

# MARTLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, February 1, 1753.

DUBLIN, August 8.

**L**AST Tuesday the Liberties and Franchises of this City were ridden and perambulated in the most grand and regular Manner by the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, Aldermen, and City Officers, and by the Twenty-four Corporations, who made a very fine Appearance: But some unruly Vagabonds at the Puddle, took the City Sword, and one of them ran away with it; upon which the Puddle Guard was called to prevent Mischief, and the Fellow who stole the Sword was pursued, taken with it, and sent to Newgate. This was the only Interruption that his Lordship or the Citizens met with that Day, which made the Procession very solemn and beautiful, to see so many Citizens of Eminence vying with each other to make the genteelst Appearance. Upon the return of his Lordship from the Strand, the Corporation of Butchers drew up in a Line in Caple-Street, to prevent any Quarrels between the Journeymen and Apprentices, &c. of their Corporation and that of the Weavers, which to their great Credit and Honour they effectually did; notwithstanding which, one Fellow cried out, *Hye for Ormond Boys!* And was going to begin a Riot with a drawn Hanger, which a Master Butcher prevented, by striking the Villain over the Head, which obliged him to put up his Hanger, and at the same Time said, 'You Rascal! how dare you molest these Gentlemen, are they not our Fellow Citizens? We are determined to protect them; and they shall not be insulted!' Which brave Behaviour of his, prevented any Mischief that might have happened between the Rabble of the two Corporations, who call themselves *Ormond and Liberty Boys*. After this polite and generous Behaviour of the Butchers, the Weavers saluted them as they passed by, and both Corporations returned Home with mutual Satisfaction. It is to be hoped, that for the future the lower Kind of People of both Trades will imitate this worthy Example of their Masters. The Corporations of Cutlers, Painters, and Stationers, had two Men clothed in Buff Leather, bearing Shields on their Arms, a Vulcan dressed in a fine Suit of Steel Armour; and a large Carriage, on which was erected a Scaffold, drawn by six fine Horses, on which there were printing Types in a Case, and a very neat Printing Press: there was also a Painter drawing *Venus and Adonis*, and Printers setting the Letters, and printing off many Sheets, with the following Poem, which was distributed to the populace, and gave them great Satisfaction.

## A POEM on the ART of PRINTING.

*Sic honor est divinis vatibus atque  
Carminibus venit* — Hor.

HOR.

**H**AIL sacred Art! thou Gift of Heaven,  
design'd  
To impart the Charms of Wisdom to Mankind,  
To call forth Learning from the Realms of Night,  
And bid bright Knowledge rise to public Sight.  
Th' immortal Labours of old Greece and Rome,  
By Thee secur'd from Fate, shall ever bloom;  
To farthest Times their lasting Charms display,  
Nor worn by Age, nor subject to Decay.  
By Thee subdu'd, no longer Ign'rance reigns,  
Nor o'er the World her barb'rous Power maintains,  
Fair Science reassumes her ancient Sway:  
To her the Nations their glad Homage pay:  
At length ev'n rude, unletter'd Realms refine,  
And the pale Crescent now begins to shine.  
Bless'd be the Monarch who thy Worth can prize,  
And, spite of Superstition, dares be wise!  
But doubly bless'd be He, whose happy Thought,  
The rare Invention into Being brought!  
Two Rival Artists this high Honour claim;  
(Noble the Strife, where the Reward is Fame)  
Each, pleading Right, the glorious Prize demands,  
In deep Suspence, divided Judgment stands;  
On either Side their Forces take the Field,  
But neither conquers, nor will either yield.  
Then let them both the common Prize receive,  
And **EUST** and **COSTER**'s Names for ever live.

The Coopers had a very lusty jolly Man, with a very comely Face, to represent *Bacchus*, bestriding a Ton, at one End of which sat two Trumpeters, who play'd several Bacchanalian Tunes, which gave great Pleasure.

From the VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

## EULOGY on EARLY RISING.

**I**F the Practice of RISING BETIMES can be proved to be universally beneficial to Mankind; if it can be shewn to have been always mentioned with the highest Eulogium, and if it can be made out, that the greatest as well as best of Men were EARLY RISERS, nothing farther remains to be said in Recommendation of it.

Now that it contributes, and indeed universally, to the Happiness of the World, will appear from the following Considerations.

In the first Place, is Life itself a Happiness, or if you like the Term better, a real Enjoyment? This none will deny; and therefore as EARLY RISING is really an Addition to Life, I mean, to active and conscious Life, it must be an additional Enjoyment, which every one that pleases may, and which every EARLY RISER actually does enjoy.

Another Argument to prove the Advantage of EARLY RISING may be drawn from it's contributing to the Health, Activity, and Vigour of animal Life. It not only adds to, and in a Manner lengthens the Duration of Life; but heightens, so to speak, it's very Degree and Reality. All the Powers of human Nature are thereby quickened, and made to perform their several Functions with greater Force and Energy; the Consequence of which is a considerable Augmentation of actual Enjoyment, that otherwise would have been lost.

Again, if we turn our Thoughts to rational Life, we shall find no small Advantage resulting from EARLY RISING. What Season so proper for performing the Duties of Religion and Piety? Are not our Minds then composed, calm, and serene? Does not the Dawning and Return of Day naturally inspire us with exalted Ideas of the great Creator and Governor of the World, who at first ordained and still preserves the delightful Vicissitude of Day and Night, so admirably calculated to promote the Happiness of all the Inhabitants of this Globe? Is not Passion then hush'd, and the Mind in the best Frame imaginable for paying to the great God of Nature that Adoration, Praise, and Homage, which all his reasonable Creatures owe him? In this Respect then, the Advantage of EARLY RISING is manifest.

With Regard to social Duties, what more necessary than EARLY RISING? Is it possible for a Man, who dozes away the Morning on his downy Bed, and spends one third of the Day in the enervating Embraces of Death-like Sleep, to discharge the Duties either of private or public Life, like the Man who gets up betimes, sedulous to mind his Business, and careful not to lose the halcy Influence of the most early Rays of the Sun? The latter has the Pleasure to see the greater, the most essential Part of his Work done, before the other begins; the Consequence of which is, that he has Leisure to pursue new Advantages, new Schemes of Utility both to himself and others: Whereas the Sluggard, by the too liberal Indulgence of his beloved Sleep, disables himself from performing even the indispensable Duties of his Station; instead of having Time to look out for an Addition to his Happiness, he is not in Condition to make the best of that which he already possesses. Besides, that Excess of Sleep, instead of nourishing and refreshing, serves only to enervate the whole human Frame, and actually disables those who indulge it, from acting with that Spirit, Resolution, and Vigour they would otherwise do.

As to improving the Mind in Knowledge, the Advantage of RISING EARLY is no less evident.

In the Morning all the Faculties of our Soul are awake, fresh, and vigorous. What over night defied our most diligent Study to find out, now voluntarily submits itself to our View; we see, we comprehend what formerly was thought above the Reach of human Understanding. Now as EARLY RISING not only enables the Mind to understand Things more easily and better, but likewise affords Time for setting about the Study of them, it must be allowed to be highly conducive to the Attainment of Knowledge.

## CONTENTMENT.

**W**HAT a Folly is Riches, your Gold what a Jest?

Not Millions have Pow'r to make a Man blest.  
The Mind that's contented, from Ambition free,  
'Tis that Man alone which can Happiness see;  
For yonder behold, in the Cottage that's there,  
How happily lives the mutual fond Pair,  
Not murmuring at Fortune, but blessing their Fate,  
That they live undisturb'd from the Cares of the Great;

'Tis *Johnny* and *Jenny*, who, up from their Youth,  
Have each other ador'd with unerring Truth;  
Not by Parents oblig'd, or purchas'd by Pelf,  
But united together, in Love, by itself.  
Their Dress, tho' but plain, in a Cottage so mean,  
Yet of what they possess, both neat is and clean;  
No Dainties they feed on, no idle Time spend;  
Calm Thoughts they enjoy, sweet Health is their Friend;

How pleasant their Labour, how welcome is Toil,  
When kindly rewarded, repaid with a Smile?  
By their Actions they prove sufficient to tell,  
They strive how each other in Love do excel;  
Thus, with his dear *Jenny*, how happy is he?  
In the Arms of her *Johnny*, how much blest is he?  
United in Love, in sweet Friendship combin'd,  
They in Happiness live, whilst contented in Mind.

The ADDRESS of the Honourable the Council of the Island of Jamaica, delivered by the Honourable CHARLES DAWES, Esq; Chairman of a Committee of that Board, to return Thanks to Col. TRELAWNY, for his just Administration of Government in this Island for fourteen Years past, delivered at Port Royal the 24th of November, 1752, with his Answer thereto.

SIR,

**W**E are commanded by the Council to return you their Thanks, for your just and impartial Administration, and the many important Services you have done this Island during the Time of your Government.

As nothing displays the noble Endowments of the Mind with greater Splendor, or renders a Man in any honourable Station more truly illustrious, than a steady uniform Series of Actions, derived from the Principles and Maxims of natural Justice, for which you are so eminently distinguished: It is with the greatest Pleasure we embrace this Opportunity before your Departure, of giving this public Testimony of our Respects and Esteem.

We cannot, Sir, pretend to enumerate here, the many Benefits we have received from your steady and prudent Administration, but we should be greatly wanting to ourselves were we to pass over in Silence the inestimable Advantages we gained by the Suppression and entire Reduction which soon followed, of our intestine Enemies, the rebellious Negroes, who, for a long Series of Time, had resisted our utmost Efforts; and, notwithstanding the great Expence of Blood and Treasure, still continued by their Ravages to render many Parts of the Island uninhabitable, and every Part insecure. The great Increase and remarkable Improvements of Plantations throughout the whole Country, are incontestable Proofs of this, and will perpetuate your Name among us with Honour: It



is to your prudent Direction in this important Affair, that after our Deliverance from so great an Evil, the Tranquillity which succeeded, has been continued to us, productive of so much Happiness to every Individual.

Gratitude obliges us, Sir, at a Time when no Flattery can be supposed to influence us, or that we can be aw'd by any Fear of Power, or tempted by any Views of Interest, to pay you this just Tribute of our sincere Applause for the constant Attachment shewn to the Interest of this Island, during an Administration of fourteen Years; and we beg Leave to assure you, that it is with a particular Pleasure to ourselves that we are appointed by the Council to return you this due and grateful Acknowledgement which we now do in their Name, wishing you a happy and prosperous Voyage, and that for your long and faithful Services, you may meet with a gracious Reception from your ROYAL MASTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you, and the other Gentlemen of his Majesty's Council, my most sincere and hearty Thanks, for this kind Testimony of their Affection, which gives me the higher Pleasure, coming from a Board for which I ever had so great an Esteem.

That I have always intended well, that I have acted to the best of my Capacity, with Justice, with Integrity, is most certain, but my Share of Abilities has not been equal, I am sensible, to the Importance of the Office. Your Kindness has turned your Eyes on my Intentions, and overprized my Actions; the greater is my Obligation. The Applause of so Honourable a Board crowns my Exit with Glory, and ever shall be had by me in the greatest Remembrance.

Vera Copia,

JOHN READ, Cl. Con.

The SPEECH of RICHARD BECKFORD, Esq; Chairman of the Committee appointed by the House of Assembly, to give their Thanks to Col. TRELAWNY, for his just Administration, and the many important Services rendered this Island, as the same was delivered by him at Port Royal, on the 24th of November, 1752; with Col. TRELAWNY's Answer thereto.

S I R,

WE are ordered by the House of Assembly to give you their Thanks, for your just Administration, and the many important Services rendered this Island.

It is with the greatest Cheerfulness, that we obey the Commands of the House on this Occasion, tho' we are sensible of the Difficulty of performing them suitable to their Expectations, and to the Dignity of the Subject.

The Difficulties and Dangers that surrounded us on your first Entrance into this Government, gave you Opportunities of displaying the highest Abilities, which you exerted in every Instance, where the Honour of his Majesty's Crown, and the public Interest of your Country called you.

By these Virtues, instead of borrowing, you have added a Lustre to that exalted Station in which our gracious Sovereign had placed you, by your Moderation and unaffected Concern for the Welfare of those over whom you presided; you have secured their Love and Affections, and thereby acquired a Glory which Kings cannot give.

Can we look back on the miserable Situation of our Country, bleeding under the Rage of a cruel and intestine Enemy? Can we reflect on the Expence of Blood and Treasure, the Alarms and Dangers to which we were continually exposed, during that horrid Rebellion? and not remember that it was by the Prudence of your Conduct, and the Ardour which your Example infused into all Orders of Men, that restored Peace to Jamaica, reclaimed those Savages, and rendered them useful Citizens; how happily this Event has been improved for the public Good, the Number of Settlements now carrying on in the Parts most exposed to that dangerous Enemy, loudly proclaim.

If in the midst of those eminent Services a few Rays of Discontent have at Times appeared, let them be attributed to the Course of all human Affairs, and not Want of Virtue in you. You saw with the Concern of Humanity those unhappy Divisions, and many were your Attempts to conciliate the Minds, and restore good Temper amongst us; by your prudent Endeavours, Harmony and Unity were restored, and you have thereby left behind you a Monument of Gratitude, in the Heart of every dispassionate Man in this Community.

These are our pure Sentiments, which we have chose to deliver to you, now you are in a private Station: They are not only ours, but the Sentiments of the whole Body of the People, whom you have governed for so many Years.

We shall detain you no longer than to execute the Commands of the House, which we do by returning you their Thanks for your just Administration, and the many important Services rendered this Island.

GENTLEMEN,

THIS kind Testimony of Affection from the House of Assembly claims my warmest Acknowledgements. 'Tis to their Affection I am obliged, for the favourable Light in which they have placed my Actions; my Intentions indeed have ever been directed to the Good of this Island, nor did I ever take any Step relating to the Public, but with a View solely to the public Good. The Consciousness of this is the greatest of Satisfaction, but the Voice of the whole People, deliver'd by their Representatives in this public Manner, adds a Joy unknown to me before, and fills me with the purest Sense of Gratitude.

May this Island flourish throughout all Ages! You have no intestine Enemy; you are happily in Harmony among yourselves, nothing is wanting to complete that Happiness, but to be securely fortified against a foreign Enemy, which I most ardently wish, nor am I warmed in this Concern for your Security, by Motives of Affection only, but I wish it as a BRITON. I consider the vast Importance of this Island to his Majesty's Crown, and the public Interest of my Country. From an honest View to your Service I have applied to my Royal Master to be relieved, and with Pleasure have I reposed my Trust to a Gentleman who has Abilities to accomplish that End, which he certainly will not fail of, if properly assisted here and at home.

L O N D O N, September 16.

IF any Credit is due to some late Advices from Madrid, one may conclude the Designs of Spain are just the same as before the late War. It is four Years since the Peace was signed, and to this Day it has been impossible to bring the Spanish Ministry to an Agreement about Navigation in the American Seas: But after a tedious Negotiation, after many Memorials, Representations and Conferences, at last a Snake in the Grass is discovered. According to these Advices the Court of Madrid stands upon some Privileges, which she says her trading Subjects are entitled to in the Ports of Great Britain; but what the Nature of those Advantages or Privileges may be, we have not yet been able to learn: However, they give us to understand, that if our Court will grant this Point, the Article of Navigation in the West Indian Seas may be easily settled afterwards. In the mean Time, it seems that the Spaniards are dubious of Compliance with this their new Demand; else why are they so diligent in encreasing their Marine? Why so industrious in procuring the ablest Shipwrights from these Kingdoms and other Parts of Europe, and sending experienced Officers to make Observations on the Navies of France, Sweden, Denmark, Holland, &c. Don't these naval Preparations betray a Design to co-operate with France in any future general Broils? And does it not plainly appear how well the Spaniards have learned from the French Court the Art of putting a Stop to Negotiations for patching, amending and perfecting the Treaty of Aix la Chapelle? As the latter have posed our Commissioners at Paris by the Quirks about the Neutral Islands, the Limits of Nova Scotia, and the Restitution of Prizes made between the Years 1739 and 1744; so now the former throw in Demands of Concessions or Privileges in the British Ports, in order to gain Time, 'till a Revolution in the Ottoman Empire enables the House of Bourbon and certain Northern Powers to pull off the Mask, and settle the Balance of Europe to their own Likings, either by Negotiations or the Sword.

