ONAS GREEN. PATREET, ANDAPOLIS. Three Bollars per danum TRAL TAVERN known establishment, the

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Richard Caton,

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Nov. 14, 1831.

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erders and Travellers will me most unremitted attention, but of every thing which the bord. Gentlemen altending dings, and the public to ge a call, as he plodges himself rislaction to his customers. ites be procured, shall be of his customers, and the greatest be therefore solicits a share of

SIL SHEPHARD, MRCHANT TAILOR, afally informs his customers

cablic in general, that he has a supply of the best materials Clothe, Black, Blue, &c.

Ved Double Mill'd Drabs, assorted, &c. miner, and upon the most reasterms, agreeable to the wishes that may favour him with or For past favours he feels grate nd is anxious by his best endeanto deserve a continuance of pub-

nade Mid Cloaks for sale.

CITY AUCTION. at received on Consignment, and prate sale at the City Auction in the following Articles: Super-lessed Cloths and Cassimeres, and Blankets Pelice Cloths

IN STORE.

mortment of Seasonable and Goods Also China, Liver pool us Ware, and Plated & Japann. m, with a variety of other Arwhich will be sold cheap

ILDN, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

by will meet in the sity of Anna-an the second Mosday in Decem-set, for the perpose of acttling the Supervisors of the public roads

Wm. S. Green, Clk.

Taken up adrift,

the subscribers, between Hack-al Sandy Point, by Fydiay the stant, a schooner, whose name, are papers, appears to be the a, of Baltimore Lapt. Samuel mater, her main mast gone, noi-tall, under schle, on heat on s, anchor, cable, or boat on

bllowing articles were found on a flotir

pur, a Camboose, a saddle and second type, sundry bedding aros apparel, and several small sic 471 84; in cash, owner is requested to come a prove his property, pay characteristics away.

# NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.

G. & J. BARBER, & CO.

DRY GOODS

Of the latest importations. And have made considerable additions

Groceries, Ironmongery, and Hardware,

All of which they will dispose of at the most reasonable prices for Cash, and to pauctual customers on the usual credit.

Superfine and Fine Cloths. Coarse-Cloths and Kerseys, Phishings and Baise. Superfine Cassimeres Second. do. Pellisse Cloths. Vestings, Cords and Velvets. Silk, Worsted and Cotton Hose, Blankets B 1 4 to 12. Watch Coat and Point Blankets. Flannels, white, coloured & figured, frish Linens and Kentings, German do. Cottons assorted. Cambrics, Muslins, figured & plain, Lences and Book Muslin. Linea Cambrics, Cravatings, Handkerchiefs, Silk and Cotton. Callicoes and Gingbams assurted, Silk and Kid Gloves. Buckskin and Beaver do. Threads, Cottons and Buttons,

AMONG THEIR GOODS ARE THE POLLOWING, PIZE t Cotton Balls and Sewing Silks. Linen Diapers, and Table Cloths, White and coloured Domestics, Ladies Cloth Shawls, Canton Crape do. Canton Crapes, black and figured, Crapes of various colours, Coloured Cambrics, Caloured Bombazetts, Ribbons assorted. Brown Hollands, Bed Tickings, Bombazeens, Cotton Yarn. Senshaws, Patinets, Sheetings, Carpetings and Bindings, Gentlemen's Furred Hats, Coarse Hats, Cheap Shoes, Parasols of various sizes, Leading Lines and Traces. Tortaise Shell and other Combs, Bed Cords, Writing Paper and Slates.

Loaf. Lump and Brown Sugar, Coffee, Rice, and Ryo Coffee, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Imperi-

al, Southong, and Hyson Skin Tean, Madeira, Lisbon, WINES,

Sicily. Teneriffe Madeira and Port Wines in Bottles, Cogniac and Bourdeaux Brandy, Jamaica Spirit,

Holland Gin, Peach Brandy,

Old Whiskey. WI Rum,

Crackers, Superfine Pilot Bread, Plums, Raisins, Almonds, Prunes, Mustard, Chocolate, Butter, Lard, Bacon, Pork, and Drario and Fine Salt, Sweet and Castor OH, Mace, Claves, Natmegs. Allspice, Cinnamon, Pepper, Ginger, some Salts. Best Chewing Tobacco,

Sperm. Mould and Dipt Candles,

White, brown and yellow Soap.

Salt Petre, and Glauber and Ep-Best Spanish and Country Cigars, Scotch and Rappee Souff, Common do. New England Rum. | Brushes of various kinds assorted. Their assortments of

China, Liverpool & Glass Ware, and Ironmongery,

Being complete, they consider it unnecessary to name the different articles comprised in them. They have Coffee Mills, Patent Coffee Reasters, Screws, Nails, Locks, &c. Cutting Knives, Wire Seives and Sifters. Wooder Ware assorted, Stone Ware assorted, Earthern Ware assorted. Window Glass, Guns, Liquor Cases, Oils and Paints of various kinds and colours, Powder, Shot and Flints. They have a supply of

Clover Seed, Shingles, Lumber, and Richmond Coal, which they will sell low.

Annapolis, November 23, 1820.

N. B. Persons whose accounts have been long standing are requested to call and make payment.

State of Maryland, sg. Aune-Arnudel County, Orphans burt, October 24, 1620.

On application by petition of Walter Cross, administrator of Charles McCoy. Cross, administrator of Charles necky. Inte of Anne-Arundel Count, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same he published once in each week for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland.

Thomas H. Jall, Reg. Wills, . A. County.

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Charles McCoy, late of Anne-Arundel County, deceased, All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the roughest thereof, to the subscriber, at the before the 26th day of June next, they say otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 24th day of October 1820: Walter Cross, Adm'r.

NEW AND CHEAP CASH STORE.

W. BRYAN, & CO.
Having taken the stand formerly occupied by Mr. Munroe, as Post Office, (next door to Mr. J. Hughes,) have just received, and are now offering for Sale, a general as-

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Among which are Cloths and Cassimeres, Gorduroys and Velvets, Vesting, Flamets, Baizes, Irish Linens & Lawns, Linen Cambric, Irish & Russia Sheetings, Steam Loom and other Shirtings, Cambric, Book & Mult Muslin, Insertings, Canton, Italian & Habband Crapes, Black & White Sattin, Ribbons as jorted, Table & Russia Diapers, Dimities, Domestic Shirtings, Sheetings & Plaids, Calicoss & Ginghams, Shawla & Handleschiefs, Rombazetta & Bombazines, Plaids, Calleces & Ginghams, Shawla & Handkerchiels, Bombazetta & Bombazioss, Madeira, Port. Shewy, Lisbon & Malaga Wines, Cogniae Brandy, Jamaica Spinti, Holland Gin, Old Rye Whiskey, N.K. Kum, Common Whiskey, Loaf & Grown Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Hyson, Y. Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Beuchong Tess, Black & Cayenne Pepper, Mustard, Allspice, Race & Ground Ginger, Natmegs, Cloves, Maco, Cinnamon, Indigo & Fig Blue, Coppera, Madder, Statch. Pawder, Shot, & Gun Films, Moold & Dipt Gandles, Soap, Raissins, Rice, Crackers, Cigars, Sauff & Wobacco. Besides many other articles too teadlons to insert, all of which will be sold on accommodating terms for Cash. They therefore solicit persons, who wish to procure bargains to give them a call.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Friday, Nov. 24. Among the peritions presented this morning was one, by Mr. Taler, from the merchants and other citizens of Richmond and its vicinity against an increase of the tariff of import duties, a discontinuance of credits on revenue bands, the abolition of drawings, and other rebolition of drawfacts, and other re-

on motion of Mr. Tyler, ordered to be printed for the use of the House. Mr. Smith, of Md. from the com-mittee of Ways and Means, presented the following repor

The committee of Ways & Means, to whom was referred the memorial of the inhabitants of Salem.

Report: That the memorialists rray Congress to exempt from duty all imported books in the learned and foreign languages, whether reprinted in this country, and all works of science, in the English language, which shall not be re-printed here within the term of one year from their original publication.

The committee submit the following resolution:

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to grant the prayer of the memorialists.

The same was read and concurred in.

The engrossed bill to provide for paying to the State of Illinois the amount of three per cent, of the nett proceeds of the sales of public lands within the State of Illinois, was read a third time, passed, and ordered to be sent to the Senate for

The house then resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Robertson in the chair, on the report of the committee of claims unfavourable to the petition of John Cowan.

[Mr. Cowin prays the allowance of 460 dollars for shoeing, at their own expense, the horses of a company of cavalry in the service of the United States, from Sept. 28, 1814, to March 28, 1815, and of 52 dollars paid for forage, in consequence of the United States failing to supply the same. The committee report against the claim, as well because the allowance of 40 cents per day ought to cover the expense of shoe. ing, as because of the informality of the evidence in support of the claim.)

Mr. Jones of Tennesse, moved to reverse the report in this case, so as to declare that the claim ought

This motion gave rise to debate; being supported by Mr. Jones and opposed by Mr. Williams, of N. C. and Mr. Rich, of Vt.

In the end, the motion to amend the report was negatived, 55 to 41; and, this being reported to the house. was there conturred in, and the original report was agreed to.

And the House adjourned to Mon-

Monday, Nov. 27. Among the petitions presented this morning were the following, of

a general nature: By Mr. Mosely, the petition of the Chamber of Commerce of New Haven, remonstrating against the proposed increase of duties on imported goods.

By Mr. Lowndes a petition with the same object, from the Meeting of Delegates of Merchants & others from various parts of the U. States, recently assembled at Philadelphia. Proposed Amendment to the Constitu.

tion. On motion of Mr. Smith, of N.C. the House then resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the State of the Union, Mr. Ross, of Ohio, being called to the chair, and, on motion of Mr. Smith, atso proceeded to the consideration of the motion, submitted by him, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the U. States, as it concerns the Election of Electors of President and Vice President of the United

The resolution having been read: Mr. Smith declining entering into any argument in support of the proposition, on which his views had municate to this house the amount been fully expressed at the last season, said he had called up the question at this saily day, in the hope and Navy Departments respectively, that an expression of the opinion of from the South day of December, the House on the subject, might be obtained at this session. He added obtained at this session. He added imstant; designating the amount

a few other remarks. This House and the Senate he said, were not, he hegged gentlemen to remember, the last resort on this question.—
All that was asked of them was, to All that was saked of them was, to allow the question to be submitted to the people of the U. States, as represented in the several State Legislatures, the consent of two thirds of whom was necessary to sanction the act. If two-thirds of the people were in favour of the actendment it ought to take place, if on the other hand, they deemed the on the other band, they deemed the change inexpedient they would say

so, and the proposition would of course fall to the ground, Mr. Overstreet, of S. C. maved to amend the following clause, by striking out the words therein which are printed in Italie.

The Electors, when convened, as the time and place prescribed by law for the purpose of voting for President and Vice President of the United States shall have power, in case any of them shall fail to attend. to choose an Elector, or Electors, in place of him, or them, so failing to attend.

The object of Mr. O. was, that there should be a certain pufformity on this point, as well as in others embraced by the proposed amendment to the constitution.

After a few words in reply from Mr. Smith, the question was put on Mr. O's. motion, and decided in the

The committee then rose, and without further debate, reported the resolution without amendment.

Mr. Reid, of Georgia, then movd, with a view to allow further time for reflection on the subject. to lay the resolve on the tables. which motion was decided in the affirmative, by a vote of 67 to 64-

The resolve was laid on the table. The House than resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Edwards of North Carolina, in the chair, on the report of the committee of claims unfavourable to the petition of the Levy Court of Calvert county, Maryland, who ask indemnification for the loss of the Court House of the county, destroyed by war in consequence of its having been occupied for military purposes.

Mr. Neale, of Maryland, moved to reverse the report, so as to declare that the petition is reasonable and ought to be granted-and supported his motion with much earnestness. He was seconded by Mr. Smith, of Maryland, and opposed by Mr. Williams, the chairman of the committee of Claims.

The motion to amend was 'negatived, 61 votes to 49, and the original report concurred in by the same

And the House adjourned.

Tuesday, Nov. 28. On motion of Mr. Strong, of New York, after a few remarks explanatory of his object.

Resolved that the post master general be directed to report, as soon as may be, to this house, a list, if any, of mail contractors who are at the same time postmasters, and the compensation of such contractors and post masters, designating the state or territory in which they respectively reside.

Mr. Stevens submitted the follow-

ng mot on: Resolved, That the committee on public lands be directed to enquire and report whether, in their pinion, the public good requires, that a trace of land be surveyed and appropriated for laying a road from the north boundary line of the state of Ohio to Detroit, in a place most convenient for that purpose, and also sufficient to pay for working the same; and be further directed, if in their opinion such appropriation would be of public utility, to report a bill for that purpose.

Mr. S. made a few observations to show the utility and expediency of the object contemplated by his motion; and the resolution was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Storrs, it was Resolved, That the Secretary of he Treasury be directed to com-

NOTICE

register in chancery r to be published in a and Political Intelli-a before the said 20th Towars Chies. min. Stag. Our. Car, TING

pristion, together with an account of any transfers, which may have been made at the Treasury, daring the last recease of Congress, from one oppropriation to another; and also the aggregate amount of payments made during the same period, by the Treasurer of the United States. as agent of the War and Navy departments respectively, on warrants alrawn by said Departments on the Treasurer as such agent, designating the amount of payments made under each head of appropriation respectively, during the same period.

On motion of Mr. Cannon, the bill of the last session, to provide for clothing the militia when called into actual service, was taken up, and recommitted to a committee of

the whole house.

The Speaker communicated to the house a letter from the First Comptroller of the Treasury, transmitting to Congress, in obedience to acts of 1809 and 1817, reports from the Second and Third Auditors, embrac-

1. A list of the accounts which have remained unsettled, or on which balances appear to have been due more than three years prior to the 30th September, 1820, extracted from the books of the 2d Auditor of the Treasury.

2. A similiar list, extracted from the books of the 3d Auditor of the

3. A list of those persons who have failed to render their accounts within the year to the 2d Auditor of the Treasury for settlement.

4. A similar list rendered by the 3d Auditor of the Treasury, including the balances unaccounted for, advanced one year prior to the 30th Sept. 1819.

5. A list of moneys advanced, prior, to the 3d March, 1809, on the books of the late Accountant of the War Department, and which remanned to be accounted for on the books of the 3d Auditor of the Treasurv, on the SOth Sept. 1820.

The letter was read, and, with the documents, ordered to be print-

The house adjourned.

Wednesday, Nov. 29.

On motion of Mr. M'Coy, it was Resolved, That the committee on private land claims be instructed to enquire into the emediency of pro-viding by law for the location of land warrants issued to the Virginia state regiments, for services during the revolutionary war, on any of the unapppropriated lands in the tract reserved in the state of Ohio, for satisfying the warrants to the Virginia state line on continental estab ishment.

On motion of Mr. Cooke, it was Resolved. That the committee on the public lands be instructed to enquire into the expediency of making some provision whereby the actual settlers upon the public lands, who settled previous to the 1st of July, 1820, shall be entitled to the preterence in becoming the purchasers of a specified quantity, so as to embrace their improvements, at such price as may be deemed expedient.

The house resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Mallory in the chair, on the bill "turther to regulate the entry of merchandize imported into the U. States from any adjacent territory," reported at the last session.

The bill to amend the several acts providing for sick and disabled scamen, and for establishing navy hospitals, was recommitted to the committee of ways and means.

And then the house adjourned.

Thursday, Nov. 30.

Mr. Baldwin, from the committee of Manufactures, made a detailed report on the petitions of sundry inhabitants of Belfast, Maine, and Richmond, Virginia, relative to drawback of duties-which was read and ordered to lie on the table.

On motion of Mr. Campbell, it

Resolved. That the committee on the Post Office and Post Roads be directed to enquire into the expediency of so amending the twenty-seventh section of the act entitled "An act regulating the Post Office estabhahment, passed the 30th April, 1810, as to require the Post master general, in any contract he may enter into for the conveyance of the mail, to stipulate with the person with whom such contract is

providing by law for placing on the under the acts of Congress of 18th March 1818, and 1st May, 1820, who may not be found on the rolls of the respective states in which they enlisted, but who, nevertheless, may be able to adduce satisfactory proof by their own oath, or other testimony, that they did serve on the continental establishment in the Revolutionary War.

Mr. Warker made a number of remarks in favour, and explanatory of, the object of his motion; and the question being put on agreeing to the resolution it was negatived.

On motion of Mr. Case, it was Resolved, That the Secretary of state be directed to lay before the House such information as he may possess or can obtain relative to the annual amount of the fees of the Clerks, District Attorneys, & Marshals of the respective courts of the U. States, the amount of whose fees do not appear in the register of the officers in the service of the U.S. and also the annual amount of the fees of naval officers, collectors, and surveyors of the customs of the respective ports of the U. States.

The engrossed resolution to authorize the President of the United States to cause the necessary observations to be made to ascertain the longitude of the Capital of the U. States, was read the third time; and after an unsuccessful motion by Mr. Cooke to lay it on the table, the question was taken on the passage of the resolution, and carried -ayes 61, noes 45; and it was ordered to be sent to the Senate for concur-

The House, on motion of Mr. Cannon, resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Reid in the chair, on the hill to provide for clothing the militia of the U. States, when called into actual service.

The bill was so amended, on motion of Mr. Cannon, as to require the clothing provided for the militia, to be of such colour or uniform as may be prescribed by the legislatures of the respective states.

The bill having been otherwise slightly amended, was reported to the house; where some debate took place on the question of concur rence in the above amendment.

It was urged, by Messrs. Cobb and Brush, that it would introduce much perplexity in the arrangements for militia service, without producing any essential benefit.

In reply, Mr. Connon vindicated his amendment, and in general defended the object of the bill, which served to place the militia in some respect on an equality of footing with the regular troops of the army, who are clothed as well as fed, at the . xpence of the government.

Mr Cross, of NY: concurred in Mr. Cannon's general views, but thought the amendment would be more properly introduced in a different part of the bill.

Mr. Floyd wished the bill to lie on the table until a report, called for at the last session, was received from the War Department, of the number of militia who were in service during the late war, which would afford some data by which the expenditure that would arise from this bill could be estimated. which would probably amount to more than the National Treasury could satisfy. On this ground, and others, he thought the bill ought not to pass-bnt, if it did pass. it ought not to be without more satisfactory information on the subject, &c. Mr. F. therefore moved to lay the bill on the table.

Mr. Cannon opposed this motion, fearing that the effect of it would be, by procrastination, to defeat the

The question on laying the bill on the table was decided in the acfirmative, by a vote of 71 to 51.

And the House adjourned.

Episcopal Theological Seminary. CONNECTICUT PROFESSORSHIP.

On Monday last, a respectable number of the clergy and laity of the diocess, met in New Haven, for the purpose of consulting on the expediency and propriety of founding a Connecticut Professorahip, in the Theological Seminary recently established by the General Convention. It was the unanimous opini-

ed to enquire into the expediency of | donstions throughout the dioces In pursuance of this request, the committee at a subsequent meeting appointed a gentleman of the clergy, as general agent for soliciting subscriptions; and they also appoint ed special agents in every parish of the diocess, to co-operate with him in the undertaking. These agents will seen receive official notice of their appointment; and we doubt not that a vigorous and united of fort will be made to effect an object, so very important and desirable.— It gives as pleasure to add, that it is in contemplation to designate the proposed foundation, as Connecticut Seabury Professorship,

It is understood, that similar exertions are also making in other parts of the United States; and that in North Carolina, the subscriptione for a Professorship are considerably advanced.

With regard to the general prospects of the Institution, it may be truly said, that they are highly flattering. By the generous depations of several gentlemen in New-York and elsewhere, a very respectable library is already collected. At the opening of the spring term in March. the library will probably consist of at least eight hundred volumes, of the most valuable Theological Works, exclusive of a collection of more than five hundred volumes deposited for the use of the Seminary. by an individual of this diocess.

THE DISCOVERY SHIPS.

Extract of a letter, dated North Shields, Having had an interview with Captain Warham, of the British Queen, whaler, of this port, I am enabled to add his testimony to that of Mr. Fleming, in believing if the discovery ships, under Gapt. Parry are well, they must have effected a passage through what is termed the Hyperborean Ocean into the Pacific. and through Sir James Lancaster's Sound, Baffin's Bay, in lat. 72 1-2 N. long. 84 1 2 W. or thereabouts. Mr. Warham has reason to believe Baffin's Bay is imperfectly known, and that Captain Row's account is much too brief, he not having had time to explore it. After the British Queen had found her way through the ice in Davis's Straits, and found Disco Island, lat. 70 1 2 N. long. 49 W. she went on to Woman's Isles, 73 1-2 N. and nearly the same longitude, found a clear sea; sailed across Baffin's bay for Lancaster Sound and doubts the existence of James' Island, at least it must be of inconsiderable size to that laid down on maps. He found Lancaster Sound and sailed up it 20 miles, meeting a strong swe I and wind from the N. W. The Sound is about 20 miles broad, widening to the West; bold high land .- Not meeting with whales, and his voy age being to catch fish, he returned and went to the southward, where he was more successful. On Sunday morning, the 6th of August, going under easy sail, about 60 miles to the S. of Lancaster Sound, he saw a considerable inlet and a ship higher up in it; turning up the inlet he was struck with sounds from the shore which proved to be inhabitants making strange gestures and screams. He and part of the crew landed and by courteous signs overcame their timidity, and was conducted by a le who had lost both feet, probably by the frost, and a female about eighteen years age, to their hats, made of the skins of seal and deer. It was found that most of the population were absent on the hills hunting; only a few males and some women, but a great number of children, being left. They seemed docile and hospitable, exchanging their skin jackets for those of the sailors, and stripping naked without the least hesitation to put on the new dress. They seemed to pay some adoration to the sun.

"The ship's company here caught some fish, and found reason to believe that the inlet communicated with Lancaster Sound. Gapt. Warham found the variation of the compass to be W. of the true N. about 100 degrees, and thinks the magnetic pole is somewhere there, as the dip is prodigious. The ships then stretched N. E. for Sir Thomas Smith's Sound in lat. 78 1-2, long. 64 leaving Alderman Jones's Sound, gage in them. on the larboard side; he made Hacklut's Island, 77 1-2, long 60 and

"I wish I could give more succincu information on the subject of the ing hopes that may not be verified.

#### MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Amapolis, Thursday, Dec. 7.

The following Circular lias lately been issued by the Trusteen of St. John's College—It affords usundeli bleasure to lend our aid in contributing to its circulation. We reroumend it to the attentive pern-sal of our readers. It will be perceived that the trusters have been enabled by an arrangement recently made, to reduce very considerably the expense of education at this Institution-The whole expense for Board and Education is hat \$160 per annum. which we believe is much lower than at any other Seminary possessing the same advantages.

> St. John's College, Annapolis, October 31, 1820.

The recent efforts of the Visi-

tors and Governors of St. John's College, to restore the institution to its former degree of celebrity and uscfulness, have so far been crowned with success, as to justify us in recommending it to your favourable notice. Its depressed condition for some years past proceeded from the diminution of its funds, caused by the sudden withdrawal of the donation pledged to it by the state. From this depression, however, we rejoice to say, it is now fast emerging; and we confidently indulge the hope, that 'ere long, its reputation will be so well established, and so universally acknowledged, as to present irresistible claims to the fostering patronage of the Legislature. In the meantime, it is the anxious desire of the Visitors to render this institution as extensively useful as may be racticable. To enable them to do this, they are induced to solicit, from gentlemen of distinction and education in every part of the state, their aid and influence. The propriety of this request is founded in the sincere conviction of the strong claims which St. John's presents, to the favourable regard of every intelligent citizen of Maryland. It is at present under the superintendance of Henry L. Davis, D. D. Principal. and Professor of Mathematics and Philosophy; the Rev. William Rafferty, A. M. Vice-Principal, and Professor of Languages, and Mr. Edward Sparks, Professor of Grammar and English. The former gentleman is a native of Maryland, and has devoted a considerable portion of his life to the instruction of youth. His talents, his learning, and his attainments, are too well known, and too highly appreciated, to render any eulogium from us necessary, The Rev. Mr. Rafferty is a graduate of the celebrated University of Glasgow. He has resided in this courtry about ten years, during which period he has been principally engaged in the states of New-York. New-Jersey, and Maryland, in the discharge of his ministerial daties, and in the education of youth. The favourable testimonials of his character, his qualifications and his attainments, which he submitted to the Visitors, from distinguished gentlemen and scholars to the eastward, have been most satisfactorily confirmed by him since his apward Sparks was educated in Europe, and has for several years been engaged in teaching in various parts of the United States. The trustees can, with entire confidence, speak of this gentleman, as being eminently qualified, in every respect. to superintend the department which has

heen assigned to him.

A highly respectable Professor of modern languages, (Ar. O. T. Flus-ser.) has also been abtained, who teaches French, Spanish and German; but as these studies do not constitute any part of the regular collegiate course, and a separate charge is made for teaching them, it is at the option of the student to en-

To these primary advantages which St. John's possesses in so person with whom such contract is to be made to carrry Newspapers, that immediate measures ought to be made to carrry Newspapers, immediate measures ought to be taken to endow such a Professor-than those conveyed in the mail.

Mr. Walker, of N. G. offered the following resolution—

Resolved, That the committee on Revolution for the purpose, and to make provision for the cellection of on the 3d. Sept.

The state of the gentlemen present, that completed his fishing near Cape committee to the fishing near Cape committee on the fishing near Cape deminent a degree, in the ability and it presents to your favourable committee of the purpose, and to be completed his fishing near Cape committee on the salid of the gentlemen present, that completed his fishing near Cape committee of the purpose, and to be completed his fishing near Cape committee of the purpose of the gentlemen present, that completed his fishing near Cape committee of the purpose of the gentlemen present, that completed his fishing near Cape committee of the purpose of the gentlemen present, that completed his fishing near Cape committee of the purpose, and the liter that the ability and the professors of the purpose, and the straits, and even to Cape Farewall consideration. It is taken to completed his fishing near Cape committee of the purpose, and the liter that the defile the defile of the chiral professors in the ability and the professors of the purpose, and the straits, and even to Cape Farewall consideration in a parent in the defile of the chiral professors in the ability and the state the liter that the committee of the professors of the Board of Trustees were accordingly requested to open sub-take the liter that the consideration of the purpose, and the state that the consideration of the purpose, in the chiral professors in the consideration of the purpose

tion, the limits of this circ too contracted to admit at a given in detail—Suffee it that it is intended to be the beral and extensive. In the color, the Visitors feel it be and proper to say, that hidigently avail themselves advantages and improvement may be derived from other ries in this country, in Es from other sources.

Among the many improvemently made in the organiza the Callege, the trusters a in having it in their power is lish Department promises to of the greatest advantage, the former system, so provisi made for improving the pur writing, and the Professor thematics was burthened wi additional duty of teaching co arithmetic. the establis of the English chool, an tunity is afforded to each par longing to the College, of de some partion of every day to i provement in writing; and the learning arithmetic being tan in this School, the Professor thematics, has more leisure vote to the peculiar branches it is his province to teach. who do not wish to obtain a cla education, will be received in English Department, where may obtain a complete English

cation. For sometime past a stan committee, consisting of seven tees, has been appointed, to exa weekly the condition of the cla to observe whether the preser system of education to properly hered to by the processors, and ther the pupils be diligent and a tive, and make due proficienc their studies. From this mean the most salutary effects have all dy resulted. The trustees have b enabled, by a late arrangement, reduce very considerably the pense of education at St. John Board may now be obtained \$120 per annum, at one of the m respectable Boarding Houses in city-the pupils to lodge in the C logo, under the superintendance two of the Professors. Thus whole expense of board and tuit for pupils, who receive a comple collegiate education, will be St per annum, and for those who receive an English education only, 8144 annum. The affurements to vice a dissipation are considerations, whi would present themselves to the mi of every reflecting parent, when liberating about sending his son fro his own gnardianship, for the puposes of education. On this point is gratifying to the Visitors to able to speak emphatically and d cidedly. Annapolis affords no portunities for secret distortion and it is completely within the poer of the Visitors and Professors St. John's College, to preserve students free from all contamination That this power will be vigilant nud discreetly exercised, parents at guardians may with entire conf dence calculate apon.

We forbear to enumerate other advantages which St. John's ma boast as a scat of learning. We fee it only necessary to add, that no ex ertions shall be omitted, no pain shall be spared, and no diligeno shall be wanted, on the part of th Visitors, to render it in all respect an institution worthy of all con mendation, and the pride and area ment of Maryland: With three as surances, we feel justified requesting you so far to aid our codes yours, as to send your codes for a short period to this Institution is a short period to this Institution is order that you may yourself be enabled enjudge of the claims which it presents to your favourable consideration. We also take the liber ty of requesting you to show this circular to such of your friends and neighbours as may have sone to educate. An additional Professor will be appointed as soon as the number

unt Clerk, Mr. C. ger, and Mr. He

enate Chamber, Constitution of votes were for Me lins 10, R. G. H. RICHARD CAR Baltimore, was y ember of the se the place of Joh sq. resigned.

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membled yesterd:

STATE" The following een received by John L. Kerr, state for the rec spon the genera monies advance WM: Easton, De

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the consti vernment, general as following ! For St. a. Key, an For Ken John B. Imwne, For A Ram H. 1 of David quires. For C

Weems, For Stodder Proce P For B and Th

of the Board of True M. B. MARRIOTT. President of the Board. GEORGE SHAW, Secry.

THE SENATE

Yesterday formed a quorum, and elected Wm. E. Spencer Esq. Presi-dent thereof, Mr. John N. Watkins Clerk, Mr. Thomas J. Brice Assu-ust Clerk, Mr. G. I. Grammer Mesger, and Mr. Henry Coulter Door

#### THE ELECTORS

Of President and Vice President, membled yesterday morning in the Sense Chamber, agreeably to the Constitution of this State. The votes were for Monroe 11. Tompkins 10, R. G. Harper 1.

