

















# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1792.

## VIENNA, April 15.

**BODY** of troops, under the command of general Wallis, is marching into Lower Austria, attended by 21 field pieces, six-pounders—2 twelve-pounders, and 2 mortars; 24 battalions of infantry, and 14 divisions of cavalry, all 20,000 men, and attended by 84 pieces of artillery, six-pounders, 12 twelve-pounders, and 12 mortars, are on the route for the Netherlands.

## PARIS, April 9.

An intercourse of friendship and familiarity is commencing between the French and the Austrian troops, as the Flemish and French frontiers.—The greatest part of an Austrian regiment went, a few days since, to Lille; were entertained in the barracks there, and left the city, upon their return to their own homes, shouting *Vive la Nation*.

April 25. The decrees relative to the sequestration of the estates of the emigrants has been inserted in the papers of the municipality at Paris. The most positive orders have been issued for the troops to march. General Luckner is to take possession of the district of Porentrui, conformably with the treaty between France and the bishop of Basle. The army, reinforced with a detachment from that of the north, is to advance towards Luxembourg. The army of the north is to march towards Mons.—Van Merish has accepted a post in the French army; he is *Marschal de Camp*.

The emigrants have bespoken 16,000l. tents and camp equipage. The two millions of livres which they have lately received, are from the king of Spain.

The elector of Treves, the moment he was informed of the king's ultimatum, sent a courier to Vienna, desiring that the emigrants might be permitted to assemble and to take up arms. It was expected, that on the 25th of April they would be completed, armed, and embodied. The last division of the Brigaw army arrived at Fribourg. Generals Wallis and Cobourg, in full march at the head of 30 battalions, consisting of 15,000 men each.

The Prussians in the duchy of Cleves have received orders to put themselves on a war establishment. Precautions have been taken that all the troops may be ready at the same time to begin a campaign. At Cologne, 12,000 Prussian troops are to be quartered. A great quantity of field pieces, some 36 pounders, are on the road from Malines for Mons. Almost the whole garrison of Brussels is to march towards the frontier.

The first military operations on our part, will, it is believed, be directed against the electorates of Treves and Metz. The army under M. de la Fayette will be employed in this service. The general is eager to see his army united with the emigrant princes. From several parts of the interior of France, the melancholy news is received.—Letters from the Rhine declare, that it is now no longer possible to enter the chateaux which have been pillaged and reduced to ashes. Letters from Ponthieu make mention that the houses, shops, &c. have been plundered by a set of ruffians, who, elated by success, attacked churches, &c. overthrew altars, statues, &c. Arles has been obliged to pay a sum of 80,000 livres as a ransom. The Marseillais army is daily increasing, and it is no longer a secret that their object is to sweep the southern provinces into a republic. The army of Marseilles has advanced them a sum of 100,000 livres.

Yesterday the minister for foreign affairs informed the national assembly that M. de Semonville, who was employed by the king minister plenipotentiary at the court of Turin, has been arrested at Alexandria, on his journey from Genoa to Turin, by order of his Sardinian majesty, on pretence that he had no passport from the Sardinian government. The court of Turin has ordered not to permit M. de Semonville to return to France; and M. d'Hauteville, minister for foreign affairs, has sent a courier to the court of France with dispatches full of complaints against the Sardinian government, and saying that it was exceedingly dangerous for him to reside at Turin. He is also accused of having endeavoured to excite tumults. His Sardinian majesty ordered the king of the French to appoint another ambassador in his room.

M. de Semonville has written several letters to M. de La Fayette, the French secretary of legation, complaining of the outrageous insults offered to the representatives of the French nation. M. de Semonville then sent a copy of the dispatches which he has sent to M. de La Fayette. In these dispatches he expresses his astonishment that a French ambassador should be insulted and arrested, while the French flags who have signified are openly printed. He charges expressly the secretary of legation, M. de Semonville, with the execution of the orders given by the Sardinian government for the arrestation of M. de Semonville. He demands an explanation with-

in 24 hours. He is to go to M. de Semonville, and to there is no prospect of quelling those barbarous assassinations to his Sardinian majesty. 4th. If the ants. The present disturbances in France, will undoubtedly, prove fatal to the powers of France, or some of her West-India islands.

On Thursday arrived here from Laogane, the schooner Commerce, captain Clemens, having on board near 20 families, belonging to the island of Hispaniola.

## FRENCH WAR.

June 28. English papers as late as the 20th April, (received by captain Norton from Liverpool) mention that the declaration of war against the king of Hungary and Bohemia, was formally declared throughout Paris, on the 21st, amongst the greatest concourse of people ever seen on such an occasion. That the Russian fleet would pass the Sound in a few days, and rendezvous either in the Downs or at Torbay; but none of the British ports were expected to be open for their reception. The French commerce was likely to suffer in the contest, as privateers from various states would rendezvous at Ostend, and sailing under Brabant colours, would pick up the merchant ships of France; but that great preparations were making in France for the immediate capture of that place.

## NEW-LONDON, June 28.

As a proof that many exotic plants can be raised in this fertile country, there is now growing in natural ground, in the garden of Mr. P. Bradford in Montville, adjoining this town, a caper-tree, full of that fruit, and equal in appearance to any imported from France, or any other foreign country.

## PHILADELPHIA, July 3.

**MARSHAL LUCKNER.**  
The citizens of Strasbourg have presented a civic crown to this respected old soldier, with the following ceremonies:

On the morning of 24th April, the day appointed for the ceremony, the municipal officers, the citizens, and the members of societies, met in the Hall, where three ladies, the wives of the members of the Jacobins club, were elected to the honour of presenting the general with the crown.

The procession then began, with the music of all the regiments of the garrison, followed by two pieces of cannon. The ladies came next, surrounded by four veterans of the national guards, one of whom carried the crown at the end of a pine, covered with the *bonnet rouge*. A band of young citizens, with a second crown, followed; and the members of societies in the two departments of the Rhine concluded the procession.

The streets were lined with an immense crowd—whose shouts were heard throughout the whole city.

When the procession reached the general's house, the music played "On jouit de ses mérites," and the ladies placed the crown upon the head of the old soldier, who was so much affected by the ceremony, that he could but declare his inability to return thanks for the honour paid to him by his fellow-citizens, and retire.

The flight and terror of the Princes of Hesse, and the steady determination of his army, has given a lesson to the German states, from which they will profit. They have tried in vain to conceal the fact. It has spread through every petty tyranny, and the effect on the troops of every despot has been the same. The army of the prince of Hesse have drawn up a sort of military charter of rights, which they have bound themselves to one another that he shall sign, before they return to their obedience.

Last Sunday will be remarkable in the history of the climate of Pennsylvania.

At two o'clock, P. M. the mercury in the thermometer stood at ninety-one degrees in the shade; there was at the same time a strong breeze of wind from the north-west.

About half after three, heavy clouds began to arise from the north and north-west, and immediately commenced a most tremendous hurricane, which lasted for near fifteen minutes, with astonishing violence.

One of the large windows of Christ church was blown into the life, which, though it was during the time of divine service, did no injury to any of the congregation. Several houses were unroofed, many stacks of chimneys blown down.

The river exhibited a most awful scene—the vessels in the harbour were tossed to and fro in every direction, and many were overboard. A brig was driven on the bar, and remained there aground; and a fine ship lying near Vine-street, was forced from her moorings, and overboard—fortunately she had no ballast, she drifted on her beam ends, with the tide about a mile down the river, and then got aground; it is to be hoped she will be brought off, without having received any material injury.

Throughout the whole of this furious tempest, we have heard of no lives being lost, except a boy, who was drowned by the overturning of one of the boats.

Since writing the above account, we further learn, that a boat from this city to the Jersey shore was over-

## COBLENZ, April 17.

It is said, that yesterday a messenger arrived from M. Dumouriez, the French minister, with dispatches to our elector, requiring him to give an immediate and categorical answer to the question, "Whether the elector does acknowledge the present constitution as the true and only constitution of France, or not?" This question is asked with a threat, that if the elector does not acknowledge the present constitution of France, that nation will oblige him to do it. The same message was sent to Mainz; and, in consequence, couriers have been sent to two great powers.

## DUBLIN, April 1.

In the course of the last week, at Ballinamore, the seat of Thomas Ormsby, Esquire, four of his labourers were found dead, having been suffocated from the rarification of the air in the room where they slept: This melancholy consequence arose from a lighted turf having been left burning where there was no chimney for the egress of the heated air.

There were eight men in the room, all of whom were insensible: but from the skillful means which were administered, four of them were restored to life: The state of the others baffled every attempt of recovery which skill could suggest, or humanity employ; the organs of respiration had so long ceased to act, that no new impulse could be given.

The first act of liberality from a protestant government to Roman catholicism on the continent, was done by the late king of Prussia, who built a most elegant church, furnished it with an organ, and every suitable decoration for the use of such ecclesiastics, strangers or subjects as were resident at Berlin. The compliment was soon returned by the three ecclesiastical electors of Mentz, Treves, and Cologne, the bishop of Hohenloë, Saltsburgh, &c. So that Lutherans and Calvinists, are not only tolerated, but protected and cherished in all those states.

## BELFAST, May 1.

We are informed that an association is forming in London for the purpose of forwarding a reformation to the British parliament in which some very eminent characters are taking a lead, and from whom much is expected.

## LONDON, May 3.

A letter from an English gentleman at Petersburg gives a very curious account of the present state of that court. The murder of the king of Sweden made a strong impression on the empress; but it gave such an alarm to the archduke, as was perceptible to every one. He talked publicly of plans formed to carry him off; and in a conversation with her majesty, he spoke in the most unmeasured terms, deprecating himself, says the letter, "neither as a son, nor as a subject." The health of the empress is not merely on the decline. There is evidently a thorough break up of the constitution. Her death, though it will make no change in the subject condition of the people, will be the act of a material change in the empire, for it is likely to be divided.

## BOSTON, June 25.

**MR. COX—THE ARTIST.**  
Of this town, was in Ireland, at the date of our last accounts from thence, April 6, and in high reputation, continually receiving applications for building bridges, and performing other efforts of enterprise. He was then contemplating the construction of a dam for the grand canal company, and had offered to engage in the building of two large bridges, one 2000 and another 700 feet long—the timber to be the production of the American soil. The account published some time since, of his being engaged in juggling the monument in London, was not authentic—the above is.

The French patriots fired with enthusiastic ardour—and the emigrant princes and their adherents, stimulated by revenge, will not leave a bloodless field in any encounter. At Paltan Pass.

There will be no playing folderl there. A brig arrived here on Wednesday last, from Port-au-Prince, the captain of which informs, that three days previous to his sailing, a trumpet arrived from Nantes, with 100 troops, to be stationed there for three years to quell the negroes insurrection. That the insurrection at the Cape still remains dangerous, and

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to  
CENT FORRESTER.  
county, April 9, 2792.  
to the estate of GEORGE  
St. Mary's county, decreed  
mediate payment to THOMAS  
an, or the subscribers, to  
ins are desired to bring the  
MURDER.  
Y PLATER.  
Kind of  
BOOKS  
POLIS  
ERICK and SAMUEL  
BORN.







...which, 9  
...Office at  
Annapolis: William  
...Brisson, col  
...St. Mary's county  
...Daniel Carroll  
...William Clarke  
...Annapolis: R  
...H. Cotes, Prince  
...Washington col  
...Annapolis: Ann  
...Anne's county: Jo  
...William Deane, Hob  
...Matthew Eversfield  
...Fullenwider or Jaco  
...John Frazer, Prince  
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...Rev. Edward Gant  
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...port, Rhode-Island.  
...Rinaldo Johnson, A  
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...smith, James Steele, An  
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...Jonathan Slater, Baste  
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...REEN, D. P. M.  
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...June 9, 1792.  
...claims against the estate  
...AY, late of Anne-Arund  
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...N JOHNSON, Executor.  
...St. Mary's, June 4, 1792.  
...debited to the estate of d  
...GOULDIE, deceased, as  
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...said estate are required  
...attested, to  
...ITE BARBER, Executor.  
...the subscriber, about the  
...man named JOHN, his  
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...look, long visage, and a  
...g walk, he is a tolerable  
...on when he went away  
...both coat, not much worn, r  
...breaches, a pair of thin lea  
...Rockings; he also took with  
...and cloth coat, much worn,  
...diverse jeans, and more th  
...other cloaths which I sh  
...will attempt to pass as a  
...of Butler. Whoever takes  
...him, so that I get him ap  
...of St. DOUGLASS, and the  
...DOUGLASS, and all friend  
...LAWSON SPEAKS.  
...June 15, 1792.

**SCHEME OF A LOTTERY.**

For the purpose of disposing of VALUABLE PRO-  
perty, adjoining the town of Vienna, in Dor-  
chester county, and lying in the city of Annapo-  
lis, which 150 cash prizes are added,  
1 Prize of 724 acres of valuable  
land, adjoining the town of  
Vienna, distinguished on the  
plot by No. 71, to which is  
added a lot of marsh number-  
ed on the plot 54, containing  
41 acres. **£ 233**  
2 ditto of 8 water lots adjoining  
the said town, and on the river  
Nanticoke, No. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6,  
7, 8, 9, at 37l. 10s. each. **300**  
3 ditto of 4 lots divided by a  
street from the water lots, No.  
10, 11, 12, 13, at 25l. each. **100**  
4 ditto of 5 lots adjoining the 4  
last mentioned lots, No. 16,  
17, 19, 20, 21, at 20l. each. **100**  
5 ditto divided by a street from  
the last mentioned 5 lots, No.  
22, 23, 24, 25, 34, 35, 36,  
37, 38, 39, 40, at 15l. each. **165**  
6 ditto being separated by a  
street from the last mentioned  
lots, No. 26, 27, 28, 29, 30,  
31, 32, 33, 41, 42, 43, at 10l.  
ditto adjoining the above, No.  
44 to 52 inclusive, at 7l. 10s.  
each. **67 10**  
7 ditto adjoining the above, for  
grass lots, containing from 2  
to 5 1/2 acres each, No. 63 to 70  
inclusive, at 10l. **60**  
8 ditto containing 3 1/2 acres of va-  
luable high land and meadow  
ground, adjoining the lots of  
the late Dr. Wheeland, in Vi-  
enna, **100**  
9 ditto grass lots, No. 55 to 64  
inclusive, at 12l. **120**  
10 ditto a water lot in the city of  
Annapolis, on Charles-street,  
150 cash prizes, of 30s. each, **200**  
217 prizes. **£ 1780 10**  
970 blanks.  
187 Tickets, at 30s. each.

**MANAGERS.**

Messieurs John Davidson, James Shaw, John Ran-  
dall, of Annapolis; colonel Uriah Forrest, colonel  
William Deakins, of George-town; colonel Peter  
Walle, captain Levin Handy, of Worcester; Gul-  
mus Scott, Alexander Douglas, of William S. Bond,  
guites, of Dorchester; Samuel Chamberlaine, Wil-  
son Hindman, Esquires, of Talbot; colonel William  
Richardson, Peter Edmonson, Esquires, of Caroline;  
James Hollyday, Esquire, of Queen-Anne's.  
The above property in Dorchester county, has been  
deeded to the subscribers by Clement Hollyday, for  
purpose of redeeming certain notes of hand passed  
him to sundry persons, in small sums, to the  
amount of about £ 100. As a sale by lottery is the  
most probable mode of disposing of it to advantage,  
and of acquiring ready money for it, Mr. Hollyday  
desires that we should proceed to that method, and  
that we should receive, and retain in our hands, the  
money arising on the sale of the tickets, for the pur-  
pose above mentioned, and also to satisfy sundry of  
our creditors, some of whom have liens on that pro-  
perty, and who, therefore, no doubt, will acquiesce  
in this mode of disposing of it. The property is  
valued at a moderate valuation. Proper deeds will be  
deeded to those who may be entitled to them after  
drawing of the lottery, and the cash prizes paid  
demand. It is intended that the drawing shall  
commence in the city of Annapolis, on the 22d day  
of October next. Notice will be given of the time,  
and a list of the fortunate numbers published im-  
mediately after drawing.

**GABRIEL DUVALLE,  
WILLIAM CAMPBELL.**

**Inspection House for Tobacco.**

THIS is to give public notice, that the inspection  
house for tobacco, at Beard's Point, on South  
of, in Anne-Arundel county, is now in readiness to  
receive tobacco for inspection; and from the large  
quantity of that article made in the neighbourhood of  
the river already said, it is expected that a considerable  
number of headstuds will be brought to this house  
during the present summer for inspection; and, from  
the quality, it is presumed all persons wishing  
to become purchasers of tobacco may be well accom-  
modated, and that upon good terms.  
It is thought unnecessary to expatiate on the many  
advantages of this warehouse, as it is so well known  
to be situated on a beautiful and navigable river, and  
more than ten miles distant from the bay; it is al-  
so well known that the tobacco raised in that  
county of Anne-Arundel county is precisely the same in  
quality as the tobacco heretofore inspected, at Taylor's  
wharf on Patuxent, which has always been found to  
be of the European market, as well, if not better, than  
any of the growth of any other part of Mary-  
land.  
June 6, 1792.