Sept. 28. It is observable (says the Utrecht Gazette) that War in the East Indies is not carried on directly or openly, but the French and English act only as Auxiliaries to the Nabobs that are attached to them: Nevertheless, the Consequences of it are dreaded, as the Quality of Auxiliary may afford Opportunities to do as much Harm, nay, sometimes more Mischief than if they were at open War. It is still thought that the Parliament will enquire into the State of the India Company's Affairs next Session; but it is doubtful whether there is any Grounds for a Report that the Trade to the Indies will be opened to the whole Nation.

Next Sessions of Parliament, it is strongly reported, that a Bill will be brought in to take off the Forfeitures from the Goods and Chattels of those unhappy People who kill themselves. As the Circumstance is apt to make the Juries so tender as often to bring in a Verdict of Lunacy, when it would be otherwise Felo de se; and by this Means one Terror is removed from those who violate their own Lives; namely, that of having their Bodies

deprived of a Christian Burial, which in Fr&A is too little; for in some ancient States, where this Crime increased, they instituted a Law of exposing their Bodies to Shame, which in a great Measure prevented it, and there were fewer Instances of Self-Murder, from that very Consideration, which as it is without Cruelty, is certainly a natural Expedient.

Extra& of a Letter from Edinburgh, dated Oct. 3.

"My intimate Friend and Acquaintance Archibald Gibson, Shoemaker, is dead, and much regretted by all that ever had the Pleasure of his Acquaintance: As the Way of his Death, and what happened after, was the most singular and shocking ever known here, shall give you a short Account of it. Mr. Andrew Rannie, Merchant, and he went out a Partridgeing, on Monday was three Weeks, and in the Evening came to Mr. Maclean's at Fountainbridge, both in good Health; they eat some Slices of Bacon, which is since found to be made of what they call a measly Sow. Rannie instantly fell sick, and before he came to the West Port threw it all up. Poor Gibson kept it, and complained Tuesday and Wednesday, and on Thursday kept his Bed, and died the Tuesday following. A few Hours after his Death, he swelled to a most enormous Size, his Head was as broad as his Shoulders, which you must remember was well spread, and all the other Members of his Body, swell'd in Proportion; in short, his whole Body was all over black and green, and full of great Boils and Blotches: They were obliged to make a second Coffin for him and bury him directly, as it was the Opinion of our best Physicians, that the Air was in Danger of being infected by keeping him. He was interr'd at Night, without Flannels, or being any Way dress'd as is usual for a Corpse: The touching of his Corpse was thought so dangerous, that all the Persons who were employed in putting him into the Coffin, were ordered to wash their Hands with boil'd Vinegar and Sulphur."

Gloucester, Sept. 16. On Friday Evening about Six, was interr'd in the Cathedral, near to the West Door, without any Funeral Pomp, according to his own Direction, the Corpse of that most excellent Prelate Dr. Martin Benson, late Lord Bishop of this Diocese, of whom to say all that he deserves in this Paper is impossible; so say nothing were quite unpardonable; on which Footing only, the few following Lines are offered to the Public:

Altho' his Dust thus humbly here is plac'd,  
With no proud Tomb, no polish'd Marble grac'd,  
The Man whose pious Works so brightly shone,  
Needs not the feeble Fame of sculptur'd Stone:  
The Character, his Virtues fair impress,  
Is more indelible in every Breast;  
And, where the Muse's Voice is found too weak,  
The Poor, the Patriot, and the Friend will speak.

W I L L I A M S B U R G.

November 10. We are credibly informed by private Letters from London, that the Earl of Granville uses his utmost Interest to have the Northern Part of North Carolina added to Virginia.

December 1. On Saturday last, a Boat belonging to the Hampton, Capt. Wiltshire, returning from Norfolk to Hampton Road, with a Main-Mast, was unfortunately over set, by a Squall of Wind, and the Chief Mate, and two Men were drowned.—Seven of the Men sav'd themselves on the Main Mast, and were taken up by a Ship coming down the River.

By the Merry-Fellows, Capt. Whittrong from Providence, we are inform'd of the Loss of the Providence, Capt. Humphreys, belonging to York River; off the Bahama Islands, and of many other Vessels, Names unknown.

December 8. Last Friday Night about eleven o'Clock, the Play-House in this City was broke open by one White Man and two Negroes, who violently assaulted and wounded Patrick Malony, Servant to the Company, by knocking him down, and throwing him upon the Iron Spikes, one of which run into his Leg, by which he hung for a considerable Time, till he was relieved by some Negroes: The Villains that perpetrated this horrid Fact escaped, but a Reward is offered for apprehending them, and as the aforesaid Patrick Malony continues dangerously ill of his Wounds, it is hoped they will be taken and brought to Justice.

Last Week a Fire broke out in the Shop of Dr. Patrick Adams in Surry County, which in a little Time destroy'd the greatest Part of the House, and most of his Medicines. The bursting of many Bottles of Spirits, made it very difficult to extinguish the Flames, which was at last effected without spreading further.

December 15. At the Court of Oyer and Terminer, began on Tuesday last, the following Criminals were brought to their Trials; viz.

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Alexander Gauling, for robbing on the High-  
way, guilty. Death.

John Clifton, for Felony, in picking a Pocket,  
guilty. Death.

Thomas Aubery, alias Smith, for Horse stealing,  
guilty. Death.

John Robinson, for Felony, pleaded guilty.  
Burnt in the Hand.

William Coulter, for Murder, }  
Thomas Lester, for Felony, }  
Tomkins Marter, for Felony, } Acquitted.

January 12. This Day, Alexander Gaulding,  
for robbing on the Highway, and Thomas Aub-  
ery, alias Smith, for Horse stealing, condemned  
at the Court of Oyer and Terminer, in December  
last, were executed at the Gallows in this City.

### B O S T O N .

Dec. 18. At a Court of Assize now holden here  
for this County, William Archdeken being con-  
victed of counterfeiting a Set of Bills of Exchange,  
and offering them to Sale, and Samuel Pitt, being  
convicted of counterfeiting the Endorsement on a  
another Set of Bills, on Tuesday last, received each  
of them the following Sentence, viz. To be set in  
the Pillory an Hour, with the Word CHEAT  
affixed on their Breasts, wrote in Capitals; to be  
whipt 20 Stripes, and to pay Costs, &c.

We hear that a Schooner is cast ashore near Cape  
Anne, and the Men missing, but can't learn cer-  
tainly who she is; but 'tis generally thought to be  
one that sail'd from Piscataqua, about a Fortnight  
ago, bound for this Place, Thomas Walden, Mas-  
ter.

Dec. 25. At the superior Court of Judicature,  
Court of Assize, &c. held here for the County of  
Suffolk on Thursday last, Thomas Chubb, and  
Abraham, a Negro Fellow, were tried for the  
Murder of one John Crab, on the 17th of Novem-  
ber last, but were acquitted of the Murder, and  
only found Guilty of Manslaughter; and on Sa-  
turday last, upon their pleading the Benefit of the  
Clergy, it was allowed them, and they were or-  
dered to be burnt in the Hand, and to suffer 12  
Months Imprisonment without Bail or Mainprize &c.

We have Advice from the Eastward, that a Snow  
from Lisbon is arrived at Casco Bay, after a Pas-  
sage of fifteen Weeks, and has brought in the  
Company of a Brigantine that foundered at Sea.  
The People (14 in Number) 'tis said, had been in  
their Boat nine Days, in the utmost Distress and  
Danger of perishing, when they happily met with  
the Vessel that took them up. We cannot at pre-  
sent certainly tell from whence the foundered Vessel  
came, tho' 'tis reported she came from some Port  
of Great Britain, and was bound to Virginia or  
Philadelphia.

### N E W - Y O R K .

Jan. 9. By Capt. Nicholls from Gibraltar, we  
are informed, That the French are using all the  
Means in their Power, to have the Bashaw of Te-  
tuan replaced again; that the Dukes of Parma  
had set out from Genoa, on her Journey for the  
French Court; that a very rich French Polacca had  
lately been taken by a Barbary Corfair; and that a  
Letter was received at Cadiz from Teneriff, de-  
scribing a Spanish Ship, with the Master's Name,  
that had been carried off from thence, with a De-  
sign, 'twas thought, to go upon the pyrating Ac-  
count, and imagined they were gone to the West  
Indies.

PHILADELPHIA, January 16.

The following Paper happening to fall into our Hands,  
we give it to the Public, in Hopes it may be of  
Use.

THE learned Borelli says, Life does not ab-  
solutely consist in sensible Motion, but may  
remain in the Body for some Time after that has  
ceased. This Opinion seems to be confirmed by  
philosophical Experiments; for Dr. Croon, in the  
Presence of the ROYAL SOCIETY, suffocated a  
Pullet, and after it had lost all Appearance of Life,  
he blew into it's Windpipe, and it was thereby  
perfectly recover'd. Dr. Needham, in the Presence  
of Mr. Boyle, hung a Dog, and let him remain  
hanging until the Heart entirely lost it's Motion;  
he then open'd him, and, with a small Pipe, blew  
into Piquet's Cistern; upon which the Heart recov-  
er'd it's Motion, and the Animal, which before  
appeared to be dead, revived.

'Tis farther confirmed by the Histories Physi-  
cians have given us, of Persons who have lain mo-  
tionless, cold, and to Appearance dead, for a con-  
siderable Time, and have yet been revived, and  
lived many Years; amongst which, the two fol-  
lowing are very remarkable.

James Blair was suffocated by the pernicious  
Steam from Coals set on Fire in a Pit, and fell  
down dead; he lay in the Pit between half an  
Hour and three Quarters, and was then dragg'd  
up; his Eyes staring and open, his Mouth gaping

wide, his Skin cold, not the least Pulse in either  
Heart or Arteries, nor the least Breathing to be  
observed. Mr. Tossack, a Surgeon of Albia, in  
Scotland, applied his Mouth close to the Patient's,  
and by blowing strongly, holding the Nostrils at  
the same Time, raised his Chest fully by his Breath.  
He immediately felt six or seven very quick Beats  
of the Heart, the Thorax continued to play, and  
the Pulse was soon after felt in the Arteries; he  
then opened a Vein in his Arm, which, after giv-  
ing a small Jet, sent out the Blood in Drops only,  
for a Quarter of an Hour, and then he bled freely;  
in the mean time he caused him to be pulled, push-  
ed, and rubbed, as much as he could. In one  
Hour the Patient began to come to himself; with-  
in four Hours he walk'd home; and in as many  
Days returned to his Work. This Story was first  
published in the *Edinburgh MEDICAL ESSAYS*,  
and republished in the *PHILOSOPHICAL TRANS-*  
*ACTIONS* by Dr. Fothergill. The Doctor, in his  
Remarks on it, says, "This Manner of inflating  
the Lungs would probably succeed in a great  
Number of Accidents, and might be of Service  
in some Diseases."

The powerful Effect of this Operation on an a-  
nimal Body is demonstrated by it's Success in the  
above Case; and likewise by an Experiment of the  
accurate Dr. Hale's, related in his Chapter on the  
Analysis of the Air; in which it appeared, that  
when the Pulse of the Dog he was trying it on was  
so weak and low that he would certainly have died  
in a Minute, and the common Respiration of fresh  
Air made no Change in him, the Animal was con-  
stantly revived, and the Pulse roused and quicken-  
ed, whenever the Air was driven into the Lungs  
with great Force.

The second History is that of a Gardener of *Tor-*  
*ringholm*, who attempting to save a Person that had  
fallen under the Ice, fell in himself, and continued  
a great Depth under the Water for sixteen Hours;  
a Drag was then struck into his Head, whereby  
he was drawn out: He was cold, and to appear-  
ance dead, but from a common Persuasion of those  
People that he might recover, he was wrapped up  
in Blankets, stroaked, rubbed, and Air blown up  
his Nostrils for several Hours, 'til the Blood began  
to move; they then gave him Cordial Medicines,  
and he recovered perfectly. He said, that as soon  
as he was under the Water, his Mouth seemed to  
be covered with a Bladder, and he believed all the  
Water he received went in at his Ears; that he  
soon lost the Power of Motion, and was afterwards  
sensible of nothing but the Sound of the Bells at  
*Stockholm*. *Pecklin* published this History while  
the Man was living, and eighteen Years after the  
Accident: He says, it being attested by the Oaths  
of Eye-witnesses, induced the Queen to give him  
an annual Pension; and he was presented to the  
Prince, in order to give an Account of what had  
happened to him. *Tilafius*, the Keeper of the  
King's Library, has likewise published all the Cir-  
cumstances of it; and *Senac*, a learned Physician  
of *Paris*, speaks of it in these Words: *Ce n'est pas*  
*la une Histoire que le Bruit populaire ait porté jusqu'*  
*a nous, elle a été attestée par des Temoins oculaires;*  
"That this History has not been brought to us by  
common Report, but attested by Eye-witnesses."  
So many concurring Testimonies, then, leave us  
no Room to doubt the Truth of this extraordinary  
Affair.

The celebrated Dr. Mead, in his mechanical  
Account of Poisons, after mentioning that many  
who have been drowned, and dead to all appear-  
ance, have been surprizingly recovered to Life,  
says, "This should certainly encourage the Use of  
all Means upon such Accidents, especially since  
the Trial is not difficult. The first Step should  
be, to blow up Tobacco into the Intestines;  
then to warm the Body by shaking and rolling  
about, and rubbing with warm Cloths in Bed."  
In a Word, to put the Blood into Motion by  
all manner of Ways; and not to be discouraged,  
tho' no Signs of Life should be discovered after  
an Hour or two spent in this good Work; to-  
wards the latter End of which, volatile Spirits  
and Salts may have a good Effect."

The warm irritating Fumes of Tobacco are un-  
doubtedly of great Use in these Cases, but would  
be more efficacious with the conjoint Assistance of  
the Method practised on the *Terringholm* Gardener.  
The Inflation of the Lungs should be frequently  
repeated, and not continued long at a Time, and  
if the Chest and Belly do not subside immediately  
after the Operation, an Assistant must force the Air  
back again by pressing with his Hands a little be-  
low the Pit of the Stomach; by which means an  
artificial Breathing, similar to a natural one, will  
be perform'd, and the Vessels of the Lungs, which  
in a collapsed State are contracted, and require  
great Force to make any Thing pass through them,

will be dilated, so as to make no Resistance to the  
Blood when put in Motion by the feeblest Efforts  
of the Heart.

### A N N A P O L I S .

On Tuesday last died in *Calvert* County, of se-  
veral Wounds and Burns which she had received,  
Mrs. *Althea Cook*, a Gentlewoman of an excellent  
Character, and formerly the Wife of the late wor-  
thy Mr. *Walter Smith*. Her last Marriage was to  
a Man, whose Cloth and Station in Life ought to  
have rendered him exemplary for Virtue and Piety;  
but his horrid Usage and unparalell'd Barbarity to  
his Wife (which Decency forbids even to relate) is  
supposed to have been the Cause of her Death;  
and he is now confined in the Goal of that Coun-  
ty, in order to be tried for the same.

