annapolis to collect all the money due from the French Government, and to make a full report of their proceedings.

You will be pleased to know (unless the French Minister has given you a different information) that you will receive your money in full as soon as possible.

We will do our best to get you a full account of what we have done, and to let you know that you will receive your money in full as soon as possible.

Yours very truly,

NOTICE TO PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS

TO THE EXECUTIVE OF THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY.

Henry C. Chaney, late of said County,

and other persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those interested are desired to make immediate payment.

SOLON G. CHANEY, Ex'r.

Jan. 14.—3m.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber, acting trustee of Dr. Hyde Ray, late of said county, deceased, will offer at Public Sale at the Farm of the said Dr. Ray, called "Sherwood Forest," situated about five miles from the city of Annapolis, on the road to Baltimore, on THURSDAY, the 19th January, next, all the

PERSONAL PROPERTY

of said deceased, now upon said Farm, consisting of about 80 SLAVES, and a number of HORSES, CATTLE, FARMING UTENSILS, &c.

The terms of Sale, Cash. The Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

I. NEVETT STEELE, Ex'r.

Jan. 14.—3m.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House door in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 5th day of February next, at 10 o'clock, M. all that part of the real estate of the late Dr. Matthias Hammond, which was heretofore allotted to his widow, (Mrs. Eliza Mewburn, lately deceased,) for her dower. This parcel of Land contains

855 1/2 ACRES.

more or less. It lies about 12 miles from the city of Annapolis, and on the road from said city to Waterloo Tavern. The title to this property is unquestionable, and the purchaser may obtain possession on the ratification of the sale.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE,

That one fourth part of the purchase money shall be paid on the ratification of the sale, and the residue in two equal annual installments from the day of sale, the whole to bear interest from the day of sale, and to be secured by bonds, with security to be approved by the trustee.

TH. S. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Jan. 14.—3m.

ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY, SC.

Application by petition in writing of Francis L. Darnall, Henry B. Darnall and Richard B. Darnall, Executors of Philip Darnall, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'L. BROWN, Jun'r.

Reg. Mills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Philip Darnall, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the 12th day of July next, they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 12th day of January, 1836.

FRANCIS L. DARNALL, {
HENRY B. DARNALL, } Ex'res.
RICH'D. B. DARNALL, }

Jan. 14.—3m.

MORE LUCK OLD VIRGINIA FOR EVER!!

DUBOIS sold in the Monogalia, Class No. 1, which drew on Saturday last, another Prize of \$100. The Nos. were 16 21 33, those that drew the Capital of \$20,000, same Lottery Nos. 16 17 33—and he sold Nos. 7 16 17 which was a Prize of \$501. And sold in the Maryland State No. 1, a Prize of \$80 Nos. 16 57 63, which was drawn in Baltimore on Monday last and takes this occasion to offer another Brilliant Scheme, viz:

\$25,000! 50 OF \$1,000!!

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY,

For the benefit of the Petersburg Benevolent Mechanic Association.

CLASS No. 2, for 1835.

To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. January 16, 1836.

D. S. GREGORY & Co. Successors of Fates and All Int'res. Managers.

SPLENDID SCHMIDT

1 prize of \$25,000

1 prize of 7,500

1 prize of 5,000

1 prize of 4,000

1 prize of \$281 1/2

4 prizes of 1,500

50 prizes of 1,000

50 prizes of 500

50 prizes of 300

64 prizes of 200

63 prizes of 100

63 prizes of 80

126 prizes of 60

126 prizes of 50

126 prizes of 40

126 prizes of 25

3528 prizes of 16

23436 prizes of 8

27814 prizes, amt'g. to \$425,407 1/2

Tickets 28—Halves 4—Qu's. 2.

Tickets and Shares for sale at

DUBOIS' LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE, (Church-street, Annapolis.)

Jan. 14.—3m.

VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY

BY THE TRUSTEE OF THE ESTATE OF DR. HYDE RAY, late of Anne Arundel County, deceased, and his executors, Thomas Snowdon, Esq., and George McBubin, executors of said estate, are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those interested are desired to make immediate payment.

SOLON G. CHANEY, Ex'r.

Jan. 14.—3m.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber, acting trustee of Dr. Hyde Ray, late of said county, deceased, will offer at Public Sale at the Farm of the said Dr. Ray, called "Sherwood Forest," situated about five miles from the city of Annapolis, on the road to Baltimore, on THURSDAY, the 19th January, next, all the

PERSONAL PROPERTY

of said deceased, now upon said Farm, consisting of about 80 SLAVES, and a number of HORSES, CATTLE, FARMING UTENSILS, &c.

The terms of Sale, Cash. The Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

I. NEVETT STEELE, Ex'r.

Jan. 14.—3m.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House door in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 5th day of February next, at 10 o'clock, M. all that part of the real estate of the late Dr. Matthias Hammond, which was heretofore allotted to his widow, (Mrs. Eliza Mewburn, lately deceased,) for her dower. This parcel of Land contains

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE,

That one fourth part of the purchase money shall be paid on the ratification of the sale, and the residue in two equal annual installments from the day of sale, the whole to bear interest from the day of sale, and to be secured by bonds, with security to be approved by the trustee.

TH. S. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Jan. 14.—3m.

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FOR SALE,

THE DWELLING HOUSE IN WHICH I AT PRESENT RESIDE.

FOR RENT,

THE DWELLING HOUSE, IN WHICH THE LATE GENERAL RICHARD HARWOOD RESIDED AT THE TIME OF HIS DEATH.

TH. S. ALEXANDER.

Jan. 7.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of Prince George's County Court, and to me directed against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements, of John M. S. McCubbin, at suit of George McNier, I have executed and levied upon all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, both at law and in equity, of said McCubbin, in and to, all his interest and life estate in a Brick House, and Lot and premises, fronting on the north side of Prince George's street in Annapolis, occupied for many years, and until his death, by James Cleary, and by him devised to said McCubbin, also all the life estate in reversion of the said McCubbin, after the life estate of Mrs. Catherine McCubbin, in a framed House and Lot fronting on said street, bounded on the north west side by the dwelling house and lot of Joseph Sands, deceased, and on the south east side by the dwelling house and lot of Elijah Wells, and which was also devised to said McCubbin by James Cleary, deceased, and on THURSDAY the 14th day of January, at the Court House door in the city of Annapolis, I shall proceed to sell the above described property, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the debt due as aforesaid. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

R. WELCH, of Ben.

Sh't. A. A. County.

Dec. 24.

A LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining in the Po. Office, Annapolis, December 31, 1835.

RICHARD ANDERSON.

Abraham A. Balmeir,

Robert M. Boun,

Edward Bird,

C. C. Brie,

Samuel Carr,

William Childs,

Wm. Davis,

Ann M. Davis,

Henry Davis,

Jann A. D. Dalrymple,

Nicholas D. Duval,

Mr. Emmerson.

Benj. Gaith'r,

James Gray,

John J. Gilson,

Nicholas M. Hobbs,

Doctor H. Howard,

John E. Howard,

John Hall,

Rich'd. Hall;

John S. Kerr.

P. G. Leechleiter,

Dr. Theodor Lytleman,

Wm. Long, (2)

Mrs. E. Montz,

Mr. Murphy,

Robt. B. Moss,

Mary H. Poire,

Augustus Preissel,

Mrs. Post,

Mary Ray,

Henry Romane,

W. N. Shiffner,

Hov. Jesse Stanley, (2)

Mrs. E. A. J. Stewart,

Mrs. A. A. Stewart, (4)

James Tucke,

Joseph Tago,

Thos. Taylor,

J. W. Whittington, (2)

Sally Weston,

E. Wells,

Wm. Wright,

John Weeks,

R. J. CRABB, P. M.

Dec. 31.

GIDEON WHITE.

Jan. 14.—3m.

JOHN S. KERR.

ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY, SC.

Application to me the subscriber, a Justice of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid in writing, of Henry Medford praying for the benefit of the Act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1835, and the several supplements thereto; a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, so far as he can ascertain them being annexed to his petition, and the said Henry Medford having stated to me by competent testimony that he has resided in the State of Maryland two years immediately preceding the time of his application, and that he is in actual custody for debt only, and having appointed a trustee, and said trustee having given bond for the performance of said trust, it is thereupon ordered and adjudged by me that the

Fourth Year of Waldie's Library.
BOOKS BY MAIL
PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1835.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circular Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1835, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can give for its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere per centage of their former cost; it has outlived more than forty pursue attempts at imitation, and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, an enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to depend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor, himself a master from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of elevated standard of interest, which may be admitted into every library, without hesitation by the most fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, on coming social bibles letters reading, and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, embraces Biography, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sketches, Tales, and Select History, personal memoirs of men in business, and curious adventure, &c. &c. An amount equal to fifty London duodecimo volumes is thus annually furnished in weekly numbers, at a cost only equal to one of the London works. The plan encompasses the whole range of popular literature, and the work has now become so universally diffused in every part of the Union, as to form no inconsiderable portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become really necessary for those who mix in society.

The Library as now conducted disseminates books to all parts of the country in from five to six weeks after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in this way will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for a cent and a half a day, postage included, a duodecimo book is sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Ross's Cyclopedias. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be had at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a compacted collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and uncongenial society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the majority.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, "The Journal of Belles Lettres," containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for \$5.00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for \$20.00, a reduction which pays the postage. Payment always in advance.

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

This periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or both are furnished to clubs of five for \$6.00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chamber's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, combined in such a manner as to excite the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation; price to single subscribers not taking the Library, \$2.50, postage paid.

A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1835 of the Library, and the Port Folio for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for \$20.00. For this an amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance.

Address, post paid. **ADAM WALDIE,**

Seventh, two doors south of Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

THE MUSEUM OF FOREIGN LITERATURE AND SCIENCE, price \$6.00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for \$12.00. Vol. 82.

NOTICE.

HE undersigned respectfully apprises his friends and the public at large that he intends at all times to the preparation of **SEEDS OF MANDARIN**, **LEAVES OF SAGE**, **LEAVES OF SAFFRON**, **LEAVES OF CINNAMON**, **LEAVES OF CLOVE**, **LEAVES OF CINNAMON**.

LETTERS OF ATTORNEY.
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, &c.
On Church street—nearly opposite the City Hotel. **FRANCIS M. JARROD**.
Having an approved form of **Indorsement** will also attend to business relating thereto, on moderate terms—Cash.

Dec. 10.

DIVIDEND.

The President and Directors of the South Eastern Bridge Company have declared a Dividend of 35 cents per Share for the last six months on the Capital Stock of said Company. The same will be paid on or after the first day of January next to stockholders in person, or to their order.

By order of the President and Directors,
THE FRANKLIN, Treasurer.

Dec. 24.—5m.

SPLendid

French, Italian, German, British and American Prints,

CONSISTING of the most beautiful Female Portraits; Sporting Landscapes; Historical, Sentimental, Caricature Engravings and Lithographs, ever offered in this city; all of which will be exhibited to such persons as will purchase to the amount of fifty cents, the frequent handling tending considerably to suit and otherwise retard the sale of them.

The above beautiful collection of articles have just been received, —for sale by **F. M. JARROD**.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
WASHINGTON MIRROR.
SECOND VOLUME.

THE subscriber having purchased the Washington Mirror from its former proprietor, will in future be its conductor.

The general plan of the Mirror we believe, satisfactory to all our subscribers—affording a comprehensive view of the city affairs in a manner unattempted by any other paper. This plan will be strictly adhered to. Our leading object however to lay hold of those local subjects and occurrences which have not been noticed in the daily papers, including Police Reports, and all such matter as is of general interest, we have engaged the valuable services of Mr. WILLIAM THOMAS as assistant editor, whose services and untiring exertions to establish this paper have been so eminently successful.

We propose to furnish brief abstracts of all judicial decisions which shall more particularly interest the citizens of this District. Also, a brief but comprehensive summary of Congressional proceedings.

We propose further, during the session of Congress, to publish an Evening Edition, by which arrangement our distant subscribers will receive the latest Congressional Intelligence one day and a half sooner than through any other Washington paper.

We intend, if possible, to furnish a weekly list of all New Patents; a Bank note Table, and Prices Current of Washington, Alexandria, and Georgetown, corrected with the greatest accuracy; also Stage, Steamboat, and Rail Road Registers.

We shall exert our best endeavours to elevate the literary character of the Mirror.—This can only be done by the cooperation of those minds which are able and willing to aid in the advancement of letters. We cannot, however, be so unjust to our subscribers as to make the Mirror an arena for the unskilled, since far more desirable, it must be allowed, would be judicious selections than mediocre originality.