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RICHARD CARROLL, esquire, of Baltimore, was yesterday, elected a sember of the senate of this state, hthe place of John E. Howard, jun. on resigned.

#### STATE'S CLAIM.

The following communication has been received by the Executive from John L. Kerr, Esq. agent of this state for the recovery of her claim spon the general government for onies advanced during the late

Easton, December 2d, 1820.

Sir-I have the pleasure to inform vos, that I have this evening rereved by the mail, a letter from Mr. Hagner, dated the 29th of November, in which he states, that the accounts of the State of Maryland had been at last audited, and that according to the statement made in his office, the balance due to the state amounts to ninety-four thouand seven hundred and ten dollars and twenty one cents, subject to the final decision of the 2d Comptroller. As the report of Mr. Hagner has doubtless had the previous approbation of the Secretary of War, there can be very little doubt of this sum being soon paid to the state. Mr. Hagner assures me, when the actoonts are returned to his office by the comptroller, I shall be furnished with a particular statement of the differences between the amount claimed by the state, and chat allowed by the United States.

I feel much satisfaction in the prospect of a speedy close of this ong protracted liquidation of the state's claim.

I remain sir, with high respect, your obedient and humble servant, JOHN LEEDS KERR.

His Excellency SAMUEL SPRIGG.

Legislature of Maryland.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES,

Monday, Dec. 4.
This being the day appointed by
the constitution and form of go-Ternment, for the meeting of the general assembly of this state, the following members appeared, viz: For St. Mary's county, Henry G. tiquires.

For Kent county, Rd. S. Thomas, ohn B. Eccleston, and James F. howne, esqra.

For Anne-Arundel county, Wil-In H. Marriott, Charles Stewart, W David, and Walter Wyvill, es-

For Calvert county, Sutton I Weems, and John Beckett, esqs. For Charles county, John T. stoddert, John Edelen, and Lawreace Posey, esqu.

For Baltimore county, Tobias E. Stanbury, Adam Showers, John B. Snowden, and Edward Orrick, esqs. For Somerset county, Josiah F.

For Cecil county, John S. Moffett and Thomas Williams, esq. for Prince George's county, Jo-

Frince George's county, Josph Gross, esq.
For the city of Annapolis, James'
byle and Lewis Duvallage qs.
For Queen, Anne's county, Henry
E. Wight, Robert Stevens, Richdlight, and Charles R. Nicholson,
tiq.

Alderson and Alexander Norris, |

For the city of Baltimore, John Bacney and Thomas P. Kennedy,

For Washington county, Joseph Gabby, Thomas Kennedy, Andrew Kerahner and John Bowles, esqu. For Montgomery county, Ephralm Gaither, esq.

For Allegany county, William Hilleary, John Scott and Thomas

A sufficient number of delegates being convened, they severally qua-lified in the presence of each other, by taking the several oaths required by the constitution and form of go-vernment, by subscribing a declara-tion of their belief in the christian religion, and by taking, repeating and subscribing, the oath to support the constitution of the United

And then the house adjourned.

Tuesday, Dec. 5.

George Plater and John L. Mil lard, delegates returned for Sc. Mary's county, Thos. W. Hall for A A. county, Daniel Kent and James A. Dalrymple for Calvert, Thomas Rogers of Charles, Daniel Mar-tin, Wm Ha ward, Nicholas Mar-tin and Sant. Stevens, for Talbot, Matthias Dashiell, Littleton P. Dennis and Levin R. King, for Sometset, Wm. W. Eccleston, Levin Lake and Solomon Frazier, for Dorchester, Thomas C. Lyles, Richard T. Hall and Julius Fortest, for P. George's, Thos. N. Williams, E-phraim K. Wilson, Charles Parker and Wm. F. Selby, for Worcester, Peter Willie, Wm. Hardcastle and Wm. Whitely, for Caroline, appeared, qualified, and took their seats.

The house proceeded to ballot for a Speaker. On counting the ballots, it appeared that Tobias E. Stansbury, esq. was elected.

Mr. John Brewer was appointed clerk, and Mr. John R. Pitt, assistant clerk, and severally qualified.

Mr. Cornelius H. Mills was appointed sergeant at arms, and Mr. John Quynn, door keeper, and qua-

PETITIONS.

From the president and directors of the Commercial and Farmers Bank of Baltimore, that a portion of their capital may be laid out in the purchase of the public debt of the US. From John Patterson, to introduce slaves intofthe state. From Isaac and Wm. D. M'Kim, for the benefit of M'Kim's School. From John Jameson, to remove a slave in-to the state. From sundry inhabitants of Anne-Arundel, to change the time of holding the court of said county. From Sarah Neale, of St. Mary's, for a support for herself and children. Severally read and referred to committees.

On motion of Mr. Ino Eccles-ton, the direction was put, That the house proceed to the election of committee clerks? Determined in

the negative, On motion of Mr. Thomas Kennedy, Leave to bring in a bill establishing the form of oaths of office, and to repeal such parts of the constitution as are therein menti-

On motion of Mr. Allen, Leave to bring in a farther supplement to the act for regulating the mode of On motion of Mr. Key, Leave

to bring in a bill for the revaluation of the real and personal property

of St. Mary's county. Ordered, That Masses, J. P. Kennesly and Key, wait upon the go-vernor, and inform him that this house having formed a quorum, and being in session, are ready to redisposed to make.

On motion of Mr. Millard, Leave to bring in a bill to ascerthin the salary of members of the council.

Ordered, That Messrs. Thomas Kennedy, M'Pherson, Jno. P. Kennedy, Bowles and Barney, be a committee to inquire whether ways and means cannot be devised to obtain the possession of the tempike road leading from Cumberland to Baltimoreuso as that the same, or part thereof may be made a free road. Adjourned.

From the N. Y. Evening Post.

To James Kent Chancellor of the

These are times, when the fathers of the commonwealth should arend together. These are times, when the party contentions of the day—who draw their feelings of patrotism from sources which cannot be reached by the time torsing partition, and who cherish no other political anxieties than those which are identified with the dreservation of identified with the preservation of our civil and religious institutions, should some forth, to nustain the pillars of our political fabric.

The dangers to be apprehended from innovations upon our present systems of government, must be vividly impressed upon the mind of every considerate & reflecting man. No one can doubt the existence of one glaring defect in the constitution of this state. The disposition and organization of the executive power, is productive of evils, too deeply felt, to be disregarded. But in calling a Convention, the security of our whole social system ought not to be put in jeopardy. The vital importance of an able and independent judiciary, should be remembered. We should not lose sight of the tenor of various offices, in the gift of the executive, and in the gift of the people. We should not forget the safety which is found, in the udicious and wholesome exercise of the elective franchise. Balances and checks are the preservation of a free constitution. Destroy these, and you open the flood-gates of anarchy, and prepare the public mind, for a grinding and desponding servitude.

In this country, the grand contest for the elementary principles of liberty, is over. The throne of the despot, and the altar of martyr. dom, are unknown to our condition. -The political institutions of the United States, are the admiration of mankind, and the hope of the human race. Their preservation now constitutes the great duty which devolves upon us. And what are the dictates of wisdom? What are the deep-toned counsels of experience? That we shall proceed to alterations, with caution, with candor, and with lively apprehensions. That party feelings shall never be suffered to invade the empire of reason, and banish the recollection, that we not only act for ourselves, but that we also act, for posterity.

In voting for the rejection of the bill to call a convention, you have kept in view the immense interests which are at stake. You have recollected, that not only our constitution, but the venerable ordinances of our fathers, the rights, the security and the peace of the state, are involved in the crisis at which we have artived. Let the election of delegates and the meeting of a convention, once take place, under furious party excitement; let the alterations of our constitution be made, to subserve the ends of any faction, whatever may be its name and pretensions, and what have we to expect but the production of an instrument bearing the features of a political monster? What have we to anticipate but unceasing anarchy and confusion? What have we to apprehend but the loss of our state glory, the extinguishment of our pride, and the degradation of our character? When such a period in our affairs shall arrive, we may look for the prostration of virtue, and the persecution of integrity and independence. The bright examples of former days will be discarded, and every thing be measured and settled by a false and pernicious standard of patentism. A long and vindictive was tre will ensue, new and implacable parties be called up, and the very bonds of society must be violated and endangered. And when our history is transmitted to after ages, he who writes it may adopt the language Humes. "The various factions in which the state had been divided, and the many sudden revolutions to which the public had been exposed, had tended to debauch the minds of men and to destroy the issue of honour and decorum in their public con-

It is not to be concealed, that the Council of Revision will be sudely and insolently assailed, for guarding the interests of the state, and crosslence. Every thing but high and honourable motives—every thing Sir.—Your recent vote in the Gouncil of Revision, in the bill to call a State Convention gives you arrived Robert G. M.Pherson. and public gratitude. It evinces to the world, that while you give elevation and lustre to our jurisoru dende, you possess firmness and evision of character, amid he storm.

duct."

ation to the people themselves—Shall a Convention be called to after the Constitution? And the people will feel gratulal for the confidence re-

posed in their judgment.

That is a proud set in the fife of a great man, which secures present peace and happiness to a state, and confers a lasting benefit upon a whole people. It is an occurrence, the recollection of which must ever be associated with the most pleasing reflections, and impart perpetual satialaction, however brilliant and exalted may be his career of fame, It can be recalled, with the expression of Tully, on a memorable event of his life-Unus ille dies mihi quidem instar immortalitatis fuit.

FALKLAND. From the Detroit Gazette of Nov. 10. A Curiosity .- A person by the name of Robinson, has obtained and brought from the Indian country near Mackinac, an Indian, having in each arm and leg more than double the number of joints ordinarily This extraordinary being is in a measure helpless, & unable to stand, yet he has discovered a contrivance by which he obtains locomotionthis is a large wooden bowl, in which he rolls himself along with considerable facility when on a smooth and level surface. This Indian, we are informed, is quite intelligent, speaking the tongues of three or four different tribes, and conversing fluently in the common Prench of the country.

Mr. Robinson mentions that he saw, while in the Indian country, what he deems a far greater curiosity. This is an Indian, whose body is thickly covered with long hair. The hair on the outside of his hands and fingers, which is permitted to grow, is stated to be so long that he s enabled to tie it round his wrista. His forehead, nose, and every part of his face is said to be covered with hair. The Indians of his tribe are stated to pay him much respect in consequence of his superior sagacity and hardiness.

Philadelphia, Nov. 24.

Mr. Guille's ascent .- At a few minutes before three o'clock yesterday afternoon, Mr. Guille ascended with his balloon and a small parachute, amidst the acclamations and cheerings of an immense concourse of spectators. The weather being entirely calm, and the heavens somewhat overshadowed, the ascent was gradual, affording the citizens a fine opportunity to observe the operation and effect of disengaging the parachute; which he did at a considerable height, leaving his compinion the Monkey) to the mercy of the air The Monkey reached the earth, however in perfect safety, not many rods from where he ascended. The balloon, with Mr. Guille, after hovering over the city for several minutes. took a north westerly d rection, and descended at Maniua Village, near Mr. Britton's residence.

Upon the whole, the spectacle was quite gratifying, and we shall be happy to learn that Mr. Guille has experienced a larger portion of public patronage on this occasion than he did on his former excursion.

We understand, that Mr. Lukens, an ingenious and philosophical mechanic of this city, was extremely solicitous to accompany Mr. Guille in this serial voyage.

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber pands applying to the next legislature of Maryland, for a special act of insolvency.

Schoshaphat M Cauley.

#### Public News Room.

Viewing Annapolis as the Metrop lis of Maryland, the seat of gove iis of Maryland, the seat of government, &c. &c. it cannot but excite surprise in the minds of many of its respectable citizens, as well as risitors, that itshould hitherto have remained without that usual and highly useful concomitant of local aspectability. A Public News Room, Encouraged by some respectable individuals, and anticipating further patronage, it is proposed to open in institution of the above description on the first Monday of December next, at the house of William Withey, Bookseiler, Fleet Street, Appapolis, where a commodicus apartment will be fitted up for the purpose.

Rules of the intended establishment and terros, to be known at W. Withey's Nov. 9

SADDLERY &C.

#### INDEPENDENCE.

The subscriber has remaining on hand a few superb copies of Binn's Declaration of Independence, [with a fac simile of each signer's name.] which he offers to the public, together with a choice selection of

Winter Goods. Richard Ridgely.

Dec. T.

Was Committed,

To my custody as a runaway on the 24 inst A negro woman who says her name is Rachel, appears to be about thirty five years of age, and so ignorant that nothing can be got from her as age or owner. She is five feet two inches high, of a dark complexion, thick lips and large eyes, has on a coarse blue jacket and match cost blanket petticoat Her owner is requested to come forward and take her away otherwise she will be dealt with as the law di-

Benj. Harris, Shift. Calvert County.

WASHINGTON MONUMENT LOTTER FOURTH CLASS.
To be drawn in the City of Pultimo

ALL IN ONE DAY No Stationary Prizes all being Flatt

COHEN's OFFICES, Bultimore,

Mrvember 1, 1820. J OFFICIAL NOTICE.—The Managers of the fourth class of the Monument Lottery have the pleasure to announce that the drawing will take place, and be completed in the CITY OF BALTIMORS ON NEW YEAR'S DAY.

They scarcely deem it necessary to appeal to the patriotism of their fellow citizens for their support, and patrone, e. being well assured of the respect and seneration universally entertained for the flustrious name of WASHINGTON, and of their ardent desire to see the noble monument, already so far advanced, finished. Were other motives for its encouragement, to be sought, they would readily be found in the peculiar nature and novelty of the scheme, by which the fate of the adventurier is to be determined IN ONE DAY, an advantage too obysous to require recommendation.

SCHEME. 1 prize of \$40,000 is \$40,000 4 prize of -10,000-10,000 1 prize of -- 5,000 -- 5,000 1 prize d....3,000 \_\_\_\_3,000 1 prize d....2,000 \_\_\_\_3,000

1000 prize of \_\_\_\_25\_\_\_25,000 THE WROLE AMOUNTING TO

100,000 Dollars ! To be drawn (N ONE DAY, combining patriotism with despatch, and forming a

SPLENDID DETRIBUTION.

PRESENT PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tracts, \$22 00 | Eighths . . . . 42 78

Halves . . . . 11 00 | Tenths . . . . 2 20 Quarters . . . . 5 50 Sixteenths . . . 1 37 Fifths . . . . . 4 40 Trocatieths . . . 1 10 To be had in a great variety of Numbers at

COHEN'S

LOTTINY & EXCHANGE OFFICES. Nos. 14 § 244, Market-street, Baltimore.

\* AT COHEN'S OFFICE MORE CAPITALPRIZES HAVE BEEN OBTAINED THAN AT ANY OTHER OFFICE
IN AMERICA.—In the last two classes of
the Monument Lotteries, all the following
principal Capitals were sold at County

23163, a prize of 40,000 Dolla-26119, a prize of 30,000 Dolls. 16346. a prize of 20,000 Dulle. \$2596, a prize of 20,000 Dolls.

2"46, a prize of 10,000 Dolls, des a large number of minor importance, 4+ Adventurers who purchase through medium of Consu's Orrige, will it by deure it, be furnished with the Mana-ry Official List of the Prizes immediately after the drawing, gratit.—Those who wish the List, will please signify the same when they wend on their orders.

they send on their orders.

1. \*\*Orders from any part of the Union, including the cash or prises in any of the Lotteries, post paid, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application, addressed to

J. I. COHEN, JR.

Secretary to the Managers—Baltimers,

Bank Bills of the states of Virginia, North of South Carolina, Georgia, Bank of the States or Branches. District of Columbia, or of the cities of Battimore, annapolis, hiladelphia or New York, and all specialitying Banks in Maryland, will be special in payment at per.

JOHN THOMPSON

GOODS,

Suitable for the present season.

CONSISTING OF Superfine and second Cloths and Cassi merce, a variety of colours. Ventings, dec. &c.

All orany of which he will be happy to make up in the next.

#### CITY HOTEL.

That Well Known Establishment, the Union Tayern & City Hotel,

Pormerly kept by George Mann. in the City of Annapolis, has lately been purchased, and is now occupied by

#### JAMES WILLIAMSON,

Who has opened a large and commodious TAVERN, where Boarders and Travellers will receive the most unremitted attention, and the best of every thing which the seasons afford.

Those who formerly favoured him with their custom, may be assured that every exertion will be made, and his personal aid given, to render them per-fec'ly satisfied, and he invites those who have never witnessed his desire to please to give him a call, confident that if they do so once, they will repeat the visit whenever opportunity offers.

The Best Liquors, and fare of every kind that can be procured, shall be offered to his customers, and the great est attention paid to, and case taken of their horses. He therefore salicits pub-lic patronage.

Manch 23.

tf.

#### BLANKS For Sale at this Office.

Dechrations on Promissory Notes, and bills of exchange against Drawer. first, second, and third Endorser, in

assumpsit generally. Debt on Bond and Single Bill, Common Bonds, Appeal , do. Tobacco Notes, &c. &c. May 18

50 Dollars Reward

RANAWAY from the subsqriber, living near London Town, Anny Arundel county, on or about the 36th September last, a begre man named Tom, who sometimes calls himself Tom Chesley, about forty years of age, five feet eight inches high, wilks badly, having had his feet much injured by frost. On one side of his head his wool is grey, owing to the circumstance of a cart wheel passing or of it when a boy; his cloathing a blue woollen jacket, &c.— The above reward will be paid if taken out of the county, and Ten Dollars if in the county and delivered to Leonard Gazy, near Lyon's Creek, or

much Harrison, of John, Near London Town

#### NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the AGRI-LTURAL SOCIETY OF LAND, will take place on the 2d Wed nesday in December next, \$10 o'clock, at the Ball Room, in the city of An napolis, and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon same day it is specied that an appropriate Address will be delivered by a Member of the Society Those who may have my Implement of Has bandry of late invention, or articles of Country Produce, worthy of exhibition, are invited to present them on the day of pleeting.

#### To be Rented,

On a lease for three years, all part of the Farm belonging to Anne-Arundel county, and attached to the Alms House, which does not include the garden and a small lot pow used as a pasture. This farm is a grantage ly situated for the Anna folis market. It is at present divided into seven lets. all of which are well inclosed. On the part which will be rented is a good barn with sheds—possession will be given on the 1st day of January next; but a tenant may immediately sow wheat or

Proposal must be made to the subscriber, who will immediately lay them before the Board of Trustees,

Thos. H. Bowie, Sec'ry. the Roard of Trustee of Anne-Arundel county, Aims House.

#### NOTICE.

The subscribers hereby forewarn all persons from bunting with dog or gun. or is any manner treepassing upon their farm called the President, (for. merly Horn Point.) lying opposite this city, as they are determined to prosecute offenders to the rigour of the law. They have been constrained to this unpleasant measure by the certainty, that not only their fields and woods are lia-ble to be destroyed by fire so long as the practice of gunning is fellowed up in them, but that their farm house, and other buildings, and fences are likewise exposed to similar danger. George & John Barber, GEORGE SHAW,

Has just received a new supply of Goods, which are affered for Sale upon reasonable terms.

# GOODS

Clothe and Cassimeres, Blankets-Flannels, Worsted Drawers and Shirts, Worsted and Lambs Word Hosiery Cotton and Silk Russia and Irish Sheeting, Irish Linens, Linen Cambric, Kenting-Callienes, Shirting Muslin, Woodstock Gloves, Ladies Beaver and Kid Gloves. Red and Green Baize,

German Rolls, Cambric Muslins, Plain and Figured Book do. Picquel Lieno Dimities-Patinet, Randana and Flag Handkerchiefs, White and Black Italian Crape, Silks of various colours, Bombagetts, Ribbons assorted, Tapes—Bobbin—Thread, &c. Umbrellas.

And many other Articles not enumerated.

# GROCERIES,

Brandy-Spirit, Gin-Old Whiskey. NE. Rom-Common Whiskey, Madeira. S. Madeira, Sherry, WINES, Port, Mataga Spermacetti Oil. 4 Hapire-Nutmegs, Mace-Cloves. Ginger-Starch,

Loaf and Brown Sugar, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, TEAS, Hyson Skin, Southong Coffee-Chocolate, Rice-Barley, Mustard-Pepper. Mould and Dipped Candles, Spermacetti Tobacco-Segars, Salt Petre-Copperas, &c. &c.

Window Glass, Oils & Paints. Ironmongery & Cutlery,

Comprising an extensive Assortment.

# Stationary and Books,

Including a great variety of Writing Paper, of different sizes and qualities, Quills, Wafers, Scaling Wax, Ink, Ink Powder, Inkstands, Slates, Cyphering and Copy Books, &c. &c.

# A Valuable Collection of Books

In various departments of Literature.

And a variety of Classical and School Books.

G. S. Has also for Sale a variety of

# China & Crockery Ware,

And many other ARTICLES which are not particularly specified in this advertisement. All of which are offered for Sale at reasonable prices.

# Book Binding

In all its varieties executed as usual. Annapolis. October 26, 1820.

South River Bridge Company.

Notice is hereby given to the stock holders in the South River Bridge Com pany, that an instalment of four dol lars on each share of stock by them respectively held, is required to be paid to the treasurer of the said company. at the Farmers Bank of Maryland, on Monday the first day of January next,

By the act of incorporation, any tockholder who shall fail to pay any instalment which shall at any time be called for, for the space of one month, shall forfeit the sum or sums before paid by him, on his stock, to the use of the said corporation, and shall also forfeit his right to said stock on account of which he shall be deimquent, and the president and directors shall have power to sell said stock for the use of said corporation; and if any forfeited share or shares of stock shall not produce on sale a sum sufficient to discharge the balance due thereon, and the empires of sale, the said delinqueat stockholder ar stockholders shall remain liable for the balance due,

By order of the President and Direc-

Thos. Franklin, Treasurer.

### NEW & CHEAP GOODS,

Vm. Hall, Merchant Tailor,

Informs his friends and the public, that he has just returned from Balti-more, with a handsome assertment of

COODS.

which he will make up in the most fashionable and neatest manner, on the shortest notice, for cash or on short credit to punctual customers. Tersons nirchieling elsewhere, are informed but he will make up their cloth on the most resconable Terms.

Pac or two A perentions will be taken, Beys from the country preferred, VB. The subscriber has taken, the ase lately occupied by Mr. Edward illiams, where he will be prepared or after the toth inst. to receive pardovs.

#### A TEACHER WANTED.

The present teacher of Anne-Arundel County Free School intending to remove, the visitors will continue to receive proposals from this time until the 1st of January next, to supply his place. The requisite qualifications under the aw are, that the teacher should understand the different branches of an English education, but if he could also teach the languages, a very adequate compensation and encouragement would be given. The respective candidates will be required to undergo an exantination, which will take place on the lat Saturday of January, when it will be neces

moral character. Letters on this subject addressed, by mail or otherwise, "l'o the visitors of Anne Arundel county free school," and directed to Annapolis, Md will be carefully attended to. lawt | J. Nov 16

sary to produce testimonials of good

Cattle To Winter.

The subscriber will take Twelve or Pifteen Head of Castle to winter, on moderate term

Henry B. Holland.

#### NOTICE.

Was taken up yesterday, on Sandy Point, some rigging; the owner is requested to prove his property, take it away, and pay for this advertisement, Henry Mayer.

#### PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber will sell on Saturday 23d Dec next, at Mr. J. N. Stockett's farm, in South River Neck, one mare and celt, and some household furniture, consisting of beds and bedding &c.— The terms of sale, for all sums above Ten Dollares credit of six months with security, and all sums under that to be cash.

Edward Jones, Admir. of Wab. Onlon.

New and very cheap Goods.

NICHOLAS J. WATELNS THAT HE HAS JUST SECRIVED, ANEW STOCK of GOODS

WHO MO MULCA WELLIAM SOUTH Best Saxon Black and Blace Cloth Fancy and London Brown do Fashionable Affixures Double Milled Drab Second do Second

Biac Grey and Light Cassimores

Light and Dark Mixturen

Fashionable Light Cord

White and Coloured Marseilles

Olive Cords and Flantes, &c.

And other articles too tedious to entimerate.

Any or all of which will be usede up in
the most lashionable and subsatural manney, and on the shortest pates. ner, and on the shortest notice Scpt. 2%

#### BOARDING-HOUSE.

MRS. ROBINSON having leased near the Church, recently occupied as a Tayern by Mr. James Williamson, is prepared to accommodate Boarders by the day, week, month or year. Those who may be pleased to favour her with their patronage, may be assured that every exertion will be made to promote their comfort and satisfaction. A Li very Stable being situated in the vicinicy of her House, Travellers may with entire confidence, rely upon their Horses being carefully seeded to. March 23.



The New and Elegant Steam Boat

# Maryland,

CLEMENT VICKARS, COM-

Has commenced her regular route etween Easton, Annapolis and Baltimore, for the accommodation of Passengers, Horses and Carriages.

The Maryland is not surpassed in point of elegance or speed by any Boat n the United States.

She leaves Easton on Mondays and Thursdays at 8 o'clock, AM calling at Todd's Point and Oxford, to receive passengers; arrives at Annapolis at half past one o'clock, and leaving there at half past two o'clock, arrives at Baltimore at six o'clock, PM the same evening. Returning, leaves Baltimore on Wednesdays and Saturdays at eight o'clock, AM. arrives at Annapolis at half past eleven; leaves Annapolis at half past twelve, and arrives at Easton at six o'clock the same evening. Passengers wishing to go to Philadelphia, can be put on board the Union Line of Steam Boats from Baltimore, and will arrive at Philadelphia early the next

& All Baggage and Letters at the risk of the owners thereof, March 2.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC. Anne-Arundel County Orphans Court, October 24, 1820.

On application by petition of las Worthington of Thomas adminis trator of Thomas Worthington, jun. late of Anne-Arundel count of deceased. it is ordered that he give required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the ame be pub lished once in each week, for the space of six successive week in the Maryland Gazette.

Thoras H. Hall, Reg. Wille A. A. County.

Notice is her by given. That the sy becriber of Anne Arundel County hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arun del county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas Worthington, jun. Inte of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, ore hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subseliber, at or before the 21st day of May next, they may otherwise by law has availabled from all hereals. law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 7th day of October 1820 J. Worthington of Phos. Adm'r. Nov. 2

Nov. 2.

#### Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fler facials from Anne Arundel county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday the 9th day of December next, on the premises 17 head hogs, one pair oxen, one ox cart, 20 harrels corn, 3000 weight tobacco, one mark and colt, one stack of wheat, one about outs, one do, of eye. Seized and taken as the property of William Wdotton, and will be sold to satisfy a debt due Gigton White. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock for cash.

BENJ. GAITHER, Shir.

A. A. County

all been enclosed by a good sence and much improved by plaster and shoer which operate with very grant effect. The soil is generally of a red loan, and is susceptible of great fertility in those cultivation—best of tobacco is made in the neighbourhood especially on land of this quality. There have been many improvements added to the house and many other conveniences erected; it has been in the hands of the p

A credit of one, two and three years, will be given to the purchasers papering one fourth of the purchase money down, and annual interest on the mpaid portions,

Also for sale the Land formerly held by Henry H. Brown, called "Present Plains," containing about 270 acres, or which Mr. Welch now resides, under certain covenants. This land is very advantageously, situated on the backs of the Severn, with a most convenient landing on Plum Creek, is adapted to Plaster, and yields Tobacco of superior quality. This tract will be sold on the same terms of payment as the preceding ones and if the whole be not sold by private contract before the first Monday in October next, they will on that day, at 10 o'clock, or sold by pub-lic Vendus at the Rising Sun stand— Apply for particulars to Mr. James.
Polland, on the premises, to Mr. Joseph
Sands in Annapolis, or to the Subscribers in Baltimore.

Lalso offer for sale the land called BODKIN NECK

on the river Patapaco and the Bay, containing upwards of 1100 acres This land is held by touants under corthin covenants, yielding \$700 a year. A part of it has commodious dwellings. on it, and is in a high state of improvement-The supply of manure by depositions from the Bay, is beyond the wants of the land. There is an abundance of deer and wild turkey on the land, and a great portion of it is in wood of second and original growth. Its vicinity to Baltimore; its fisheries and other circumstances independent of its value as a farm, give it great advan-

I will also sell all the lands that are known by the name of 'The Comexion and Howard's Fancy, lately held by Major T. Dorsey and Mr Yealdhall, adjoining the Blackhorse tavern, nine miles from Annapolis. They contain together, about 600 acres, and constitute one of the first positions for a farm of any location in that section of the

The quality of the soil is a red lasm, similar to the best lands on West River." Plaster and clover will in one year produce great fertility, and wheat may be may be seen by the crops within the neighbourhood on lands of similar quality. There are the best natural meadows on this farm, of any in the neighbourhood. A long credit will be given to the purchaser for the greatest part of the money. Apply to Mr Joseph Sands in Anuapolis, or the subscribers



Richard Caton, James Nelson.

#### OYSTER HOUSE.

The subscriber thankful for the many favours conferred on him during the last season, intends again carrying on an Oyster House in all its branches, to commence on Monday next, where gentlemen can be accommodated with oysters, terrapins and wild fowl, served up with decency and dispatch, next door below the post office. Private parties or clubs shall be served by the public's humble servant.

John Smith, Jr. Nov. 30.

#### PUBLIC SALE.

Will be exposed at public auction on Priday the 22 day of December next, at the late residence of John Stockett, late of Anne Arundel county, deceased, two horses, two cows, corn and led-der, together with plantation utensils, consisting of ploughs & genring, hoes, &c. The terms of sale; for all sums above ten dollars six menths credit,

with approved security, with interest from the day of sole, and all sums a mounting to two dollars, and under to be cash.

Joseph N. Stockell, Adm'r. of John, Nov. 30.

Modern Characters Just published and for Sale at Geo. Shaw's Store.