There has been a Report lately very much spread  
of two Ships from this Province last Fall, being lost  
on the Coast of England; but after the strictest  
Enquiry, we cannot find the least Grounds for the  
said Report, nor by what Conveyance such News  
(if true) could possibly be brought in.

We have hitherto had as fine Weather, this  
Winter, as can be remember'd, for the Season;  
but it has been productive of Pleurifies, and some  
other Disorders, in several Parts of the Province.

### For PORTSMOUTH, And from thence to ROTTERDAM, directly,



The Ship FRIENDSHIP,  
JOHN RATTRAY,  
Commander,

WILL sail in 10

Days at farthest. Any

Persons inclinable to take  
their Passage to either of the above Places, may  
apply to *Alexander Lawson*, at the *Nottingham*  
*Iron Works*, *James Johnson*, at *Annapolis*, or said  
Commander on board the Ship, lying at *Benedict*  
*Town*, on *Patuxent* River.

N. B. German Passengers for Rotterdam, will  
have their Passage cheap.

### For L O N D O N ,



The Ship FORREST,  
Patrick Ouchterlony,  
Commander,

Now lying in Patuxent,

WILL sail by

the First of March next,

at farthest. For Freight or Passage, apply to Mr.  
*James Dick*, or said Commander on board. She  
takes in Tobacco at Seven Pounds Sterling per  
Ton, with Liberty of Consignment to any Mer-  
chant in London.

COMMITTED to the Custody of the Subscriber, Sheriff of Prince  
*George's* County, a White Man, named *John*  
*Johnstone*, a Plowman; and a Mulatto, named  
*Syphax*, a Blacksmith; who were advertised in the  
*Maryland Gazette*, N<sup>o</sup>. 393, and subsequent Pa-  
pers, by Mr. *Robert Elliott*, of *Middlesex* County  
in *Virginia*.

Mr. *Elliott* may have them, (on paying the  
Charges, &c.) from

Turnor Wootton.

ALL Persons having any Claims  
on the Estate of Mr. *Thomas King*, late of  
*Annapolis*, deceased, are desired to bring in their  
Accounts, that they may be settled: And those  
who are any Ways indebted to the said Estate,  
are requested to pay off their respective Debts in a  
short Time, or they must expect Trouble; for the  
Subscriber intends in the Spring to remove from  
the Town.

Rachel King, Ad-  
ministratrix.

Conformable to LAW,  
NOTICE is hereby given, That  
there is at the Plantation of *John Kennedy*, in  
*Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a small  
Grey Horse, about 13 Hands high, branded on  
the off Shoulder I S, and on the near Buttock V.  
The Owner may have him again, on proving  
his Property, and paying Charges.

Lancaster



Lancaster County, Virginia, Sept. 22. 1752.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber, at the Glebe of the said County, on the 4<sup>th</sup> of May, a Convict Servant Woman, named *Sarah Knox*, alias *Howard*, alias *Wilson*, of a middle Size, brown Complexion, has a short Nose, talks broad, and said she was born in *Yorkshire*, had been in the Army for several Years in *Flanders*, and at the Battle of *Culloden*, where she lost her Husband: She may pretend to be a Dancing Mistress, will make a great many Courtships, is a very deceitful bold insinuating Woman, and a great Liar.

In reading the *Maryland Gazette*, No. 381, I find an Extract of a Letter from *Chesler* in *Pennsylvania*, July 13. 1752, mentioning a Quack Doctor by the Name of *Charles Hamilton*, pretending to be brought up under Dr. *Green*, a noted Mountebank in *England*, who turns out to be a Woman in Man's Cloaths, and now assumes the Name of *Charlotte Hamilton*; a bold Woman, and calls herself about 28 Years of Age, tho' she seems to be about 40: Thus much of the Letter. If she talks broad, I have Reason to believe she is the very Servant who belongs to me.

Whoever apprehends my said Servant, and has her convey'd to me, shall have Two Pistols Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

*David Currie.*

N. B. This *Sarah Knox* was imported from *Whitehaven*, in the Duke of *Cumberland*, with other Convicts; among whom was one *William Forrester*, who, I have heard her say, was some Time with the above Dr. *Green*.

Conformable to LAW, NOTICE is hereby given, That there is in the Possession of *Thomas Clark*, junior, at *Upper Marlborough*, taken up as a Stray, a small Bright Bay Horse, has a long hanging Mane, and Tail, goes hard, and not branded.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Macubbin*, Son of *William*, near the Head of *Sewern River*, in *Anne Arundel County*, a White and Black Heifer; which has no perceivable Mark.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property and paying Charges.

January 22, 1753.

**R**AN away from the Subscribers, living in *Prince George's County*, near the Eastern Branch of *Potomack*, the two following Convict Servant Men; viz.

*Thomas Anderby*, an Englishman, about 20 Years of Age; he is a small Fellow, his Face pretty much Pock-fretten, has had a scald Head, and pretends to be a Barber. He took with him a small black Mare, and a *Philadelphia* Saddle with the Pommel drove full of Nails: He also had with him a Bearskin Coat, an old Snuff-colour'd Cloth ditto, Osnabrigs Breeches, a Check Shirt, a white ditto, Country Shoes, and grey Yarn Stockings, a Felt Hat, and an old yellow Wig.

*Joseph Finner*, an Englishman, about 30 Years of Age; he is a luffy Fellow, of a dark Complexion, and took with him a large Chestnut Sorrel colour'd Horse, branded S, and a black *Philadelphia* Saddle, a German Serge full trimm'd light-colour'd Coat, a Fustian Waistcoat, Snuff-colour'd Cloth Breeches with metal Buttons, Country Shoes, grey Yarn Stockings, old Felt Hat, and Worsted Cap.

Whoever brings the said Servants to their Masters, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward for each, besides what the Law allows.

*Thomas Adams,*  
*James Summers.*

Conformable to LAW, NOTICE is hereby given, That there are at the Plantation of *Philip Thomas*, Esq; at *West River*, taken up as Strays, an Iron Grey Mare and Colt, not branded; the Colt about 7 Months old.

The Owner may have them again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be Sold by Public Vendue,

On Thursday the 4<sup>th</sup> Day of March next, at the House of Mr. Joseph Chaplain, in Frederick County.

A TRACT of Land, containing 400 Acres, all very fine Land, situate in Frederick County, near the said Mr. Chaplain's, called *Addition to Piles's Delight*.

For Title and Terms, apply to

5 *Gilbert Sprigg.*

**R**AN away from the Subscriber,

on the 10<sup>th</sup> of last December, a Servant Man, named *Thomas Brown*, a Brick-maker by Trade, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, about 50 Years of Age, is a palavering Fellow, has been on the Expedition against *Cuba*, and is of a black Complexion. Had on when he went away, an old Druggist Jacket, a pretty good Pair of Leather Breeches, an old Pair of Trowsers, a Pair of old Yarn Stockings, an Osnabrigs Shirt, and a good Pair of Shoes. Whoever secures the said Servant and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, if taken in this Province; and if taken in any other Province, Four Pounds.

6 *John Metcalfe.*

Calvert County, December 11, 1752.

TAKEN up about the 20<sup>th</sup> of November last, in the Bay, at Cove-Point, near the Mouth of *Patuxent River*, a Schooner of the following Dimensions; viz. about 30 Feet by the Keel, 14 by the Beam, and 5 and a half in the Hold; she has been raised two Feet, has a sheathed Roundhouse which has been painted red, her Mast and Bow-sprit carried off close by the Board, and her Sails and Rigging entirely gone. There was found on board her one small Chest, in which was a Pair of black Cloth Breeches, an old Ruffled Shirt, a Pair of coarse Yarn Stockings, a new Pair of Mens Shoes, a Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, a Waistcoat, and some small Lumber; there was also on board one Lopping Axe, one broken Cut-las and Pickel, one small Iron Spit, a Barrel, and an empty Tub, some wooden Bowls, and a small Speaking Trumpet.

The Owner, on proving his Property, paying Salvage, and the Charge of this Advertisement, may have her again, by applying to

6 *John Clare.*

LOST or Stolen a large Silver Table Spoon, weighing near three Ounces, mark'd M

I H

Whoever will bring it to *James Hutchings* on Kent Island, or to the Printer hereof, shall have Ten Shillings Reward, and no Questions ask'd.

If offer'd to be pawn'd or sold, it is desired it may be stopp'd.

Conformable to LAW, 2

NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of *Edward Edwards*, near *Annapolis*, taken up as a Stray, a small Dark Bay Mare, about 12 Hands high, trots and gallops; has a standing and hanging Mane, a Sprig Tail, and blindly branded on the off Shoulder.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property and paying Charges.

To be SOLD,

TWO hundred and eighty-seven Acres of Land, called *Pool's Delight*, situate in *Frederick County*, near the main Road, about 10 Miles above *Frederick Town*, whereon is a Peach Orchard, and some other small Improvements: A great Part of the Land will make choice Meadow, abounds with good Springs, and is well adapted for Farming and raising Stock.

The Title is indisputable, and for Terms apply to

11 *Samuel Middleton.*

TO BE SOLD,

THE following Tracts of Land, lying in *Charles County*, formerly the Property of the *Wynnes*; viz.

*Symson's Delight*, containing 300 } Acres.  
*Woolfill* 200  
*London* 100  
*Blackfitch* 100

These lie within half a Mile of *Port Tobacco*. Also, *Clover Point*, at *Nanjemoy*, containing 200 Acres.

*Pitby*, containing 200 Acres, at the Fording Place on *Mattawoman*, as you go from *Piscataway* to *Port Tobacco*.

*Borton*, containing 30 } Acres.  
*Stedman's Adventure* 37  
*Susquehanna* 37

These three last lie on the Head of *Wicomico*; and all the Right and Title to several Tracts not here mentioned, which belonged to the *Wynnes*: For Title and Terms, apply to

*David Ross.*

WHEREAS Mr. Jonathan

Forward, of *London*, Merchant, is possessed of one Eighth Part of the *Patuxent Iron-Works*; but being advanced in Years, and desirous to decline all Business, is willing to dispose of it. Any Gentleman inclinable to purchase may know the Terms, by applying to

*William Lux*, of *Baltimore*, Attorney in Fact to Mr. Forward.

To be Sold by the said *Lux*, a new SLOOP, that will carry 18 Hogheads of Tobacco, deck'd, well rigg'd, and an excellent Sailer. Also a Sailmaker, who has four Years to serve, and understands his Business very well, having work'd in the King's Yards.

S C H E M E

O F A

L O T T E R Y,

For raising 1012 l. 10 s. to be applied for finishing the STEEPLE to CHRIST CHURCH, in *Philadelphia*; and the Residue towards purchasing a Ring of Bells.

Num. of Prizes.	Value in Pieces of 8.	Total.
1 of	1500 is	1500
2 of	500 are	1000
5 of	200 are	1000
20 of	100 are	2000
25 of	50 are	1250
40 of	20 are	800
200 of	10 are	2000
1375 of	6 are	8250
1668 Prizes		First drawn, 100
2832 Blanks		Last drawn, 100

4500 Tickets, at 4 Pieces of 8 each, is 18000

THE Money to be paid to the Possessors of the Tickets that are Prizes, as soon as the Drawing is finished, the Sum of 15 per Cent being first deducted out; which seems to be the best Method, not only as the Fortunate can best afford it, but also by this Means the Lottery is enriched by an Addition of 2700 Pieces of Eight, and the Adventurers Chance much better, there being not quite two Blanks to a Prize.

The Drawing to begin on the 1<sup>st</sup> Day of March next, or sooner, if sooner full.

The following Persons are appointed Managers; viz. *Thomas Lawrence*, *Abraham Taylor*, *Benjamin Franklin*, *Charles Stedman*, *John Kearney*, *Henry Harrison*, *James Humphreys*, *Joseph Redman*, *Evan Morgan*, *Thomas Letch*, *Henry Elwes*, *John Baynton*, and *Jacob Dutche*, who are to give Bond and be on Oath for the faithful Performance of their Trust.

Prizes not demanded in six Months after Drawing to be deemed as generously given for the Use above-mentioned, and not to be demanded afterwards, but applied accordingly.

Tickets may be had of *William Reynolds*, in *Annapolis*.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his Office in Charles-street, by whom all Persons may be supplied with this PAPER; and where ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and a Shilling per Week after for Continuance: And Book-BINDING is performed in the neatest Manner.



# THE MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, February 8, 1753.

PARIS, September 4.

**L**ETTERS from Madrid of the 29th ult. say, that his Catholic Majesty has resolved to send a strong Squadron to America, to support his Guards Costa's in the Execution of their Orders for preventing every Kind of contraband Trade. Which Resolution, they tell us, he has taken upon Advice that the British Court intends to send a Squadron to the West-Indies, to protect the Commerce and Navigation of the English; and we can tell them, that if both these Resolutions be carried into Execution, the Fate of the Spanisht Squadron may be easily foretold.

*Ratisbon, Sept. 3.* The Court of Vienna, among other Reasons for refusing to satisfy the Pretensions of the Elector Palatine, has principally insisted upon the following: That after the Death of Charles VI. the Elector having openly declared against the Pragmatic Sanction, which he had guaranteed, the Damage that happened to him from the Austrian Troops, in Consequence of that Declaration, ought to be looked on as the common Fate of War. Thus the Imperial Court has probably saved us 20,000l.

*Madrid, September 15.* The Court has received Information within these two Days, by a particular Express, that the Register Ship, called the Neptune, arrived on the 11th Instant in the Bay of Cadiz, in her Passage from Vera Cruz, from whence she set sail about the Middle of June last.

The Cargo of that Vessel consisted in One Million 268 Thousand and 39 Piastras in Gold; that is to say, 382 Thousand 141 on Account, and for the Use of his Catholic Majesty; and the Remainder for the Use and on the Account of our most substantial Merchants; 258 Arrobs of Anniseed, 80 Serons of Cochineal, 2343 Arrobs of Sugar; 252 Bales of Jallap; 30 Serons of Indigo; besides a large Quantity of other Merchandizes of different Kinds, of great Value, all of the Produce of that Country.

*Hague, October 2.* We now promise ourselves some Determination of several important Articles, which lay dormant during the Governante's Absence; and these are no less than nine; viz. the Incorporation of the Regiments; the exact Payment of the Agents, that they may be more regular in their Payments, and prevented from deducting 10, 12, or more per Cent. for advancing Money to Officers; the provisional Tutelage, in Case of the Stadtholder's Death, the Presidentship of which the Mother of the late Prince has in her Eye; the Nomination of the Stadtholder's Governor; the Regulation in the Payment of the Contingents of the several Provinces into the general Chest; an Alteration in the Levy of the Taxes, which since the Abolishment of the former, becomes daily more grievous to the Subject; the Re establishment of the Navy, about which the Admiralties attend with great Expences to the Public, and without an Augmentation of the Appointments of our Ministers abroad.

*October 14.* Letters from Madrid advise, that Mr. Keene has made Representations to the Spanish Ministry about their augmenting their Naval Forces in America; but they don't tell us what Answer his Excellency received. The same Letters inform us, that it is not at Alicant only, but in almost all the Ports of Spain, that the Importation of foreign printed Linnens is prohibited. They also tell us that the Woollen Manufactures are greatly improved, which is chiefly owing to the great Number of foreign Artificers who come to them in Spight of all the Precautions taken and penal Laws made by certain Governments to prevent it; the Spaniards giving them Salaries, and other Advantages, greater than they could get at Home.

L O N D O N.