By virtue of a deed of trust, will be offered to public  
sale, for ready money, on Monday the 16th of July  
next.

THAT valuable PLANTATION whereon Mr.  
Gavin Hamilton Smith now dwells, containing  
four hundred acres of land, lying within four miles of  
Lower-Marilborough.

JOSEPH WILKINSON,  
THOMAS GRAY.

**TO BE SOLD.**

On SATURDAY the 21st of July, at the late dwelling  
plantation of Joseph Watkins, deceased.

A PARCEL of STOCK, consisting of horses,  
cattle, sheep and hogs, likewise a parcel of  
household furniture, and plantation utensils. The  
whole to be sold for the payment of the debts of  
the said Joseph Watkins, and all those who have  
claims against the said Joseph Watkins will be allowed  
to purchase; and further terms will be made known  
on the day of sale, by

ANNE WATKINS, Executrix.

N. B. All those who have claims against the estate  
are desired to attend on the day of sale. A. W.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias from the general  
court to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUB-  
LIC SALE, on Friday the 27th day of July, if  
fair, if not the first fair day, Sunday excepted, for  
CASH, or any kind of CERTIFICATES at their  
passing value,

PART of two tracts of LAND adjoining, the one  
called DEEP CREEK, and the other called  
FLUSHING, containing about 200 acres; this pro-  
perty is situated about three and so half miles from  
Annapolis, between Severn and Magothy rivers; a  
considerable part extends along a creek of the latter;  
the improvements are, a small dwelling house and a  
few other convenient buildings, and a most excellent  
orchard of very choice fruits, and a considerable part  
well wooded; taken as the property of captain JOHN  
STEWART and sold to satisfy a debt due to JAMES  
STEWART, assignee of the estate of Maryland. The  
sale to be at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on the pre-  
mises.

WILLIAM GOLDSMITH, Sheriff of  
Anne-Arundel county.

June 26, 1792.

**For SALE,**

THE plantation whereon the subscriber now  
dwells, containing 800 acres of valuable level  
land, lying on the mouth of St. Clement's Bay, in  
St. Mary's county; this plantation has several never  
failing springs of excellent water, has a plenty of tim-  
ber and other wood, the situation is pleasant and  
healthy, and well improved, the buildings are, a  
good dwelling house of brick, with all other necessary  
out houses; this land is enclosed with one short line  
of fencing, it lies in a good neighbourhood, and for  
situation, fertility of soil, and other advantages at-  
tending this land, it is looked upon as one of the first  
seats in the county. The terms of sale may be known  
by applying to

WILFRED NEALE.

June 12, 1792.

Just published and to be sold by ANDREW  
BROWN, and the principal bookellers in the city  
of Philadelphia, price one dollar and three quar-  
ters, the

**LAWSON'S  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES  
OF  
AMERICA;**

Collected with, and corrected by, the original rolls in  
the office of the secretary of state, agreeably to a re-  
solution of congress, passed the 18th February, one  
thousand seven hundred and ninety-one.

WITH A COPIOUS INDEX.

Comprising the Federal Constitution, the acts of the  
Three Sessions of the first Congress, and the Trea-  
ties.—To which is added,

AN APPENDIX.

Containing the Declaration of Independence, and san-  
dary acts of Congress, under the Confederation.  
This edition of the Laws of the United States is  
also to be sold by Messrs. Thomas and Andrews, Bos-  
ton; John Carter, Esquire, Providence, Rhode-Is-  
land; Messrs. Madison and Goodyear, Hartford; Mr.  
Thomas Greenleaf, Printer New-York; Mr. Isaac  
Collins, Trenton; Messrs. Goddard and Angell, Bal-  
timore; Amosibley Davis, Esquire, Richmond; and  
Mr. W. P. Young, Charleston, South Carolina.

The printers of Newspapers in the United States  
are requested to insert this advertisement.

Upper-Marilborough, June 19, 1792.

COMMITTED to my custody, as a runaway, as-  
sured by the name of Butler, who says he is the property of Ben-  
jamin Burgess, of Calvert county. His master is de-  
sired to pay charges, and take him away by the 20th  
day of July next, or he will in ten days thereafter be  
sold for his fees of imprisonment and other charges.  
WILLIAM D. BEALL, Sheriff of  
Prince-George's county.

**A Scheme of a Lottery.**

For the purpose of disposing of the following property  
belonging to the subscriber, in the city of Anna-  
polis, viz.

A WELL built two story framed HOUSE, in  
School street, 35 feet by 20 feet 10 inches, the  
lot 50 feet front, and valued at £ 650, this is the  
highest prize. The next is a house and lot, on  
Church street, now in the possession of Mr. Joseph  
Burnelson, 45 feet front, valued at £ 450.

ARCHIBALD CRISHOLM.

- 1 Prize of a house and lot on School-  
street, in fee simple. **£ 650**
- 1 ditto of a house on Church street.  
ditto ditto **450**
- 1 ditto 22 neat mahogany chairs in  
hair seats and brass nails. **36**
- 1 ditto 2 mahogany desk and book-  
case. **30**
- 1 ditto 2 mahogany wardrobe. **17 10**
- 1 ditto 2 mahogany side-board table. **17 10**
- 1 ditto a set of mahogany dining  
tables. **15**
- 2 ditto 2 mahogany desk at £ 12 10  
each. **25**
- 4 ditto of 6 mahogany chairs at  
£ 12 per half dozen. **48**
- 4 ditto of a pair of mahogany card-  
tables, at £ 9 per pair. **36**
- 4 ditto of 6 walnut chairs, at £ 8  
per half dozen. **32**
- 2 ditto of a mahogany easy chair, at  
£ 5 10 each. **11**
- 4 ditto of a field bedstead, mahoga-  
ny posts and vases, complete, at  
£ 5 5 each. **21**
- 4 ditto of a mahogany breakfast table,  
at £ 4 10 each. **18**
- 4 ditto of a gum field bedstead com-  
plete, at £ 4 each. **16**
- 2 ditto of a mahogany claw table, at  
£ 3 5 each. **6 10**
- 1 ditto of a mahogany claw table. **3**
- 2 ditto of a backgammon table, at  
£ 2 5 each. **4 10**
- 6 ditto of a mahogany chamber ta-  
ble, at 40s. each. **12**
- 2 ditto of a fire-screen, at 35s. each. **3 10**
- 298 ditto cash, at 55s. each. **£ 21 10**
- 346 Prizes, **1974**
- 782 Blanks, **1974**
- 1128 Tickets at 35s. **1974**

As the above property is low, and the furniture at  
cash prices, and there being but little more than two  
and a quarter blanks to a prize, it is hoped the public  
will see the advantage in purchasing tickets. The  
lottery will be drawn some time in September next,  
or sooner if the tickets are sold, of which public no-  
tice will be given. Proper managers will be ap-  
pointed previous to the drawing.

Tickets may be had of Messieurs George Mann,  
John Randall, William Goldsmith, Richard Mackubin,  
and at the Printing Office.

**NOTICE** is hereby given,  
THAT I intend to petition the general assembly  
of Maryland, at their next session, to be held  
at the city of Annapolis, for a discharge from my  
debts, which I am unable to pay.

JOSIAH AILEY.

Kent county, May 17, 1792.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a  
negro man named BEN, about 23 years of age,  
says he belongs to William Holmes, of Montgome-  
ry county. The owner of said negro is desired to come,  
pay charges, and take him away.

Wm. GOLDSMITH, Sheriff of  
Anne-Arundel county.

**AGENT'S OFFICE,**

ANNAPOLIS.

THE officers and soldiers of the late Maryland  
line of the continental army, are hereby in-  
formed, that the subscriber is authorized to pay them  
the balance of pay due in the years 1782 and 1783.  
Upon application by such claimants for payment, it  
will be necessary to produce a regular discharge, or a  
certificate from some reputable officer who served in  
the Maryland line; or from a magistrate of the county  
in which the claimant resides. In cases where appli-  
cation for payment shall be made by other persons than  
the claimants, a power of attorney from them, or their  
legal representatives, will, in addition to proper proofs  
of the identity of the claimant, be necessary.

THO. HARWOOD, Agent  
for the late Maryland line of the continental army.

**Twelve Dollars Reward.**

P. E. B. a dark mulatto, about 25 years of age,  
short and well set, quitted my service about the  
tenth of April last, on pretence of petitioning for his  
freedom in the general court, and has been seen in  
Annapolis; had on a blue short coat, striped jacket,  
cotton overalls, shoes and stockings, but probably may  
change his dress, and endeavour to pass as a free man  
by the name of Butler, Shorter or Peaproke. I will  
give eight dollars for securing him in my goal so that  
I may get him again, or the above reward if brought  
to my house.

HENRY ROZER.

Noddy Hall, Prince-George's county,  
June 14, 1792.



## SAMUEL HUTTON, Coach-Maker,

**B**EGET leave to return his thanks to his old customers, and the public in general, for their past favours in the line of his business, and hopes to merit their favours in future, as he has supplied himself with a very valuable parcel of the best timber and materials for the above business in all its various branches. Those who will please to favour him with their commands, may be assured that they shall have their work well done, and on as reasonable terms as it can be done in the state.

**P. S. TWO APPRENTICES** wanted immediately to the above business, from 14 to 16 years of age.

### Coach and Sign Painting

Done in the neatest manner, and on as reasonable terms as it can be done in the state.

Annapolis, May 16, 1792.

### Scheme of a Lottery,

For the disposal of sundry **MERCHANDISE**, by **JOHN WASTENEYS**.

Prize of	is	200 dolls.
1	150	150
1	100	100
2	50	100
6	40	240
15	30	450
20	20	300
30	10	300
50	6	300
259	4	3436
1 first drawn Number,		20
1 last do.		20
Contingent expenses,		64

1000 Prizes.  
2000 Blanks.

3000 Tickets, at 2 dollars each, is 6000

Among which **GOODS** are a very great and elegant variety of chintzes, printed cottons, muslins and linens; muslin gown patterns, striped with silk; tam-boured muslin gown patterns and aprons, with plain, striped and sprigged, muslins; corded dimities and muslinets; black blond and thread, laces and edgings; black and white gauzes, satins, modes and lutefrings; silk, and silk and cotton vest-patterns; Scotch linens, cambricks and lawns; silk, cotton and thread, hosiery; women's hats, bonnets and cloaks; fleeting and diapers, &c. &c. &c. These goods are all of the best quality, and bought at the first market from the different manufactories; have been but about 18 months in this country, of course they are fresh and in good order, which will render this lottery advantageous to adventurers. There are not quite two blanks to one prize. The drawing will be in the city of Annapolis, as soon as the tickets are disposed of, under the inspection of proper managers, of which notice will be given in the Maryland Gazette, and after the drawing is finished a list of the prizes will be published for the information of adventurers.

Herring Bay, December 16, 1791.

### Eight Dollars Reward.

**R**AN away from the subscriber, on the 12th inst. a negro man named **WILL**, about 23 years of age, five feet six or ten inches high; had on, when he went away, a round felt hat, olivabrig shirt and trousers, and a coarse cloth over jacket, short and round, he had other cloaths with him, which cannot well be described, he is likely, of a very dark complexion, full faced, and has a remarkable fine set of teeth, he is slow of speech, and rather awkward in his manners, is a tolerable good blacksmith, but has never worked as foreman of a shop; he was formerly the property of Henry May, late of this county, blacksmith. This fellow was taken out of gaol at Alexandria, in Virginia, about eight days ago, but has since made his escape; when he was apprehended he had a forged pass in his possession, and it is expected he may have procured another. Whoever takes up the said negro and brings him to me, or secures him in any gaol so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward.

**RICHARD BEARD.**

**N. B.** It is probable this fellow may endeavour to pass for a free man, as there are many free blacks passing about the country; when he went to Alexandria his intention was to have made his escape by water, I therefore forewarn all masters of vessels, and others, from harbouring or concealing him at their peril, if they should they may expect to be dealt with agreeably to law.

Anne Arundel county, June 20, 1792.

### Four Dollars Reward.

**S**TOLEN from the subscriber's pasture, near this city, on Friday night the 15th instant, an iron gray **GELDING**, six years old, about 15 hands one inch high, no perceivable brand. Whoever secures him and brings him home, shall receive the above reward.

**WILLIAM GLOVER.**

**P. S.** It is requested, that those who read this will take notice, that the same reward will be given for the apprehension of the thief who is taking up the horse, by

Annapolis, June 20, 1792.

## SONHEME

## WILLIAM ALLEIN, LAND, &c. LOTTERY.

- No. 1, 1 Prize of 520 acres of woodland lying on Bennet's creek, in Montgomery and Frederick counties, within thirty miles of the federal city, 793 10 0
- 2, 1 ditto of 40 acres of valuable land, mostly wood, lying and adjoining the waters about three miles from Lower-Maryborough, 320 0 0
- 3, 1 ditto of 20 acres of land adjoining No. 2, all wood, 200 0 0
- 4, 1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto, 100 0 0
- 5, 1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto, 100 0 0
- 6, 1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto, 100 0 0
- 7, 1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto, 100 0 0
- 8, 1 ditto of 100 dollars cash, 37 10 0
- 21 ditto of 8 ditto each ditto, 63 0 0
- 145 ditto of 8 ditto, payable in genuine Scotch snuff at 4s. per pound, in bottles, 435 0 0
- First drawn blank, 1 0 0

173 Prizes.

577 Blanks.

750 Tickets, at £. 3 each, £. 2250 0 0

### MANAGERS,

John Mair, Annapolis; Benjamin Spalding, George-town; James Bell, Queen-Anne; John Brooks, Upper-Maryborough; Thomas Tillard, Pig-Point; Robert Bewie, Nottingham; Truman Compton, Magruder's; John Forbes, Bennetts; James Semerville, Thomas Harwood, junior, Joseph Williams, William Graham, Peter Emerson, Charles Williams, John Chesley, Thomas Parran, Henry Hunt, Calvert county; of whom tickets may be had, and of all the merchants in Patuxent.

No. 1, contains all woodland, Bennet's creek running through it, and lies within thirty miles of the federal city, fully worth the estimated amount. 2 to 7 contains very valuable land lying near the town of Lower-Maryborough, where wood commands 20s. per cord, the carriage to the water little more than half a mile from the extent of the land, and each lot to have the privilege of a cart way to the water. Deeds, with general warranties, to be made for the land. Plots of the land may be seen with each of the managers. The cash prizes to be paid on demand; the snuff warranted genuine and good, and to be delivered at Lower-Maryborough. Crop or transfer notes for tobacco, on Patuxent, will be taken in payment at the market prices. Ten per cent. deduction to be made to those who pay the cash before the day of drawing. The lottery is purposed to be drawn on the third Tuesday in June next, if the tickets are all sold, at Lower-Maryborough. Notice will be given of the time, and a list of the fortunate numbers published immediately after drawing. Country produce will be taken at the market price, if delivered at the subscriber's mill within one month of drawing the lottery.

Raleigh's Plant, March, 1792.

### Five Pounds Reward.

**A** YOUNG MULATTO WOMAN left my plantation some weeks ago, and (as I am since informed) has been about Annapolis passing for one of the Butlers; her name is **JEMIMA** (commonly called **Mammy**); she is of the middle stature, of a freight and rather slender make, and has a pleasing countenance when in a good humour; she took with her, beside other cloathing not known, a palloo habit and brown linen jacket and petticoat. Whoever secures her in any gaol, so that I may get her again, shall receive the above reward, from

**G. R. BROWN.**

Port-Tobacco, January 12, 1792.

**JUST PUBLISHED, and to be sold at the Printing-Office.**

## The LAWS

OF

## MARYLAND,

Passed at the last Session of assembly.

ALSO,—THE

## VOTES and PROCEEDINGS

OF

## BOTH HOUSES.

### FOR SALE,

**A** TRACT of LAND, containing between two and three hundred acres, in Prince-George's county, on the east side of the Ballen Branch, about four miles from the federal city, and the same distance from Bladensburg; there is a good mill-race on it, and some houses. Application may be made to Mr. Richard Poynter, in Bladensburg, or to the subscriber, at Pocomoke.

**ALEXANDER HAMILTON.**

November 23, 1791.