## PRINTING

Of every description, neatly execute Office

The time having

mance of your set period to lay ! are been adopted ! thour attention ha bercuting the re derman, we deter of the nature and red dollars. Th work done by bin predecessor in of reary, without the sted to be issued ag gate debtors, no of for the benefit to tin books to the hin literary socie berry Company. and States two c state, and two c rary societies in tasmitted one set

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## IN COUNCIL,

Annapolis, December 4, 1820;

of the Senate, and Gentlemen of the House of Delegates, ime having arrived when You are assembled for the nance of your legislative duties, we avail ourselves of the period to lay before you an account of such proceedings are been adopted by us, in relation to the several subjects to or attention has been directed by the legislature at its last

barculing the resolution relative to the claim of Richard rman, we determined, upon a full and particular investigaof the nature and value of the services rendered, for which sation was asked, that he was entitled to the sum of one red dollars. This we deemed a sufficient remuneration for work done by bim, which ought to have been performed by predecessor in office, who has since paid the same into the ary, without the compulsion of legal process, which was dided to be issued against him in the event of his failing so to do. Mothing has been done under the resolution having reference tate debtors, no application having been made to this depart-

t for the benefit thereof. Conformably to the resolutions directing the transmission of his books to the secretary of state of the United States, and in literary societies therein mentioned, as also the Baltimore hary Company, we have sent to the department of state of the laws of Market states two copies of Kilty's compilation of the laws of state, and two copies of the new compilation; to each of the rary societies in Pennsylvania and Massachusetts, we have timere Library Company one set of the last compilation; the ript of all the above mentioned books has been acknowledged his department, with the expression of thanks to the legisla-

Coder the resolution relative to the total or partial extinguishat of the loans made to this state in the years eighteen hundred derenteen, and eighteen hundred and eighteen, by the Far-Bank of Maryland, and sundry banks in Baltimore, we he received information from the treasurer, that the finances the state, independent of the debt due from the general governent en account of disbursements of monies by the state, for spects of defence during the late war, were adequate, after ating a sufficient surplus in the treasury, for ordinary purposes, busharge and satisfy the loans due to the banks in Baltimyre, racipal and interest, passed an order that the treasurer should, about delay, extinguish the said loans by the payment of the ricipal and interest due thereon, amounting in the whole to the of thirty-one thousand and sixty dollars. No part of the has due to the Farmers Bank of Maryland has been dischargthe officers of that institution preferring that the monies, which could be spared out of the treasury, should be applied in the manner abovementioned; and that payment of the debt due by state to them, should be postponed to a future period,

The resolution directing the executive to have printed and disriboted, four hundred copies of the election laws to the justices Athelery courts, has been complied with, and the proportion mito each county was regulated by the number of districts; hat is to say, one copy was sent to each judge of every election litrict. Finding the number of copies directed to be printed pore than sufficient to supply the judges of elections, we sent hree to each county, and there are now in this department, twenh-are copies, of which no disposition has been made,

For the information of the people, the law relative to the stay derecutions has been printed in such and so many of the public supapers, as we deemed sufficient to give it general publicity. al an authenticated copy forwarded to the clerk of each of the umty courts of this state.

Is pursuance of the resolution relative to the purchase of an agine and hose for the security and protection of the public propriy at the seat of government, we ordered the treasurer to play ble mayor of this city the sum of one thousand dollars, which has been appropriated to the above mentioned purpose, as far as and summer; the residue of the purchase mone he tenor of the resolution, has been furnished by the corpora-

Copies of the resolution of the legislature concerning the purhase of a suitable portion of territory on the African coast, as a ettlement for such free people of colour as may be willing to go hither, and the supply of the means by the general government or their transportation, and also copies of the resolution relative the claims of the surviving officers engaged in the service of bir country during the war for our independence, have been lent as directed to our representatives and senators in the conpess of the United States, communicating to them the desire of he general assembly, that their best exertions should be used for he purpose of obtaining such laudable and important objects.

The resolution requesting the governor and council to direct district afterney for Baltimore City Court, to take immedi-Mely such legal measures as he may deem necessary to enforce execution of the provisions of the act laying a tax on brokers id lettery office keepers, has been duly attended to, and the said therney instructed accordingly.

in pursuance of the resolution respecting the claims of the conts employed in the collection of the public arms, we investi aled the several accounts exhibited by them, and paid Benjamin adle the balanco due him for collecting and delivering arms to Marmourer at Annapolis, amounting to one hundred and ninety redollars and fifty cents; to Alemby Jump, for collecting and divering arms to the armourer at Easton, the balance of his acunt amounting to the sum of four hundred and thirty-nine dolare and fifty cents, including fifty-six dollars and fifty cents, for Mine delivered by him to the armourer at Easton in 1819; and Colonel Richard Waters the balance of his claim, amounting the sum of seventy-three dollars and twenty-five cents, for coleting and delivering arms to the agent at Baltimore. There bea balance of five hundred and forty-four dollars due to the the from Henry Wayman, of the sum of one thousand dollars arranged to him; after crediting him with compensation for the ams be had collected, and not being able to bring him to a final tettlement otherwise than by computsion, we directed that suit bould be instituted against him, which has been accordingly one. As the eight thousand dollars, appropriated to the purpose of collecting the public arms, have been expended, except the store balance due from Henry Wayman, we have directed the stern. Whether an additional appropriation shall be made for the pur-less of collecting such as are still in the hands of the militia, it for the window of the legislature to determine. We will fur-lier ramark apon this subject, that when the debt due from Henry Varnan shall have been recovered, it will refund to the state the averal summ and to the other appropriation and or the resolution of the Teral sums paid to the other agents under the resolution of the

last general assembly, except a balance of sixty-four dollars and twenty-five cents.

In virtue of the resolution authorising and empowering the go vernor and council to cause the arms and accourrements in the several arsenals on the western and eastern shores to be cleaned and repaired, under the direction of this department, we have eaused the number of two thousand six hundred and seventy, to be cleaned and put in complete order, and four hundred and seventy to be repaired; the sum appropriated by the legislature not being adequate to defray the expense incurred in effecting the object of this resolution, there remains due to the armourer at Annapolis, for his services, the sum of four hundred and seventy-tydollars and fifty cents, to pay which a further appropriation will be necessary. There are still in the said arsenals one thousand one hundred and twenty-seven stand of arms, which want cleaning, and cleves hundred and twenty-five wanting repairs. As there are also eight hundred and seven stand which are in such bad order as not to be worth repairing, we would submit to the general assembly the propriety of authorising the sale of them, and of making a further appropriation for the purpose of putting the whole of those deemed worthy of repairs in complete order.

During the late war, it was deemed necessary by the executive authority of the state, to appoint an agent to reside in Baltimore, whose duty it was made to take care of the arms entrusted to his custody, and to deliver out the same as occasion might require. Since the termination of hostilities, the agency has been continued though for a time without salary; but as the militia of Baltimore are fully supplied with arms, and those there deposited will be taken care of by the armourers at Frederick-town and at the seat of government, and the salary of the late agent at Baltimore, and the expense of storage, will be thereby saved to the state, we have dispensed with his further services, and have caused the arms to be placed in the armouries in Frederick-town, and in this

We have forwarded to the governor of Pennsylvania a copy of the law incorporating the Octorara Navigation Company; and have caused the several acts of assembly, repealing certain parts of the constitution and form of government, to be duly published, also the act empowering the judges of elections to administer oaths in any enquiries which they may deem necessary touching the right of suffrage of any person offering to vote.

Under the resolution relative to the appointment of commissi oners to view and inspect the United States turnpike road run ning through Allegany county, we have filled up the vacancies occasioned by the resignation of two of the former commissioners, with the names of Jesse Tomlinson and George M. Culluck, Esquires, who have not yet made any report of their proceedings to

We deem it proper now to draw the attention of the general assembly to the situation of the claims of this state upon the government of the United States, for monies disbursed during the late war, for purposes of defence against the common enemy .-The national authorities have assumed the reimbursement to the state of the sum of one hundred and fifty-six thousand nine hundred and ninety-seven dollars and sixty-seven and an half cents. expended in the payment of the militia, so far as the necessary vouchers for the same should be presented; for that sum, in the first instance, the requisite vouchers were produced, according to the views of the third auditor of the war department, except a balance of twenty thousand nine hundred and eighteen dollars and fourteen cents, which was suspended for want of such proof as he deemed necessary. Of the sum of one hundred and thirty-six thousand nine hundred and ninety-five dollars, ninety-seven and three quarter cents, expended for rations and other necessary purposes, the reimbursement of which to the state has been assumed by the general government upon the production of proper vouchers, all was allowed except the sum of eighty-eight thousand six hundred and seventy-seven dollars, which was suspended by the third auditor to the department of war, until the vanchers required should be transmitted, and the further sam of gloven thousand eight hundred and forty-eight dollars and forty-three cents, which was rejected as inadmissible upon principle. Since the suspension of measures being taken towards the accomplishment of these two sums, a letter has been received from the above menti- I this important object, until such assurances are reoned officer, communicating the information, that he has audited the accounts, and that according to his report, there is a balance due the state of ninety-four thousand seven hundred and ten dollars and twenty-one cents, which report has been laid before the second comptroller of the treasury for revision. The state has received, on account, the sum of one hundred and eighty thousand dollars; and the sum of fifteen thousand one hundred and sixty-five dollars and twenty-five cents, has been rejected as inadmissible upon principle, which item is formed in part by the sums rejected in the account for payment of the militia, and the account for the purchase of rations and other articles. Thus it appears, that of the entire claim of the state against the general government, there remains only the sum of nineteen thousand two hundred and eighty-three dollars and forty-six cents, which has not been allowed.

Entertaining a high and well merited confidence in the head of the war department, and believing that he feels every disposition to do us ample justice, we cherish the flattering expectation, that nearly all, if not the whole of our claims, will ultimately be allowed. Accounts of other expenditures during the late war have been placed in the hands of the state's agent, which he will present to the general government for allowance and payment, so far as the payment thereof may be deemed right and proper. To Mr. Pinkney, the clerk of this department, much praise is due for the great industry and ability with which he has drawn light out of darkness, and extracted system from chaos, in so arranging the vouchers and proofs of some of our claims heretofore suspended, as to obviate the objections of the accounting officer, and render them ultimately admissible; it was a work of great labour and difficulty, on account of the confusion in which they were involved, and could only have been accomplished by unwearied perseverance, untiring efforts, and a warm feeling of devotedness to the interests of the state.

Of the great importance of education, and a general diffusion of knowledge in a government constituted like ours, you, gentlemen, are no doubt deeply sensible; for oin proportion as the structure of a government gives weight to public opinion. it is essen-

tial that public opinion should be enlightened." Under this impression, you will no doubt take especial care, as far as our resources are adequate, to foster the interest of science, by charishing and supporting literary institutions for the cultivation and improvement of the human mind; for under every form of government, the intellectual wealth of a nation is of great and primary importance to the advancement of its happiness, prosperity and welfare. We congratulate the general assembly upon the happy posture of our foreign relations, and upon the general union of

prevalence of such spinions, and such senting the highest reward, which our able and victuous chief magistrate, and those associated with him in the management of our national concerns, can receive at the hands of a free and an enlightened people; stands ing upon this high and exalted eminence, in popular opinion, scarcely a speck of party has been visible in his re-election to office.

It is an abundant cause of gratitude to Almighty God, that during the current year, we have been assailed but by a small purtion of those calemities and misfortanes which so frequently fall to the lot of suffering humanity. Our principal commercial city has been lappily free from the dreadful visitation. with which it was afflicted by the hand of an awakening Providence during the last year; and the earth has been unusually liberal, throughout our state, in the product of the most necessary and indispensable articles of our home consumption. This bountiful dispensation of an all wise and good Providence, bas considerably mitigated the pressure of our pecuniary difficulties, arising from the depressed state of our foreign commerce, and from other local causes. In aid of this dispensation, alike advantageous to the individual interests of the people and the commercial prosperity of our state, we respectfully beg leave to recommend to our fellow citizens, a laudable spirit of economy in all their expenditures, and the encouragement of those manufacturing interests established throughout our land, which can only exist and flourish by the fostering support of the community at large.

Upon the subject of internal improvements, we would only remark, that while our sisterstates, by the means of creating and increasing the facilities of navigation, and transportation by land, and by calling into action all their physical advantages, are endeavouring to draw within their bosoms the wealth . of the extremities of the union, we ought not to be unmindful of the great benefits which are to be derived from the adoption of such a policy. As connected with this consideration, we take the liberty of calling the attention of the general assembly to a subject of great importance to the interest of our state. It is generally understood to be in the contem plation of the government of the United States, to establish at this place, a depot for provisions, and other articles necessary for naval purposes; this alone would be of great benefit and importance, if not to the whole, certainly to a very large portion of our state, by opening an additional market for vending such articles as the public wants might require; but if an object of still higher importance, which has for some time occupied the public mind, could be obtained; if the constituted authorities of the union should deem this a proper place for the establishment of a Naval Depot, where our ships and vessels of war would rendezvous, when wanting repairs, or not engaged in actual service, or on fo. dig. voyages, it would be to our interest and prosperity a great and splendid acquisition, which so far from being local in its effects, would be sensibly felt in every vein and artery of our state. Under this impression, the legislature a session or two since, authorised the expenditure of twenty-five thousand dollars, for the purpose of removing an impediment to the entrance into Severn River, arising from a bar which has been formed some little distance from its mouth. The restriction imposed upon the executive in this resolution, is of such a painre, as to prevent any ceived in relation to the establishment of a Naval Deput, at this place, in the event of the bar being removed, as perhaps, it would be difficult, if not impossible, to obtain. Whether this restriction ought to be qualified, or altogether removed, or what other measures upon this subject should be adopted, it is submitted to the better judgment of the legislature to determine. We will only add, that in the execution of this important duty, and every other trust committed to our care, we have done, what in our judgments we conceived to be best calculated to conserve the general interest of the state; and if the course which has been pursued should not meet the approbation and sanction of all, the only merit we presume to claim, is the credit of having acted with upright views and honest intentions.

The portrait of the father of his country, and his companious in arms, which adorns the walls of the house of delegates, having become considerably defaced by the hand of time, we employed Mr. Raphael Peale, who was on a visit to this city, in the prosecution of his profession, to restore it. as far as was in the power of his distinguished skill, to its original freshness of appearance, and strength of colours; which he has done for the moderate compensation of twenty dollars. This we deemed proper, although we knew that his memory was not to exist by the aid of perishable canvass alone, but will contime to live as long as time shall last, in the hearts of his grateful countrymen, and the veneration and

applause of an admiring world.

It has been our fortune to live at a period, which has been marked by the most awful struggles and convulsions in the old world, and although the spectacle which Europe at present exhibits, is not as sanguinary and distrussing to the feelings of humanity as it was a few years past, when the different nations of that quarter of the world, were marshalled in hostile array against each other, yet there is abundant reason to believe, that the minds of the people, in many instances, are greatly dissatisfied with the internal condition of their affairs, which has prompted them to the adoption of measures and proceedings in some countries, which seem to menace the duration of their fundamental laws, and most important political institutions. We advert to those solenne opinion, and harmony of sentiment at home, in relation to the and interesting scenes which have lately been acted. ability, integrity and patriotism, with which our internal and ex- and some of which are still acting, upon the moval

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ohn Smith, Jr.

SALE. public auction on December next, of John Stockett, county, deceaswe, corn and fed-& genring, hoes, x months credit, ty, with interest and all sums ars, and under to ckett. Adm'r.

of John. racters d for Sala at

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and political theatre of Europe, for | ly well known, was closed against the purpose of exciting in our bo-soms, the livelest gratitude to the Supreme Buler of the universe, for the happy exemption of our state and nation, from those evils and calamities, with which they are afficted; and of inspiring our hearts with a zealous devetion to those excellent princi ples of virtue, and enlightened principles of freedom, upon which our forms of government are founded; governments which recognise as their fundamental principle, the sacred and unquestionable truth, that all political power, of right, originates from the people, and can only be legitimately and honestly administered, when the primary object of those entrusted with their delegated power, is the advancement of the people's happiness, prosperity and welfarc.

Entertaining an ardent hope, and a confident belief, that your legislative deliberations and proceedings will have a constant tendency towards the accomplishment of these important objects, and giving you our solemn assurance, that a co-operation with you in the attainment of them will be our constant study and ordeavour.

We have the honour to be, with high consideration and respect, your obedient servants.

SAML. SPRIGG.

#### CONGRESS.

MOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Friday, December 1.

MISSOURI EXPEDITION. Mr. Cocke, of Tennessee, offered

the following resolution: -Resolved, That the Secretary of War be directed to communicate to this House what sums of money have been actually paid to Colonel James Johnson, on account of transportation furnished the expedition ordered up the Missouri river; and also what sums have been paid him for detention of Steam boats or other incidental charges; whether any difference of opinion existed between the Department of War and said Colonel J. Johnson, relative to the value of transportation or other charges exhibited by him against the United States; if any differences existed, how were they adjusted; if by reference, who were the referees, what was their award, and what evidence was submitted to them, on which they formed their award.

The question was then taken on the adoption of the resolve, and agreed to, without a dissenting voice.

Mr. Lowndes gave notice that he should, on Wednesday next, move for the consideration of the resolution declaring the admission of the State of Missouri into the Union.

VACCINE INSTITUTION.

The engrassed bill to incorporate the Managers of the National Vac cine Institution, was read the third for concurrence.

Mr. Smith, of N. C. gave notice that he should, on Monday, move the consideration of the resolution introduced by him to amend the Constitution of the United States. And the House adjourned to

#### Monday, December 4.

Mr. Mc'Lean, of Kentucky, from the select committee, to whom was referred the petition of Matthew Lyon, made a report thereon, accompanied by a bill for his relief.

[The hill directs that there be paid to Matthew Lyon, out of the Treasury of the United States, one thousand and sixty dollars, being the amount of a fine and costs recovered against him in the Circuit Court of the United States, (ander the old sedition law,) with interest thereon from the 9th day of February, 1799, until paid.]

The bill was twice read and committed.

COMMERCE OF THE BLACK SEA. Mr. Fuller, of Mass. offered for consideration the following resolu-

Resolved, That the committee on Commerce be instructed to enquire into the expediency of providing by law, such means as may be necessary to obtain for the citizens of the United States the navigation of the Euxine Sea and a participation of the commerce of its ports and dependencies.

Mr. E. after remarking on the expediency of affording to commerce, under present circumstances, all the facilities in the power of the government to bestow, went on to say that our commerce with Russia, it was well known was at present al- ed and read a third'time, and was most entirely carried on through decided in the affirmative. the Baltie Se s, which, it was equal-

navigation for the greater part of the year by the severity of the cli-mate. The Euxine Sea, he said afforded much greater facilities, by means of the rivers which fall into it, for carrying on the trade with Russia. But, not having any agent there, we have no means of procur ing the permission to pass the Straits of the Dardanelles. From the information of others, however, Mr. F. said he had no doubt, that the requisite permission could be abtained by asking it in a proper form and manner. The free intercourse with the Euxine would, he said, be of much advantage to us in another point of view. At present, all our commerce with Turkey is carried on through Smyrna. Several ports of the Dardanelles, Mr. F. said would be more convenient for this purpose than Smyrna. Upon the whole, he thought it quite adviseable to have an enquiry made into this subject through the medium of a committee of the House.

Mr. Stevens, of Connecticut, said, in reference to Mr. Fuller's intimation that permission to pass the Streights could be obtained if asked in a proper manner, that he presumed the agent who asked it must go with something in hand and suggested the propriety of ascertaining, before they went further, what would be the cost of this project.

Mr. Rhea suggested that the mover would perhaps get more directly at his object by moving at once to request the executive to send a minister to Turkey.

The motion of Mr. Fuller was then agreed to without a division. Mr. Mercer submitted the follow-

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to lay before this house any correspondence that he does not deem it inexpedient to disclose, which may have existed between the executive of the United States and the governments of any of the maritime pow ers of Europe, in relation to the African slave trade.

The question thereon being taken without debate, was agreed to without division; and a committee was ordered to be appointed to present the same to the President.

The Speaker then laid before the house a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting his Annual Report on the state of the Treasury, and, on motion, of Mr. Storrs, three thousand copies thereof were ordered to be printed for the use of the house.

And the house adjourned.

Tuesday, Dec. 5.

On motion of Mr. Storrs, it was. Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury Department be directed to communicate to this House | the latest return made to that Department of the general statement time, passed, and sent to the Senate of the Bank of the United States articles of the first section of the and its others of discount and depo

On motion of Mr. Simkins, it was Resolved, That the Secretary of War be requested to lay before this House a particular statement of the expenses of the army of the United States, from the end of the late war till the present year, including the estimates for 1821, designating the expenditures in each branch of the army for each year, with such explanations as may be necessary to render the statement clear and explicit. Also, that he lay before this House the amount of balances, if any have accrued, in each year, from the moneys appropriated for the support of the army; in what way such balances have accrued, and how they have been disposed of or appropriated.

Mr. Cannon moved the adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Secretary of War be directed to lay before this flouse, as soon as is practicable, a statement showing the aggregate amount that has been expended on the Military Academy at West Point, in the State of New-York, from the establishment of the same to the present time.

The resolution was agreed to.

Amendment to the Constitution. The House then, on motion of Mr. Smith, of N. C. resumed the consideration of the resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution, in relation to the election of Electors of President and Vice President of the United States and Members of the House of Representatives.

The question was taken on ordering the resolution to be engross-

Wednesday, Dec. 6. Mr. Beccher, from the judiciary committee, reported a bill for altering the clime of holding the District Court of the United States for the District of Mississippi, which was twice read and committed.

Duty on French Tonnage. Mr. Newton, from the committee of commerce reported the following

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the act entitled "An act to impose a new tonnage duty on French ships and vessels," passed May 15th, 1820, shall not extend to, or operate upon, any French ship or vessel that shall have entered into any port within the jurisdiction of the United States prior to the 30th day of September, 1820. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted,

That the Secretary of the Treasury, after deducting a tonnage daty equal to that paid by every French ship or vessel which entered the ports within the jurisdiction of the Unit ed States, prior to the passage and operation of the act entitled "An act to impose a new tonnage duty on French ships and vessels," passed May 15th 1820, from the ton nage duty collected from French ships and vessels, by virtue of the above recited act, between the first day of July, 1820, and the 30th day of September following, be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to pay and refund the remainder of such tonnage duty, free from costs and charges, to any person or persons who shall have authority to receive the same.

The bill was twice read and committed.

On motion of Mr. Strong, the House proceeded to the consuleration of the resolution proposing an enquiry into the extent of claims for property lost and destroyed during the late war with Great Britain, the Seminole war, &c. and into the expediency of providing for their indemnification.

A motion to strike out of the resolution all except what relates to the amount claimed, was, after a few words from Mr. Strong against it, agreed to, 62 to 51.

Thus amended, the resolution was rejected by a small majority.

Mr. Foot, of N. Y. moved the ollowing resolution:

Resolved, That the committee on Naval Affairs, be instructed to enquire into the expediency of repealing so much of the act for the bet ter government of the Navy of the United States, as authorises the infliction of corporal punishment by stripes or lashes; and also to provide for the punishment of any officer or private in the Navy who shall send or accept a challenge to fight a duel, in the same manner as is provided in the 25th and 26th act for establishing rules and articles for the government of the armies of the United States.

Mr. Smith, of Maryland, said if he understood the resolution it proposed a measure which would have the effect to destroy the efficiency

of the Navy. Mr. Foot replied, that the resolution proposed only an enquiry-the object of which was the expediency of establishing an uniformity in the mode of governing the Army and Navy. In the act of 1812, regulating the articles of war corporal punishment in the Army had been abolished. Whether it was expedient to establish the same rule for the government of the navy or not, was a matter for enquiry, which might be ascertained under this resolution.

Mr. Smith, of Maryland, moved to lay the resolution on the table, which motion was agreed to.

The engrossed resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the United States, with respect to the mode of election of Representatives to Congress and Electors of President and Vice President of the United States, was read a third time.

Mr. Overstreet, desiring further time to make up his mind with regard to this question which he considered as one of the first magnitude, on which he had not yet satisfied himself, moved to postpone the further consideration of the resolution to Monday next.

This motion, the question being put, was determined in the negative. Mr. Anderson, said he should move a recommitment of this resp. lution to a committee, with instructions to strike out that part of it towhich he had taken exception. The motion for postponement to

Monday next, was agreed to 85 to

MISSOURI. The House having, on motion of Mr. Lowndes, resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the State of the Union Mr. Nelson of Va. was called to the chair.

#### MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Innapolis, Phursday, Dec. 14.

For the Maryland Gazerte. HELLENA-A ROMANCE

FOR HEARTS OF SENSIBILITY. Hellers stands upon the lone see shore, Nor minds the breeze that whittes wild and chill; Par o'er the wave her glassy eye do nore, And there she gazes, signs, and genes still.

Here parted William from the tender maid, Here part of love the first the parting bing The acress was of entange here paid; Then left her, filled with anguish and with blim Long has he stray'd—but now he shall return—"Say does he he we'd—le flaithful yet his heart? "He he flut asfe, ohl then his pulses burn, "Sancere as when he kiss'd ma to depart!"

And now her mind is wreak'd by boding fear, But soon bright hope illumes it for awhile, Thus to her check the slowly peaching tea, Bedows the rose that buds in every smile, Off push'd the bost-new dear lor'd William lands. But to his area a stranger serous clings. Nor to the maid that on the sea shore stands, One tender look from foreign clime he brings.

Her eyes met his—but that drear chilling gaze, Told her that love from William's heart had fled; To Heaven would she her hopeless eye not ruise; But silent tigh'd, and sunk and fell—she's dead. To her, he brought, said William turning round;

"My dear, I think we've stood here your enough; Then with an air of gravity profound. He coughed and hemmed smill-took a pirch of souff

December t, 1824.

For the Maryland Gazette.

The following address was delivered at a meeting of many of the inhabitants of West River, convened, for the purpose of establishing a Sunday School, by Col. Jour FRANCIS MERCER. While every christian and philanthrophist must rejoice at the disposition manifested, of late, by the better nformed classes of the community, in various parts of our country, to diffuse the light of knowledge amongst their less fortunate neighbours, and their children, it is peculiarly gratifying to behold some of our most distinguished citizens, whose retions are incorporated with the history of our country, in the calm evening of their well pent lives, not only giving the authority of their venerable names, but their personal exertions, to the advancement of the pious and benevolent work. This eloquent address made a deep impression upon the hearts of all, who heard it; and under the conviction, that its publication would have the best effect, a copy was solicited for the press, and politely conceded by the author.

#### ADDRESS.

Some gentlemen, whom I wish to oblige, have requested me to address this meeting disuse, I have lost the habit of speaking, o even thinking on public subjects; and hav ing as no time made education an object o particular enquiry, I doubt whether I can offer any thing new or useful. The object of the meeting is to establish a Sunday School, designed to spread the benefits of learning among that portion of society, who benevolent motives and extensive utility of such establishments, will be best explained by considering the advantages which learn ng confers on man in his individual caps ity, and as a member of society.

An industrious, thinking man, who has the misfortune to be unable to read or write has, at every step through file, selt the dis make out an account himself, nor read one that is presented to him; he must trust solely to his memory; whilst others, assisted Mis friend, his wife or children, may be far distant from him-he may wish to write to them, to converse, as it were, on his affairs. to open the secrets of his heart and situation to them; but this is denied to him; at best he must trust to some one who may deride and betray him He receives a letter on the most private business, intended only for his own eye, but it is a blank to him; he must expose it to some one, and discover perhaps the very thing he ought to conceal. This man may deceive him as to the con tents, or make an improper use of them. He is thus at the mercy of others That which is written, all that the wise and good have thought, said or done, is hidden from him; he opens the book of truth, but it speaks not to him; and even the word o lod is, as it were, closed against him. Letters then, next to life, are the most precious gift of heaven to mankind; as they are the only means of improving that life They give permanence to sensation and thought. You see, but the object passes from hefore your eyes, and is lost; you hear, but the sound is soon gone; you no longer feel, when the object is removed; you m remember for a time what you saw, heard and felt, but memory is frail, it soon fades and is lost forever to you, and the world. But write down what you saw, felt, heard or thought, and it is fixed forever; it becomes more imperishable than marble or brass; when you read it over, it appears fresh and strong as at the first moment, and will so remain to distant generations.