*September 2.* We hear, that as soon as the Vacation is over, a very strict Enquiry will be made,

by proper Authority, into those Places of private Custody stiled Madhouses; as the Public is extremely alarmed on Account of some very odd Stories which are current: And indeed, considering that no Person can be committed upon Suspicion, however strong, of the most atrocious Crime, but by a proper Authority, and to a legal Prison; it seems very irreconcilable to the Principles of our Constitution, that private People should be allowed to send their Relations to such Places, where they are always confined, and often tortured (by strait Waist-coats, and other Inventions) without any Process, and even without the Privy of the Magistracy; and notwithstanding also, that in this, as in all other Cases, where the Welfare of Society requires it, the Law has prescribed the proper Method; and this Method is equally rational and just.

Among the many Barbarities related of the private Madhouses, the following may be depended on as Matter of Fact, being related by a Gentleman of great Honour and Veracity.

A Lady, who resided altogether in the Country, had a Legacy of 1500l. left her by a Relation; the Monster who was to pay it did not pretend to dispute the Legality of it, or the Want of Effects to pay it, but civilly invited her to London to receive it; upon which she came up, and was appointed to meet him at a private Madhouse, but a little way out of Town, where she was told the Gentleman was not yet come, and was shewn into the Parlour, where she staid with Impatience, 'til Night coming on, when she concluding he would not come, called for the Coach she came in, but was answered the Coach was discharged; and upon her expressing a good deal of Surprize at such Treatment, the Master asked her if she knew where she was, and upon her replying she did not, he told her she was in a Madhouse, and immediately set his Myrmidons to seize and shave her, which they did; and it was no less than seven, if not nine Years, before she got out of their hellish Clutches. And we have been informed by a Person, who lived many Years in a private Madhouse, that half the People there were no more mad than the rest of Mankind; and were put in by those who wanted to get Possession of their Estates. So great an Evil calls loudly for the Interposition of the Legislature, as no Person is safe whilst they are allowed of in their present Shape.

*Extract of a Letter from Collin (in Germany), dated August 30.*

"Three Days ago, the Troops encamped in our Neighbourhood performed a grand Exercise; the Design of which was to represent an innocent Appearance of a grand Attack, which might exhibit to the Spectators the Skill and Address of the Troops in one of the principal Operations of War. But very unfortunately they acted their Part with a little too much Ardour, and instead of the Scene of an Attack it prov'd a real one. The two Regiments of Hildburghausen and Haller were posted very advantageously on a rising Ground, of which the Regiments of the Archduke Charles, of Neipperg, Wolfenbuttle, Botta, Gaisfrugg, and Sincer, were ordered to dispossess them.

This they executed with a very high Proportion of Heat, and not without an Intermixture of Malice; for, in marching to the Attack, some of the Soldiers pick'd up little Stones, others clapped in a Handful of Gravel, and many pulled of their Buttons, and put them into their Pieces, by which, upon the first Discharge, there were a great many killed. This induced the other two Regiments, or rather forced them, to act in the same Manner; so that the Dispute became serious and obstinate, in spite of all that the Generals could do to part them, which could not be accomplished 'til a heavy Shower of Rain, and the coming on of Night, obliged them to desist. A Captain of the Regiment of Neipperg was killed, several other Officers wounded, and, as yet, we have no distinct Account of the Loss amongst the private Men.

Last Night an Accident happened at a Gentleman's House in Bur street, St. James's, supposed to be done by some frolicksome Sparks, who had tied a Cat by the Tail to the Knocker of the Door, and knocking at the Door, the Maid Servant opened it, when the Cat flew at her and seiz'd her; which so frightened the Maid, that she fell into Convulsion Fits, and was obliged to be carried to the Hospital; and no Sense appearing, there are little Hopes of her Recovery.

NEW-YORK, January 22.

*Last Thursday Evening an Express arrived here in four Days from Boston, by whom we have a Print of the 11th Instant; from which we have taken the following fresh Advices from the London and Gentleman's MAGAZINES, for the Month of October last, and other public Prints brought there by Capt. Bradford, in about eight Weeks from London.*

H A N O V E R, October 4.

**H**IS Britannic Majesty continues indefatigable in his Pursuit of State Affairs; and 'tis not in the least doubted, but that before his Departure for England, most of the important Concerns, which induced him to visit these Dominions this Year, will be settled on a very sure and solid Foundation.

*Lisbon, Sept. 22.* The Court has received the agreeable News, that our small Squadron, who had been cruising above Gibraltar, had met with four Algerine Corsairs, and after a very resolute Engagement, had taken two of them, in which there were 48 Pieces of Brass Cannon, and 100 Men were made Captives.

*Lisbon, Sept. 27.* The Governor of Sernambuc has lately informed our Court, that three new Mines had been discovered in the Brazils; that two of them were Gold, and the other Silver; and that in the last there were a great Quantity of Diamonds; and that the Persons employed in making their Searches into those hidden Treasures, met with as much, or more, Success than they expected.

*Rome, October 7.* Our Ecclesiastical State has lately been alarmed with more Shocks of an Earthquake than usual; and in the Night between the 26th and 27th of September, a fatal one was felt at Veletri, which reduced several Houses in an Instant to Ruins, and terrified the Inhabitants to such a Degree, that they expected every Moment to be inevitably lost.

R U S S I A.

The clement Empress has lately abolish'd the severe Punishment of the Knout. A Courier arrived from Cazan, brought Advice, that a dreadful Fire on the 15th, had almost totally destroyed that City, and another Fire has also happened at Moscow.

F R A N C E.

The Duchess of Parma is arrived at this Court. Twelve Hundred Men will soon be embark'd for the East Indies, and 400 Men will also be sent to build Forts at several of our Settlements.

S P A I N.

There are 38 Men of War now building in the Ports of this Kingdom; 16 of which are to mount 34 Guns, 12 of 40, 6 of 52, and 4 of 70. Mr. Keene has made Representations to our Court, in Relation to the augmenting the Number of our Men of War in America.

His Majesty has augmented the Salaries of the English Workmen employed in his Yards, in order to increase their Diligence: We have in all 300 Foreigners at work in those Places, above Half of whom are English and Irish, and our Marine is on so good a Footing, that when the Ships on the Stocks are finished, we shall have a Fleet of 98 Vessels, great and small.

The principal Ship Builder of the King of Spain at Ferrol, is Mr. Ruth, formerly a Boat Builder at Rotherhith. He was bred a Papist, and as he was not skill'd in Drawing, he decoyed one of the best



best Draughtsmen from Woolwich Yard. He first built two Ships of 60 or 70 Guns, which were so approved of, that his Catholic Majesty created him a Don, and allowed him a Pension of 500 l. per Annum, Sterling, besides considerable Perquisites. *Warsaw (in Poland), October 16.* The last Advices from the Ukraine bring, that the Heydamacks had made a fresh Irruption into that Province, and had plunder'd and set fire to several Villages.

*Leghorn, October 11.* The Master of a Ship arrived from Tunis reports, that all the Corsairs of that State had received Orders to put to Sea forth with, and that seven or eight of those Pyrates were already sailed; which News has greatly alarmed the trading Nations who have no Treaties subsisting with that Regency. The old Dey has paid the Troops that abandoned his rebellious Son, who is still at Constantine, where the Dey of Algiers, under Colour of doing him Honour, has assign'd him a Guard, who keep him and his small Retinue Prisoners.

#### L O N D O N.

*November 9.* It is confirmed that General Wall, the Spanish Ambassador, who is on his Return to London, is charged with the necessary Instructions for concluding a new Convention with the British Court, relating to the Navigation of the English in the West Indian Seas: It is also said, that his Catholic Majesty has sent positive Orders to the Governor of the Havanna, to pay out of the Royal Treasury the Sums agreed upon as an Indemnification for the English Ships illegally taken by the Guarda Costas in America; and that the Spanish Governors in that Part of the World, have been charged to be more careful for the future to prevent the like Causes of Complaint.

*November 10.* As his Majesty proposed to set out from Hanover on Wednesday last, and to reach Helvoesluys by Sunday next; if the Wind proves fair, he will be at St. James's about Wednesday.

*Whitehall, October 28.* We have received an Account from Lisbon, that on the 19th of September last, the Parnambuco Fleet, with 18 Merchant Ships, and one Man of War of 50 Guns, arrived at that Port. A Lieutenant and eight French Mariners, came as Passengers on board this Fleet, being the only Persons who had been saved out of a French East-India Ship of 60 Guns, and 350 Men, which left Port l'Orient in April last, and was bound to Pondicherry; but having unhappily taken Fire about 100 Leagues from the Coast of Brazil, the whole Crew perished, except those eight Men, who escaped in a small Boat. There were several Persons of Distinction on board, particularly M. de la Touche, who commanded at the Siege of Pondicherry; and there were likewise magnificent Presents for the Nabobs and chief People of the Country, and about 3,000,000 of Livres in Specie, and 600 Barrels of Powder.

#### B O S T O N.

*January 1.* A few Days ago, near Falmouth, at the Eastward, there fell a Shower of Rain which turned into Ice, or congeal'd, as fast as it fell; many Flocks of Wildgeese flying towards the Eastward at that Time, had their Wings frozen at full Length immediately, and fell down as if shot, and were gathered by the Inhabitants to the Number of Fifty: Some fell on the Land, others into the Sea; and were easily taken, as they could make no Defence. 'Tis supposed a vastly greater Number shared the same Fate, by falling among the Woods at a Distance from the Inhabitants.

*January 11.* We learn by Capt. Bradford, that his Majesty was safely arrived in England, from his German Dominions, and landed at Gravesend the 19th of November last.

#### N E W - Y O R K, January 9.

Capt. Ramsay, who arrived here last Friday in 40 Days from the Bay, informs us, That he on the 11th Day of last Month, in Lat. 25, coming thro' the Gulf, fell in with the Wreck of a Ship full of Water, her Mizen Mast only standing, and both Anchors out; but neither Man nor Boat on board: By some Papers he found on board of her, it appears, she was called the Alexander, Robert Moody, Master, of New London, and was bound from Jamaica for London. Her Loading, Rum, Sugar, and Logwood. Capt. Ramsay believes she must have sunk soon after he left her.

#### A N N A P O L I S.

On Friday last, his Honour our President, in Council, was pleased to issue his Proclamation, for

farther proroguing the General Assembly of this Province to the 22d Day of May next.

By a Letter from London we are inform'd of the Arrival of the Captains Hall and Wales from this Province.

#### To be Sold by Public Vendue, 1

At Lower-Marlborough, in Calvert County, on Tuesday the Third Day of April next, for Sterling, or Current Money, with Time allowed for Payment, on giving Security, if required,

**T H E Dwelling-House and Lot** belonging to Mr. John Wardrop, of that Town, Merchant, as he is determined to leave the Province the ensuing Summer: There are several Out-Houses and Improvements upon it. Also all his Household Furniture, consisting of Beds and Bedding, Tables, Chairs, Looking Glasses, and Variety of Kitchen Furniture. Likewise a Parcel of very likely NEGROES, Men and Women: And some Cattle.

Also a very convenient large Store House, where Mr. John Moffatt now keeps Store.

The Premises may be view'd at any Time before the Sale.

And all Persons who have any Claims on the said Mr. Wardrop, either on his own private Account, or in Partnership with Charles Grabame, are desired to bring in their Accounts that they may be settled: And those who are indebted to him on his private Account, or in the Partnership, are required to make speedy Payment, to save Trouble to others, and Expence to themselves.

#### To be Sold by Public Vendue,

On Thursday the 22d of this Instant February, in ANNAPOLIS, at the House of the late Mr. Thomas King,

**S E V E R A L** good Shoemakers, with their Tools. Likewise Boots, Shoes, &c. of all Sorts, English Ben Leather, and Country Leather.

Also a Parcel of Household Furniture, consisting of Beds and Bedding, Chairs and Tables, Looking Glasses, a Clock, &c. &c. for ready Money.

*Rachel King, Administratrix.*

**W H E R E A S** there is a Vacancy for a Master in Queen Anne's County School: Any Person professing himself a Member of the Church of England, and capable of teaching Grammar, Mathematics, Arithmetic, and good Writing, applying to the Visitors of said School, will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law relating to Free Schools will support them in.

*Signed per Order,*

*Nathan Wright, Reg.*

Conformable to LAW, 1<sup>st</sup> NOTICE is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of John Macklain, in Baltimore County, taken up as a Siray, a middle sized Grey Horse, about 5 Years old, branded on the near Buttock with something not perfect, with a long Tail. (Whether the LONG TAIL be meant to the Brand, or the Horse, we cannot say: It were to be wish'd that People would better describe Strays than they some Times do.) The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**T H E R E** is at the Plantation of Mr. John Sellman, near the Head of South River, five Creatures, taken up as Strays: one is a Brindle Cow with some white Spots about her; another a Pied Steer, about 4 Years old; mark'd in the right Ear with a Slit, and half the under Side of the Slit cropp'd off, and in the left Ear a Crop. The other three are Heifers mark'd with two Crops and two under-Keels.

The Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

**T H E R E** is at the Plantation of Mr. John Phelps, in Anne Arundel County and has been ever since August last, a Pied black and white Steer, about two Years old, has a Crop in the right Ear, and a Hole in the left.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

#### For PORTSMOUTH, And from thence to ROTTERDAM, directly,



The Ship FRIENDSHIP, JOHN RATTRAY, Commander.

**W I L L** sail in 10 Days at farthest. Any Persons inclinable to take

their Passage to either of the above Places, may apply to Alexander Lawson, at the Nottingham Iron Works, James Johnson, at Annapolis, or said Commander on board the Ship, lying at Benedict-Town, on Patuxent River.

N. B. German Passengers for Rotterdam, will have their Passage cheap.

#### For L O N D O N,



The Ship FORREST, Patrick Ochterlony, Commander.

Now lying in Patuxent,

**W I L L** sail by the First of March next,

at farthest. For Freight or Passage, apply to Mr. James Wardrop, or said Commander on board. She takes in Tobacco at Seven Pounds Sterling per Ton, with Liberty of Consignment to any Merchant in London.

#### A L L Persons having any Claims

on the Estate of Mr. Thomas King, late of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be settled: And those who are any Ways indebted to the said Estate, are requested to pay off their respective Debts in a short Time, or they must expect Trouble; for the Subscriber intends in the Spring to remove from the Town.

*Rachel King, Administratrix.*

#### T O B E S O L D,

**T H E** following Tracts of Land, lying in Charles County, formerly the Property of the Wynnes; viz.

Symson's Delight, containing 300 } Acres.  
Weasell 200  
London 100  
Blackstitch 100

These lie within half a Mile of Port Tobacco.

Also, Clower Point, at Nanjemoy, containing 200 Acres.

Pitby, containing 200 Acres, at the Fording Place on Mattawoman, as you go from Piscataway to Port Tobacco.

Borton, containing 30 } Acres.  
Stedman's Adventure 37  
Susquehanna 37

These three last lie on the Head of Wicocomico; and all the Right and Title to several Tracts not here mentioned, which belonged to the Wynnes: For Title and Terms, apply to

*David Ross.*

#### W H E R E A S Mr. Jonathan

Forward, of London, Merchant, is possessed of one Eighth Part of the Patuxent Iron-Works; but being advanced in Years, and desirous to decline all Business, is willing to dispose of it. Any Gentleman inclinable to purchase may know the Terms, by applying to

*William Lux, of Baltimore, Attorney in Fact to Mr. Forward.*

**T o b e S o l d** by the said Lux, a new SLOOP, that will carry 18 Hogheads of Tobacco, deck'd, well rigg'd, and an excellent Sailer. Also a Sailmaker, who has four Years to serve, and understands his Business very well, having work'd in the King's Yards.

**ANNAPOLIS:** Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his OFFICE in Charles-street, by whom all Persons may be supplied with this PAPER; and where ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and a Shilling per Week after Continuance: And Book-BINDING is performed in the neatest Manner.