**COMMITTED** to my custody, on the 10th inst. a runaway servant, by the name of **TRICK MURRY**, he is about five feet seven inches high, with short black hair, and very freckled on the face. The owner, if any, is desired to pay the charges, and take him away by the 10th inst. or he will be sold on that day for his fare of imprisonment, and other charges.

**WILLIAM O. DEALL, Sheriff of Prince-George's county.**

## S C H E M E

OF A

## LOTTERY

For the purpose of disposing of valuable property in the district of **COLUMBIA**, consisting of three tracts or lots of **LAND** about one mile north of the city of **WASHINGTON**; and fourteen lots in the lower part of the town of **GEORGE-TOWN**, as follows:

**LOT No. 1**, contains 107 acres, on it are 12 acres of meadow-ground, and a promising young apple orchard containing 175 bearing trees of choice fruit. At the western extremity thereof is a delightful eminence that commands a view of the river Potomack and city of Washington. This lot contains about 16 acres of wood-land, lies upon a main road, and is not more than one mile from the city of Washington.

**LOT No. 2**, contains 84 acres, and bounds with the preceding lot; about 35 acres thereof are in wood, and about 17 acres in meadow-ground. This lot is bounded on the west by the inclosing waters of the Piny-Branch. On this stream is a fall of 22 feet, and abounds with quarries of excellent building stone. On this lot are two beautiful situations for houses.

**LOT No. 3**, contains 39 acres, and bounds with lot No. 1. This lot contains an acre of wood, and has on it a beautiful eminence for a house as a country seat.

The fourteen lots in George-Town are at that end of the town which is contiguous to the city of Washington, and are all advantageous and beautiful situations.

4000 Tickets at 25s. each, dollars at 21. 6d. is £. 7000

No. 1, 1 prize of 107 acres of land at £. 50 per acre 5350 0 0

2, 1 do. of 84 do. do. 1680 0 0

3, 1 do. of 39 do. do. 780 0 0

1 to 14, 14 lots in George-Town, 910 0 0

at 65l. each, 910 0 0

1 prize in cash, 100 0 0

1 ditto, 50 0 0

1 ditto, 25 0 0

647 ditto, of 40s. each, 1294 0 0

667 Prizes.

2333 Blanks.

### MANAGERS.

Robert Peter, eldest William Deakin, Benjamin Spalding, Thomas Brail of George, John Threlkeld, and Samuel Davidson, Esquires, George-Town. George Walker, Esquire, city of Washington. Wallace and Blair, and John Davidson, Esquires, Annapolis.

This scheme contains several very valuable lots of land contiguous to the city of Washington, whose increase in value will keep pace with the growth of the rising empire of the United States of America—Hence, therefore, without any further definition, it will be evident that for the small sum of one Guinea a valuable and beautiful country seat may be obtained in the vicinity of the capital of America; or a lot in a town now possessing an extensive commerce.

The subscriber proposes drawing this Lottery in George-Town, on the first Monday in May next, or sooner, if the tickets are all sold, which he flatters himself will be the case from his present prospects. Deeds, with a general warranty, will immediately be given for the lots of land, and the money for the cash prizes will be paid on demand. Notice will be given of the drawing in the public papers, and a list of the fortunate numbers will be immediately published. The crop now on the lots is reserved to the subscriber. A plot of the lots may be seen at Mr. George Mann's.

**TICKETS** may be had of Messrs. Wallace and Blair, John Davidson, Esquires, and Mr. George Mann.

**JOHN THOMAS BOUCHER.**

On account of the severity of the winter the drawing of the above lottery is postponed to the first of August next.

Somerset, St. Mary's county, April 9, 1792.

**A**LL persons indebted to the estate of **GEORGE PLATER**, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to **THOMAS PLATER**, of George-town, or the subscriber; and those who have any claims are desired to bring them in legally proved, to

**GEORGE PLATER, JOHN BOUSBY PLATER, Executors.**

Every kind of

## LATIN and GREEK BOOKS,

For Sale, at ADAMS'S Office, Baltimore.

**ANNAPOLIS.**

Printed by **FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.**



# MARYLAND GAZETTE

THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1792.

## LONDON, May 15.

### BAST-INDIES.

#### ARRIVAL OF THE VESSEL, SERINGAPATAM, BY EAST INDIA COMPANY.

THIS morning a messenger arrived at the treasury, with dispatches brought by the vessel, arrived from the East Indies. These dispatches bring the agreeable intelligence, that Seringapatam has fallen into our hands.

But few of the particulars have yet transpired as the dispatches are still on board the vessel. They are hourly expected. This intelligence was immediately sent by the ministry to the chairman of the East India Company, to communicate the same to the court of directors.

The circumstances, so far as we have been able to learn, are as follows.

Lord Cornwallis, from the date of his last dispatches, directed every exertion to get the army provided with food, ammunition, bullocks, and a new battery, to enable the army again to proceed against the enemy; and by the provident foresight of the presence, the activity and exertions of his officers and men, seconded by the zeal of our allies, found himself in readiness to march sooner than could have been expected.

About the 24th or 26th of December, he left his encampment in the neighbourhood of Bangalore, and proceeded, towards Seringapatam, with his army in high spirits. On the 5th of January he engaged Tipoo's army—the attack was spirited, and conducted with much ardour and judgment, that the enemy gave way on every side. The slaughter of Tipoo's army was very great; and their retreat was in a great measure cut off by a detachment under Colonel Floyd, which had possessed itself of a very advantageous position, so that a very great number were taken prisoners. Tipoo himself was dangerously wounded. The loss on our side was very trifling; and we are happy to add, that no officer of rank was killed or wounded.

This victory was followed by the capture of Seringapatam four days after, which surrendered on capitulation; but Tipoo, with many of his people of rank, on the preceding morning left it, and effected a retreat to one of his hill-forts.

The ammunition, stores, and provisions found in the place were very considerable. The treasure is estimated at between six and seven lacks of pagodas; notwithstanding that much had been previously removed from the country.

Tipoo, it is also added, quite dispirited with his defeat, had sent in proposals to Lord Cornwallis, before the vessel failed, offering to accede to any terms his ship might dictate for terminating the war.

The joyful news of this success was immediately communicated by the secretary of the India House to the stock exchange and Lloyd's coffee-house.

Extracts from the House of Commons.

May 26. An attempt was made on Wednesday night to fire the house of commons, which was happily repelled by the vigilance of the watchman of the house. Between eight and nine o'clock in the evening a considerable quantity of smoke was observed issuing from a pipe, near the right hand side of the house, immediately under the offices for the clerk. The watchman communicated his suspicions of fire to Mr. Bellamy, the house-keeper, who immediately acceded to search, and found in a small closet, above the stairs, a pair of old breeches, containing combustibles, on one end part confined; a light was made, in the ceiling above the fire, and the discovery being made, a few minutes might have given success to the villainous attempt.

Mr. Bellamy, on the discovery, sent word to Sir John Barrington, and to the sergeant at arms, who immediately ordered a search to be made into the offices of the house, and into the buildings in Westminster-hall; but nothing further was discovered.

### RIOTS AT BIRMINGHAM.

Sunday, May 20.

Some weeks ago, a private of the Blues went to a house of ill-fame in this town, whom on some dispute, a lady struck the soldier to violent blows on the head with a glass bottle, that being moved to Coventry, after a few days he died. A coroner's inquest was taken, and in consequence of the verdict the coroner's warrant came here, and Bulby, and others present at the contest, were committed to goal. The soldiers were determined to take vengeance on every one of a like description in the town. They did not stop at two houses on Friday night, and in a third a considerable body of soldiers broke the windows and other damage was done. In Fleet Street a considerable number having applied to the officers, the soldiers were indignantly ordered forth, and paraded

the streets, with their drawn swords, on horseback. Owing to this precaution, the night passed over without any disturbance.

MONDAY, May 21.

Yesterday morning at ten o'clock, one of the constables went to Fleet Street, where he found more than 300 people, some idle spectators and others, intent on mischief. One house had been entirely gutted, and the windows of another, which had been repaired in the course of the night, they were in the act of demolishing.

About seven in the evening, the magistrates arrived in town, and at eight o'clock, accompanied by Lord Valentia, several gentlemen in the neighbourhood, and the peace-officers, went to Fleet Street, where they found two houses entirely gutted. Some of the furniture had been thrown into the Canal, but the greatest part destroyed.

At 11 o'clock assistance was solicited for the protection of a house in Park Street. The magistrates and a large party of the Blues, preceded by a number of lighted torches, went to its relief. On their arrival they found it completely gutted, and furniture destroyed. The magistrates again read the riot act; the mob retreated within the walls of St. Bartholomew's chapel-yard, and put the soldiers to defiance, threatening aloud to destroy every house of ill-fame in the town: the gates were soon broke open, and the horse introduced, who soon dispersed them. It does not appear that any lives were lost. One of the Blues is said to be much hurt by a fall from his horse over a tomb-stone in the chapel-yard.

Mrs. Brieley, who kept the house in which the Oxford Blue received the fatal blow, and Thomas Kendrick, in custody for being concerned in the murder, have undergone an examination at Coventry, and with John Monro, who went to give Mr. Brieley a character, and Bulby, charged by the coroner's inquest, are committed for trial.

At half past ten in the morning.

The rioters are not dispersed, the town wears the appearance of much confusion. The rioters are now demolishing another house in Park Street.

At half past one o'clock.

Since ten o'clock the rioters have gutted two houses of ill-fame in the rear-yard. It is reported they are gone to destroy another in Balloon Street.

Circumstances are already now somewhat alarming; there is only one magistrate in town, whose situation is certainly a very delicate one. The soldiers are on horseback, waiting for orders, and indeed there is every thing to justify an opinion, that order will not be restored without the loss of some lives.

The rioters are now at work in some part of the town; and there are several houses already gutted. The murders of the Oxford Blue is made the pretext for all this commotion.

### BOSTON, July 2.

#### Extract of a letter from France, dated April, 1792.

Before you receive this you will probably have heard of France having decided on war against Austria. Although the maritime power of the latter is much confined, yet at there may be some privateers out of Olfand and others coming under the Austrian flag, we have, through our friends, suggested to the minister the necessity of giving a convoy to the French ships home from America.

The plan proposed is, that the convoy should sail from the Chesapeake every six weeks, from the 15th June to the 15th November, for Brest, from whence the ships for the channel will be sent on with one convoy, and those for the Bay and Mediterranean by another. We have every assurance that this plan will be adopted, and we are promised that it will be speedily announced to you by the French minister, or consul in America.

### NEW BRUNSWICK, July 3.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Kentucky, to his friend in Somersetshire, dated Washington, Mason county, April 30, 1792.

Mr. William Chambers went from his store at this place, to the Falls of Ohio, February 25th, in a small open boat, loaded with flour, whiskey, and dry goods; he had two men and a boy with him, and two women and several children were passengers. Between the Mouth and the mouth of Kentucky river, he was fired upon from the Indian shore, the Indians whooped and followed him down the river, about half a mile, to a small creek, where they had their canoe; they got into them, 18 in number, but could not pull across the river to the Kentucky shore, and the others pursued the boat, kept up a continual firing, and yelling as they went. Mr. Chambers had two muskets and one blunderbuss in the boat, but was badly provided with ball, and was obliged to cut his head into flugs, when the Indians came within shot he returned the fire, which put a stop to their whooping,

yet pursued and fired as fast as they could, until they got within thirty or forty yards of the boat. Mr. Chambers then fired the blunderbuss, the noise of which they seemed not to like, some of them, no doubt, felt very sensibly the consequence. They had now pursued the boat about three miles, they then turned and went back, the boat crew received no damage, except a slight wound Mr. Chambers received in one of his fingers. The defence made by Mr. Chambers, considering the situation he was in, is thought here to be the best ever made on the river.

The Indians, in cases of this kind, do not fight but under great advantages, and then, by their hideous yellings, to alarm and disconcert the passengers, that they frequently fall an easy prey to their savage barbarity.

### PHILADELPHIA, July 9.

#### Extract of a letter from Jamaica.

From Port-au-Prince we learn, the number of rebels that have been taken prisoners and killed, amounts to 3500; of those 50 have suffered by the hands of the executioner, two of them (a mulatto and a negro), who are said to have murdered several white people, who were broken on the wheel in the Place d'Armes, in the afternoon of the 28th September. The mulatto expired on receiving the third stroke upon the breast, his legs and arms being first broken in two places. The negro survived the coup de grace upwards of forty minutes, and seemed sensible of his situation, when he was strangled in mercy by some of the spectators with the thong of a whip. The negro received the first stroke upon his limbs, without uttering a groan. It is not quite ascertained how many white people have been murdered by the rebels. They suppose three hundred, but it is reported, many of them were put to death with extreme cruelty.

Amidst this scene of horror and carnage, it is pleasing to relate an instance of negro fidelity and attachment equally wonderful and affecting. Mr. and Madame Bailon, their daughter, and son-in-law, and two white servants, residing on a mountain plantation about thirty miles from the Cape, were apprised of the revolt by one of their own slaves, who was himself in the conspiracy; and having no other means of escaping, were by him conducted into a neighbouring wood. Afterwards the negro joined the rebels. He found means, however, the following night to bring provisions.

The second night he returned with a fresh supply of provisions, but informed them it would be out of his power to give them any further assistance. After that they heard nothing more of him for three days, at the end of which time he came again, and directed them how to make their way to the river which led to Port Margot, where he said they would find a canoe. They followed his directions, found the canoe, and got safe into it, but were overtaken by the rapidity of the current, and compelled to return to the mountain. The negro anxious for their safety, again found out their retreat, and directing them to march to a broader part of the river, where he assured them they would find a boat, said it was the last effort he could make to save them. They went accordingly, but not finding the boat, gave themselves up for lost, when the faithful, generous negro again appeared like their guardian angel; he brought with him pigeons, poultry and bread, and conducting the family by slow marches in the night along the banks of the river till they were within reach of the wharf at Port Margot and out of danger, took his leave of them for ever, and returned to join the rebels. They were in this terrible situation in the woods nineteen nights.

Captain Joseph Brands, the celebrated Indian chief from Canada, departed a few days since from this city on a journey to the westward. It is said his object is to endeavour to conciliate the minds of the hostile Indians, and lay the foundation for a permanent peace between those tribes and the United States.

By the arrival of a vessel at New York from Lisbon, we are informed, that doctor Willis has pronounced the queen of Portugal incurable, and in consequence of which, he has taken his departure for London.

July 10. A gentleman who arrived in town yesterday from New York, has favoured us with the following

### IMPORTANT INTELLIGENCE.

received at Boston the 3d instant, by the ship Olive Branch, captain Calder, after a short passage from London, and copied from Boston papers of the 4th of July.

### BATTLE between the FRENCH and AUSTRIAN ARMIES.

It appears, by the account published by the government, that on the 20th ult. at day-break, a body of French troops had advanced near Tournay, when major-general count d'Huyponcourt marched one battalion of the regiment of Clerfuyt, five companies of

### M E

### R Y

### valuable property

consisting of three one half north of the one fourth lot in the GEORGE-TOWN, on it are 18 acres promising young appearing trees of choice view of the river Patuxent. This lot contains a main road, from the city of Wash-

ington, and bounds with

thereof are in wood, and

considering waters of the

is a full of 25 feet, and

reliable building stone,

for houses.

and bounds with

20 acres of wood, and

for a house as a country

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ars at 25. 6d. in 7,000

ts of land at £. 50 per

2140 0 0

1690 0 0

780 0 0

910 0 0

100 0 0

50 0 0

45 0 0

1204 0 0

£. 7000

### D R S.

Diakins, Benjamin Stead,

John Threlkeld, and Sa-

re-Town, George Walker,

Wallace and Blair, and

capital.

valuable lots of

Washington, whole

with the growth of the

states of America—Hence,

her definition, it will be

of one Guinea a valuable

may be obtained in the

America; or a lot in a town

commerce.

drawing this Lottery in

Monday in May next, o

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erty, will immediately be

and the money for the

Notice will be given

papers, and a list of the

immediately published.

referred to the subscriber.

at Mr. George Mann's

and of Messrs. Wallace and

signatures, and Mr. George

### THOMAS BOUCHER.

of the water for draw-

ing to the first of July

county, April 9, 1792.

to the effect of GEORGE

Mary's county, deceased,

to pay to the subscribers, and

are desired to bring them

PLATE, Broom-

of

FREE BOOKS,

Office, Baltimore.