Thus it is, that by reading we become masters of the experience and reflection of those of our own country, and of the most distant parts of the earth; not only of these of our own day, but of those of distant ages. Each generation, each man may improve on all, that was said or done in time before him Have you a profession? Open your books, and all that science has discovered, is before your eye. Are you a mechanic? All the mysteries of your art, all kinds of improved machinery to abridge your labour, are described, explained, and represented to you in plates. Do you cul-tivate the earth? Every thing that the science and experience of the whole world has discovered, has been diligently collected for your use in books, and all the improved implements of agriculture are shown to your view. How delightful, when fatigued by the business or labour of the day, to take up a book, and to be in a moment, as it were, transported to distant ages and climes; to converse, in their works, with the wise and good, long vanished from the earth; and listen to their eloquence in words, that seem to glow fresh from their

the prodigal son, the bridger gards and Dives; these name vehicles of moral and religion are the names of private persons histories they are intended to histories they are intended to consider prices of human maters, to every probable situation, that can to people in private life, and the manner of acting in them. At me are congenial to all there, and come to every man's butiness. We are lewith the stories of fetitions prices in true; but we rejoice in their has and sympathise in their mistorius and sympathise in their mistorius and sympathise in their mistorius. and sympathise in their misorine our tears. These writings were at first with immorality and grosses they have been since purified by a sorship of public opinion, until fin pens of Miss Burney. Miss Edg Scott and many others, nothing for does not warm the heart with vis averaged by the sumpathy. How delightful to rad such books in an evening to sur a and how tranquil does it make the to close the day with tesons from book, which we are taught to revers to close the day with lessons from book, which we are taught to revers, word of God himself, and which, when self closes, offers to us a taper to co-us to a better world, where eye hath seen, nor ear heard nor the heart of imagined, the things that God hath pared, for them that love him in this pared, for them that love him in this

If such are some of the benefits best on man as an individual, those are sea less, that are conferred on him ma ber of society, or citizen of a govern with whose destiny, that of himself as posterity are inseparably connected

What has been the progress of First a savage, then a slave, and conder to travelto civilized freedom through m verned passions, and the artifices and pressions of power We may judge of origin of all the civilized nations of the we by viewing the Indian of our own count at war with all around him, and plan his tomahawk and scalping knife, with pity or remorse, into the bosom of his ow man; burning him with a slow hre, rejoicing in his groams; shivering in a nor rain; wallowing in brutal drankens and ready to stab his friend, his wife children, when the means of intoxicat can be procured; and starring, when able to procure the game Remem that this noble country once belonger him; that he has now vanished from it; is no more seen but in the distant will ness. It is not because he was red, for Mexicans and Peruvians of the same misphere were also Indians, and red; a they were gifted with letters, or equivals hieroglyphics, and they control the country like a garden, had splendid cit-and palaces, laws, morals, and most of the

blessings of civilized life.
Unfortunately, those who first taught leters to mankind, seem to have sought me their own advantage and power than the general good. The great legislators of the Heathen world were either all kings, or a royal or princely families. Such we Numa, Solon, Lycurgus, Confucius, Man co Capac, and Mahomet. Under the dispensations, the great and powerful wer generally idolized in this world, and offer worshipped when dead; such was the ca from their Saturn and Jupiter, to see wretches as Caligula and Nero. All the advantages of literature were confined to the great, whilst the poor and humble wen held in the chains of ignorance and slavery It was the spirit of their government an religion, that spoke, when Alexander th Great reproached Aristotle for publishin his works, and when the Khalif Omar of

dered the Alexandrian library to be burnt How different the divine author of the christian religion, although in reality of the royal lineage of David, he presented him self first to the world, as the son of a car penter. He chose his apostles from a petter. He chose his apostles from among fishermen, and from the humblest walks of life; his learning must have been from God, for without education, that we know of, at twelve he confounded the subtle doctors of the Jewish synagogue: he taught the little value of power and riches, when compared with virtue and obedience to the laws of God; and bade us look forward to another world, where the monarch and the state in world, where the monarch and the slave in this life, are equally to be punished or re warded. A doctrine so novel, and so offen sive to the pride and power of the governors of the earth, could not escape persecution and it made its way through the blood of martyrs, to the camp and the throne. There its principles have been perverted. The church has been corrupted by mitred dighave surrounded their thrones by standing arnites, who have been educated to set like moving machines, and not like men. But all their efforts have proved vain; letters and knowledge became too generally spread, to be again confided to any class of men; andwe have seen kings and princes bowing in su mission to the al pervading empire of pubconfided, have themselves become infarmed, and at their magic touch, the thrones of tyranny and osurpation, where vanished like the baseless fabric of a vision."

You, who have long been republicans, and acknowledge no other sovereign bus public opinion, learn how to discharge. vonr duty! How can the people indee at the conduct of their public servants, if they are ignorant and uninformed themselves If they cannot read and judge for themselves, must they not be subject to the de-lusions and impositions of the artini and lusions and impositions of the artial and designing, who would never appear if sure of being detected by an enlightened people! All those who wish for a happy, prespectus, and permanent government for them selves and their posterity, must wish education and information to be opered through every class of our citizens; and they must feal it their duty to contribute, by their personal and pecuniary aid, as far as prudence will permit, to instruct that numerous class, who have neither time sor money to spare, to educate themselves.

Sunday Schools are perhaps at prefent

Legislature of M

PETITION Yate Plummer be made walid, From sundry i Curles, for a repea! art, from sundry merset, for a law t portation of oyste ate. Fram Joseph S rect, for a special a From Edward urles, for permissio rain slaves into thi Mens Hancock, The following co

pointed: Of Claim Messrs. Bowles, W. Hall, Frazier,

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Legislature of Maryland. HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Wednesday, Dec. 6. PETITIONS. from Yate Plummer, that a deed be made valid, From Basil alling, that a deed may be made From sundry inhabitants of for a repeal of the law the time of holding of at, from sundry inhabitants of menet, for a law to prohibitathe portation of oysters out of the nte. Fram Joseph S Colger, of Somet, for a special act of insolven-From Edward H. Contee, of ules, for permission to introduce min slaves into this state. From Menas Hancock, of Baltimore

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The following committee were cointed: Of Claims. Messrs. Bowles, S. Stevens, Jr. W. Hall, Frazier, Duvall, Willis

Kingof Elections and Privileges. Messis. Boyle, Maulsby, Haynd, R. Stevens, Kent, Wilson, Hilleary.

of Ways and Means. Messts. Maulaby, Barney. Danl. linia, Cockey, J. Forrest, Kent M Polk. Orievances and Courts of Justice.

Bents, Marriott, Wright, J. P. Landy, Allen and Stoddert. Penions & Revolutionary Claims. Mestrs. Frazier, Cross, T. Ken-

Messes. Thomas Pollard, Richard essett, Wm. Boon, Jason Moore Samuel S. Hodgkin, were electcommittee clerks, who severally plifed as such.

The clerk of the council delivera communication from the execuve, which was read and ordered be printed.

The Rev. John Emory was apited Chaplain to the house. Mr. Beckett obtained leave to rea a bill for the valuation of the tt county.

Mr. Lake obtained leave to rea bill to alter and amend the amentary system of this state. Mr. J. B. Eccleston obtained are to report a further suppleto the act concerning crimes

maishments. Mr. P. Kennedy obtained leave the levy court of Baltimore counin certain cases.

Mr. Davis reports a bill for the ment of John Jameson, of Virginia, mich was passed by special order, seat to the senate for concur-

Mr. Key reports a bill for the feminion of real and personal pro-on in St. Marys, the was pass-by special order to the The house adjourned.

Thursday, Dec. PETITIONS. from John Toney, of he, a revolutionary soldier. From hy inhabitants of Dorchester, bridge between James' and Mar's Islands. From James Mo-It. for leave to introduce a late this state. From George of the city of baltimore, for mion to hold eal property maised before he was naturalizfrom Henry Penn, of Charles, sutherised to introduce cera daves into this state. From ttehison, of Prince George's, topport, From Wm. Wilson, a stitee, of Harford, for permissito complete the collection of mind Macattee, late collector hid county. From Catharine out, of Harford, tor support. in analy inhabitants of Cam-in landry inhabitants of Cam-its. Dorchester, for a law ap-mating a portion of the school to enable then the employ a moder, and that the trustees may innually appointed.

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If Barney obtained leave to result in the line of holding the court lane. Arundal county.

If Barney obtained leave to result in the line and lane are a bill regulating executions and lane is a order to process.

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Mr. Orrick obtained leave to me | ter a port a further supplement to the act for the distribution of a certain fund for the purpose of establishing free schools in the several counties there-

Mr. Allen reports a further supplement to the act for regulating the mode of staying executions and

for other purposes.

Mr. Dennis reports a bill for the relief of Joseph S. Colger, of Somer-set, which was passed by special order and sent to the senate for

Mr. Kennedy reports a bill tor the benafit of George Lash, of Bal-timor county, and a bill to permit James of other, Jr. to introduce a slave into this state.

The clerk of the senate returns the bill to alter the time of the meeting of Anne-Arundel county court, and the bill for the telief of Joseph S. Colger, of Somerset, severally passed.

Mr. Barney reports a bill to incorporate the trustees of M'Kim's school, in the city of Baltimore. Mr. Stoddert obtained leave to

report a supplement to an act relating to tegroes and to repeal the acts of assarbly passed in 1796.

The house adjourned.

Friday, Dec. 8. PETITIONS.

From sundry inhabitants of Harford, for repeal of a resolution .-From Burdit Posey, of Charles county, to make valid a deed. From sun dry inhabitants of Charles, that tolls for grinding grain may be increased. From Joseph Delaplane, of Montgomery, for a special act of insolvency From R. Garretson and J. W. Giles, to make valid a deed. From Eliza beth Gordon, Elizabeth Kisby, and Mar. Taylor, of Montgomery, for pensions. From Wm. Byus, of Dorchester, that a mistake in a resolution may be corrected. From the Nanticoke Bridge Company, to repeal the 9th section of the law incorporating them. From the securities of Thos. Thompson, to enable them to complete his collection -From John V. Price, to complete his collections. From Peregrine Ward, of Cecil, to remove a negro into the state. From sundry inhabitants of Caroline, that in cases of petitions for freedom, the party los. ing the suit shall pay all costs .-From Joseph Price, of Caroline, for a divorce. From James Chapline of Washington, for a special act of insolvency.

On motion of Mr. Stoddert, Leave to bring in a bill to provide for the collection and payment over of forfeited recognizances.

On motion of Mr. B. Forrest the

following regolution was read: Resolved That the resolution passed at the mber session 1817, in favour of the clerk of the council, and numbered 41, be and the same is hereby rescinded.

On motion of Mr. B. Forrest, Leave to bring in a bill to repeat the fifth section of the act to provide for the organization and regulation of the courts of common law in this state, &c.

On motion of Mr. R. Stevens, Ordered; That the Executive be requested to lay before this house any communications they may have teceived from the agent of the state respecting its claim on the general government for disbursements made, and expenses incurred during the late war; and also any communication they may have received from the war department.

On motion of Mr. Key, Leave to bring in a bill to regulate divorces. Mr. John Eccleston reports a further supplement to the act concerning crimes and punishments.

Saturday, Dec. 9.

PATITIONS.

From Rd. Philips, of Caroline, for a pension. From Samuel Stone, of Baltimore; for a law making it his duty to keep gares on a road through his land, and making it penal to injure said gates. From Rd. Johnson, of Montgomery, for a support.-From sundry inhabitants of Cecil, to prohibit the sale of any article either to eat or drink within two miles of a Methodist camp meeting. From John Herbert and David Harry, of Washington, for special acts of insolvency. From Robert Elzey and Nathaniel Horsay, of Delaware, praying remuneration for apprehending Jesso Griffith. From Rd. Odle of Anne-Arundel.

On motion of Mr. Barney, Leave to bring in a supplement to an act relating to the city of Baltimore.

The house preceded to the ac-

Whereas it appears that three persons have been elected delegates to the general assembly from Dorchester county, and that two persons had an equal number of votes -therefore Ordered, That the Speaker forthwith issue a warrant, to be directed to the sheriff of Dorchester county, to hold a new election for one person to be elected as a delegate from said county to this general assembly.

On motion of Mr. Stoddert, Leave to bring in a supplement to the act to reduce into one the several acts of assembly respecting elections, and to regulate said elections.

Monday, Dec. 11. On motion of Mr. Marfiott a message was sent to the senate proposing to go into the election of a Governor, and nominating Charles Goldsborough and Samuel Sprigg, esquires.

PETITIONS. From Mary Young, to introduce a slave into the state. From Rachel Freeman, of Charles, for a support. From Elizabeth Ann Williams, for a divorce. From Thos. E. Price, of Talbot, to introduce slaves into the state. From Joseph Duvall, of Montgomery, for a pension. From the visitors and governors of St. John's Colleage, for a lottery .-From Wm. Merrick, of Dorset, a revolutionary soldier. From John Ig chart, of Anne-Arundel, to introduce slaves into the state. From Lotty Stallings, of Anne-Arundel, for a support.

On motion of Mr. Forrest, Leave to report a supplement to the act for the establishment of free schools in the several counties therein named passed in 1816.

On motion of Mr. King, Leave to report a bill to repeal an act passed in 1817, to increase the pay of the judges of the orphans courts of the several counties therein named, so far as the same relates to Somerset

On motion of Mr. Reeder, Leave to report a bill to confirm the act to alter the time of meeting of the general assembly of this state and for other purposes, passed in 1819. On motion of Mr. Allen, Leave to report a bill concerning joint tenancy.

On motion of Mr. Maulsby, Leave to report a bill to repeal the 13th section of an act directing the time. place and manner of holding elections for sepresentatives of this state in the ongress of the United States, and for appointing electors on the part of this state for choosing a president and vice president of the United States, and for the regulation of said elections, and also to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned passed in 1790.

On motion of Mr. Barney, Leave to report a supplement to the act authorising the appointment of wood corders, and to regulate the cording of fire wood brought to the city of Baltimore for sale.

Mr. J. S. Maffett feports a supplement to an act to prevent the erection of booths within two miles of any camp or quarterly meetings in Worcester, Kent, Allegany, Caroline and Geoil counties passed in

After an interchange of messages with the senate the members of the house qualified and went into the choice of a governor, when it appeared on coursing the ballots that SAMUEL SPRICE. Esq. had 48 votes and CHARLES GOLDSBOROUGH Esq. had 46 votes, whereupon SAMUEL SPRIGG Esq. was declared as duly elected governor of Manyland for

On motion of Mr. Plater, Leave to report a bill to regulate sales by public auction.

Tuesday, Dec. 12.

PETITIONS. From Thomas Elless, for a pensi on. From Mary Norris, for a support. An application from Wm. B. Barney, agent of the U. S. relative to the erection of a light house. A petition from sundry inhabitants of Caroline, that the prison fees due byllames McCarty, may be levied on the county. From sundry inhabitants of the city of Baltimore, for the extension of North-street. From sundry owners of lots on Light-st. in Baltimore, for a law to explain the act of 1805, so as to secure the rights granted them by the act of

between the two houses they proto the Governor; upon counting the bailots it appeared that John Ste-phen, Thomas H. Wilkinson, James Nabb, James Butcher, and Grafton

Davall, esquires, were elected.
On motion by Mr. Alderson, the following order was read. Ordered, That the treasurer furnish the clerks of the commissioners of the tax with a list of military pensioners residing in their respective counties, and that the Executive obtain from the clerks of the commissioners of the tax a certificate of the amount of property assessed to each person residing in their respective counties, who are now receiving military pensions, and lay the same before this house.

Mr. Barney teports a supplement to the act incorporating the Commercial and Farmers' Bank of Baltimore.

Washington, Dec. 5. The Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury was yesterday transmitted to both Houses of Congress. It is of greater length than usual; and, as it will be the ground work of the fiscal arrangements of the present session, has been look. ed for with much interest.

Not being able to publish it to day, we have endeavoured to ascertain the general nature of its contents, for the information of our readers. We cannot, from a hasty glance, be expected to be very precise in our account of it, but we have from the surface of the Report gathered the following facts:

The receipts into the Treasury for the present year (including monies received from loans) are stated at 16,819,637 dollars. The payments into the Treasury during the fourth quarter from the same sourdes are estimated at 3,430,000 dollars, making the total estimated revenue of the present year 20,249,-637 dollars; which, added to the balance in the Treasury on the 1st day of January last, amounting to 2,076,607, makes the aggregate amount of 22,326,244 dollars. The Expenditures for the same period

estimated at 25,064,513 dollars. There will therefore, according to this estimate, be a balance against the Treasury, on the 1st day of next month, of \$2,638,169, the receipts from the customs having fallen greatly short of the amount at which they were estimated in the last annual report.

Of the expenditures of this year, it is estimated that there has been and will be paid, of the principal and interest of the Public Debt, 10,740,000 dollars, being more than two fifths of the whole current expense of the year.

The Revenue for 1821, is estimated at 16,550,000 dollars, and the certain and contingent expenditures at 21,365,417 dollars; which, added to the balance against the Treasury on the 1st of January next, will make the sum of 24,001,586, and will consequently leave "a balance of 7,451,586 dollars beyond the estimated means, for which provision is to be made.'

We are free to confess that this is not as favourable a view of the state of the Treasury as we had anticipated, but it is such an one as leaves no room for despondency, and involves no perplexing considerations. The public debt has been lessened, during the past year, by redemptions and purchases, more than it has been encreased by loans and by the anticipated balance against the Treasury on the Ist of January next. The same may be said of the calculations for the next year; that the sum to be borrowed for the use of that year will be less than the amount of principal of the public debt which will be paid off within the same time.

For future years, the prospects are encouraging, the calculation being that the annual revenue, will, for several years after 1821, exceed the annual expenditure.

Mr. Secretary Crawford, therefore, suggests that it is not necessary at present to resort to additional objects of taxation with a view to revenue, and urges several dissussives, which our readers in duetime shall have the pleasure of reading. Loans for occasional wants he considers as preferable. But, about The house preceded to the according of the further supplement to the act for regulating the ment to the act for regulating the mode of staying executions, and af-

ter some time spent in considering and amending the same, it was postponed until Monday.

On motion of Mr. Boyle, the following order was read and assented

or interchange of messages

or interchange of messages

or indispensable, and may be obtained on eligible terms.

Of a long report this brief sketch of course affords a very imperfect of course affords a v ides; but it will be more acceptable to the reader than a total silence respecting it. Nat. Intel.

> MARRIED, On Sunday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Wathins, Mr. Lemuel Sullivan, to Miss Willy Gardner, all of this city.
>
> On the same evening by the

Rev. Mr. Emory, Mr. William Scott, to Miss Eliza Bryan, both of this county.

State of Maryland, Sc. Calvert County, Orphans Court,

On application of Joseph Wood, administrator of Thomas B. Wood, late of Calvert county, deceased. It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Republican and Maryland Gazette, of Annapolis.

William Smith. Reg. of Wills

for Calvert County.

Notice is hereby Given, That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Calvert county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thiodeceased. All persons having claims again to said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, an or before the first day of June next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this twenty-#3venth day of November, 1830.

Joseph Wood, Adm'r. Hunting Town, Calvert County,

#### NOTICE.

In consequence of the unfavourable ppearance of the weather, the meets ing of the Agricultural Society of Mts. ryland is adjourned until Thursday the 11th January, when a meeting will be held at the Assembly Room inthis city, at 10 o'clock A. M. As this is the annual meeting of the society, at which all appointments are to be made, the members are particularly requested to attend. An appropriate address will be delivered by a member of the Socie-

Annapolia Dec. 14, 1820

State of Maryland, Sc.

Calvert County Trphans Court,

Tay 10th, 1820.
On application of John Lawrence, executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Chambers, late of Calvert county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week; for the space of six successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, and Maryland Republican, of Annapolis.

William Smith, Reg. of Wills for Calvert County.

Notice is hereby Given.

That the subscriber, of Calvert county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Calvert county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Jacob Chambers, late of said county, deceased All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the first day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under me hand, this lat day of December 1822

John Enurence, Exer. of Jacob Chamber 69.

SADDLERY, &c.

The subscriber thanks his friends and the public, for the liberal encouragement he has received of them; and takes this opportunity of informing them, that he still continues to carry on the Saddlery Business, a few doors below the city Tavern, or Williamson's Hotel, where he has and intenda keep-ing on hand, a complete and tasty as-sortment in his line, on the most econgmadating terms.

John Nelson Steuart. N. B. He has on hand a good supply of Imited in Beaver hate also, very strongly seembling the real Beaver, of all sizes which will be disposed of on very moderate terms.

INDEPENDENCE.

The subscriber has remaining on hand a few superb copies of Binn's Declaration of Independence, (with a fac simils of each signer's name) which he offers to the public, together with a choice splection of

Winter Goods. Richard Ridgelf

#### JOHN-THOMPSON

Informs his friends and the public, that he has laid in a complete and ge-neral assortment of

#### GOODS,

Suitable for the present season.

CONSISTING OF Superfine and second Cloths and Cassimeres, a variety of colours.

estings, &c. &c. All or any of which he will be happy to make up in the neatest and most fashionable style.

## CITY HOTEL.

That Well Known Establishment, the Union Tavern & City Hotel,

Formerly kept by George Mann, in the City of Annapolis, has lately been purchased, and is now

#### JAMES WILLIAMSON, Who has opened a large and commodi-

ous TAVERN, where Boarders and Travellers will receive the most unremitted attention, and the best of every thing which the seasons afford.

Those who formerly favoured him with their custom, may be assured that every exertion will be made, and his personal aid given, to render them perfeetly satisfied, and he invites those who have never witnessed his desire to ple ase to give him a call, confilent that if they do so once, they will repeat the visit whenever opportunity offers

The Best Liquors, and fare of every kind that can be procured, shall be of fered to his customers, and the great er t attention paid to, and care taken of their horses. He therefore solicits public patronage.

Manch 23. Manch 23.

#### BLANKS

For Sale at this Office.

1 leclarations on Promissory Notes, and bills of exchange against Drawer. first, second, and third Endorser, in assumpsi: generally.

1 lebt on Bond and Single Bill, Common Bonds, [ \ppeal

7 obacco Notes, &c. &c. May 18

#### NOTICE.

The subscribers hereby forewarn all p rsons from hunting with dog or gun. or in any manner trespassing upon U eir farm called the President, (formerly Horn Point,) lying opposite this dity, as they are determined to proseoute offenders to the rigour of the law. They have been constrained to this un p leasant measure by the certainty, that nest only their fields and woods are liable to be estroyed by fire so long as the practice of gunning is followed up in them, but that their farm-house, and other buildings, and fences are likewise exposed to similar larger.

George John Barber.

#### CENTRAL TAVERN.

That well known establishment, the Central Tavern, formerly kept by capt. Thomas, in the City of Annapolis, has lately been purchased and put in com plete repair, and is now occupied by

JOSEPH DALFY, who has opened a large and commodious

# TAVERN.

where Boarders and Travellers will receive the most unremitted attention, and the best of every thing which the seasons afford. Gentlemen attending the Legislature, and the public in general, will find it to their advantage to give him a call, as he pledges himself nothing will be left undone to render every satisfaction to his customers .-The best Liquors, and fare of every kind that can be procured, shall be offered to his customers, and the greatest attention and care take of their Hor-ses. He therefore solds a share of public patronage.

Nov. 23. PUBLIC SALE.

The abscriber will sell on Saturday 23d Dec next, at Mr. J. N. Stockett's farm, in South River Neck, one mare and colt, and some household furniture, consisting of bods and bedding &c.—
The terms of sale, for all sums above Ten Dollars a credit of six months with security, and all sums under that to be

Ldward Jones, Ador'r. of Wm. Onhan. Nov. 30 3w ->

#### Was Committed,

To my custody as a runaway on the 24 inst A negro woman whereavs her name is Rachel, appears to be about thirty five years of age, and so i morant that nothing can be got from her as age or owner. She is five feet two inches high, of a dark complexion, thick lips and large eyes, has on a coarse blue judget and match coat blanket petticont. Her owner is requested to come forward and take her away otherwise she will be dealt with as the law di-

Benj. Harris, Stiff.

# GEORGE SHAW,

Has just received a new supply of Goods, which are offered for Sale upon reasonable terms.

# GOODS,

Cloths and Cassimeres, Blankets-Flannels, Worsted Drawers and Shirts, Worsted and Lambs Wool Hosiery, Cotton and Silk Russia and Irish Sheeting, Irish Lineus, Linen Cambric, Kenting-Callicoes, Shirting Muslin, Woodstock Gloves, Ladice Beaver and Kid Gloves, Red and Green Baize,

German Rolls, Cambric Muslins, Plain and Figured Book do. Picquet Leno Dimities-Patinet,

Bandana and Flag Handkerchiefs, White and Black Italian Crape, Silks of various colours, Bombazetts, Ribbons assorted,

Tapes-Bobbin-Thread, &c. Umbrellas.

And many other Articles not enumerated.

# GROCERIES,

Brandy-Spirit, Gin-Old Whiskey. NE. Rum-Common Whiskey, S. Madeira, WINES, Sherry, Malaga Spermacetti Oil. Allspice-Nutmegs, Mare-Cloves, Ginger-Starch,

Loaf and Brown Sugar, Young Hyson, TEAS, Hyson Skin, Southong Coffee-Chocolate, Rice-Barley, Mustard-Pepper, Mould and Dipped Candles, Spermacetti Tobacco-Segars, Salt Petre-Copperas, &c. &c.

Window Glass, Oils & Paints. Ironmongery & Cutlery,

Comprising an extensive Assortment.

# Stationary and Books,

Including a great variety of Writing Paper, of different sizes and qualities, Quills, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Ink, Ink Powder, Inkstands, Slates, Cyphering and Copy Books, &c. &c.

# A Valuable Collection of Books

In various departments of Literature.

And a variety of Classical and School Books.

G. S. Has also for Sale a variety of

# China & Crockery Ware,

And many other ARTICLES which are not particularly specified in this advertisement. All of which are offered for Sale at reasonable prices.

# Book Binding

In all its varieties executed as usual.

Annapolis, October 26, 1820.

Notice is hereby given to the stock holders in the South River Bridge Com pany, that an instalment of four dol

South River Bridge Company.

lars on each share of stock by them respectively held, is required to be paid to the treasurer of the said company, at the Farmers Bank of Maryland, on Monday the first day of January next By the act of incorporation, any stockholder who shall fail to pay any

instalment which shall at any time be called for, for the space of one month, shall forfeit the sum or sums before paid by him, on his stock, to the use of the said corporation, and shall also forfeit his right to said stock on account of which he shall be delinquent, and the president and directors shall have power to sell said stock for the use of said corporation; and if any forfeited share or shares of stock shall not produce on sale a sum sufficient to discharge the balance due thereon, and the expences of sale, the said delinquent stock holder or stock holders shall

remain liable for the balance due. By order of the President and Direc-The ranklin, Treasurer.

NEW & CHEAP GOODS

Wm. Hall, Jerchant Tailor Informs his friends and the public, that he has just returned from Baltimore, with a handsome assortment of

GOODS which he will make up in the most fashionable and neates manner, on the shortest notice, for tash, or on short credit to punctual distomers. Persons purchasing elsewhere, are informed that he will make up their cloth on the most reasonable Terms.

One or two Apprentices will be taken,
Hoys from the country preferred.
NB. The subscriber has taken the
house bely occupied by Mr. Edward
Williams, where he will be prepared
on an after the 19th inst. to receive

A TEACHER WANTED

The present teacher of Anne-Arundel County Free School intending to remove, the visitors will continue to re-ceive proposals from this time until the 1st of January next, to supply his place. The requisite qualifications under the law are, that the teacher should understand the different branches of an English education, but if he could also teach the languages, a very adequate compensation and encouragement would be given. The respective candidates will be required to undergo an examination, which will take place on the 1st Saturday of January, when it will be necessary to produce testimonials of good moral character.

Letters on this subject addressed, by mail or otherwise, "To the visitors of Anne Arundel county free school," and directed to Annapolis, Md will be carefully attended to.

Nov. 16. ławtlJ.

NOTICE.

Was taken up yesterday on Sandy Point, some rigging the owner is re-quested to prove his preperty, take it away, and pay for this advertisement. Henry May

#### Nov. 24 BASIL SHEPHARD,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Respectfully informs his eustomers, and the public in general, that he has received a supply of the best materials in his line of business, consisting of Superfine Cloths, Black, Blue, &c.

Cassimers, Mill'd and Double Mill'd Drabs, Vestings nesorted, &c.

All of which will be made up in the best manner, and upon the most reasonable terms, agreeable to the wishes sonable terms, agreeable to the wishes of those that may favour him with orders. For past favours he feels grateful, and is anxious by his best endeavours to deserve a continuance of public patronage.

Heady made Plaid Cloaks for sale.

Nov. 2.

New and very cheap Goods.

NICHOLAS J. WATKINS INFORMS HIS FAIRNDS AND THE PUBLIC THAT'RE HAS JUST RECEIVED,

ANEW STOCK of GOODS

MONG WHICH ARE THE POLLOWING: Best Saxon Black and Blue Cloth Fancy and London Brown do Fashionable Mistures Doub's Milled Drab Second do
Riack, Grey and Light Cassimeres
Light and Dark Mixtures
Fashionable Light Cord
White and Coloured Marseilles
Olive Cords and Plannels, &c.

And other articles ton tedious to enumerate.

Any or all of which will be made up in
the most fashionable and sub ner, and on the shortest notice.

BOARDING-HOUSE.

MRS. ROBINSON having leased that large and commodious Building, near the Church, recently occupied as a Tavern by Mr. James Williamson, is prepared to accommodate Bearders by the day, week, month or year. Those who may be pleased to favour her with their patronage, may be assured that every exertion will be made to promote their comfort and satisfaction. A Livery Stable being situated in the vicinity of her House, Travellers may, with entire confiders, upon their Horses being carefully bended to. March 23



The New and Elegant Steam Boat

#### Maryland, CLEMENT VICKARS, COM-

MANDER. Has commenced her regular route betwee · Easton, Annapolis and Bal-

timore for the accommodation of Passengers, Horses and Carriages.

The Maryland is not surpassed in point of elegance or speed by any Boat in the United States.

She leaves Easton on Mondays and Thursdays at 8 o'clock, AM calling at Todd's Point and Oxford, to receive passengers; arrives at Annapolisat half past one o'clock, and leaving there at half past two o'clock, arrives at Baltimore at six o'clock, PM. the same evening. Returning, leaves Baltimore on Wednesdays and Saturdays at eight o'clock, AM. arrives at Annapolis at half past eleven; leaves Amapolis at half past twelve, and arrives at Easton at six o'clock the same evening. Pas-sengers wishing to go to Philadelphia, can be put on board the Union Line of Steam Boats from Baltimore, and will arrive at Philadelphia early the next

All Baggage and Letters at the March 2

## NEW AND CHEAP CASH STORE.

W. BRYAN, & CO. Having taken the stand formerly occupied by Mt. Munroe, as Post Office, (next door to Mr. J. Hoghes, ) have just received,

and are now offering for Sale, a general assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c. Among which are (Cloths and Cassimeres Cordnroys and Velvets, Vesting, Flannels, Baizes, Irish Linens & Lawns, Linen Cam-

bric, Irish & Russia Sheetings, Steam Loom and other Shirtings, Cambric. Book & MnH Muslin, Insertings, Canton, Italian & Hatband Crapes, Black & White Sattin, Rib bons assorted Table & Russia Diapers, Dimities, Domestic Shirtings, Sheetings & Plaids, Calicoes & Ginghams, Shawls & Handkerchiefs, Bombazetts & Bombazines, Madeira, Port, Sherry, Lisbon & Malaga Wines, Cogniac Brandy, Jamaica Spirit Holland Gin, Old Rye Whiskey, NE. Rum Common Whiskey, Loaf & Brown Sugar Coffee, Chucolate, Hyson, Y. Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Southong Teas, Black & Cay Ground Ginger, Nutmens, Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, Indigo & Fig Blue, Copperas, Madder, Starch, Powder, Shot, & Gun Flints, Mould & Dipt Candles, Soap, Raisins, Rice, Crackers, Cigars, Snuff & Tobacco. Besides many other articles too tedious to insert, all of which will be sold on accommodating terms or Cash. They therefore solicit persons to wish to procure bargains to give them locall.