We believe that the prospects of Washington demand such a paper as we intend to publish. She is already closely allied, by her rail road, to a great and flourishing city, and is destined to be her compeer, rather than rival, in exchanging the products of the country; by means of her stupendous canal, she is about to be thrown, as it were, into the centre of an immense territory, where the resources of industry dely the reach of imagination, and where an amount of capital must soon be created, which will astonish the most sanguine economist. Washington and Baltimore, as one mighty heart, must receive and return the current which will give vitality to the commerce of twenty millions of men.

Such, in fact, are our advantages, that prosperity must come in spite of causes which conspire to oppress us; but a sense of duty, carried out into action, will relieve our embarrassments, and produce results of incalculable magnitude.

We propose, then, to supply a paper in some degree adapted to the wants of an important community; a literary and miscellaneous family paper; a journal of current literature; a repository of commercial intelligence. And we appeal to an enlightened and liberal community to sustain us in our undertaking.

Terms of the paper—two dollars, payable in all cases semi-annually in advance.

RUFUS DAWES.

Washington, D. C.

CASH FOR ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES,

Including both sexes, from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market. I can at all times be found at Mr. James Hunter's Tavern, in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. PERVIS.

Jan. 7.—5m.

PATRICK BANK OF MARYLAND, LTD.

Elliot's Mills, Oct. 31, 1835.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Stockholders of this institution, that the balance of fifteen dollars on each share of stock is required to be paid at the Banking house, in the following instalments, viz:

The third instalment of five dollars per share, on the 15th December next, of which date notice has been given.

The fourth instalment of five dollars per share on the 5th of February next.

The fifth and last instalment, of five dollars per share, on the 1st of April next.

Stockholders who pay their instalments before the periods above designated, will be allowed to participate in the profits of the Institution from the first day of the month, next ensuing the date of their respective payments.

By order of the President and Directors,
H. U. CAMPBELL, Cashier.

Nov. 1, 1835.—5m.

A BARGAIN.

HE undersigned intending to transfer his

Publication office to the Eastward, offers to sell the **PRESSES, TYPE AND MATERIAL** used in the Public Work. If there be an Editor printer of the party who desires to be a competitor for the printing, we will furnish an office and the materials to do the work, and take orders on the Clerk of the House of Representatives in payment.

The patronage of the Department is worth from twelve to twenty thousand dollars per annum, and that of the House is much more.

Will editors with whom we exchange give us one or two insertions.

BUFF GREEN.

Nov. 5.

FOR ANNAPOLIS.

THE STEAM BOAT
MARYLAND will go to Annapolis, on Sunday the 26th, and 27th inst., and return same day, leaving the lower end of Dock St. wharfs, at 9 o'clock, A. M. Passage same as last year.

N. B. All baggage at the owner's risk.

LEW'L G. TAYLOR.

Dec. 24.

Anne Arundel County, Sc.

AN APPLICATION to the subscriber, Chief Judge of Anne Arundel County, by petition, in writing, of Henry Watts of Anne Arundel County, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled, "An Act for the relief of sundry insolvent Debtors," passed at December session 1833, and the several supplements thereto, is made to the subscriber, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, the same to be given to him, on oath, so far as he can make out the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said Henry Watts having furnished as by certificate testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said Henry Watts having given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the County Court of Anne Arundel County, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and I having appointed Joshua Watts his trustee, who has given him a conveyance and released from said Henry Watts a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed; I do hereby order and adjudge that the said Henry Watts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne Arundel County, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said County Court, at the Court House of said county, in the city of Annapolis on the said third Monday in April next, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Henry Watts would not have the benefit of the said Act and supplements as prayed. Given under my hand the eleventh day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty five.

THOS. B. DORSEY.

Dec. 24.—5m.

Anne Arundel County, Sc.

AN APPLICATION by petition in writing of James Frazier, to me the subscriber, Chief Judge of the Orphans Court for the said county, praying the benefit of the Act of Assembly, entitled, "An Act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," passed at November session 1833, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, (on oath so far as he can ascertain them,) being annexed to his petition, and I being satisfied by competent testimony that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and the said James Frazier having given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the County Court of Anne Arundel County, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and I having appointed Henry Meudford his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said James Frazier a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed—I do hereby order and adjudge that the said James Frazier be discharged from confinement, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne Arundel County, once a week for three consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to show cause, if any they have, why the said James Frazier should not have the benefit of the said Act and Supplements as prayed. Given under my hand the 31st December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty five.

GIDEON WHITE.

Dec. 24.—5m.

THE CATHOLIC PERIODICAL LIBRARY.

WHICH is designed to be a reprint of all the best Catholic Works in the English Language, in weekly numbers, at a cost each

THE death and scarcity of the best

Catholic works must long have been a source of regret to every intelligent and observing Catholic in America. So lighted has been the sale, and so great the expense of printing these books, that few individuals in the country have been sufficiently enterprising to undertake their publication; and their price, in consequence, has been more than proportionately high. In fact, so dear have Catholic books in general been, that it has been entirely impossible for the poorer members of the Catholic community, who stand most in need of instruction, and for whom the books have generally been compelled, to obtain copies, even of those works which are nearly essential to the practice of their religion.

The subscriber has long since observed this fact with the utmost regret, and may certainly say, that up to this time, he has at least done something to reduce the prices of the most necessary Catholic works. Our religious books are still, however, extremely dear, and the Subscriber, depending on the support of a liberal and enlightened Catholic community, ~~are~~ determined to issue a Periodical publication, which, by its cheapness, will render all the best Catholic works within the reach of the poorest individual; and from the neatness and elegance of its execution will be found worthy of a place in the libraries of the rich. Such a publication as that which the subscriber proposes to issue, has long been called for by the exigencies of the Catholic community; and the rapidly increasing number of the members of our Holy Church seems fully to justify him in the expectation that it will meet with sufficient encouragement to enable him to conduct it successfully. He, therefore, notwithstanding the expense and risk attending it, and confiding entirely in the liberality and generosity of his fellow Catholics of the United States and the Canadas, has resolved to put it to press forthwith; and he therefore throws himself on his Catholic brethren, and calls on them for their support and patronage.

In this undertaking he is principally encouraged by the hope that it will meet with the cordial approbation of the clergy in general, and that he will be aided by the powerful assistance of that learned and devoted body of men which is ~~so~~ ~~most~~ calculated to disseminate the principles of our holy religion widely throughout the community, and to assist the clergy in the discharge of their parochial duties by affording, at an uncommonly low rate, all the necessary knowledge and instruction. The subscriber, therefore earnestly requests that the Bishop and Clergy in general will exert their ~~powerful influence~~ in order to increase the popularity of the work and to obtain a sufficient number of subscribers to enable him to carry it on with success. By these means they will augment the spiritual comforts of their charges, and contribute, in a great measure, to dispel the prejudices by which our brethren of the other denominations are unfortunately blinded.

F. R. M. S.

The **Catholic Periodical Library** will be published in Weekly numbers, of fifty pages each, duodecimo size, on fine royal paper and beautiful new type, studded in handsome wrappers, and will embrace the whole of the most celebrated Controversial and Devotional works, together with a large fund of ecclesiastical history. The first number will be issued on Saturday, November 7th.—Terms of subscription \$4 Per Annum, or Eight Cents per Number, payable in advance.

Liberal commissions will be allowed to Agents. Any six persons, who may live at a distance, remitting a twenty dollar note, may have six copies of the work sent them for one year.

N. B. Postmasters throughout the country are requested to act as agents.

The following is a list of a few of the works

which will be issued in this publication, and which will follow each other in rapid succession.

Moore's Travels of an Irish Gentleman

in search of a religion; Boswell's History of the

Protestant Churches; The

Faith of Catholics, by Kirk and Berrington;

Haywarden's True Church of Christ shown;

Haywarden's Charity and Truth; Mores, Ca-

tholic, or Ages of Faith; Mumford's Ques-

tion of Questions; Mumford's Catholic Scrip-

turist; Lingard's History of the Anglo-Saxon

Church; Perpetuity of the Faith; Dr. M'

Fourth Year of WALDIE'S LIBRARY.
BOOKS BY MAIL.
PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

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Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

Second, two doors south of Chestnut street, Philad.

The Museum of Foreign Literature and Novels, price \$6.00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for \$12.00

Vol. 82

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The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCI.

ANAPOLIS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 21, 1830.

NO. 3.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public
Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

THE GENTLEMAN'S
VADE MECUM,

OR, THE

SPORTING AND DRAMATIC COMPANION,
A WEEKLY REPORTOR OF
DRAMATIC LITERATURE, SPORTING, THE
TURF, FASHIONS, GRAZING, AGRICUL-
TURE, AND

VARIOUS SUBJECTS OF INTEREST AND AMUSEMENT.
Interpersed with a multitude of Appropriate Engravings, including Portraits of celebrated Winning Horses, Philosophical and Natural Phenomena, Landmarks, &c.

THIS popular journal, although but a few months have passed since it was commenced, has already obtained an extensive and profitable subscription list, which is daily increasing, and affords ample encouragement to the publishers to persevere in their efforts to render it useful, amusing, and instructive.

On the commencement of the approaching year, the VADE MECUM will undergo several important improvements—instead of four pages, it will be increased to Eight or nearly the present size, and consequently will contain almost double the quantity of reading matter which is now given—*Making it one of the Largest and Newest Quarto's ever published in the United States.* It will be printed on new type, and fine white paper, and the embellishments will be considerably multiplied, and of a superior order. Persons desirous of presenting the work at the beginning of the new volume, will please send their orders at once—as they may fail to be supplied, as but few copies will be published more than are actually subscribed for at the time.

The subjects which are particularly embraced in the Vade Mecum, will be more distinctly understood from the following brief analysis of them—

THE DRAMA forms a material portion of the Gentleman's Vade Mecum—every week an entire Play or Farce is given. They are selected with a single eye to their merits alone; a preference, however, will be extended in all cases to native productions, when they can be obtained. Independent critics, carefully excluding all individual comparisons, and recommended by their brevity, are occasionally inserted; as also, Biographical Sketches, Anecdotes, and Bon Mots of prominent Comedians of the present and past ages, of which a rare and inexhaustible compilation is in store. The publisher, by the liberality of the managers of the two Philadelphia Theatres, and several other gentlemen connected with the stage, has obtained a very excellent and numerous selection of Plays and Farces, for the Vade Mecum; many of them have never appeared in print.

THE TURF.—A faithful record is kept of all the Running and Trotting Matches in this country and England. Biographies and correct portraits of celebrated thoroughbred Horses are published once a month. Every fact relative to the breeding, management, keeping, and the diseases of this invaluable animal is particularly attended to.

The Sporting Intelligence, at home and abroad, occupies a considerable portion of our columns, and is selected from the most authentic sources. Among the portraits of celebrated Winning Horses which have been given, are:

The American Trotting Horse, Edwin Forrest, The Imported Racing Horse, Messenger. The American Trotting Mare, Lady Jackson. The Racing Mare, Arist, and her foal, by Eclipse. The true-blooded popular Horse Chateau Margaux. The American Trotting Horse, Top Gallant. The well-known English Race Horse, Touchstone. Mundig, the winner of the Derby Stakes in June; 1835.

The unrivalled American Trotter, Andrew Jackson. The celebrated English Horse, Glencoe.

A complete Treatise on Riding, with fourteen Illustrations, for the improvement of Ladies in that most healthy of all exercises.

Explanation of the Automaton Chess Player, illustrated by several engravings.

Four Engravings, designed to represent the scenes which took place in Paris, in July last, on the attempted destruction of the Royal Family of France—with a view of the Infernal Machine, and a likeness of the Assassin, Gerard.

A correct Picture of a Race Course, occupying the width of seven columns.

SPORTING.—Besides other matters belonging to this head, there will be published correct accounts of Shooting Matches, Pedestrian Feats, Gymnastic Exercises, Aquatic Excursions, Fishing, Gaming, &c. with anecdotes of noted Dogs.

MILITARY UNIFORMS.—The publisher has employed the assistance of an excellent artist to furnish a regular series of engravings of the different Beaufort Uniforms worn by the principal Volunteer Corps of Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Baltimore, and other cities, which will be published periodically, with a particular description of each, furnished by a competent hand. This subject forms a peculiar attraction to the general interest of the work.

GENTLEMEN'S FASHIONS.—A quarterly review is made out by a gentleman connected with a fashionable house in Philadelphia, explanatory of the various improvements and changes which costumes worn in the dress circles constantly undergo; by which it will be rendered an easy task for drapers and tailors, at a distance, to suit their customers with the most approved colours and modern style of apparel at the earliest possible period.

MISCELLANY.—Although the purposes of our sheet may appear to be confined to the several leading subjects which may have been stated, we deem it proper to say, that there constantly is, in addition to those, a considerable space allowed for Miscellaneous matter, such as Tales, Poetry, Anecdotes, Legendem, an Epitome of News, Places of Amusement, Statistics, Agriculture, Domestic Economy, Valuable Receipts, &c. Also, a republication of the best and most popular of the old English and American Sporting and Dramatic Songs, Set to Music; besides many other matters, regarding which an interest is supposed to exist.