POLIS

RICK and SAMUEL

TEEN.



that of d'Albe, two companies of that of de Ligne, and four squadrons of the dragons of la Tour, to oppose them; and when the Austrians had fired some pieces of cannon at them, they retreated precipitately beyond the Austrian frontiers. The loss of the French on this occasion consists of two dragons and several horses killed, 40 soldiers of different regiments taken prisoners, four pieces of artillery, some provisions, baggage, and implements for intrenching. On the side of the Austrians there are none either killed, wounded or missing.

That on the same day, about half past nine o'clock, A. M. another body of French troops, under the command of M. de Biron, having entered the Austrian territory by Quivrain, and advanced beyond Bouffut, were opposed by lieutenant-general Beaulieu, at the head of 1800 infantry, and between 14 and 1500 cavalry, and obliged, with the loss of 20 men killed and several wounded, to retire towards Bouffut, where, however, they remained in sight of the Austrians.

That on the day following, at day-break, the French put themselves in motion to attack lieutenant-general Beaulieu, who had, in the mean time, been reinforced by two battalions, and who had advanced part of his troops to meet the French. A short action took place, which ended in the complete rout of the French, who lost on this occasion about 250 men killed, a considerable number taken prisoners, and five pieces of cannon. The French, by 11 o'clock the same morning, had already repassed the Austrian frontiers, and retreated towards Valenciennes.

May 10. A large body of French troops is in full march from Cambresis, Quevrain and Environs, to reinforce the army of the north. On our part, several battalions of infantry and eight squadrons arrived on the 6th, in the camp de Leux. Most of the inhabitants of Quevrain, having been alarmed, have again quitted their houses. Some companies of infantry from the army of M. la Fayette, have posted themselves at Andover, within two leagues of Namur, on the Meuse. A detachment of Hulus have retreated on their approach. Several persons have quitted Namur, and come to reside here. There are apprehensions concerning the fate of that town. La Fayette's army is daily receiving reinforcements. He seems, by his motions, to be meditating an important attack.

#### SKIRMISHES, &c. &c. &c.

May 15. The accounts we have received of the conduct of the French, in the several conflicts with the Austrians, represent the former in such pusillanimous attitudes that they are scarcely credible. Lately prince de Wurtemberg advanced so far to reconnoitre the enemy, that he was perceived and pursued by a detachment of French cavalry. He owed his safety to the speed of an excellent horse. The general quarters at Leux, being threatened with an attack from the French, have been moved into Mons. General Borgeis, who formerly commanded at Louvain, was so dangerously wounded while he was visiting the advanced posts, that he is in danger of losing a leg. On the 10th, in the night, some Tirolese Caffeurs marched to Macou, under the cannon of Conde, to attack a French post defended by thirteen men; ten of them were killed, and the remaining three taken prisoners. One of the Caffeurs was killed, and a few were wounded. On the 11th, there was a smart engagement near Quivrain, between the Austrian hussars and the French dragoons. The French had nine men killed and seven taken prisoners. One Austrian hussar was killed and a few more wounded. It is computed that the number of troops in the Netherlands, from Luxembourg to the sea, consisting of Austrians, Wurtembergers, Hamburgers, &c. amounts to 60,000, including 1500 men who arrived yesterday to complete the German regiments. A division of artillery is also arrived. Yesterday 300 horse de Remont, and a detachment of the dragons de Cobourg, and some hussars of Blankenstein passed through this town. Count de Meldeghem, grand écuyer to the archduke Charles, arrived here on Friday last from Vienna. The archduke was to follow him, and was even on the road, when he was recalled by the king, who sent a courier after him. This recall was occasioned by news being received at Vienna, that the states had refused to vote the subsidies. When the Low Countries are free from ferment, the archduke will resume his journey.

Prince Albert de Saxe Tschén, our governor-general, will command all the garrisons in the provinces. General Browne will command the army, and will have under him general Alvinzy, who arrived here yesterday. The young prince de Ligne is also arrived. He is to command the engineers. A great many French deserters join the Austrian army. Letters from Luxembourg of the 11th mention, that 400 men still remaining of the regiment Royal Allemand, passed through the Rhine at Rademach, above Luxembourg, in order to join the French princes at Treves. In the French army opposed to ours, the national guards and the regulars are very much at variance. But indeed hitherto the only operations which have taken place, were nothing more than ministerial intrigues. We shall soon see whether the French army will assume a more military attitude. As to our troops, they seem remarkably steady, well disciplined, and by no means likely to desert.

All this is the effect of strict discipline, and in some degree of the encouragement given to the troops, by distributing among them the plunder taken from the enemy. The French prisoners here, in number about 200, among whom is a lieutenant-colonel of hussars, d'Edelheym, are in every respect treated in the same manner as the Austrian troops, and receive nearly the same pay.

#### L O N D O N, May 7.

##### ATTEMPT upon MONS.

Letters were received yesterday by government stating, that the attempt was made on the 4th of April, by M. de Biron, at the head of between eight and 1000 men, with 20 pieces of cannon. The place was reported to be badly fortified, and from the disposition of its inhabitants it was expected that it would surrender. But the contrary was found to be the fact, for between 6 and 7000 Austrians appeared in defence of it, and after a very little firing the queen's regiment, which was in the centre of the French army, gave way, and the commander in chief fled—so early in the combat that the letters state the Austrians were astonished—they, however, pursued the runaways, and the Austrian cavalry killed between seven and eight hundred. Rochambeau's son is said to have fallen among the slain.

On the same day a similar attempt was made to capture Tournay, by a body of French troops, commanded by general Dillon, which also failed.—The French suffering a loss of near 400 men, their baggage, tents, &c.—When the retreating army reached Lille, suspecting their commander of treachery, the soldiery most inhumanly cut him to pieces with their sabres, without the form of a trial. M. de Biron is also suspected of treachery.

After the soldiers and mob had murdered general Dillon at Lille, and thrown his body into a bonfire, they made a ring, and imitating savages of America, danced round the flame, singing aloud, that such was the proper reward of traitors.—Such are the first public acts of the soldiers of France under the new constitution.

The brother of the unfortunate Dillon has petitioned the assembly, who are determined to employ the most effectual means for the discovery and punishment of the assassins. May 15. On Saturday morning the courier returned from Berlin, brought information that the king of Prussia had issued orders for 70,000 men to march, of which he was himself to take the command. The advanced guard was already in motion. No great dependence is, however, placed on Prussia. People here seem to be convinced, that her operations will be guided by interested motives, even to the detriment of Austria, were she once sure of striking a decisive blow.

May 21. Prince Hohenloë is gone to the duke of Brunswick, to confer with him on the plan to be followed by the combined armies of Prussia and Austria. The prince is to command the Austrian and Hessian army on the Rhine;—the duke, the Prussian and Austrian army in Flanders. The Landgrave of Hesse is to send twelve regiments to the elector of Treves. General Brown will command the Austrian army in Flanders, under the duke of Brunswick.

A considerable force is arming at Brest, to protect the French trade in the Mediterranean.

The Prussian troops in the circle of Westphalia, have orders to join general Bender at the very first notice.

The York pilot boat is arrived at New-York from England, which she left the 2d of June.—We learn that she brings accounts of fresh riots at Birmingham, which were increasing when the York failed—occasioned by one of the Oxford Blues (a soldier) being killed.—Mr. Pease had published a third pamphlet, and a royal proclamation was issued against seditious writings, &c.—Stocks had fallen, British 3 per cents at 87, and American funds at par.—A camp had been formed at Begshot, and another at Hyde Parke.

[The York is the same vessel that failed a few months since from New-York for Falmouth.]

July 11. By a vessel that left Cape François the 25th of June, we learn, that the negroes were still destroying with as much fury as ever, and no prospects of peace being made with them. The governor and several principal officers had gone to St. Marks, with a view to bring about a negotiation with the malcontents, but the event was unknown.

Accounts from South-Carolina and Georgia, with regard to their prospects of the ensuing crops, are very unfavourable; no rains of any consequence having fallen in the more eastern districts of those states since the beginning of April; at which time the low country was, in a manner, inundated. The indigo plantations, when the last vessels failed, were almost despaired of, for the next crop, and the rice swamps promised not much better.

July 12. Captain Fleming brings a confirmation of the news received by the York pilot-boat and ship Olive-Branch. The repulse of the French from Mons and Tournay. The murder of Dillon, with its aggravating circumstances. Rochambeau had certainly resigned. A report, however, was current, that he had been prevailed upon to resume the command. The patriots did not appear dispirited. Paris, Havre, and the neighbouring country, were in a state of perfect tranquillity at the date of these accounts. Capt. Fleming brings no news later than that already received.

Extract of a letter from an eminent knave to Lisbon, dated 9th May, 1793.

"Since our last respects of 14th March, by the Brothers, and copy by the Caesar, we are without any of your favours. We then acquainted you of the approach of a plot of grain, from the advice we received of the supplies likely to be sent here, in which we were well grounded, for since we have been completely glutted, beyond any thing of the kind we experienced during our long establishment; so that we pay you will not interest us in any grain adventures; for all the markets are so full, that the sales from on board are in dead calm, the buyers having their hands full, and in the public granaries there is stored, for the retail sale in the corn-market, above one hundred thou-

sand bags, chiefly wheat, which is a full supply for these twelve months consumption, at the rate of about three hundred bags per diem, which is the average sale of the market. The ordinary grain must not fail, and only at the last will these people buy. The approaching crop in this kingdom and Spain are in the most flourishing condition, and even in the field abundantly, should they only produce moderately, it will keep on the whole, and low prices. England and Holland have and are still pouring in large parcels; a cargo of the former, of very good quality, was yesterday offered for sale so low as three hundred and forty shillings per bag, on board, and refused; for there is hardly room where to store such an overflow of grain as is arrived here. All the surrounding markets, so far up as Barcelona, are in the same predicament. A cargo of Indian corn from Venice, a little heated, was sold by public sale, two days ago, at one hundred and twenty, and one hundred and forty shillings per bag, on board. The grain from Italy being much liked, and preferred to that of your growth, rivals the sale of it so much, that no other meet sale; and we are astonished at the large supplies imported from thence; this season, to the great prejudice of the sale of that from America. Should any novelty offer, we will acquaint you in our next."

#### ANNAPOLIS, July 19.

"The chiefs of the Parilian guard," says a London paper, "have resolved to present a sword to M. de la Fayette. The handle of this, which is curiously wrought in gold, exhibits the leading events in his life; his departure for America, the transactions of the 5th and 6th of October, 1789, and the return of the king and queen under his protection. The blade is composed of steel found in the Bastille, and tempered in England. The following inscription is engraved upon it:—'This blade will spare blood, but will give force to the law. It is destined to make the constitution respected.'"

Extract of a letter from Mr. Wigzell, dated London, 20th May, 1792.

"This afternoon I arrived from a tour of near seven hundred miles, in which I have seen many the most interesting scenes—and, from some of them, shall procure an accession of strength that will amply compensate the trouble and expense. Mr. West, a native of America, and now president of the Royal Academy in London, has just seen the plan of the new theatre, and is charmed with it. He says it will be the greatest ornament (if finished on the intended plan) that the city of Philadelphia can boast of—and I have reason to expect that he will lend as the aid of his pencil in signing some of the elements."

"THE new arrangement of the Post-Office following news-papers to the payment of postage, has compelled the Printers to decline sending the MARYLAND GAZETTE to their customers in Prince-George's, Charles, and St. Mary's counties. These, therefore, who wish to have their papers continued, will be obliged to find a word, and they shall be regularly forwarded. The postage required on a news-paper being but one cent, the whole price of one year's Gazette will be only sixteen shillings and three pence."

All persons sending letters to our address, are requested to pay the postage, or they will not be taken up.

P. & S. GREEN.

#### Herring Bay, July 15, 1792.

By order of the orphan's court of Anne-Arundel county, will be sold, at the late dwelling house of Mr. SARAH CHEW, on Herring Bay, for the purpose of payment of claims against the estate of the late Mr. Richard Chew, on the 21st of August next, the ready money,

THE plate, a variety of household and kitchen furniture, horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, of the late Sarah Chew.

Rich. Chew, Ex'or.

#### James Robardet,

RETURNS his most grateful sense of gratitude to those ladies and gentlemen who have patronized his DANCING-SCHOOL. He respectfully informs them and the public in general, that a second quarter commenced on Monday the 8th of July. He solicits the patronage of the citizens of this city and adjacent towns, and he shall endeavour by strict attention to his pupils, to give general satisfaction. As it is derogatory to the instruction of his pupils to admit spectators on the school days, he shall, with pleasure, upon Saturday, every other week, where the parents of his pupils will be gratefully admitted, and no other will out an invitation from the master.

If any gentlemen of good deportment are desirous to dance the above-mentioned days, they will be admitted with a lady, and dance, if a sufficient number after the performance of the scholars, by paying a dollar to the door-keeper, for the entertainment of the music, &c. Nothing will be provided from the master but the music and light.

His terms will be made known at his school-room. He is to be heard of at Mrs. Sawyer's.

#### Annapolis, July 17, 1792.

ALL persons who are indebted to the late ROBERT COUDEN, Esq. let of this debt, are desired to make payment to the undersigned, or to the clerk of the court, before the 1st of August next, or they will be obliged to exhibit them for payment. J. H. STONE, Administrator.

Eight Dollars

#### Five Pounds

AN away from the Montgomery county, Md. a likely very fair at 35 years of age, five feet high, his eyes, and hair much like him, when he was with a red velvet cap, several waistcoats, one pair ditto trousers, three coats, several pair of stockings, a fan-tail hat, white two sides, with a up the said slave again, I got him again, the if brought home the

#### Five Pounds

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B. The above r early on the morn tiful fellow I m and endeavour to y 11, 1792.

TAEN up and c ways, the 20th GROES, to wit:

HILL, about 40 years feet high, his clo of country cloth b hand appears to belong to Mr. Law Virginia. URELL JACE has since confessed he is WAT, though of Frank; he is of Mecklenberg years old, five feet y, strong and sly, which appears on his left arm, right ear appears to bit off; his cloath JOHN EVANS, v confessed that he Mecklenberg county, he is a strong even inches high, his left leg, about clothing coarse a their matters are away.

FROM the rep members have debts due for de ne, on Patuxent, groable necess will be comm accounts that str July 9th, 1792.

virtue of a writ to me direct IC SALE, on air, if not the CASH, or any selling value.

PART of two called DEEP WASHING, cu is situated a mopolis, betwe considerable part is in the hands of other convey and of very s and wanted, s QUANTY and fol 1792, sign to be at 11.0 WILL

WILL

WILL

WILL

WILL



Rockcastle county, July 18, 1796.  
I hereby certify that I have been duly sworn in as Justice of the Peace for the County of Rockcastle, at their court meeting held at said county seat on the 1st day of June last.

EDWARD SMITH.

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**Eight Dollars Reward.**

I hereby find the sum of five dollars, from the subscriber, James Hays, Esq. and also one dollar, in George's county, to a negro man named LON, about 35 years of age, five feet seven or eight high, a very black negro, thin visage, and broad, had on, and took with him, when he came, a new Bath coating tailor's jacket, with two metal buttons on it, one fustian waistcoat, one red ditto, coarse country linen shirt and cotton drawers, new felt hat and a pair of old shoes; as it is at this season of the year, it is probable he will travel as he goes, and change his dress. Whoever will find said negro and secure him, so that I get again, shall receive the above reward, paid by

RICH. LANSDALE.

July 10, 1796.

**FIVE POUNDS REWARD.**  
 AN away from the subscriber, living in Montgomery county, Maryland, on the 10th of this month, a likely very fair customer have named BASIL, 15 years of age, five feet eight or nine inches tall, blue eyes, and very bald headed, short red coloured hair much curled; had on, and took off him, when he went away, a blue broad cloth coat with a red velvet cape, one light coloured waistcoat, several waistcoats, one pair of Russia sheeting breeches, one pair ditto white broad cloth, two pair of trousers, three coarse shirts, and one blue shirt, several pair of stockings, two pair of shoes, and a fan-tail hat, which he commonly wears cocked up. He is a native of Maryland, where he was

two sides, with a ribbon and buckle. Whoever  
up the said slave and secures him in any goal, or  
get him again, shall have **EIGHT DOLLARS**  
if brought home the above reward, paid by  
**ALLEN BOWIE.**  
B. The above runaway was seen in Georgia  
early on the morning he went away, and as he  
artful fellow I make no doubt will change his  
and endeavour to pass as a freeman. A. B.  
11, 1793. 1793 12/12

TAKEN up and committed to my gaol, as usual  
always, the 20th of June, 1792, the following  
GROES, to wit:  
HILL, about 40 years old, five feet eleven inches  
feet high, his clothing an osnabrig shirt, and  
of country cloth breeches; his thumb nail on his  
hand appears to have been cut through; he first  
belongs to Mr. Lawrence Ashton, of King George  
w. Virginia.  
MURREL JACSON, who passed as a free man  
has since confessed that he is a slave, and that  
he is WAT, though was formerly known by  
of Frank; he says he belongs to Mr. James  
of Mecklenburg county, Virginia; he is about  
years old, five feet nine or ten inches high,  
strong and active; he has a small scar on his

which appears to have been burnt; his thumb on his left arm, has been split or cut through. His right ear appears to have been cleft, but he lay his head off; his clothing but indifferent.