Taken up adrift,

By the subscribers, between Hack ett's and Sandy Point, on Friday the 24th instant, aschooner, whose name, from her papers, appears to be the Blossom, of Baltimore, Capt. Samuel Scott, master, her mainmast gone, neither sails, anchor, cable, or boat on heard. board.

I'he following article were found on board to wit: Six barrels of Whiskey an

Two do. flour One gun, a Camboose, a daddle and bridle, a coil of rope, sundry sedding and wearing apparel, and several small articles, also \$71 845 in cash.

The owner is requested to forward, prove his property, pay chargos and take her away. Spedden & Robert Wilson.

OF GOOD OUT

of this quality. There have been improvements added to the her meny other conveniences erected, it has been in the hands of the p

A credit of one, two and three will be given to the purchaser, of the purchase . down, and annual interest on the paid portions.

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Also for sale the Land formerly by Henry H. Brown, called Pro Plains," containing about 270 acr which Mr. Welch now resides, certain covenants. This land is advantageously situated on the land in fithe Severn, with a most convelanding on Plum Creek, landar Plaster, and yields Tobacco of the quality. This tract will be sold same terms of payment as the pring ones—and if the whole be no by private contract before the Mouday in October next, they we that day, at 10 o'clock, be sold by that day, at 10 o'clock, be sold by lic Vendue at the Rising Sun state Apply for particulars to Mr. I Polland, our the premises, to Mr. I Sauds in Annapolis, or to the Sauds in Annapolis, bers in Baltimore.

I also offer for sale the land e BODKIN NECK

on the river Patapaco and the containing upwards of 1100 act. This land is held by tenants under tain covenants, yielding \$700 a A ert of it has commodious dwel on it, and is in a high state of impe ment—The supply of manure by a sitions from the Bay, is beyond wants of the land. There is an a dance of deer and wild turkey on land, and a great portion of it is in a few countries. of second and original growth vicinity to Baltimore; its fisheries, other circumstances independent value as a farm, give it great a

I will also sell all the lands that known by the name of The Conon and Howard's Fancy, lately held Major T. Dorsey and Mr Yeald adjoining the Blackhorse tavers, miles from Annapolis. They con together, about 600 acres, and con tute one of the first positions for a of any location in that section of

The quality of the soil is a red le similar to the best lands on West Ri Plaster and clover will in one year duce great fertility, and wheat may raised on it, yielding a great crop may be seen by the crops within neighbourhood on lands of similar lity There are the best natural a dows on this farm, of any in the ne bourhood. A long credit will be g to the purchaser for the greatest of the money. Apply to Mr Jo Sands in Annapolis, or the subscri in Baltimore.

Richard Cate

July 20.

#### OYSTER HOUSE. The subscriber thankful for the

The subscriber thankful for the ny is cours conferred on him during last see on, intends again carrying an Oyste. House in all its branche commence on Monday next, where themen can be commodated with ters, terrapins and wild fowl, ser up with decency and dispatch, door below the post dice. Priparties or clubs shall be served by public's humble acreant. public's humbleservant.

John Smith

Nov. 30. PUBLIC SALE

Will be exposed at public auction Friday the 22 day of December at the late residence of John Stock late of Anne Arundel county, dec ed, two horses, two cows, corn and der, together with plantation uten consisting of, ploughs & gearing, h &c. The terms of sale, tor all sun bove ten dollars six months cre with approved security, with into from the day of sale, and all sun mounting to two dollars; and under

Joseph Stockett, Adm's

Nov. 30. Modern Characters Just published and for Sales Geo. Shaw's Start.

PRINTING

Of every description, neatly execu ut this Offige

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Apply to Mr Jos polis, or the subscri

A Richard Cate

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John Smille

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James Nelson

# EW AND CHEAP GOODS.

& J. BARBER, & CO.

jet received an extensive, well selected, and handsome assortment

# DRY GOODS.

the latest importations. And have made considerable additions to their former stock of

# Groceries, Ironmongery, and Hardware,

of which they will dispose of at the most reasonable prices for Cash, and to punctual customers on the usual credit.

AMONG THEIR GOODS ARE THE POLLOWING, VIZ:

fne and Fine Cloths, Clothe and Kerseys, ign and Baise, fine Cassimeres, Since Cloths. tings, Cords and Velvets, Worsted and Cotton Huse, intets 8 1.4 to 12, heh Coat and Point Blankets, els, white, coloured & figured, Linens and Kentings, man do. Cottons assorted, whice, Muslins, figured & plain, and Book Muslin, Cambrics, Cravatings, kerchiefs, Silk and Cotton, lines and Ginghams assorted, and Kid Gloves, hadin and Beaver do. Brads, Cottons and Buttons,

Cotton Balls and Sewing Silks. Linen Diapers, and Table Cloths, White and coloured Domestics, Ladies Cloth Shawls, Canton Crape do. Canton Crapes, black and figured, Crapes of various colours, Coloured Cambrics, Coloured Bombazetts, Ribbons assorted. Brown Hollands, Bed Tickings, Bombazeens, Cotton Yarn, Senshaws, Patinets, Sheetings, Carpetings and Bindings, Gentlemen's Furred Hats. Coarse Hats, Cheap Shoes, Parasols of various sizes. Leading Lines and Traces, Tortoise Shell and other Combs. Bed Cords, Writing Paper and Slates.

al, Lump and Brown Sugar, Cafee, Nice, and Rye Coffee, M Byson, Young Hyson, Imperial, Souchong, and Hyson Skin

WINES,

facrific | Metra and Port Wines in Bottles, emiac and Bourdeaux Brandy, Mand Gin, ach Brandy,

Whiskey, WI Rum.

Sperm. Mould and Dipt Candles, White, brown and yellow Soap, Crackers, Superfine Pilot Bread, Plums, Raisins, Almonds, Prunes, Mustard, Chocolate, Butter, Lard, Bacon, Pork, and Coarse and Fine Salt,

Sweet and Castor Oil, Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs, Allspice, Cinnamon, Pepper, Ginger, Salt Petre, and Glauber and Epsome Salts,

Best Chewing Tohacca, Best Spanish and Country Cigars, Scotch and Rappee Snuff, mmon do. New England Rum, | Brushes of various kinds assorted,

## Their assortments of lhina, Liverpool & Glass Ware, and Ironmongery,

g complete, they consider it unnecessary to name the different articomprised in them. They have Coffee Mills, Patent Coffee Roasters, rows, Nails, Locks, &c. Cutting Knives, Wire Seives and Sifters, toden Ware assorted, Stone Ware assorted, Earthern Ware assorted, indow Glass, Guns, Liquor Cases, Olls and Paints of various kinds sicologre, Powder, Shot and Flints. They have a supply of

Goe Seed, Shingles, Lumber, and Richmond Coal, which they will sell low.

Amipolis, November 23, 1820.

R. Persons whose accounts have been long standing are requested call and make payment.

late of Maryland, Sc. May 10th, 1820.

& spolication of John Lawrence, been of the last will and testament has Chambers, late of Calvert and deceased, it is ordered that the the notice required by law relitors to exhibit their claims athe an isceased, and that the is published once in each wook. Maryland Gazette, and Maryan, of Annapolis.

William Smith, Reg. of Wills for Calvert County.

otice is hereby Given, atheaberiber, of Calvert counth obtained from the Orphans at of Calvert county, in Maryland, of Caivert county, in Maryland, tatamantary on the personal case of Jacob Chambers, late of said my, deceased. All persons having against the said deceased, are warned to calipitate same, with secular thereof, to the subscriber, a before the first day of June they may otherwise by law be ad from all benefit of said estate. Such representations of said estate.

John Laurence, Bare'r.
of Jacob Chambers.

LAW INTELLIGENCE. A singular trial for felony took place a short time since, at the November Oyer and Terminer, at Montreal. The prisoner, a clerk in the employ of M. Tavish, M. Gillivrays & Co. was indicted for stealing sundry checks upon the Montreal Bank drawn by his employers. That he bad embezzted property in different ways was clearly proved. He had made fraudulent entries in the books of the concern, pro and con, and in many instances, to cover his embezzlements, had charged persons with monies which they had never received. The cash business of the firm was all transacted through the bank. Every month, the checks issued by the firm, on the settlement of the bank account, were taken back; but the book keeper of the bank had neglected to cancel the checks by crossing or punching a hole through them, for 12 months and upwards. This remissness afforded the prisoner an opportunity of presenting the checks for payment a second time; and he did so in many instances, and succeeded without suspicion. The checks found upon him, and for stealing which he was indicted, had been sable report on the petition of Cor- hoper against the resolution

once paid. It was proved, however, that these checks were delivered so the prisoner by another elect. The counsel for the delence argued two points—ist. That to constitute a fellony as committed by a servant, real or constructive possession of the property must be proved in the the property must be proved in the person of the master. And, 2ndly, That the property so stolen, must have a legal value; if paper, that paper must be the representative of, and liable to be converted into money, to render the stealing of it follows. Upon the first point the counsel for the defence argued, that neither real nor constructive possession on on the part of the master, was on on the part of the master, was established, because the delivery was not by the master, but by one servant to another. This being the fact, no felony could have been committed by the prisoner. Upon the second point, it was contended that the papers alledged to have been stolen, having been once paid, was of no value. If the bank suffers itself to be duned into repayment, (unless the drawer, by reissuing it, gives it value,) the bank must suetain the loss-the drawer is not liable. The paper found on the prisoner having become extince in the eye of reason and of law, the taking of it cannot be felony. The counsel for the prosecution contended that what gives value to paper, is its liability to be converted into money. The prisoner had in his possession what was liable to be so converted, and was consequently chargeable with felony. The Court detided that the prosecution must fail-Possession derived from one servant to another, is not possession derived from the master. The checks having been once paid, the purpose for which they were issued has been answered. They then become waste paper, except, as in the case of bank notes in England, they may be again issued by the drawer, and he, by that act, be again liable for their value. If the officers of the bank pay paper a second time, without authority from the drawer,

Legislature of North-Carolina.

they do so to their own loss, the

thing paid being not of the value

ascribed to it. The prisoner must

be acquitted.

In the Senate of the State, there took his seat, as a member, Josiah Crudup, a Baptist Clergyman. The constitution of this state contains the following article: viz.

"No clergyman, or preacher of the gospel, of any denomination, shall be capable of being a member he continues in the exercise of the | twice and committed. pastoral function.

A motion was made to vacate the seat of Mr. Crudup, on this ground. Mr. Crudup admitted that he was a regularly ordained minister of the Baptist Church; that he had performed the ceremony of baptising once, (more than two years ago,) and had married several couple some considerable time since, and that he retained all the authority he ever possessed of performing said ceremonies, but denied that he had ever administered the sacrament or exercised any "pastoral functions." The debate was animated, and resulted in adopting the resolution of expulsion, by 36 votes to 15. A resolution was then introduced to vacate the seat of another member, on the same grounds. We recollect a similar case which occurred many years ago, in which, on the last day of the session, we believe, and as it were for the form of compliance with this provision of the constitution, the Rev. Mr. Culpeper, now a Representative in Congress from North Carolina, was expelled from his seat in the Legislature.

#### CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENATIVES. Thursday, Dec. 7.

Mr. Williams, of N. C. from the committee of claims, to whom was referred the petition of James Smith, representative of Andrew Smith, deceased, made an unfavourable report thereon, which was read and ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. W. also made an unfavour-

Nelson, of Va. in the chair on the resolution declaring the admission of Missouri into the Union on an equal footing with the other States of the Union. And the question having been sgain stated.

Mr. Sergeant rose, occupying upwards of two hours.

#### Friday, Dec. 8. MISSOURI.

The house then again resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Hill in the chair, on the resolation declaring the admission of Missouri into the Union on an equal footing with the original states.

Mr. Storrs, of N. York, in a speech of about an hour's length, assigned the reasons which would induce him to vote against the resolution.

Mr. Barbour, of Va. in a speech of somewhat greater length, defended the resolution, and vindicated the right of Missouri to the form of admission into the Union.

When Mr. Barbour concluded, there seemed not to be a disposition in any person to rise.

Mr. Smyth, of Va. said that he wished to present his views on the subject, but was not prepared to do so this afternoon. He therefore asked that the committe should rise, and ask leave to sit again.

The committee, however, refused

Mr. Archer, of Va. said, that he too, wished to address the House on this question, but was prevented from doing so to-day by bodily indisposition.

Another motion for the committee to rise was negatived.

At length, however, after one or two more refusals, the committee rose and reported the resolution to the House: and after several ineffec. tual attempts, a motion at length prevailed to lay it on the table.

And the House adjourned.

#### December 9.

A bill, making a partial approof either the senate or house of priation for the military service of commons, or council of state, while the U. States for 1821, was read

On motion of Mr. Cacke, it was Resolved, That the Secretary of War be directed to communicate to this house any information he may possess tending to show whether the order given by Col. King of the 4th regiment of Infantry, to shoot, deserters taken in the fact, was ap proved by any general officer of the U. States, or known, or passed over in silence by him, as stated in the defence of said Col. King, before a court martial, convened in Alabama, in 1819. And also, any information he may possess showing that corporal punishment has been inflicted on any soldier, whereby he came to his death-and, if any, by whose order it was inflicted, and what measures have been taken relative thereto.

The Speaker, laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting the latest return made to the Treasury Department, of the general state of the Bank of the U. States and its offices of discount and deposit, in purauance of the resolution of the 5th wat, which letter and statement were laid on the table.

An engrossed bill respecting the times of session of the District Courts, was read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for con-

Missouri-Gen. A. Smith of Va. took the floor this morning, in behalf of the resolution for admitting Missouri.

The house adjourned, without taking the question, on the conclusion of the remarks of Mr. Strong, counties in this state. of New-York, who spoke about an

Legislature of Maryland.

#### SHNATE

Monday the fourth day of Decem-ber one thousand eight hundred and twenty, being she day appointed by the constitution and form of gov-ernment for the meeting of the general assembly, appeared in the Senate.

William Spancer, Robert G. Har-per, George D. Parnham, Visgil Marcy, William Hughlett, William Carmichael, Esqu.

The members present adjourned datil to-morrow morning.

Tuesday, Dec. 5. The same members appeared as on yesterday. Robert P. Magruder, esq. appeared in the Senate. The members present adjourned

until to morrow morning.

Wednesday, Dec. 6. The same members appeared as on yesterday. Peter Emerson and Joseph Cresap, Esquires, appeared in the Senate.

A sufficient number of members to compose a senate being convened, they severally qualified in the presence of each other, before Ros bert Welch, of Ben. one of the justicies of the peace for Anne-Arundel county, agreeably to the constitution and form of government.

The President laid before the house the following letter.

Baltimore, Nov. 10, 1820.

Having occasion to take a journey to the Southward this winter, I think it proper to tender this, my resignation of the place I have the honour to hold in the senate of Maryland. In doing so, I beg you to believe, that nothing but circumstances of a very important nature to myself, would have induced me to absent myself from the senate this winter. I assure you, that the pleasure derived from the friendship I have there formed, and a sense of the kindness I have uniformly experienced, will be ever remembered with the greatest satisfaction and delight. I beg leave to make my best acknowledgments to the honoura. ble body over which you so well preside; and to assure you

That I am, with the most cordial esteem and regard, Dear Sir your most obedient servant.

JOHN E. HOWARD, Jr. To the honourable William Spencer, President of the senate of Mary-

The clerk of the executive delivers a communication, which was read and ordered to be printed.

Thursday, Dec. 7. Mr. Hughlett presented the petition of Sarah Gahall, praying to divorced.

On motion, Ordered, that Messrs. Maxcy and Emerson wait on the Rev. Mr. Davis, and request him to attend in the senate chamber every morning during the session to perform divine service.

The clerk of the executive delivers a communication with sundry documents; which was read and ordered to be printed.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivers a bill for the benefit. of John Johnson of Virginia, a bill for the valuation of the real and personal property of St. Marys county, a bill to alter the time of holding the court in Anne-Arundel county, and a bill for the relief of Joseph S. Colger, of Somerset county; which were read.

On motion of Mr. Catmichael. Ordered, that the rules and regulations - adopted by the senate at the session of 1819, for their government, he received and adopted at the present session.

On motion of Mr. Hughlett, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to authorise the erection of a warehouse in the village of

Greensborough in Caroline county. Mr. Carmichael presented the petition of the president and direct sors of the Bank of Caroline.

The senate adjourns until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock.

Friday, Dec. 8.

On motion of Mr. Carmichael Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act for the tetter administration of justice in the several

Mr. Hughlett from the committee freported a bill, entitled, An act to

nother the crection of a ware-house in the village of Greensho rough in Caroline county.

On motion the executive communication of the 6th inst. was referred ri he consideration of the house of delegates.

Mr. Chemichael presented the petition of Pen Ward, of Cecil county, praying leave to bring into this state a certain negro amed Michael. The clerk of the floure of dele

gates delivers a resolution respecting the members and officers of the legislature, and electors of president and vice president of the United States, which was read.

Saturday, Dec. 9.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivers a bill to authorise the levy court of Dorchester county to levy a sum of money for the purposes therein mentioned, and a bill to set tle and ascertain the salary of the members of the council for the en-Buing year.

On motion, the executive communication, with sundry documents, of the 7th inst. was referred to the consideration of the house of dele-

Monday, Dec, 11. Roger B. Taney, Geo. W. Jackson, Richard W. West, Levin Gale, and Richard Carroll, esquires, appeared, qualified and took their scats.

Mr. Hughlett from the committee reported a bill, entitled, An act for the relief of Sarah Cahall of Caroline county.

The bill to authorise the erection of a warehouse in the village of Greensborough in Caroline county. Was read the second, and by special order the third time, and will pass, sent to the house of delegates.

The clerk of the house of dele gates delivers the bill to incorporate the trustees of McKim's school in the city of Baltimore, the bill to make valid the deed therein mentioned, and the bill for the revaluation of the real and personal property in Calvert county, which were read.

The bill to settle and ascertain the salary of the members of the council for the ensuing year, was read the second, and by special order the third time, and will pass, sent to the house of delegates.

On motion of Mr. West, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, An act to ascertain the true locati on of the public roads in Prince George's county.

Tuesday, Dec. 12. Mr. Harper asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Carmichael from Wednesday 13th inst. for 10

The clerk of the house of delegates delivers the following mes-

Gentlemen of the Senate,

A vacancy having occurred in the fice of Register of Wills for Anne Arundel county, during the recess of the legislature, and the duties of the person appointed by the executive having terminated with the meeting of the general assembly, we propose, with the concurrence of your honourable body, to proceed to make the appointment of Regis ter of Wills for said county, this day at the hour of 1,0'clock. Thomas H. Hall and Lewis Gassaway are put in nomination by this house, and we have appointed Messrs. Marriott and Archer to join such gentlemen as may be named by you tocount the ballots and report there . in.

'Wednesday, Dec. 16.

Mr. Magruder asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Holliday for 10 days.

Mr. Emerson asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Hughlett from Sunday 17th inst. for 10 days.

Mr. Hughlett presented the petition of Joseph Richardson, clerk of Caroline county.

Mr. Gale from the committee of revisal and unfinished business reported a bill, entitled, An act to a. mend and reduce into one . system the laws to direct descents.

The following messages were received from the house of delegates: Gentlemen of the Senate,

The term for which the honoura ble William Pinkney, one of the senators of the United States, was elected, will expire ton the 4th March next. We propose, with the concurrence of your honourable body, to elect a senator of the United States on Tuesday next. We have fixed on this early day, because at this time the members of the legis.

Gentlemen of the Senate,

Yesterday a message was forwarded ed by this house to the hosourable the senate, informing that we were prepared to proceed to the election of a Register of Wills for Anne-Arundel county at half past one o'clock P. M. It was the ultimate design of this branch of she general assembly, to have gose into the election of Register of Wills for the soveral counties wherein vacancies had occurred during the recess, as speedily as possible, and have commenced this business, by requesting your body to go into the election for one of those counties on yesterday. The house of delegates continued in session until long after the hour appointed, and received no answer to the message which had been sent, which was on your part a tacit declension of the contemplated choice. It is with regret that we again call the attention of the senate to a subject of so much importance, but by the constitution of this state it is declared, "That there be a Register of Wills appoint ed for each county, who shall be commissioned by the governor on the joint recommendation of the senate and house of delegates, and that upon the death, resignation, disqualification, or removal out of the county, of any Register of Wills, in the recess of the general assembly, the governor, with the advice of the council, may appoint and commission a fit and proper person to such vacant office, to nold the same until the meeting of the general assembly." It is with regret that the house of delegates have discovered a disinclination on your part to proceed to a joint recommendation of some person to file the vacancy which has occurred in the office of Register of Wills for Anne Arundel county; under the powers vested in the executive by the constitution, appointments have been made, but the senate must be sensible that those appointments ceased with the meeting of the general assembly. Deeming this a subject of the most important concern to the good people of this state, we have thought it necessary to call your attention once more to it. The Register of Wills for Anne-Arundel county is not only the kerper of the county records, but the conservator of the records of the late prerogative office, in which office are carefully preserved all the last wills and testaments down to the period of the revolution, with many other important papers and documents .-This then is not an appointment of mere locality, but of general interest and concern. In consequence of this appointment not being made. administration, testamentary, and guardians bonds, may be running out of date, and some important eject-

ately to ballot for some person, to be jointly recommended to the governor to be commissioned as Register of Wills for Anne-Arundel coun-We have appointed Megsrs Mare riott and Archer to count the ballots; no person is named in addition

ment cause in some of the counties

lost, or postponed for want of a will

to complete the title. We know of

no reason for its postponement; eve-

ry member of each house is attend-

ing at the seat of government, and

we hope that the senate will on re-

flection consent to a joint recom-

mendation of some person to the go-

vernor to be commissioned as Regis-

ter of Wills for Anne-Arundel coun-

ty. The house of delegates there-

fore propose to the senate, immedi-

to those put in nomination by this house on vesterday.

By order John Brewer, clk. Which was read.

Also a bill annulling the marriage of Thomas Knock and Margaret Knock, of Baltimore county, and a bill to enlarge the powers of the levy court for Baltimore county, in the cases therein mentioned.

Thusday, Dec. 14,

Mr. Emerson asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. West after Thursday 21st inst. for & few

Mr. Jackson asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Carroll.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivera a bill authorising Samuel Stone, of Baltimore county, to erect and keep gates on the toad therein mentioned, and a bill for the benefit of George Lash of Baltimore county.

The bill for the benefit of George Lash of Baltimore county, was read the second and third time by special order, passed, and sent to the house of delegates.

Mr. Hughlett from the committee reported a bill, cutitled, An act for the benefit of Joseph Richardson

clerk of Caroline county court. On motion of Mr. Jackson, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, Au act to alter and change the mode of appointment of overseers of public roads, so far as relates to Somerset county.

The bill to make valid the deed herein mentioned was read the second, and by special order the third time, and will pass.

The bill authorising Samuel Stone of Baltimere county to erect and keep gates on the road therein mentioned was read the second and third time by special order and will plas, sent to the house of delegates.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivers the following message. By the house of delegates Decem-

per 14, 1620.

Gentlemen of the Senate, A vacancy having occurred in the office of Register of Wills for Somerset county, during the recess of the legislature, and the duties of the person appointed by the executive having terminated with the meeting of the general assemblywe propose, with the concurrence of your honourable body, to proceed to make the appointment of register of wills for the said county to-morrow at 12 o'clock. James Polk is put in nomination by this house, and we have appointed Messrs. Hayward and Duvall to join such gentlemen as may be named by you so count the ballots and report . there-

On motion of Mr. Maxcy, Ordered. That so much of the go vernor's message as relates to education and public instruction, be referred to a select committee, to consider and report thereon; and Messrs. Maxcy, Harper and Ga'e. be the said committee.

The bill for the benefit of Joseph Richardson, clerk of Caroline county court, was read the second and third time by special order and will pass. Sent to the house of dele-

The bill authorising the sheriff of Caroline county to release from his custody and gaol James M. Car ty, jun. and for other purposes, was read the second and third time by special order, and will pass. Sent to the house of delegates.

The following message was sent to the house of delegates:

BY THE SENATE,

Dec. 14, 1820.

Gentlemen of the House of Delegates, We have received your two messages on the subject of a joint recommendation to the governor, of a person to be appointed Register of Wills for Anne-Arundel county .-In answer to which, we beg leave to inform you, that we are not ready to proceed to the recommendation in question: because we understand that there are other applicants for the office, who are not nominated in either of your messages, concerning whose qualifications we ex pect to receive full information before we determine upon a recommendation of a person to fill an office which you justly describe as very important to the good people of the state, an officer whose tenure is during good behaviour or for life .-We deem it proper, being of opinion that the senate are competent to decide for themselves the course which duty prescribes, duly to deliberate. Good may result from some delay, and we apprehend it can be productive of no inconvenience to the public; because, as we construe the provisions of the constitution. to which your last message, refers us, especially when taken in connexion with the last part of the 49th article, it is the duty of the person appointed by the governor, with the advice of the council, in the recess of the general assembly, to continue to act until a person is commissioned by the governor upon a joint recommendation of the senate and house of delegates at their next meeting, and this we understand to have been the general, if not the universal practice.

In addition to the above circumstances, we beg leave to state, that at the time fixed in your message of the 12th inst. the senate at the instance of your honourable body, were engaged in ballotting for the executive council, and the moment fixed by your message of the 13th inst. was the one when his excellency the governor elect was waitng the attendance of both branches of the legislature to take the oath of office agreeably to the constitution and laws of this state.

As soon as we are prepared to proceed on this business, according

of our duty, we shall not fail to notice thereof to your homes;

The senate adjourns until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock.

Friday, Dec. 15.

Mr. Jackson from the committee eported a bill, entitled. An act to alter and change the mode of ap-pointment of overseers of public roads so far as relates to Somerset county which was read the first time and ordered to lie on the ta-

The clerk of the house of delegates delivers a resolution in favour of Daniel Schnebly, and a resolution in favour of the examiner ge neval.

Also, a bill authorising John V Price, late collector of the first col-lection district in Gecil county, to complete his collection; a bill authorising Henry E. Coalman to remove a certain negro slave from the state of Louisiana into this state for the use of Peregrine Ward 3d of Cecil county, and a supplement to the act incorporating the Commercial and Farmers Bank of Balti-

Adjourned.

Saturday, Dec. 16.

The bill to alter and change the mode of appointment of overseers of public roads so far as relates to Somerset county, was read the second and third time by special order and will pass.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivers a bill for the benefit of James Scott of Allegany county; a bill for the relief of Isaac Lyon, of Frederick county; a bill to au thorise William Jordan, late collector of the sixth election district of Baltimore county, to complete his collection; a bill to authorise lames H. Wathen, collector of St. Mary's county, to complete his collections; a bill for the relief of Wm. Hodg. kiss, of Frederick county; a bill for the relief of David Waggerman of Washington county; and a supplement to the act for regulating the mode of staying executions, and for other purposes, Adjourned.

Monday, Dec. 18.

The bill to authorise Wm. Jordan, late collector of the sixth collection district of Baltimore county to complete his collection, was read the second and by special order the third time and will pass.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivers a resolution in favour of William Byaas of Dorchester county, a revolutionary soldier.

Also a bill to annul the marriage of Joseph Price and Sarah his wife a bill authorizing Robert W. Kent, of Anne-Arundel county, to remove certain negroes into the state of Maryland; a supplement to an act passed at Dec. session 1816, for the benefit of the securities of Thomas Thompson, collector of Dorchester county, deceased; a bill to repeal the act authorising certain alterations in Baltimore county and city court rooms.

And returns a bill to authorise he erection of a warehouse in the village of Greensborough in Caroline county, and a bill for the bene ht of Joseph L chardson, clerk of Caroline ed at court, endorsed "will pass." Ordered to he engrossed

The bill to incorporate the trus tees of M.Kim's school in the city of Baltimore, was read and passed The bill for the relief of David Waggerman of Washington county was read the third time and will

The bill to authorise James Was then collector of St. Mary's coun ty to complete his collection, was read the third time and will passe

of Dorchester county to levy a sum of money for the purposes therein mentioned, was read the third time and will pass.

The bill authorising Henry E. Coalman to remove a certain negro slave from the state of Louisiana into this state for the use of Perer grine Ward 3d of Cecil county was read the third time and will pass,

The bill authorizing John V. Price, late collector of the first collection district in Cocil county, to complete his collection, was read the third time and will pass.

The bill annulling the marriage of Thomas Kneck, and Margaset Kneck of Baltimore county, was read the third time and will not Pass.

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The house adjourned.

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administration of justice in cucrimes and mindemeanors in the
and precincts of Baltimore.

Mr. Barney reports a bill on
to the United States the jurisdic
of the state of Maryland to and of the state of Maryland to and certain lands on North Point Bodkin Island, at the mouth of river Patapaco, and for other

On motion of Mr. Polk, Las report a bill for establishing th other purposes.

The bill to enlarge the power Baltimore county lavy court passed and sent to the senate concurrence. . Mr. King reports a bill to

vent the destruction of operation this state.

On motion of Mr. Snowden, L to report a bill to authorize Jardan, collector of the 6th dia of Baltimore county, a further to complete his collections.