By the above explanation, it will be seen that the Gentleman's Vade Mecum is particularly designed as a companion for the patrons of the Turf, the Drama, Sporting, the Fashions, &c. It is worthy of notice that its patrons in the course of one year will be furnished with from forty-five to fifty popular Plays or Farces—the price of which, however, at one of our bookstores, would be at least *Twenty Dollars*. Here, then, is an absolute saving of ten dollars in the purchase of a well-edited *Dramatic Library*—(to be had for an unprecedented small sum)—without taking into consideration the multiplied variety which is sent along with it, free of additional charge.

The Gentleman's Vade Mecum, or Sporting Companion, is published every Saturday, on fine extra imperial of quarto paper, of a superior quality, each number containing eight pages of the largest size, at *Three Dollars* per annum, in advance. Orders from abroad, postage paid, will be promptly attended to, and the paper care-

fully packed, to prevent it from crossing by mail. As the number of agents will be limited to principal cities, or such other places where a considerable subscription may be obtained, we request those who propose to patronize the work, to transmit to us the names of the different states, taken at par. By enclosing a Five Dollar Note, two copies of the paper will be forwarded to any direction ordered, for one year. Specimen numbers will be sent to any part of the Union, by addressing the publisher, postage paid.

THE MODERN ACTING DRAMA.

HAS hitherto been issued in volumes of about 300 pages each—containing the Plays, Farces, &c. which appear in the Vade Mecum, neatly printed, and bound in elegant covers, for transportation—and published every six weeks. Eight volumes constitute a set, or one year's subscription, the terms for which is *Two Dollars*.

Persons订阅 the Vade Mecum are entitled to a deduction of one-third, when subscribing for the Modern Acting Drama. An order for our sets will be readily received, in the work forwarded to any direction, by enclosing a ten dollar note—postage paid.

Gentlemen desirous of obtaining a set of this work, will please forward their names immediately—the edition, which was a small one, is going off rapidly, and it cannot be re-published at the same price.

This work will undergo a material improvement on the commencement of a new series in January, 1830.

It is intended to issue a publication Every Month, or as near the beginning as possible, each No. to consist of 48 pages of our letter, or as printing and 12 numbers to

constitute a volume of 576 pages. Every Play or Farce

which will be published, is to be accompanied by a beautiful and appropriate Engraving—making in the course

of the year nearly Fifty two illustrations—to which will be added a Frontispiece, a full-sized Steel En-

graving, containing the likenesses of Six Distinguished Actors and Actresses. Illustrations will be drawn from the present times. By this plan, we desire to pro-

serve an invaluable collection of the best Dramatic Au-

thors should follow his name forthwith, as the drama

will be entitled to the name of the author, as is usually inscribed for. If the author is deceased, if he made

no will, or if his estate is solatary, or if his executors

are unable to pay his debts, the name of the author

will be substituted in the title page.

Mr. Ridgely presented a petition of sundry citizens of Anne Arundel county, praying the extension of the jurisdiction of justices of the peace, to one hundred dollars, and an increase in the fees of constables in said county.

Mr. Willis, presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Baltimore and Frederick counties, praying for the passage of a law creating a new county, out of parts of said counties, and for other

purposes.

Mr. McLean presented a memorial of Jacob Albert, and others, merchants and traders in the city of Baltimore, praying that the Mechanics' Saving Fund Society, may be changed into a Bank.

Also, presented a memorial of the President and Directors of the Mechanics' Saving Fund Society, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be changed into "The Western Bank of B.I.

timore."

Mr. Dulany presented a petition of Walker H. Armistead of the State of Virginia, praying to be allowed to bring into this State, certain negro slaves therein mentioned.

Mr. Ely presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying the passage of an act for the division of Baltimore and Frederick counties, and for the creation of a new county, out of parts of said counties.

Mr. McLean presented a memorial of Luke Turner & Son, F. W. Brune, Daniel Cobb, Joseph W. Patterson, and others of the city of Baltimore, praying the passage of an act to incorporate the Commercial Bank of Baltimore.

On motion of Mr. McLean,

Ordered, that two hundred and fifty copies of the papers accompanying the Governor's message, relative to the civil and documentary history of the Province and State of Maryland, be printed for the use of this House.

Mr. Dulany reported a bill, entitled, an act for the division of Baltimore and Frederick

counties, and for the creating a new one by the name of "Carroll," and to alter and change the constitution of this state, so far as may be necessary to effect the same.

Mr. Carpenter, et al., of the committee on divorces, reported a bill, to divorce William Ford, of Montgomery county, from his wife, Anna Ford.

Also, reported a bill, to divorce James Alford of the city of Baltimore, from his wife Jane Alford.

Also, reported a bill, to divorce Elizabeth Gibson, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband John Gibson.

The resolution submitted by Mr. Dulany, on the 11th inst. requesting His Excellency the Governor, to procure a silver pitcher with suitable inscriptions and ornaments, and present it in the name of this state, to Dr. Joseph E. Muse, of the Eastern Shore, as a testimony of the high sense entertained of his great zeal, and the distinguished services he has rendered to advance the science of agriculture in this state, was taken up for consideration.

On motion of Mr. Wharton, said resolution was referred to the committee on agriculture.

The house adjourned.

Mr. McLean asked the following leave;

Leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act to incorporate the Atlantic Company of Baltimore.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, to extend the power of the commissioners for Talbot county, for the purposes therein named, endorsed, with pass with the proposed amendment.

Which amendment was read, agreed to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the resolution in favour of Alexander Benson Cox, endorsed, "assented to," ordered to be engrossed.

And, delivered a bill, originated and passed by the senate, entitled, an act to confirm a deed thereto mentioned.

Mr. Dulany, asked the following leave;

Leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, an act for the augmentation of the salaries of the Clerk Justice of the several judicial districts of this state.

Which was read.

And, on motion of Mr. Dulany, referred to the committee on grievances and courts of justice.

Mr. Lassell, submitted the following resolutions.

Resolved by the General Assembly of Maryland, That each of the U.S. has an equal right in its just proportion, to participate in the benefit of the public lands, the common property of the Union.

Resolved that the Senators and Representatives of this State, in the Congress of the United States, be requested to use their exertions to procure the passage of a law, to appropriate to the use of the State of Maryland, for the purposes of education and internal improvement, such part of the proceeds of the public lands of the United States as may be equitable and just.

Resolved, That his Excellency the Governor be requested to communicate a copy of the foregoing resolutions to each of the Senators and Representatives of this State in the Congress of the United States.

The house then adjourned.

Wednesday, January 21st.

Mr. Brewer, presented a petition of James Mills, Thomas Mills, and Elizabeth Mills, Harriet Goldsmith, and Sarah Campbell, heirs of Thomas Goldsmith, a revolutionary officer, praying for an equivalent for his lands westward of Fort Cumberland.

Also, presented a petition of Samuel Baldwin, of Anne Arundel county, a soldier of the revolution, praying for a pension.

Mr. Newcomer, presented a petition of Jacob Christ, and Amelia Christ his wife, of Washington county, praying for a divorce, a mensa et thoro.

Mr. McLean presented a petition of the Bal-

timore Insurance Company praying a continuance of its charter.

Mr. Duckett, presented a petition of the President, Directors, and Company, of the bank of the United States, praying that a warrant of survey may issue on certain lands in Alleghany county therein mentioned.

Mr. Richardson, presented a memorial of the City Guards, Samuel Smith, mayor of the city of Baltimore, praying the passage of an act for the organization and establishment of the Baltimore City Guards.

And, presented a memorial of the President and Directors of the Franklin bank of Baltimore, praying an alteration in their charter, and an extension of their capital.

Jacob Fiery, Esq., a delegate returned for Washington county, appeared, qualified, and took his seat.

On motion of Mr. Wharton,

Ordered, That two hundred and fifty copies of the papers accompanying the Governor's message, relative to the civil and documentary history of the Province and State of Maryland, be printed for the use of this House.

Mr. Dulany, chairman of the committee on insolventy, reported a bill, for the relief of Alleghany Elder of the city of Baltimore;

which was read first and second time by spe-

cial order, and passed.

Mr. Brookhart submitted the following or-

der:

Ordered that the committee on insolventy be instructed to enquire into the expediency of passing a general law in regard to the non-residents, so as to prevent further special legisla-

tion on that subject;

Which was read.

On motion of Mr. McLean, ordered to lie on the table.

The House then adjourned.

were free antecedent to the passage of said act, or who have been born free subsequent to the passage of said act;

which was read.

Mr. Dulany, chairman of the committee on insolventy, reported a bill, for the relief of Alleghany Elder of the city of Baltimore;

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tion on that subject;

Which was read.

On motion of Mr. McLean, ordered to lie on the table.

The House then adjourned.

Friday, January 21st.

Mr. Wharton presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying the passage of an act to ratify and confirm the act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, to incorporate the Franklin Rail Road Company.

Mr. McLean presented a memorial of Mrs. Julia Ann Becker, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be divorced from her husband John Becker.

Mr. Brewer presented a petition of Rebecca Robinson, of the city of Baltimore, praying for a pension in consideration of the services of her husband Charles Robinson, a lieutenant during the late war of independence.

Mr. Carpenter, et al., of the committee on agriculture, reported a bill, to divorce William Ford, of Montgomery county, from his wife Anna Ford.

Also, reported a bill, to divorce James Alford of the city of Baltimore, from his wife Jane Alford.

Also, reported a bill, to divorce Elizabeth Gibson, of the city of Baltimore, from her husband John Gibson.

The resolution submitted by Mr. Dulany, on the 11th inst. requesting His Excellency the Governor, to procure a silver pitcher with suitable devices and ornaments in the name of this state, as a testimony of the high sense entertained by his native state, of his distinguished and gallant services to his country, on the northwestern frontier during the late war with Great Britain—beg leave report, that they have had the same under consideration, and respectfully

the relief of Henry Eberhart of the city of Baltimore.

Which was read the first and second time by special order, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Ridgely, asked the following leave.

Leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act, for the benefit of the Patapsco Female Institute.

Which was read and referred to the committee on education.

The bill reported by Mr. Carpenter, chairman of the committee on divorces, entitled, an act, to divorce James Alford, of the city of Baltimore, from his wife Jane Alford, was taken up for consideration, and read the second time.

On the question being put, shall the said bill pass.

It was determined in the negative.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill, for the relief of Allen Elder, of the city of Baltimore, endorsed, "will pass," ordered to be engrossed.

And delivered a bill, originated in and passed by the senate, entitled, an act for shutting up certain parts of Saint Paul's street, and of Lovegrove Alley, in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. McLean, chairman of the select committee, to which was referred the bill from the senate, entitled, an act for shutting up certain parts of St. Paul's street and Lovegrove alley, in the city of Baltimore, reported the same without amendment.

The said bill was then read the second time by special order, passed, and returned to the senate.

The house then adjourned.

Saturday January 16th.

Mr. Duvall presented a petition of sundry citizens of Frederick county, praying for an act to authorize the surveyor of said county, to make an alphabetical record entry of all the original land certificates in said county.

And, Mr. Iglochart presented a petition of Thomas J. Stockett, of Anne Arundel county, praying the passage of an act to authorize him to shorten the time of servitude of certain negroes therein mentioned.

Mr. Carroll, of Balt. county, submitted the following order.

Ordered, That the select committee on the Constitution, be discharged from their duties, and in place of it, a select committee of five be appointed by the chair, to take into consideration what alterations and amendments, if any, of the constitution may be necessary, and expedient, and report to this house.

Which was read.

Mr. Brookhart moved to amend said order by striking out the words "if any."

Determined in the negative.

The said order was then read the second time and adopted.

In pursuance whereof, the speaker appointed Messrs. Carroll, of Balt. county, Richardson, Wharton, McCullough and McMahon, the committee.

Mr. Iglochart reported a supplement to the act to regulate the meetings of the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, passed at December session, 1831, chapter 218.

Which was read the first and second time by special order, passed, and sent to the senate.

Mr. Hamblton reported a bill to increase the salary of the Treasurer of the Eastern Shore of Maryland.

Mr. Duvall reported a bill for the relief of the old citizens of Frederick county.

Which was read the first and second time by special order, passed, and sent to the senate.

On motion of Mr. McMahon, (seconded by two other members who voted in the majority,) the house re-considered their vote upon the bill reported by Mr. Carpenter, chairman of the committee on divorces, entitled, an act to divorce James Alford of the city of Baltimore, from his wife Jane Alford.

The said bill was then read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

On motion of Mr. Carpenter the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him as chairman of the committee on divorces, entitled, an act to divorce Elizabeth Gibson from her husband John Gibson.

The said bill was then read the second time, passed, and sent to the senate.