JOHN EVANS, who passed as a free man, but confessed that he belongs to a major Butler, Shenandoah county, Virginia, and that his name is he is a strong made fellow, about five feet seven inches high, has a large scar on the hind of his left leg, about seven or eight inches in length, his clothing coarse and indifferent.

Their masters are desirous to pay charges, and are in a hurry to get them away.

JAMES SIMMS, Sheriff  
Charles county.

Queen-Anne.

FROM the very trifling collections that the  
 subscribers have hitherto been enabled to make  
 debts due for dealings at their late store at Q  
 one, on Patuxent, they feel themselves under  
 a reasonable necessity of informing those debtors  
 that will be commenced to next court, to recon  
 accounts that are not paid before that time.

JOHN PETTY, and  
 July 9th, 1792. 2

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virtue of a writ of *fieri facias* from the  
 Court to me directed, will be EXPOSED to  
 PUBLIC SALE, on Friday the 27th day of J  
 next, if not the first fair day, Sunday excepted  
 CASH, or any kind of CERTIFICATES  
 of equal value.

**PART** of two tracts of LAND adjoining, the one called DEEP CREEK, and the other MASHING, containing about 200 acres, the first is situated about three and an half miles from the town of Magothy, on the peninsula, between Severn and Magothy rivers, the second part extends along a creek of the same name, and contains a small dwelling house, and other convenient buildings, and a molt extensive tract of very choice timber, and a considerable quantity of timber, the property of captain WILLIAM GOLDSMITH, formerly a debt due to the STATE, against the State of Maryland, was sold at public sale, on the first of MARCH, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises, to

**WILLIAM GOLDSMITH, Sheriff**  
Anne Arundel county.

TO BE SOLD,  
On **THURSDAY** the 21<sup>st</sup> of July, at the late dwelling  
plantation of *Joseph Watkins, deceased,*  
**A** PARCEL OF STOCK, consisting of horses,  
cattle, sheep and hogs; likewise a parcel of  
household furniture, and plantation utensils. The  
whole to be sold for the payment of the debts of  
the said *Joseph Watkins,* and all those who have  
claims against the said *Joseph Watkins* will be allowed  
to purchase; and further terms will be made known  
on the day of sale, by  
**ANNE WATKINS, Executrix.**

For SALE,

June 12, 1792. **4X** **WILFRED NEALE.**

THE officers and soldiers of the late Maryland line of the continental army, are hereby i

THO. HARWOOD, Agent  
for the late Maryland line of the continental army

Kent county, May 17, 1792.

**R**AN away from the subscriber, on the 12th  
a negro man named WILL, about 23 years  
old, five feet nine or ten inches high; had on, v

PUB-  
ly, if  
d. for

reward.

**RICHARD BEAN**

N. B. It is probable this fellow may endeavor

they should they may expect to be dealt with  
bly to law.

**C**apt. Wm. L. Grover, who says he is the property of James Burgett, of Calvert county. His master

and the House of Representatives.

15	30	100
15	30	100
20	16	120
30	10	100
50	6	100
859	4	3456
1 first drawn Number,		10
1 last do.	do.	10
	Contingent expenses,	64
1002 Prizes.		6000
2000 Blanks.		
3000 Tickets, at 2 dollars each,		6000

### A Scheme of a Lottery.

WELL finished two story framed HOUSE,

ditto of a house on Church-street,  
ditto ditto ditto 450

ditto a set of mahogany dining  
tables - - - 15  
ditto a mahogany desk at £. 12 10

4 ditto of a pair of mahogany card-	48
tables, at £. 9 per pair	36

2 ditto of a mahogany chamber table, at 40/. each	-	-	-	12
2 ditto of a fire-screen, at 35/. each	-	-	-	3

As the above property is low, and the furni

lottery will be drawn some time in September or sooner if the tickets are sold, of which public will be given. Prizes managers will be



**LOTTERY.**  
FOR the purpose of disposing of VALUABLE PRO-  
PERTIES, adjoining the town of Wrentham, in Dor-  
chester county, and ONE LOT in the city of Annapo-  
lis, to which \$50 cash prize is added,

1	Prizes of 72 acres of valuable land, adjoining the town of Vienna, distinguished on the plot by No. 71, to which is added a lot of marsh numbered on the plot 54, containing 4½ acres.	£. 233
8	ditto of 8 water lots adjoining the said town, and on the river Nanticoke, No. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, at 37l. 10s. each.	300
4	ditto of 4 lots divided by a street from the water lots, No. 10, 12, 14, 15, at 25l. each.	100
5	ditto of 5 lots adjoining the 4 last mentioned lots, No. 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, at 20l. each.	100
11	ditto divided by a street from the last mentioned 5 lots, No. 22, 23, 24, 25, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, at 15l. each.	165
11	ditto being separated by a street from the last mentioned lots, No. 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 41, 42, 43, at 10l. each.	110
9	ditto adjoining the above, No. 44 to 52 inclusive, at 7l. 10s. each.	67 10
6	ditto adjoining the above, for grass lots, containing from 2 to 3½ acres each, No. 65 to 70 inclusive, at 10l.	60
1	ditto containing 3½ acres of valuable high land and meadow ground, adjoining the lots of the late Dr. Wheeland, in Vienna,	100
10	ditto grass lots, No. 55 to 64 inclusive, at 12l.	120
1	ditto a water lot in the city of Annapolis, on Charles-street,	200
150	cash prizes, of 30s. each,	225
	<hr/> 217 prizes, ditto cash prizes and blanks.	£. 1780 10

Messieurs John Davidson, James Shaw, John Randall, of Annapolis; colonel Uriah Forrest, colonel William Deakins, of George-town; colonel Peter Chaille, captain Levin Handy, of Worcester; Gustavus Scott, Alexander Douglass, William S. Bond, Esquires, of Dorchester; Samuel Chamberlaine, William Hindman, Esquires, of Talbot; colonel William Richardson, Peter Edmonson, Esquires, of Caroline; and James Hollyday, Esquire, of Queen-Anne's.

The above property in Dorchester county, has been deeded to the subscribers by Clement Hollyday, for the purpose of redeeming certain notes of hand passed by him to sundry persons, in small sums, to the amount of about £. 100. As a sale by lottery is the most probable mode of disposing of it to advantage, and of acquiring ready money for it, Mr. Hollyday is desirous that we should proceed to that method, and that we should receive, and retain in our hands, the money arising on the sale of the tickets, for the purpose above mentioned, and also to satisfy sundry of his creditors, some of whom have liens on that property, and who, therefore, no doubt, will acquiesce in this mode of disposing of it. The property is rated at a moderate valuation. Proper deeds will be executed to those who may be entitled to them after the drawing of the lottery, and the cash prizes paid on demand. It is intended that the drawing shall commence in the city of Annapolis, on the 22d day of October next. Notice will be given of the time and a list of the fortunate numbers published immediately after drawing.

3 GABRIEL DUVAL,  
WILLIAM CAMPBELL.  
Annapolis, June 18, 1792.

**T**HIS is to give public notice, that the inspection house for tobacco, at Beard's Point, on South river, in Anne Arundel county, is now in readiness to receive tobacco for inspection; and, from the large quantity of that article made in the neighbourhood of South river aforesaid, it is expected that a considerable number of hogheads will be brought to this house during the present summer for inspection, and, from its superior quality, it is presumed all persons wishing to become purchasers of tobacco may be well accommodated, and that upon good terms.

It is thought unnecessary to expatiate on the many advantages of this warehouse, as it is so well known to be situated on a beautiful and navigable river, and not more than ten miles distant from the bay; it is also so a well known fact, that the tobacco raised in that part of Anne-Arundel county is precisely the same in quality as the tobacco heretofore imported at Taylor Landing on Patuxent, which has always been found to suit the European markets as well, if not better, than tobacco of the growth of any other part of Maryland.

June 6, 1792

No. 1, 1 Prize of 529 acres of woodland  
lying on Bennett's creek, in Mont.

	gemery and Frederick counties, within thirty miles of the federal city.	793 10
2,	1 ditto of 40 acres of valuable land, mostly wood, lying and adjoining the water about three miles from Lower-Marlborough,	125 0
3,	1 ditto of 20 acres of land adjoining No. 2, all wood,	200 0
4,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 3, ditto,	100 0
5,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 4, ditto,	100 0
6,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 5, ditto,	100 0
7,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 6, ditto,	100 0
	1 ditto of 100 dollars cash,	37 10
21	ditto of 8 ditto cash ditto,	65 0
145	ditto of \$ ditto, payable in genuine Scotch snuff at 4s. per pound; in bottles,	435 0
	First drawn blank,	1 0

577 Blanks. 1000 each. 6.3750

MANAGERS.  
John Muir, Annapolis; Benjamin Steadert, Georgetown; James Bell, Queen-Anne's; John Brooks, Upper Marlborough; Thomas Villard, Pig-Point; Robert Bond, Nottingham; Truman Compton, Magruder's; John Fur-Benedict, James Somerville, Thomas Harwood, James Joseph Wilkinton, William Grabame, Peter Eamer Charles Williamson, John Chesley, Thomas Purrum, Hunt, Calvert county; of whose tickets may be had, of all the merchants on Patuxent.

No. 1, contains all woodland, Benne's creek running through it, and lies within thirty miles of federal city, fully worth the estimated amount. No. 7 contains very valuable land lying near the town of Lower-Marlborough, where wood commands a good price, the carriage to the water little more than half a mile from the extent of the land, and each lot to have the privilege of a cart way to the water. Deeds, and general warranties, to be made for the land. Plots of the land may be seen with each of the managers. Cash prizes to be paid on demand; the snuff warrants genuine and good, and to be delivered at Lower-Marlborough. Crop or transfer notes for tobacco to be taken in payment at the market price. Ten per cent. deduction to be made to those who pay the cash before the day of drawing. The lottery is purposed to be drawn on the third Tuesday in June next, if the tickets are all sold, at Lower-Marlborough. Notice will be given of the time, a list of the fortunate numbers published immediately after drawing. Country produce will be taken at a market price, if delivered at the subscriber's mill within one month of drawing the lottery.

Raleigh's Plant, March, 1892.

**A** YOUNG MULATTO WOMAN left my plantation some weeks ago, and—as I am since informed) has been about Annapolis, passing for one of the Butlers; her name is JEMIMA (commonly called MIMY); she is of the middle stature, of a straight and rather slender make, and has a pleasing countenance, when in a good humour, she took with her beside other clothing not known, a palmetto habit and brown linen jacket and petticoat. Whoever secures her in any goal, so that I may get her again, shall receive the above reward, from

**G. R. BROWN.**

Port-Tobacco, January 12, 1792.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be sold at  
the Printing-Office.

Passed at the last Session of assembly.  
ALSO,—THE  
**VOTES and PROCEEDING**  
**BOTH HOUSES.**  

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**FOR SALE,**

**A** TRACT of LAND, containing between two and three hundred acres, in Prince-Georges county, on the east side of the Eastern Branch, about four miles from the Federal city, and the land distant from Bladenburg, there is a good meadow on it, and some houses. Application may be made to Mr. J. CHASE POWERS, in Bladenburg, or to the underscriber, in Pilestown.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON

November 21, 1991.

**COMMITTED** to my custody as a runaway, a young boy named **GEORGE**, from the beloved of Ignatius Hardy, of Prince George's county. The owner of said puppy is ordered to camp, and George and take him away.

Johnnie Lee Smith

OF A  
LOTTERY

For the purpose of disposing of valuable property in the district of COLUMBIA, consisting of three tracts or lots of LAND about one mile north of the city of WASHINGTON; and fourteen lots in the lower part of the town of GEORGE TOWN, follows:

**L**OT No. 1, contains 107 acres, on it are 27 acres of meadow ground, and a promising young apple orchard containing 175 bearing trees of choicest fruit. At the western extremities thereof is a delightful eminence that commands a view of the river, the town and city of Washington. This lot contains about 16 acres of wood-land, lies upon a main road and is not more than one mile from the city of Washington.

LOT No. 2, contains 84 acres, and bounds with the preceding lot; about 35 acres thereof are in woods and about 17 acres in meadow-ground. This lot is bounded on the west by the meandering waters of Pine-Branch. On this stream is a fall of 21 feet; it abounds with quarries of excellent building stone. On this lot are two beautiful situations for houses.

lot No. 1. This lot contains 20 acres of wood, has on it a beautiful eminence for a house as a round seat.

The fourteen lots in George-Town are at that end of the town which is contiguous to the city of Wilmington, and are all advantageous and beautiful situations.

4000 Tickets at 35s. each, dollars at 7s. 6d. is	14000
No. 1, 1 prize of 107 acres of land at 1s. 10d. per acre	2140 00
2, 1 do. of 84 do. do.	1680 00
3, 1 do. of 39 do. do.	780 00
140 141, 14 lots in Georgetown,	
at 6s. each,	840 00
1 prize in cash,	100 00
1 ditto,	50 00
1 ditto,	45 00
647 ditto, of 40s. each,	2594 00
667 Prizes.	
1111 Blank.	

Robert Peter, colonel William Deakins, Benjamin  
daniels, Thomas Beall of George, John Threlkeld, an  
musical Davidson, Esquire, George Town. George W  
Esquire, city of Washington. Wallace and Maria  
John Davidson, Esquire, Annapolis.

This scheme contains several very valuable lands contiguous to the city of Washington, whose price in value will keep pace with the growth of the rising empire of the United States of America—It is therefore, without any further definition, it is evident that for the final form of one Guinea a vast and beautiful country, may be obtained to the vicinity of the capital of America; and a lot in a

The subscriber proposes drawing this Lottery at George-Town, on the first Monday in May next. If the tickets are all sold, which he thinks will be the case, some six profits will

Deeds, with a general warranty, will immediately be given for the lots of land, and the money for the prizes will be paid on demand. Notice will be of the drawing in the public papers, and a full

TICKETS may be had of Messrs. Wall-

Muir, John Davidson, Esquires, and Mr. T. Maon.

ing of the above failure is reported to the first of next.

**LATIN and GREEK BOOKS**  
For Sale, at ADAMS'S Office, BUILDINGS

ANNAPOLIS  
Printed by FREDERICK and SONS  
— GREEN —

— 192 —



## MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1792.

PARIS, May 9.

M. DILLON.

relations of the unfortunate Dillon have published the following account of his death.

Relation of the assassination of M. THEOBALD DILLON, *maréchal de camp*, at Lisle, the 29th of April, 1792. By an Eye Witness.

DINED at general Theobald Dillon's the day of the expedition at Tournay. In the course of the conversation, he many times testified his confidence in the good disposition and courage of the troops he commanded. Although he had been for these fifteen years his intimate friend, it was not until after the orders had been given to the army, that I knew he was to march the same evening.

I quitted me in the afternoon to go to gen. Daumont; at half past seven o'clock the troops were mustered, they had the best appearance possible; a little before nine o'clock he went out at the head of the army, by the gate of Fiffe. The next day (Sunday, the 29th) at nine o'clock, I went to gen. Daumont to him if there was any impropriety in my going to the army, and if it was not necessary to have a report? He replied in the negative.

Madame Dillon testified great uneasiness for her brother, but he assured me that it was without foundation, and, from the orders the army had received, an engagement was not likely.

mounted on horseback, and departed by the gate of Fiffe, in order to see M. Dillon. At a place near town I met four dragons, who, as soon as they saw me, made signs by their sabres for me to return, saying that all was lost—that the army had been beaten, and cut in pieces. I begged them not to spread the alarm in the town; but first to acquaint Daumont, and the principal officers, of it. They soon left me behind. I returned into town with an without a uniform, who related that his comrade was killed by his side: with him was an officer of national guards, on a horse belonging to one of the artillery carriages, who also cried that all was lost, beaten, and cut to pieces, but he could not give any particulars.