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# MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, February 15, 1753.

LONDON, October 14.

**W**E hear from the Town of Caim in Scotland, that when a Fair was lately held there, a Number of People belonging to a Place called Ballantray, who dress'd, it seems, in the Highland Garb, against which there is an Act of Parliament, were assembled; and having Words with People belonging to the Shire of Galway, a Scuffle, in which some were wounded, ensued; and the Ballantray Men being Victors, the Galway People called to their Assistance a Party of Soldiers, who shared the same Fate with those they came to rescue, being disarmed by them, and kept for some Time Prisoners. This Confusion put an End to the Business of the Fair, and when the Commotion subsided, the Galway Gentlemen went to Edinburgh for a Party of Soldiers, and Warrants to apprehend the Ringleaders of the Ballantray Men, which they procured; and some of them being taken, have been sentenced to be transported, first for a Riot, and then for wearing the Highland Dress, in Opposition to an Act of Parliament.

*Extract of a Letter from Ipswich in Suffolk, to a Gentleman in this City, October 3.*

"It is high Time we should be putting Arms into the Hands of the Freeborn Subjects of these Kingdoms, and training them to the Use of them, by a proper Regulation of our Militia; when we have, at the Instant I am writing to you, 9000 Frenchmen carrying on a Fishery in the full View of our Coasts, for raising a Nursery of Seamen to destroy our Religion and Liberties: And surely every honest Englishman ought to exert himself to the utmost in Behalf of the British Fishery, for the Support of the Naval Power of Britain against the growing formidable Naval Power of the House of Bourbon; and the more so, as there are too many amongst us, who are ready to sacrifice the real Interest of their Country to every Foreign Consideration."

*Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at Madras, dated February 29, 1752.*

"I live at present with Capt. Clive, a near Relation of the Baron's, who is one of the greatest military Geniuses that ever appeared in this Part of the World. This Country has been over run and almost ruined by Chundersaib, a Person who has some Pretensions to the Government of it, and back'd by the French: But this young Gentleman, by one Stroke, has restored Maomet Alli, the lawful Prince, to his Capital, and ruined all the Hopes of the other for ever. His March to Arcot, taking it, defending it when besieged, and even storm'd, by Chundersaib and the French, and afterwards routing their Army with a Handful of Men, taking from them twelve Pieces of Cannon, &c. is hardly to be parallel'd by any Action of this Age."

October 26. The Parliament, which stood prorogued to the 31st Instant, was ordered by the Lords Justices to be further prorogued to the 12th of January next.

November 10. We hear that his Majesty's Birth Day will be celebrated the 11th of December.

Whitehall, October 24. His Majesty order'd his Conge d'elire and Recommendatory Letter to the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Durham, for electing Dr. Richard Trevor, Bishop of St. David's, Bishop of the said See of Durham, in the Room of Dr. Joseph Butler, deceased.

The same to the Precentor and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of St. David's, for electing Anthony Ellis, D. D. Bishop of that See, in the Room of Dr. Trevor.

The same to the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Gloucester, for electing James Johnson, D. D. Prebendary and Canon Residentiary of St. Paul's, Bishop of that See, in the Room of Dr. Martin Benson, deceased.

KINGSTON (Jamaica), November 11.

On Monday last was held at the Town of St. Jago de la Vega, before his Excellency Charles Knowles, Esq. Captain General, Governor, and Commander in Chief, of this Island, President, and nine more of his Majesty's Commissioners, appointed by Act of Parliament, a High Court of Admiralty, in the trying, hearing, and determining Felonies, Pyracies, and Robberies, committed on the High Seas, &c. At which Court, Simon de a Cuena, and Domingo de a Cuena, the Captain and Lieutenant of a Spanish Pyrate Schooner, called La Cua da Yanimas, were convicted of Pyracies, and received Sentence of Death accordingly; and we hear the Death Warrant was on Thursday last signed for their Execution next Friday. [They were afterwards reprieved.]

St. John's (Antigua), November 10.

Whereas an Account was published in our Paper of the third Instant, concerning the Condemnation of Francis Pye, and Richard Paddy: The Crimes for which they are to die being there ambiguously and indirectly set forth, we hope our Readers will excuse us for repeating the Charge against them, [See Maryland Gazette, Number 399.] which we have since collected from a better Information; that is, they "—were sentenced and condemned to suffer Death, for feloniously and pyracically revolting from George Saunders, Master of the Snow Jeronimy, on the High Seas; and for Breach of Trust, by running away with the said Snow, and the Slaves, Goods, and Merchandizes, belonging to her."

Last Sunday a Sloop from Maryland, commanded by Capt. Hicks, laden with Bread, Flour, and Indian Corn, unfortunately ran on shore in turning into our Harbour, not far from Ship's Stern. And notwithstanding the early Assistance from his Majesty's Ship the Advice, a great Part of the Cargo and Sloop was entirely lost.

November 17. Last Saturday Francis Pye and Richard Paddy were executed here, pursuant to their Sentence. They were conducted to the Gallows with great Solemnity, which received an Addition from their penitent Behaviour. Paddy (who was judged to be a young Man of about 19) appeared most affected with the Prospect of Eternity, for his Lips were perceived to move 'til just before they were turn'd off.

CHARLES TOWN (South Carolina), Dec. 4.

A few Days ago a Spanish Dogger, bound from the Havanna to St. Augustine, put into this Port to refit, having sprung a Leak; the Master of which reports, that on the 26th of October a most terrible Hurricane was felt at the Havanna, in which every Vessel in that Harbour was drove ashore; and that considerable Damage was done to the Sugar Canes: That on the first of November they had another Hurricane, but not so violent as the first: And that an English Brig from the Bay of Honduras, had put in there dismasted.

NEW-YORK.

December 18. On Friday last arrived here in 31 Days from Coracoa, the Brig Polly, Capt. Williams, bound to Philadelphia, who meeting with very bad Weather on the Voyage, and off Cape Henlopen, could not get in there, but was obliged to put in here: By whom we learn, That two Brigs, supposed to be Spanish, had been seen off Coracoa, which were immediately chased by two Vessels, well fitted for an Engagement, as far as Rio de la Hach; and that a few Days before Capt. Williams sailed, a Spanish 60 Gun Ship, 3 Gallies, and a Brig were seen off that Island; that several Sloops have been cut out of Boneira, and one run ashore there; that all the Traders were returned from the Main, and Markets very low. [By this it seems as if the Spaniards were resolved to prohibit the Coracoa from having any Trade to the Main; and if so, New York and Philadelphia must soon be sensible of such a Prohibition.]

A few Weeks ago, a small French Sloop having sprung her Mast, put into Aniboy in Distress, and

was there permitted to get her necessary Repairs; but last Week, just as she was on sailing, being suspected to have gone beyond her Permission, one of the King's Officers seized her, and carried her up to Elizabeth Town; where she is secured either to be cleared or condemned by a due Course of Law.

December 25. Last Wednesday Night arrived here Capt. Bayne in 35 Days from Jamaica, having met with bad Weather almost all the Voyage. Fourteen Days before his Arrival, he met with a Spanish Ship bound for the Canaries from the Havanna, who put three English Men on board of him, from whom we have the following Intelligence; viz. That they belong'd to the Griffin Frigate, bound from Jamaica for London; which Ship was cast away on the Isle of Pines, the 26th of September last, and the Crew in the Long Boat got ashore on St. Mary's Key, where they continued three Weeks: That then 18 of the Hands took to their Long Boat, with an Intent to go to Jamaica, leaving these three and one more behind them: That the next Day those four got a Canoe, with which in eleven Days, they arrived at a Place called Buttamaneu, on the Island of Cuba, from whence in two Days they travelled to the Havanna; and that on their Arrival there, the Spaniards took them up, confined them in the Castle, and used them very hardly.

While these Men were at the Havanna, Capt. Palmer, in a Brig from Jamaica belonging to Bristol, put in there in Distress, having lost her Masts; as also Capt. Lowrie in a Lancashire Brig. Capt. Palmer brought in the News there of sixteen Sail of Vessels being lost in a hard Gale of Wind off the Havanna, the Crew of one of which Vessels Capt. Palmer took up at Sea; and the Crews of five more arrived at the Havanna in their Long-Boats soon after: But as all the Englishmen were kept confined, and had not the Opportunity of seeing each other, our Informants could not learn other Particulars, except that many of them were put on board Spanish Vessels bound for Old Spain, to work their Passages home there, before they could be discharged.

On Thursday arrived Capt. Davis, from South-Carolina, in whom is come Passenger, Captain M'Dougall, of Philadelphia: He says, the Fleet of fourteen Sail, of which he was one, parted with sixteen Sail more just before he entered the Gulf, and supposes them to be the Vessels mentioned by Capt. Palmer. By private Letters from South-Carolina, we are informed, that a Proclamation is issued there, forbidding the Exportation of Corn and Rice; in Consequence whereof most Vessels there were trying to make off with a Load of Lumber.

PHILADELPHIA.

December 14. Thursday last arrived here Capt. Rees, late of the Brigantine Richmond, of this Place, who, as has been mentioned, was cast away on Turks Island, in his Passage to Jamaica. He informs us, that the Storm happened on the 12th of September, O. S. and was so violent, that the Bottom of his Vessel soon parted from her upper Works; and that with the greatest Difficulty he and his People got ashore in their Long Boat; that when they got ashore, they were often obliged to throw themselves flat on the Ground, to hinder their being carried away by the Violence of the Wind, and that the People on the Island lost above Twenty Thousand Bushels of Salt during the Storm. He informs us likewise, that there was a good deal of Damage done at and near Providence, by a Gale of Wind that happened afterwards; that one Ship was cast away; another belonging to Liverpool, lost her Masts; and that Capt. Cox, in a Sloop, was ashore high and dry, besides other Losses, which he could not be particular in.

On Saturday Capt. Edwards, late of the Ship Ruby, of this Port, also arriv'd in Town. He was cast away coming through the Gulf, in his Passage from Jamaica, on the second of November last



last, and boarded by a Number of Indians, who stripp'd him and his People of every Thing, not leaving him so much as a Jacket: His Chest, in which there was a good deal of Money, he likewise lost, tho' he made several Attempts to save it. He then, with his Hands, got into the Long Boat, taking with great Difficulty some Provision and Water from the Ship, and in four Days got to Georgia, and from thence to Charles Town, in South Carolina. A Ship, a French Snow, and a Sloop (supposed to belong to New York, a Sloop belonging there being in Company before the Storm happened), were all ashore at the same Time with Capt. Edwards, and all plunder'd he imagines by the Indians. There were fourteen Sail of Vessels in Sight of one another a short Time before the Storm began, and it is to be fear'd that most of them have shar'd the same Fate with those mention'd, as the Storm began the 28th of October, and lasted till the third of November. Amongst them was the Kingston, Capt. M'Dougall, a large Ship, bound for this Place. Capt. Edwards saw Capt. Levan, of Rhode Island, in Charles Town, who was bound to Jamaica, but lost on Attwoods Keys.

Saturday last James Rice was executed for the Murder of John Thomas and Eleanor Davis. Thomas Kelly was reprieved till Saturday next, in order to see and know the Person taken up in Baltimore County, on Suspicion of being the third Murderer; but on his seeing him, he said he had never seen him before; upon which the Man was discharged.

December 26. We have Advice from Lancaster, That on Sunday, the 17th Instant, a Shock of an Earthquake was felt there, between Six and Seven at Night.

January 2. Last Week Capt. Allison arrived here from Antigua, who, on the 11th of last Month, about 80 Leagues to the Eastward of the Capes of Virginia, met with, and took up, in great Distress, Capt. John Green, of Kent County, and his two Hands, in a small Schooner, bound to this Port from North Carolina, with a Cargo of Beaver Fur, Wax and Tallow. Two Days before he lost a third Hand, his Main Mast, all his Sails, Boat and Caboufe, in a violent Gale of Wind, and Part of his Deck was tore up by the falling of his Mast. Capt. Allison, with great Difficulty, got them into his Ship, the Sea then running prodigious high, and lay by the Vessel all Night, expecting the Weather to moderate, that he might save the Cargo; but the Storm still continuing, saw no more of her, but supposes she must soon have sunk, as there was a great deal of Water in her when he took out the People.

The Public is desired to beware of Counterfeit Cas'd Doubletons, many of which are supposed to be amongst us at present. The Inside is Silver, plated over with Gold, exceeding well done, and may very readily pass, with those that do not know good Doubletons well, for real Ones. The best Way of discovering them, is by their uncommon Thickness round the Edges; the Colour and Impression both good. It is said there are double Pistoles passing, done in the same Manner.

#### ANNAPOLIS.

Wednesday Morning last died here, after a few Days Illness, Mr. Thomas Sparrow, who has been for many Years Door keeper to the Honourable the Lower House of Assembly, and Cryer of the Provincial and Anne Arundel County Courts, and was well esteemed in his Neighbourhood.

Monday Night last three Prisoners, in the Public Goal in this City, found Means to get into the Dungeon, and by working through the Wall made their Escape.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, dated September 14, 1752.

Ordinary Tobacco is in but very little Demand, unless at very low Prices, Europe being pretty full of those Sorts; and should the Inspection Law cease, which it's reported is likely to be the Case, such an Inundation of Trash will come home from Maryland, that for the Country's Sake we greatly dread the Consequence. We hope it is only a Report, and without Foundation; if it should prove otherwise, and the Law totally drop, or the Rigour of the Law abate instead of being enforced, it cannot be imputed to any Thing but a surprising unaccountable Insatiation. The French were so much injured by buying Maryland Trash, before the Inspection took Place, that to this Day they will not take one Hoghead of Maryland Tobacco: Great Efforts have been lately made to convince them that there is such a Law,

and the good Effects it has had, and we are in great Hopes that they will purchase Maryland Tobacco again soon; but should the Inspection drop, the same Cause will produce the same Effect. In short, could we believe there was any real Foundation for such a Report, we could fill two or three Sheets of Paper of the ill Consequences that would attend it, without any good Effect but giving the Ships a quicker Dispatch, by there being so much more Tobacco to be brought home.

#### THE NEGROES, STOCK, and

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, of Col. Nathan Rigby, of Baltimore County, deceased, will be exposed to Sale at his late Dwelling House, near Deer Creek, by Way of Public Vendue, on Monday the 2d Day of April next, where long Credit and Attendance will be given, by

Sabina Rigby, Administratrix.

N. B. If the aforesaid Day be rainy, so that People cannot with Convenience attend, it will be postponed 'til the succeeding one. *Am. Review.*

WHEREAS the Subscriber, Trustee of William Cumming, Esq; late of the City of Annapolis, deceased, has at sundry Times, advertised and offered to public Sale, according to a Deed of Trust made him by the said William, all the Lands of the said William, for the Use of his Creditors; notwithstanding which, they still remain unsold:

This, therefore, is to acquaint the Creditors of the said William, that the Subscriber proposes to meet the Creditors aforesaid at Mr. Samuel Middleton's, in the said City, upon the 2d Tuesday of April next; when the Subscriber proposes to dispose of the Lands under the said Trust for the Use of the said Creditors, in such Manner as the said Creditors shall agree upon and direct, at which Time and Place he begs their Attendance, as he is desirous of discharging the said Trust.

He hereby gives further Notice, that there are several Tracts of Land, to which the Estate lays Claim, which he made Mention of in the Maryland Gazette, N<sup>o</sup>. 330, and 9 more subsequent Papers, that he apprehends may be recovered by a regular Course of Law; which he don't think himself obliged to undertake at his own proper Risk and Expence.