Thursday, Dec. 1 Petitions from Henry Lord, I David Waggaman, of Washin for special act of insolvency, F John Wapole, of Charles, for as sion. From Rebecca Covin Benjamin L. C. Wales and Ale der Covington, for the sale of of the real estate of Gen. Le Covington, deceased, From Is Ridgaway, of Talbot, that the turns made by the administrator James Clayland, late Sheriff, at ceedings had under certain from Wm. Hodgkiss, of Freder for a special act of insolvency, F James Scott, of Allegany, for mission to introduce slaves into state. From Henry H. Chapma From Ann Hollydayoke, that grandchild, Jane Parish, may be ported by the county. From A ander Prenties, of the city of Ba more, that the will of Levi. Crossgrove may be made value

Mr. Frazier reports favourably the petition of Wm. Byus of D

chester. The house proceeded to the co sideration of the report of the ci mittee of elections, and after so debate and several propositions minor importance in regard to election of Kent county, the folle ing resolution was proposed by

Boyle, and assented to: Resolved, That Frederick Boy Richard S. Thomas, John B. I ton and James F. Brown, being turned as having the greatest m ber of votes, and there being to legation of improper conduct or gal votes, be and they are here considered as duly elected.

The other parts of the re were concurred with. Mr. Bowles from the commit

of claims delivers the following

By the Committee of Claims. Your committee beg leave to port, that they have examined accounts and proceedings of W Eastern Shore of Maryland, that it appears to your committee that he hath received from the h day of November, eighteen hands and nineteen, to the first day November, eighteen handred a twenty, both days inclusive, for cheate, caution, composition and provements on land, 6901,44; macriage, ordinary, retailers, ha The bill to authorise the levy court kers, and pedlers licenses, fines. feitures, amerciaments, and ta-in chancery, & interest, 25,286, and that it appears that the Treasurer hath paid away, from fifteenth day of November, eight hundred and nineteen, to the inday of November, eighteen hunde and twenty, both days inclusive, sum of 86,487 80, in which sum included said Freasurer's salary one year, amounting to 500 de for all which payments have be produced to your committee the Received for escheats, &c. on is

> Received for marriage and ordi liconses, &c.

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Mr. Polk, Leav

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Mr. Snowden, L

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Chursday, Dec. 1 m Henry Lord. F mau, of Washin of insolvency, F

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duly elected.

By order,
SARUEL S. HODGER, CIE.
Willis reports a bill authobe sheriff of Caroline to repossible sustody & jaile James
and for other purposes,
larriott reports a bill auRobert W. Kent, of Anne. toutly, to introduce cerdares into this state. stion of Mr. Allen, Leave

n's bill to enable residing to hold real property.

Is house proceeded to the conset concerning crimes and ents, and after some time stherein it was rejected. Showers reports a bill to rethe act authorising certain al.

has in Baltimore county and court rooms. namotion of Mr. Warfield, Leave port a bill to prevent the erec of booths within two miles of sethodist camp or quarterly ag in the several counties of

he supplement to the act incorting the Commercial & Farmer's s of Baltimore was passed and to the senate for concurrence. Mr. Allen reports a bill concerhinfat tenancy. The house adjourned.

> Friday, Dec. 15. PETITIONS.

from James C. Dew, for compenfor the rent of his warehouse smenal. From Thomas Porad Benjamin Parker, of Alleof for special acts of insolvency. Wm. Coe, of the city of Ansis, a revolutionary soldier. let for the erection of a court-

Mr. Showers obtained leave to d supplement to the act ree to justices of the peace and sther purposes, passed in 1814. Mr. Davall obtained leave to refert a supplement to the act laying ies on licenses to retailers of dry

Mr. Boyle reports a bill to conme in force the acts of assembly ch would expire with the pre-

Mr. Warfield reports a bill To went the erection of booths withtwo miles of any Methodist camp quarterly meeting in the several nties therein named.

On motion hy Mr. Thomas Ken-dy, Ordered, That the treasurer the Western Shore furnish to be house a list of the amount re-tired from each county and from a city of Baltimore, under the act lut session laying duties on lither purposes; and if any of county clerks have not made rearm of the amount received under th call on them for the same, that my may be communicated to this

The house adjournment Saturday, Dec. 16. PETITIONS.

ommittee of Claims. John J. Moore, to be re ey have examined from Baltimore county jail. theoresident and directors of i proceedings of Wison, Treasurer of Maryland, are to your commit firmere and Merchants bank, wamendment to their charter.
Heary Stalling, of St. MaFrom Malbow M Laughlin,
Sheppard and Nicholas received from the fi ty, to be released from their to the state of Maryland as been of a lottery. From autiinhabitants of Someract County, ter to the petition of John King s, to the first day days inclusive, for of poor children in Kent, Talbot, Cecil, A. Arundel and Montgomery countries.

Mr. T. Kennedy from the committee delivers a report on the subject of the enquiry as to ways and means to make the road from Cumbrian reliase from executions this reliase from executions this furnished leave to the botter process of the botter process of the botter process and mentioned.

I format of the several nunties and mentioned.

I motion of Mr. Alder n. Order I at the executive be residued to obtain from the war described for the seneral of the seneral country to confirm an act residued to obtain from the war described for a pension. on, composition and on land. 8201,44; diwary, retailers, ha llers licenses, fines, h erciaments, and ta & interest, 86,236, appears that the ath perd away, from of November, eighte i nineteen, to the fi mber, eighteen hund both days inclusive, 87 80, in which sun Freasurer's salary mounting to 500 do h payments have be your committee the here and receipts, or escheats, &c. on is

Mr. Holbrook reports a further supplement to the act relative to negroes, and to repeal the acts of

assembly therein mentioned,
Mr. Bowles reports unfavourably
on the perition of Zachariah Ro-berts, which was concurred in.
The house adjourned.

Monday, Dec. 18. PETITIONS.

From John Hotlzman, of Allega ny, for a special act of insolvency, From Basil Deam, of Frederick, for permission to sell cercain slaves. From Wm. Bomgardner, of Wash ngton. From the moderator and commissioners of Hager's town, to he authorised to collect the money for purchasing the site, and to erect a market house, in the years 1321, 22 and 23. From sundry farmers and millers of Frederick, that the mode of appointing the flour inspectors in Baltimore, may be changed, and that an appeal may be had from their decision. From sundry inhabitants of Middletown, (Frederick) that hogs may not be permitted to go at large. From Butler Dunning, of Charles. From sundry inhabitants of Cecil and Pennsylvania, for a road to Conowingo Bridge. From sundry inhabitants of Gecil, for two public roads to Rock river bridge, over Susquehanna river.

On motion of Mr. Samuel Stevens, Ordered, That so much of the executive communication as relates to the proposed alteration in the constitution of the United States be referred to Messrs. Maulsby, Hayward, Boyle, Key, and John B. Eccleston; that so much as relates to furnishing the state with arms, be referred to the committee appointed by this house relative to the cleaning and repairing of arms; and so much as relates to the field exer. cise and maneuvres of infantry, be referred to Messre. Stevens, Cross,

Marriott, Deshiell and M. Pherson.
Mr. T. Lent dy reports a bili to
establish the form of the oath of office, and to repeal certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state.

Mr. W. Eccleston obtained leave to report a bill to alter the time of meeting of the lery court of Dor-

Mr. Showers reports a supplement to the act relating to justices of the peace and for other purposes.

On motion of Mr. Beckett, the following resolution was read and

assented to. Whereas the general assembly, by an act passed at Dec. session, eighteen hundred and sixteen, en-titled, an act for the distribution of a certain fund for the purpose of establishing free schools in the se-veral counties therein mentioned, directed, that the commissioners of the school fund of each respective county shall report angually to the general assembly, the manuer in which their proportion of the said school fund may have been disposed of. And whereas the commissioners appointed by the aforesaid act for Calvert county, have received from the treasurer of the Watern Shore, the sum of \$2,072 and 72 cents and have not made a report in

conformity with the provisions of the act aforesaid, therefore, Resolved, That the commission-ers named in the said act, be, and they are hereby directed to report to the general assembly during its present session, the manner in which they have disposed of the aforesaid

sum of \$2,072 and 72 cents. Mr. J. B. Eccleston obtained leave to report a further supplement to the act to provide for the education of poor children in Kent, Talbot, Cecil, A. Arundel and Montgomery

lative to an election district. From land, raised his lordship; but his sted to obtain from the war de-sen of the general government From Samuel Castle and Charles temmentate to this house as Hutchisson, for special acts of in the man be seen that the second sec May be, a list of persons solvency. A memorial from the president and managers of the penimin States, in consequence of tentiar what the legislature will

provide for the immediate liquidate on of the debt due by them, ke: A patition from Robert R. Richardson, son executor of Thos. Richardson, for a sale of part of his real estate. From the trustees of the Roman catholic conversation in Reliance. from the trustees of the Roman catholic congregation in Baltimore,
for a modification of their charter.
From Moses Sheppard, of Baltimore,
to be authorised to build a tobacco
warehouse. From Elizabeth Purdy,
of Anne-Arundel, for a support:
From Jesse Hughes, of Somerset, that a patent may be issued to him. From Elizabeth Everett, for a di-

Mr. J. P. Kennedy obtained leave to bring in a bill to abolish imprisomment for debt. Also a bill to repeal such parts of an act to regulate lotteries as relate to the commissioners of lotteries, and for other parposes.

Mr. Polk reports a bill for estaolishing the titles and bounds of lands, and for other purposes.

Mr. J. B. Eccleston obtained leave to bring in a bill to alter such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to the manner of altering and changing the constitution and form of government of this state.

Mr. Polk obtained leave to bring in a bill to alter such parts of the constitution and form of government as directs two delegates to be elected in the city of Baltimore as members of the general assembly, and such parts thereof as prescribe the manner of choosing the senate and of filling their vacancies.

#### MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Annapolis, Thursday, Dec. 21.

Captain Rogers, of the ship James Monroe, atrived at New-York, reports verbally, that the bill of pains and penalties had passed the House of Lords, but that it was supposed it would be thrown out in the House of Commons.

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

New York, Dec. 14.

The regular & fast sailing packet ship James Monroe, Capt. Rogers, arrived off Sandy Hook on Wednesday afternoon, and came up yesterday morning, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 4th of November. By this arrival we are put in possession of London papers to the evening of the 2d inclusive, and Lloyd's and Shipping Lists to the 31st of October, and have made very copious and interesting extracts from the latter-and as much from the former as our limits will permit. We publish to-day the concluding part of the Lord Chancellor's speech on the second reading of the bill, which will be seen, is decidedly against the Queen.

We learn from a passenger in the James Monroe, who left France the latter part of October, that a ! cantile House in Bordeaux had ceceived a letter from Madrid, dated the 5th of October, stating, that the Floridas had been ceded by the Cortes to the United States. This information was announced in a Paris paper of the 21st.

On the 2d of November, the House of Lords proceeded with the trial of the Queen. On the 2d read. ing of the bill, the Lord Chancellor rose from the Woolsack, and walking down the opposition side, took a station at the table almost immediately, before Lord Grey and Lord Holland, and addressed the house. He was decidedly against the Queen. Lord Erskin followed in favour

of the Queen, and after proceeding some time in commenting on the evidence, when he suddenly pansed. This was not particularly noticed at first as it appeared as if he was tooking over the minutes placed on the table before him; but after some time had elapsed, without resuming his speech, some of the Peers became alarmed, and rose from their seats to proceed to his Lordship .--The anxiety of the whole House was then aroused, as the Carl fell forward on the table in senseless state. There were cries of "Open the windows"-"Some water."-The Lord Chancellor and Lord Liverpool evinced the greatest concern, and proceeded immediately to Lord Erskine's assistance.

They, with the assistance of Earls Grey and Carnarvon, & Lord Holspeech and colour were gone. They then became seriously alarmed, and instantly proceeded to convey him

The proceedings of the House were completely interrupted by this event, and their fordships, for some moments, remained in a state of he greatest anxiety, without know-

ing what course to pursue.

His lordship remained in the same inanimate and alarming acate; Sir T. Tyrwhirt was in attendance, and sent to procute all possible aid.

Lord Lauderdale, after some time had elapsed, rose amidst cries of hear, hear! In a faltering tone, and evidently a good deal affected by what had just happened, he said, in order that they might have the opportunity of knowing what really was the extent of his noble friend's sudden and slarming indisposition, and of affording the noble lord time to resume his address, should he happily have strength to do so, he begged to move, that the House do adjourn for a quarter of antiour.

The question was accordingly put and carried. Several of the Lords then proceeded to Mr. Cooper's room. The Lord Chancellor remained with Lord Erskine, paying him the kindest and most anxious attention.

After the lapse of a quarter of an hour, for which the house adjourned, Lord I skine being no better, the discussion was resumed by Lord Lauderdale.

We presume the reader will hardly excuse us if we do not introduce the Queen to view as early as the second paragraph of our summary The case has closed, so far as relates to the testimony, and the labouts of the counsel for the respective parties. The house of lords adjourned from Monday, the 30th of October, to Thursday the 2d of November, and our latest paper is one of the morning of the latter day; but it of course turnishes us with no proceedings after the adjournment. It was supposed that the second reading of the bill would be moved on the 2d of November; and this motion will probably produce a long debate. How the question will be settled is yet a matter of uncertainty. The Times of November 2, says, "It is said triumphantly we hear, that ministers will carry the second reading of this wicked and ominous bill. Well, we reply, be it so: what does that signify? Will any man think the worse of the Queen for it?" This being the leading opposition paper, we may suppose that they think the passage of the bill pretty certain.

The latest Times has a furious article, mingled with an anger and despair, in which the editor attempts a parallel between the trial of the Queen, and that of the late Queen of France.

The Courier remarks, that "the preamble of the bill was thrice proved; each successive mode of proof rising over the former in due gradation of efficacy.

"1. Posicively, by the evidence produced in support of the bill. "2. Comparatively, by the fail-

ure of the evidence produced against the bill. "3. Superlatively, by the sup-

pression of the evidence in her Maesty's power, and not produced." The Traveller of Nov. 1, says-When the bill of Pains and Penalties shall have passed, England will have ceased to be under the govern-

ment of law." The Prince of Size Colourg, has lately visited her Majes y for the first time since her return to Lingland.

Field Marshal Prince Charles of Schwartzenberg nied at Leipsic, on the 15th inst. The body of his highness was opened, when it ap peared that he had died of a disease in the organ of the heart, which was of several years standing, before its fatal termination; the prince was in the 45th year of his age.

Advices from Naples are to Oc. tober 10. There was a contest at Palermo on the 25th September, at which time Gen. Pepe, commander of the Neapolitan army, advanced and occupied the suburbs of the eity after killing and putting to flight all who detended them. On the 26th a flag of truce was sent in, but, not returning, the troops attacked the city and burnt several houses; Negotiations were again commenc. ed, but on a sudden, in the after. noon of the 28th, the gates were shur, and the Palermitans recommenced hostilities. On the 2d Oc. tober, General Pepe threw in bombs; on the 5th new negociations were commenced; and on the 10th a telegraphic dispatch was received at Naples, dated Palermo, Oct. 6, an-

and the troops of Gen. Pape entered and the troops of Gen. Pape entered and occupied the forts.

There is a postseript to the leviter containing these details, which asserts (though it is admitted that the intelligence wants confirmation) that General Pape had been compelled to evacuate Palermo on the evening of the 1th, litter a sanguinary contest in the interior of the city.

A paragraph from Rome, Oct. 11, says—It is respected that Austrian troops are immediately to arrive at Aucons, and on the other hand that a considerable corps of Nespolitans are approaching our frontiers. The accounts from Madrid of the

16th ult. state that on the preceding day the proposition for abolishing political societies or clubs, had been agreed to in the cortes by a majortty of 100 to 48.

The decree of the Cortes for the reformation of the Monks, has not yet been approved by his Majesty. Private letters from Madrid state,

that the King of Spain had, by the advice of his privy council, refused his sanction to the proposition agreed to by the Cortes for the suppression of monastic orders.

During the discussion against the Monks, in the Cortes of Spain, the pious fathers availed themselves of the delay; and carried from the Monasteries all the moveable goods up-Many millions of property, it is said.

At a new section of the in-habitants withwark, held on Tuesday at the town hall, an address to his majesty for the removal of his present ministers was unantmously agreed to.

Lieut. Frankland and his companions, on the 30th of June last, were left all well, 700 miles up the country from Hudson's Bay. By the beginning of September they would, no doubt, arrive at the Coppermine Tiver.

The Sophie aloop of war, arrived at Portsmouth from Jamaica, brings most distressing accounts of the mortality on board the different ships on the station. The Sephie lost many of her men.

The Diet of Saxony was opened on the 15th of October with the accustomed ceremonials. Important measures, it was supposed, would be submetted by government to that assembly; but, as the sittings are secret, the subjects of its deliberations can be ascertained only by their results.

The Citizens of Annapolis,

Tho were so active in preserving my property from being destroyed by fire, when it was lately in such imminent danger, will please to accept of my most grateful thanks, for their extra-ordinary and successful exertions on

Dec. 20, 20.

50 Dollars Reward.

Ranaway from the subscriber, living on the head of South River, a Negro Lad by the name of Charles, who calls himself Charles Britton, about six feet high, 18 or 19 years old; his clothing consists of a brown cloth coat and pantaloons, an old fur hat, coarse linen. shirt, coarse shoes, nailed, though he may have other clothing concealed, that I know nothing of. The above reward will be given if taking in the county, or 100 dollars if out of the county; 200 dollars if out of the state. and secured so that I get him again.

B. D. Wheeler, Manager for Thos. Snowden, Esq.

Wanted, an Overseer,

To take charge of a farm in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, one who can bring good recommendations, and understands the management of tobacco, will receive liberal wages. Enquire at the effice of the Maryland

CITY TAXES.

By the Corporation.

December, 14, 1820. Ordered, That the Collector of the Corporation be required to close the accounts of his collection for the taxes of the current year, on or before the next stated meeting of the Corporation, which will be on the second Monday of January next On failure to do the same, his bond be and is hereby directed to be put in suit,

Test, John Brewer, Clk.

chall persons who have not paid their City Taxes, are requested to call and pay the same before the above

Isune Hot and, Col.

GOODS. Sustable for the present season.

Consisting OF
Superfine and second Clotha and Cassimeres, a variety of colours.
Vestings, &c. &c.
All or any of which he will be happy

make up in the neatest and mos fashionable style. Oct. 19

# CITY HOTEL

That Well Known Establishment, the Union Tavern & City Hotel,

Formerly kept by George Mann, in the City of Annapolis, has lately been purchased, and is now

JAMES WILLIAMSON, Who has opened a large and commodious TAVERN, where Boarders and Travellers will receive the most unre-mitted attention, and the best of every thing which the seasons afford.

Those who formerly favoured him with their custom, may be assured that every exertion will be made, and his personal aid given, to render them perfectly satisfied, and he invites those who have never witnessed his desire to please to give him a call, confident that if they do so once, they will repeat the visit whenever opportunity offers.

The Best Liquors, and fare of every kind, that can be procured, shall be offered to his customers, and the great est attention paid to, and care taken of their horses. He therefore solicits public patronage.

### BLANKS

For Sale at this Office. Declarations on Promissory Notes, and bills of exchange against Drawer, first, second, and third Endorser, in

assumpsit generally.

Debt on Bond and Single Bill, Common Bonds, Appeal Tohnces Notes, &c. &c. May 18.

#### CENTRAL TAVERN

That well known establishment, the Central Tavern, formerly kept by capt Thomas, in the City of Annapolis, has lately been purchased and put in complete repair, and is now occupied by

JOSEPH DALEY,

TAVERN, where Boarders and Travellers will

receive the most unremitted attention, and the best of every thing which the seasons afford. Gentlemen attending the Legislature, and the public in ge neral, will find it to their advantage give him a call, as he pledges himself nothing will be left undone to render every satisfaction to his customers — The best Liquers, and are of every kind that can be prosured, shall be offered to his customers, and the greatest attention and are taken of their Hor-ses Hetterefore solicit a share of public patronage. Nov. 23.

State of Maryland, Sc. Calvert County, Orphans Court,

Nov. 14th, 1820. On application of Joseph Wood, administrator of Thomas B. Wood, late of Calvert county, deceased. It is or dered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Republican and: Mary land Gazette, of Annapolis.

William Smith, Reg. of Wills for Calvert County. Notice is hereby Given.

That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Calvert county in Maryland, letters of adminis tration on the personal estate of Tho-mas B. Wood, late of Calvert county, deceased. All persons laying claims against the said deceased, are hereby against the said decoased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the first day of June next; they may otherwise by the excluded arom all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this twenty-se-Venth day of November, 1820.

Joseph Wood, Alm'r. Hunting Town, Calvert County.

Was Committed,

To my custody as a runaway on the 21 inst A negro woman who ays har name is Bachel, appears to be about thirty five years of age, and so ignorant that nothing can be got from her as age or owner. . She is five that two inches high, of a dark complexion, thick lips and large eyes, he on a coarse blue jacket and match coat blanket petticoat. Her owner is requested to come forward and take her away otherwise she will be dealt with as the law di-

Bouj. Harris, Shif. Calvort Canty,

# GEORGE SHAW,

Has just received a new supply of Goods, which are offered for Sale upon reasonable terms.

# GOODS.

Blankets-Flannels, Worsted Drawers and Shirts. Worsted and Lambs Wool Hosiery, Cotton and Silk Russia and Irish Sheeting, Irish Linens. Linen Cambric, Kenting-Callicnes, Shirting Muslin, Woodstock Gloves Ladies Beaver and Kid Gloves, Red and Green Baize,

Cambric Muslins, Plain and Figured Book do. Mull Picquet Deno Dimities-Patinet, Bandana and Flag Handkerchiefs, White and Black Italian Crape, 83ks of various colours, Bombazetta, Ribbons assorted, Tapes-Bobbin-Thread, &c. -Umbrellas.

And many other Articles not enumerated.

# GROCERIES,

Brandy-Spirit, Gin Old Whiskey, NE. Ram-Common Whiskey, Madeira. S. Madeira, WINES, Sherry, Port. Spermacetti Oil. Allspice-Nutmegs, Mace-Cloves, Ginger-Starch,

Loaf and Brown Sugar, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, TEAS, Hyson Skin, Southong Coffee-Chocolate, Rice-Barley, Mustard-Pepper Mould and Dipped Candles, Spermacetti Tobacco-Segars, Salt Petre-Copperas, &c. &c.

# Window Glass, Oils & Paints. Ironmongery & Cutlery,

Comprising an extensive Assortment.

# Stationary and Books,

Including a great variety of Writing Paper, of different sizes and qualities, Quills, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Ink, Ink Powder, Inkstands, States, Cyphering and Copy Books, &c. &c.

# A Valuable Collection of Books

In various departments of Literature.

And a variety of Classical and School Books.

"G. S. Has also for Sale a variety of

# China & Crockery Ware,

And many other ARTICLES which are not particularly specified in this advertisement. All of which are offered for Sale at reasonable prices.

# Book Binding

In all its varieties executed as usual. Annapolis, October 26, 1820.

South River Bridge Company. , A TEACHER WANTED.

pany, that an instalment of four dol lars on each share of stock by them respectively held, is required to be paid to the treasurer of the said company, at the Farmers Bank of Maryland, on Monday the first day of January next

By the act of incorporation, any stockholder who shall fail to pay any instalment which shall at any time be called for, for the space of one month, shall forfeit the sum or sums before paid by him, on his stock, to the use of the said corporation, and shall also forteit his right to said stock on account of which he shall be delinquent, and the president and directors shall have power to sell said stock for the use of said corporation; and if any forfeited share or shares of stock shall not produce on sale a sum sufficient to discharge the balance due thereon, and the expences of sale, the said delinquent stockholder or stockholders shall remain liable for the balance due.

By order of the President and Direc-

Thos. Franklin, Treasurer. NOTICE.

The subscribers hereby forewarn all persons from hunting with dog or gun. or in any manner trespassing upon their farm called the President, (for merly Horn Point,) lying opposite this city, as they are determined to prosecute offenders to the rigour of the law.

They have been constrained to this unpleasant measure by the certainty, that not only their fields and woods are lia-ble to be destroyed by fire so long as the practice of gunning is followed up in them, but that their farm-house, and other buildings, and fences are likewise exposed to similar danger.
George & John Earber.

Notice is hereby given to the stock olders in the South River Bridge Com. remove, the visitors will continue to receive proposals from this time until the lst of January next, to supply his place. The requisite qualifications under the law are, that the teacher should understand the different branches of an English education, but if he could also teach the languages, a very adequate compensation and encouragement would be given. The respective candidates will be required to undergo an examination. which will take place on the 1st Saturday of January, when it will be neces-sary to produce testimonials of good moral character.

Letters on this subject addressed, by mail or otherwise, "To the visitors of Anne Arundel county free school," and directed to Annapolis, Me will be carefully attended to.

SADDLERY, &c. +

The subscriber thanks his friends and the public, for the liberal encour-agement he has received of them; and takes this opportunity of informing them, that he still continues to carry on the Saddlery Business, a few doors below the city Tavern, or Williamson's Hotel, where he has and intends keeping on hand, a complete and tasty assortment in his line, on the most accom. modating terms.

John Nelson Steuart. Dec. 7 N. B He has on hand a good supply f Imitation Beaver hats also, very of Imitation Beaver nos allower, of strongly resembling the real Beaver, of all sizes, which will be disposed of on very moderate terms. J. N. S.

#### INDEPENDENCE.

The subscriber has remaining on hand a few superb copies of Binn's Declaration of Independence, (with a fac simile of each eighes's name,) which he offers to the public, together with a choice selection of

Winter Goods. Richard Ridgely.

NICHOLAS J. WATE ANEW STOCK of GOODS

ARONO WHICH ARE THE POSLOWING Best Saxon Black and Blue Cloth
Pancy and London Grown do
Fashionable Mixtures
Double Milled Drab
Second do
Black, Grey and Light Cassimores
Light and Dark Mixtures
Fashionable Light Cord
White and Coloured Marseilles
Olive Cords and Plannels, &c.

Olive Cords and Flamels, &c.
And other articles too tedious to en
Any or all of which will be ma
the most fashionable and substance, and on the shortest notice
Sept. 28.



The New and Elegant Steam Boat

# Maryland,

CLEMENT VICKARS, COM-MANDER.

Has commenced her regular route between Easton, Annapolis and Baltimore, for the accommodation of Passengers, Horses and Carriages.

The Maryland is not surpassed in point of elegance or speed by any Boat in the United States.

She leaves Easton on Mondays and Thursdays at 8 o'clock, AM, calling at Todd's Point and Oxford, to receive passengers; arrives at Annapolis at half past one o'clock, and leaving there at half past two o'clock, arrives at Balti more at six o'clock, PM. the same evening. Returning, leaves Baltimore on Wednesdays and Saturdays at eight o'clock, AM. arrives at Annapolis at half past eleven; leaves Annapolis at half past twelve, and arrives at Easton at six o'clock the same evening. Passengers wishing to go to Philadelphia, can be put on board the Union Line of Steam Boats from Baltimore, and will arrive at Philadelphia say the next

morning...
CI-All Baggage on Catters at the risk of the owners thereof.

NEW AND CHEAP CASH STORE. W. BRYAN, & CO.

Having taken the stand formerly occupied by Mr. Munroe, as Tost Office, (next door to Mr. J. Hughes,) have just received, and are now offering for Sale, ageneral assembly of the standard of

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c. Corduroys and Velvets, Vesting, Plannels, Brizes, Irish Linens & Layns, Linen Cambric, Irish & Russia Sheet ngs, Steam Loom bric, Irish & Russia Sheetings, Steam Loom and other Shirtings, Cambric, Book & Mull Muslin, Insertings, Cambri, Book & Mull Muslin, Insertings, Cambri, Italian & Hatband Crapes, Black & White Sattin, Ribbons assorted, Table & Russia Diapers, Dimities, Domestic Shirtings, Sheetings & Plaids, Calicoes & Ginghams, Shawls & Handkerchiefs, Bonbazetta & Bombazines, Madeira, Purt, Sherry, Lisbon & Malaga Wines, Cogniac Brandy, Jamsica Spirit, Holland Gin, Ols Rye Whiskey, N.F., Rum, Holland Gin, Old Rye Whiskey, NF. Rum, Common Whiskey, Lost & Brown Sugar ey, Loaf & brown Suga Coffee, Chocoate, Hyson, Y. Hyson, Hyuchong Teas, Black & Cay-Mustard, Allspice, Race & ger, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, Indigo & Fig Blue, Copperas, brarch, Powder, Shot, & Gud ould & Dipt Candles, Soap, Rai-e, Crackers, Cigars, Snuff & Tosins. R Besides many other articles too temodating terms for Cash. therefore solicit per see who wish to pro-core bargains to give bem a call.

BASIL SHEPHARD MERCHANT TAILOR

Respectfully informs his customers, and the public in general that he has received a supply of the best materials in his line of business, consisting of Superfine Cloths, Bleek, Blue, &c. Cassimers, Mill'd and Double Mill'd Drabe,

Vestings assorted &c.
All of which will be made up in the best manner, and upon the most reasonable term, agreeable to the wishes of those the may favour him with or. ders. For past favours he feels grateful, and is enxious by his best ondeavours to deserve a continuance of pub-

Regay made Plat Cloaks for sale.

#### NOTICE.

In consequence of the unfavourable ppearance of the weather, the meeting of the Agricultural Society of Ma ing of the Agricultural Society of Maryland is adjourned until Thursday the 11th January, when a meeting will be held at the Assembly Room in this city, at 10 o'clock A. M. As this is the appual meeting of the society, at which all appointments are to be made, the members are particularly requested to attend. An appropriate address will be delivered by a member of the Society.

Aprapolis Bee. 14, 1820.

KISING

the neighbourhood especially on the neighbourhood especially on of this quality. There have here improvements added to the house many other conveniences erected it has been in the hands of the principle.

A credit of one, two and three y will be given to the purchasers, and ing one fourth of the purchase in down, and annual intereston the paid portions.