I took my domestic with me, and returned again on to the gate of Fiffe. The street was full of soldiers and national guards, who impeded the passage of carriages, who began to enter in crowds with great order. The Swiss of Diebach, who guarded the camp, had erected some works, and stationed patrols on outside; in the mean time the cavalry entered, and the cry of treason, aristocrat, and a la lan-

the confusion now became general; many, without knowing who commanded, demanded the head of Rochembeau; I then went to the suburbs; the infantry presented themselves, but in small numbers; the army was covered with cavaliers, all crying treason: one wounded, not even a horse: I asked many officers and soldiers news of the general; not one could give me any account of him: an officer of engineers said, that he was surprised to hear me ask news of a general who had led them to butchery. The deputy marshal general (M. de V...) said that M. Dillon had given him orders to charge the cavalry. As soon as he perceived the enemy, he found them retreating and in general confusion. The soldiers informed me it would be imprudent to advance further; that the Austrian hussars pressed them closely; I stopped some time, and advanced again. I had not yet heard report of a fusil, nor seen a hussar, nor any person that had seen one. The road was now crowded with carts of baggage and peasantry, who fled with the moveables into the town. I again returned; the confusion was now great; the cry of *lanterne*, of Rochembeau, of traitor, of aristocrat, and noises from all sides. The infantry now began to enter, and fought in three or four Austrians, one in a gray uniform, striped with green, and the others in round hats. A hundred steps from the gate they hung an officer of engineers, M. Berthois, suspended by the neck with cords. I saw more than twenty shots through his body, and a horse grenadier, as I was told, gave a cut on the head with his sabre, and fired a pistol at his breast. Then the national guards and infantry took possession of him. I saw one of the Austrian soldiers killed, and two or three who were dispatched trampled under feet, and their bodies run through. I heard the ridicule and the barbarous shouts of the hussars, and saw them amuse themselves in striking dead bodies with their hands. They were crowded in a wheelbarrow with the officer of engineers, and added at the sight. The municipal officers arrived in a cart, in which they placed the dead bodies, and seemed to abuse them. It was two o'clock, and I had not been able to hear the least news of the general, or the action. Not a wounded man has yet appeared, and among all the soldiers not one seems to

have been in a battle, except a foot soldier, who had received some shot through his hat.

I remained in the street to observe the disposition of the people. About four o'clock I went towards Fiffe gate. In the entrance of the street the agitation was great, and the howling most terrible. At last I heard the cry of "He's coming, he's coming, to the lantern." I asked, with a trembling voice, who? Dillon, they answered, the traitor, the aristocrat; we are going to tear him to pieces, he and all that belong to him.

Rochembeau must also perish, and all the nobility in the army. Dillon is coming in a cabriolet; his thigh is already broken, let's go and finish him. The cabriolet soon appeared; the general was in it, without a hat, with a calm and firm look; he was escorted by four horse guards; he had hardly passed through the gate, when more than 100 bayonets were thrust in the cabriolet, amidst the most horrible shouts! The horse guards made use of their sabres, it is true, but I don't know whether it was to defend themselves, or to protect the general. The man who drove the cabriolet disappeared, the horse plunged, and no bayonets had yet been fatal, when a shot was fired into the carriage, and I think this killed M. Dillon, for I never saw him move afterwards. He was taken from the carriage and thrown into the street, when they trampled upon his body, and ran a thousand bayonets through it. I neither heard from him complaints or groans.

Between seven and eight o'clock I went to the market-place, where a great fire was lighted, in which his body was thrown. French soldiers danced round the burning body of their general; this barbarous scene was intermixed with the most savage howlings. Parties of Swiss were passing and repassing in good order during this atrocious scene, with the greatest indignation painted in their countenance. The filer of the general was also threatened; he changed her abode four times, being warned of her danger; nobody dared to shelter her in their houses; however the night was passed in tranquillity.

I have been lucky enough to save her from these cannibals, and the next day she set off for Paris.

This is what I have seen, and what I am ready to attest before any tribunal.

N. B. The original of this has been deposited at a notary's, and a faithful copy delivered to the national assembly, signed by the author. If any person should doubt the authenticity of the above, they may address themselves to James Migneret, Jacob-street, Paris, or to the family of M. Dillon, who engage to answer them.

STOCKHOLM, April 26.

Yesterday an end was put to the life and torments of Ankerstrom. His right hand was cut off first, then his head. His body was then quartered, and his limbs transfixed upon stakes. This, however, was not the day of his greatest torments; he had become much weakened by the tortures of the preceding days, and his refusal to take any kind of nourishment must have entirely blunted his nervous sensations. During the three days preceding his execution, he was cruelly tortured with rods, so that when he went to his execution he was rather dragged along, than walked. His sentence included confiscation of property, but the duke regent would not allow the exercise of this barbarous right, and renounced it in favour of Ankerstrom's children, who are to change their name, as well as every other family in the kingdom who went by the name.

BRUSSELS, May 7.

The president of the council of Namur (Austrian city) has fled here, with some other royalists, on account of anonymous threats of the people. In most of the towns of the Austrian Low Countries, the fermentation is visibly increasing, and the severity of the military discipline contributes not a little to foment insurrections. The governors general have ordered marshal Bender to present their thanks to marshals Beaulieu and Happoncourt, for their zeal and bravery in repelling the French at Mons and Tournay. General Brown has left Mons to command the reinforcements sent to Namur. The magazine of stores on the frontiers, for the greater safety, are to be removed to the interior country. The troops France will have to cope with are 238,000 men, of which Austria furnishes 120,000, Prussia 60,000, the emperor 38,000, and Russia 30,000.

HAGUE, April 28.

The stadtholder has received a letter, by which he is warned to be careful when at reviews, as a plot is laid against him. The guards in the palace are doubled, all precautions are taken in the kitchen, and the police have made judicious preparations for safety.

LONDON, May 5.

We stated some time ago that there had been a tumult in Berlin, and that the utmost pains had been

taken to conceal it. We have at length received an account of the particulars. A Bourgeois having stopped, for some occasion, within a few paces of a sentinel, the latter came up and forcibly took off his hat, which the citizen endeavouring to recover, the soldier struck him several blows; this drew around several other citizens, and the sentinel called out for the guard, whom the citizens instantly attacked. The officer ordered his men to fire on the *canaille*—the mob cried out *A-LA-LANTERNE*—The tumult increased, a number of troops came to the rescue of the guard, and the affair concluded by the arrest of the officer who ordered the men to fire, of the sentinel, and of several of the citizens.

A rupture between France and Sardinia is hourly expected. M. le Mouille, the plenipotentiary of the former to the court of Turin, has been arrested as a dangerous person.

The king of the French has written to insist on the reception of M. le Mouille, and has ordered, that if the demand be not complied with, his ambassador and M. S. shall, in twenty-four hours, leave the Sardinian dominions.

The Belgians and Liegeois have, by a committee assembled at Paris, entered a solemn protest against the abuses of their respective governments, and declared a purport of uniting both countries under a representative democracy, and with the title of the "BALE REPUBLIC."

A committee of the Dutch patriots is also at Paris. They talk of strong effects which are to be produced in Holland, by a manifesto which they are preparing against what they term "the despotism of the Stadtholder."

May 8. The letter by the Flanders mail, delivered yesterday, confirm, in every respect, the total defeat of the French in the two actions before Tournay and Mons. In the annals of the French history, we believe their troops never met with similar disgrace, which is heightened by the cruelty of their conduct towards their officers. The Romans made it a practice to administer every soothing comfort to their commanders under misfortune—the refined manners of the new order of men in France make the Turks their example.

The Mont. Dillon, who was so cruelly assassinated by the populace at Lisle, is not the handsome beau Dillon, as was reported, but his cousin count Theobald Dillon.

The fabricated intelligence of the capture of Seringapam had hardly been exposed, when accounts of credit really came from India. India stock had fallen back to 208, when an account was received that the Minerva, captain Greenway, bound to Ostend, had arrived of Portsmouth, from Madras, and by which a Madras Courier of the 5th of January, was transmitted to town. In this courier are the general orders of earl Cornwallis, dated the 27th of December, containing his lordships thanks to colonel Stewart and major Scott, with a reference to the success of detachments under their command; and a passenger, come home in this ship, reports, that the army was then at Mangree; that they had taken, besides Chittledroog, Ramgurry, and two other forts; and that the detachments were called in, and the army was on their march; that general Abercrombie had ascended the Ghauts on the 15th of December—that there had been more great failures at Calcutta; that the company's bonds were at a great discount, and that there was a most distressing scarcity of money.

Extract of a letter from Deale, dated May 7.

"Yesterday some boats came in from Dunkirk. They bring the melancholy intelligence, that on Thursday night, the town was thrown into the greatest consternation, by the drums beating to arms, owing to a violent disagreement between a king's regiment, and a regiment of the national troops, which had arose to such a height, that the two parties had fired on each other, and the people who brought the intelligence, fearing the consequences, fled to their boats and sailed immediately; but that the firing continued without intermission for a considerable time."

BOSTON, July 11.

The manufactures of our country daily and rapidly increase—our native canvas catches the swelling breeze in every part of the globe, waiting the exuberance of the produce of our soil and industry to various ports. Agriculture, in all its branches, improves and flourishes year after year—and its product commands a good price, and ready cash. Money is as plenty as the demand for it is great. The national debt is decreasing, and our credit in foreign countries is equal to any, and superior to many of the old nations of Europe—yet certain southern declaimers are continually crying—"we are going to destruction with a flying fleet" and are now on the verge of ruin!"—But this is only the cant of our modern "sunshine patriots!"

A vessel has arrived at Bedford, in a short passage from France: But we have not been able to obtain



any material information by her, of the state of affairs in that direction—she has, however, written, and requested several gentlemen in town to write to the owners at Bedford, for intelligence on the subject; from whom, if any event of consequence has transpired, we expect to receive an account.

#### PROVIDENCE, July 7.

*Extract of a letter from a very respectable mercantile house at Copenhagen, dated May 16.*

"We are convinced it will be absolutely necessary that our government encourage the American trade, by reducing the duty—and our Mr. Sayre being favoured with the consulship for your state, we make no doubt may influence it very much."

#### ALBANY, July 9.

Captain Joseph Brandt returned through this city on Friday last, from his visit to his excellency the president of the United States, at Philadelphia. Captain Brandt has expressed himself much pleased with the reception he met with from the president, and the polite treatment he has received during his whole tour. We are informed, that his best endeavours will be used to establish a treaty of friendship between the United States, and the present hostile tribes of Indians; and that it is more than probable, on his return home, he will immediately set off for the Miami village.

#### PHILADELPHIA, July 16.

*Extract of a letter from Luzerne county.*

"On Tuesday the 1st of July, I left Tioga point near the middle of the day; about half after one o'clock P. M. a shower appeared to be rising from the northwest, and I had scarcely time to take shelter in the house of Obadiah Gove, Esquire, at Shesheque, from a violent gale of wind with rain. The storm continued near half an hour, during which time to see the tumbling of timber during the storm, was surprising. After it abated I continued on my journey, but found it very difficult travelling in many places, the road being blocked up by the falling of timber, I reached Wilkesbarre on Wednesday. It appears that a storm extended through the country, and at the same hour of the day, though more violent in some places than others. At Exeter, about nine miles from Wilkesbarre, a level plain loaded with pitch pine timber, was swept of its timber, scarce a tree left for more than a mile in length, and three fourths of a mile wide, being either torn up by the roots, or twisted off, leaving their stumps from five to thirty feet high.

"A number of buildings in different parts of the country stripped of their roofs, and other ways damaged—fences in many places removed, and many fields of corn, other grain and flax, laid level with the earth—cattle killed by the falling of timber in every part of the country.

"A Mr. — Lot, who lived at Mahooper about 35 miles from Wilkesbarre, whose family consisted of his wife and a number of children—he with his wife being absent, the children fearing themselves in danger in the house, left it at the instant a large tree was falling; the tree reached them at a small distance from the door, and a girl of about eleven years of age was crushed to pieces, and expired instantly. One of the children had a thigh and both arms broke, another badly wounded in the head—these two it was feared had received the fatal blow, two others slightly wounded."

The violent gust that took place on Sunday the 1st instant, we are informed, extended as far southward as Hatteras, lat. 35. 6. A vessel in that latitude lost her mainmast by this momentary tornado, and was in imminent danger of foundering, from several water spouts which arose by the fury of the wind.

*Letter from M. la Fayette to the war minister, dated Givet, May 6.*

"My dispatches of the 4th of May have informed you of the steps which the army have taken near Givet.—Since that time, every degree of intelligence that I have received, as well from yourself as from other places, confirmed my determination as judicious, in taking post at Ronciennes, and of having nothing but my advance guards upon the Austrian territory; one of these is extended upon the river Aisne towards Luxembourg; but the other more numerous is still at Bouvines.

"I have also an advancing party endeavouring to procure forage, which is here extremely rare. I have in person reconnoitred this part of the country, and, beyond every thing, find the country people well satisfied with the conduct of my troops.—But the news that you have heard of the plenitude of our resources, you may depend upon it has been much exaggerated.—You know, Sir, that we have and still continue to want many necessities, of which I have given you the details; yet my confession of the zeal with which my troops support these unremedied inconveniences is nothing more than a debt to public justice.

"The second division of my troops are cantoned about Dun, and there, wait the means of encamping, or making further movements.—The corps under M. Riffe, near Longevi, have not suffered less than the others.—In fine, this post was of so much importance, that its occupation was certainly worth risking any kind of difficulty that might attend it.

(Signed)

Le General

LA FAYETTE."

July 18. The sum of ready money (says a London paper) which the French have succeeded in buying up in England and in Holland, will enable them to carry on this year's campaign with vigour. It is worth observation, that with all their supposed confusion, they have not ceased one day to lay up for the storm. In all their dock-yards, building, repairing and equipping have gone on without a moment's interruption; and they have at this time an unexpected number of frigates

ready to put to sea to protect their own trade against cruises. They do not mean, however, to commit depredations on their enemies, by sea.

The British combination in Europe seems directed not merely against France, but against Poland also, while new combinations were formed without violence or bloodshed, and with perfect content of all the constituent orders of the republic. It is a war of brutal force against philosophy. We shall see, by the result, whether man has yet attained to years of discretion.

Notwithstanding the depressed situation of Tippeco Saib, according to English ministerial papers; others assert that he has found means to send a body of his irregular cavalry into the Carnatic, who have carried havoc and destruction to within a few miles of the gates of Madras.—From the tenor of India news, it is more than probable Lord Cornwallis's next dispatches, will contain the terms of a treaty rather, than the capitulation of Seringapatam.

Mr. Bolton of Birmingham, has applied the steam engine to coining. By his machinery four boys of ten years old can strike off 30,000 guineas in an hour. The machine keeps an unerring account of the pieces struck."

"The queen of Portugal is better (May 21,) though mending very slowly. Her age, which is near three score; her habits, sedentary and dull; her temper, sadly superstitious; all are against her."

"A letter from Coblenz, dated May 5, says, the two brothers of the king of France are more active than ever. The prince of Conde is now at the head of 20,000 of his countrymen." [Lond. Pap.]

#### MAPLE-SUGAR PREMIUMS.

AT a meeting of the subscribers for promoting the progress and improvement of the manufacture of maple-sugar, the committee appointed for this purpose having exhibited samples from various applicants for premiums, with their respective weights of the sugar annexed.

Resolved, That the first premium of twenty-five dollars be paid by the secretary to Thaddeus Scribner, of Herkemer-Town, in Herkemer county—he having produced upwards of 600lb. of grained maple sugar, of a superior quality.

Resolved, That the second premium of fifty dollars be paid by the secretary to Comfort Cooke, of Otsego county.—(Note.—This parcel would have claimed the first premium, being equal to the best Muscovada, but less than 600lb.)

Resolved, That the third premium of 25 dollars be given to John Harris and Racer Huntly, of Milton, in Saratoga county.

Resolved, That the chairman be requested to receive samples out of the respective parcels on which premiums have been adjudged and paid, to be exhibited to the legislature early in their next session, and to endeavour to obtain legislative bounties to be distributed in premiums on a larger scale than can be expected from the patriotic liberality of private individuals, in promoting a staple of commerce which is intertilling to the whole community.

Resolved, That the remaining sums subscribed and not yet paid, be collected by the secretary to defray the expenses of hand-bills, &c. &c. as well as in prosecuting future efforts in advancing the prosperity of that valuable source of wealth, the manufacturing of maple-sugar.

Published by order,

J. VAN RENSSELAER, Chairman.

E. WATSON, Secretary.

Albany, July 3, 1792.

July 20. An alarming dispute has arisen in Guadeloupe between the national troops and the white inhabitants. The cause was, the execution of the orders of the former to carry into effect the decree of the national assembly, for restoring the free people of colour to their political rights as active citizens. The tumult was quelled by a reinforcement of the national guards.

A similar tumult has agitated the seat of government in Martinico. [Bolt. Pap.]