William Cumming,

BROKE out of Anne Arundel County Goal, on the 12th of this Instant February, the three following Prisoners; viz.

John Jones, a Mulatto, who was tried at the last Provincial Court for Felony, and afterwards committed until the next Provincial Court. He is a thick well set Fellow, about 35 Years of Age, and has one of his Ears cropp'd. Had on when he went away, an old blue farnothing Jacket, a black ditto, a Check Shirt, an Osnabrigs ditto, and Country Cloth Breeches.

William Westwood, committed for Felony. He is about 20 Years of Age, of a dark Complexion, about 5 Feet high, and has short black Hair. Had on two Country Cloth Jackets, one of them almost new; an Osnabrigs Shirt, Cotton Breeches, patched on the Knees; black and white Yarn Stockings, Country Shoes, and an old Hat.

Thomas Anderby, committed as a Runaway. Had on a Snuff coloured Cloth Coat, Osnabrigs ditto, white Linnen Shirt, and old yellow Wig.

Whoever takes up the said Jones, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Five Pounds, if taken in this County; and if taken out of this County and secured in any Goal, so as he may be brought to Justice, Eight Pounds: For the said Westwood, and Anderby, Forty Shillings each, if brought to the Subscriber.

Nathan Hammond, Sheriff.

THERE is at the Plantation of John Baldwin, living at the Head of Severn, taken up as a Stray, a small Red Heifer, with a Crop and a Slit in each Ear, and an under Cut in the right Ear.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. *L. J. R.*

#### To be Sold by Public Vendue,

At Lower-Marlborough, in Calvert County, on Tuesday the Third Day of April next, for Sterling, or Current Money, with Time allowed for Payment, on giving Security, if required,

#### THE Dwelling-House and Lot

belonging to Mr. John Wardrop, of that Town, Merchant, as he is determined to leave the Province the ensuing Summer: There are several Out-Houses and Improvements upon it. Also all his Household Furniture, consisting of Beds and Bedding, Tables, Chairs, Looking Glasses, and Variety of Kitchen Furniture. Likewise a Parcel of very likely NEGROES, Men and Women: And some Cattle.

Also a very convenient large Store House, where Mr. John Moffatt now keeps Store.

The Premises may be view'd at any Time before the Sale.

And all Persons who have any Claims on the said Mr. Wardrop, either on his own private Account, or in Partnership with Charles Grahame, are desired to bring in their Accounts that they may be settled: And those who are indebted to him on his private Account, or in the Partnership, are required to make speedy Payment, to save Trouble to others, and Expence to themselves.

#### To be Sold by Public Vendue,

On Thursday the 22d of this Instant February, in ANNAPOLIS, at the House of the late Mr. Thomas King,

#### SEVERAL good Shoemakers,

with their Tools. Likewise Boots, Shoes, &c. of all Sorts, English Ben Leather, and Country Leather.

Also a Parcel of Household Furniture, consisting of Beds and Bedding, Chairs and Tables, Looking Glasses, a Clock, &c. &c. for ready Money.

Rachel King, Administratrix.

#### WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in Queen Anne's County

School: Any Person professing himself a Member of the Church of England, and capable of teaching Grammar, Mathematics, Arithmetic, and good Writing, applying to the Visitors of said School, will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law relating to Free Schools will support them in.

Signed per Order,

Nathan Wright, Reg.

#### For LONDON,



The Ship FORREST,

Patrick Ouchterlony, Commander,

Now lying in Patuxent,

#### WILL sail by

the First of March next,

at farthest. For Freight or Passage, apply to Mr. James Wardrop, or said Commander on board. She takes in Tobacco at Seven Pounds Sterling per Ton, with Liberty of Consignment to any Merchant in London.

#### WHEREAS Mr. Jonathan

Forward, of London, Merchant, is possessed of one Eighth Part of the Patuxent Iron Works; but being advanced in Years, and desirous to decline all Business, is willing to dispose of it. Any Gentleman inclinable to purchase may know the Terms, by applying to

William Lux, of Baltimore, Attorney in Fact to Mr. Forward.

To be Sold by the said Lux, a new SLOOP, that will carry 18 Hogheads of Tobacco, deck'd, well rigg'd, and an excellent Sailer. Also a Sailmaker, who has four Years to serve, and understands his Business very well, having work'd in the King's Yards.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-MASTER, at his OFFICE in Charles-street, by whom all Persons may be supplied with this PAPER; and where ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and a Shilling per Week after for Continuance: And Book-BINDING is performed in the neatest Manner.



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# MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, February 22, 1753.

From the STUDENT.

An Essay on CONTENTMENT in PROSPERITY.

—*Laudet diversa sequentes.*

**T**HERE are very few Questions which have more puzzled Philosophers, than one in particular relating to the Regimen of ourselves in Prosperity and Adversity. The Contest was never finally determined, whether it was the greater Bravery to moderate ourselves in Plenty, or to bear up with Constancy under the Pressure of Want. The Dispute, I think, is not very material; but the Necessity of Contentment appears manifestly from both Sides, in order to enjoy any Felicity in either Condition.

Murmuring and Complaint generally proceed from the Difference of Mens Situation in Life. The *Sordid* are apprehensive they shall never have enough; and the *Profuse* want more to animate their Extravagance. They who have but small Fortunes can't relish the Scantiness of Moderation; Grandeur and Gaiety don't always fit easy on the Wealthy, and the Necessitous are dissatisfied that they are exposed to the Severity of *Nothing*.

A strange Variety of Passions thus daily distract the Human Mind, and for want of knowing how to be easy, too many make themselves miserable. But all these Repinings are in Reality criminal: Man is properly his own Tormentor; he disquiets himself in vain, and by neglecting the Observation of one easy Virtue, he never tastes the Fruit of genuine Contentment.—To regulate our Desires, and limit our Pleasures, is what I mean by Contentment in a plentiful Condition. A State which requires great Circumspection to keep the Passions from running into Excess!

Prosperity is a trying and dangerous State, in which, as we exercise our Judgment, we shall display either the greatest Folly, or the most exemplary Wisdom. Good Fortune is apt to delude us with it's Smiles, and strangle us in it's Embraces. It unbends the Mind, and slackens the Powers of it; and, by a fraudulent Gratification of Sense, it insensibly steals away the Use of our Reason. Many have stood inflexible under the Shock of Poverty, who have afterwards fell a Sacrifice in a plentiful Fortune.

Flattery frequently prevails, when Blows are ineffectual; and Temptations to a fatal Security are too prevalent, when the Mind is lulled into Carelessness and Neglect. We apprehend no Difficulty, because we feel none; and we promise ourselves Safety, because a treacherous Confidence blinds us to our Danger.

But when Fortune smiles, let us rouse up our Circumspection. Our Passions then require a tight Rein, lest our Actions should hurry us into Insolence and Presumption. Confidence in our Possessions is too apt to obliterate the Remembrance of Duty, and too great an Opinion of our own Merit sometimes creates a Forgetfulness of our Dependence on God.

The Desires, it is plain, have a Tendency to Violence; and an easy Affluence, instead of satisfying, pushes them on to further Gratification. When the Heart is thus enlarged, and the Spirits too volatile, we are naturally inclined to embark in new Undertakings; we are insensible of any Difficulties which should stop us in our Career, and, for want of proper Restraint, our Desires hurry us into Extravagance, which seldom ends in any Thing but Ruin.

Thus fallen from the Summit of Grandeur, we shall become the Objects of Scorn and Contempt. Whilst our Fields stood thick with Corn, and our Garners abounded with all Manner of Store, the Sycophants were ready to attend our Tables, din our Ears with Compliment, and try to persuade us that we were more than Men; but no sooner is the Scene changed, and a sad Alteration appears

in our Circumstances, than these infamous Animals all vanish, and (like Vermin which fly from a tottering House) forsake and vilify us in our Misfortunes.

The Virtue of Contentment in the midst of Prosperity seems in this Point very necessary, as it tends to preserve a good Fortune by Hand, and to prevent a Shame which must be grating on the Loss of it. A strict Vigilance would keep Passion within due Bounds. Our Fall from an elevated Station might be prevented by an Evenness of Temper, and a proper Circumspection; but for want of it our Misfortune will be reflected on with Remorse, and the Invidious will rejoice, and persecute us with Severity. In short, let us embrace Contentment, as a most amiable Virtue; and restrain our Passions, as most conducive to our temporal as well as our eternal Welfare. Then we shall relish our Enjoyments without surfeiting, and have a true Taste of the Delights of Life, without neglecting the Duties of Christianity.

An Essay on CONTENTMENT in ADVERSITY.

—*Levius fit patientia.* HOR.

**A** MAN of common Understanding must know that he is naturally born to Trouble; it is an Incumbrance entailed upon our Birth, nothing but a Rent charge upon Life, or a Tax laid upon human Nature. A prudent Man will view it in this Light; he will consider that there is nothing in Misery contrary to the Condition of Mankind; that our Beings necessarily expose us to Sufferings, and that Misfortune in some Shape is our natural Patrimony. Complaint therefore will be silenced from proper Reflections made on our Nature, and Disquietude that we are born like other Men, will be an Addition of an unnatural Vexation to natural Misery.

Impatience and Fretfulness are Distempers of the Mind, which a Proficient in Wisdom will not encourage, but cure. He will remember that the God of Nature has been very bountiful to his Creatures; that he has given them Abilities to repel all Enemies to their Tranquility, and 'tis the Want of Application which creates Uneasiness under the Smart of Adversity.

The most shocking Circumstances of Life have some Intervals of Refreshment; some Comfort intervenes to sweeten their Severity, and our Pains are asswaged by some kind Lenitives, seasonably administered by a most beneficent Being.

The Loss of any Thing dear must necessarily affect us; but Reason will suggest to us, that tho' subject to Misfortune, we are not *always* labouring under it; the most valuable Blessing remains in our own Power, and nothing can divest us of it, but our own Consent.—We may sink ('tis allowed) from a plentiful Fortune into an abject Poverty; Want of Health may impair our Constitutions, and other Disappointments may sharpen the Edge of our Trouble;—but still our *Morals* may be preserved from Debauchery; we have no Reason to stain our Actions with Dishonour, because unavoidable Casualties befall us.—Let Fortune play the Tyrant, and rob us of our Wealth, defeat our Success in any *bonest* Undertaking, and let Disorder interrupt the Continuance of our Health, yet amidst all her Spleen we may preserve our Integrity; tho' poor, we may be good; tho' destitute of *Necessaries*, we may abound in *Virtus*, and we need not doubt but a just God will look down upon us with Pleasure; in due Season cause us to emerge from our Trouble, and, from the Furnace of Affliction, our religious Bravery will shine with greater Lustre.

Trifling, temporary Allurements, can never call off an Eye engaged in the pleasing Prospect of Eternity. Clouds may menace, and Storms assail the Christian's Passage; they may retard his Journey, and make it less pleasant; but Perseverance will triumph; his Mind will not be diverted, nor

his Resolution staggered; Heaven is his Home, and thither he *will* go. All Murmuring and Discontent he throws aside, as injurious and unreasonable. His Calculation is equitable; he compares the Benefits received with the Evils experienced; upon a fair State of the Account he fixes the Balance, and concludes with that Reflection of eternal Equity,—*Shall we receive Good at the Hand of God, and shall we not receive Evil?*

The Body is nothing but the Instrument of the Mind; the Punishment it receives from Adversity he judges a necessary Instruction to Recollection of Duty; an Exercise to render his Patience exemplary, and a Step from whence he rises to an Elevation of Happiness. By making a *Virtue of Necessity* he gives a noble Instance of spiritual OEconomy; by bringing Good out of Evil he copies the Features of Heaven, and exhibits the most beautiful Plan of true Wisdom.

To despond or murmur under temporary Afflictions betrays a Cowardice ill becoming Christianity. The Mariner may rave at the Inclemency of the Weather; he may raise a Storm within himself, because there is one without him; but what Influence will it have in stilling the Noise of the Waves, or what Tendency to the procuring a desired Calm? Unjust Murmuring will rather stimulate than pacify Anger; Submission to Providence is our best Refuge; the most probable Method of removing our Misery, of exciting the Pity of our heavenly Samaritan to administer a healing Medicine in our Distress.

A Mind, steady and unbroken under the most acute Disorders, is recorded in many historical Instances of Persons, never blessed with the Advantage of revealed Religion. Our Impatience under Adversity is severely chastised by their Constancy and Courage; and their marvelous Alacrity under the most excruciating Pains ('tis hoped) will shame us into an humble Resignation, and modest Contentment, under any Condition permitted, or appointed by divine Providence.

Let us remember that not a Complaint could be extorted from ALEXANDER's Page, when burnt to the Bone, because he thought it would lessen the Merit of his Sacrifice; and when the Cyprian King caused ANAXARCHUS of Abdera to be pounded in a Mortar, he laugh'd at the Tyrant, and bid him pound his Shell, but told him he could not hurt the Philosopher himself.

Impatience under Adversity must be thought unreasonable sure, and ridiculous; our Eyes are entertained with a more beautiful Prospect of Reward for our Contentment; Heaven is our Home, to which we are travelling, and Tribulation the Gate, by which we are to enter it. In short, the Man, who can't be patient under a little temporary Trouble, gives Grounds of Suspicion that he has never properly thought on the Lash of eternal Torture.

TUNIS, August 22.

**S**INCE the Party of the young Bey has been dispers'd, the old Bey has been chiefly employ'd in taking proper Measures to strengthen his Administration; for which Purpose he has caused 200 Persons, who were concerned in Rebellion with his Son, to be put to Death, in order to deter others from the like Behaviour. Some, after having their Eyes put out, were empaled; others, hung up by the Toes; and those who were shewn the greatest Lenity, were beheaded, and their Heads placed upon the Castle Walls. A Renegade, who was become rich, and had supplied the young Bey with Powder and Ammunition, met with a severer Punishment than even Death itself: He had his Eyes put out, his Tongue pierced, and one Hand cut off; and in this Condition, was turned into the Street. Three of the old Bey's Concubines, who had deserted his Seraglio, to go over to the young Bey, were all put into one Sack, and thrown into the Sea; and the Seraglio of the young Bey was left to be plunder'd by the Soldiers.

Carthagens,



Carthage, October 8. The Centurion Mah of War, of 66 Guns, and 650 Men; and the Leveret Frigate, of 34 Guns, and 350 Men; a Packet Boat of 20 Guns, and 150 Men; and four other Vessels of 18 Guns, and 200 Men each, sail'd since August from this Port for the West Indies: they are to cruise on the Coast of the Caraccas, in order to prevent the contraband Trade which is carried on from thence with the Island of Coracoa. Most of these Vessels were lately built under the Direction of an Englishman, whom his Majesty has appointed Surveyor of his Works, which are carried on in this Yard.

Vienna, October 18. The Empress Queen being desirous to show how sensible she is of the Pains, which the King of Great Britain has, for several Months, taken in the Affairs of the Empire, has caused it to be intimated to that Prince, that she referred the Management of her Concerns intirely to his Conduct, as well those which relate to the Accommodation of the Pretensions of the Elector Palatine, as the other Affairs wherein he has employed his good Offices.

Paris, A la main, October 30. A new Company establish'd here, has invented a Composition which exceeds the ordinary One for preserving the Bottoms of Ships, and his Majesty has granted them a Patent for it.