The clerk of the senate returned the bill to confirm an act, passed December session 1831, ch. 219, endorsed "will pass," ordered to be engrossed.

Also, the preamble and resolutions relative to certain rivers, straits, and sounds, endorsed, assented to with the proposed amendment, which amendment was read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

The house then adjourned.

Monday, January 18.

Mr. Wharton, presented a petition of the commissioners of Washington county, praying the passage of a supplement to an act, passed at December session 1831, chapter 144, entitled, an act for the revaluation of all the real and personal property in said county.

Mr. Piery, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying the passage of an act to authorize the commissioners of said county, to levy a sum of money to make certain improvement in the Court House of said county, therein mentioned.

Mr. Piery, also presented a petition of Joseph Emott, of Washington county, praying the passage of an act to make valid a certain deed there in mentioned.

Mr. Worthington, presented a communication from the Inspectors of Lumber for the pine and bunch shingles, and every description of lumber, that shall be landed in the city of Baltimore, may be subject to inspection.

Mr. Carroll, of Baltimore county, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying the regulation of the Baltimore market.

Mr. Brown, also, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, praying the passage of an act to regulate the Baltimore market.

And Mr. Winder, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, against an ordinance passed by the Mayor and City Council of the city of Baltimore, on the 20th of April 1831.

Mr. Brown presented a memorial of the trustees of Oakland Academy, in Baltimore county, praying a donation for said Academy.

Mr. Carroll, of Baltimore county, presented a petition of sundry citizens of the first election district of Baltimore county, for changing the place of holding the elections in said district.

And, Mr. Winder, presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, against a separation of said county, and in favor of a separation of said county from the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Teakle obtained leave to bring in a bill, entitled, an act for the relief of William Adams up certain parts of Saint Paul's street, and of Lovegrove Alley, in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. McLean, chairman of the select committee, to which was referred the bill from the senate, entitled, an act for shutting up certain parts of St. Paul's street and Lovegrove alley, in the city of Baltimore, reported the same without amendment.

The said bill was then read the second time by special order, passed, and returned to the senate.

The house then adjourned.

Saturday January 16th.

Mr. Duvall presented a petition of sundry citizens of Frederick county, praying for an act to authorize the surveyor of said county, to make an alphabetical record entry of all the original land certificates in said county.

And, Mr. Iglochart presented a petition of Thomas J. Stockett, of Anne Arundel county, praying the passage of an act to authorize him to shorten the time of servitude of certain negroes therein mentioned.

Mr. Carroll, of Balt. county, submitted the following order.

Ordered, That the select committee on the Constitution, be discharged from their duties, and in place of it, a select committee of five be appointed by the chair, to take into consideration what alterations and amendments, if any, of the constitution may be necessary, and expedient, and report to this house.

Which were severally read and adopted.

Mr. Long reported a supplement to an act, to encourage internal improvements.

And, Mr. Wharton reported a supplement to an act, passed December session 1831, chapter 144, entitled, an act for the reassessment and revaluation of all the real and personal property in Washington county.

Which were severally read the first and second time by special order passed, and sent to the Senate.

Mr. Carroll, of Baltimore county reported a bill, to alter and amend an act providing for the appointment of line inspectors for the city of Baltimore, and prescribing their duties.

Mr. Bryly chairman of the committee on education, reported a supplement to an act, for incorporating the Govan's Town Academy, in Baltimore county.

Maryland Gazette.

ANNAPOLIS.
Thursday, January 21, 1832.

THE FAIR.

A Fair for the benefit of the Female Orphan Society of the City of Annapolis, will be held at the Assembly Room, on Tuesday the second day of February next, commencing at 12 o'clock A. M. at which a variety of Fancy Articles will be exhibited, and to which the citizens of Annapolis and all strangers who may be within reach of it, are respectfully invited and earnestly solicited to attend.

Applications repeatedly made, are often by

that very circumstance divested of their force,

and even the friends of a cause are apt to be

come tired of it, if it is frequently pressed upon

their attention. We admit this to be the case

in the general, but we can never assent to the

belief, that man, formed in the image of his

Creator, however fallen, can close his ears and

shut up the avenues of his heart against the call

of pity, when uttered for the aid of the unfor-

tunate. From the very nature of our being we

are all exposed to the mutations of fortune; and

the calamity we deplore for others may finally

overtake ourselves. Riches make to themselves

wings, and flee away—death enters a household,

and the children who were before basking in

the sunbeams of a parent's smile, are orphaned

—the conflagration of a single night may destroy

the savings of years, and as we have seen vi-

rified, by recent and lamentable facts, it is pos-

sible to lay down at night repining in the lap of

prosperity, and arise in the morning to find that

our wealth has passed away like a dream. Thus

circumstance, is it not natural to suppose that

the misery we believe to exist, we should com-

mitate and attempt to relieve, and does not

every act of liberality which alleviates the dis-

tresses of others, bring with it a consciousness

of duty performed, gratifying to the heart where

it origin tell. "Blessed is he that considereth

the poor, the Lord will deliver him in time of

trouble," is the language of divine inspiration,

and what the Lord of the Universe hath prom-

ised we will also perform. In the hour of ad-

versity the truth of this promise will be veri-

fied, and he that has ministered unto others, will

be ministered unto himself. We, the Managers

of this Society, solicit the aid of the citizens of

Annapolis, and all others who will give us their

patronage, for the support of an Institution which

has for its object the relief of destitute female

Orphans. Encouraged by past liberality, we

make our present appeal with sanguine expec-

tions of success—disappoint us not. While

she sure makes her exactions and spreads al-

lurements around her shrine, remember that her

joys are evanescent and often leave a sting be-

hind, while the gift that is laid upon the altar of

christian benevolence shall be as the bread cast

upon the waters to be found after many days.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, at the late residence of James Hunter, of the city of Annapolis, on the 11th of February next, at 10 o'clock A. M. part of

PERSONAL ESTATE.

of said Hunter, consisting of Household and Kitchen Furniture, one Cow, and several Young Negroes, &c.

TERMS OF SALE.

—For all sums of Ten Dollars, or upwards, a credit of six months will be allowed, the purchaser giving bond, with good and sufficient security, with interest from date, under Ten Dollars the Cash to be paid.

JOHN MILLER, Adm'r.

Jan. 21.

IN CHANCERY.

18th Jan'y. 1832.

ORDERED, That the sales of the real estate of Daniel Dulany, made and reported by Daniel F. Dulany, the trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown before the 18th day of March next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper at least once in each of three successive weeks before the 18th day of February next.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$37,000 00.

True copy—Test,

RAMSAY WATERS,

Reg. Cur. Can.

Jan. 21.

ANS.-ARUNDEL COUNTY, To wit:

AN application by petition in writing of Zachariah Polton, (in the recess of Anne Arundel County Court,) to me the subscriber, Chief Judge of the Third Judicial District of the State of Maryland, praying the benefit of the Act of Assembly, entitled, "An act for the relief of sundry Insolvent Debtors," passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, (on oath so far as he could ascertain them) being annexed to his said petition, and I being satisfied that the said Zachariah Polton has resided in the state of Maryland for two years next preceding the date of his said petition, and I having appointed Thomas Burgess, trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the said Zachariah Polton, which said trustee has given bond in due form for the faithful performance of his trust, and the said Zachariah Polton having given bond with security for his debts, to answer to the allegations or interrogatories of his creditors, and having executed a deed of conveyance to his said trustee, and the said trustee having certified the delivery thereof to him by the said Zachariah Polton; I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Zachariah Polton give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in one of the newspapers printed in the city of Annapolis, once a week for the term of three months, to appear before Anne Arundel County Court, to be held in the city of Annapolis on the third Monday in April next, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Zachariah Polton should not have the benefit of the said act and supplements as prayed.

The Court affirmed the decree of the Chancellor in No. 49, Robert R. Richardson vs. Wm. A. Ridgely and Wife, with costs.

Stephen, Judge, delivered the opinion of the Court in No. 57, The Patapsco Insurance Company vs. James Biscoe, affirming the judgment of the County Court.

Buchanan, Ch. J. delivered the opinion of the Court in No. 58, Robert W. Kent vs. William O'Hara, et al. affirming the decree of the Chancellor, with costs.

The same Judge delivered the opinion of the Court in No. 47, Dulany, Trustee of Sinchcomb & Sewall, vs. Hoffman, Bend & Co., reversing the decree of the Chancellor, with costs.

Dorsey, Judge, delivered the opinion of the Court in No. 50, Mary E. Berrett vs. Robert Oliver, et al., affirming the decree of the Chancellor, with costs.

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the commencement of the present session of Congress. The result, as you have seen, is a demand of an official written expression of regret, and a direct explanation addressed to France, with a distinct intimation that this is a sine qua non.

Mr. Barton having in pursuance of his instructions, returned to the United States, and the Charge d'Affaires of France having been recalled, all diplomatic intercourse between the two countries is suspended—a state of things originating in an unreasonable susceptibility on the part of the French Government, and rendered necessary on our part by their refusal to perform engagements contained in a treaty, from the faithful performance of which by us they are to this day enjoying many important commercial advantages.

It is time this unequal position of affairs should cease, and that legislative action should be brought to sustain executive exertion in such measures as the case requires. While France persists in her refusal to comply with the terms of a treaty, the object of which was by removing all causes of mutual complaint, to renew ancient feelings of friendship, and to unite the two nations in the bonds of amity, and of a mutually beneficial commerce, she cannot justly complain if we adopt such peaceful remedies as the law of nations and the circumstances of the case may authorize and demand.

Of the nature of these remedies, I have heretofore had occasion to speak; and, in reference to a particular contingency, to express my conviction that reprisals would be best adapted to the emergency then contemplated. Since that period, France, by all the departments of her Government, has acknowledged the validity of our claims, and the obligations of the treaty; and has appropriated the moneys which are necessary to its execution; and though payment is withheld on grounds vitally important to our existence as an independent nation, it is not to be believed that she can have determined permanently to retain a position so utterly indefensible. In the altered state of the questions in controversy, and under all existing circumstances, it appears to me, that until such a determination shall have become evident, it will be proper and sufficient to reiterate her present refusal to comply with her engagements, by prohibiting the introduction of French products and the entry of French vessels into our ports. Between this and the interdiction of all commercial intercourse, or other remedies, you, as the representatives of the people, must determine. I recommend the former, in the present posture of our affairs, as being the least injurious to our commerce, and as attended with the least difficulty of returning to the usual state of friendly intercourse, if the Government of France shall render us the justice that is due, and also as a proper preliminary step to stronger measures, should their adoption be rendered necessary by subsequent events.

Not being a man to act on the basis of reply or offer, made the basis of the Legislature, I did not think proper to mark Nos. 9, 10, 11, and 12, in the first five weeks after paper among them, for obvious done; but these marked, that any might be authorized form, would be considered. An attempt was made to render necessary by subsequent events.

The return of our Charge d'Affaires is attended with public notices of naval preparations on the part of France destined for our seas. Of the cause and intent of these armaments, I have no authentic information, nor any other means of judging, except such as are common to yourselves and the public; but whatever may be their object, we are not at liberty to regard them as unconnected with the measures which hostile movements on the part of France may compel us to pursue. They at least deserve to be met by adequate preparation on our part, and I therefore strongly urge large and speedy appropriations for the increase of the navy and the completion of our coast defences.

If this army of military force be really designed to affect the action of the Government and the people of the United States on the questions now pending between the two nations, then indeed would it be dishonorable to pause a moment on the alternative which such a state of things would present to us. Come what may, the explanation which France demands can never be accorded; and no armament however powerful and imposing, at a distance, or on our coast, will I trust, deter us from discharging the high duties which we owe to our constituents, to our national character, and to the world.

The House of Representatives, at the close of the last session of Congress, unanimously resolved, that the treaty of the 4th of July, 1831, should be maintained, and its execution insisted on by the United States. It is due to the welfare of the human race, not less than to our own interests and honour, that this resolution should, at all hazards, be adhered to. If, after so signal an example as that given by the American people, during their long protracted difficulties with France, of forbearance under accumulated wrongs, and of generous confidence in her ultimate return to justice, she shall now be permitted to withhold from us the tardy and imperfect indemnification, which, after years of remonstrance and discussion, had at length been solemnly agreed on by the treaty of 1831, and to set at nought the obligation it imposes, the United States will not be the only sufferers.

The efforts of humanity and religion, to substitute the appeals of justice, and the arbitrament of reason, for the coercive measures usually resorted to by injured nations, will receive little encouragement from such an issue. By the selection and enforcement of such lawful and expedient measures as may be necessary to prevent a result so injurious to ourselves, and so fatal to the hopes of the philanthropist, we shall therefore not only preserve the pecuniary interests of our citizens, the independence of our Government, and the honour of our country, but do much, if may be hoped, to vindicate the faith of treaties, and to promote the general interests of peace, civilization, and improvement.