#### NEW BERN, June 30.

Saturday last was brought to town, from Washington, part of the crew (seven sailors) of the French brig Le Bailli de Suffren, captain Clairat.

These men are charged with the murder of the captain and mate of that vessel. On Thursday last they were examined before the honourable judge Sir-greaves, at the court-house in this town. It appears that the brig sailed from Savanna on the 10th instant, bound to Bourdeaux, with three hundred hogheads of tobacco and some rice. Nothing extraordinary happened until Sunday evening the 18th, except that the crew once or twice complained of want of provisions. About ten o'clock at night, the mate's watch being on deck—one of the crew called him, telling him that there was a Dolphin ahead; the mate went forward, and as he stooped to look, one of the crew struck him with an axe, and knocked him down, another gave him two or three strokes with a knife, and threw him into the sea. They then called the captain and told him that the mate had fallen overboard: He came up, and as he sat his foot on deck, was knocked down and thrown over as the mate.

The crew went down and awoke an old French sailor, the cook, and a young woman whom the captain had brought with him from Savanna; informed them of what had happened, and threatened to kill them, if they would not promise secrecy.—On the assurance they gave for not revealing the horrid deed, they were sworn, and the murderers went in the cabin and set down the rest of the night eating and drinking. The next day they divided the captain's and mate's clothes and money, and brought upon deck a watch, and silver buckles which were sold at vendue.

On Thursday, the 22d, they discovered the last boat into the bay, and endeavored to board it; but this they could not effect for want of tools; they made the woman drink a mixture of rum, sugar, and turpentine, which intoxicated her to that she fell asleep; in the mean while, losing a schooner's company towards them, they rowed ashore, leaving the vessel with all her sails hoisted, and towards night arrived Portsmouth.—On the next day they left the boat, and made their way to Washington.

The old French sailor and the cook, refused to follow them, and after they were gone, gave information against them. They were pursued and brought to Washington, where they were examined by John Blount and William Parry, Esquires, who committed them, and on the next day sent them to this town under a strong guard.

#### GEORGETOWN, July 21.

On Sunday last the president of the United States arrived in this city from Philadelphia, and on Tuesday set out for his seat at Mount Vernon.

A vessel arrived at Leith, in Scotland, on the 1st of May, in a short passage from Russia, brings accounts of the death of the KAZAN. The time of other particulars are not mentioned by our correspondent; but comparing this information with the Vienna paragraph, inserted above, there is a probability that the intelligence is true.

A Quebec paper of May 14, says—"On Tuesday the first instant, the court of king's bench was held in this city.—During the term, three bills of indictment were found against Jean Baptiste Caron, of St. John de la Baie. The one for a rape on his daughter Judith Caron. The other two were for assaults with an intent to commit rape on his daughters, Joliste and Genevieve Caron.

"He took his trial on the bill for the rape on Judith, and was convicted.

"Nothing could exceed the horror excited in the breasts of a large audience, during the trial. The daughters brought forward to convict a father of crime at which human nature revolts.—He is the instance in the province, and for the honour of humanity, we hope it will be the last that will stain the records of the court."

The following strange advertisement appears in the Middlesex Gazette, printed at Middle town, Connecticut. "Strayed from a French gentleman in Middle town, a red, short-tailed dog—he understands the French language. Whoever will bring the dog shall receive one dollar for their trouble, by J. Smith, of said Middle town, who has for sale Brandy."

#### ANNAPOLIS, July 26.

On the 16th and 17th instant, the president of the United States, and the commissioners of the federal buildings, examined the plans for a capitol, and the president's house, to be erected in the city of Washington; several of considerable merit for each building were presented. The premium for the best plan for the president's house was adjudged to James Hobbs, of Charleston, South Carolina, but no decision given in favour of any plan for a capitol, three or four of superior merit are under consideration, and it is expected that the commissioners at their next meeting (the 1st of August) will then make their election.

\* \* \* THE new arrangement of the Post-Office for forwarding newspapers to the payment of postage, has tempted the Printers to discuss sending the MARYLAND GAZETTE to their customers in Prince-George's, Charles and St. Mary's counties. Those therefore, who wish to have their papers continued, will be pleased to forward, and they shall be regularly forwarded. The postage on a newspaper being but one cent, the subscribers of one year's Gazette will be only fifteen shillings above the rest.

All persons sending letters to our address, are requested to pay the postage, or they will not be taken up.

F. & S. GREEN

THE subscriber wants to purchase a considerable quantity of merchantable RYE, for which will give a generous price when delivered at the Indian-Landing; or he will receive it in consideration quantities at any good landing on the waters of the Potomac, Severn, or South-River.

HENRY H. DORSEY

Indian-Landing, 20th July, 1792.

#### On Friday,

The 24th day of August, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premises,

THAT elegant two story BRICK HOUSE, where the subscriber now lives, on two years credit. This house is situated on South river, in London-town, where the ferry has been kept for upwards of sixty years, and its situation for a house of entertainment is equal to any in the State. Bond, with proved security, must be given. The sale will be at 11 o'clock.

WILLIAM BROWN

Port-Tobacco, July 29. 1792. Will be offered at public sale, on a Jeop. credit, Port-Tobacco, in Charles county, on the first day of the next court, it being the twenty-first of August.

Several likely NEGROES, consisting of Women and Children, and one Man.



discovered the late...  
for want of tools...  
towards night arrived...  
they left the boat...  
the cook, related to...  
gone, gave informati...  
perused and brought...  
are examined by John...  
Riquies, who commi...  
sent them to this to...  
W N, July 21.  
ident of the United States...  
Philadelphia, and on Tue...  
Vernon.  
in Scotland, on the 11...  
from Russia, brings an...  
The time...  
mentioned by our corre...  
information with the V...  
there is a probabi...  
14, says—"On Tue...  
king's bench was bel...  
three bills of indictm...  
Billie Caron, of St. Jo...  
a rape on his daug...  
two were for assaults...  
his daughters, Josetta...  
bill for the rape on Jo...  
the horror excited in...  
during the trial. Th...  
to convict a father...  
pure revolts.—He is the...  
and for the honour of...  
the last that will stain...  
advertisement appears in...  
ed at Middle town, O...  
in a French gentleman...  
tailed dog—he under...  
however will bring the...  
for their trouble, by Jo...  
vn, who has for sale...  
L I S, July 26.  
infant, the president of...  
commissioners of the fa...  
plans for a capitol, and...  
in the city of Wash...  
ple merit for each bill...  
entum for the best plan...  
edged to James Hobbs, ...  
na, but no decision...  
an for a capitol, three or...  
r consideration, and it...  
gners at their next mee...  
then make their election...  
ment of the Post-Office...  
ment of justice, has com...  
ing the MAYLAND...  
in Prince-George's, Ch...  
These therefore, who...  
ed, will be pleased to...  
larly forwarded. The...  
ing but one cent, the...  
will be only fifteen bill...  
to our address, are requ...  
ll not be taken up.  
S. GREEN...  
nts to purchase a consid...  
antable RYE, for which...  
when delivered at the...  
ll receive it in consid...  
inding on the waters of...  
River.  
HENRY H. DORSEY...  
July, 1792.  
Friday,  
r, will be SOLD, at P...  
E, on the premises,  
story BRICK HOUSE...  
now liv... on two...  
osted on South river, in...  
y has been kept for ap...  
ation for a house of c...  
in the rate. Bond, with...  
given. The sale will be...  
WILLIAM BROWN

Port-Tobacco, July 19, 1792.  
able to an order of the orphan's court of Charles  
county, will be sold, to the highest bidder, at Port-  
Tobacco, in Charles county, on Saturday the 15th  
of September next,  
**QUANTITY OF TOBACCO**, from fifty to one  
hundred hundredweight, belonging to the estate of  
**ELIAM SMALLWOOD**, Esquire, deceased.  
—ALSO—  
Will be sold, in like manner, agreeable to a further  
order of the said court, at the late dwelling plantation  
of the said William Smallwood, Esquire, deceased,  
Marxawoman, on Tuesday the 20th day of Novem-  
ber next, the whole of the personal estate of the said  
William Smallwood, Esquire, in Maryland, consisting  
of sundry valuable negroes, men, women and chil-  
dren; a flock of horses, black cattle, sheep and hogs;  
and kitchen furniture of every kind; among  
which are two elegant side-tables, on the Dutch fashion-  
a construction, for the reception of plates, &c. a set  
mahogany dining-tables and chairs; a quantity of  
most fashionable solid and French plate; an ele-  
gant coach, new, with harness for four horses; some  
and wheat; and plantation utensils of different  
kinds, with several other articles. Both the above  
sales to be for ready money, and if the days appointed  
should prove bad, will be postponed to the next fair  
succeeding.  
**WILLIAM CRAIK**, Attorney in fact  
for  
**FRANCESCA HENRY SMALLWOOD**,  
Administratrix of William Small-  
wood, Esquire, deceased.  
**Wanted,**  
**HEALTHY active NEGRO WOMAN**, who  
has been accustomed to be employed as a laun-  
dery, and can be well recommended; for whom a  
price may be had on application to  
**J. MURRAY**.  
Annapolis, July 25, 1792.  
**Notice,**  
**WHAT** on Wednesday the first day of August next,  
an election will be held at the house of William  
Smallwood, Esquire, in this city, for the election of a  
common council man, in the room of Mr. Isaac Har-  
wood who has removed from town.  
By order,  
**A. GOLDER**, clk.  
**Twelve Pounds Reward.**  
**RAN** away last night, from Curtis creek furnace,  
four miles from the Lower Ferry, on Patuxent  
river, the four following Irish indentured SERVANTS,  
**JAMES DAVIS**, aged about forty-five years, six  
feet one inch high, he is a boney stout fellow, of a  
dark complexion, has black hair, cut short on the  
top of his head, and tied behind, and a large black  
scar, awkward in his address, and slow of speech;  
a small scar on the outside of one of his ankles.  
**THOMAS FITZGERALD**, aged twenty-one  
years, about five feet eight inches high, stoops in his  
back, and moves as if he had laboured hard, of a fan-  
tasy complexion, much freckled, and has red hair, cut  
the crown of his head.  
**KILEY**, aged twenty-two years, about five  
feet eight inches high, a well made fleshy fellow, of a  
dark complexion, has black bushy hair, and a scar  
on his right eye, speaks bold and quick.  
**JAMES PLATT**, aged fourteen years, a smart  
well grown boy, of a fair complexion, light co-  
vered thin hair, cut short on the crown of his head.  
Their apperels are all alike, consisting of coarse  
brown cloth jackets, short and round, new osnabrig  
trousers, crocus trousers, new single soled shoes with  
ings, and new felt hats. Whoever takes up the said  
servants and secures them, so that they may be had,  
shall receive twelve pounds reward, or eight dollars  
each, and if brought home reasonable charges.  
**ELAM BAILEY**.  
Anne-Arundel county, July 23, 1792.  
**AGENT'S OFFICE.**  
**ANNAPOLIS.**  
**THE** officers and soldiers of the late Maryland  
line of the continental army, are hereby in-  
formed, that the subscriber is authorized to pay them  
balance of pay due in the years 1782 and 1783.  
an application by such claimants for payment, it  
will be necessary to produce a regular discharge, or a  
certificate from some reputable officer who served in  
the Maryland line, or from a magistrate of the county  
in which the claimant resides. In cases where appli-  
cation for payment shall be made by other persons than  
the claimants, a power of attorney from them, or their  
representatives, will, in addition to proper proofs  
of the identity of the claimant, be necessary.  
**THO. HARWOOD**, Agent  
for the late Maryland line of the continental army.  
**Queen-Anne.**  
**FROM** the very trifling collections that the sub-  
scribers have hitherto been enabled to make, of  
the debt due for dwelling at their late store at Queen-  
Anne, on Patuxent, they feel themselves under the  
necessity of informing those debtors, that  
it will be committed to the courts, to recover all  
the amounts that are not paid before that time.  
**JOHN PETTY**, and Co,  
July 26, 1792.

**Scheme of a Lottery,**  
For the disposal of sundry MERCHANDISE, by  
**JOHN WATNEYS.**  
Prize of 2000 2000 dollars  
1 150 150  
1 100 100  
2 50 100  
6 40 240  
15 30 450  
15 20 300  
20 16 320  
30 10 300  
30 6 300  
859 4 3436  
1 first drawn Number. 20  
1 last do. do. 20  
Contingent expenses, 64  
1000 Prizes. 6000  
2000 Blanks.  
3000 Tickets, at 2 dollars each, is 6000  
Among which GOODS are a very great and elegant  
variety of chinawares, printed cottons, muslins and li-  
nens; muslin gown patterns, striped with silk; tam-  
booured muslin gown patterns and aprons, with plain,  
striped and sprigged, muslins; corded dimities and  
mullinets; black blond and thread, laces and edgings;  
black and white garters, fashions, modes and lustrings;  
silk, and silk and cotton vest-patterns; Scotch linens,  
cambricks and lawns; silk, cotton and thread, hosiery;  
women's hats, bonnets and cloaks; sheeting and dia-  
pers, &c. &c. &c. These goods are all of the best  
quality, and bought at the first market from the differ-  
ent manufacturers; have been but about 18 months in  
this country, of course they are fresh and in good or-  
der, which will render this lottery advantageous to ad-  
venturers. There are not quite two blanks to one  
prize. The drawing will be in the city of Annapolis,  
as soon as the tickets are disposed of, under the inspec-  
tion of proper managers, of which notice will be given  
in the Maryland Gazette, and after the drawing is  
finished a list of the prizes will be published for the  
information of adventurers.  
Herring Bay, December 16, 1791.  
**A Scheme of a Lottery,**  
For the purpose of disposing of the following property  
belonging to the subscriber, in the city of Anna-  
polis, viz.  
**A** WELL finished two story framed HOUSE, in  
School-street, 36 feet by 20 feet 10 inches, the  
lot 50 feet front, and valued at £.650, this is the  
highest prize. The next is a house and store, on  
Church-street, now in the possession of Mr. Joseph  
Burnellon, 46 feet front, valued at £.450.  
**ARCHIBALD CHISHOLM.**  
1 Prize of a house and lot on School-  
street, in fee simple £.650  
1 ditto a house on Church-street,  
ditto ditto 450  
1 ditto 12 neat mahogany chairs in  
hair seats and brass nails 36  
1 ditto a mahogany desk and book-  
case 30  
1 ditto a mahogany wardrobe 17 10  
1 ditto a mahogany side-board table 17 10  
1 ditto a set of mahogany dining  
tables 15  
2 ditto a mahogany desk at £.12 10  
each 25  
4 ditto of 6 mahogany chairs at  
£.12 per half dozen 48  
4 ditto of a pair of mahogany card-  
tables, at £.9 per pair 36  
4 ditto of 6 walnut chairs, at £.8  
per half dozen 32  
2 ditto of a mahogany easy chair, at  
£.5 10 each 11  
4 ditto of a field bedstead, mahoga-  
ny posts and vases, complete, at  
£.5 5 each 21  
4 ditto of a mahogany breakfast table,  
at £.4 10 each 18  
4 ditto of a gum field bedstead com-  
plete, at £.4 each 16  
2 ditto of a mahogany claw table, at  
£.3 5 each 6 10  
1 ditto of a mahogany claw table 3  
2 ditto of a backgammon table, at  
£.2 5 each 4 10  
6 ditto of a mahogany chamber ta-  
ble, at 40s. each 12  
2 ditto of a fire-screen, at 35s. each 3 10  
298 ditto cash, at 35s. each 521 10  
346 Prizes, 1974  
782 Blanks.  
1728 Tickets at 35s. 1974  
As the above property is low, and the furniture at  
cash prices, and there being but little more than two  
and a quarter blanks to a prize, it is hoped the public  
will see the advantage in purchasing tickets. The  
lottery will be drawn some time in September next,  
or sooner if the tickets are sold, of which public no-  
tice will be given. Proper managers will be ap-  
pointed previous to the drawing.  
Tickets may be had of Messrs George Mason,  
John Randall, William Goldsmith, Richard Massey,  
and at the Printing-Office.