# L O N D O N.

October 3. To the favourable Account of Affairs in the East Indies, we must add, that the good Success of our India Company is chiefly owing to the Courage and Conduct of Mr. Clive, a Gentleman, whose first Station in those Parts, was only a Writer to the Company, 'til the ambitious Designs of the French, and the Danger the English were in, rous'd his innate Bravery, and gave him an Opportunity to display Talents which had hitherto been concealed. As soon as it was known that the French had resolv'd upon the Siege of Arcot, Mr. Clive obtained of the Company an Handful of Men, and engag'd to defend the Place against them; which he accordingly did in the most gallant Manner, and forced them to raise the Siege: The French battered in Breach, and came on to the Assault; but as he had thrown up an Intrenchment in Haste behind the Work that was beaten down, and planted it with all the Artillery in the Place, the Assaultants met with so warm a Reception that they quickly abandoned the Breach: The first Volley from the mask'd Battery having killed 60 of them on the Spot. Whereupon Mr. Clive and his little Garrison, assisted with some Indians, sallied out upon the Beliegers, whilst they were in Confusion, drove them from their Camp, mounted his Men upon what Horses he found, and without staying to plunder, tho' the Bait was very tempting, pursued them about 20 Miles, and so dispersed them, that scarcely Half a Dozen of them could be found together. The Consequence of this heroic Action turned the Scale of Trichenapali, Tillicheri, and Surat, and produced Overtures from M. Dupleix to live for the future in a better Harmony with the English. — Moreover, according to some Letters brought over by the Warwick Indiaman, it seems that M. Dupleix has been ordered home by the French Court, but invents Excuses and Evasions to delay his Departure to Europe: Almost all the Armenian Merchants are, some secretly, and some openly, his Enemies; and it is thought, that if the English improve this Turn of Fortune, they may find it no difficult Task to dethrone the King of Golconda, set up by the French Governor-General.

October 9. On Saturday Afternoon, about six o' Clock, a Gentleman and a Lady, who were going from London to Eaton in a Post Chaise, were attack'd about four Miles on the other Side of Hounslow by a Highwayman, who told the Boy, if he did not stop he would blow his Brains out, on which the Gentleman snapp'd a Pistol at him; he then swore he would shoot the Gentleman, who told him, that might be, or not; and immediately fired his other Pistol, but miss'd him, and unfortunately one of the Balls glanced so, that it went in to the Post Boy's Back, and lodg'd in his Shoulder: On this the Highwayman swore he would blow the Gentleman's Brains out; but he took up the first Pistol, which he had snapp'd at him before, and got out of the Chaise, went up to his Horse's Head, and snapp'd it in his Face; the Highwayman then fired one of his Pistols at the Gentleman, the Ball of which pass'd his left Ear, and went over his Shoulder, and swore if he did not give him his Watch and Money, he would not only shoot him, but would take Care of the Lady; on which the Gentleman thought it prudent to give him his Watch and Money. He then demanded his Sword; but the Gentleman told him he was an Officer, as he might see by his Cockade, and

he would not on any Terms give up his Sword. The Robber then told him, that he was reckon'd as brave as any that ever cross'd those Plains, but that he did not know what to make of him; so rode off towards Longford. The Ball has been extract'd from the Shoulder of the Post Boy, who belongs to the King's Head at Hounslow, and 'tis hop'd he will do well.

October 14. On Thursday a Highwayman being closely pursued on Hounslow Heath, shot himself through the Head. He was carried to the King's Head at Hounslow, in order to discover who he was.

October 16. Letters from Paris bring a Confirmation of the Revolt of the Negroes at Martinico, and add, that the Blacks had also rose about the same Time in the neighbouring Isles, particularly at the East End of Guadaloupe, and at a Place which they call Grande Terre, where they killed many Frenchmen, and made great Devastations in the Sugar Plantations. They also tell us, that it is no longer doubted that they were the Authors of the late Fire at St. Pierre in the Island of Martinico, where a Number of Houses were burnt down, and abundance of People reduced to the utmost Misery. This great Fire was chiefly owing to the Recklessness of a Negro Woman, who resolv'd to be revenged on her Master by setting Fire to his House. She was apprehended, and attor'd for her Crime by horrible Tortures, which she endur'd to the last Gasp without the least Shriek or Groan, telling the Spectators, That the Torments she suffer'd were not equal to the Pleasure she felt at having ruin'd her Master, by doing him more Harm than he could have done her.

A private Letter from Paris advises, that a General Officer going to a great Minister's Levee, ask'd in Discourse what News came by the last Dispatches from Constantinople? "All I can tell you, Sir, said the Minister, is, that Sedition is now broke into the Seraglio, and that some of the Ladies there have engag'd the Janizaries to demand the Head of the Sultana, as the prime Source of that Monarch's Aversion to War and Business; in which, tho' unwillingly, it is fear'd he will comply, to save his own." At these Words the General fell from his Chair, crying out, Alas! my Lord, she is my Daughter!

Within these two Months, a great Number of Buffs have been launch'd, for the Society of the Free British Fishery, in this River, and at Rochester, Chatham, Sittingbourn, Itchenor, Arundel, Ipswich, Poole, Southampton, the Isle of Wight, &c. The Advantage arising from which has greatly increased the Spirit of Industry and Chearfulness in all those Places; and will add so many Bulwarks to our floating Fortifications.

October 23. On Monday last John Apperley, Esq; chief Engineer to the African Company, set out for Portsmouth, in order to embark for Africa, to direct the building and repairing several Forts and Castles on the Coast of Guiney.

October 24. Advices from Rochelle take Notice of the Arrival of 8 Ships from Martinico with in this Month, so richly laden, that their Cargoes are estimated at near 8 Millions of Livres. By these Ships they have received a particular Account of the Damage done by the great Fire at St. Pierre, in the Island of Martinico, whereby it appear'd that about 180 Houses were reduced to Ashes, and not 7 or 800, as was at first related; and that the Mischief done to the Sugar Plantations was but inconsiderable.

October 26. We are inform'd by Letters from Paris, that at a late Conference between the English and French Commissioners, the latter propos'd settling the Article of the Limits of Nova Scotia, at the same Time urging divers Arguments, tending to prove, that the Crown of France had an incontestible Right to great Part of Arcadia. The others asserted the Right of the Crown of Great Britain, grounding their Arguments on the twelfth Article of the Treaty of Utrecht, whereby France renounc'd her Pretensions to that Province, and ceded the Property of it to Great Britain. The British Commissioners having transmitted to London an Account of this Conference, fresh and more ample Instructions have been sent to them, whereby they are furnish'd with the strongest Evidence of the Right of this Crown to the whole Province of Arcadia, including therein a Tract of 30 Leagues along the Sea Coast.

Extract of a Letter from Cape Coast Castle, dated June 4. 1752.

"About 10 Days ago arriv'd here Capt. Brodie, &c. Passengers on board Capt. Brown, a Bristol Snow, who took them out of a small Portuguese Bark, on the Windward of the Coast, who soon gave me the melancholly Account of the Schooner Charming Betty, which happened on the 18th

of December last, about 45 Days after her Departure from hence; at which Time she became so bad, from an extraordinary Leak sprung, that her Hold was full of Water in a Day's Time, notwithstanding all Hands were kept constantly at the Pumps, and all the Slaves at bailing, inasmuch that she would not steer, which oblig'd them to cut away the Mainmast, and then she was governable for some Hours. Next Morning the Water gain'd so much upon them, that it came almost to the Hatch-ways, and all Things in the Hold were swimming about; wherefore they were oblig'd to take to their Boats on the 18th aforesaid, with all the white Men and such Provisions as they could stow in her, which was but a small Quantity, as may well be judg'd, the Boat being but a small Punt, 17 Feet in Keel, and 17 People in her. They had not quitted the Vessel 15 Minutes before they saw her sink, with all the Slaves on board, who, poor Wretches, were all drowned. At this Time Capt. Brodie and the Crew, judging themselves to be about 150 Leagues from Brazil, made for the Shore, and landed, after three Days and three Nights, about 10 Leagues Northward of Parabia, whence they were conducted to Pernambuco by a Guard of Portuguese Soldiers, where they continued in extreme Distress upwards of 3 Months, for want of a Passage to Europe; and at last were oblig'd to depart thence on board a small Portuguese Bark, no bigger than a Long boat, and suffer'd great Hardships for the Space of 10 Weeks, as well from the Crew of the Bark, as for want of some Shelter from the Rain and Sun.

October 26. We are inform'd from Leeds in Yorkshire, that the following extraordinary Robbery was lately committed there; viz. A Person dress'd in Black, with black Face and Hands, and a large Pair of Horns, got into the House of Mr. F—, a Cloth Dresser in that Place, and conceal'd himself therein 'til Mr. F— came home, which was about 12 o' Clock at Night, who immediately went to Bed without a Candle, as none of the Family were up; where he had not been long, before he heard somebody in his Room striking a Light, and saw the Person light a Candle: On his calling out to know who it was, he was answer'd in a hoarse-Voice, *It is the Devil come*

*for you*, and immediately came to his Bedside: The Oddness of the Figure surpriz'd him very much, but seeing him take hold of his Breeches, in which was a Gold Watch, four Guineas, and some Silver, and going off with them, the old Man in a Rage call'd out, *If thou art the Devil, I'll have a Knock at thee*; and jumped out of Bed, and struck him several Blows, which the other return'd as smartly; and in the Scuffle the old Man pull'd the Horns off, which so enrag'd the pretended Devil, that he caught Mr. F— in his Arms, threw him on the Bed, and with a large Lead'n Pot that held Tobacco, beat him so terribly about the Head as to render him speechless; the Noise awaken'd Mr. F's Sister, who directly coming up Stairs with a Candle to see what was the Matter, was very much surpriz'd at the Sight, and cried out to alarm the Family, but the Thief blew her Candle out, tumbled her down Stairs, and made his Escape, leaving his Horns behind him. The next Day Advertisements were printed, and a large Reward offer'd, to discover the Thief, but without Success.

November 3. The last Letters from Jamaica advise, that the Merchants of that Island have had several Meetings, in order to consider of forming a Settlement on the Musquito Shore.

Forces will soon be shipped for the Garrisons on the British Establishment in the Mediterranean and the West Indies, to reinforce those already there.

We learn from Lisbon, That the Scalabitan Academy lately had a public Assembly at Santarem, and examin'd this Question: "Which of the two Countries can boast of being the happiest; that which has a good Prince, but bad Ministers; or that where the Ministers are good, but the Prince wicked?" (They don't give us the Decision of the Academy, but we suppose much was said on both Sides of the Question; and the Solution may be, The Devil a Barrel better Herring.)

# B O S T O N.

November 30. By Letters from New London we have an Account, that on the 25th of November past, a Spanish Register Ship call'd the St. Joseph, of near 300 Tons, and 50 Men, came in there to refit. She was bound from the Havannah to Cadiz, but having sprung a Leak, and suffer'd other Damage, had been several Days in great Distress, when happily meeting (in the Latitude of Bermuda) with a Brig. belonging to New London, she was assist'd and conducted into that Harbour by the Brig's People. It is said she had on board 40 Chests of Dollars, 3 Chests of Gold, and a vast Quantity of wrought Plate, Images, &c. besides Indigo,

Indigo, Cochine Merchandise. — putes between about the keep how Things w most eminent consulted in there is Room have been guil which (if tru Time.

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Indigo, Cochineal, Peruvian Bark, and other rich Merchandise.—It is said there are hot Disputes between several Gentlemen at New London, about the keeping of the Treasure, 'til it is known how Things will turn out, and that some of the most eminent Lawyers here, have already been consulted in the Affair.—It is hinted, that there is Room to suspect, that the Ship's Company have been guilty of some unjustifiable Practices, of which (if true), we shall hear more in a short Time.

#### NEW-YORK.

December 11. By Capt. Styles from Anguilla, we are informed, that several of the Negroes belonging to that Island, have taken Boats, and other Craft, and made their Escape to the French Part of the Island of St. Martin's, where they are protected; and notwithstanding their Owners have made Application to the French Governor, they have not received the least Redress.

December 25. We have an Account from the North Branch of Raritan; in New Jersey, of a barbarous and cruel Murder committed there on Wednesday the 13th Instant, on the Body of Mr. Jacob Vaneste, by his own Negro, in Conjunction with another of his Neighbours: It seems all the Provocation was Mr. Vaneste's taking a little of the Fellow's Tobacco; and that Evening having been on a Visit to Dr. Van Wagenen's, his Neighbour, the two Negroes Waylaid him, and knock'd him off his Horse; they then with an Axe split his Skull, and dragg'd him a little out of the Road: The Horse coming home soon after without his Master, gave some Alarm, and the next Day proper Search being made, he was found. His Negro was thereupon taken up, and brought before the Coroner's Inquest; and being made to touch his Master's Body, the Blood suddenly gush'd out of the dead Man's Nose and Ears, as it did likewise from the Negro's, who thereupon, being stung with Guilt, confessed the Crime, and was, together with his Accomplice, directly sent to Jail, in order to receive their just Demerits.

January 1. We hear from New Jersey, that the Negro Fellow who committed the Murder on the Body of Mr. Jacob Vaneste, his Master, was burnt at Millstone, on Wednesday last: He stood the Fire with the greatest Intrepidity, and said, they had taken the Root, but left the Branches.

January 15. We have Advice from New London, that the Court of Admiralty there, had adjudged 22,000 Pieces of Eight, as Salvage to the English Vessel that met with the Spanish Register Ship off Bermuda, and conducted her into that Port: The Spanish Vessel was condemned, as unfit to proceed to Sea; but the Authority of Connecticut have given the Liberty to the Spanish Commander to hire or purchase a Vessel to carry his Cargo to Cadiz, or elsewhere, as he pleases.

#### ANNAPOLIS.

Saturday last, being the Birth Day of the Right Honourable Lord BALTIMORE, Proprietor of this Province, when his Lordship attained the Age of Twenty-one Years, was celebrated here with great Demonstrations of Joy. At Noon the Cannon were discharged; and in the Evening his Honour the President gave a public Ball, where there was a handsome Appearance of Gentlemen and Ladies: The Loyal Healths, his Lordship's, Prosperity to MARYLAND, &c. &c. were drank; and the Town was beautifully illuminated: There was a Bonfire near the Dock, and a Hoghead of Punch given to the Populace.

We hear that the Ship Lucy, Capt. Charles Hargrave, from this Place, for Lisbon, belonging to Philadelphia, was entirely lost, with a Cargo of above 9000 Bushels of Wheat, on the Middle Ground within our Capes, on the 26th of January last, at Night, when the Wind blew excessive hard; but the People were all saved.

We likewise hear of a Schooner being lost up the Bay, on Pool's Island, which, it is said, belong'd to New-England, with a considerable Quantity of Wheat on board; but the People saved.

In several Counties of this Province, many People who had not Faith enough to believe in the Almanack, and were great Lovers of Pancakes, observed Shrove Tuesday on the 6th Instant; but we don't learn that any of them have begun their Lent yet.

The following Paragraph is inserted at the Request of a Gentleman, and may possibly be pleasing to those who understand it, if any such there be: By fresh Advices from F—d—k C—ty, we are informed, That upon Thursday the 11th ult. Mr. Sprightly, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from his Serene Highness Prince Th—d—b—lt, at the Court of the Sparkles; finding the Affairs of his Embassy like to meet with no Success, went to

have his Audience of Leave with her Majesty, but was refused to be seen.—This sudden Change affords Matter of Speculation to all our Politicians; and makes them apprehensive of a violent Rupture from that Quarter; the Consequences of which, they are yet at a Loss to determine.

#### For LONDON,



The Ship INDUSTRY,  
MICHAEL POWERS,  
Commander,

Now lying in Chester  
River,

WILL sail by

the First of April next. For Freight or Passage, apply to Edward Scott, in Chester-Town. She takes in Tobacco at Seven Pounds Sterling per Ton, with Liberty of Consignment to any Merchant in London.