ANDREW JACKSON.

Washington, January 15, 1836.

1. Letter from Mr. Forsyth to Mr. Barton, giving him instructions how to act after the return of Mr. Livingston, which course is approved.

R. Dito to dito, 14 Sept. 1836.

5. Mr. Barton to the Duc de Broglie, Oct. 24, 1835.
4. Duc de Broglie to Mr. Barton, Oct. 26, 1835.
5. Mr. Barton to the Duc de Broglie, Nov. 9, 1835.
6. Duc de Broglie to Mr. Barton, Nov. 9, 1835.
7. Mr. Forsyth to Mr. Pageot, June 25, 1835.
8. Mr. Pageot to Mr. Forsyth, June 26, 1835.
9. Mr. Pageot to Mr. Forsyth, Dec. 1, 1835.
10. Mr. Forsyth to Mr. Pageot, Dec. 3, 1835.
11. Mr. Pageot to Mr. Forsyth, Dec. 5, 1835.
12. " do " do " Jan. 2, 1836.
13. Mr. Forsyth to Mr. Pageot, Jan. 2, 1836.

A message was received from the President of the United States, communicating a reply to the resolution offered by Mr. Clay, calling for the suppressed letter, said to have been shown by Mr. Pageot to Mr. Forsyth. The letter is not given, but there are explanations, and a correspondence between Mr. Forsyth, M. Surarier, and M. Pageot.

The reading of these communications occupied nearly an hour and a quarter, and the messages were referred to the committee on Foreign Relations, and ordered to be printed.—Three thousand extra copies of the message were ordered on motion of Mr. Clay.

A debate arose between Mr. Buchanan and Mr. Calhoun, in which the former advocated the course of the President throughout, as entitling him to the support and approbation of the American people while Mr. Calhoun deprecated war, and stated his conviction that the only course which could have led to war, is the very course pursued by the Government. Mr. Buchanan considered the message as more likely to lead to peace than war.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

January 18, 1836.

SPECIAL PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE—RELATIONS WITH FRANCE.

A message from the President of the United States was delivered by Mr. Donaldson, his Secretary.

By general consent, the message and documents were ordered to be read.

The documents from No. 1 to No. 13 inclusive were also read.

Mr. McKeon took the floor, (the moment the clerk finished reading) and sent a series of resolutions to the chair, which he requested to have read. They related, he said, to the message just read.

Mr. Mason, of Va. (chairman of the Committee of Foreign Relations) rose and remarked that he intended to move the reference of the message and documents to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and their printing. He intimated that he thought it proper that the House should have time deliberately to read the message and documents, before they proceeded to act in relation to them.

Mr. McKeon rose again, and moved his resolutions. Cries of "No," "No," "No," "No," from every quarter of the House.

The Chair said that, as objections were made, the resolutions could not be referred.

Mr. McKeon demanded the suspension of the rule. (Loud cries of "No," "No," "No.")

Mr. McKeon said the resolution expressed an approval of the views and sentiments of the President, and he asked the Chair to read the resolutions for their information.

A dozen or more members rose and objected to the reading.

Mr. McKeon asked whether he had not a right to have the paper read. The Chair doubted, but was inclined to think under the circumstances, that the gentleman had not the right.

Mr. McKeon said he was anxious to get the sense of the House on the resolutions. (Cries of "order," "order.") Mr. McKeon withdrew his motion, and gave notice that he should take the first opportunity to offer the resolutions when they were in order.

Mr. Hawes moved the printing of twenty thousand copies of the message and documents, which was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Mason of Va., the message and documents were referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

SHERIFFALTY.

THE subscriber has been induced by friendly solicitations and assurances, of a numerous circle of acquaintances, to offer himself as a candidate for the next Sheriffalty of Anne Arundel county, Maryland.

No effort to deserve the confidence of the Voters of the County, shall be wanting so far as he has capacity.

FRANCIS CLARK.

Clarkeville, A. A. Co.

December 5, 1835.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House Door in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 8th day of February next, at 12 o'clock, M. all that part of the real estate of the late Dr. Matthias Hammond, which was heretofore allotted to his widow, (Mrs. Eliza Newburn, lately deceased,) for her dower. This parcel of Land contains

655 1/2 ACRES,

more or less. It lies about 12 miles from the city of Annapolis, and on the road from said city to Waterloo Tavern. The title to this property is unquestionable, and the purchaser may obtain possession on the ratification of the sale.

The Terms of Sale are, That one fourth part of the purchase money shall be paid on the ratification of the sale, and the residue in two equal annual instalments from the day of sale, the whole to bear interest from the day of sale, and to be secured by bonds, with security to be approved by the trustee.

TH. S. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

JAN. 14.—R.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on TUESDAY, 16th February next, at the residence of the late Elijah Chaney, the

PERSONAL PROPERTY of said deceased, consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Hog, Farming Utensils, Household and Kitchen Furniture, the Crop of Tobacco now in the House, Corn, Oats, Hay, and Fodder, and all the Personal Property of the deceased, (Slaves excepted.)

THE TERMS OF THE SALE ARE—

A credit of six months for all sums of over Twenty Dollars, the purchaser or purchasers to give bond with approved security, all sums under Twenty Dollars, no cash will be required.

SOLOMON G. CHENEY,
Ex'r. of Elijah Chaney.
Jan. 21.—

VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

BY virtue of the authority vested in the subscribers by the last will and testament of Thomas Snowden, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, we shall offer at Public Sale, at the upper Farm of said Snowden, called "Brooks," near the Savage Factory, on THURSDAY, the 21st January, inst., all the

PERSONAL PROPERTY,

Of said deceased, remaining upon said Estate, consisting of many valuable

Negroes, Men, Women and Children, slaves for life, also all the Stock, consisting of Cattle, Horses, Mules, Hogs, Sheep, and a variety of Farming Utensils, Carts, Wagons, Ploughs, and Gear, also Hors, Axes, &c.—Household and Kitchen Furniture, and other property not enumerated.

And on WEDNESDAY, the 27th inst., at the Farm lately occupied by said Snowden, on the head of South River, a variety of property as above described.

The terms of Sale are,

For all sums of Twenty Dollars, and under Twenty, the cash must be paid, and for all sums above Twenty Dollars six months credit will be given, the purchaser giving bond or note with approved security, bearing date from the day of sale. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock, and continue day to day until the whole property shall be disposed of.

HORACE CAPRON,
THOS S. HERBERT,
Jan. 7.—Adm'r. with the Will annexed.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.,
Anne Arundel County, Orphans Court,

January 12th, 1836.

ON application by petition of Francis L. Barnall, Henry B. Barnall and Richard B. Barnall, Executrix of Philip Barnall, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

SAM'l. BROWN, Junr.,
Reg. Wills, A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscribers of Anne Arundel county, have obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Philip Barnall, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereto, to the subscribers, at or before the 12th day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under our hands this 12th day of January 1836.

FRANCIS L. BARNALL,
HENRY B. BARNALL,
RICH'D. B. BARNALL,

Jan. 14.—R.

FOR ANAPOLIS AND EASTON.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, will leave Baltimore, on Sunday morning, the 27th instant, at 9 o'clock, for Annapolis, and return in the afternoon on Monday morning, at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, and return same day; on Tuesday at 7 o'clock A. M. for Annapolis and Easton, return on Wednesday; and on Friday at 7 o'clock A. M. for Annapolis and Easton, return on Saturday, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf; passage same as last winter.

N. B.—All baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

Dec. 24.

ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY, MD.

ON application to the subscriber, Justice of the Orphans Court of the county aforesaid in writing, of Henry Medford, praying for the benefit of the Act for the relief of paupers insolvent debtors, passed at November session, 1830, and the several supplements thereto, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain them being annexed to his petition, and the said Henry Medford having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided in the State of Maryland two years immediately preceding this the time of his application, and that he is in actual custody for debt only, and having appointed a trustee, and said trustee having given bond for the performance of said trust, it is thereupon ordered and adjudged by me that the said Henry Medford be discharged from confinement, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette, the 1st week for three successive weeks, the before the third Monday in April next, he give notice to his creditors to appear before Anne Arundel County Court, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Henry Medford should not have the benefit of the said act of Assembly and the supplements thereto as prayed.

GIDEON WHITE.

JAN. 14.—R.

NEW JEWELRY AND FANCY STORE.

JACOB WALTER, CLOCK AND WATCH

MAKER, respectfully informs the citizens of Annapolis, that he has opened a Store at the corner of Church Street and State House Lane, where he offers for sale a neat assortment of

CLOCKS, GOLD, SILVER, PATENT LEVERS, LEATHER, and PLAIN WATCHES; JEWELRY; SILVER, WATCHES; BEIGER'S SUPERIOR CLOTHING; FANCY AND SHAVING SOAPS; COLOGNE and FLORIDA Waters; HAIR, TEETH, and other BRUSHES.

With a variety of other articles, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices. All kinds of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, and Music Boxes repaired and warranted. NOVO FORTE repaired and tuned. Apply as above. Dec. 24. R.

26

COMPANION TO WALDIE'S LIBRARY.

The cheapest reprint from English Periodicals ever offered to the public.

BEFORE the Select Circulating Library had been long in existence, it was discovered that there was still something wanting—that many occurrences in the literary world must pass unknown, as regarded our agency, without an extension of the plan. To establish a fuller medium of communication and supply the desideratum, the Journal of Belles Lettres was added; which we have reason to believe has afforded general satisfaction. The very liberal patronage extended to the Library induced the proprietor to give that gratuitously as an evidence of his acknowledgments.

More extended experience has shown other desiderata which the "Companion" is intended to supply. While reading for the Library a large mass of material accumulated on the hands of the editor, of an interesting, entertaining, and instructive description, such as would properly come under the designation of Magaziniana, interspersed with the Reviews from the English Quarterly.

Of various descriptions and qualities, He respectfully invites the attention of the public to give him a call, as he is determining to sell his Goods at the low-strike.

Dec. 24.

ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY, MD.

ON application by petition of Francis L. Barnall, Henry B. Barnall and Richard B. Barnall, Executrix of Philip Barnall, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.

Mr. GIDEON WHITE.

14.—R.

26

PIRESCOTT'S

OF THE DAY, every day.

THE success of the experiment we have made to furnish a succession of daily proceedings of Congress, day by day, in the sketches of the Debates, numbers to be continued to an indefinite time. This will be received that the Congressional Globe shall not only embody the particular journals of the country, but shall also furnish an Appendix, which will contain the finest speeches of the prominent speakers, on the most important subjects, written out by the members themselves, from the most

Fourth Year of Waldie's Library.
BOOKS BY MAIL.
PROSPECTUS OF TWO NEW VOLUMES FOR 1836.

THREE years have now elapsed since the proprietor of Waldie's Select Circulating Library laid before the public his original prospectus for a valuable library, the great features of which were cheapness, and the facility of a rapid transportation by mail. The most ample success has attended the enterprise, and the effects upon the reading community, it is believed, have been wholesome.

The fourth year will commence on the first Tuesday of January, 1836, at which period it will be necessary to determine the additional amount of copies to be printed, subscriptions being taken only from January of each year. The entire success of the Library is the best guarantee that can be given of its continuance. It was the first to supply books by mail at a mere per centage of their former cost; it has outlived more than thirty per cent attempts at imitation; and has now an extensive list of patrons who are of the most solid and valuable class of citizens in every part of the Union, as well as in foreign countries.

The object of Waldie's Library, its use and purpose, is enjoyment liberal and intellectual. To all who love a mental banquet, without being compelled to depend on places of public resort, this publication furnishes a most valuable desideratum, supplying polite literature of a character to enlarge and improve the mind. The time and attention of the editor, himself a reader from inclination as well as duty, are devoted to the procurement of works of an elevated standard of intellect which may be admitted into every family without hesitation by the most fastidious, and become a rallying point for all its members, promoting social felicity, letters reading and conversation. The variety thus collected from the whole mass of published works, mostly new, encloses Biographies, Novels, Voyages and Travels, Sciences, Tales, and Stories, a general menagerie of animal life, a vocabulary, and various subjects of interest equal to fifty thousand dollars.

We propose to print a copy of each volume at a cost only equal to one of every five dollars. The plan thus emulates the whole class of popular literature, and the work has now become universally diffused in every part of the Union, so far as necessaries, a portion of the literature of the country, and with which an acquaintance has become really necessary to those who mix in society.