Also for sale the Land former Also for saie the Land termely by Pency H. Brown, called aprophins," containing about 270 acre which Mr. Welch now reside, a certain covenants. This land is advantageously situated on the hof the Severn, with a most cover landing on Plum Greek, is stape Plaster, and yields Tobacco of supquality. This tract will be sold a same terms of payment as the quality. This tract will be send of same terms of payment as the pring ones—and if the whole be not by private contract before the Mouday in October next, they withat day, at 10 october, be sold by lie Vendue at the Rising Sun star Apply for particulars to Mr. Ja Polland, on the premises, to Mr. Ja Sauds in Annapolis, or to the Sabbers in Baltimore.

I also offer for sale the land o

BODKIN NECK on the river Patapace and the containing upwards of 1100 acre. This land is held by tenants under tain covenants, yielding \$700 a. A part of it has commodious dwell A part of it has commodious dwell on it, and is in a high state of imprement—The supply of manure by d sitions from the flay, is beyond wants of the land. There is as a dance of deer and wild turkey on land, and a great portion of it is in a of second and original growth vicinity to Baltimore; its inheries, other circumstances independent of value as a farm, give it could value as a farm, give it great ad

I will also sell all the lands that known by the name of The Conon and Howard's Pancy, lately bel Major T. Doreey and Mr Yesld adjoining the Blackhorse tavers, miles from Annapolis. They contogether, about 600 acres, and contuct one of the first positions for a for any location in that section of country.

The quality of the soil is a red le similar to the best lands on West Ri Plaster and clover will in one year; duce great fertility, and wheat may raised on it, yielding a great crop may be seen by the crops within neighbourhood on lands of similar of

dows on this farm, of any in the ne bourhood. A long credit will be gi to the purchaser for the greatest of the money. Apply to Mr. Jes Sands in Annapolis, or the subscri in Baltimore.

Bichard Cate

POARDING-HOUSE. MRS. ROBINSON having that large and commodious B near the Church, recently oc Tavern by Mr. James is prepared to accommodate Boar by the day, week, month or year. I who may be pleased to favour her their patronage, row he assured every exertion with he made to protheir comfort and satisfaction. A very Stuble being situated in the nity of he House, Travellers n with entire confidence, rely upon the Horses ocing carefully attended to.

PUBLIC SALE Will be exposed at public a Friday the 22-day of Decent at the late residence of Johnston Anne Arundel com-

ed, two horses, two cow der, together with play consisting of, playghe &c. The terms of ale, bove ten dellara reity, with inte with approved a sale, and all sum odollars, and under from the day n mounting to t be cash, M. Stockett, Adm't

Modern Characters Jost published and for Sale

Geo. Shaw's Store. PRINTING Of every description, neally execution at late Office

Groceries

which they will and to pu AMONG THE rine and Fine Clo se Clothe and Kery gs and Baise, rine Cassimeres, Clothe.

s, Cords and Ve Warsted and Cott kets 8 1-4 to 12, Coat and Point Lineas and Kenti on do. Cottons as his, Muslims, fig his and Book Mus les Cambrics, Crav Merchiefs, Silk and Tree and Gingham and Kid Gloves, Cottons and

Rice, and Rye Hyson, Young Hy

WINE dera and Port Wi nisc and Bourden mica Spirit, and Gin; Brandy,

Whiskey, WIR n do. New E

TO THE

# EW AND CHEAD GOODS.

FJ. BARBER, & CO. received an extensive, well selected, and handsome

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Ironmongery, and Hardware,

which they will dispose of at the most reasonable prices for Cash, and to panetual customers on the usual credit.

MONG THREE GOODS ARE THE FOLLOWING, VIZ: and Fine Cloths,

Clothe and Kerseys. es and Baise, rine Cassimeres, Clothe. Cords and Velvets, Worsted and Cotton Hose,

ds 8 1-4 to 12; Cout and Point Blankets. white, coloured & figured, Lines and Kentings, an ds. Cottons associed, s, Muslims, figured & plain and Book Muslin. e Cambrics, Cravatings, mes and Ginghams assorted,

Kid Gloves, takia and Beaver do. b, Cottons and Buttons,

Liven Dispers, and Table Cloths, White and coloured Domestics, Ladies Cloth Shawls, Canton Crape do.
Canton Crapes, black and figured,
Crapes of various colours,
Coloured Cambrics,
Coloured Bambazetts,
Ribbons assorted,
Brown Hollands, Bed Tickings,
Bombazeets, Cotton Yaru, Senshaws Patinets, Sheetings, Carpeting and Bindings, Gentlemen's Furred Hats, Coarse Lats, Cheap Shoes, Paraso of various sizes, Leading Lines and Traces, Leading Lines and Traces.
Tortoge Shell and other Combs, Wriging Paper and Slates.

Cotton Balls and Sewing Silks.

# GROCERIES,

d, Lump and Brown Sugar, the Rice and Ryc Coffee, B Ryson, Young Hymon, Imperiuchong, and Hyson Skin

WINES, rs and Port Wines in Both at and Bourdeaux Brangy, sica Spirit,

and Gin. Brandy, Whiskey, WI Rum. on do. New England Rum,

erm. Mould and Dipt Candles, hite, brown and yellow Soap. Crackers, Superfine Pilot Bread, Plums, Raisins, Almonds, Prunes, Mustard, Chocolate, Butter, Lard. Bacon, Pork, and Coarse and Fine Salt, Sweet and Castor Oil, Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs, Allspice, Cinnamon, Pepper, Ginger, Salt Petre, and Glauber and Epsome Balts,

Best Chewing Tobacco. Best Spanish and Country Cigars, Scotch and Rappee Souff, Brushes of various kinds assorted,

lina, Liverpool & Glass Ware, and Ironmongery,

complete they consider it unnecessary to name the different arti-Name And Aller. They have Coffee Mills, Patent Concernment, Name Locks, &c. Cutting Knives, Wire Scives and Sifters. War assorted, Stone Ware assorted, Earthern Ware assorted. Glas, Guns, Liquor Cases, Oils and Paints of various kinds and Pawder, Shot and Flints. They have a supply of

Seed, Shingles, Lumber, and Richmond Coal, which they will sell low. olis, Norember 23, 1820.

Persons whose accounts have been long standing are requested

TO THE PUBLIC. ha Executive Council of Ma-layethought proper to intro-y ame in their communica-tis two Houses of Assembly, tought it doe to my charac-age the public a full exposure basedion. It tion. It is to me mat-It that othere was a balance the to the state from Honry is a the sum of E1000 adb, of the sum of E1000 adbin after crediting him, with
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ed, will be made sufficiently apparent by a concise history of my agen-Cy. At December session 1816, s resolution was passed by the General Assembly, appropriating 38,000 for the collection of the public arms, sub-lect, to the order of the Executive. saprise why I should Executive, (not the present incumprical large state and persent in the persent incumprical large state and persent in the state of the resolution and persent in the state into the state into four districts, and assigned to each agent his respective district, having regard to an equal distribution of that supers was a halonce. I should smooth the said agents. At Some few months after, the then labour among the said agents. At the time that I was appointed. I understood the terms of my agency to be, and such was the general under-standing on the subject, that it was my duty to collect all the arms, camp equipage, &c. within my district, and as a compensation for my labour I should receive one fourth of the sum appropriated by the legis-lature to that purpose. With this understanding of the contract, I pro-ceeded to the performance of my du-ty, and had collected and delivered, upwards of four hundred stand of arms, and had ready for delivery mare than 100 more, when I was called upon by the Executive in 1818,

count of my expenses incurred in the collection, for the purpose of ascertaining what compensation they would allow me for my survices.

To do this was now impossible. Acting under a full belief that my contract with the Executive was as above stated, I could have no in-ducement to keep such an account; and I could not, in justice to my self, agree that this Executive should alter or cancel a contract made and agreed upon with a former Executive. Had I supposed that a contract with the Governor and Council was to be governed by different rules from a contract with an individual, that it was binding only on one party, and subject to alteration as the whims, caprices, or policy of the Executive Chamber might require, I should have taken good care to decline all agency in the business.

As I could not possibly comply with this last requisition of the Council, or consent to an adjustment of my claims on such terms, I could have no settlement with them, according to my construction of the agreement, until I had completed my collection. I therefore proceeded in the discharge of my duties, until some time in March, 1820, when I received a letter from the Clerk of the Council, informing me that the Legislature had passed a resolution. "authorising the Executive to examine into the claims of the respective agents, and to allow them such sum as they might think reasonable. and to institute suits against such of them as might be indebted to the state;" requesting me to make all such communications relative to my agency as I might think proper, on or before the 20th of that month, at which time the Council would be in session. I accordingly communicated to the Executive, that the only representation that I deemed it necessary or expedient to make at that time, was relative to a claim made on the part of the United States to fifty stand of arms, and requesting directions how to proceed there-

The next communication which I received from the Executive, bears date the 28th of March, 1820, by which I am ordered to cease proceeding any further in my agency. and am required to furnish a full account of my proceedings, and of the expences of collection; and am informed that the Executive will meet on the second Monday of June then next. In July 1820, I received another communication from the Executive, dated the 13th of the month, informing me that the Council would again meet on the 28th of August, and that if I did not account with them at that time, suit would be commenced against me to the September term of the county court, to recover back such part of the money advanced me as might at that time not to be accounted for.

In compliance with this notification, I accordingly attended with my vouchers, for the purpose of making to the Council a full exhibition of my whole agency; but from some cause the Executive did not meet according to their appointment, and I sheard nothing further on this subject, until some time in September, when the Clerk to the Council informed me by letter, that suit had been brought against me, and thus terminated the correspondence.

As the state, by its Executive Council, has thought proper to refer the investigation of this subject to a court of justice, perhaps it would be improper to canvass the legal rights of the parties. To a court and jury of the country I cheerfully submit it, nor do I doubt the issue. I do not complain that the Executive have thought it their duty to make such an appeal; but to be pro-nounced a public defaulter before the public, in a document destined to extensive circulation; to be denied all opportunity of refating or combatting the slander, is an act of injustice which every honest man must reprobate.

Where I am known, the slander parts of the state to which I am a stranger, the supposed dignity of the office, from which it proceeds. might give it a currency and belief, which would be denied to its authors as private individuals.

has been as wanton as it is wicked. Had the Executive honestly com-plied with the original contract. the State's arms would in all proba-bility have been collected, and the expense of such collection would have been less, as appears from their own admission. Subjoined is an account of the monies advanced the aliferent agents, taken from the Exccutive communication of 1819, from which it will appear, that the Council at that time had it not in their power to comply with their contract; and that by their proceedings, they have shewn as litte regard for their duty as for my feelings. Whether this Executive communication is from his Excellency, or, as is whispered, is the production of one of his constitutional advisers. I know not; the public I am sure, will do me the justice to give it no greater credit than it intrinsically merits.

HENRY WAYMAN. Accounts of Monies advanced the A.

gents. Paid Benjamin Pindell, 8 2,673 do Col. Richard Waters, 1,000 Alemby Jump, 3.268 Henry Wayman, 1,000

\$ 7,936 Anne-Arundel County. 7

Dec. 20, 1820.

For the Maryland Gazette.

MR. CALHOUN. As nothing can be more important to nation, both as respects its dignity and safety, than to be prepared for war in time of peace, it is essential that correct opinions should be diffused as to the true nature and object of a military peace establishment Nothing can be better calculated for pro ducing that effect, than the publication, in every part of the country, of the clear and able report of the secretary of war to the house of representatives on the 12th of this

While the perspicuity of this report ren ders all elucidation dinecessary, its brevity precludes the possibility of an abstract, that would do justice to the subject. I shall therefore attempt none, but recommend a perusal of the whole I cannot however retrain from taking notice of one most important fact disclosed in it -and that is that by the superior organization of the war department, in relation to the army alone, since the present secretary was placed at the head of it, a saving without reference to reduced prices, has been effected in the last year of nearly a million of dollars, although that saving was practicable only in the clo the other expenses of the army, such as the pay of the officers and men, the subsistence therefore not susceptible of red ction by the secretary. A proportionate diminution o tifications, has probably been made, though that is not stated, as it did not come within helieved however, though I have no dicuexpense of the army, ordnance and fortifi sent year, than that of the army alone in

It is hoped, that no ideas of false econom will induce congress to diminish the present peace establishment of the U States It is already sufficiently small, and would be thought, when the vast extent of this great country is considered, contemptible in any other country than this. If it be saved however, from diminution, in this season of extranagunt economy, the country will be indebted for that happy result, to the order, ced into every branch of expenditure under his control, by that able, long-sighted, and patriotic statesman, the present secretary of

Report of the Secretary of War on the Military Peace Establishment. War Department,

December, 12, 1820. Sint In obedience to a resolution of the House of Representatives of the 11th of May last, "directing that the Secretary of War report to this House, at the commencement of the next session, a plan for the reduction of the army to six thousand non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, and preserving such parts of the corps of engineers as, in his opinion, without regard to that number, it may be for the public interest to retain; and, also, what saving of the public revenue will be produced by such arrangement of the army as he may propose in conformity with this re-solution," I have the honour to make the following report.

I deem it proper, before a plan is presented in detail for reducing the army, as proposed in the resolution, to state briefly the general principles on which it is conceived our military peace establishment ought ich would be denied to its authors to be organized. It will be readily dividuals, can only be acquired by admitted, that the organization of the instruction of experienced officers will be seen from the above the army oughs to have reference cers. If they, particularly the com-

jects; as it must be obvious, in the slightest reflection, that on conside-rations connected therewith dugbe to depend not only its numbers; but also the principles on which it ought

The necessity of a standing army in peace is not believed to be involved in the subject under causi-deration, as the resolution presupposes the propriety of maintaining one; and, in fact, its necessity is so apparent, that even those least friendly to the army have never attempted to abolish it, or even to reduce it, since the late war, much below the number proposed in the resolution. The objects for which a standing army in peace ought to be maintained may be comprised under two classes; those which, though they have reference to a state of war, yet are more immediately connected with its duties in peace, and those which relate immediately and solely to war. Under the first class may be enumerate ed, as the leading objects, the gar-risoning of the force along our Atlantic frontier, in order to preserve them, and to cause the sovereignty of the United States to be respected in their immediate neighbourhood, and the occupying of certain commanding posts on our inland frontier, to keep in check our savage neighbours, and to protect our newly formed and feeble settlements in that quarter. These are, doubtless, important objects, but are by no means so essential a those which relate immediately and solely to a state of war; and, though not to be neglected wholly, ought not to have any decided influence in the organization of our peace establishments -Without, therefore, making any farther remark on this point of the inquiry, I will proceed to consider the other class, on which, as it comprises the great and leading inducements to maintain in this country a regular army in peace, the prominent features of its organization ought to depend.

However remote our situation from the great powers of the world, and however pacific our policy, we are, notwithstanding, liable to be involved in war, and, to resist with success its calamities and dangers, a standing army in peace, in the present improved state of the military science, is an indispensable preparation. The opposite opinion carnot be adopted, without putting to hazard the independence and nafety of the country. I am aware that the militia is considered, and in many respects justly, as the great effective, every experienced officer must acknowledge, that they require the aid of regular troops .--Supported by a suitable corps of trained artillerists, and by a small but well disciplined body of infantry, they may be safely relied on to garrison our forts, and to act in the field as light troops. In these services their zeal, courage, and habis of using fire arms, would be of great importance, and would have their full effect. To rely on them beyond this; to suppose our militia capable. of meeting in the open field the regular troops of Europe, would be to regist the most obvious truth, and the whole of our experience as a nation. War is an art, to obtain perfection in which much time and experience, particularly for the officers, are necessary. It is true, that men of great military genlus occasionally appear, who, though without experience, may, when an army is already organized and disciplined, lead it to victory; yet I know of no instance, under circumstances neatly equal, in which the greatest selente have been able, with irregular and undisciplined troops, to meet with success those that were regularly trained, Genius, without much experience, may command, but it cannot go much further. It cannot at once organize and discipline an army, and give it that military tone and habit which only, in the midst of imminent danger, can enable it to perform the most complex evolutions with precision & promptitude. Those qualities, which casentially distinguish an army from an equal assemblage of untrained in-

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Land formerly b, called Prosper about 270 sere now resides to nated on the b a most coaver reck, is stapp. Tobacco of sup It will be sold or ment as the pr he whole be not act before the act theore with act, be sold by lock, be sold by Rhing Sun star

culars to Mr. Ja emises, to Mr. Jo lis, or to the Sab sale the land c N NECK apace and the rds of 1100 acre by tenants under fielding \$700 a commodious dwell ommodious dwell high state of impr y of manure by d day, is beyond

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the soil is a red le st lands on West River will in one years ity, and wheat may lding a great crop the crops within on lands of similar the best patural m, of any in the ne ong credit will be gi for the greatest p Apply to Mr. Jos olis, or the subscrib

Richard Cator James Nelson

NG-HOUSE. NSON having commodious Bold recently occupied in James William commodate Board, monthor year. It is not be favour her may be assured by the made to promit a satisfaction. A g situated in the dence, Travellers m dence, rely upon the refully attended to.

IC SALE ed at public sy lay of Decer sale, and all sums dollars, and under

V. Stockett, Admir.

Characters ed and for Sale at haw's Store. NTING

d regimental officers, aboutexpatienced, the army must remain undisciplined, in which case the genus, and even the experience, of the commander, will be of little avail. The great and leading objects then of a military establishment in peace, ought to be to create and perpetuate military skill and experience; so that at all times the country may have at its command a body of officers, sufficiently numerous, and well instructed in avery branch of duty, both of the line and staff; and the organization of the army ought to be such as to enable the government, at the commencement of hostilities, to obtain a regular force, adequate to the emergencies of the country, properly organized and prepared for actual service. It is thes only that we can be in the condition to meet the first shocks of hostilities with unyielding firmness, and to press on an enemy while our resources are yet unexhausted. But if, on the other hand disregarding the sound dictates of reason and experience, we should in peace neglect our military establishment, we must, with a powerful and skillful enemy, be exposed to the most distressing calamities. Not all the zeal, courage, and patriotism of our militia, unsupported by regularly trained and disciplined troops, can avert them. Without such troops, the two or three first campaigns would be worse than lost .-The honour of our arms would be tarnished, and the resources of the country uselessly lavished; for, in proportion to the want of efficiency. and a proper organization, must, in actual service, be our military expenditures. When taught by sad experience, we would be compelled to make redoubled efforts, with exbausted means, to regain those very advantages which were lost for the want of experience and skill. In addition to the immense expenditures which would then be necessary, exceeding, manifold, what would have been sufficient to put our peace establishment on a respectable footing, a crisis would be thus brought on of the most dangerous character. If our liberty should ever be endangered by the military power gaining the ascendency, it will be from the necessity of making those mighty and irregular efforts to retrieve our affairs, after a series of disasters caused by the want of adequate military knowledge; just as, in our physical system, a state of the most dangerous excitement and paroxysm follows that of the greatest debility and prostration. To avoid these dangerous consequences, and to prepare the country to meet a state of war, particularly at its commencement, with honour and safety, much must depend on the organization of our military peace establishment; and I have, accordingly, in the plan about to be proposed, for the reduction of the army, directed my attention mainly to that point, believing it to be of the greatest importance.

To give such an organization, the leading principles in its formation ought o be, that, at the commencement of hostilities, there should be nothing either to new-model or to create. The only difference, consequently, between the peace and the war formation of the army, ought to be in the increased magnitude of the latter; and the only change, in passing from the former to the latter, should consist in giving to it he aucmentation which will then be necessary

It is thus, and thus only, the dangerous transition from peace to war may be made without confusion or disorder; and the weakness and danger, which otherwise would be inevitable, be avoided. Two consequences result from this principle. First the organization of the staff in a peacet es tablishment ought to be such, that every branch of it should be completely formed with such extension as the number of troops and posts occupied may render necessary and, secondly, that the organization of the line ought as far as practicable, to be such that, in passing from the peace to the war formation, the force may be sufficiently augmented, without adding new regiment or battations; thus raising the war on the creating a new army to be anded to the old as at the commencement of the late war. The next principle to be observed, is, the organization ought to be such as to induce in time of peace, citizens of adequate ta-lents and respectability of character to enter and remain in the military service of the country, so that the government may have officers at its command, who, to the requisite experience, would add the public con fidence. The correctness of this principle can scarcely be doubted, for, surely, if it is worth having an army at all, it is worth having it well commanded. These are the general principles upon which

I propose to form the arganization of the ermy, as proposed to be rediced under the resolution. By reference to tables A and B, which contain the proposed and present organizations, it will be seen that the prin cipal difference between them is in the re duction of the rank and file. organization of the staff, with its branches is retained, with slight alterations principal changes in it are, in that of the commissary general of purchases, and the that they should conform more exactly to the principles on which the other branches are now formed. It is believed that the true principle of its organization is, that every distinct branch of the staff should terminate in a chief, to be stationed, at least

the beneficial effects of it have already seen strikingly, exemplified by experience. Since the passage of the act of the 14th of April, 1818, which gave the present organization to the staff, the expense of the army has been greatly reduced, while, at the same time, the various articles supplied have been improved in quality, and the punctuality with vehicle that have been issued; and while with which they have been issued; and while the movements of the army have, at least for the present, been rendered more ex-pensive by occupying the distant frontier posts at the mouth of the St. Peter's and at the Council Bloffs. By a statement from the adjutant and inspector general, and the books of the second auditor, marked C. containing the army disbursement from 1818 to 1820, inclusive, it appears that the expense of the army in 1818; the year in which the present organization commendred and forty eight thousand four hundred and forty free dollars and one cent, while the amount of warrants issued for current dishursements to the first of November this year, has amounted only to two millions six hundred and sixteen thousand five hundred and twenty-six dollars and eleven cents, and the disbursements of the whole year will, probably, not exceed two millions se-1818, the aggregate average number of the military establishments, including the cadeta, amounted to eight thousand one hundred and mnety nine, and that of this year to nine thousand six hundred and eleven It is admitted, that, during the same period, a considerable reduction has taken place in many of the articles which constitute the supplies of the army, the effect of which been to reduce its expense; but, on ex amination it will appear that the diminution on this account is such less than what on the first impression might be supposed. Many of the more considerable items, which constitute the expenses of the army are fixed by law, and do not finetuate with the change of prices, such as the pay of the officers and men, the subsistence of the for mer, and the allowance to them for servants forage, transportation of baggage, &c. Al of the items estimated for, by the paymaster general, excepting clothing to servants, which is of small amount, par ake of this character; to which, if we add those in the quartermaster general's estimates, which although the price of some of them have in ced, yet that has been at least balanced in the increased expenditure of that depart sion and increased nu . ber of the militar posts, it will result, that the reduction in the prices is substantially confined to the clo thing medical, and subsistence departments the diminution, in the various articles sup plied by them, and it has resulted in the he lief, that the average of those supplied by the clothing and medical departments were in the year 1818, about seven per cent about forty per cent. With these data, is ascertained, that the expense of the arm this year, had no diminution in price since 1818 taken place, would have afrounted, de ducting for the difference of the average number of the two years, and allowing for the expenditure of the Seminole war is 1818, to about two millions seven hundred and umety one thousand and thirty eight dollars and fifty five cents. This sum, de ducted from three millions seven hundred and forty-eight chousand four hundred and forty-five dollars and one cent, the expens the army i 1818, gives for the actual saving, after allowing for the diminution of prices, the sum of nine hundred and filly seven thousand three hundred and filtysix dollars and lorty-six cents, (see table D. which has been effected through the organ tration of the present staff, by enabling the department to superintend, in its minute details, as well the various disbursements of the army, as the measures taken to prevent the waste of public property. The amount of saving may appear to be very great, but it is confidently believed, that it cannot be materially reduced by any just mode of calculation of which the subject is suscepti

As great as this result is, it is only in wa that the benefits of a proper organization of the staff can be fully realized. With a complete organization, and experienced officers, trained in time of peaceto an exact and punctual discharge of their duty, the saving in war (not to insist on an increased energy and success in our military movements) wou'd be of incalculable advantage to the country. The number of deputies and assistants in each branch ought to be regulated by the exigency of the service and this must obviously depend much more on the number of posts than on the number of troops; and as no material change can, consistently with the public interest, be made as to the posts, under the proposed reduc tion, little diminution can be made in the number of subordinate officers belonging to the staff

othe stati It is also proposed to retain the two major and four brigadier generals. Although it is not probable that there will be concen trated, in time of peace, at any one point, a force equal to the command of a single malor, or even a brigadier general, yot it is conceived that it is important to the service that they should be retained. As two regiments, with a proper proportion of artillery and light troops, constitute. in our service one brigade, and two brigades a divisions the command of a major general, the num-ber of reginents and battalions, under the proposed organization, thus gives a com mand equal to that of two majors and four brigadier generals. But a more weighty, and, in my opinion, decisive reason, why they should be retained, may be found in the principle already stated, that the organical stated in the principle already stated, that the organical stated is the principle already stated. nization of the peace establishment ought to be such as to induce persons of talent and respectability to enter and continue in the mil tary service To give to the officers of the army the necessary skill and acquire ments, the military academy to an invalua-ble part of our establishments but that a fone will be inadequate. For this purpose respectability of rank and compensation must be given to the officers of the army in due proportion to the other parauits of ing his course of life, must be governed making some allowence for netural dispo ation, essentially by the rewards which at tend the various pursuits open to him. United can be augmented on the full der our free institutions every one is left! war establishment only to 9,115 by

ment than the latter towards them,

If we may judge from experience, it would seem that the army, even with these important commands, which, from their rank and compensation, must operate strong ly on those who have a military inclination does not present inducements to remain is it, stronger than, nor even as strong as those of most of the other respectable pur-

The number of resignations has been ve ry great, of which many are among the most valuable officers Should the number generals be reduced, the motive for entering or continuing in service must also he greatly reduced; for, like the high prizes in a lottery, though they can be obtained by a few only, yet they operate on all those who adventure, so those important stations which they occupy are, with those the best qualified to serve their country, the princi pal motive to enter or remain in the army o retain them is, in fact, the cheapes mode of commanding such talents, for, to pursue the metaphor, if the high prizes ere distribled among all of the tickets, there would be but few adventurers; so, officers were distributed proportionably among the other officers, the inducement which the army now holds out for a milita y profession, to individuals of suitable haracter, would be almost wholly lost. It he generals were reduced to one major and and two brigadiers, the saving would not exceed \$1:,452 annually, which, distributed among the officers in proportion to their would give to a lieutenant but \$25 59 additional pay, and to a captain \$30 87 an-nually, a sum too inconsiderable to have

I will pr ceed next to make a few remarks on that port on of the organization which proposes to reduce the rank and file, without a correspondent reduction of the batta lions and regiments. By a reference to statement A, it will be seen that it is proposed to add the rifle regiment to those of the infantry, and unite the ordnance and light and heavy artillery into one corps of artiflery, which, when thus blended, to form nine regiments of infantry, and five which the corps of ordnance is to be taken to consist of one colonel, one lieut colonel two majors, seven captains, and as many lientenants as the president may judge neall the officers of the line of the present ar

to be retained No position connected with the organization of the peace establish. ment is susceptible of being more rigidly proved, than that the proportion of its officers to the rank and file ought to be greater than in a war establishment. It results immediately from a position, the truth of which cannot be fairly doubted, and which I have attempted to illustrate in the preliminary Temarks, that the leading object of a regular army in time of peace ought to be, to enable the country to meet, with honour and safety, particularly at the commencement of war, the dangers incident to that state; to effect this object, as far as practicable, the peace organization ought, has been shown, to be such, that, in passing to a state of war, there should be othing either to new-model or t create; and that the difference between that and the war organization ought to be simply in the greater magnitude of the latter. The application of this principle has governed in that portion of the formation of the proposed military establishment now under consideration. The companies, both of the artiflery and infantry, are proposed to be reduced to their minimum peace formation, the former to consist of sixty-tour privates and non commissioned officers, and the latter of thirty-seven, which will give to the aggregate of both corps, thus formed, six thousand three hundred and sixteen non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates. Without adding a single officer, or a single company, they may be augmented. should a just precaution, growing out of our foreign relations, render it necessary, to eleven rhousand five hundred and fifty eight; and, pending hostilities, by adding two hundred eighty eight officers, the two corps, on the maximum of the war formation, may be raised to the respectable force of 4,545 of the artillery, and 14,490 of the infantry, making in the aggregate 19,035 officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates. The war organization, thus raised on the basis of the peace establishment, will bring into effec-tive operation the whole of the experience and skill of the latter, which, with attention, would, in a short period, be communicated to the new recruits, and the officers recently appointed, so as to constitute a well disciplined force. Should the organization of full companies, on the contrary, be adopted for the peace establishment, this process could be earried to a very limited extent, Six thousand men so orga-

ceded it was very imperiently orga-nized and did not admit of the necessary augmentation; nor did the limited featurety in that tempect. The forces raised were organized into new corps, in which consequently, levery branch of military duty was to be learned by the officers as well as men. Bur, with all these disadvantages, the experience and discipline of the old establishment was of immense use, and has not been duly appreciated. The officers belonging to it gradually diffused their military knowledge through the army and contributed, much to the brilliant results of the compaign of 1814. For the truth of this assertion I might with confidence appeal to those officers who then acquired to much glory for themselves and their country.

Another reason remains to be urged, why, in the peace establishment, the number of officers ought to be great sompared with the actual force. At the commencement of war an adequate number of expersenced officers is of greater importance than that of disciplined troops, even were it possible to have the latter without the former; for it is not difficult to form to a short time well disciplined troops by experienced officers, but the reverse is impossible. The qualifications of the officers are essentially superior to those of the soldiers, and are more difficult to be arquired. The progress of military science has not added much to the difficulty of performing the duty of the soldier, or of training him, but it bas greatly to that of the officer. No government can, in the present improved state of military science, neglect with impunity to instruct a aufficient number of its citizens il science indispensable to its independence and safety, and to perfect that some portion of them (the number to be regulated by the resources of the country and its relation with other governments) should make arms their profession.