**James Rohandet.**  
**RETURN** to the public notice of the subscribers  
of the DANCING SCHOOL, who have patronized  
them and the public in general, that a second quarter  
commenced on Monday the 8th of July. His solicits  
the patronage of the citizens of this city and adjacent  
towns, and he shall endeavour by strict attention to his  
pupils, to give general satisfaction. As it is necessary  
to the instruction of his pupils to admit spectators  
on the school days, he shall, with pleasure, appoint  
Saturday, every other week, where the parents of his  
pupils will be gratefully admitted, and no other with-  
out an invitation from the master.  
If any gentlemen of good deportment are desirous  
to dance the above-mentioned days, they will be ad-  
mitted with a lady, and dance, if a sufficient number,  
after the performance of the scholars, by paying half  
a dollar to the door-keeper, for the entertainment of  
the music, &c. Nothing will be provided from the  
master but the music and light.  
His terms will be made known at his school room—  
He is to be heard of at Mrs. Bazzew's.  
Herring Bay, July 13, 1792.  
By order of the orphan's court of Anne-Arundel coun-  
ty, will be sold, at the late dwelling house of Mrs.  
SARAH CHEW, on Herring Bay, for the purpose of  
payment of claims against the estate of the late Mr.  
Richard Chew, on the 21st of August next, for  
ready money,  
**THE** plate, a variety of household  
and kitchen furniture, horses,  
cattle, sheep and hogs, of the late Sa-  
rah Chew.  
**Rich. Chew, Ex.or.**  
**Eight Dollars Reward.**  
**RAN** away from the subscriber, on the 12th inst.  
a negro man named WILL, about 23 years of  
age, five feet nine or ten inches high; had on, when  
he went away, a round felt hat, osnabrig shirt and  
trousers, and a coarse cloth over jacket, short and  
round, he had other cloaths with him, which cannot  
well be described, he is likely, of a very dark com-  
plexion, full faced, and has a remarkable fine set of  
teeth, he is slow of speech, and rather awkward in  
his manners, is a tolerable good blacksmith, but has  
never worked as foreman of a shop; he was formerly  
the property of Henry May, late of this county, black-  
smith. This fellow was taken out of gaol at Alexan-  
dria, in Virginia, about eight days ago, but has since  
made his escape; when he was apprehended he had a  
forged pass in his possession, and it is expected he may  
have procured another. Whoever takes up the said  
negro and brings him to me, or secures him in any  
gaol so that I get him again, shall receive the above  
reward.  
**RICHARD BEARD.**  
N. B. It is probable this fellow may endeavour to  
pass for a free man, as there are many free blacks pass-  
ing about the country; when he went to Alexandria  
his intention was to have made his escape by water, I  
therefore forewarn all masters of vessels, and others,  
from harbouring or concealing him at their peril, if  
they should they may expect to be dealt with agreea-  
bly to law.  
Anne-Arundel county, June 20, 1792.  
By virtue of a writ of *habeas corpus* from the general  
court to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUB-  
LIC SALE, on Friday the 27th day of July, if  
fair, if not the first fair day, Sunday excepted, for  
CASH, or any kind of CERTIFICATES at their  
passing value,  
**PART** of two tracts of LAND adjoining, the one  
called DEEP CREEK, and the other called  
FLUSHING, containing about 200 acres; this pro-  
perty is situated about three and an half miles from  
Annapolis, between Severn and Magothy rivers, a  
considerable part extends along a creek of the latter;  
the improvements are, a small dwelling house and a  
few other convenient buildings, and a most excellent  
orchard of very choice fruits, and a considerable part  
well wooded; taken as the property of captain JOHN  
STEWART and sold to satisfy a debt due to JAMES  
STEWART, assignee of the state of Maryland. The  
sale to be at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on the pre-  
mises.  
**WILLIAM GOLDSMITH**, Sheriff of  
Anne-Arundel county.  
**Eight Dollars Reward.**  
**RAN** away, on the first of this instant, from the  
subscriber, living near Snowden's iron-works, in  
Prince-George's county, a negro man named LON-  
DON, about 35 years of age, five feet seven or eight  
inches high, a very black negro, thin visage, and  
knock-kneed; had on, and took with him, when he  
went away, a new Bath coating, sailor's jacket, with  
yellow metal buttons on it, one linnen waistcoat, one  
old jeans ditto, coarse country linnen shirt and cotton  
tow trousers, new felt hat and a pair of old shoes;  
but, as it is at this season of the year, it is probable he  
may harvest as he goes, and change his dress. Who-  
ever takes up said negro and secures him, so that I  
get him again, shall receive the above reward, paid  
by  
**RICH. LANSDALE.**  
July 10, 1792.



# **LIST of Letters**

Delivered in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the first day of October next, will be sent to the General Post-Office in due time.

**THOMAS ADDISON**, Annapolis; William Allen, Lower-Marlborough; Thomas Barclay, Annapolis; Belcoe, collector, Patuxent; Robert Beckler, St. Mary's county; Jeremiah T. Chase, John Callahan, Daniel Carroll (2), Joseph Clark, Robertson Clark, William Clarke, Stephen Clark, Leveret Crutcher, Annapolis; Richard Chew, Herring Bay; R. H. Cotts, Prince-George's county; Samuel Chandler, Washington college; George Digges, captain William Dennes, Annapolis; Dr. James Davidson, Queen-Anne's county; Joseph Devlin, Cambridge; William Deane, Hobb's Hole; Peter Esterlin, Hunting-town; Matthew Everfield, Prince-George's county; Philip R. Fendall, John Fullenwider or Jacob Utzman, Annapolis; captain John Frazer, Prince-George's county; Hon. Robert Goldborough, John Gwynn (2), Thomas Gantt, senior, Annapolis; Rev. Edward Gantt, Calvert county; Thomas Glifton, Upper-Marlborough; John Goodwin, St. Mary's county; Mrs. Harwood, John Hon, care of John Munroe, Robert Hutchison, care of Alexander and Long, Thomas S. Hodgkin, Zebulon Hollingsworth, Henry Hollingsworth, Annapolis; Thomas Harwood, jun. Lower-Marlborough; Arthur Hargrave (2), Sinepuxent; Elihu Hall, of Elifha, Cecil county; Robert Harrison, Cambridge; Samuel Handy, Worcester county; Thomas Hass, Newport, Rhode-Island; Baker Johnson, Annapolis; Rinaldo Johnson, Aquasco; Thomas Jones, Lower-Marlborough; Richard Jones, Wye river; James Keith, care of Charles Landale, Piscataway; Mrs. Lloyd, at governor Lee's, Seidley Leith, care of Sally Williams, Annapolis; James Law, care of Joseph Court, West river; Mary Mann, George Mann (3), Lather Martin, Richard Mackubin, Annapolis; captain Samuel Maynard, Herring Bay; Maynard and Whittington, William M'Blair (2), Lower-Marlborough; James Murray, care of Pat. Carberry, St. Mary's county; Lawrence Oneale, Annapolis; William Pinkney (2), Annapolis; Miss Ringgold, Henry Ridgely (2), John Ridout, Samuel Ridout, James Robardet, Annapolis; Dr. Edward Rumsey, Susanna Rumsey, care of Dr. Edward Rumsey, near Annapolis; James Ritchie, care of Mr. Blair, Port-Tobacco; James Reat, Frederick county, care of Peter Thompson, St. Mary's county; Speaker of the house of Delegates of Maryland; Store-Keeper of the Ordnance, Joseph Shary, captain John Spencer (2), Robert Smith, James Steele, Annapolis; William Swan, near Annapolis; Thomas Snowden (2), Patuxent; Jonathan Slater, Eastern Branch; captain Skinner, on board the ship Sally, Patuxent; Allen Sweeny, Clement's bay; William Thompson, Annapolis; Thomas Tucker, care of Richard Sprigg, West river; John Beal Turner, Port-Tobacco; Dekar Thompson, Caroline county; Elizabeth Whitewood (2), Mrs. Wharton, care of William Weems, William Wallace (2), James Whetcroft, Burton Whetcroft, Charles Williamson, care of George Mann, James West, living with Henry Vernon, Annapolis; John Weems, Anne-Arundel county; Rev. Mason Weems, or Dr. Weems, Patuxent; Joseph Wilkinson (2), Hunting-town; John Weems, Francis Whittington, near Lower-Marlborough. S. GREEN, D. P. M.

No LETTERS delivered without the MONEY. July 5, 1792.

**COMMITTED** to my custody as a runaway, a negro man named BEN, about 23 years of age, says he belongs to William Holmes, of Montgomery county. The owner of said negro is desired to come, pay charges, and take him away. Wm. GOLDSMITH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

**RAN** away from the subscriber, about the first instant, a negro man named JOHN, he is about 22 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, very black, has a down look, long visage, and a remarkable long swinging walk, he is a tolerable good coarse shoe-maker; had on when he went away a short deep blue broad cloth coat, not much worn, red jacket, and corduroy breeches, a pair of thin leather pumps and white yarn stockings; he also took with him a brownish coloured broad cloth coat, much worn, a new under jacket of flowered jeans, and more than probable he had many other cloaths which I know nothing of; I think he will attempt to pass as a free man under the name of Butler. Whoever takes up said slave, and secures him, so that I get him again, shall be paid the sum of Six DOLLARS, and for bringing him home Ten DOLLARS, and all reasonable charges. LAWSON SPEAKE. Charles county, June 15, 1792.

**TAKEN** up a drift by the subscriber, on the 25th of June, 1792, between Rock-Point and the bottom in Patuxent-river, a BATTEAU, twenty-four feet long, two feet eight inches wide. The owner is requested to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. WILLIAM PRINNINGTON.

# **WILLIAM AULEIN, LAND, &c. LOTTERY.**

No. 1, Prize of 500 acres of woodland lying on Bennet's creek, in Montgomery and Frederick counties, within thirty miles of the federal city, 793 to 0  
 2, 1 ditto of 40 acres of valuable land, mostly wood, lying and adjoining the water about three miles from Lower-Marlborough, 320 0 0  
 3, 1 ditto of 20 acres of land adjoining No. 2, all wood, 200 0 0  
 4, 1 ditto of 10 ditto ditto, 100 0 0  
 5, 1 ditto of 10 ditto ditto, 100 0 0  
 6, 1 ditto of 10 ditto ditto, 100 0 0  
 7, 1 ditto of 10 ditto ditto, 100 0 0  
 8, 1 ditto of 100 dollars cash, 37 10 0  
 9, 1 ditto of 8 ditto each ditto, 83 0 0  
 145 ditto of 8 ditto, payable in genuine Scotch snuff at 4s. per pound, in bottles, 435 0 0  
 First drawn blank, 1 0 0  
 173 Prizes, £. 2150 0 0  
 577 Blanks.  
 750 Tickets, at £. 3 each, £. 2250 0 0

**MANAGERS.**  
 John Muir, Annapolis; Benjamin Stoddard, George-town; James Bell, Queen-Anne; John Brooks, Upper-Marlborough; Thomas Tillard, Pig-Point; Robert Bonvis, Nottingham; Truman Compton, Magruder's; John Forbes, Benedict; James Semmerville, Thomas Harwood, junior, Joseph Wilkinson, William Grabam, Peter Emmerson, Charles Williamson, John Chesley, Thomas Parran, Henry Hunt, Calvert county; of whom tickets may be had, and of all the merchants on Patuxent.  
 No. 1, contains all woodland, Bennet's creek running through it, and lies within thirty miles of the federal city, fully worth the estimated amount. 2 to 7 contains very valuable land lying near the town of Lower-Marlborough, where wood commands 20s. per cord, the carriage to the water little more than half a mile from the extent of the land, and each lot to have the privilege of a cart way to the water. Deeds, with general warranties, to be made for the land. Plots of the land may be seen with each of the managers. The cash prizes to be paid on demand; the snuff warranted genuine and good, and to be delivered at Lower-Marlborough. Crop or transfer notes for tobacco, on Patuxent, will be taken in payment at the market prices. Ten per cent. deduction to be made to those who pay the cash before the day of drawing. The lottery is purposed to be drawn on the third Tuesday in June next, if the tickets are all sold, at Lower-Marlborough. Notice will be given of the time, and a list of the fortunate numbers published immediately after drawing. Country produce will be taken at the market price, if delivered at the subscriber's mill within one month of drawing the lottery. W. AULEIN. Raleigh's Plant, March, 1792.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be sold at the Printing-Office,

**The LAWS OF MARYLAND,**  
 Passed at the last Session of assembly.  
 ALSO,—THE  
**VOTES and PROCEEDINGS OF BOTH HOUSES.**

**FOR SALE,**  
**A TRACT of LAND,** containing betwixt two and three hundred acres, in Prince-George's county, on the east side of the Eastern Branch, about four miles from the federal city, and the same distance from Bladenburg; there is a good meadow on it, and some houses. Application may be made to Mr. RICHARD POUSSONBY, in Bladenburg, or to the subscriber, in Piscataway. ALEXANDER HAMILTON. November 23, 1791.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, THAT I intend to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, to be held at the city of Annapolis, for a discharge from my debts, which I am unable to pay. JOSIAH RILEY. Kent county, May 17, 1792.

Annapolis, July 17, 1792.  
**ALL** persons who are indebted to the estate of A ROBERT COUDEN, Esq; late of this city, are desired to make payment to the subscriber, and those who have claims against the said estate, if any there be, are requested to exhibit them for payment. J. H. STONE, Administrator.

June 21, 1792.  
**COMMITTED** to my custody as a runaway, a negro boy named GEORGE, says he belongs to William Holmes, of Prince-George's county. The owner of said negro is desired to come, pay charges, and take him away. HENRY HUNT, Sheriff of Calvert county.

Upper-Marlborough, June 29, 1792.  
**COMMITTED** to my custody, on suspicion of being a runaway servant by the name of TRICK MURRY, he is about five feet seven or eight inches high, with short black hair, and very few cloaths on. The owner, if any, is desired to pay charges, and take him away by the 15th July, or will be sold on that day for his fees of imprisonment and other charges. WILLIAM D. BEALL, Sheriff of Prince-George's county.

**SCHEME OF A LOTTERY.**  
 For the purpose of disposing of valuable property the district of COLUMBIA, consisting of the tract or lots of LAND about one mile north of the city of WASHINGTON, and fourteen lots in the lower part of the town of GEORGE-TOWN, follows:

LOT No. 1, contains 107 acres, on it are 18 acres of meadow-ground, and a promising young apple orchard containing 175 bearing trees of choice fruit. At the western extremities thereof is a delightful eminence that commands a view of the river, town and city of Washington. This lot contains about 16 acres of wood-land, lies upon a main road and is not more than one mile from the city of Washington.  
 LOT No. 2, contains 84 acres, and bounds with the preceding lot; about 35 acres thereof are in wood and about 17 acres in meadow-ground. This lot is bounded on the west by the meandering waters of the Piny-Branch. On this stream is a fall of 2 1/2 feet, it abounds with quarries of excellent building stone. On this lot are two beautiful situations for houses.  
 LOT No. 3, contains 39 acres, and bounds with lot No. 1. This lot contains 20 acres of wood, and has on it a beautiful eminence for a house as a country seat.  
 The fourteen lots in George-Town are at that end of the town which is contiguous to the city of Washington, and are all advantageous and beautiful situations.  
 4000 Tickets at 35s. each, dollars at 7s. 6d. is £. 700  
 No. 1, 1 prize of 107 acres of land at £. 2000 0 0  
 2, 1 do. of 84 do. do. 1680 0 0  
 3, 1 do. of 39 do. do. 780 0 0  
 14, 14 lots in George-town, at 65l. each, 910 0 0  
 1 prize in cash, 100 0 0  
 1 ditto, 50 0 0  
 1 ditto, 40 0 0  
 647 ditto, of 40s. each, 1294 0 0  
 667 Prizes, £. 700  
 3333 Blanks.

**MANAGERS.**  
 Robert Peter, colonel William Danks, Benjamin Stoddard, Thomas Beall of George, John Threlhold, and Samuel Davidson, Esquires, George-Town. George Wall Esquire, city of Washington. Wallace and Muir, John Davidson, Esquires, Annapolis.

This scheme contains several very valuable lots land contiguous to the city of Washington, which increase in value will keep pace with the growth of the rising empire of the United States of America—Hence therefore, without any further definition, it will be evident that for the small sum of one Guinea a valuable and beautiful country seat may be obtained in the vicinity of the capital of America; or a lot in a town now possessing an extensive commerce.

The subscriber proposes drawing this Lottery in George-Town, on the first Monday in May next, sooner, if the tickets are all sold, which he flatters himself will be the case from his present prospects. Deeds, with a general warranty, will immediately be given for the lots of land, and the money for the cash prizes will be paid on demand. Notice will be given of the drawing in the public papers, and a list of the fortunate numbers will be immediately published. The crop now on the lots is referred to the subscriber. A plot of the lots may be seen at Mr. George Mann's. TICKETS may be had of Messrs. Wallace and Muir, John Davidson, Esquires, and Mr. George Mann.

JOHN THOMAS BOUCHER.  
 On account of the security of the money the drawing of the above lottery is postponed to the first of August next.

Every kind of LATIN and GREEK BOOKS For Sale, at Adams's Office, Baltimore.  
**ANNAPOLIS.**  
 Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.