The Library is now conducted, disseminating books to all parts of the country in four to six weeks after their issue in London. Five dollars per annum expended in this way will supply good reading for a whole circle or family; for a cent and a half a day postage included, a quadruple week sent every week, making in the course of the year more than three volumes of Ross's Cyclopaedia. One volume of the Library, containing from fifteen to twenty entire works, can be bound at an expense little exceeding that of binding either separately, and constitutes a concentrated collection forming a never failing resource of amusement and instruction, and which must always be worth the price that has been paid for it. The most ample testimony has been spontaneously afforded that this work has contributed to the pleasure of thousands, who, but for the resource it afforded, must have been left with minds unoccupied, or thrown into unprofitable and unengaged society. This immense supply of periodical reading has thus been welcomed every where as a means of improvement, and a substitute for the small talk or idle listlessness, so apt to employ a large portion of the time of the majority.

Waldie's Library is published every Tuesday, accompanied by a cover of four quarto pages, entitled, The Journal of Hellenic Lettres, containing reviews of new books, literary intelligence of all kinds, tales, lists of new books, &c. thus combining the advantages of a Library, and the amusement of a magazine and newspaper; the whole for \$5.00 per annum, or clubs of five individuals obtain five copies for \$20.00, a reduction which pays the postage. Payment always in advance.

Waldie's Port Folio and Companion to the Library.

This periodical contains half as much matter as the Library, at half its price; or both are furnished to clubs of five for \$6.00. Its contents consist of a reprint of the best matter from the London Magazines and Reviews, more especially Chasmer's Edinburgh Journal. Its object is popular instruction and amusement, conducted in such a manner as to excite the feelings of every member of the social circle. It enjoys an extensive circulation, at a price to single subscribers not taking the Library, \$2.50, postage paid.

* A very limited number of complete sets of Library and Port Folio, at the original subscription price, may be had for a short period. The Library has been published three years and the Port Folio one; an individual may now form a club by himself, and by paying for the past three years and the volumes for 1835 and 1836, the whole can be had for \$20.00. For this an amount of matter may be procured which public approbation has stamped as truly valuable and unique for its kind. This privilege must, however, be of brief continuance.

Address, post paid,

ADAM WALDIE,

Bethel, two doors south of Chestnut street, Philad.

THE MUSEUM OF FOREIGN LITERATURE

and BOHEMIA, price \$6.00 per annum, the Library and Port Folio, will be all supplied for \$12.00.

Oct. 29.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS GIVEN.

THAT the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, letters testamentary, on the personal estate of Elijah Chaney, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, legally authenticated, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment to

SOLOMON G. CHANEY, Esq.

Jan. 14.—3m.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned respectfully apprises his friends and the public at large that he will attend at all times to the preparation of **DEEDS OF MANUMISSION, BILLS OF SALE, BOATS.**

LETTERS OF ATTORNEY, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, &c.

Office in Church street—nearly opposite the City Hotel.

FRANCIS M. JARBOE.

N. B. Having an approved form of Insolvent Blanks he will also attend to business having relation thereto, on moderate terms—
for Cash.

REPAIRED

French, Italian, German, British and American Prints.

CONSISTING of the most beautiful Female Portraits, Sporting Landscapes, Historical, Sentimental, Architecture Engravings and Lithographs, ever offered in this city; all of which will be exhibited to such persons as will purchase to the amount of fifty cents, the frequent handling tending considerably to soil and otherwise retard the sale of them.

The above beautiful collection of articles have just been received.—for sale by

F. M. JARBOE.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
WALDIE'S LIBRARY.
SECOND VOLUME.

THE subscriber having purchased the Washington Library from its former proprietors, will in future be its conductor.

The general plan of the Library is, we believe, satisfactory to all our subscribers—affording a comprehensive view of the city affairs in a manner unapproached by any other paper. This plan will be strictly adhered to. Our leading object being to lay hold of rare, local subjects and occurrences, which have not been noticed in the daily papers, including Police Reports, and all such matters as of general interest, we have engaged the valuable services of Mr. Wm. F. Farnsworth as assistant editor, whose spirit and untiring exertions to establish this paper have been extremely successful.

We propose to furnish brief abstracts of all judicial decisions which shall more particularly interest the citizens of this District. Also, a brief but comprehensive summary of Congressional proceedings.

We propose further, during the session of Congress, to publish an Evening Edition, by which arrangements our distant subscribers will receive the latest Congressional Intelligence one day and a half sooner than through any other Washington paper.

We intend, if possible, to furnish a weekly list of all New Papers; a Book note Table, and Price Current of Washington, Alexandria, and Georgetown, corrected with the greatest accuracy; also Stage Steamboat, and Rail Road Registers.

We shall exert our best endeavours to elevate the literary character of the Library. This can only be done by the co-operation of those minds which are able and willing to aid in the advancement of letters. We cannot, however, be so unjust to our subscribers as to make the Library an arena for the unskilful, since far more desirous, it must be allowed, would be judicious selections than mediocre originals.

We believe that the prospects of Washington demand such a paper as we intend to publish.

She is already closely allied, by her rail road, to a great and flourishing city, and is destined to be her competitor, rather than rival, in exchanging the products of the country; by means of her stupendous canal, she is about to be thrown, as it were, into the centre of an immense territory, where the resources of industry defy the reach of imagination, and where an amount of capital must soon be created, which will astonish the most sanguine economist.

Washington and Baltimore, as one mighty heart, must receive and return the current which will give vitality to the commerce of twenty millions of men. Such, in fact, are our advantages, that prosperity must come in spite of causes which concur to oppress us; but a sense of duty, carried out in action, will relieve our embarrassments, and produce results of incalculable magnitude.

We propose, then, to supply a paper in some degree adapted to the wants of an important community; a literary and miscellaneous family paper; a journal of current literature; a repository of commercial intelligence. And we appeal to an enlightened and liberal community to sustain us in our undertaking.

Terms of the paper—two dollars, payable in all cases semi-annually in advance.

RUFUS DAWES.

Washington, D. C.

CASE FOR ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES, Including both sexes from 10 to 35 years of age.

PERSONS having likely Servants to dispose of, and wishing the highest prices, will do well to give me a call, as I am determined to buy and give higher prices than any other purchaser, who is now or may come into this market. I can at all times be found at Mr. James Hunter's Tavern, in Annapolis. All communications directed to me will be promptly attended to.

ISAAC F. PURVIS.

Jan. 7.—3m.

Potowmack Bank of Maryland,

Elliott's Mill, Oct. 31, 1835.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Stockholders of this institution, that the balance of fifteen dollars on each share of stock is required to be paid at the Banking House, in the following instalments, viz:

The third instalment of five dollars per share on the 15th December next, of which due notice has been given.

The fourth instalment of five dollars per share on the 5th of February next.

The fifth and last instalment, of five dollars per share, on the 1st of April next.

Stockholders who pay their instalments before the periods above designated, will be allowed to participate in the profits of the Institution from the first day of the month, next ensuing the date of their respective payments.

By order of the President and Directors.

B. U. CAMPBELL, Cashier.

Nov. 5.—3m.—mtA.

A BARGAIN.

THE undersigned intending to transfer his publication office to the Eastward, offers to sell the **PRESSES, TYPE AND MATERIALS** used in the Public Work. If these be an Editor printer of the party who dares to become a competitor for the printing, we will furnish an office and the materials to do the work, and take orders on the Clerk of the House of Representatives in payment.

The patronage of the Department is worth from twelve to twenty thousand dollars per annum, and that of the House as much more.

Will editors with whom we exchange give this one or two insertions.

DUFF GREEN.

Nov. 5.

FOR ANAPOLIS.

THE STEAM BOAT MARYLAND will go to Annapolis, on Sunday the 20th and 27th inst., and return same day, leaving the lower end of Dugon's wharf, at 9 o'clock, A. M. Passage same as last year.

N. B.—All baggage at the owner's risk.

L. E. TAYLOR.

Dec. 24.

Anne-Arundel County, S.C.

AN application by the subscriber, Chief Judge of Anne-Arundel County Court, by petition, in writing, of Henry Watts of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is now in actual confinement, and praying for the benefit of the act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entituled, An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, passed at December session 1803, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned; a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, and of his debts due to him, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said Henry Watts having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years preceding the time of his application, and the said Henry Watts having given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the County Court of Anne Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and I having appointed Joshua Watts his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Henry Watts a conveyance and possession of all his property, personal and mixed; I hereby order and adjudge that the said Henry Watts be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in Anne Arundel County, once a week for three weeks consecutive months, before the third Monday in April next, to appear before the said County Court, at the Court House of said county, in the city of Annapolis on the said third Monday in April next, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Henry Watts should not have the benefit of the said Act and supplements as prayed. Given under my hand the eighth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty five.

J. H. DORSER.

Dec. 24.—3m.

Anne-Arundel County, S.C.

AN application by petition in writing of James Frazier, to me the subscriber, Chief Judge of the Orphans Court for the said county, praying the benefit of the Act of Assembly, entitled, "An Act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," passed at November session 1803, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned; a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, and of his debts due to him, on oath, so far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said Edward Holland having given bond with security for his personal appearance at the County Court of Anne Arundel County, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and I having appointed Joshua Watts his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Henry Watts a conveyance and possession of all his property, personal and mixed; I hereby order and adjudge that the said Edward Holland having given bond with security for his personal appearance in Anne Arundel County Court on the third Monday in April next, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and I having appointed Joshua Watts his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from said Henry Watts a conveyance and possession of all his property, personal and mixed; 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Baltimore Gazette.

ANNAPOLEIS:
Thursday, January 22, 1826.

THE FAIR.

A Fair for the benefit of the Female Orphan Society of the City of Annapolis, will be held at the Assembly Room, on Tuesday the second day of February next, commencing at 12 o'clock A.M. at which a variety of Fancy Articles will be exhibited, and to which the citizens of Annapolis, and all strangers who may be within reach of it, are respectfully invited and earnestly solicited to attend.

Applications repeatedly made, are often by that very circumstance diverted of their force, and even the friends of a cause are apt to become tired of it, if it is frequently pressed upon their attention. We admit this to be the case in the general, but we can never assent to the belief, that man, formed in the image of his Creator, however fallen, can close his ears, and shut up the avenues of his heart against the call of pity, when uttered for the aid of the unfortunate. From the very nature of our being we are all exposed to the mutations of fortune; and the calamity we deplore for others may finally overtake ourselves. Riches make to themselves wings, and flee away—death enters a household, and the children who were before basking in the sunbeams of a parent's smile, are orphaned—the conflagration of a single night may destroy the savings of years, and as we have seen verified by recent and lamentable facts, it is possible to lay down at night reposing in the lap of prosperity, and arise in the morning to find that our wealth has passed away like a dream. Thus circumstanced, is it not natural to suppose that the misery we believe to exist, we should commiserate and attempt to relieve, and does not every act of liberality which alleviates the distresses of others, bring with it a consciousness of duty performed, gratifying to the heart where it originated? "Blessed is he that considereth the poor, the Lord will deliver him in time of trouble," is the language of divine inspiration, and what the Lord of the Universe hath promised we will also perform. In the hour of adversity the truth of this promise will be verified, and he that has ministered unto others, will be ministered unto himself. We, the Managers of this Society, solicit the aid of the citizens of Annapolis, and all others who will give us their patronage, for the support of an Institution which has for its object the relief of destitute female Orphans. Encouraged by past liberality, we make our present appeal with sanguine expectations of success—disappoint us not. While pleasure makes her exactions and spreads allurements around her shrine, remember that her joys are evanescent and often leave a sting behind, while the gift that is laid upon the altar of Christian benevolence shall be as the broad cast upon the waters to be found after many days.

For the Maryland Gazette. A BIRD'S EYE VIEW OF THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.

The Presidential term, which from custom and the example of Washington, never extends beyond eight years, being about to draw to a close, the people at large, who had given to the Administration of one of the poorest and most devoted of patriots an ardent and uncompromising support, resolved in the fullness of their power to select delegates, fresh from themselves, to meet in general convention in May last for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency who would carry out into practice in the succeeding administration the glorious principles which had been promulgated by that time-honoured veteran, Andrew Jackson. This great convention met in the city of Baltimore, and the result of its deliberations was the nomination of Martin Van Buren for President, and Richard M. Johnson for Vice President. This nomination was not made to gratify local prejudices, or sectional feelings. The country was looked to as a confederated republic, whose prosperity and glory depended upon an inviolable regard for the sacred union of all its parts. The North, the South, the East, the West, were regarded as comprising a whole—and not separate divisions. Principles were clearly defined—and then men were selected without regard to their location, to carry out those principles into action, which in the face of their country, and under the most solemn sanctions, they have pledged themselves to do. How has this nomination been received? By the people at large, by whom I mean the bone and sinew of the land—the honest yeomanry—the farmers and mechanics—the working men—by all who are in favour of equal rights, and opposed to odious monopolies—with acclamation, manifesting a cool determination to support it, which can neither be shaken by the arts of interested demagogues, nor the groans of disappointed expiring political ambition. The Democratic Republican party is deeply rooted in every state of the Union. From Maine to Louisiana—from the shores of the Atlantic to the Rocky Mountains—it is one and the same. Instigated to action by one broad, deep, all-pervading influence—the love of country—and adopting for its watch-word, harmony and concession—every thing for the cause and nothing for men—marches in solid phalanx to the glorious consummation of its object—literal construction of the constitution, upon which hangs the perpetuation of our happy Union. It is true at a time of profound domestic quiet, when an era of good feelings was artfully proclaimed for sinister purposes, when many wolves in sheep's clothing wormed themselves into the Republican fold, for the purpose of betraying where they could not destroy, that these great principles became in imminent danger. But the schoolmaster is abroad, and the day of delusion is at an end. A sleepless vigilance in behalf of their own rights characterizes the conduct of the people.