I have thus presented an organization which I deem the most effective, and which, in the future exis gencies of the country, may be of the utmost importance. A different one, requiring for the present an expenditure something less than that proposed, might, in some respects. be more agreeable at this moments but, believing that nothing in our situation or in our relation with other powers, however pacine a this time, can give a certain assurance of uninterrupted peace, a state which may exist in the imagination of the poet, but which no nation has yer had the good fortune to enjoy, I have deemed it my duty to present that organization which will most effectually protect the country against the calamities and dangers of any future contest in which it may be our misfortune to be involv-

Economy is certainly a very high political virtue sintimately connected with the power and the public virtue of the community. In military operations, which, under the best management, are so extensive, it is of the utmost importance; but, by no propriety of language can that arrangement be called economical, which, in order that our multary es-tablishment in peace alrould be rather less expensive, would, regardless of the purposes for which it ought to be maintained, render it unfit to meet the dangers incident

to a state of war.

With a single observation, which was emitted in its proper place, I will conclude my temarks. The plan proposed for the reduction of the army gives six thousand three hundred and sixteen non-commissioned officers, musicious, and privates, materal of aix thousand, the was found difficult to form an organisation on proper principles, which would give that precise number, and as the difference was not deemed very material, I have ventured to deviate to that extent from the terms of the resolution.

I have the homour to be,

Your obedient servant, J. C. CALHOUN.
The Hon. John W. Taylor,
Speaker of the House of Representatives

which instruction, it is necessary,

ed seat of the mighty knig embraced the resplendent l ing, heart-rending voice, knight, knight and aire, Il another are again in drea agit of mel? A chilling silence spread whole assembly, interrupte the continued screams of the Bot an old menial, iro Biorn's numerous train, wi called the pious Rolf, slowly towards the lament took him in his ceme, and, ing, prayed

MARYLAND GAZE

Annapolis, Thursday,

SINTRAM & HIS COMP.

In Drontheim's high e

assembly; they had held co

their country's weat, and

pyfully carousing 'till mic

The lawrkening storm

ing the brow impetuously the ringing windows; all

oaken doors shook on their

tringer; the heavy iron loc

wildly; when the clock, at monotonous drawl of its ma

struck onel and there ente

books wildly flying, and chosed as in sleep, adeady anchously crying for help. his stand behind the highly

"Help, father miss, "This child of thme, "I believe, and can't Immediately the boy, as in relanquished his hold; and Rolf carried him, light as the' under continued fervi and complaintful whimper

the hall. The lords and knights each other with amazeme potent knight Biorn, said, per somewhat wild, and so ed by a griss taugh—Suffer wonderful doing to distur-He is my only son, and ha it on thus ever since his a now he is twelve, and I come accustomed to it, sit hrat, it caused me some! It happens but once a year ways about this time. He cuse my style fahr Sintram, fet us chra thing more worthy of your

They continued silent a ger, then a few of them a to take up the conversation it had been interrupted by pearance of the boy, but the was ineffectual. Some of gest and most light-hear menced a roundelay, but storm whistled and when singularly into it, that this abandoned.

Now they sat silent, and motionless in the hall; the sol the lamp played dimly colleng, ahe whole congresteroes appeared like so mean and somewhat pair has had been stuck into agmont.

noured sir 1 feel semand, in the mater, that you sh I am confident as perfectly a but with al knight incl Christmas feast sich have descer great ancestors,

inca bright g of a wild boar who make over it mi honourable The chapl mun time used to coly, supposer a gr a. In like, to bere perhaps not

thin they wer

threats from n we so if that war are since, and I are quite so differe the greater po wested his bands o' milbe wept. the soft

through the

in wild singular feast. orn cast a dissatisfied the chaptein, and anchaplain, you have a in the story than perresu or I wish! spare us dedismal tale." But the swanced towards the to meek but firm grature, before it, the relation dependon your own will, but have indicated that an in the cause of your datunts, I feel myself emind, in the most deminer, that you should reed by word, how it has hap-We honour does require lam confident, you are as perfectly as myself. prost, but with submisalreate thus: "Seven years and myself were celethe dristman feast. There springe ancient venerable ratch have descended to us orgent incestors, as for indires bright golden reas of a wild boat upon the with mate over it att kinds in hopograble vows to The chaplain here, muntime used to wisit me h, macver a great friend on resist of the mighty age s. Ha like, to be sure, there perhaps not much resente predecessors, inter-

ND GAZI

Thursday,

HIS COMP

eim's high

and Knights i

cy had held co

s wear, and

ne-table,

naing till mid aulted hall, re he chiplain, paid more ateening storm said in they were well rewindows; alt This they converted your shook on their se a tierame manner, your heavy iron loc n the clock, at deficied aspect, but with drawl of its ma and there ent an you direct the fulfillment prairies to the invisible, w flying, and bleep, a deadl gartheats from the same for help. and ther you ravish from est we new see, now enjoy! was a time, when I too posne respiendent ns, & cried wit to be is if that were a bunending voice. resister, and I an over-aged ight and sire, Il became now, now avery e again in drea quite so different. But the greater part of this g silence sprea tapiaes, and knew Verena mbly, interrupte ed screams of the may, toutiful wifel" old menial, fro this bands o'er his eyes; nuite wept. The storm

merous train, wh pour Roll, and, the soft rays of the standarpage the windows, souds if sareasing and soothards the lament n this cents, and, ha wild shape. But sudsip, father mise, is child of thise, selieve, and can't the Market has been that he has been than he had been tha ely the boy, as in ed his hold; and ed him, light as of flower your webs are r continued ferv laintful whimpel rds and knights r with amazeme

ight Biorn, said,

what wild, and so give laugh—Suffer it doing to distur-only son, and ha

e ever since his a is twelve, and i ustomed to it, all

caused me some

na bue once a yea

axying so much of tram, let us turn

ore worthy of yours continued silental

in a few of them a

up the conversation

ween interrupted by e of the boy, but the ffectual. Some of ad most light-hear

a roundelay, but whistled and whis

rly into it, that this

ned.

out this time

port a supplement to the act regusolving of webs, said lating the inspection of fish.

Mr. J. B. Eccleston reports a billfor the revaluation of the real and
personal property of Kept.

Mr. Hayward reports unfavourabits connected with the
rear son, I know not.
Ridgaway, which was concurred in will have to wait a long ta straged Biora laughcommanded the chap-

Costs and his compa-tographics fright l, and below they ch audden frightful bugie, call his train soon after gallep out

hadispersed one by one, almost trembling. The trained at the cable To be continued.)

they sat silent, and leas in the hall; the famp played dimly, the whole congress appeared like so mad somewhat pair and been stuck into

Legislature of Maryland.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES. W: dnesday, Dec. 20. PETITIONS.

From andry inhabitants of Washington, counter to the petition for a new election district. From Roger Hooper of Dorchester, for further time to pay a dept due from him to the state. From George Bruce sheriff of Allegany, that creditors may be compelled to pay the prison fees of insolvent debtors. From David Grove, a revolutionary soldier. From the vestry of Port Tobacco parish, Charles, that lotteries for the benefit thereof may be exempted from the five per cent From George A. Dunkel that he may be authorised to introduce a slave into this state. From the president, managers and company of the Westminster. Taney town and Emmittsburg turnfike company that the state will either subscribe for their stock or grant memaloan. From the trustees of the school fund of Allegany that they may be authorised to appropriate said fund to more than one school in each election district. From Henry and facob Bassford, executors of John Bassford, that the levy court may be authorized to enquire into a mis-take made by their father as inspec-tor, relating the hogshead of tobacco, and to remunerate them the amount of a hogshead said for the use of the county. From Wm. P. Ridgaway, of Talbot, for a special act of insolvency.

Mr. Dennis reports a bill for the relief of John King and other seculector of Somerset.

Mr. T. N. Williams obtained leave to report a bill relating to public roads and public landings in Worcester county.

Mr. Millard obtained fleave to report a further additional supplement to the act relating to servante given to bring in a bill, entitled, An and slaves.

Mr. T. W. Hall reports a ben for the bencht of John Iglehat, M A. Arundel.

Mr. J. B. Eccleston obtained leave to report a bill for the revaluation of real and personal property in Kent county, Mr. J. P. Kennedy reports a bill

annulling the marriage of Walter

Mr. Norris obtained leave to report a applement to the act regu-

by the house.

Thursday, Dec. 24. PETITIONS.

From Theophilus Russel of Kent, for a divorce.

From the managers of the Hager's-Town female society for the instruction of poor children, for a portion of the someol fund.

From Thomas A. Davis, late sheriff and collector of Charles, for

From anndry inhabitants of Cecil for a law making it felony for a slave to abscond from his master.

From the levy court of Harford for a revision of the laws relative to their duties, and for a new criminal fee bill.

nal fee bill. From Peter Urick, for a special

Mr. Forrest reports a bill for the relies of Richard W. West, of P. George's.

P. George's, by Mr. Orrick, a nessage was sent to the senate pro-

the state, to each and ever year designating the counties to which the same has been paid since the rear 1800 to 1820, inclusive. Also, a statement of the amount of the school land to the several counties. and a statement of the same paid out of their respective parts, when and to whom the same has been paid, if any.

On motion by Mr. Boyle, Ordered, that Messrs, Boyle, J. P. Ken. nedy and Marriott, be a committee. to examine and report to this house, if any, and what decisions have taken place in conformity to an act, entitled, An act for holding an election in Somerset county, and to enable the governor and council to determine the validity of elections for sheriffs."

Mr. Hilleary reports a supplement to the act passed in 1819, relative to the school fund in the several counties therein named.

Mr. J. B. Eccleston reports an additional supplement to the act to provide for the education of poor children in the several counties therein named.

On motion by Mr. J. B. Eccles-

Ordered. That the treasurer of he western shore be requested to furnish this house with a statement of the judgments due the state of Maryland, designating such as are deemed valid and such as are deemed invalid, and also specifying the amount of such judgment and the date of its vendition.

The house adjourned.

On Friday nothing of importance was transacted in the House, which adjourned on Saturday till yesterday; on which day however, it did not meet.]

#### SENATE

Tuesday, Dec. 19. The clerk of the house of delegates delivers a resolution relative to the school fund in Calvert county; a bill to alter and change the time of holding the levy court in Dorchester county; a bill to repeal part of an act therein mentioned; a bill for the relief John J. Moore, of Harrison county, state of Ohio; a bill for the benefit of Thomas Ennalls Price of Talbot county; and a bill to continue in force the acts of assembly which would expire with the present session.

The bill for the relief of John J. Mol. of Harrison county, state of Con. was read the third time by specific terms of delegates.

On motion of Mr. Maxcy, Leave

additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act to regulate the inspection of tobacco.

Adjourned.

Wednesday, Dec. 20. The clerk of the house of delegates delivers a resolution in favour of Jehu Chandlen a bill for the re lief of Thomas Porter of John, of Allegany county; a bill for the relief of John Holtzman, of Allegany county; a bill for the relief of Ben jamin Parker of Allegamy county; a bill for the benefit of William Harness of Allegany county, and a bill for the relief of Jesse Hughes, respective certain lands therein mentioned.

The III the relief of John Holtz-

man, of llegany county, was read the third time by special order and will not pass.

On motion of Mr. Maxcy, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled, A further supplement to an act, entitled, An act relating to negroes, and to repeal the acts of assembly therein mentioned.

Mr. Maxey reported a bill, entitled. An act to regulate the inspection of tobacco; which was read

read the third time and will not

The following message was read

the public balldings, accompanied by the separt of the directors of the penitentary, as also a letter from the monutable William Tilghman president of the Attenuana literary institution in the city of Philadelphia, which may read and ordered to be printed.

Thursday, Dec. 21. On motion of Mr. Carcoll, Leave given to bring in a bill, cutified, A supplement to an act, emitted. An act relating to justices of the peace

in the city of Baltimore.
On motion of Mr. Taney, Leave given to bring in a bill, entitled. An act to provide for the support and maintenance of debtors actually confined in prison.

On motion of Mr. Harper, the question was put, Will the senute reconsider the message of yesterday relative to the appointment of a senator of the United States? Resolved in the affirmative. The question was then put, Will the senute assent to the same? Determined in the negative.

The clerk of the house of delegates delivers a bill entitled. An act. to prevent the destruction of oysters in this state; a bill to authorise the establishment of an additional warehouse in the city of Balti-nore for the inspection of tobacco: a bill annulling the marriage of Theophilus Russell of Kent county, and Ann his wife, a bill to provide for the payment of the jurors of Prince George county; and a bill to acthorise and empower the levy court of Anne Arundel county to assess and levy a sum of money for the purpose therein mentioned.

The bill to repeal part of an act therein mentioned, was read the second and by special order the third time and will passe

On motion of Mr. Carroll, Leave given to bring to a bill, entitled, A supplement to an act, entitled. An act relating to the police of the city of Baltimore.

The bill to authorise the estab. ishment of an additional warehouse in the city of Baltimore for the inspection of tobacco, was read the second and third time by special or-

der and will pass. . The clerk of the house of delegates delivers a bill for the sale of the real estate of Leonard Coving. ton, deceased; a bill for the relief of John King, and certain other securities of William S. Handy late collector of Somerset county; and a bill annulling the marriage of Walter Williams, and Elizabeth Ann Williams, formerly Elizabeth Ann Tilden, of the city of Baltimore.

Mr. Carroll presented the petition of the president and directors of the Baltimore Fire Insurance Company, praying for a continuance and renewal of its charter.

Adjourned.

#### TO THE HUMANE!

Information is earnestly solicited, respecting a person named CASTLE HOTCHKIES, who escaped from his friends between Lancaster and Philadelphia, a few days since, while on their way with him to his residence in Connecticut. He had been deranged for some months previous, and was in that state when he made his escape. When in this situation he calls himself Johnson. Is about 5 feet 10 inches in heighth, light complexion, dark hair and dark blue eyes. Had on when he absented himself, a blue cose, black pantaloons and vest, and black hat .-Han a scar on his head, occasioned by the application of a blister. If he has fallen into the hands of any person, it is requested that the greatest possible care may be taken of him, and information thereof sent by letter or onerwise, to ELISHA WEST, of Burillian, in Hartford Connecticut, or to John C. Town, No. 9 Bowery, either of whom will cheerfully detray all expences incurred, and make ample compensation for all trouble under-gone, if required. \* Editors in this city, and those

in New-Jergey, Pennsylvania and Maryland, will confer a particular obligation on his friends, and per-turm an act of humanity, by giving the above notice one or two insertions in their respective papers.

Dec. 28.

George's.

In motion by Mr. Orrick, a stage was sent to the senate proint to morrow, to proceed to the section.

The motion by Mr. Orrick, a we shall be prepared at 1 po'clock. We shall be prepared at 1 po'clock. Arundel county.

#### NOTICE:

All persons having claims again the estate of John J. Hellen, late Calvert county, deceased, are herel notified to exhibit the same to the su scriber, on or before the 18th day of June 1821, legally authenticated, they inay otherwise be deprived of all benefit from said estate. All persons indebted are requested to make payment.

Joseph J. Hellen, Adm'r.

#### NOTICE.

The subscriber having obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Mary Brower, late of said county, deceased, requests all per-sons who have claims against said estate, to produce them, legally authenticated, and those indebted to make

A Churd Linthicum, Adm'r.

Dr. Ree New Cyclopeedia. The subscribers to this valuable work are informed, that the last vol. has been received, and is ready for delivery. Persons holding odd volumes of the Cyclopadia, who are desirous of dis-posing of them, are requested to apply to the subscriber, at any time in the course of a week or 10 days from this

The person who borrowed from the subscriber the 2d vol. of the Edinburgh Encyclopædia is requested to return it. GEORGE SHAW.

#### Negroes to Hire.

Two negroes, a Boy 14 years of age, Girl 16 years of age, will be hired by the year to any person in the country Apply at this office.

NEW AND CHEAR CASH STORE

W. BRYAN, & CO. Having taken the Mand formerly occupied by Mr. Munroe, as Post Office, (next door to Mr. J. Haghes,) have just received, and are now offering for Sale, a general as-

Dry Gonds, Groceries, &c. Among which are Cloths and Cassimeres, Corddroys and Velvela, Vesting, Flatinets, Cordoroys and Velvels, Vesting, Fladnels, Baizes, Irish Linens & Lawys, Linen Cambric, Irish & Russia Sheetings, Steam Loom and other Shirtings, Cambric, Book & Mull Moslin, Insertings, Cambric, Book & Mull Moslin, Insertings, Cambric, Steatin, Ribbons assorted, Rable & Russia Diapers, Dimittes, Domestic, Shirtings, Sheetings & Plaids, Calico, Cinghams, Shawls & Handkerchiefs, & bazetts & Bombazines, Madeira, Port, Sterry, Lisbon & Malaga Madeira, Port, Stierry, Lisbon & Malaga Wines, Cogniad Brandy, Jamaica Spirit, Holland Gin, Oldfkye Whiskey, NF., Rum, Common Whiskey, Loaf & Brown Sugar, Coffee, Chocolde, Hyson, Y. Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Seuchong Teas, Black & Cayenne Pepper, Mustard, Allapice, Bace & Ground Ginger, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, Cinamon, Indigo & Fig Blue, Copperay, Madder, Starch, Powder, Shot, & Gun Flints, Mould & Diot Candles, Soan, Rai-Flints, Mould & Dipt Candles, Soap, Resains, Rice, Crackers, Cigars, Souff & Tobacco Besides many other articles too todious to insert, all of which will be sold on accommodating terms for Cash. They therefore solicit persons who wish to prore bargains to give them a call.

#### BASIL SHEPHARD, MERCHANT TAILOR;

Respectfully informs his customers, and the public in general, that he has received a sopply of the best materials in his line of boiness, consisting of Superfine Cloth, Black, Blue, &c. Cassimers,

Mill'd and Double Mill'd Drabs, Vestings assorted, &c.

All of which will be made up in the best manner, and upon the most ressonable terms, agreeable to the wishes of those that may favour him with orders. For past favours his feels trateful, and is anxious by his best eplie patronage.

Ready made Plaid Cloaks for sale

ROAR DING-HOUSE.

MRS, ROBINSON having leased, that large and commodious Building, near the Church, recently occupied as a Tavern by Mr. James Williamson, is prepared to accommodate Boarders by the day, week month or year. Those who may be pleased to favour her with their paironage, may be assured that every exection will be made to promote their comfort and satisfaction. Livery Stable being situated, in the vicinity of her House, Traveller with antire confidence, and year there with an anti-ROARDING-HOUSE

Constants or Constants and Castimates, a variety of colours.

Yestings, &c. &c.

All or any of which he will be happy on make up in the nestest and most against be style.

Oct. 10

#### CITY HOTEL.

That Well Known Establishment, the Union Tavern & City Hotel,

Formerly kept by George Mann, in the City of Annapolis, has lately been purchased, and is now

JAMES WILLIAMSON; Who has opened a large and commodi ous TAVERN, where Boarders and Travellers will receive the most tore-mitted attention, and the best of every thing which the sensons afford. Those who formerly favoured him

with their custom, may be assured that every exertion will be made, and his personal aid given, to render them per-tectly satisfied, and he invites those who have never witnessed his desire to please to give him a call, confident that If they do so once, they will repeat the Visit whenever opportunity offers.

The Best Liquors, and fare of every kind, that can be procured, shall be offered to his customers, and the great-est attention paid to, and so them of their horses. He therefore solicition March 23.

#### BLANKS

For Sale at this Office.

Declarations on Promissory Notes, and bills of exchange against Drawer, first, second, and third Endorser, in

Debt on Bond and Single Bill, Common Bonds, Appeal Wobacco Notes, &c. &c. May 18.

#### CENTRAL TAVERN

That well known establishment, the Central Tavern, formerly kept by capt. Thomas, in the City of Annapolis, has fately been purchased and put in com-

JOSEPH DALEY,
Who has opened a large and commodious

# TAVERN,

where Boarders and Travellers will receive the most unremitted attention, and the best of every thing which the seasons afford. Gentlemen attending the Legislature, and the public in general, will find it to their advantage to give him a call, as he pledges himself nothing will be left undone to render every satisfaction to his customers -The best Liquors, and fare of every kind that can be procured, shall be of fered to his customers, and the greatest attention and care taken of their Horses He therefore so cits a share of public patronage, Nov. 23. 125thD.

#### State of Maryland, Sc. Calvert County, Orphans Court. Nov. 14th, 1820.

On application of Joseph Wood, ad ministrator of Thomas B. Wood, late of Calvert county, deceased It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their elaims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks in the Maryland Republican and Maryland Gazette, of Annapolis, William Smith, Reg. of William

for Calvert County Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Calvert county in Maryland, letters of adminis tration on the personal estate of Thedeceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the first day of June next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this twenty se-

Joseph Wood, Adm'r. Hunting Town, Calvert County. Jec. 14.

Was Committed, To my custody as a runaway in the To my custody as a runaway in the state inst. A negro woman who says her mame is Rachel, appears to be about thirty five years of age, and so ignorant charactering can be got from her as age or owner. She is five fact two inches high, of a dark completion, thick. Ips and large eyes, ha on a course blue jacket and match coat blanket petricoat. Her owner is requested to come forward and take her away otherwise the will be dealt with as the law directs.

Benf. Harris, Shift.

Clothe and Cassimeres, Blankets—Flannels, Worsted Drawers and Shirts, Worsted and Lambs Wool Hoviery, Cotton and Silk de. Russia and Irish Sheeting. Irish Linens.
Linen Cambric,
Kenting—Callicnes,
Shirting Muslin, Woodstock Gloves. Ladies Beaver and Kid Gloves.

Dimities Patinet. Bandena and Flag Handkerchiefs, White and Black Italian Crape, Silks of various colours, Bombazetta, Ribbons assorted, Tapes—Boblin—Thread, &c. Umbrellan,

Red and Green Baize. And many other Articles not enumerated.

# GROCERIES,

Brandy-Spirit. Gin-Old Whiskey, NE. Rum-Common Whiskey, Madeira. S. Madeira, WINES; Sherry, Port, Malaga Spermacetti Oil. Allapice-Nutmegs, Mace-Cloves,

Loaf and Brown Sugar Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Souchong Coffee-Chocolate, Rice-Barley. Mustard—Pepper, Mould and Dipped Candles, Spermacetti Tobacco-Segars, Salt Petro-Gopperas, &c. &c.

Ginger-Starch, Window Glass, Oils & Paints. Ironmongery & Cutlery,

Comprising an extensive Assortment.

# Stationary and Books,

Including a great variety of Writing Paper, of different sizes and qualities, Quills, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Ink, Ink Powder, Inkstands, Slates, Cyphering and Copy Books, &c. &c.

# A Valuable Collection of Books

In various departments of Literature.

And a variety of Classical and School Books.

G. S. Has also for Sale a variety of

# China & Crockery Ware,

And many other ARTICLES which are not particularly specified in this advertisement. All of which are offered for Sale at reasonable prices.

# Book Binding

In all its varieties executed as usual. Annapolis. October 26, 1820.

South River Bridge Company.

Notice is hereby given to the stock holders in the South River Bridge Com pany, that an instalment of four dol ars on each share of stock by them respectively held, is required to be paid to the treasurer of the said company. at the Farmers Bank of Maryland, on Monday the first day of January next

By the act of incorporation, any stockholder who shall fail to pay any instalment which shall at any time be called for, for the space of one month, shall forfeit the sum or sums before paid by him, on his stock, to the use of the said corporation, and shall also forfeit his right to said stock on account of which he shall be delinquent, and the president and directors shall have power to sell said stock for the use of said corporation; and if any forfelted share or shares of stock shall not produce on sale a sum sufficient to discharge the balance due thereon, and the expences of sale, the said delinquent stockholder or stockholders shall remain liable for the balance due,

By order of the President and Direc.

Thos. Franklin. Treasurer. Nov. 30

## NOTICE.

The subscribers hereby forewarn all persons from hunting with log or gun, or in any manuer trespessing upon their farm called the President, (for merly Horn Point,) lying opposite this city, as they are determined to prosecute offenders to the rigidar of the law. They have been constrained to this unpleasant measure by the certainty, that not only their filles and woods are liable to be described by fire so long as the practice of gunning is followed up in them, but that their farm-house, and other buildings, and fences are likewise exposed to similar danger.

George & John Barber.

A TEACHER WANTER

The present teacher of Anne-Arundel County Free School intending to ramove, the visitors will continue to re-ceive proposals from this time until the The requisite qualifications under the law are, that the teacher should understand the different branches of an Eng-lish education, but if he could also teach the languages, a very adequate com-pensation and encorragement would be pensation and encorragement would be given. The respective candidates will be required to undergo an examination, which will take place on the let Saturday of January, when it will be necessary to produce testimonials of good

moral character.

Letters on this subject addressed, by mail or otherwise. "To the visitors of Anne Arundel county free school," and directed to Annapolis, Mid will a carefally ttended to.

## SADDLERY &c.

The subscriber thanks his friends The subscriber thanks his friends and the public, for the liberal encouragement he has received of them; and takes this opportunity of informing them, that he still continues to carry on the Saddlery Business, a few doors below the city Tavern, or Williamson's Hotel, where he has and intends keeping on hand, a complete and tasty assortment in his line, on the most accommodating terms. moduting terms

John Nelson Steuart. N. B. Lee has on hand a good supply of finit tien flauver fute also, very stronger recognition will be disposed of on very morecase terms.

N. S.

#### INDEPENDENCE.

The subscriber has remaining on hand a few superb copies of Binn's Declaration of Independence, (with a fac simile of each signer's name.) which he offers to the public, together with a choice selection of

Winter Goods.



The New and Elegant Steam Boat

# Maryland,

CLEMENT VICKARS, COM-Han commenced her regular route

between Easton, Angapolis and Bal-timore, for the accommodation of Pas-sengers, Horses and Carriages.

The Maryland U not surpresed in point of elegance or speed by any Boat in the United Statis.

She Jeaves Easton on Mondays and Thursdays at 8 Sclock, AM calling at Todd's Point and Oxford, to receive passengers; arrives at Annapolisat half past one o'clock, and leaving there at half past two o'clock, arrives at Balti-more at six o'clock, PM. the same evening. Returning, leaves Baltimere on Wednesdaye and Saturdays at sight o'clock, A.M. arrives at Annapolis at half past eleven; leaves Annapolis at half past to elve, and arrives at Easton at six o'clock the same evening. Pas-sengers withing to go to Philadelphia. can be put on board the Union Line of Steam Beats from Baltimore, and will arrive a Philadelphia early the next

Il Baggage and Lestons at the

#### 50 Dollars Reward.

Ranaway from the subscriber, liv-ing on the head of South River, a Ne-gro Lad by the name of Charles, who calls himself Charles Britton, about six feet high, 18 or 19 years old; his cloth ing consists of a brown cloth coat and pantalogus, an old fur hat, course linen shirt, course shoes, nailed, though he may have other clothing concealed, that I know nothing of The above reward, will be given if taking in the county, or 100 dollars if out of the county; 200 dollars if out of the state,

and secured so that I get him again.

B. D. Whe lery Manager for Thee, Snowden, Esq.

#### CITY TAXES.

By the Corporation. December, 14, 1820.

Ordered. That the Collector of the Corporation be required to close the accounts of his collection for the taxes of the current year, on or before the next stated meeting of the Corporati on, which will be on the second Mon day of Japuary next. On failure to do the same, his bond be and is hereby directed to be put in suit.

2004 John Brewer, Clk.

(J-All persons who have not paid their City Taxes, are requested to call and pay the same before the above

Isaue Holland, Col.

#### NOTICE.

In consequence of the unfavourable appearance of the weather, the meeting of the Agricultural Society of Maryland is adjourned until Thursday the 14th January, whose a meeting will be held at the Assembly Room in this city, at 10 o'clock A. M. As the is the annual meeting of the society, at which all appointments are to be made, the members are particularly requested to attend. An appropriate address, will be delivered by a member of the Society.

Annapolis Dec. 14, 1820

#### PRINTING

Monday in Ortober and they that day at 10 o'clock to sold lie Vendre at the Bising Sun a Apply for particulars to Mr. Potland, on the promises, to Mr. Sauda in Annapolis, or to the Spers in Beltimore.

I also offer for sale the land

BODKIN NECK

on the river Patapace and the containing upwards at 1100 acm. This land is field by tenants under tain covenants, yielding \$700 a. A part of it has commodious dwell on it, and is in a bush state of impresent.—The supply of manure by a silions from the lay, is beyond wants of the fact. There is an a dance of deer and wild triker on dance of deer and wild triker on its fact, and a great portion of it in the fact, and a great portion of it in vicinity to Haltimore, its faberies, other circumstances independent of the fact, give it great at tages.

L will also sell all the lands that known by the name of The Coar on and Howard's Pancy, lately held Major T. Dorsey and Mr Yealdh adjoining the Blackhorse tavers, a miles from Anaspolis. They contogether, about 600 acres, and couture one of the first positions for a few of any location in that section of country.

The quality of the soil is a red is similar to the best lands on West Ri Pluster and clover will in our year duce great fertility, and wheat my raised on it, yielding a great crop may be seen by the crops within neighbourhood on lands of similar of the page of the best natural in lity. There are the best natural dows on this farm, of any in the n bourhood. A long gredit will be g to the purchaser for the greatest of the money. Apply to Mr. Jo Sands in Annapolis, or the second in Baltimore.

Mames Nelson July 20.

State of Maryland, S Calvert County Orphans Cour

On application of Jons Laws executing of the last will and tests of Jacob Chambers, Inte of Checounty, deceased, it is ordered he gives the notice required by for creditors to exhibit their clangainst the said deceased, and the same he published once in each for the space of six encounter in the Maryland Greette, and Mand Republican, of Annualliant Republican, of Annualliant Republicant, of Annualliant Republicant Republicant

Notice is hereby Give That the subscriber, of Calvert ty, buth obtained from its Op Court of Calvest county, is sure letters testamentary on the presents of leep Chamber, late county, deceased All person claims against the mid deceased hereby warned to stitbit the sme the roughers thereof, to be subscribed from all baneful day onext, they may otherwise by hexclusted from all baneful of subscribes index my hand, this is. December 1820.

Softs Louisses, Katafarane, Calvert Ca