To be Sold by Public Vendue,  
At the Plantation of the late Mr. BENJAMIN WARFIELD, near Elk Ridge, deceased.  
**A CHOICE** Parcel of Negroes, consisting of Men, Women, and Children: Likewise Stock of all Kinds; and several Sorts of Household Furniture.  
The Sale will be on Monday the 5th of March next.  
Anne Warfield,  
Executrix.

Annapolis, February 15, 1753.

**A BSENTED** from the Subscriber's Service, on the 12th Instant, a hired Servant Man, named Samuel Taylor, a Carter well known in this Town, who on the 6th of January last, verbally contracted with the Subscriber, to serve him the Term of one Year, for the yearly Wages of Twenty four Pounds Current Money, and served the Subscriber from the 8th of January until the above 12th Inst. when he absented without any just Cause, thro' his own corrupt, base, and dishonest Disposition, and the Insinuations of some evil minded Person; persuading him that no such Contract or Agreement was good, or binding, quite contrary to the Laws of good Rule and Government of this Province: These are therefore to forewarn any Person from Harbouring or Employing the said Taylor, as they will answer the contrary, to the Prejudice of

Patrick Creagh.

February 6, 1753.

**SUPPOSED** to be Stolen (on the Road between Mr. Samuel Thomas's and Mr. James Brooke's, in Frederick County, Maryland), about the 15th of last Month, a middle siz'd Dark Bay Horse, near 14 Hands high, branded with a Dot on his Buttock and Shoulder, made with the End of an Iron Pestle; he hath the Signs of a Fiftula, being formerly cured, on the Withers; he paces slow, but trots and gallops well.

Whoever brings the said Horse to the Subscriber, shall have Forty Shillings Reward; and if he secures the Thief that stole him, so as he may be brought to Justice, he shall have Five Pounds.

Joseph Richardson,

Mr. J. Swanton. Son of Joseph.

#### Conformable to LAW,

**NOTICE** is hereby given, That

there is at the Plantation of Mr. William Gaither, near the Head of Severn, taken up as a Stray, a Dun Bay Mare, about 8 or 9 Years old, about 13 Hands high, has some small Saddle Spots, and a small Star in her Forehead, no Brand to be plainly perceiv'd, but it is suspected that she is branded on the near Buttock, with what is uncertain.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.


#### Conformable to LAW,

**NOTICE** is hereby given, That

there is at the Plantation of Solomon Turner, near Bennett's Creek in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse, something more than 13 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder with an F, has some Saddle Spots on his Back.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property and paying Charges.

#### Conformable to LAW,

**NOTICE** is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Col. John Hall, at Swan Creek in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Horse, has a Crop and Slit in the near Ear, and is branded  upon the near Buttock.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property and paying Charges.

#### Conformable to LAW,

**NOTICE** is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of John Collins, at Curcbess's Creek, near Patapsco, in Anne Arundel County, taken up as a Stray, a small young Black Ridgeling, branded imperfectly on the near Buttock, has a Star in his Forehead, and his off hind Foot is white.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property and paying Charges.

**THERE** is at the Plantation of William Griffith, about six Miles from the Head of Severn, a young black and white Bull, about three Years old, not marked: He has been at the said Plantation near two Years.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property and paying Charges. Cha. Griffith.

**WHEREAS** the Subscriber, Trustee of William Cumming, Esq; late of the City of Annapolis, deceased, has at sundry Times, advertised and offered to public Sale, according to a Deed of Trust made him by the said William, all the Lands of the said William, for the Use of his Creditors; notwithstanding which, they still remain unsold:

This, therefore, is to acquaint the Creditors of the said William, that the Subscriber proposes to meet the Creditors aforesaid at Mr. Samuel Middleton's, in the said City, upon the 2d Tuesday of April next; when the Subscriber proposes to dispose of the Lands under the said Trust for the Use of the said Creditors, in such Manner as the said Creditors shall agree upon and direct, at which Time and Place he begs their Attendance, as he is desirous of discharging the said Trust.

He hereby gives further Notice, that there are several Tracts of Land, to which the Estate lays Claim, which he made Mention of in the Maryland Gazette, N<sup>o</sup>. 330, and 9 more subsequent Papers; that he apprehends may be recovered by a regular Course of Law; which he don't think himself obliged to undertake at his own proper Risk and Expence.

William Cumming.

**BROKE** out of Anne Arundel County Goal, on the 12th of this Instant February, the three following Prisoners; viz.

John Jones, a Mulatto, who was tried at the last Provincial Court for Felony, and afterwards committed until the next Provincial Court. He is a thick well set Fellow, about 35 Years of Age, and has one of his Ears cropp'd. Had on when he went away, an old blue Fearnothering Jacket, a black ditto, a Check Shirt, an Osnabrigs ditto, and Country Cloth Breeches.

William Westwood, committed for Felony. He is about 20 Years of Age, of a dark Complexion, about 5 Feet high, and has short black Hair. Had on two Country Cloth Jackets, one of them almost new; an Osnabrigs Shirt, Cotton Breeches, patched on the Knees; black and white Yarn Stockings; Country Shoes, and an old Hat.

Thomas Andersby, committed as a Runaway. Had on a Snuff coloured Cloth Coat, Osnabrigs ditto, white Linnen Shirt, and old yellow Wig.

Whoever takes up the said Jones, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall have Five Pounds, if taken in this County; and if taken out of this County and secured in any Goal, so as he may be brought to Justice, Eight Pounds: For the said Westwood, and Andersby, Forty Shillings each, if brought to the Subscriber.

Nathan Hammond, Sheriff.

**THERE** is at the Plantation of Mr. John Phelps, in Anne Arundel County and has been ever since August last, a Pied black and white Steer, about two Years old, has a Crop in the right Ear, and a Hole in the left.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property and paying Charges.

THE



**THE NEGROES, STOCK, and**  
Household FURNITURE, of Col. Nathan  
Rigby, of Baltimore County, deceased, will be ex-  
posed to Sale at his late Dwelling House, near  
Deer Creek, by Way of Public Vendue, on Mon-  
day the 2d Day of April next, where long Credit  
and Attendance will be given, by

Sabina Rigby, Ad-  
ministratrix.

N. B. If the aforesaid Day be rainy, so that  
People cannot with Convenience attend, it will be  
postpon'd 'til the succeeding one.

**COMMITTED to the Cul-**  
tody of the Subscriber, Sheriff of Prince  
George's County, a White Man, named John  
Johnstone, a Plowman; and a Mulatto, named  
Syphax, a Blacksmith; who were advertised in the  
Maryland Gazette, N<sup>o</sup>. 393, and subsequent Pa-  
pers, by Mr. Robert Elliott, of Middlesex County  
in Virginia.

Mr. Elliott may have them, (on paying the  
Charges, &c.) from

Turnor Wootton

Conformable to LAW,  
**NOTICE** is hereby given, That  
there is at the Plantation of John Kenedy, in  
Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a small  
Grey Horse, about 13 Hands high, branded on  
the off Shoulder I S, and on the near Buttock V.  
The Owner may have him again, on proving  
his Property, and paying Charges.

**THERE** is at the Plantation  
of John Baldwin, living at the Head of  
Sewern, taken up as a Stray, a small Red Heifer,  
with a Crop and a slit in each Ear, and an under  
Cut in the right Ear.  
The Owner may have her again, on proving his  
Property, and paying Charges.

To be Sold by Public Vendue,

At Lower-Marlborough, in Calvert County, on  
Tuesday the Third Day of April next, for Ster-  
ling, or Current Money, with Time allowed for  
Payment, on giving Security, if required,

**THE** Dwelling-House and Lot  
belonging to Mr. John Wardrop, of that  
Town, Merchant, as he is determined to leave the  
Province the ensuing Summer: There are several  
Out Houses and Improvements upon it. Also all  
his Household Furniture, consisting of Beds and  
Bedding, Tables, Chairs, Looking Glasses, and  
Variety of Kitchen Furniture. Likewise a Parcel  
of very likely NEGROES, Men and Women:  
And some Cattle.

Also a very convenient large Store House, where  
Mr. John Moffatt now keeps Store.

The Premises may be view'd at any Time be-  
fore the Sale.

And all Persons who have any  
Claims on the said Mr. Wardrop, either on his  
own private Account, or in Partnership with Charles  
Grabame, are desired to bring in their Accounts  
that they may be settled: And those who are in-  
debted to him on his private Account, or in the  
Partnership, are required to make speedy Payment,  
to save Trouble to others, and Expence to them-  
selves.

Conformable to LAW,  
**NOTICE** is hereby given, That  
there are at the Plantation of Philip Thomas,  
Esq; at West River, taken up as Strays, an Iron  
Grey Mare and Colt, not branded; the Colt about  
7 Months old.

The Owner may have them again, on proving  
his Property, and paying Charges.

Conformable to LAW,  
**NOTICE** is hereby given, That  
there is in the Possession of Thomas Clark,  
junior, at Upper Marlborough, taken up as a Stray,  
a small Bright Bay Horse, has a long hanging  
Mane, and Tail, goes hard, and not branded.

The Owner may have him again, on proving  
his Property, and paying Charges.

Conformable to LAW,  
**NOTICE** is hereby given, That  
there is at the Plantation of John Macklain,  
in Baltimore County, taken up as a Stray, a mid-  
dle sized Grey Horse, about 5 Years old, branded  
on the near Buttock with something not perfect,  
with a long Tail. (Whether the LONG TAIL be  
meant to the Brand, or the Horse, we cannot say:  
It were to be wish'd that People would better de-  
scribe Strays than they some Times do.)

The Owner may have him again, on proving  
his Property, and paying Charges.

**WHEREAS** there is a Va-  
cancy for a Master in Queen Anne's County  
School: Any Person professing himself a Member  
of the Church of England, and capable of teaching  
Grammar, Mathematics, Arithmetic, and good  
Writing, applying to the Visitors of said School,  
will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law  
relating to Free Schools will support them in.

Signed per Order,  
Nathan Wright, Reg.

**ALL** Persons having any Claims  
on the Estate of Mr. Thomas King, late of  
Annapolis, deceased, are desired to bring in their  
Accounts, that they may be settled: And those  
who are any Ways indebted to the said Estate,  
are requested to pay off their respective Debts in a  
short Time, or they must expect Trouble; for the  
Subscriber intends in the Spring to remove from  
the Town.

3 Rachel King, Ad-  
ministratrix.

For LONDON, X4



The Ship FORREST,  
Patrick Ouchterlony,  
Commander,  
Now lying in Patuxent,

**WILL** sail by

the First of March next,  
at farthest. For Freight or Passage, apply to Mr.  
James Wardrop, or said Commander on board. She  
takes in Tobacco at Seven Pounds Sterling per  
Ton, with Liberty of Consignment to any Mer-  
chant in London.

To be Sold by Public Vendue,  
On Thursday the 4th Day of March next, at the  
House of Mr. Joseph Chaplain, in Frederick  
County,

**A** TRACT of Land, containing  
400 Acres, all very fine Land, situate in  
Frederick County, near the said Mr. Chaplain's,  
called Addition to Pile's Delight.

For Title and Terms, apply to

6 Gilbert Sprigg.

**R**AN away from the Subscriber,  
on the 10th of last December, a Servant Man,  
named Thomas Brown, a Brickmaker by Trade,  
about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, about 50 Years of Age,  
is a palavering Fellow, has been on the Expedition  
against Cuba, and is of a black Complexion. Had  
on when he went away, an old Druggert Jacket, a  
pretty good Pair of Leather Breeches, an old Pair  
of Trowsers, a Pair of old Yarn Stockings, an Of-  
nabriga Shirt, and a good Pair of Shoes. Who-  
ever secures the said Servant and brings him to the  
Subscriber, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, be-  
sides what the Law allows, if taken in this Pro-  
vince; and if taken in any other Province, Four  
Pounds.

7 John Metcalfe.

Conformable to LAW, X  
**NOTICE** is hereby given, That  
there is at the Plantation of Edward Ed-  
wards, near Annapolis, taken up as a Stray, a  
small Dark Bay Mare, about 12 Hands high, trots  
and gallops, has a standing and hanging Mane, a  
Sprig Tail, and blindly branded on the off Shoul-  
der.

The Owner may have her again, on proving  
his Property and paying Charges.

Calvert County, December 11, 1752.

**T**AKEN up about the 20th of  
November last, in the Bay, at Cove-Point,  
near the Mouth of Patuxent River, a Schooner of  
the following Dimensions; viz. about 30 Feet by  
the Keel, 14 by the Beam, and 5 and a half in the  
Hold; she has been raised two Feet, has a sheath-  
ed Roundhouse which has been painted red, her  
Mast and Bowspit carried off close by the Board,  
and her Sails and Rigging entirely gone. There  
was found on board her one small Chest, in which  
was a Pair of black Cloth Breeches, an old Ruffled  
Shirt, a Pair of coarse Yarn Stockings, a new Pair  
of Mens Shoes, a Pair of Osnabrigs Trowsers, a  
Waistcoat, and some small Lumber; there was al-  
so on board one Lopping Axe, one broken Cut-  
lass and Pistol, one small Iron Spit, a Barrel, and  
an empty Tub, some wooden Bowls, and a small  
Speaking Trumpet.

The Owner, on proving his Property, paying  
Salvage, and the Charge of this Advertisement,  
may have her again, by applying to

John Clare.

**LOST** or Stolen a large Silver  
Table Spoon, weighing near three Ounces,  
mark'd M

I H  
Whoever will bring it to James Hutchings on  
Kent Island, or to the Printer hereof, shall have  
Ten Shillings Reward, and no Questions ask'd.  
If offer'd to be pawn'd or sold, it is desired it  
may be stopp'd.

**WHEREAS** Mr. Jonathan  
Forward, of London, Merchant, is posses-  
sed of one Eighth Part of the Patuxent Iron-  
Works; but being advanced in Years, and desirous  
to decline all Business, is willing to dispose of it.  
Any Gentleman inclinable to purchase may know  
the Terms, by applying to

William Lux, of  
Baltimore, Attorney in  
Fact to Mr. Forward.

To be Sold by the said Lux, a  
new SLOOP, that will carry 18 Hogheads of  
Tobacco, deck'd, well rigg'd, and an excellent  
Sailer. Also a Sailmaker, who has four Years to  
serve, and understands his Business very well, ha-  
ving work'd in the King's Yards.

**TO BE SOLD,**  
The following Tracts of Land,  
lying in Charles County, formerly the Pro-  
perty of the Wynnes; viz.

Sympton's Delight, containing 300 } Acres.  
Weasell 200  
London 100  
Blackfitch 100

These lie within half a Mile of Port Tobacco.  
Also, Clover Point, at Nanjemoy, containing  
200 Acres.

Pitby, containing 200 Acres, at the Fording  
Place on Mattawoman, as you go from Piscataway  
to Port Tobacco.

Borton, containing 30 } Acres.  
Stedman's Adventure 37  
Susquehanna 37

These three last lie on the Head of Wicomico;  
and all the Right and Title to several Tracts not  
here mentioned, which belonged to the Wynnes:  
For Title and Terms, apply to

David Ross.

To be SOLD,  
**T**WO hundred and eighty-se-  
ven Acres of Land, called Pool's Delight,  
situate in Frederick County, near the main Road,  
about 10 Miles above Frederick Town, whereon is  
a Peach Orchard, and some other small Improve-  
ments: A great Part of the Land will make choice  
Meadow, abounds with good Springs, and is well  
adapted for Farming and raising Stock.  
The Title is indisputable, and for Terms apply  
to

Samuel Middleton.

**ANNAPOLIS:** Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-MASTER, at his Office in Charles-street,  
by whom all Persons may be supplied with this Paper; and where ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate  
Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and a Shilling per Week after for Con-  
tinuance: And Book-BINDING is performed in the neatest Manner.