The arts of many designing men, who by the most consummate hypocrisy had caused the people into their support, and in the course of their trust, have added treachery to deceit, are well understood. Henceforth the will be regarded, as they deserve to be, with infamy and scorn, and will serve as examples to coming generations, that a private station is far more honourable than office or nation attained by trick, and supported by fraud.

The factious, the designing, the disappointed of every party, and of every subdivision of party, have attacked this nomination of the people with an acrimony and bitterness of heart, what blotted hopes and thwarted ambition alone can engender. Upon the Convention, and its immediate, they have heaped abuse, detraction, calumny and falsehood, until the use of such weapons have become identified with their daily vocations. The records of Billingsgate and Giles' have been ransacked for terms to cover the spleen effusions of their rancorous interest, and to spread among the community false and ambiguous reports. But the great piston which that nomination is based, have been left unscathed. They dare not join issue upon them. The moment they touch them, they are well aware, will sound the departing knell of their hopes. Hence their manifest anxiety to avoid the discussion of principle, and to raise clamour about and against men! Let us take review of this opposition. This opposition composed in the main of those who have opposed the present Administration from the beginning unto the present time. This is the original opposition, and is headed by Henry Clay of the West, and Daniel Webster of the East, in the process of his administration, the old Castilian, seeing with regret a disposition manifested in the South inimical to the Union by a certain party, took high ground in support of the Constitution and the Union, and for this supported the Constitution and the Union. John C. Calhoun as a nucleus, with all the Southern rest he could command, went off at a tangent from the Administration, under the banner of Nullification, and soon united himself in indissoluble bonds with the high priests of National Republicanism, and Hartford Convention Federalism, Henry Clay and Daniel Webster. On the Deposite Question, the cognomens of Nullification and National Republicanism were set off; a triple alliance of the great Eastern, Western and Southern belligerents, was entered into, which at the instigation of a renegade from his party—a bank-bought editor—was baptised anew, and disgraces the name of Whig. Under the auspices of this triple alliance, aided, assisted and abetted by that covert enemy to liberty, that chartered libertine, that "infernal machine", in a free country, the Bank of the United States, the fond anticipation was indulged that the virtue of the people would yield, that the Administration of Jackson would prostrate in the dust. The elections came. Through the medium of the ballot box the people spoke; and that voice was loud, animating and cheering to the Administration—to the triple alliance that voice was confusion and deadly alliances being of no avail, and the panic occasion of Congress, and the panic itself, having passed over, a new game must be played. In seeming dissolution of the alliance ensues. Stephen White, who had supported the Administration throughout, who had been branded as a whited sepulchre and a palace slave, is induced to yield his easy virtue to the keeping of a dozen members of Congress, and is proclaimed candidate! For support he is pressed upon by Whigs. General Dunlap, a member of Congress from Tennessee, writes from Baltimore to his friends at home, that Maryland would give White. Mr. Leitcher, a confidential friend of Henry Clay, writes to a member of the Kentucky legislature, that White is becoming excited, for he is a candidate for the Presidency, head tail up, and that if he wished to withdraw, his wife would not let him. So poor White is harnessed and strait, that he is compelled to be a candidate, and takes the place of John C. Calhoun, one of the members of the triple alliance. The division allotted to him is Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Tennessee, North Carolina, Virginia and Georgia, etc states, having ninety-one electoral votes.

The next grand division under the triple alliance belongs to the chief of National Republicanism, Henry Clay. The honour of running over this turf is awarded to a military chieftain, who is sometimes called the hero of North and the Farmer of Tippecanoe. This division consists of Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Delaware, eight states, and entitled to ninety-eight electoral votes.

In the third grand division, which includes the states of New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts and Maine, eight states, and entitled to ninety-nine electoral votes.

The high priest of Hartford Convention Federalism has been nominated by the Legislature of Massachusetts, a meeting in New York, and a convention in Rhode Island. Thus we see of the triple alliance, Daniel Webster is the only one of the firm who is upon the turf—the second satisfied in presenting in his place a military chieftain—and the third catches at a pale slave, a whited sepulchre, and starts him head tail up, although Governor McDougal said that he is nothing but a Punchinello.

Stript of the gauze and tinsel which wily politicians have spread over their acts, was the ever displayed for the high toned indignation an honest people, so infamous a political school for the obtaining of power! What is it but an insidious attempt to undermine and destroy the happy and powerful Union? The equal number of states, their geographical position, and different manners and customs of the people, how irresistibly upon the mind the conclusion the same cruel, cold, jealous, calculating spirit which animated a Caesar, a Scipio and an

Tuesday, January 19th.

Mr. Brewer presented a petition of Martha Jay, widow of Alexander Lawson Smith, a Captain in the army of the revolution, praying for a pension.

Also, presented a petition of Nancy Williams, the widow of John Hartshorn Lieutenant in the revolutionary army, praying for a pension.

Mr. Shriver presented eight petitions of sundry citizens of Baltimore and Frederick counties, praying a division of said county, and to erect a new one therefrom, to be called "Carroll."

Mr. Ely presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore and Frederick counties, praying the repeal or amendment of an act, passed at December session, 1821, chapter 21, relative to the medical and surgical Faculty in this State.

Mr. Duvall presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Frederick county, relative to the apportionment of Leviticus Unglesby, praying to be divorced from her husband Eli Unglesby.

Mr. Beam presented a petition of David Harshey and Thomas Hodges, of Montgomery county, praying for compensation for a road laid out through their lands.

Mr. Brookhart presented a petition of Henry Locher, of Washington county, praying compensation for a valuable improvement in agriculture.

Mr. Darby presented a report of the Trustees of the Brookville Academy, in Montgomery county.

Mr. Duckett presented a petition of James Boyle, of the city of Annapolis, praying the passage of an act, supplementing to the act of 1821, chapter 100, or for such other relief as to the legislature shall seem proper.

And, Mr. Dailey presented a petition of William B. Taylor, of Talbot county, praying to be placed on the pension roll of said county.

Mr. Carpenter obtained leave to bring in a bill, to authorize and empower the Lower courts, or county commissioners, in the case of suits of the several counties in the State, to divide lands in persons in their respective counties, and to remove for their support.

Mr. Ward, chairman of the committee on colored population, reported a bill, entitled, an act to authorize Samuel Lannom, of Charles county, to bring into this State a negro slave therein named.

Which was read the first and second time by special order, and passed.

Mr. McLean, chairman of the committee on corporations, reported a bill, to incorporate the Franklin Company.

Also, made a favourable report upon the bill, to continue as presented at November session, 1825, entitled, an act to incorporate an insurance company in Baltimore town.

Mr. McLean, chairman of the committee on corporations, to which was referred the bill reported by Mr. Palmer, entitled, an act to incorporate the Queen Anne's county Silk company, read the same with amendments.

Which were read the second time, and passed.

The hour having arrived for taking up the order of the day, the house proceeded to consider the order submitted by Mr. Wharton, on the 15th inst, instructing the committee on grievances and courts of justice to inquire into the expediency of giving to the several county courts in this State, or the High Court of Chancery jurisdiction in cases of divorce.

The said order was then read the second time.

On the question being put on the adoption of said order.

It was determined in the negative.

The house then adjourned.

Wednesday, January 20th.

Mr. Newcomer presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying that the act passed December session 1824, chapter 114, entitled, an act to repeal all that part of the Constitution which relates to the division of Washington county, into eight election districts, may not be confirmed.

Mr. Annan presented a petition of Nicholas Brungle, and Mary his wife, and their children, praying relief thereon mentioned.

Mr. Merrick presented a petition of Ann Hill, and others, devisees and heirs of the late William Hill, of Prince George's county, praying for a special act of assembly for the distribution of said deceased's estate.

Mr. Hambleton presented a memorial of the President, Directors, and Company of the Choptank Bridge, praying the passage of an act authorizing the sale of said Bridge.

Mr. Igobart presented a petition of sundry citizens of Baltimore county, and city, Anne Arundel county, and the citizens of Annapolis, praying the passage of a law, authorizing Richard and William Lanthicum, to build a bridge over Gwynn's falls at or near where the present bridge stands, known by the name of the Long Bridge.

Mr. Carroll, of Baltimore county, presented a petition of sundry citizens of the city of Baltimore, praying an act to permit William Lanthicum, and Richard Lanthicum, to erect a bridge over Gwynn's falls.

Mr. McLean presented a petition of Mary Hammer, of the city of Baltimore, praying a divorce from her husband, James J. Hammer.

Mr. Richardson presented a memorial of two thousand eight hundred and sixty four citizens of the city of Baltimore praying for a change in the present license system.

Mr. McLean presented a petition of Sarah Richards, praying for a divorce from her husband Isaiah Richards.

Mr. McLean also, presented a memorial of the Falls' Point Savings Institution of Baltimore, praying the passage of an act to enable it to become "The Eastern Bank" of Baltimore.

Mr. Winder presented a memorial of Albin Miller, praying the passage of an act, to in-

corporate "The Maryland Print Works Company."

Also, presented a petition of Lovering Rickitta, relative to partition fences in Baltimore county.

Mr. McLean, asked the following leave,

Leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, an act for the speedy trial of misdemeanors in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. McLean, also, asked the following leave; Leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, an act for the speedy trial of misdemeanors in the city of Baltimore.

Mr. McLean, asked the following leave;

Leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, an act to facilitate the settlement and recovery of undisputed and indisputable claims, by judgments in law.

Mr. McMahon obtained leave to bring in a bill, to regulate the mode of distributing the votes and proceedings of the General Assembly of Maryland, and to repeal the acts of Assembly hereto-for passed on the subject.

Mr. Carpenter obtained leave to bring in a bill, to be entitled, an act to provide for the division of said county, and to erect a new one therefrom, to be called "Carroll."

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Which were read the second time, and passed.

On motion of Mr. Wharton, the house took up for consideration the bill reported by him, entitled, an act to increase the salary of the Treasurer of the Eastern Shore of Maryland;

The said bill was then read the second time, and passed.

The house then adjourned.

allowance of money to enable him to keep himself and family from suffering.

Mr. Wharton presented a petition of sundry citizens of Washington county, praying the passage of an act, to authorize the commissioners of said county, to levy such sum of money as they may deem proper, to purchase a fire engine, for the Hagerstown Hose Company.

Mr. Gough presented a petition of sundry citizens of Harford county, praying an alteration in the license law of this State.

And, Mr. Richardson presented memorials from sundry citizens of Somerset, Baltimore, Anne Arundel, Harford and Cecil counties, severally praying for a change in the present License system.

Mr. Richardson also, presented a memorial of Edward Orrill, Richard Hopkins, Benjamin Rutledge, and others, of the city of Baltimore, praying to be incorporated under the name of "The Band of United Brothers."

Mr. Boyd presented a petition of the Trustees of the Poor of Harford county, praying that the commissioners of said county, may be authorized to levy a sum of money for the purposes thereof.

And, Mr. Lasell presented a petition of sundry citizens of Kent county, praying for the passage of a law, extending the powers of Edward Nicholson, Adm'r. of William Riley, deceased.

Mr. Heward, chairman of the committee on colored population, reported a bill, entitled, a further supplement to an act, entitled, an act to amend an act relating to free negroes and slaves.

Mr. Carpenter, chairman of the committee on divorces, reported a bill to divorce Andrew Young, of the city of Baltimore, from his wife Maria Young;

Also, reported a bill to divorce Susan Stewart, of Charles county, from her husband John W. Stewart.

Mr. Merrick, chairman of the committee on divorces and means, reported the following bills, viz.

A bill, entitled, an act to amend the charter, and increase the capital stock of the Franklin Bank of Baltimore;

A bill, entitled, an act to incorporate the Eastern Bank of Baltimore;

A bill, entitled, an act to incorporate the Western Bank of Baltimore;

A bill, entitled, an act to incorporate the Atlantic Company of Baltimore;

And, a bill, entitled, an act to incorporate the Commercial Bank of Baltimore.

thony, in the division of Maryland, hatched that treasonable idea, which has exploded in this country to destroy this Union, and sever it into fragments. In this business of dismemberment, look at the part that Maryland has performed through the means of a convention. She unblushingly takes up a military chieftain, a supporter of the Alien and Sedition Law Administration, an open bidder in the market of political anti-masonry, as a sectional candidate for the Presidency, and associates with him John Tyler of Virginia, for the Vice. Let us review and compare them. Harrison is in favour of a National Bank—Tyler opposed on constitutional grounds. Harrison in favour of a high tariff for protection of domestic manufactures—Tyler is opposed. Harrison is in favour of a system of Internal Improvement by the General Government—Tyler is opposed—and so on to the end of the chapter.

Married, the rancorous community of the great prairie-based, have long joined issue upon the starting knell of manifest anxiety, and to raise! Let us take this opposition who have opposed from the beginning, and to raise! This is the opportunity Henry Clay of the East, is on the old fashioned manifesto by a certain report of the Convention for or this support of Johnson, John C. Calhoun, Otho B. Beall, was continued by Pratt and Alexander for the Appellee, and Johnson for the Appellants.

A MARYLANDER.
COURT OF APPEALS, December Term, 1835.

Thursday, Jan. 21st.—Present the whole Court, except Spence, Judge.

The argument of No. 74, Boteler and Bolt, vs. Otho B. Beall, was continued by Pratt and Alexander for the Appellee, and Johnson for the Appellants.

Friday, Jan. 22nd.—Present as yesterday.

Buchanan, Ch. J. delivered the opinion of the court in Nos. 64 and 65, Houck and Baltzell, vs. Hoffman, trustees of Houck, reversing the decision of the Chancellor, and dismissing the bills with costs in both cases.

The argument of No. 74, was concluded by Johnson for the Appellants.

No. 75. John Duborow et al. vs. Marcus De-min, was commenced by Johnson for the Appellants.

Saturday, Jan. 23rd.—Present as yesterday. The argument of No. 75, was concluded by Mayer and Lloyd for the Appellee, and Johnson for the Appellants.

Tuesday, Jan. 26th.—Present as yesterday. No. 21. Boteler and Bolt, vs. State use Chow and Brooks. The motion to amend the record was argued by Alexander and Pratt in support, and Magruder and Johnson in opposition to it.

Tuesday, Jan. 26th.—Present as yesterday.

The argument of the above motion was concluded by Pratt for the Appellee.

No. 77. Kirkpatrick, Ewing and wife, vs. Moore, ad's. of Moore, et al. The argument of this case was commenced by Richardson for the Appellants.

Wednesday, Jan. 27th.—Present as yesterday. The above case was further argued by Richardson and Lloyd for the Appellees.

HORRID MASSACRE OF U. S. TROOPS BY THE SEMINOLE INDIANS.

The Mobile Chronicle of the 12th inst. says: "By the mail boat Mazeppa, Capt. Carson arrived, yesterday afternoon from New Orleans, we have received the painful and distressing intelligence of the surprise and massacre of two companies of United States Troops, under the command of Major Dade, consisting of 112 men, by the Seminole Indians."

Major Dade had started with his troops from Tampa Bay to Camp King to join Gen. Clinch, when on the morning of the 28th December at 8 o'clock, they were surrounded by a large body of Indians, supposed to number 800 to 1000, and were cut to pieces. Only three men of the 112 escaped, badly wounded, to recount the lamentable history of the butchery of their fellow soldiers.

Major Dade was shot off his horse on the commencement of the attack. Captain Gardner, soon after fell mortally wounded, and their scalps were taken by the savages. Lieutenants Bassinger, Henderson, Mudge and Keen, and Dr. Gathin, Surgeon to the detachment, were slain. Lieut. Bassinger was wounded on the onset, and was discovered by a negro in the party of savages, crawling off to a place of concealment, and tomahawked.

Col. Twigg's of the U. S. Army chartered the steam boat Merchant, and started with four companies of troops from New Orleans to Tampa Bay. Major Bolton is now there with the force under his command."

The Alexandria Gazette states that General Scott is to take command of the forces in Florida ordered to repress the hostilities of the Seminole Indians—that he will make requisition upon the Governors of two or three of the neighbouring states for troops to assist him, and that those obtained, the war will be prosecuted vigorously and the disturbances put an end to as promptly as possible.

Major Van Buren, the eldest son of the Vice-President, accompanies Gen. Scott as his Aide-de-Camp.

It will no doubt be gratifying to the people of the State of Maryland generally, to learn that a parcel of Liverpool, a parcel of Virginia (or Pennsylvania, we will not be certain which) and also a parcel of Allegany Stone Coal, were placed in the hands of three of the most eminent Chemists in the United States, one residing in

New York, one in Philadelphia, and one in Washington city, for the purpose of having the same impartially analyzed—all three of whom, although having no knowledge whence the Coal came from, reported in writing that the Allegany Coal was thirty-two per cent. better than either of the other coals.

It has also been ascertained on trial that the Allegany coal answers all of the valuable purposes of smelting.—*Cumberland (Md.) Advocate.*

IRON ORE.

We are gratified to learn that extensive banks of Iron Ore have been discovered in the immediate vicinity of several coal mines near Frostburg. The preliminary steps are being taken to render this ore a source of profit to its enterprising and worthy proprietor.—*Ibid.*

In Boston a petition is circulating and receiving the signature of thousands, praying for the establishment of a high school for girls, for the purpose of giving the same advantages and facilities of education in the higher branches to the daughters of Boston that are given to her sons in the English high school.

HYMENEAL.

Married, on Tuesday evening, the 19th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Maconheimer, Doctor Grafton Tyler, to Miss Mary Bowie, both of Prince-George's county.

—, on the same evening, by the Rev. Mr. McElhiney, Mr. Washington Harrison, of the city of Baltimore, to Miss Margaret, daughter of Maj. Thomas Dorsey, of this county.

—, on Tuesday evening, the 19th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Wright, Mr. Frederick Uncle, to Miss Pamela Verlinda Tucker, all of Anne Arundel county.

—, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. McElhiney, John Nicholas Watkins, Esq. to Miss Matilda Green, all of this city.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an order from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, at the late residence of James Hunter, of the city of Annapolis, on the 11th of February next, at 10 o'clock A. M. part of the

PERSONAL ESTATE

of said Hunter, consisting of Household and Kitchen Furniture, one Cow, and several Young Negroes, &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—For all sums of Ten Dollars, or upwards, a credit of six months will be allowed, the purchaser giving bond, with good and sufficient security, with interest from date, under Ten Dollars the Cash to be paid.

JOHN MILLER, Adm'r.

PROSPECTUS

Of the Congressional Globe.

The success of the experiment we have made to furnish a succinct history of the proceedings of Congress, from day to day, with sketches of the Debates, induces the undersigned to persevere in their plan to extend and perfect it. They have resolved that the Congressional Globe shall not only embody the parliamentary annals of the country, but shall also furnish an Appendix, which will contain the finished speeches of the prominent speakers, on the most important subjects, written out by the members themselves, from the notes and printed sketches of the reporters.

The Congressional Globe, with an Index, will be published weekly, upon double royal paper, in octavo form, as heretofore, at One Dollar for the session. It may be subscribed for separately. The appendix of finished speeches will, also, be published for ONE DOLLAR.

It is probable that the next session of Congress will continue nearly seven months; if so, the work will contain between four and five hundred pages, and will be the cheapest publication perhaps in the world.

The next session of Congress will probably be the most eventful one which has occurred for many years, and will certainly be replete with interest, and its course will have great influence in fixing the destiny of the Republic for years to come. Immediately preceding, as it does, the next Presidential election, and containing the leading minds of all the contending parties in the country, deep and abiding interest will attend the debates. The whole drama will be faithfully exhibited in the Congressional Globe and the Appendix.

We have already provided for our reporting corps, eminent ability and skill in one branch of Congress, and we expect to obtain an adequate reinforcement of capable persons in the other, by the time it meets, to fulfil our own wishes and the expectations of the Members. No pains or cost on our part will be spared to accomplish it. As the work will be continued regularly, and be made permanent, authentic, and therefore highly useful, all who take an interest in the political affairs of the country will do well to begin their subscription with the next session.

TERMS:

CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE.—1 copy during the Session, \$1 00
do do 11 copies during the Session, 10 00

APPENDIX.—Name price.

The Congressional Globe will be sent to those papers that copy this Prospectus, if our attention shall be directed to it by a mark with a pen. Our Exchange List is so large that we would not observe it, probably, unless this be done.

Payment may be made by mail, postage paid, at our risk. The notes of any species paying Bank will be received.

No attention will be paid to any order, unless the money accompany it; or unless some responsible person, known to us to be so, shall agree to pay it before the Session expires.

BLAIR & RIVES

SHERIFFALTY.

This subscriber has been induced by the friendly solicitations and assurances, of a numerous circle of acquaintances, to offer himself as a candidate for the next Sheriffality of Anne Arundel county. No effort to deserve the confidence of the Voters of the County, shall be wanting so far as he has capacity,

JAMES CLARK.

Clarksville, A. A. co.

December 5, 1835.

25,000 DOLLARS!!!

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY, For the benefit of the Petersburg Benevolent Mechanic Association.

CLASS NO. 3, for 1836.

To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. January 30,

D. S. GREGORY & Co. Successors of Yates and M'Nees, Managers.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

1 prize of	\$25,000
4 prize of	8,000
1 prize of	5,000
1 prize of	3,500
1 prize of	2,322
20 prizes of	2,000
20 prizes of	500
20 prizes of	400
33 prizes of	200
56 prizes of	150
56 prizes of	100
56 prizes of	80
56 prizes of	60
112 prizes of	40
2184 prizes of	20
15,100 prizes of	10

1-040 prizes, am'tg. to \$329,472

Tickets \$10, Shares in proportion.

Tickets and Shares for sale at

DUBOIS

LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE, (Church street, Annapolis.)

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House door in the city of Annapolis, on MONDAY, the 8th day of February next, at 12 o'clock, M. all that part of the real estate of the late Dr. Matthias Hammond, which was heretofore allotted to his widow, (Mrs. Eliza Newburn, lately deceased,) for her dower. This part of land contains

555 1/2 ACRES.

more or less. It lies about 12 miles from the city of Annapolis, and on the road from said city to Waterloo Tavern. The title to this property is unquestionable, and the purchaser may obtain possession on the ratification of the sale.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE,

that one fourth part of the purchase money shall be paid on the ratification of the sale, and the residue in two equal annual installments from the day of sale, the whole to bear interest from the day of sale, and to be secured by bonds, with security to be approved by the trustee.

TH. S. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Jan. 4.—14.

IN CHANCERY.

18th Jan'y. 1836.

ORDERED, That the sales of the real estate of Daniel Dulany, made and reported by Daniel F. Dulany, the trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown before the 13th day of March next, provided, a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper at least once in each of three successive weeks before the 18th day of February next.

The report states the amount of sales to be \$3,706.00.

True copy—F.

RAMON WATERS, Reg. Cur. Can.

Jan. 21.

NEW JEWELRY.

AND

FANCY STORE.

JACOB WALTER, CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER, respectfully informs the citizens of Annapolis, that he has opened a Store at the corner of Church Street and State House Lane, where he offers for sale a neat assortment of

Clocks, Gold, Silver, Patent Lever, Lemon, and Pianos; Watches; Jewelry and Silver Ware; Roger's Superior Cutlery; Fancy and Shaving Soups; Cologne and Floridian Waters; Hair, Teeth, and other Articles.

With a variety of other articles, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices. All kinds of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, and Music Boxes repaired and warranted. Price of Forties repaired and tuned. Apply as above.

Dec. 24.

R.

FOR ANNAPOLIS AND EASTON.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

The Steam Boat MARYLAND, will leave Baltimore, on Sunday morning, the 27th instant, at 9 o'clock, for Annapolis, and return in the afternoon; on Monday morning, at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, and return same day; on Tuesday at 7 o'clock A. M. for Annapolis and Easton, return on Wednesday; and on Friday at 7 o'clock A. M. for Annapolis and Easton, return on Saturday, starting from the lower end Dugan's wharf; passage same as last winter.

N. B.—All baggage at the owner's risks.

G. TAYLOR.

Jan. 14.—3m.

3

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on WEDNESDAY, 16th February next, at the residence of the late Elijah Chaney, the

PERSONAL PROPERTY

of said deceased, consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs, Farming Utensils, Household and Kitchen Furniture, the Crop of Tobacco now in the House, Corn, Oats, Hay, and Forage, and all the Personal Property of the deceased, (Slaves excepted.)

THE TERMS OF THE SALE ARE—

A credit of six months for all sums of, and over Twenty Dollars, the purchaser or purchasers to give bond with approved security, all sums under Twenty Dollars, the cash will be required.

SOLOMON G. CHANEY,

Ex'r. of Elijah Chaney.

Jan. 21.—

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC.

Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court,

January 1

